The Ottawa Times

VOL. II. NO 655 — OTTAWA, SATURDAY FEBRUARY 1, 1868. — PRICE—3 CENTS

THE

Ottawa Daily Times,

(Published every morning, Sundays excepted.)

THE DAILY AND WEEKLY TIMES NOW enjoys THE LARGEST CIRCULATION of any paper published in the Ottawa Valley—issuing of the Daily over 4,000! and Weekly over 4,000! making a total circulation in the week of over 18,000! thus outstripping all competitors, and affording the best medium for business men to advertise in.

Advertisements are inserted in the Daily at the following rates:

Business Cards of from 3 to 6 lines, per annum—payable in advance only..... $6 00

Transient Advertisements, first insertion per line..... 8c

All subsequent insertions, per line..... 2c

Yearly advertisers specially contracted with, and liberal allowance made.

Yearly subscription to the daily (if paid in advance)..... $5 00

If not paid in advance..... 6 00

Yearly subscription to the weekly (if paid in advance)..... $1 00

If not paid in advance..... 1 50

Advertising Agency—*Messrs. S. M. Pettengill & Co., 37, Park Row, New York, and State Street, Boston, General Advertising Agents, are hereby authorized to receive Advertisements for the* OTTAWA TIMES

LEGAL.

G. J. O'DOHERTY,
LAW, CHANCERY and CONVEYANCING OFFICE, AYMOND'S BUILDINGS, Rideau-street.
Ottawa, Dec. 6, 1867. 628-tfy

R. J. WICKSTEED,
ADVOCATE, &c., 17, Little St. James Street, MONTREAL.
November 14, 1867. 589-6m

N. TETREAU,
NOTARY PUBLIC for the Province of Quebec; BUILL, near the Post Office.
Dec. 6, 1867. 390tf

NICHOLAS SPARKS,
LAW, Chancery and Conveyancing Office, Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite Post Office.
Ottawa, July 19. 489y

LAPIERRE & HAYCOCK,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers and Notaries Public, corner of Sussex and York-streets, Ottawa.
Ottawa, February 26, 1867. 368y

WILLIAM MOSGROVE,
LAW, Chancery and Conveyancing. OFFICE: Mosgrove's Block, Rideau Street, Ottawa, C. W. 366-tf

D. O'CONNOR,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex Street. OFFICE: Union Buildings, Ottawa.
February 21, 1866. 55-y

R. H. HAYCOCK,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor.
OFFICE: Post Office Building, Elgin Street, Ottawa.
February 7, 1864. 43-u

A. F. BOUCHETTE,
ADVOCATE, Office: No. 17, St. Peter Street, Quebec. Mr. Bouchette will always be prepared to attend promptly to any business the Government employes, and the public generally may entrust him. Mr. B. attends regularly the circuit in and for the District of Quebec.
December 28, 1865. 9-y

P. J. BUCKLEY, LL.B.,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law Solicitor-in-Chancery, and Notary Public. Office, over Mr. Luke Cassidy's Boot and Shoe Store, Rideau Street, Ottawa, C. W.
January 17 1867. 334y

AUGUSTUS KREFER,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office: Opposite Post Office, Elgin Street, in the rooms lately occupied as the Carlton House.
Ottawa, March 9. 87-tf

J. F. BOULTON,
BARRISTER-AT-LAW, Solicitor-in-Chancery, &c.
OFFICE: Aymond's Buildings, Rideau Street.
Ottawa, Jan. 12, 1866. 21-y

M. McLEOD,
BARRISTER, Etc., for Lower Canada. OFFICE: Court House, Aylmer and Buckingham, C.E.
Attends all Law Courts in the District of Ottawa.
February 7, 1866. 43-ut

LEES & GEMMELL,
BARRISTERS, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c.
OFFICE: In the Court House, Ottawa, C. W.
ROBERT LEES. JOHN J. GEMMELL.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

EDWARD T. DARTNELL,
BARRISTER, Solicitor, Attorney, and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Crown Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell.
OFFICE: In the Court House, L'Original.
January 27, 1866. 34-6m

MEDICAL.

DR. CHESLEY,
OFFICE over Mr. Garth's Establishment, 25 Rideau-st., Ottawa.
May 30 417tf

DR. C. LEGGO,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Office: Hunton's Block, Sparks Street.

DR. DORION,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon, and Accoucheur, Clarence Street, Ottawa.
March 1. 371y

DR. OLIVER MARTIN,
DENTIST. Office: Sparks Street, Central Ottawa.
Ottawa January 27, 1866. 34-utf

DR. C. A. MARTIN,
DENTIST. Office: Sussex Street, over Messrs. Campbell & Co's Grocery.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-utf

DR. JOHN LEGGO,
DENTIST, Hunton's Block, Sparks Street. Teeth extracted without pain means of the Ethereal Spray Producer. 350y

W. R. BELL, A.M., M.D., C.M., &c.
(RECENTLY FROM ENGLAND.)
SURGERY and Residence, George Street.
Ottawa, November 13. 290y

A. CODD, M.D.C.M.,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Residence—McDougal's Block, Bessette-st., Sandy Hill. 371-3m

DR. LESLIE JONES,
Surgeon, &c., of Dublin and Edinburgh.
SURGERY and Consulting Office, Rideau-st., next door to the St. Lawrence Hall. Residence—Daly Street. 381y

DR. GEORGE HUTCHISON,
DENTIST: Office, Sparks-street, opposite Magee & Russell's.
Ottawa, October 30, 1867. 376y

DR. W. J. HENRY,
CORNER of Kent and Wellington Streets, Ottawa.
November 6. 430tf

DR. O. C. WOOD,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur Ottawa. Day office, opposite Magee & Russell's, Sparks Street, Center Town; Night Office at his Residence, Maria Street, Center Town.
CANCERS CURED, with out the use of the knife, by a new, but certain, speedy, and almost painless process. References given to parties successfully treated, if required. *The cure guaranteed.*
Ottawa, April 14. 17y-1y-y

HOLGATE, OLIVER & ANNABLE,
WHOLESALE Manufacturers of Bedsteads Chairs, &c., Chaudiere Island, Ottawa, C.W.
WILLIAM HOLGATE, JOHN OLIVER, WILLIAM ANNABLE.
Ottawa, 506y

BUSINESS CARDS.

B. BILLINGS, JR.,
ARCHITECT, Elgin-street, opposite the Post Office.
REFERENCES.—H Agnew, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq, Managing Director G & T R W. 612-6m

R. SPARKS,
PROVINCIAL LAND SURVEYOR, Draughtsman, &c., (commissioned for Upper and Lower Canada.) Office and residence, Gloucester, near Ottawa. Surveys of every description executed with accuracy. Communications addressed Ottawa City, (post-paid), or left at the office of N. Sparks, Solicitor, &c., Ottawa, will receive prompt attention.
Ottawa, February 21, 1866. 55-

N. McKINNON,
COMMISSION and Exchange Broker, and Insurance Agent, Sparks-street, opposite Magee & Russell's, Ottawa, C. W.
Ottawa, March 25. 391y

O'CONNOR & WALLER,
EXCHANGE Brokers, Fire, Life and Accidental Insurance, Commission and Collecting Agents. Office, No. 27, Sparks street, Ottawa.
E. B. O'CONNOR. W. D. WALLER.
March 9. 378y

J. P. MACPHERSON,
BARRISTER, &c., Ottawa. Office: Lang's Buildings, opposite Post Office
Ottawa, March 16, 1866. 70-y

H. McLEAN'S
AUCTION Rooms, No. 19, Sparks Street, Centre Town, Ottawa, opposite Hope's Stationery Store.
The sale of Real Estate at Auction or Private Sale promptly attended to. Consignments received for positive sale. Parties wishing to purchase Real Estate will receive all information FREE OF CHARGE by calling at the office.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y

R. H. McGREEVY,
CONTRACTOR and Builder. Office: North side York street, second door from Sussex Street.
Ottawa, March 26, 1866. 78-y

S. CHRISTIE,
COMMISSION Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.
Orders: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

PARLIAMENTARY AGENCY.
C. J. BOUCHETTE
P. L. SURVEYOR and Draughtsman, Mining, Land, and General Parliamentary Agent. References unexceptionable. OFFICE: Wellington Street, next to British Hotel, and nearly opposite the banks, Ottawa.
P. S.—Special attention given with despatch to Public Land business, adjusting disputed claims, and securing Patents.
Ottawa, May 22. 182-v

JOHN MERCER,
Teacher Piano-Forte, Violin, &c.
THOROUGH BASS.
JAYLMER, C. A
VISITS OTTAWA TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS.
Orders left at Union House will be punctually attended to.
Ottawa, July 28. 187tf

HOTELS AND SALOONS.

HOLT'S HOTEL,
ALYMER, C. E., Livery and General Stage Office. Alfred Holt, Jr., Prop'tor.
December 21, 1865. 4-y

JAS. JOHNSTON'S
UNION HOUSE, North Gower, Guest Stabling and an attentive hostler.
January 11, 1866. 3-y

DUIGNAN'S
PRIVATE HOTEL, Sparks Street, Ottawa, C. W. A few gentlemen can obtain superior apartments.
Ottawa, Dec. 20, 1865. 3-y

THE RUSSELL HOUSE,
LATE CAMPBELL'S HOTEL, Ottawa, C. W. The undersigned, proprietor of the above-named Hotel, begs leave to acquaint his numerous friends and the travelling public, that he has re-painted and newly-furnished throughout this commodious establishment, in the management of which by strict attention to business and guests, he hopes to deserve encouragement and support.
JAMES E. GOUIN.
Lately, and for many years connected with Russell's Hotel, Preston Street, Ottawa

THE ALBION HOTEL
NICHOLAS Street, Court-House Avenue, Ottawa, John Graham, Proprietor.
This House is conveniently situated, and still maintains its character as a FIRST-CLASS HOTEL. Considerable additions have recently been made to the premises, and it has been entirely repainted and renovated. No pains will be spared to accommodate and please.
OMNIBUSES to and from the cars and boats free of charge. There is a FIRST-CLASS LIVERY STABLE attached to the Hotel.
Ottawa 1866. 1-y

JOHN MALTMAN
LATE MeADAM'S, Commercial Hotel, L'Orignal.
The above Hotel, one of the oldest and best known in Packenham, has been leased by the undersigned and thoroughly overhauled and refitted for the special accommodation of guests. THE TABLE AND BAR will at all times be furnished with the very best the market affords.
GOOD STABLING and a careful Hostler always in attendance
JOHN MALTMAN.

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,
MAVANAGH, Proprietor, Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington Streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government buildings.
The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.
Oysters, Game etc., daily

THE METROPOLITAN
Aumond's Block,
Rideau Street, Ottawa.
P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.
Ottawa, November 17. 292tf

THE REVERE HOUSE,
OTTAWA.
G. A. BUCKE, W. H. SANGER, PROPRIETORS.
THIS FIRST-CLASS HOTEL has been re-furnished and refitted throughout, and now combines all the requisites of a first-class establishment.
Ottawa, Nov. 6, 1867 348tf

TORONTO HOUSE;
SPARKS-STREET.
MRS. TROTTER begs to state that she has comfortable quarters for a few gentlemen for three months or more, with Parlour and use of Piano.
Ottawa, Dec. 24, 1867. 623tf

MISS LOVETT'S
PRIVATE HOTEL
HOLLIS STREET, HALIFAX, N. S.
STRANGERS will find this long established and well known house to be the most comfortable and well conducted in the city.
December 23, 1867. 622-6m

TO PARTIES ABOUT TO BUILD—
PLANS,
SPECIFICATIONS,
ESTIMATES, &c.
Prepared by
AUGUSTUS LAVER,
Architect
End Daly-st. Ottawa.
April 1.

DRUGGISTS.

Spectacles for all Sights.
OPTICAL Instruments
Electro-Magnetic and Galvanic Apparatus, Photographic Chemicals, &c.
W. REARN,
637y Market Drug Store, York-street.

SEASONABLE ARTICLES
AT THE
MEDICAL HALL,
28, Sparks-Street,
FOR COUGHS, COLDS, SORE THROATS &c., &c., &c.
CASWELL, MACK & Co's Medicinal Cod Liver Oil.
Campbell's Cough Lozenges.
Keating's Cough Lozenges.
Brown's Bronchial Troches.
Chlorate Troches, Ayer's Cherry Pectoral.
Campbell's Cherry Balsam, &c., &c.
For Chapped Hands, Sore Lips, &c.:
Winter Cold Cream, Rose Lip Salve,
Camphor Ice, Price's Glycerine.
Rimmel's Sand Ball, Glycerine Soap, &c.
For Balls, Dinners, &c.:
Lubin's Princess Alexandra, Wood Violet, Mignionette, Guard's Club, Jockey Club, West End, Upper Ten, &c. Ede's Hedyosmia.
For the Toilet:
Hall's Sicilian Hair Renewer, Pomades and Oils, Rimmel's Toilet Vinegar, Brewster's Dentifrice, Hair Pins, twisted and plain, Bath Sponges, Hair Brushes, Tooth and Nail Brushes, Florida Water, Magnolia Water, Dressing Combs, English Toilet Soaps, Turkish Towels, Pads, &c. Colognes in variety. Atlantic Sea Salt for the Bath, &c.
W. M. MASSEY,
Dispensing Chemist,
Medical Hall, 28, *Sparks-st.*
Sole appointed agent for Ottawa and vicinity for the celebrated preparations of Kennedy, Campbell & Co.'s (Medical Hall), Montreal.
Ottawa, Nov. 29, 1867. 472y

Apothecaries Hall!
No. 41, SUSSEX STREET,
G. MORTIMER, PROPRIETOR
NONE OTHER GENUINE!
TRADE MARK *REGISTERED*

Canadian Cough Emulsion.
THIS Valuable Medicine has the extraordinary property of immediately relieving Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Difficulty of Breathing, Tightness in the Chest, &c., &c. It operates by dissolving the congealed phlegm, causing free expectoration, and an agreeable moistness of the skin. Prepared only by
GEORGE MORTIMER,
Chemist and Druggist, 41, Sussex Street, Ottawa City. Sold in bottles at 1s 3d and 2s 6d each.

MORTIMER'S
COMPOUND ANTIBILIOUS
AND FAMILY APERIENT PILLS.
a grand Specific for derangement of the digestive organs, and for obstructions and torpid action of the Liver and Bowels.
MORTIMER'S Vegetable WORM DESTROYER.
The only sure remedy that exists. Combining delicious taste with amazing power. Also
CAMPHORATED EYE-WATER,
Sure Cure for Sore, Weak and Inflamed Eyes.
MORTIMER'S
Colognes, Pomades, Toilet Vinegar, Rose Dentifrice, for the Teeth and Gums. Also constantly on hand, Perfumes of all kinds, and Toilet requisites usually kept in a first-class establishment.

FOUND,
A NEVER Failing Remedy for Coughs and Colds, Mortimer's Canadian Cough Emulsion. No family should be without a bottle. None genuine but from
G. MORTIMER,
Chemist, 41, Sussex-st.
The best of Certificates can be produced.
Ottawa, Nov. 22, 1867. 596.6m

OTTAWA
DRUG WAR HOUS,
RIDEAU STREET
1866 SEEDS. SEEDS. 1866.
A LARGE STOCK OF FRESH GARDEN and FIELD SEEDS, just arrived and on Sale. All Seeds warranted Fresh.
A large importation of English and French PERFUMES will arrive next week.
FLORIDA WATER. SOZODONT.
HAIR BRUSHES. COMBS.
NAIL BRUSHES. CLOTHES BRUSHES,
&c., &c., &c.
Just being opened up.
JOSEPH GARVEY, M.D.
P. S.—Advice to the poor gratis.
Ottawa, April 11. 97-y

DOMESTIC DYES.
THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT OF DYES in this city on sale at the
Ottawa Drug Warehouse.
A fresh Lot of Good, Cheap PERFUMES just received.
N. B.—Prescriptions carefully and promptly prepared.
J. GARVEY, M. D.
Ottawa, Feb. 12 1866 47-utf

PARLIAMENT
HAIRDRESSING SALOON!

H. MILES,
Hairdresser by Appointment to His Excellency the Governor-General,
HAS REMOVED HIS PARLIAMENT HAIR DRESSING SALOON from the old stand to his new and commodious room over the LONDON MUSIC STORE, on Elgin-st., opposite the Russell House, which he has fitted up in the most *recherche* style of the business, and where his Rotary Hair Brush, which he imported expressly for himself, being the first introduced into British America, will be kept ready for use. The saloon is delightfully ventilated, and very pleasantly situated.
Mr. MILES would take this opportunity of returning his most sincere thanks to his many friends and the public, for their kind and generous patronage to him, during a number of years, in his old establishment, and trusts that by unremitting attention to business, and in his new and first-class saloon, with polite and attentive workmen, to merit a continuance of their favors.
All kinds of Hair Watch Guards, Finger Rings, &c., manufactured to order. For the convenience of ladies orders will be received at the London Music Store, where a fine and varied assortment of Hair-work will be found.
H. MILES,
Hair Dresser, by appointment, to his Excellency the Governor-General.
Ottawa, October 3 1867 553-39y

GREAT CLEARING SALE
—OF—
Dry Goods and Ready-made Clothing,
—AT—
J. T. Prudhomme's Stores,
SUSSEX-STREET, FACING CLARENCE-STREET,
And at the Sign of the "Golden Lamb."
AS the Subscriber intends closing one of his Stores on the first day of December, he is determined to sell off at an immense reduction his stock of
DRY GOODS & READY-MADE CLOTHING
—CONSISTING OF—
Beaver Cloths, West of England Broad Cloths, Col. and White Blankets
Pilot do Black Cassimeres, Horse Rugs,
Whitney do Silk Mix Coatings, Flannels,
Melton do " " Trowserings, Kerseys,
Sattinet do Fancy Doeskins, Winceys.
English, Scotch and Canadian Tweeds.
DRAWERS, SHAWLS, BUCK MITTS,
SHIRTS, CLOAKINGS, BUCK MOCASSINS,
WOOL CRAVATS, DRESS GOODS, WOOL SOCKS
SCARFS, NECK TIES, MITTS,
NECK TIES, PRINTS, TRUNKS,
COLLARS, COBOURGS, VALISES
—ALSO, A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF—
Boots and hoes, Teas, Soap, Candles and Wines
The whole to be disposed of, before the 1st day of December. Call early and examine before purchasing elsewhere.
Ottawa, November 19, 1867. 593-3m.

RELIANCE
MUTUAL LIFE ASSURANCE CO'Y.
ESTABLISHED 1840.
CHIEF OFFICE—70, King William-street, Mansion House, LONDON.
ACCUMULATED PREMIUMS OVER, $1,000,000.
ANNUAL INCOME OVER, $300,000.
TRUSTEES.
The Right Rev the Bishop of Moray and Ross.
Viscount Kirkaldie, J R S Phillipps, Esq, Sir John E Tyrell, Bart
John Ledger, Esq, James Traill, Esq, W M Tufnell, Esq
DIRECTORS.
George Ashlin, Esq, John W Lay, Esq, Henry T Prinsep, Esq
W W Duffield, Esq, John Ledger, Esq, Major Skinner, R A
J W Beetengreen, Esq, Joxlyparker, Esq, Charles H Smith, Esq
George T Harris, Esq, William Phelps, Esq, James Traill, Esq
John James, Esq, John Pike, Esq, W M Tufnell, Esq
Edward White, Esq
MEDICAL OFFICERS.
J W Ogle, Esq, M D, H F Smith, Esq, M D
BANKS.
Messrs William Deacon Co, Birchin Lane, Messrs Sparrow, Tufnell & Co, Chelmsford.
The London and County Bank.
SOLICITORS.
Messrs Hooke & Street, 27 Lincoln's Inn Fields. Messrs Gepp & Veley, Chelmsford.
EDWARD BUTLER, *Secretary.*
Canada Branch—Montreal:
BOARD OF DIRECTORS.
Walter Shanly, Esq. M P, Chairman.
Duncan Macdonald, Esq. George Winks, Esq. W H Hingston, Esq. M D, L R C S.
Solicitors—Messrs Rose & Ritchie. MEDICAL ADVISER—W H Hingston, Esq. M D.
The entire profits of this old and long established society belong to the policy holders, who are protected from all liability by the deed of settlement.
Annuities and endowments granted on advantageous terms.
Advances made on approved security in connection with Life Policies.
Every information to be had on application to any of the Society's Agents in Canada, or to
T W GRIFFITH, *Manager and Secretary.*
Head Office for the Dominion of Canada—Corner St Francois Xavier-street, Montreal.
Agents wanted in unrepresented districts throughout Canada.
NEIL McKINNON,
589-6m *Agent for Ottawa.*

Etna Fire and Marine Insurance Co.
The Number of Shareholders exceed Five Hundred.
Capital, $2,500,000.
Annual Income Nearly $1,000,000.
HEAD OFFICE—Upper Sackville-street, Dublin, Ireland; CHIEF OFFICE, ENGLAND—17 and 18 Cornhill, London; CHIEF OFFICE, SCOTLAND—98 George-st., Edinburgh.
DIRECTORS.
John Obins Woodhouse, Esq, 82 Pembroke Road, Dublin; Omeath Park, Co Louth; Portadown, Co Armagh; Kerry Keel, Co Armagh and Down—Chairman.
Robert Craven Wade, Esq, Comphraney, Crosskeale, Co Meath, and Sackville Street Club, Dublin, J P for Counties Meath and Wicklow—Director Scottish Amicable Life Office.
Charles Going Malone, Esq, Merchant, Stephen-street and George-street, Dublin; Churchtown Lodge, Dundrum, Co Dublin—Director Commercial Gas Company.
John William Gregg, Esq, Alderman, Merchant, 18 Upper Sackville-street, Dublin—Vice Chairman.
Irwine Smith Whitty, Esq, 6 Wellington Road, Dublin—Director Government Prisons.
Bernard Coyne, Esq, 27 Waterloo Road, Dublin, J P, Co Mayo.
Jeffry Martin, Esq, 2 Clarinda Park, East Kingstown, Dublin, and Carraghmore, Ballinrobe, Co Mayo, J P for Co Mayo.
Robert C Gaway Horly, Esq, Bridge House and Glendaff, Tralee; J P for Co Kerry.
David Richardson Goodlate, Esq Merchant.
FEATURES.
A division of profits every three years to holders of policies who have no losses.
MODERATE PREMIUMS.
The company do not advocate high premiums, but rates will be charged according as the nature of the risk. Losses will be promptly and fully met on adjustment. Losses by lightning and loss or damage by explosion of gas within the premises insured made good.
JOHN INNIS, ESQ, Manager.
N B—The above company have invested in Canadian Government Bonds, in conformity with the Provincial Act, and have obtained the license of the Minister of Finance to do business in Canada, and are now prepared to take risks.
T. W. GRIFFITH, Manager for Canada.
Head Office for the Dominion—Corner of St Francois Xavier and St Sacrament-streets, Montreal.
Agents wanted in unrepresented districts throughout Canada.
589-6m NEIL McKINNON, Agent for Ottawa.

STOVES. STOVES. STOVES.
STOVES. STOVES. STOVES.
STOVES. STOVES. STOVES.
"CAPITAL" 35, SUSSEX MEADOWS H.
STOVE DEPOT! St. & CO.
WE have received our fall and Winter Stock of STOVES, STOVE PIPES, ELBOWS, DUMB STOVES, TINWARE and LUMBERMEN'S SUPPLIES, which we offer Wholesale or Retail at low prices. In Cooking, Parlor, Box and Hall Stoves, for wood or coal, we have the largest and most varied assortment ever shown in Ottawa.
COOKING STOVES. COOKING STOVES. COOKING STOVES.
COOKING STOVES. COOKING STOVES. COOKING STOVES
COOKING STOVES. COOKING STOVES. COOKING STOVES.
Our stock of the above comprises the latest improvements in both ELEVATED and LOW OVEN STOVES.
BOX AND HALL STOVES. BOX AND HALL STOVES.
BOX AND HALL STOVES. BOX AND HALL STOVES.
BOX AND HALL STOVES. BOX AND HALL STOVES.
Suitable for private Dwellings and Churches, Warehouses and Stores.
PARLOR STOVES. PARLOR STOVES. PARLOR STOVES.
PARLOR STOVES. PARLOR STOVES. PARLOR STOVES.
PAR TOVES. PARLOR STOVES. PARLOR STOVES.
New and most beautiful designs, very cheap.
COAL STOVES. PARLOR GRATES.
Hot Air Furnaces.
We still continue to manufacture every description of TIN, SHEET IRON, and COPPER WARE, RUSSIA IRON PIPE, and DUMB STOVES. Also all kinds of out-door Job Work in our line attended to by competent and experienced Mechanics. Country Merchants supplied with Stovepipes, &c., at reduced rates.
Lumbermen's Supplies! Lumbermen's Supplies! Shanty Plates! Basins! Camp Kettles, &c.
HOUSEFURNISHING GOODS!
Bird Cages! Bird Cages! Bird Cages!
Price Lists sent free on application.
Any part of a Stove sold by us can be replaced when broken or burnt out, a fact intending buyers would do well to note.
An inspection of the above goods invited at the
"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,
35, SUSSEX STREET.
Ottawa, October 3, 1867. H. MEADOWS & CO. 62-y

INSURANCE.
INTERCOLONIAL
ASSURANCE CO'Y.
OF CANADA.
Capital - - - $500,000.
With power to increase the same.
SHARES, - - $100 EACH.
PROVISIONAL DIRECTORS:
H. O. Burritt, Esq, President; R. Lyon, Esq, Mayor of Ottawa, Vice-President; T. D. Harington, Dy. Receiver General; the Hon. J. Skead, J. M. Currier, M. P., D. McLaughlin, M.P., W. Wade, Esq, F. Jones, M.P., W. Ellis, Esq, W. H. Brown, M.D., Joseph Aumond, Esq., M. R. Church, M.D., and J. M. Bates.
THIS is purely a Canadian Institution, and as such is deserving of the support of the Canadian public.
An Act for the Incorporation of this Company is now before the Parliament of the Dominion.
Over $100,000 of stock is already subscribed and it is the intention to deposit with the Government as a guarantee of our good faith, at least $50,000 as soon as an Act of Incorporation is procured (which will be a provision of our Incorporation.) It is unnecessary here to dilate upon the profits of money invested in Insurance Stock. Suffice it to say, that, at least in one instance 3253 per cent advance has been obtained on insurance stock, and that after the payment of princely dividends. In the meantime Subscriptions to Stock, in Ottawa may be made at the Ontario and Royal Canadian Banks, and a deposit of 10 per cent is requisite which will be deposited in Trust to be returned in case any subscriber is not satisfied with his investment up to one month after the Vice-Regal sanction to the Charter is obtained.
J. M. BATES,
Pro. Manager and Secretary.
Ottawa, Nov. 21, 1867. 595tf

CITY OF GLASGOW
Life Assurance Company
ESTABLISHED 1838.
CAPITAL, £600,000 Sg.
ANNUAL REVENUE OVER £120,000 Sg.
THIS COMPANY OFFERS TO THE public the combined advantage of perfect security, moderate premiums and liberal participation in profits. No extra charge for Volunteers in defence of the country.
RINTPUL BROS., Montreal, General Agents for Canada.
NEIL McKINNON, Agent,
Sparks-street, Ottawa.
Ottawa March 25. 391y

Ætna Life Insurance Company.
ESTABLISHED, A. D. 1820.
Capital and Assets, 1st Jan., 1867, $4,401,833.86
THIS MOST SUCCESSFUL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY divides the whole of the Profits, every year, among the insured, reducing the cost to about one-half the figures usually charged.
For instance, the annual payment, at the age of 30, in most Companies, to insure $2000 is, with profits, about $50, and without profits..... $43.90
In the Ætna, $2000, to a person 30 years of age, costs the first year..... 25.31
And each subsequent year..... 26.74
Which payment is subject to further reduction as the business of the Company increases.
Endowment policies on equally favorable terms.
The fact that the Ætna has, during the past 12 months, insured over 14,000 persons, from among the best business men of the Continent, is the best possible testimonial to the soundness of the Company, and the excellence of its method of doing business.
J. GARVEY, ESQ., M. D.,
Medical Referee.
S. PEDLAR & CO., Montreal.
Ottawa, March 13. 381y

BRITISH AMERICA
Assurance Company!
FIRE AND MARINE.
ESTABLISHED 1830.
R. S. Cassels, Esq.....Consulting Director.
THE ABOVE FIRST-CLASS COMPANY is prepared to insure all descriptions of property against loss or damage by fire.
HERRICK, BRUSH & CO.,
AGENTS,
Ottawa, January 4, 1867. , Aumond's Buildings. 523y

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.
A MORTIMER
BOOKBINDER,
Metcalfe-street,
BEGS TO ANNOUNCE TO his friends and patrons that he has removed to the building on Metcalfe-street, formerly occupied by *The Evening Post*, where he is now prepared to execute all orders for
BOOKBINDING,
PAPER-RULING, or
BLANK BOOK MANUFACTURING,
Of every description in the neatest and most durable style.
Giving personal attention to all work, and having had many years practical experience, he feels confident that satisfaction will be given.
Ornamental Binding done in the most artistic style.
A MORTIMER,
Metcalfe-street.
Ottawa, March 16 384y

NOTICE.
DR. J. GARVEY can be consulted each day PROFESSIONALLY, at his RESIDENCE, RIDEAU-STREET, from 8 o'clock to 10 in the forenoon, and from 6 to 10 in the evening. During mid-day by making inquiries at BROWNE & HARDY'S, GROCERS, Rideau-street, information can be had as to his whereabouts.
J. GARVEY, M. D.
N. B.—It is not the intention of Dr. Garvey to relinquish his practice as a physician.
Ottawa, Jan. 24, 1868. 648d

NOTICE.
ALL persons indebted to Dr. J. Garvey, and whose accounts have been rendered, are requested to call and settle at once, or costs will be incurred.
J. GARVEY, M.D.
Ottawa, Sept. 4, 1867. 529tf

RIFLES!
Wesson's Rifles!
HAVING imported some of the above RIFLES in 1866, under free entry, I offer the balance of stock at $17 each, which is $4 less than manufacturers prices; wholesale price at factory is $25 American money.
THOMAS ISAAC,
613d Sparks-street.

Land for Sale.
850 ACRES OF LAND, situated within two to eight miles of the city. Apply to JOHN W. McGUIRE, Lot 25, 2nd Concession, Ottawa Front, Gloucester. 545-6m

To Sell or Let---Rare Opening,
TERMS MODERATE.
FINE STONE DWELLING HOUSES, Photographic Chambers, and other Cut Stone Premises, well arranged and eligibly situated for commercial business.
Apply to JOHN MACAULEY, Chaudiere, Ottawa; or E. McGILLIVRAY, J. B. TACKABERRY, or R. McLEAN, Auctioneer, Ottawa.
January 8, 1867. 585-6m

K. ARNOLDI,
WINE & SPIRIT MERCHANT,
METCALFE-STREET,
Telegraph Company's Building, Ottawa.
RECOMMENDS and Guarantees with confidence the following Wines:—
PORTS—Graham's, Sandeman's, Forrester's, Masden's, &c.:

	Per Gal.	Per Doz.
No. 1 Good sound Wine	$2 00	$6 00
" 2 "	3 00	8 75
" 3 Old	3 50	10 00
" 4 Superior old	4 50	12 50
" 5 Very fine old	5 75	15 50

SHERRY WINE—Domieq's, Capdepont, Pedemartin's, Champ Suter's, &c.:

No. 1 Light table Wine	$2 00	6 00
" 2 Superior do	3 00	8 75
" 3 Very choice	3 50	10 00
" 4 Very Superior	4 50	12 50
" 5 Very fine	5 50	15 00

Marsala Wine,
$1.50 per Gallon, $4.50 per Dozen.
Especial attention called to the above Wine. Far superior to all common sherries, its chief recommendation is that it agrees perfectly well with persons who cannot take those wines, even of a high class. It is soft and old, free from heat, or the slightest approach to acidity, while its very moderate price recommends it for all large entertainments, as well as for the luncheon, dinner and supper table. It has met with the highest approval from the medical gentlemen of this city.
Also, in wood or bottle, old and new Brandies, Rums, Gins, Old Tom Gins, Irish, Scotch, and Canadian Whiskeys of Standard Brands.
Clarets, Champagnes, Hocks, Caracas, Maraschino, Chartreuse, Royal Italian Bitters, &c., in great variety.
Bibberts' and Gilness' Porter, Bass' and Allsopp's Ales, quarts and pints. Canadian Ale of Superior Quality, in Wood and Bottle.
Goods most confidently recommended, and may be as implicitly relied upon for perfect purity as if purchased in the largest wholesale establishment in the country.
Orders by mail with cash or city reference solicited and promptly attended to. No charge for delivery in the city. A discount to persons buying in quantity or by the original package. Inspection invited.
Price Lists, and every information, on application, or sent to any address.
WINE VAULTS AND OFFICE,
No. 11, Metcalfe-street,
Telegraph Co.'s Building, Ottawa.
January 27, 1868. 535y

FOR SALE
BY THE SUBSCRIBERS,
New Egyptian Dates,
Oranges, Lemons,
Grapes, Turkey Figs,
West End Raisins,
Dundee Marmalade,
Jams and Jellies,
Tomatoes in tins,
Peaches, "
Sweet Corn "
Lima Beans.
OYSTERS & HADDIES!
RECEIVED WEEKLY.
DALGLISH & RUSSELL,
Upper Town.
Ottawa, Jan. 28, 1868. 651y

SMITH & RODNEY
MERCHANT TAILORS and General Outfitters, Elgin-street, opposite the Russell House, and second door from the London Music Store, having just received a choice stock of
English, French and Canadian
CLOTHS and TWEEDS,
And a general assortment of gentlemen's furnishing goods, would intimate to their friends and the public generally that they are prepared to execute all orders in their line at the shortest notice, in the most approved styles and at prices that we defy competition.
Ottawa Oct. 1, 1867. 550tf

ROANOKE
Tobacco Company,
DANVILLE, VIRGINIA.
THIS Company having established at Montreal their General Agency for the Dominion of Canada, is now prepared to offer to the public an article in
SMOKING TOBACCO!
Superior to anything of the kind ever imported into the country, and pledge their long established character that the article now offered is the pure leaf from the
Virgin Hill Tops of Virginia.
The different brands and prices are as follows viz:
The "Prince of Wales," in 1 & 2 lb bls $1.00 per lb
" "Dominion Favorite" 1 & ½ " " 0.75 "
" "Navy," 1 & 2 " " 0.65 "
The prices are NET CASH in Montreal, and orders accompanied by remittance for 5 lbs and upwards will receive prompt attention. The tobacco will be forwarded to any address, by express or otherwise, as parties may direct.
Please address
F. W. HENSHAW,
Gen. Agent Dominion of Canada,
10 St. Sacrament-st.,
Montreal.
Montreal, Dec. 4, 1867. 607-1m

SNOW'S
Celebrated Fever Remedy.
A Sure and Certain Cure for Fever—Continued, Remittent, Intermittent, Typhoid, and Fever arising from Ordinary Colds.
THIS REMEDY has been used in Tropical climates for many years with the greatest success. It shortens the attack, reduces the fever gradually, and at the same time enables the system to throw off the poisonous effect of the on the blood and secretions generally.
PRICE—50 cents and $1 per Bottle. Sold Wholesale and Retail by
H. F. MacCARTHY,
Chemist, Ottawa City
Sole Agent for Dominion of Canada.
December 2, 1867. 579-3m

HOWE'S
Boot and Shoe Store.
REMOVAL.
AS the Lease of our Premises in Sussex-street terminates this month, we intend to continue our business to one locality, and shall remove the whole of our Stock on the 1st of May next, to our Store in
No. 10, Rideau-st.
Our stock of BOOTS and SHOES, LEATHER, SHOE FINDINGS, TRUNKS, &c., &c., will consequently be very large and most complete in every department, and we most respectfully solicit a continuance of favors, to merit which our constant endeavors will be to unite to provide the best articles and sell at the lowest remunerating prices.
G. HOWE & SON.
Remember the place—No. 10, Rideau-st. next to Howell's grocery.
April 27. 420y

FOUND.
NEAR the Market,

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

On no occasion will the names of Old Advertisements be inserted here.

Notice—Thos. Worthington.
Private Bills—W. B. Lindsay
Memorandum Book Lost.
Short-Hand Reporter Disengaged
Removal—E. Miles.
Annual Festival—Robt. Hunter.
Dry Goods—J. A Pinard.
Etna Fire Company—Neil McKinnon.

The Ottawa Times

City and County Official Paper

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 1, 1868

THE HON. MR. CHAPAIS does not intend to abandon the prosecution of his petition before the Election Committee, for the representation of Kamouraska in the House of Commons, consequently no writ will issue for that constituency, at least until his claim to the seat is adjudicated upon.

THE Privy Council was in session yesterday afternoon as usual. The Hon. Messrs. CARTIER and LANGEVIN leave to-day for Quebec. The Hon. Messrs. CAMPBELL and CHAPAIS left yesterday. It is probable that for the next couple of weeks, little beyond the ordinary routine business will be transacted.

BY the fifty-ninth clause of the Union Act the Lieutenant Governors hold office "during "the pleasure of the Governor General," provided their appointments have been made previous to the commencement of the first session of the Parliament of Canada, but all Lieutenant Governors appointed after that date are "not removable within five "years," except for cause assigned. We understand that as was generally believed would be the case when Sir N. F. BELLEAU was first appointed to the Lieutenant-Governorship of Quebec, he has now been confirmed under the last mentioned provision of the 59th clause of the Act, as has also General DOYLE in the Lieutenant Governorship of Nova Scotia.

ELSEWHERE we publish what Mr. LINEHAN, the Secretary, calls "a *refutation* of the "charges made against the St. Patrick's "Society of Montreal by the Hon. THOMAS "D'ARCY MCGEE," not only because Mr. LINEHAN has requested us to do so; but because the said "charges," or as they were then designated "facts," or *ten* of them, were specifically made through the columns of the TIMES in December last over Mr. MCGEE's own signature, and the Society should, therefore, have the recognised prerogative of being heard in its defence.

And such a defence! The document takes up but *one* charge—that made in August last—in regard to the alleged burning of the books. Now, if any man will carefully read that charge as reproduced by Mr. LINEHAN, he will discover that the writer merely wished to show that the books were made away with; the very extraordinary circumstances that "no charred paper remained," &c., &c., that in fact not a relic of the books was found in the ashes, left upon our mind the impression that the burning of the books was a mere pretence to cover their concealment, because such a fire as is there described could not have dissipated every vestige of their previous existence. But admitting on the other hand that Mr. MCGEE verily did believe himself, or made the public believe, that the books were actually and totally annihilated by the fire, and not "spirited away," (as we supposed he meant when we read the paragraph) how does the case stand? Let the following statement of facts from the Montreal *News* answer:

"Most of our readers will remember the circumstances attending a fire which occurred at Nordheimer's Hall, in this city, on the 14th January, 1867, in a room used by the St. Patrick's Society for committee meetings. On the night previous to the fire one of these meetings had been held, and on the following morning it was given out that the books of record which were stated to have been placed in the drawer of a table, contrary it would appear to all former usage, had been destroyed. This report was industriously circulated by the ruling clique of the Society. NEW BOOKS WERE PURCHASED and opened in order to give colour to the statement, and every member who did not sign them FORFEITED HIS MEMBERSHIP.

* * * * * * * *

"At any rate, the new books were procured and taken into use, and at the annual meeting in April it was announced from the chair, in the presence of some two hundred members, that the said books had become necessary in consequence of the others HAVING BEEN BURNT; old members were called upon to renew their subscriptions; the Society was reconstituted, and all indebtedness commuted on payment of a dollar a head. On what other hypothesis, then, but that of the destruction of the books could these extraordinary measures be justified?"

The *News* should have asked another query: On what hypothesis have those whose membership was forfeited by this *pretended burning*, been still excluded (if excluded they are) seeing that the books were not burnt?

What we simply desire to say here is, that not Mr. MCGEE, but those very parties who now profess to be aggrieved by this charge, were themselves the authors of it, if the statement of the *News*, and current report at the time, can be relied upon. This is so very plain that we are astonished at the presumption of the authors of the "refutation" in attempting to persuade the public to the contrary. There is one fresh point raised by again stirring up this question of the missing books: How was it that from the fifteenth of January, the morning after the fire, to the time of the annual meeting in April, the officers of the society should pretend the books were burnt; that the business of that meeting was virtually the inauguration of a new society because of this pretended burning; and that no public authentic announcement was made of the recovery of the books from their ashes, or from their place of concealment, until after Mr. MCGEE's reference to the subject in August? Surely if Messrs. LINEHAN & Co. had desired to prove that the books had been purposely concealed, and that the fire was taken advantage of to favor that concealment, they could not have adopted a better course to accomplish their object.

We have no personal interest in this St. Patrick's Society affair; nor do we wish to foment further discussion upon it. But when only this *one* out of ten charges has been chosen for refutation, and it so absurdly met, or in fact not met at all, but rather confirmed, the public will readily believe how bad a case the Society has against Mr. MCGEE. We say this "charge," in so far as it is a charge, has been confirmed, because the burning, at first affirmed as a fact by the members of the Society, is now proved by themselves to have been a falsehood; and because the concealment of the books, and their subsequent production, leaves very good room for the inference that that concealment was not *accidental*. It is besides shown by the *News* that the wire pullers of the Society profited by the concealment just as much as if the books had been burnt, and we now know that they reproduced them again just when they thought they could profit by their appearance. As the *News* says:

"As far as the public are concerned there "can be but one verdict. Mr. McGee's antagonists—to use the words of the reviewer "—intended murder, and have committed "suicide."

There is one other point in this ridiculous document to which we must direct attention. It is alleged that Mr. MCGEE, after the existence of the books had been made public through the *Gazette*, "repeated that charge." This, doubtless, refers to Mr. MCGEE's letter, published in the TIMES in December. Mr. MCGEE there says:

"*Fact Second*—The insertion of O'Mahoney's subsequent fraternising letter to the Society, on the books, and when the question was raised last year of expunging this compromising correspondence, the mysterious burning, or disappearance of the Society's books, at the extraordinary fire in St. Patrick's room, on the night of the 14th of January last."

Is this a repetition of the charge? There was a burning of which the Hall furnished undoubted evidence, though none was furnished that the books were consumed, except the testimony of the members themselves; and here certainly was "a disappearance of the books," as the Society thenceforth transacted business with a new sett. We do not think that Mr. MCGEE overstated the case, when he put the alternative of a "burning" or "disappearance," for at the time he wrote the certificate now published (without date) does not appear to have been in existence to establish the identity of the books, said to have been found; with those said to have been burnt.

The parade of the patronage of His Lordship the Roman Catholic Bishop of Montreal and Rev. Clergy, comes into too close proximity to language bordering on blackguardism, to be either flattering to the Bishop and Priests, or creditable to the authors of this pretended "refutation." With that, however, it is not for us to interfere; but we congratulate the society on one thing—their expulsion of Mr. MCGEE. By this one petty act, and its parade before the public, they will have done much to bring the public to a proper estimate of the society's character, in the hands of its present managers. The foul language of the "refutation" towards Mr. MCGEE is "beneath even a passing notice," and so we shall dismiss the subject, feeling assured that this last attempt to injure Mr MCGEE will recoil upon its concocters.

A PUBLIC meeting was held in Montreal on Thursday to raise funds in aid of the Nova Scotia Fishermen. A committee was appointed, and doubtless Montreal will do its whole duty in the premises. The Hon. T. D. MCGEE sent a letter to the Chairman, enclosing a subscription of $20.

THE Montreal *Gazette* severely criticises the failure of justice in the case of DOWNIE, just tried at the Aylmer Assizes for murder, and convicted of manslaughter.

The same journal states that about sixty persons were present at the St. Patrick's meeting which expelled Mr. MCGEE, and publishes the names of more than half the number, chiefly clerks, tradesmen, newspaper carriers and beer carters. The *Gazette* says "Mr. "MCGEE will survive the consequences." Very likely.

THE NOVA SCOTIA RELIEF FUND.

OTTAWA WARD.

List of subscriptions from Ottawa Ward in aid of the distressed fishermen of Nova Scotia, collected by Messrs. Ald. Goulden and Martineau.

Charles Goulden	$5 00
Eug. Martineau	5 00
Dr. J. C. Taché	5 00
Sisters of Charity	5 00
Alexander Bowie	5 00
Mr. Fellows	2 00
Thos. McCloy	1 00
James Goodwin	3 00
John Murray	1 00
Michael Boyle	1 00
James McCrakon	1 00
A friend	2 00
J O'Reilly	1 00
Thomas Kehoe	1 00
John B. Guerard	1 00
Isaac Moore	1 00
A friend	1 00
John H. Morley	1 00
William Pinard	2 00
H. A. Pinard	1 00
J. Pinard	2 00
Wm. P. Lett	5 00
W. H. Waller	1 00
T. C. Pidgeon	2 00
Total	$55 00

A Public Meeting in Victoria to take further measures for a Union with Canada.

By telegraph to THE TIMES.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 31.—A Victoria despatch says that a public meeting was held on the 29th instant, to take further measures for a union with the colony of Canada.

Terrible Scene on a Mass of Ice in the Mississippi River—300 men, women, and children afloat—Providentially no one lost—One of the Passengers is robbed after reaching the shore.

By telegraph to THE TIMES.

ST. LOUIS, Jan. 30.—This afternoon while 200 or 300 men, women and children, passengers by the Ohio and Mississippi railroad train, were crossing the river on foot, the ice suddenly broke loose from each shore, and floated down the stream. Great consternation was immediately created, and the people ran hither and thither in terrible fright. They could not get off at either shore, as the ice had left the river banks, and a broad open space of water intervened between them and the land. It seemed as though there would be a terrible loss of life. Thousands of citizens watched the scene with intense excitement. Luckily the immense field of ice did not break, and after floating a distance of a couple of blocks it pressed against a steamer on the Missouri shore, from which planks were pushed out, and all the people rescued. No one was injured. Michael O'Meara fell into the water, but was rescued. He afterwards went into a saloon to change his clothes, when he was robbed of $1,500 in money, and $5,000 in notes and drafts.

YOUNG AND RADFORD'S stock of watches clocks, jewellery, fancy goods and electro plated ware are worthy of inspection. All goods will be sold cheap. Give them a call. Remember the place, 30 Sparks-st. 597a

CARLETON COUNTY COUNCIL.

THURSDAY, Jan. 30, 1868.

Pursuant to adjournment the council met at 10 o'clock a. m.

Present—The Warden and Messrs. Cummings, Dow, Dawson, Graham, Cowan, Tremblay, Green, Caldwell, Mills, Hinton, Morgan, Smith, Fraser, Mohr, Sykes, McCaffrey and Blackburn.

The minutes of yesterday were read.

Moved by Mr. McCaffrey, seconded by Mr Green, that James Mills be and is hereby appointed Trustee of the Richmond Grammar School: Also that J. Hinton be and is hereby appointed Trustee of said school; also that Ira Morgan and John Kennedy be, and they are hereby appointed Trustees of the Metcalfe Grammar School.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Sykes, seconded by Mr. Mills, that the name of Thomas Graham be added to the Committee on Finance.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Blackburn, seconded by Mr. Tremblay, that a special committee be, and is hereby appointed of the following gentlemen, viz., Messrs. Dow, Cowan, Cummings, and Smith, to meet the Directors of the Ottawa and Gloucester Road, and confer with them as to Billings' Bridge, and final disposal of the claims of the county thereto.

Moved by Mr. Morgan, seconded by Mr. Tremblay, that the thanks of this council are due, and are hereby tendered to the Ottawa Ministry Association who have offered through the Rev. Thomas Wardrope, to make provisions for religious services in the jail every Sabbath, and that the clerk of this corporation is hereby authorized to transmit a copy of this resolution to said association, asking them to carry out the proposal made.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Morgan, seconded by Mr. Smith, that whereas this corporation has now in Bank $26,000, at the rate of four per cent. interest, this council now deem it expedient to invest the said sum in Dominion stock, bearing interest at six per cent., and the Treasurer of this corporation is now, and hereby authorized to tender for the same at par.—Carried.

On motion the council then adjourned till two o'clock p. m.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

The Warden presented a petition in reference to the Game Laws.

Moved by Mr. Sykes, seconded by Mr. Tremblay, that the Warden be and is hereby authorized to sign and attach the Corporate Seal, to the petition respecting the Game Laws, to be presented to the Local Legislature respecting the Game Laws of this Province.—Carried.

Pursuant to notice given yesterday, Mr. Blackburn moved, seconded by Mr. Smith, that it is expedient to rescind motion No. 9 of this Session of the Council appointing Mr. Henry Cowan, Auditor, inasmuch as it can be shewn by the gross inaccuracies of the Auditor's Report of last year of whom the said Henry Cowan, was one, that he is unfit for the duties of Auditor, and that it is the duty of this Council, knowing said facts, to rescind motion No. 9, which motion is hereby rescinded.—Lost.

Mr. Blackburn called for the yeas and nays.

YEAS—Messrs. Morgan, Hinton, Green, Smith, Blackburn and Dow—6.

NAYS—Messrs. Caldwell, Cummings, Mills, Mohr, Fraser, Graham, Dawson, Sykes, McCaffrey, Tremblay and Cowan—11.

The clerk laid upon the table the Treasurer's accounts for 1867, together with sundry other accounts.

Moved by Mr. Fraser, seconded by Mr. Sykes, that the Treasurer's accounts for 1867, and other accounts, before this council, be referred to the Finance Committee.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Cummings, seconded by Mr. Tremblay, that this council deem it advisable to at once repair the bridge, which spans the Rideau River, generally known as the Sandy Hill Bridge, as we are of opinion that it is incumbent upon us so to do.—Lost.

Moved by Mr. Sykes, seconded by Mr. Cowan, that this council do now adjourn till two o'clock p.m., to-morrow, to allow the different committees time to hand in their reports.—Carried.

The council then adjourned.

BOARD OF SEPARATE SCHOOLS.

OTTAWA, Jan. 30, 1868.

Present—R. H. McGreevy, Esq., President; Messrs. J. Larose, E. Proulx, P. Dufour, Wm. Finlay, J. Ahearn, J. W. Peachy, Chas. McCarron, C. Triolle and W. Kehoe.

The minutes of the last meeting were read and adopted.

Several communications and petitions were read and laid on the table.

On motion of Chas. McCarron, seconded by Wm. Finlay, that the petitions of Messrs. Widow Reynolds, Mrs. P. Ayotte and J. H. Belanger, were referred to the Committee on Finance and Assessment.

On motion of J. Ahearn, seconded by Jos. Larose, the report of the Special Committee, charged with the enquiry in the case of the resolutions passed by the rate-payers of Victoria and Wellington Wards, was received and adopted.

On motion of Wm. Finlay, seconded by Wm. Kehoe, John Clancey was appointed Auditor, jointly with Robert O'Reilly, to audit the accounts of the Board for the year 1867.

Moved by J. W. Peachy, seconded by J. Larose, that the Christian Brothers and Sisters of Charity, employed by this Board as Teachers during the past year, be, and they are hereby appointed in the same capacity for the current year, commencing from the 1st of February, 1868, upon the same conditions, and at the same salaries as for the past year; the salary of a fifth teacher, at $100 per annum, being allowed to the Sisters of the Lower Town Schools, which motion was declared lost on the following division:

For the motion—Messrs. Larose, Triolle, Dufour and Peachy.

Against—Messrs. Kehoe, Ahearn, Proulx, McCarron, and Finlay.

Moved by Charles McCarron, seconded by William Finlay, that the Rev. Sisters Ryan, Langevin, Martineau, Mullin, Burns, and D'Amour, be, and they are hereby appointed Teachers under this Board at the same salary and upon the same terms as last year, which motion was carried on the following division:

For the motion—Messrs. Larose, Kehoe, Proulx, Ahearn, Dufour, McCarron, Finlay and Peachy.

Against—Mr. Triolle.

On motion of Mr. Triolle, seconded by Mr. Finlay, the seven Christian Brothers were appointed teachers for the current year under the Board, on the same terms as last year.

On motion of Chas. McCarron, seconded by Mr. Proulx, Mr. Louis Tasse was reappointed teacher under the Board for the current year, at the same salary and upon the same terms as last year.

On motion of Wm. Kehoe, seconded by P. Dufour, Mr. P. Leyden was reappointed school teacher for St. George's Ward until next vacation at the same salary as he is now getting.

Moved by Joseph Larose, seconded by John Ahearn, that the Chairman be and he is hereby instructed to advertise for an Assistant Teacher for Wellington and Victoria Wards male school, which motion was carried on the following division:

For the motion—Messrs. Larose, Proulx, McCarron, Ahearn and Finlay.

Against—Messrs. Kehoe, Dufour, Peachy and Triolle.

On motion of Wm. Finlay, seconded by J. Larose, the Collector for this Board was allowed $100 for the collection of the rate bill for the year 1867.

On motion of Mr. Larose, seconded by Mr. Finlay, the Secretary of the Board was allowed $40 to employ a messenger for the current year.

The Board then adjourned.

J. W. PEACHY,
Secretary.

BRYAN'S WAFERS.—(The great public remedy)—have now been in use over twenty years, hence it cannot be said that they are on trial. They have been thoroughly tried, and pronounced (on the authority of those whose lives in health they have preserved), to be a sure, harmless and eminently salutary preparation, and if taken in season will invariably cure colds, coughs, sore throat, and all Bronchial affections. One fair trial will convince the most skeptical. Sold by all medicine dealers at 25 cents per box.

LOCAL NEWS.

Young & Radford, 30, Sparks-st., have just received a stock of Christmas and New Year's presents, and parties wanting to buy would do well to give them a call and judge for themselves before purchasing elsewhere. Remember the place, 30, Sparks-st.

OTTAWA NATURAL HISTORY SOCIETY.—A regular monthly meeting of the above Society was held in their Hall, Albert-st., where the Rev. T. D. Phillipps read an original poem, entitled "Affliction," which was well received. Some of Mr. Phillipps' friends are about to request him to publish the poem.

METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS.—By Wm. Hearn, Optician and Druggist, York-st.

OTTAWA, Jan. 31, 1868.

Greatest degree of cold registered during the previous night, 5 above zero.

8 a. m., 16 above zero.
1 p. m., 25 " "
6 p. m., 20 " "

SKATING AT HALF-PRICE.—We observe by advertisement, that the Managers of the Skating Rink have determined to throw open their doors to-day, for the remainder of the season, at half-price. Those, therefore, who wish to enjoy the healthful pleasure of skating, or to learn to skate, have an opportunity of doing so now on easy terms. The ice is in excellent condition. The care-taker is courteous and obliging, and especially attentive to the children.

TEMPERANCE.—We are requested to state that Mr. Thomas Hutchings, agent and lecturer of the Montreal Temperance Society, having just returned from a tour on the Upper Ottawa, is now in this city, for the purpose of calling on the friends of the cause to solicit subscriptions to aid the society in its mission; there being a want of the necessary means to carry the principles of temperance into distant localities.

A COUNTRYMAN FLEECED.—A countryman who had brought a load of hay to town and converted it into cash, instead of going directly home was induced to go into the disreputable shanty on the ice at McKay's Bay, where he became elated, and the genii of the place conjuring the cash out of his pockets, he left without the means of satisfying the claims to be made on him at home in the evening. What steps he has taken to recover it we do not know.

THE RELIEF FUND BEFORE THE COUNTY COUNCIL.—Yesterday afternoon a deputation composed of Hon. James Skead, His Worship the Mayor and J. Fraser, Esq., from the City Relief Fund in aid of the Nova Scotia fishermen, appeared before the County Council, and were admitted at the Bar of the council to plead their cause. In the evening the council held an extra session for the purpose of considering the subject, when they came to the conclusion that it would be more satisfactory to refer the matter to the several municipalities, and referred it accordingly.

THE LONDON MUSIC STORE.—By referring to our advertising columns it will be seen that Mr. E. Miles, of the London Music Store, has removed to the store lately fitted up by him at the Theatre, where being under a much smaller rent, he proposes to give his patrons the benefit of the change in reduced prices of all musical instruments and other goods, which he has for sale. He has also fitted up a fine music hall above, which will be available for parties desiring to use it. Mr. Miles has also removed his hair-dressing establishment a few doors below, on Elgin-st., next door to Jones & Holland's News Depot.

FIRE.—Yesterday morning about 9 o'clock a fire broke out in the house owned and occupied by James Connors, Cumberland-st., near the railroad. The family, with the assistance of neighbors and others, succeeded in saving all the furniture, but the inside of the house was destroyed, and a great part of the roof, and the house, which is a frame one, would have been totally destroyed, but for the prompt arrival of the firemen. The damage is, perhaps, about $150, which is covered by insurance. The fire originated from the chimney, which was found to be split in the upper story.

POLICE COURT.—John Mullin was brought up on the charge of having on the 28th inst. stolen an overcoat from Mr. John Hamilton, of Hamilton's Hotel. He had made his way on the cars to Prescott, but the telegraph was in advance of him, and he was detained by the authorities there until the arrival of an officer from this city, by whom he was brought back. The evidence against him was sufficiently clear, and the prisoner having elected to be tried summarily, the Police Magistrate sentenced him to two months' imprisonment at hard labor. He received his sentence with a kind of philosophical indifference and went his way, wondering if the governor of the jail would allow him to indulge in the luxury of a pipe.

MECHANICS' INSTITUTE FESTIVAL.—The annual festival, of the Ottawa Mechanics' Institute and Athenæum, under the patronage of Sir John A. Macdonald, K.C.B., and Lady Macdonald, is advertised to take place on Tuesday evening next, at Her Majesty's Theatre. To those who understand and appreciate the necessity for such an institution and the work it has done, and if properly supported is destined to do, for the intellectual advancement of the people, will require from us no promptings to discharge so obvious a duty to themselves and the public, as that of giving aid and encouragement to the Institute on Tuesday evening next. Some of the ablest men in the country, including Sir John A. Macdonald, Hon. Mr. Archibald, &c., will deliver addresses on the occasion. The band of the P. C. O. Rifles will be present, and some of the best amateur vocalists in the city will contribute their talents to make it a success.

COTTON NO LONGER KING.—Cotton goods are now nearly as cheap as before the American war. Garland, Mutchmor & Co. have lately received a few bales of gray and white cottons, shirtings and prints, purchased since the great fall in prices. Parties requiring any description of dry goods would do well to see their stock before purchasing. 582-y

THE CURRENCY QUESTION.—Some of the Canadian papers advocate the adoption of the present Halifax currency as the currency of the Dominion, and we think that if the matter is perfectly understood by the merchants and bankers of Ontario and Quebec, there will be but little doubt of the ultimate triumph of what may be truly called the "Common Sense Currency." British money, and not United States, is our money, and it seems strange to us that any sensible man will prefer to call our shilling 24 cents to a quarter of a dollar, and a sovereign $4.86 2-3, to the understood and universally useful $5.—*Halifax Reporter.*

AYER'S AMERICAN ALMANAC has now arrived and is now ready for delivery, gratis, by the city druggists, to all who call for it. Our readers may be surprised to know that this little pamphlet, which has become so much a favorite in our section, has quite the largest circulation of any one book in the world, except the Bible. It is printed in many languages, and scattered through many nations, as well as supplied to almost the entire population of our vast domain. Every family should keep it, for it contains information which all are liable to require, when sickness overtakes them, and which may prove invaluable from being at hand in season. If you take our advice, you will call and get an Ayer's Almanac, and when got, keep it.

MR. McGEE AND THE MONTREAL ST. PATRICK'S SOCIETY.

ST. PATRICK'S HALL,
Montreal, January 28, 1868.

To the Editor of THE TIMES.

SIR,—I beg to enclose you herewith a copy of a refutation of the charges made against the St. Patrick's Society of Montreal by the Hon. Thomas D'Arcy McGee.

The Society will feel much obliged for its early insertion in the Ottawa TIMES.

I am, sir,
Yours respectfully,
WILLIAM B. LINEHAN,
Cor. Sec. St. P. S.

THE ALLEGED CHARGES AGAINST THE ST. PATRICK'S SOCIETY OF MONTREAL BY THE HON. THOS. D'ARCY McGEE.

At the adjourned monthly meeting of the St. Patrick's Society held on Monday evening, the 27th instant, J. K. Mullen, Esq., first Vice President, and acting President of the Society, in the Chair, the following defence of the Society against Mr. McGee's allegations, was unanimously adopted, and ordered to be published:

In view of the charges made against this Society by the Hon. Thos. D'Arcy McGee, first in his "account of the attempt to establish Fenianism in Montreal," published in August last, and second in his letter addressed to the Ottawa TIMES, on the 14th December following, the Society has felt it its duty to at once establish the fact *beyond a doubt* that these charges were false and groundless; and were known to be such by their author. For to allow such charges as are hereinafter given to be repeated without showing their utter fallacy, would, we consider, place the Society in a position unworthy of the distinguished patronage of his Lordship the Roman Catholic Bishop of Montreal, and our Chaplains, the Revd. Clergy of the St. Patrick's, who have never ceased to hold our time honored body in the highest estimation.

In August last the following appeared from Mr. McGee's pen. It was published in all the Montreal papers, except one, and generally circulated throughout the Dominion. We reproduce it in full, because we wish to impress on the public mind the amount of ingenuity and skill employed by the author in order to deceive the public mind into a belief of its reality.

He says, "An extraordinary incident took place—*the burning of the Society's Books of Record* at the rooms occupied by them over Nordheimer's Hall, on the night of the 14th January, or rather at a very early hour next morning.

The circumstances attending the fire were *most singular*. There had been a protracted meeting of the usual kind the night before. It had never been the custom to leave the books in the Hall. There was no safe, nor cupboard, nor shelf even for books. This night *by a special fatality they were, however, left in the open drawer of a plain deal table*, standing on the temporary wooden platform near the door of the Hall. The fire (as was seen by myself and others next morning, while it was still smouldering) took place *immediately under the spot where the table stood* on the platform. It was just sufficient of a fire to burn part of the platform, the whole table and the *entire book of records*, binding and all!! *Not a scrap of charred paper remained; not a dog-eared angle of a folio; not a strip of russet leather destroyed!!* Of course the O'Mahony correspondence, and some less direct evidence of Fenianism in our midst, *were blotted out forever!*"

At the time this statement appeared, the Society made application to Mr. Justice Coursol for a full investigation into the cause of the fire, &c. But His Honor being then engaged in investigating the riot which took place at the Grand Trunk pic-nic at St. Hyacinthe, it was unavoidably postponed. Meantime, the Society having concluded that, as the statement received very little credit from the public, and that its publication was merely intended to serve in securing Mr. McGee's return to Parliament, it was allowed to drop. Moreover, it was expected that, having taken the books to the office of the Montreal *Gazette*—Mr. McGee's organ, and as an announcement to that effect appeared in the next issue of that paper, the public and Mr. McGee would feel satisfied that this charge was in every particular false.

But, finding that after this public contradiction, *which could not be unknown to Mr. McGee*, he repeated this charge, and has since then invariably taken advantage of every opportunity he could seize of proving an undying and inveterate hostility to our body, we felt it our duty to establish the truth, that these charges were made by Mr. McGee knowing them to be false, and only with a view to reduce this Society in the estimation of our fellow-citizens, and destroy its usefulness as a charitable and national body.

To this end we obtained the following certificate, which, we have no doubt, will satisfy the public, signed as it is by His Worship the Mayor of Montreal, and the Presidents of the different national societies of this city.

We, the undersigned, do hereby certify that the Acting President of the St. Patrick's Society, J. E. Mullin, Esq., the Recording Secretary, P. O'Meara, Esq., and other members, have this day submitted to us the Books of Record of the said St. Patrick's Society, dating from the twenty-first day of February, (1856,) one thousand eight hundred and fifty-six, to this date, containing the minutes and proceedings of each meeting of the Society during this time, and bearing the signatures of the following gentlemen as Secretaries of the said Society for the time being, viz.:—

P. J. Fogarty, from the 21st February, 1856, to the 28th March, 1856.
Thos. Chas. Collins, from the 28th March, 1856, to the 4th May, 1857.
Wm. M. O'Brien, from the 4th May, 1857, to the 3rd May, 1858.
R. McShane, from the 3rd May, 1858, to the 2nd May, 1859.
Ed. Woods, from the 2nd May, 1859, to the 7th May, 1860.
Wm. Booth, from the 7th May, 1860, to the 6th May, 1861.
J. J. Curran, from the 6th May, to the 5th August, 1861.
Wm. Booth, from the 5th August, 1861, to the 2nd September, 1861.
M. F. Collevan, from the 2nd September, 1861, to the 5th May, 1862.
P. O'Meara, from the 5th May, 1862, to the 5th May, 1864.
F. M. Cassidy, from the 5th May, 1864, to May, 1866.
P. O'Meara, from May, 1866, to the present day.

(Signed.)
HENRY STARNES,
Mayor of Montreal.
C. A. LEBLAU, President,
St. Jean Baptiste Society.
JOHN LEEMING, President,
St. George's Society.
CHAMPION BROWN, President,
New England Society.
WILLIAM WAGNER, President,
German Society.

Montreal, Jan. 22, 1868.

With so incontrovertible a statement before the public, showing this wanton accusation not only false but malicious and vindictive, and at the same time the friendly spirit existing between this society and the other national societies of the city, we will only add that as all the other charges are mere assertions, which have already been met, until such time as Mr. McGee controverts the facts given above, and explains his strange and criminal conduct in endeavoring to brand as incendiaries and conspirators the Representative Irish National Body of this city, we are satisfied that the public will view any further accusations from such a source as they now do that of the burning of the Society's books.

Under these circumstances we must take our leave of Mr. McGee. We have not the time, nor have we the desire to enter into any further discussion with him. We regard him as a public slanderer, and it is with the public he must now settle the question of his conduct. The St. Patrick's Society justly considering such an individual beneath even a passing notice will treat any further statements from him with contempt.

At this meeting, which was one of the largest and most influential since the annual meeting in April last, Mr. McGee was expelled from the Society.

Only one member dissented, who explained that while in favor of the expulsion of Mr. McGee, he merely thought it should be deferred to a future meeting.

J. E. MULLIN,
1st Vice-President, acting President St. Patrick's Society.
WM. B. LINEHAN,
Corresponding Secretary.

[The following is the article referred to in yesterday's editorial, but was crowded out by pressure of original matter.]

MILITARY DRILL AS A PART OF COMMON SCHOOL EDUCATION.

[From the Montreal Gazette.]

In our recent remarks on the desirability of making military drill a portion of the Common School education of the youth of this country we alluded to the beneficial effects of discipline on the habits and morals of the scholars, and will now proceed to show that wherever introduced it does not affect the more serious studies of the scholars, but on the contrary promotes them. This was fully established, we think, by the evidence adduced before the Education Commission of the House of Lords in 1861, and particularly by the writings of Mr Edwin Chadwick. One of the first witnesses brought forward by this gentleman on that occasion was the Chaplain and headmaster of the Liverpool Industrial Schools at Kirkdale, who stated that he had an experience of about twenty-four years, and that he would certainly recommend either naval or military drill "for the whole management of the children whilst in school and for its general bearing upon them in after life." He found that discipline tended to sharpen the intellect—a phenomenon observable in the transformation of Hodge, the ploughman and yokel, into Spruce the natty light infantry man,—to promote "habits of attention and obedience, as well as to improve their physical condition." It was clear, said this reverend gentleman, in conclusion, that drill and discipline had a beneficial effect upon the boys in civil life, "as well as being, of course, a good preparation for the service of the country." Mr. Aubin, the Superintendent of a London school, which generally comprises 880 scholars, gave equally valuable evidence. He had an experience of upwards of thirty years, and during that period had about 15,000 children under his charge. He found that drill produced a great effect on the discipline of the school, and that without it it would be impossible to keep large numbers in the orderly action he now kept them. As to the increased value of the labor produced by the manual and military drill, he thought there could not be a second opinion, "that is to say, looking only to the training of the pupil for civil life, and irrespective of any military service." This witness was questioned with respect to the physical effects of drill combined with industrial training, and answered that although unprepared with statistical data, he had no doubt it had effected a considerable improvement on the health of the children. Mr. William Smith, Superintendent of the Surrey District School, gave similar testimony, and we cannot do better than transcribe it at length.

"You have had experience of the effect of "the military drill on the mental and bodily "training of young children in this establishment? Yes; but the effect of the military "drill was most shown by the effect of its discontinuance.

"In what way was it shown? In 1857 the "drill-master was dismissed by the guardians, "with a view of reducing the expenditure. "The immediate effect of the discontinuance "of the drill was to make the school quite "another place. I am sure that within six "months we lost about £200, in the "extra wear and tear of clothing, torn and "damaged in mischievous acts and wild play, "in the breakage of utensils from mischief, "and damage done to the different buildings, "the breakage of windows, the pulling up of "gratings, and the spoiling of walls. A spirit "of insubordination prevailed amongst the "boys during the whole of the time of the "cessation of the drill. In the work shop "they were insubordinate, and I was constantly called upon by the industrial teachers, "the master shoemaker, and the master tailor, to coerce boys who were quite impudent, "and who would not obey quite readily. The "moral tone of the school seemed to have "fled from the boys, and their whole behaviour was altered, as displayed in the "dormitories as well as in the yards.

"During this time were the religious "services and exercises, and the internal "discipline of the school, maintained as before? They were maintained as before; the "business of the school was kept up as before, "but the order was by no means good. I was "not only called in to correct the boys in the "workshop, but in the school, and I was under "the disagreeable necessity of reverting to "corporeal punishment, and of dismissing one "incorrigible boy entirely. The chaplain "joined with me and the schoolmasters in "urging the restoration of the drill.

"The drill having been restored, order "has been restored? Yes, excellent order."

This is conclusive, we think, as to the nature of drill in connection with school discipline, and there can be no doubt of the further fact that once learned at school drill can never be forgotten. What we therefore contend for is that military drill should form a compulsory portion of the education taught, not only in the public, but also in the private schools, and once this has been established it will remain for the Legislature to provide the instructors, the staff and the necessary material; supplementing the whole system, to make it thoroughly efficient, by the establishment of a semi-military university, where arts and arms may be conjoined and taught to those more advanced pupils who desire to become acquainted with the higher branches of military science and classic lore. The basis of this system is already in force in Switzerland, where military drill is an important feature of the training of the common schools. We all know the result. The Swiss army is comparatively speaking, the smallest in Europe, and yet the most useful because the least costly, and most reliable. No contiguous power, unaided, would for a moment dare to attack it in its strongholds and attempt to subverse the political institutions of the country. And all this strength, this security amid the most powerful, populous and warlike nations on the continent, is derived, be it remembered, from the preliminary military drill which the children receive in the schools. With that preparatory training the further military service which the State exacts from its citizens in later and more mature years becomes trifling, and to it is principally due the astonishing fact that with a population of only 2,534,242 souls Switzerland, in a recent time of need, was able to put 138,441 grown men—trained soldiers—and 246 guns into the field. No moral or material objection could be urged against the introduction of the Swiss system as a portion of the education of the future men of this country. The evidence on that ground which we have adduced in the above is decisive so far as that point may be said to be in question, and there can also be no divergence as to the view the boys themselves would take of the matter if fixed days were set aside and devoted to drill and discipline.

New York Money Market.

NEW YORK, Jan. 31.—Sterling Exchange 109¼.
Gold 140¼.
LATER.—3 p.m.—Gold closed at 40¼.

—The Nova Scotian journals do cool things. the Halifax *Citizen* after a vigorous denunciation of Confederation, and a triumphant exultation over the universal feeling in favor of cutting adrift from perfidious bankrupt Canada, implores the Dominion Government to adopt Major Robinson's line for the Intercolonial Railway, and says it is strong enough to do this to please Nova Scotia, even if half of New Brunswick is offended.

—Girls, the following ancient Saxon law has been in force for centuries. It has never been repealed, and is now in full operation: "Albeit, as often as leape yeare dothe occure, the woman holdethe prerogative over the menne in matter of courtshipe, love and matrimonee; so that when the ladie proposeth it shall not be lawful for menne to say her nae, but shall receive her proposall in all good courtisie."

—In the *Sunday Magazine*, a German pastor talks sensibly about the training of children. "Nothing," he said, "trains so well as practice. Tell a child that he must become a Christian, and you will in many cases provoke contradiction and opposition. Show a child that you are a Christian yourself, and you unconsciously touch its conscience and lead it to follow your example."

—The oldest house in Boston was built in 1636, and is consequently 206 years old, the timber for which was cut near the spot, and is still sound and in a good state of preservation; the most reliable medicine ever offered to the public for the cure of summer complaints, sudden colds, rheumatism, pleurisy, &c., is the "Canadian Pain Destroyer." Sold by all Dealers in Patent Medicine at 25cts. per bottle.

CABLE NEWS.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

LONDON, Jan. 30.—The weekly returns of the Bank of England show the amount of bullion has increased £119,000 sterling since January 23rd.

LONDON, Jan. 31.—Despatches were received several days ago giving an account of the caving in of the earth on the side of Mount Vesuvius, whereby lives were lost and houses swallowed up. No such disaster has occurred.

PARIS, Jan. 31.—The bullion in the Bank of France has increased 12,600,000 francs.

THIS MORNING'S DESPATCHES.

LONDON, Jan. 31.—Dr. Arminius Vamberg, the well known traveller in Central Asia, has written a letter to the London *Times*, in which he proves the absurdity of the reports that the Chinese Government is preparing a hostile movement on the borders of the Empire.

BERLIN, Jan. 31.—Gen. Car Schurz, to-day, dined with Count Von Bismarck and the members of the Federal Council of the North German States.

LONDON, Jan. 31.—Despatches received from Florence last night alleged that the Italian Government is about to send out a naval expedition to Rio de la Plata, South America. Nothing is known as to the causes or the object of this movement. Prime Minister Menabrea, when interrogated on the subject, declined to give any explanation.

NAPLES, Jan. 31.—Eve.—The Italian fleet now in this harbor, which has been getting ready for sea, has received orders to sail forthwith for the Rio Parana, Paraguay. All information in regard to the expedition is rigorously withheld by the Government, and to the naval officials its destination only is known.

VIENNA, Jan. 31.—The Reichsrath will reassemble in this city on the 17th of February.

AMERICAN NEWS.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

NEW YORK, Jan. 31.—The steamship *Columbia*, from Glasgow, has arrived.

The *World's* special says the English Minister, Mr. Edward Thornton, will be presented to the President to-morrow.

THIS MORNING'S DESPATCHES.

Railroad Arrangements Concluded.

CINCINNATI, Jan. 31.—The *Gazette* says that the negotiations, for some time pending, have been concluded between the Baltimore and Ohio, the Marietta and Cincinnati, and the Indianapolis, Cincinnati, and Lafayette Railroad Companies, by which the lines, so far as working arrangements are concerned, are to be one.

Railroad Accident.

HARRISBURG, PA., Jan. 31.—An accident occurred to-day near Mill Creek, on the Pennsylvania Railroad, to the fast passenger train, bound east. Four rear cars were thrown off the track, and three went down the embankment, when they took fire and burned. One lady killed, and several wounded.

Fire.

LEAVENWORTH, Jan. 31.—Four buildings on Delaware-st. were burned to-day. The Mercantile Library, containing 3,000 volumes, was totally destroyed. Loss, $100,000.

Saw Mill Explosion.

DETROIT, Jan. 31.—A boiler in a saw mill near Dexter, Michigan, exploded to-day, killing two brothers, named Arnold.

DOMESTIC MANUFACTURES—1867.

[From the Montreal Herald Trade Review.]

WOOLLENS.—This branch of native industry has not, during the past year, had that degree of prosperity which in our annual review it has hitherto been our pleasure to report. Not that the demand for our domestic woollen fabrics has fallen off; on the contrary, it has largely increased during the past year, and so completely have our Blankets, Flannels, Tweeds, Friezes, Knitted Shirts and Drawers taken possession of the market, that the imported article has become almost unsaleable. To what, then, it may be asked, do we attribute the diminished prosperity to which we have referred? We answer, *over-production*—a supply much in excess of the present legitimate requirements of the trade. In our last annual review of the trade, we pointed to the possibility of danger arising when the product of the many new and large mills then in course of construction began to come into market. Most of these new concerns have been in operation since July last, and the result has justified our misgivings. Heavy desirable Tweeds, which the manufacturer held firmly at 85c. during September and October, were sold late in November, in quantity, on unusually long credit, at 20 per cent. less, leaving the manufacturer a heavy loser, and injuring the merchant by causing a "shrinkage" in the value of his stock on hand, which he had perhaps only just laid in, not thinking it possible that goods would be sold at a price much lower than they could be made for. The present position of the trade demands the serious attention of all engaged in it. Relief is not, in our opinion, to be found in a clamour for high protective duties on foreign imports. What we require is, either a larger market or a reduced production. Our market will gradually extend as population increases; but unless some of our mills can be turned on some other kind of goods than have yet been attempted in Canada, it will be years to come before the amount of machinery at present in the country can all be profitably employed. A Reciprocity Treaty with the United States, which would include the manufactures of both countries, would, without doubt, find us, with all our unemployed machinery, quite unequal to the task of supplying the demand which would immediately set in upon us; but the prospect of such arrangement is so remote, if not utopian, that it need not be considered.

With the many advantages which we have in this country for the manufacture of woollen goods, it is difficult to believe that the trade can be permanently unprofitable, having the raw material at our door, and perhaps the best and cheapest water power in the world, with a market, which, although comparatively small, takes a larger quantity in proportion to its population, of heavy warm woollen clothing than that of any other country. Nothing beyond a judicious limitation by each manufacturer of his production to the quantity of goods he can profitably dispose of without regard to the quantity he can produce, is required to restore the trade to its wonted health and prosperity.

COTTON MANUFACTURES.—We are not aware that there has been any increase in the number of cotton mills during the past year. The extension of the Thorold mill to which we alluded in our report of last year, has, we believe, been completed, and the mill is now in full operation. Our cotton manufacturers have not been exempt from the evils attendant on a falling market; they too having suffered to some extent from the "shrinkage of values." The demand during the year has kept pace with the supply, and the year closes with no stock on hand and rather an active market. It is gratifying to find our home-made grey cottons successfully competing with the English made goods, although it is rather curious to find, as was the case during all last fall, American manufacturers and merchants sending large quantities of cotton warp into this market, and even underselling the Canadian manufacturer in his own market. How this was managed we cannot tell, but the fact remains, that by some arrangement for drawback in exportations of manufactured goods to this country, the American manufacturer, notwithstanding the many disadvantages which the civil war is supposed to have entailed upon him, manages to send many kinds of goods into this market at as low, if not lower, prices than before the war.

LINENS.—There is not much to be said on this branch of the trade, which is only in its infancy, and the whole production inconsiderable, and being mostly confined to huckabacks, crashes, and seamless bags. The bulk of the finer flax grown in the country is exported to the United States and to Ireland. The various kinds of goods made are gradually increasing in favor, and the demand will no doubt increase and soon necessitate an extension of the present limited production.

—Several cotton and woollen corporations in New England are said to meditate moving their factories to Texas and Alabama, where labor is cheap and the material close at hand.

MAXIMILIAN'S FUNERAL.

The Novara at Trieste—The Body Brought on Shore—The Ceremonies.

[Trieste (January 16) Telegram London Times.]

The body of the Emperor Maximilian was brought on shore from Novara this morning. The weather was very fine. The line of route along which the procession was to pass began to be decorated with mourning banners as early as 7:30. The ships in the harbor had hoisted their colors at half-mast high. Dense crowds filled the streets. The ceremonies began at 10 o'clock, with the performance of a funeral service, after which the procession started from the Molo San Carlo for the railway station. Major-General, the Duke of Wurtemburg, headed the escort of troops, followed by the municipal authorities, the clergy, the funeral car, decorated with wreaths and flowers, the archdukes, Admiral Tegethoff, the representatives of foreign powers, the generals and other military officers and the consuls. The members of the civic guilds, sailors, and troops closed the procession.

All the shops in the city were shut, and extreme sympathy was displayed by the inhabitants.

Destitution in Paris.

[Paris Correspondence (Jan. 24) London Times.]

Public beneficence in Paris keeps pace with the wants of the destitute. The 20 soup kitchens of the Prince Imperial distribute daily from 40,000 to 50,000 portions. Thanks to the aid given by the Civil List, each portion, consisting of bread, meat, soup, and vegetables, costs only five centimes. The kitchen of St. Ouen, where the greatest wretchedness prevails, distributes gratis daily, in the Emperor's name, upwards of 2,000 rations. His Majesty has invited the co-operation of the city of Paris, which has ordered the establishment of additional kitchens in the 5th, 11th, 12th, 13th, 19th, and 20th arrondissements. The city besides distributes fuel in large quantities at the various offices of public charity, and the quantity of bread supplied to families who are assisted has been increased.

The Emperor, learning that the warehouses of the Mont de Piete of Paris are crowded with articles, generally of first necessity, particularly bedding, pawned by working people and small tradesmen since the beginning of winter to supply their pressing wants, lately caused inquiries to be made on the subject. The result is that His Majesty has issued orders to the effect that these poor people can receive their property back without payment, and the police have given them notice to that effect.

DIVINE SERVICES IN THE CITY CHURCHES ON SUNDAY.

Christ Church (Church of England)—Sparks Street.
Rev J S LAUDER, M A, Rev C P STREET, M A, Curate.
Morning Service at 11 o'clock; Evening at 7. Free Seats.

Chapel of Ease—Sussex Street.
Rev J S LAUDER, M A, Rev C P STREET, M A, Curates
Morning Service at 11; Evening at 7. Free Seats.

St. Alban's Church, Daly Street.
(All seats free.)
REV. T. BEDFORD JONES, LL. D., Rector.
Sunday services 11 a m and 5 p m. Week day services daily (except Monday) 9 a m and 5 p m. Holy Communion every Sunday, alternately at 8 a m and 11 a m. Sunday School, 9:30 a m. Saturday Catechetical classes 10 a m. Teachers' class, (open to all adult members of congregation) Thursday, 4 p m. Litany and choral practice, do. Friday, 7 p m.

New Edinburgh Parish—Church of England.
REV. GEORGE NOEL HIGGINSON, M.A., Clerk in charge.
Service in the New School House. Morning Service at 11 a.m. Evening Service at 4 p.m. Holy Communion on the 1st Sunday in the month at 11 a.m., and on the 3rd Sunday in the month at 8 a.m. The services are maintained by the offertory.

St. James' Episcopal Church—Hull.
REV JOHN JOHNSTON.
Divine Service at 11 a m and 7 p m.

Methodist Episcopal Church—Le Breton's Flats.
Rev T W PICKETT.
Services commence at 10½ a m; and 6½ p m. Sabbath School at 2 p m.

Congregational Church—Albert Street.
Rev JOSEPH ELLIOT.
Morning service commences at 11 o'clock, and evening services at 6½ o'clock. Sabbath School at 3 o'clock p m.

Baptist Church—Queen Street.
Rev D McPHAIL, Pastor.
Services at 11 o'clock, am, and 6½ p.m. Sabbath School at 9½ in the morning.

Free Church (Presbyterian)—Daly Street.
Rev. T. WARDROPE.
Morning Service at 11 o'clock; Evening 6½ p.m.
Rev. Mr. MOORE.
Services will be held in the Church, Bank Street, at 11 a.m., and 6½ p.m.

Kirk of Scotland—Wellington Street.
Rev. DANIEL M. GORDON.
Morning Service at 11 o'clock; Evening at 6½.

Wesleyan Methodist Church—Metcalfe Street.
Rev. E. B. HARPER, M. A., Minister.
Morning Service at 10½ o'clock; Evening at 6½. Sabbath School at 2 p.m.

Meth. Epis. Church—Cor. York and Dalhousie Sts.
Rev. S. G. STONE.
Morning Service at 10½ o'clock; Evening at 6½. Sabbath School at 2 p.m.

St. Andrew's Church, (Roman Catholic.)
Hours of service—Sundays and Holidays:—Morning, at 8 and 10 a.m. Evening, at 7 p.m.

Cathedral Notre Dame.
Rev. D. DANDURAND, Vicar-General.
Hours of Service, 5, 8 and 10 a m, and 7 p.m. from Easter until St. Michael's Day; 6, 8 and 10 a.m., and 6 p.m. from St. Michael's until Easter.

St. Joseph's Church.
Rev. J. F. JULLIARD, P. P.
Hours of Service, Sundays and Holidays, Mass—8 and 10 a.m., from Easter until the Feast of St. Michael; Vespers at 7 p.m.; from St. Michael to Easter, 6p.m. week days, 7½ p.m.

Catholic Apostolic Church—Hull.
REV E J W ROBERTS.
Services, Sundays, at 10 a m, and 5 p m. On week days at 5 p m; and on Wednesdays and Fridays at 10 a m.

OTTAWA MARKETS.

(*Compiled expressly for the* TIMES.)

TIMES OFFICE, OTTAWA, Jan. 31.

FLOUR—Extra	8 25	@	8 50
No. 1	7 75	@	8 00
No. 2	6 50	@	0 00
Bags—Fall per 100 lbs.	4 12½	@	4 25
" Spring "	3 87½	@	4 00
Oatmeal—per 200 lbs.	6 50	@	0 00
Indian Meal "	5 25	@	5 50
Rye—per bushel 56 lbs.	0 70	@	0 80
Barley " 48 lbs.	0 90	@	0 80
Buckwheat Flour—bbl.	5 50	@	0 00
WHEAT—Fall—per bushel, 60 lbs.	1 70	@	1 80
Spring " "	1 60	@	1 65
CORN—Per bushel, 56 lbs	0 90	@	1 00
Peas " 60 lbs.	0 80	@	0 85
Oats " 34 lbs.	0 55	@	0 57
Beans " 60 lbs.	1 50	@	1 75
PORK—Mess—per barrel	20 00	@	20 50
Prime Mess per do	14 00	@	14 50
Hog per 100 lbs.	6 50	@	6 75
Hams	0 12	@	0 13
Beef	6 00	@	6 50
Mutton—per lb by the qr.	0 6½	@	0 7
Lamb—per qr	0 6½	@	0 7
Geese—Each	0 30	@	0 50
Spring Chicken	0 40	@	0 50
Turkeys—Each	0 75	@	1 25
Ducks	0 70	@	0 00
Fowl—Per pair	0 40	@	0 00
BUTTER—Choice Table	0 20	@	0 22
No. 1 Firkin	0 18	@	0 20
No. 2	0 17	@	0 18
Eggs	0 20	@	0 25
Apples—per brl	3 50	@	4 00
VEGETABLES, &c.—Potatoes	0 40	@	0 00
Onions—per bbl	4 50	@	0 00
HAY—Per ton, new	11 00	@	12 00
WOOD—Per cord	3 00	@	3 50
Tamarac	0 00	@	2 00
Hemlock	0 00	@	2 00

New York Markets.

NEW YORK, Jan. 31.—Cotton firmer at 19½c. Flour quiet; receipts 4,600 bbls.; sales 5,700 bbls. at $8.60 @ 9.10 for Superfine State and Western; $9 90 @ 10.80 for Common to Choice Extra State; $9.60 @ 12 for Common to Choice Extra Western. Rye flour quiet at $7.50 @ 9 25. Wheat firm; receipts 4,400 bushs.; sales 15,000 bushs. at $3.05 for White Canada; $3.10 for White Gennesee. Rye quiet. Corn unchanged; receipts 45,500 bushs.; sales 36,000 bushs. at $1.25 @ 1.27 for New Mixed Western afloat; $1.32 @ 1.35 for Old in store. Barley firm; sales 6,400 bushs. Western at $1.97; 3,000 bushs. State at $1.31½. Oats 1c. lower; receipts 290 bushs.; sales 12,000 bushs. at 83½c. for Western in store. Pork firmer at $21.15 @ 21.25 for Old Mess; $22.37 @ 22.50 for New do. Lard firm at 13½c. @ 14½c.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

THE PRESS

A THOROUGHLY Experienced Verbatim SHORT-HAND REPORTER disengaged. Advertiser has had several years' experience on first-class English journals, as sub-editor, &c. Address "JOURNALIST," Post Office, Quebec.
February 1, 1868. 655a

LOST.

A DARK MEMORANDUM BOOK, with an elastic fastening, containing some papers, amongst which is a note, due on the 9th December last, for the sum of $80 with interest, payable to John Hoskins, and endorsed over to Thomas and William Graham. All persons are forbid from negotiating said note, as payment of it has been stopped. Any person finding the same will please leave it at this office, or with John Graham, Albion Hotel, and they will be rewarded for their trouble.
Ottawa, Feb. 1, 1868. 655-1

PRIVATE BILLS.

ON the reassembling of the Parliament of Canada, in March, PETITIONS FOR PRIVATE BILLS will be received, in the House of Commons, until Thursday the 2nd of April following.

W. B. LINDSAY,
Clerk, House of Commons.
Ottawa, Feb. 1, 1868. 655tMh12

DEPARTMENT OF INLAND REVENUE,
Ottawa, January 31, 1868.

Notice.

ON AND FROM THE
First day of February 1868,
ALL REQUISITIONS FOR
STAMPS!
FOR
Bills and Promissory Notes,
To be used in the Dominion of Canada by the various persons entrusted with the distribution thereof, will have to be addressed to this Department.
THOS. WORTHINGTON,
655tf For the Minister of Inland Revenue.

REMOVAL
OF THE
London Music Store!
E. MILES

DESIRES to inform the public that he has removed to the FRONT PART of
HER MAJESTY'S THEATRE,
WELLINGTON-STREET,
Where he has a larger premises, and a better means of displaying his new and fine stock of
PIANOS,
VICTORIA ORGANS AND MELODEONS.
His Show Room, up-stairs, is large and beautifully lit up, having an area of 60 feet long by 25 feet wide. The Sample Room is on the first flat, where some of each kind of Musical Instruments will be kept. Two cases of choice
VIOLINS
Have just been received, and will be offered for sale, besides a large assortment of
CONCERTINAS,
ACCORDEONS,
TAMBOURINES,
GUITARS,
FLUTES,
DRUMS,
&c., &c.
Direct from Germany.
Second hand Pianos taken in part payment for new ones.
Connected with this establishment is a Piano Manufacturer, who will attend punctually to all orders for TUNING left at the London Music Store.
E. MILES,
Lessee of Her Majesty's Theatre.
Ottawa, Feb. 1, 1868. 551-39y

GRAND
ANNUAL FESTIVAL
Mechanics' Institute & Athenæum.
UNDER THE PATRONAGE OF
Sir John A. Macdonald, K. C. B., and Lady Macdonald,
IN
HER MAJESTY'S THEATRE,
On Tuesday, 4th February.
ADDRESSES
Will be delivered by
Hon. A. ARCHIBALD, Secretary of State for the Provinces.
Hon. P. MITCHELL, Minister of Marine,
Hon. Mr. TILLEY, Minister of Customs,
Mr. Justice ARMSTRONG.
THE MUSICAL SELECTIONS will be given by Mons. and Madame Blain de St. Aubin, Mrs. R. W. Scott, Mr. Higgins, Mr. Sinclair, Mr. Stechel, Mr. O'Brien and Mons. Sulte. The accompaniments will be rendered by the favorite artiste, Miss Ryan.
ORIGINAL POEM by W. P. LETT, Esq., Cor. Sec'y of the Institute.
The P. C. O. RIFLE BRIGADE BAND will be in attendance.
The heating of the building will be carefully attended to.
The Chair will be taken at 8 o'clock, by the President of the Institute.
Tickets—Dress Circle, 50 cts.; Gallery, 25 cts.
ROBERT HUNTER,
Recording Secretary.
GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.
Institute Rooms, Feb. 1, 1868. 653td

CARD OF THANKS.

PROMPT PAYMENT--ETNA INSURANCE COMPANY OF DUBLIN.
Toronto, January 21, 1868.
To T. W. GRIFFITH, Esq.,
Manager of Etna Insur. Co. of Dublin, Montreal:
DEAR SIR,—We beg to return our sincere thanks for the prompt and liberal manner in which the Etna has paid our Claim for Four Thousand Dollars for loss by fire at our Foundry on the night of 31st December, 1867, the claim papers only being completed and placed in your hands on the 20th inst. Such promptness, we think, should entitle the Company to the support of the public.
Yours respectfully, J. G. BEARD & SON.

BONUSES! BONUSES!

Etna Fire Insurance Co. of Dublin, Ireland.

THE ETNA is the only Fire Company doing business in Canada that gives a BONUS to Policy Holders.
NEIL McKINNON, Agent.
41½ Sparks-st., Ottawa.

BONUSES! BONUSES!

POLICY HOLDERS no longer required to pay away their MONEY WITHOUT ANY RETURN. The ETNA of DUBLIN pays Bonuses every three years to Policy Holders having no losses.
NEIL McKINNON, Agent.
41½ Sparks-st., Ottawa.
February 1, 1868. 652-3

DRY GOODS AT DISCOUNT!
$30,000
Worth of Seasonable Dry Goods
OFFERED AT
10 Cents Discount on all Cash Purchases of $1
AND UPWARDS AT
J. A. PINARD'S.
Most of the COTTON GOODS in Stock
Have been bought within the last two months, and will offered a
REDUCTION OF 40 PER CENT.
Compared with any Cotton Goods of Fall Importation in this city.
Dress Goods, Woollen Goods, &c.
HAVE BEEN REDUCED IN PRICES SINCE 1st JANUARY.
This further inducement of Discount is offered in order to reduce Stock to the lowest point before *Stock-Taking.*
N. B.—Sale to Commence on MONDAY, THIRD of FEBRUARY, for a short time only. Goods marked in plain figures. Only One Price.
No. 17, SUSSEX-ST., CORNER of GEORGE-ST.,
SIGN OF THE GOLDEN BALL.
Ottawa, Feb. 1, 1868. 655b6w1

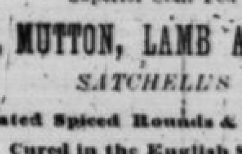
IMPORTANT ANNOUNCEMENT
GREAT AUCTION SALE
Bankrupt Stock of Dry Goods,
FROM MONTREAL.

THE Subscriber has been instructed by the Assignees in Montreal to sell by Auction
AT HIS AUCTION ROOMS,
No. 18 Sparks-street, on
Wednesday, 29th Instant, and following Days and Evenings,
Until the whole is sold, a large and valuable stock of DRY GOODS, FANCY GOODS, SMALL WARES, &c., for and on account of whom it may concern, the whole of which will be sold without reserve, and in lots to suit purchasers.
Sale to commence in the morning at TEN o'clock, and in the evening at SEVEN.
R. McLEAN,
Auctioneer.
Ottawa, Jan. 27, 1868. 650td

Confederation Billiard Rooms,
METCALFE-STREET.

THESE ROOMS are fitted up with three of Phelan's Standard Four Pocket Tables. The Cushions are new, and cannot be excelled for elasticity. The rooms are in charge of a competent billiard marker. Cues, balls, &c., in excellent order.
N. B.—The business is for sale, together with four years' unexpired lease of the house. Enquire on the premises.
A. MURRAY.
Ottawa, January 27, 1868. 650a

Satchell Brothers,

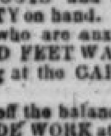


Butchers to His Excellency Lord Monck.
No. 7, LOWER TOWN MARKET.
Superior Stall Fed
BEEF, MUTTON, LAMB AND VEAL,
SATCHELL'S
Celebrated Spiced Rounds & Rolled Beef,
Cured in the English Style.
Also, Sugar Cured Hams and Bacon of their own curing, constantly on hand.
Ottawa, December 21. 621-3m

OTTAWA
Skating & Curling
CLUB.
ON AND AFTER THE 1st FEB'Y,
Tickets of Admission to Skate
FOR THE
REMAINDER OF THE SEASON!
WILL BE ISSUED AT
HALF PRICE.
Ottawa, Jan. 31, 1868. 654a

W. NOTMAN,
Photographer to the Queen,
CORNER OF
WELLINGTON AND METCALFE STREETS.

WOULD intimate that having all his arrangements completed, his
Establishment will be Opened
—ON—
Monday Next, 3rd February
When he will be prepared to fulfil orders for all the different branches of Photography.
Ottawa, Jan. 31, 1868. 582y

THE CAPITAL
Boot and  Shoe Store!
South Side of York-street, Lower Ottawa.

A LARGE SUPPLY of HAND-MADE KIPP BOOTS and SHOES of the VERY BEST QUALITY on hand.
Lumbermen who are anxious to furnish workmen with GOOD FEET WARE, will be enabled to do so by calling at the CAPITAL for their supplies.
I am selling off the balance of the Winter Stock of READYMADE WORK at REDUCED PRICES, which consists of Ladies' Misses' and Children's BALMORALS, CONGRESS GAITERS, RUBBERS and OVERSHOES, and Men's and Boys' Boots in CALF SKIN, KIPP and COW HIDE.
Orders and Measures taken for all sorts of Work.
GEORGE MURPHY.
Ottawa, Jan. 31, 1868. 420-y

Good Cook
WANTED.
APPLY TO
MRS. PRODERICK,
Sussex-street.
Ottawa, Jan. 31, 1868. 654-1

BAZAAR.

IT is intended to hold a Bazaar on the *SEVENTEENTH of MARCH NEXT,* 1868, and following days, in aid of the DEBT on
The Parsonage of Christ Church.
Contributions will be most thankfully received from the members of the Church, and other friends in Ottawa, by the following Ladies, who have kindly consented to act as a Committee of Management
MRS. CLEMOW,
" W. F. POWELL,
" COFFIN,
" ADAMSON,
" T. M. BLASDELL,
" LAUDER,
" DONALDSON,
" JOHN THOMPSON,
" N. SPARKS,
" MAGEE,
" STREET.
ANNIE POWELL,
Secretary.
Ottawa, Dec. 23, 1867. 612td

Coal Oil! Coal Oil! Coal Oil!
RIGHT FROM THE WELLS!

JUST ARRIVED, 30 bbls. of the best No. 1 NON-EXPLOSIVE COAL OIL, such as cannot be surpassed in Canada, with neither smoke nor smell, and as clear as the water you drink, is now to be had at A. LUCKWAY'S, between the market and the creek, William-street, Ottawa, at 25 cents per gallon.
Ottawa, Jan. 21, 1868. 645a

SUN BURNER.

NO MORE Breaking of Chimneys; no More Burning of Fingers; No More Waste of Oil; No Trouble to Clean; No Trouble to Light No Anxiety About Explosions. It is a Cheap Labor Saving and Durable Article. Buy one and you will never repent doing so. Anyone dissatisfied can have their money returned.
LAMPS AND FITTINGS
ALWAYS ON HAND.
STOVES, TINWARE, &c.
Competent workmen for jobbing on the premises.
ESMONDE BROS.,
43 SPARKS-ST.,
Next Hoop Skirt Factory.
Ottawa, January 21. 311y

Scale Manufacturer.

E. DORION begs to inform the public that he has opened a SCALE MANUFACTORY in Clarence-street, second door from Sussex-street, in E. D'Amour's Blacksmith Shop, and where he is now prepared to repair all sorts of Scales in use.
Ottawa, Jany. 11. 637y

THE UNION FORWARDING
AND
RAILWAY COMPANY.
THE ANNUAL MEETING
OF THE
Subscribers of Stock
OF THE
Union Forwarding and Railway Company,
WILL BE HELD AT
THEIR OFFICE,
IN THE CITY OF OTTAWA, ON
Wednesday, 12th day of Feby. next,
TWELVE o'clock, noon, for the
ELECTION OF DIRECTORS,
And the transaction of general business.
By order.
R. S. CASSELS,
President.
Ottawa, Jan. 22, 1868. 646a

WARNING.

WE HEREBY forbid any person or persons hiring or harboring
SAMUEL GRAHAM,
ALEXANDER McMILLAN,
NEIL ROBERTSON,
E. G. BISSETT,
JOHN GRAHAM,
MICHAEL BERRIGAN,
CHARLES CUNNINGHAM,
TIMOTHY LANDERS,
Or any of them, they having deserted our employment at different times, and broken their contract of hiring and service entered into with us.
And we hereby give notice that we will prosecute any and every person hiring or harboring any of the above named.
PERLEY & PATTEE.
Ottawa, Jan. 25, 1868. 651a

PIANOFORTES!
Messrs. Orme & Son

BEG to intimate that they have on hand one of the FINEST COLLECTIONS of
Steinway, Chickering and Dunham
PIANOFORTES
That have ever been offered for sale in Ottawa. These instruments were carefully selected by Mr. Nordheimer from the factories.
INSPECTION INVITED.
A splendid CHICKERING, only a few months in use, FOR SALE CHEAP, the proprietor having gone to England.
Old Pianofortes taken in exchange.
25, Sparks-street,
Sign of the Golden Lyre.
January 27. 448y

MRS. SMITH,
MILLINER,

HAS removed to Bank-street, nearly opposite the Free Church, where she will be happy to receive her customers. Strict attention given to all work. 620d

YOUNG & RADFORD'S
COLUMN.

Watches,
Watches,
Watches
AT
YOUNG
AND
RADFORD'S
30 Sparks-street.

Clocks,
Clocks,
Clocks,
AT
YOUNG AND RADFORD'S

Jewellery,
Jewellery,
Jewellery,
AT
YOUNG AND RADFORD'S.

Electro-Plated Ware,
Electro-Plated Ware,
Electro-Plated Ware,
AT
YOUNG AND RADFORD'S.

Fancy Goods,
Fancy Goods,
Fancy Goods,
AT
YOUNG AND RADFORD'S,
Manufacturing Jewellers,
30 SPARKS-STREET.

Old Gold and Silver
Bought, and highest cash price paid,
AT
YOUNG
AND
RADFORD'S

BROWNE & HARDY'S
COLUMN.

1867 AND 1868.
INDIA WAREHOUSE!
16 Rideau Street, Ottawa.

THE SUBSCRIBERS beg to inform their Customers that their Stock is now complete, and embraces every delicacy of the Season, among which will be found a choice assortment of
TEAS,
Breakfast SOUCHONG, } Black Extra Fine.
do CONGOU, }
Superior HYSON,
GUNPOWDER,
IMPERIAL,
TWANKAY,
Orange PEKOE, } These Teas have been carefully selected for family trade by
Flowery " }
Japan " }
BROWNE & HARDY.

SUGARS,
LOAF,
BROKEN LOAF,
CRUSHED,
GROUND,
YELLOW,
and MUSCOVADO.

COFFEE,
MOCHA,
JAVA,
JAMAICA, and
CEYLON,
Roasted and Ground daily on the premises.

CHOCOLATE and COCOA,
FRENCH, flavored with Vanilla;
TAYLOR'S,
FRYE'S,
MOTT'S

FRUITS, &c.
LAYER RAISINS,
in Whole, Half and Quarter Boxes
MUSCATEL, do do
SULTANA,
VALENTIA,
CURRANTS,
GRAPES,
ORANGES
LEMONS,
PRUNES,
ALMONDS,
WALNUTS,
FILBERTS, and
BRAZIL NUTS.

BUTTER,
CHOICE DAIRY, in Tubs and Crocks, received Weekly.

CHEESE,
English, American and Canadian.

SPICES,
NUTMEGS,
MACE,
CINNAMON,
CLOVES,
GINGER,
MIXED SPICES,
All Ground on the Premises
Also a Great Variety of
MUSTARD,
PEPPER,
PICKLES,
SAUCES,
POTTED MEATS,
PRESERVES,
In Jars and Bottles;
BOTTLED FRUITS
In Syrup.

SYRUPS,
LEMON,
GINGER,
ORANGE,
BAVARIA,
PEACH,
RASPBERRY, and
STRAWBERRY

BREAKFAST RELISHES,
Morrison, Taylor & Co.'s
HAMS and ROLL BACON,
OX TONGUES,
BLOATERS,
LOCHFINE HERRINGS,
DIGBY do
TABLE COD FISH,
SALMON,
TROUT, and
WHITE FISH

PROVISIONS,
Extra Wheat Flour,
Buckwheat do
Indian Meal do
Oatmeal,
Cracked Wheat,
Graham Flour,
Rice and
Barley
Maccaroni,
Vermicelli,
Gelatine,
Patent Groats
Sago,
Tapioca,
Ground Rice, and
Olives and Truffles.

WINES,
SANDEMAN'S,
GRAHAM'S,
HUNT'S,
PEMARTIN & Co.,
DUFFGORDON & Co.,
BURGUNDY, and
CLARET, in Wood and Bottle.
We have an excellent Dinner SHERRY, which we will sell until after the Holidays, at 7s. 6d. per gallon.

CHAMPAGNE,
GREEN SEAL, and other brands, in Pints and Quarts, from $12 to $24 per dozen.

BRANDY,
MARTELL'S,
HENESSEY'S vintage of 1855, at $5 per gallon;
OTARD, DUPUY & Co.,
and other brands, at $2 50 per gallon, or $6 50 per dozen.

WHISKEY, Scotch, Irish and Canadian;
GIN, RUM,
ALE, Scotch, English and Canadian
PORTER, do do do

BALTIMORE OYSTERS, in Tins;
BEDEQUE OYSTERS, in Shell at $2 50 per barrel.
LOBSTERS, in Tins,
FRESH MACKEREL in do,
do SALMON in do.
And a great variety of Goods too numerous to mention, which we offer at prices that must please our customers.
BROWNE & HARDY.
Ottawa, November 19 405t

Great Discount Sale of Dry Goods.
Ten Cents off every Dollar,
Sixpence off every Five Shillings,
Two Shillings off every Pound

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY,
NO. 14, RIDEAU-STREET.
Respectfully announce that in order to clear out the balance of their
Fall and Winter Stock
They will for one month from this date
Give a Discount of Ten Per Cent.
On all Cash purchases of Two Dollars and Over.
Ottawa, January 14, 1868. 639-1m

Furniture! Furniture! Furniture!
AT THE
VARIETY HALL,
34, Sussex-st.

A MOST Complete Stock of Black Walnut and other Furniture, in Cane and Hair Seated Chairs, Tete-a-Tetes, Sofas, Extension Dining Tables, Centre Tables, Sideboards, Chiffonniers, Wardrobes, Bureaus, Bedsteads, Washstands and Toilet Tables. Also, Hair, Excelsior and Sea Grass Mattrasses, of all sizes, Gilt Mirrors, Toilet and other Looking Glasses, Table Cutlery of all kinds, Brushes, Brooms, and Wooden Ware of various descriptions, Table and Floor Mats, Soiled Linen Baskets, a beautiful article, Rocking Horses, Children's Sleighs, and the best assorted stock of Crockery, China and Glassware in the Dominion. This stock being all purchased to the best advantage will consequently be sold cheap.
Crockery, China, Glassware, Stoves and Furniture rented to private or public parties at a reasonable rate.
JOSEPH BOYDEN,
429y General Agent.

Skates! Skates!
AT ISAAC'S.
ALSO,
SLEIGHS, SLEIGHS
ALL PRESENTS BY SANTA CLAUS,
At ISAAC'S.
Skates from 20 Cents to $6.00
At ISAAC'S,
Sparks-street,
ALSO,
Hardware of all Description
At Lowest Cash Prices,
At ISAAC'S.
Remember the place,
T. ISAAC'S.
December 17, 1867. 617tf

NEW STORE!

THE Store formerly occupied by W. D. WOOD, No. 38, on RIDEAU STREET, has been refitted by the subscribers, and will be opened on MONDAY, FOURTEENTH OCTOBER, with an entire new stock of
GROCERIES,
LIQUORS AND
HARDWARE.
WOOD & ROSSITER.
Ottawa, October 12, 1867. 561-tf.

BUY YOUR TEA
DIRECT FROM
THE IMPORTERS
TEA! TEA! TEA!

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY, 6 Hospital Street, Montreal, having just imported a large quantity of Green and Black Teas, beg to call the attention of the Trade, Hotel Proprietors, and large establishments generally to their list of prices. Buyers of Chests and Boxes of Tea will save money by getting it direct through the Importers.
All orders for 25 lb. boxes and upwards, carriage free to any Railway Station in Canada. Parties wanting smaller quantities should club together, Buyers living beyond Railway Stations, will please send post office order, or enclose notes. The carriage will be paid to the nearest station, where there are express offices. Tea will be forwarded immediately on receipt of the order by mail containing money, or the money can be collected on delivery by express man. Cash collected in Montreal free of charge, and Tea forwarded for the same. Original packages Black Tea weigh, ½ chests about 50 lbs. Chests do. 90 to 100 lbs. Green Tea from 60 to 80 lbs. Teas not mentioned in advertisement can be had equally cheap. The Company are determined to take a stand in the Montreal market, every article may therefore be depended on as to quality and weight.

BLACK TEA.

Common Congou, Broken Leaf, Strong Tea	$00 45
Fine Flavoured New Season do	00 55
Excellent Full Flavoured do	00 75
Sound Oolong	00 45
Rich Flavoured do	00 60
Very Fine do	00 75
Japan	00 58
Very Fine do	00 75
An excellent mixed Tea, Black and Green	00 60

GREEN TEA.

Twankay, Common	$00 38
Fine do	00 55
Young Hyson	00 60
Fine do	00 75
Superfine and Very Choice	1 00
Fine Gunpowder	00 85
Extra Superfine do	1 00

Reductions made to buyers of Five Chests and upwards.
Address
MONTREAL TEA CO.,
6, Hospital-st, Montreal.
Agent for Ottawa and neighborhood,
MR. JOS. MOONEY.
All Boxes and Chests sent from this Establishment have the address of the *MONTREAL TEA COMPANY* printed on them.
August 27, 1867. 5223t-wy

NOTICE

IS HEREBY given that I shall not be responsible for any debts contracted in my name, unless under an order signed by me.
SOPHIA MARTINEAU.
Ottawa, Jan. 22, 1868. 646d

Piano-Forte Tuition!
W. C. CLARK,

PROFESSOR OF MUSIC and Teacher of Piano, Voice and Harmony. Also, Mrs. Clark, Teacher of Drawing and Painting. Music Rooms and Residence, 69 Sparks-street, one door east of Toronto House.
Orders may be left a residence or at Orme & Son's Music Store. 452y

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, January 24, 1868.

AUTHORIZED Discount on American Invoices until further notice, 28 per cent.
R. S M. BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner of Customs.

FIVE or six Gentlemen can be accommodated with BOARD in a Private Family, Laporte's Block, 62½ Sparks-street. For further information apply at this office.
Ottawa, Jan. 28, 1868. 651a

BARGAINS
—IN—
DRESS GOODS!

IN ORDER to make a Clearance of the remainder of our Winter Stock of COBURGS, WINCIES, MERINOS, REPPS, SERGES, FANCY POPLINETTES, &c., we have RE-MARKED the whole lot at such prices as will shew a Reduction of from 12½ to 20 per cent under former prices.
REMNANTS, REMNANTS, REMNANTS!
We have also brought forward our accumulation of Remnants of every kind, and marked them at Very Low Prices.
Magee & Russell.
Ottawa, Jan. 10, 1867. 380y

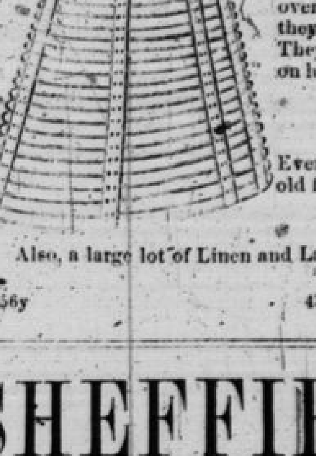
Ottawa CROCKERY Store!
PRESENTATION ORNAMENTS,
WILLIAM ALLAN

RESPECTFULLY announces the arrival of a Choice Selection of China and Bohemian Glass Flower Vases and Ornaments, suitable for Xmas and New Year's Gifts. Also, the most complete Stock of China, Glass, Earthenware and Parian Marble ever brought into Ottawa, consisting of
DINNER SETTS, DESSERT SETTS,
BREAKFAST SETTS, TOILET SETTS.
Cut and Engraved, Cut and Pressed TABLE GLASS, and an assortment of Common Ware to wholesale purchasers.
A large and most varied Stock select from.
W. ALLAN,
51 *RIDEAU STREET, (opposite Mr. D. Whalen's.)*
Ottawa, December 19, 1867. 574y

FIRST CLASS
Tailoring Establishment.

BEING desirous to dispose of the balance of my WINTER STOCK, in order to make room for
Spring Importations,
For two months I shall offer such inducements to intending purchasers as will enable me to make a ready sale, and my customers a good investment.
Please Call and Examine.
G. M. HOLBROOK,
PEG TOP DEPOT, Elgin-street,
381y Opposite the Post Office.

GREAT CLEARING SALE.
GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.
Importers, 20 Sparks Street,
With a view to clear out the stock and make room for extensive
Spring Importations!
Are offering the following goods at prices that must ensure speedy sale.
Blankets, Flannels,
Cloths, Tweeds,
Cottons, Prints,
Wincies, Dress Goods,
Skirtings, Linen Table Damasks,
Jackets, Shawls,
AND MILLINERY.
Inspection Invited.
GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.
Ottawa, January 20, 1868. 484y



City Hoop Skirt Factory.
The Double Extension Skirt.

THIS new and convenient Skirt I am now making in all widths of tape. The great advantage this Skirt has over all others: ladies can alter it themselves to any width they wish, from 1½ yards to 3 yards, without the least trouble. They only can be had at the Factory. Every other style of Skirt on hand or made to order. Just received another lot of
FRENCH CORSETS,
Every size, from 17 inches to 36 inches. Also, a few of those old fashioned Corsets, (lacing at the back.)
Lambs' Wool Hose, Breakfast Shawls,
Also, a large lot of Linen and Lawn Pocket Handkerchiefs, cheap.
DAVID MILLAR,
456y 43 Sparks-st, Centre Town, next to Esmonde's Stove Depot.

SHEFFIELD HOUSE!
E. K. MacGILLIVRAY & Co.,
MANUFACTURING JEWELLERS
—AND—
WATCHMAKERS.
OTTAWA, January 21, 1868. 477y

New Premises and Cheap Goods.

GRANT & HENDERSON

Having recently moved into their new premises, **No. 20, Rideau-street**, one of the firm visited lately the Montreal Markets, and secured a very large stock of entirely

NEW GOODS,

At most EXTRAORDINARY REDUCTIONS in price, which cannot in a legitimate manner be undersold in this city.

RIDEAU-STREET, December 24, 1867. 623d

WHEELER & WILSON'S SEWING MACHINES.

THE BEST HOLIDAY PRESENT.

From $47 and upwards.

FIVE per cent. off for cash in hand until after the holidays. One handsome Mahogany full case $8 discount.

Grout & Co.'s Twisted Elastic Stitch only $15.

Call and see this little beauty. Prospectuses and Samples sent Free by Mail.

December 19, 1867. 479-43y G. A. WALTON, Agent, 37 Sparks Street, Ottawa.

Dry Goods at Reduced Prices.

Cunningham and Lindsay

— ARE NOW SELLING —

Canadian Grey Cloth at 3s. 3d. per yard,
Canadian Tweeds at 4s. per yard,
Canadian Cotton Yarn at 7s. 6d. a Bundle,
Canadian Bags at 1s. 9d

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY

Invite particular Attention to their

BLANKETS, FLANNELS AND MANTLE CLOTHS.

Ottawa, November 18, 1867. 510y

CAUTION.

THE perfection and cheapness of the American (Waltham) Watch have given it such a wide-world celebrity that unscrupulous dealers years ago imitated its style and pirated its trade marks. Irresponsible dealers are occasionally found who dishonestly trade upon the popularity of the American watch by selling a base imitation under the name of the genuine article.

It is hardly necessary to state that such watches are worthless as time keepers, and when bought for the genuine are calculated to injure the high reputation which our watches have attained. The several grades of the American watch (except the lowest grade marked Home Watch Co.) are guaranteed by E. E. Robbins. The purchaser should in all cases require one of these certificates, which is furnished to all dealers in the genuine watches.

The following are the trade marks on the several grades of our manufacture:

AMERICAN WATCH CO. — APPLETON, TRACY & CO.
WALTHAM WATCH CO. — P. S. BARTLETT.
WM. ELLERY. — HOME WATCH CO.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD CO.

Office of the General Superintendent,
Altoona, Pa., 15th Dec., 1866.

Gentlemen,—Those Watches manufactured by you have been in use on this Railroad for several year by those who furnish watches as part of our equipment. There have been some THREE CARRIED ON OUR LINE, and we consider them GOOD and RELIABLE TIMEKEEPERS. I have great satisfaction in saying YOUR WATCHES GIVE US LESS TROUBLE and do not wear much longer without repairs than any watches we have ever had. As you are aware, we former y trusted to those of English manufacture, or watches not as a class they never keep time as correctly, nor have they done as much service as those we have substituted, and continued by my predecessor, Mr. Lewis, whose experience extended over a series of years.

Respectfully,
EDWARD H. WILLIAMS,
General Superintendent.

American Watch Co., Waltham.

NEW YORK CENTRAL RAILROAD,
Locomotive Dept. Western Division,
Rochester, Dec. 21st, 1866.

Gentlemen,—I have no hesitation in saying that I believe the great majority of locomotive engineers have found by experience that WALTHAM WATCHES ARE THE MOST SATISFACTORY of any for their use. They RUN WITH THE GREATEST ACCURACY AND STEADINESS, notwithstanding the rough riding of an engine; and as I have NEVER KNOWN ONE TO WEAR OUT, they must be durable. I hope to see the time when railway companies will generally adopt your watches, and furnish them all to engineers and conductors. In my opinion it would greatly tend to promote regularity and safety.

Yours respectfully,
CHARLES WILSON,
G. Chief Engineer,
Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers.

American Watch Co., Waltham.

For sale by all first-class dealers in the United States and British Provinces.

ROBBINS & APPLETON
No. 182 Broadway, N. Y.
ROBERT WILKES,
Toronto and Montreal,
GENERAL AGENTS.

November, 14, 1867. 505 48 3m.

ANNUAL MEETING.

Gen'l Protestant Hospital.

The Annual Meeting OF THE

SUBSCRIBERS

Will be held in

The Directors' Hall,

ON

Tuesday, the Fourth Day of February

Next, at the hour of two o'clock, in the afternoon, to receive the

Annual Report,

And for

The Election of Directors.

The public is respectfully invited to attend.

ALEXANDER WORKMAN,
W. R. THOMPSON,
GEO. HAY,
H. McCORMICK,
ROD. ROSS,
Trustees.

Ottawa, Jany. 3, 186 6824

GREAT DISCOVERY.

EVERY MAN HIS OWN ARTIST!

A SCIENTIFIC WONDER.

AN Instrument by which any person can take correct Likenesses or Photographs. This instrument with full instructions sent by mail for one dollar. Address,

C. B. AMES & CO.,
181 Broadway, New York.

6d-2m

1867-8. BOOKS, BOOKS! 1867-8.

FOR THE

Holiday Season.

The Most Attractive Gifts.

HAY & SON

have a splendid variety of Books, suitable for the Holidays, to which they would let all to TOY BOOKS, Fancy Goods, Dolls, Toys, Fancy Boxes, Gift Books, Fancy Stationery, Gilt and morocco Albums.

Dore's celebrated Illustrated Books, Christmas and New Year's Cards, Envelopes and cards. Bibles, Prayers and Hymn Books—the largest stock ever offered in the city, in the newest patterns and richest bindings. The Annuals for 1868, and everything suitable for the Gift season, for sale by

J. DURIE & SON,
10 Sparks-st.,
Opposite the Russell House

489y

DALLEY'S

Arabian Heave Remedy

AND CONDITION MEDICINE

IS POSITIVELY SUPERIOR TO ANY on all other preparations for the cure of *Heaves, Coughs, Thick and Broken Wind*, and all diseases which affect the *Wind of Horses*; also, as a *Condition Medicine*, surpassing everything of the kind. It is easy to give, sure to cure, and safe in all cases and at all times, and does not prevent the horse from being worked while using it.

It cleanses the breathing apparatus, by removing from the air-cells the coagulable lymph, or that secretion which in heaves clogs them, causing a difficulty in breathing, and by its action on the diseased part, causing the mucous membrane to resume its natural dimensions, thus equalizing the circulation of the blood, and restoring the distended vessels to their natural size; by its use the horse's appetite is improved, all derangements of the digestive organs corrected, softening the skin, and giving to the coat a sleek and shining appearance.

D. W. HURD, Successor to Hurd & Co., Maiden Lane, New York, Sole Proprietor for the United States.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C.W.,
Proprietors for the Canadas.

PRICE TWENTY-FIVE CENTS.

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, Henry F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J. Brown, in Ottawa.

Ottawa, Nov. 1, 1867. 577dwtm

among the most important of modern Medical discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Head, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

THE CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER has now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints, and are strong inducements from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country, for further supplies, and each testifying as to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it. Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C. W.,
General Agents for C. W.

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, H. F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J. Brown, in Ottawa.

Ottawa, Nov. 1, 1867. 577dwtm

RAILROADS.

Grand Trunk Railway Company OF CANADA.

WINTER ARRANGEMENTS, 1867.

TRAINS now leave Bonaventure Station as follows:

GOING WEST—Day Express for Cobourg, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago and all points West, at 8.30 A.M. Night do do at 7.30 P.M.

Accommodation Train for Kingston and intermediate stations at 4.00 A.M.

Local Train for Cornwall and intermediate Stations, at 4.30 P.M.

Express for Cochrane at 8.00 A.M., 2.10 A.M., 3.00 and 4.30 P.M.

The 8.00 A.M. Train runs through to Plattsburgh.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST—Accommodation Train for Island Pond and intermediate Stations, at 7.00 A.M.

Express for New York and Boston, at 8.10 A.M.

Express for Boston and New York, at 3.50 P.M.

Express for Portland, stopping other night at Island Pond, at 2.00 P.M.

Night Express for Portland, Three Rivers, Quebec and Riviere du Loup, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbrooke, Waterville and Coaticook only, at 10.10 P.M.

Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.

For further information as time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station.

C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director.

December 23, 1867. 650tf

CHANGE OF TIME

St. Lawrence & Ottawa Railway,

(formerly the Ottawa & Prescott Railway.)

ON and after MONDAY, the 30th December, 1867, and until further notice, trains will run as follows:

LEAVE PRESCOTT.	ARRIVE IN OTTAWA.
Mixed, 7.30 a. m.	11.00 a. m.
Express, 2.10 p. m.	6.45 p. m.

LEAVE OTTAWA.	ARRIVE IN PRESCOTT.
Express, 8 a. m.	10.30 a. m.
Mixed, 3.00 p. m.	4.45 p. m.

The time of these Trains has been so arranged as to ensure connection with night and day trains on Grand Trunk, east and west.

N. B.—These Trains run by Montreal Time.

Baggage to and from Ottawa checked through from and to stations on Grand Trunk Railway.

Return Tickets to Prescott, Kemptville and Ottawa at reduced rates can be had at the principal stations on the line.

F. S. DETLOR, Superintendent.
THOMAS REYNOLDS, Managing Director.

Ottawa, Dec. 28, 1867. 1y

Brockville and Ottawa Railway.

WINTER ARRANGEMENT

Commencing on Monday, November 19, 1867.

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

3:45 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 3.45 p.m., and arrive at Sandpoint at 9.25 p.m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT.

6:45 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint daily at 6.45 a.m., and arrive at Brockville at 1:00 p. m.

LEAVES PERTH.

5:00 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Perth at 5:00 p.m., and 9.10 a.m., and arrive at Smith's Falls at 5:50 p.m. and 10.10 a.m.

LEAVES SMITH'S FALLS.

10:50 A.M.—TRAINS will leave Smith's Falls at 10:50 a.m., and 6.35 p.m., and arrive at Perth at 11:40 a.m., and 7.25 p.m.

All trains on main line connect at Smith's Falls with Trains to and from Perth.

No. 1 leaves Brockville after G. T. R. Express Train is due from the East.

No. 2 is due at Brockville in time to connect with G. T. R. Express Trains for the East and West.

H. ABBOTT,
Manager for Trustees.

Brockville, Dec. 16. 471y

Royal Canadian Bank

OTTAWA AGENCY:

Office—Desbarats' Building, 77 Sparks St

M. P. HAYES, AGENT.

Ottawa, June 21. 157tf

DALGLISH & RUSSELL

ARE NOW IN RECEIPT OF THEIR new and varied assortment of

Grocery Goods

Consisting of Teas, Gunpowder, Old Hyson, Young Hyson, Hyson Twankay, Black, Extra Fine English Breakfast Souchong, Congou ditto, Oolong, Orange Pekoe, Finest Japans.

Coffees—Java, Jamaica, La Guayra, Mocha Roasted and Ground on the premises.

Sugars—English, refined in loaves, Broken Loaf, Crushed White, Yellow Refined.

Chocolate and Cocoa Spices, Mustards, Essences, Syrups, Pickles, Sauces, Vinegars, and Bottled Fruits, in Syrup, Preserves, Potted Meats, Fruits &c. &c. Also, Provisions, Sugar Cured Hams, Spiced Rolled Hams, Bacon, Butter, Cheese, Crackers, Biscuits, Flour, Oatmeal, Barley, Peas, Rice, Labrador Herrings, Table Codfish, Digby Herrings, &c., &c.

Our stock is extensive and complete, and every article warranted to give satisfaction. All orders will receive prompt attention.

All Goods delivered free of the shortest notice

Dalglish & Russell,
Wellington & Kent-sts.

FAIRBANKS.

Take Highest Premiums at the Paris Exposition.

PLATFORM, COUNTER, Warehouse, Grain, Coal, Hay, Railroad Track, Depot, Druggist, Gold, and *all* kinds of SCALES constantly on hand and for Sale.

FAIRBANKS, BROWN & Co.,
Boston, Mass.

Our Sole Agents in Ottawa,

ALEXANDER WORKMAN & Co.

November 18, 1867. 592-6m

NOTICE

Is hereby given that application will be made to each and every Parliament having jurisdiction, at the present or next session thereof, respectively, for an act to amend the act chaptered 108, passed at the Session of the Parliament for the late Province of Canada, held the 29th and 30th years of the Reign of Her Majesty Queen Victoria, intituled "An Act to Incorporate the Ottawa City Passenger Railway Company."

Dec. 2nd, 1867. 607dm

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA,
Friday, 24th January, 1868.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

ON the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Customs, and under the authority given and conferred by the 123 clause of the Act 30 and 31 Vict. Cap. 6, intituled "An Act respecting the Customs."

His Excellency in Council has been pleased to make and prescribe the following "Regulations" respecting the Warehousing and bonding of Wheat, Maize or other Grain that may be ground and packed in bond, that is to say:

1. That the Collector or other Officer of Customs at any Warehousing Port in the Dominion of Canada, may deliver without payment of duty, to the Importer of any Maize or other grain from which flour or meal can be manufactured, on proper entry being made of the same, any quantity of such Maize or other grain for the purpose of drying, grinding and packing in such place and on such premises as shall be particularly described by such importer or owner.

2. That such buildings used for drying, grinding and packing of Maize or other grain and the premises thereto belonging, with the description to be given thereof as aforesaid, shall, for the purposes of drying, grinding and packing Maize and other grain under the abode mentioned Act, be deemed and considered a Government Bonded Warehouse, and that none of the Maize or other grains so brought into the said drying, grinding and packing building or upon the said premises, shall be removed therefrom without a proper ex-warehouse entry and due payment of all duties on the same, if intended for home consumption within the said Dominion, or upon due entry thereof for removal or exportation under the usual bonds: nor shall any flour, meal or other products from the Maize or other grain aforesaid, be removed from the said premises without due entry as aforesaid, either for consumption as aforesaid, for removal or exportation and payment of all Customs duties legally due on the flour, meal and other products into which the said maize and other grain shall have been manufactured as the case may be, allowance having first been made of five per cent. on the said flour or meal for shrinkage in those cases in which the corn or other grain has been kiln dried before grinding.

3. That before the importer or owner of any Maize and other grain aforesaid shall, for the purpose of drying, grinding and packing, be entitled to obtain the delivery thereof either ex ship upon their importation into the said Dominion, to be carried immediately to the drying, grinding and packing buildings, and premises aforesaid, or out of any Customs Warehouse, in which the same may be warehoused, he shall give bond with two sufficient sureties to the satisfaction of the Collector of Customs at the port where such Maize and other grain are imported or warehoused, in a penalty of double the amount of duties payable upon the quantities of Maize and other grain so delivered upon arrival or out of Warehouse as aforesaid, for the purpose of being dried, ground and packed in bond, shall within six months from the date of the bond to be so entered into, be well and truly paid to the Collector of Customs aforesaid for the use of Her Majesty, and the said importer or owner shall, before he can obtain the delivery aforesaid, further enter into and execute to the Collector for the use of Her Majesty as aforesaid, a general bond, the said importer or owner in the penal sum of one thousand five hundred dollars, and two approved sureties in the sum of three hundred and seventy-five dollars each, conditioned that at no period shall the quantity of Maize or other grain, or the product thereof in the said building or premises be less than the quantity on which the bond or bonds for duties hereinbefore mentioned, shall be outstanding and unpaid.

4. And for the purpose of further securing the due observance of the foregoing Regulations, the Collector of Customs, the Surveyor of Customs or Warehouse-keeper, or other approved officer of Customs at the port where the Maize and other grain shall be so bonded, or at the port nearest to the said drying or grinding and packing premises, shall at all times when such operations are being carried on therein have free access to and upon the said drying, grinding and packing buildings and premises for the purpose of verifying the quantity of Maize or other grain and the products therein, and any reasonable expenses attending such inspection shall be borne and defrayed by the importer or owner of the Maize, and other grain so undergoing drying, grinding and packing in bond.

The order of His Excellency in Council of the 1st August, 1867, prescribing Regulations on the above subject, but restricted to the Provinces of Quebec and Ontario, is hereby revoked.

WM. H. LEE,
Clerk Privy Council.

FOR SALE.

850 PAIRS of Grey Twilled BLANKETS, in bales of 50 pairs

—ALSO,—

Canadian White Twilled and Whitney Blankets, English Grey Blankets, weighing from 8 to 10 pounds each.

E McGILLIVRAY.

Ottawa, December 23, 1867. 624-3m

NOTICE.

APPLICATION will be made during the present Session of the Parliament of Canada for an act to incorporate The European and American Life Insurance Company.

January 22, 1868. 617tf

Bottled Ale, Bottled Ale, Bottled Ale.

THE Subscriber would call the attention of Families and others to his

Fine Bottled Ale!

Which is in splendid condition. Also,

Scotch, Irish, Old Rye

And other Malt Whiskies,

Ports, Sherries, Brandies, Gin, &c.,

Together with a General Assortment of

FIRST-CLASS GROCERIES.

A Call kindly Solicited.

D. WHELAN,
41, Rideau-street,
Opposite Allan's Crockery Store

Ottawa, Jan. 20, 1868.

NEW DOMINION.

DRY GOODS!

AND—

Readymade Clothing

THE Subscriber begs to inform his friends and the public generally that he has commenced business in the store formerly occupied by

Messrs. Fingland & Draper

And where he will keep constantly on hand a general assortment of

DRY GOODS!

AND

READY-MADE CLOTHING,

Which will be sold at a small advance on cost.

JAMES HIGGINSON,
Town Block, Queen-st.
Next to the Tea Pot.

Ottawa July 10 1867. 481tf

Royal Italian Bitters!

OR,

TONICO REALE

DEL DOTTORE F. P. VERRI,

Professor of Chemistry in the University o PADUA

ITALY.

THIS celebrated preparation for which a certificate of merit was awarded to the distinguished original preparer at the National Exposition at Torino, Italy, by whose favor Mr. GIANELLI obtained the recipe, and was also awarded a diploma at the Provincial Exhibition of Canada held at Montreal in September, 1866, is, without exception, the most genuine, salubrious and agreeable Tonic ever introduced to public notice either in Europe or America.

For seventeen years it has, in Italy, been a universal favorite among the *élite* of society, being generally served in the drawing room before dinner, in preference to Vermouth.

The ingredients of its composition have been imparted to the leading Physicians of Canada and the United States, and have received their unqualified approval on every account.

The proprietor refers with the greatest confidence and satisfaction to the subjoined testimonials from eminent medical men, which he could add to, were it desirable.

Kept by the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion of Canada and in the United States.

Sold by the Proprietor.

Dear Sir—You request my opinion of the "Royal Italian Bitters," prepared from a receipt of Dr Verri, of Padua. I beg to state that I consider it a most agreeable cordial tonic, in every way superior in flavour and composition to the ordinary bitter tonics in general use. I have recommended it to several patients, who have derived marked benefit from its use.

I am, dear Sir, yours faithfully,
G. E. FENWICK, M.D.

A. M. F. GIANELLI, Esq., Montreal.

Special Notice.

CANADIAN National Series of Reading Books, authorized by the Council of Public Instruction for Ontario, will be ready for delivery in the first week of January, 1868. Prices: First Book, with 31 illustrations, strongly bound in limp cloth, five cents; First Book, 2nd part, 54 illustrations, strongly bound in limp cloth, ten cents; Second Book, 56 illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards, twenty cents; Third Book, 41 illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards, thirty cents; Fourth Book, 45 illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards, forty cents; Fifth Book, 50 illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards, fifty cents.

A liberal allowance to retailers and teachers.

J. DURIE & SON,
Ottawa.

498y

APPLICATION will be made during the present Session of the Parliament of Canada for an Act to incorporate the "DOMINION BANKING COMPANY."

Ottawa, December 24th, 1867. 624tf

AYER'S Sarsaparilla

FOR PURIFYING THE BLOOD.

Scrofulous Affections, such as Tumors, Sores, Eruptions, Tetter, Blotches, Boils, Blains, and all Skin Diseases.

OTTAWA, Ind., 6th June, 1859.

Gentlemen, I feel it my duty to acquaint you with the effects your Sarsaparilla has done for me. Scrofulous infection, I have suffered many years. Sometimes it burst through and scaled away; sometimes it would fix on the stomach. You may remember I came to your store for food, and covered my scalp with a handkerchief, which was painful and loathsome to the sight. I tried many medicines and several doctors, but found no lasting relief from any thing. In length I was advised to try your Sarsaparilla, and I confess I had little faith that you had prepared anything that would do me much good. I sent to Cincinnati for it, and used it till it cured me. I took it in small doses at a teaspoonful over a month, and used about three bottles. Now and healthy skin soon began to form under the scab, which after a while fell off, leaving a new clear, and I know by my feelings, a healthy one from my system. You can well believe that I feel when I say that I am sound and well, and that I owe to you the restoration of my health. I hope to see the agencies of the age, such as yours, more generally.

Yours,
ALFRED G. TALLEY.

St. Anthony's Fire, Neuralgia or Erysipelas, Tetter and Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Ringworm, Sore Legs, Dropsy.

Dr. Ayer—Sir, I have long been from Salem, N. Y., 1848, 1849, that you have cured an inveterate case of St. Anthony's Fire, which threatened fatality, by the unremitting use of your Sarsaparilla, and also a dangerous Tetter, by taking three doses of the same; says the Sarsaparilla *Drop*ped by it constantly.

Disease in Neck, Goitre or Swelled Neck.

Robinson, Texas, writes: "Three bottles of your Sarsaparilla cured me from a *Goitre*—a hideous swelling on the neck, which I had suffered from many years."

Leucorrhea or Whites, Ovarian Tumor, Uterine Ulceration, Female Diseases.

Dr. J. B. S. Channing, of New York City, writes: "I have cheerfully complying with the request of your agent in Boston, I have found your Sarsaparilla a most excellent medicine in the numerous complaints for which we recommend it, but especially in *Female Diseases* and Scrofulous diathesis. I have cured many inveterate cases of leucorrhea by it, and some where the constitution was much reduced by the *ulceration*. The above complaint is now cured. Nothing within my knowledge equals it for these female derangements."

Edward J. Norvell, of Newberry, Ala., writes, "A dangerous tumor on one of the females in my family, which had baffled all the remedies we could employ, has been completely cured by your Extract of Sarsaparilla. Our physician thought nothing but extirpation could afford relief, but he advised the trial of your Sarsaparilla as the last resort before cutting, and it has proved effectual. After taking your remedy eight weeks the symptoms of the disease vanished."

Syphilis and Mercurial Disease.

New Orleans, 25th August, 1859.

Dr. J. C. Ayer: Sir, I cheerfully comply with the request of your agent, and report to you some of the effects of your Sarsaparilla.

I have cured with it, in my practice, most of the complaints for which it is recommended, and have found its effects truly wonderful in the cure of *Mercurial and Syphilitic Diseases*. One of my patients had Syphilitic ulcers in his throat, which were consuming his palate and the top of his mouth. Your Sarsaparilla, slowly taken, cured him in five weeks. Another was attacked by secondary symptoms in his nose, and the ulceration had eaten away a considerable part of it, so that I believe the disease would soon reach his brain and kill him. But it yielded to my administration of your Sarsaparilla; the ulcers healed, and he is well again, not of course without some disfigurement to his face. A woman who had been treated for the same disorder by mercury was suffering from the poison in her bones. They had become so sensitive to the weather that on a damp day she suffered excruciating pain in her joints and bones. She, too, was cured entirely by your Sarsaparilla in a few weeks. From these its formula, which your agent gave me, that this Preparation from your laboratory must be a great empire; consequently, these truly remarkable results will it have not surprised me.

Fraternally yours,
C. V. LARIMER, M. D.

Rheumatism, Gout, Liver Complaint.

INDEPENDENCE, Fredon Co., Va., 6th July, 1859.

Dr. J. C. AYER: Sir, I have been afflicted with a painful chronic *Rheumatism* for a long time, which baffled the skill of physicians, and stuck to me in spite of all the medical could find, until I tried your Sarsaparilla. One bottle cured me in two weeks, and restored my general health so much that I am far better than before I was attacked. I think it a wonderful medicine. J. FREAM.

Jules Y. Gatchell, of St. Louis, writes: "I have been afflicted for years with an *affection of the Liver*, which impaired my health. I tried every thing, and every thing failed to relieve me; and I have been a broken-down man for some years from no other cause than *derangement of the Liver*. My beloved pastor, the Rev. Mr. Eggleston, advised me to try your Sarsaparilla, because he said he knew you. I say that you made was worth trying. By the blessing of God it has cured me, and has so purified my blood as to make a new man of me. I feel young again. The best that can be said of you is not half good enough."

Scirrhus, Cancer Tumors, Enlargement, Ulceration, Caries and Exfoliation of the Bones.

A great variety of cases have been reported to us where cures of these formidable complaints have resulted from the use of this remedy, but our space here will not admit of them. Some of them may be found in our American Almanac, which the agents below named are pleased to furnish gratis to all who call for them.

Dyspepsia, Heart Disease, Fits, Epilepsy, Melancholy, Neuralgia.

Many remarkable cures of these affections have been made by the alterative power of this medicine. It stimulates the vital functions into vigorous action, and thus precludes disorders which would be supposed beyond its reach. Such a remedy has long been required by the necessities of the people, and we are confident that this will fill for them all that medicine can do.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,

FOR THE RAPID CURE OF

Coughs, Colds, Influenza, Hoarseness, Croup, Bronchitis, Incipient Consumption, and for the Relief of Consumptive Patients in advanced Stages of the Disease.

Not is a remedy so universally known to surpass any other for the cure of these and lung complaints, that it seems needless to publish the evidence of its virtues. The extraordinary confidence for coughs and colds, and its truly wonderful cures of pulmonary disease, have made it popular throughout the civilized portions of the earth. Few are the communities, or even families, among them who have not some personal experience of its effects—some relative in their midst of its victory over the subtle and dangerous disorders of the throat and lungs. All know the comparative fatality of these disorders, and the benefit, too, the effected of this remedy, we need not more than to assure them that it has fulfilled the virtues that it did hope when making the pledge which have won so strongly upon the confidence of mankind.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, H. F. MacCarthy, and John Skinner, in Ottawa.

FRESH ARRIVALS

OF

Very Choice and Superior

TEAS

NOW ON SALE

AT THE

1,000 CHESTS UNCOLORED JAPAN.

500 Chests very choice and superior YOUNG HYSON.

700 Chests Good Strong TWANKAY

100 Chests old fashioned BREAKFAST SOUCHONG.

150 Caddies MANDERIN MIXTURE.

This is the finest BLACK TEA ever imported, 5s per pound; in small Caddies, about 14 lb each, 4s 9d.

COFFEE!

The Pure Mountain Berry

"Without exception the finest Coffee in the world."—*London Times, March 16.*

We are constantly receiving supplies of this truly beautiful and delicious COFFEE, *roasted daily on our premises by*

Dakins' Patent Silver Cylinder

By which peculiar process, its aroma is preserved, and renders it the FAVORITE WITH ALL COFFEE DRINKERS.

BEWARE OF SPURIOUS IMITATIONS.

As it is imported by no other firm in Canada

ROBINSON & CO.,

THE TEA POT,

OTTAWA

Wines, Spirits & Liquors

ROBINSON & CO. would especially call the attention of families to their stock of

ALES, WINES & SPIRITS

100 cases Otard Brandy,
50 " Martell's
150 " Hennessey,
75 " United Vinquets

We have a most delicious

DINNER SHERRY

Which we are selling at 8 shillings per gallon

GUINESS & CO.

DUBLIN STOUT!

BLOOD'S LONDON STOUT.
BARCLAY'S LONDON PORTER
ALLSOP'S PALE ALE.
BASS' EAST INDIA.
DOW'S CELEBRATED MONTREAL ALE
DAW'S SUPERIOR LACHINE ALE
DAW'S CELEBRATED PORTER & STOUT

PRESERVED MEATS.

Just Received from England:

ROAST HARE.
CURRIED DO.
JUGGED DO.
STEWED DO.
ROAST PHEASANTS.
ROAST GROUSE.
OAST PARTRIDGE

ALL GOODS DELIVERED FREE by our own Waggons to any part of the City daily

ROBINSON & CO.

THE TEA POT,

OTTAWA.

Establishments—Sussex St. and Rideau St

Ottawa, September 10. 22tf

NOTICE.

PARLIAMENT HOUSE.

OTTAWA, 2nd January, 1868.

53. All application for Private Bills properly the subjects of legislation by the Parliament of Canada within the purview of "The British North America Act, 1867," whether for the erection of a Bridge, the making of a Railroad, Turnpike Road, or Telegraph Line; the construction or improvement of a Harbour, Canal, Lock, Dam, or slide, or other like work; the granting of a right of Ferry; the incorporation of any particular trade or calling, or of any Banking or other joint stock Company; or otherwise for granting to any individual or individuals any exclusive or peculiar rights or privileges whatever, or for doing any matter or thing which in its operation would affect the rights or property of other parties, or relate to any particular class or community; or for making any amendment of a like nature to any former Act,—shall require a Notice, clearly and distinctly specifying the nature and object of the application, to be published as follows, viz:

In the Province of Quebec—A notice inserted in Official Gazette in the English and French languages, and in one newspaper in the English and one newspaper in the French language, in the District affected, or in both languages if there be but one paper; or if there be no paper published therein, then (in both languages) in the Official Gazette, and in a paper published in an adjoining District.

In any other Province—A notice inserted in the Official Gazette, and in one newspaper published in the County or Union of Counties, affected, or if there be no paper published therein, then in a newspaper in the next nearest County in which a newspaper is published.

Such notices shall be continued in each case for a period of at least two months during the interval of time between the close of the next preceding Session and the consideration of the petition.

54. Before any Petition praying for leave to bring in a Private Bill for the erection of a Toll Bridge, is presented to the House, the person or persons intending to petition for such Bill, shall upon giving the notice prescribed by the preceding Rule, also, at the same time, and in the same manner, give notice of the rates which they intend to ask, the extent of the privilege, the height of the arches, the interval between the abutments or piers for the passage of rafts and vessels, and mentioning also whether they intend to erect a drawbridge or not, and the dimensions of the same.

J. F. TAYLOR,
Clk. Senate.
W. B LINDSAY,
Clk. House of Commons.

OFFICE OF THE SENATE,
Ottawa, January 13, 1868.

Extracts from the Code of Rules of the Senate of Canada.

BILLS OF DIVORCE.

71. Every applicant for a Bill of Divorce is required to give notice of his intention so to do, and to specify from whom and for what cause, by advertisement, during six months in the *Official Gazette*, and in two newspapers published in the District, in Quebec or County, or Union of Counties in the other Provinces, where such applicant usually resided at the time of the separation, or if the requisite numbers of papers cannot be found therein, then in the adjoining District or County, or Union of Counties.

72. A copy of the notice in writing, is to be served, at the instance of the applicant, upon the person from whom the Divorce is sought, if the residence of such person can be ascertained; and proof on oath of such service, or, of the attempts made to effect it, to the satisfaction of the Senate, is to be adduced before the Senate on the reading of the Petition.

(Attest,)
J. F. TAYLOR,
Clerk Senate.

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Two Dwellings to Let.

BEING the Upper part of E. MARTINEAU'S Clothing Store, Corner of Sussex and Clarence-streets.

Enquire at the Store.

EUG. MARTINEAU.

Ottawa, Jan. 22, 1868. 686tf

To Let.

A ROOM TO LET either with or without board. Enquire this office.

Ottawa, November 20. 590tf

TO LET,

IN THE

Village of New Edinburgh,

BRICK DWELLING

Eight Rooms and Kitchen,

With Yard and Outbuildings.

Possession immediate. Apply to

B. BLACKBURN.

New Edinburgh, Nov. 20, 1867. 590tf

Lots for Sale.

6 BUILDING LOTS, one mile from the city, on the Richmond Road, containing one acre each. Apply to THOMAS ANDERSON, Jun., on the premises. 564tf

FOR SALE.—THE WESTerly one-third of Lot No. 27, in the First Concession Ottawa, Front Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same Concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. T. Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to JOHN and WM. THOMSON, Nepean, and LEWIS & PINHEY, Barrister, Ottawa. Je2-141-tf

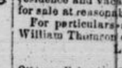
FOR SALE, THAT ELIgible property, beautifully situated on the Banks of the Ottawa, in the Township of Nepean, distant from the City of Ottawa about three miles on the macadamized road, together with the STONE DWELLING-HOUSE thereon erected, at present occupied by William Thomson, Esquire, and the garden and ornamented grounds adjoining the same, forming part of Lot No. 29, in the 1st concession, Ottawa front. A most desirable private residence and vacant Lots adjoining the same also for sale at reasonable prices.

For particulars and terms apply to John and William Thomson on the premises, or to

LEWIS & PINHEY,
Barristers, &c., Ottawa.

Ottawa, February 27, 1867. 269y

VICTORIA HOTEL—TO LET.



No more eligible chance could be offered to any party in the Hotel-keeping line than the lease of the above FIRST-CLASS HOTEL.

Being on the eve of Confederation, and Ottawa being definitely settled upon as its capital,

The Victoria Hotel

could not fail to be made to pay.

It is built on the most modern style of architecture, of cut stone; has large plate-glass windows, and is four stories high, exclusive of the basement. It is finely situated on the corner of Wellington and O'Connor-streets, immediately opposite the Parliament Buildings, and has three vacant lots attached, so that the Buildings could be enlarged to any required capacity.

Applications, (postpaid) to be addressed to

FRANCIS CLEMOW, ESQ.,
Or JOHN HENEY, Esq.,
Richmond Road, Ottawa, C. W

Ottawa, March 11. 379tf

COUNTRY RESIDENCE FORSALE.—Beautifully situated on the Macadamized Road between Ottawa City and Aylmer, about 26 minutes' drive from the city. A farm of excellent and, containing about 90 acres, with a large Stone House erected thereon.

The proprietor has no objection to sell a part of the farm, with or without the house. This would be a desirable country residence. Title unexceptionable.

Apply to

REV. J. JOHNSTON,
Hull Village.

August. 1. 501-5m

FARMS FOR SALE.

100 ACRES.—The north half of Lot No. 11, in 4th Con. of the Township of Osgoode, with a good House and Barn, and other outbuildings, and a good Spring Well, fifty acres cleared and in a good state

The Ottawa Daily Times,

(Sundays excepted.)

THE DAILY AND WEEKLY TIMES NOW circulates in the Ottawa Valley—issuing of the Daily over 4,000! and Weekly over 4,000! Having a total circulation in the week of over 8,000! thus outstripping all competitors, and offering the best medium for business men to advertise.

Advertisements are inserted in the Daily at the following rates:

Business Cards of from 3 to 6 lines, per annum, payable in advance only,	$5 00
Other Advertisements, first insertion per line	8c
Subsequent insertion, per line	2c
Yearly advertisers especially contracted with, and liberal discount made.	
Yearly subscription to the daily (if paid in advance)	$5 00
Half yearly subscription to the daily (if paid in advance)	3 00
Yearly subscription to the weekly (if paid in advance)	$1 00
Half yearly subscription to the weekly (if paid in advance)	1 50

Agents—Messrs. S. M. Pettengill & Co., Newspaper Advertising Agents, New York, and State Street, Boston, are the only authorized Agents, are hereby authorized to receive advertisements for the Ottawa Times.

LEGAL.

G. O'DOHERTY,
BARRISTER, CHANCERY and CONVEYANCER, OFFICE, ALMOND'S BUILDINGS, Sparks-street.
Ottawa, Dec. 6, 1867. 608-1y

R. J. WICKSTEED,
ADVOCATE, &c., 12, Little St. James Street, MONTREAL.
November 14, 1867. 589-6m

N. TETREAU,
NOTARY PUBLIC for the Province of Quebec, BULL, near the Post Office.
Feb. 6, 1867. 370tf

NICHOLAS SPARKS,
BARRISTER, Chancery and Conveyancing Office, Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite Post Office.
Ottawa, July 16. 489y

LAPIERRE & HAYCOCK,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers and Notaries Public, Office of Opposite and Victoria Chambers, Ottawa.
Ottawa, February 20, 1867. 589y

WILLIAM MOSGROVE,
BARRISTER-AT-LAW, Chancery and Conveyancing, Office: Mosgrove's Block, Rideau Street, Ottawa, C. W. 566-tf

D. O'CONNOR,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex Street. Office: Union Buildings, Ottawa.
February 21, 1866. 55-y

E. H. HAYCOCK,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Agent Right Solicitor. Office: Post Office Building, Elgin Street, Ottawa.
January 7, 1866. 43-tf

A. F. BOUCHETTE,
ADVOCATE. Office: No. 17, St. Peter Street, Quebec. Mr. Bouchette will always be prepared to attend promptly to any business the government employes, and the public generally may entrust him. Mr. B. attends regularly the circuits and for the District of Quebec.
December 28, 1863. 9-y

P. J. BUCKLEY, LL.B.,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer and Notary Public. Office, over Mr. Lyons Clothers Boot and Shoe Store, Rideau Street, Ottawa, C. W.
January 17, 1867. 321y

AUGUSTUS KEEFER,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office: Opposite Post Office, Elgin Street, in the building lately occupied as the Custom House. 87-tf

J. F. BOULTON,
BARRISTER-AT-LAW, Solicitor-in-Chancery, &c. Office: Almond's Buildings, Rideau-street.
Ottawa, Jan. 12, 1866. 21-y

M. McLEOD,
BARRISTER, &c., for Lower Canada. Offices: Court House, Aylmer and Buckingham, C.E.
Attends to all Law Courts in the District of Ottawa.
February 7, 1866. 43-ut

LEES & GEMMELL,
BARRISTERS, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. Offices: In the Court House, Ottawa, C. W.
ROBERT LEES. JOHN J. GEMMELL.
Ottawa, February 7, 1867. 43-utf

EDWARD T. DARTNELL,
BARRISTER, Solicitor, Attorney, and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Crown Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office: In the Court House, L'Original.
January 27, 1866. 34-6m

MEDICAL.

DR. CHESLEY,
OFFICE over Mr. Garth's Establishment, 29 Rideau-st., Ottawa.
May 30 417tf

DR. C. LEGGO,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Office: Hunton's Block, Sparks Street.

DR. DORION,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon, and Accoucheur. Clarence Street, Ottawa.
March 6. 371y

DR. OLIVER MARTIN,
DENTIST. Office: Sparks Street, Central Ottawa.
Ottawa, January 27, 1868. 34-tf

DR. C. A. MARTIN,
DENTIST. Office: Sussex Street, over Messrs. Campbell & Co's, Grocers.
Ottawa, January 27, 1868. 34-tf

DR. JOHN LEGGO,
DENTIST, Hunton's Block, Sparks Street. Teeth extracted without pain by means of the Ethereal Spray Producer. 350y

W. R. BELL, A.M., M.D., C.M., &c.
(Formerly from England.)
SURGERY and Residence, George Street.
Ottawa, November 13. 289y

A. CODD, M.D.C.M.,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Residence—McDougal's Block, Besserer-st., Sandy Hill. 571-3m

DR. LESLIE JONES,
Surgeon, &c., of Dublin and Edinburgh.
SURGERY and Consulting Office, Rideau-st., next door to the St. Lawrence Hall. Residence—Daly Street. 584y

DR. GEORGE HUTCHISON,
DENTIST: Office, Sparks-street, opposite Magee & Russell's.
Ottawa, October 30, 1867. 476y

DR. W. J. HENRY,
CORNER of Kent and Wellington Streets, Ottawa.
November 6. 438tf

DR. O. C. WOOD,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur Ottawa. Day office opposite Magee & Russell's, Sparks Street, Center Town; Night Office, at his Residence, Maria Street, Lower Town.
Cancers Cured, without the use of the knife, by a new, but certain, speedy, and almost painless process. Reference given to parties successfully treated, if required. The cure guaranteed.
Ottawa, April 14. 17w-166-y

HOLGATE, OLIVER & ANNABLE.
WHOLESALE Manufacturers of Bedsteads, Chairs, &c., Chandlers Island, Ottawa, C.W.
WILLIAM HOLGATE,
JOHN OLIVER,
WILLIAM ANNABLE.
Ottawa A 506y

BUSINESS CARDS.

R. BILLINGS, JR.,
ARCHITECT, Elgin-street, opposite the Post Office.
REFERENCES—H Atkins, Esq. Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq. Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M.P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq. Managing Director, O A P R W 612-6m

R. SPARKS,
PROVINCIAL LAND SURVEYOR, Draughtsman, &c., (commissioned for Upper and Lower Canada.) Office and residence, Gloucester, near Ottawa. Surveys of every description executed with accuracy. Communications addressed Ottawa City, (post-paid), or left at the office of N. Sparks, Solicitor, &c., Ottawa, will receive prompt attention.
Ottawa, February 21, 1866. 55-

N. McKINNON,
COMMISSION and Exchange Broker and Insurance Agent, Sparks-street, opposite Magee & Russell's, Ottawa, C. W.
Ottawa, March 25. 391y

O'CONNOR & WALLER,
EXCHANGE Brokers, Fire, Life and Accidental Insurance, Commission and Collecting Agents. Office, No. 2, Sussex-street, Ottawa.
R. W. O'CONNOR. J. W. H. WALLER.
March 9. 378y

J. P. MACPHERSON,
BARRISTER, &c., Ottawa. Office: Lang's Buildings, opposite Post Office.
Ottawa, March 10, 1866. 70-y

H. McLEAN'S
AUCTION Rooms: No. 19, Sparks Street, Centre Town, Ottawa, opposite Hope & Stationary Store.
The sale of Real Estate at Auction or Private Sale promptly attended to. Consignments received for positive sale. Parties wishing to purchase Real Estate will receive all information FREE OF CHARGE by calling at the office.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1863. 1-y

R. H. McGREEVY,
CONTRACTOR and Builder. Office: North side York street, second door from Sussex Street.
Ottawa, March 20, 1866. 73-y

S. CHRISTIE,
COMMISSION Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Reid's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.
Office: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W. 7

PARLIAMENTARY AGENCY.
C. J. BOUCHETTE,
C.E. SURVEYOR and Draughtsman, Mining, Land, and General Parliamentary Agent. References unexceptionable. Office: Wellington Street, next to British Hotel, and nearly opposite the banks, Ottawa.
P. S.—Special attention given with despatch to Public Land business, adjusting disputed claims, and securing Patents.
Ottawa, May 22. 132-y

JOHN MERCER,
Teacher Piano-Forte, Violin, &c.
THOROUGH BASS.
AYLMER, C. A
VISITS OTTAWA TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS.
Orders left at Union House will be punctually attended to.
Ottawa, July 26. 187tf

HOTELS AND SALOONS.

HOLT'S HOTEL,
AYLMER, C. E., Livery and General Stage Office. Alfred Moses Holt, Jr., Proprietor.
December 21, 1865. 4-y

JAS. JOHNSTON'S
UNION HOUSE, North Gower. Good Stabling and an attentive Hostler.
January 11, 1866. 20-y

DUIGNAN'S
PRIVATE HOTEL, Sparks Street, Ottawa, C. W. A few gentlemen can obtain superior apartments.
Ottawa, Dec. 20, 1865. 3-y

THE RUSSELL HOUSE,
LATE CAMPBELL'S HOTEL, Ottawa, C. W. The undersigned, proprietor of the above-named Hotel, begs leave to acquaint his numerous friends and the travelling public, that he has re-painted and newly-furnished throughout this commodious establishment, in the management of which by strict attention to business, and guests, he hopes to deserve encouragement and support.
JAMES E. GOUIN,
Lately, and for many years connected with Russell's Hotel, Frances Street, Quebec

THE ALBION HOTEL
NICHOLAS Street, Court-House Avenue, Ottawa, John Graham, Proprietor.
This House is conveniently situated, and still maintains its character as a FIRST-CLASS HOTEL. Considerable additions have recently been made to the premises, and it has been entirely repainted and renovated. No pains will be spared to accommodate and please.
OMNIBUSES to and from the cars and boats free of charge. There is a FIRST-CLASS LIVERY STABLE attached to the Hotel.
Ottawa 1866 1-y

JOHN MALTMAN
LATE McADAM'S, Commercial Hotel, Packenham.
The above Hotel, one of the oldest and best known in Packenham, has been leased by the undersigned and thoroughly overhauled and refitted for the special accommodation of guests. THE TABLE AND BAR will at all times be furnished with the very best the market stands.
GOOD STABLING and a careful Hostler always in attendance
JOHN MALTMAN.

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,
MC KAVANAGH, Proprietor, Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington Streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government buildings.
The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.
Game, game, game,

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

On no occasion will the names of old Advertisements be inserted here.

Her Majesty's Theatre—Whitmore & Clark's Minstrels.
Auction Sale of Household Furniture—H. McLean.
"The Canadian Punch."
Hardware, Hardware—T. Birkett.
Authorized Discount—R. S. M. Bouchette.
Government Notice—W. H. Lee.

The Ottawa Times

City and County Official Paper

MONDAY, FEBRUARY 3, 1868.

It is worthy of record that on Friday night last the telegraph offices at Heart's Content and San Francisco held direct communication with each other; and that Valentia and San Francisco exchanged compliments, the messages being of course repeated at Heart's Content. The time at Valentia was 6:55 a.m.; at Heart's Content 3:15 a.m.; and at San Francisco 10:10 p.m. In other words, the message from Valentia was sent on the morning of the 1st inst; arrived at Heart's Content three hours and forty minutes before it was despatched, and reached San Francisco at ten minutes past ten on the night previous (Jan. 31st)! Despite the delay at Heart's Content, which we presume was very little, the message, therefore, gained eight hours and three quarters on the journey. Surely, this is beating time with a vengeance.

The New York *World* is not by any means a "sensational" paper, and its correspondents enjoy a fair reputation for reliability. Yet its Washington despatch, reproduced elsewhere, touching the *Alabama* claims reads very much like a sensational telegram. The attitude of the British Government upon this question, is certainly not one to warrant the American Executive in threatening war. What can be fairer than that these claims should be submitted to arbitration, first to test their validity, and next to verify the amounts which in many instances are represented as being notoriously overcharged? Yet Mr. Seward absurdly starts another question, the recognition by the Imperial Government of the Rebellious States as belligerents, and claims that such recognition should also be arbitrated upon, and next refuses to treat the subject at all!

We are now told that Mr. Seward's "tergiversation" will be no longer tolerated; that the Executive will take the matter up and present Great Britain with the alternative of a settlement or war. There is of course a Presidential election impending; it may be that some bravado against England will be deemed efficacious in assisting to carry out the President's policy; or it may be that Andrew Johnson has resolved upon a settlement of the question with Great Britain, and merely allows the threatening rumor to go abroad to prepare the way. Whatever may be the meaning of the announcement, or whether any importance ought to be attached to it at all, we do not pretend to judge; but this we do believe, that unless it is a foregone conclusion with the American Government to pick a quarrel with England, it will have no occasion to go to war over its *Alabama* claims. Since the present Government came into power in England, every disposition has been shown to come to an amicable settlement, and if the President will now take the case out of Mr. Seward's hands, and deal with it in a practical, business-like way, it is not at all improbable that he might effect a settlement which would gratify American pride, without too much wounding English honor.

From the *Leader* we learn that Mr. McKellar has been formally chosen chief of the Ontario Opposition, and that a "round robin," got up by Mr. Blake, has been signed by twenty-three members. We hope this list will be published, as it would be gratifying to our curiosity to know who compose the two dozen, save one, constituting Mr. McKellar's brigade. The organization is not very alarming in point of numbers, and with respect to talent, we fancy that Messrs. Blake and McKellar have the lion's share, though the latter has not distinguished himself much as a politician.

If it is true that political "history repeats itself," a brief retrospective glance may enable us to count the probabilities of the success which will attend this new organization. In 1854, there was a round-robin signed in Quebec, just after the great body of Reformers and Conservatives had joined together for the immediate purpose of settling the grave questions then agitating the Province. It was signed by nineteen out of a House of sixty-five members, leaving a balance of forty-six. The new round-robin is signed by twenty-three out of a House of eighty-one members, leaving a balance of fifty-eight. To begin with, therefore, the chances of the new organization are so much worse, as it makes comparatively a smaller beginning. But the Opposition of 1854 has also this in its favor, that it numbered in its ranks several of the ablest politicians of that day; the present Opposition can hardly be said to possess one truly worthy the name—except Messrs. McKellar and Blake there is not a man of note in its ranks. The Opposition of '54, or the reorganized Reform party which grew out of it, had for its policy several important projects which appealed powerfully to the sympathies of the people; the Opposition of '68 has not a solitary plank in its platform of any political value that it can call its own. Yet it was a long time before the Opposition of '54 obtained a status that enabled it to measure its strength against the Ministry; and we may fairly conclude that the Opposition of '68, having more to overcome, and fewer advantages in its favor, will take a much longer period to reach success. It may be said that the altered position of the country, the cutting loose from Lower Canada, will give Mr. McKellar's brigade free scope to over-run Ontario and carry all before it. The effect, we think, will be just the contrary; there will be no more Lower Canadian "domination" to complain of, nothing in fact whereon to agitate the Province, except the short-comings of the party in power which, from present appearances, are not likely to be many or grievous.

As all parties can now look back to the times of which we have been speaking without rekindling old feelings of antagonism, we may venture another allusion to the consequences of the "round-robin" of nearly fourteen years ago. The combination of parties, against which it was a protest, lasted up to the time when the second combination of parties was formed, against which this latest "round-robin" is a protest. It is true the conditions are changed in some respects, but the chances are entirely against the probabilities of the success of the latest organization. This movement, on the part of Mr. Blake, is but a feeble effort to perpetuate the sham attempted to be perpetrated by the great Reform Convention of June last: that the tail end which fell away with Mr. Brown constituted the great Reform party of Ontario. This sham cannot be maintained in the face of notorious events since June, and if Mr. McKellar does not intend to lead his followers under false colors, he should inscribe some other name on his banner. It is confusing to have a Government with a Reform policy led by the oldest Reformer in the Province, and an Opposition claiming to have a Reform policy and a Reform leader. We must revise our political nomenclature, and as the McKellarites have separated themselves from their party, it is their duty to find a new designation.

D. Bethune, Esq., Q. C., is gazetted Police Magistrate for the town of Port Hope.

An Order in Council has been passed, allowing a draw back of one cent per pound on all malt used in the manufacture of beer, when brewed from malt and sugar combined.

The St. John, N.B., *Morning Telegraph* says, we learn that Hon. J. H. Gray has been selected by the Government for the important position of Chairman of the Law Commission for the Dominion.

Some of the ratepayers of Quebec are petitioning the Legislature for the suspension of the representative system in the City Government, and the substitution of a Civic Administration of Commissioners. The *Chronicle* does not like the project.

The Provincial Secretary of Ontario gives notice in Saturday's *Gazette* that the following companies have obtained Charters, viz: "The Moira Cheese Factory," Hastings; "the Bay State Mining Company," Belleville; and "the American Gold and Silver Mining Company," of Marmora.

Personal.—It is with much pleasure we learn that Mr. Julius P. Bucke, of the firm of Macpherson, Kennedy & Bucke, has received the appointment of County Crown Attorney for the County of Lambton, rendered vacant by the elevation of Mr. T. B. Pardee to the Legislature of Ontario. During the three years that Mr. Bucke has practised his profession in Ottawa, he has made many warm personal friends, who will hear of his departure with regret, and whose best wishes he will carry with him to his new home. Whilst sharing this regret, we cannot but congratulate Mr. Bucke on his obtaining this honorable position, and hope he may long live to enjoy its emoluments. We also congratulate the people of Sarnia on obtaining the services of one so eminently qualified to fulfil the duties of the office, and we venture to say that he will be found no unworthy successor to Mr. Pardee.

INSTITUTE FESTIVAL.

A sincere anxiety for the welfare of so valuable an institution as the Mechanics' Institute and Athenæum must be our reason for repeatedly urging upon our fellow-citizens the propriety of attending the Festival of that institution on Tuesday evening. Such institutions fill an important place amidst the educational facilities common to the British people in every quarter of the Empire. They are recognized by the foremost of statesmen and philanthropists. The late lamented Prince Consort, whose anxiety for the welfare of the masses is evidenced in the many efforts of his mind to encourage intellectual progress, always lent a helping hand to like institutions. Some of the greater lights of the century, Brougham, Gladstone, D'Israeli, Palmerston, Carlisle and Cobden, selected such institutions as the field for some of their noblest literary exploits. Through them these great men often reached the hearts of the people.

The readiness with which the Premier, the Minister of State for the Provinces, the Minister of Marine, and the Minister of Customs, have come to the aid of the Ottawa Institute, affords a worthy example, and we doubt not will be heartily recognized by the community.

It may reasonably be asked why such an institution should not be self-sustaining. To this question, the reply is easy: The expenses are large, the income small; to maintain a news room, open every day and night, except Sundays, to heat the rooms, light them well, pay salaries to attendants, to keep the latest literature and news journals, to pay the heavy rental of rooms in a good central locality, involves no trifling outlay. In order to induce all classes to benefit by the institution, the fees of membership must be moderate, and they do not amount in the aggregate to a sum sufficient to cover expenses. The Government of the late Province of Canada wisely gave grants to such leading institutions in the chief cities of the Province, and thus, to some extent, has the annual deficiency been met. This support is now, we hope, only temporarily withheld, but the immediate effect is to create present financial difficulty. The festival now announced it is expected will realize a sum sufficient for present purposes. The institution has for a number of years well sustained a liberal and progressive reputation as a leading literary centre, and we hope its claims to public consideration will not be forgotten. We direct attention to the published programme for the evening, and again urge upon public attention the claims of this deserving public institution.

AN EXPLANATION.

To the Editor of THE OTTAWA TIMES.

Sir,—A friend has called my attention to a paragraph in your issue of the 29th inst., which mentions that "a correspondent" has discovered the remarkable fact, that the letter signed "Rideau" which was published in the *Times*, "had previously appeared in the Kingston *Daily News*."

I wish to state in reply that both letters were written by myself, and sent to the two newspapers *at the same time*.

My motive in both cases was simply the kindly one of giving information to my brother sportsmen, and if your correspondent happens to be one of the number, I can only apologize for my terrible delinquency in signing myself "Rideau" in the *Times*, while I used the initials of my name to the sister communication in the *News*.

I trust this explanation may be deemed sufficient both as regards the *Times* and "A Correspondent" for whose gratification I shall now be guilty of the very Janus-like proceeding of signing myself RIDEAU.

Alias, S. R. H.

Roselawn, Kingston, Jan. 31, 1868.

GREAT BRITAIN.

Lord Hobart on the "Alabama" Claims.

To the Editor of the London Times.

Sir,—A few days ago there appeared in your columns a very short diplomatic letter, which seems almost to have escaped public observation, but which was probably of more importance, so far as the future of this country is concerned, than any similar document published in recent times. It was a despatch from Mr. Seward to Mr. Adams, dated the 29th of November last, and its effect was to break off, for the present at least, the negotiations between this country and the United States respecting the *Alabama* difficulty. "The condition," writes Mr. Seward, "being inadmissable, the proposed limited reference" (to arbitration) "is therefore declined."

There can be no doubt that the failure of these negotiations means nothing less than unfriendly relations between Great Britain and the United States; that unfriendly relations means the risk, more or less imminent, of war; and that war between Great Britain and the United States would be a calamity as great as any which could afflict the world. But there is a consideration more immediately urgent which enhances the evil. The Government of the United States has hitherto loyally done its duty to this country in regard to the proceedings of Fenians within their dominions, but it plainly enough intimates in this correspondence that it may now be obliged to conform its principles and policy to those which it considers have been the principles and policy of this country during the American civil war. Nothing else is wanting to make Fenianism, which is now only troublesome and vexatious, serious and formidable.

It is most important that the people of this country should clearly understand the position in which they are placed in reference to this subject. When all deduction is made for faults of national character there is in the generality of Englishmen a fund of good sense and right feeling which would, if only they were fully instructed as to that which the government of the day was doing, or about to do, prevent, as I believe, any very great or frequent errors in our policy. Three-fourths of the wars in which this country has been engaged, would have been impossible if the nation could have been made fully aware of what was taking place in the "drifting" period. But Blue books are tardy of appearance, inaccessible to the general public, and unalluring to the representative mind.

The matter, then, stands thus: The United States Government has pressed upon the British Government a formidable list of claims on account of losses inflicted upon American citizens by the depredations of the *Alabama* and other vessels of her class, and has at the same time stated very clearly the grounds on which it urges the settlement of those claims. Those grounds are recapitulated by Mr. Seward in his despatch of the 27th of August, 1866, and are shortly as follows:—That by the Queen's proclamation of 1861 belligerent rights were wrongfully conceded to certain slaveholding States then in insurrection against their lawful Government, that, in consequence of such concession, those States obtained, among other advantages, power to assume a national flag, and to seize and destroy goods and shipping of the United States; that thereupon, from the very nation which had mainly occasioned this injustice, there proceeded swift and powerful vessels of war which became the recognized property of the insurgents, and inflicted enormous injury on American trade and navigation; that to prevent such vessels from leaving her shores, no serious, or at least no sufficient effort was made by the Government of this country; that, moreover, such vessels were repeatedly harbored and protected in various ports of Great Britain and her Colonies, and that Great Britain owes the United States indemnity for the losses which have thus been sustained. The British Government, while refusing to admit the validity of this reasoning, offers to refer the question to arbitration; but on one condition—that in the case submitted to the arbiter no account shall be taken of the recognition of the insurgent States as belligerents by the Royal proclamation of 1861. On this condition it insists, because it considers that the question as to the legality or propriety of that recognition is of a kind upon which "every State must be held to be the sole judge of its duty." The United States, on the other hand, while assenting to arbitration, desires that the "whole controversy" may be referred to arbitration as it stands; not for decision upon its merits, but in order that their demand for compensation may be laid before the arbiter accompanied by the arguments on which it is founded.

It comes, then, to this,—that the British Government has refused, not only to yield to the demand of the United States, but to submit the case, except in a very partial and limited form, to arbitration. Is the British nation prepared to accept the responsibility? To decline to comply with the requisition of a foreign Power because you consider it unreasonable is one thing; to refuse to adopt the only existing method, except war, of settling the dispute is quite another. And it may well be asked whether, if a question such as that of the recognition of the South as belligerents, inflicting, as it did, serious loss and injury upon a friendly State, be not a proper subject for arbitration, any great question of foreign policy can ever hereafter be decided by any other than those time-honored but somewhat illogical authorities, bullets and cold steel.

In the protocols appended to the Declaration of Paris in 1856 there stands recorded, on the part of the four great powers signitaries of that declaration, the unanimous expression of a hope that in future, nations will, before declaring war, refer the matter in dispute to the judgment of a neutral State. It was the British minister who proposed that momentous paragraph; it is the British Government that now, on the first opportunity for applying it, protests against its application. But Governments have short memories; and it is, perhaps, not surprising, under their guidance, to find a nation which a decade ago appeared in the character of general peace-maker and advocate of mutual concession, insisting, at the possible cost of a fratricidal war, on the most extreme and rigorous theories of national sovereignty.

There is, however, no need to rely upon this argument. For in the present case it happens that no one proposes that any decision shall be pronounced upon the right of Great Britain to recognize the belligerency of the South. The United States do not require—on the contrary, they expressly exclude from their requirements—any such arbitrament. Upon the particular question to be submitted to the arbiter, which is the question whether compensation is due to the United States for the losses inflicted by the *Alabama* and her coadjutors, both nations are agreed. That such an arbitration may be resorted to without prejudice to national dignity, both are also agreed. But one of them demands that certain acts and interferences which the other considers material to the issue shall be excluded from the case laid before the arbiter, simply because his decision might otherwise be influenced by the solution, in the hidden recesses of his own mind, of a question upon which "every State must be the sole judge of its duty." The decision given by the arbiter will amount neither directly nor indirectly, neither expressly nor by implication, to any opinion upon that question. He may consider it; he may arrive at a conclusion upon it, and his decision may be influenced by that conclusion. But what that conclusion is, whether he has been able to form one, or whether he believes that the question has any such bearing upon the particular issue referred to him as that he need consider it at all, no one will ever know. Acts and words, supposed to derogate from national honor, have throughout all time been guarded against or avenged at a terrible cost to the world; this is probably the first time that it has been thought necessary to defend national honor, at the risk of the most calamitous consequences against the secret thoughts of the heart. I trust that it may not be even now too late to hope for a renewal of the negotiations. Will the English people, tacitly acknowledging the morbid susceptibilities imputed to it by its rulers, or actuated by the childish fear of being thought afraid, allow itself to be committed to an irreconcilable quarrel with a nation of whose friendship it stands just now peculiarly in need, and to be at peace with whom is of incalculable importance to itself and to the world; or will it insist on the settlement, by way of arbitration, without captious and sensitive reservations, of a question which ought not to be kept open for a single day, and which an impartial tribunal can alone satisfactorily decide. I am, sir, your obedient servant,

HOBART.

6 Eaton place South, Jan. 17.

THE DYING COTTAR TO HIS WIFE.

[By the Author of "The Clouds."]

Bring water, Jean, to wat my mou'.
That I may bid fa sweet to you
Afore I gang awa'.
Whisht, woman, dinna greet sae sair,
For death's but life for evermair.
Up in our Father's ha'!

The birk was ance our trystin' tree,
The tree aboon our niest maun be,
My ain auld 'aithfu' wife.
And when we there ilk ither see,
A happy meetin' it will be,
Beside the tree o' life.

Ye hae nae long to bide ahin'
In this bleak warl' o' dool and sin,
O' sorrow and o' shame.
Your bairns are a' gane on afore,
And we'll be waitin' at the door
To bid you welcome hame.

Farewell a wee, 'twill no be lang,
Till we a' join in ae sweet sang
In yon bright warl' aboon.
And fear not, lass, but He'll provide
For a' your wants, and be your guide
Until your journey's dune.

LOCAL NEWS.

City Council.—The City Council will meet this evening for the transaction of business.

The O. U. R. Club.—The Concert Committee of this Club meet this evening for the purpose of making up the proceeds of the concert in aid of the Nova Scotia Fishermen.

Young and Radford have the largest, best and cheapest stock of watches to be found in Ottawa. They have also on hand a very choice and varied assortment of Electro-plated ware, and Fancy Goods. They do all kinds of repairing and jewellery jobbing in first-class style. 656-y.

Bonuses to Policy Holders.—We think the principle of bonuses to policy-holders having no losses, advertised in to-day's paper by N. McKinnon, Agent of the Etna Insurance Company of Dublin, worthy of notice. It gives the benefit of a Mutual Company without its liabilities.

Police Court.—A drunken woman from Richmond, who had been sobered by a night's incarceration, was dismissed on her promising never to be found in so disgraceful a condition. A case of keeping a vicious dog was called, but the person did not appear, and a warrant was issued for his arrest.

Meteorological Observations.—By Wm. Hearn, Optician and Druggist, York-st.

Ottawa, Feb. 1, 1868.

Greatest degree of cold registered during the previous night, 15 above zero.

8 a. m., 18 above zero.
1 p. m., 27 "
6 p. m., 25 "

Whitmore and Clark's Minstrels.—This clever troupe advertise three performances in Her Majesty's Theatre—Thursday, Friday, and Saturday of this week. They are no strangers to our theatre-going population, having been in Ottawa before, when they gave great satisfaction and exhibited to good houses. The Montreal papers speak very highly of their appearance in that city, where they are now exhibiting.

"The Auction."—This morning, afternoon, and evening, Mr. McLean will continue his great Auction Sale of Bankrupt Stock of Dry Goods, &c., &c., at his rooms, 18 Sparks-st. We understand that Mr. McL. desires to make this the great clearing sale. Parties in want of *Blankets*, Prints, Cottons, &c., &c., more especially people in the trade, should not miss this opportunity of obtaining great bargains. 656-1.

Fast Driving and Assault.—On Saturday evening, a fellow named John Doyle, of Gloucester, was driving his team at full gallop up Sparks-st., and yelling at a frightful rate. The Chief of Police called to him to slacken his pace, when the fellow struck him with his whip. The worthy chief, however, afterwards saw his team standing on Metcalfe-st., and as soon as the offender reappeared, took him into custody and lodged him in jail, whence he will be brought to be dealt with by the Police Magistrate this morning.

CARLETON COUNTY COUNCIL.

Friday, Jan. 31, 1868.

Present—The Warden and Messrs. Mohr, Morgan, Tremblay, Blackburn, Greer, Smith, Hinton, Mills, McCaffry, Caldwell, Graham, Cummings, Fraser, Sykes and Dow.

The Warden read a communication from James Fraser, Esq., Secretary-Treasurer of the Nova Scotia Fishermen's Relief Fund, enclosing a copy of the resolutions passed at a meeting of the citizens of Ottawa, convened by the Mayor, to consider the best means for affording relief to said fishermen.

Moved by Mr. Smith, seconded by Mr. Mills, that the representatives of the Committee of the citizens of Ottawa, to aid the Nova Scotia relief fund, be heard at the Bar of this Council.—Carried.

The Hon. James Skead, His Worship the Mayor, and James Fraser, Esq., then addressed the council.

Moved by Mr. Tremblay, seconded by Mr. Sykes, that the communication of the City Committee in aid of the suffering Nova Scotia fishermen, be received and taken into consideration at the evening session.—Carried.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

Moved by Mr Blackburn, seconded by Mr. Dow, that should the Lieut.-Governor declare the existing arrangement between this County and the City of Ottawa as to compensation by the City of Ottawa for use of the County Court House and Jail, and maintenance of prisoners, to have ceased, the Jail Committee are hereby authorised to demand from the Sheriff the inspection of jail books and papers, or certified statements from the same, that may be necessary to enable the County to make new arrangements with the City. The Jail Committee to have authority to communicate with the City Council upon this subject, and meet any committee that the City may appoint, and report to this Council at the next session.—Carried.

The clerk rendered tenders for prison supplies for the current year.

Moved by Mr. Blackburn, seconded by Mr. Fraser, that the tenders for jail supplies be now opened.—Carried.

The tenders were opened accordingly.

Moved by Mr. Sykes, seconded by Mr. Blackburn, that the tenders of Samuel Howell, Garland, Mutchmor & Co., and D. R. Leavens, be accepted, and the clerk is hereby instructed to notify the said parties.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Hinton, seconded by Mr. Cummings, that this council take up the question of rendering assistance to the destitute fishermen of Nova Scotia this evening at seven o'clock.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Tremblay, seconded by Mr. Blackburn, that this council do now adjourn until 7 o'clock p.m.—Carried.

EVENING SESSION.

Moved by Mr. Caldwell, seconded by Mr. Cummings, that the subject of contributing towards the fund for the relief of the destitute fishermen of Nova Scotia be referred to each township in the county.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Cummings, seconded by Mr. Sykes, that a By-law to extend the time for the Ottawa and Gloucester Road Company, to complete said road, be now introduced and read a first, second, and third time, and passed, suspending all rules to the contrary.—Carried.

By-law introduced and passed.

The clerk submitted tenders for printing for the current year.

Moved by Mr. Tremblay, seconded by Mr. Sykes, that the tenders for printing be referred to the Committee on Printing.—Carried.

The Report of the Committee on Finance was presented.

Moved by Mr. Morgan, seconded by Mr. Mohr, that the Report of the Committee on Finance be received and adopted. Carried.

The Committee on Education presented their Report.

Moved by Mr. Hinton, seconded by Mr. Mills, that the Report of the Committee on Education be adopted.

The Committee on Roads and Bridges presented their reports.

Moved by Mr. Tremblay, seconded by Mr. Sykes, that the report of the Committee on Roads and Bridges be adopted.—Carried.

The Special Committee appointed to confer with the Ottawa and Gloucester Road Company, respecting Billings' Bridge, presented their report.

Moved by Mr. Cowan, seconded by Mr. Mohr, that the report of the Committee appointed to confer with regard to the transfer of Billings' Bridge, to the Ottawa and Gloucester Road Company be adopted, and the Warden authorize the Solicitor to transfer on behalf of this Council said bridge as soon as commenced.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Caldwell, seconded by Mr. Cummings, that motion — of last December session be received, as it has now proved to entail much inconvenience and unnecessary trouble on the Treasurer, and parties having claims on the Treasurer in consequence of sufficient funds not being kept in the treasury; be it, therefore, resolved that the Treasurer be allowed to exercise his own judgment, as to the amount to be kept on hand, and that he be allowed to make deposits in the savings department of some of the chartered banks in this city in his own discretion.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Sykes, seconded by Mr. Cummings, that this council do now adjourn to meet at 9 o'clock a.m., to-morrow.—Carried.

The council then adjourned.

Saturday, Feb. 1, 1868.

The council met at 9 o'clock a.m.

Present—The Warden, and Messrs. Blackburn, Caldwell, Sykes, Dow, Mills, Hinton, Cummings, Tremblay, Fraser, Mohr, Cowan, and Smith.

The minutes of yesterday were read.

Moved by Mr. Cummings, seconded by Mr. Tremblay, that the report of the Jail and Building Committee as read be adopted.—Carried.

The committee on printing presented their report, which was adopted.

Moved by Mr. Hinton, seconded by Mr Dawson, that the annual statements of the Ottawa and Gloucester, and the Ottawa and Montreal, Road Companies, be placed on file.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Tremblay, seconded by Mr. Cummings, that the motion to adopt the report of the Special Committee appointed to confer with the Gloucester and Ottawa Road Company, be rescinded and amended as follows: That the Warden be empowered on behalf of this Corporation not to grant or transfer Billings' Bridge to the Ottawa and Gloucester Road Company, until said Company give the necessary assurance that they, the said Company, will not impose a toll on said bridge. Suspending all rules to the contrary.

On motion Mr. Fraser's name was struck off the Jail Committee and that of Mr. Cummings inserted in lieu thereof.

A motion by Mr. Fraser, seconded by Mr. Mills, for reconsidering the report on education, was lost.

The Council adjourned till the third Monday in June.

CABLE NEWS.

SATURDAY'S DESPATCHES.

London, Feb. 1.—The Bank of Holland has reduced its rate of discount three per cent.

MIDNIGHT DESPATCHES.

London, Feb 1.—Late despatches have been received here from Athens giving account of another battle between the Turks and Cretans, in which the latter were successful. The Spakistean mountaineers were the attacking party. The Turks stood their ground and the battle lasted all day. The Turks acknowledge a loss of 250 killed. The Cretan loss is not stated.

Madrid, Feb. 1.—In accordance with the expressed determination of the Government to uphold the temporal power of the Holy Father, steps have been taken for the formation of a corps to be known as the Papal legion.

Paris, Feb. 1.—The debate in the Corps Legislatif on the new project of law for the Government of the press was continued to-day. M. Favre in a speech generally in opposition to the details of the Bill, expressed approval of a few of its clauses. M. Cassagnac also spoke against the Bill, denouncing it in all its parts as leading to license.

London, Feb. 1—Eve.—Late South American advices are important. The inhabitants of Rosario, a town of considerable size on the Parana river, in the Argentine Republic, have rebelled against the authority of President Maitre, and declared for Gen. Urquiza, formerly the Chief Executive or Dictator of the Confederation. The cholera, which has made sad ravages in Buenos Ayres, has subsided to a great degree, and its entire eradication was confidently anticipated at an early day. The disease, however, still prevails to an alarming extent in the allied camp on the Paraguay. There had been no fighting since the departure of the last mail. President Lopez, of Paraguay, remained at Humaita, and was well supplied with provisions and munitions of war.

London, Feb. 1.—Letters from Killarney say that the clergy of that town who refused to say masses for the souls of Allan, Larkin and Gould, who was executed at Manchester, have ceased to receive any money from their parishoners, who refuse to contribute to their support or that church.

Liverpool, Feb. 1.—The cabmen of this town are on a strike.

London, Feb. 1.—A terrific gale prevails throughout England to-night, and disaster, both to life and property on sea and land, is apprehended. The telegraph lines to Liverpool are down.

AMERICAN NEWS.

SATURDAY'S DESPATCHES.

The "Alabama" Claims to be Pressed—The Matter taken out of the Hands of Secretary Seward—War to be the Ultimatum.

New York, Feb. 1.—The *World's* special says the tergiversation of Secretary Seward is of avail no longer. Another and higher authority has determined upon the course which is to be pursued in respect to the claims of the United States Government upon Great Britain. I am authorized to state most confidentially and decisively, that the legitimate demands which have been too meekly urged by the Secretary of State upon the British Cabinet, are to be forced at whatever hazard. The new British Minister, Mr. Thornton, will probably be presented to the President on Tuesday. Although the addresses that are to be exchanged may be guarded and serene, the fact yet remains that a speedy and satisfactory response must be made by the British Government to the ultimatum of the Executive of the United States, or else a declaration of war against Great Britain must inevitably ensue.

Fire at Leavenworth.

St. Louis, Jan. 31.—By the fire at Leavenworth, Kansas, this morning, about $75,000 worth of property was destroyed.

Reduction in U. S. Expenses.

New York, Feb. 1.—The *Herald's* special says the Naval Bill reported in the House to-day cuts down the appropriations for the naval service from the original estimate of $17,000,000 to $18,000,000. In the Consular and Diplomatic Bill the expenses are cut down about $500,000.

Mobbing of Tax Collectors.

New York, Feb. 1.—A party of men acting under the orders of Collector Wood, in the Third Internal Revenue District yesterday, were mobbed while engaged in looking for illicit stills in Brooklyn. An immense crowd assembled and hurled missiles of various kinds at the officers, three of whom were struck but none seriously injured.

MIDNIGHT DESPATCHES.

From South America.

New York, Feb. 1.—Peru advices state that Prado had been defeated at Arequipa, and forced to retreat to Islay. The revolution had proved a success, and the Prado administration hurled from place and power. The city of Arequipa suffered bombardment for thirty-six hours.

Subscriptions by Boston Fenians.

Boston, Feb 1.—The Fenian circles in this vicinity have voted to work on St. Patrick's Day instead of marching in processions, and devote the earnings toward revolutionary purposes in Ireland.

LEGISLATURE OF ONTARIO.

[From the Globe.]

Toronto, Friday, Jan. 30, 1868.

THE GAME LAWS.

Sir HENRY SMITH in moving the second reading of his Bill for the protection of game, stated for the information of the House that the principle of the Bill had been agreed to by the committee with a few alterations. The committee also added two clauses—one providing for the protection of imported game. Gentlemen from the vicinity of this city and other places had imported English pheasants—a bird which had been found just as hardy as any ordinary barn yard fowl, and it was necessary they should be protected in their laudable enterprise. Another clause had been introduced to prevent the wholesale destruction of birds of the duck species by what were called batteries or sunken punts—which were used in decoying. When the Bill had been reported from the committee of the whole, it was his intention to have a number of copies printed and allow it to stand over for the third reading at some distant day so that there should be an opportunity of perfecting the measure. From all parts of the country, so far, there had been a good deal of approval. There was, he would remark, one point to which he desired to call the attention of the hon. the Attorney-General, and other hon. gentlemen present, who had seats in the House of Commons, and it was this: There appeared to be a prevailing opinion that the Provincial Legislature had a right to legislate in the inland fisheries, and also with respect to the exportation of deer. But it was quite clear that these were subjects which belonged properly to the House of Commons, and he hoped the interests of the people would be protected there by those having the advantage of dual seats.

Hon. J. S. MACDONALD—But suppose they remove us?

Sir H. SMITH said that would not be accomplished during the present session at all events. The imposition of licenses for the sport of deer shooting, was a point which had also come up, but the committee considered that would be approaching too near the provisions of the Game Law of England, and be introduced. On behalf of his hon. colleagues and himself, he would say, in conclusion, that he was prepared to stand or fall by this measure. (Laughter.)

The House then went into committee on the Bill, Mr. Fraser in the chair.

The first clause, which was as follows, was passed without alteration:

"1. From and after the passing of this Act, the Act intituled, 'An Act for the better protection of game in Upper Canada, passed in the 23rd year of Her Majesty's reign, chapter 55, shall be and the same is hereby repealed.

The second clause was amended by adding the word "pheasant" and changing the date from the 1st January to 1st September, to "from the 1st day of December to the 1st day of September," making the clause as amended stand thus:

"2. No deer or fawn, elk, moose, or cariboo, shall be hunted, taken or killed between the 1st day of December and the 1st day of September in any year."

The 3rd clause was amended by adding the word "pheasant," making it read:

"3. No wild turkeys, grouse, pheasant, partridge or hare shall be hunted, taken or killed between the 1st day of February and the 1st day of September in any year.'

The 4th clause was amended by substituting "January 1" for "February 1," as follows:

"4. No quail shall be taken or killed between the 1st day of January and the 1st day of February in any year."

The 5th clause was carried, without amendment:—

"5. No woodcock or snipe shall be taken or killed between the 1st day of March and the 1st day of September in any year."

The 6th clause was amended by erasing the words "black duck" to "teal," and substituting "commonly known as wild duck."

"6. No wild swan, goose, or any ducks commonly known as wild duck, shall be hunted, taken or killed between the 1st day of March and the 1st day of September in any year."

Sir HENRY SMITH explained that by this means there would be no spring shooting of ducks.

The clause was carried.

For the 7th clause the following was proposed to be substituted:—

"7. It shall not be lawful for any person or persons to use batteries or sunken punts, in hunting, taking or shooting at any kind of duck whatsoever."

Sir HENRY SMITH stated that the destruction of game in this way had been of the most wholesale character, and it was time it should be put a stop to, in order to prevent the extinction of game.

Mr. LAUDER said he would object to preventing any man owning the fee simple of the land, killing any birds he might find on his farm. It was proposed to be enacted that no person should be allowed to kill by trap any of the animals specified. Now he desired to object to that kind of legislation. At the proper season—if they found these birds or animals on the farm or in the bush—farmers, he contended, had a right to kill them. To his mind, the amendments proposed, savored too much of the system of restriction which prevailed in the old world, and which was entirely unsuited to this Province. In purely rural constituencies he was satisfied the measures would be disliked, and would not work well.

Mr. BEATTY fully concurred in the remarks of the hon. member for South Grey. They were much indebted to the hon. and gallant knight for introducing a bill of this kind—for in the main it was a good one. But he did not think it was at all wise in them to endeavor to restrict the manner in which these birds were to be taken during the proper season. The restrictions might be sportsman-like enough, but were not suited to agriculturists.

Mr. HAYS did not understand how the proposed legislation operated against farmers. He highly approved of the provision forbidding the trapping of deer, as it was a most cruel way of killing these animals.

Sir HENRY SMITH remarked that there was another point worth considering. These traps were exceedingly dangerous. A man or a child might step into one of them. Perhaps the hon. member for South Grey himself might be caught some day, (laughter.)

The clause was carried, with the three following:

"8. No wild turkey, grouse, partridge, quail, woodcock, snipe, nor any description of wild duck or hare, shall be trapped or taken by means of traps, nets, snares, springs, or other means of taking such birds or hares, other than by shooting, at any time whatever: nor shall any trap, net, or snare, be made, erected, or set, either wholly or in part, for the purpose of such trapping or taking.

"9. No deer, or fawn, moose, or cariboo, shall be trapped, or taken by means of traps or snares, at any time whatever; nor shall any traps be set or erected for the purpose of such trapping or taking.

"10. No person or persons shall have in their possession any of the animals or their hides, or any of the birds hereinbefore mentioned, within the periods above respectively prohibited, without lawful excuse, the proof whereof to be on the party charged: nor shall any sale of any of the game mentioned in this act take place later than within fourteen days from the termination of the several periods hereinbefore respectively fixed for the killing thereof: nor shall any possession for the purpose of sale be deemed lawful, save within such periods of fourteen days."

Mr. LAUDER again rose to say that he believed the sense of the country would be strongly against this measure. The restrictions it imposed were unwholesome and improper, and such as were favourable only to a small section of the people of the Province. He alluded particularly to the last clause.

Sir HENRY SMITH said his hon. friend must excuse him for the reminder that the clause complained of was merely a re-enactment of the existing law.

Mr. LAUDER said that he objected to it, whether it was the present law or not.

In the 11th clause the words "wantonly destroyed" occurred, but it was proposed to strike out the word "wantonly," in order that all parties participating in the work of taking away bird's eggs should be brought under the operation of the law. Immense numbers of eggs were, for instance, taken from the marshes in spring for foreign markets; and the eggs of birds, when sitting—particularly the woodcock and snipe—had also been taken and destroyed in a similar way; and the object of the alteration was to reach the parties doing this more certainly.

The clause was carried as follows:

"No eggs of any kind of the above birds enumerated and hereby declared to be game, shall be taken or destroyed at any time."

The 12th clause Sir HENRY SMITH explained had been made stringent in order to prevent the great slaughter of deer in the country. Even since the introduction of the Bill he had heard of a number of Americans attempting to carry over one of the railways a number of deer killed in January. These parties had been detained, and sent before a magistrate, and by his orders the deer were all seized and distributed to some charitable object.

Mr. HAYS thought it was not wise to put the maximum of the fine, as proposed, at $50. It would be giving too much power into the hands of magistrates, who might use it to help themselves in a private place.

Mr. SINCLAIR had more objection to the minimum than to the maximum fine. The minimum fine, he considered, ought to be fixed. The matter ought to be left discretionary with the magistrate. But even the maximum was high, and might be fixed at $25.

Others of the members concurred in the latter suggestion, and also desired that the period of imprisonment should be reduced from two or three months to 30 days. These suggestions were all concurred in, and the clause amended as follows:—

"12. Any offence against any provision of this Act shall be punished summarily, on information and conviction before a Justice of the Peace, by a fine not exceeding $25 nor less than $2 for each head of game, in the discretion of such Justice, with costs or in default of payment by imprisonment in a common jail for a term not exceeding 30 days, upon non payment of fine; one-half of the fine to go to the municipality and the other half to the informer."

The 13th clause was amended by the substitution of the word "purpose" for "institutions," in order to meet a case, in rural districts, where there were no charitable institutions. As carried it was as follows:—

"13. In all cases, confiscation of the game shall follow conviction; and the game so confiscated shall be given to some charitable institution or purpose, at the discretion of the convicting justice."

Sir HENRY SMITH in moving the 14th clause said there was one thing he wanted to add to it, and that was, that poison should not be used. But it did not occur to him how that could be done.

Hon. Mr. WOOD said that there was a statute already meeting that case.

Sir HENRY SMITH said that there was, of course, and that would do.

The clause then stood:—

"14. Any person may destroy traps, nets, or snares, set or erected, either wholly or in part in contravention of any provision of this Act."

The 15th clause was amended by changing the date, 1st day of November to 15th day of November, and stood:

"15. And whereas it is desirable to prevent the destruction of certain animals at seasons of the year when their furs are of little or no value. It is further enacted that no beaver, muskrat, mink, sable, otter, or fisher, shall be trapped, hunted, taken or killed, nor shall any trap or snare be laid for the same or any of them, between the 1st day of May and the 15th day of November in any year, and all persons violating this Section of this Act shall be liable to the same proceedings and penalties, to be enforced and recovered in the same way as are above declared with respect to game.

The 16th, a new clause, was adopted; it was as follows:

"16th. In order to encourage persons who have or may hereafter import different kinds of game, and who desire to breed and preserve the game on their lands in the Province, it is hereby enacted that it shall not be lawful to kill or destroy such game without the consent of the owners of such property, wherever the same may have been bred."

The committee then rose and reported the Bill as amended.

The Bill was ordered for a third reading on Monday next, and 500 copies ordered to be printed.

"The Sportsman."—This caption is the title of a journal of manly sports, the turf, billiards, chess, and the stage, which is to be published in Montreal by G. T. Lanigan & Co. The first number is advertized to appear on the 12th instant. It is intended to supercede foreign sporting journals, by giving all sporting intelligence from foreign countries, and giving the fullest accounts of Canadian sports. We have no doubt that *The Sportsman* will be a success. Mr. Edward Cluff is the agent for Ottawa.

Young and Radford's stock of watches, clocks, jewellery, fancy goods and electro plated ware are worthy of inspection. All goods will be sold cheap. Give them a call. Remember the place, 30 Sparks-st. 597a

Cotton no Longer King.—Cotton goods are now nearly as cheap as before the American war. Garland, Mutchmor & Co. have lately received a few bales of gray and white cottons, shirtings and prints, purchased since the great fall in prices. Parties requiring any description of dry goods would do well to see their stock before purchasing. 582-y

Young & Radford, 30, Sparks-st., have just received a stock of Christmas and New Year's presents, and parties wanting to buy would do well to give them a call and judge for themselves before purchasing elsewhere. Remember the place, 30, Sparks-st.

New York Money Market.

New York, Feb. 1.—Sterling Exchange 109¼. Gold 140¾.

New York Markets.

New York, Feb. 1.—Cotton firmer at 19½c. Flour dull. Receipts 5,200 bbls. Sales 4,100 bbls. at $8.60 @ $9.10 for Superfine State and Western; $9.90 @ $10.80 for Common to Choice Extra State; $9.60 @ $12 for Common to Choice Extra Western. Rye Flour steady. Wheat firm. Receipts 3,380 bus. Sales 7,500 bus. at $2.50 for No. 1 Spring in Store. Rye quiet. Receipts 125 bus. Corn unchanged. Receipts 51,600 bus. Sales 31,000 bus. at $1.25 @ $1.27 for New Mixed Western Afloat. Barley dull. Oats dull and nominal. Receipts 6,300 bus. Sales at 84c. for Western. Pork firmer at $21.75 @ $21.22 for Old Mess; $22.23 @ $22.75 for New Mess. Lard firm.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

HER MAJESTY'S THEATRE.
FOR THREE NIGHTS ONLY.
Thursday, Friday and Saturday,
February 6th, 7th and 8th.

WHITMORE & CLARK'S
MINSTRELS
And Grecian Gymnasium!
SIXTEEN STAR PERFORMERS,
INCLUDING

GEORGE M. CLARKE, the world renowned Comedian and Comic Singer, who will appear in a great variety of the most popular songs and Ballads of the day.
HANK WHITE, Champion Comedian of the 19th century.
E. B. WHITNEY, Celebrated Banjo Soloist.
O. A. WHITMORE, Clarionet Soloist.
Prof. N. W. WYATT, the great American Violinist, whose solos are the theme of universal admiration.
P. A. ARMSTRONG, the great Flute and Picolo Player, and a great variety of Singers, Dancers, Delineators, Comedians, &c., including the famous Triple Clog Dance, performed only by this company, together with a splendid Orchestra of Eight Classical Musicians, led by A. W. Wyatt.

WILLIAMS and MANKIN,
The renowned Gymnasts, having concluded their Star Engagement at Morris Brothers' Opera House, Boston, have effected an engagement with Whitmore & Clark's Minstrels, where they will nightly appear in their Classical Gymnastic Exercises.

Admission, 25 cents; Reserved seats 50 cents.
Doors open at 7 o'clock; performance to commence at 8.
656td S. W. LEWIS.

"The Canadian Punch."

ON WEDNESDAY, the 5th INSTANT, will be published in Montreal a

COMIC WEEKLY!

Bearing the above name. It will appear in Ottawa on the day subsequent to its publication in Montreal throughout the year. Look out for it on next THURSDAY, the SIXTH FEBRUARY.
February 3, 1868. 655-3t

AUCTION SALE
OF
Valuable Household Furniture!
HECTOR McLEAN

HAS received instructions from an Officer belonging to the Rifle Brigade, to sell by Public Auction, on

WEDNESDAY, the 5th INSTANT,

At the hour of TWO o'clock, p.m., at his residence in

THOMPSON'S BLOCK,

(Up stairs) on York street, near Taylor & Wilkinson's Flour Store, a very superior lot of

Household Furniture,

CONSISTING OF

Chairs, Tables, Bureaus, Sideboards, Sleighs, Chests of Drawers, Wardrobes, Carpets, Window Curtains, Stoves & Stovepipes,

And a lot of other useful household furniture, &c., too numerous to mention.
Terms—Cash on delivery.
H. McLEAN, Auctioneer.
Ottawa, February 3, 1868. 656td

HARDWARE!
HARDWARE!
Great Reduction
IN THE
PRICE OF HARDWARE
AT THE
SIGN of the ANVIL
No. 24, Rideau-street.

THE Undersigned would take this opportunity to express his thanks to his Customers in Ottawa and vicinity for their very liberal patronage in the past, and to solicit a continuance of their favors in the future, and to assure them that no effort on his part shall be wanting to supply them with the Best and Cheapest English and American Hardware. I do not pretend to sell at cost, but do propose to sell as cheap as any other establishment in Ontario. My stock shall comprise every article in the line of Hardware, and with the one price system I hope to merit and receive a continuance of the very liberal patronage given me in the past.

T. BIRKETT,
Sign of the Anvil, 24 Rideau-st.
Ottawa, Feb. 3. 469y

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, January 31, 1868.

AUTHORIZED Discount on American Invoices until further notice, 28 per cent.
R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner of Customs.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA,
Tuesday, 28th day of January, 1868.
PRESENT:
HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS it has been represented to His Excellency in Council, that it is expedient that sub-section 4 of section 31 of the Act passed in the present Session of Parliament intituled: "An Act respecting the Inland Revenue," should be so far modified as to provide for a drawback of one cent per pound being allowed upon all Malt used in the manufacture of Beer when brewed from Malt and sugar combined.

His Excellency in Council on the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Inland Revenue, and under and in virtue of the authority given and conferred by the 49th Section of the Act 30 & 31 Vic., Cap. 5, has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that a drawback of one cent per pound shall be, and the same is hereby authorized and allowed on all Malt used in the manufacture of Beer when brewed from malt and sugar combined.

WM. H. LEE,
656-tf Clerk Privy Council.

W. NOTMAN,
Photographer to the Queen,
CORNER OF
WELLINGTON AND METCALFE STREETS,

WOULD intimate that having all his arrangements completed, his

Establishment will be Opened
—ON—
Monday Next, 3rd February

When he will be prepared to fulfil orders for all the different branches of Photography.
Ottawa, Jan. 31, 1868. 582y

WARNING.

WE HEREBY forbid any person or persons hiring or harboring
SAMUEL GRAHAM,
ALEXANDER McMILLAN,
NEIL ROBERTSON,
E. G. BISSETT,
JOHN GRAHAM,
MICHAEL BERRIGAN,
CHARLES CUNNINGHAM,
TIMOTHY LANDERS,
Or any of them, they having deserted our employment at different times, and broken their contract of hiring and service entered into with us.
And we hereby give notice that we will prosecute any and every person hiring or harboring any of the above named.
PERLEY & PATTEE.
Ottawa, Jan. 25, 1868. 651a

THE PRESS.

A THOROUGHLY Experienced Verbatim SHORT-HAND REPORTER disengaged. Advertiser has had several years' experience on first class English journals, as sub-editor, &c. Address "JOURNALIST," Post Office, Quebec.
February 1, 1868 655a

LOST.

A DARK MEMORANDUM BOOK, with an elastic fastening, containing some papers, amongst which is a note, due on the 9th Dec. last, for the sum of $80, with interest, payable to John Hoagins, and endorsed over to Thomas and William Graham. All persons are forbid from negotiating said note, as payment of it has been stopped. Any person finding the same will please leave it at this office, or with John Graham, Albion Hotel, and they will be rewarded for their trouble.
Ottawa, Feb. 1, 1868. 655-1

MRS. SMITH,
MILLINER.

HAS removed to Bank-street, nearly opposite the Free Church, where she will be happy to receive her customers. Strict attention given to all work. 656d

PRIVATE BILLS.

ON the reassembling of the Parliament of Canada, in March, PETITIONS FOR PRIVATE BILLS will be received, in the House of Commons, until Thursday, the 2nd of April following.

W. B. LINDSAY,
Clerk, House of Commons.

Ottawa, Feb. 1, 1868. 654tMh12

DEPARTMENT OF INLAND REVENUE.
Ottawa, January 31, 1868.

Notice.

ON AND FROM THE First day of February 1868, ALL REQUISITIONS FOR

STAMPS!

FOR

Bills and Promissory Notes,

To be used in the Dominion of Canada by the various persons entrusted with the distribution thereof, will have to be addressed to this Department.

THOS. WORTHINGTON,
653tf For the Minister of Inland Revenue.

REMOVAL

OF THE

London Music Store!

E. MILES

DESIRES to inform the public that he has removed to the FRONT PART of

HER MAJESTY'S THEATRE,

WELLINGTON-STREET,

Where he has a larger premises, and a better means of displaying his new and fine stock of

PIANOS.

VICTORIA ORGANS AND MELODEONS.

His Show Room, up-stairs, is large and beautifully lit up, having an area of 60 feet long by 25 feet wide. The Sample Room is on the first flat, where some of each kind of Musical Instruments will be kept. Two cases of choice

VIOLINS

Have just been received, and will be offered for sale, besides a large assortment of

CONCERTINAS,
ACCORDEONS,
TAMBOURINES,
GUITARS,
FLUTES,
DRUMS,
&c., &c.

Direct from Germany.

Second hand Pianos taken in part payment for new ones.

Connected with this establishment is a Piano Manufacturer, who will attend punctually to all orders for TUNING left at the London Music Store.

E. MILES,
Lessee of Her Majesty's Theatre.

Ottawa, Feb. 1, 1868. 591-3y

GRAND

ANNUAL FESTIVAL

Mechanics' Institute & Athenæum.

UNDER THE PATRONAGE OF

Sir John A. Macdonald, K. C. B., and Lady Macdonald.

IN

HER MAJESTY'S THEATRE,

On Tuesday, 4th February.

ADDRESSES

Will be delivered by

Hon. A. ARCHIBALD, Secretary of State for the Provinces,
Hon. P. MITCHELL, Minister of Marine,
Hon. Mr. TILLEY, Minister of Customs,
Mr. Justice ARMSTRONG.

THE MUSICAL SELECTIONS will be given by Mons. and Madame Blain de St. Aubin, Mrs. R. W. Scott, Mr. Higgins, Mr. Sinclair, Mr. Steckel, Mr. O'Brien and Mons. Sulte. The accompaniments will be rendered by the favorite artiste, Miss Ryan.

ORIGINAL POEM by W. P. LETT, Esq., Cor. Sec'y of the Institute.

The P. C. O. RIFLE BRIGADE BAND will be in attendance.

The heating of the building will be carefully attended to.

The chair will be taken at 8 o'clock, by the President of the Institute.

Tickets—Dress Circle, 50 cts.; Gallery, 25 cts.

ROBERT HUNTER,
Recording Secretary.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

Institute Rooms, Feb. 1, 1868. 655td

CARD OF THANKS.

PROMPT PAYMENT—ETNA INSURANCE COMPANY OF DUBLIN.

Toronto, January 21, 1868.

To T. W. GRIFFITH, Esq.,
Manager of Etna Insur. Co. of Dublin, Montreal:

DEAR SIR,—We beg to return our sincere thanks for the prompt and liberal manner in which the Etna has paid our Claim for Four Thousand Dollars for loss by fire at our Foundry on the night of 31st December, 1867, the claim papers only being completed and placed in your hands on the 20th inst. Such promptness, we think, should entitle the Company to the support of the public.

Yours respectfully, J. G. BEARD & SON.

BONUSES! BONUSES!

Etna Fire Insurance Co. of Dublin, Ireland.

THE ETNA is the only Fire Company doing business in Canada that gives a BONUS to Policy Holders.

NEIL McKINNON, Agent,
41½ Sparks-st., Ottawa.

BONUSES! BONUSES!

POLICY HOLDERS no longer required to pay away their MONEY WITHOUT ANY RETURN. The ETNA of DUBLIN pays Bonuses every three years to Policy Holders having no losses.

NEIL McKINNON, Agent,
41½ Sparks-st., Ottawa.

February 1, 1868. 655-3

PIANOFORTES!

Messrs. Orme & Son

BEG to intimate that they have on hand one of the FINEST COLLECTIONS of

Steinway, Chickering and Dunham PIANOFORTES

That have ever been offered for sale in Ottawa. These instruments were carefully selected by Mr. Nordheimer from the factories.

INSPECTION INVITED.

A splendid CHICKERING, only a few months in use, FOR SALE CHEAP, the proprietor having gone to England.

Old Pianofortes taken in exchange.

25, Sparks-street,
Sign of the Golden Lyre.

January 27. 448y

WAR! WAR! WAR!

KEARNS & RYAN,

WELL KNOWN

Merchants of this City,

—WHO KEEP THE PEOPLE'S—

CHEAP CASH STORE!

Have declared War against all other merchants of the Capital of Canada, for imposing dear goods on the people. They will make a

Reduction of 20 per cent off Hats and Bonnets

—AND—

10 per cent off all other Cash Purchases

OVER ONE DOLLAR,

During the month of February. Rush to their establishment and judge for yourselves. No deception.

Corner of York and Sussex-sts.

Ottawa, February 3, 1868. 656d

DRY GOODS AT DISCOUNT!

$30,000

Worth of Seasonable Dry Goods

OFFERED AT

10 Cents Discount on all Cash Purchases of $1

AND UPWARDS, AT

J. A. PINARD'S.

Most of the COTTON GOODS in Stock

Have been bought within the last two months, and will offered a

REDUCTION OF 40 PER CENT

Compared with any Cotton Goods of Fall Importation in this city.

Dress Goods, Woollen Goods &c,

HAVE BEEN REDUCED IN PRICES SINCE 1st JANUARY.

This further inducement of Discount is offered in order to reduce Stock to the lowest point before *Stock Taking.*

N. B.—Sale to Commence on MONDAY, THIRD of FEBRUARY, for a short time only. Goods marked in plain figures. Only One Price.

No. 17, SUSSEX-ST., CORNER of GEORGE-ST.,

SIGN OF THE GOLDEN BALL.

Ottawa, Feb. 1, 1868. 655b6w1

IMPORTANT ANNOUNCEMENT

GREAT AUCTION SALE

OF

Bankrupt Stock of Dry Goods,

FROM MONTREAL.

THE Subscriber has been instructed by the Assignees in Montreal to sell by Auction

AT HIS AUCTION ROOMS,

No. 18 Sparks-street, on

Wednesday, 29th Instant, and following Days and Evenings,

Until the whole is sold, a large and valuable stock of DRY GOODS, FANCY GOODS, SMALL WARES, &c., for and on account of whom it may concern, the whole of which will be sold without reserve, and in lots to suit purchasers.

Sale to commence in the morning at TEN o'clock, and in the evening at SEVEN.

H. McLEAN,
Auctioneer.

Ottawa, Jan. 27, 1868. 650d

Confederation Billiard Rooms,

METCALFE-STREET.

THESE ROOMS are fitted up with three of Phelan's Standard Four Pocket Tables. The Cushions are new, and cannot be excelled for elasticity. The rooms are in charge of a competent billiard marker. Cues, balls, &c., in excellent order.

N. B.—The business is for sale, together with four years' unexpired lease of the house. Enquire on the premises.

A. MURRAY.

Ottawa, January 27, 1868. 650a

Satchell Brothers,

Butchers to His Excellency Lord Monck.

No. 7, LOWER TOWN MARKET.

Superior Stall Fed

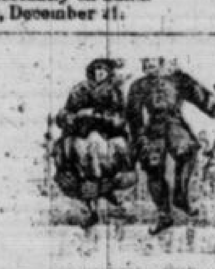
BEEF, MUTTON, LAMB AND VEAL,

SATCHELL'S

Celebrated Spiced Rounds & Rolled Beef, Cured in the English Style.

Also, Sugar Cured Hams and Bacon of their own curing, constantly on hand.

Ottawa, December 21. 621-3m



OTTAWA

Skating & Curling

CLUB.

ON AND AFTER THE 1st FEB'Y,

Tickets of Admission to Skate

FOR THE

REMAINDER OF THE SEASON!

WILL BE ISSUED AT

HALF PRICE.

Ottawa, Jan. 31, 1868. 654a

NOTICE.

APPLICATION will be made to the Parliament of Canada, now in Session, for the Incorporation of a Life Insurance Company, under the name of the "Dominion Life Insurance Association."

Ottawa, November 8, 1867. 590-1aw9

NOTICE

IS HEREBY given that I shall not be responsible for any debts contracted in my name, unless under an order signed by me.

SOPHIA MARTINEAU.

Ottawa, Jan. 22, 1868. 646d

BAZAAR.

IT is intended to hold a Bazaar on the *SEVENTEENTH of MARCH NEXT,* 1868, and following days, in aid of the DEBT on

The Parsonage of Christ Church.

Contributions will be most thankfully received from the members of the Church, and other friends in Ottawa, by the following Ladies, who have kindly consented to act as a Committee of Management

MRS. CLEMOW,
" W. F. POWELL,
" COFFIN,
" ADAMSON,
" T. M. BLASDELL,
" LAUDER,
" DONALDSON,
" JOHN THOMPSON,
" N. SPARKS,
" MAGEE,
" STREET.

ANNIE POWELL,
Secretary.

Ottawa, Dec. 23, 1867. 672d

Coal Oil! Coal Oil! Coal Oil!

RIGHT FROM THE WELLS!

JUST ARRIVED, 30 bbls. of the best No. 1 NON-EXPLOSIVE COAL OIL, such as cannot be surpassed in Canada, with neither smoke nor smell, and as clear as the water you drink, is now to be had at A. LUCKWAY'S, between the market and the creek, William-street, Ottawa, at 25 cents per gallon.

Ottawa, Jan. 21, 1868. 645a

SUN BURNER.

NO MORE Breaking of Chimneys; no More Burning of Fingers; No More Waste of Oil; No Trouble to Clean; No Trouble to Light No Anxiety About Explosions. It is a Cheap Labor Saving and Durable Article. Buy one and you will never repent doing so. Anyone dissatisfied can have their money returned.

LAMPS AND FITTINGS

ALWAYS ON HAND.

STOVES, TINWARE, &c.

Competent workmen for jobbing on the premises.

ESMONDE BROS.,
43 SPARKS-ST.,
Next Hoop Skirt Factory.

Ottawa, January 21. 311y

Scale Manufacturer.

E. DORION begs to inform the public that he has opened a SCALE MANUFACTORY in Clarence-street, second door from Sussex-street, in E. D'Amour's Blacksmith Shop, and where he is now prepared to repair all sorts of Scales in use.

Ottawa, Jany. 17. 637y

THE UNION FORWARDING

AND

RAILWAY COMPANY.

THE ANNUAL MEETING

OF THE

Subscribers of Stock

OF THE

Union Forwarding and Railway Company,

WILL BE HELD AT

THEIR OFFICE,

IN THE CITY OF OTTAWA, ON

Wednesday, 12th day of Feby. next,

TWELVE o'clock, noon, for the

ELECTION OF DIRECTORS,

And the transaction of general business.

By order,

R. S. CASSELS,
President.

Ottawa, Jan. 22, 1868. 648a

FIVE or six Gentlemen can be accommodated with BOARD in a Private Family, Laporte's Block, 61½ Sparks-street. For further information apply at this office.

Ottawa, Jan. 28, 1868. 651a

YOUNG & RADFORD'S COLUMN.

Watches,

Watches,

Watches

AT

YOUNG

AND

RADFORD'S

30 Sparks-street.

Clocks,

Clocks,

Clocks,

AT

YOUNG AND RADFORD'S.

Jewellery,

Jewellery,

Jewellery,

AT

YOUNG AND RADFORD'S.

Electro-Plated Ware,

Electro-Plated Ware,

Electro-Plated Ware,

AT

YOUNG AND RADFORD'S.

Fancy Goods,

Fancy Goods,

Fancy Goods,

AT

YOUNG AND RADFORD'S,

Manufacturing Jewellers,

30 SPARKS-STREET.

Old Gold and Silver

Bought, and highest cash price paid,

AT

YOUNG

AND

RADFORD'S

BROWNE & HARDY'S COLUMN.

1867 AND 1868.

INDIA WAREHOUSE!

16 Rideau Street, Ottawa.

THE SUBSCRIBERS beg to inform their Customers that their Stock is now complete, and embraces every delicacy of the Season, among which will be found a choice assortment of

TEAS,

Breakfast SOUCHONG, } Black Extra Fine.
do. CONGOU, }
Superior HYSON,
" GUNPOWDER,
" IMPERIAL,
" TWANKAY,
Orange PEKOE, } These Teas have been
Flowery " } carefully selected for
Japan " } family trade by

BROWNE & HARDY.

SUGARS,
LOAF,
BROKEN LOAF,
CRUSHED,
GROUND,
YELLOW,
and MUSCOVADO.

COFFEE,
MOCHA,
JAVA,
JAMAICA, and
CEYLON,

Roasted and Ground daily on the premises.

CHOCOLATE and COCOA,
FRENCH, flavored with Vanilla;
TAYLOR'S,
FRYE'S,
MOTT'S

FRUITS, &c.
LAYER RAISINS,
in Whole, Half and Quarter Boxes
MUSCATEL, do do
SULTANA,
VALENTIA,
CURRANTS,
GRAPES,
ORANGES
LEMONS,
PRUNES,
ALMONDS,
WALNUTS,
FILBERTS, and
BRAZIL NUTS.

BUTTER,
CHOICE DAIRY, in Tubs and Crocks, received Weekly.

CHEESE,
English, American and Canadian.

SPICES,
NUTMEGS,
MACE,
CINNAMON,
CLOVES,
GINGER,
MIXED SPICES,
All Ground on the Premises

Also a Great Variety of
MUSTARD,
PEPPER,
PICKLES,
SAUCES,
POTTED MEATS,
PRESERVES,
In Jars and Bottles;
BOTTLED FRUITS
In Syrup.

SYRUPS,
LEMON,
GINGER,
ORANGE,
BAVARIA,
PEACH,
RASPBERRY, and
STRAWBERRY

BREAKFAST RELISHES,
Morrison, Taylor & Co's
HAMS and ROLL BACON,
OX TONGUES,
BLOATERS,
LOCHFINE HERRINGS,
DIGBY do
TABLE COD FISH,
SALMON,
TROUT, and
WHITE FISH

PROVISIONS,
Extra Wheat Flour,
Buckwheat do
Indian Meal do
Oatmeal,
Cracked Wheat,
Graham Flour,
Rice and Barley
Maccaroni,
Vermicelli,
Gelatine,
Patent Groats
Sago,
Tapioca,
Ground Rice, and
Olives and Truffles.

WINES,
SANDEMAN'S,
GRAHAM'S,
HUNT'S,
PEMARTIN & Co.,
DUFFGORDON & Co.,
BURGUNDY, and
CLARET, in Wood and Bottle.

We have an excellent Dinner SHERRY, which we will sell until after the Holidays, at 7s. 6d. per gallon.

CHAMPAGNE,
GREEN SEAL, and other brands, in Pints and Quarts, from $12 to $24 per dozen.

BRANDY,
MARTELL'S,
HENNESSEY'S vintage of 1855, at $5 per gallon;
OTARD, DUPUY & Co.,
and other brands, at $2 50 per gallon, or $6 50 per dozen.

WHISKEY, Scotch, Irish and Canadian;
GIN, RUM,
ALE, Scotch, English and Canadian;
PORTER, do do do

BALTIMORE OYSTERS, in Tins;
BEDEQUE OYSTERS, in Shell at $2 50 per barrel.
LOBSTERS, in Tins,
FRESH MACKEREL in do,
do SALMON in do.

And a great variety of Goods too numerous to mention, which we offer at prices that must please our customers.

BROWNE & HARDY.

Ottawa, November 19 405t

Great Discount Sale of Dry Goods.

Ten Cents off every Dollar,

Sixpence off every Five Shillings,

Two Shillings off every Pound

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY,

NO. 14, RIDEAU-STREET.

Respectfully announce that in order to clear out the balance of their

Fall and Winter Stock

They will for one month from this date

Give a Discount of Ten Per Cent.

On all Cash purchases of Two Dollars and Over.

Ottawa, January 14, 1868. 639-1m

Furniture! Furniture! Furniture!

AT THE

VARIETY HALL,

34, Sussex-st.

A MOST Complete Stock of Black Walnut and other Furniture, in Cane and Hair Seated Chairs, Tete-a-Tetes, Sofas, Extension Dining Tables, Centre Tables, Sideboards, Chiffonniers, Wardrobes, Bureaus, Bedsteads, Washstands and Toilet Tables. Also, Hair, Excelsior and Sea Grass Mattresses, of all sizes, Gilt Mirrors, Toilet and other Looking Glasses, Table Cutlery of all kinds, Brushes, Brooms, and Wooden Ware of various descriptions, Table and Floor Mats, Soiled Linen Baskets, a beautiful article, Rocking Horses, Children's Sleighs, and the best assorted stock of Crockery, China and Glassware in the Dominion. This stock being all purchased to the best advantage will consequently be sold cheap.

Crockery, China, Glassware, stoves and Furniture rented to private or public parties at a reasonable rate.

JOSEPH BOYDEN,
429y General Agent.

Skates! Skates!

At ISAAC'S.

ALSO,

SLEIGHS, SLEIGHS

ALL PRESENTS BY SANTA CLAUS,

At ISAAC'S.

Skates from 20 Cents to $6.00

At ISAAC'S,
Sparks-street,

ALSO,

Hardware of all Description

At Lowest Cash Prices,

At ISAAC'S.

Remember the place,

T. ISAAC'S.

December 17, 1867. 617tf

NEW STORE!

THE Store formerly occupied by W. D. WOOD, No. 38, on RIDEAU STREET, has been refitted by the subscribers, and will be opened on MONDAY, FOURTEENTH OCTOBER, with an entire new stock of

GROCERIES,

LIQUORS AND

HARDWARE.

WOOD & ROSSITER.

Ottawa, October 12, 1867. 561-tf

BUY YOUR TEA

DIRECT FROM

THE IMPORTERS

TEA! TEA! TEA!

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY, 6 Hospital Street, Montreal, having just imported a large quantity of Green and Black Teas, beg to call the attention of the Trade, Hotel Proprietors, and large establishments generally to their list of prices. Buyers of Chests and Boxes of Tea will save money by getting it direct through the Importers.

All orders for 25 lb. boxes and upwards, carriage free to any Railway Station in Canada. Parties wanting smaller quantities should club together. Buyers living beyond Railway Stations, will please send post office order, or enclose notes. The carriage will be paid to the nearest station, where there are express offices. Tea will be forwarded immediately on receipt of the order by mail containing money, or the money can be collected on delivery by express man. Cash collected in Montreal free of charge, and Tea forwarded for the same. Original packages Black Tea weigh, ½ chests about 50 lbs. Chests do. 90 to 100 lbs. Green Tea from 60 to 80 lbs. Teas not mentioned in advertisement can be had equally cheap. The Company are determined to take a stand in the Montreal market, every article may therefore be depended on as to quality and weight.

BLACK TEA.

Common Congou, Broken Leaf, Strong Tea	$00 45
Fine Flavoured New Season do	00 55
Excellent Full Flavoured do	00 75
Sound Oolong	00 45
Rich Flavoured do	00 60
Very Fine do	00 75
Japan	00 58
Very Fine do	00 75
An excellent mixed Tea, Black and Green	00 60

GREEN TEA.

Twankay, Common	$00 38
Fine do	00 55
Young Hyson	00 60
Fine do	00 75
Superfine and Very Choice	1 00
Fine Gunpowder	00 85
Extra Superfine do	1 00

Reductions made to buyers of Five Chests and upwards.

Address

MONTREAL TEA CO.,
6, Hospital-st., Montreal.

Agent for Ottawa and neighborhood,

MR. JOS. MOONEY.

All Boxes and Chests sent from this Establishment have the address of the *MONTREAL TEA COMPANY* printed on them.

August 27, 1867. 52234-wy

KEATING'S COUGH LOZENGES

THIS Universal Remedy now stands the first in public favor and confidence; this result has been acquired by the test of fifty years' experience. These Lozenges may be found on sale in every British Colony; and throughout India and China they have been highly esteemed wherever introduced. For COUGHS, ASTHMA, and all Affections of the Throat and Chest, they are the most agreeable and efficacious remedy; they do not contain opium or any other deleterious drug, and may therefore be taken with perfect safety by the most delicate constitution.

Prepared and sold in boxes, tins and bottles of various sizes, by THOMAS KEATING, Chemist, &c., 79, St. Paul's Churchyard, London. Sold Retail by all Druggists and Patent Medicine Vendors in the World 668-1a20

NOTICE.

APPLICATION will be made to the Parliament of Canada, now in Session, for the Incorporation of a Company for the purpose of guaranteeing the fidelity of persons in situations of trust, under the name of the "Dominion Guarantee Association."

Ottawa, November 8, 1867. 590-1aw9

Piano-Forte Tuition!

W. C. CLARK,

PROFESSOR OF MUSIC and Teacher of Piano, Voice and Harmony. Also, Mrs Clark, Teacher of Drawing and Painting. Music Rooms and Residence, 69 Sparks-street, one door east of Toronto House.

Orders may be left at residence or at Orme & Son's Music Store. 452y

BARGAINS

—IN—

DRESS GOODS!

IN ORDER to make a Clearance of the remainder of our Winter Stock of COBURGS, WINCIES, MERINOS, REPPS, SERGES, FANCY POPLINETTES, &c., we have RE-MARKED *the whole lot at such prices as will shew a Reduction of from 12½ to 20 per cent under former prices.*

REMNANTS, REMNANTS, REMNANTS!

We have also brought forward our accumulation of Remnants of every kind, and marked them at Very Low Prices.

Magee & Russell.

Ottawa, Jan. 10, 1867. 380y

Ottawa CROCKERY Store!

PRESENTATION ORNAMENTS.

WILLIAM ALLAN

RESPECTFULLY announces the arrival of a Choice Selection of China and Bohemian Glass Flower Vases and Ornaments suitable for Xmas and New Year's Gifts. Also, the most complete Stock of China, Glass, Earthenware and Parian Marble ever brought into Ottawa, consisting of

DINNER SETTS, DESSERT SETTS,
BREAKFAST SETTS, TOILET SETTS.

Frosted and Engraved, Cut and Pressed TABLE GLASS, and an assortment of Common Ware to wholesale purchasers.

A large and most varied Stock to select from:

W. ALLAN,
51 *RIDEAU STREET, (opposite Mr. D. Whalen's.)*

Ottawa, December 19, 1867. 574y

FIRST CLASS

Tailoring Establishment.

BEING desirous to dispose of the balance of my WINTER STOCK, in order to make room for

Spring Importations.

For two months I shall offer such inducements to intending purchasers as will enable me to make a ready sale, and my customers a good investment

Please Call and Examine.

G. M. HOLBROOK,

PEG TOP DEPOT, Elgin-street,
381y Opposite the Post Office.

GREAT CLEARING SALE.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.

Importers, 20 Sparks Street,

With a view to clear out the stock and make room for extensive

Spring Importations!

Are offering the following goods at prices that must ensure speedy sale.

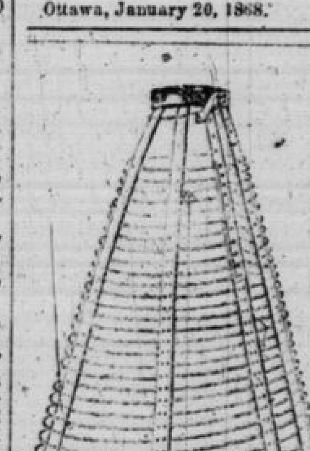
Blankets, Flannels,
Cloths, Tweeds,
Cottons, Prints,
Wincies, Dress Goods,
Skirtings, Linen Table Damasks,
Jackets, Shawls,

AND MILLINERY.

Inspection Invited.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.

Ottawa, January 20, 1868. 484y



City Hoop Skirt Factory.

The Double Extension Skirt.

THIS new and convenient Skirt I am now making in all widths of tape. The great advantage this Skirt has over all others: ladies can alter it themselves to any width they wish, from 1½ yards to 3 yards, without the least trouble. They only can be had at the Factory. Every other style of Skirt on hand or made to order. Just received another lot of

FRENCH CORSETS,

Every size, from 17 inches to 36 inches. Also, a few of those old fashioned Corsets, (lacing at the back.)

Lambs' Wool Hose, Breakfast Shawls.

Also, a large lot of Linen and Lawn Pocket Handkerchiefs, cheap.

DAVID MILLAR,
456y. 43 Sparks-st, Centre Town, next to Esmonde's Stove Depot.

SHEFFIELD HOUSE!

E. K. MacGILLIVRAY & Co.,

MANUFACTURING JEWELLERS

—AND—

WATCHMAKERS.

OTTAWA, January 21, 1868.

New Premises and Cheap Goods.

GRANT & HENDERSON

Having recently moved into their new premises, **No. 20, Rideau-street,** one of the firm visited lately the Montreal Markets, and secured a very large stock of entirely

NEW GOODS,

At most EXTRAORDINARY REDUCTIONS in price, which cannot in a legitimate manner be undersold in this city.

RIDEAU STREET. December 24, 1867. 623d

WHEELER & WILSON'S SEWING MACHINES.

THE BEST HOLIDAY PRESENT.

From $47 and upwards.

FIVE per cent. off for cash if bills until after the holidays. One handsome Mahogany full case $8 discount.

Gross Street, Dec. 1867.

The Howe Sewing Machines from $50 Up.

Grout & Co.'s Twisted Elastic Stitch only $15.

Call and See this Little beauty. Prospectuses and Samples sent Free by Mail.

December 19, 1867. 579-43y G. A. WALTON, Agent, 37 Sparks Street, Ottawa.

Dry Goods at Reduced Prices.

Cunningham and Lindsay

— ARE NOW SELLING —

Canadian Grey Cloth at 3s. 3d. per yard,
Canadian Tweeds at 4s. per yard,
Canadian Cotton Yarn at 7s. 6d. a Bundle.
Canadian Bags at 1. 9d

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY

Invite particular Attention to their

BLANKETS, FLANNELS AND MANTLE CLOTHS.

Ottawa, November 18, 867. 510y

CAUTION.

THE perfection and cheapness of the American (Waltham) Watch have given it such a world-wide celebrity that unscrupulous dealers years ago instituted its style and plirated its trade marks. Irresponsible dealers are occasionally found who dishonestly trade upon the popularity of the American watch by selling a base imitation under the name of the genuine article.

It is hardly necessary to state that such watches are worthless as time keepers, and when bought for the genuine are calculated to injure the high reputation which our watches have attained. The several grades of the American which (except the lowest grade marked Home Watch Co.) are guaranteed by special contract to bearing the name of the Waltham, and the signature of the Treasurer of the Company, N. E. Robbins. The purchaser should in all cases require one of these certificates, which is furnished to all dealers in the genuine watches.

The following are the trade marks on the several grades of our manufacture:

AMERICAN WATCH CO. APPLETON, TRACY & CO.
WALTHAM WATCH CO. P. S. BARTLETT.
WM. ELLERY. HOME WATCH CO.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD CO.
Office of the General Superintendent
Altoona, Pa., 15th Dec., 1866.

Gentlemen—The watches Manufactured by you have been in use on this Railroad for several years by our engine men, to whom we furnish watches as part of our equipment. There are some THREE HUNDRED OF THEM CARRIED ON OUR LINE, and we consider them GOOD and RELIABLE TIME KEEPERS. Indeed I have great satisfaction in saying YOUR WATCHES GIVE US LESS TROUBLE and have worn and do wear much longer without repairs than any watches we have ever had in use on this road. As you are aware we former y trusted to those of English manufacture, of acknowledged good reputation, but as a class they never keep time as correctly, nor have they done as efficient service as yours.

In these statements I am sustained by my predecessor, Mr. Lewis, whose experience extended over a series of years.

Respectfully,
EDWARD H. WILLIAMS,
General Superintendent.

American Watch Co., Waltham.

NEW YORK CENTRAL RAILROAD.
Locomotive Dep't Western Division,
Rochester, Dec. 24th, 1866.

Gentlemen—I have no hesitation in saying that I believe the great majority of locomotive engineers have found by experience that WALTHAM WATCHES ARE THE MOST SATISFACTORY of any for their uses. They RUN WITH THE GREATEST ACCURACY AND STEADINESS, notwithstanding the rough riding of an engine; and as I have NEVER KNOWN ONE TO WEAR OUT they must be durable. I hope to see the time when railway companies will generally adopt your watches, and furnish them all to engineers and conductors. In my opinion it would greatly tend to promote regularity and safety.

Yours respectfully,
CHARLES WILSON,
G. Chief Engineer,
Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers.

American Watch Co., Waltham.

For sale by all first-class dealers in the United States and British Provinces.

ROBBINS & APPLETON
No. 182 Broadway, N. Y.
ROBERT WILKES,
Toronto and Montreal,
GENERAL AGENTS.

November, 14, 1867. 505-48 3m.

ANNUAL MEETING.

General Protestant Hospital.

The Annual Meeting OF THE

SUBSCRIBERS

Will be held in

The Directors' Hall,

ON

Tuesday, the Fourth Day of February

Next, at the hour of two o'clock, in the afternoon, to receive the

Annual Report,

And for

The Election of Directors.

The public is respectfully invited to attend.

ALEXANDER WORKMAN,
W. H. THOMPSON,
GEO. HAY,
H. MCCORMICK,
ROD. ROSS,
Trustees.

Ottawa, Janv. 3, 186 632d

GREAT DISCOVERY.

EVERY MAN HIS OWN ARTIST!

A SCIENTIFIC WONDER.

AN Instrument by which any person can take correct Likenesses or Photographs, &c. This instrument with full instructions sent by mail for one dollar. Address,

G. & B. AMES & CO.
641-3m 181 Broadway, New York.

1867-8. BOOKS, BOOKS! 1867-8.

FOR THE

Holiday Season.

The Most Attractive Gifts.

J. DURIE & SON

HAVE now in stock a splendid variety of GIFT BOOKS. A splendid lot of TOY BOOKS for little ones.

The Poets
The Standard Authors,
Fine Illustrated Gift Books,
Family Bibles, in rich calf and morocco bindings.

Here's celebrated Illustrated Books, Christmas and New Year's Gift Paper, Envelopes and Cards. Bibles, Prayers and Religious Books—the largest stock ever offered in the city, in the newest patterns and richest bindings. The Annuals for 1868, and everything suitable for the Gift season, for sale by

J. DURIE & SON,
10 Sparks-st.,
Opposite the Russell House

498y

DARLEY'S Arabian Heave Remedy

AND CONDITION MEDICINE

IS POSITIVELY SUPERIOR TO ANY or all other preparations for the cure of *Horses, Coughs, Thick and Broken Wind*, and all diseases which affect the *Wind of Horses*; also, as a *Condition Medicine*, surpassing everything of the kind. Easy to give, sure to cure, and safe in all cases and at all times, and does not prevent the horse from being worked while using it.

It diseases the breathing apparatus, by removing from the air-cells, the coagulable lymph, or that secretion which is heaves clogs them, causing difficulty in breathing, and by its action on the diseased part, causing the mucous membrane to resume its natural dimensions, thus equalizing the circulation of the blood, and restoring the distended vessels to their natural size; by its use the horse's appetite is improved, all derangements of the digestive organs corrected, softening the skin, and giving to the coat a sleek and shining appearance.

D. W. HURD, Successor to Hurd & Co., Maiden Lane, New York, Sole Proprietor for the United States.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C.W.,
Proprietors for the Canadas
PRICE TWENTY-FIVE CENTS.

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, Henry F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J. Brown, in Ottawa.

Ottawa, Nov. 1, 18 7. 577twfm

among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

THE CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER has now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for those complaints. Orders are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying as to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it. Physicians order and use it, and no family will without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C. W.,
General Agents for C. W.

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, H. F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J. Brown, in Ottawa.

Ottawa, Nov. 1, 1867 Tfap

RAILROADS.

Grand Trunk Railway Company OF CANADA.

WINTER ARRANGEMENTS, 1867.

TRAINS now leave Bonaventure Station as follows:

GOING WEST—Day Express for Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago and all points West, at 8.30 A.M. Night Express at 7.30 P.M.

Accommodation Train for Kingston and intermediate stations at 7.00 A.M.

Local Train for Cornwall and intermediate stations, at 4.20 P.M.

Trains for Lachine at 8.00 A.M., 9.30 A.M., 3.00 and 4.30 P.M.

The 3.00 P.M. Train runs through to Plattsburgh.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST—Accommodation Train from Island Pond and intermediate Stations, at 7.00 A.M.

Express for New York and Boston, at 8.10 A.M.

Express for Boston and New York, at 3.30 P.M.

Express for Portland (stopping over night at Island Pond) at 2.40 P.M.

Night Express for Portland, Three Rivers, Quebec and Riviere du Loup, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbrooke, Waterville and Costigan only, at 10.10 P.M.

Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.

For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station.

C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director
December 23, 1867. 639tf

CHANGE of TIME

St. Lawrence & Ottawa Railway,

(formerly the Ottawa & Prescott Railway.)

ON and after MONDAY, the 30th December, 1867, and until further notice, trains will run as follows:

LEAVE PRESCOTT.	ARRIVE IN OTTAWA.
Mixed, 7.30 a.m.	11.00 a.m.
Express, 2.10 p.m.	4.45 p.m.

LEAVE OTTAWA.	ARRIVE IN PRESCOTT.
Express, 8 a.m.	10.30 a.m.
Mixed, 1.30 p.m.	4.45 p.m.

The time of these Trains has been so arranged as to ensure connection with night and day trains on Grand Trunk, east and west.

N. B.—These Trains run on Montreal Time.

Baggage to and from Ottawa checked through from and to stations on Grand Trunk Railway.

Return tickets to Prescott, Kemptville and Ottawa at reduced rates can be had at the principal stations on the line.

F. S. DETLOR, Superintendent. THOMAS REYNOLDS, Managing Director.

Ottawa, Dec 28, 1867. 1y

Brockville and Ottawa Railway.

WINTER ARRANGEMENT

Commencing on Monday, December 9, 1867.

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

3:45 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 3.45 p.m., and arrive at Sandpoint at 9.25 p.m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT.

6:45 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint daily at 6:45 a.m., and arrive at Brockville at 1:00 p.m.

LEAVES PERTH.

5:00 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Perth at 5:00 p.m., and 9:40 a.m., and arrive at Smith's Falls at 5:50 p.m. and 10.0 a.m.

LEAVES SMITH'S FALLS.

10:50 A.M.—TRAINS will leave Smith's Falls at 10:50 a.m., and 6:35 p.m., and arrive at Perth at 11:40 a.m., and 6:35 p.m.

All trains on main line connect at Smith's Falls with Trains to and from Perth.

No. 1 leaves Brockville after G. T. R. Express Train is due from the East.

No. 2 is due at Brockville in time to connect with G. T. R. Express Trains for the East and West.

H. ABBOTT,
Manager for Trustees.

Brockville, Dec. 16, 477y

Royal Canadian Bank

OTTAWA AGENCY:

Office—Desbarats' Building, 77 Sparks St

M. P. HAYES,
AGENT.

Ottawa, June 21. 157tf

DALGLISH & RUSSELL.

ARE NOW IN RECEIPT OF THEIR new and varied assortment of

Grocery Goods

Consisting of—Teas, Gunpowder, Old Hyson, Young Hyson, Hyson, Twankay, Black, Extra Fine English Breakfast Souchong, Congou ditto, Oolong, Orange Pekoe, Finest Japans.

Coffees.—Java, Jamaica, La Guayra, Mocha Roasted and Ground on the premises.

Sugars.—English, refined in loaves, Broken Loaf, Crushed White, Yellow Refined.

Chocolate and Cocoa Spices, Mustards, Essences, Syrups, Pickles, Sauces, Vinegars, and Bottled Fruits, in Syrup, Preserves, Potted Meats, Fruits &c. Also, Provisions, Sugar Cured Hams, Spice Rolled Hams, Bacon, Butter, Cheese, Crackers, Biscuits, Flour, Oatmeal, Barley, Peas, Rice, Labrador Herrings, Table Codfish, Digby Herrings, &c., &c.

Our stock is extensive and complete, and every article warranted to give satisfaction. All orders sent or left will be promptly attended to.

All Goods delivered on the shortest notice

Dalglish & Russell,
Wellington & Kent-sts.

Take Highest Premiums at the Paris Exposition.

PLATFORM, COUNTER, Warehouse, Grain, Coal, Hay, Railroad Track, Depot, Druggist, Gold, and all kinds of SCALES constantly on hand and for Sale.

FAIRBANKS, BROWN & Co.,
Boston, Mass.

Our Sole Agents in Ottawa,

ALEXANDER WORKMAN & Co.

November 18, 1867. 592-6m

NOTICE

IS hereby given that application will be made to each and every Parliament having jurisdiction, at the present or next session thereof, respectively, for an act to amend the act chaptered 104, passed at the Session of the Parliament for the late Province of Canada, held the 29th and 30th years of the Reign of Her Majesty Queen Victoria, intituled "An Act to Incorporate the Ottawa City Passenger Railway Company."

Dec. 2nd, 1867. 607zm

Bottled Ale, Bottled Ale, Bottled Ale.

THE Subscriber would call the attention of Families and others to his

Fine Bottled Ale!

Which is in splendid condition. Also,

Scotch, Irish, Old Rye

And other Malt Whiskies,

&

Ports, Sherries, Brandies, Gin, &c.,

Together with a General Assortment of

FIRST-CLASS GROCERIES.

A Call Kindly Solicited.

D. WHELAN,
44, Rideau-street,
Opposite Allan's Crockery Store

Ottawa, Jan. 20, 18 8.

FOR SALE.

850 PAIRS of Grey Twilled BLANKETS, in bales of 50 pairs

—ALSO,—

Canadian White Twilled and Whitney Blankets. English Grey Blankets, weighing from 5 to 10 pounds each.

E. McGILLIVRAY.

Ottawa, December 23, 1867. 612-3m

NOTICE.

APPLICATION will be made during the present Session of the Parliament of Canada for an act to incorporate The European and American Life Insurance Company.

January 22, 1868 647tf

THE CAPITAL

Boot and Shoe Store!

South Side of York-street, Lower Ottawa.

A LARGE SUPPLY of HAND-MADE KIPP BOOTS and SHOES of the VERY BEST QUALITY on hand.

Lumbermen who are anxious to furnish work men with GOOD FEET WARE, will be enabled to do so by calling at the CAPITAL for their supplies.

I am selling off the balance of the Winter Stock of READYMADE WORK at REDUCED PRICES, which consists of Ladies' Misses' and Children's BALMORALS, CONGRESS GAITERS, RUBBERS and OVERSHOES, and Men's and Boys' Boots in CALF SKIN, KIPP and COW HIDE.

Orders and Measures taken for all sorts of Work.

GEORGE MURPHY.

Ottawa Jan. 31, 1868. 429-y

AYER'S Sarsaparilla

FOR PURIFYING THE BLOOD.

And for the speedy cure of the following complaints:

Scrofula and Scrofulous Affections, such as Tumors, Ulcers, Sores, Eruptions, Pimples, Pustules, Blotches, Boils, Blains, and all Skin Diseases.

OAKLAND, Ind., 6th June, 1859.

J. C. AYER & Co. Gentlemen: I feel it my duty to acknowledge what your Sarsaparilla has done for me. Having inherited a Scrofulous infection, I have suffered from it in various ways for years. Sometimes it burst out in Ulcers on my hands and arms; sometimes it turned inward and distressed me at the stomach. Two years ago I broke out on my head and covered my scalp and ears with one sore, which was painful and loathsome beyond description. I tried many medicines and several physicians, but without much relief from any thing. In fact, the disease grew worse. At length I was required to read in the Gospel Messenger that you had prepared an alterative (Sarsaparilla), for I knew from your reputation that anything you made must be good. I went to the nearest store and got it, and used it till it cured me. I took it as you advise, a small dose of a teaspoonful over a month, and used almost three bottles. New and healthy skin was begun to form under the scab, which after a while fell off. My skin is now clear, and I know by my feelings that the disease has gone from my system. You can well believe that I feel what I am saying when I tell you, that I hold you to be one of the apostles of the age, and remain ever gratefully, Yours,

ALFRED B. TALLEY.

St. Anthony's Fire, Rose or Erysipelas, Tetter and Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Ringworm, Sore Eyes, Dropsy.

Dr. Robert M. Preble writes from Salem, N. Y., 12th Sept., 1859, that he has cured an inveterate case of *Dropsy*, which threatened to terminate fatally, by the exclusive use of our Sarsaparilla, and also a dangerous *Malignant Erysipelas* by large doses of the same; says he cures the common *Eruptions* by it constantly.

Bronchocele, Goitre or Swelled Neck.

Zebulon Sloan of Prospect, Texas, writes: "Three bottles of your sarsaparilla cured me from a *Goitre*—a hideous swelling on the neck, which I had suffered from over two years."

Leucorrhœa or Whites, Ovarian Tumor, Uterine Ulceration, Female Diseases.

Dr. J. B. S. Channing, of New York City, writes: "I have cheerfully complied with the request of your agent in writing. I have found your Sarsaparilla a most excellent alterative in the numerous complaints for which we employ such a remedy, but especially in *Female Diseases of the scrofulous diathesis*. I have cured many inveterate cases of Leucorrhœa by it, and some where the complaint was caused by *ulceration of the uterus*. The ulceration itself was soon cured. Nothing within my knowledge equals it for these female demonstrations."

Edward S. Marrow, of Newbury, Ala., writes: "A dangerous ovarian tumor on one of the females in my family, which had defied all the remedies we could employ, has for a length been completely cured by your Extract of Sarsaparilla. Our physician thought nothing but extirpation could afford relief, but he advised the trial of your sarsaparilla as the last resort before cutting, and it proved effectual. After taking your remedy eight weeks the symptom of the disease remained."

Syphilis and Mercurial Disease.

NEW ORLEANS, 25th August, 1859.

Dr. J. C. AYER: Sir, I cheerfully comply with the request of your agent, and resort to you some of the effects have realized with your Sarsaparilla.

I have cured with it, in my practice, most of the complaints for which it is recommended, and have found its effects truly wonderful in the cure of *Venereal and Mercurial Diseases*. One of my patients had Syphilitic ulcers in his throat, which were consuming his palate and the roof of his mouth. Your Sarsaparilla, steadily taken, cured him in five weeks. Another was attacked by secondary symptoms in his nose, and the alleviation had taken away a considerable part of it, so that I believe the disorder would soon reach his brain and kill him. But it yielded to my administration of your Sarsaparilla; the ulcers healed, and he is well again, not of course without some disfiguration to his face. A woman who had been treated for the same disorder by mercury was suffering from the poison in her bones. They had become so sensitive to the weather that on a damp day she suffered excruciating pain in her joints and bones. She, too, was cured entirely by your sarsaparilla in a few weeks. I know from its formula, which your agent gave me, that this Preparation from your laboratory must be a great remedy; consequently, these truly remarkable results with it have not surprised me.

Fraternally yours, G. V. LARIMER, M. D.

Rheumatism, Gout, Liver Complaint.

INDEPENDENCE, Preston Co., Va., 6th July, 1859.

Dr. J. C. AYER: Sir, I have been afflicted with a painful *chronic Rheumatism* for a long time, which baffled the skill of physicians, and stuck to me in spite of all the medies I could find, until I tried your Sarsaparilla. One bottle cured me in two weeks, and restored my general health so much that I am far better than before I was attacked. I think it a wonderful medicine. J. FREAM.

Jules Y. Gatchell, of St. Louis, writes: "I have been afflicted for years with an *affection of the Liver*, which destroyed my health. I tried every thing, and every thing failed to relieve me; and I have been a broken-down man for some years from no other cause than *derangement of Liver*. My beloved pastor, the Rev. Mr. Espy, advised me to try your Sarsaparilla, because he said he knew you, and any thing you made was worth trying. By the blessing of God it has cured me, and has so purified my blood as to make a new man of me. I feel young again. The fact that can be said of you is not half good enough."

Scirrhus, Cancer Tumors, Enlargement, Ulceration, Caries and Exfoliation of the Bones.

A great variety of cases have been reported to us where cures of these formidable complaints have resulted from the use of this remedy, but our space here will not admit of them. Some of them may be found in our American Almanac, which the agent below named are pleased to furnish gratis to all who call for them.

Dyspepsia, Heart Disease, Fits, Epilepsy, Melancholy, Neuralgia

Many remarkable cures of these affections have been made by the alterative power of this medicine. It stimulates the vital functions into vigorous action, and thus overcomes disorders which would be supposed beyond its reach. Such a remedy has long been required by the sufferers of the people, and we are confident that this will be to them all that medicine can do.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,

FOR THE RAPID CURE OF

Coughs, Colds, Influenza, Hoarseness, Croup, Bronchitis, Incipient Consumption, and for the Relief of Consumptive Patients in advanced Stages of the Disease.

This is a remedy so universally known to surpass any other for the cure of throat and lung complaints, that it is useless here to publish the evidence of its virtues. Its unrivalled excellence for coughs and colds, and its truly wonderful cures of pulmonary disease, have made it known throughout the civilized nations of the earth. Few are the communities, or even families, among them who have not some personal experience of its effects—some living trophy in their midst of its victory over the subtile and dangerous disorders of the throat and lungs. Is all know the dreadful fatality of these disorders, and none but know, too, the effects of this remedy, we need not remind them to assure them that it has now all the virtues that it did have when making its cures which have won so strongly upon the confidence of mankind.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, H. F. MacCarthy, and John Skinner, in Ottawa.

Royal Italian Bitters!

—OR—

TONICO REALE

DEL DOTTORE F. P. VERRI,

Professor of Chemistry in the University of PADUA

ITALY.

THIS celebrated preparation for which a certificate of merit was awarded to the distinguished original preparer at the National Exposition at Torino, Italy, by whose favor Mr. Gianelli obtained that recipe, and was also awarded a diploma at the Provincial Exhibition of Canada held at Montreal in September, 1866, is, without exception, the most genuine, salubrious and agreeable Tonic ever introduced to public notice either in Europe or America.

For seventeen years it has, in Italy, been a universal favorite among the *elite* of society, being generally served in the drawing room before dinner, in preference to Vermouth.

The ingredients of its composition have been imparted to the leading Physicians of Canada and the United States, and have received their unqualified approval on every account.

The proprietor refers with the greatest confidence and satisfaction to the subjoined testimonials from eminent medical men, which he could add to, were it desirable.

Kept by the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion of Canada and in the United States.

Sold by the Proprietor:

Dear Sir: You request my opinion of the "Royal Italian Bitters," prepared from a receipt of Dr Verri, of Padua. I beg to state that I consider it a most agreeable cordial tonic, in every way superior in flavour and composition to the ordinary bitter tonics in general use. I have recommended it to several patients, who have derived marked benefit from its use

I am, dear sir, yours faithfully,

G. E. FENWICK, M.D.

A. M. F. GIANELLI, Esq., Montreal.

A. M. F. GIANELLI,
26, Hospital-street, Montreal.

Montreal, February, 1867.

MR. GIANELLI,—*Dear Sir*: Having received from you a sample of the Royal Italian Bitters of Dr. Verri, as prepared by you, I have much pleasure in certifying to its very excellent qualities as an agreeable and exhilarating tonic Bitter; nothing equal to it has ever come under my notice. Having also been made acquainted with its composition and mode of preparation, I feel nothing better could have been devised for general use; from its effects which I have observed in several cases, I think very many who now suffer from indigestion and dyspepsia in their various forms will find in it a panacea for all their ills.

Very truly,

W. E. BESSEY, M.D., C.M., &c.,
Beaver Hall Hill.

Letter from Drs. Prevoult.

Montreal, July 27, 1866.

TO MR. ANGELIA GIANELLI.

Dear Sir: We are pleased to acknowledge the reception of the prescription of your valuable tonic and bitters, entitled "The Royal." All the substances contained in its composition are perfectly combined to form a preparation fit for the purposes detailed in your directions.

We are, dear Sir, yours sincerely,

DRS. PICAULT & SON.

New York, May 14, 1867.

A. M. F. GIANELLI, Esq., Montreal.

Dear Sir: Just recovering from a long and severe illness, I have received a sample of your Tonico Reale and from its use have derived considerable benefit, as I find my appetite and digestion much improved, and hesitate not to recommend it as one of the best and most agreeable Tonics I have ever used.

WILLIAM ARNOLD,

A.B., Trinity College, Dublin; M. R. C. S. London; M. D., New York, Licentiate Royal College Havana.

Letter from Dr. J. L. Leprohon, City Health Officer.

Montreal, March 29, 1867.

Dear Sir: My absence from Montreal has prevented me from acknowledging sooner the reception of your note and accompanying sample of the "Royal Italian Bitters."

I have no hesitation in stating that the ingredients entering into their composition are of a nature to render them decidedly useful in many cases of weakness of the digestive organs and of the general constitution. Their flavour is also very pleasant.

I remain, dear Sir, yours very sincerely,

J. L. LEPROHON, M.D.

A. GIANELLI, Proprietor Cosmopolitan Hotel, Montreal

St. Temple-street, Boston,

July 1, 1867.

A. M. F. GIANELLI, Esq.,

My Dear Sir: I beg to acknowledge the receipt of a sample of your Royal Italian Bitters together with a note imparting to me the formula for their preparation. Having a large field where to try the effect of your Bitters, I have obtained flattering success in cases requiring the use of a mild, stimulating tonic, and I will recommend your Bitters with pleasure in dyspepsia, indigestion, loss of appetite, general debility, and constitutional inactivity of the liver.

I remain, my dear Mr. Gianelli, yours, very truly,

E. DE LA GRANJA, M.D.

Letter from Dr. Hally, Professor of Midwifery and Diseases of Women and Children, McGill College.

Montreal, March 15, 1866.

My Dear Sir: I have to acknowledge from you the reception of a sample of your "Royal Bitters," of your own manufacture, and have subsequently had the opportunity afforded me of becoming acquainted not only with their preparation but also with the materials which enter into their composition. Nothing, I think, can excel the mode of filtration adopted, while the small amount of vinous ingredients must recommend them to general favour, even to those who usually disapprove of the use of such beverages, the proportion being only just sufficient to maintain their composition unimpaired in climates subject to considerable fluctuations of temperature.

From the nature or character of the materials employed in their composition, it is impossible to regard them otherwise than as the healthful, invigorating, yet mild tonic or stomachic, especially adapted to stomachs enfeebled by general sickness, and whose energy requires a gentle stimulus, preparatory to the indigestion of food.

I shall have pleasure in recommending their use in such suitable cases as may present themselves to me. I remain, dear Sir, yours very truly,

A. HALL, M.D.,
Professor Midwifery, McGill University.

A. GIANELLI, Esq., &c. &c., &c., &c.

From Dr. Muir, C. B. Inspector-General H. M. Hospitals in British America.

Montreal, August 1, 1866.

Sir: Having much practical experience of Bitters in the West Indies, in India, and other parts of the world where they are in request, I have no hesitation in giving it as my opinion that Dr Verri's "Tonico Reale" is the *very best I have ever met with.*

W. M. MUIR, M.D., Inspector-General.

Letter from Professor Smallwood, of McGill University.

32 Beaver Hall Terrace,
Montreal, August 1, 1866.

I am opinion that Dr. Verri's "Tonic Reale" is a very pleasant and palatable form for the exhibition of tonic bitters, in cases requiring such a preparation.

CHAS. SMALLWOOD, M.D., LL.D., D.C.L.

To A. M. F. GIANELLI, Esq., Montreal.

20, East 25th-street,
New York, May 9, 1867.

To A. M. F. GIANELLI, Esq.,

Dear Sir,—The "Tonico Reale" I have tried faithfully, and it gives me great pleasure to state to you that it is the best and most agreeable Tonic I have ever used in my practice. I find it particularly adapted to females and children debilitated by the various diseases and complaints peculiar to them. If you will favor me with a letter stating where I can procure your Bitters for my patients, I shall take particular pains to recommend them. As a general rule the Bitters sold are too bitter and have too much *Alcohol*, and are hence often injurious.

Your "Tonico Reale" seems to me to be the Tonic we have long wished for, but never found until Prof. Verri, D.M., of Padua, has given it to the Medical World.

Respectfully yours,

WM. FRED. HOLCOMB, M.D.,

Professor of Aural and Ophthalmic Surgery in New York Medical College, and Surgeon to New York Ophthalmic Hospital and Demult Dispensary.

Letter from Dr W F Campbell, Editor Medical Journal.

Montreal, August 20, 1867.

Dear Sir: I have to acknowledge the receipt of a sample of your "Tonic Reale," accompanied by a note informing me of its composition, and how prepared. While not believing in my universal Tonic, I am forced to admit that there are many cases where just such a preparation as yours would be invaluable. In cases of Chronic Dyspepsia, I have several times recommended its use and with much benefit. Yours, &c.,

FRS W CAMPBELL, MDLRCP,
London.

M A F GIANELLI, Esq, Montreal.

Letter from Dr Scott, Professor of Anatomy, McGill College.

Montreal, October 26, 1866.

A F M GIANELLI Esq.

Dear Sir: Having been furnished with a very liberal sample of your "Tonic Reale," Royal Bitters, I have delayed giving you my opinion of its merits until I had an opportunity of stating, from experience, some of the advantages which I have found derived from the employment of the Tonic.

I have noticed great benefit from the use of the "Royal Bitters" in indigestion, loss of appetite, general debility, and some nervous affections. The Tonic is most carefully prepared, and will be found a very agreeable Bitter and gentle stimulant; and from knowing its composition, I have pleasure in recommending it to the public; feeling satisfied that when more extensively known, the Tonic will be very generally used.

W E SCOTT, MD,
Professor Anatomy McGill University; Physician General Hospital, &c., &c.

New York, June 1, 1867.

MR. GIANELLI,—*Dear Sir:* After a fair trial I take pleasure in recommending your Royal Bitters. It is a very excellent stimulating tonic, aiding digestion and giving tone to the digestive organs. In your note you informed me of the ingredients. I think it is a most admirable combination; a pleasant, useful, and reliable tonic.

Yours truly,

R. P. COOKE, M.D.,
New York City.

New York, April 25, 1867.

A. M. F. GIANELLI,—*Sir:* Your kind favour of 16th instant, together with a sample of your "Tonico Reale" Royal Bitters,—I am pleased not only with its composition, but also with the effect, and regard the preparation as a very elegant one, suited to many cases when a more powerful compound would not be used. After having had further opportunity, I shall be able to give a more intelligent opinion in regard to its efficacy.

Have you any agency in this city? Many of my patients are anxious to use the Tonic but know not where to procure it. Yours truly,

C. PRINCE, M.D.,
157, East 19th-street.

22, West Eleventh-street,
New York, May 9, 1867.

A. M. F. GIANELLI, Esq.

Dear Sir: The sample of your Royal Italian Bitters, through your politeness, was received some time since. I am happy to say respecting them, after giving them a fair trial, that they are a delicious tonic, stomachic and stimulant Bitters, which I think will be found very useful to the debilitated suffering from indigestion, constipation, or dyspepsia.

With my best wishes for your success,

I am respectfully yours,

G. MILIANO, M.D.

Letter from Dr. Hingston, Physician Hotel Dieu Hospital.

Montreal, August 1, 1867.

The "Tonico Reale" of Dr. Verri, prepared by Mr. Gianelli of this city, and introduced to the public as the "Royal Italian Bitters," is one of the most elegant preparations with which I am acquainted. Mr Gianelli having made known to me its composition, I can, unhesitatingly, recommend it to those who require the combined use of an agreeable tonic and stimulant.

WM. H. HINGSTON, M.D., L.R.C.S., &c.,
Surgeon to St. Patrick's Department, Hotel Dieu.

September 14, 1867. 538 37w6m

FRESH ARRIVALS

OF

Very Choice and Superior

TEAS

NOW ON SALE

AT THE

1,000 CHESTS UNCOLORED JAPAN.

500 Chests very choice and superior YOUNG HYSON.
700 Chests Good Strong TWANKAY
100 Chests old fashioned BREAKFAST SOUCHONG.
150 Caddies MANDERIN MIXTURE.

This is the finest BLACK TEA ever imported, 5s per pound; in small Caddies, about 1½ lb each, 4s 9d.

COFFEE!

The Pure Mountain Berry

"Without exception the finest Coffee in the world."—*London Times, March 16.*

We are constantly receiving supplies of this truly beautiful and delicious COFFEE, *roasted daily on our premises by*

Dakins' Patent Silver Cylinder

By which peculiar process, its aroma is preserved, and renders it the FAVORITE WITH ALL COFFEE DRINKERS.

BEWARE OF SPURIOUS IMITATIONS.

As it is imported by no other firm in Canada

ROBINSON & CO.,
THE TEA POT,
OTTAWA

Wines, Spirits & Liquors

ROBINSON & CO. would especially draw the attention of families to their stock of

ALES, WINES & SPIRITS

100 cases Otard Brandy,
50 " Martell's
150 " Hennessey.
75 " United Vinquels

We have a most delicious

DINNER SHERRY

Which we are selling at 8 shillings per gallon

GUINESS & CO.

DUBLIN STOUT!

BLOOD'S LONDON STOUT.
BARCLAY'S LONDON PORTER
ALLSOP'S PALE ALE.
BASS' EAST INDIA.
DOW'S CELEBRATED MONTREAL ALE
DAW'S SUPERIOR LACHINE ALE
DAW'S CELEBRATED PORTER & STOUT

PRESERVED MEATS.

Just Received from England:

ROAST HARE.
CURRIED DO.
JUGGED DO.
STEWED DO.
ROAST PHEASANTS.
ROAST GROUSE.
OAST PARTRIDGE

ALL GOODS DELIVERED FREE by our own Waggons to any part of the City daily

ROBINSON & CO.
THE TEA POT,
OTTAWA.

Establishments—Sussex St. and Rideau St

Ottawa, September 10. 720tf

NEW DOMINION.

DRY GOODS!

AND

Readymade Clothing

THE Subscriber begs to inform his friends and the public generally that he has commenced business in the store formerly occupied by

Messrs. Fingland & Draper

And where he will keep constantly on hand a general assortment of

DRY GOODS!

AND

READY-MADE CLOTHING,

Which will be sold at a small advance on cost.

JAMES HIGGINSON,
Union Block, Sussex-st.
Next to Tea Pot.

Ottawa July 10 1867. 481tf

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Two Dwellings to Let,

BEING the Upper part of E. MARTINEAU'S Clothing Store, Corner of Sussex and Clarence-streets.

Enquire at the Store.

Ottawa, Jan. 22, 1868. EUG. MARTINEAU. 646tf

To Let.

A ROOM TO LET either with or without board. Enquire this office.

Ottawa, November 20. 590tf

Lots for Sale.

6 BUILDING LOTS, one mile from the city, on the Richmond Road, containing one acre each. Apply to THOMAS ANDERSON, Jun. on the premises. 56-3tf

FOR SALE.—THE WEST-erly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession Ottawa, Front Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same Concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. T. Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to Scott and Wm. Thomson, Nepean, and LEWIS & PINHEY, Barristers, Ottawa. Jo2-141-tf

FOR SALE, THAT ELIGIBLE property, beautifully situated on the Banks of the Ottawa, in the Township of Nepean, distant from the City of Ottawa about three miles on the macadamized road, together with the STONE DWELLING-HOUSE therein erected, at present occupied by William Th

The Ottawa Times

VOL. II. NO 657 — OTTAWA, TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 4, 1868. — PRICE—3 CENTS

THE

Ottawa Daily Times,

(Published every morning, Sundays excepted.)

THE DAILY AND WEEKLY TIMES NOW enjoys the LARGEST CIRCULATION of any paper published in the Ottawa Valley—issuing of the Daily over 2,000 and Weekly over 4,000 making a total circulation in the week of over 6,000 thus outstripping all competitors, and affording the best medium for business men to advertise in.

Advertisements are inserted in the Daily at the following rates:

Business Cards of from 3 to 6 lines, per annum—payable in advance only	$6 00
Transient Advertisements, first insertion per line	8c
Subsequent insertions, per line	2c

Yearly advertisers specially contracted with, and liberal allowance made.

Yearly subscription to the daily (if paid in advance)	$5 00
If not paid in advance	6 00
Yearly subscription to the weekly (if paid in advance)	$1 00
If not paid in advance	1 50

ADVERTISING AGENCY.—Messrs. S. M. Pettengill & Co., Park Row, New York, and State Street, Boston, General Advertising Agents, are hereby authorized to receive Advertisements for the OTTAWA TIMES

LEGAL.

G. J. O'DOHERTY,
LAW, CHANCERY and CONVEYANCING OFFICE, AUMOND'S BUILDINGS, Rideau-street.
Ottawa, Dec. 6, 1867. 608-49y

R. J. WICKSTEED,
ADVOCATE, &c., 43, Little St. James Street, MONTREAL.
November 14, 1867. 589-6m

N. TETREAU,
NOTARY PUBLIC for the Province of Quebec, HULL, near the Post Office.
Dec. 6, 1867. 390tf

NICHOLAS SPARKS,
LAW, Chancery and Conveyancing Office, Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite Post Office.
Ottawa, July 19. 489y

LAPIERRE & HAYCOCK,
ATTORNIES-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers and Notaries Public, Corner of Sussex and York-streets, Ottawa.
Ottawa, February 26, 1867. 368y

WILLIAM MOSGROVE,
LAW, Chancery and Conveyancing. OFFICE: Mosgrove's Block, Rideau Street, Ottawa, C. W. 366-tf

D. O'CONNOR,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex Street. OFFICE: Union Buildings, Ottawa.
February 21, 1866. 55-y

R. H. HAYCOCK,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. OFFICE: Post Office Building, Elgin Street, Ottawa.
February 7, 1866. 43-u

A. F. BOUCHETTE,
ADVOCATE. Office: No. 17, St. Peter Street, Quebec. Mr. Bouchette will always be prepared to attend promptly to any business the Government employs, and the public generally may entrust him. Mr. B. attends regularly the circuit in and for the district of Quebec.
December 28, 1865. 9-y

P. J. BUCKLEY, LL.B.,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery and Notary Public. Office, over Mr. Luke Cleary's Boot and Shoe Store, Rideau Street, Ottawa, C. W.
January 17 1867. 334y

AUGUSTUS KEEFER,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office: Opposite Post Office, Elgin Street, in the rooms lately occupied as the Custom House.
Ottawa, March 30. 87-tf

J. F. SCULTON,
BARRISTER-AT-LAW, Solicitor-in-Chancery, &c. OFFICE: Aumond's Buildings, Rideau Street.
Ottawa, Jan. 12, 1866. 21-y

M. McLEOD,
BARRISTER, Etc., for Lower Canada. OFFICES: Court House, Aylmer and Buckingham, C.E.
Attends to all Law Courts in the District of Ottawa.
February 7, 1866. 43-ut

LEES & GEMMELL,
BARRISTERS, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. OFFICE: In the Court House, Ottawa, C. W.
ROBERT LEES. JOHN J. GEMMELL.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

EDWARD T. DARTNELL,
BARRISTER, Solicitor, Attorney, and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Crown Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell.
OFFICE: In the Court House, L'Original.
January 27, 1866. 34-6m

MEDICAL.

DR. CHESLEY,
OFFICE over Mr. Garth's Establishment, 25 Rideau-st., Ottawa.
May 30 447tf

DR. C. LEGGO,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Office: Hunton's Block, Sparks Street.

DR. DORION,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon, and Accoucheur, Clarence Street, Ottawa.
March 1. 371y

DR. OLIVER MARTIN,
DENTIST. Office: Sparks Street, Central Ottawa.
Ottawa, January 27, 1868. 34-utf

DR. C. A. MARTIN,
DENTIST. Office: Sussex Street, over Messrs. Campbell & Co's, Grocers.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-utf

DR. JOHN LEGGO,
DENTIST, Hunton's Block, Sparks Street. Teeth extracted without pain, by means of the Ethereal Spray Producer. 350y

W. R. BELL, A.M., M.D., C.M., &c.
(RECENTLY FROM ENGLAND.)
SURGERY and Residence, George Street.
Ottawa, November 13. 280y

A. CODD, M.D.C.M.,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Residence—McDougal's Block, Besserer-st., Sandy Hill. 571-3m

DR. LESLIE JONES,
Surgeon, &c., of Dublin and Edinburgh.
SURGERY and Consulting Office, Rideau-st., next door to the St. Lawrence Hall. Residence—Daly Street. 584y

DR. GEORGE HUTCHISON,
DENTIST; Office, Sparks-street, opposite Magee & Russell's,
Ottawa, October 30, 1867. 576y

DR. W. J. HENRY,
CORNER of Kent and Wellington Streets, Ottawa.
November 6. 43utf

DR. O. C. WOOD,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur Ottawa. Day office opposite Magee & Russell's, Sparks Street, Center Town; Night Office at his Residence, Maria Street, Center Town.
CANCERS CURED, with not the use of the knife, by a new, but certain, speedy, and almost painless process. References given to parties successfully treated, if required. The cure guaranteed.
Ottawa, April 24. 17w-190-y

HOLGATE, OLIVER & ANNABLE,
WHOLESALE Manufacturers of Bedsteads, Chairs, &c., Chaudiere Island, Ottawa, C.W.
WILLIAM HOLGATE,
JOHN OLIVER,
WILLIAM ANNABLE,
Ottawa, 506y

BUSINESS CARDS.

B. BILLINGS, JR.,
ARCHITECT, Elgin-street, opposite the Post Office.
REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq, Managing Director Q & P R W 612-6m

R. SPARKS,
PROVINCIAL LAND SURVEYOR, Draughtsman, &c., (commissioned for Upper and Lower Canada.) Office and residence, Hintonburg, near Ottawa. Surveys of every description executed with accuracy. Communications addressed Ottawa City, (post-paid), or left at the office of N. Sparks, Solicitor, &c., Ottawa, will receive prompt attention.
Ottawa, February 21, 1866. 55-

N. McKINNON,
COMMISSION and Exchange Broker, and Insurance Agent, Sparks-street, opposite Magee & Russell's, Ottawa, C. W.
Ottawa, March 25. 391y

O'CONNOR & WALLER,
EXCHANGE Brokers, Fire, Life and Accidental Insurance, Commission and Collecting Agents. Office, No. 27, Sussex-street, Ottawa.
E. K. O'CONNOR. W. H. WALLER.
March 9. 378y

J. P. MACPHERSON,
BARRISTER, &c., Ottawa. Office: Lang's Buildings, opposite Post Office
Ottawa, March 19, 1866. 70-y

H. McLEAN'S
AUCTION Rooms, No. 19, Sparks Street, Centre Town, Ottawa, opposite Hope's Stationery Store.
The sale of Real Estate at Auction or Private Sale promptly attended to. Consignments received for positive sale. Parties wishing to purchase Real Estate will receive all information FREE OF CHARGE by calling at the office.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y

R. H. McGREEVY,
CONTRACTOR and Builder. Office: North side York street, second door from Sussex Street.
Ottawa, March 20, 1866. 78-y

S. CHRISTIE,
COMMISSION Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.
OFFICE: No. 3, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W. y

PARLIAMENTARY AGENCY.
C. J. BOUCHETTE,
P. L. SURVEYOR and Draughtsman, Mining, Land, and General Parliamentary Agent. References unexceptionable. OFFICE: Wellington Street, next to British Hotel, and nearly opposite the banks, Ottawa.
P. S.—Special attention given with despatch to Public Land business, adjusting disputed claims, and securing Patents.
Ottawa, May 22. 132-y

JOHN MERCER,
Teacher Piano-Forte, Violin, &c,
THOROUGH BASS.
AYLMER, C. E

VISITS OTTAWA TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS.
Orders left at Union House will be punctually attended to.
Ottawa, July 26. 187tf

HOTELS AND SALOONS.

HOLT'S HOTEL,
AYLMER, C. E., Livery and General Stage Office. Alfred Moses Holt, Jr., Prop'tr.
December 21, 1865. 4-y

JAS. JOHNSTON'S
UNION HOUSE, North Gower. Good Stabling and an attentive Hostler.
January 11, 1866. 2n-y

DUIGNAN'S
PRIVATE HOTEL, Sparks Street, Ottawa, C.W. A few gentlemen can obtain superior apartments.
Ottawa, Dec. 20, 1865. 3-y

THE RUSSELL HOUSE,
LATE CAMPBELL'S HOTEL, Ottawa, C. W. The undersigned, proprietor of the above-named Hotel, begs leave to acquaint his numerous friends and the travelling public, that he has re-painted and newly-furnished throughout this commodious establishment, in the management of which by strict attention to business and guests, he hopes to deserve encouragement and support.
JAMES E. GOUIN,
Lately, and for many years connected with Russell's Hotel, Pacaux Street, Quebec

THE ALBION HOTEL
NICHOLAS Street, Court-House Avenue, Ottawa, John Graham, Proprietor.
This House is conveniently situated, and still maintains its character as a FIRST-CLASS HOTEL. Considerable additions have recently been made to the premises, and it has been entirely repainted and renovated. No pains will be spared to accommodate and please.
OMNIBUSES to and from the cars and boats free of charge. There is a FIRST-CLASS LIVERY STABLE attached to the Hotel.
Ottawa 1866. 1-y

JOHN MALTMAN
LATE McADAM'S, Commercial Hotel, Packenham.
The above Hotel, one of the oldest and best known in Packenham, has been leased by the undersigned and thoroughly overhauled and refitted for the special accommodation of guests. THE TABLE AND BAR will at all times be furnished with the very best the market affords.
GOOD STABLING and a careful Hostler always in attendance
JOHN MALTMAN.

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,
M. KAVANAGH, Proprietor, Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington Streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government buildings.
The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.
Oysters, Game etc., daily

THE METROPOLITAN
Aumond's Block,
Rideau Street, Ottawa.
P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.
Ottawa, November 27. 282tf

THE REVERE HOUSE,
OTTAWA.
G. A. BUCKE, W. H. SANGER, PROPRIETORS.
THIS FIRST-CLASS HOTEL has been re-furnished and refitted throughout, and now combines all the requisites of a first-class establishment.
Ottawa, Nov. 6, 1867 582tf

TORONTO HOUSE,
SPARKS-STREET.
MRS. TROTTER begs to state that she has comfortable quarters for a few gentlemen for three months or more, with Parlour and use of Piano.
Ottawa, Dec. 24, 1867. 623tf

MISS LOVETT'S
PRIVATE HOTEL
HOLLIS STREET, HALIFAX, N. S.
STRANGERS will find this long established and well known house to be the most comfortable and well conducted in the city.
December 23, 1867. 622-6m

TO PARTIES ABOUT TO BUILD—
PLANS,
SPECIFICATIONS,
ESTIMATES, &
Prepared by AUGUSTUS LAVER, ARCHITECT
End Daly-st. Ottawa.
April 1.

DRUGGISTS.

Spectacles for all Sights.
OPTICAL Instruments Electro-Magnetic and Galvanic Apparatus, Photographic Chemicals, &c.
W. HEARN,
637y Market Drug Store, York-street.

SEASONABLE ARTICLES
AT THE
MEDICAL HALL,
28, Sparks-Street,
FOR COUGHS, COLDS, SORE THROATS &c. &c. &c.
CASWELL, MACK & Co.'s Medicinal Cod Liver Oil.
Campbell's Cough Lozenges,
Keating's Cough Lozenges.
Brown's Bronchial Troches.
Chlorate Troches, Ayer's Cherry Pectoral.
Campbell's Cherry Balsam, &c., &c.
For Chapped Hands, Sore Lips, &c.:
Winter Cold Cream, Rose Lip Salve,
Camphor Ice, Price's Glycerine,
Rimmel's Sand Ball, Glycerine Soap, &c.
For Balls, Dinners, &c.:
Lubin's Princess Alexandra, Wood Violet, Mignionette, Guard's Club, Jockey Club, West End, Upper Ten, &c. Eds Hedyosmia.
For the Toilet:
Hall's Sicilian Hair Renewer, Pomades and Oils, Rimmel's Toilet Vinegar, Brewster's Dentifrice, Hair Pins, twisted and plain, Bath Sponges, Hair Brushes, Tooth and Nail Brushes, Florida Water, Magnolia Water, Dressing Combs, English Toilet Soaps, Turkish Towels, Puffs, &c. Colognes in variety. Atlantic Sea Salt for the Bath, &c.
W. M. MASSEY,
Dispensing Chemist,
Medical Hall, 28, Sparks-st.
Sole appointed agent for Ottawa and vicinity for the esteemed preparations of Kenneth, Campbell & Co.'s (Medical Hall), Montreal.
Ottawa, Nov. 29, 1867. 472y

Apothecaries Hall!
No. 41, SUSSEX STREET,
G. MORTIMER, PROPRIETOR
NONE OTHER GENUINE!
TRADE MARK IS REGISTERED
Canadian Cough Emulsion.
THIS Valuable Medicine has the extraordinary property of immediately relieving Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Difficulty of Breathing, Tightness in the Chest, &c., &c. It operates by dissolving the congealed phlegm, causing free expectoration, and an agreeable moistness of the skin. Prepared only by
GEORGE MORTIMER,
Chemist and Druggist, 41, Sussex Street, Ottawa City. Sold in bottles at 1s 3d and 2s 6d each.

MORTIMER'S
COMPOUND ANTIBILIOUS
AND FAMILY APERIENT PILLS.
A grand Specific for derangement of the digestive organs, and for obstructions and torpid action of the Liver and Bowels.

MORTIMER'S Vegetable WORM DESTROYER.
The only sure remedy that exists. Combining delicious taste with amazing power. Also
CAMPHORATED EYE-WATER,
Sure Cure for Sore, Weak and Inflamed Eyes.

MORTIMER'S
Colognes, Pomades, Toilet Vinegar, Rose Dentrifice, for the Teeth and Gums. Also constantly on hand, Perfumes of all kinds, and Toilet requisites usually kept in a first-class establishment.

FOUND,
A NEVER Failing Remedy for Coughs and Colds, Mortimer's Canadian Cough Emulsion. No family should be without a bottle. None genuine but from
G. MORTIMER,
Chemist, 41, Sussex-st.
The best of Certificates can be produced.
Ottawa, Nov. 22, 1867. 496-6m

OTTAWA
DRUG WAR HOUS,
RIDEAU STREET
1866 SEEDS. SEEDS. 1866.
A LARGE STOCK OF FRESH GARDEN and FIELD SEEDS, just arrived and on Sale. All Seeds warranted Fresh.
A large importation of English and French PERFUMES will arrive next week.
FLORIDA WATER. SOZODONT.
HAIR BRUSHES. COMBS.
NAIL BRUSHES. CLOTHES BRUSHES,
&c., &c., &c.
Just being opened up.
JOSEPH GARVEY, M.D.
P. S.—Advice to the poor gratis.
Ottawa, April 11. 97-y

DOMESTIC DYES.
THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT OF DYES in this city on sale at the
Ottawa Drug Warehouse.
A fresh Lot of Good, Cheap PERFUMES just received.
N. B.—Prescriptions carefully and promptly prepared.
J. GARVEY, M. D.
Ottawa, Feb. 12 1866 47-utf

PARLIAMENT
HAIRDRESSING SALOON!
E. MILES,
Hairdresser by Appointment to His Excellency the Governor-General,
HAS REMOVED HIS PARLIAMENT HAIR DRESSING SALOON from the old stand to his new and commodious room over the LONDON MUSIC STORE, on Elgin-st., opposite the Russell House, which he has fitted up in the most recherche style of the business, and where his Rotary Hair Brush, which he imported expressly for himself, being the first introduced into British America, will be kept ready for use. The saloon is delightfully ventilated, and very pleasantly situated.
Mr. MILES would take this opportunity of returning his most sincere thanks to his many friends and the public, for their kind and generous patronage to him, during a number of years, in his old establishment, and trusts that by unremitting attention to business, and in his new and first-class saloon, with polite and attentive workmen, to merit a continuance of their favors.
All kinds of Hair Watch Guards, Finger Rings, &c., manufactured to order. For the convenience of ladies orders will be received at the London Music Store, where a fine and varied assortment of Hair-work will be found.
E. MILES,
Hair Dresser, by appointment, to his Excellency the Governor-General.
Ottawa, October 3 1867. 553-39y

GREAT CLEARING SALE

—OF—

Dry Goods and Ready-made Clothing,

—AT—

J. T. Prudhomme's Stores,

SUSSEX-STREET, FACING CLARENCE-STREET,

And at the Sign of the "Golden Lamb."

AS the Subscriber intends closing one of his Stores on the first day of December, he is determined to sell off at an immense reduction his stock of

DRY GOODS & READY-MADE CLOTHING

—CONSISTING OF—

Beaver Cloths, Pilot do, Whitney do, Melton do, Sattinet do
West of England Broad Cloths, Black Cassimeres, Silk Mix Coatings, " " Trowserings, Fancy Doeskins,
Col. and White Blankets, Horse Rugs, Flannels, Kerseys, Winceys.

English, Scotch and Canadian Tweeds.

DRAWERS, SHIRTS, WOOL CRAVATS, SCARFS, NECK TIES, COLLARS;
SHAWLS, CLOAKINGS, DRESS GOODS, NECK TIES, PRINTS, COBOURGS,
BUCK MITTS, BUCK MOCASSINS, WOOL SOCKS, " MITTS, TRUNKS, VALISES,

—ALSO, A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF—

Boots and Shoes, Teas, Soap, Candles and Wines

The whole to be disposed of before the 1st day of December. Call early and examine before purchasing elsewhere.
Ottawa, November 19, 1867. 593-3m

RELIANCE
MUTUAL LIFE ASSURANCE CO'Y.
ESTABLISHED 1840.
CHIEF OFFICE—71, King William-street, Mansion House, LONDON.

ACCUMULATED PREMIUMS OVER, - - - - $1,000,000.
ANNUAL INCOME OVER, - - - - $300,000.

TRUSTEES.
The Right Rev the Bishop of Moray and Ross.
Viscount Kirkaldie, John Ledger, Esq
J R S Phillipps, Esq, James Traill, Esq
Sir John T Tyrell, Bart, W. M Tufnell, Esq
DIRECTORS.
George Ashlin, Esq, W W Dutfield, Esq, J W Egertongreen, Esq, George T Harris, Esq, John James, Esq
John W Lay, Esq, John Ledger, Esq, J Oxlyparker, Esq, William Phelps, Esq, John Pike, Esq, Edward White, Esq
Henry T Prinsep, Esq, Major Skinner, R A, Charles H Smith, Esq, James Traill, Esq, W M Tufnell, Esq.
MEDICAL OFFICERS.
J W Ogle, Esq, M D — H F Smith, Esq, M D.
BANKS.
Messrs William Deacon Co, Birchin Lane. Messrs Sparrow, Tufnell & Co, Chelmsford.
The London and County Bank.
SOLICITORS.
Messrs Hooke & Street, 27 Lincoln's Inn Fields. Messrs Gepp & Veley, Chelmsford.
EDWARD BUTLER, Secretary.

Canada Branch—Montreal.
BOARD OF DIRECTORS.
Walter Shanly, Esq. M P, Chairman.
Duncan Macdonald, Esq. George Winks, Esq. W H Hingston, Esq, M D, L R C S.
SOLICITORS—Messrs Rose & Ritchie. MEDICAL ADVISER—W H Hingston, Esq, M D.
The entire profits of this old and long established society belong to the policy holders, who are protected from all liability by the deed of settlement.
Annuities and endowments granted on advantageous terms.
Advances made on approved security in connection with Life Policies.
Every information to be had on application to any of the Society's Agents in Canada, or to
T W GRIFFITH, Manager and Secretary.
Head Office for the Dominion of Canada—Corner St Francois Xavier-street, Montreal.
Agents wanted in unrepresented districts throughout Canada.
NEIL McKINNON,
589-6m Agent for Ottawa.

Etna Fire and Marine Insurance Co.
The Number of Shareholders exceed Five Hundred.
Capital, ... $2,500,000.
Annual Income Nearly ..... $1,000,000.
HEAD OFFICE—Upper Sackville-street, Dublin, Ireland; CHIEF OFFICE, ENGLAND—17 and 18 Corn Hill, London; CHIEF OFFICE, SCOTLAND—98 George-st., Edinburgh.
DIRECTORS.
John Obins Woodhouse, Esq, 82 Pembroke Road, Dublin; Omeath Park, Co Louth; Portadown, Co Armagh; Kerry Keel, Co Armagh and Down—Chairman.
Robert Craven Wade, Esq, Conebraney, Crosskeale, Co Meath, and Sackville Street Club, Dublin, J P for Counties Meath and Wicklow—Director Scottish Amicable Life Office.
Charles Going Malone, Esq, Merchant, Stephen-street and George-street, Dublin; Churchtown Lodge, Dundrom, Co Dublin—Director Commercial Gas Company.
John William Gregg, Esq, Alderman, Merchant, 18 Upper Sackville-street, Dublin—Vice Chairman.
Irwine Smith Whitty, Esq, 6 Wellington Road, Dublin—Director Government Prisons.
Bernard Coyne, Esq, 27 Waterloo Road, Dublin, J P, Co Mayo.
Jeffry Martin, Esq, 2 Clarinda Park, East Kingstown, Dublin, and Curraghmore, Ballinrobe, Co Mayo, J P for Co Mayo.
Robert Conway Hurly, Esq, Bridge House and Glenduff, Tralee; J P for Co Kerry.
David Richardson Goodlatte, Esq Merchant.
FEATURES.
A division of profits every three years to holders of policies who have no losses.
MODERATE PREMIUMS.
The company do not advocate high premiums, but rates will be charged according as the nature of the risk. Losses will be promptly and fully met on adjustment. Losses by lightning and loss or damage by explosion of gas within the premises insured made good.
JOHN INNIS, ESQ, Manager.
N B—The above company have invested in Canadian Government Bonds, in conformity with the Provincial Act, and have obtained the license of the Minister of Finance to do business in Canada, and are now prepared to take risks.
T. W. GRIFFITH, Manager for Canada.
Head Office for the Dominion—Corner of St Francois Xavier and St Sacrament-streets, Montreal.
Agents wanted in unrepresented districts throughout Canada.
589-6m NEIL McKINNON, Agent for Ottawa.

STOVES. STOVES. STOVES.
STOVES. STOVES. STOVES.
STOVES. STOVES. STOVES.
"CAPITAL" 35, SUSSEX STREET, MEADOWS & CO. H.
STOVE DEPOT!
WE have received our fall and Winter Stock of STOVES, STOVE PIPES, ELBOWS, DUMB STOVES, TINWARE and LUMBERMEN'S SUPPLIES, which we offer Wholesale or Retail at low prices. In Cooking, Parlor, Box and Hall Stoves, for wood or coal, we have the largest and most varied assortment ever shown in Ottawa.

COOKING STOVES.	COOKING STOVES.	COOKING STOVES.
COOKING STOVES.	COOKING STOVES.	COOKING STOVES
COOKING STOVES.	COOKING STOVES.	COOKING STOVES.

Our stock of the above comprises the latest improvements in both ELEVATED and LOW OVEN STOVES.

BOX AND HALL STOVES.	BOX AND HALL STOVES.
BOX AND HALL STOVES.	BOX AND HALL STOVES.
BOX AND HALL STOVES.	BOX AND HALL STOVES.

Suitable for private Dwellings and Churches, Warehouses and Stoves.

PARLOR STOVES.	PARLOR STOVES.	PARLOR STOVES.
PARLOR STOVES.	PARLOR STOVES.	PARLOR STOVES.
PAR TOVES.	PARLOR STOVES.	PARLOR STOVES.

New and most beautiful designs, very cheap.
COAL STOVES. PARLOR GRATES.
Hot Air Furnaces.
We still continue to manufacture every description of TIN, SHEET IRON, and COPPER WARE, RUSSIA IRON PIPE, and DUMB STOVES. Also all kinds of out-door Job Work in our line attended to by competent and experienced Mechanics. Country Merchants supplied with Stovepipes, &c., at reduced rates.
Lumbermen's Supplies! Lumbermen's Supplies! Shanty Plates! Basins! Camp Kettles, &c.
HOUSEFURNISHING GOODS.
Bird Cages! Bird Cages! Bird Cages!
Price Lists sent free on application.
Any part of a Stove sold by us can be replaced when broken or burnt out, a fact intending buyers would do well to note.
An inspection of the above goods invited at the
"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,
35, SUSSEX STREET.
H. MEADOWS & CO.
Ottawa, October 2, 1867. 67-y

INSURANCE.

INTERCOLONIAL
ASSURANCE CO'Y.
OF CANADA.
Capital - - - $500,000.
With power to increase the same.
SHARES, - - $100 EACH.
PROVISIONAL DIRECTORS:
H. O. Burritt, Esq., President; R. Lyon, Esq., Mayor of Ottawa, Vice-President; T. D. Harington, Dy. Receiver General; the Hon. J. Skead, J. M. Currier, M. P., D. McLaughlin, M.P., W. Wade, Esq., F. Jones, M.P., W. Ellis, Esq., W. H. Brouse, M.D., Joseph Aumond, Esq., M. K. Church, M.D., and J. M. Bates.
THIS is purely a Canadian Institution, and as such is deserving of the support of the Canadian public.
An Act for the Incorporation of this Company is now before the Parliament of the Dominion.
Over $100,000 of stock is already subscribed and it is the intention to deposit with the Government as a guarantee of our goodfaith, at least $50,000 as soon as an Act of Incorporation is procured (which will be a provision of our Incorporation.) It is unnecessary here to dilate upon the profits of money invested in Insurance Stock. Suffice it to say, that, at least in one instance 333 per cent advance has been obtained on insurance stock, and that after the payment of princely dividends. In the meantime Subscriptions to Stock, in Ottawa may be made at the Ontario and Royal Canadian Banks, and a deposit of 10 per cent is requisite which will be deposited IN TRUST to be returned in case any subscriber is not satisfied with his investment up to one month after the Vice-Regal sanction to the Charter is obtained.
J. M. BATES,
Pro. Manager and Secretary.
Ottawa, Nov. 21, 1867. 595tf

CITY OF GLASGOW
Life Assurance Company
ESTABLISHED 1838.
CAPITAL, £600,000 Sg.
ANNUAL REVENUE OVER £120,000 STG.
THIS COMPANY OFFERS TO THE public the combined advantage of perfect security, moderate premiums and liberal participation in profits. No extra charge for Volunteers in defence of the country.
RINTOUL BROS., Montreal, General Agents for Canada.
NEIL McKINNON, Agent,
Sparks-street, Ottawa.
Ottawa March 25. 391y

Ætna Life Insurance Company.
ESTABLISHED, A. D. 1820.
Capital and Assets, 1st Jan., 1867, $4,401,833.86
THIS MOST SUCCESSFUL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY divides the whole of the Profits, every year, among the insured, reducing the cost to about one-half the figures usually charged.
For instance, the annual payment, at the age of 30, in most Companies, to insure $2000 is, with profits, about $50, and without profits $43.90
In the Ætna, $2000, to a person 30 years of age, costs the first year 25.31
And each subsequent year 26.74
Which payment is subject to further reduction as the business of the Company increases.
Endowment policies on equally favorable terms.
The fact that the Ætna has, during the past 12 months, insured over 14,000 persons, from among the best business men of the Continent, is the best possible testimonial to the soundness of the Company, and the excellence of its method of doing business.
J. GARVEY, ESQ., M. D.,
Medical Referee.
S. PEDLAR & CO., Montreal.
Ottawa, March 13. 381y

BRITISH AMERICA
Assurance Company!
FIRE AND MARINE.
ESTABLISHED 1830.
R. S. Cassels, Esq. ..... Consulting Director.
THE ABOVE FIRST-CLASS COMPANY is prepared to insure all descriptions of property against loss or damage by fire.
HERRICK, BRUSH & CO.,
AGENTS,
Ottawa, January 4, 1867. Aumond's Buildings. 323y

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.
A MORTIMER
BOOKBINDER,
Metcalfe-street,
BEGS TO ANNOUNCE TO his friends and patrons that he has removed to the building on Metcalfe-street, formerly occupied by The Evening Post, where he is now prepared to execute all orders for
BOOKBINDING,
PAPER-RULING, or
BLANK BOOK MANUFACTURING,
Of every description in the neatest and most durable style.
Giving personal attention to all work, and having had many years practical experience, he feels confident that satisfaction will be given.
Ornamental Binding done in the most artistic style.
A. MORTIMER,
Metcalfe-street.
Ottawa, March 16 384y

NOTICE.
DR. J. GARVEY can be consulted each day PROFESSIONALLY, at his RESIDENCE, RIDEAU-STREET, from 8 o'clock to 10 in the forenoon, and from 6 to 10 in the evening. During mid-day by making inquiries at BROWNE & HARDY'S, GROCERS, Rideau-street, information can be had as to his whereabouts.
J. GARVEY, M. D.
N. B.—It is not the intention of Dr. Garvey to relinquish his practice as a physician.
Ottawa, Jan. 24, 1868. 648tf

NOTICE.
ALL persons indebted to Dr. J. Garvey, and whose accounts have been rendered, are requested to call and settle at once, or costs will be incurred.
J. GARVEY, M.D.
Ottawa, Sept. 4, 1867. 529tf

RIFLES!
Wesson's Rifles!
HAVING imported some of the above RIFLES in 1866, under free entry, I offer the balance of stock at $17 each, which is $4 less than manufacturers prices; wholesale price at factory is $25 American money.
THOMAS ISAAC,
613d Sparks-street.

Land for Sale.
850 ACRES OF LAND, situated within two to eight miles of the city. Apply to JOHN W. McGUIRE, Lot 25, 2nd Concession, Ottawa Front, Gloucester. 546-6m

To Sell or Let---Rare Opening.
TERMS MODERATE.
FINE STONE DWELLING HOUSES, Photographic Chambers, and other Cut Stone Premises, well arranged and eligibly situated for commercial business.
Apply to JOHN MACAULEY, Chaudiere, Ottawa; or E. McGILLIVRAY, J. B. TACKABERRY, or H. McLEAN, Auctioneer, Ottawa.
January 8, 1867. 585-6m

K. ARNOLDI,
WINE & SPIRIT MERCHANT,
METCALFE-STREET,
Telegraph Company's Building, Ottawa.
RECOMMENDS and Guarantees with confidence the following Wines:—
PORTS—Graham's, Sandeman's, Forrester's, Masden's, &c.:

		For Gall.	For Doz.
No. 1	Good sound Wine	$2 00	$6.00
" 2	"	3 00	8 75
" 3	Old	3 50	10 00
" 4	Superior old	4 50	12 50
" 5	Very fine old	5 75	15 50

SHERRY WINE—Domecq's, Capdepont, Pemartin's, Cramp Suter's, &c.:

No. 1	Light table Wine	$2 00	6 00
" 2	Superior do	3 00	8 75
" 3	Very choice	3 50	10 00
" 4	Very Superior	4 50	12 50
" 5	Very fine	5 50	15 00

Marsala Wine,
$1.30 per Gallon, $4.50 per Dozen.
Especial attention called to the above Wine. Far superior to all common sherries, its chief recommendation is that it agrees perfectly well with persons who cannot take those wines, even of a high class. It is soft and old, free from heat, or the slightest approach to acidity, while its very moderate price recommends it for all large entertainments, as well as for the luncheon, dinner and supper table. It has met with the highest approval from the medical gentlemen of this city.
Also, in wood or bottle, old and new Brandies, Rums, Gins, Old Tom Gins, Irish, Scotch, and Canadian Whiskeys of Standard Brands.
Clarets, Champagnes, Hocks, Caracas, Marachino, Chartreuse, Royal Italian Bitters, &c., in great variety.
Hibberts' and Guiness' Porter, Bass' and Allsopp's Ales, quarts and pints. Canadian Ale of Superior Quality, in Wood and Bottle.
Goods most confidently recommended, and may be as implicitly relied upon for perfect purity as if purchased in the largest wholesale establishment in the country.
Orders by mail with cash or city reference solicited and promptly attended to. No charge for delivery in the city. A discount to persons buying in quantity or by the original package. Inspection invited.
Price Lists, and every information, on application, or sent to any address.
WINE VAULTS AND OFFICE,
No. 11, Metcalfe-street,
Telegraph Co.'s Building, Ottawa.
January 27, 1868. 535y

FOR SALE,
BY THE SUBSCRIBERS,
New Egyptian Dates,
Oranges, Lemons,
Grapes, Turkey Figs,
West End Raisins,
Dundee Marmalade,
Jams and Jellies,
Tomatoes in tins,
Peaches, " "
Sweet Corn " "
Lima Beans.
OYSTERS & HADDIES!
RECEIVED WEEKLY.
DALGLISH & RUSSELL,
Upper Town.
Ottawa, Jan. 28, 1868. 651y

SMITH & RODNEY
MERCHANT TAILORS and General Outfitters, Elgin-street, opposite the Russell House, and second door from the London Music Store, having just received a choice stock of
English, French and Canadian
CLOTHS and TWEEDS,
And a general assortment of gentlemen's furnishing goods, would intimate to their friends and the public generally that they are prepared to execute all orders in their line at the shortest notice, in the most approved styles and at prices that we defy competition.
Ottawa Oct. 1, 1867. 551tf

ROANOKE
Tobacco Company,
DANVILLE, VIRGINIA.
THIS Company having established at Montreal their General Agency for the Dominion of Canada, is now prepared to offer to the public an article in
SMOKING TOBACCO!
Superior to anything of the kind ever imported into the country, and pledge their long established character that the article now offered is the pure leaf from the
Virgin Hill Tops of Virginia.
The different brands and prices are as follows viz:
The "Prince of Wales," in 1 & 2 lb bls $1.00 per lb
" "Dominion Favorite" 1 & 2 " " 0 75 " "
" "Navy," 1 & 2 " " 0.65 " "
The prices are NET CASH in Montreal, and orders accompanied by remittance for 5 lbs and upwards will receive prompt attention. The tobacco will be forwarded to any address, by express or otherwise, as parties may direct.
Please address
F. W. HENSHAW,
Gen. Agent Dominion of Canada,
10 St. Sacrament-st.,
Montreal.
Montreal, Dec. 4, 1867. 607-4m

SNOW'S
Celebrated Fever Remedy.
A Sure and Certain Cure for Fever—Continued, Remittent, Intermittent, Typhoid, and Fever arising from Ordinary Colds.
THIS REMEDY has been used in Tropical climates for many years with the greatest success. It shortens the attack, reduces the fever gradually, and at the same time enables the system to throw off the poisonous effect of the on the blood and secretions generally.
PRICE—50 cents and $1 per Bottle. Sold Wholesale and Retail by
H. F. MACCARTHY,
Chemist, Ottawa City
Sole Agent for Dominion of Canada.
December 2, 1867. 579-3m

HOWE'S
Boot and Shoe Store.
REMOVAL.
AS the Lease of our Premises in Sussex-street terminates this month, we intend to confine our business to one locality, and shall remove the whole of our Stock on the 1st of May next, to our Store in
No. 10, Rideau-st.
Our stock of BOOTS and SHOES, LEATHER, SHOE FINDINGS, TRUNKS, &c., &c., will consequently be very large and most complete in every department, and we most respectfully solicit a continuance of favors, to merit which our constant endeavors will be as usual to provide the best articles and sell at the lowest remunerating prices.
G. HOWE & SON.
Remember the place—No. 10, Rideau-st. next to Howell's grocery.
April 27. 426y

FOUND.
NEAR the Market

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

On no occasion will the names of Old Advertisements be inserted here.

The Montreal Warehouse—J. Martin & Co.
Situation Wanted by a Young Man.
Teacher Wanted—Miss Harmon.
Notice—Wm. P. Lett.
Assistant Teacher Wanted.
Purse Found—Mrs. Trotter.

The Ottawa Times

City and County Official Paper

TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 4, 1868

It is much to be regretted that the City Council last night refused to vote the amount named by the resolution adopted at the meeting of the citizens, called together for the purpose of raising means to relieve the distress of the destitute fishermen of Nova Scotia. Ald. ROBINSON, we think, made a mistake in not naming $1,000 in his resolution, and we cannot but condemn the others who refused to sanction any grant at all. Personally both Ald. ROBINSON and Ald. FEATHERSTONE deserve much more credit than any of the other Aldermen, in so far as we know, for they made a pretty thorough canvass of their ward, and raised a comparatively fair sum, while the others have done about next to nothing. We are very sorry for this; sorry that the Council had not granted $1,000, and still more sorry that the present prospect is that Ottawa will contribute but a comparatively insignificant sum. In this, however, we shall be much delighted to find that we are mistaken; and we are quite sure that Mr. FEATHERSTONE will be prepared at another meeting, should circumstances require it, to vote a handsome appropriation. It was said, we are told, by some members, that the law would be invoked to prevent the payment of the money. Even so, let the vote be passed, so that the citizens may know who are the men who would be guilty of an action so utterly contemptible.

This morning we publish a "comparative statement" contrasting the effect of the Dominion tariff on the Province of Nova Scotia, with that of the Nova Scotia tariff, as illustrated by the imports of 1866, prepared by Mr. JOHNSON, the Assistant Commissioner of Customs. Accompanying the statement is a report addressed to the Hon. Minister of Customs, explanatory of the mode adopted in making the calculation, and pointing out certain important elements which ought to be taken into any fair estimate of the future income and expenditure of the Province. In their present temper, the Anti-Unionists, we presume, will hardly stop to consider this statement; and it may be, therefore, scarcely worth while to discuss it with any view to their enlightenment, there being "none so blind as those "who will not see." But there are in Nova Scotia a great many who, without being absolutely committed to the "repeal" agitation, have been led astray by the gross misrepresentation of the more violent of the agitators, and betrayed into the belief that the Union is really calculated to work great mischief to their Province. To this class, and we hope it is a very large one—a "middleclass," as between the Unionists and the Repealers—who, at the late election, went with the Opposition, "to punish the traitors" without any definite idea of committing themselves to a fresh agitation of undoing the work which had been accomplished, the statement, carefully prepared by Mr. JOHNSON, from the most reliable *data*, will furnish matter for profitable reflection, and to their attention we earnestly commend it.

In dealing with the probabilities of the influence of Union, and the new tariff upon the amount of import duties to be paid by any one Province, it is very clear that the most carefully considered calculations may be proved by actual experience to have been wide of the mark. But the progress of events will solve these doubtful calculations by the evidence of actual facts, and in the meantime, we think, for the reasons stated by Mr. JOHNSON in his report, his estimates, where circumstances have compelled him to rely upon probabilities, have been most carefully made, and stand a fair chance of being justified by experience. But in dealing with Nova Scotia finances it is a gross mistake to ignore the increasing liabilities of the Province, consequent upon the construction of necessary public works. These charges will now be met from the revenue of the Dominion, and the Nova Scotians should reflect that they, had they been left in their isolation, would have been compelled to resort either to the adoption of new modes of taxation, or the increase of their import duties. The increase calculated by Mr. JOHNSON with the addition of the stamp and bank taxes, is very much below the increased amount which Nova Scotia would have been compelled to raise to meet her railway obligations, and the question, therefore, to be considered, is not absolutely how much she pays, but for how much does she get value? In solving this point we are convinced that the experience of the operation of the Union will soon show that Nova Scotia has gained, rather than lost, by the change.

The increase, as shewn by Mr. JOHNSON'S statement, is only $59,339, but unfortunately the amount is made up upon those articles which, according to the general feeling of the public, are least able to bear taxation; and on the contrary there is a decrease on certain articles which the Nova Scotians have been accustomed to see bearing the higher duty without complaint. It is in this particular, the adjustment of the burthen, rather than the burthen itself, that the real difficulty is presented, and, no doubt, it will earnestly engage the attention of the Minister of Customs—who has enjoyed peculiar advantages, compared with the majority of his colleagues, of comprehending the requirements of the Maritime Provinces,—before the promised measure on the tariff is submitted during the next part of the present session of Parliament. Our own impression has been that financially the advantages of Union would be on the side of the smaller Provinces; that Ontario would pay more, not only absolutely, but relatively, than any of the other Provinces, in proportion to the amount which it would draw, either directly or indirectly, from the Canadian Exchequer, and as yet we have seen no calculation to convince us to the contrary. But Ontario does expect that an exemption should be made in its favor, on account of any particular article that may enter more largely into consumption among its people than among those of the other Provinces. The tariff must at all events be uniform, though at the same time it should be adjusted with particular regard to the industrial interests of the country. Whatever the Nova Scotians may say regarding the distribution of their burthens, they will find it difficult to prove in the face of actual figures to the contrary, that their little Province is being robbed for the advantage of other parts of the Dominion. These "comparative "statements" prepared by Mr. JOHNSON will be carefully scanned by the people of the West, and while, we think, they probably will lead to a desire for a redistribution of the impost by reducing or abolishing the duty on some articles, and increasing it on others, they will certainly satisfy them that the complaints of the Anti-Unionists, with respect to the main charge against the tariff, have been utterly groundless.

We are happy to learn that Mr. WILLIAM MOSGROVE, one of the Aldermen of this city yesterday passed a very creditable examination before the benches of the Law Society for Upper Canada, and that he has been raised to the degree of Barrister-at-Law. Mr. MOSGROVE has honorably acquitted himself through all the probationary gradations, having passed his primary examination first on the list, and as Attorney-at-Law without an oral examination. No doubt the same talent and perseverance will win him a creditable position in the profession.

THE RELIEF FUND.

Subscriptions in aid of the Nova Scotia fishermen by men in E. Burstall's employ:

B. Fisher	$2.00
W. W. Welch	4.00
A. Kevil	2.00
T. E. Wyman	2.00
G. B. Fisher	2.00
C. Gaburn	2.00
K. Gaburn	2.00
P. Farrell	1.00
C. Kingsbury	1.00
Jos. Binet	1.00
Joshua Elliard	1.00
Henry Cobbiche	50
Peter Smith	50
Arsene Balduc	50
Francis Mellifand	50
E. Bellideau	50
James McGoey	50
Mic. Barry	50
James Kanger	50
Alex. Johnston	50
Duncan Forbes	50
Wm. Anderson	50
John Landers	50
Peter McLeod	50
Hugh Robinson	50
Mic. McPhee	50
Peter Brown	50
Peter Bernache	50
P. Cavanagh	50
W. Fisher	50
Adam Berwash	25
John Pickett	25
David Callifere	25
N. Ball	25
James Hayden	25
Total	$30.75

E. BURSTALL,
Per A. KEVIL.

ST. ANDREW'S CHURCH COLLECTION.

From Mr. Hamilton, Treasurer of St. Andrew's (Presbyterian) Church of Ottawa, being amount of collection in said church on the 2nd inst.—$63.82.

J. FRASER, Treasurer.

Ottawa, Feb. 3, 1868.

CITY COUNCIL.

The City Council held a regular meeting last evening, when there were present His Worship the Mayor; Ald. Rochester, Cunningham, Hunter, Bangs, Robinson, Featherston, Abbott, Goulden, Guerard, Tlaversy, Heney, and Martineau.

A number of petitions and communications were received and committed.

His Worship read a communication from James Fraser, Esq., accompanying the resolutions passed at a meeting of the citizens, held in the City Hall, in aid of a relief fund, on behalf of the distressed fishermen of Nova Scotia, asking the council to vote $1,000 for that purpose.

His Worship said the funds already subscribed, including the ward subscription, amounted to about $729, but the church collections and the proceeds of the concert were not taken into this account.

Ald. Robinson moved, seconded by Ald. Rochester, that the Council do appropriate $500 in aid of the fishermen of Nova Scotia.

He believed that those who had subscribed in his ward had done so in the expectation that the Council would make a liberal appropriation, and he trusted they would not be disappointed.

Ald. Cunningham spoke warmly in favor of the resolution, but he was sorry Ald. Robinson had not made the sum double.

Ald. Rochester also spoke in favor of the resolution, which he thought should have appropriated $1,000.

Ald. Featherston moved in amendment, seconded by Ald. Goulden, that this Council do not at present vote an appropriation in aid of the Nova Scotia fishermen.

He did not offer this resolution for the purpose of keeping the money from them. He did not, however, think that the distress was as great as had been represented, but if, after a week or two, it was found that he was wrong, he would be willing to vote if necessary $2,000.

The amendment was then put and carried.

A communication was received from the Secretary of the Board of Grammar School Trustees, announcing the retirement of the Rev. Mr. Wardrope and the Rev. Dr. Spence from the Board.

Ald. Cunningham moved the re-appointment of the Rev. Mr. Wardrope, and the appointment of the Rev. Mr Gordon.

The subject was then referred to a committee, who reported in favor of the appointment of the Revds. Messrs. Gordon and Wardrope, which was adopted.

His Worship read a communication from Alderman Langford, tendering his resignation as Alderman, and after considerable debate the resignation was accepted.

A petition was then presented from a number of rate-payers for the reconstruction of Pooley's Bridge.

Applications were then read for the office of Assessors, when Mr. D. M. Grant, Mr. Cousens, and Dr. Riel, were appointed Assessors for the current year.

The reports of committees were presented.

On the presentation of the report of the Special Committee on the renovation of the City Hall, considerable discussion took place. The sum estimated by the City Engineer for such repairs and renovations as seemed to be indispensable about the Hall, and the removal of the Police Court to the new building now being erected for the Hook and Ladder Company, being $820, an amendment was offered on motion for the adoption of the report by Mr. Robinson, to the effect that the expenses of the renovation should be limited to $400, which was lost on division. The motion to adopt the report was then put and carried.

A motion was introduced to pass a by-law preventing wooden buildings from being put up in the City Hall Square.

Ald. Robinson said such legislation was entirely inconsistent with the practice of the council. The council were now putting up a wooden building, and how could they tell the citizens that they should not do what the council were doing.

Ald. Cunningham explained that it would not interfere with wooden houses already commenced.

The resolution was carried.

Ald. Hunter moved, seconded by Ald. Eager, that the City Solicitor prepare a by-law to regulate the measurement and sale of firewood, which was carried.

The council then adjourned.

See our official report in a future issue.

COURT OF QUEEN'S BENCH—COUNTY OF OTTAWA.

Before Judge Lafontaine.

AYLMER, Jan. 31, 1868.

MR. G. H. MACAULAY'S (ASSISTANT CROWN PROSECUTOR) ADDRESS TO THE JURY IN FRENCH, IN THE CASE OF THE QUEEN vs. DOWNIE, FOR THE MURDER OF TIMOTHY SULLIVAN.

[Translated.]

May it please the Court, gentlemen of the Jury: In the preliminary observations made by me in this important trial, I sought, in calm, but confident terms, to impress you with the responsibility resting upon Petty Jurors in the determination of the nature of facts bearing upon the accusation against the prisoner at the Bar. The prisoner, John Downie, is accused in that indictment of the heinous crime of wilful murder. Far be it from me, gentlemen of the jury, to appeal to those passions by which we are, in this wicked world of ours, more or less prejudiced. The apparent guilt of the prisoner at the Bar, the concurrent circumstances elicited during the trial from the mouths of credible witnesses, might fairly justify me in claiming an immediate verdict of guilty at your hands. But I resort to no such expedient. As you are the judges of the facts—according to time-honored precedents in English Criminal Law—I have merely to draw your attention to those patent facts, and to urge upon you the necessity of giving them a calm, cautious and conscientious consideration. The learned Counsel for the defence, who last addressed you, was justified in stating that his reputation, as an able defender of accused criminals, had preceded him. The unfortunate old man, who now stands at the Bar of this Court, may truly feel grateful that learned gentleman for an ingenuity in defence, seldom equalled, perhaps never surpassed, in the annals of criminal jurisprudence in this country. But, gentlemen of the Jury, while I avow the great ability and ingenuity of the learned Counsel, it is my duty to caution you against the film, the veil, the web of sophistry, supposition and theory, with which he has so speciously surrounded this plain and easily judged case. My duty, as representing the Crown, is to inform you that the sophistries of the learned counsel are to be exposed, and I propose, with your patience, to tear the veil from the naked facts of this unfortunate case, and show them to you and to the country which you represent, in a fair, temperate, but conclusive light. The facts are these:—On the morning of the 28th October last, James Sullivan, Inspector of Roads for the Township of Sacen, considering himself duly authorized in writing by Slattery, Superintendent of Roads for the same municipality, proceeded to the land of John Downie, the prisoner at the Bar, with four men, to open up a portion of road laid out and blazed by Slattery, the Superintendent. The prisoner at the Bar had refused to perform the statute labor required of him. It was therefore found necessary to open the road, and to collect the amount at a later date from the defaulter. The men accompanying James Sullivan were Francis Rouche, John Sullivan, William Ryan, and the deceased, Timothy Sullivan, all witnesses in this case, except the unfortunate victim. A short time after their arrival at the scene of work, or action, the prisoner and his son were seen at a fence, near the men, with guns in their hands. A conversation ensued. The prisoner and his son warned the men to leave, threatening that if they stayed, it would be "at the expense of a leg or an arm." Sullivan replied that they were acting on a legitimate errand and would continue their work. They did so. A short time afterwards Michael Downey, son of the prisoner at the bar, came to Sullivan and handed him a written notice warning the party not to encroach upon his cleared land or fences. This was about eleven o'clock of the morning of that fatal day. Shortly afterwards two shots were fired, and Rouche, one of the witnesses, swears positively that he heard the rustling in the branches, and felt the smarting of the spent shot upon his shoulders. After this, Jas. Sullivan is sent out to watch for danger ahead, as they intend working towards a certain picket, then discontinue the work and take legal proceedings against the Downies for firing at them. Sullivan sees the two Downies coming down the pinnacle—he warns the men to look out—they come out into the clearing in a state of excitement, and now comes the fatal *denouement*. Old Downie has no gun, the son Michael has one, and, as is afterwards proved, a loaded gun and stands some yards above his father. The father challenges the men in these words, "Clear out or damn my soul but I will put a ball through one of you." The deceased replies, "You old scoundrel you have done enough already, and you will swing for it." The prisoner then advances towards his son Michael saying violently, "Mickey give me the gun." Mickey, who was advancing down towards him, hands him the gun. The prisoner then brings the gun to his shoulder, aims deliberately at Timothy Sullivan saying, after cocking it, "Mind I'm a good shot," draws the trigger, and the deceased is launched into eternity, merely having time to utter the words, "I'm done; carry me home." The ball, as proved by the medical evidence, enters the left side of the throat, severs the common carotid artery and the jugular vein, passes through the right lung, makes its exit under the collar-bone in the rear of the chest. On receiving the shot, the deceased staggered a few paces, the blood gushed from the wound, is supported by William Ryan, who lays him down on a green knoll with (as described by the witness) his heart's blood gushing from the wound. Horrified at such an unexpected act of deliberate murder, they mournfully surround their deceased friend and companion, and carry him home to his bereaved family. Gentlemen of the Jury, am I to ask you, if this is, or is not, the deliberate murder of a fellow being? The earnest counsel for the defence has set up several ingenious modes of removing your attention from the facts of this case. He has attempted to cast a slur upon the credibility of the witnesses for the prosecution. After forcing them through a fiery, scathing ordeal of cross examination, separating them from each other, as suggested in the Holy Scriptures, for the purposes of arriving at the truth, he finds the whole four thoroughly agreed on the main points that lead directly and incontrovertibly to the guilt of the prisoner at the bar. But this is not all. The physician called upon to examine the body of the deceased, neglected, it appears, to open the brain in the *post mortem* examination. The learned counsel, therefore, questions your intelligence, expecting you to believe that poor Sullivan may have died from disease of the brain!! The authorities, Taylor and Ordila, on Medical Jurisprudence must set that question at rest in your minds. Could you possibly have any doubts on that subject, the Court will inform you of the important bearing of these authorities as to the proof of the cause of death. The medical testimony establishes beyond a reasonable doubt that the gun-shot wound was the cause of death, and the only qualification of that certainty is, that some latent disease of the brain may have been co-existent with the severance of the carotid artery and jugular vein. The four witnesses present at this unjustifiable act of murder have sworn positively as to what they saw, and no attempt of the learned counsel for the defence, however harsh and desperate, has succeeded in shaking their unswerving honesty and veracity. I now come to a very important point raised by the learned counsel for the defence. It is pretended that the gang of men working under James Sullivan were not only trespassers, but were guilty of forcible entry and detainer, and that, therefore, they being the aggressors armed with axes (dangerous weapons) coming violently to take possession of the property of the prisoner at the bar; he was justified in committing murder. Gentlemen of the Jury! can such a monstrous doctrine be permitted to prevail in our peaceable and law-abiding community? It is for you to determine whether mob-law is to be the rule in the Ottawa District. For my part, I am satisfied that in spite of all efforts to legalize crime, the doctrine *magna est veritas et prævalebit* will eventually be accepted by Jurymen throughout the country. And if acting upon that principle, as you are called upon to judge conscientiously of the nature of this crime now entrusted to the decision of your perception and intelligence, I feel confident that law and order will be secured, while lawlessness and disorder will receive that punishment richly deserved in this unfortunate case. In this affair there could not be what is called in law, "forcible entry and detainer." The Pathmaster came to Downie's land in perfect good faith, acting under instructions from the Superintendent to do work, not to take forcible possession of his property, as no such attempt was ever made. The learned counsel pretends that every man is to have the powers of a Justice of the Peace on his own property. Even admitting this to be a fact (which is absurd), has every man a right to shoot his neighbor on such provocation? The learned gentleman himself would tremble even at tolerating such a loose principle of law and morality. We must, therefore, conclude that no such justification can be invoked by the prisoner at the bar in this case. He had a legal remedy, and the serving of the written notice on Sullivan by Michael, surely proved that he knew of that remedy. And now gentlemen, in conclusion, your arduous duties have detained you several days from your families. You are the judges of the facts under the direction of the learned Judge, who will, no doubt, give you the law touching the crime of murder. My earnest desire is that, throwing aside all prejudice or sympathy, acting conscientiously under the solemn oath you have taken, you will judge the crime of the prisoner at the bar without leniency or undue severity, but strictly in accordance with the facts submitted to you. I now leave the case in your hands.

LOCAL NEWS.

VICTORIA QUADRILLE CLUB.—A meeting of the above club will be held this evening at Goldthrite's Saloon, at eight o'clock, sharp.

CONCERT AND FESTIVAL MECHANICS INSTITUTE.—The friends of the Mechanics' Institute should remember that this is the evening for the festival in aid of its funds. All who can make it convenient, should not fail to go.

SNOW SHOE RACE.—The first race of the season takes place on Wednesday afternoon at 3 o'clock, on the river opposite the Queen's wharf, between a gentleman of this city and an Indian.

ST. ALBAN'S PARISH.—The meeting of the friends and parishioners in St. Alban's Church has been postponed to Wednesday (to-morrow) evening at 8 o'clock. It was found that many gentlemen had been engaged to attend the festival of the Mechanics' Institute.

PROTESTANT HOSPITAL ANNUAL MEETING.—The annual meeting of the Subscribers to the Protestant Hospital will be held in the Directors' Hall at the Hospital, to receive the annual report, and for the election of Directors. The public are respectfully invited to attend the meeting.

O. U. R. CONCERT.—The proceeds of the late concert given by the above club amounts to two hundred and ten dollars, after paying all expenses. The members of the O. U. R. take this opportunity of thanking their friends for kind donations and indefatigable efforts to ensure the success of the concert.

YOUNG AND RADFORD have the largest, best and cheapest stock of watches to be found in Ottawa. They have also on hand a very choice and varied assortment of Electro-plated ware, and Fancy Goods. They do all kinds of repairing and jewellery jobbing in first-class style. 656-y.

AUCTION.—We would remind our readers that Mr. McLean's great clearing sale of bankrupt stock of dry goods, blankets, small wares, &c., &c., will be continued this day—morning, afternoon, and evening, at the hours of ten, two, and seven, respectively. As Mr. McLean expects to clear off the whole of the stock to-day, parties in the trade, and heads of families, requiring supplies, should not miss this great opportunity. 657-1

FIRE ALARMS.—On Sunday last, there were three or four alarms of fire. In the forenoon, a small fire happened in the house of Mr Jamieson, in letter O, but was soon extinguished with trifling damage. A roof was found to be on fire in Sussex-st. at the same time, and in the evening a chimney was on fire in Upper Town, but both were the damage to the roof in Sussex-st. was very little, and that to the chimney nothing.

A CASE OF ALLEGED FORGERY.—Last evening a man about fifty years of age, named James Keely, inn-keeper at Gloucester, was arrested on the charge of having forged the name of Denis Whelan, merchant, to a receipt of a bill rendered him by Mr. Whelan about a year ago for $91.00. The prisoner alleged the signature was written by Mr. Stephen O'Brien, deceased. He was lodged in jail on the information of complainant, and will be brought up for examination this morning.

POLICE COURT.—John Doyle was charged with furious driving on Saturday night, when he was arrested and put in jail; fined $3 and costs.—Matthew Hicks was charged with selling by auction without a license, and fined $10 and costs.—Jesse Powell, for keeping a vicious dog. The evidence not being sufficient, was dismissed.—Patrick Cowly for using abusive language, which was calculated to lead to a breach of the peace, to James Gorman, was ordered to pay $1 and costs.

HOUSE BREAKING.—On Sunday evening the residence of Mr. R. M. Baxter, of the Finance Department, was forcibly entered while the family were out at church. Drawers were ransacked, and a general search was made, evidently for the purpose of discovering and appropriating money, as many valuable articles of easy carriage were left untouched. The thief had but poor luck, finding only some loose change, less than two dollars, in the dining-room, as Mr. Baxter is not in the habit of leaving his money lying about the house, a fact of which intending plunderers may as well take note.

METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS.—By Wm. Hearn, Optician and Druggist, York-st.

OTTAWA, Feb. 2, 1868.

Greatest degree of cold registered during the previous night, 4 above zero.

8 a. m., 26 above zero.
1 p. m., 14 " "
6 p. m., 4 " "

Feb. 3rd.

Greatest degree of cold registered during the previous night, 20 below zero.

8 a. m., 18 below zero.
1 p. m., 7 " "
6 p. m., 6 " "

Rumor of the Resignation of the American Minister to the Court of St. James.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 3.—An authentic rumor prevails to-day in Congressional circles that Mr. Adams has resigned his position as Minister to England.

CABLE NEWS.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

PARIS, Feb. 2.—The *Courrier* last evening says the presence of Admiral Farragut at Naples is designed as a counterpoise to the French forces in Rome, and to sustain the Liberals of Italy, with whom Farragut holds intimate relations. The *Courrier* says that the Admiral has sent to Caprera the promise of his support, and he only wants the reply of Garibaldi.

The debate on the proposed bill for the government of the press was closed late last evening. No vote was reached. The success of the bill is regarded as extremely problematical.

LONDON, Feb. 2.—In accordance with a request from Lord Stanley, the Pasha of Egypt has recalled the auxiliary corps of native Egyptians, which he sent to join the British expedition in Abyssinia.

BERLIN, Feb. 2.—The Bill introduced by the Government, granting large indemnity to the King of Hanover and the Duke of Nassau, has been passed. Much opposition was shown to granting those appropriations, and at one time their passage seemed doubtful but toward the close of the debate Von Bismarck declared that if they were not adopted, he would be compelled to dissolve Parliament. This threat was effective, and the Bill as proposed by the Government, was passed.

COPENHAGEN, Feb. 2.—His Majesty King Christian has signed the treaty with the United States for the sale of the West India Islands. A special courier has left Copenhagen for Washington with the document.

CADIZ, Feb. 2.—Reports have been received here from Morocco, which represent that a severe famine prevails in Tangiers and Tetuan.

FLORENCE, Feb. 2.—It is announced that Crown Prince Humbert has been formally betrothed to the Princess Magherita, of Genoa.

PARIS, Feb. 2.—It is reported that the Government is likely to withdraw the new bill for the regulation of the press, which has been under discussion in the Corps Legislatif, in consequence of the opposition to the measure shown by the Liberal party.

THIS MORNING'S DESPATCHES.

Dreadful Sufferings at Sea—Cannibalism.

GIBRALTAR, Feb. 3.—The captain and two seamen of the crew of the schooner *Moses Waring* which foundered at sea, were rescued on the 18th ult by the bark *Minnie*, and brought to this port. They had been seven days without food and to sustain life were obliged to resort to the flesh of the mate, who had died of exhaustion.

LONDON, Jan. 3.—The gale which passed over England on Saturday last was very destructive to life and property. In this city and in Liverpool chimneys and signs were blown down, and houses unroofed. Many people were struck by falling objects and seriously injured, and in some instances killed outright.

VIENNA, Feb. 3.—Prince Joseph Colloredo Mansfield has been appointed President of the Upper House of the Reichsrath, and has also been placed at the head of the Supreme Court of Justice in Vienna.

LONDON, Feb. 3.—Despatches from Japan announce that the ports of Hioga and Osaka were thrown open to foreigners.

PARIS, Feb. 3.—The journals of this city generally deplore the tone and tendency of debate in the Corps Legislatif on the Bill for the regulation of the press. They think that the opposition to the measure will cause its withdrawal by the Government, and fear that the final result will be the extinction of whatever liberty the press of the county may still possess.

AMERICAN NEWS.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

Fenian Meeting at Buffalo—The British Consul's Life Threatened.

BUFFALO, Feb. 3.—About two thousand Fenians assembled in St. James Hall on Saturday night, and were addressed by John O'Neil, the President of the Organization, and Col. Walsh, of California. The President said in reference to a letter sent to the British Consul, threatening his life, that it was not authorized by the organization. Such acts are condemned by the Fenian organization.

THIS MORNING'S DESPATCHES.

From South America.

NEW YORK, Feb. 2.—The *Herald's* Lima (Peru) correspondence says, President Prado had met with a disastrous defeat before Arequipa, and was forced to retreat to Lima. At Callao and at Lima the feeling against Prado's Government became so bitter that he and his family were forced to take refuge from the populace in the residence of the United States Minister. Prado afterwards embarked for Chili. The whole country is now under the control of the revolutionists.

NEW YORK, Feb. 3.—The *Herald's* Valparaiso correspondent of January 3rd says, the success of Canseco's revolt in Peru was generally regarded as the end of the Chilian Peruvian alliance. On December 25th a tremendous fire broke out in Valparaiso, destroying the Government arsenal, and a long line of temporary buildings. Loss $125,000.

Fires.

LATROBE, PA., Feb. 2.—The Saint Xavier's Seminary near here was burned this afternoon. The inmates escaped.

CHICAGO, Feb. 2.—A fire at Champaign, Ill., on the 30th destroyed property valued at $15,000.

Starvation at Tunis.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 3. The U. S. Consul at Tunis writes that 200 natives died of starvation in Tunis on the 27th of December. The average number of deaths from this cause alone was considerably over hundred daily.

THE QUEBEC LEGISLATURE.

DISTRESS IN NOVA SCOTIA.

Hon. Mr. CHAUVEAU further announced that His Excellency the Lieutenant Governor, immediately on the action of the House, in regard to the relief of the distressed Nova Scotia fishermen, had deemed proper to telegraph to the Lieutenant-Governor of Nova Scotia on the subject. Telegrams had been exchanged between their Excellencies in relation to the matter, and he (Hon. Mr. C.) had himself pleasure in communicating the despatches in question to the House. They were as follows:

"QUEBEC, 29th Jany., 1868.

"To His Excellency the Lieut.-Governor of Nova Scotia, Halifax.

"Legislature of Quebec has voted four thousand dollars towards relief of Nova Scotia distressed fishermen. The people seize the opportunity of showing their sympathy and gratitude to their fellow-countrymen in that Province.

"N. F. BELLEAU,
"Lieut. Gov. Prov. of Quebec."

"HALIFAX, 30th Jan. 1868.

"Sir N. F. Belleau,
"Lieut.-Gov. Quebec.

"I acknowledge, with great gratitude the information contained in your telegram of yesterday's date, informing me that the Legislature of Quebec has voted the magnificent sum of four thousand dollars towards relief of Nova Scotia distressed fishermen. I have directed that sum to be placed to the general fund for this relief.

"HASTINGS DOYLE,
"Lieut. Gov., Nova Scotia."

Hon. Mr. DUNKIN said he might remark in the connection, that within the last ten minutes he had received a telegram from the Hon. Treasurer of Nova Scotia in reference to the remittance of the sum by the House. He thought, when the subject was on the *tapis* it was just as well for him to mention the fact. It was his intention to repay that the amount would be remitted immediately.—*Quebec Chronicle.*

COTTON NO LONGER KING.—Cotton goods are now nearly as cheap as before the American war. Garland, Mutchmor & Co. have lately received a few bales of gray and white cottons, shirtings and prints, purchased since the great fall in prices. Parties requiring any description of dry goods would do well to see their stock before purchasing. 382-y

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT.

Showing the amount of Duty chargeable on the Imports of Nova Scotia under Tariff of 1866, and the amount which would be collected on the same Imports under the Dominion Tariff, with increase and decrease.

ARTICLES.	Nova Scotia Tariff, 1866 Quantities.	Values.	Rate	Duty.	Dominion Tariff. Quantities & Remarks.	Values.	Rate	Duty.	Increase.	Decrease.
Ale and Porter	92,636 gals		6c	$5,618	93,636 gals		5c	$4,681		$937
Animals (U S)		$656		61		$656	15pc	98	$37	
Arms and Ammunition		28,162	10pc	2,816	Foreign	22,162	"	3,324	508	
Beef and Pork	6,207 bbls		$1	6,207						
Bacon and Hams	6,517 lbs		2	130	Foreign, 658,370 lbs		1c	6,583	246	
Bread (Fine)	69,705 lbs		1c	697						
Do. (Navy)	825,978 lbs		1.5c	1,650	Foreign	17,659	15pc	2,648	301	
Burning Fluid	321 gals		10c	32		216	"	32		
Butter and Lard	99,950 lbs		1¾c	1,749	Foreign, butter 20,000		4c	800		
					Do. lard, 50,000		1	500		449
Candles (Tallow)	9,870 "		3c	296						
Do. (Sperm)	8,677 "		8c	694	Foreign	2,295	15pc	344		646
Cheese	73,211 "		1	732	Foreign, 28,132 lbs		3c	844	112	
Clocks		5,817	20pc	1,163		5,817	15pc	871		292
Coffee (Green)	162,149 lbs		4c	6,486	162,149 lbs		3c	4,865		1,621
Do. (Roasted)	18,709 lbs		5c	935	18,709 lbs		4c	748		187
Cordage and Canvas		505,325	5pc	25,266	Free for ship's use	50,000	15pc	7,500		17,766
Cotton, Linen, Silks, &c.		3,227,785	10pc	322,778	Many articles free	3,027,785	"	454,167	131,389	
Cotton Warp		93,902	5pc	4,694	Foreign	46,940	"	7,041	2,347	
Confectionary		13,798	20pc	2,759		13,798	"	2,068		691
Drugs and Dye Stuffs		112,951	10pc	11,295	Dye Stuffs free	50,000	15pc	7,500		3,795
Patent Medicines		13,380	20pc	2,676		13,380	25pc	3,345	669	
Earthenware, Glass, &c		145,641	10pc	14,564		145,641	15pc	21,846	7,282	
Flour, Wheat	281,284 brls		25pc	70,321	Foreign, 86,000 bbls		25c	21,500		48,821
Do. (Other kinds)	56,988 "		Free	"	Do. 56,988 "		"	14,247	14,247	
Fruit, Apples	2,499 "		$1	2,499		19,270	15pc	2,990	491	
Do Raisins	376,502 lbs		2c	7,530		61,201	"	9,180	1,650	
Do. (Other kinds)		25,461	10pc	2,546	Foreign	23,325	"	3,573	1,027	
Groceries		73,518	10pc	7,352		73,528	15pc	11,028	3,676	
Spices	4,386 lbs		4c	175		677	25pc	169		
Hardware (1st class)		667,756	10pc	66,775		667,756	15pc	100,162	33,387	
Do. (2nd class)		617,168	5pc	30,758		617,178	Free			30,758
Hats and Caps		70,943	10pc	7,094		70,943	15pc	10,641	3,547	
India Rubber Manufactures		19,157	"	1,915	Foreign	8,000	"	1,200		715
Jewellery		83,361	"	8,336		83,361	"	12,504	4,168	
Leather Manufactures, including Furs		195,215	"	19,521	Foreign	100,000	"	15,000		4,521
Leather (Sole)	166,005 lbs		4	6,640	Do.	25,000	10pc	2,500		4,140
Molasses	1,255,108 gals		5	62,755	12,551,080 lbs		55c	69,030	6,275	
Naval Stores, Oakum, &c		24,429	5pc	987		24,429	Free			987
Oil, (Rock and Coal)	256,255 gals		7c	17,938	Foreign 128,127 gals		10c	12,812		5,126
Do. (Linseed, &c.)		38,629	10pc	3,863		38,629	15pc	5,794	1,931	
Paper Manufactures		67,429	"	6,743	Foreign	55,000	"	8,250	1,507	
Paint and Putty		52,445	"	5,240	Partly Free	50,000	"	7,500	2,260	
Spirits:										
Brandy	59,256 gals		120c	71,107	59,256 gals		80c	47,404		23,703
Gin and Whiskey	112,876 "		90	101,588	112,876 "		Ex 60c	67,725		
					add for 56,400g imp'ted		20c	11,288		[illegible]
Rum	351,786 "		75c	263,839	351,786 gals		Ex 60	211,071		
					add for 85,000g imp'ted		20c	17,000		35,768
Spirits and Strong Waters	441 "		90c	297	441 gals		80c	352		45
Wine	54,616 "	127,338		24,823	18,616 "		10c	1,861		
					36,000 "		25c	9,000		
					2,365 "		$2	4,730		9,231
Sugar (Raw)	5,121,907 lbs		1½	76,827	5,121,907 lbs	Average	2c	102,438	25,615	
Do. (Refined)	673,074 "		2	13,461	673,074 lbs	Do	3c	20,192	6,731	
Stone (Manufactured)		11,158	10pc	1,115	Foreign	7,433	15pc	1,115		
Tea (Black)	1,365,251 "		6	81,915	1,365,251 lbs		7¼c	98,980	17,065	
Do. (Green)	1,451 "		11c	159	1,451 "	725	7c 15pc	209	50	
Tobacco Manufactured	297,372 "		10c	29,737	297,372 "		Ex 10c	29,737		
Cigars				2,673				2,673		
Vegetables		70,239		869			Free			869
Woodenware & Unenumerated		129,435	10pc	12,943		129,435	15pc	19,414	6,471	
TOTALS				$1,423,735				$1,483,074	$272,989	$213,650

Net Increase, ... $59,339.

J. JOHNSON,
Assistant Commissioner.

DEPARTMENT OF CUSTOMS,
Ottawa, 31st January, 1868.

DEPARTMENT OF CUSTOMS,
Ottawa, January 31, 1868.

HON. S. L. TILLEY, C. B., MINISTER OF CUSTOMS.

SIR,—I have the honor to hand you herewith a "comparative statement" of the duties to which the imports of Nova Scotia of 1866 were liable under the local tariff of that year, and my estimate of the amount which will be collected under that now in force for the Dominion, presenting a net increase on the whole of $59,339.

The general principles upon which this statement is compiled, are the same as those observed in the similar table already published, respecting the imports of New Brunswick. The circumstances of Nova Scotia, however, are essentially different in many respects from those of New Brunswick, and the details are consequently obtained by a somewhat different process.

In the articles of beef and pork, flour and fruit, I have only charged as dutiable in 1866, the quantities imported in that year from foreign countries, and in estimating the reduction arising out of Confederation I believe I have kept well within the reality. It should be remembered that in connection with the acceptance of the Union, arrangements have been made by which largely increased facilities have been secured for commercial intercourse between the Provinces, and the result is a constantly decreasing foreign, and an increasing domestic, trade.

In the estimated reduction of manufactured articles imported from foreign countries, I have reckoned upon the ability of existing factories to supply a very limited proportion. I might have legitimately included the prospective, and, in many cases, contemplated enlargement and extension of those already in operation, and the establishment of others, but as that would throw the realization of the benefit into future years, I prefer to confine myself to what I have reason to believe will be the almost immediate result. In cotton fabrics, I believe the quantity of Dominion manufactures will, within a year, be greatly increased, and the cost to the consumer decreased. In India rubber goods, I have allowed nearly one-half as still to be imported, but considering that Ontario can supply an equally good article, and at as cheap a rate, as any other country, I cannot see why any importer should choose to pay the duty of fifteen per cent. Certainly in this and kindred cases, no Minister of Finance would be justified in estimating much revenue from such sources. Similar observations are equally applicable to leather and leather manufactures, many articles of hardware, and largely to paper. In the item of hats and caps, I have allowed the increase of five per cent. upon the whole amount of the importations, and I think it will be conceded that it would legitimately bear a large reduction, considering the fact, that the material for the manufacture of hats is entirely free of duty.

I have not included the duty on Indian Corn, because an Order in Council has been issued modifying, I might say almost virtually abrogating, the duty, and also because I could not obtain reliable *data* upon which to base the calculation. For the latter reason I have also omitted the article of Tallow. These items may add slightly to the increase, and may be associated with the Bank Tax and Stamp duties, which should also be taken into the account, and which, taken collectively, according to the proportion of population, and calculating upon the amount actually collected in Ontario and Quebec, will yield to Nova Scotia about $11,000 per annum.

In estimating the effect of the change of Tariff upon the interests of Nova Scotia, and as necessary to a correct understanding of the statement, I think the position of the Province in relation to the public indebtedness, and consequent burdens to be borne, should be considered. I have never seen it asserted that the Local Revenue, calculating as many as ten consecutive years, was more than sufficient to meet the annual expenditure, and hence increased expenditure would necessarily involve increased taxation. It is true that the revenues of the Maritime Provinces were very much increased during the continuance of the late civil war in the United States, and the Government of Nova Scotia was enabled in consequence to increase the expenditure for local purposes during those years, but a glance at the sources of this increase will tend to show that a continuance of the advantage could not be expected. The prices of many articles paying *adcalorem* duty, were inflated to an unhealthy degree, and consequently a much larger amount of duty was realized upon the quantities imported, than would have been in the normal state of commerce. Besides this the port of Halifax became the favorite resort of blockade runners, and an immense, but temporary, trade was thus instituted. It may be said that the goods exported were subject to a drawback of the duties paid, but as the law required that a certificate from the port from which the vessels cleared, to the effect that such goods had been duly entered there, was necessary before the exporter could claim the drawback, the practical result was to leave the bulk of the duties in the Nova Scotia Treasury, as the blockade runners seldom entered the port specified. Now, it is well known that at the time of the Union taking place, the cost of the railway from Pictou to Truro, about $2,250,000, had not become a charge upon the revenues of the Province, and that the railway from Windsor to Annapolis, involving an outlay of $1,103,000, stands in precisely the same position. The interest on the Pictou Road amounts to $135,000 per annum, and on the Annapolis Road to $66,180, or a total of $201,180 railway interest, for which Nova Scotia must have immediately provided by some kind of taxation, had not the Union taken place.

In conclusion, I may be allowed to say, that in taking the imports of 1866 as the basis of calculation, the comparison is unfavorable to the Dominion tariff, as, from causes similar to those already mentioned in reference to previous years, the imports of New Brunswick and Nova Scotia were unusually heavy in that year, and I have ascertained that the revenue of the latter Province for 1867 has actually fallen short of the previous year to the amount of $131,000.

I am, sir,
Your obdt. servt.,
J. JOHNSON,
Assistant Commr.

CONCERT IN AID OF THE DISTRESSED FISHERMEN.

To the Editor of THE TIMES.

DEAR SIR,—Is the rumor true that reaches us that a number of lady and gentlemen amateurs are about to give a dramatic performance in aid of the distressed Fishermen of Nova Scotia, under the direction of a certain eminent physician? If such is the intention, would it not be well to "strike the iron while 'tis hot," rather than wait until the present enthusiasm cools.

Yours, respectfully,
THESPIS.

Ottawa, Feb. 3, 1868.

—Here is a boy who understands preaching. He lives in Chicago, and went to church with his father, and heard the minister urge that Christians should be active for Christ. "They serve him not with breath alone, but also with the hands and the feet." On the way home, the paternal asked the lad if he understood anything in the sermon:

"Oh, yes! I hear preaching now-a-days."
"Well, what did you hear this morning?"
"The minister said we should stop blowing and go to work!"

YOUNG & RADFORD, 30, Sparks-st., have just received a stock of Christmas and New Year's presents, and parties wanting to buy would do well to give them a call and judge for themselves before purchasing elsewhere. Remember the place, 30, Sparks-st.

Chicago Markets.

CHICAGO, Feb. 3.—Flour quiet and unchanged at $12.75 for White Winter Extra, and $9 @ 11 for Spring Extra. Wheat irregular at $2.08 @ $2.09 for No. 1, and $2.04½ @ 2.04¾ for No. 2. Corn firmer at 82½c. for New; 83c. for Old. Oats quiet at 58¼c. @ 58½c. Rye firm at $1.51 @ $1.55, Barley nominal. Provisions buoyant. Lard advanced ¼. Live Hogs advanced 20c. @ 25c. Receipts, 4,200 Flour; 17,000 Wheat; 63,000 Corn; 14,000 Oats; 4,200 Dressed Hogs, 1,200 Live do. Shipments, 4,800 Flour; 5,500 Corn; 2,500 Dressed Hogs; 1,000 Live do.

Chicago Markets.

CHICAGO, Feb. 1.—Flour steady; Spring Extra at $10.50. Wheat quiet and declined 1c.; sales at $2.50½ @ 2.60½ and No. 1 $2.10. New corn fairly active and firmer at an advance of ½c. @ 1c.; closing firm at 82½c.; Old inactive at 85½c. for No. 1. Oats moderately active at an advance of ½c. @ 1c.; closing firm at 58½c. @ 59c. Rye firmer and quiet at $1.48 @ 1.51 for No. 1. Barley in store inactive and nominal by sample $1.90 on track $1.33. Provisions firm. Mess Pork Old $19.50; New Standard $20.25. First class brands $21.00. Sweet hams inactive at 12c. @ 12½c. Lard less active at 13¼c.; buyers offer 13½c. Live Hogs firm and active ranging from $6.00 @ $7.65. Shipments active at $4.75 @ 5.00. Receipts—5,500 bbls. flour; 23,000 bushs. wheat; 75,000 bushs. corn; 12,000 bushs. oats; 2,200 dressed hogs; 1,000 live hogs. Shipments—4,000 bbls. flour; 3,000 bushs. wheat; 4,200 bushs. corn; 3,000 dressed hogs; 8,375 live hogs.

New York Money Market.

NEW YORK, Feb. 3. Stocks active. Sterling Exchange 109¾. Gold 141¼.

The *Post* says the Loan Market is abundantly supplied at 5 @ 6.

Stocks unsettled.

Governments active.

Railroads closed with a disposition to make concessions.

Exchange quiet.

Gold closed 141¼.

New York Markets.

NEW YORK, Feb. 3.—Cotton firmer at 19½ @ 19¾c. Flour dull. Receipts 6,300 bbls. Sales 5,000 bbls, at $8.50 @ $9.10 for Superfine State and Western $9.90 @ $10.80 for Common to Choice Extra State; $9.60 @ $13 for Common to Choice Extra Western. Rye Flour quiet at $7.50 @ $9.25. Wheat quiet and steady. Receipts 1,250 bus. Rye quiet. Corn more active. Receipts 36,000 bus. Sales 56,000 bus. at $1.27 @ $1.30 for new mixed Western afloat; $1.31 for poor old do. in store; $1.27 @ 1.30 for new white Southern. Barley quiet and firm. Oats firm. Receipts 8,000 bus. Sales 25,000 bus. at 84c. for Western. Pork dull at $21.50 @ $21.62 for old mess and $22.50 @ 22.75 for new do. Lard firm at 13¼c. @ 14¼c.

YOUNG AND RADFORD'S stock of watches, clocks, jewellery, fancy goods and electro-plated ware are worthy of inspection. All goods will be sold cheap. Give them a call. Remember the place, 30 Sparks-st.

DIED.

On Sunday, 2nd February, instant, Sidney Bernie, third surviving son of George Murray and Elizabeth Archibald Jarvis, aged thirteen years and three months.

The funeral will take place on Wednesday, 5th instant, at 3 o'clock, p. m., from his father's residence, Wilbrod street.

At Bristol on the 16th ultimo, John Taber, Senr., Esq., aged 9 years, and father of Mrs. Clements Bradley of Gloucester. Deceased was a native of Bratwood Essex, England, and came to Canada in 18 9.

Situation Wanted.

A YOUNG MAN who has a fair knowledge of business, and can procure satisfactory city references, wants a situation as clerk in a Dry Goods Store. Address, T. W. R., Times office, Ottawa.

February 4 1868 657a

WANTED.

A LADY who is competent to teach the elementary English branches. Apply to MISS HARMON, Young Ladies' Institute.

February 4 657-3

FOUND!

ON the Evening of February 3rd, on Sparks st., a purse of money. The owner can have it on proving property and paying for this advertisement.

Apply to MRS. TROTTER, Toronto House.

Ottawa, Feb. 4, 1868. 657tf

THE MONTREAL WAREHOUSE,
SUSSEX, OPPOSITE YORK-STREET,
IN MR. INGLIS' NEW BLOCK,
WILL BE OPENED OUT IN A FEW DAYS WITH A STOCK OF
Choice Wines, Groceries and Provisions, &c., &c.
J. MARTIN & CO.
OTTAWA, February 4, 1868.

WAR! WAR! WAR!

KEARNS & RYAN,

WELL KNOWN

Merchants of this City,

—WHO KEEP THE PEOPLE'S—

CHEAP CASH STORE!

Have declared War against all other merchants of the Capital of Canada, for imposing dear goods on the people. They will make a

Reduction of 20 per cent off Hats and Bonnets

—AND—

10 per cent off all other Cash Purchases

OVER ONE DOLLAR,

During the month of February. Rush to their establishment and judge for yourselves. No deception.

Corner of York and Sussex-sts.

Ottawa, February 3, 1868. 656d

DRY GOODS AT DISCOUNT!

$30,000

Worth of Seasonable Dry Goods

OFFERED AT

10 Cents Discount on all Cash Purchases of $1

AND UPWARDS. AT

J. A. PINARD'S.

Most of the COTTON GOODS in Stock

Have been bought within the last two months, and will offered a

REDUCTION OF 40 PER CENT.

Compared with any Cotton Goods of Fall Importation in this city.

Dress Goods, Woollen Goods, &c

HAVE BEEN REDUCED IN PRICES SINCE 1st JANUARY.

This further inducement of Discount is offered in order to reduce Stock to the lowest point before Stock-Taking.

N. B. Sale to Commence on MONDAY, THIRD of FEBRUARY, for a short time only. Goods marked in plain figures. Only One Price.

No. 17, SUSSEX-ST., CORNER of GEORGE-ST.,

SIGN OF THE GOLDEN BALL.

Ottawa, Feb. 1, 1868 655b&w1

GRAND

ANNUAL FESTIVAL

Mechanics' Institute & Athenæum.

UNDER THE PATRONAGE OF

Sir John A. Macdonald, K. C. B., and Lady Macdonald.

IN

HER MAJESTY'S THEATRE,

On Tuesday, 4th February

ADDRESSES

Will be delivered by

Hon. A. ARCHIBALD, Secretary of State for the Provinces,

Hon. P. MITCHELL, Minister of Marine,

Hon. Mr. TILLEY, Minister of Customs,

Mr. Justice ARMSTRONG

THE MUSICAL SELECTIONS will be given by Mons. and Madame Blain de St. Aubin, Mrs. R. W. Scott, Mr. Higgins, Mr. Sinclair, Mr. Steetel, Mr. O'Brien and Mons. Sulte. The accompaniments will be rendered by the favorite artiste, Miss Ryan.

ORIGINAL POEM by W. P. LETT, Esq., Cor. Sec'y of the Institute.

The P. C. O. RIFLE BRIGADE BAND will be in attendance.

The heating of the building will be carefully attended to.

The chair will be taken at 8 o'clock, by the President of the Institute.

Tickets—Dress Circle, 50 cts.; Gallery, 25 cts.

ROBERT HUNTER, Recording Secretary.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

Institute Rooms, Feb. 1, 1868. 655bl

ANNUAL MEETING.

General Protestant Hospital.

The Annual Meeting

OF THE

SUBSCRIBERS

Will be held in

The Director's Hall,

ON

Tuesday, the Fourth Day of February

Next, at the hour of two o'clock, in the afternoon, to receive the

Annual Report,

And for

The Election of Directors.

The public is respectfully invited to attend.

ALEXANDER WORKMAN,
W. H. THOMPSON,
GEO. HAY,
H. McCORMICK,
ROD. ROSS,
Trustees.

Ottawa, Jany. 3, 186 652tl

IMPORTANT ANNOUNCEMENT

GREAT AUCTION SALE

OF

Bankrupt Stock of Dry Goods,

FROM MONTREAL

THE Subscriber has been instructed by the Assignees in Montreal to sell by Auction

AT HIS AUCTION ROOMS,

No. 16 Sparks-street, on

Wednesday, 29th Instant, and following Days and Evenings,

Until the whole is sold, a large and valuable stock of DRY GOODS, FANCY GOODS, SMALL WARES &c., for and on account of whom it may concern, the whole of which will be sold without reserve, and in lots to suit purchasers.

Sale to commence in the morning at TEN o'clock, and in the evening at SEVEN.

H. McLEAN, Auctioneer.

Ottawa, Jan. 27, 1868. 650bl

HER MAJESTY'S THEATRE.

FOR THREE NIGHTS ONLY.

Thursday, Friday and Saturday, February 6th, 7th and 8th.

WHITMORE & CLARK'S

MINSTRELS

And Grecian Gymnasium!

SIXTEEN STAR PERFORMERS,

INCLUDING

GEORGE M. CLARKE, the world renowned Comedian and Comic Singer, who will appear in a great variety of the most popular songs and Ballads of the day.

HANK WHITE, Champion Comedian of the 15th century.

E. B. WHITNEY, Celebrated Banjo Soloist.

O. A. WHITMORE, Clarionet Soloist.

Prof. N. W. WYATT, the great American Violinist, whose solos are the theme of universal admiration.

P. A. ARMSTRONG, the great Flute and Piccolo Player, and a great variety of singers, Dancers, Delineators, Comedians, &c., including the famous Tripio Clog Dance, performed only by this company, together with a splendid orchestra of Eight Classical Musicians, led by A. W. Wyatt.

WILLIAMS and MANKIN,

The renowned Gymnasts, having concluded their Star Engagement at Morris Brothers' Opera House, Boston, have effected an engagement with Whitmore & Clark's Minstrels, where they will nightly appear in their Classical Gymnastic Exercises.

Admission, 25 cents; Reserved seats, 50 cents.

Doors open at 7 o'clock; performance to commence at 8.

656tf N. W. LEWIS.

AUCTION SALE

OF

Valuable Household Furniture!

HECTOR McLEAN

HAS received instructions from an Officer belonging to the Rifle Brigade, to sell by Public Auction, on

WEDNESDAY, the 5th INSTANT,

At the hour of TWO o'clock, p. m., at his residence in

THOMPSON'S BLOCK,

(Upstairs) on York street, near Taylor & Wilkinson's Floor store, a very superior lot of

Household Furniture,

CONSISTING OF

Chairs, Tables, Bureaus, Sideboards, Chests of Drawers, Wardrobes, Carpets, Window Curtains, Sleighs, Stoves & Stovepipes,

And a lot of other useful household furniture, &c., too numerous to mention.

Terms—Cash on delivery.

H. McLEAN, Auctioneer.

Ottawa, February 3, 1868. 656tl

NOTICE.

PERSONS desirous of seeing His Worship the Mayor on City business will find him at the office of the City Clerk between the hours of ELEVEN and TWELVE o'clock, noon, daily.

WILLIAM P. LETT, City Clerk.

City Hall, Ottawa, February 4, 1868. 657a

TEACHER WANTED.

APPLICATIONS for the office of

ASSISTANT TEACHER

TO THE

UPPER TOWN MALE SCHOOL,

Will be received by the Chairman of the Board of Trustees of Separate Schools, up to

THURSDAY NEXT, 6th INSTANT.

Ottawa, Feb. 4, 1868. 657-1

W. NOTMAN,

Photographer to the Queen

CORNER OF

WELLINGTON AND METCALFE STREETS,

WOULD intimate that having all his arrangements completed, his

Establishment will be Opened

—ON—

Monday Next, 3rd February

When he will be prepared to fulfil orders for all the different branches of Photography.

Ottawa, Jan 3, 1868. 582y

THE PRESS.

A THOROUGHLY Experienced Verbatim SHORT-HAND REPORTER disengaged. Advertiser has had several years' experience on first class English journals, as sub-editor, &c. Address "JOURNALIST," Post Office, Quebec.

February 1, 1868. 656r

OTTAWA

Skating & Curling CLUB.

ON AND AFTER THE 1st FEB'Y,

Tickets of Admission to Skate

FOR THE

REMAINDER OF THE SEASON!

WILL BE ISSUED AT

HALF PRICE.

Ottawa, Jan. 31, 1868. 654a

YOUNG & RADFORD'S COLUMN.

Watches,
Watches,
Watches

AT

YOUNG AND RADFORD'S

Clocks,
Clocks,
Clocks,

AT

YOUNG AND RADFORD'S

Jewellery,
Jewellery,
Jewellery,

AT

YOUNG AND RADFORD'S.

Electro-Plated Ware,
Electro-Plated Ware,
Electro-Plated Ware,

AT

YOUNG AND RADFORD'S.

Fancy Goods,
Fancy Goods,
Fancy Goods,

AT

YOUNG AND RADFORD'S,

Manufacturing Jewellers,

30 SPARKS-STREET

Old Gold and Silver

Bought, and highest cash price paid,

AT

YOUNG AND RADFORD'S

BROWNE & HARDY'S COLUMN.

1867 AND 1868.

INDIA WAREHOUSE!

16 Rideau Street, Ottawa.

THE SUBSCRIBERS beg to inform their Customers that their Stock is now complete, and embraces every delicacy of the Season, among which will be found a choice assortment of

TEAS,

Breakfast SOUCHONG, do CONGOU, } Black Extra Fine.
Superior HYSON,
" GUNPOWDER,
" IMPERIAL,
" TWANKAY,
Orange PEKOE, Flowery " Japan } These Teas have been carefully selected for family trade by

BROWNE & HARDY.

SUGARS,
LOAF,
BROKEN LOAF,
CRUSHED,
GROUND,
YELLOW,
and MUSCOVADO.

COFFEE,
MOCHA,
JAVA,
JAMAICA, and
CEYLON,
Roasted and Ground daily on the premises.

CHOCOLATE and COCOA,
FRENCH, flavored with Vanilla;
TAYLOR'S,
FRYE'S,
MOTT'S

FRUITS, &c.
LAYER RAISINS,
in Whole, Half and Quarter Boxes
MUSCATEL, do do
SULTANA,
VALENTIA,
CURRANTS,
GRAPES,
ORANGES
LEMONS,
PRUNES.
ALMONDS,
WALNUTS,
FILBERTS, and
BRAZIL NUTS.

BUTTER,
CHOICE DAIRY, in Tubs and Crocks, received Weekly.

CHEESE,
English, American and Canadian.

SPICES,
NUTMEGS,
MACE,
CINNAMON,
CLOVES,
GINGER,
MIXED SPICES,
All Ground on the Premises

Also a Great Variety of
MUSTARD,
PEPPER,
PICKLES,
SAUCES,
POTTED MEATS,
PRESERVES,
In Jars and Bottles;
BOTTLED FRUITS
In Syrup.

SYRUPS,
LEMON,
GINGER,
ORANGE,
BAVARIA,
PEACH,
RASPBERRY, and
STRAWBERRY

BREAKFAST RELISHES,
Morrison, Taylor & Co.'s
HAMS and ROLL BACON,
OX TONGUES,
BLOATERS,
LOCHFINE HERRINGS,
DIGBY do
TABLE COD FISH,
SALMON,
TROUT, and
WHITE FISH

PROVISIONS,
Extra Wheat Flour,
Buckwheat do
Indian Meal do
Oatmeal,
Cracked Wheat,
Graham Flour,
Rice and
Barley
Maccaroni,
Vermicelli,
Gelatine,
Patent Groats
Sago,
Tapioca,
Ground Rice, and
Olives and Truffles.

WINES,
SANDEMAN'S,
GRAHAMS,
HUNT'S,
PEMARTIN & Co.,
DUFFGORDON & Co.,
BURGUNDY, and
CLARET, in Wood and Bottle.

We have an excellent Dinner SHERRY, which we will sell until after the Holidays, at 7s. 6d. per gallon.

CHAMPAGNE,
GREEN SEAL, and other brands, in Pints and Quarts, from $12 to $24 per dozen.

BRANDY,
MARTELL'S,
HENNESSY'S vintage of 1855, at $5 per gallon;
OTARD, DUPUY & Co.,
and other brands, at $4 50 per gallon, or $6 50 per dozen.

WHISKEY, Scotch, Irish and Canadian;
GIN, RUM,
ALE, Scotch, English and Canadian;
PORTER, do do do

BALTIMORE OYSTERS, in Tins;
BELGIQUE OYSTERS, in Shell at $2 50 per barrel.
LOBSTERS, 4s Tins,
FRESH MACKEREL in do,
do SALMON in do.

And a great variety of Goods too numerous to mention which we offer at prices that must please our customers.

BROWNE & HARDY.

Ottawa, December 19 653t

Great Discount Sale of Dry Goods.

Ten Cents off every Dollar,
Sixpence off every Five Shillings,
Two Shillings off every Pound

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY,

NO. 14, RIDEAU-STREET.

Respectfully announce that in order to clear out the balance of their

Fall and Winter Stock

They will for one month from this date

Give a Discount of Ten Per Cent.

On all Cash purchases of Two Dollars and Over.

Ottawa, January 14, 1868. 639-1m

CARD OF THANKS.

PROMPT PAYMENT—ETNA INSURANCE COMPANY OF DUBLIN.

Toronto, January 21, 1868.

To T. W. GRIFFITH, Esq.,
Manager of Etna Insur. Co. of Dublin, Montreal:

DEAR SIR,—We beg to return our sincere thanks for the prompt and liberal manner in which the Etna has paid our Claim for Four Thousand Dollars for loss by fire at our Foundry on the night of 31st December, 1867, the claim papers only being completed and placed in your hands on the 20th inst. Such promptness, we think, should entitle the Company to the support of the public.

Yours respectfully, J. G. BEARD & SON.

BONUSES! BONUSES!

Etna Fire Insurance Co. of Dublin, Ireland.

THE ETNA is the only Fire Company doing business in Canada that gives a BONUS to Policy-Holders.

NEIL McKINNON, Agent.
4½ Sparks-st., Ottawa.

BONUSES! BONUSES!!

POLICY HOLDERS no longer required to pay away their MONEY WITHOUT ANY RETURN. The ETNA of DUBLIN pays Bonuses every three years to Policy Holders having no losses.

NEIL McKINNON, Agent.
41½ Sparks-st., Ottawa.

February 1, 1868. 655-3

REMOVAL

OF THE

London Music Store!

E. MILES

DESIRES to inform the public that he has removed to the FRONT PART of

HER MAJESTY'S THEATRE,

WELLINGTON-STREET,

Where he has a larger premises, and a better means of displaying his new and fine stock of

PIANOS.

VICTORIA ORGANS AND MELODEONS.

His Show Room, up-stairs, is large and beautifully lit up, having an area of 60 feet long by 25 feet wide. The Sample Room is on the first flat, where some of each kind of Musical Instruments will be kept. Two cases of choice

VIOLINS

Have just been received, and will be offered for sale, besides a large assortment of

CONCERTINAS,
ACCORDEONS,
TAMBOURINES,
GUITARS,
FLUTES,
DRUMS,
&c., &c.

Direct from Germany.

Second hand Pianos taken in part payment for new ones.

Connected with this establishment is a Piano Manufacturer, who will attend punctually to all orders for TUNING left at the London Music store

E. MILES,
Lessee of Her Majesty's Theatre.

Ottawa, Feb 1, 1868. 651-39y

"The Canadian Punch"

ON WEDNESDAY, the 5th INSTANT, will be published in Montreal a

COMIC WEEKLY!

Bearing the above name. It will appear in Ottawa on the day subsequent to its publication in Montreal throughout the year. Look out for it on next THURSDAY, the SIXTH FEBRUARY.

February 3, 1868. 656-4i

SUN BURNER.

NO MORE Breaking of Chimneys; no More Burning of Fingers: No More Waste of Oil; No Trouble to Clean; No Trouble to Light. No Anxiety About Explosions. It is a Cheap Labor Saving and Durable Article. Buy one and you will never repent doing so. Anyone dissatisfied can have their money returned.

LAMPS AND FITTINGS

ALWAYS ON HAND.

STOVES, TINWARE, &c.

Competent workmen for jobbing on the premises.

ESMONDE BROS.,
43 SPARKS-ST.,
Next Hoop Skirt Factory.

Ottawa, January 21. 311y

HARDWARE!

HARDWARE!

Great Reduction

IN THE

PRICE OF HARDWARE

AT THE

SIGN of the ANVIL

No. 24, Rideau-street.

THE Undersigned would take this opportunity to express his thanks to his Customers in Ottawa and vicinity for their very liberal patronage in the past, and to solicit a continuance of their favors in the future, and to assure them that no effort on his part shall be wanting to supply them with the Best and Cheapest English and American Hardware. I do not pretend to sell at cost, but do propose to sell as cheap as any other establishment in Ontario. My stock shall comprise every article in the line of Hardware, and with the one price system I hope to merit and receive a continuance of the very liberal patronage given me in the past.

T. BIRKETT,
Sign of the Anvil, 24 Rideau-st.

Ottawa, Feb. 3 408y

Scale Manufacturer.

E. DORION begs to inform the public that he has opened a SCALE MANUFACTORY in Clarence street, second door from Sussex-street, in E. D'Amour's Blacksmith Shop, and where he is now prepared to repair all sorts of Scales in use.

Ottawa, Jany. 11. 637y

BARGAINS

—IN—

DRESS GOODS!

IN ORDER to make a Clearance of the remainder of our Winter Stock of COBURGS, WINCIES, MERINOS, REPPS, SERGES, FANCY POPLINETTES, &c., we have REMARKED the whole lot at such prices as will show a Reduction of from 12½ to 20 per cent under former prices.

REMNANTS, REMNANTS, REMNANTS!

We have also brought forward our accumulation of Remnants of every kind, and marked them at Very Low Prices.

Magee & Russell.

Ottawa, Jan. 10, 1867. 580y

Ottawa CROCKERY Store!

PRESENTATION ORNAMENTS.

WILLIAM ALLAN

RESPECTFULLY announces the arrival of a Choice Selection of China and Bohemian Glass Flower Vases and Ornaments suitable for Xmas and New Year's Gifts. Also, the most complete Stock of China, Glass, Earthenware and Parian Marble ever brought into Ottawa, consisting of

DINNER SETTS, DESSERT SETTS,
BREAKFAST SETTS, TOILET SETTS.

Cut and Engraved, Cut and Pressed TABLE GLASS, and an assortment of Common Ware to wholesale purchasers.

A large and most varied Stock to select from.

W. ALLAN,
51 RIDEAU STREET, (opposite Mr. D. Whalen's.)

Ottawa, December 19, 1867. 574y

FIRST CLASS

Tailoring Establishment.

BEING desirous to dispose of the balance of my WINTER STOCK, in order to make room for

Spring Importations,

For two months I shall offer such inducements to intending purchasers as will enable me to make a ready sale, and my customers a good investment

Please Call and Examine.

G. M. HOLBROOK,

PEG TOP DEPOT, Elgin-street,
Opposite the Post Office.

381y

GREAT CLEARING SALE.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.

Importers, 20 Sparks Street,

With a view to clear out the stock and make room for extensive

Spring Importations!

Are offering the following goods at prices that must ensure speedy sale.

Blankets, Flannels,
Cloths, Tweeds,
Cottons, Prints,
Winceys, Dress Goods,
Skirtings, Linen Table Damasks,
Jackets, Shawls,

AND MILLINERY.

Inspection Invited.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.

Ottawa, January 20, 1868. 484y

SHEFFIELD HOUSE!

E. K. MacGILLIVRAY & Co.,

MANUFACTURING JEWELLERS

—AND—

WATCHMAKERS.

OTTAWA, January 21, 1868.

Skates! Skates!

At ISAAC'S

ALSO,

SLEIGHS, SLEIGHS

ALL PRESENTS BY SANTA CLAUS,

At ISAAC'S.

Skates from 20 Cents to $6.00

At ISAAC'S,
Sparks-street,

ALSO,

Hardware of all Description

At Lowest Cash Prices,
At ISAAC'S.

Remember the place,

T. ISAAC'S.

December 17, 1867. 617tf

1867-8. BOOKS, BOOKS! 1867-8.

FOR THE

Holiday Season.

The Most Attractive Gifts.

J. DURIE & SON

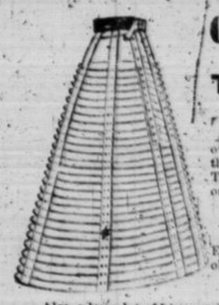
HAVE now in stock a splendid variety of GIFT BOOKS. A splendid lot of TOY BOOKS for the little ones.

The Poets
The Standard Authors,
Fine Illustrated Gift Books,
Family Bibles, in rich calf and morocco bindings

Dore's celebrated Illustrated Books, Christmas and New Year's Note Paper, Envelopes and cards, Bibles, Prayers and Services—the largest stock ever offered in the city, in the newest patterns and richest bindings. The Annuals for 1868, and everything suitable for the Gift season, for sale by

J. DURIE & SON,
10 Sparks-st.,
Opposite the Russell House

498y



City Hoop Skirt Factory.

The Double Extension Skirt.

THIS new and convenient Skirt I am now making in all widths of tape. The great advantage this Skirt has over all others: ladies can alter it themselves to any width they wish, from 1½ yards to 3 yards, without the least trouble. They only can be had at the Factory. Everyother style of Skirt on hand or made to order. Just received another lot of

FRENCH CORSETS,

Every size, from 17 inches to 36 inches. Also, a few of those old fashioned Corsets, (lacing at the back.)

Lambs' Wool Hose, Breakfast Shawls.

Also, a large lot of Linen and Lawn Pocket Handkerchiefs, cheap.

DAVID MILLAR,
43 Sparks-st, Centre Town, next to Esmonde's Stove Depot.
456y

New Premises and Cheap Goods.

GRANT & HENDERSON

Having recently moved into their new premises, **No. 20, Rideau-street**, one of the firm visited lately the Montreal Markets, and secured a very large stock of entirely

NEW GOODS,

At most EXTRAORDINARY REDUCTIONS in price, which cannot in a legitimate manner be undersold in this city.

RIDEAU-STREET, December 24, 1867. 623d

WHEELER & WILSON'S SEWING MACHINES.

THE BEST HOLIDAY PRESENT,

From $47 and upwards.

FIVE per cent. off for cash in bills until after the holidays. One handsome Mahogany full case $8 discount.

Gold Medal, Paris, 1867.

The Howe Sewing Machines from $50 Up.

Grout & Co.'s Twisted Elastic Stitch only $15.

Call and see this little beauty. Prospectuses and Samples sent Free by Mail.

December 19, 1867. 479-1y G. A. WALTON, Agent, 37 Sparks Street, Ottawa.

Dry Goods at Reduced Prices.

Cunningham and Lindsay

— ARE NOW SELLING —

Canadian Grey Cloth at 3s. 3d. per yard,
Canadian Tweeds at 4s. per yard,
Canadian Cotton Yarn at 7s. 6d. a Bundle.
Canadian Bags at 1. 9d

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY

Invite particular Attention to their

BLANKETS, FLANNELS AND MANTLE CLOTHS.

Ottawa, November 18, 1867. 510y

CAUTION.

THE perfection and cheapness of the American (Waltham) Watch have given it such a wide-world celebrity that unscrupulous dealers years ago imitated its style and pirated its trade marks. Irresponsible dealers are occasionally found who dishonestly trade upon the popularity of the American watch by selling a base imitation under the name of the genuine article.

It is hardly necessary to state that such watches are worthless as time-keepers, and when bought for the genuine are calculated to injure the high reputation which our watches have attained. The several grades of the American watch (except the lowest grade marked Home Watch Co.) are guaranteed by special certificate bearing the number of the watch and the signature of the Treasurer of the Company, R. E. Robbins. The purchaser should in all cases require one of these certificates, which is furnished to all dealers in the genuine watches.

The following are the trade marks on the several grades of our manufacture:

AMERICAN WATCH CO. APPLETON, TRACY & CO.
WALTHAM WATCH CO. P. S. BARTLETT.
WM. ELLERY. HOME WATCH CO.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD CO.
Office of the General Superintendent
Altoona, Pa., 15th Dec., 1866.

Gentlemen—The watches Manufactured by you have been in use on this Railroad for several year by our engine men, to whom we furnish watches as part of our equipment. There are some THREE HUNDRED OF THEM CARRIED ON OUR LINE, and we consider them GOOD and RELIABLE TIME-KEEPERS. Indeed I have great satisfaction in saying YOUR WATCHES GIVE US LESS TROUBLE and have worn and do wear much longer without repairs than any watches we have ever had in use on this road. As you are aware we formerly trusted to those of English manufacture, of acknowledged good reputation, but as a class they never keep time as correctly, nor have they done as good service as yours.

In these statements I am sustained by my predecessor, Mr. Lewis, whose experience extended over a series of years.

Respectfully,
EDWARD H. WILLIAMS,
General Superintendent.

American Watch Co., Waltham.

NEW YORK CENTRAL RAILROAD.
Locomotive Dep't Western Division,
Rochester, Dec. 24th, 1866.

Gentlemen—I have no hesitation in saying that I believe the great majority of locomotive engineers have found by experience that WALTHAM WATCHES ARE THE MOST SATISFACTORY of any for their uses. They RUN WITH THE GREATEST ACCURACY AND STEADINESS, notwithstanding the rough riding of an engine; and as I have NEVER KNOWN ONE TO WEAR OUT, they must be durable. I hope to see the time when railway companies will generally adopt your watches, and furnish them all to engineers and conductors. In my opinion it would greatly tend to promote regularity and safety.

Yours respectfully,
CHARLES WILSON,
G. Chief Engineer,
Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers.

American Watch Co., Waltham.

For sale by all first-class dealers in the United States and British Provinces.

ROBBINS & APPLETON
No. 182 Broadway, N. Y.
ROBERT WILKES,
Toronto and Montreal,
GENERAL AGENTS.

November, 14, 1867. 565-3m.

DARLEY'S

Arabian Heave Remedy

AND CONDITION MEDICINE

IS POSITIVELY SUPERIOR TO ANY or all other preparations for the cure of *Heaves, Coughs, Thick and Broken Wind*, and all diseases which affect the *Wind of Horses*; also, as a *Condition Medicine*, surpassing everything of the kind in easy to give, sure to cure, and safe in all cases and at all times, and does not prevent the horse from being worked while using it.

It cleanses the breathing apparatus, by removing from the air-cellsthe coagulable lymph, or that secretion which in heaves clogs them, causing a difficulty in breathing, and by its action on the diseased part, causing the mucous membrane to resume its natural dimensions, thus equalizing the circulation of the blood, and restoring the distended vessels to their natural size; by its use the horse's appetite is improved, all derangements of the digestive organs corrected, softening the skin, and giving to the coat a sleek and shining appearance.

D. W. HURD, Successor to Hurd & Col, Maiden Lane, New York, Sole Proprietor for the United States.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
NEWCASTLE, C.W.,
Proprietors for the Canadas
PRICE TWENTY-FIVE CENTS.

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, Henry F. McCarthy J. Skinner, and J. Brown, in Ottawa.

Ottawa, Nov. 1, 1867. 577dwtm

NEW STORE!

THE Store formerly occupied by W. D. WOOD, No. 38, on RIDEAU STREET, has been refitted by the subscribers, and will be opened on MONDAY, FOURTEENTH OCTOBER, with an entire new stock of

GROCERIES,
LIQUORS AND
HARDWARE.

WOOD & ROSSITER.

Ottawa, October 12, 1867. 561-tf

MRS. SMITH,

MILLINER,

HAS removed to Bank-street, nearly opposite the Free Church, where she will be happy to receive her customers. Strict attention given to all work. 630d

among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Headache, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

THE CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER HAS now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints, and orders are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying as to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it. Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C. W.,
General Agents for C. W.

Sol by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, H. F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J. Brown, in Ottawa.

Ottawa Nov. 1, 1867 7vdw

GREAT DISCOVERY.

EVERY MAN HIS OWN ARTIST!

A SCIENTIFIC WONDER.

AN Instrument by which any person can take correct Likenesses or Photographs. This instrument with full instructions sent by mail for one dollar. Address,

C. B. AMES & CO.,
181 Broadway, New York
617-3m

RAILROADS.

Grand Trunk Railway Company

OF CANADA.

WINTER ARRANGEMENTS, 1867.

TRAINS now leave Bonaventure Station as follows:

GOING WEST—Day Express for Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago and all points West, at 8.30 A.M.

Night do do at 7.30 P.M.

Accommodation Train for Kingston and intermediate stations at 7.00 A.M.

Local Train for Cornwall and intermediate Stations, at 4.20 P.M.

Trains for Lachine at 8.00 A.M., 9.30 A.M., 3.00 and 4.30 P.M.

The 3.00 P.M. Train runs through to Plattsburgh.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST—Accommodation Train from Island Pond and intermediate Stations, at 7.00 A.M.

Express for New York and Boston, at 8.40 A.M.

Express for Boston and New York, at 3.30 P.M.

Express for Portland (stopping over night at Island Pond) at 2.00 P.M.

Night Express for Portland, Three Rivers, Quebec and Riviere du Loup (stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbrooke, Waterville and Coaticooke only) at 10.10 P.M.

Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.

For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station.

C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director.

December 23, 1867. 650tf

CHANGE of TIME

St. Lawrence & Ottawa Railway,

(formerly the Ottawa & Prescott Railway.)

ON and after MONDAY, the 30th Dec., 1867, and until further notice, trains will run as follows:

LEAVE PRESCOTT.	ARRIVE IN OTTAWA.
Mixed, 7.30 a. m.	11.00 a. m.
Express, 2.10 p. m.	4.45 p. m.
LEAVE OTTAWA.	**ARRIVE IN PRESCOTT.**
Express, 8 a. m.	10.30 a. m.
Mixed, 1.30 p. m.	4.45 p. m.

The time of these Trains has been so arranged as to ensure connection with night and day trains on Grand Trunk, east and west.

N. B.—These Trains run on Montreal Time.

Baggage to and from Ottawa checked through from and to stations on Grand Trunk Railway.

Return tickets to Prescott, Kemptville and Ottawa at reduced rates can be had at the principal stations on the line.

T. S. DETLOR, Superintendent. THOMAS REYNOLDS, Managing Director.

Ottawa, Dec. 28, 1867. 1y

Brockville and Ottawa Railway.

WINTER ARRANGEMENT

Commencing on Monday, December 9, 1867.

LEAVE BROCKVILLE:

3:45 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 3.45 p.m., and arrive at Sandpoint at 9.25 p. m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT.

6:45 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint daily at 6.45 a.m., and arrive at Brockville at 1.00 p. m.

LEAVES PERTH.

5:00 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Perth at 5.00 p.m., and 9.40 a.m., and arrive at Smith's Falls at 5.50 p.m. and 10.30 a.m.

LEAVES SMITH'S FALLS.

10:50 A.M.—TRAINS will leave Smith's Falls at 10.50 a.m., and 6.05 p.m., and arrive at Perth at 11.40 a.m., and 6.55 p.m.

All trains on main line connect at Smith's Falls with Trains to and from Perth.

No. 1 leaves Brockville after G. T. R. Express Train is due from the East.

No. 2 is due at Brockville in time to connect with G. T. R. Express Trains for the East and West.

H. ABBOTT,
Manager for Trustee.

Brockville, Dec. 16. 472y

Royal Canadian Bank

OTTAWA AGENCY:

Office—Desbarats' Building, 77 Sparks St

M. P. HAYES,
AGENT.

Ottawa, June 21. 157tf

DALGLISH & RUSSELL

ARE NOW IN RECEIPT OF THEIR new and varied assortment of

Grocery Goods

Consisting of Teas, Gunpowder, Old Hyson, Young Hyson, Hyson Twankay, Black, Extra Fine English Breakfast Souchong, Congou ditto, Oolong, Orange Pekoe, Finest Japans.

Coffees.—Java, Jamaica, La Guayra, Mocha Roasted and Ground on the premises.

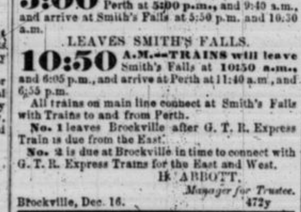
Sugars.—English, refined in loaves, Broken Loaf, Crushed White, Yellow Refined.

Chocolate and Cocoa Spices, Mustards, Essences, Syrups, Pickles, Sauces, Vinegars, and Bottled Fruits, in Syrup, Preserves, Potted Meats, Fruits &c. Also, Provisions, Sugar Cured Hams, Spiced Rolled Hams, Bacon, Butter, Cheese, Crackers, Biscuits, Flour, Oatmeal, Barley, Peas, Rice, Labrador Herrings, Table Codfish, Digby Herrings, &c., &c.

Our stock is extensive and complete, and every article warranted to give satisfaction. All orders sent or left will be promptly attended to.

All Goods delivered on the shortest notice

Dalglish & Russell,
Wellington & Kent-sts.



FAIRBANKS

Take Highest Premiums at the Paris Exposition.

PLATFORM, COUNTER, Warehouse, Grain, Coal, Hay, Railroad Track, Depot, Druggist, Hold, and all kinds of SCALES constantly on hand and for Sale.

FAIRBANKS, BROWN & Co.,
Boston, Mass.

Our Sole Agents in Ottawa,

ALEXANDER WORKMAN & Co.

November 18, 1867. 592-6m

NOTICE

IS hereby given that application will be made to each and every Parliament having jurisdiction, at the present or next session thereof, respectively, for an act to amend the act chaptered 106, passed at the Session of the Parliament for the late Province of Canada, held the 29th and 30th years of the Reign of Her Majesty Queen Victoria, intituled "An Act to Incorporate the Ottawa City Passenger Railway Company.

Dec. 2nd, 1867. 6072m

Bottled Ale, Bottled Ale, Bottled Ale.

THE Subscriber would call the attention of Families and others to his

Fine Bottled Ale!

Which is in splendid condition. Also,

Scotch, Irish, Old Rye

And other Malt Whiskies,

Ports, Sherries, Brandies, Gin, &c.,

Together with a General Assortment of

FIRST-CLASS GROCERIES.

A Call Kindly Solicited.

D. WHELAN,
44, Rideau-street,
Opposite Allan's Crockery Store

Ottawa, Jan. 20, 1868.

FOR SALE.

$850 PAIRS of Grey Twilled BLANKETS, in bales of 50 pairs.

—ALSO,—

Canadian White Twilled and Whitney Blankets. English Grey Blankets, weighing from 8 to 10 pounds each.

E McGILLIVRAY.

Ottawa, December 23, 1867. 622-3m

NOTICE.

APPLICATION will be made during the present Session of the Parliament of Canada for an act to incorporate The European and American Life Insurance Company.

January 22, 1868. 647tf

THE CAPITAL

Boot and Shoe Store!

South Side of York-street, Lower Ottawa.

A LARGE SUPPLY of HAND-MADE KIPP BOOTS and SHOES of the VERY BEST QUALITY on hand.

Lumbermen who are anxious to furnish workmen with GOOD FEET WARE, will be enabled to do so by calling at the CAPITAL for their supplies.

I am selling off the balance of the Winter Stock of READYMADE WORK at REDUCED PRICES, which consists of Ladies' Misses' and Children's BALMORALS, CONGRESS GAITERS, RUBBERS and OVERSHOES, and Men's and Boys' Boots in CALF SKIN, KIPP and COW HIDE.

Orders and Measures taken for all sorts of Work.

GEORGE MURPHY.

Ottawa Jan. 31, 1868. 420-y

AYER'S Sarsaparilla

FOR PURIFYING THE BLOOD.

And for the speedy cure of the following complaints:

Scrofula and Scrofulous Affections, such as Tumors, Ulcers, Sores, Eruptions, Pimples, Pustules, Blotches, Boils, Blains, and all Skin Diseases.

OUTLAND, Ind., 6th June, 1859.

J. C. AYER & Co. Gentn: I feel it my duty to acknowledge what your Sarsaparilla has done for me. Having inherited a scrofulous infection, I have suffered from it in various ways for years. Sometimes it broke out in Ulcers on my hands and arms; sometimes it turned inward and distressed me at the stomach. Two years ago it broke out on my head and covered my scalp and ears with one sore, which was painful and loathsome beyond description. I tried many medicines and several physicians, but without much relief from any thing. In fact, the disorder grew worse. At length I was induced to read in the Gospel Messenger that you had prepared an alterative (Sarsaparilla), for I knew from your reputation that any thing you made must be good. I sent to Cincinnati and got it, and used it till it cured me. I took it, as you advise, a small dose of a teaspoonful over a month, and used almost three bottles. New and healthy skin soon began to form under the scab, which after a while fell off. My skin is now clear, and I know by my feelings that the disease has gone from my system. You can well believe that I feel what I am saying when I tell you that I hold you to be one of the apostles of the age, and remain ever gratefully, Yours,

ALFRED B. TALLEY.

St. Anthony's Fire, Rose or Erysipelas, Tetter and Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Ringworm, Sore Eyes, Dropsy.

Dr. Robert M. Preble writes from Salem, N. Y., 12th Sept., 1866, that he has cured an inveterate case of *Erysipelas*, which threatened to terminate fatally, by the persevering use of our Sarsaparilla, and also a dangerous *Scrofulous Dropsy*, by large doses of the same; says he cures the common *Eruptions* by it constantly.

Goiter or Swelled Neck.

Zebulon Sloan of Prospect, Texas, writes: "Three bottles of your Sarsaparilla cured me from a *Goitre*—a hideous swelling on the neck, which I had suffered from over two years."

Leucorrhœa or Whites, Ovarian Tumor, Uterine Ulceration, Female Diseases.

Dr. J. R. S. Channing, of New York City, writes: "I most cheerfully comply with the request of your agent in saying I have found your Sarsaparilla a most excellent alterative in the numerous complaints for which we employ such a remedy, but especially in *Female Diseases* of the Scrofulous diathesis. I have cured many inveterate cases of Leucorrhœa by it, and some where the complaint was caused by ulceration of the *uterus*. The ulceration itself was soon cured. Nothing within my knowledge equals it for these female developments."

Edward S. Marrow, of Newbury, Ala., writes, "A dangerous ovarian tumor on one of the females in my family, which had defied all the remedies we could employ, has been completely cured by your Extract of Sarsaparilla. Our physician thought nothing but extirpation could afford relief, but he advised the trial of your Sarsaparilla as the last resort before cutting, and it proved effectual. After taking your remedy eight weeks no symptom of the disease remains."

Syphilis and Mercurial Disease.

NEW ORLEANS, 25th August, 1859.

DR. J. C. AYER: Sir, I cheerfully comply with the request of your agent, and resort to you some of the effects I have realized with your Sarsaparilla.

I have cured with it, in my practice, most of the complaints for which it is recommended, and have found its effects truly wonderful in the cure of *Venereal and Mercurial Disease*. One of my patients had Syphilitic ulcers in his throat, which were consuming his palate and the top of his mouth. Your Sarsaparilla, steadily taken, cured him in five weeks. Another was attacked by secondary symptoms in his nose, and the ulceration had eaten away a considerable part of it, so that I believe the disorder would soon reach his brain and kill him. But it yielded to my administration of your Sarsaparilla; the ulcers healed, and he is well again, not of course without some disfiguration to his face. A woman who had been salivated for the same disorder by mercury was suffering from the poison in her bones. They had become so sensitive to the weather that on a damp day she suffered excruciating pain in her joints and bones. She, too, was cured entirely by your Sarsaparilla in a few weeks. I know from its formula, which your agent gave me, that this Preparation from your laboratory must be a great remedy; consequently, these truly remarkable results with it have not surprised me.

Fraternally yours, G. V. LAMMER, M. D.

Rheumatism, Gout, Liver Complaint.

INDEPENDENCE, Preston Co., Va., 4th July, 1859.

DR. J. C. AYER: Sir, I have been afflicted with a painful chronic *Rheumatism* for a long time, which baffled the skill of physicians, and stuck to me in spite of all the medicines I could find, until I tried your Sarsaparilla. One bottle cured me in two weeks, and restored my general health so much that I am far better than before I was attacked. I think it a wonderful medicine. J. FREAM.

Jules Y. Gerhelt, of St. Louis, writes: "I have been afflicted for years with an *affection of the Liver*, which destroyed my health. I tried every thing, and every thing led to relieve me; and I have been a broken-down man for some years from no other cause than *derangement of Liver*. My beloved pastor, the Rev. Mr. Epp, advised me to try your Sarsaparilla, because he said he knew you, and any thing you made was worth trying. By the blessing of God it has cured me, and has so purified my blood as to make a new man of me. I feel young again. The best that can be said of you is not half good enough."

Scirrhus, Cancer Tumors, Enlargement, Ulceration, Caries, and Exfoliation of the Bones.

A great variety of cases have been reported to us where cures of these formidable complaints have resulted from the use of this remedy, but our space here will not admit them. Some of them may be found in our American Almanac, which the agents below named are pleased to furnish gratis to all who call for them.

Dyspepsia, Heart Disease, Fits, Epilepsy, Melancholy, Neuralgia.

Many remarkable cures of these affections have been made by the alterative power of this medicine. It stimulates the vital functions into vigorous action, and thus overcomes disorders which would be supposed beyond its reach. Such a remedy has long been required by the necessities of the people, and we are confident that this will be for them all that medicine can do.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,

FOR THE RAPID CURE OF

Coughs, Colds, Influenza, Hoarseness, Croup, Bronchitis, Incipient Consumption, and for the Relief of Consumptive Patients in advanced Stages of the Disease.

This is a remedy so universally known to surpass any other for the cure of throat and lung complaints, that it is useless here to publish the evidence of its virtues. Its unrivalled excellence for coughs and colds, and its truly wonderful cures of pulmonary disease, have made it known throughout the civilized nations of the earth. Few are the communities, or even families, among them who have not some personal experience of its effects—some living trophy in their midst of its victory over the fatal and dangerous disorders of the throat and lungs. As all know the dreadful fatality of these disorders, and as they know, too, the effects of this remedy, we need not do more than to assure them that it has now all the virtues that it did have when making the cures which have won so strongly upon the confidence of mankind.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts W. M. Massey, H. F. MacCarthy, and John Skinner, in Ottawa.

Royal Italian Bitters!

—OR,—

TONICO REALE

DEL DOTTORE F. P. VERRI,

Professor of Chemistry in the University o PADUA

ITALY.

THIS celebrated preparation for which a certificate of merit was awarded to the distinguished original preparer at the National Exposition at Torino, Italy, by whose favor Mr. GIANELL obtained the recipe, and was also awarded a diploma at the Provincial Exhibition of Canada held at Montreal in September, 1865, is, without exception, the most genuine, salubrious and agreeable Tonic ever introduced to public notice either in Europe or America.

For seventeen years it has, in Italy, been a universal favorite among the *elite* of society, being generally served in the drawing room before dinner, in preference to Vermouth.

The ingredients of its composition have been imparted to the leading Physicians of Canada and the United States, and have received their unqualified approval on every account.

The proprietor refers with the greatest confidence and satisfaction to the subjoined testimonials from eminent medical men, which he could add to, were it desirable.

Kept by the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion of Canada and in the United States.

Sold by the Proprietor.

Dear Sir—You request my opinion of the "Royal Italian Bitters," prepared from a receipt of Dr Verri, of Padua. I beg to state that I consider it a most agreeable cordial tonic, in every way superior in flavour and composition to the ordinary bitter tonics in general use. I have recommended it to several patients, who have derived marked benefit from its use.

I am, dear Sir, yours faithfully,

G. E. FENWICK, M.D.

A. M. F. GIANELLI, Esq., Montreal.

PRIVATE BILLS.

ON the reassembling of the Parliament of Canada, in March, PETITIONS FOR PRIVATE BILLS will be received, in the House of Commons, until Thursday, the 2nd of April following.

W. B. LINDSAY,
Clerk, House of Commons.

Ottawa, Feb. 1, 1868. 655tMh12

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA.

Tuesday, 28th day of January, 1868.

PRESENT:

EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS it has been represented to His Excellency in Council, that it is expedient that sub-section 4 of section 31 of the Act passed in the present Session of Parliament intituled: "An Act respecting the Inland Revenue," should be so far modified as to provide for a drawback of one cent per pound being allowed upon all Malt used in the manufacture of Beer when brewed from Malt and sugar combined.

His Excellency in Council on the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Inland Revenue, and under and in virtue of the authority given and conferred by the 49th Section of the Act 30 & 31 Vic., Cap. 5, has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that a drawback of one cent per pound shall be, and the same is hereby authorized and allowed on all Malt used in the manufacture of Beer when brewed from malt and sugar combined.

WM. H. LEE,
Clerk Privy Council.

656-tf

WARNING.

WE HEREBY forbid any person or persons hiring or harboring

SAMUEL GRAHAM,
ALEXANDER McMILLAN,
NEIL ROBERTSON,
E. G. BISSETT,
JOHN GRAHAM,
MICHAEL BERRIGAN,
CHARLES CUNNINGHAM,
TIMOTHY LANDERS,

Or any of them, they having deserted our employment at different times, and broken their contract of hiring and service entered into with us.

And we hereby give notice that we will prosecute any and every person hiring or harboring any of the above named.

PERLEY & PATTER.

Ottawa, Jan. 25, 1868. 651a

THE UNION FORWARDING

AND

RAILWAY COMPANY.

THE ANNUAL MEETING

OF THE

Subscribers of Stock

OF THE

Union Forwarding and Railway Company,

WILL BE HELD AT

THEIR OFFICE,

IN THE CITY OF OTTAWA, ON

Wednesday, 12th day of Feby. next,

TWELVE o'clock, noon, for the

ELECTION OF DIRECTORS,

And the transaction of general business.

By order,

R. S. CASSELS,
President.

Ottawa, Jan. 22, 1868. 648a

Satchell Brothers,

Butchers to His Excellency Lord Monck.

No. 7, LOWER TOWN MARKET.

Superior Stall Fed

BEEF, MUTTON, LAMB AND VEAL,

SATCHELL'S

Celebrated Spiced Rounds & Rolled Beef,

Cured in the English Style.

Also, Sugar Cured Hams and Bacon of their own curing, constantly on hand.

Ottawa, December 21. 621-3m

PIANOFORTES!

Messrs. Orme & Son

BEG to intimate that they have on hand one of the FINEST COLLECTIONS of

Steinway, Chickering and Dunham

PIANOFORTES

That have ever been offered for sale in Ottawa. These instruments were carfully selected by Mr. Nordheimer from the factories.

INSPECTION INVITED.

A splendid CHICKERING, only a few months in use, FOR SALE CHEAP, the proprietor having gone to England.

Old Pianofortes taken in exchange.

25, Sparks-street,
Sign of the Golden Lyre.

January 27. 448y

FRESH ARRIVALS

OF

Very Choice and Superior

TEAS

NOW ON SALE

AT THE

1,000 CHESTS UNCOLORED JAPAN.

500 Chests very choice and superior YOUNG HYSON.

700 Chests Good Strong TWANKAY

100 Chests old fashioned BREAKFAST SOUCHONG.

150 Caddies MANDERIN MIXTURE.

This is the finest BLACK TEA ever imported, 5s per pound; in small Caddies, about 14 lb each, 4s 9d.

COFFEE!

The Pure Mountain Berry

"Without exception the finest Coffee in the world."—*London Times, March 16.*

We are constantly receiving supplies of this truly beautiful and delicious COFFEE, *roasted daily on our premises by*

Dakins' Patent Silver Cylinder

By which peculiar process, the aroma is preserved, and renders it the FAVORITE WITH ALL COFFEE DRINKERS.

BEWARE OF SPURIOUS IMITATIONS.

As it is imported by no other firm in Canada

ROBINSON & CO.,

THE TEA POT,

OTTAWA

Wines, Spirits & Liquors

ROBINSON & CO. would especially call the attention of families to their stock of

ALES, WINES & SPIRITS

100 cases Otard Brandy.
50 " Martell's
150 " Hennessey.
75 " United Vinquels

We have a most delicious

DINNER SHERRY

Which we are selling at 8 shillings per gallon

GUINESS & CO.

DUBLIN STOUT!

BLOOD' LONDON STOUT.
BARCLAY'S LONDON PORTER.
ALLSOP'S PALE ALE.
BASS' EAST INDIA.
DOW'S CELEBRATED MONTREAL ALE
DAW'S SUPERIOR LACHINE ALE
DAW'S CELEBRATED PORTER & STOUT

PRESERVED MEATS.

Just Received from England:

ROAST HARE.
CURRIED DO.
JUGGED DO.
STEWED DO.
ROAST PHEASANTS.
ROAST GROUSE.
OAST PARTRIDGE

ALL GOODS DELIVERED FREE by our own Waggons to any part of the City daily

ROBINSON & CO.

THE TEA POT,

OTTAWA.

Establishments—Sussex St. and Rideau St

Ottawa, September 10. 225tf

NEW DOMINION.

DRY GOODS!

AND—

Readymade Clothing

THE Subscriber begs to inform his friends and the public generally that he has commenced business in the store formerly occupied by

Messrs. Fingland & Draper

And where he will keep constantly on hand a general assortment of

DRY GOODS!

AND

READY-MADE CLOTHING,

Which will be sold at a small advance on cost.

JAMES HIGGINSON,
Union Block, Sussex-st.
Next to be Tea Pot.

Ottawa July 10 1867. 481tf

BAZAAR.

IT is intended to hold a Bazaar on the *SEVENTEENTH of MARCH NEXT*, 1868, and following days, in aid of the DEBT on

The Parsonage of Christ Church.

Contributions will be most thankfully received from the members of the Church, and other friends in Ottawa, by the following Ladies, who have kindly consented to act as a Committee of Management

MRS. CLEMOW,
" W. F. POWELL,
" COFFIN,
" ADAMSON,
" T. M. BLASDELL,
" LAUDER,
" DONALDSON,
" JOHN THOMPSON,
N. SPARKS,
MAGEE,
" STREET.
ANNIE POWELL,
Secretary.

Ottawa, Dec. 23, 1867. 622td

Furniture! Furniture! Furniture!

AT THE

VARIETY HALL,

34, Sussex-st.

A MOST Complete Stock of Black Walnut and other Furniture, in Cane and Hair Seated Chairs, Tete-a-Tetes, Sofas, Extension Dining Tables, Centre Tables, Sideboards, Chiffonniers, Wardrobes, Bureaus, Bedsteads, Washstands and Toilet Tables. Also, Hair, Excelsior and Sea Grass Mattresses, of all sizes, Gilt Mirrors, Toilet and other Looking Glasses, Table Cutlery of all kinds, Brushes, Brooms, and Wooden Ware of various descriptions, Table and Floor Mats, Soiled Linen Baskets, a beautiful article, Rocking Horses, Children's Sleighs, and the best assorted stock of Crockery, China and Glassware in the Dominion. This stock being all purchased to the best advantage will consequently be sold cheap.

Crockery, China, Glassware, Stoves and Furniture rented to private or public parties at a reasonable rate.

JOSEPH BOYDEN,
429y General Agent.

NOTICE

IS HEREBY given that I shall not be responsible for any debts contracted in my name, unless under an order signed by me:

SOPHIA MARTINEAU.

Ottawa, Jan. 22, 1868. 646d

FIVE or six Gentlemen can be accommodated with BOARD in a Private Family, Laporte's Block, 621 Sparks-street. For further information apply at this office.

Ottawa, Jan. 28, 1868. 651a

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Two Dwellings to Let,

BEING the Upper part of E. MARTINEAU'S Clothing Store, Corner of Sussex and Clarence-streets.

Enquire at the Store.

EUG. MARTINEAU.

Ottawa, Jan. 22, 1868. 646tf

To Let.

A ROOM TO LET either with or without board. Enquire this office.

Ottawa, November 29. 594tf

Lots for Sale.

6 BUILDING LOTS, one mile from the city, on the Richmond Road, containing one acre each. Apply to THOMAS ANDERSON, Jr., on the premises. 568tf

FOR SALE.—THE WESTerly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession Ottawa, Front Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same Concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. T. Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to JOHN and WM. THOMSON, Nepean, and LEWIS & PINHEY, Barrister, Ottawa. Je2-141-tf

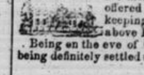
FOR SALE, THAT ELIgible property, beautifully situated on the Banks of the Ottawa, in the Township of Nepean, distant from the City of Ottawa about three miles on the macadamized road, together with the STONE DWELLING-HOUSE thereon erected, at present occupied by William Thomson, Esquire, and the garden and ornamented grounds adjoining the same, forming part of Lot No. 29, in the 1st concession, Ottawa front. A most desirable private residence and vacant Lots adjoining the same also for sale at reasonable prices.

For particulars and terms apply to John and William Thomson on the premises, or to

LEWIS & PINHEY,
Barristers, &c., Ottawa.

Ottawa, February 27, 1867 369y

VICTORIA HOTEL—TO LET.



No more eligible chance could be offered to any party in the Hotel-keeping line than the lease of the above FIRST-CLASS HOTEL.

Being on the eve of Confederation, and Ottawa being definitely settled upon as its capital,

The Victoria Hotel

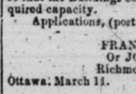
could not fail to be made to pay.

It is built on the most modern style of architecture, of cut stone; has large plate-glass windows, and is four stories high, exclusive of the basement. It is finely situated on the corner of Wellington and O'Connor-streets, immediately opposite the Parliament Buildings, and has three vacant lots attached, so that the Buildings could be enlarged to any required capacity.

Applications, (postpaid) to be addressed to

FRANCIS CLEMOW, ESQ.,
Or JOHN HENEY, Esq.,
Richmond Road, Ottawa, C. W

Ottawa, March 11. 379tf



COUNTRY RESIDENCE FORSALE.—Beautifully situated on the Macadamized Road between Ottawa City and Aylmer, about 36 minutes' drive from the city. A farm of excellent and, containing about 90 acres, with a large Stone House erected thereon.

The proprietor has no objection to sell a part of the farm, with or without the house. This would be a desirable country residence. Title unexceptionable.

Apply to

REV. J. JOHNSTON,
Hull Village.

August 1. 501-5m

FARMS FOR SALE.

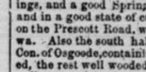
100 ACRES.—The north half of Lot No. No. 11, in 4th Con. of the Township of Osgoode, with a good House and Barn, and other outbuildings, and a good Spring Well, fifty acres cleared and in a good state of cultivation. This is situated on the Prescott Road, within fifteen miles of Ottawa. Also the south half of Lot No. 8, in the 3rd Con. of Osgoode, containing 100 acres, 50 acres cleared, the rest well wooded, with good hardwood, and well watered, and situated within a quarter of a mile of the Railway Station. Titles good. For further information apply to

PATRICK HERBERT,
Rideau Hotel, Ottawa City.

Ottawa, Oct. 1, 1867. 551-3m

TO LET

Possession given 1st June.



PINE GROVE HOUSE pleasantly situated on the Richmond Road, with Stables, Coach House, Garden and vacant Lot adjacent thereto. A cistern of fine water in the house. Apply to

MRS. BUNTING,
Rochester Estate, or on the Premises

Ottawa, May 10, 1867. 430-tf

Insolvent Act of 1864.

Dominion of Can

The Ottawa Times

VOL. II. NO 658 | OTTAWA, FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 5, 1868. | PRICE—3 CENTS

THE

Ottawa Daily Times,

(Published every morning, Sundays excepted.)

THE DAILY AND WEEKLY TIMES NOW enjoys THE LARGEST CIRCULATION of any paper published in the Ottawa Valley—issuing of the Daily over 2,000! and Weekly over 4,000! making a total circulation in the week of over 6,000! thus outstripping all competitors, and affording the best medium for business men to advertise in.

ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in the Daily at the following rates:

Business Cards of from 3 to 6 lines, per annum—payable in advance only,	$6 00
Transient Advertisements, first insertion per line,	8c
Subsequent insertions, per line,	2c

Yearly advertisers specially contracted with, and liberal allowance made.

Daily subscription to the daily (if paid in advance) $5 00
If not paid in advance 6 00
Tearly subscription to the weekly (if paid in advance) $1 00
If not paid in advance 1 50

ADVERTISING AGENCY.—Messrs. S. M. Pettengill & Co., 51, Park Row, New York, and State Street, Boston, General Advertising Agents, are hereby authorized to receive Advertisements for the OTTAWA TIMES

LEGAL.

G. J. O'DOHERTY,
LAW, CHANCERY and CONVEYANCING OFFICE, ALMONDS BUILDINGS, Sussex-street.
Ottawa, Dec. 6, 1867. 608-tfy

R. J. WICKSTEED,
ADVOCATE, &c., 43, Little St. James Street, MONTREAL.
November 14, 1867. 589-6m

N. TETREAU,
NOTARY PUBLIC for the Province of Quebec, HULL, near the Post Office.
Dec. 6, 1867. 320tf

NICHOLAS SPARKS,
LAW, Chancery and Conveyancing Office, Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite Post Office.
Ottawa, July 19. 489y

LAPIERRE & HAYCOCK,
ATTORNIES-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers and Notaries Public, corner of Sussex and York-streets, Ottawa.
Ottawa, February 26, 1867. 368y

WILLIAM MOSGROVE,
LAW, Chancery and Conveyancing Office: Mosgrove's Block, Rideau Street, Ottawa, C. W. 366-tf

D. O'CONNOR,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex Street. OFFICE: Union Buildings, Ottawa.
February 21, 1866. 55-y

R. H. HAYCOCK,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. OFFICE: Post Office Building, Elgin Street, Ottawa.
February 7, 1866. 43-u

A. F. BOUCHETTE,
ADVOCATE. Office: No. 17, St. Peter Street, Quebec. Mr. Bouchette will always be prepared to attend promptly to any business the government employes, and the public generally may entrust him. Mr. B. attends regularly the circuits in and for the district of Quebec.
December 28, 1865. 9-y

P. J. BUCKLEY, LL.B.,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law Solicitor-in-Chancery, and Notary Public. Office, over Mr. Luke Carter's Boot and Shoe Store, Rideau Street, Ottawa, C. W.
January 17 1867. 334y

AUGUSTUS KEEFER,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office: Opposite Post Office, Elgin Street, in the tenement lately occupied as the Custom House.
Ottawa, March 20. 87-tf

J. F. BOULTON,
BARRISTER-AT-LAW, Solicitor-in-Chancery, &c. OFFICE: Almond's Buildings, Rideau Street.
Ottawa, Jan. 12, 1866. 21-y

M. McLEOD,
BARRISTER, Etc., for Lower Canada. OFFICES: Court House, Aylmer and Buckingham, C.E.
Attends to all Law Courts in the District of Ottawa.
February 7, 1866. 43-ut

LEES & GEMMELL,
BARRISTERS, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. OFFICE: In the Court House, Ottawa, C. W.
ROBERT LEES. JOHN J. GEMMELL.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

EDWARD T. DARTNELL,
BARRISTER, Solicitor, Attorney, and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Crown Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell.
OFFICE: In the Court House, L'Original.
January 27, 1866. 34-6m

MEDICAL.

DR. CHESLEY,
OFFICE over Mr. Garth's Establishment, 25 Rideau-st., Ottawa.
May 30 447tf

DR. C. LEGGO,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Office: Hunton's Block, Sparks Street.

DR. DORION,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon, and Accoucheur, Clarence Street, Ottawa.
March 1. 371y

DR. OLIVER MARTIN,
DENTIST. Office: Sparks Street, Central Ottawa.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-utf

DR. C. A. MARTIN,
DENTIST. Office: Sussex Street, over Messrs. Campbell & Co.'s, Grocers.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-utf

DR. JOHN LEGGO,
DENTIST, Hunton's Block, Sparks Street. Teeth extracted without pain by means of the Ethereal Spray Producer. 350a

W. R. BELL, A.M., M.D., C.M., &c.
(RECENTLY FROM ENGLAND.)
SURGERY and Residence, George Street.
Ottawa, November 13. 289y

A. CODD, M.D.C.M.,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Residence—McDougal's Block, Besserer-st., Sandy Hill. 571-3m

DR. LESLIE JONES,
Surgeon, &c., of Dublin and Edinburgh.
SURGERY and Consulting Office, Rideau-st., next door to the St. Lawrence Hall. Residence—Daly Street. 581y

DR. GEORGE HUTCHISON,
DENTIST: Office, Sparks-street, opposite Magee & Russell's.
Ottawa, October 30, 1867. 576y

DR. W. J. HENRY,
CORNER of Kent and Wellington Streets, Ottawa.
November 6. 43utf

DR. O. C. WOOD,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur Ottawa. Day office opposite Magee & Russell's, Sparks Street, Center Town; Night Office at his Residence, Maria Street, Lower Town.
CANCER CURED, with out the use of the knife, by a new, but certain, speedy, and almost painless process. References given to parties successfully treated, if required. The cure guaranteed.
Ottawa, April 14. 17o-100y

HOLGATE, OLIVER & ANNABLE,
WHOLESALE Manufacturers of Bedsteads Chairs, &c., Chaudiere Island, Ottawa, C.W.
WILLIAM HOLGATE, JOHN OLIVER, WILLIAM ANNABLE.
Ottawa A 506y

BUSINESS CARDS.

B. BILLINGS, JR.,
ARCHITECT, Elgin-street, opposite the Post Office.
REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M P, Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq, Managing Director O & P R W 612-6m

R. SPARKS,
PROVINCIAL LAND SURVEYOR, Draughtsman, &c., (commissioned for Upper and Lower Canada.) Office and residence, Gloucester, near Ottawa. Surveys of every description executed with accuracy. Communications addressed Ottawa City, (post paid), or left at the office of N. Sparks, Solicitor, &c., Ottawa, will receive prompt attention.
Ottawa, February 21, 1868. 55

N. McKINNON,
COMMISSION and Exchange Broker, and Insurance Agent, Sparks-street, opposite Magee & Russell's, Ottawa, C. W.
Ottawa, March 25. 391y

O'CONNOR & WALLER,
EXCHANGE Brokers, Fire, Life and Accidental Insurance, Commission and Collecting Agents. Office, No. 27, Sussex-street, Ottawa.
E. J. O'CONNOR. W. R. WALLER.
March 9. 378y

J. P. MACPHERSON,
BARRISTER, &c., Ottawa. Office: Lang's Buildings, opposite Post Office Ottawa, March 10, 1866. 70-y

H. McLEAN'S
AUCTION Rooms, No. 19, Sparks Street, Centre Town, Ottawa, opposite Hope's Stationery Store.
The sale of Real Estate at Auction or Private Sale promptly attended to. Consignments received for positive sale. Parties wishing to purchase Real Estate will receive all information FREE OF CHARGE by calling at the office.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y

R. H. McGREEVY,
CONTRACTOR and Builder. Office: North side York street, second door from Sussex Street.
Ottawa, March 20, 1866. 78-y

S. CHRISTIE,
COMMISSION Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.
OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W. y

PARLIAMENTARY AGENCY.

C. J. BOUCHETTE,
P. L. SURVEYOR and Draughtsman, Mining, Land, and General Parliamentary Agent. References unexceptionable. OFFICE: Wellington Street, next to British Hotel, and nearly opposite the banks, Ottawa.
P. S.—Special attention given with despatch to Public Land business, adjusting disputed claims, and securing Patents.
Ottawa, May 22. 122-y

JOHN MERCER,
Teacher Piano-Forte, Violin, &c.
THOROUGH BASS.
AYLMER, C. E.
VISITS OTTAWA TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS.
Orders left at Union House will be punctually attended to.
Ottawa, July 28. 187tf

HOTELS AND SALOONS.

HOLT'S HOTEL,
AYLMER, C. E., Livery and General Stage Office. Alfred Moses Holt, Jr., Proprtr.
December 21, 1865. y

JAS. JOHNSTON'S
UNION HOUSE, North Gower. Good Stabling and an attentive Hostler.
January 11, 1866. 2y-y

DUIGNAN'S
PRIVATE HOTEL, Sparks Street, Ottawa, C. W. A few gentlemen can obtain superior apartments.
Ottawa, Dec. 20, 1865. 3-y

THE RUSSELL HOUSE,
LATE CAMPBELL'S HOTEL, Ottawa, C. W. The undersigned, proprietor of the above-named Hotel, begs leave to acquaint his numerous friends and the travelling public, that he has re-painted and newly-furnished throughout this commodious establishment, in the management of which by strict attention to business and guests, he hopes to deserve encouragement and support.
JAMES E. GOUIN.
Lately, and for many years connected with Russell's Hotel, Pearce Street, Quebec

THE ALBION HOTEL
NICHOLAS Street, Court-House Avenue, Ottawa, John Graham, Proprietor.
This House is conveniently situated, and still maintains its character as a FIRST-CLASS HOTEL. Considerable additions have recently been made to the premises, and it has been entirely repainted and renovated. No pains will be spared to accommodate and please.
OMNIBUSES to and from the cars and boats free of charge. There is a FIRST-CLASS LIVERY STABLE attached to the Hotel.
Ottawa 1868. 1-y

JOHN MALTMAN
LATE McADAM'S, Commercial Hotel, Packenham.
The above Hotel, one of the oldest and best known in Packenham, has been leased by the undersigned and thoroughly overhauled and refitted for the special accommodation of guests. THE TABLE AND BAR will at all times be furnished with the very best the market affords.
GOOD STABLING and a careful Hostler always in attendance
JOHN MALTMAN.

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,
M. KAVANAGH, Proprietor, Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington Streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government buildings.
The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.
Oysters, Game etc., daily

THE METROPOLITAN
Aumond's Block,
Rideau Street, Ottawa.
P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.
Ottawa, November 27. 322tf

THE REVERE HOUSE,
OTTAWA.
G. A. BUCKE, W. H. SANGER, ... PROPRIETORS.
THIS FIRST-CLASS HOTEL has been re-furnished and refitted throughout, and now combines all the requisites of a first-class establishment.
Ottawa, Nov. 6, 1867 382tf

TORONTO HOUSE,
SPARKS-STREET.
MRS. TROTTER begs to state that she has comfortable quarters for a few gentlemen for three months or more, with Parlour and use of Piano.
Ottawa, Dec. 24, 1867. 622tf y

MISS LOVETT'S
PRIVATE HOTEL
HOLLIS STREET, HALIFAX, N. S.
STRANGERS will find this long established and well known house to be the most comfortable and well conducted in the city.
December 25, 1867. 622-6m

TO PARTIES ABOUT TO BUILD—
PLANS,
SPECIFICATIONS,
ESTIMATES, &
Prepared by
AUGUSTUS LAVER, ARCHITECT
End Daly-st. Ottawa.
April 1.

DRUGGISTS.

Spectacles for all Sights.
OPTICAL Instruments Electro-Magnetic and Galvanic Apparatus, Photographic Chemicals, &c.
W. BEARN, Market Drug Store, York-street.
687y

SEASONABLE ARTICLES AT THE
MEDICAL HALL.
28, Sparks-Street,
FOR COUGHS, COLDS, SORE THROATS &c. &c. &c.

CASWELL, MACK & Co.'s Medicinal
Cod Liver Oil.
Campbell's Cough Lozenges,
Keating's Cough Lozenges,
Brown's Bronchial Troches.
Chlorate Troches, Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,
Campbell's Cherry Balsam, &c., &c.

For Chapped Hands, Sore Lips, &c.:

Winter Cold Cream,	Rose Lip Salve,
Camphor Ice,	Price's Glycerine,
Rimmel's Sand Bath,	Glycerine Soap, &c.

For Balls, Dinners, &c.:
Lubin's Princess Alexandra, Wood Violet, Mignionette, Guard's Club, Jockey Club, West End, Upper Ten, &c. Elle's Hedyosmia.

For the Toilet:
Hall's Sicilian Hair Renewer, Pomades and Oils, Rimmel's Toilet Vinegar, Brewster's Dentifrice, Hair Pins, twisted and plain, Bath Sponges, Hair Brushes, Tooth and Nail Brushes, Florida Water, Magnolia Water, Dressing Combs, English Toilet Soaps, Turkish Towels, Puffs, &c. Colognes in variety. Atlantic Sea Salt for the Bath, &c.
W. M. MASSEY, Dispensing Chemist, Medical Hall, 28, Sparks-st.
Sole appointed agent for Ottawa and vicinity for the celebrated preparations of Kennedy, Campbell & Co.'s (Medical Hall), Montreal.
Ottawa, Nov. 29, 1867. 472y

Apothecaries Hall!
No. 41, SUSSEX STREET,
G. MORTIMER, PROPRIETOR
NONE OTHER GENUINE!
TRADE MARK IS REGISTERED
Canadian Cough Emulsion.
THIS Valuable Medicine has the extraordinary property of immediately relieving Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Difficulty of Breathing, Tightness in the Chest, &c., &c. It operates by dissolving the congealed phlegm, causing free expectoration, and an agreeable moistness of the skin. Prepared only by
GEORGE MORTIMER,
Chemist and Druggist, 41, Sussex Street, Ottawa City. Sold in bottles at 1s 3d and 2s 6d each.

MORTIMER'S
COMPOUND ANTIBILIOUS
AND FAMILY APERIENT PILLS,
a grand Specific for derangement of the digestive organs, and for obstructions and torpid action of the Liver and Bowels.

MORTIMER'S Vegetable WORM DESTROYER.
The only sure remedy that exists. Combining delicious taste with amazing power. Also
CAMPHORATED EYE-WATER,
Sure Cure for Sore, Weak and Inflamed Eyes.

MORTIMER'S
Colognes, Pomades, Toilet Vinegar, Rose Dentifrice, for the Teeth and Gums. Also constantly on hand, Perfumes of all kinds, and Toilet requisites usually kept in a first-class establishment.

FOUND,
A NEVER Falling Remedy for Coughs and Colds, Mortimer's Canadian Cough Emulsion. No family should be without a bottle. None genuine but from
G. MORTIMER,
Chemist, 41, Sussex-st.
The best of Certificates can be produced.
Ottawa, Nov. 22, 1867. 596-6m

OTTAWA
DRUG WAREHOUS,
RIDEAU STREET
1866 SEEDS. SEEDS. 1866.
A LARGE STOCK OF FRESH GARDEN and FIELD SEEDS, just arrived and on Sale. All Seeds warranted Fresh.
A large importation of English and French PERFUMES will arrive next week.

FLORIDA WATER.	SOZODONT.
HAIR BRUSHES.	COMBS.
NAIL BRUSHES.	CLOTHES BRUSHES,

&c., &c., &c.
Just being opened up.
JOSEPH GARVEY, M.D.
P. S.—Advice to the poor gratis.
Ottawa, April 11. 97-y

DOMESTIC DYES.
THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT OF DYES in this city on sale at the
Ottawa Drug Warehouse.
A free Lot of Good, Cheap PERFUMES just received.
N. B.—Prescriptions carefully and promptly prepared. J. GARVEY, M. D.
Ottawa, Feb. 12 1866 47-utf

PARLIAMENT
HAIRDRESSING SALOON!
E. MILES,
Hairdresser by Appointment to His Excellency the Governor-General.
HAS REMOVED HIS PARLIAMENT HAIR DRESSING SALOON from the old stand to his new and commodious room over the LONDON MUSIC STORE, on Elgin-st., opposite the Russell House, which he has fitted up in the most recherche style of the business, and where his Rotary Hair Brush, which he imported expressly for himself, being the first introduced into British America, will be kept ready for use. The saloon is delightfully ventilated, and very pleasantly situated.
Mr. MILES would take this opportunity of returning his most sincere thanks to his many friends and the public, for their kind and generous patronage to him, during a number of years, in his old establishment, and trusts that by unremitting attention to business, and in his new and first-class saloon, with polite and attentive workmen, to merit a continuance of their favors.
All kinds of Hair Watch Guards, Finger Rings, &c., manufactured to order. For the convenience of ladies orders will be received at the London Music store, where a fine and varied assortment of Hair-work will be found.
E. MILES,
Hair Dresser, by appointment, to his Excellency the Governor-General.
Ottawa, October 3 1867. 523-39y

GREAT CLEARING SALE
—OF—
Dry Goods and Ready-made Clothing,
—AT—
J. T. Prudhomme's Stores,
SUSSEX-STREET, FACING CLARENCE-STREET.
And at the Sign of the "Golden Lamb."
AS the Subscriber intends closing one of his Stores on the first day of December, he is determined to sell off at an immense reduction his stock of
DRY GOODS & READY-MADE CLOTHING
—CONSISTING OF—

Beaver Cloths,	West of England Broad Cloths,	Col. and White Blankets
Pilot do	Black Cassimeres,	Horse Rugs.
Whitney do	Silk Mix Coatings,	Flannels.
Melton do	Trowserings,	Kerseys,
Sattinet do	Fancy Doeskins,	Winceys.

English, Scotch and Canadian Tweeds.

DRAWERS,	SHAWLS.		BUCK MITTS,
SHIRTS,	CLOAKINGS,		BUCK MOCASSINS,
WOOL CRAVATS,	DRESS GOODS,		WOOL SOCKS
SCARFS,	NECK TIES,		MITTS,
NECK TIES,	PRINTS,		TRUNKS,
COLLARS,	COBOURGS,		VALISES

—ALSO, A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF—
Boots and Shoes, Teas, Soap, Candles and Wines.
The whole to be disposed of before the 1st day of December. Call early and examine before purchasing elsewhere.
Ottawa, November 19, 1867. 593-6m

RELIANCE
MUTUAL LIFE ASSURANCE CO'Y.
ESTABLISHED, 1840.
CHIEF OFFICE—71, King William-street, Mansion House, LONDON.
ACCUMULATED PREMIUMS OVER, - - - - $1,000,000.
ANNUAL INCOME OVER, - - - - $300,000.

TRUSTEES.
The Right Rev the Bishop of Moray and Ross.

Viscount Kirkaldie	J R S Phillipps, Esq	Sir John T Tyrell, Bart
John Ledger, Esq	James Traill, Esq	W M Tufnell, Esq

DIRECTORS.

George Ashlin, Esq	John W Ley, Esq	Henry T Prinsep, Esq
W W Dudfield, Esq	John Ledger, Esq	Major Skinner, R A
J W Egerton-green, Esq	J Oxlyparker, Esq	Charles H Smith, Esq
George T Harris, Esq	William Phelps, Esq	James Traill, Esq
John James, Esq	John Pike, Esq	W M Tufnell, Esq
	Edward White, Esq	

MEDICAL OFFICERS.
J W Ogle, Esq, M D — H F Smith, Esq, M D
BANKS.
Messrs William Deacon Co, Birchin Lane, Messrs Sparrow, Tufnell & Co, Chelmsford. The London and County Bank.
SOLICITORS.
Messrs Hooke & Street, 27 Lincoln's Inn Fields. Messrs Gepp & Veley, Chelmsford.
EDWARD BUTLER, Secretary.
Canada Branch—Montreal.
BOARD OF DIRECTORS.
Walter Shanly, Esq, M P, Chairman.
Duncan Macdonald, Esq. George Winks, Esq. W H Hingston, Esq, M D, L R C S.
SOLICITORS—Messrs Rose & Ritchie. MEDICAL ADVISER—W H Hingston, Esq, M D.
The entire profits of this old and long established society belong to the policy holders, who are protected from all liability by the deed of settlement.
Annuities and endowments granted on advantageous terms.
Advances made on approved security in connection with Life Policies.
Every information to be had on application to any of the Society's Agents in Canada, or to
T W GRIFFITH, Manager and Secretary.
Head Office for the Dominion of Canada—Corner St Francois Xavier-street, Montreal.
Agents wanted in unrepresented districts throughout Canada.
NEIL McKINNON, Agent for Ottawa.
589-6m.

Etna Fire and Marine Insurance Co.
The Number of Shareholders exceed Five Hundred.
Capital, ... $2,500,000.
Annual Income Nearly ..... $1,000,000.
HEAD OFFICE—Upper Sackville-street, Dublin, Ireland; CHIEF OFFICE, ENGLAND—17 and 18 Corn Hill, London; CHIEF OFFICE, SCOTLAND—98 George-st., Edinburgh.

DIRECTORS.

John Obins Westhouse, Esq, 32 Pembroke Road, Dublin; Omeath Park, Co Louth; Portadown, Co Armagh; Kerry Chairman.	John William Gregg, Esq, Alderman, Merchant, 18 Upper Sackville-street, Dublin—Vice Chairman.
Robert Craven Keel, Co Armagh and Down—	Irwine Smith Whitty, Esq, 6 Wellington Road, Dublin—Director Government Prisons,
Wade, Esq, Conebraney, Crosskeale, Co Meath, and Sackville Street Club, Dublin, J P for Counties Meath and Wicklow—Director Scottish Amicable Life Office.	Bernard Coyne, Esq, 27 Waterloo Road, Dublin, J P, Co Mayo.
Charles Going Malone, Esq, Merchant, Stephen-street and George-street, Dublin; Churchtown Lodge, Dundrum, Co Dublin—Director Commercial Gas Company.	Jeffry Martin, Esq, 2 Clarinda Park, East Kingstown, Dublin, and Curraghmore, Ballinrobe, Co Mayo, J P for Co Mayo.
	Robert Conway Hurly, Esq, Bridge House and Glenduff, Tralee; J P for Co Kerry.
David Richardson Goodlate, Esq Merchant,	

FEATURES.
A division of profits every three years to holders of policies who have no losses.
MODERATE PREMIUMS.
The company do not advocate high premiums, but rates will be charged according as the nature of the risk. Losses will be promptly and fully met on adjustment. Losses by lightning and loss or damage by explosion of gas within the premises insured made good.
N B—The above company have invested in Canadian Government Bonds, in conformity with the Provincial Act, and have obtained the license of the Minister of Finance to do business in Canada, and are now prepared to take risks.
T. W. GRIFFITH, Manager for Canada.
Head Office for the Dominion—Corner of St Francois Xavier and St Sacrament-streets, Montreal.
Agents wanted in unrepresented districts throughout Canada.
589-6m. NEIL McKINNON, Agent for Ottawa.

STOVES. STOVES. STOVES.
STOVES. STOVES. STOVES.
STOVES. STOVES. STOVES.
"CAPITAL" 35, H.
STOVE SUSSEX MEADOWS
DEPOT! St. & CO.
WE have received our fall and Winter Stock of STOVES, STOVE PIPES, ELBOWS, DUMB STOVES, TINWARE and LUMBERMEN'S SUPPLIES, which we offer Wholesale or Retail at low prices. In Cooking, Parlor, Box and Hall Stoves, for wood or coal, we have the largest and most varied assortment ever shown in Ottawa.

COOKING STOVES.	COOKING STOVES.	COOKING STOVES.
COOKING STOVES.	COOKING STOVES.	COOKING STOVES.
COOKING STOVES.	COOKING STOVES.	COOKING STOVES.

Our stock of the above comprises the latest improvements in both ELEVATED and LOW OVEN STOVES.

BOX AND HALL STOVES.	BOX AND HALL STOVES.
BOX AND HALL STOVES.	BOX AND HALL STOVES.
BOX AND HALL STOVES.	BOX AND HALL STOVES.

Suitable for private Dwellings and Churches, Warehouses and Stores.

PARLOR STOVES.	PARLOR STOVES.	PARLOR STOVES.
PARLOR STOVES.	PARLOR STOVES.	PARLOR STOVES.
PAR TOVES.	PARLOR STOVES.	PARLOR STOVES.

New and most beautiful designs, very cheap.
COAL STOVES. PARLOR GRATES.
Hot Air Furnaces.
We still continue to manufacture every description of TIN, SHEET IRON, and COPPER WARE, RUSSIA IRON PIPE, and DUMB STOVES. Also all kinds of out-door Job Work in our line attended to by competent and experienced Mechanics. Country Merchants supplied with Stovepipes, &c., at reduced rates.
Lumbermen's Supplies! Lumbermen's Supplies! Sauncy Plates! Basins! Camp Kettles, &c.
HOUSEFURNISHING GOODS!
Bird Cages! Bird Cages! Bird Cages!
Price Lists sent free on application.
Any part of a Stove sold by us can be replaced when broken or burnt out, a fact intending buyers would do well to note.
An inspection of the above goods invited at the
"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,
35, SUSSEX STREET.
H. MEADOWS & CO.
Ottawa, October 2, 1867. 67-y

INSURANCE.

INTERCOLONIAL
ASSURANCE CO'Y.
OF CANADA.
Capital - - - $500,000.
With power to increase the same.
SHARES, - - $100 EACH.
PROVISIONAL DIRECTORS:
H. O. Burritt, Esq, President; R. Lyon, Esq, Mayor of Ottawa, Vice-President; T. D. Harington, Dy. Receiver General; the Hon. J. Skead, J. M. Currier, M. P., D. McLaughlin, M.P., W. Wade, Esq, T. Jones, M.P., W. Ellis, Esq, W. H. Brooke, M.P., Joseph Aumond, Esq, M. K. Church, M.D., and J. M. Bates.
THIS is purely a Canadian Institution, and as such is deserving of the support of the Canadian public.
An Act for the Incorporation of this Company is now before the Parliament of the Dominion.
Over $100,000 of stock is already subscribed and it is the intention to deposit with the Government as a guarantee of our good faith, at least $50,000 as soon as an Act of Incorporation is proposed (which will be a provision of our Incorporation.) It is unnecessary here to dilate upon the profits of money invested in Insurance Stock. Suffice it to say, that, at least in one instance 330 per cent advance has been obtained on insurance stock, and that after the payment of princely dividends. In the meantime Subscriptions to Stock, in Ottawa may be made at the Ontario and Royal Canadian Banks, and a deposit of 10 per cent is requisite which will be deposited IN TRUST to be returned in case any subscriber is not satisfied with his investment up to one month after the Vice-Regal sanction to the Charter is obtained.
J. M. BATES,
Pro. Manager and Secretary.
Ottawa, Nov. 21, 1867. 595tf

CITY OF GLASGOW
Life Assurance Company
ESTABLISHED 1838.
CAPITAL, £600,000 Sg.
ANNUAL REVENUE OVER £120,000 Stg.
THIS COMPANY OFFERS TO THE public the combined advantage of perfect security, moderate premiums and liberal participation in profits. No extra charge for Volunteers in defence of the country.
RINTOUL BROS., Montreal, General Agents for Canada.
NEIL McKINNON, Agent, Sparks-street, Ottawa.
Ottawa March 25. 391y

Ætna Life Insurance Company,
ESTABLISHED, A. D. 1820.
Capital and Assets, 1st Jan., 1867, $4,401,823.86
THIS MOST SUCCESSFUL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY divides the whole of the Profits, every year, among the insured, reducing the cost to about one-half the figures usually charged.
For instance, the annual payment, at the age of 30, in most Companies, to insure $24 00 is, with profits, about $50, and without profits $43.90
In the Ætna, $2000, to a person 60 years of age, costs the first year 25.31
And each subsequent year 26.74
Which payment is subject to further reduction as the business of the Company increases.
Endowment policies on equally favorable terms.
The fact that the Ætna has, during the past 12 months, insured over 14,000 persons, from among the best business men of the Continent, is the best possible testimonial to the soundness of the Company, and the excellence of its method of doing business.
J. GARVEY, ESQ., M. D., Medical Referee.
S. PEDLAR & CO., Montreal.
Ottawa, March 13. 581y

BRITISH AMERICA
Assurance Company!
FIRE AND MARINE.
ESTABLISHED 1830.
R. S. Cassels, Esq. ..... Consulting Director.
THE ABOVE FIRST-CLASS COMPANY is prepared to insure all descriptions of property against loss or damage by fire.
MERRICK, BRUSH & CO., AGENTS, Aumond's Buildings.
Ottawa, January 4, 1867. 323y

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.
A. MORTIMER
BOOKBINDER,
Metcalfe-street,
BEGS TO ANNOUNCE TO his friends and patrons that he has removed to the building on Metcalfe-street, formerly occupied by The Evening Post, where he is now prepared to execute all orders for
BOOKBINDING,
PAPER-RULING, or
BLANK BOOK MANUFACTURING,
Of every description in the neatest and most durable style.
Giving personal attention to all work, and having had many years practical experience, he feels confident that satisfaction will ne given.
Ornamental Binding done in the most artistic style.
A. MORTIMER, Metcalfe-street.
Ottawa, March 16 384y

NOTICE.
DR. J. GARVEY can be consulted each day PROFESSIONALLY, at his RESIDENCE, RIDEAU-STREET, from 8 o'clock to 10 in the forenoon, and from 6 to 10 in the evening. During mid-day by making inquiries at BROWNE & HARDY'S, GROCERS, Rideau-street, information can be had as to his whereabouts.
J. GARVEY, M. D.
N. B.—It is not the intention of Dr. Garvey to relinquish his practice as a physician.
Ottawa, Jan. 24, 1868. 618tf

NOTICE.
ALL persons indebted to Dr. J. Garvey, and whose accounts have been rendered, are requested to call and settle at once, or costs will be incurred.
J. GARVEY, M.D.
Ottawa, Sept. 4, 1867. 529tf

RIFLES!
Wesson's Rifles!
HAVING imported some of the above RIFLES in 1866, under free entry, I offer the balance of stock at $17 each, which is $4 less than manufacturers prices; wholesale price at factory is $25 American money.
THOMAS ISAAC, Sparks-street.
613d

Land for Sale.
850 ACRES OF LAND, situated within two to eight miles of the city. Apply to JOHN W. McGUIRE, Lot 25, 2nd Concession, Ottawa Front, Gloucester. 546-6m

To Sell or Let---Rare Opening.
TERMS MODERATE.
FINE STONE DWELLING HOUSES, Photographic Chambers, and other Cut Stone Premises, well arranged and eligibly situated for commercial business.
Apply to JOHN MACAULEY, Chaudiere, Ottawa; or E. McGILLIVRAY, J. B. TACKABERRY, or R. McLEAN, Auctioneer, Ottawa.
January 5, 1867. 535-6m

K. ARNOLDI,
WINE & SPIRIT MERCHANT,
METCALFE-STREET,
Telegraph Company's Building, Ottawa.
RECOMMENDS and Guarantees with confidence the following Wines:—
PORTS—Graham's, Sandeman's, Forrester's, Masden's, &c.:

No. 1 Good sound Wine	$2 00	$6 00
" 2 "	3 00	8 75
" 3 Old	3 50	10 00
" 4 Superior old	4 50	12 50
" 5 Very fine old	5 75	15 50

SHERRY WINE—Domecq's, Capdevielle, Pemartin's, Cramp Suter's, &c.:

No. 1 Light treble Wine	$2 00	6 00
" 2 Superior do	3 00	8 75
" 3 Very choice	3 50	10 00
" 4 Very Superior	4 50	12 50
" 5 Very fine	5 50	15 00

Marsala Wine,
$1.50 per Gallon, $1.50 per Dozen.
Especial attention called to the above Wine. Far superior to all common sherries, its chief recommendation is that it agrees perfectly well with persons who cannot take those wines, even of a high class. It is soft and old, free from heat, or the slightest approach to acidity, while its very moderate price recommends it for all large entertainments, as well as for the luncheon, dinner and supper table. It has met with the highest approval from the medical gentlemen of this city.
Also, in wood or bottle, old and new Brandies, Rums, Gins, Old Tom Gins, Irish, Scotch, and Canadian Whiskeys of Standard Brands.
Clarets, Champagnes, Hocks, Caracas, Marachino, Chartreuse, Royal Italian Bitters, &c., in great variety.
Hibberts' and Guinness' Porter, Bass' and Allsopp's Ales, quarts and pints. Canadian Ale of Superior Quality, in Wood and Bottle.
Goods most confidently recommended, and may be as implicitly relied upon for perfect purity as if purchased in the largest wholesale establishment in the country.
Orders by mail with cash or city references solicited and promptly attended to. No charge for delivery in the city. A discount to persons buying in quantity or by the original package. Inspection invited.
Price Lists, and every information, on application, or sent to any address.
WINE VAULTS AND OFFICE,
No. 11, Metcalfe-street.
Telegraph Co.'s Building, Ottawa.
January 27, 1868. 555y

FOR SALE
BY THE SUBSCRIBERS,
New Egyptian Dates,
Oranges, Lemons,
Grapes, Turkey Figs,
West End Raisins,
Dundee Marmalade,
Jams and Jellies,
Tomatoes in tins,
Peaches, "
Sweet Corn "
Lima Beans.
OYSTERS & HADDIES!
RECEIVED WEEKLY.
DALGLISH & RUSSELL,
Upper Town.
Ottawa, Jan. 28, 1868. 651y

SMITH & RODNEY
MERCHANT TAILORS and General Outfitters, Elgin-street, opposite the Russell House, and second door from the London Music Store, having just received a choice stock of
English, French and Canadian
CLOTHS and TWEEDS,
And a general assortment of gentlemen's furnishing goods, would intimate to their friends and the public generally that they are prepared to execute all orders in their line at the shortest notice, in the most approved styles and at prices that will defy competition.
Ottawa Oct, 1, 1867. 559tf

ROANOKE
Tobacco Company,
DANVILLE, VIRGINIA.
THIS Company having established at Montreal their General Agency for the Dominion of Canada, is now prepared to offer to the public an article in
SMOKING TOBACCO!
Superior to anything of the kind ever imported into the country, and pledge their long established character that the article now offered is the pure leaf from the
Virgin Hill Tops of Virginia.
The different brands and prices are as follows viz:
The "Prince of Wales," in 1 & 2 lb bls $1.00 per lb
" "Dominion Favorite" 1 & 2 " " 0.75 "
" "Navy," 1 & 2 " " 0.65 "
The prices are NET CASH in Montreal, and orders accompanied by remittance of 5 lbs and up wards will receive prompt attention. The tobacco will be forwarded to any address, by express or otherwise, as parties may direct.
Please address
F. W. HENSHAW,
Gen. Agent Dominion of Canada,
10 St. Sacrament-st.,
Montreal.
Montreal, Dec. 4, 1867. 607-1m

SNOW'S
Celebrated Fever Remedy.
A Sure and Certain Cure for Fever—Continued, Remittent, Intermittent, Typhoid, and Fever, arising from Ordinary Colds.
THIS REMEDY has been used in Tropical climates for many years with the greatest success. It shortens the attack, reduces the fever gradually, and at the same time enables the system to throw off the poisonous effect of the on the blood and skeletons generally.
PRICE—50 cents and $1 per Bottle. Sold Wholesale and Retail by
H. F. MACCARTHY,
Chemist, Ottawa City
Sole Agent for Dominion of Canada.
December 2, 1867. 579-3m

HOWE'S
Boot and Shoe Store.
REMOVAL.
AS the Lease of our Premises in Sussex street terminates this month, we intend to confine our business to one locality, and shall remove the whole of our Stock on the 1st of May next, to our Store in
No. 10, Rideau-st.
Our stock of BOOTS and SHOES, LEATHER, SHOE FINDINGS, TRUNKS, &c., &c., will consequently be very large and most complete in every department, and we most respectfully solicit a continuance of favors, to merit which our constant endeavors will be as usual to provide the best articles and sell at the lowest

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

On no occasion will the names of Old Advertisements be inserted here.

The New Dominion — James Higginson.
Dominion House—McLaurin & Irvine.

The Ottawa Times
City and County Official Paper
WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 5, 1868.

The Hon. Minister of Marine and Fisheries left for the West yesterday to rejoin his family at Clifton. He will be absent some eight or ten days.

The contributions of the citizens towards the relief of the Nova Scotia fishermen have reached in all about $2,000. This is not so bad, but we hope to see it still further increased.

We have heard that the Montreal *Telegraph* has information of a break up in the Cabinet, which, we need scarcely say, was news to Ministers here. Our exchange did not come to hand with this startling announcement, which in these quiet times is something of a disappointment.

The *Globe*, under cover of reproving the St. John *Telegraph*, for the use of some harsh language concerning the tariff, takes credit to itself for having warned the people of the Maritime Provinces to have nothing to do with the "old Coalition leaders of "Ontario and Quebec." We should like to have the *Globe* convince our Maritime friends, as it tried to convince the people of Ontario, that the financial interests of the Western Province had been sacrificed by the London Conference; that Nova Scotia and New Brunswick were getting a great deal more money than they had any right to get, and that Ontario would have to pay it. It is not yet a year since the *Globe* was running fast and furiously upon this tack; and reproaching the Upper Canada Delegates for their faithlessness to their own Province. The *Telegraph* and other parties now complaining in New Brunswick and Nova Scotia about the tariff should remember that this kind of doctrine was not calculated to pave the way for a kindly understanding between the Provinces. Within the past year the *Globe* has done its best to lead the people of Ontario to believe that their interests were sacrificed; now it is fanning the spirit of discontent in the Maritime Provinces. "It is too bad," says the *Globe*, "that a Government, the mission of "which was announced to be the completion "of the Union, should treat the New Bruns-"wick Unionists in that way." And it is too bad that the *Globe* should so unscrupulously lend itself to fomenting mischief. Why does it not confound the *Telegraph* with one of these articles bristling with figures and calculations and comparisons, not only for the present, but far away into the future, by which, but a short time ago it shewed so conclusively that New Brunswick and Nova Scotia were preparing to play the game of the "poor sisters?" One of these stunning calculations, if aimed fairly at the *Telegraph*, would make him fain to cease complaining of the tariff, if it did not even give him scruples of conscience about taking so much money from the Dominion!

Seriously, were the *Globe* sincere in its endeavors to allay irritation, rather than anxious to stir up political strife, it would, having, as it professed to have, held such strong opinions regarding the financial gain which the Lower Provinces made out of Union, it would now surely think the time opportune to show that even if an equalised tariff did impose additional burthens on them they had still, through the financial clauses of the Union Act, the best of the bargain. Nothing was to have been gained at the time that the *Globe* assailed the Union Act in this particular except the fomenting of political discontent in Ontario, and the creation of a feeling antagonistic to Maritime interests. But now if the *Globe* would undertake to prove what it did then, it might contribute powerfully to allay the hostile feeling created by the supposed undue pressure of the tariff. It is only just, at all events, that our discontented Maritime friends should be reminded that the same men who are now charged with treating them unfairly are those whom the *Globe* accused of having given them too much. A brief meditation upon this fact may enable them to set a proper value on the *Globe's* sympathy, which to-day is most unaccountably excited in their favor—unaccountably, that is, unless we recognize the *Globe* in its favorite character of mischief maker; but if we assume that it is merely attempting to foment sectional discord we can well understand the meaning of its present course.

We publish to-day a letter on "the state "of affairs in Nova Scotia," which will well repay perusal. The writer is one accustomed to the study of political questions and the temper of the public mind, and has been throughout the Union agitation, what he styles himself, "Unionist." His views, therefore, in so far as they relate to the present state of feeling, may be relied upon as in the main correct. The additional causes of irritation to which he refers, were doubtless in great part foreseen, but as the representatives of Nova Scotia did not attack the Union in detail, but the very principle itself, as Mr. Howe even promised to avoid the consideration of matters of detail until the question of repeal should be settled by the Imperial Government, it must be evident to any one that the Canadian Government was in a measure shut out from the consideration of any concessions towards that Province in the interest of harmony. Nevertheless, despite the outcry raised concerning Dominion imposts, the Province has, as a matter of fact, so far had the advantage, financially, of the General Government, and we are quite sure that if it shall be found that Nova Scotia is paying into the general treasury more than her proportionate share, means will soon be found to relieve her of the burthen. The newspaper tax is vexatious, no doubt, but its amount is very trifling to each individual having to pay it; and though we fought hard against its being extended to the Maritime Provinces, we doubt very much whether its repeal now would have any material influence on the public. At all events that tax has not yet been imposed; the Legislature will meet nearly three weeks before it goes into operation, and if then any substantial advantage can be gained by its repeal it will be the duty of Members to represent the fact to the Government. Instead, however, of the Nova Scotia Members giving information as to the practical wants of their Province, we have heard that some of them even refused point blank to give information, on the ground that they were opposed to Confederation! And again we had them expressing their warmest satisfaction at the prospect of their worst predictions against the Union being realised, and their joy that their constituents were about to be burthened with additional taxation. These same parties have expressed their conviction that the worst evils of Confederation are already upon them. Well! how much have they suffered? Can they, try it until this day twelve months, and make out their bill of items? We believe with our correspondent, as we said yesterday, there is a large middle class in Nova Scotia whose voice has not yet been heard in this repeal controversy, and that the time for their action is coming.

It should not be forgotten that this repeal agitation, like every other popular excitement, must run its course. But when the facts of the case are found by actual experience to be contrary to the predictions of the agitators, the common sense of the country will rise against them. The cry of Ontario and Quebec robbing Nova Scotia and New Brunswick is too utterly absurd to be believed in for any length of time, because facts and figures will soon demonstrate that in the financial arrangement of the Union Act, and the operation of the fiscal laws of the Dominion, these Provinces will not be called upon to bear an undue share of the public burthens. Our correspondent writes as if he feels that causes of irritation had been needlessly given, but it must be borne in mind that the Dominion could not very wisely delay the work of assimilating the laws in all matters of a general character, and especially those relating to taxation. That in doing so no room has been left for improvement in the future, it would be absurd to suppose, and we hope it may be found in searching out improvements that they will be such as to render the law more acceptable to the Maritime Provinces.

THE RELIEF FUND.

I beg to acknowledge the receipt of thirty dollars from Mr. James Foote, (Treasurer,) being the amount collected in the Congregational Church of Ottawa, on Sunday last. Also, the sum of forty-two dollars from the Rev. T. Bedford Jones, LL. D., being the amount collected in St. Alban's Church. Also, the further sum of eighty-five dollars and fourteen cents from John Bower Lewis, Esq., churchwarden of Christ Church, in aid of the distressed fishermen of Nova Scotia.

J. Fraser,
Treasurer, N. S. R. F.

Ottawa, Feb. 4, 1868.

MECHANICS' FESTIVAL.

This festival came off last evening as previously advertised, under the patronage of Sir John A. Macdonald. Before eight o'clock the Theatre was so full that it was next to impossible to find a seat. The concert was opened by the band in the overture *Fra Diavolo*. His Worship the Mayor, President of the Institute, arrived at eight o'clock, accompanied by Hon. Mr. Tilley, Dr. Grant, M. P., Mr. Langton, Auditor-General, Mr White, P. O. D., Mr. Thorburn, and Mr W. P. Lett.

His Worship, in an able address traced the history of the Mechanics' Institute from its beginning. He said the early friends and promoters of this Institute had indulged hopes that in this central part of the country, away from the great cities of Toronto and Montreal, they would be able to build up an institution that would be of great service in spreading knowledge among the people, and to serve as a nucleus around which would gather all kindred institutions in this part of the country. For this end, they had labored faithfully, frequently under pressing difficulties, and still they were not without hope of yet producing much good. The expenses of keeping open a reading-room, paying rent, and other outlays incidental to such an institution, were very great. They had lowered the subscription of membership with a view to give access to the greatest possible number, and had done all in their power to make the Mechanics Institute what its name imports, but its income was inadequate to the objects aimed at, and under these circumstances they had made this appeal to the public, and he was happy to see it responded to in so handsome a manner this evening. His Worship concluded his excellent address with a well merited eulogium on the character of the patron of the concert, Sir John A. Macdonald, which was received by hearty applause.

Mr. Sinclair, accompanied by Miss Ryan then sang a ballad, entitled *The Dream*. It was a pity Mr. Sinclair was not set down for more than one song, for his voice is a sweet tenor, and his general execution excellent. His song was warmly applauded.

Hon. Mr Archibald was then introduced, and delivered a masterly address on the utility of institutions of this kind in elevating and refining the character of the people. He dwelt in eloquent terms on the peculiar position in which Canadians were placed. They found themselves composed of the two races of people, who in the old world had fought the great battles of civilization, and here they were united for the accomplishment of a great work, essentially of this age, and therefore, it was incumbent on them to acquire all knowledge within their reach for the more effectual accomplishment of the task before them. Mechanics' Institutes properly conducted would supply this knowledge, and if taken due advantage of by those for whose advantage they were more especially intended, would place this country in a happy and prosperous condition. (Cheers.)

The difficulty of obtaining a suitable place for hearing the speeches rendered it impossible for our reporter to catch all that was said, and, therefore, the reports of the speeches are very imperfect.

A duet—flute and piano; sonata, was then performed in admirable style by Miss Ryan and Mr Steckel, and elicited great applause.

The band of the Rifles then executed *Il Don Giovanni*.

The President then, in some appropriate remarks, introduced Dr. Grant, M. P., who spoke in high terms of the good effected by Mechanics' Institutes in general wherever they were introduced, and paid a high compliment to Mr. Billings, the naturalist, to whose labors was due the opening up of many of the treasures of the Ottawa valley, and concluded an able address amid great cheering.

Mrs. Scott, accompanied by Miss Ryan, then sang *The Four-leaved Shamrock*, which was deservedly *encored*, when she gave *Il Brindisi*, from Lucrezia Borgia, and completely brew down the house.

Miss Ryan then executed in her magnificent style, *La Priere des Anges*, which was rapturously applauded.

This was followed by a galop—*Glorioso*, by the band.

M. Blain de St. Aubin, accompanied by Madame de St. Aubin, then sang, *As I'd Nothing Else to Do*, and a French song *Mon Oncle Gaspard*, both of which were greatly applauded.

The Honorable Mr. Tilley was then introduced, and said he was sure the audience would not expect him to make a speech. He and his friend from the Maritime Provinces might be wanted by the Mechanics' Institute as specimens. He did not wish to speak, but he had been waited on by some gentlemen, who had invited him to do so, and learning that it was to aid an institution of this kind, he had consented, and he was always ready to aid, by whatever means, any such Institutes, for he knew their value. He had been for 20 years an active member and officer of a Mechanics Institute. In St. John's, they had a fine building, with a hall capable of seating twelve hundred persons. They had regular lectures, which were well attended. But what was the case here in the capital, as a Yankee would express it, the hub of the Dominion? Was it really true, as he had heard, that here they could not support regular lectures? He could scarcely believe it to be true. Let them take care how they talked of becoming a great oak to overshadow others, lest they be overshadowed themselves by such Institutes as that at St. John's. The hon. gentleman concluded a happy and humorous speech by assuring the meeting that, though he was not a lecturer, he should always be ready to do what he could to further the interests of their Institute.

Mr. and Madame Blain de St Aubin then sang a grand duet from the opera *Ne touchez pas a la Reine*, in brilliant style, and were encored.

The next song was *Pre aux Clercs*, sung by Madame E. Gelinas, accompanied by Dr. Valade. Madame G. has a sweet and powerful voice, and used it to good advantage. She was greatly cheered. Dr. V.'s accompaniment was very good.

Mr. W. P. Lett recited his original poem amidst torrents of applause which greeted him incessantly. We are unable to publish it to-day, owing to the unusual press of matter.

The last song, *Bonnie Charlie*, was sung by Mr. C. Higgins, accompanied by Miss Ryan, and was encored, when he gave *Kitty Tyrrell*, which was also encored.

The Rifle Brigade Marches and God Save the Queen concluded one of the most fashionable amateur concerts ever given in this city. The theatre was very comfortable and well lighted.

Sir John A. and Lady Macdonald were present.

ANNUAL MEETING OF THE SUBSCRIBERS OF THE GENERAL PROTESTANT HOSPITAL.

The Seventeenth Annual Meeting of the subscribers was held in the Directors' Hall on Tuesday, the 4th inst. Rev. T. Bedford Jones, LL.D., was called to the Chair, who briefly explained the objects thereof. After which the Secretary read the annual report, and laid the Treasurer's account and other documents on the table:—

REPORT.

Seventeenth Annual Report of the President and Directors of the County of Carleton General Protestant Hospital for the year ending Jan. 31, 1868.

The Directors beg leave to submit to the members present, and to the public, the following statement of the affairs of the corporation during the past year:

In a season like this, when so many in our community have been afflicted with sickness and from the effects of accidents, they have great reason to express their gratitude to Almighty God in having so far blessed their labors, as to have enabled them to open the Hospital doors to all destitute sick who applied for admission, but they are under the painful necessity of stating that unless substantial aid is shortly received from some source, they cannot long continue to do so, the available funds at their disposal being completely exhausted, and they have the cheerless prospect before them of resuming their labors at the commencement of another Hospital year with an empty treasury. The causes for this state of affairs are very obvious. The steady increase in the population of the Ottawa Valley, as well as the large influx of inhabitants which Her Majesty's award of the seat of Government has brought to our city, has largely increased the demands upon the institution, and necessarily presents it with a wider sphere of usefulness.

But unfortunately for the success of its philanthropic objects, at the very time when its noble efforts to ameliorate the sufferings of our fellow beings are most needed to provide an asylum for an enlarged number of unfortunate members of our species, not only has the Government failed in paying its annual grant, but many of those who once exerted themselves in its behalf, who mainly contributed to place it in the favorable condition it formerly enjoyed, have apparently become weary in well doing, and have, seemingly come to the conclusion that enough has been done for the furtherance of its interest.

The principle portion of the burden of supporting the Hospital has as yet fallen upon the inhabitants of this city, while the majority of the non-pay, or destitute, patients cared for, have come from the various villages and townships composing the Ottawa country. This being a matter of fact, it is high time that the inhabitants resident in those places should bestir themselves, if they expect to have their indigent sick hereafter received into the Hospital, without paying for them. Did the municipalities of these localities vote annual grants, the clergymen take up annual congregational collections, national and other societies make annual donations, an amount would yearly be raised trifling to individuals, but in the aggregate, added to the voluntary efforts of individuals, sufficiently ample for the support and maintenance of the Hospital.

That such an establishment is required, appears very evident, for from the nature of the principal trade carried on in this part of the country, accidents are of very frequent occurrence, and the necessity of such an institution is therefore very apparent. Most of the men being engaged in the lumber business, and a large number of them not being permanent residents of this part of the country, a public hospital is the only place to which they can properly be conveyed, and be attended to in case of sickness or injury from accidents or otherwise; besides, the annual tide of immigration will always have some in our midst who have to be cared for. That the hospital has effected an immense deal of good, in alleviating the pains and sorrows of many a poor homeless wanderer, who otherwise would have been destitute and uncared for, cannot be questioned.

Will, then, the philanthropy of the benevolent in our midst not make an effort for its maintenance? The directors believe they will, and that it can, and will be sustained, and continued as it has been, the nursing home of the distressed, and the untarnished glory of our Protestant community.

The Directors in their annual reports have more than once called public attention to the necessity that existed for the establishment of a House of Refuge and Industry for the city. Their recommendation embraced the establishment of an institution for young and old of both sexes, where the destitute could be received, and where by suitable labor they might be made to contribute to their own support. Their object has been partially carried out in so far as the young are concerned, but for the old no provision, whatever, has been made. The result is that the Hospital is crowded with infirm, aged and other such like patients, who have no resource but to remain there during the winter months; at the present moment it contains no less than twelve of them. This is a perversion of the funds and objects of the institution, and with the other causes stated, accounts for the present state of the finances. The Directors again earnestly appeal to the public and to the city municipality to carry out their recommendation, and relieve the hospital from this serious and ruinous responsibility. And more especially do they appeal to the patrons and managers of the Protestant Orphans' Home, which is so nobly sustained, and to which so large a portion of the support formerly accruing to this hospital, has been diverted, to extend the sphere of usefulness of that charity, and as soon as most, to provide for the reception of the unfortunate, who now crowd, and are ruining, an institution of paramount importance, and which was never designed for a mere asylum.

Turning aside from these unpleasant subjects, the Directors have great pleasure in according their heartfelt acknowledgments to the council of the County of Carleton for its esteemed annual grant, and pray a continuance thereof; also to the clergymen of the English Churches in this city, Packenham, and Burnstown, and to those of the Scotch, Wesleyan, Free and Baptist churches in this city for their annual congregational collections, as well as to all others who contributed to the funds during the past year.

To the clergymen of this city, who have regularly visited the Hospital during the bygone year, for their earnest Christian efforts for the spiritual benefit of its inmates, to the members of the Medical Board, more especially to Drs. Grant, McGillivray, Henry, and Sweetland, the attending physicians, for their valuable professional services, and to the gentlemen of the press in this city, who so kindly published the annual reports year after year, the Directors offer their sincere and grateful acknowledgments.

They desire to express their satisfaction with the manner in which the several officers, steward, matron, and servants, continue to discharge their duties.

The receipts for the year from all sources amounted to $1,573.00, including the sum of $144.00 received from pay-patients. The expenditure to $2,654 00, making a deficiency of $1,081 00 expenditure over income.

For these and other details of a financial nature, reference is respectfully made to the Treasurer's accounts herewith submitted.

The attending Medical Officer's Report shows that 117 in-door patients participated in the benefits derived from this charity during the year.

No registry kept of the out-door patients. Of the above number there has been:

Cured or relieved	89
Died	11
Remaining in the Hospital	17
Total	117
The pay-patients numbered	35
" Non-pay " "	82
Total	117
The former remained in Hospital	1346 days.
" Latter " "	5999 "
In all	7345 days

In accordance with the third section of the charter of incorporation, the term of office of the six directors lowest on the list expire to-day, they are eligible to be re-elected.

Finally, having shown that the liberality of this charity is extended to those who are borne down by sickness, to those who are almost overwhelmed by accidental calamities, and whose resources are insufficient to meet their present necessities, and that no man is exempt from the vicissitudes of life, and that therefore the relief afforded by it has effected an immense amount of good among those who really needed such assistance. Taking all this into consideration, and keeping in view the prospect of a large emigration the coming spring, independent of the increase to our population, and the unsatisfactory state of the finances, the necessity for greater exertion and more general liberality will at once become apparent. Trusting, therefore, that this appeal now made to the public in behalf of this useful and truly charitable institution, will not be made in vain.

The whole respectfully submitted.

Roderick Ross,
Secretary.

General Protestant Hospital, Ottawa, Jan 31st, 1868.

MEDICAL ANNUAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDING 31ST JANUARY, 1868.

Males 98 | Females 39

NATIVES OF

England	26	Germany	3
Scotland	11	Sweden	1
Ireland	32	Poland	1
Canada	39	Holland	1
U. States	3		
		Total	117

CHURCHES OF

England	70	Jewish	1
Scotland	10	Independent	1
Free	18	Lutheran	5
Wesleyan	6	Roman Catholic	2
Baptist	4		
		Total	117

The following resolutions were then unanimously carried:—

"That the report now read be received, adopted, and printed under the direction of the Secretary.

"That the thanks of this meeting be given to the President, Vice-President, Directors, Treasurer and Secretary, for their zealous and unremitted exertions in conducting the affairs of the institution, and with reference to the state of the finances, this meeting feel it their duty to pledge themselves in humble dependence on the Divine blessing, to continued perseverance and increased exertions in furtherance of its objects.

"That the clergy of the several Protestant Churches in this city and adjoining counties, on both sides the River Ottawa, who have not heretofore taken up annual congregational collections, be respectfully requested and urged to do so; that the municipalities therein be solicited to vote annual grants; the national and other societies to give yearly donations; and that all its friends take such measures as may make the public informed of the existence, objects, and merits of this charity, and excite a warm interest on its behalf.

"That a vote of thanks be tendered to Samuel Howell and Edward Routh, Esqrs., for auditing the accounts of the past year, and that they be respectfully requested to audit those of this year."

The meeting then proceeded to the election of Directors. Messrs. Edward McGillivray and Wm Mills were appointed Scrutineers, who reported that Judge Armstrong, Messrs. George May and Mr. Wm. H. Walker were elected for two years, and Messrs. John Roberts, Edward McGillivary, and H. V. Noel for one year. The appointment of the Medical Board will be made at the next monthly meeting of the Directors. A vote of thanks having been given to the Chairman, the meeting separated.

T. Bedford Jones, LL D, Chairman.
Roderick Ross, Secretary.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS.

For three years from the 4th Feb., 1867—George Hay, John Durie, Thomas Patterson, James Dyke, James Peacock and Alexander Workman.

For two years from 4th Feb., 1868—Judge Armstrong, Geo. May and William H. Walker.

For one year from 4th Feb., 1868—John Roberts, Edward McGillivray and H. V. Noel.

LIFE DIRECTORS.

Roderick Ross, James McCracken, A. M., D.L., and James Rosamond, Almonte.

MEDICAL BOARD.

Drs. Hill and VanCortlandt, Consulting Physicians.

Drs. Grant, McGillivray, Henry and Sweetland, Attending Physicians.

PRESENT OFFICE BEARERS.

Judge Armstrong, President; George Hay Vice-President; Alex. Workman, Treasurer, Roderick Ross, Secretary.

George Sadler, Steward; Miss Harriet Sadler, Matron.

LOCAL NEWS.

Young and Radford have the largest, best and cheapest stock of watches to be found in Ottawa. They have also on hand a very choice and varied assortment of Electro-plated ware, and Fancy Goods. They do all kinds of repairing and jewellery jobbing in first-class style. 656-y.

Meteorological Observations.—By Wm Hearn, Optician and Druggist, York-st.

Ottawa, Feb. 4, 1868.

Greatest degree of cold registered during the previous night, 16 below zero.

8 a. m., zero.
1 p. m., 19 above zero.
6 p. m., 12 " "

Theft of a Buffalo Robe.—Some days since Mr. Kay lost a buffalo robe, which he advertised. Yesterday Mr. Craig came into the city with a robe answering the description given of the one advertised, and brought with him a certificate of his having purchased it at Bell's Corners of a man whose name he gave, and brought it in for the purpose of giving it up to the owner. It is now in the hands of the police, and the person who sold it will probably be required to account for its coming into his possession.

The Rink.—The band of the Rifle Brigade will play the following programme in the Rink to-day from 2:30 to 4:30 p. m.:

Pas Redoublé	"Cupidon"	Mohr
Waltz	"Isar Lieder"	Gung'l
Galop	"Tanzwerber"	Jonas
Lancers	Somebody's Luggage	Coote
Mazurka	"Oh Anna"	Kuhner
Quadrille	Minstrel's songs	Kuhner
Waltz	"Songs of the Wood"	Finney
Galop	"The new Derby"	Riviere

"Rifle Brigade March"
National Anthem.

Auction, Sale of Bankrupt Stock.—We would remind our readers that this will be the last day of Mr. McLean's great auction sale of bankrupt stock of dry goods, &c., &c. Mr. McLean having received instructions from Montreal to close out the balance of the stock without delay, has resolved to sell all the remaining goods, together with some lots purchased and uncalled for, this morning and evening, at ten and seven o'clock. Among the goods for sale to-day are blankets, tweeds, pilots, J. R. Combs' concertinas, albums, &c., &c., and as they must be sold to day without reserve, this presents a great opportunity to traders and others to secure their stocks at very low prices. 658-1

POLICE COURT.

O. Labote was charged with selling liquor without license, and fined $20 and costs.

Sophie Gauthier was charged with keeping a house of ill-fame on St. Paul-st. Mr. Langrell said he had received complaints of the house from neighbors, who said they were ashamed to live near in consequence of the bad reputation, and that on Monday he proceeded to the place with a constable, and arrested the prisoner as the keeper of the house along with Elmire Rindon, an inmate, and two men, Damas Leclaire, and a man named Carrisse. The case was clearly proven against the parties. The women were sentenced to two months in jail at hard labor, and to pay a fine of $20 each, or be imprisoned one month longer. Both the men were discharged.

James Keely was charged by Denis Whelan with forging his name to a receipt.

Denis Whelan, sworn—Am a store-keeper on Rideau-st. Prisoner has dealt with me for a good while. Yesterday a bill was rendered to him for $102 83. He told me to make out his bill from last March. After the bill was rendered he said he had paid Stephen O'Brien a former clerk of mine, $51 25, for which he had a receipt at home. He then said, "perhaps I have the receipt about me;" and then produced a paper purporting to be my receipt for $91 and said he got it from Stephen O'Brien, who was in my employ on the 21st of March last when the receipt purports to have been signed. The signature is not my hand-writing nor O'Brien's. No part of the receipt was written by him or me. There were other clerks in my employ, Patrick O'Neil and William Tierney, but the writing was not done by either of them.

To P. J. Buckley for defence—There has been no settlement of accounts between us since January, 1867. There are no credits on the books at or about the time the receipt for $91 purports to have been signed.

Samuel Smith, sworn—I am book-keeper for Denis Whelan. The last credit written by O'Brien in favor of Keely, was in July, 1866, for $3. On the 21st March, 1867, Keely owed $104.00.

To Mr. Buckley—I first saw the receipt in the hands of prisoner last evening. Keely asked his account since March last, and said he would settle the old balance in a day or two, and then he said he had a receipt for $51 25 from O'Brien, which had not been credited to him. He first said O'Brien wrote it, and afterwards that it was given to him. First he said he had it at home, and then thought he might have it about him. On searching his pockets he pulled it out among some other papers.

Mr. Buckley said he did not think a case had been made out and proceeded to call witnesses for the defence, and prove that the receipt was not signed by Keely.

Charles Rowan was sworn, and said Keely could with difficulty sign his own name. The signature to the receipt was certainly not in Keely's writing.

John Redmond proved that the signature was not Keely's.

The prisoner was committed to take his trial at the next assizes. He was admitted to bail in the sum of $1,000 and two sureties in $500 each.

L'ORIGNAL MECHANICS' INSTITUTE.

A meeting of the members of the L'Orignal Mechanics Institute was held in the Mechanics' Hall on the 23rd inst., C. Johnson, Esq., in the chair. The Secretary-Treasurer submitted his report from which it appeared, "That, including subscriptions for the current year, there was a fair balance in the hands of the Treasurer." "That the hall and contents had been kept insured." "That it had been used as a drill shed *free of charge*." "That it had been also used by the W. M. as a chapel by their paying for wood and lights," and "That a regular course of lectures was going on."

The following officers were elected for the current year:—President—C. P. Treadwell. Vice Presidents—C. Johnson, F. F. McNab, A. B. Secretary-Treasurer—S. O. Steele. Directors—R. Hamilton, P. L. S., J. W. Marston, I. O. Gates, J. Aird, J. O'Brian, E. P. Johnson and J. Butterfield.

The Directors contemplate having readings, music, &c., besides the regular lectures. The public are, therefore, solicited to enroll themselves as members, to enable the Directors to carry out such measures as shall conduce to the pleasure and advantage of the inhabitants of L'Orignal and vicinity. The Directors also intend to have scientific lectures and classes so as to entitle the Institute to a share of the Government grant.

C. P. Treadwell, President. S. O. Steele, Secretary-Treas.

ENTERTAINMENT.

A literary and musical entertainment was given to the patrons and friends of the L'Orignal Institute, on Wednesday, the 29th Jan., of which I subjoin a programme. The hall was crowded, and all seemed delighted.

PROGRAMME:

Speech by President C. P. Treadwell, Esq.
Song—Passing the Bridge—Miss Garrett.
Reading from Dickens—Major Grant.
Song and Chorus—Mrs. L. H. Johnson, Miss Cass, Miss H. Cass, Miss Garrett, Mrs Murray, and W. O'Brian.
Speech by F. F. McNab, A. B., Vice-President.
Comic Song by R. H. Byers, Esq.
Song and Chorus—Up, Volunteers—Miss Garrett.
Speech by C. Johnson, Esq., Vice-President.
Song and Chorus—Flag of the Free—Miss Garrett.
Reading—Graham System—S. O. Steele, Secretary-Treasurer.
Song Evangeline—Mrs. L. H. Johnson and Miss Cass.
Song of the Sea—R. H. Byers, Esq.
Reading—Downfall of Poland—Major Grant
La Claire Fontaine—Mrs. Murray and Major Grant.
Song—Old Shady—Mrs. L. H. Johnson and Miss Cass.
God Save the Queen—Full chorus.

S. O. Steele, Secretary-Treasurer.

L'Orignal, Jan. 30th, 1868.

—The *Globe's* Montreal correspondent cleverly contrived to make three day's despatches out of the late meeting of the St. Patrick's Society—all hostile to Mr. McGee, of course. Curious coincidence—the *Globe* and the F. B.!—*Montreal Gazette.*

—We deeply regret to learn that Mr. A. C. Buchanan, Chief Commissioner of Emigration, died at Quebec on Sunday morning. Mr. Buchanan was an exceedingly diligent, painstaking officer, and a man of great and varied information, one of the ablest officials in fact in the civil service of the Dominion.—*Montreal Gazette.*

Young and Radford's stock of watches clocks, jewellery, fancy goods and electro plated ware are worthy of inspection. All goods will be sold cheap. Give them a call. Remember the place, 30 Sparks-st. 597a

Young & Radford, 30, Sparks-st., have just received a stock of Christmas and New Year's presents, and parties wanting to buy would do well to give them a call, and judge for themselves before purchasing elsewhere. Remember the place, 30, Sparks-st.

THE STATE OF AFFAIRS IN NOVA SCOTIA.

To the Editor of THE TIMES.

Sir,—It is my desire in the present article to direct the attention of the readers of the Times to the state of affairs in Nova Scotia, and to consider the means by which a great deal of the existing difficulty may be removed and a more friendly feeling created between the disaffected Province, and the other members of the Confederacy. You have doubtless commented in your editorial columns on the fact that since the return of the Nova Scotia representatives to their homes, some of them have been making earnest efforts to inflame the public mind with the avowed object of bringing about a repeal of the Union. Mr. Howe and his followers have been addressing large audiences at Halifax and elsewhere. The sole leader of the Repeal party is at last commencing to speak out with a boldness that he was very careful not to exhibit whilst at Ottawa. If his recent speeches mean anything, it is that he is prepared to go for annexation to the American Union in case the British Government refuses to entertain the application for Repeal, which he and his party are on the point of making. By the time this article reaches you, the Nova Scotia Legislature will have probably met and authorized a delegation to England, of which Mr. Howe will of course be the head. It is satisfactory to know, however, that the amount of popular excitement is exceedingly small compared with what some persons, reading the Anti-Union journals, would imagine it to be. That disaffection does exist in certain quarters no one will attempt to deny; but Mr. Howe and his friends will find themselves vastly mistaken if they suppose that the great majority of the people will proceed to any extreme measures, in case the application for Repeal is rejected. Having had abundant opportunities for judging the temper of the people, I do not hesitate to say that the man who hoists the flag of Annexation will find but few followers to back them in this loyal dependency of the Crown.

Any one acquainted with the present condition of affairs cannot fail to notice the fact that Yarmouth and Halifax are the headquarters of disaffection. Now, it is well known that a large number of persons in Yarmouth, which is the most western part of the Province, and has large commercial relations with the United States, have long been imbued with Annexation proclivities. When the scheme of Confederation was discussed in the House of Assembly, two years ago, one of its members did not hesitate to declare that "the sympathies of the people were with the American Republic rather than with Canada, and that if they were asked "if they would prefer Annexation to Confederation, they would reply, yes." "Their commercial interests," he added, "are intimately bound up with those of the United States, and it is not, therefore, surprising that such a sentiment should prevail." No one, therefore, need be astonished to find Yarmouth at the front of this repeal movement.

The causes that influence a certain clique in Halifax against Union are easily explained. Halifax has invariably endeavored to rule the Province, politically and commercially. That city has always enjoyed a monopoly of political distinctions, whilst its merchants have generally pursued a perfectly selfish policy, and have rarely stirred to promote the real interests of the rural districts. The Halifax Banks have never had the enterprize to establish agencies in the leading towns, as is the case in Ontario and Quebec. Halifax merchants have notoriously been crushing and repressing the best energies of the people for years. If our coal mines have been at all developed, it has been by means of foreign capital, and not certainly by Halifax. When the monopoly of the London Mining Association was removed, some years ago, not a banker nor capitalist in Halifax would invest a single dollar in opening up new mines. The state of isolation has been favorable to a few merchants and capitalists in Halifax, and they are unwilling to disturb a condition of affairs so extremely satisfactory for themselves. They are unwilling to allow power and influence to slip out of their hands without a struggle, and to see wealth and prosperity more generally diffused. They are not prepared to compete with foreign capital and enterprise; they see with dismay Montreal and Toronto firms coming among them and establishing branches of their business in the city. Hence, briefly, the secret of a great deal of the opposition that has arisen against Union with the prosperous and energetic communities of Quebec and Ontario, among certain classes in the chief town of Nova Scotia.

The policy of all those who wish to see the Union a success should be undoubtedly to allay any irritation that may exist among the people in any section of the Dominion. No man who looks impartially at the events of the past three years can hesitate to acknowledge that the question of Confederation has not been managed in this Province with as much tact and discretion as was desirable. If a more conciliatory policy had been pursued towards the people, no one can doubt that nearly all the difficulties that now exist would never have arisen. No doubt, the firm conviction that the Union would secure lasting benefits to the people of this Province, in common with all other sections of British America, was the motive that influenced most a few of our public men in dealing with this momentous question, and pass it in the manner they did. Be that as it may, many people have been led to believe that they have suffered a deep injury and insult, and that the only alternative now open to them is to bring about a repeal, and drive from power and influence forever in this Province the men who brought about that measure. Mr. Howe must of course be held responsible to a very large extent for what feeling here exists against the Confederation. No other public man in the Maritime Provinces certainly could have evoked more clamour than he has. His great abilities, and his popularity among the masses, have enabled him to raise a storm, which he may perhaps, sooner or later, wish he could quell. Of Mr. Howe may it be truly said: "He deviseth mischief continually; he soweth discord."

That there are some men in this Province anxious to repeal the Union, and ready to resort to any extreme measures, no one denies; no argument, however convincing, is likely now to influence these persons in the direction of moderation, and it is useless, therefore, to appeal to their reason or common sense. Fortunately, however, for the interests of this country there is a large body—I believe the majority of the people—not swayed by purely selfish or partizan motives, with whom we can reason. It is to such persons we must appeal in the present crisis, and enquire how far they are prepared to go with Mr. Howe in his suicidal and unpatriotic course. Does any sensible man believe that there is any large number of Anti-Unionists prepared to resort to the alternative of taking up arms against the mother country, in case repeal is refused? Why, it is very doubtful if Mr. Howe has behind him a majority of the people, prepared to go so far as even a movement for repeal. The vote polled at the last general election was not a real test of the strength of the Union party. A large number of persons were influenced by other motives than a positive antagonism to the measure of Union. Some wished to punish the men who had refused to appeal to the people. Others again were opposed to the School Bill, and all measures of progress. A large number of persons stayed away from the polls, because they were opposed to the mode in which Union had been carried, although believing that the measure would eventually conduce to the real interests of British America. But let Mr. Howe, or any one else, assume an attitude of active hostility to the Imperial Government, and where will he find himself? He will not have much more than a corporal's guard outside of a few Annexationists at Yarmouth, or some personal friends of his own who consider him immaculate. Even the bankers and merchants who now support him would be found wanting, and hide in their cities, when that hour for action, of which Mr. Howe speaks in his recent speech at Halifax, would arrive. From Cape Sable to Cape North, the loyal people of this Province would rise and put down any attempt to endanger the connection with the Crown of England.

But let us suppose that the Imperial Government does listen to the supplication of Mr. Howe and his party, and restores Nova Scotia to the position of isolation it so lately occupied. What then? British capitalists will certainly hesitate to embark their capital in an isolated Province, in whose devotion to the British Government they can have very little confidence. St. John will become the great seaport of Quebec and Ontario, and New Brunswick will reap the benefits that must arise from connection with the great country that borders on the St. Lawrence, and the Lakes. Halifax will make but little progress, but must, depending, as it has hitherto, on the efforts of its own unenterprizing capitalists; whilst Nova Scotia generally will suffer from the want of that great trade, that she would have enjoyed in the course of time under Union. As time passes, and the people of Nova Scotia see St. John expanding into the dimensions of one of the greatest commercial cities of this continent, and New Brunswick exhibiting all the evidences of wealth and prosperity, they must become dissatisfied, and perhaps then clamor for admission into the Confederation, the benefits of which they had so hastily spurned at the dictation of a few reckless politicians and demagogues. But I have faith in the patriotism and intelligence of the people of Nova Scotia, notwithstanding the estimate Mr. Howe appears to have formed of them, and believe that they will not step beyond the limits of constitutional agitation, but will adopt that policy which will best benefit themselves and future generations.

I now come to matters to which I would ask the earnest attention of all those who are sincerely desirous of promoting the true interests of the "Dominion." To the representatives of Ontario and Quebec, I would appeal, and ask them to conciliate rather than irritate the people of the Maritime Provinces. It is useless to disguise the fact that much irritation has been created in parts of Nova Scotia by the new tariff. The belief is gaining ground that the interests of Ontario and Quebec, rather than those of Nova Scotia or New Brunswick, are considered in the Ottawa Parliament. The tariff, it is everywhere argued, imposes considerable burthens upon the people of these Provinces, who consume more dutiable goods than the inhabitants of Ontario and Quebec. It is useless, just now, to argue that the tariff is in many respects a good one, and that we cannot expect to find our burthens henceforth as light as they were a few years ago, when we had no public works of importance in progress. The obnoxious features of the tariff are held up by the Anti Union leaders on every occasion. For instance, there is the duty on American flour, corn, and cornmeal. At the present time, in consequence of the high price of flour, very large quantities of meal are used, and it is certainly unfortunate that any legislation should take place bearing even the semblance of increasing the burthens of the poorer classes. Then to increase the irritation, there is the fact that the representatives of Ontario will impose no duty on American coal, and thereby encourage the importation of the same article from Nova Scotia. The imposition of a tax upon newspapers is also considered a retrograde step, since it is nothing more nor less than a drag upon the diffusion of cheap and useful information among the masses. It does certainly seem strange that at this particular time, when the press has more important duties than ever to fulfil, its enterprise should be cramped by that Parliament which it did so much to call into existence. The people of Nova Scotia have now an interest in the affairs of a Confederacy, containing nearly four millions of souls, and embracing an area of over 370,000 square miles; their chief Parliament sits at Ottawa, many hundred miles from the Province; and the press, therefore, becomes more indispensable than ever to them, as the only means by which they can watch the course of their representatives and obtain a knowledge of the progress of public affairs.

It is undeniable that measures such as I have mentioned create a certain amount of irritation, and cramp the efforts of those who are endeavoring to turn the current of feeling in favor of Union. Under such circumstances, it is to be hoped that the promise which has been held out, that the tariff will be modified in March next, will be fulfilled and that the clause imposing a tax upon newspapers will not remain a blemish upon the Post Office Act, which, on the whole, appears to be a carefully devised measure.

The writer of this article lives in a section of the Dominion of which but little is known to the majority of the residents in Ontario and Quebec. The island of Cape Breton at present forms a very important section of the Province of Nova Scotia. The majority of its people have never looked upon their connection with Nova Scotia with perfect satisfaction. They would have preferred continuing to enjoy the separate government of which they were deprived years ago. It is argued by the advocates of Cape Breton interests that other parts of Nova Scotia have, as a rule, been favored before the island. Perhaps no section of the Province has more to gain from a Union with the large Provinces of Ontario and Quebec than Cape Breton. In past times, whilst held by the French, it was justly considered as the very key to Canada. No one, indeed, looking at its geographical position can fail to see how intimately are its future interests bound up with those of Canada. It lies on the pathway of travel between Europe and the St. Lawrence, and it would effectually command the Gulf in the time of war. It has the finest harbors in the Dominion, it is situated on the very threshold of the greatest fisheries of the world, it abounds with coal and other mineral resources. From the want of capital its progress has been retarded, but when money and enterprise flow in, as they must in the course of time, and develope its capabilities, no section of the Dominion will exceed it in wealth and prosperity. The question of Union was hardly made an issue at the recent elections. In the towns and centres of intelligence, the feeling has been rather in favor of Union; for no man endowed with ordinary reason can help feeling that any change is preferable to remaining a mere appendage of little Nova Scotia. I have every reason to believe that if the tariff should be modified, and a small amount of protection afforded to Nova Scotia coal, the Anti Union party would have very few adherents throughout Cape Breton before two years would pass away. To show the importance of the coal interests in the island, I may mention that of the whole quantity raised in the Province during 1866, viz: 601,000 tons, Cape Breton turned out two-thirds. During the past two years, this trade has been comparatively stagnant on account of the repeal of the Reciprocity treaty, but there is little doubt, that it would revive if any encouragement were given to the importation of coal into Ontario and Quebec. It is unnecessary to dwell on the fact that it is the interest of the people of the Confederation, that they should buy within themselves, and be independent of all foreign nations as far as practicable.

The writer, in common with all Unionists, believes that the difficulties that now prevent harmony within the Dominion will ere long disappear. We need have no fears, if the men who have been called to direct our affairs act with moderation and strict faithfulness to the interests of every section of the Confederacy. Let the people who live in remote Algoma, feel equally with the people of Cape Breton, that they all belong to one great community—that the interests of the one will not be sacrificed to benefit the interests of the other—and none of us need be afraid of the future of the Confederation. On the other hand, if sectional and antagonistic feelings prevail, if jealousies and heart-burnings are perpetuated, troubles without number will arise and endanger the peace and stability of the Dominion.

Unionist.

Sydney, Cape Breton, Jan. 23, 1868.

Large Fenian Meeting in Cleveland—100,000 Fenians!

Cleveland, O., Feb. 4. There was a very large Fenian meeting here last night. One hundred thousand men were tendered to the Government on the event of war with Great Britain, by Gen. O'Neil in the speech he made.

Cotton no Longer King.—Cotton goods are now nearly as cheap as before the American war. Garland, Mutchmor & Co. have lately received a few bales of gray and white cottons, shirtings and prints, purchased since the great fall in prices. Parties requiring any description of dry goods would do well to see their stock before purchasing. 327-y

INCIDENTS CONNECTED WITH OTTAWA.

There are interesting incidents connected with almost every village, town and city, which although not generally known, are nevertheless worth recording; and it is with this view that the writer has placed himself in communication with some of the oldest inhabitants of Ottawa, who have from memory, kindly enabled him to lay the following before the reader. At a later period some very amusing anecdotes may be given; but as the parties concerned are still living, it would not be considered wise to have all the play to ourselves. In the meantime,

THE FIRST BRIDGE OVER THE OTTAWA

may occupy our attention, and whose *modus operandi* will serve to re-call to mind the persevering spider alluded to in history. It appears that until the autumn of 1826 the present capital was a wilderness, when Lord Dalhousie, Col. Danford, Col. By, and several other gentlemen arrived at Hull for the purpose of deliberating on the proposed construction of the Rideau Canal. They assembled on a rock near the northerly end of the present Union Suspension Bridge, with the view of considering the propriety of first constructing a bridge over the Ottawa, which would facilitate operations on the Canal. They then retired to the house of Squire Philemon Wright, and finally came to the conclusion to commence the bridge immediately. Two days afterwards operations were begun, carpenters, masons, and quarry men being hired on the spot. The centres for the first arch nearest Hull were soon put up, and in a few weeks the rubble stone arch was completed; but on taking out the centres the whole arch gave way and fell. Nothing daunted, however, another attempt was made, and with the experience of the past centres were built and the arch constructed in the same locality. The arch was composed of dry hammered stone, with a mortar, and it remained perfect after the removal of the centres. The second arch was built by Philemon Wright and Sons, under contract: thus the workmen were enabled to commence building the bridge over the main channel—a very difficult task in those days.

In order to get communication with the opposite bank, Capt. Asterbrooks, of the Artillery, took one of the brass cannon down to the rocks near where the end of the bridge would naturally be, so as to fire off a rope across the channel—240 feet wide—to Chaudiere Island. For the first trial a half inch rope was used; but the force of the powder cut it. The experiment was repeated with the same result. It was then suggested by one of the workmen to try an inch rope, which was approved, and on its being carried out was found successful; for it was landed a hundred feet on the island. Having secured it at both ends, the workmen were enabled to haul over larger ones.

A trestle ten feet high was then erected on each side of the channel, and two ropes stretched across over the tops of these trestles, and fastened at each end to the rocks; the ropes were allowed to be slack in order to have greater strength.

The next step was to have a foot-passage to allow the workmen to communicate with each other; and with this object the ropes were placed four feet apart, and properly planked over. A rope hand-rail on each side, made the crossing perfectly easy. Chains were then placed across over trestles in a similar manner, and planked on the top, until the planking from each shore reached within ten feet of joining in the middle, when the chains broke and precipitated the workmen and tools into the channel. Two men were drowned, and the others swam ashore. This checked further progress for a short time. A scow, about one hundred feet long, and thirty feet wide, was then built and anchored to a point of rock where the bridge was to be located. Stronger trestles, made of heavy timber, were erected, and two eight-inch cables procured and laid across the channel over these trestles, and properly secured to the rocks at each end. Then the building of a wooden bridge was commenced, in accordance with a plan approved by Colonel By. The work progressed very favorably, and with the assistance of screw-jacks, placed on the scow below it, was kept up to its proper level. In the course of the summer the bridge was brought nearly to completion, when the prevalence of a gale caused the whole structure to turn over up stream, against the wind. The two cables before mentioned, held the structure until they were chopped off with axes, notwithstanding the great force of the current, and thus "the whole affair moved majestically down the stream" as far as the present entrance of the Rideau Canal. This caused, of course, another delay. It is related of Mr. Drummond, the chief workman, that he shed tears at this unlucky event.

The next move was to build another bridge on the same plan. On this occasion large chains were employed, made of one and three quarter inch round iron, in links of ten inches long, which were put over the trestles, and in the same place that the rope cables were removed from, having been secured like the former to the rocks on each side of the channel. The mode of constructing this work was similar to the preceding, save that the scow below was dispensed with, as the chains were sufficiently strong to support the whole fabric.

After a delay of some months, the bridge was finally completed, and stood the travel for about 12 years, when it too followed in the wake of its predecessors. The channel being once more left without a span, communication was had by means of ferriage until 1843, when the present magnificent structure was commenced, which is now an ornament to the capital. And now a word or two about

POOLEY'S BRIDGE,

and we are done with bridge building. In 1827, Lieut. Pooley was ordered by Col. By to build a bridge over what is commonly called the "*gully*," which intersects the road leading from the Suspension Bridge to the city. It was wholly built and covered with round timber, and was so *unique* in its appearance, that on seeing it the Col. exclaimed: "Well! well! we must christen that *thing* Pooley's Bridge." It is therefore unnecessary to say that the present structure built on the same site bears the name of "Pooley's Bridge."

Having thus far treated of engineering matters, the reader would, doubtless, prefer a change; consequently an

ANECDOTE

may not be out of place.

Among the contractors for the works on the canal alluded to was an American named Findland, who was to have built a lock and dam at Hogsback; but owing to some misunderstanding the contract was not completed. Determined to have satisfaction from Col. By, he shortly afterwards [illegible] in a span of horses and handsome sleigh, which were procured in the States. On the vehicle were painted a spread eagle and [illegible], the beak of the former being in the [illegible] of the latter. It is said the Colonel survived this manifestation of ire on the part of the discomfited contractor.

It must not be supposed that our pioneers were without their seasons of enjoyment, for in 1830 Col. By gave

A BALL,

on which occasion an ox was properly prepared and roasted *whole*. It was then placed in a field in a standing posture, and when the dance and song had ceased the guests proceeded to study its anatomy. This jubilee was probably the celebration of the completion of the first eight locks of the canal.

As the columns of a newspaper will not always admit of lengthy communications,

A FEW GENERAL ITEMS

will bring this one to a close.

The Scotch are entitled to the palm for having erected the first Church, which

called St. Andrew's, and is situated on Wellington street. The Rev. John Cruikshank was the first who preached from its pulpit. The building has since been enlarged.

The first school was built in 1832, by Mr. Perkins on his own property. The teacher was a Miss Knapp, an American, who commenced with twenty pupils. This school room was subsequently used as the Court House for trying small cases, the commissioners being Messrs. Fisher and O'Connor; Dr. Christie was Clerk of the Court, and was also the first medical gentleman who established himself in Ottawa.

The first steamboat that arrived at Ottawa was called the *Union*, and was built at Hawkesbury in the winter of 1821 and 1822 for the purpose of conveying the supplies for the canal. Speed in those days was somewhat different from what it is now, as the reader will perceive on being told that two trips per week between Ottawa and Hawkesbury were all that could be had. This vessel was commanded by Capt. Grant, who superintended her construction, and who also inspected the building of the first steamer that ran from Du Chene Lake to the Chats Rapids.

As regards the fourth estate, it appears the first newspaper, *The Bytown Gazette*, was published by James Johnston, in the house at present occupied by Wm. Letimer, shoemaker, on the corner of Wellington and Bank sts. On the easterly gable of this building, and therefore looking in the direction of the Public Buildings, may be seen the representation of a pair of spectacles. The only reason assigned for this rather uncommon architectural appendage is, that the individual who placed them there was "very eccentric." M[illegible]. C. POPE.
Ottawa, Feb. 1, 1868.

AMERICAN NEWS.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

Political.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 3.—Col. M. N. Niswell was nominated to supercede Commissioner Rollins upon recommendation of several hundred business men.

NEW YORK, Jan. 4.—The *Times'* special says it has been current here for a week or two past that the President had actually issued an order to Gen. Grant forbidding him to obey any order from Secretary Seward. This turns out true, and it is true that Grant declined to obey it, whereupon a spicy correspondence ensued which lasted a couple of weeks, and covers not only the matter named, but also the charges made by the President against Gen. Grant of duplicity on the war office question.

The resignation of Mr. [illegible]ms has been tendered, but Mr. Seward hopes to induce him to withdraw it.

The *Herald's* special reiterates the assertion that Government will make a firm demand for the settlement of the *Alabama* claims.

The Charges Against General Grant.

NEW YORK, Feb. 4.—The *Tribune's* special says General Grant called upon the President a few days since, and alluded to some statements made apparently by his authority in two New York papers, that there had been a breach of faith in his surrendering the War Department to Stanton. The President disavowed both, and all newspaper articles criticising him, and assured him of his most distinguished regard. General Grant replied that he should take no notice of them, but when such aspersions were put in such shape that he could notice them, they would be properly attended to.

Sale of U. S. 10-30s.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 4.—Secretary McCulloch sold last month $10,000,000 of 10-30 bonds. The low state of internal revenue receipts rendered necessary the sale of them to meet the current expenses of the Government.

Fire in New York.

NEW YORK, Feb. 4.—The building No. 77, Beekman-st., was destroyed by fire this morning. Loss $150,000.

A Destructive Fire in Galveston.

NEW ORLEANS, Feb. 3.—A destructive fire occurred in Galveston, Texas, on Sunday. Loss $60,000.

Fire in Knoxville, Tennessee.

NEW YORK, Feb. 4.—The *Times'* Knoxville special says a destructive conflagration last night consumed an entire block. Loss very heavy.

Military in a Court Room.

MEMPHIS, Feb. 3.—Great excitement was caused yesterday during the trial of the proprietors of the *Avalanche* for contempt of Court, by the appearance of a squad of soldiers, who reported to Judge Hunter, and were by his orders stationed about the Court room. Several attorneys protested against the proceedings, and Mr. MacKay left the Court, saying he would never practice in it under such circumstances. The troops were subsequently withdrawn.

Arrival from Hong Kong.

BOSTON, Feb. 3. The U. S. steamer *Wyoming* arrived yesterday from Hong Kong and St. Thomas.

THIS MORNING'S DESPATCHES.

Political.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 4.—The Speaker to-day laid before the House the correspondence between Gen. Grant and President Johnson. It is accompanied by a letter from Secretary Stanton, stating that the latter has no correspondence, official or otherwise, with President Johnson since the 12th of August, or since he was re-instated in the War Department. Mr. Stanton says he has received no orders from him and has issued no orders in his name.

Steamer Burned.

ST. LOUIS, Feb. 4.—The steamer *Clara Dolson* was burned last night. She was valued at about $30,000.

SIR WILLIAM LOGAN.—In reviewing a new edition of Sir Roderick Murchison's geological work, "Siluria," the *Times* says:

"The present edition of 'Siluria' is fitly inscribed to Sir William Logan, the director of the geological survey of Canada, and among its new materials the account of Sir William's recent discoveries finds a foremost place. He has found that underneath the oldest of our fossiliferous formations there lies another still more ancient system of vast thickness, to which he has given the name of Laurentian, and in which he and his colleagues have found in Canada remains of humble grade. To Sir Roderick himself we owe the discovery of rocks of this age in Britain; a discovery which with its accompanying deductions, whereby the geology of more than half of Scotland was at once revolutionized, is certainly his greatest achievement in science—the Silurian system always excepted."

New York Money Market.

NEW YORK, Feb. 4.—Stocks active and improving.
Sterling exchange 109¾.
Gold at 140¼.

New York Markets.

NEW YORK, Feb. 4.—Cotton dull at 19c. @ 19½c. Flour dull; receipts 54,000 bbls.; sales 4,900 bbls. at $8.50 @ $8.10 for Superfine State and Western; $9.90 @ $10.80 for Common to Choice Extra State; $9.60 @ $12 for Common to Choice Extra Western. Rye Flour quiet and steady at $7.50 @ $9.25. Wheat quiet; receipts 18,000 bush.; sales 7,500 bush.; No. 1 Spring in store at $2.30. Rye quiet. Corn opened firm, and closed dull and declining; receipts 56,800 bush.; sales 38,000 bush. at $1.27 @ $1.30 for New Mixed Western afloat. Barley firmer; sales 9,000 bush.; Western at $1.10. Oats quiet; receipts 2,675 bush.; sales at 84c. for Western in store. Pork quiet and firm at $21.50 @ $21.62; Old Mess $22.50 @ $22.62. Lard firm at 13½c. @ 14¼c.; small lots at 13½c.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

DOMINION HOUSE!
WELLINGTON-STREET.

COLIN McLaurin & Geo Irvine, Proprietors. This hotel has been lately fitted up, and is now replete with every convenience which characterize a modern hotel.
Boarders taken at moderate rates. The bar is always stocked with first-class liquors.
Ottawa, Feb. 5. 658-3ey

WAR! WAR! WAR!

KEARNS & RYAN,

WELL KNOWN

Merchants of this City,

—WHO KEEP THE PEOPLE'S—

CHEAP CASH STORE!

Have declared War against all other merchants of the Capital of Canada, for imposing dear goods on the people. They will make a

Reduction of 20 per cent off Hats and Bonnets

—AND—

10 per cent off all other Cash Purchases

OVER ONE DOLLAR.

During the month of February. Rush to their establishment and judge for yourselves. No deception.

Corner of York and Sussex-sts.

Ottawa, February 3, 1868. 656d

DRY GOODS AT DISCOUNT!

$30,000

Worth of Seasonable Dry Goods

OFFERED AT

10 Cents Discount on all Cash Purchases of $1

AND UPWARDS, AT

J. A. PINARD'S.

Most of the COTTON GOODS in Stock

Have been bought within the last two months, and will effered a

REDUCTION OF 40 PER CENT

Compared with any Cotton Goods of Fall Importation in this city.

Dress Goods, Woollen Goods, &c

HAVE BEEN REDUCED IN PRICES SINCE 1st JANUARY.

This further inducement of Discount is offered in order to reduce Stock to the lowest point before *Stock Taking*.

N. B. Sale to Commence on MONDAY, THIRD of FEBRUARY, for a short time only. Goods marked in plain figures. Only One Price.

No. 17, SUSSEX-ST., CORNER of GEORGE-ST.,

SIGN OF THE GOLDEN BALL.

Ottawa, Feb. 1, 1868. 655b6w1

THE NEW DOMINION!

47. SUSSEX-ST. 47.

Established with the Nation, July 1, '67.

Tried by the People,
Nobly sustained,
Long may it flourish!

Come one! Come all!!
Farmers and Lumbermen,
Merchants and Citizens,

Come to the New Dominion

And you will find a large and varied assortment of Staple and Fancy

DRY GOODS.

Wholesale and Retail,
As Cheap as the Cheapest,
As good as the best.

A NEW TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT!

Has just been opened on the premises, with FIRST CLASS WORKMEN, under the management of a first-class fashionable Cutter.

Suits made to order, and
Warranted to suit,
At every price,
Of every style,
For every season,
And at the shortest notice.

Do you want Hats or Caps Furs or Blankets, Boots or Shoes, Moccasins or Mittens? Visit the New Dominion. It will prove to your advantage. From top to toe a perfect outfit guaranteed, by
JAMES HIGGINSON, Proprietor.
Ottawa, Feb. 5. 48-tf

HER MAJESTY'S THEATRE.

FOR THREE NIGHTS ONLY.

Thursday, Friday and Saturday,
February 6th, 7th and 8th.

WHITMORE & CLARK'S

MINSTRELS

And Grecian Gymnasium!

SIXTEEN STAR PERFORMERS,

INCLUDING

GEORGE M. CLARKE, the world renowned Comedian and Comic Singer, who will appear in a great variety of the most popular songs and Ballads of the day.

HANK WHITE, Champion Comedian of the 19th century.

E. B. WHITNEY, Celebrated Banjo Soloist.

O. A. WHITMORE, Clarionet Soloist.

Prof. N. W. WYATT, the great American Violinist, whose solos are the theme of universal admiration.

P. A. ARMSTRONG, the great Flute and Picolo Player, and a great variety of Singers, Dancers, Delineators, Comedians, &c., including the famous Triple Clog Dance, performed only by this company, together with a splendid Orchestra of Eight Classical Musicians, led by A. W. Wyatt.

WILLIAMS and MASKIN,

The renowned Gymnasts, having concluded their Star Engagement at Morris Brothers' Opera House, Boston, have effected an engagement with Whitmore & Clark's Minstrels, where they will nightly appear in their Classical Gymnastic Exercises.

Admission, 25 cents; Reserved seats 50 cents.
Doors open at 7 o'clock; performance to commence at 8.
656-1 N. W. LEWIS.

TEACHER WANTED.

APPLICATIONS for the office of

ASSISTANT TEACHER

TO THE

UPPER TOWN MALE SCHOOL,

Will be received by the Chairman of the Board of Trustees of Separate Schools, up to

THURSDAY NEXT, 6th INSTANT.

Ottawa, Feb. 4, 1868. 657-3

Piano-Forte Tuition!

W. C. CLARK,

PROFESSOR OF MUSIC and Teacher of Piano, Voice and Harmony. Also, Mrs. Clark, Teacher of Drawing and Painting. Music Rooms and Residence, 69 Sparks-street, one door east of Toronto House.

Orders may be left at residence or at Orme & Son's Music Store. 45ry

THE MONTREAL WAREHOUSE,

SUSSEX, OPPOSITE YORK-STREET.

IN MR. INGLIS' NEW BLOCK.

WILL BE OPENED OUT IN A FEW DAYS WITH A STOCK OF

Choice Wines, Groceries and Provisions, &c., &c.

J. MARTIN & CO.

OTTAWA, February 4, 1868. 657y

FOUND!

ON the Evening of February 3rd, on Sparks st. a purse of money. The owner can have the same by proving property and paying for this advertisement.

Apply to MRS. TROTTER, Toronto House.
Ottawa, Feb. 4, 1868. 657tf

YOUNG & RADFORD'S COLUMN.

Watches,
Watches,
Watches
AT
YOUNG
AND
RADFORD'S
30 Sparks-street.

Clocks,
Clocks,
Clocks,
AT
YOUNG AND RADFORD'S.

Jewellery,
Jewellery,
Jewellery,
AT
YOUNG AND RADFORD'S.

Electro-Plated Ware,
Electro-Plated Ware,
Electro-Plated Ware,
AT
YOUNG AND RADFORD'S.

Fancy Goods,
Fancy Goods,
Fancy Goods,
AT
YOUNG AND RADFORD'S,
Manufacturing Jewellers,
30 SPARKS-STREET

Old Gold and Silver
Bought, and highest cash price paid,
AT
YOUNG
AND
RADFORD'S

BROWNE & HARDY'S COLUMN.

1867 AND 1868.

INDIA WAREHOUSE!

16 Rideau Street, Ottawa.

THE SUBSCRIBERS beg to inform their Customers that their Stock is now complete, and embraces every delicacy of the Season, among which will be found a choice assortment of

TEAS,

Breakfast SOUCHONG, } Black Extra Fine
do CONGOU, }
Superior HYSON,
" GUNPOWDER,
" IMPERIAL,
" TWANKAY,
Orange PEKOE, } These Teas have been carefully selected for family trade by
Flowery " }
Japan " }
BROWNE & HARDY.

SUGARS,
LOAF,
BROKEN LOAF,
CRUSHED,
GROUND,
YELLOW,
and MUSCOVADO

COFFEE,
MOCHA,
JAVA,
JAMAICA, and
CEYLON,
Roasted and Ground daily on the premises.

CHOCOLATE and COCOA,
FRENCH, flavored with Vanilla;
TAYLOR'S,
FRYE'S,
MOTT'S

FRUITS, &c.
LAYER RAISINS,
in Whole, Half and Quarter Boxes
MUSCATEL, do do
SULTANA,
VALENTIA,
CURRANTS,
GRAPES,
ORANGES
LEMONS,
PRUNES,
ALMONDS,
WALNUTS,
FILBERTS, and
BRAZIL NUTS.

BUTTER,
CHOICE DAIRY, in Tubs and Crocks, received Weekly.

CHEESE,
English, American and Canadian.

SPICES,
NUTMEGS,
MACE,
CINNAMON,
CLOVES,
GINGER,
MIXED SPICES,
All Ground on the Premises
BROWNE & HARDY.
Ottawa, November 19. 495t

AUCTION SALE

OF

Valuable Household Furniture!

HECTOR McLEAN

HAS received instructions from an Officer belonging to the Rifle Brigade, to sell by Public Auction, on

WEDNESDAY, the 5th INSTANT,

At the hour of TWO o'clock, p.m., at his residence in

THOMPSON'S BLOCK.

(Up stairs) on York street, near Taylor & Wilkinson's Flour Store, a very superior lot of

Household Furniture,

CONSISTING OF

Chairs, Tables, Bureaus, Sideboards, Sleighs, Chests of Drawers, Wardrobes, Carpets, Window Curtains, Stoves & Stovepipes.
And a lot of other useful household furniture, &c., too numerous to mention.
Terms—Cash on delivery.
H. McLEAN, Auctioneer.
Ottawa, February 3, 1868. 656d

OTTAWA

Skating & Curling

CLUB.

ON AND AFTER THE 1st FEB'Y,

Tickets of Admission to Skate

FOR THE

REMAINDER OF THE SEASON!

WILL BE ISSUED AT

HALF PRICE.

Ottawa, Jan. 31, 1868. 651a

NOTICE.

PERSONS desirous of seeing His Worship the Mayor on City business, will find him at the office of the City Clerk between the hours of ELEVEN and TWELVE o'clock, noon, daily.
WILLIAM P. LETT, City Clerk.
City Hall, Ottawa, February 4, 1868. 657a

THE PRESS.

A THOROUGHLY Experienced Verbatim SHORT-HAND REPORTER disengaged. Advertiser has had several years' experience on first class English Journals, as sub-editor, &c. Address "JOURNALIST," Post Office, Quebec.
February 1, 1868. 655a

REMOVAL

OF THE

London Music Store!

E. MILES

DESIRES to inform the public that he has removed to the FRONT PART of

HER MAJESTY'S THEATRE,

WELLINGTON-STREET,

Where he has a larger premises, and a better means of displaying his new and fine stock of

PIANOS,

VICTORIA ORGANS AND MELODEONS.

His Show Room, up-stairs, is large and beautifully lit up, having an area of 60 feet long by 25 feet wide. The Sample Room is on the first flat, where some of each kind of Musical Instruments will be kept. Two cases of choice

VIOLINS

Have just been received, and will be offered for sale, besides a large assortment of

CONCERTINAS, ACCORDEONS, TAMBOURINES, GUITARS, FLUTES, DRUMS, &c., &c.

Direct from Germany.

Second hand Pianos taken in part payment for new ones.

Connected with this establishment is a Piano Manufacturer, who will attend punctually to all orders for TUNING left at the London Music Store.

E. MILES,
Lessee of Her Majesty's Theatre.
Ottawa, Feb. 1, 1868. 651-39y

"The Canadian Punch."

ON WEDNESDAY, the 5th INSTANT, will be published in Montreal a

COMIC WEEKLY!

Bearing the above name. It will appear in Ottawa on the day subsequent to its publication in Montreal throughout the year. Look out for it on next THURSDAY, the SIXTH FEBRUARY.
February 3, 1868. 656-4i

SUN BURNER.

NO MORE Breaking of Chimneys! no More Burning of Fingers: No More Waste of Oil; No Trouble to Clean; No Trouble to Light. No Anxiety About Explosions. It is a Cheap Labor Saving and Durable Article. Buy one and you will never repent doing so. Anyone dissatisfied can have their money returned.

LAMPS AND FITTINGS

ALWAYS ON HAND.

STOVES, TINWARE, &c.

Competent workmen for jobbing on the premises.

ESMONDE BROS.,
43 SPARKS-ST.,
Next Hoop Skirt Factory.
Ottawa, January 21. 311y

HARDWARE!

HARDWARE!

Great Reduction

IN THE

PRICE OF HARDWARE

AT THE

SIGN of the ANVIL

No. 24, Rideau-street.

THE Undersigned would take this opportunity to express his thanks to his Customers in Ottawa and vicinity for their very liberal patronage in the past, and to solicit a continuance of their favors in the future, and to assure them that no effort on his part shall be wanting to supply them with the Best and Cheapest English and American Hardware. I do not pretend to sell at cost, but do propose to sell as cheap as any other establishment in Ontario. My stock shall comprise every article in the line of Hardware, and with the one price system I hope to merit and receive a continuance of the very liberal patronage given me in the past.
T. BIRKETT,
Sign of the Anvil, 24 Rideau-st.
Ottawa, Feb. 3. 408y

Scale Manufacturer.

E. DORION begs to inform the public that he has opened a SCALE MANUFACTORY in Clarence-street, second door from Sussex-street, in E. D'Amour's Blacksmith Shop, and where he is now prepared to repair all sorts of Scales in use.
Ottawa, Jany. 11. 637y

W. NOTMAN,

Photographer to the Queen

CORNER OF

WELLINGTON AND METCALFE STREETS,

WOULD intimate that having all his arrangements completed, his

Establishment will be Opened

—ON—

Monday Next, 3rd February

When he will be prepared to fulfil orders for all the different branches of Photography.
Ottawa, Jan. 31, 1868. 582y

Situation Wanted.

A YOUNG MAN who has a fair knowledge of business, and can procure satisfactory city references, wants a situation as clerk in a Dry Goods Store. Address, T. W. R., TIMES Office, Ottawa.
February 4, 1868. 657a

WANTED.

A LADY who is well qualified to teach the elementary English branches. Apply to MISS HARMON, Young Ladies' Institute.
February 4. 657-8

Great Discount Sale of Dry Goods.

Ten Cents off every Dollar,
Sixpence off every Five Shillings,
Two Shillings off every Pound

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY,

NO. 14, RIDEAU-STREET.

Respectfully announce that in order to clear out the balance of their

Fall and Winter Stock

They will for one month from this date

Give a Discount of Ten Per Cent.

On all Cash purchases of Two Dollars and Over.

Ottawa, January 14, 1868. 639-1m

BARGAINS

—IN—

DRESS GOODS!

IN ORDER to make a Clearance of the remainder of our Winter Stock of COBURGS, WINCIES, MERINOS, REPPS, SERGES, FANCY POPLINETTES, &c., we have RE-MARKED the whole lot at such prices as will shew a Reduction of from 12½ to 20 per cent under former prices.

REMNANTS, REMNANTS, REMNANTS!

We have also brought forward our accumulation of Remnants of every kind, and marked them at Very Low Prices.

Magee & Russell.

Ottawa, Jan. 10, 1867. 380y

Ottawa CROCKERY Store!

PRESENTATION ORNAMENTS.

WILLIAM ALLAN

RESPECTFULLY announces the arrival of a Choice Selection of China and Bohemian Glass Flower Vases and Ornaments suitable for Xmas and New Year's Gifts. Also, the most complete Stock of China, Glass, Earthenware and Parian Marble ever brought into Ottawa, consisting of

DINNER SETTS, BREAKFAST SETTS, DESSERT SETTS, TOILET SETTS.

Pressed and Engraved, Cut and Pressed TABLE GLASS, and an assortment of Common Ware to wholesale purchasers.

A large and most varied Stock to select from.

W. ALLAN,
51 RIDEAU STREET, (opposite Mr. D. Whalen's.)
Ottawa, December 19, 1867. 574y

FIRST CLASS

Tailoring Establishment.

BEING desirous to dispose of the balance of my WINTER STOCK, in order to make room for

Spring Importations,

For two months I shall offer such inducements to intending purchasers as will enable me to make a ready sale, and my customers a good investment.

Please Call and Examine.

G. M. HOLBROOK,
PRO TOT DEPOT, Elgin-street,
Opposite the Post Office.
381y

GREAT CLEARING SALE.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.

Importers, 20 Sparks Street,

With a view to clear out the stock and make room for extensive

Spring Importations!

Are offering the following goods at prices that must ensure speedy sale.

Blankets, Cloths, Cottons, Wincies, Skirtings, Jackets, Flannels, Tweeds, Prints, Dress Goods, Linen Table Damasks, Shawls,

AND MILLINERY.

Inspection Invited.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.
Ottawa, January 20, 1868. 484y

SHEFFIELD HOUSE!

E. K. MacGILLIVRAY & Co.,

MANUFACTURING JEWELLERS

—AND—

WATCHMAKERS.

OTTAWA, January 21, 1868.

Skates! Skates!

AT ISAAC'S.

ALSO,

SLEIGHS, SLEIGHS

ALL PRESENTS BY SANTA CLAUS,
At ISAAC'S.

Skates from 20 Cents to $6.00
At ISAAC'S,
Sparks-street,

ALSO,

Hardware of all Description

At Lowest Cash Prices,
At ISAAC'S.

Remember the place,
T. ISAAC'S.
December 17, 1867. 617y

1867-8. BOOKS, BOOKS! 1867-8.

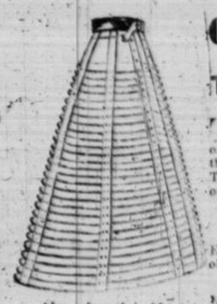
FOR THE

Holiday Season.

The Most Attractive Gifts.

J. DURIE & SON

HAVE now in stock a splendid variety of GIFT BOOKS. A splendid lot of TOY BOOKS for the little ones.
The Poets,
The Standard Authors,
Fine Illustrated Gift Books,
Family Bibles, in rich calf and morocco bindings.
Doré's celebrated Illustrated Books, Christmas and New Year's Note Paper, Envelopes and cards. Bibles, Prayers and Services—the largest stock ever offered in the city, in the newest patterns and richest bindings. The Annuals for 1868, and everything suitable for the Gift season, for sale by
J. DURIE & SON,
10 Sparks-st.,
Opposite the Russell.
486y



City Hoop Skirt Factory.

The Double Extension Skirt.

THIS new and convenient Skirt I am now making in all widths of tape. The great advantage this Skirt has over all others: ladies can alter it themselves to any width they wish, from 1½ yards to 3 yards, without the least trouble. They only can be had at the Factory. Every other style of Skirt on hand or made to order. Just received another lot of

FRENCH CORSETS.

Every size, from 17 inches to 36 inches. Also, a few of those old-fashioned Corsets, (lacing at the back.)

Lambs' Wool Hose, Breakfast Shawls.

Also, a large lot of Linen and Lawn Pocket Handkerchiefs, cheap.

DAVID MILLAR,
45 Sparks-st, Centre-Town, next to Esmonde's Stove Depot.
456y

New Premises and Cheap Goods.

GRANT & HENDERSON

Having recently moved into their new premises, **No. 20, Rideau-street,** one of the firm visited lately the Montreal Markets, and secured a very large stock of entirely

NEW GOODS,

At most EXTRAORDINARY REDUCTIONS in price, which cannot in a legitimate manner be undersold in this city.
RIDEAU-STREET, December 24, 1867. 623tf

Gold Medal, Paris, 1867.

WHEELER & WILSON'S SEWING MACHINES.
THE BEST HOLIDAY PRESENT.
From $47 and upwards.
☞ FIVE per cent. off for cash in bills until after the holidays. One handsome Mahogany full case $8 discount.

The Howe Sewing Machines from $50 Up.
Grout & Co.'s Twisted Elastic Stitch only $15.
☞ Call and see this little beauty. Prospectuses and Samples sent Free by Mail.
December 19, 1867. 450-43y G. A. WALTON, Agent, 37 Sparks Street, Ottawa.

Dry Goods at Reduced Prices.

Cunningham and Lindsay

— ARE NOW SELLING —

Canadian Grey Cloth at 3s. 3d. per yard;
Canadian Tweeds at 4s. per yard,
Canadian Cotton Yarn at 7s. 6d. a Bundle,
Canadian Bags at 1. 9d

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY

Invite particular Attention to their

BLANKETS, FLANNELS AND MANTLE CLOTHS.

Ottawa, November 18, 1867. 510y

CAUTION.

THE perfection and cheapness of the American (Waltham) Watch have given it such a wide-world celebrity that unscrupulous dealers years ago imitated its style and pirated its trade marks. Irresponsible dealers are occasionally found who dishonestly trade upon the popularity of the American watch by selling a base imitation under the name of the genuine article.

It is hardly necessary to state that such watches are worthless as time keepers, and when bought for the genuine are calculated to injure the high reputation which our watches have attained. The several grades of the American watch (except the lowest grade marked Home Watch Co.) are guaranteed by special certificate bearing the number of the watch and the signature of the Treasurer of the Company, N. R. Robbins. The purchaser should in all cases require one of these certificates, which is furnished to all dealers in the genuine watches.

The following are the trade marks on the several grades of our manufacture:

AMERICAN WATCH CO. — APPLETON, TRACY & CO.
WALTHAM WATCH CO. — P. S. BARTLETT.
WM. ELLERY. — HOME WATCH CO.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD CO.
Office of the General Superintendent,
Altoona, Pa., 15th Dec., 1866.

Gentlemen—The watches Manufactured by you have been in use on this Railroad for several year by our engine men, to whom we furnish watches as part of our equipment. There are some THREE HUNDRED OF THEM CARRIED ON OUR LINE, and we consider them GOOD and RELIABLE TIME KEEPERS. Indeed I have great satisfaction in saying YOUR WATCHES GIVE US LESS TROUBLE and have worn and do wear much longer without repairs than any watches we have ever had in use on this road. As you are aware, we former'y trusted to those of English manufacture, of acknowledged good reputation, but as a class they never keep time as correctly, nor have they done as good service as yours.

In these statements I am sustained by my predecessor, Mr. Lewis, whose experience extended over a series of years.

Respectfully,
EDWARD H. WILLIAMS,
General Superintendent.

American Watch Co., Waltham.

NEW YORK CENTRAL RAILROAD.
Locomotive Dep't Western Division,
Rochester, Dec. 24th, 1866.

Gentlemen—I have no hesitation in saying that I believe the great majority of locomotive engineers have found by experience that WALTHAM WATCHES ARE THE MOST SATISFACTORY of any for their uses. They RUN WITH THE GREATEST ACCURACY AND STEADINESS, notwithstanding the rough riding of an engine; and as I have NEVER KNOWN ONE TO WEAR OUT, they must be durable. I hope to see the time when railway companies will generally adopt your watches, and furnish them all to engineers and conductors. In my opinion it would greatly tend to promote regularity and safety.

Yours respectfully,
CHARLES WILSON,
G. Chief Engineer,
Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers.

American Watch Co., Waltham.

For sale by all first-class dealers in the United States and British Provinces.

ROBBINS & APPLETON
No. 182 Broadway, N. Y.
ROBERT WILKES,
Toronto and Montreal,
GENERAL AGENTS.
565-48 3m.

DARLEY'S
Arabian Heave Remedy
AND CONDITION MEDICINE

IS POSITIVELY SUPERIOR TO ANY or all other preparations for the cure of *Heaves, Coughs, Thick and Broken Wind*, and all diseases which affect the *Wind of Horses*; also, as a *Condition Medicine*, surpassing everything of the kind. It is easy to give, sure to cure, safe in all cases and at all times, and does not prevent the horse from being worked while using it.

It cleanses the breathing apparatus, by removing from the air-cells the coagulable lymph, of that secretion which in heaves clogs them, causing a difficulty in breathing, and by its action on the diseased part, causing the mucous membrane to resume its natural dimensions, thus equalizing the circulation of the blood, and restoring the distended vessels to their natural size; by its use the horse's appetite is improved, all derangements of the digestive organs corrected, softening the skin, and giving to the coat a sleek and shining appearance.

D. W. HURD, Successor to Hurd & Co., Maiden Lane, New York, Sole Proprietor for the United States.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
NEWCASTLE, C.W.,
Proprietors for the Canadas.
PRICE TWENTY-FIVE CENTS.

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, Henry F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J. Brown, in Ottawa.

Ottawa, Nov. 1, 1867. 577-twdm

NEW STORE!

THE Store formerly occupied by W. D. WOOD, No. 38, in RIDEAU STREET, has been refitted by the subscribers, and will be opened on MONDAY, FOURTEENTH OCTOBER, with an entire new stock of

GROCERIES,
LIQUORS AND
HARDWARE.

WOOD & ROSSITER.
Ottawa, October 12, 1867. 561-tf

MRS. SMITH,
MILLINER,

HAS removed to Bank-street, nearly opposite the Free Church, where she will be happy to receive her customers. Strict attention given to all work. 626tf

RAILROADS.

Grand Trunk Railway Company
OF CANADA.

WINTER ARRANGEMENTS, 1867.

TRAINS now leave Bonaventure Station as follows:

GOING WEST—Day Express for Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago and all points West, at 8.30 A.M.

Night do do at 7.30 P.M.

Accommodation Train for Kingston and intermediate stations at 7.00 A.M.

Local Train for Cornwall and intermediate Stations, at 4.20 P.M.

Trains for Lachine at 8.00 A.M., 9.30 A.M., 3.00 and 4.30 P.M.

The 3.00 P.M. Train runs through to Plattsburgh.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST—Accommodation Train from Island Pond and intermediate Stations, at 7.00 A.M.

Express for New York and Boston, at 8.40 A.M.

Express for Boston and New York, at 7.30 P.M.

Express for Portland (staying over night at Island Pond) at 2.00 P.M.

Night Express for Portland, Three Rivers, Quebec and Riviere du Loup, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbrooke, Waterville and Coaticooke only, at 10.10 P.M.

☞ Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.

For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station.

E. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director.
December 23, 1867. 630tf

CHANGE of TIME

St. Lawrence & Ottawa Railway,
(formerly the Ottawa & Prescott Railway.)

ON and after MONDAY, the 30th Dec., 1867, and until further notice, trains will run as follows:

LEAVE PRESCOTT.	ARRIVE IN OTTAWA.
Mixed, 7.30 a. m.	11.00 a. m.
Express, 2.10 p. m.	5.45 p. m.

LEAVE OTTAWA.	ARRIVE IN PRESCOTT.
Express, 8 a. m.	10.20 a. m.
Mixed, 1.30 p. m	4.45 p. m.

The one of these Trains has been so arranged as to ensure connection with night and day trains on Grand Trunk, east and west.

N. B.—These Trains run on Montreal Time.

Baggage to and from Ottawa checked through from and to stations on Grand Trunk Railway.

Return tickets to Prescott, Kemptville and Ottawa at reduced rates can be had at the principal stations on the line.

T. S. DETLOR, Superintendent. THOMAS REYNOLDS, Managing Director.
Ottawa, Dec. 28, 1867. 1y

Brockville and Ottawa Railway.

WINTER ARRANGEMENT
Commencing on Monday, December 9, 1867.

LEAVE BROCKVILLE

3:45 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 3.45 p.m., and arrive at Sandpoint at 9.25 p. m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT.

6:45 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint daily at 6.45 a.m., and arrive at Brockville at 1:00 p. m.

LEAVES PERTH.

5:00 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Perth at 5:00 p.m., and 9:40 a.m., and arrive at Smith's Falls at 5:50 p.m. and 10:10 a.m.

LEAVES SMITH'S FALLS.

10:50 A.M.—TRAINS will leave Smith's Falls at 10:50 a.m., and 6:35 p.m., and arrive at Perth at 11:40 a.m., and 6:55 p.m.

All trains on main line connect at Smith's Falls with Trains to and from Perth.

No. 1 leaves Brockville after G. T. R. Express Trains due from the East.

No. 2 is due at Brockville in time to connect with G. T. R. Express Trains for the East and West.

H. ABBOTT,
Manager for Trustee.
Brockville, Dec. 16. 472y

Royal Canadian Bank

OTTAWA AGENCY:
Office—Desbarats' Building, 77 Sparks St
M. P. HAYES, AGENT.
Ottawa, June 21. 157tf

DALGLISH & RUSSELL

ARE NOW IN RECEIPT OF THEIR new and varied assortment of

Grocery Goods

Consisting of Teas, Gunpowder, Old Hyson, Young Hyson, Hyson Twankay, Black, Extra Fine English Breakfast Souchong, Congou ditto, Oolong, Orange Pekoe, Finest Japans.

Coffees.—Java, Jamaica, La Guayra, Mocha Roasted and Ground on the premises.

Sugars.—English, refined in loaves, Broken Loaf, Crushed White, Yellow Refined.

Chocolate—and Cocoa Spices, Mustards, Essences, Syrups, Pickles, Sauces, Vinegars, and Bottled Fruits, in Syrup, Preserves, Potted Meats, Fruits &c. Also, Provisions, Sugar Cured Hams, Spiced Rolled Hams; Bacon, Butter, Cheese, Crackers, Biscuits, Flour, Oatmeal, Barley, Peas, Rice, Labrador Herrings, Table Codfish, Digby Herrings, &c., &c.

Our stock is extensive and complete, and every article warranted to give satisfaction. All orders sent or left will be promptly attended to.

All Goods delivered on the shortest notice

Dalglish & Russell,
Wellington & Kent-sts.

FAIRBANKS.

Take Highest Premiums at the Paris Exposition.

PLATFORM, COUNTER, Warehouse, Grain, Coal, Hay, Railroad Track, Depot, Druggist, Gold, and *all* kinds of SCALES constantly on hand and for Sale.

FAIRBANKS, BROWN & Co., Boston, Mass.

Our Sole Agents in Ottawa,
ALEXANDER WORKMAN & Co.
November 18, 1867. 592-6m

NOTICE

IS hereby given that application will be made to each and every Parliament having jurisdiction, at the present or next session thereof, respectively, for an act to amend the act chaptered 106, passed at the Session of the Parliament for the late Province of Canada, held the 29th and 30th years of the Reign of Her Majesty Queen Victoria, intitled "An Act to Incorporate the Ottawa City Passenger Railway Company.

Dec. 2nd, 1867. 6072m

among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

do, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

THE CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER HAS now been before the public for a length of time, and wherever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. orders are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying as to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it. Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C.W.,
General Agents for C. W.

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, H. F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J. Brown, in Ottawa.

Ottawa Nov. 1, 1867 7ydw

GREAT DISCOVERY.

EVERY MAN HIS OWN ARTIST!

A SCIENTIFIC WONDER.

AN Instrument by which any person can take correct Likenesses or Photographs. This instrument with full instructions sent by mail for one dollar. Address,

C. B. AMES & CO.,
543-3m 1 Broadway, New York.

Bottled Ale,
Bottled Ale,
Bottled Ale.

THE Subscriber would call the attention of Families and others to his

Fine Bottled Ale!

Which is in splendid condition. Also,

Scotch, Irish, Old Rye

And other Malt Whiskies.

Ports, Sherries, Brandies, Gin, &c.,

Together with a General Assortment of

FIRST-CLASS GROCERIES.

A Call kindly Solicited.

D. WHELAN,
41, Rideau-street,
Opposite Allan's Crockery Store

Ottawa, Jan. 20, 1868.

FOR SALE.

$50 PAIRS of Grey Twilled BLANKETS, in bales of 50 pairs

—ALSO,—

Canadian White Twilled and Whitney Blankets. English Grey Blankets, weighing from 8 to 10 pounds each.

E. McGILLIVRAY.
Ottawa, December 23, 1867. 621-3m

NOTICE.

APPLICATION will be made during the present Session of the Parliament of Canada for an act to incorporate The European and American Life Insurance Company.

January 22, 1868 617tf

THE CAPITAL

Boot and Shoe Store!

South Side of York-street, Lower Ottawa.

A LARGE SUPPLY of HAND-MADE KIPP BOOTS and SHOES of the VERY BEST QUALITY on hand.

Lumbermen who are anxious to furnish workmen with GOOD FEET WARE, will be enabled to do so by calling at the CAPITAL for their supplies.

I am selling off the balance of the Winter Stock of READYMADE WORK at REDUCED PRICES, which consists of Ladies' Misses' and Children's BALMORALS, CONGRESS GAITERS, RUBBERS and OVERSHOES, and Men's and Boys' Boots in CALF SKIN, KIPP and COW HIDE.

☞ Orders and Measures taken for all sorts of Work.

GEORGE MURPHY.
Ottawa Jan. 31, 1868. 429-y

AYER'S
Sarsaparilla
FOR PURIFYING THE BLOOD.

And for the speedy cure of the following complaints:

Scrofula and Scrofulous Affections, such as Tumors, Ulcers, Sores, Eruptions, Pimples, Pustules, Blotches, Boils, Blains, and all Skin Diseases.

BELLAIR, Ind., 6th June, 1866.

J. C. AYER & Co. Gents: I feel it my duty to acquaint you what your Sarsaparilla has done for me. For years I labored in vain for relief from a scrofulous infection. I have suffered from it in various ways for years. Sometimes it burst out in ulcers on my hands and arms, sometimes it turned inward and distressed me at the stomach. Two years ago it broke out on my head and covered my scalp and ears with one sore, which was painful and loathsome beyond description. I tried many medicines and several physicians, but without much relief from any thing. In fact, the disorder grew worse. At length I was induced to try your Sarsaparilla, for I knew from your reputation that anything you "put up" must be good. I kept it on hand a long time, and used it till it cured me. I feel as if it saved my life. Only a few months ago, I took a few doses of it, about a teaspoonful over a month, and used almost three bottles. New and healthy flesh began to form under the scab, which after awhile fell off. My skin is now clear, and I know by my feelings that the disease has gone from my system. You can well believe that I feel what I am saying when I tell you that I did not expect to live to see the spring of the age, and remain ever gratefully Yours,

ALFRED B. TALLEY.

St. Anthony's Fire, Rose or Erysipelas, Tetter and Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Ringworm, Sore Eyes, Dropsy.

Dr. Robert M. Peebles writes from Salem, N. Y., 12th Sept., 1866, that he has cured an inveterate case of dropsy, which threatened to terminate fatally, by the persevering use of our Sarsaparilla, and also a dangerous Scrofulous Erysipelas by large doses of the same; and knows the common *Erysipelas* by it constantly.

Bronchocele, Goitre or Swelled Neck.

Dr. John Sloan of Prospect, Texas, writes: "Three bottles of your Sarsaparilla cured me from a *Goitre*—a disease resembling the neck, which I had suffered from more than two years."

Leucorrhœa or Whites, Ovarian Tumor, Uterine Ulceration, Female Diseases.

Dr. L. S. Channing, of New York City, writes: "I have found, in connection with the request of your agent, that I have found your Sarsaparilla invaluable in the numerous complaints for which we employ such a remedy, but especially in *Female Diseases* of the Uterine apparatus. I have cured many invalids of Leucorrhœa by it, and some where the complaint was caused by ulceration of the uterus. The ulceration itself was soon cured. Nothing within my knowledge equals it for these female disorders."

Edward S. Marrow, of Newbury, Ga., writes: "A dangerous ovarian tumor, on one of the females in my family, baffled all the remedies we could employ, has for length been completely cured by your Extract of Sarsaparilla. Our physician thought nothing but extirpation could afford relief, but he advised the trial of your Sarsaparilla as the last resort before cutting, and it proved effectual. After taking your remedy eight weeks the symptoms of the disease remains."

Syphilis and Mercurial Disease.

NEW ORLEANS, 25th August, 1859.

Dr. J. C. AYER: Sir, I cheerfully comply with the request of your agent, and report to you some of the effects I have realized with your Sarsaparilla.

I have cured with it, in my practice, most of the complaints for which it is recommended, and have found it quite truly wonderful in the cure of *Tumors and Mercurial Diseases*. One of my patients had Syphilitic ulcers in his throat, which were consuming his palate and the roof of his mouth. Your Sarsaparilla, steadily taken, cured him in five weeks. Another was attacked by secondary symptoms in his nose, and the ulceration had eaten away a considerable part of it, so that I believe the disorder would soon reach his brain and kill him. But it yielded to my administration of your Sarsaparilla; the ulcers healed, and he is well again, not of course without some disfiguration to his face. A woman who had been salivated for the same disorder by mercury was suffering from this poison in her bones. They had become so sensitive to the weather that on a damp day she suffered excruciating pain in her joints and bones. She, too, was cured entirely by your Sarsaparilla in a few weeks. I now from its formula, which your agent gave me, that the Preparation from your laboratory must be a great remedy; consequently, these truly remarkable results with it have not surprised me.

Fraternally yours, G. V. LARIMER, M. D.

Rheumatism, Gout, Liver Complaint.

INDEPENDENCE, Preston Co., Va., 6th July, 1859.

Dr. J. C. AYER: Sir, I have been afflicted with a painful chronic *Rheumatism* for a long time, which baffled the skill of physicians, and stuck to me in spite of all the remedies I could find, until I tried your Sarsaparilla. One bottle cured me in two weeks, and restored my general health so much that I am far better than before I was attacked. I think it a wonderful medicine. J. FREAM.

Jules Y. Getchell, of St. Louis, writes: "I have been afflicted for years with an *affection of the Liver*, which prostrated my health. I tried every thing, and every thing had to relieve me; and I have been a broken-down man some years from no other cause than *derangement of Liver*. My beloved pastor, the Rev. Mr. Espy, advised me to try your Sarsaparilla, because he said he knew you, and anything you made was worth trying. By the blessing of God it has cured me, and has so purified my blood as to make a new man of me. I feel young again. The rest that can be said of you is not half good enough."

Chronic Diarrhœa, Cancer Tumors, Enlargement, Ulceration, Caries and Exfoliation of the Bones.

A great variety of cases have been reported to us where cures of these formidable complaints have resulted from the use of this remedy, but our space here will not admit them. Some of them may be found in your American Almanac, which the agents below named are pleased to furnish gratis to all who call for them.

Dyspepsia, Heart Disease, Fits, Epilepsy, Melancholy, Neuralgia.

Many remarkable cures of these affections have been made by the alterative power of this medicine. It stimulates the vital functions into vigorous action, and thus overcomes disorders which would be supposed beyond its reach. Such a remedy has been required by the physicians of the people, and we are confident that this will do for them all that medicine can do.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,

FOR THE RAPID CURE OF

Coughs, Colds, Influenza, Hoarseness, Croup, Bronchitis, Incipient Consumption, and for the Relief of Consumptive Patients in advanced Stages of the Disease.

This is a remedy so universally known to surpass any other for the cure of throat and lung complaints, that it is useless here to publish the evidence of its virtues. Its unrivalled excellence for coughs and colds, and its truly wonderful cures of pulmonary disease, have made it known throughout the civilized nations of the earth. We are the communities, or even families, among them who have not some personal experience of its effects—some living trophy in their midst of its victory over the subtile and dangerous disorders of the throat and lungs. We all know the dreadful fatality of these disorders, and we all know, too, the efficacy of this remedy, we need not to more than to assure them that it has now all the virtues that it did have when making the cures which have won so strongly upon the confidence of mankind.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, H. F. MacCarthy, and John Skinner, in Ottawa.

Royal Italian Bitters!
—OF—
TONICO REALE

DEL DOTTORE F. P. VERRI,
Professore of Chemistry in the University of PADUA
ITALY.

THIS celebrated preparation for which a certificate of merit was awarded to the distinguished original preparer at the National Exposition at Torino, Italy, by whose favor Mr. GIANELLI obtained the recipe, and was also awarded a diploma at the Provincial Exhibition of Canada held at Montreal in September, 1865, is, without exception, the most genuine, salubrious and agreeable Tonic ever introduced to public notice either in Europe or America.

For seventeen years it has, in Italy, been a universal favorite among the *elite* of society, being generally served in the drawing room before dinner, in preference to Vermouth.

The ingredients of its composition have been imparted to the leading Physicians of Canada and the United States, and have received their unqualified approval on every account.

The proprietor refers with the greatest confidence and satisfaction to the subjoined testimonials from eminent medical men, which he could add to, were it desirable.

Kept by the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion of Canada and in the United States.

Sold by the Proprietor.

Dear Sir: You request my opinion of the "Royal Italian Bitters," prepared from a receipt of Dr Verri, of Padua. I beg to state that I consider it a most agreeable cordial tonic, in every way superior in flavour and composition to the ordinary bitter tonics in general use. I have recommended it to several patients, who have derived marked benefit from its use.

I am, dear Sir, yours faithfully,
G. E. FENWICK, M.D.

A. M. F. GIANELLI, Esq., Montreal.

PRIVATE BILLS.

ON the reassembling of the Parliament of Canada, in March, PETITIONS FOR PRIVATE BILLS will be received, in the House of Commons, until Thursday, the 2nd of April following.

W. B. LINDSAY,
Clerk, House of Commons.
Ottawa, Feb. 1, 1868. 655Mb12

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA

Tuesday, 28th day of January, 1868.

PRESENT:

EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS it has been represented to His Excellency in Council, that it is expedient that sub-section 4 of section 31 of the Act passed in the present Session of Parliament intituled: "An Act respecting the Inland Revenue," should be so far modified as to provide for a drawback of one cent per pound being allowed upon all Malt used in the manufacture of Beer when brewed from Malt and sugar combined.

His Excellency in Council on the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Inland Revenue, and under and in virtue of the authority given and conferred by the 49th Section of the Act 30 & 31 Vic., Cap. 5, has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that a drawback of one cent per pound shall be, and the same is hereby authorized and allowed on all Malt used in the manufacture of Beer when brewed from malt and sugar combined.

WM. H. LEE,
656-tf Clerk Privy Council.

WARNING.

WE HEREBY forbid any person or persons hiring or harboring

SAMUEL GRAHAM,
ALEXANDER McMILLAN,
NEIL ROBERTSON,
E. G. BISSETT,
JOHN GRAHAM,
MICHAEL BERRIGAN,
CHARLES CUNNINGHAM,
TIMOTHY LANDERS,

Or any of them, they having deserted our employment at different times; and broken their contract of hiring and service entered into with us.

And we hereby give notice that we will prosecute any and every person hiring or harboring any of the above named.

PERLEY & PATTEE.
Ottawa, Jan. 25, 1868. 651a

THE UNION FORWARDING
AND
RAILWAY COMPANY.
THE ANNUAL MEETING
OF THE
Subscribers of Stock
OF THE
Union Forwarding and Railway Company,
WILL BE HELD AT
THEIR OFFICE,
IN THE CITY OF OTTAWA, ON
Wednesday, 12th day of Feby. next,
TWELVE o'clock, noon, for the
ELECTION OF DIRECTORS,
And the transaction of general business.

By order,
R. S. CASSELS,
President.
Ottawa, Jan. 22, 1868. 646a

Satchell Brothers,

Butchers to His Excellency Lord Monck.

No. 7, LOWER TOWN MARKET,
Superior Stall Fed
BEEF, MUTTON, LAMB AND VEAL,
SATCHELL'S
Celebrated Spiced Rounds & Rolled Beef,
Cured in the English Style.

Also, Sugar Cured Hams and Bacon of their own curing, constantly on hand.

Ottawa, December 21. 621-3m

PIANOFORTES!

Messrs. Orme & Son

BEG to intimate that they have on hand one of the FINEST COLLECTIONS of

Steinway, Chickering and Dunham
PIANOFORTES

That have ever been offered for sale in Ottawa. These instruments were carefully selected by Mr. Nordheimer from the factories.

INSPECTION INVITED.

A splendid CHICKERING, only a few months in use, FOR SALE CHEAP, the proprietor having gone to England.

☞ Old Pianofortes taken in exchange.

25, Sparks-street,
Sign of the Golden Lyre.
January 27. 448y

FRESH ARRIVALS
OF
Very Choice and Superior
TEAS
NOW ON SALE
AT THE

1,000 CHESTS UNCOLORED JAPAN.

500 Chests very choice and superior YOUNG HYSON.
700 Chests Good Strong TWANKAY
100 Chests old Fashioned BREAKFAST SOUCHONG.
150 Caddies MANDERIN MIXTURE.

☞ This is the finest BLACK TEA ever imported, 5s per pound; in small Caddies, about 14 lb each, 4s 9d.

COFFEE!
The Pure Mountain Berry

"Without exception the finest Coffee in the world."—*London Times, March 16.*

We are constantly receiving supplies of this truly beautiful and delicious COFFEE, *roasted daily on our premises by*

Dakins' Patent Silver Cylinder

By which peculiar process, the aroma is preserved, and renders it the FAVORITE WITH ALL COFFEE DRINKERS.

BEWARE OF SPURIOUS IMITATIONS.

☞ As it is imported by no other firm in Canada

ROBINSON & CO.,
THE TEA POT,
OTTAWA

Wine, Spirits & Liquors

ROBINSON & CO. would especially call the attention of families to their stock of

ALES, WINES & SPIRITS

100 cases Giard Brandy.
50 " Martell's
150 " Hennessey.
75 " United Vinquets.

We have a most delicious

DINNER SHERRY

Which we are selling at 8 shillings per gallon

GUINESS & CO.

DUBLIN STOUT!

BLOOD'S LONDON STOUT.
BARCLAY'S LONDON PORTER.
ALLSOP'S PALE ALE.
BASS' EAST INDIA.
DOWS CELEBRATED MONTREAL ALE
DAWS SUPERIOR LACHINE ALE
DAWS CELEBRATED PORTER & STOUT

PRESERVED MEATS.

Just Received from England:
ROAST HARE.
CURRIED DO.
JUGGED DO.
STEWED DO.
ROAST PHEASANTS.
ROAST GROUSE.
OAST PARTRIDGE

ALL GOODS DELIVERED FREE by our own Waggons to any part of the City daily

ROBINSON & CO.
THE TEA POT,
OTTAWA.
Establishments—Sussex St. and Rideau St
Ottawa, September 10. 226tf

NEW DOMINION.
DRY GOODS!
AND
Readymade Clothing

THE Subscriber begs to inform his friends and the public generally that he has commenced business in the store formerly occupied by

Messrs. Fingland & Draper

And where he will keep constantly on hand a general assortment of

DRY GOODS!
AND
READY-MADE CLOTHING,

Which will be sold at a small advance on cost.

JAMES HIGGINSON,
Union Block, Sussex-st.
Next to the Tea Pot.
Ottawa July 10 1867. 481tf

BAZAAR.

IT is intended to hold a Bazaar on the *SEVENTEENTH of MARCH NEXT.* 1868, and following days, in aid of the DEBT on

The Parsonage of Christ Church.

Contributions will be most thankfully received from the members of the Church, and other friends in Ottawa, by the following Ladies, who have kindly consented to act as a Committee of Management

MRS. CLEMOW,
" W. F. POWELL,
" COFFIN,
" ADAMSON,
" T. M. BLASDELL,
" LAUDER,
" DONALDSON,
" JOHN THOMPSON,
" N. SPARKS,
" MAGEE,
" STREET.
ANNIE POWELL, Secretary.
Ottawa, Dec. 23, 1867. 622d

Furniture! Furniture! Furniture!
AT THE
VARIETY HALL,
34, Sussex-st.

A MOST Complete Stock of Black Walnut and other Furniture, in Cane and Hair Seated Chairs, Tete-a-Tetes, Sofas, Extension Dining Tables, Centre Tables, Sideboards, Chiffoniers, Wardrobes, Bureaus, Bedsteads, Washstands and Toilet Tables. Also, Hair, Excelsior and Sea Grass Mattrasses, of all sizes, Gilt Mirrors, Toilet and other Looking Glasses, Table Cutlery of all kinds, Brushes, Brooms, and Wooden Ware of various descriptions, Table and Floor Mats, Soiled Linen Baskets, a beautiful article, Rocking Horses, Children's Sleighs, and the best assorted stock of Crockery, China and Glassware in the Dominion. This stock being all purchased to the best advantage will consequently be sold cheap.

Crockery, China, Glassware, Stoves and Furniture rented to private or public parties at a reasonable rate.

JOSEPH BOYDEN,
429y General Agent.

NOTICE

IS HEREBY given that I shall not be responsible for any debts contracted in my name, unless under an order signed by me.

SOPHIA MARTINEAU.
Ottawa, Jan. 22, 1868 646d

FIVE or six Gentlemen can be accommodated with BOARD in a Private, Family, Laporte's Block, 62½ Sparks-street. For further information apply at this office.
Ottawa, Jan. 26, 1868. 651a

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Two Dwellings to Let,

BEING the Upper part of L. MARTINEAU'S Clothing Store, Corner of Sussex and Clarence-streets.

Enquire at the Store.

Ottawa, Jan. 22, 1868. LUC. MARTINEAU. 630tf

To Let.

A ROOM TO LET either with or without board. Enquire this office.
Ottawa, November 20. 593tf

Lots for Sale.

6 BUILDING LOTS, one mile from the city, on the Richmond Road, containing one acre each. Apply to THOMAS ANDERSON, Jr., on the premises. 563tf

FOR SALE.—THE WESTerly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession Ottawa, Front Nepean, and Lots Nos. 29 and 28, in the same Concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. T. Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to JOHN and WM. THOMSON, Nepean, and LEWIS & PINHEY, Barrister, Ottawa. Jc2-141tf

FOR SALE, THAT ELIgible property, beautifully situated on the Banks of the Ottawa, in the Township of Nepean, distant from the City of Ottawa about three miles on the macadamized road, together with the STONE DWELLING-HOUSE thereon erected, at present occupied by William Thomson, Esquire, and the garden and ornamented grounds adjoining the same, forming part of Lot No. 29, in the 1st concession, Ottawa front. A most desirable private residence and vacant Lots adjoining the same also for sale at reasonable prices.

For particulars and terms apply to John and William Thomson on the premises, or to

LEWIS & PINHEY,
Barristers, &c., Ottawa.
Ottawa, February 27, 1867 369y

VICTORIA HOTEL—TO LET.

NO more eligible chance could be offered to any party in the Hotel-keeping line than the lease of the above FIRST-CLASS HOTEL.

Being on the eve of Confederation, and Ottawa being definitely settled upon as its capital,

The Victoria Hotel

could not fail to be made to pay.

It is built on the most modern style of architecture, of cut stone; has large plate-glass windows, and is four stories high, exclusive of the basement. It is finely situated on the corner of Wellington and O'Connor-streets, immediately opposite the Parliament Buildings, and has three vacant lots attached, so that the Buildings could be enlarged to any required capacity.

Applications, (postpaid) to be addressed to

FRANCIS CLEMOW, ESQ.,
Or JOHN HENEY, Esq.,
Richmond Road, Ottawa, C. W

Ottawa, March 11. 379tf

COUNTRY RESIDENCE FOR SALE.—Beautifully situated on the Macadamized Road between Ottawa City and Aylmer, about 25 minutes' drive from the city. A farm of excellent land, containing about 90 acres, with a large Stone house erected thereon.

The proprietor has no objection to sell a part of the farm, with or without the house. This would be a desirable country residence. Title unexceptionable.

Apply to

REV. J. JOHNSTON,
Hull Village.
Augus. 1. 591-3m

FARMS FOR SALE.

100 ACRES.—The north half of Lot No. 11, in 4th Con. of the Township of Osgoode, with a good House and Barn, and other outbuildings, and a good Spring Well, fifty acres cleared and in a good state of cultivation. This is situated on the Prescott Road, within fifteen miles of Ottawa. Also the south half of Lot No. 6, in the 3rd Con. of Osgoode, containing 100 acres, 50 acres cleared, the rest well wooded, with good hardwood, and well watered, and situated within a quarter of a mile of the Railway Station. Title good. For further information apply to

PATRICK HERBERT,
Rideau Hotel, Ottawa City.
Ottawa, Oct. 1, 1867. 551-3m

TO LET

Possession given 1st June.

PINE GROVE HOUSE, pleasantly situated on the Richmond Road, with Stables, Coach House, Garden and vacant Lot adjacent thereto. A cistern of fine water in the house. Apply to

MRS. BUNTING,
Rochester Estate, or on the Premises
Ottawa, May 10, 1867. 430-tf

Insolvent Act of 1864.

Dominion of Canada,
Province of Ontario, } IN THE *COUNTY COURT*
COUNTY of CARLETON } OF THE
TO WIT: } *County of Carleton,*

IN THE MATTER OF

James Melville Teasdie Hannum,
AN INSOLVENT.

THE Undersigned has filed a Deed of Composition and Discharge, executed by his Creditors, and on

Tuesday, Third day of March next,

He will apply to the Judge of the said Court for a confirmation thereof.

Ottawa, 27th December, 1867.
626td J. M. T. HANNUM.

BLYTH & KERR,

Successors to Chas. Garth,

No. 25, Rideau-st.,

Plumbers,
Gas & Steam Fitters,
Tin & Coppersmiths,
Bell Hangers, &c.

All materials for the above branches kept constantly on hand.

—ALSO

The Times

VOL. II. NO 659. OTTAWA, THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 6, 1868. PRICE—3 CENTS

THE

Ottawa Daily Times,

(Published every morning, Sundays excepted.)

THE DAILY AND WEEKLY TIMES NOW enjoys THE LARGEST CIRCULATION of any paper published in the Ottawa Valley—issuing of the Daily over 2,000! and Weekly over 4,000! making a total circulation in the week of over 18,000! thus outstripping all competitors, and affording the best medium for business men to advertise in.

ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in the Daily at the following rates:

Business Cards of from 3 to 6 lines, per annum—payable in advance only, ... $5 00
Longer ad. Advertisements, first insertion per line, ... 8c
All subsequent insertions, per line, ... 2c

Yearly advertisers specially contracted with, and liberal allowance made.

Yearly subscription to the daily (if paid in advance) $5 00
If not paid in advance 6 00
Yearly subscription to the weekly (if paid in advance) $1 00
If not paid in advance 1 50

ADVERTISING AGENCY.—Messrs. S. M. Pettengill & Co., 37, Park Row, New York, and State Street, Boston, General Advertising Agents, are hereby authorized to receive Advertisements for the OTTAWA TIMES

LEGAL.

G. J. O'DOHERTY,
LAW, CHANCERY and CONVEYANCING OFFICE, AUMOND'S BUILDINGS, Rideau-street.
Ottawa, Dec. 6, 1867. 608-6ly

R. J. WICKSTEED,
ADVOCATE, &c., 42, Little St. James Street, MONTREAL.
November 14, 1867. 589-6m

N. TETREAU,
NOTARY PUBLIC for the Province of Quebec, HULL, near the Post Office.
Dec. 6, 1867. 390tf

NICHOLAS SPARKS,
LAW, Chancery and Conveyancing Office, Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite Post Office.
Ottawa, July 19. 189y

LAPIERRE & HAYCOCK,
ATTORNIES-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers and Notaries Public, corner of Sussex and York-streets, Ottawa.
Ottawa, February 26, 1867. 368y

WILLIAM MOSGROVE,
LAW, Chancery and Conveyancing. Office: Mosgrove's Block, Rideau Street, Ottawa, C. W. 366-tf

D. O'CONNOR,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex Street. Office: Union Buildings, Ottawa.
February 21, 1866. 55-y

R. H. HAYCOCK,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office: Post Office Building, Elgin Street, Ottawa.
February 7, 1866. 43-y

A. F. BOUCHETTE,
ADVOCATE. Office: No. 17, St. Peter Street, Quebec. Mr. Bouchette will always be prepared to attend promptly to any business the government employes, and the public generally may entrust him. Mr. B. attends regularly the civil in and for the district of Quebec.
December 28, 1865. 9-y

P. J. BUCKLEY, LL.B.,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law Solicitor-in-Chancery, and Notary Public. Office, over Mr. Luke Cassidy's Boot and Shoe store, Rideau Street, Ottawa, C. W.
January 17 1867. 331y

AUGUSTUS KEEFER,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office: Opposite Post Office, Elgin Street, in the rooms lately occupied as the Custom House.
Ottawa, March 30. 87-tf

J. F. BOULTON,
BARRISTER-AT-LAW, Solicitor-in-Chancery, &c.
OFFICE: Aumond's Buildings, Rideau Street.
Ottawa, Jan. 12, 1866. 21-y

M. McLEOD,
BARRISTER, Etc., for Lower Canada. OFFICES: Court House, Aylmer and Buckingham, C.E.
☞ Attends to all Law Courts in the District of Ottawa.
February 7, 1866. 43-y

LEES & GEMMELL,
BARRISTERS, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c.
OFFICE: In the Court House, Ottawa, C. W.
ROBERT LEES. JOHN J. GEMMELL.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-tf

EDWARD T. DARTNELL,
BARRISTER, Solicitor, Attorney, and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Crown Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell.
OFFICE: In the Court House, L'Original.
January 27, 1866. 34-6m

MEDICAL.

DR. CHESLEY,
OFFICE over Mr. Garth's Establishment, 25 Rideau-st., Ottawa.
May 30 447tf

DR. C. LEGGO,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Office: Hunton's Block, Sparks Street.

DR. DORION,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon, and Accoucheur, Clarence Street, Ottawa.
March 12. 371y

DR. OLIVER MARTIN,
DENTIST. Office: Sparks Street, Central Ottawa.
Ottawa, January 27, 1868. 34-tf

DR. C. A. MARTIN,
DENTIST. Office: Sussex Street, over Messrs. Campbell & Co.'s, Grocers.
Ottawa, January 27, 1868. 34-tf

DR. JOHN LEGGO,
DENTIST, Hunton's Block, Sparks Street. ☞ Teeth extracted without pain by means of the Ethereal Spray Producer. 350y

W. R. BELL, A.M., M.D., C.M., &c.
(RECENTLY FROM ENGLAND.)
SURGERY and Residence, George Street.
Ottawa, November 13. 280y

A. CODD, M.D.C.M.,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Residence—McDougal's Block, Bonsecours-st., Sandy Hill. 571-3m

DR. LESLIE JONES,
Surgeon, &c., of Dublin and Edinburgh.
SURGERY and Consulting Office, Rideau-st., next door to the St. Lawrence Hall. Residence—Daly Street. 384y

DR. GEORGE HUTCHISON,
DENTIST: Office, Sparks-street, opposite Magee & Russell's.
Ottawa, October 26, 1867. 576y

DR. W. J. HENRY,
CORNER of Kent and Wellington-Streets, Ottawa.
November 6: 83tf

DR. O. C. WOOD,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur Ottawa. Day office opposite Magee & Russell's, Sparks Street, Center Town; Night Office at his Residence, Maria Street, Lower Town.
CHRONIC CURES, with out the use of the knife, by a new, but certain, speedy, and almost painless process. References given to parties successfully treated, if required. The cure guaranteed.
Ottawa, April 14. 17w-1m

HOLGATE, OLIVER & ANNABLE,
WHOLESALE Manufacturers of Bedsteads Chairs, &c., Chaudiere Island, Ottawa, C.W.
WILLIAM HOLGATE, JOHN OLIVER, WILLIAM ANNABLE.
Lower A 500y

BUSINESS CARDS.

B. BILLINGS, JR.,
ARCHITECT, Elgin-street, opposite the Post Office.
REFERENCES.—H. A. Sims, Esq. Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq. Architect, Albany; Dr J. A. Grant, M.P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq. Managing Director G. & P. R.W. 612-6ul

R. SPARKS,
PROVINCIAL LAND SURVEYOR, Draughtsman, &c., (commissioned for Upper and Lower Canada.) Office and residence, Gloucester, near Ottawa. Surveys of every description executed with accuracy. Communications addressed Ottawa City, (post-paid), or left at the office of N. Sparks, Solicitor, &c., Ottawa, will receive prompt attention.
Ottawa, February 21, 1866. 55-

N. McKINNON,
COMMISSION and Exchange Broker, and Insurance Agent, Sparks-street, opposite Magee & Russell's, Ottawa, C. W.
Ottawa, March 25, 391y

O'CONNOR & WALLER,
EXCHANGE Brokers, Fire, Life and Accidental Insurance, Commission and Collecting Agents. Office, No. 27, Sussex-street, Ottawa.
R. W. O'CONNOR. W. H. WALLER.
March 2. 378y

J. P. MACPHERSON,
BARRISTER, &c., Ottawa. Office: Lang's Buildings, opposite Post Office Ottawa, March 19, 1866. 70-y

H. McLEAN'S
AUCTION Rooms, No. 19, Sparks Street, Centre Town, Ottawa, opposite Hope's Stationery Store.
The sale of Real Estate at Auction or Private Sale promptly attended to. Consignments received for positive sale. Parties wishing to purchase Real Estate will receive all information FREE OF CHARGE by calling at the office.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y

R. H. McGREEVY,
CONTRACTOR and Builder. Office: North side York street, second door from Sussex Street.
Ottawa, March 20, 1866. 78-y

S. CHRISTIE,
COMMISSION Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.
OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W. y

PARLIAMENTARY AGENCY.
C. J. BOUCHETTE,
P. L. SURVEYOR and Draughtsman, Mining, Land, and General Parliamentary Agent. References unexceptionable. OFFICE: Wellington Street, next to British Hotel, and nearly opposite the banks; Ottawa.
P. S.—Special attention given with despatch to Public Land business, adjusting disputed claims, and securing Patents.
Ottawa, May 22. 132-y

JOHN MERCER,
Teacher Piano-Forte, Violin, &c.
THOROUGH BASS.
AYLMER, C. E.
VISITS OTTAWA TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS.
Orders left at Union House will be punctually attended to.
Ottawa, July 26. 187tf

HOTELS AND SALOONS.

HOLT'S HOTEL,
AYLMER, C. E., Livery and General Stage Office. Alfred Moses Holt, Jr., Prop'tr.
December 21, 1865. 3-y

JAS. JOHNSTON'S
UNION HOUSE, North Gower. Good Stabling and an attentive Hostler.
January 11, 1866. 20-y

DUIGNAN'S
PRIVATE HOTEL, Sparks Street, Ottawa, C. W. A few gentlemen can obtain superior apartments.
Ottawa, Dec. 20, 1865. 3-y

THE RUSSELL HOUSE,
LATE CAMPBELL'S HOTEL, Ottawa, C. W. The undersigned, proprietor of the above-named Hotel, begs leave to acquaint his numerous friends and the travelling public, that he has re-painted and newly-furnished throughout this commodious establishment, in the management of which by strict attention to business and guests, he hopes to deserve encouragement and support.
JAMES E. GOUIN,
Lately, and for many years connected with Russell's Hotel, Prescott Street, Quebec

THE ALBION HOTEL
NICHOLAS Street, Court-House Avenue, Ottawa, John Graham, Proprietor.
This House is conveniently situated, and still maintains its character as a FIRST-CLASS HOTEL. Considerable additions have recently been made to the premises, and it has been entirely repainted and renovated. No pains will be spared to accommodate and please.
OMNIBUSES to and from the cars and boats free of charge. There is a FIRST-CLASS LIVERY STABLE attached to the Hotel.
Ottawa 1866. 1-y

JOHN MALTMAN
LATE McADAM'S, Commercial Hotel, Packenham.
The above Hotel, one of the oldest and best known in Packenham, has been leased by the undersigned and thoroughly overhauled and refitted for the special accommodation of guests. THE TABLE AND BAR will at all times be furnished with the very best the market affords.
GOOD STABLING and a careful Hostler always in attendance
JOHN MALTMAN.

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,
MCKAVANAGH, Proprietor, Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington Streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government buildings.
The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.
☞ Oysters, Game etc., daily

THE METROPOLITAN
Aumond's Block,
Rideau Street, Ottawa.
P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.
Ottawa, November 27, 292tf

THE REVERE HOUSE,
OTTAWA.
G. A. BUCKE, W. H. SANGER, ... PROPRIETORS.
THIS FIRST-CLASS HOTEL has been re-furnished and refitted throughout, and now combines all the requisites of a first-class establishment.
Ottawa, Nov. 6, 1867 38tf

TORONTO HOUSE,
SPARKS-STREET.
MRS. TROTTER begs to state that she has comfortable quarters for a few gentlemen for three months or more, with Parlour and use of Piano.
Ottawa, Dec. 24, 1867. 622tf

MISS LOVETT'S
PRIVATE HOTEL
HOLLIS STREET, HALIFAX, N. S.
STRANGERS will find this long established and well known house to be the most comfortable and well conducted in the city.
December 23, 1867. 622-6m

TO PARTIES ABOUT TO BUILD—
PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS, ESTIMATES, &
Prepared by AUGUSTUS LAVER, ARCHITECT
2nd Door-st. Ottawa.
April 1.

DRUGGISTS.

Spectacles for all Sights.
OPTICAL Instruments Electro-Magnetic and Galvanic Apparatus, Photographic Chemicals, &c.
637y W. REARN, Market Drug Store, York-street.

Apothecaries Hall!
No. 41, SUSSEX STREET,
G. MORTIMER, - - - PROPRIETOR
NONE OTHER GENUINE!
(TRADE MARK IS REGISTERED)

Canadian Cough Emulsion.
THIS Valuable Medicine has the extraordinary property of immediately relieving Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Difficulty of Breathing, Tightness in the Chest, &c., &c. It operates by dissolving the congealed phlegm, causing free expectoration, and an agreeable moistness of the skin. Prepared only by
GEORGE MORTIMER,
Chemist and Druggist, 41, Sussex Street, Ottawa City. Sold in bottles at 1s 3d and 2s 6d each.

MORTIMER'S
COMPOUND ANTIBILIOUS
AND FAMILY APERIENT PILLS,
a grand Specific for derangement of the digestive organs, and for obstructions and torpid action of the Liver and Bowels.

MORTIMER'S Vegetable WORM DESTROYER.
The only sure remedy that exists. Combining delicious taste with amazing power. Also
CAMPHORATED EYE-WATER,
Sure Cure for Sore, Weak and Inflamed Eyes.

MORTIMER'S
Colognes, Pomades, Toilet Vinegar, Rose Dentrifice, for the Teeth and Gums. Also constantly on hand, Perfumes of all kinds, and Toilet requisites usually kept in a first-class establishment.

FOUND,
A NEVER Failing Remedy for Coughs and Colds, Mortimer's Canadian Cough Emulsion. No family should be without a bottle. None genuine but from
G. MORTIMER, Chemist, 41, Sussex-st.
The best of Certificates can be produced.
Ottawa, Nov. 22, 1867. 596-6m

OTTAWA
DRUG WAREHOUS,
RIDEAU STREET
1866 SEEDS. SEEDS. 1866.
A LARGE STOCK OF FRESH GARDEN and FIELD SEEDS, just arrived and on Sale. All Seeds warranted Fresh.
A large importation of English and French PERFUMES will arrive next week.
FLORIDA WATER. SOZODONT.
HAIR BRUSHES. COMBS.
NAIL BRUSHES. CLOTHES BRUSHES,
&c., &c., &c.
Just being opened up.
JOSEPH GARVEY, M.D.
P. S.—Advice to the poor gratis.
Ottawa, April 11. 97-y

DOMESTIC DYES.
THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT OF DYES in this city on sale at the
Ottawa Drug Warehouse.
A free Lot of Good, Cheap PERFUMES just received.
N. B.—Prescriptions carefully and promptly prepared.
Ottawa, Feb. 12 1866 J. GARVEY, M. D. 47-tf

PARLIAMENT
HAIRDRESSING SALOON!
E. MILES,
Hairdresser by Appointment to His Excellency the Governor-General,
HAS REMOVED HIS PARLIAMENT HAIR DRESSING SALOON from the old stand to his new and commodious room over the LONDON MUSIC STORE, on Elgin-st., opposite the Russell House, which he has fitted up in the most recherche style of the business, and where his Rotary Hair Brush, which he imported expressly for himself, being the first introduced into British America, will be kept ready for use. The saloon is delightfully ventilated, and very pleasantly situated.
Mr. MILES would take this opportunity of returning his most sincere thanks to his many friends and the public, for their kind and generous patronage to him, during a number of years, in his old establishment, and trusts that by unremitting attention to business, and in his new and first-class saloon, with polite and attentive workmen, to merit a continuance of their favors.
All kinds of Hair Watch Guards, Finger Rings, &c., manufactured to order. For the convenience of ladies orders will be received at the London Music store, where a fine and varied assortment of Hair-work will be found.
E. MILES,
Hair Dresser, by appointment, to his Excellency the Governor-General.
Ottawa, October 3 1867 553-39y

OTTAWA
Skating & Curling
CLUB.
ON AND AFTER THE 1st FEB'Y,
Tickets of Admission to Skate
FOR THE
REMAINDER OF THE SEASON!
WILL BE ISSUED AT
HALF PRICE.
Ottawa, Jan. 31, 1868. 654a

"The Canadian Punch."
ON WEDNESDAY, the 5th INSTANT, will be published in Montreal a
COMIC WEEKLY!
Bearing the above name. It will appear in Ottawa on the day subsequent to its publication in Montreal throughout the year. Look out for it on next THURSDAY, the SIXTH FEBRUARY.
February 3, 1868. 656-6i

GREAT CLEARING SALE
—OF—
Dry Goods and Ready-made Clothing,
—AT—
J. T. Prudhomme's Stores,
SUSSEX-STREET, FACING CLARENCE-STREET.
And at the Sign of the "Golden Lamb."
AS the Subscriber intends closing one of his Stores on the first day of December, he is determined to sell off at an immense reduction his stock of
DRY GOODS & READY-MADE CLOTHING
—CONSISTING OF—
Beaver Cloths, Pilot do, Whitney do, Melton do, Sattinet do
West of England Broad Cloths, Black Cassimeres, Silk Mix Coatings, Trowsenings, Fancy Doeskins,
Col. and White Blankets, Horse Rugs, Flannels, Kerseys, Winceys.
English, Scotch and Canadian Tweeds.
DRAWERS, SHIRTS, WOOL CRAVATS, SCARFS, NECK TIES, COLLARS,
SHAWLS, CLOAKINGS, DRESS GOODS, NECK TIES, PRINTS, COBOURGS,
BUCK MITTS, BUCK MOCASSINS, WOOL SOCKS, MITTS, TRUNKS, VALISES
—ALSO, A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF—
Boots and Shoes, Teas, Soap, Candles and Wines
The whole to be disposed of before the 1st day of December. Call early and examine before purchasing elsewhere.
Ottawa, November 19, 1837. 595-3m

RELIANCE
MUTUAL LIFE ASSURANCE CO'Y.
ESTABLISHED 1840.
CHIEF OFFICE—71, King William-street, Mansion House, LONDON.
ACCUMULATED PREMIUMS OVER, - - - - $1,000,000.
ANNUAL INCOME OVER, - - - - - - $300,000.
TRUSTEES.
The Right Rev the Bishop of Moray and Ross.
Viscount Kirkaldie, John Ledger, Esq; J R S Phillipps, Esq, James Traill, Esq; Sir John T Tyrell, Bart, W M Tufnell, Esq
DIRECTORS.
George Ashlin, Esq, W W Duffield, Esq, J W Egertongreen, Esq, George T Harris, Esq, John James, Esq; John W Lay, Esq, John Ledger, Esq, J Tulyparker, Esq, William Phelps, Esq, John Pike, Esq, Edward White, Esq; Henry T Prinsep, Esq, Major Skinner, R A, Charles H Smith, Esq, James Traill, Esq, W M Tufnell, Esq
MEDICAL OFFICERS.
J W Ogle, Esq, M D; H F Smith, Esq, M D
BANKS.
Messrs William Deacon Co, Birchin Lane, Messrs Sparrow, Tufnell & Co, Chelmsford. The London and County Bank.
SOLICITORS.
Messrs Hooke A Street, 27 Lincoln's Inn Fields. Messrs Gepp & Veley, Chelmsford.
EDWARD BUTLER, Secretary.
Canada Branch—Montreal.
BOARD OF DIRECTORS.
Walter Shanly, Esq, M.P, Chairman.
Duncan Macdonald, Esq. George Wills, Esq. W H Hingston, Esq, M D, L R C S.
SOLICITORS—Messrs Rose & Ritchie. MEDICAL ADVISER—W H Hingston, Esq, M D.
The entire profits of this old and long established society belong to the policy holders, who are protected from all liability by the deed of settlement.
Annuities and endowments granted on advantageous terms.
Advances made on approved security in connection with Life Policies.
Every information to be had on application to any of the Society's Agents in Canada, or to
T W GRIFFITH, Manager and Secretary.
Head Office for the Dominion of Canada—Corner St Francois Xavier-street, Montreal.
☞ Agents wanted in unrepresented districts throughout Canada.
NEIL McKINNON, Agent for Ottawa.
589-6m

Etna Fire and Marine Insurance Co.
The Number of Shareholders exceed Five Hundred.
Capital, ... $2,500,000.
Annual Income Nearly ..... $1,000,000.
HEAD OFFICE—Upper Sackville-street, Dublin, Ireland; CHIEF OFFICE, ENGLAND—17 and 18 Corn Hill, London; CHIEF OFFICE, SCOTLAND—98 George-st., Edinburgh.
DIRECTORS.
John Obins Woodhouse, Esq, 82 Pembroke Road, Dublin; Omeath Park, Co Louth; Portadown, Co Armagh; Kerry Keel, Co Armagh and Down—Chairman.
Robert Craven Wade, Esq, Conebraney, Crossakeale, Co Meath, and Sackville Street Club, Dublin, J P for Counties Meath and Wicklow—Director Scottish Amicable Life Office.
Charles Going Malone, Esq, Merchant, Stephen-street and George-street, Dublin; Churchtown Lodge, Dundrum, Co Dublin—Director Commercial Gas Company.
John William Gregg, Esq, Alderman, Merchant, 18 Upper Sackville-street, Dublin—Vice Chairman.
Irwine Smith Whitty, Esq, 6 Wellington Road, Dublin—Director Government Prisons.
Bernard Coyne, Esq, 27 Waterloo Road, Dublin, J P, Co Mayo.
Jeffry Martin, Esq, 2 Clarinda Park, East Kingstown, Dublin, and Curraghmore, Ballinrobe, Co Mayo, J P for Co Mayo.
Robert Conway Hurly, Esq, Bridge House and Glenduff, Tralee; J P for Co Kerry.
David Richardson Goodlatte, Esq Merchant.
FEATURES.
A division of profits every three years to holders of policies who have no losses.
MODERATE PREMIUMS.
The company do not advocate high premiums, but rates will be charged according as the nature of the risk. Losses will be promptly and fully met on adjustment. Losses by lightning and loss or damage by explosion of gas within the premises insured made good.
JOHN INNIS, ESQ, Manager.
N B—The above company have invested in Canadian Government Bonds, in conformity with the Provincial Act, and have obtained the license of the Minister of Finance to do business in Canada, and are now prepared to take risks.
T. W. GRIFFITH, Manager for Canada.
Head Office for the Dominion—Corner of St Francois Xavier and St Sacrament-streets, Montreal.
Agents wanted in unrepresented districts throughout Canada.
589-6m NEIL McKINNON, Agent for Ottawa.

STOVES. STOVES. STOVES.
STOVES. STOVES. STOVES.
STOVES. STOVES. STOVES.
"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT 35, SUSSEX STREET. H. MEADOWS & CO.
DEPOT! St. & CO.
WE have received our fall and Winter Stock of STOVES, STOVE PIPES, ELBOWS, DUMB STOVES, TINWARE and LUMBERMEN'S SUPPLIES, which we offer Wholesale or Retail at low prices. In Cooking, Parlor, Box and Hall Stoves, for wood or coal, we have the largest and most varied assortment ever shown in Ottawa.
COOKING STOVES. COOKING STOVES. COOKING STOVES.
COOKING STOVES. COOKING STOVES. COOKING STOVES
COOKING STOVES. COOKING STOVES. COOKING STOVES.
☞ Our stock of the above comprises the latest improvements in both ELEVATED and LOW OVEN STOVES.
BOX AND HALL STOVES. BOX AND HALL STOVES.
BOX AND HALL STOVES. BOX AND HALL STOVES.
BOX AND HALL STOVES. BOX AND HALL STOVES.
☞ Suitable for private Dwellings and Churches, Warehouses and Stores.
PARLOR STOVES. PARLOR STOVES. PARLOR STOVES.
PARLOR STOVES. PARLOR STOVES. PARLOR STOVES.
PARLOR STOVES. PARLOR STOVES. PARLOR STOVES.
☞ New and most beautiful designs, very cheap.
COAL STOVES. PARLOR GRATES.
Hot Air Furnaces.
We still continue to manufacture every description of TIN, SHEET IRON, and COPPER WARE, RUSSIA IRON PIPE, and DUMB STOVES. ☞ Also all kinds of out-door Job Work in our line attended to by competent and experienced Mechanics. Country Merchants supplied with Stoves, pipe, &c., at reduced rates.
Lumbermen's Supplies! Lumbermen's Supplies! Sanity Plates! Basins! Camp Kettles, &c.
HOUSEFURNISHING GOODS!
Bird Cages! Bird Cages! Bird Cages!
Price Lists sent free on application.
☞ Any part of a Stove sold by us can be replaced when broken or burnt out, a fact intending buyers would do well to note.
An inspection of the above goods invited at the
"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT, 35, SUSSEX STREET.
Ottawa, October 2, 1867. H. MEADOWS & CO. 62-y

INSURANCE.

INTERCOLONIAL
ASSURANCE CO'Y.
OF CANADA.
Capital - - - $500,000.
With power to increase the same.
SHARES, - - - $100 EACH.
PROVISIONAL DIRECTORS:
H. O. Burritt, Esq., President; R. Lyon, Esq., Mayor of Ottawa, Vice-President; T. D. Harington, Dy. Receiver General; the Hon. J. Skead, J. M. Currier, M. P., D. McLaughlin, M.P., W. Wade, Esq., F. Jones, M.P., W. Ellis, Esq., W. H. Brouse, M.D., Joseph Aumond, Esq., M. K. Church, M.D., and J. M. Bates.
THIS is purely a Canadian institution, and as such is deserving of the support of the Canadian public.
An Act for the Incorporation of this Company is now before the Parliament of the Dominion.
Over $100,000 of stock is already subscribed and it is the intention to deposit with the Government as a guarantee of our good faith, at least $50,000 as soon as an Act of Incorporation is procured (which will be a provision of our Incorporation.) It is unnecessary here to dilate upon the profits of money invested in Insurance Stock. Suffice it to say, that, at least in one instance 3355 per cent advance has been obtained on insurance stock, and that after the payment of princely dividends. In the meantime Subscriptions to Stock, in Ottawa may be made at the Ontario and Royal Canadian Banks, and a deposit of 10 per cent is requisite which will be deposited IN TRUST to be returned in case any subscriber is not satisfied with his investment up to one month after the Vice-Regal sanction to the Charter is obtained.
J. M. BATES.
Pro. Manager and Secretary.
Ottawa, Nov. 21, 1867. 595tf

CITY OF GLASGOW
Life Assurance Company
ESTABLISHED 1838.
CAPITAL, £500,000 Sg.
ANNUAL REVENUE OVER £120,000 Sg.
THIS COMPANY OFFERS TO THE public the combined advantage of perfect security, moderate premiums and liberal participation in profits. No extra charge for Volunteers in defence of the country.
RINTOUL BROS., Montreal, General Agents for Canada.
NEIL McKINNON, Agent, Sparks-street, Ottawa.
Ottawa March 25. 391y

Ætna Life Insurance Company.
ESTABLISHED, A. D. 1820.
Capital and Assets, 1st Jan., 1867, $1,401,833.86
THIS MOST SUCCESSFUL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY divides the whole of the Profits, every year, among the insured, reducing the cost to about one-half the figures usually charged.
For instance, the annual payment, at the age of 30, in most Companies, to insure $2,000 is, with profits, about $50, and without profits $43.00
In the Ætna, $2000, to a person 30 years of age, costs the first year 25.31
And each subsequent year 26.74
Which payment is subject to further reduction as the business of the Company increases.
☞ Endowment policies on equally favorable terms.
The fact that the Ætna has, during the past 12 months, insured over 14,000 persons, from among the best business men of the Continent, is the best possible testimonial to the soundness of the Company, and the excellence of its method of doing business.
J. GARVEY, ESQ., M. D., Medical Referee.
S. PEDLAR & CO., Montreal.
Ottawa, March 13. 381y

BRITISH AMERICA
Assurance Company!
FIRE AND MARINE.
ESTABLISHED 1830.
R. S. Cassels, Esq. ..... Consulting Director.
THE ABOVE FIRST-CLASS COMPANY is prepared to insure all descriptions of property against loss or damage by fire.
HERRICK, BRUSH & CO., AGENTS, Aumond's Buildings.
Ottawa, January 4, 1867. 323y

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.
A MORTIMER
BOOKBINDER,
Metcalfe-street,
BEGS TO ANNOUNCE TO his friends and patrons that he has removed to the building on Metcalfe-street, formerly occupied by The Kening Post, where he is now prepared to execute all orders for
BOOKBINDING,
PAPER-RULING, or
BLANK BOOK MANUFACTURING,
Of every description in the neatest and most durable style.
Giving personal attention to all work, and having had many years practical experience, he feels confident that satisfaction will be given.
Ornamental Binding done in the most artistic style.
A MORTIMER, Metcalfe-street.
Ottawa, March 16 381y

NOTICE.
DR. J. GARVEY can be consulted each day PROFESSIONALLY, at his RESIDENCE, RIDEAU-STREET, from 8 o'clock to 10 in the forenoon, and from 6 to 10 in the evening. During mid-day by making inquiries at BROWNE & HARDY'S, GROCERS, Rideau-street, information can be had as to his whereabouts.
J. GARVEY, M. D.
N. B.—It is not the intention of Dr. Garvey to relinquish his practice as a physician.
Ottawa, Jan. 24, 1868. 648tf

NOTICE.
ALL persons indebted to Dr. J. Garvey, and whose accounts have been rendered, are requested to call and settle at once, on costs will be incurred.
J. GARVEY, M.D.
Ottawa, Sept. 4, 1867. 529tf

RIFLES!
Wesson's Rifles!
HAVING imported some of the above RIFLES in 1866, under free entry, I offer the balance of stock at $17 each, which is $4 less than manufacturers prices; wholesale price at factory is $25 American money.
THOMAS ISAAC, Sparks-street.
6134

Land for Sale.
850 ACRES OF LAND, situated within two to eight miles of the city. Apply to JOHN W. McGUIRE, Lot 25, 2nd Concession, Ottawa Front, Gloucester. 546-6m

To Sell or Let---Rare Opening.
TERMS MODERATE.
FINE STONE DWELLING HOUSES, Photographic Chambers, and other Cut Stone Premises, well arranged and eligibly situated for commercial business.
Apply to JOHN MACAULEY, Chaudiere, Ottawa; or E. McGILLIVRAY, J. D. TACKABERRY, or R. McLEAN, Auctioneer, Ottawa.
January 8, 1867. 535-6m

K. ARNOLDI,
WINE & SPIRIT MERCHANT,
METCALFE-STREET.
Telegraph Company's Building, Ottawa.
RECOMMENDS and Guarantees with confidence the following Wines:—
PORTS—Graham's, Sandeman's, Forrester's, Masden's, &c.:

		Per Gal.	Per Doz.
No. 1	Good sound Wine	$2 00	$6 00
" 2	"	3 00	8 75
" 3	Old	3 50	10 00
" 4	Superior old	4 50	12 50
" 5	Very fine old	5 75	15 50

SHERRY WINE—Domecq's, Capdepon, Pemartin's, Cramp Suter's, &c.:

No. 1	Light table Wine	$2 50	$6 00
" 2	Superior do	3 00	8 75
" 3	Very choice	3 50	10 00
" 4	Very Superior	4 50	12 50
" 5	Very fine	5 50	15 00

Marsala Wine,
$1.50 per Gallon, $4.50 per Dozen.
Especial attention called to the above Wine. Far superior to all common sherries, its chief recommendation is that it agrees perfectly well with persons who cannot take those wines, even of a high class. It is soft and old, free from heat, of the slightest approach to acidity, while its very moderate price recommends it for all large entertainments, as well as for the luncheon, dinner and supper table. It has met with the highest approval from the medical gentlemen of this city.
Also, in wood or bottle, old and new Brandies, Ruins, Gins, Old Tom Gins, Irish, Scotch, and Canadian Whiskeys of Standard Brands.
Clarets, Champagnes, Hocks, Caracas, Marachino, Chartreuse, Royal Italian Bitters, &c., in great variety.
Ribberts' and Guiness' Porter, Bass' and Allsopp's Ales, quarts and pints. Canadian Ale of Superior Quality, in Wood and Bottle.
Goods most confidently recommended, and may be as implicitly relied upon for perfect purity as if purchased in the largest wholesale establishment in the country.
Orders by mail with cash or city reference solicited and promptly attended to. No charge for delivery in the city. A discount to persons buying in quantity or by the original package. Inspection invited.
Price Lists, and every information, on application, or sent to any address.
WINE VAULTS AND OFFICE,
No. 11, Metcalfe-street,
Telegraph Co's Building, Ottawa.
January 27, 1868. 535y

FOR SALE
BY THE SUBSCRIBERS,
New Egyptian Dates,
Oranges, Lemons,
Grapes, Turkey Figs,
West End Raisins,
Dundee Marmalade,
Jams and Jellies,
Tomatoes in tins,
Peaches, "
Sweet Corn "
Lima Beans.
OYSTERS & HADDIES!
RECEIVED WEEKLY.
DALGLISH & RUSSELL, Upper Town.
Ottawa, Jan. 28, 1868. 651y

SMITH & RODNEY
MERCHANT TAILORS and General Outfitters, Elgin-street, opposite the Russell House, and second door from the London Music Store, having just received a choice stock of
English, French and Canadian
CLOTHS and TWEEDS,
And a general assortment of gentlemen's furnishing goods, would intimate to their friends and the public generally that they are prepared to execute all orders in their line at the shortest notice, in the most approved styles and at prices that we defy competition.
Ottawa Oct. 1, 1867. 550tf

ROANOKE
Tobacco Company,
DANVILLE, VIRGINIA.
THIS Company having established at Montreal their General Agency for the Dominion of Canada, is now prepared to offer to the public an article in
SMOKING TOBACCO!
Superior to anything of the kind ever imported into the country, and pledge their long established character that the article now offered is the pure leaf from the
Virgin Hill Tops of Virginia.
The different brands and prices are as follows viz:
The "Prince of Wales," in 1 & 2 lb bls $1.00 per lb
" "Dominion Favorite" 1 & ½ " " 0.75 "
" "Navy," 1 & 2 " " 0.65 "
The prices are NET CASH in Montreal, and orders [accompanied by remittance] for 5 lbs and upwards will receive prompt attention. The tobacco will be forwarded to any address, by express or otherwise, as parties may direct.
Please address
F. W. HENSHAW, Gen. Agent Dominion of Canada, 10 St. Sacrament-st., Montreal.
Montreal, Dec. 1, 1867. 607-1m

SNOW'S
Celebrated Fever Remedy.
A Sure and Certain Cure for Fever—Continued, Remittent, Intermittent, Typhoid, and Fever arising from Ordinary Colds.
THIS REMEDY has been used in Tropical climates for many years with the greatest success. It shortens the attack, reduces the fever gradually, and at the same time enables the system to throw off the poisonous effect of the on the blood and secretions generally.
PRICE—50 cents and $1 per Bottle. Sold Wholesale and Retail by
H. P. MacCARTHY, Chemist, Ottawa City
Sole Agent for Dominion of Canada.
December 2, 1867. 579-3m

HOWE'S
Boot and Shoe Store.
REMOVAL.
AS the Lease of our Premises in Sussex street terminates this month, we intend to confine our business to one locality, and shall remove the whole of our Stock on the 1st of May next, to our Store in
No. 10, Rideau-st,
Our stock of BOOTS and SHOES, LEATHER, SHOE FINDINGS, TRUNKS, &c., &c., will consequently be very large and most complete in every department, and we most respectfully solicit a continuance of favors, to merit which our constant endeavors will be as usual to provide the best articles and sell at the lowest remunerating prices.
G. HOWE & SON.
☞ Remember the place—No. 10, Rideau-st. next to Howell's grocery.
April 27. 420y

FOUND.
NEAR the Market, Lower Town, an INDIA RUBBER CARRIAGE COVER. Apply at this office.
Ottawa, November 966tf

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY.
6 HOSPITAL STREET,
2 doors from St. Francois Xavier Street.
It has been established, by the best medical authority, that one-half the nervous diseases are caused by drinking impure Tea. The Company have imported a supply of Teas that can be warranted pure, and free from poisonous substances, in boxes of 10, 15, 20 and 25 lbs and upwards.
BLACK TEA.—Common Congou, Broken Leaf, Strong Tea, 45c., 50c.; Fine Flavored New Season do., 55c.; Excellent Full Flavored do., 75c.; Sound Oolong, 40c., 45c.; Rich Flavored do., 60.; Very Fine do., 75c.; Japan Good, 50c. Very Good, 58c.; Finest, 75c.
GREEN TEA.—Twankay Common, 35c. Fine do., 55c.; Young Hyson, 50c. and 60c.; Fine do., 75c.; Superfine and Very Choice, $1.
A saving will be made, by purchasing direct from the importers, quality and purity considered. All orders for boxes of 20 or 25 lbs, or two 12 lbs.,

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

On no occasion will the names of Old Advertisements be inserted here.

Notice—Thomas Langrell.
Public Notice to Innkeepers and Others—W M Grant.
Money Lost.
Teacher Wanted.
Boarding House—Mrs. Richards.
Grand Ball—No. 1 Sappers of Lower Town.
Caution—W. M. Massey.
Bookbinding—A. Mortimer.
Notice—Farm for sale—J. Johnston.
Notice—W. F. Powell.
The New Dominion—James Higginson.

The Ottawa Times
City and County Official Paper

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 6, 1868.

We understand that the Treasury Board have decided not to accept any tenders below par for Dominion Stock.

As few who paid any attention to the facts of the case approved the finding of the Jury in the recent trial at Aylmer; so we think few will deem the judgment of the Court one of unmerited severity. The Judge has made a good use of the discretionary power with which the law invests him by giving the maximum of punishment which the finding of the Jury would permit.

We congratulate M. Fabre on his prompt management of the Nova Scotia Fishermen's Relief Fund. "He gives twice, who gives quickly," and we hope the collectors will exert themselves still further to swell the fund. The evidence of the distress is daily accumulating, and it would be a reproach to us, did we not come forward promptly to its relief. Cannot a few picnic entertainments be improvised to "raise the wind?" The Ottawa people always give a generous patronage to local talent, and we are sure another effort in this direction would nearly equal the magnificent success of the O. U. R. Club concert.

In the Act "to amend the Assessment Act of Upper Canada," now before the Ontario Legislature, we are very glad to find that nearly all the important amendments recently urged through the press have been embodied. The income tax is only to be payable on the excess of income over $600; the valuation of real property may be regulated at the option of the Assessor, by calculating the actual value on the rental at the rate of six per cent; the absurd scale of assessment on income has been abolished, so that the tax in future may be levied on all income in excess of $600; and in addition to this money accruing as interest on mortgages is no longer exempt from the tax. These are certainly very important reforms, and their adoption will reflect much credit on the Local Legislature. If the new law is impartially administered it will confer immense benefits on the Province, by equalizing the burthen of taxation according to the circumstances of the people. The following is the new section relating to the income tax:

Sec. 36. No person deriving an income exceeding *six hundred dollars* per annum from any trade, calling, office, profession, or other source whatever, not declared exempt by this Act, shall be assessed for a less sum as the amount of his net personal property than the amount of such income, *in excess of the sum of six hundred dollars*, during the year then last past, *and so much of his last year's income as shall exceed the sum of six hundred dollars*, shall be his net personal property, unless he has other personal property to a greater amount.

The difference between this and the old law will be seen at a glance when we state that according to the Act of 1866, all income of three hundred dollars were taxable to the full amount, while any party having an income of $19,000 was only taxed for $10,000. The sliding scale has been entirely struck out by the new law, and the principle of exemption fairly and impartially recognised, by fixing a certain sum applicable to all, and imposing the tax only on the excess. This will be a great relief to men of small incomes, and will practically exempt tradesmen, mechanics, and "working men" (so called) generally from the payment of income tax. The following new sub-section is added to section 104 of the Act of 1866:

"If the taxes be not paid on or before the 14th day of December of each year, 10 per cent shall be added to such taxes as are in arrears, and shall be collected by the Collector."

This, we think, is somewhat of an excessive leap without any apparent justification. Should the ratepayers be afforded no more facility than they were last year in the city for paying their taxes, it is very clear that the ten per cent. would have very generally to be paid. But aside from this, it is hardly fair that a poor man's misfortunes should be a cause for increasing his taxes. Is it not enough when distraint is made for taxes that the necessary fees incident to the transaction should be paid by the ratepayers. By the operation of this clause, the Collector might levy on the 15th of December for the increased amount, and the sum thus forfeited would be ridiculously out of proportion to the benefit which the ratepayer could possibly derive from the non-payment of the tax. The risk of having to pay this premium will only induce those who have the money to pay at or before the day named; it cannot make those pay who have not got it, and we think the Committee might have devised some equally effective and less objectionable mode to induce promptitude in payment.

Why not enact that if the taxes be not paid before a certain day, it shall be the duty of the Collector to levy on all parties in arrears within —— days unless in cases where the time of payment has been specially extended by resolution of the Corporation? No man who had the money would care to see his name figuring in the proceedings of the Corporation as a petitioner for an extension of time; and no Corporation would dare to extend the time to parties by *name*, publicly known to occupy positions that entitle them to promptly meet their obligations. This extension of time might very properly be accompanied by an addition of say one per cent a month—a rate sufficient to deter anyone from resorting to it as a speculation, and enough, in all conscience, for a really poor man to have to pay for the use of the money. The real difficulty sought to be met by this provision, is not that those who are ill able do not pay promptly, but that certain great ones who may find favor in the eyes of the Collector or the Corporation, are allowed to fall into arrears to the detriment of the municipal exchequer. Now, the way to meet this is not to put on an advance which will be a real instrument of oppression on the poor, and but little hardship to those who lag behind in their payments for a year or more. The way to meet it fairly and honestly is to compel the Collector to evy within a certain period on all parties in arrears; to empower the Corporation to grant extension of time in special cases, when it sees fit, at a fixed per centage per month, and to forfeit all taxes (except non-resident) if not paid within a year after they become due. The Corporation officials who cannot, with the summary powers which they possess, collect the taxes in one year should give place to others; and such a thing as "arrears of taxes" due over one year should not be allowed to figure in the assets of any municipality.

From the want of such a provision as last indicated many cases of hardship have occurred. The furniture of strangers has in some instances been seized for taxes due years before they set foot within the Corporation limits, and parties have been compelled to pay twice, because of the dishonesty of Collectors, and their happening to lose their receipts for by-gone payments. Now we hold that the law ought to be such as to prevent the recurrence of these injustices, and we see no better way of doing it than by compelling the Corporation to close its accounts with the ratepayers once a year.

We have now to mention two additional improvements introduced into the new Bill: The commutation for statute labor on non-resident lands is to be one dollar per day (the same as resident) instead of 50 cents as formerly; and, lastly, the penalties for the punishment of Clerks and Assessors for neglect of duty are made equally applicable to all other Municipal Officers for the culpable neglect of their duties. These are excellent reforms.

May we hope that the Bill will be still further improved by the introduction of some equitable provision for compelling prompt payment less oppressive than that now proposed, and better calculated to secure the object in view? We respectfully submit our suggestions on that subject to the consideration of the assembled wisdom of Ontario. They have done so exceedingly well in other particulars that we think they will not fail to see the propriety of modifying their ten per cent. proposal, and we should be very glad if they tied the hands of Corporations to prevent the accumulation of arrears of taxes which ought to be collected—or remitted—within the year.

Sir Hervey Smyth's new Game Act has passed the third reading. We have received from Mr. Wurtele, of the Fisheries Department, a copy of the Bill as passed, and will for the information of our sporting friends give it *in extenso* tomorrow.

SALMON ON THE BRAIN.

Wicked Spirit of the Times (N.Y.) publishes yet another letter on fixed engines, brush weirs, stake nets, and the abominable Fishery Department, by "the accomplished Secretary" of the Quebec Fish Club; and perpetrates a most ungrateful joke on its readers in affecting regret that this may be the last communication from Mr. F. W. G. Austin's pen, because "his physician says that his brain has been over taxed."

COURT OF QUEEN'S BENCH AT AYLMER.

Yesterday morning the court closed about eleven o'clock.

Mr. Walsh moved, notwithstanding the points in the case reserved for argument before the Court of Appeal, that the sentence of the court be pronounced on the prisoner John Downie, convicted of manslaughter.

The prisoner's Counsel asked for delay in the delivery of the sentence of the court until the Court of Appeal had pronounced judgment on the points reserved.

Judge—Does the Crown persist in demanding the sentence of the court?

Mr. Walsh—Yes.

Judge Lafontaine then sentenced the prisoner to imprisonment in the Penitentiary for the term of his natural life, saying that notwithstanding the leniency of the jury in finding for manslaughter only, the atrocity of the crime, and the circumstances attending its commission, made it his duty to give the maximum punishment allowed by law; and thus justice was vindicated.

LOCAL NEWS.

Police Court.—There was only one case before His Worship yesterday morning, and it was one of drunkenness, the culprit being discharged without punishment.

Young and Radford have the largest, best and cheapest stock of watches to be found in Ottawa. They have also on hand a very choice and varied assortment of Electro-plated ware, and Fancy Goods. They do all kinds of repairing and jewellery jobbing in tasteful style. 656-y.

Whitmore & Clarke's Minstrels — All lovers of negro minstrelsy should bear in mind the performance of Whitmore & Clarke's troupe at the Theatre to-night. New jokes and songs, and the inimitable tripple clog dance. The press elsewhere speak well of them. Give them a call.

Meteorological Observations—By Wm. Hearn, Optician and Druggist, York-st.

Ottawa, Feb. 5, 1868.

Greatest degree of cold registered during the previous night, 10 below zero.

8 a. m., 4
1 p. m., 20 above zero.
6 p. m., 12 "

Child Murder at Hull.—Coroner Larue held an inquest on the body of a male child found imbedded in the ice close to the north end of the Suspension Bridge. From the appearance of the body there could be little doubt that the death of the infant was caused by suffocation after birth. The jury returned a verdict in accordance with the circumstances.

A Snow Shoe Two Mile Race.—Yesterday afternoon about five hundred persons assembled opposite the *Queen's* wharf, to witness a two mile race on snow shoes, between a gentleman amateur of this city, and a red skin named Eustache. The agent of the *Sportsman* acted as master of ceremonies. Betting was brisk, and no odds offered. The pale face took the lead at the start, but was nearly being overhauled at the first half mile turn; as soon as turned he gathered himself well for work, and soon obtained his former distance, which increased to 40 yards at the conclusion of the home stretch. Time, 13m. 7s. Another match was partly arranged for a five mile race on the Aylmer road between the same runners.

THE RELIEF FUND.

WELLINGTON WARD.

List of subscribers in aid of the distressed fishermen of Nova Scotia, collected by Messrs. Bangs and Hunter:

Garland, Hutchinson & Co.	10.00
James D. Slater	10.00
C. T. Bate & Co.	10.00
Philip Thompson	10.00
Hunter, Rose & Co.	10.00
Robert Skead	5.00
G. W. Wicksteed	5.00
O. Wood, M. D.	4.00
C. H. Pinhey	4.00
G. H. Blythe	4.00
J. Dinie	4.00
John Leslie	4.00
Thomas Vaux	3.00
H. V. Noel	5.00
E. & W. Hunton	5.00
Magee & Russell	5.00
A. C. Kelty	5.00
E. Abbott	5.00
C. W. Bangs & Co.	5.00
Bate & Co.	5.00
W. H. Griffin	4.00
Charles V. Noel	4.00
Andrew Drummond	4.00
Henry Harpney	3.00
F. H. Crossy	3.00
A. Gobin	3.00
C. Neiman	2.00
E. C. Barry	2.00
H. Lee	2.00
William Stoneman	2.00
William Young	2.00
W. M. Massey	2.00
E. K. McGillivray	2.00
William Watt	2.00
R. J. Cassells	2.00
Alex. Mortimer	2.00
John Loggie	2.00
O. Martin	2.00
Arthur Rankin	2.00
M. J. May	2.00
George Armstrong	2.00
A. Pratt	2.00
M. White	1.00
Joseph R. Esmonde	1.00
Thomas Isaac	1.00
M. Kavanagh	1.00
J. Evans	1.00
James Sutherland	1.00
Thomas Gallagher	1.00
George L. Orme	1.00
R. J. Campbell	2.00
A. Dill	2.00
W. Cramp	2.00
Wm. G. Smith	2.00
Edward Hall	2.00
H. F. MacCarthy	2.00
J. B. Simpson	2.00
John Simpson	2.00
Joseph Saunders	2.00
G. M. Holbrook	2.00
A friend	2.00
Paul Cooper	1.00
J. Browne	1.00
Jamieson	1.00
James Montgomery	1.00
S. Christie	1.00
N. Robertson	1.00
Ross & Parsons	1.00
Thomas Sproule	1.00
W. A. Ross	1.00
G. P. Drummond	1.00
E. Spencer	1.00
W. W. Brown	1.00
G. A. Walton	1.00
G. C. H.	25
Total	$213.75

I beg to acknowledge the receipt of one hundred and fifty-nine dollars and seventy cents from the Very Rev. Father Damburand, V.G., being the amount of collections on Sunday last in the Cathedral and other Roman Catholic Churches; as well as the donation of His Lordship the Bishop and the Rev. Fathers Oblats, as per memorandum hereunder written in aid of the distressed fishermen of Nova Scotia.

The Cathedral	$45.20
St. Joseph's Church	23.10
Church at Hull	6.40
St. Andrew's Roman Catholic	69.00
His Lordship the Bishop's	20.00
The Rev. Fathers Oblats	5.00
Total	$159.70

Formerly acknowledged from the Sisters of Charity or Grey Nuns, $5.00.

J. Fraser,
Treasurer N. S. F. R. F.

Ottawa, Feb. 5, 1868.

I beg to inform the subscribers to the relief fund, that I have this day paid into the Bank of Montreal here, one thousand dollars to the credit of —— Tobin, Esq., Mayor of Halifax, and I have to thank Mr. Bethune, of the Montreal Telegraph Company, for his kindness in forwarding the two following messages over the Montreal Telegraph Line free of charge, and also for procuring the same to be forwarded over the other lines, also free of charge.

J. Fraser,
Treasurer N. S. F. R. F.

(Copy) Ottawa, 5th Feb., 1868.

To E. C. Jones, Esq., Agent Bank of Montreal, Halifax.

Cash Mayor of Halifax cheque on this branch for one thousand dollars deposited towards relief fund.

(Signed) Andrew Drummond,
Manager.

Ottawa, Feb. 5, 1868.

To —— Tobin, Esq., Mayor of Halifax, N. S.

One thousand dollars have been paid into the Bank of Montreal, here, to your credit in aid of distressed Fishermen of Nova Scotia.

Henry J. Friel,
Mayor of Ottawa.
J. Fraser,
Treasurer of N. S. F. R. F.

ST. GEORGE'S WARD.

Additional subscriptions collected by Messrs. Featherston and Robinson:

Messrs. Wright & Batson	$10.00
G. R. Burke	4.00
J. B. Taylor	5.00
Cash	1.00
R. Gilpin	2.00
Jas. Balliff	2.50
W. McFarlane	50
A Friend	5
Total	$25.00

A NEW CEMETERY.

To the Editor of THE TIMES.

Sir, You would do much good in this place by urging through your paper the absolute necessity there exists in procuring 25 or 50 acres of land suitable for a public Protestant cemetery, for the burial of our dead, some three miles out of the city. The ground now used for that purpose on Sandy Hill is fast filling up, and in a few years most likely the bones of our dear friends—perhaps our own—will be removed with the spade and pick-ax, to make room for buildings, to some other spot for another removal in time.

A Joint Stock Company got up, the same as in Hamilton, Quebec, and other places, would carry this out by fixing a sum for each lot sold.

A Subscriber.

Ottawa, Feb. 5th, 1868.

THE SOURCE OF THE "CHRONICLE'S" INSPIRATION.

A friend of ours noticing the sneers of the *Chronicle* at the respectable journals of this city, has informed us that the *Fingay* has been well named by us, as it is the fag and plagiarist of the *La Crosse Democrat*, a disgustingly low Yankee paper, which applauds the murder of Lincoln, tells smutty stories, and pretends to a violent amount of energy which finds it needful to employ expletives of that particular kind, which decent society strongly reprobates—which advocates repudiation, and deals out personalities of the most disgusting kind to its readers. Our friend lent us a few copies of the *Democrat*, and there sure enough was the proof before our eyes. We found, by comparing them with several numbers of the *Chronicle*, that phrases, whole sentences, slang terms, put metaphors, all penned after the style of the *Democrat*, have from time to time appeared in the *Chronicle* to make up for the want of language that naturally belongs to the *Chronicle* fags. When a paper thus plagiarises as the *Chronicle* does, it had better be extremely careful how it provokes its neighbors. Borrowed plumes generally set themselves high above their neighbors less gorgeously decorated.—*Halifax Reporter.*

What a dirty business for the *Chronicle* to have been caught in!

POEM.

By W. P. Lett, Esq.

Recited by the Author at the late Festival of the Ottawa Mechanics' Institute.

In such a gay and festive scene as this
My worthy friends it may not be amiss,
To mingle with the general notes of glee
A rhyme or two, even if not poetry.
Indigent white in rude unpolished verse
The promptings of the muse I now rehearse,
And yet deal gently with me while I try
To bring the vanished past before your eye.
Fond recollection rapidly takes wing
The fading scenes of other days to sing
The good old days, the dear old times of yore,
Which you and I alas shall see no more,
When all around the spot on which I stand
Was trackless forest and primeval land—
The Barrack Hill a wilderness all o'er,
And "Lower Town" to Rideau's ancient shore
A gloomy Cedar Swamp the haunt of Deer,
In which the Ruffed Grouse drum'd when Spring was near.
White here and there a Giant Pine on high
Towered with its spreading branches to the Sky—
I have the little Village in my eye
Before the Locks were built by Colonel Ry—
Before the Sappers threw the pond-roos arch
o'er the Canal to aid improvement's march—
Ere by the muscular cauallet's spade
The ground was broken where the "Deep Cut's" made—
Long ere the iron band of Union spann'd
The vast Kah-nah-ja-wonlee of our land—
Here mighty Ottawa in its grandest phase
Bears some resemblance to its better days—
The saw mill, slabs and stone impediment gave
A tribal death-stroke to its lumbed wave—
That good old time to be pleasant to recall
When our Religion almost ruled for all—
When men together could in friendship join—
When shankless buttons passed for gaudy coin,
And silver pieces—do we think it strange—
were cut in two and four to make small change—
When Banks were scarce, suspensions heard or not,
An Epaulette was the only cash we got.
Hard cheese—ith no disrespect to our dollars,
Are Brokers reigned, or fluttered paper collars,
The dim the light of Evening's genial rays
Among the masses of those bygone days—
The Daily Papers modern luxury's food—
The bold Apostles of the public good—
The Tribunes of the people were not found
All guard, our infant liberties around—
The institutions based on mental light
Shed little radiance on that ancient night—
For science, wealth and philosophic lore
Were strangers upon Ottawa's shore—
The commerce scarce had spread her gilded wings
The herald of a coming state of things—
The march an Infantry man or gun,
Was never early pioneers unknown—
An Institution, let me say in short,
Among us every Patriot's support—
Established on a comprehensive base,
Where every man of worth may find his place—
A Temple of Intelligence to give
To mind the nourishment which it lives!
The arts such modern glories th n were rare,
Yet old Bytownites did not badly fare,
Bachelors were few in that benighted time,
Seldom was heard the Sabbath's welcome chime—
Yet Hot-scotched Shoulder in the land,
And Charity was soft and tender hand
Relieved distress, and made the weeper smile
Source conscious of the good she did the while—
And not the worse among poor sons of men,
Money was plenty in our Village then—
Not whether Bottom rich a lavish hand
Scattered her treasures over all the land,
Simplicity then held her peaceful reign—
And vice and crime were seldom in her train.
No litigation marked our young career—
No Police Magistrate with brows severe,
And frown of justice upon trembling crime
Made culprits shiver in that happy time.
Neighbors neighbored so little grudge,
Disputes were settled then without the Judge.
The learned profession boasted not one gown,
And but one lancet was in all the town—
And it was busy and got wondrous praise,
For venesection flourished in those days.
People cured little, and were never sued,
No Bailiffs marred our ancient solitude—
Gaols were a nuisance in our soil not grown,
Fifty per cent was totally unknown!
Things then were taken as they happened quite,
And mostly were decided by a fight.
In boyhood I have witnessed many a fray
Within the ring by day light and fair play,
No Club Law prevailed his unwelcome gone
Between the pastime of two transient lives
Who chose like sayers and Heenans to decide
Their difference with strong sinews each side.
We had no sidewalks then, not must taxation—
No lock-up, County Jail—no Corporation—
No Aldermanic wisdom—and no Mayor
To fill with dignity the Civic Chair!
No Tax Collector with his pressing bill
To cause consumption in an empty till—
No costly vehicles which horses gay
In gilded trappings graced the ancient day.
Pedestrianism was fashionable then,
For boys were boys, as 'twas, six men were men,
And grits were wont to say always were the best,
Discourses in the gardens of the blest!
One steamer only clept the Ottawa's supply,
But like the "Queen," did not come every day.
No railroad Engine snorted o'er the plain,
Dragging along behind its posterous train—
No Telegraphic time with speed of light
Wafted intelligence with lightning flight—
No gas flame shed its artificial ray,
Turning nocturnal darkness into day—
The tallow candle blazed away supreme,
And of the age of coal oil did not dream.
Yet, 'twas a gay old time, a happy time,
And oft I strike an upward note sublime,
I'd strain my very heart strings with the blast
Of glory that old time gave the fine old past!
But times are changed, and things are altered too,
Fair civilization busts upon our view—
The old men of the old time have been laid
In peace, beneath the weeping willow's shade—
The middle-aged are to the yellow leaf—
Life's evening evanescent and brief—
The little children who flourished then
Are now the mothers or our land, and men—
The wilderness has vanished, the old trees
Have disappeared before improvement's breeze—
Commercial enterprise is busy now—
The iron steed is seen to cleave its way
The roaring, rushing locomotive coast
Along the track at forty miles an hour—
The electric current leaves the ambient air
Bearing the rays of thought round everywhere,
Darting like sunbeams—the lightning and light
Have winged new engines of mental flight!
Dark Ottawa's waves of the deep
The steam ships mount from tow'ds a sky sleep—
Cleaving resistless through the wintry waste
A universe unknowned of in the past—
Illuminating time, and leaving space,
Like Noah's Dove, not not a resting place!
A city stands in fair and youthful grace,
Where once old Bytown had its primal place,
And lo! in grandeur towering to the skies,
In marble splendor upon yonder hill,
Our Legislative Temples proudly rise!
A column's glory of the artist skill!
Thanks to our gracious Queen! Queen Royal Hand
Made Ottawa Chief City of the land!
Thanks to the men who fought through good and ill,
The right—fright, and bravely battled it!—
Who stood unchasen firm in their decision,
Till victory crowned Her Majesty's Decision!
God bless our New Dominion! may it be
Granted a prosperous and happy destiny,
Ontario and Quebec—hand in hand
With Nova Scotia and New Brunswick land—
Those noble borderers of the rushing wave,
Stand ready bulwarks of the Parent Brave!
Nor Newfoundland, British Columbia free—
Prince Edward's island join the Union too,
And the great regions of the far Nor'west
Awake to form a nation great and blest!
May all in Union be throughout united,
To live in peace, or for our Freedom fight
Under the flag for which our Fathers bled,
And left us as their legacy, and prize!
May Heaven give strength and nerve us to those
Who from without contention, those—
A proud example to the sons of Earth,
Brought Union and an Empire into birth!
May wisdom guide them as they on card steer
Our vessel of the State in her career—
Smooth be the wave, and gentle be the gales
That all our ark safely and trimmed sails—
Strong be the vision of the Pilot too,
To keep the port of Union full in view,
Until the anchor's cast the sails are furled
A spectacle of envy to the world!

A GENEROUS DEED.

We were informed yesterday of one of those pleasing little incidents that have marked the career of our Lieutenant-Governor ever since he came to these Provinces, and which have contributed largely to his popularity, both in Nova Scotia and in New Brunswick. It seems that a person whose circumstances had once been more flourishing than they now are was unable to pay his rent. In consequency thereof the landlord had given orders of distraint, and yesterday the officers of the law were carrying out these orders. They had the household goods piled upon the truck preparatory to carrying them away, just as the General rode by on horseback.

A good-natured son of the Emerald Isle, a friend of the man in trouble, was standing by, and seeing the Governor, went up to him, prompted by that ready wit which in Irishmen has become world-famed. He told the story of distress, expatiated upon the circumstances of the case and induced the Governor to send after the Bailiff, of whom he enquired about the character and antecedents of the man, and learned that he was a respectable, honest, hard-working man who had seen better days, and "had at one time dined at Government House." When satisfied that the case was a deserving one, His Excellency turned to the Bailiff, told him to stay proceedings, put back the "things," send to him in the morning, and he would pay the bill for which the articles were being distrained and all the costs. He afterwards supplemented this kind act by sending a supply of provisions to the family. If is by such acts as these that General Doyle wins golden opinions from all classes.—*Halifax Reporter.*

CABLE NEWS.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

Cork, Feb. 4.—One of the gates of this city was undermined last night and blown up. At the same time all the telegraph wires leading to the city were cut. The prompt action of the police prevented any further demonstrations. Two brothers, named Barry, have been arrested on a charge of robbing one of the gun shops recently, of a large quantity of powder. A man named Fitzpatrick, was also arrested on suspicion of having something to do with the explosion last night. The police found a bottle of Greek fire in his pocket. Telegraph communication has generally been restored.

London, Feb. 4.—The despatches from Abyssinia report the prospects of the expedition favorable. The army was well supplied, and the advance under Gen. Napier has reached the neighborhood of Antolo.

Paris, Feb. 4.—The city of Lille held a special election yesterday for member of the Corps Legislatif. The Government candidate was successful.

Florence, Feb. 4.—Garibaldi has written an eloquent letter to Admiral Farragut, congratulating the United States on the encouragement, by the presence of an American fleet, to the national aspirations of Italy.

London, Feb. 4.—It is reported the Italian Finance Minister will place 440,000,000 livres of the Italian loan in this market to be negotiated.

Florence, Feb. 4.—The *Nazione* newspaper to-day asserts that negotiations for a new Convention on the Roman question are going on between the French and Italian Governments, but that Gen. Menabrea prefers the September treaty.

Vienna, Feb. 4.—It is reported the Pope is willing to resume negotiations with the Imperial Government for a revision of the concordat. The *Debatte*, a semi-official journal, says that Great Britain has requested the European powers to stop removing fugitives from Candia.

Paris, Feb. 4.—The debate in the Corps Legislatif on the Bill for Regulation of the press was continued to-day. Minister Rouher made a long speech, in which he urged upon the members the passage of the proposed law. He said he was unwilling to oppose liberal tendencies, but the Empire and the people alike demanded some restraint be imposed upon the press. Four millions of those who had voted for the Constitution were gone, but the four millions, their successors, required the same guarantees. The clause of the Bill abolishing the preliminary license to publish was adopted by an almost universal vote.

THIS MORNING'S DESPATCHES.

London, Feb. 5.—At a great meeting at Birmingham yesterday, Mr. John Bright made a speech. He pleaded the wrongs of Ireland in part extenuation of the late Fenian outrages, and begged for Church legislative reform. Mr. Bright said that there was nothing that the United States Government could do, if Ireland was part and parcel of the United States, that England might not do also, if she would.

AMERICAN NEWS.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

Arrived.

Boston, Feb. 4.—The ship *Thames*, from Liverpool, has arrived.

Destructive Fire in New York.

New York, Feb. 4.—The vinegar factory of Coffin, Clark & Co., and other buildings, were destroyed by fire this morning. Loss, $80,000.

Negro Riot in Savannah, Ga.

Savannah, Ga., Feb. 4.—At a political meeting to-day a disturbance was begun by the attempt of the police to arrest some disorderly negroes. Pistols were drawn, and the row became general. Reinforcements arrived, and finally the police arrested the ringleaders and some of the rioters. Lieutenant Bull, of the police, was shot, and several other whites wounded. Four or five negroes were wounded, but none killed.

Fires.

Springfield, Mass., Feb. 5.—Birmingham & Bros.' skirt factory at Dalton was burned on Monday. Loss $60,000.

Springfield, Ill., Feb. 5.—A fire yesterday consumed property to the amount of $150,000, belonging to the Toledo, Wabash & Western Railroad Company.

Arrivals out.

New York, Feb. 5.—Cable despatches announce the arrival out of the steamers *Pierre, Brenen, Nestorian*, and *City of Baltimore*.

Young and Radford's stock of watches clocks, jewellery, fancy goods and electro plated ware are worthy of inspection. All goods will be sold cheap. Give them a call. Remember the place, 30 Sparks-st. 597a

Cotton in Illinois.—It is estimated that Illinois alone will produce five hundred thousand bales of cotton next year, and we understand that the Government of the United States have given instructions to their General in command of the army in the South to have all the seed saved that is possible, for planting in that and other western States, but should their expectations not be fulfilled it is gratifying to know that we have a sovereign remedy for coughs, colds, cramps in the stomach, cholic, cholera morbus, and all complaints of the like nature, in the "Canadian Pain Destroyer," sold by all Medicine Dealers, 25 cents per bottle.

Don't Know What To Do.—We sometimes hear persons say, "My horse is sadly out of condition, and I cannot tell either what is the matter with him, or how to get him into better case;" they appear to be ignorant of the fact that there is within their reach a remedy safe, sure, and effectual in all cases. Many persons who deal in horses use large quantities of it, and testify that its effects are most satisfactory. One horse dealer informs us that his horses' condition and appearance are much improved by its use that they sell more readily and for higher prices. The article is "Dorley's Arabian Heave Remedy and Condition Medicine." Nothing else is equal to it for the same purpose.

Remember the name, and see that the signature of *Hard & Co.* is on each package.

Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, C. W., proprietors for the Canadas. Sold by all medicine dealers.

A Welshman in Trouble.—A sailor lad named John Evans has been trying a joke upon the land-lubbers to his own discomfiture. He reached London from Portland on Thursday, and after drinking a few pots of ale, he sallied out in the evening in quest of adventure. When near the Infantry Barracks he met private Tom, of the 53rd Regiment, and accosted him, requesting to be conducted before the Sergeant-Major or Adjutant of either Rifles or Artillery, adding that he had deserted from the 23rd Welsh Fusiliers, but Tom needn't mention that circumstance to a third party, because, of course, it wouldn't do to have the fact noised about. The two then set off to a tavern and indulged themselves with another pot, and upon adjourning Tom laid violent hands upon the Welshman to arrest him, acting under the orders of Ensign Brooking, whom he had seen in the meantime. The tar, not liking this proceeding, showed fight, and declared his unwillingness to be hurried off to quod in that summary manner; but Private Atcheson then came up, and between the two he was constrained to go to the lock-up. It is needless to say that he was nearly drunk. While on the march he amused himself by giving words of command, such as "nshon," "right wheel," "stand at ease," &c., which was overwhelmingly convincing to Atcheson that he had been, at one time or another of his life, a soldier, else how could he have spoken in such a military manner? On being brought up yesterday morning he volunteered a statement which appeared very candid and straightforward, to the effect that he belonged to the Royal Cardigan Militia of South Wales, who were detailed for garrison duty one month each year, and that he was a sailor by profession on board of the bark *Feronia*, from Milford Haven to Portland, from which latter port, his term of service having expired, he came west to try his hand at lake navigation. This not being deemed satisfactory to the presiding magistrate, however, he was remanded for eight days, and in the meantime the authorities of the 23rd will be communicated with.—*London Free Press.*

TENURE OF OFFICE.

[From the Halifax Evening Express.]

We find that our neighbors of the United States are having forced upon them the convicition, that the pleasure of making a "clean sweep" of officials of every degree, off each change of administration, is attended with practical disadvantages, which cannot much longer be overlooked. Under the influence of this debasing practice, corruption, fraud, and incompetency, have been the rule, instead of the exception, in every public Bureau in the neighboring Republic. Mr. Wells, in his late report, has brought this fact very prominently under public notice. The system of making appointments to the Civil Service, dependant upon political influence, and upon that alone, is destroying every vestige of public virtue filling the public offices with men whom no private individual would trust or employ, the hangers on of political leaders, and who, as a class, are unscrupulous and dishonest in the highest degree. The consequences are natural, and Mr. Welles states that there cannot be a doubt that the public exchequer, in consequence of this system, is robbed every year of millions of dollars, and that things are going steadily from bad to worse in this direction. In no country in the world does this practice prevail except in the United States, and it is refreshing to find that a man of the position and character of Mr. Wells has the courage to expose and condemn it. He not only condemns it *in toto*, but recommends the adoption of the English system, of which he speaks highly. By that system political favoritism is next to impossible, and the strongest guarantee possible is obtained, that a public servant shall be at once an honest and a capable man. In England, before an individual can be nominated to any office, he must produce satisfactory credentials of his moral character, and especially of his honor and integity. Even then the Minister cannot appoint him till he has passed an examination before the Civil Service Board, which is composed of individuals whose position and character place beyond the shadow of suspicion, partiality or favoritism. The examination is a written one, and unless the candidate can secure a given number of marks, he is rejected, no matter who he may be. His appointment, once confirmed, he is secure for life, generally rising according to seniority or length of service. He can be dismissed, indeed, but only in consequence of bad conduct, never because there may be others of the political complexion of the existing ministry, anxious to get offices.

By this latter system the best class of men is obtained, and there is every encouragement held out to them to be faithful to their trust. Dishonesty to the extent of a shilling would be discovered, ruin them forever, and knowing this, it is very seldom that they are found tempted to the temptation. In the United States the very opposite of this is the case. When a new Administration comes into power, every office is swept clean, and people who know little or nothing of their duties take the place of the dismissed. They know full enough that in four years the same measure will probably be meted out to them, and on that account they scarcely make even a pretence of being honest. The object is to make all the possibly can be made, while fortune favors them, an object which in many instances is openly avowed. We think the days of this demoralising and utterly debasing system are numbered in the United States. It has grown into a system of public robbery whose proportions are every year becoming more gigantic. It is plundering the people of an amount of money, which of itself would constitute a respectable revenue. It has corrupted the public mind to an extent which is appalling to think of, for it has come to this that to be detected as a cheat is scarcely looked upon as a disgrace, if the party swindled happens to be "Uncle Samuel."

The subject is not without its significance and importance here. The temptation to yield to it is very great, and the pressure in its favor from outside loafers, office hunters, and their friends is greater still. It has never been allowed a foothold either in Canada or New Brunswick, and in both places, we believe, public opinion is decidedly and strongly against it. Attempts have repeatedly been made to introduce the practice here, but has met with the condemnation of nearly every respectable man on both sides of politics. Political morality in these colonies is not a whit too elevated, and when we look at the style and spirit in which political questions are too often discussed, we are inclined to think that were we to superadd to them the principle of dismissal of officials for political reasons, we would at once bring ourselves down to the level of the Thaddeus Stevens party in the United States. The public requires, and public opinion has in its power to exact the appointment of men to public offices on the strength rather of character and capacity, than of their political leanings. Besides, there can scarcely be a doubt, that the possession of this peculiar description of patronage is a nuisance and a source of weakness to the public man. For every office there are generally forty or fifty applicants, and all but one of these must be disappointed. In the generality of cases the forty-nine unsuccessful aspirants consider themselves wronged and many of them from that hour become soured against the dispenser of place. But the worst of it is, the public service suffers. The political appointment may happen to be a good one, but it may also happen to be a very poor one. In the mind of the appointee there is no feeling of security, he is merely a sort of *locum tenens*, and therefore disposed, unless a very upright man to make the most of it while it lasts. We trust, that no pressure or temptation will ever induce those in power in Nova Scotia to countenance a system, which has well nigh ruined the United States, and which is unknown in any other part of the world. It is unjust, cruel, and oppressive to the holder of office, while to the State it is more unjust still, seeing that it blunts the moral sense and thrust out experience and knowledge, to make way for their opposites, and all to reward a political partizan, with no qualification probably but that he has been a failure in private life, and must therefore be foisted on the public. Let us have continuance of the English system which ensures that every man is equal to his work.

Extraordinary Invention in Scotland.—The Edinburgh correspondent of the London *Telegraph* says: "One object of interest has been seen occasionally travelling on the road about Leith and Edinburgh for a few weeks past, which I conjecture will continue to be an object of interest for the time I have mentioned. It was what is called a road steamer, a machine like a small railway engine set upon three wheels, one in front and two behind the middle—a machine weighing about five tons, capable of drawing sixty tons at a slow pace on a good road, of going over the roughest road and climbing the steepest, and of travelling over ploughed land or the like, with the most perfect ease. It was the invention of Mr. R. H. Thompson, C. E., of Edinburgh, the inventor of a system of floating docks; of the steam winch, a curious and most effective rotary engine which was exhibited at the recent Paris exhibition, and attracted much attention there; and of various other ingenious pieces of mechanism. The peculiarity of the new road steamer is that its three wheels are covered with large tires or hoops of india-rubber, about five inches thick and two feet broad, being the largest castings of india-rubber ever made, and costing each about £50 or £60. These india-rubber tires take hold of the ground like an elephant's foot. They spread over hollows, and stones and other obstructions sink into their elastic embrace. In short, they solve the problem of road steamers completely, as also of steamers to go over soft, rough ground, and it is impossible to anticipate all the uses the new tires may be put to in the pursuits of agriculture, or it may be in the operations of war. It has been suggested that these india-rubber tires will soon wear, but those which have been used in the experiments hitherto have scarcely sustained a scratch, although they have gone over rough metalled roads at various rates of speed, often much faster than the legal rate of four miles an hour. The only serious break as yet was made in one of them when crossing a big ditch over a bridge of a few trees flung carelessly together. This new road steamer is intended to draw an omnibus in the island of Java, where its inventor for several years resided, and it is now shipped, or about to be shipped, for its destination. I believe, however, it will soon have one or more successors."

Young & Radford, 30, Sparks-st., have just received a stock of Christmas

No. 1. Sappers of the Lower Town.

THE

Grand 3rd Yearly Ball

Of the Sappers Company of the Lower Town.

THE Sappers Company will give their third yearly ball, MONDAY EVENING, SEVENTEENTH FEBRUARY, in the CANADA HOTEL, Sussex street.

Marrier's Band of Music will be present.

The refreshments will be furnished by Mr. Larivière.

Tickets admitting a lady and gentleman, including refreshments, $2; for a gentleman $1.50.

Dancing will begin at 8 o'clock, p.m.

Tickets can be obtained from the members of the Company, and at the door the evening of the ball.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN

N. GROULX, Secy-Treas. DAMASE ROY, Capt.

Ottawa, February 6, 1868. 659d

NOTICE.

A COMPLAINT BOOK has been opened at the Office of the Chief of Police, at the City Hall, in which parties desirous of doing so can enter their names and complaints.

THOS. LANGRELL, Chief of Police.

Ottawa, February 5, 1868. 659a

Public Notice to Innkeepers and Others.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that all applications for Tavern and Shop Licenses to be held within the limits of the municipality of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa, for the year commencing 1st March, 1868, must be made at the office of the License Inspector, on or before the 20th FEBRUARY, instant.

The proper forms of application, as required by law, together with such further information as may be necessary, will be given upon application at the Inspector's Office, Elgin-street.

By order of the Board of Commissioners of Police.

D. M. GRANT, License Inspector.

Ottawa, February 5, 1868. 659a

HER MAJESTY'S THEATRE.

FOR THREE NIGHTS ONLY

Thursday, Friday and Saturday,

February 6th, 7th and 8th.

WHITMORE & CLARK'S

MINSTRELS

And Grecian Gymnasium!

SIXTEEN STAR PERFORMERS,

INCLUDING

GEORGE M. CLARKE, the world renowned Comedian and Comic Singer, who will appear in a great variety of the most popular Songs and Ballads of the day.

HANK WHITE, Champion Comedian of the 19th century.

E. E. WHITNEY, Celebrated Banjo Soloist.

O. A. WHITMORE, Clarionet Soloist.

Prof. N. W. WYATT, the great American Violinist, whose solos are the theme of universal admiration.

P. A. ARMSTRONG, the great Flute and Picolo Player, and a great variety of Singers, Dancers, Delineators, Comedians, &c., including the famous Triple Clog Dance, performed only by this company, together with a splendid Orchestra of Eight Classical Musicians, led by A. W. Wyatt.

WILLIAMS and MANKIN,

The renowned Gymnasts, having concluded their Star Engagement at Morris Brothers' Opera House, Boston, have effected an engagement with Whitmore & Clark's Minstrels, where they will nightly appear in their Classical Gymnastic Exercises.

Admission, 25 cents; Reserved seats 50 cents.

Doors open at 7 o'clock; performance to commence at 8.

656d1 N. W. LEWIS.

NOTICE.

THE Undersigned will either sell or let for a few years his well known farm being Lot Twenty five in the Fourth Concession of Gloucester, Rideau Front, 215 acres all cleared, and well fenced and in a good state of cultivation. Also, the one-half of Lot Twenty-seven in the Third Concession, being in its natural state, all wood and excellent land. It is just the cross of two hundred acres from the corner of the one lot to the other. The railroad line runs within en feet of the front corner of the one hundred and in sight of the two hundred for two or three miles. The station at Cunningham's is scarcely a mile and a half from the front of Lot Twenty-five. The above farm is capable of keeping thirty head of milch cows, two span of horses, and as many young cattle as it would be proper to raise. Eight or nine years ago I kept twenty-two milch cows, and ten or twelve horses, and raised five or six calves every year. The above farm is about ten miles, from the door, to the limits of the City. The improvements cannot be surpassed for a farmer's purpose. The dwelling-house is stone, 30 by 40, a story and a half over ground; and a cellar nine feet high, the one half used for a kitchen and the other half capable of holding 1,000 bushels of anything you wish to put into it; there is three small windows in it, and when cleaned in the Spring, makes an excellent milk house or dairy; there is a frame wood shed at the door, 60 by 24, with 18 feet taken off the one end for a coachhouse, and overhead for a storehouse; next to that is a stable 36 by 26, finished inside, complete with four large double stalls and two single ones, and good room for hanging up harness, and oat box; convenient to that is a barn 40 by 60, in which I have often put 1,000 bushels of grain in one year; connected with that is 200 and 20 feet of frame sheds, all 26 and 24 deep, under pinned with stone and lime from two to seven feet, according to level; on the north side of the house is another barn, 30 by 40, commonly filled with peas and oats. And if either tennant or purchaser has a desire for religious purposes, you can lie in your bed and look at the bell tolling on the Catholic Church every Holy Day, and go to the front door and you will see the Presbyterian Church, where the Rev. Mr. Loche d has preached for the last twenty-two years, and go to the back door and you will see both English Church and Methodist Church within two miles. The above farm would be a desirable situation for a young man wishing to give his attention to farming, as the Ottawa Market cannot be surpassed in the Dominion. I think that I can say that I have not sold one pound of butter under one shilling this eight years: if one went under two went over. Some reader may ask what am I selling for, it is neither for scant nor for want of anything, but I am in the seventieth year of my age, and has purchased off this lot seven hundred and fifty acres of land and all is paid for, and all my sons is settled on their own farms, so I would rather sit down and take my ease as be attending to marketing and farming any longer. Persons wishing to get any information on any point from me, can do so by addressing, postpaid, JAMES JOHNSTON, Senr., South Gloucester.

JAMES JOHNSTON, SENR.

February 6, 1868. 769-6tMb17

A. MORTIMER,

BOOKBINDER

AND

Blank Book Manufacturer,

28, METCALFE-ST., OTTAWA.

HAVING every facility in the way of first-class Machinery, and employing none but first-class workmen, I am prepared to turn out every description of Binding, in as good a style of workmanship as any other establishment in Canada.

A. MORTIMER,

Metcalfe-street.

Ottawa, Feb. 6. 384y

THE NEW DOMINION!

17. SUSSEX-STREET. 17.

Established with the Nation, 1st July, 1867.

Tried by the People,
Nobly sustained,
Long may it flourish!

Come one! Come all!
Farmers and Lumbermen,
Merchants and Citizens.

COME TO THE NEW DOMINION!

And you will find a large and varied assortment of

STAPLE and FANCY DRY GOODS!

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,
AS CHEAP AS THE CHEAPEST,
AS GOOD AS THE BEST.

A New Tailoring Establishment!

Has just been opened on the premises, with FIRST-CLASS WORKMEN, under the management of a FIRST-CLASS FASHIONABLE CUTTER

Suits made to order, and
Warranted to suit,
At every price,

Of every style,
For every season,
And at the shortest notice.

Do you want Hats or Caps, Furs or Blankets, Boots or Shoes, Moccasins or Mittens? Visit the New Dominion. It will prove to your advantage. From top to toe a perfect outfit guaranteed, by

JAMES HIGGINSON, Proprietor.

Ottawa, February 6, 1868. 659f

WAR! WAR! WAR!

KEARNS & RYAN,

WELL KNOWN

Merchants of this City,

WHO KEEP THE PEOPLE'S

CHEAP CASH STORE!

Have declared War against all other merchants of the Capital of Canada, for imposing dear goods on the people. They will make a

Reduction of 20 per cent off Hats and Bonnets

—AND—

10 per cent off all other Cash Purchases

OVER ONE DOLLAR.

During the month of February. Rush to their establishment and judge for yourselves. No deception.

Corner of York and Sussex-sts.

Ottawa, February 3, 1868. 656d

DRY GOODS AT DISCOUNT!

$30,000

Worth of Seasonable Dry Goods

OFFERED AT

10 Cents Discount on all Cash Purchases of $1

AND UPWARDS AT

J. A. PINARD'S.

Most of the COTTON GOODS in Stock

Have been bought within the last two months, and will offered a

REDUCTION OF 40 PER CENT.

Compared with any Cotton Goods of Fall Importation in this city.

Dress Goods, Woollen Goods &c

HAVE BEEN REDUCED IN PRICES SINCE 1st JANUARY.

This further inducement of Discount is offered in order to reduce Stock to the lowest point before Stock Taking.

N. B.—Sale to Commence on MONDAY, THIRD of FEBRUARY, for a short time only. Goods marked in plain figures. Only One Price.

No. 17, SUSSEX-ST., CORNER of GEORGE-ST.,

SIGN OF THE GOLDEN BALL.

Ottawa, Feb. 1, 1868. 655b6w1

NOTICE.

COUNTY OF CARLETON,

To Wit:

PUBLIC NOTICE

Is hereby given that the Courts of

General Quarter Sessions

OF THE PEACE, AND

County Court

In and for the said County of Carleton, will be holden at the

COURT HOUSE

In the City of Ottawa, on

Tuesday, the Tenth day of March, 1868,

At the hour of TEN of the clock, A.M.,

Of which all Coroners, Bailiffs, Constables, and all others concerned are required to take notice and govern themselves accordingly.

WM. F. POWELL,
Sheriff.

By JAS. BAILIFF,
Deputy Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Ottawa,
February 5th, A. D. 1868. 664

CAUTION.

THE Subscriber regrets the necessity for cautioning the public against imitations of his popular Pomades,

The Alexandra Cream,

AND

The Canada Pomade

But having been informed that some unprincipled person has put up inferior articles, copying the labels word for word, and thereby greatly damaging the sale of the genuine articles, he is compelled to take this course in self-defence.

For the future every genuine pot will bear my written signature in RED INK, across the face of the label.

W. M. MASSEY,
Family and Dispensing Chemist,
Medical Hall, 28, Sparks-st.

Ottawa, Feb. 6, 1868. 477y

BUY YOUR TEA

DIRECT FROM

THE IMPORTERS

TEA! TEA! TEA!

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY, 6 Hospital Street, Montreal, having just imported a large quantity of Green and Black Teas, beg to call the attention of the Trade, Hotel Proprietors, and large establishments generally to their list of prices. Buyers of Chests and Boxes of Tea will save money by getting it direct through the Importers.

All orders for 25 lb. boxes and upwards, carriage free to any Railway Station in Canada. Parties wanting smaller quantities should club together. Buyers living beyond Railway Stations, will please send post office order, or enclose notes. The carriage will be paid to the nearest station, where there are express offices. Tea will be forwarded immediately on receipt of the order by mail containing money, or the money can be collected on delivery by express man. Cash collected in Montreal free of charge, and Tea forwarded for the same. Original packages Black Tea weigh, chests about 50 lbs. Chests do. 90 to 100 lbs. Green Tea from 60 to 80 lbs. Teas not mentioned in advertisement can be had equally cheap. The Company are determined to take a stand in the Montreal market, every article may therefore be depended on as to quality and weight.

BLACK TEA.

Common Congou, Broken Leaf, Strong Tea	$00 45
Fine Flavoured New Season do.	00 55
Excellent Full Flavoured do.	00 75
Sound Oolong	00 45
Rich Flavoured do.	00 60
Very Fine do.	00 75
Japan	00 58
Very Fine do.	00 75
An excellent mixed Tea, Black and Green	00 60

GREEN TEA.

Twankay, Common	$00 38
Fine do.	00 55
Young Hyson	00 60
Fine do.	00 75
Superfine and Very Choice	1 00
Fine Gunpowder	00 85
Extra Superfine do.	1 00

Reductions made to buyers of Five Chests and upwards.

Address

MONTREAL TEA CO.,
6, Hospital-st., Montreal.

Agent for Ottawa and neighborhood,

MR. JOS. MOONEY.

All Boxes and Chests sent from this Establishment have the address of the *MONTREAL TEA COMPANY* printed on them.

August 27, 1867. 52234-wy

THE PRESS.

A THOROUGHLY Experienced Verbatim SHORT-HAND REPORTER disengaged. Advertiser has had several years' experience on first class English journals, as sub-editor, &c. Address "JOURNALIST," Post Office, Quebec.

February 1, 1868. 655a

YOUNG & RADFORD'S COLUMN.

Watches,
Watches,
Watches

AT

YOUNG

AND

RADFORD'S

30 Sparks-street.

Clocks,
Clocks,
Clocks,

AT

YOUNG AND RADFORD'S

Jewellery,
Jewellery,
Jewellery,

AT

YOUNG AND RADFORD'S.

Electro-Plated Ware
Electro-Plated Ware,
Electro-Plated Ware,

AT

YOUNG AND RADFORD'S.

Fancy Goods,
Fancy Goods,
Fancy Goods,

AT

YOUNG AND RADFORD'S,

Manufacturing Jewellers,

30 SPARKS-STREET

Old Gold and Silver

Bought, and highest cash price paid,

AT

YOUNG

AND

RADFORD'S

BROWNE & HARDY'S COLUMN.

1867 AND 1868.

INDIA WAREHOUSE!

16 Rideau Street, Ottawa.

THE SUBSCRIBERS beg to inform their Customers that their Stock is now complete, and embraces every delicacy of the Season among which will be found a choice assortment of

TEAS,

Breakfast SOUCHONG, } Black Extra Fine.
do CONGOU, }
Superior HYSON,
GUNPOWDER,
IMPERIAL,
TWANKAY,
Orange PEKOE, } These Teas have been
Flowery } carefully selected for
Japan } family trade by

BROWNE & HARDY.

SUGARS,
LOAF,
BROKEN LOAF,
CRUSHED,
GROUND,
YELLOW,
and MUSCOVADO.

COFFEE,
MOCHA,
JAVA,
JAMAICA, and
CEYLON,

Roasted and Ground daily on the premises.

CHOCOLATE and COCOA,
FRENCH, flavored with Vanilla
TAYLOR'S,
FRYE'S,
MOTT'S

FRUITS, &c.
LAYER RAISINS,
in Whole, Half and Quarter Boxes
MUSCATEL, do do
SULTANA,
VALENTIA,
CURRANTS,
GRAPES,
ORANGES
LEMONS,
PRUNES,
ALMONDS,
WALNUTS,
FILBERTS, and
BRAZIL NUTS.

BUTTER,
CHOICE DAIRY, in Tubs and Crocks, received Weekly.

CHEESE,
English, American and Canadian.

SPICES,
NUTMEGS,
MACE,
CINNAMON,
CLOVES,
GINGER,
MIXED SPICES,
All Ground on the Premises

BROWNE & HARDY.

Ottawa, December 19. 465t

THE MONTREAL WAREHOUSE,

SUSSEX, OPPOSITE YORK-STREET,

IN MR. INGLIS' NEW BLOCK.

WILL BE OPENED OUT IN A FEW DAYS WITH A STOCK OF

Choice Wines, Groceries and Provisions, &c., &c.

J. MARTIN & CO.

OTTAWA, February 4, 1868. 657y

Great Discount Sale of Dry Goods.

Ten Cents off every Dollar.

Sixpence off every Five Shillings.

Two Shillings off every Pound

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY,

NO. 14, RIDEAU-STREET.

Respectfully announce that in order to clear out the balance of their

Fall and Winter Stock

They will for one month from this date

Give a Discount of Ten Per Cent.

On all Cash purchases of Two Dollars and Over.

Ottawa, January 14, 1868. 639-1m

REMOVAL

OF THE

London Music Store!

E. MILES

DESIRES to inform the public that he has removed to the FRONT PART of

HER MAJESTY'S THEATRE,

WELLINGTON-STREET,

Where he has a larger premises, and a better means of displaying his new and fine stock of

PIANOS,

VICTORIA ORGANS AND MELODEONS.

His Show Room, up-stairs, is large and beautifully lit up, having an area of 60 feet long by 25 feet wide. The Sample Room is on the first flat, where some of each kind of Musical Instruments will be kept. Two cases of choice

VIOLINS

Have just been received, and will be offered for sale, besides a large assortment of

CONCERTINAS,
ACCORDEONS,
TAMBOURINES,
GUITARS,
FLUTES,
DRUMS,
&c., &c.

Direct from Germany.

Second hand Pianos taken in part payment for new ones.

Connected with this establishment is a Piano Manufacturer, who will attend punctually to all orders for TUNING left at the London Music Store.

E. MILES,
Lessee of Her Majesty's Theatre.

Ottawa, Feb. 1, 1868. 551-39y

SUN BURNER.

NO MORE Breaking of Chimneys; no More Burning of Fingers: No More Waste of Oil; No Trouble to Clean; No Trouble to Light. No Anxiety About Explosions. It is a Cheap Labor Saving and Durable Article. Buy one and you will never repent doing so. Anyone dissatisfied can have their money returned.

LAMPS AND FITTINGS

ALWAYS ON HAND.

STOVES, TINWARE, &c.

Competent workmen for jobbing on the premises.

ESMONDE BROS.,
43 SPARKS-ST.,
Next Hoop Skirt Factory.

Ottawa, January 21. 311y

HARDWARE!

HARDWARE!

Great Reduction

IN THE

PRICE OF HARDWARE

AT THE

SIGN of the ANVIL

No. 24, Rideau-street.

THE Undersigned would take this opportunity to express his thanks to his Customers in Ottawa and vicinity for their very liberal patronage in the past, and to solicit a continuance of their favors in the future, and to assure them that no effort on his part shall be wanting to supply them with the Best and Cheapest English and American Hardware. I do not pretend to sell at cost, but do propose to sell as cheap as any other establishment in Ontario. My stock shall comprise every article in the line of Hardware, and with the one price system I hope to merit and receive a continuance of the very liberal patronage given me in the past.

T. BIRKETT,
Sign of the Anvil, 24 Rideau-st.

Ottawa, Feb. 3. 408y

Scale Manufacturer.

E. DORION begs to inform the public that he has opened a SCALE MANUFACTORY in Clarence-street, second door from Sussex-street, in E. D'Amour's Blacksmith Shop, and where he is now prepared to repair all sorts of Scales in use.

Ottawa, Jany. 11. 637y

W. NOTMAN,

Photographer to the Queen

CORNER OF

WELLINGTON AND METCALFE STREETS.

WOULD intimate that having all his arrangements completed, his

Establishment will be Opened

—ON—

Monday Next, 3rd February

When he will be prepared to fulfil orders for all the different branches of Photography.

Ottawa, Jan. 31, 1868. 582y

Situation Wanted.

A YOUNG MAN who has a fair knowledge of business, and can procure satisfactory city references, wants a situation as clerk in a Dry Goods Store. Address, T. W. R., Times Office, Ottawa.

February 4, 1868. 657a

FOR SALE.

IN the TOWNSHIP of LITCHFIELD, Lot No. 6, 1st Range, TWO HUNDRED ACRES. South East part No. 6, 1st Range, 100 Acres.

Apply to

L. CUSHING.

Chatham, January 31, 1868. 6wtf

DOMINION HOUSE!

WELLINGTON-STREET,

COLIN McLaurin & Geo. Irvine, Proprietors. This hotel has been lately fitted up, and is now replete with every convenience which characterizes a modern hotel.

Boarders taken at moderate rates. The bar is always stocked with first-class liquors.

Ottawa, Feb. 5. 658-6wy

BARGAINS

IN

DRESS GOODS!

IN ORDER to make a Clearance of the remainder of our Winter Stock of CO-BURGS, WINCIES, MERINOS, REPPS, SERGES, FANCY POPLINETTES, &c., we have RE-MARKED the whole lot at such prices as will show a Reduction of from 12½ to 20 per cent under former prices.

REMNANTS, REMNANTS, REMNANTS!

We have also brought forward our accumulation of Remnants of every kind, and marked them at Very Low Prices.

Magee & Russell.

Ottawa, Jan. 10, 1868. 80y

Ottawa CROCKERY Store!

PRESENTATION ORNAMENTS.

WILLIAM ALLAN

RESPECTFULLY announces the arrival of a Choice Selection of China and Bohemian Glass Flower Vases and Ornaments suitable for Xmas and New Year's Gifts. Also, the most complete Stock of China, Glass, Earthenware, and Parian Marble ever brought into Ottawa, consisting of

DINNER SETTS, DESSERT SETTS,
BREAKFAST SETTS, TOILET SETTS.

Cut and Engraved, Cut and Pressed TABLE GLASS, and an assortment of Common Ware to wholesale purchasers.

A large and most varied Stock to select from.

W. ALLAN,
51 RIDEAU STREET, (opposite Mr. D. Whalen's.)

Ottawa, December 19, 1867. 574y

FIRST CLASS

Tailoring Establishment.

BEING desirous to dispose of the balance of my WINTER STOCK, in order to make room for

Spring Importations.

For two months I shall offer such inducements to intending purchasers as will enable me to make a ready sale, and my customers a good investment.

Please Call and Examine.

G. M. HOLBROOK,

Pro. Tor Depot, Elgin-street,

381y Opposite the Post Office.

GREAT CLEARING SALE.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.

Importers, 20 Sparks Street.

With a view to clear out the stock and make room for extensive

Spring Importations!

Are offering the following goods at prices that must ensure speedy sale.

Blankets, Flannels,
Cloths, Tweeds,
Cottons, Prints,
Wincies, Dress Goods,
Skirtings, Linen Table Damasks,
Jackets, Shawls,

AND MILLINERY.

Inspection Invited.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.

Ottawa, January 20, 1868. 484y

SHEFFIELD HOUSE!

E. K. MacGILLIVRAY & Co.,

MANUFACTURING JEWELLERS

—AND—

WATCHMAKERS.

OTTAWA, January 21, 1868.

Skates! Skates!

At ISAAC'S.

ALSO,

SLEIGHS, SLEIGHS

ALL PRESENTS BY SANTA CLAUS,

At ISAAC'S.

Skates from 20 Cents to $6.00

At ISAAC'S,

Sparks-street.

ALSO,

Hardware of all Description

At Lowest Cash Prices,

At ISAAC'S.

Remember the place,

T. ISAAC'S.

December 17, 1867. 617tf

TEACHER WANTED.

APPLICATIONS for the office of

ASSISTANT TEACHER

TO THE

UPPER TOWN MALE SCHOOL,

Will be received by the Chairman of the Board of Trustees of Separate Schools, up to

THURSDAY NEXT, 6th INSTANT.

Ottawa, Feb. 4, 1868. 657a

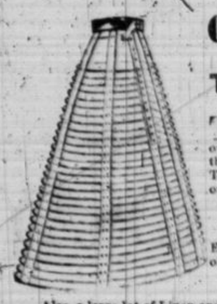
FOUND!

ON the Evening of February 3rd, on Sparks st, a purse of money. The owner can have the same by proving property and paying for this advertisement.

Apply to

MRS. TROTTER,
Toronto House.

Ottawa, Feb. 4, 1868. 657tf



City Hoop Skirt Factory.

The Double Extension Skirt.

THIS new and convenient Skirt I am now making in all widths of tape. The great advantage this Skirt has over all others—ladies can alter it themselves to any width they wish, from 1½ yards to 3 yards, without the least trouble. They only can be had at the Factory. Every other style of Skirt on hand or made to order. Just received another lot of

FRENCH CORSETS,

Every size, from 17 inches to 36 inches. Also, a few of those old fashioned Corsets, (lacing at the back.)

Lambs' Wool Hose, Breakfast Shawls.

Also, a large lot of Linen and Lawn Pocket Handkerchiefs, cheap.

DAVID MILLAR,
43 Sparks st., Centre Town, next to Esmonde's Stove Depot.
456y

New Premises and Cheap Goods.

GRANT & HENDERSON

Having recently moved into their new premises, **No. 20, Rideau-street,** one of the firm visited lately the Montreal Markets, and secured a very large stock of entirely

NEW GOODS,

At most EXTRAORDINARY REDUCTIONS in price, which cannot in a legitimate manner be undersold in this city.

RIDEAU-STREET, December 24, 1867. 623d

WHEELER & WILSON'S SEWING MACHINES.

THE BEST HOLIDAY PRESENT.

From $47 and upwards.

FIVE per cent. off for cash in bills until after the holidays. One handsome Mahogany full case $8 discount.

Gold medal, Paris, 1867.

The Howe Sewing Machines from $50 Up.

Grout & Co.'s Twisted Elastic Stitch only $15.

Call and see this little beauty. Prospectuses and Samples sent Free by Mail.

December 19, 1867. 479-43y G. A. WALTON, Agent, 37 Sparks Street, Ottawa.

Dry Goods at Reduced Prices.

Cunningham and Lindsay

— ARE NOW SELLING —

Canadian Grey Cloth at 3s. 3d. per yard,
Canadian Tweeds at 4s. per yard,
Canadian Cotton Yarn at 7s. 6d. a Bundle,
Canadian Bags at 1. 9d

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY

Invite particular Attention to their

BLANKETS, FLANNELS AND MANTLE CLOTHS.

Ottawa, November 18, 1867. 510y

CAUTION.

THE perfection and cheapness of the American (Waltham) Watch have given it such a wide-world celebrity that unscrupulous dealers years ago imitated its style and pirated its trade marks. Irresponsible dealers are occasionally found who dishonestly trade upon the popularity of the American watch by selling a base imitation under the name of the genuine article.

It is hardly necessary to state that such watches are worthless as time keepers, and when bought for the genuine are calculated to injure the high reputation which our watches have attained. The several grades of the American watch (except the lowest grade marked Home Watch Co.) are guaranteed by special certificate bearing the number of the watch and the signature of the Treasurer of the Company, N. E. Robbins. The purchaser should in all cases require one of these certificates, which is furnished to all dealers in the genuine watches.

The following are the trade marks on the several grades of our manufacture:

AMERICAN WATCH CO. — APPLETON, TRACY & CO.
WALTHAM WATCH CO. — P. S. BARTLETT.
WM. ELLERY. — HOME WATCH CO.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD CO.
Office of the General Superintendent
Altoona, Pa., 15th Dec., 1866.

Gentlemen—The watches Manufactured by you have been in use on this Railroad for several year by our engine men, to whom we furnish watches as part of our equipment. There are some THREE HUNDRED OF THEM CARRIED ON OUR LINE, and we consider them GOOD and RELIABLE TIME KEEPERS. Indeed I have great satisfaction in saying YOUR WATCHES GIVE US LESS TROUBLE and have worn and do wear much longer without repairs than any watches we have ever had in use on this road. As you are aware we former'y trusted to those of English manufacture, of acknowledged good reputation, but as a class they never keep time as correctly, nor have they done as good service as yours.

In these statements I am sustained by my predecessor, Mr. Lewis, whose experience extended over a series of years.

Respectfully,
EDWARD H. WILLIAMS,
General Superintendent.

American Watch Co., Waltham.

NEW YORK CENTRAL RAILROAD.
Locomotive Dep't Western Division,
Rochester, Dec. 28th, 1866.

Gentlemen—I have no hesitation in saying that I believe the great majority of locomotive engineers have found by experience that WALTHAM WATCHES ARE THE MOST SATISFACTORY of any for their uses. They RUN WITH THE GREATEST ACCURACY AND STEADINESS, notwithstanding the rough riding of an engine; and as I have NEVER KNOWN ONE TO WEAR OUT, they must be durable. I hope to see the time when railway companies will generally adopt your watches, and furnish them all to engineers and conductors. In my opinion it would greatly tend to promote regularity and safety.

Yours respectfully,
CHARLES WILSON,
G. Chief Engineer,
Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers.

American Watch Co., Waltham.

For sale by all first-class dealers in the United States and British Provinces.

ROBBINS & APPLETON
No. 182 Broadway, N. Y.
ROBERT WILKES,
Toronto and Montreal,
GENERAL AGENTS.
565-48-3m.

November, 14, 1867.

DALLEY'S
Arabian Heave Remedy
AND CONDITION MEDICINE

IS POSITIVELY SUPERIOR TO ANY of all other preparations for the cure of *Heaves, Coughs, Thick and Broken Wind*, and all diseases which affect the *Wind of Livers*; also, as a *Condition Medicine*, surpassing everything of the kind in easy to give, sure to cure, and safe in all cases and at all times, and does not prevent the horse from being worked while using it.

It cleanses the breathing apparatus, by removing from the air-cells the coagulable lymph, or that secretion which in heaves clogs them, causing a difficulty in breathing, and by its action on the diseased part, causing the mucous membrane to resume its natural dimensions, thus equalizing the circulation of the blood, and restoring the distended vessels to their natural size; by its use the horse' appetite is improved, all derangements of the digestive organs corrected, softening the skin, and giving to the coat a sleek and shining appearance.

D. W. HUGG, Successor to Hugg & Co., Maiden Lane, New York, Sole Proprietor for the United States.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C.W.,
Proprietors for the Canadas.
PRICE TWENTY-FIVE CENTS.

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, Henry F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J. Brown, in Ottawa.

Ottawa, Nov. 1, 1867. 477dwfm

NEW STORE!

THE Store formerly occupied by W. D. WOOD, No. 38, on RIDEAU STREET, has been refitted by the subscribers, and will be opened on MONDAY, FOURTEENTH OCTOBER, with an entire new stock of

GROCERIES, LIQUORS and HARDWARE.

WOOD'S ROSSITER.

Ottawa, October 12, 1867. 561-tf.

Piano-Forte Tuition!

W. C. CLARK,

PROFESSOR OF MUSIC and Teacher of Piano, Voice and Harmony. Also, Mrs. Clark, Teacher of Drawing and Painting. Music Rooms and Residence, 69 Sparks-street, one door east of Toronto House.

Orders may be left at residence or at Orme & Lyon's Music Store. 442y

RAILROADS.

Grand Trunk Railway Company

OF CANADA.

WINTER ARRANGEMENTS, 1867.

TRAINS now leave Bonaventure Station as follows:

GOING WEST.—Day Express for Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago and all points West, at 8.30 A.M.

Night do do at 7.30 P.M.

Accommodation Train for Kingston and intermediate stations at 7.00 A.M.

Local Train for Cornwall and intermediate Stations, at 4.20 P.M.

Trains for Lachine at 8.00 A.M., 9.30 A.M., 3.00 and 4.30 P.M.

The 3.00 P.M. Train runs through to Plattsburgh.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.—Accommodation Train from Island Pond and intermediate Stations at 7.00 A.M.

Express for New York and Boston, at 8.40 A.M.

Express for Boston and New York, at 3.30 P.M.

Express for Portland (staying over night at Island Pond) at 2.00 P.M.

Night Express for Portland, Three Rivers, Quebec and Riviere du Loup, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbrooke, Waterville and Coaticooke only, at 10.10 P.M.

Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.

For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station.

J. BRYDGES, Managing Director.

December 23, 1867. 650tf

CHANGE of TIME

St. Lawrence & Ottawa Railway,

(formerly the Ottawa & Prescott Railway.)

ON and after MONDAY, the 30th December, 1867, and until further notice, trains will run as follows:

LEAVE PRESCOTT.	ARRIVE IN OTTAWA.
Mixed, 7.30 a. m.	11.00 a. m.
Express, 2.10 p. m.	4.45 p. m.
LEAVE OTTAWA.	**ARRIVE IN PRESCOTT.**
Express, 8 a. m.	10.30 a. m.
Mixed, 1.30 p. m.	4.45 p. m.

The time of these Trains has been so arranged as to ensure connection with night and day trains on Grand Trunk, east and west.

N. B.—These Trains run on Montreal Time.

Baggage to and from Ottawa checked through from and to stations on Grand Trunk Railway.

Return tickets to Prescott, Kemptville and Ottawa at reduced rates can be had at the principal stations on the line.

F. S. DETLOR, Superintendent. THOMAS REYNOLDS, Managing Director.

Ottawa, Dec. 28, 1867. 1y

Brockville and Ottawa Railway.

WINTER ARRANGEMENT
Commencing on Monday, December 9, 1867.

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

3:45 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 3.45 p.m., and arrive at Sandpoint at 9.25 p m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT.

6:45 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint daily at 6:45 a.m., and arrive at Brockville at 1:00 p. m.

LEAVES PERTH.

5:00 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Perth at 5:00 p.m., and 9:40 a.m., and arrive at Smith's Falls at 5:50 p.m. and 10.30 a.m.

LEAVES SMITH'S FALLS.

10:50 A.M.—TRAINS will leave Smith's Falls at 10:50 a.m., and 6:5 p.m., and arrive at Perth at 11:40 a.m. and 6:55 p m

All trains on main line connect at Smith's Falls with Trains to and from Perth.

No. 1 leaves Brockville after G. T. R. Express Train is due from the East.

No. 2 is due at Brockville in time to connect with G. T. R. Express Trains for the East and West.

H. ABBOTT,
Manager for Trustee.

Brockville, Dec. 16. 472y

Royal Canadian Bank

OTTAWA AGENCY:

Office—Desbarats' Building, 77 Sparks St

M. P. HAYES, AGENT.

Ottawa, June 21. 157tf

DALGLISH & RUSSELL

ARE NOW IN RECEIPT OF THEIR new and varied assortment of

Grocery Goods

Consisting of Teas, Gunpowder, Old Hyson, Young Hyson, Hyson Twankay, Black, Extra Fine English Breakfast Souchong, Congou ditto, Oolong, Orange Pekoe, Finest Japan.

Coffees.—Java, Jamaica, La Guayra, Mocha Roasted and Ground on the premises.

Sugars.—English, refined in loaves, Broken Loaf, Crushed White, Yellow Refined.

Chocolate and Cocoa Spices, Mustards, Essences, Syrups, Pickles, Sauces, Vinegars, and Bottled Fruits, in Syrup, Preserves, Potted Meats, Fruits &c. Also, Provisions, Sugar Cured Hams, Spice Rolled Hams, Bacon, Butter, Cheese, Crackers, Biscuits, Flour, Oatmeal, Barley, Peas, Rice, Labrador Herrings, Table Codfish, Digby Herrings, &c., &c.

Our stock is extensive and complete, and every article warranted to give satisfaction. All orders sent or left will be promptly attended to.

All Goods delivered on the shortest notice

Dalglish & Russell,
Wellington & Kent-sts.

among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

de, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat. Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

THE CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER has now been before the public for a length of time, and wherever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and, therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Orders are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying as to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it. Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C. W.,
General Agents for C. W.

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, H. F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J. Brown, in Ottawa.

Ottawa Nov. 1, 1867 7ydw

GREAT DISCOVERY.

EVERY MAN HIS OWN ARTIST!

A SCIENTIFIC WONDER.

AN instrument by which any person can take correct Likenesses or Photographs. This instrument with full instructions sent by mail for one dollar. Address,

C. B. AMES & CO.,
Broadway, New York.
641 w

Bottled Ale, Bottled Ale, Bottled Ale.

THE Subscriber would call the attention of Families and others to his

Fine Bottled Ale!

Which is in splendid condition. Also,

Scotch, Irish, Old Rye

And other Malt Whiskies,

Ports, Sherries, Brandies, Gin, &c.,

Together with a General Assortment of

FIRST-CLASS GROCERIES.

A Call kindly Solicited.

D. WHELAN,
41, Rideau-street,
Opposite Allan's Crockery-Store

Ottawa, Jan. 20, 1868.

FOR SALE.

850 PAIRS of Grey Twilled BLANKETS, in bales of 50 pairs

—ALSO,—

Canadian White Twilled and Whitney Blankets. English Grey Blankets, weighing from 8 to 10 pounds each.

E. McGILLIVRAY.

Ottawa, December 23, 1867. 618m

NOTICE.

APPLICATION will be made during the present Session of the Parliament of Canada for an act to incorporate The European and American Life Insurance Company.

January 22, 1868. 647tf

THE CAPITAL

Boot and Shoe Store!

South Side of York-street, Lower Ottawa.

A LARGE SUPPLY of HAND-MADE KIPP BOOTS and SHOES of the VERY BEST QUALITY on hand.

Lumbermen who are anxious to furnish workmen with GOOD FEET WARE, will be enabled to do so by calling at the CAPITAL for their supplies.

I am selling off the balance of the Winter Stock of READYMADE WORK at REDUCED PRICES, which consists of Ladies' Misses' and Children's BALMORALS, CONGRESS GAITERS, RUBBERS and OVERSHOES, and Men's and Boys' Boots in CALF SKIN, KIPP and COW HIDE.

Orders and Measures taken for all sorts of Work.

GEORGE MURPHY.

Ottawa Jan. 31, 1868. 429-y

AYER'S Sarsaparilla

FOR PURIFYING THE BLOOD.

And for the speedy cure of the following complaints

Scrofula and Scrofulous Affections, such as Tumors, Ulcers, Sores, Eruptions, Pimples, Pustules, Blotches, Boils, Blains, and all Skin Diseases.

OAKLAND, Iowa, 6th June, 1866.

J. C. Ayer & Co., Gents: I feel it my duty to acknowledge what your Sarsaparilla has done for me. Having inherited a scrofulous infection, I have suffered from it in various ways for years. Sometimes it breaks out in ulcers on my hands and arms; sometimes it turns inward and distresses me at the stomach. Two years ago it broke out on my head and covered my scalp sufficiently with one sore, which was painful and loathsome beyond description. I tried many medicines and several physicians, but without much relief from any thing. In fact, the disorder grew worse. At length I was advised to read in the Gospel Messenger that you had prepared an alterative (Sarsaparilla), for I knew from your reputation that any thing you made must be good. I sent to Cincinnati and got it, and used it till it cured me. I took it, as you advise, a small dose at a teaspoonful over a month, and used about three bottles. New and healthy skin soon began to form under the scab, which after a while fell off. My skin is now clear, and I know by my feelings that the disease has gone from my system. You can well believe this, I feel what I am saying when I tell you, that I feel you to be one of the apostles of the age, and remain ever gratefully. Yours,

ALFRED B. TALLEY.

St. Anthony's Fire, Rose or Erysipelas, Tetter and Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Ringworm, Sore Eyes, Dropsy.

Dr. Fahyer M. Preble writes from Salem, N. Y., 12th Sept., 1866, that he has cured an inveterate case of *Dropsy*, which threatened to terminate fatally, by the persevering use of our Sarsaparilla, and also a dangerous *Widespread Erysipelas* by large doses of the same; says it cures the common *Eruptions* by it constantly.

Leucorrhoea or Whites, Ovarian Tumors, Uterine Ulceration, Female Diseases.

Dr. J. B. S. Channing, of New York City, writes: "I have cheerfully complied with the request of your agent to try your Sarsaparilla upon my patients. I have found your Sarsaparilla a most excellent alterative in the numerous complaints for which we employ such a remedy, but especially in *Female Diseases* and the Scrofulous diathesis. I have cured many inveterate cases of Leucorrhoea by it, and some where the complaint was caused by ulceration of the uterus. The ulceration itself was soon cured. Nothing within my knowledge equals it for these female derangements."

Edward S. Marrow, of Newbury, Ala., writes: "A dangerous cancerous tumor on one of the females in my family, which had defied all the remedies we could employ, has yielding been completely cured by your Extract of Sarsaparilla." Our physician thought nothing but extirpation could afford relief, but he advised the trial of your Sarsaparilla as the last resort before cutting, and it proved effectual. After taking your remedy eight weeks the symptom of the disease remains."

Syphilis and Mercurial Disease.

NEW ORLEANS, 25th August, 1853.

Dr. J. C. Ayer: Sir, I cheerfully comply with the request of your agent, and resort to you some of the effects I have realized with your Sarsaparilla.

I have cured with it, in my practice, most of the complaints for which it is recommended, and have found its effects truly wonderful in the cure of *Venereal and Mercurial Diseases*. One of my patients had Syphilitic ulcers in his throat, which were consuming his palate and the top of his mouth. Your Sarsaparilla steadily taken, cured him in five weeks. Another was attacked by secondary symptoms in his nose, and the ulceration had eaten away a considerable part of it, so that I believe the disorder would soon reach his brain and kill him. But it yielded to my administration of your Sarsaparilla; the sores healed, and he is well again, not of course without some disfigurement to his face. A woman who had been salivated for the same disorder by mercury was suffering from the poison in her bones. They had become so sensitive to the weather that on a damp day she suffered excruciating pain in her joints and bones. She, too, was cured entirely by your Sarsaparilla in a few weeks. I now from its formula, which your agent gave me, that this Preparation from your laboratory must be a great remedy; consequently have truly remarkable results with it have not surprised me.

Fraternally yours, C. V. LARIMER, M. D.

Rheumatism, Gout, Liver Complaint.

INDEPENDENCE, Preston Co., Va., 6th July, 1859.

Dr. J. C. Ayer: Sir, I have been afflicted with a painful chronic *Rheumatism* for a long time, which baffled the skill of physicians, and took from me the sight of all the remedies I could find, until I tried your Sarsaparilla. One bottle cured me in two weeks, and restored my general health so much that I am for better than before I was attacked. I think it a wonderful medicine. J. FRIEAM.

John Y. Getchell, of St. Louis, writes: "I have been afflicted for years with an *affection of the Liver*, which destroyed my health. I tried every thing, and every thing led to relieve me in vain. At last I was induced to try some years from no other cause than desperation of *Liver*. My beloved pastor, the Rev. Mr. Espy, advised me to try your Sarsaparilla, because he said he knew you, and any thing you made was worth trying. By the blessing of God it has cured me, and has so purified my blood as to make a new man of me. I feel young again. This is all that can be said of you is not half good enough."

Scirrhus, Cancer Tumors, Enlargement, Ulceration, Caries and Exfoliation of the Bones.

A great variety of cases have been reported to us where cures of these formidable complaints have resulted from the use of this remedy, but our space here will not admit of them. Some of them may be found in our American Almanac, which the agents below named are pleased to furnish gratis to all who call for them.

Dyspepsia, Heart Disease, Fits, Epilepsy, Melancholy, Neuralgia

Many remarkable cures of these affections have been made by the alterative power of this medicine. It stimulates the vital functions into vigorous action, and thus overcomes disorders which would be supposed beyond its reach. Such a remedy has long been required by the medical profession of the people, and we are confident that this will prove to them all that medicine can do.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,

FOR THE RAPID CURE OF

Coughs, Colds, Influenza, Hoarseness, Croup, Bronchitis, Incipient Consumption, and for the Relief of Consumptive Patients in advanced Stages of the Disease.

This is a remedy so universally known to surpass any other for the cure of throat and lung complaints, that it is useless here to publish the evidence of its virtues. Its unrivalled excellence for coughs and colds, and its truly wonderful cures of pulmonary disease, have made it known throughout the civilized nations of the earth. Few are the communities, or even families, among them who have not some personal experience of its effects—some living trophy to their belief of its victory over the subtile and dangerous disorders of the throat and lungs. We all know the dreadful fatality of these disorders, and we know, too, the effects of this remedy, we need not to more than to assure them that it has now all the virtues that it did have when making the cures which have won so strongly upon the confidence of mankind.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, H. F. MacCarthy, and John Skinner, in Ottawa.

Royal Italian Bitters!

—OF—

TONICO REALE

DEL DOTTORE F. P. VERRI,
Professore di Chemistry in the University o Padua
ITALY.

THIS celebrated preparation for which a certificate of merit was awarded to the distinguished original preparer at the National Exposition at Torino, Italy, by whose favor Mr. Gianelli obtained the recipe, and was also awarded a diploma at the Provincial Exhibition of Canada held at Montreal in September, 1865, is, without exception, the most genuine, salubrious and agreeable Tonic ever introduced to public notice either in Europe or America.

For seventeen years it has, in Italy, been a universal favorite among the *elite* of society, being generally served in the drawing room before dinner, in preference to Vermouth.

The ingredients of its composition have been imparted to the leading Physicians of Canada and the United States, and have received their unqualified approval on every account.

The proprietor refers with the greatest confidence and satisfaction to the subjoined testimonials from eminent medical men, which he could add to, were it desirable.

Kept by the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion of Canada and in the United States. Sold by the Proprietor.

Dear Sir—You request my opinion of the "Royal Italian Bitters," prepared from a receipt of Dr Verri, of Padua. I beg to state that I consider it a most agreeable cordial tonic, in every way superior in flavour and composition to the ordinary bitter tonics in general use. I have recommended it to several patients, who have derived marked benefit from its use.

I am, dear Sir, yours faithfully,
G. E. FENWICK, M.D.

A. M. F. Gianelli, Esq., Montreal.

PRIVATE BILLS.

ON the reassembling of the Parliament of Canada, in March, PETITIONS FOR PRIVATE BILLS will be received, in the House of Commons, until Thursday, the 2nd of April following.

W. B. LINDSAY,
Clerk, House of Commons.

Ottawa, Feb. 1, 1868. 658tMh12

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA.

Tuesday, 28th day of January, 1868.

PRESENT

EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS it has been represented to His Excellency in Council, that it is expedient that sub-section 4 of section 31 of the Act passed in the present Session, of Parliament intituled: "An Act respecting the Inland Revenue," should be so far modified as to provide for a drawback of one cent per pound being allowed upon all Malt used in the manufacture of Beer when brewed from Malt and sugar combined.

His Excellency in Council on the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Inland Revenue, and under and in virtue of the authority given and conferred by the 49th Section of the Act 30 & 31 Vic., Cap. 5, has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that a drawback of one cent per pound shall be, and the same is hereby authorized and allowed on all Malt used in the manufacture of Beer when brewed from malt and sugar combined.

WM. H. LEE,
Clerk Privy Council.

656-tt

NOTICE.

PERSONS desirous of seeing His Worship the Mayor on City business, will find him at the office of the City Clerk between the hours of ELEVEN and TWELVE o'clock, noon, daily.

WILLIAM P. LETT, City Clerk.

City Hall, Ottawa, February 4, 1868. 657a

THE UNION FORWARDING AND RAILWAY COMPANY.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE

Subscribers of Stock

OF THE

Union Forwarding and Railway Company,

WILL BE HELD AT

THEIR OFFICE,

IN THE CITY OF OTTAWA, ON

Wednesday, 12th day of Feby. next,

TWELVE o'clock, noon, for the

ELECTION OF DIRECTORS,

And the transaction of general business.

By order,

R. S. CASSELS,
President.

Ottawa, Jan. 22, 1868. 648a

Satchell Brothers,

Butchers to His Excellency Lord Monck.

No. 7, LOWER TOWN MARKET,

Superior Stall Fed

BEEF, MUTTON, LAMB AND VEAL,

SATCHELL'S

Celebrated Spiced Rounds & Rolled Beef,

Cured in the English Style.

Also, Sugar Cured Hams and Bacon of their own curing, constantly on hand.

Ottawa, December 21. 621-3m

PIANOFORTES!

Messrs. Orme & Son

BEG to intimate that they have on hand one of the FINEST COLLECTIONS of

Steinway, Chickering and Dunham PIANOFORTES

That have ever been offered for sale in Ottawa. These instruments were carfully selected by Mr. Nordheimer from the factories.

INSPECTION INVITED.

A splendid CHICKERING, only a few months in use, FOR SALE CHEAP, the proprietor having gone to England.

Old Pianofortes taken in exchange.

25, Sparks-street,
Sign of the Golden Lyre.

January 27. 449y

FRESH ARRIVALS

OF

Very Choice and Superior

TEAS

NOW ON SALE

AT THE

1,000 CHESTS UNCOLORED JAPAN.

500 Chests very choice and superior YOUNG HYSON.
700 Chests Good Strong TWANKAY
100 Chests old fashioned BREAKFAST SOUCHONG.
150 Caddies MANDERIN MIXTURE.

This is the finest BLACK TEA ever imported, 5s per pound; in small Caddies, about 14 lb each, 4s 9d.

COFFEE!

The Pure Mountain Berry

"Without exception the finest Coffee in the world."—*London Times, March 16.*

We are constantly receiving supplies of this truly beautiful and delicious COFFEE, *roasted daily* on *our premises by*

Dakins' Patent Silver Cylinder

By which peculiar process, the aroma is preserved, and renders it the FAVORITE WITH ALL COFFEE DRINKERS.

BEWARE OF SPURIOUS IMITATIONS.

As it is imported by no other firm in Canada

ROBINSON & CO.,
THE TEA POT,
OTTAWA

Wine, Spirits & Liquors

ROBINSON & CO. would especially call the attention of families to their stock of

ALES, WINES & SPIRITS

100 cases Otard Brandy.
50 " Martell's
150 " Hennessey.
75 " United Vinquels

We have a most delicious

DINNER SHERRY

Which we are selling at 8 shillings per gallon

GUINESS & CO.

DUBLIN STOUT!

BLOOD'S LONDON STOUT.
BARCLAY'S LONDON PORTER
ALLSOPS PALE ALE.
BASS' EAST INDIA.
DOW'S CELEBRATED MONTREAL ALE
DAW'S SUPERIOR LACHINE ALE
DAW'S CELEBRATED PORTER & STOUT

PRESERVED MEATS.

Just Received from England:

ROAST HARE.
CURRIED DO.
JUGGED DO.
STEWED DO.
ROAST PHEASANTS.
ROAST GROUSE.
OAST PARTRIDGE

ALL GOODS DELIVERED FREE by our own Waggons to any part of the City daily

ROBINSON & CO.
THE TEA POT,
OTTAWA.

Establishments—Sussex St. and Rideau St

Ottawa, September 19. 225tf

BAZAAR.

IT is intended to hold a Bazaar on the *SEVENTEENTH of MARCH NEXT*, 1868, and following days, in aid of the DEBT on

The Parsonage of Christ Church.

Contributions will be most thankfully received from the members of the Church, and other friends in Ottawa, by the following Ladies, who have kindly consented to act as a Committee of Management

MRS. OLEMOW,
" W. F. POWELL,
" COFFIN,
" ADAMSON,
" T. M. BLASDELL,
" LAUDER,
" DONALDSON,
" JOHN THOMPSON,
" N. SPARKS,
" MAGEE,
" STREET.
ANNIE POWELL, Secretary.

Ottawa, Dec. 23, 1867. 672td

Furniture! Furniture! Furniture!

AT THE

VARIETY HALL,

34, Sussex-st.

A MOST Complete Stock of Black Walnut and other Furniture, in Cane and Hair Seated Chairs, Tete-a-Tetes, Sofas, Extension Dining Tables, Centre Tables, Sideboards, Chiffoniers, Wardrobes, Bureaus, Bedsteads, Washstands and Toilet Tables. Also, Hair, Excelsior and Sea Grass Mattresses, of all sizes, Gilt Mirrors, Toilet and other Looking Glasses, Table Cutlery of all kinds, Brushes, Brooms, and Wooden Ware of various descriptions, Table and Floor Mats, Soiled Linen Baskets, a beautiful article, Rocking Horses, Children's Sleighs, and the best assorted stock of Crockery, China and Glassware in the Dominion. This stock being all purchased to the best advantage will consequently be sold cheap.

Crockery, China, Glassware, Stoves and Furniture rented to private or public parties at a reasonable rate.

JOSEPH BOYDEN,
429y General Agent.

NOTICE

IS HEREBY given that I shall not be responsible for any debts contracted in my name, unless under an order signed by me.

SOPHIA MARTINEAU.

Ottawa, Jan. 22, 1868. 646d

WANTED,

A LADY who is well qualified to teach the elementary English branches. Apply to MISS HARMON,

February 4. 657-3 Young Ladies' Institute.

1867-8. BOOKS, BOOKS! 1867-8

FOR THE

Holiday Season.

The Most Attractive Gifts.

J. DURIE & SON

HAVE now in stock a splendid variety of GIFT-BOOKS. A splendid lot of TOY BOOKS for the little ones.

The Poets,
The Standard Authors,
Fine Illustrated Gift Books,
Family Bibles, in rich calf and morocco bindings.

Dore's celebrated Illustrated Books, Christmas and New Year's Note Paper, Envelopes and cards. Bibles, Prayers and Services—the largest stock ever offered in the city, in the newest patterns and richest bindings. The Annuals for 1868, and everything suitable for the Gift season, for sale by

J. DURIE & SON,
10 Sparks-st.,
498y Opposite the Russell House

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Two Dwellings, to Let,

BEING the Upper part of E. MARTINEAU'S Clothing Store, Corner of Sussex and Clarence-streets.

Enquire at the Store.

EUG. MARTINEAU.

Ottawa, Jan. 22, 1868. 646tf

To Let.

A ROOM TO LET either with or without board. Enquire this office.

Ottawa, November 26. 594tf

Lots for Sale.

6 BUILDING LOTS, one mile from the city, on the Richmond Road, containing one acre each. Apply to THOMAS ANDERSON, Jr., on the premises. 564tf

FOR SALE.—THE WESTerly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession Ottawa, Front Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same Concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. T. Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to JOHN and WM. THOMSON, Nepean, and LEWIS & PINHEY, Barrister, Ottawa. Je2-141-tf

FOR SALE, THAT ELIgible property, beautifully situated on the Banks of the Ottawa, in the Township of Nepean, distant from the City of Ottawa about three miles on the macadamized road, together with the STONE DWELLING-HOUSE thereon erected, at present occupied by William Thomson, Esquire, and the garden and ornamented grounds adjoining the same, forming part of Lot No. 29, in the 1st concession, Ottawa front. A most desirable private residence and vacant Lots adjoining the same also for sale at reasonable prices.

For particulars and terms apply to John and William Thomson on the premises, or to

LEWIS & PINHEY,
Barristers, &c., Ottawa.

Ottawa, February 27, 1867 569y

VICTORIA HOTEL—TO LET.

NO more eligible chance could be offered to any party in the Hotel-keeping line than the lease of the above FIRST-CLASS HOTEL.

Being on the eve of Confederation, and Ottawa being definitely settled upon as its capital,

The Victoria Hotel

could not fail to be made to pay.

It is built on the most modern style of architecture, of cut stone; has large plate-glass windows, and is four stories high, exclusive of the basement. It is finely situated on the corner of Wellington and O'Connor-streets, immediately opposite the Parliament Buildings, and has three vacant lots attached, so that the Buildings could be enlarged to any required capacity.

Applications, (postpaid) to be addressed to

FRANCIS CLEMOW, ESQ.,
Or JOHN HENEY, Esq.,
Richmond Road, Ottawa, C. W

Ottawa, March 11. 379tf

COUNTRY RESIDENCE FORSALE.—Beautifully situated on the Macadamized Road between Ottawa City and Aylmer, about 30 minutes' drive from the city. A farm of excellent land, containing about 90 acres, with a large Stone House erected thereon.

The proprietor has no objection to sell a part of the farm, with or without the house. This would be a desirable country residence. Title unexceptionable.

Apply to

REV. J. JOHNSTON,
Hull Village.

August 1. 501-3m

FARMS FOR SALE.

100 ACRES.—The north half of Lot No. 11, in 4th Con. of the Township of Osgoode, with a good House and Barn, and other outbuildings, and a good Spring Well, fifty acres cleared and in a good state of cultivation. This is situated on the Prescott Road, within fifteen miles of Ottawa. Also the south half of Lot No. 6, in the 2nd Con. of Osgoode, containing 100 acres, 50 acres cleared, the rest well wooded, with good hardwood, and well watered, and situated within a quarter of a mile of the Railway Station. Titles good. For further information apply to

PATRICK HERBERT,
Rideau Hotel, Ottawa City.

Ottawa, Oct. 1, 1867. 551-3m

TO LET

Possession given 1st June.

PINE GROVE HOUSE pleasantly situated on the Richmond Road, with Stables, Coach House, Garden and vacant Lot adjacent thereto. Cistern of fine water in the house. Apply to

MRS. BUNTING,
Rochester Estate, or on the Premises

Ottawa, May 16, 1867. 430-tf

Insolvent Act of 1864.

Dominion of Canada, IN THE COUNTY COURT OF THE County of Carleton, *Province of Ontario*, County of Carleton,

TO WIT:

IN THE MATTER OF

James Melville Teasdle Hannum,
AN INSOLVENT.

THE Undersigned has filed a Deed of Composition and Discharge, executed by his Creditors, and on

Tuesday, Third day of March next,

He will apply to the Judge of the said Court for a confirmation thereof.

Ottawa, 27th December, 1867.

626td J. M. T. HANNUM.

BLYTH & KERR,

Successors to Chas. Garth,

No. 25, Rideau-st.,

Plumbers, Gas & Steam Fitters, Tin & Coppersmiths, Bell Hangers, &c.

All materials for the above branches kept constantly on hand.

—ALSO—

Importers and Dealers in House Furnishing Hardware.

Just received a well selected assortment of

Cooking Stoves,	Iron Bedsteads,
Double Stoves,	Bronzed & Wire Fenders,
Parlor Stoves,	Fire Irons,
Hall Stoves,	Fire Guards,

Japanned and Planished Tinware, &c.

Manufacturers of all descriptions of work for Water and Gas Works, Brewer's Distilleries, Mills, &c. Makes and fits up Galvanized Iron Cornices, Gutters, Conductors, Roofing, &c.

Public and Private Buildings, Conservatories, Vineries, Manufactories, &c., warmed by Steam, Hot Water or Warm Air, on the most approved principles.

Orders from the country will receive strict attention.

Ottawa August 26. 416y

Special Notice.

CANADIAN National Series of Reading Books, authorized by the Council of Public Instruction for Ontario, will be ready for delivery in the first week of January, 1868. Prices: First Book, with 31 illustrations, strongly bound in limp cloth, five cents; First Book, 2nd part, 54 illustrations,

The Times

VOL. II. NO 660 | OTTAWA, FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 7, 1868. | PRICE—3 CENTS

THE

Ottawa Daily Times,

(Published every morning, Sundays excepted.)

THE DAILY AND WEEKLY TIMES NOW enjoys the LARGEST CIRCULATION of any paper published in the Ottawa Valley—issuing of the Daily over 2,000 ℓ and Weekly over 4,000 ℓ making a total circulation in the week of over 18,000 ℓ thus outstripping all competitors, and affording the best medium for business men to advertise in.

ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in the Daily at the following rates:

Business Cards of from 3 to 6 lines, per annum—payable in advance only,	$6 00
Ordinary Advertisements, first insertion per line	8c
All subsequent insertions, per line	2c

Yearly advertisers specially contracted with, and liberal allowance made.

Yearly subscription to the daily (if paid in advance)	$5 00
If not paid in advance	6 00
Yearly subscription to the weekly (if paid in advance)	$1 00
If not paid in advance	1 50

ADVERTISING AGENCY.—Messrs. S. M. Pettengill & Co., 54, Park Row, New York, and 10, State Street, Boston, General Advertising Agents, are hereby authorized to receive Advertisements for the OTTAWA TIMES

LEGAL.

G. J. O'DOHERTY,
LAW, CHANCERY and CONVEYANCING OFFICE, AUMOND'S BUILDINGS, Rideau-street.
Ottawa, Dec. 6, 1867. 568-42y

R. J. WICKSTEED,
ADVOCATE, &c., 42, Little St. James Street, MONTREAL.
November 14, 1867. 539-6m

N. TETREAU,
NOTARY PUBLIC for the Province of Quebec, BULL, near the Post Office.
Dec. 6, 1867. 390tf

NICHOLAS SPARKS,
LAW, Chancery and Conveyancing Office, Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite Post Office.
Ottawa, July 19. 489y

LAPIERRE & HAYCOCK,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers and Notaries Public, corner of Sussex and York-streets, Ottawa.
Ottawa, February 26, 1867. 368y

WILLIAM MOSGROVE,
LAW, Chancery and Conveyancing. OFFICE: Mosgrove's Block, Rideau Street, Ottawa, C. W. 366-tf

D. O'CONNOR,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex Street. OFFICE: Union Buildings, Ottawa.
February 21, 1868. 55-y

R. H. HAYCOCK,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. OFFICE: Post Office Building, Elgin Street, Ottawa
February 7, 1866. 43-tf

A. F. BOUCHETTE,
ADVOCATE. Office: No. 17, St. Peter Street, Quebec. Mr. Bouchette will always be prepared to attend promptly to any business the Government employes, and the public generally may entrust him. Mr. B. attends regularly the circuit in and for the district of Quebec.
December 28, 1866. 9-y

P. J. BUCKLEY, LL.B.,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, and Notary Public, office, over Mr. Luke Cassidy's Boot and Shoe Store, Rideau Street, Ottawa, C. W.
January 17 1867. 334y

AUGUSTUS KEEFER,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office: Opposite Post Office, Elgin Street, in the rooms lately occupied as the Custom House.
Ottawa, March 30. 87-tf

J. F. BOULTON,
BARRISTER-AT-LAW, Solicitor-in-Chancery, &c. OFFICE: Aumond's Buildings, Rideau Street.
Ottawa, Jan. 12, 1866. 21-y

M. McLEOD,
BARRISTER, Etc., for Lower Canada. OFFICE: Court House, Aylmer and Buckingham, C.E.
☞ Attends to all Law Courts in the District of Ottawa.
February 7, 1866. 43-tf

LEES & GEMMELL,
BARRISTERS, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. OFFICE: In the Court House, Ottawa, C. W.
ROBERT LEES. JOHN J. GEMMELL.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-tf

EDWARD T. DARTNELL,
BARRISTER, Solicitor, Attorney, and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Crown Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell.
OFFICE: In the Court House, L'Orignal.
January 27, 1866. 34-6m

MEDICAL.

DR. CHESLEY,
OFFICE over Mr. Garth's Establishment, 25 Rideau-st., Ottawa.
May 30 447tf

DR. C. LEGGO,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Office: Hunton's Block, Sparks Street.

DR. DORION,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon, and Accoucheur, Clarence Street, Ottawa.
March 1. 371y

DR. OLIVER MARTIN,
DENTIST. Office: Sparks Street, Central Ottawa.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-tf

DR. C. A. MARTIN,
DENTIST. Office: Sussex Street, over Messrs. Campbell & Co.'s, Grocers.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-tf

DR. JOHN LEGGO,
DENTIST, Hunton's Block, Sparks Street. ☞ Teeth extracted without pain means of the Ethereal Spray Producer. 350a

W. R. BELL, A.M., M.D., C.M., &c.
(RECENTLY FROM ENGLAND.)
SURGERY and Residence, George Street.
Ottawa, November 13. 290y

A. CODD, M.D., M.
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Residence—McDougall's Block, Bessemer-st., Sandy Hill. 571-3m

DR. LESLIE JONES,
Surgeon, &c., of Dublin and Edinburgh.
SURGERY and Consulting Office, Rideau-st., next door to the St. Lawrence Hall. Residence—Daly Street. 554y

DR. GEORGE HUTCHISON,
DENTIST: Office, Sparks-street, opposite Magee & Russell's.
Ottawa, October 30, 1867. 576y

DR. W. J. HENRY,
CORNER of Kent and Wellington-Streets, Ottawa.
November 6. 43tf

DR. O. C. WOOD,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur Ottawa. Day office opposite Magee & Russell's, Sparks Street, Center Town; Night Office at his Residence, Maria Street, Lower Town.
CANCERS CURED, with out the use of the knife, by a new, but certain, speedy, and almost painless process. References given to parties successfully treated, if required. The cure guaranteed.
Ottawa, April 14 17w-166

HOLGATE, OLIVER & ANNABLE,
WHOLESALE Manufacturers of Bedsteads Chairs, &c., Chaudiere Island, Ottawa, C.W.
WILLIAM HOLGATE,
JOHN OLIVER,
WILLIAM ANNABLE.
Ottawa 509y

BUSINESS CARDS.

B. BILLINGS, JR.,
ARCHITECT, Elgin-street, opposite the Post Office.
REFERENCES—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq, Managing Director O & P R'W 612-6m

R. SPARKS,
PROVINCIAL LAND SURVEYOR, Draughtsman, &c., (commissioned for Upper and Lower Canada.) Office and residence, Gloucester, near Ottawa. Surveys of every description executed with accuracy. Communications addressed Ottawa City, (post-paid), or left at the office of N. Sparks, Solicitor, &c., Ottawa, will receive prompt attention.
Ottawa, February 21, 1866. 55-

N. McKINNON,
COMMISSION and Exchange Broker, and Insurance Agent, Sparks-street, opposite Magee & Russell's, Ottawa, C. W.
Ottawa, March 25. 391y

O'CONNOR & WALLER,
EXCHANGE Brokers, Fire, Life and Accidental Insurance, Commission and Collecting Agents. Office, No. 27, Sussex-street, Ottawa.
E. R. O'CONNOR. W. H. WALLER.
March 9. 378y

J. P. MACPHERSON,
BARRISTER, &c., Ottawa. Office: Lang's Buildings, opposite Post Office
Ottawa, March 10, 1866. 70-y

H. McLEAN'S
AUCTION Rooms, No. 10, Sparks Street, Centre Town, Ottawa, opposite Hope's Stationery Store.
The sale of Real Estate at Auction or Private Sale promptly attended to. Consignments received for positive sale. Parties wishing to purchase Real Estate will receive all information FREE OF CHARGE by calling at the office.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y

R. H. McGREEVY,
CONTRACTOR and Builder. Office: North side York street, second door from Sussex Street.
Ottawa, March 20, 1866. 78-y

S. CHRISTIE,
COMMISSION Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.
OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

PARLIAMENTARY AGENCY.
C. J. BOUCHETTE,
PLAN SURVEYOR and Draughtsman, Mining, Land, and General Parliamentary Agent. References unexceptionable. OFFICE Wellington Street, next to British Hotel, and nearly opposite the banks, Ottawa.
P. S.—Special attention given with despatch to Public Land business, adjusting disputed claims, and securing Patents.
Ottawa, May 22. 132-y

JOHN MERCER,
Teacher Piano-Forte, Violin, &c.
THOROUGH BASS.
AYLMER, C. E
VISITS OTTAWA TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS.
Orders left at Union House will be punctually attended to.
Ottawa, July 26. 187tf

HOTELS AND SALOONS.

HOLT'S HOTEL,
AYLMER, C. E., Livery and General Stage Office. Alfred Moses Holt, Jr., Proprtr.
December 21, 1865. 4-y

JAS. JOHNSTON'S
UNION HOUSE, North Gower. Good Stabling and an attentive Hostler.
January 11, 1866. 2y-y

DUIGNAN'S
PRIVATE HOTEL, Sparks Street, Ottawa, C. W. A few gentlemen can obtain superior apartments.
Ottawa, Dec. 20, 1865. 3-y

THE RUSSELL HOUSE,
LATE CAMPBELL'S HOTEL, Ottawa, C. W. The undersigned, proprietor of the above-named Hotel, begs leave to acquaint his numerous friends and the travelling public, that he has repaired and newly-furnished throughout this commodious establishment, in the management of which by strict attention to business and guests, he hopes to deserve encouragement and support.
JAMES E. GOUIN,
Lately, and for many years connected with Russell's Hotel, Paisley House, Quebec

THE ALBION HOTEL
NICHOLAS Street, Court-House Avenue, Ottawa, John Graham, Proprietor.
This House is conveniently situated, and still maintains its character as a FIRST-CLASS HOTEL. Considerable additions have recently been made to the premises, and it has been entirely repainted and renovated. No pains will be spared to accommodate and please.
OMNIBUSES to and from the cars and boats free of charge. There is a FIRST-CLASS LIVERY STABLE attached to the Hotel.
Ottawa 1866 1-y

JOHN MALTMAN
LATE MADAM'S, Commercial Hotel, Packenham.
The above Hotel, one of the oldest and best known in Packenham, has been leased by the undersigned and thoroughly overhauled and refitted for the special accommodation of guests. THE TABLE AND BAR will at all times be furnished with the very best the market affords.
GOOD STABLING and a careful Hostler always in attendance
JOHN MALTMAN.

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,
M. KAVANAGH, Proprietor, Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington Streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government buildings.
The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.
☞ Oysters, Game etc., daily

THE METROPOLITAN
Aumond's Block,
Rideau Street, Ottawa.
P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.
Ottawa, November 27. 297tf

THE REVERE HOUSE,
OTTAWA.
G. A. BUCKE, W. H. SANGER, } .....PROPRIETORS.
THIS FIRST-CLASS HOTEL has been re-furnished and refitted throughout, and now combines all the requisites of a first-class establishment.
Ottawa, Nov. 8, 1867 581tf

TORONTO HOUSE,
SPARKS-STREET.
MRS. TROTTER begs to state that she has comfortable quarters for a few gentlemen for three months or more, with Parlour and use of Piano.
Ottawa, Dec. 24, 1867. 623tf

MISS LOVETT'S
PRIVATE HOTEL
HOLLIS STREET, HALIFAX, N. S.
STRANGERS will find this long established and well known house to be the most comfortable and well conducted in the city.
December 23, 1867. 622-6m

TO PARTIES ABOUT TO BUILD—
PLANS,
SPECIFICATIONS,
ESTIMATES, &
Prepared by AUGUSTUS LAVER, ARCHITECT
Post Dispatch Ottawa.

DRUGGISTS.

Spectacles for all Sights.
OPTICAL Instruments Electro Magnetic and Galvanic Apparatus, Photographic Chemicals, &c.
W. HEARN,
Market Drug Store, York-street.
637y

Apothecaries Hall!
No. 41, SUSSEX STREET,
G. MORTIMER, - - - PROPRIETOR
NONE OTHER GENUINE!
TRADE MARK IS REGISTERED

Canadian Cough Emulsion.
THIS Valuable Medicine has the extraordinary property of immediately relieving Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Difficulty of Breathing, Tightness in the Chest, &c., &c. It operates by dissolving the congealed phlegm, causing free expectoration, and an agreeable moistness of the skin. Prepared only by
GEORGE MORTIMER,
Chemist and Druggist, 41, Sussex Street, Ottawa City. Sold in bottles at 1s 3d and 2s 6d each.

MORTIMER'S
COMPOUND ANTIBILIOUS
AND FAMILY APERIENT PILLS
A grand Specific for derangement of the digestive organs, and for obstructions and torpid action of the Liver and Bowels.

MORTIMER'S Vegetable WORM DESTROYER.
The only sure remedy that exists. Combining delicious taste with amazing power. Also
CAMPHORATED EYE-WATER,
Sure Cure for Sore, Weak and Inflamed Eyes.

MORTIMER'S
Colognes, Pomades, Toilet Vinegar, Rose Dentrifice, for the Teeth and Gums. Also constantly on hand, Perfumes of all kinds, and Toilet requisites usually kept in a first-class establishment.

FOUND,
A NEVER Failing Remedy for Coughs and Colds, Mortimer's Canadian Cough Emulsion. No family should be without a bottle. None genuine but from
G. MORTIMER,
Chemist, 41, Sussex-st.
The best of Certificates can be produced.
Ottawa, Nov. 22, 1867. 596-6m

OTTAWA
DRUG WAREHOUSE,
RIDEAU STREET
1866 SEEDS. SEEDS. 1866.
A LARGE STOCK OF FRESH GARDEN and FIELD SEEDS, just arrived and on Sale. All Seeds warranted Fresh.
A large importation of English and French PERFUMES will arrive next week.
FLORIDA WATER. SOZODONT.
HAIR BRUSHES. COMBS.
NAIL BRUSHES. CLOTHES BRUSHES,
&c., &c., &c.
Just being opened up.
JOSEPH GARVEY, M.D.
P. S.—Advice to the poor gratis.
Ottawa, April 11. 97-y

DOMESTIC DYES.
THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT OF DYES in this city on sale at the
Ottawa Drug Warehouse.
A fresh Lot of Good, Cheap PERFUMES just received.
N. B.—Prescriptions carefully and promptly prepared. J. GARVEY, M. D.
Ottawa, Feb. 12 1866 47-tf

PARLIAMENT
HAIRDRESSING SALOON!
E. MILES,
Hairdresser by Appointment to His Excellency the Governor-General,
HAS REMOVED HIS PARLIAMENT HAIR DRESSING SALOON from the old stand to his new and commodious room over the LONDON MUSIC STORE, on Elgin-st., opposite the Russell House, which he has fitted up in the most recherche style of the business, and where his Rotary Hair Brush, which he imported expressly for himself, being the first introduced into British America, will be kept ready for use. The saloon is delightfully ventilated, and very pleasantly situated.
Mr. MILES would take this opportunity of returning his most sincere thanks to his many friends and the public, for their kind and generous patronage to him, during a number of years, in his old establishment, and trusts that by unremitting attention to business, and in his new and first-class saloon, with polite and attentive workmen, to merit a continuance of their favors.
All kinds of Hair Watch Guards, Finger Rings, &c., manufactured to order. For the convenience of ladies orders will be received at the London Music store, where a fine and varied assortment of Hair-work will be found.
E. MILES,
Hair Dresser, by appointment, to his Excellency the Governor-General.
Ottawa, October 3 1867 553-39y

OTTAWA
Skating & Curling
CLUB.
ON AND AFTER THE 1st FEB'Y,
Tickets of Admission to Skate
FOR THE
REMAINDER OF THE SEASON!
WILL BE ISSUED AT
HALF PRICE.
Ottawa, Jan. 31, 1868. 654a

"The Canadian Punch."
ON WEDNESDAY, the 5th INSTANT, will be published in Montreal a
COMIC WEEKLY!
Bearing the above name. It will appear in Ottawa on the day subsequent to its publication in Montreal throughout the year. Look out for it on next THURSDAY, the SIXTH FEBRUARY.
February 3, 1868. 652-4

GREAT CLEARING SALE
—OF—
Dry Goods and Ready-made Clothing,
—AT—
J. T. Prudhomme's Stores,
SUSSEX-STREET, FACING CLARENCE-STREET,
And at the Sign of the "Golden Lamb."
AS the Subscriber intends closing one of his Stores on the first day of December, he is determined to sell off at an immense reduction his stock of
DRY GOODS & READY-MADE CLOTHING
—CONSISTING OF—
Beaver Cloths, Pilot do, Whitney do, Melton do, Sattinet do
West of England Broad Cloths, Black Cassimeres, Silk Mix Coatings, " " Trowserings, Fancy Doeskins,
Col. and White Blankets, Horse Rugs, Flannels, Kerseys, Winceys.
English, Scotch and Canadian Tweeds.
DRAWERS, SHIRTS, WOOL CRAVATS, " SCARFS, NECK TIES, COLLARS,
SHAWLS, CLOAKINGS, DRESS GOODS, NECK TIES, PRINTS, COBOURGS,
BUCK MITTS, BUCK MOCASSINS, WOOL SOCKS " MITTS, TRUNKS, VALISES
—ALSO, A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF—
Boots and Shoes, Teas, Soap, Candles and Wines
The whole to be disposed of before the 1st day of December. Call early and examine before purchasing elsewhere.
Ottawa, November 19, 1867. 592 3m

RELIANCE
MUTUAL LIFE ASSURANCE CO'Y.
ESTABLISHED 1840.
CHIEF OFFICE—71, King William-street, Mansion House, LONDON.
ACCUMULATED PREMIUMS OVER, - - - $1,000,000.
ANNUAL INCOME OVER, - - - $300,000.
TRUSTEES.
The Right Rev the Bishop of Moray and Ross.
Viscount Kirkaldie, John Ledger, Esq, J R Shillitoe, Esq, James Traill, Esq, Sir John T Tyrell, Bart, W M Tufnell, Esq
DIRECTORS.
George Ashby, Esq, W W Duffield, Esq, J W Ecclestone, Esq, George T Harris, Esq, John James, Esq, John W Ley, Esq, John Ledger, Esq, J Kelly, Esq, William Phelps, Esq, John Pike, Esq, Edward White, Esq, Henry T Prinsep, Esq, Major Skinner, R A, Charles Hesketh, Esq, James Traill, Esq, W M Tufnell, Esq
MEDICAL OFFICERS.
J W Ogle, Esq, M D, B F Smith, Esq, M D
BANKS.
Messrs Williams Deacon Co, Birchin Lane. Messrs Sparrow, Tufnell & Co, Chelmsford. The London and County Bank.
SOLICITORS.
Messrs Hooks & Street, 27 Lincoln's Inn Fields. Messrs Gepp & Veley, Chelmsford.
EDWARD BUTLER, Secretary.
Canada Branch—Montreal.
BOARD OF DIRECTORS.
Walter Shanly, Esq, M P, Chairman
Duncan Macdonald, Esq, George Winks, Esq, W H Hingston, Esq, M D, L R C S.
SOLICITORS—Messrs Rose & Butchie. MEDICAL ADVISER—W H Hingston, Esq, M D.
The entire profits of this old and long established society belong to the policy holders, who are protected from all liability by the deed of settlement.
Annuities and endowments granted on advantageous terms.
Advances made on approved security in connection with Life Policies.
Every information to be had on application to any of the Society's Agents in Canada, or to
T W GRIFFITH, Manager and Secretary.
Head Office for the Dominion of Canada—Corner St Francois Xavier-street, Montreal.
☞ Agents wanted in unrepresented districts throughout Canada.
NEIL McKINNON,
589-6m Agent for Ottawa.

Etna Fire and Marine Insurance Co.
The Number of Shareholders exceed Five Hundred.
Capital, ... $2,500,000.
Annual Income Nearly ..... $1,000,000.
HEAD OFFICE—Upper Sackville-street, Dublin, Ireland; CHIEF OFFICE, ENGLAND—17 and 18 Corn Hill, London; CHIEF OFFICE, SCOTLAND—98 George-st., Edinburgh.
DIRECTORS.
John Obins Woodhouse, Esq, 82 Pembroke Road, Dublin; Ormeath Park, Co Louth; Portadown, Co Armagh; Kerry Keel, Co Armagh and Down—Chairman.
Robert Craven Wade, Esq, Conebraney, Crosskeale, Co Meath, and Sackville Street Club, Dublin, J P for Counties Meath and Wicklow—Director Scottish Australian Life Office.
Charles Going Malone, Esq, Merchant, Stephen-street and George-street, Dublin; Churchtown Lodge, Dundrum, Co Dublin—Director Commercial Gas Company.
John William Gregg, Esq, Alderman, Merchant, 18 Upper Sackville-street, Dublin—Vice Chairman.
Irwine Smith Whitty, Esq, 6 Wellington Road, Dublin—Director Government Prisons.
Bernard Coyne, Esq, 27 Waterloo Road, Dublin, J P, Co Mayo.
Jeffry Martin, Esq, 2 Clarinda Park, East Kingstown, Dublin, and Curraghmore, Ballinrobe, Co Mayo, J P for Co Mayo.
Robert Conway Hurly, Esq, Bridge House and Glenduff, Dingle; J P for Co Kerry.
David Richardson Goodlatte, Esq, Merchant.
FEATURES
A division of profits every three years to holders of policies who have no losses.
MODERATE PREMIUMS.
The company do not advocate high premiums, but rates will be charged according as the nature of the risk. Losses will be promptly and fully met on adjustment. Losses by lightning and loss or damage by explosion of gas within the premises insured made good.
JOHN INNIS, ESQ. Manager.
N B—The above company have invested in Canadian Government Bonds, in conformity with the Provincial Act, and have obtained the license of the Minister of Finance to do business in Canada, and are now prepared to take risks.
T. W. GRIFFITH, Manager for Canada,
Head Office for the Dominion—Corner of St Francois Xavier and St Sacrament-streets, Montreal.
Agents wanted in unrepresented districts throughout Canada.
589-6m NEIL McKINNON, Agent for Ottawa.

STOVES. STOVES. STOVES.
STOVES. STOVES. STOVES.
STOVES. STOVES. STOVES.
"CAPITAL" 35, H.
STOVE SUSSEX MEADOWS
DEPOT! St. & CO.
WE have received our fall and Winter Stock of STOVES, STOVE PIPES, ELBOWS, DUMB STOVES, TINWARE and LUMBERMEN'S SUPPLIES, which we offer Wholesale or Retail at low prices. In Cooking, Parlor, Box and Hall stoves, for wood or coal, we have the largest and most varied assortment ever shown in Ottawa.
COOKING STOVES. COOKING STOVES. COOKING STOVES.
COOKING STOVES. COOKING STOVES. COOKING STOVES.
COOKING STOVES. COOKING STOVES. COOKING STOVES.
☞ Our stock of the above comprises the latest improvements in both ELEVATED and LOW OVEN STOVES.
BOX AND HALL STOVES. BOX AND HALL STOVES.
BOX AND HALL STOVES. BOX AND HALL STOVES.
BOX AND HALL STOVES. BOX AND HALL STOVES.
☞ Suitable for private Dwellings and Churches, Warehouses and Stores.
PARLOR STOVES. PARLOR STOVES. PARLOR STOVES.
PARLOR STOVES. PARLOR STOVES. PARLOR STOVES.
PARLOR STOVES. PARLOR STOVES. PARLOR STOVES.
☞ New and most beautiful designs, very cheap.
COAL STOVES. PARLOR GRATES.
Hot Air Furnaces.
We still continue to manufacture every description of TIN, SHEET IRON, and COPPER WARE, RUSSIA IRON PIPE, and DUMB STOVES. ☞ Also all kinds of out-door Job Work in our line attended to by competent and experienced Mechanics. Country Merchants supplied with Stovepipes, &c., at reduced rates.
Lumbermen's Supplies! Lumbermen's Supplies! Shanty Plates! Basins! Camp Kettles, &c.
HOUSEFURNISHING GOODS!
Bird Cages! Bird Cages! Bird Cages!
Price Lists sent free on application.
☞ Any part of a Stove sold or its can be replaced when broken or burnt out, a fact intending buyers would do well to note.
An inspection of the above goods invited at the
"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,
35, SUSSEX STREET,
Ottawa, October 9, 1867. H. MEADOWS & CO. 89-y

INSURANCE.

INTERCOLONIAL
ASSURANCE CO'Y.
OF CANADA.
Capital - - - $500,000,
With power to increase the same.
SHARES, - - $100 EACH.
PROVISIONAL DIRECTORS:
H. O. Burritt, Esq., President; R. Lyon, Esq. Mayor of Ottawa, Vice-President; T. D. Harington, Dy. Receiver General; the Hon. J. Skead, J. M. Currier, M. P., D. McLaughlin, M.P., W. Wade, Esq., F. Jones, M.P., W. Ellis, Esq., W. H. Brouse, M.D., Joseph Aumond, Esq., M. K. Church, M.D., and J. M. Bates.
THIS is purely a Canadian Institution, and as such is deserving of the support of the Canadian public.
An Act for the Incorporation of this Company is now before the Parliament of the Dominion.
Over $100,000 of stock is already subscribed and it is the intention to deposit with the Government as a guarantee of our good faith, at least $5,000 as soon as an Act of Incorporation is procured (which will be a provision of our Incorporation) it is unnecessary here to dilate upon the profits of money invested in Insurance Stock. Suffice it to say, that, at least in one instance 333½ per cent advance has been obtained on insurance stock, and that after the payment of princely dividends. In the meantime Subscriptions to Stock, in Ottawa may be made at the Ontario and Royal Canadian Banks, and a deposit of 10 per cent is requisite which will be deposited in TRUST to be returned in case any subscriber is not satisfied with his investment up to one month after the Vice-Regal sanction to the Charter is obtained.
J. M. BATES,
Pro. Manager and Secretary.
Ottawa, Nov. 21, 1867. 595tf

CITY OF GLASGOW
Life Assurance Company
ESTABLISHED 1838.
CAPITAL, £600,000 Stg.
ANNUAL REVENUE OVER £120,000 Stg.
THIS COMPANY OFFERS TO THE public the combined advantage of perfect security, moderate premiums and liberal participation in profits. No extra charge for Volunteers in defence of the country.
KINTOUL BROS., Montreal, General Agents for Canada.
NEIL McKINNON, Agent,
Ottawa March 25. Sparks-street, Ottawa.

Ætna Life Insurance Company.
ESTABLISHED, A. D. 1820.
Capital and Assets, 1st Jan., 1867, $4,401,833.86
THIS MOST SUCCESSFUL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY divides the whole of the Profits, every year, among the insured, reducing the cost to about one-half the figures usually charged.
For instance, the annual payment at the age of 30, in most Companies, to insure $2000 is, with profits, about $50, and without profits $43.30
In the Ætna, $2000, to a person 30 years of age, costs the first year 25.31
And each subsequent year 26.74
Which payment is subject to further reduction as the business of the Company increases.
☞ Endowment policies on equally favorable terms.
The fact that the Ætna has, during the past 12 months, insured over 14,000 persons, from among the best business men of the Continent, is the best possible testimonial to the soundness of the Company, and the excellence of its method of doing business.
J. GARVEY, ESQ., M. D.,
Medical Referee.
S. PEDLAR & CO., Montreal.
Ottawa, March 13. 581y

BRITISH AMERICA
Assurance Company!
FIRE AND MARINE.
ESTABLISHED 1830.
R. S. Cassels, Esq. ..... Consulting Director.
THE ABOVE FIRST-CLASS COMPANY is prepared to insure all descriptions of property against loss or damage by fire.
HERRICK, BRUSH & CO.,
AGENTS,
Ottawa, January 4, 1867. Aumond's Buildings. 323y

NOTICE.
DR. J. GARVEY can be consulted each day PROFESSIONALLY, at his RESIDENCE, RIDEAU-STREET, from 8 o'clock to 10 in the forenoon, and from 6 to 10 in the evening. During mid-day by making inquiries at BROWNE & HARDY'S, GROCERS, Rideau-street, information can be had as to his whereabouts.
J. GARVEY, M. D.
N. B.—It is not the intention of Dr. Garvey to relinquish his practice as a physician.
Ottawa, Jan 24, 1868. 648d

NOTICE.
ALL persons indebted to Dr. J. Garvey, and whose accounts have been rendered, are requested to call and settle at once, or costs will be incurred.
J. GARVEY, M.D.
Ottawa, Sept. 4, 1867. 529tf

RIFLES!
Wesson's Rifles!
HAVING imported some of the above RIFLES in 1866, under free entry, I offer the balance of stock at $17 each, which is $4 less than manufacturers prices; wholesale price at factory is $25 American money.
THOMAS ISAAC,
6134 Sparks-street.

Land for Sale.
$50 ACRES OF LAND, situated within two to eight miles of the city. Apply to JOHN W. McGUIRE, Lot 25, 2n Concession, Ottawa Front, Gloucester. 546-6m

To Sell or Let---Rare Opening,
TERMS MODERATE.
FINE STONE DWELLING HOUSES, Photographic Chambers, and other Cut stone Premises, well arranged and eligibly situated for commercial business.
Apply to JOHN MACAULEY, Chandiere, Ottawa; or E. McGILLIVRAY, J. B. TACKABERRY, or R. McLEAN, Auctioneer, Ottawa.
January 8, 1867. 585-6m

Furniture! Furniture! Furniture!
AT THE
VARIETY HALL,
34, Sussex-st.
A MOST Complete Stock of Black-Walnut and other Furniture, in Cane and Hair Seated Chairs, Tete-a-Tetes, Sofas, Extension Dining Tables, Centre Tables, Sideboards, Chiffoniers, Wardrobes, Bureaus, Bedsteads, Washstands and Toilet Tables. Also, Hair, Excelsior and Sea Grass Mattresses, of all sizes, Gilt Mirrors, Toilet and other Looking Glasses, Table Cutlery of all kinds, Brushes, Brooms, and Wooden Ware of various descriptions, Table and Floor Mats, Boiled Linen Baskets, a beautiful article, Rocking Horses, Children's Sleighs, and the best assorted stock of Crockery, China and Glassware in the Dominion. This stock being all purchased to the best advantage will consequently be sold cheap.
Crockery, China, Glassware, Stoves and Furniture rented to private or public parties at a reasonable rate.
JOSEPH BOYDEN,
439y General Agent.

K. ARNOLDI,
WINE & SPIRIT MERCHANT,
METCALFE-STREET,
Telegraph Company's Building, Ottawa,
RECOMMENDS and Guarantees with confidence the following Wines:—
PORTS—Graham's, Sandeman's, Forrester's, Masden's, &c.:

		Per Gall.	Per Doz
No. 1	Good sound Wine	$2 00	$6 00
" 2	"	3 00	8 75
" 3	Old	3 50	10 00
" 4	Superior old	4 50	12 50
" 5	Very fine old	5 75	15 50

SHERRY WINE—Domecq's, Capdepont, Pemartin's, Crampscutter's, &c.:

No. 1	Light table Wine	$2 00	6 00
" 2	Superior do	3 00	8 75
" 3	Very choice	3 50	10 00
" 4	Very Superior	4 50	12 50
" 5	Very fine	5 50	15 00

Marsala Wine,
$1.30 per Gallon, $4.50 per Dozen.
Especial attention called to the above Wine. Far superior to all common sherries its chief recommendation is that it agrees perfectly well with persons who cannot take those wines, even of a high class. It is soft and old, free from heat, or the slightest approach to acidity, while its very moderate price recommends it for all large entertainments, as well as for the luncheon, dinner and supper table. It has met with the highest approval from the medical gentlemen of this city.
Also, in wood or bottle, old and new Brandies, Rums, Gins, Old Tom Gins, Irish, Scotch, and Canadian Whiskeys of Standard Brands.
Clarets, Champagnes, Hocks, Caracas, Maraschino, Chartreuse, Royal Italian Bitters, &c., in great variety.
Bibberts' and Guinness' Porter, Bass' and Allsopp's Ales, quarts and pints. Canadian Ale of Superior Quality, in Wood and Bottle.
Goods most confident y recommended, and may be as implicitly relied upon for perfect purity as if purchased in the largest wholesale establishment in the country.
Orders by mail with cash or city reference solicited and promptly attended to. No charge for delivery in the city. A discount to persons buying in quantity or by the original package. Inspection invited.
Price Lists, and every information, on application, or sent to any address.
WINE VAULTS AND OFFICE,
No. 11, Metcalfe-street,
Telegraph Co.'s Building, Ottawa.
January 27, 1868. 535y

FOR SALE
BY THE SUBSCRIBERS,
New Egyptian Dates,
Oranges, Lemons,
Grapes, Turkey Figs,
West End Raisins,
Dundee Marmalade,
Jams and Jellies,
Tomatoes in tins,
Peaches, "
Sweet Corn "
Lima Beans.
OYSTERS & HADDIES!
RECEIVED WEEKLY.
DALGLISH & RUSSELL,
Upper Town.
Ottawa, Jan. 28, 1868. 651y

SMITH & RODNEY
MERCHANT TAILORS and General Outfitters, Elgin-street, opposite the Russell House, and second door from the London Music Store, having just received a choice stock of
English, French and Canadian
CLOTHS and TWEEDS,
And a general assortment of gentlemen's furnishing goods, would intimate to their friends and the public generally that they are prepared to execute all orders in their line at the shortest notice, in the most approved styles and at prices that we defy competition.
Ottawa Oct. 1, 1867. 551tf

ROANOKE
Tobacco Company,
DANVILLE, VIRGINIA.
THIS Company having established at Montreal their General Agency for the Dominion of Canada, is now prepared to offer to the public an article in
SMOKING TOBACCO!
Superior to anything of the kind ever imported into the country, and pledge their long established character that the article now offered is the pure leaf from the
Virgin Hill Tops of Virginia.
The different brands and prices are as follows viz:
The "Prince of Wales," in 1 & 2 lb bls $1.00 per lb
" "Dominion Favorite" 1 & ½ " " 0 75 "
" "Navy," 1 & 2 " " 0 65 "
The prices are NET CASH in Montreal, and orders [accompanied by remittance] for 5 lbs and upwards will receive prompt attention. The tobacco will be forwarded to any address, by express or otherwise, as parties may direct.
Please address
F. W. HENSHAW,
Gen. Agent Dominion of Canada,
10 St. Sacrament-st.,
Montreal.
Montreal, Dec. 4, 1867. 607-3m

SNOW'S
Celebrated Fever Remedy.
A Sure and Certain Cure for Fever—Continued, Remittent, Intermittent, Typhoid, and Fever arising from Ordinary Colds.
THIS REMEDY has been used in Tropical climates for many years with the greatest success. It shortens the attack, reduces the fever gradually, and at the same time enables the system to throw off the poisonous effect of the on the blood and secretions generally.
PRICE—50 cents and $1 per Bottle. Sold Wholesale and Retail by
H. F. MACARTHY,
Chemist, Ottawa City
Sole Agent for Dominion of Canada.
December 2, 1867. 579-3m

HOWE'S
Boot and Shoe Store.
REMOVAL.
AS the Lease of our Premises in Sussex-street terminates this month, we intend to confine our business to one locality, and shall remove the whole of our Stock on the 1st of May next, to our Store in
No. 10, Rideau-st.
Our stock of BOOTS and SHOES, LEATHER SHOE FINDINGS, TRUNKS, &c., &c., will consequently be very large and most complete in every department, and we most respectfully solicit a continuance of favors, to merit which our constant endeavors will be as usual to provide the best articles and sell at the lowest remunerating prices.
G. HOWE & SON.
☞ Remember the place—No. 10, Rideau-st next to Howell's grocery.
April 27. 426y

FOUND.
NEAR the Market, Lower Town, an INDIA RUBBER CARRIAGE COVER. Apply at this office.
Ottawa, November 425tf

PRIVATE BILLS.
ON the reassembling of the Parliament of Canada, in March, PETITIONS FOR PRIVATE BILLS will be received, in the House of Commons, until Thursday, the 2nd of April following.
W. B. LINDSAY,
Clerk, House of Commons.
Ottawa, Feb. 1, 1868. 65-3Mr12

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA.
Tuesday, 28th day of January, 1868

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

On no occasion will the names of Old Advertisements be inserted here.

House Wanted Immediately.
Situation Wanted by a Gentleman.
Sale of Ordance Lands—E. Parent.

The Ottawa Times

City and County Official Paper

FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 7, 1868.

A STATEMENT has got afloat that there would be "no meeting of the Privy Council until the 21st." This is quite incorrect. Ministers meet daily for the transaction of routine and departmental business, though the further consideration of questions of an important political bearing has been postponed until a full meeting of Ministers, which will probably be held on or about the date named.

THE framers of tariffs will have an easy time of it henceforth and forever. Our local contemporary the *Citizen* has hit upon the "correct principle," and expounded it so clearly and comprehensively, that we shall be utterly ashamed of the Hon. Mr. TILLEY if he does not achieve for himself eternal fame in its application. Here is the simple formula:

"The correct principle for a Government to observe in framing a tariff is to take every article by itself *keeping out of sight altogether considerations as to its classification as a 'poor man's' necessary or a 'rich man's' luxury* and put such a tax upon it as the exigencies of the state may require, *keeping in view, always, the general interests of the people.*"

What charming simplicity! Take every article by itself and put upon it such a tax as the exigencies of the State may require. Never mind whether the article will bear the tax or not. Take no heed whether it is a rich man's luxury, or a poor man's necessary—if "the exigencies of the State, require" the tax, of course "every article by itself" must bear it! Then how simple and natural to keep "out of sight altogether considerations as to its classification, &c." See from what a world of bother this relieves the Minister of Customs! If he wants five millions of dollars, he has only to say to Tobacco you must pay one; to Whiskey, you must pay another, and so on; for, do not "the exigencies of the State" require it? Of course, there is a little hitch at the end of this patent receipt for tariff making. It will be rather puzzling to know how to keep "in view, always, the general interests of the people," while taking every article by itself, and ignoring its "classification. There is a certain double-action-back-stroke in this part of the operation which we do not profess to understand; but which no doubt our contemporary will be most happy to explain to those charged with the onerous duty of making a tariff to satisfy everybody.

The *Citizen* must be hoaxing when it says "This, we feel satisfied, was the general principle acted upon by the Government in framing the present tariff."

Surely, a principle so very "general" as to be unintelligible, was not the guiding one with Ministers in their recent legislation on the tariff. When, however, we can comprehend the process of taking every article "by itself," keeping out of sight its "classification" and keeping in sight the "general interests of the people," we shall better understand the business.

IT is much to be regretted that our clever journalists do not enquire whereof they write. The *Globe*, as an instance, might make its points with much better effect if only it would stoop to the consideration of the truth, instead of taking things at haphazard, and either intentionally or through "inadvertence" telling lies. *Par example*, The St. John, N.B., *Telegraph* said that it had learned that the Hon. J. H. GRAY had been "selected by the Government for the important position of Chairman for the "Law Commission of the Dominion;" and the *Globe*, after the fashion of the story of the "three black crows," thereupon declares that the St. John paper mentioned had stated that Mr. GRAY was "to have a lucrative position as "chairman of the commission for the codification of the criminal laws." Then, taking for fact this falsehood of its own coining, it goes on to say that it had understood "from the Government organs that "this codification business was to be "managed without the appointment of an expensive commission." If the *Globe* refers to the remarks made by this journal, in commenting upon what had previously appeared in one of the Quebec papers, it should have "understood" that the codification, or rather "assimilation," of the "criminal," laws of the Dominion was to be done without any commission at all. It is being done by Mr WICKSTEED, assisted, by Messrs. BERNARD and BADGELY, under the direction of the Minister of Justice, and there is no question of "commission" about the matter. The Bill referred to is being prepared under the authority of the 91st clause of the Union Act, which assigns the power of legislation on "criminal law" to the Parliament of Canada.

We cannot undertake to say what "Law Commission," the *Telegraph* had in view in connection with the Hon. Mr. GRAY. But we supposed, when we read the paragraph, that it referred to the "uniformity of all, or "any of the laws relative to property and "civil rights in Ontario, Nova Scotia and "New Brunswick," &c., for which the Dominion Parliament, by consent of the Local Legislatures, is empowered to provide, under the 94th section of the Union Act. Common sense would suggest to any one the necessity of a "Law Commission" before attempting to legislate upon a matter of such vast importance as this, and common sense, with a slight familiarity with the Union Act, might have suggested to the *Globe* that this, and not the work properly belonging to the Department of the Minister of Justice, was what had been referred to by the St. John paper. As, however, the 94th clause is merely permissive, we have no notion that it is to be acted upon immediately, though we are entirely ignorant of the intentions of the Cabinet in regard to the matter. But in any case, the *Globe* may rest assured that in so far as the assimilation of the criminal laws is concerned there will be no "expensive," nor any "Commission" at all, engaged in preparing the necessary legislation. Can not our contemporary find more substantial grounds than its own misapprehension of very plain language, for its homilies on Ministerial extravagance?

ELSEWHERE we publish the new Game Law of Ontario. A change has been made in the second clause since the Bill was first introduced. It extends the close time for Deer, &c., from First December to First September, thus cutting off from the hunting season the month of December, which we hardly think will be generally relished. However, the mover of the Bill gave a very excellent reason for the change: he said that by extending the hunting season to the First of January American "pot hunters" would come in and strip the country. The alteration, it respected, will undoubtedly protect the deer to a greater extent than formerly; and in the meantime, perhaps, the Dominion Government might be induced, by way of dealing with the "American" difficulty as gently as possible, to impose an export duty on deer, and game too, for that matter. If it is desired that our wild animals should not be carried away to foreign markets, let us prevent it or regulate the trade by a law which shall be equally applicable to all, and the simplest way to effect this is to impose an export duty, without asking any questions whether the exporter is an American or Canadian.

With the exception to which we refer, and even that perhaps may be an improvement, the Bill is excellent in its enactments, but how are they to be put in force? In this respect the law is in a worse position than before, for the Fishery Overseers were also empowered to act in the enforcement of the Game Act. But the relegation of the protection of game to the Local Governments, while the fisheries are controlled by that of the Dominion, render the prospects of carrying out the law respecting the former even worse than before.

Mr. WHITCHER, in a letter which we published some days ago, drew attention to this anomaly, and suggested, we think, a feasible remedy. He proposes that the Local Government should invest the Fishery Overseers with magisterial powers in the enforcement of the Game Act. With Mr. WHITCHER's remarks as to the inefficiency of the means provided for the enforcement of the law, every one will concur; unless it is made the positive duty of somebody to see it duly respected, the violations will undoubtedly be many, and the punishments therefor exceedingly few. We do not, however, favor his proposal to issue game licenses, if for no other reason than that it would further complicate the difficulty of carrying out the law. But we think the "fund" for defraying expenses incident to the administration of the law might be provided by the appropriation of one-half the fine to that end, which the Act now gives to the municipality in which the conviction may take place. These remarks are merely intended to show the advocates of the protection of game that their work is not yet complete; that having got the law itself in an acceptable shape they require additional machinery for carrying it out. Where prosecutions are left to individual option in matters that affect only the public, it will be readily understood that the transgressor has almost an immunity from punishment.

"WANTED, a Male Teacher holding a first-class certificate. Salary—Two hundred and fifty dollars per annum."

The above announcement "caught our eye" yesterday morning, and our first feeling was one of astonishment that any man should be found in the whole Province of Ontario, who could put his name to it without blushing. Two hundred and fifty dollars per annum—eighty cents per day, when common laborers readily command a dollar! Our next feeling of astonishment ought to be that any man not physically disqualified for manual labor would accept a situation as *first-class* teacher for such a paltry sum. But unfortunately in these days of fashion and refinement, ambitious young men are dreadfully afraid of spoiling their hands by what is called "hard work," and are fain to accept the position of "Dominie" at starvation wages, rather than qualify themselves for the battle of life by the acquisition of some useful mechanical occupation, or the no less useful cultivation of the soil. If School Trustees really expect to get good teachers, and keep them, they must offer salaries more commensurate with the duties and responsibilities of the position, and if able bodied "male teachers, holding first-class certificates" understood their own interests, they would find many more profitable ways of employing their time and talents than in becoming "knights of the ferule," at eighty cents per day.

FROM HALIFAX.

The Repeal Resolutions in the House—No Excitement—More Destitution Among the Fishermen—The Financial Condition of Nova Scotia.

Special to THE TIMES.

HALIFAX, Feb. 6, 1868.

The repeal resolutions were introduced into the House yesterday. There was no excitement whatever. It was resolved to take them up as the order of the day for Saturday.

A very heavy snow and rain storm prevailed here to-day. The streets are impassable.

Fresh accounts of the destitution among the fishermen arrive daily.

News comes from the American Government that the *Alabama* claims cause great excitement.

The *Evening Reporter* of to-day contains an able article on the financial condition of Nova Scotia, proving that the speech put into the mouth of the Governor-General, and the answer to the same, disseminate a gross misstatement of the financial position of the Province. It states that the total receipts for the year to July 1868, will be four hundred and seventy-six thousand dollars, and estimates the total expenditure at four hundred and thirty-seven thousand dollars. This latter amount, includes one hundred and fifty thousand dollars for road grants, which will not have to be paid till the second year of Confederation, the General Government having paid road grants for the present year, proposing to add the amount thus paid to the general debt.

DISTURBANCE AT PORTAGE-DU-FORT.

We very much regret to learn that a serious fight has occurred at Portage-du-Fort, in which some fifteen or twenty parties were engaged. It is reported, though we have not heard full details, that one man had his head split by a blow from an axe, and that he is in a very precarious condition. The case will come before some of the Local Magistracy to-day, but we fear from what has reached us that it will not end there. Some of those who were witnesses in the recent trial at Aylmer were parties to the fray, but we have not learned the origin of the disturbance.

[We are indebted to our neighbourly contemporary *Le Canada* for the copy of the following despatch, and are glad to find that our Montreal confrere, *La Minerve*, escaped from the danger with which it was so imminently threatened.—ED. TIMES.]

FIRE IN MONTREAL.

MONTREAL, 6th February, 1868.

The large establishment of Haldimand & Co., corner of St. Vincent and St. Paul streets, was destroyed by fire last night. No water during an hour, the fire spread rapidly. The establishment of *La Minerve* and the adjoining houses were in great danger for some time, but by the exertions of the citizens who came from all parts of the city to give help, that establishment was saved without much damage, so that the above named paper will continue its issue as usual.

FROM TORONTO.

Special to THE TIMES.

TORONTO, Feb. 6, 1868.

In the Local Legislature yesterday, the Law of Evidence received the six months' hoist, and the Homestead Law was withdrawn, to prevent it meeting a similar fate. To-day, among other things, the amendments to the Municipal Act were read a second time.

A curling match took place yesterday between Toronto and Buffalo, when the former won by 49.

It is said that the 17th regiment will be moved to London in the spring, and that it will be replaced by the 78th Highlanders, from Montreal.

The Attorney-General gives his second dinner to the members this evening.

The concert given to-night in aid of the band fund of the Queen's Own Rifles, has been a perfect success financially, it being attended by a large and fashionable audience.

ST. ALBAN'S CHURCH.

A meeting of friends and parishioners of the above church was held in the School Room of the Church on Wednesday evening, to consider the present state of the church debt, and the best means for its removal, the Rev. Dr. Bedford Jones in the chair. The following resolutions were unanimously adopted:

That a collector for the Interest Fund at the usual rate of 5 per cent. commission, be appointed, to act under the direction of the Treasurer, and that the Sexton, Samuel James, be employed as such.

That a list of members of St. Alban's congregation be made out, and that the Rev. Dr. Bedford Jones be requested, in company with some one or more of the committee, to visit such persons as have not already subscribed to the Interest Fund, and ask them to do so, or by endorsing the promissory notes as they fall due, relieve those gentlemen who have already borne that responsibility.

That the Rev. Dr Bedford Jones, with one or more members of the congregation, be deputed to invite gentlemen who have property in the neighborhood, and other friends of the church in the city, to subscribe to the Building Fund, so that as soon as possible St. Alban's Church may be enlarged and completed.

The chairman, with Messrs Batgely, Whitand Harvey, were constituted a committee to organize Penny Readings in the School Room, and it was resolved that these should begin on Monday evening, the 17th instant.

The meeting was adjourned to Wednesday next, the 12th, at 8 p.m.

T. BEDFORD JONES, LL.D., Chairman.

LOYAL ORANGE LODGE—COUNTY OF CARLETON.

The annual meeting of the Loyal Orange County Lodge of the County of Carleton took place in the village of North Gower on Tuesday, the 4th inst., when the following brethren were duly elected for the current year:

Wm. Elliott, North Gower, W. Co. Master.
Wm. Corbett, Bell's Corners, Dy. Co. Master
James Beaman, N. Gower, Co. Secretary.
John Hodgins, Hazeldean, Co. Treasurer.
John Fraser, N. Gower, Co. Chaplain.
Wm. Sheriff, Fitzroy, Co. Proxy.
David Sallamer, Nepean, Co. D. Ceremonies.

The next annual meeting of the above Lodge will take place in the village of Ashton on the first Tuesday in February, 1869.

LOCAL NEWS.

ACKNOWLEDGMENT.—The Treasurer of the St. Patrick's Orphans' Asylum thankfully acknowledges the receipt of ten dollars from Thomas Reynolds, Esq., managing director of the St. Lawrence and Ottawa Railroad.

PENNY READINGS.—The friends and promoters of these popular readings are reminded that they will be held as usual this evening in Webster's Hall. Those who would secure seats should be there at half-past seven. Those at Upper Town on Wednesday evening were a triumphant success.

YOUNG AND RADFORD have the largest, best, and cheapest stock of watches to be found in Ottawa. They have also on hand a very choice and varied assortment of Electro-plated ware, and Fancy Goods. They do all kinds of repairing and jewellery jobbing in first-class style. 656-y.

IS IT ONLY A RUMOR?—It was rumored here yesterday that Manchester, the tailor who was supposed to have been drowned last summer, was in town yesterday, very much *altered* in appearance, but not sufficiently to prevent his being identified. We do not vouch for the truth of the rumor, and it is just possible that it is all a mistake.

METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS.—By Wm. Hearn, Optician and Druggist, York-st.

OTTAWA, Feb. 6, 1868.

Greatest degree of cold registered during the previous night, 5 below zero.

8 a.m., 18 "
1 p.m., 35 above zero.
6 p.m., 22 " "

THE MINSTRELS AT THE THEATRE.—Whitmore and Clark's Minstrels performed last night at the Theatre to a full house, and were applauded and encored in nearly all they did. Their music is a of very superior order, both vocal and instrumental. Their ministrelsy, indeed, has, perhaps, never been surpassed in this city, and seldom equalled. The plough balancing is something wonderful, and the triple clog hornpipe by Stiles, Pneip, and Armstrong, was executed with great ability and neatness. Williams and Mankin, on the double trapeze would compare favorably with anything of the kind we have ever seen. Mr. Clark in his solos displayed good vocal powers, and to-night there will no doubt be another full house. The theatre is kept comfortably warm.

THE CANADIAN CHAMPION SKATER IN THE UNITED STATES.—Alex. Martin, of this city, is astonishing the Americans wherever he goes. Among numerous newspaper notices of his skating, we find the *World*, describing a gentleman's match, in Fifth Avenue Park, declaring his feats on the ice as "wonderful and the admiration of all." Whilst the Poughkeepsie *Daily Eagle* thought they had witnessed all the grace and daring that had ever been executed on skates," but not so," it says, "It remained for a Canadian to bear off the palm and he Alex. Martin." He skated before a thousand spectators in Poughkeepsie, and after mentioning those feats with which we in this city are familiar says: "His feats are wonderful to behold," and calls him the new wonder in the skating world.

CABLE NEWS.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

The "Times" on the Arrest of Train.

The Cabmen's Strike in Liverpool.

Threatening Demonstration of Fenians near Macroone.

Trouble between the Pope and King Victor Emmanuel.

A MAN ASSASSINATED IN THE STREETS OF LONDON!

He is Mistaken for a Government Witness.

Arrest of the Assassin.

Tumults in Italy.

LONDON, Feb. 5.—The *Times* admits that the imprisonment of Mr. Train at Cork was a mistake, but it should be distinguished from the arrest of Irishmen who come over here from the United States with the secret intention of creating a revolt against the Government.

LIVERPOOL, Feb. 5.—The strike of the cabmen in this city continues. No prospect of a compromise.

CORK, Feb. 5.—Early this morning a considerable body of men, supposed to be Fenians, were discovered in the vicinity of Macroone Castle, about twenty miles west of this city. They appeared to be preparing to make an attack upon the Castle, and the authorities of the town of Macroone were notified of danger. A strong force of police were forthwith ordered to the ground, and as soon as they appeared the Fenians dispersed in all directions.

FLORENCE, Feb. 5.—The Pope recently ordered the Catholic clergy to have *te deum* sung in all churches in Italy for the victory of Papal arms at Mentana. King Victor Emmanuel has issued a proclamation, prohibiting the holding of religious ceremonies for such purpose within the Kingdom.

PARIS, Feb. 5.—The *Moniteur* gives an account of the reception of Signor Berelutte, the new Italian Minister to Berlin, by the King of Prussia. The King warmly welcomed him as the first Ambassador from Italy, accredited to the North German Confederation, and congratulated him upon his appointment, declaring that it was a new pledge of peace.

LONDON, Feb. 5.—Eve.—A man named Chatterton was shot in the street to-day and badly, if not fatally, wounded. The assassin was instantly arrested and gave his name as Jem Meddles. From his declaration it seems that he mistook Chatterton for James Bird, who is an important witness for Government in the affair of the Clerkenwell explosion, and who at the examination of prisoners before the Police Court identified one of them, as the man that fired the powder. It is said that Meddles is a half-witted fellow, and the belief is general that he is the tool of other parties.

FLORENCE, Feb. 5.—Popular tumults are reported to have broken out in Padua yesterday. The Government is using every means to restore order.

THIS MORNING'S DESPATCHES.

LONDON, Feb. 6.—The London press comments in a conciliatory tone upon the remarks of the American press concerning Train's arrest.

PARIS, Feb. 6.—Admiral Farragut is at Genoa. He is everywhere received with marked attention.

VIENNA, Feb. 6.—The Vienna *Debatte*, a semi offi al journal, asserts that the Czar Alexander, acting upon the suggestion of Prussia, has protested, with other European powers, against the extensive armament going on in the Principality of Servia. The same paper says the recent appearance of a number of armed bands in the Province of Bulgaria, is calling attention to affairs on the Danube, and adds that Prince Metternich, the Austrian Embassador at Paris, has been instructed by his Government to press upon the Marquis De Moustier, the French Minister of foreign affairs, the immediate consideration of the subject.

PARIS, Feb. 6.—It is said that the Emperor Napoleon has accepted an invitation from the Sultan of Turkey to visit Constantinople next summer.

LISBON, Feb. 7.—The King and Queen of Portugal and their suite, while returning from a hunting party near Braga, were fired upon from the road side. The guards returned the fire, killing some of the assailants, and wounding others. The Royal party then rode rapidly into town. The King and Queen were unhurt.

AMERICAN NEWS.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

Terrible Storm at Newfoundland—Over Thirty Persons Perished.

HARBOR GRACE, NEWFOUNDLAND, Feb. 5.—The worst storm for years prevailed here the last few days. It is reported thirty persons have perished. Mr. MacKay, telegraph super intendent, nearly perished.

SCRANTON, PA., Feb. 5.—By a fire to-night, property to the amount of over $100,000 was destroyed.

THIS MORNING'S DESPATCHES.

The Western Union Telegraph Co.

NEW YORK, Feb. 6.—The Western Union Telegraph Co. deny the report published in the New York *Herald* that the Company has proposed to sell its lines and property to the United States Government for sixty million dollars.

Political.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 7—The determination on the part of Mr. Adams to tender his resignation was induced by his desire to retire and attend to his private affairs so long neglected. The story that Secretary Seward has received appointment as Minister to Great Britain is without the least foundation.

Arrived.

PORTLAND, ME, Feb. 6.—The steamship *Hibernian* from Liverpool, Jan. 23rd, has arrived.

A Lunatic Asylum Burned.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., Feb. 6.—The Lunatic Asylum attached to the alms house of Livingston County, at Gennesee, was destroyed by fire this morning. Four insane women were burned to death.

Fenian Meeting.

TOLEDO, O., Feb. 6.—At a Fenian meeting here last night a number of volunteers were enrolled. It was addressed by Gen. O'Neill and others.

Bank Failure.

MEMPHIS, Feb. 6.—The Gayoso savings institution, the oldest bank in the city suspended yesterday. It is understood its liabilities will exceed $500,000.

POLICE COURT.—Baptiste Delaire, charged with stabbing John Levier, a boy 16 years of age. I live at James Smith' the butcher's; never saw the prisoner till last night, when I met him in Bolton-st., about ten o'clock; he came out of a house as I struck at me, I suppose with a knife, because when I put up my hand to keep off the blow, it was cut. He also stabbed me in the right side, and as I am told by the doctor, the knife, or whatever instrument it was, went to the bone and was there stopped. I bled very much and then I fell, and was afterwards taken up by a young man and was led into Mrs. Campean's where my wound was examined and washed. I was in a fainting condition. Afterwards I was taken to Dr. Beaubien's where the wound was sewn up and dressed. The instrument with which I was stabbed passed through my overcoat, vest and shirt. Here the witness showed the holes in his clothing. He was then pale and weak from the loss of blood. Damas Levier, brother of last witness, sworn—Saw prisoner strike my brother with something like a sharp instrument, and I ran to save my brother, and struck the prisoner down with a stick. Witness in all essential particulars corroborated his brother's testimony. There being no other witnesses, the case was adjourned till this morning, when Dr. Beaubien, and probably others, will be examined. The prisoner being asked if he wished to put any questions to either of the witnesses, asked what good it would do to do so? They had stolen his money and beat him, and this was all he got for it. It appears that the prisoner had been quarrelling with his wife while under the influence of liquor, and that he had threatened to stab her; that the wife's mother, who was in the house, was alarmed and came to the door, perhaps to give an alarm, and just then, the brothers Levier coming by stopped to speak to her, and while doing so, the prisoner rushed out of the house with a knife in his hand, and stabbed the younger of them. Whether he conceived that he had been injured by either of the youths, or whether he was maddened by drinking and unconscious of his acts, does not yet appear.

HON. MR. ARCHIBALD'S SPEECH AT THE MECHANICS' INSTITUTE FESTIVAL.

We are sure our readers will thank us for publishing the speech of the Hon. Mr. ARCHIBALD at the Mechanics' Institute Festival. Though the report may fall considerably short of the original it will well repay perusal.

Mr. ARCHIBALD spoke to the following effect: It gives me sincere pleasure to have had the opportunity of being present on this occasion. The attendance of this large and respectable audience evinces the interest which the people of this city take in the Institute in connexion with which this meeting is held. There can be no surer symptom of the health and vigor of the intellectual life of any community, than the interest they take in matters of literature, of science, and of art. The cultivation of these tastes elevates the tone of the community, widens the circle of our enjoyments and our sympathies, and makes us better men and better citizens. The more we cultivate these tastes, the more we devote ourselves to the pursuits of literature, to the study of the works of nature and of art—the more we open our minds to the ennobling influences which attend the cultivation of the intellect, the less we shall feel of the narrow prejudices, and the bitter animosities which politics are so apt to engender. In a country like this, where the avenues of knowledge are open to all, every man has it in his power to choose in which kind of company his time shall be spent. He may if he think fit, select for his companions the frivolous and the idle. He may resort if he chooses to the haunts of dissipation or of vice—but it him be inspired with nobler tastes, and he has it in his power to enjoy the company of the wise and the good of all ages and of all countries. He can summon to his side the philosopher, who in his day has explored the regions of thought and swayed the intellects of his age. He can spend his time with the patriot who has died for his country—or with the martyr who has died for his religion, with the heroes of arms, who have revolutionized the face of the globe, or with the less brilliant but equally interesting and more useful heroes of arts—whose thoughts and inventions have given to society much of what constitutes the charm of modern existence. Upon you, the people of Ottawa devolves in a peculiar degree the duty of cultivating these tastes. Of a sudden, you have been placed in a proud position. You have become the centre of a population of four millions. The eyes of this people are on you. The tastes you cultivate, the habits you cherish, the extent of intellectual life which breathes and glows among you, will show whether you deserve this glorious elevation. The accident of position has placed your near the centre of the Dominion. You have around you a beautiful country. Past your city proudly flows one of the finest rivers in the universe. At your very door is presented the magnificent spectacle of half its waters dashing and foaming over the everlasting rocks, which raise their proud heads in vain defiance of the passing stream. Whilst by a singular freak of nature at the same spot, another large portion of the waters sink into the earth, and explores its hidden way among cavities which no human eye ever has seen, or ever can see. The grand and the magnificent are side by side with the dark and mysterious, and both tend to invest the city and its surroundings with a peculiar and romantic charm. Besides all this there is another feature in your city which gives it a proud distinction over any other. Sir Robert Peel used to say of the place where the National Gallery in London stands, that it was the finest site in Europe. If Sir Robert had and the good fortune to visit Ottawa, he would have been compelled to say that it affords a finer site for a noble structure than any other place in either Europe or America, and not only have you the site, but the buildings themselves—I speak not now of their adaptation to to the purposes for which they were built. I treat of the question as one of taste, one unquestionably such as this city, as this Province, as this Dominion, nay, I will go further, such as this Continent may well be proud of. Let me say then, Mr. Mayor, that in view of the position which Ottawa has so suddenly assumed, great responsibilities devolve upon her citizens. Ottawa is to be the head and centre of a civilization which is destined to show whether monarchical institutions can be safely transplanted to this continent—whether we can grow and flourish under the conditions which are incidental to a new country, retaining the institutions which have been handed down to us by our ancestors, hallowed by the traditions of centuries. The people of this Dominion are to show whether they are equal to this task. Placed as we are side by side with another civilization, aggressive and propagandist in its character, are we by failing to work out our institutions to be swallowed up in the vortex of republicanism, which swells and roars around us? Are we to become another proof that on this continent no monarchical institutions can stand, and that one by one the obstacles are to be removed, which have prevented the United States from exclaiming with truth, as they have so often untruly exclaimed, in the spirit of pride and arrogance,

No pent up Utica restrains our powers,
The whole boundless continent is ours.

No, Mr. Mayor, I trust and hope in a prouder future. It is because I have believed in our being able to work out a destiny of our own, that I have in my humble way labored to contribute towards a union of these Provinces. I believe that our only escape from this inevitable fate was in putting ourselves shoulder to shoulder, presenting a united front to the common aggressor, while cultivating with each other the intimate relations which should make us one people, and one nation. We have, I believe, the elements of such a future before us, we have the extent of territory, we have the abundance and variety of resources, we have the energy of the races from which we have sprung, and we have a climate, whose rigor, if it deprives of some of the enjoyments and delights of milder regions, is at all events adapted to call forth all our energies and to produce a hardy and vigorous race. But we have in this Canada of ours elements peculiar to ourselves, and which assure us a glorious future. In the Old World, two races of men have for centuries struggled for mastery. Their contention make up a large part of the history of Europe. Blot from the scroll of the great names of Europe the men who have distinguished themselves in British and French history, and you will miss the great bulk of those which are familiar to us as household words—which are identified with our recollections of all that is glorious in literature and art, in science and arms. Eight centuries of martial contention have convinced these nations that both of them are essential to the welfare of Europe. Eight centuries of alternate victory, and defeat have shown the indomitable character of either race. Tutored into respect for each other, they have at last laid aside their hostile attempts, and now the only contention between them is which shall do the most to develop the industry, and to promote the prosperity and the happiness of there own people. In this Canada of ours we have the institutions of the two races overshadowing us. Everything great and glorious in the history of these peoples is the common heritage of us all. Here the two races are placed side by side, intermingling with each other imparting and receiving the impulses arising from the different genius, the different language and the different institutions of the two countries. Such of us as are the descendants of the British race inherit the practical habits and the capacity for self Government, which, in an eminent degree distinguish the people of the British Isles, but will we suffer by being brought into contact with the livelier imaginations, with the more ardent temperaments, with the more refined intellectual organization of our Brethren of French extraction? On the other hand will it be no advantage to our fellow-citizens of different origin from ourselves to temper their ardent vivacity, to moderate the tendencies to speculation and to theory, to which they are said to be constitutionally prone, by contact with the prosaic and practical ideas of the other race? Sir I believe that the influence of both races—of both languages, and of both beliefs—will be to develop all that is good in either, and out of the choicer and the better parts of the character of each, to raise up a people which either of the parent races will be proud to own. Let us glance for a moment at another feature which is to distinguish this new nation. I refer to the literature which our peculiar condition must necessarily evoke. The time is at hand when no public man will be able to discharge with credit the duties of his position without a considerable acquaintance with two languages—these two languages, the most highly cultivated; the most universally spoken in the world; the two languages which more than all the rest of the languages of the world, contain the treasures of learning and wisdom. In many parts of the Dominion, the most ordinary duties of life, cannot be discharged without some acquaintance with both languages. A man who aims at any position in this Dominion, will have to study the language and the literature of both countries. He will require to be as familiar with the language of Molire as with that of Shakespere. He will have to derive his information—whether in philosophy or political economy—or in law, indifferently from the treasures of either race, and it is impossible not to see how largely this will mould our thoughts, our literature, and our general intellectual development. May we not hope that drawing from these rich sources of mental culture, the civilization we shall develop, while peculiar to ourselves, will partake largely of the best features of that of each of the races. But Mr. Mayor, I must not continue. I feel that I have already done you injustice. While indulging in day dreams of the future, in visions of what may be, I have forgotten that I am standing between the assembly and the rich treats which are in store for them after I cease to speak. Pray forgive me for my garrulousness, and accept my thanks for the kindness with which you have received my rambling observations.

THE NEW GAME ACT.

Whereas it is expedient to amend the law respecting game in the Province of Ontario: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Assembly of Ontario, enacts as follows:

1. From and after the passing of this Act, the Act intituled "An Act for the better protection of Game in Upper Canada," passed in the 23rd year of Her Majesty's reign, chapter 55, shall be, and the same is hereby repealed.

2. No deer or fawn, elk, moose or cariboo, shall be hunted, taken or killed, between the first day of December and the first day of September in any year.

3. No wild turkey, grouse pheasant, partridge, or Lare, shall be hunted, taken or killed, between the first day of January and the first day of September in any year.

4. No quail shall be taken or killed between the first day of January and the first day of October in any year.

5. No woodcock or snipe shall be taken or killed between the first day of March and the first day of September, in any year.

6. No wild swan, goose, or any description of wild duck, shall be hunted, taken, or killed, between the first day of March and the first day of September, in any year.

7. No wild turkey, grouse, pheasant, partridge, quail, woodcock, snipe, hare, or any description of wild duck, shall be trapped or taken by means of traps, nets, snares, springs, or other means of taking such birds or hares, other than by shooting, at any time whatever; nor shall any trap, net, or snare, be made, erected, or set, either wholly or in part, for the purpose of such trapping or taking.

8. It shall not be lawful for any person or persons to use batteries or sunken punts in the hunting, taking, or killing of any wild swan, goose, or any kind or duck whatever.

9. No deer, or fawn, elk, moose or cariboo shall be trapped or taken by means of snares at any time whatever, nor shall any traps be set or erected for the purpose of such trapping or taking.

10. No person or persons shall have in their possession any of the animals of their hides, or any of the birds hereinbefore mentioned, within the periods above respectively prohibited, without lawful excuse, the proof whereof to be on the party charged; nor shall any sale of any of the game mentioned in this Act take place later than within fourteen days from the termination of the several periods herein-before respectively fixed for the killing thereof; nor shall any possession for the purpose of sale be deemed lawful, save within such periods of fourteen days.

11. No eggs of any kind of the birds above enumerated and hereby declared to be game, shall be taken or destroyed at any time.

12. Any offence against any provision of this Act shall be punished summarily, on information and conviction before a Justice of the Peace, by a fine not exceeding twenty-five dollars, nor less than two dollars, and in the case of game, for each head of game killed in controvention hereof, in the discretion of such Justice, with costs, or in default of payment by imprisonment in a common jail for a term not exceeding thirty days; one-half of the fine to go to the Municipality, and the other half to the informer.

13. In all cases, confiscation of the game shall follow conviction; and the game so confiscated shall be given to some charitable institution or purpose, at the discretion of the convicting Justice.

14. Any person may destroy traps, nets, or snares, set or erected, either wholly or in part in contravention of any provision of this Act.

15. And whereas it is desirable to prevent the destruction of certain animals at seasons of the year when their furs are of little or no value. It is further enacted that no Beaver, Muskrat, Mink, Sable, Otter, or Fisher, shall be trapped, hunted, taken or killed, nor shall any trap or snare be laid for the same or any of them, between the first day of May and the fifteenth day of November in any year, and all persons violating this Section of this Act shall be liable to the same proceedings and penalties, to be enforced and recovered in the same way as are above declared with respect to game.

16. In order to encourage persons who have or may hereafter import different kinds of game with a desire to breed and preserve the same on their own lands in this Province, it is further enacted that it shall not be lawful to hunt, shoot, kill or destroy any such game without the consent of the owner of the property wherever the same may have been bred.

GREAT BRITAIN.

The Arrest of G. F. Train.

The *Telegraph* and other papers give long accounts of Mr. Train's arrest, and of his Boston speech. The Dublin correspondent of *The Pall Mall Gazette* says:

The arrest of George Francis Train at Queenstown caused considerable surprise in Dublin, where the bustling projector of tramway is remembered. It was considered a bold act of the Government, as Train is unquestionably an American citizen. Train would seem to have been of late a prominent sympathizer with the Fenian cause in the United States; and American papers containing lectures by him, in his customary manner, were received at the Irish newspaper offices on Saturday (by the *Scotia*), having a fly-sheet inclosed, headed "Clear the line—Train is coming!" and containing political epigrams and other rhapsodies more purely American than American-Irish. An American journal thus forward d, the *Boston Pilot* of December 28th, had the report of a lecture by Train in aid of a fund for the families of American citizens in British prisons, the success of which with the Irish populace is glowingly described. The audience, which filled the building from floor to roof, cheered Train repeatedly, especially when he denounced Gen. Grant's candidature for the next Presidency, and talked of fighting England. The reception he had met with, he attributed entirely to the credit of the brave men in English prisons, and the "noble Warren (the Fenian convict), whose family he spoke for." He is reported by the *Pilot* to have continued; "The time for talk has passed; no more long letters, no more despatches, no more sixty days, no more arbitration letters, no more wishy-washy paragraphs in the President's Message. A short dispatch like this sent over the cable to England: Pay the Alabama claims, or fight; liberate Meany, Warren, and other American citizens, or war to the knife" "Let us offer (he added) to buy Ireland for the *Alabama* claims." There was also much denunciation in the speech of the monarchies of Europe.

—Several cotton and woollen corporations in New England are said to meditate moving their factories to Texas and Alabama, where labor is cheap and the material close at hand.

OTTAWA MARKETS.

(Compiled expressly for the TIMES.)

TIMES OFFICE, OTTAWA, Feb. 6.

FLOUR—Extra	8 25	@	8 50
No. 1	7 75	@	8 00
No. 2	6 50	@	6 00
Bags—Fall per 100 lbs	4 12½	@	4 25
" Spring "	3 87½	@	4 00
Oatmeal—per 200 lbs	6 50	@	0 00
Indian Meal "	5 25	@	5 50
Rye—per bushel 56 lbs.	0 70	@	0 80
Barley " 48 lbs.	0 90	@	0 80
Buckwheat Flour—bbl.	5 50	@	0 00
WHEAT—Fall—per bushel, 60 lbs.	1 70	@	1 80
Spring " "	1 60	@	1 65
CORN—Per bushel, 56 lbs	0 90	@	1 00
Peas " 60 lbs	0 80	@	0 85
Oats " 34 lbs	0 55	@	0 57
Beans " 60 lbs	1 50	@	1 75
PORK—Mess—per barrel	20 00	@	20 50
Prime Mess per do	14 00	@	14 50
Hog per 100 lbs	6 00	@	7 00
Hams	0 12	@	0 13
Beef	5 00	@	6 00
Mutton—per lb by the qr.	0 05	@	0 7
Lamb—per qr	0 05	@	0 7
Geese—Each	0 40	@	0 50
Spring Chicken	0 40	@	0 50
Turkeys—Each	0 50	@	1 50
Ducks	0 70	@	0 80
Fowl—Per pair	0 40	@	0 60
BUTTER—Choice Table	0 00	@	0 25
No. 1 Firkin	0 20	@	0 22
No. 2	0 17	@	0 18
Eggs	0 25	@	0 30
Apples—per brl	3 50	@	4 00
VEGETABLES, &c.—Potatoes	0 40	@	0 50
Onions—per bbl	4 50	@	0 00
HAY—Per ton, new	12 00	@	13 00
WOOD—Per cord	0 00	@	3 05
Tamarac	0 00	@	2 00
Hemlock	0 00	@	2 00

WEEKLY REPORT OF CANADIAN SECURITIES.

PELLATT & OSLER,
No. 86, King-street East,
Toronto, Feby. 4, 1868.

Banks and Sundries.

	Where Payable.	Closing Price	Redeemable.
Bank of Montreal	Bank of Montreal	87½ @ 88½	1885
Bank of British North America	Bank of British North America	87 @ 88	.....

Wanted Immediately.

FOR a family of three persons a Medium Sized HOUSE, not too far from the Public Buildings. If favorable terms are offered, the advertiser will be willing to take a LEASE FOR THREE YEARS. Apply at this Office.

Ottawa, February 7, 1868. 660-3

No. 1, Sappers of the Lower Town.

THE

Grand 3rd Yearly Ball

Of the Sappers Company of the Lower Town.

THE Sappers Company will give their third yearly ball MONDAY EVENING, SEVENTEENTH FEBRUARY, in the CANADA HOTEL, Sussex street.

Marrier's Band of Music will be present.

The refreshments will be furnished by Mr. Larivière.

Tickets, admitting a lady and gentleman, including refreshments, $2; for a gentleman $1.50.

Dancing will begin at 8 o'clock, p.m.

Tickets can be obtained from the members of the Company, and at the door the evening of the ball.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN

X. GROULX, Secy-Treas. DAMAS ROY, Capt.

Ottawa, February 6, 1868. 659td

NOTICE.

A COMPLAINT BOOK has been opened at the Office of the Chief of Police, at the City Hall, in which parties desirous of doing so can enter their names and complaints.

THOS. LANGRELL, Chief of Police.

Ottawa, February 5 1868. 659a

Public Notice to Innkeepers and Others.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that all applications for Tavern and Shop Licences, to be held within the limits of the municipality of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa, for the year commencing 1st March, 1868, must be made at the office of the License Inspector, on or before the 20th FEBRUARY, instant.

The proper forms of application, as required by law, together with such further information as may be necessary, will be given upon application at the Inspector's Office, Elgin street.

By order of the Board of Commissioners of Police.

D. M. GRANT, License Inspector.

Ottawa, February 5, 1868. 659a

HER MAJESTY'S THEATRE.

FOR THREE NIGHTS ONLY.

Thursday, Friday and Saturday, February 6th, 7th and 8th.

WHITMORE & CLARK'S MINSTRELS

And Grecian Gymnasium!

SIXTEEN STAR PERFORMERS, INCLUDING

GEORGE M. CLARKE, the world renowned Comedian and Comic Singer, who will appear in a great variety of the most popular Songs and Ballads of the day.

HANK WHITE, Champion Comedian of the 19th century.

E. B. WHITNEY, Celebrated Banjo Soloist.

O. A. WHITMORE, Clarionet Soloist.

Prof. N. W. WYATT, the great American Violinist, whose solos are the theme of universal admiration.

P. A. ARMSTRONG, the great Flute and Piccolo Player, and a great variety of Singers, Dancers, Delineators, Comedians, &c., including the famous Triple Clog Dance, performed only by this company, together with a splendid Orchestra of Eight Classical Musicians, led by A. W. Wyatt.

WILLIAMS and MANKIN,

The renowned Gymnasts, having concluded their Star Engagement at Morris Brothers' Opera House, Boston, have effected an engagement with Whitmore & Clark's Minstrels, where they will nightly appear in their Classical Gymnastic Exercises.

Admission, 25 cents; Reserved seats 50 cents. Doors open at 7 o'clock; performance to commence at 8.

656td N. W. LEWIS.

A. MORTIMER, BOOKBINDER

AND

Blank Book Manufacturer,

26, METCALFE-ST., OTTAWA.

HAVING every facility in the way of first-class Machinery, and employing none but first class workmen, I am prepared to turn out every description of Binding, in as good a style of workmanship as any other establishment in Canada.

A. MORTIMER, Metcalfe-street.

Ottawa, Feb. 6. 384y

NOTICE.

PERSONS desirous of seeing His Worship the Mayor on City business, will find him at the office of the City Clerk between the hours of ELEVEN and TWELVE o'clock, noon, daily.

WILLIAM P. LETT, City Clerk.

City Hall, Ottawa, February 4, 1868. 657a

WANTED.

A Male Teacher,

HOLDING A

FIRST-CLASS CERTIFICATE!

Salary Two Hundred and Fifty Dollars per annum.

Apply to J.-M.-C. DELES DERNIERS, Pendleton, Ont.

February 6, 1868. 659adw2

DOMINION HOUSE!

WELLINGTON-STREET,

COLIN McLaurin & Geo. Irvine, Proprietors. This hotel has been lately fitted up, and is now replete with every convenience which characterizes a modern hotel.

Boarders taken at moderate rates. The bar is always stocked with first-class liquors.

Ottawa, Feb. 7. 6??-ly

THE NEW DOMINION!

47. SUSSEX-STREET. 47.

Established with the Nation, 1st July, 1867.

Tried by the People, Nobly sustained, Long may it flourish! | Come one! Come all!! Farmers and Lumbermen, Merchants and Citizens,

COME TO THE NEW DOMINION!

And you will find a large and varied assortment of

STAPLE and FANCY DRY GOODS!

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL, AS CHEAP AS THE CHEAPEST, AS GOOD AS THE BEST.

A New Tailoring Establishment!

Has just been opened on the premises, with FIRST-CLASS WORKMEN, under the management of a FIRST-CLASS FASHIONABLE CUTTER.

Suits made to order, and Warranted to *suit*, At every price, | Of every style, For every season, And at the shortest notice.

Do you want Hats or Caps, Furs or Blankets, Boots or Shoes, Moccasins or Mittens? Visit the New Dominion. It will prove to your advantage. From top to toe a perfect outfit guaranteed, by

JAMES HIGGINSON, Proprietor.

Ottawa, February 6, 1868. 659tf

WAR! WAR! WAR!

KEARNS & RYAN,

WELL KNOWN

Merchants of this City,

WHO KEEP THE PEOPLE'S

CHEAP CASH STORE!

Have declared War against all other merchants of the Capital of Canada, for imposing dear goods on the people. They will make a

Reduction of 20 per cent off Hats and Bonnets

AND

10 per cent off all other Cash Purchases

OVER ONE DOLLAR,

During the month of February. Rush to their establishment and judge for yourselves. No deception.

Corner of York and Sussex-sts.

Ottawa, February 3, 1868. 656d

DRY GOODS AT DISCOUNT!

$30,000

Worth of Seasonable Dry Goods

OFFERED AT

10 Cents Discount on all Cash Purchases of $1

AND UPWARDS AT

J. A. PINARD'S.

Most of the COTTON GOODS in Stock

Have been bought within the last two months, and will offered at

REDUCTION OF 40 PER CENT.

Compared with any Cotton Goods of Fall Importation in this city.

Dress Goods, Woollen Goods, &

HAVE BEEN REDUCED IN PRICES SINCE 1st JANUARY.

This further inducement of Discount is offered in order to reduce Stock to the lowest point before *Stock-Taking.*

N. B. Sale to Commence on MONDAY, THIRD of FEBRUARY, for a short time only. Goods marked in plain figures. Only One Price.

No. 17, SUSSEX-ST., CORNER of GEORGE-ST.,

SIGN OF THE GOLDEN BALL.

Ottawa, Feb. 1, 1868. 655b&w1

NOTICE.

THE Undersigned will either sell or let for a few years his well known farm, being lot Twenty-five in the Fourth Concession of Gloucester, Rideau Front, 215 acres all cleared, and well fenced and in a good state of cultivation. Also, the one-half of lot Twenty-seven in the Third Concession, being in its natural state, all wood and excellent land. It is just the cross of two hundred acres from the corner of the one lot to the other. The railroad line runs within ten feet of the front corner of the one hundred and in sight of the two hundred for two or three miles. The Station at Cunningham's is scarcely a mile and a half from the front of Lot Twenty-five. The above farm is capable of keeping thirty head of milch cows, two span of horses, and as many young cattle as it would be proper to raise. Eight or nine years ago I kept twenty-two milch cows, and ten or twelve horses, and raised five or six calves every year. The above farm is about ten miles, from the door, to the limits of the City. The improvements cannot be surpassed for a farmer's purpose. The dwelling-house is stone, 30 by 40, a story and a half over ground; and a cellar nine feet high, the one half used for a kitchen and the other half capable of holding 1,000 bushels of anything you wish to put into it; there is three small windows in it, and when cleaned in the Spring, makes an excellent milk house or dairy; there is a frame wood shed at the door, 60 by 24, with 14 feet taken off the one end for a coachhouse, and overhead for a storehouse; next to that is a stable 36 by 26, finished inside, complete with four large double stalls and two single ones, and good room for hanging up harness, and oat box; convenient to that is a barn 40 by 50, in which I have often put 1,000 bushels of grain in one year; connected with that is 200 and 20 feet of frame sheds, all 20 and 24 deep, under pinned with stone and lime from two to seven feet, according to level; on the north side of the house is another barn, 30 by 40, commonly filled with peas and oats. And if either tennant or purchaser has a desire for religious purposes, you can lie in your bed and look at the bell tolling on the Catholic Church every Holy Day, and go to the front door and you will see the Presbyterian Church, where the Rev. Mr Lochead has preached for the last twenty-two years, and go to the back door and you will see both English Church and Methodist Church within two miles. The above farm would be a desirable situation for a young man wishing to give his attention to farming, as the Ottawa Market cannot be surpassed in the Dominion. I think that I can say that I have not sold one pound of butter under one shilling this eight years: if one went under two went over. Some reader may ask what am I selling for, it is neither for scant nor for want of anything, but I am in the seventieth year of my age, and has purchased off this lot seven hundred and fifty acres of land and all is paid for, and all my sons is settled on their own farms, so I would rather sit down and take my ease as be attending to marketing and farming any longer. Persons wishing to get any information on any point from me can do so by addressing, postpaid, JAMES JOHNSTON, Senr., South Gloucester.

JAMES JOHNSTON, Senr.

February 6, 1868. 769-6t.wh17.

THE PRESS.

A THOROUGHLY Experienced Verbatim SHORT-HAND REPORTER disengaged. Advertiser has had several years' experience on first class English journals, as sub-editor, &c. Address "JOURNALIST," Post Office, Quebec.

February 1, 1868. 655a

BUY YOUR TEA

DIRECT FROM

THE IMPORTERS

TEA! TEA! TEA!

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY, 6 Hospital Street, Montreal, having just imported a large quantity of Green and Black Teas, beg to call the attention of the Trade, Hotel Proprietors, and large establishments generally to their list of prices. Buyers of Chests and Boxes of Tea will save money by getting it direct through the Importers.

All orders for 25 lb. boxes and upwards, carriage free to any Railway Station in Canada. Parties wanting smaller quantities should club together. Buyers living beyond Railway Stations, will please send post office order, or enclose notes. The carriage will be paid to the nearest station, where there are express offices. Tea will be forwarded immediately on receipt of the order by mail containing money, or the money can be collected on delivery by express man. Cash collected in Montreal free of charge, and Tea forwarded for the same. Original packages Black Tea weigh, ½ chests about 50 lbs. Chests do. 90 to 100 lbs. Green Tea from 60 to 80 lbs. Teas not mentioned in advertisement can be had equally cheap. The Company are determined to take a stand in the Montreal market, every article may therefore be depended on as to quality and weight.

BLACK TEA.

Common Congou, Broken Leaf, Strong Tea	$00 45
Fine Flavoured New Season do.	00 55
Excellent Full Flavoured do.	00 75
Sound Oolong	00 45
Rich Flavoured do.	00 60
Very Fine do	00 75
Japan	00 58
Very Fine do.	00 75
An excellent mixed Tea, Black and Green	00 60

GREEN TEA.

Twankay, Common	$00 38
Fine do	00 55
Young Hyson	00 60
Fine do	00 75
Superfine and Very Choice	1 00
Fine Gunpowder	00 85
Extra Superfine do.	1 00

Reductions made to buyers of Five Chests and upwards.

Address MONTREAL TEA CO., 6, Hospital-st., Montreal.

Agent for Ottawa and neighborhood,

MR. JOS. MOONEY.

All Boxes and Chests sent from this Establishment have the address of the *MONTREAL TEA COMPANY* printed on them.

August 27, 1867. 52234-w

PRIVATE BOARDING HOUSE.

MRS. RICHARD will open a Private first-class BOARDING HOUSE, Corner of SUSSEX and CLARENCE-STS., over Mr. Martineau's Dry Goods Store, on the 15th instant. Parties wishing quiet, good, comfortable board, with good attendance, will please apply and secure apartments.

Ottawa, February 6, 1868. 659-3m

YOUNG & RADFORD'S COLUMN.

Watches,

Watches,

Watches

AT

YOUNG AND RADFORD'S

30 Sparks-street.

Clocks,

Clocks,

Clocks,

AT

YOUNG AND RADFORD'S.

Jewellery,

Jewellery,

Jewellery,

AT

YOUNG AND RADFORD'S.

Electro-Plated Ware,

Electro-Plated Ware,

Electro-Plated Ware,

AT

YOUNG AND RADFORD'S.

Fancy Goods,

Fancy Goods,

Fancy Goods,

AT

YOUNG AND RADFORD'S,

Manufacturing Jewellers,

30 SPARKS-STREET.

Old Gold and Silver

Bought, and highest cash price paid,

AT

YOUNG AND RADFORD'S

BROWNE & HARDY'S COLUMN.

1867 AND 1868.

INDIA WAREHOUSE!

16 Rideau Street, Ottawa.

THE SUBSCRIBERS beg to inform their Customers that their Stock is now complete, and embraces every delicacy of the Season, among which will be found a choice assortment of

TEAS,

Breakfast SOUCHONG, do CONGOU, } Black Extra Fine.
Superior HYSON,
" GUNPOWDER,
" IMPERIAL,
" TWANKAY,
Orange PEKOE, Flowery " Japan " } These Teas have been carefully selected for family trade by

BROWNE & HARDY.

SUGARS,
LOAF,
BROKEN LOAF,
CRUSHED,
GROUND,
YELLOW,
and MUSCOVADO.

COFFEE,
MOCHA,
JAVA,
JAMAICA, and
CEYLON,

Roasted and Ground daily on the premises.

CHOCOLATE and COCOA,
FRENCH, flavored with Vanilla;
TAYLOR'S,
FRYE'S,
MOTT'S

FRUITS, &c.
LAYER RAISINS,
in Whole, Half and Quarter Boxes
MUSCATEL, do do
SULTANA,
VALENTIA,
CURRANTS,
GRAPES,
ORANGES
LEMONS,
PRUNES,
ALMONDS,
WALNUTS,
FILBERTS, and
BRAZIL NUTS.

BUTTER,
CHOICE DAIRY, in Tubs and Crocks, received Weekly.

CHEESE,
English, American and Canadian.

SPICES,
NUTMEGS,
MACE,
CINNAMON,
CLOVES,
GINGER,
MIXED SPICES,

All Ground on the Premises

BROWNE & HARDY.

Ottawa, December 19 405t

THE MONTREAL WAREHOUSE,

SUSSEX, OPPOSITE YORK-STREET.

WILL BE OPENED OUT IN A FEW DAYS WITH A STOCK OF

Choice Wines, Groceries and Provisions, &c., &c.

IN MR. INGLIS' NEW BLOCK,

J. MARTIN & CO.

OTTAWA, February 4, 1868. 657y

Great Discount Sale of Dry Goods.

Ten Cents off every Dollar,

Sixpence off every Five Shillings,

Two Shillings off every Pound

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY,

NO. 14, RIDEAU-STREET.

Respectfully announce that in order to clear out the balance of their

Fall and Winter Stock

They will for one month from this date

Give a Discount of Ten Per Cent.

On all Cash purchases of Two Dollars and Over.

Ottawa, January 14, 1868. 639-1m

REMOVAL

OF THE

London Music Store!

E. MILES

DESIRES to inform the public that he has removed to the FRONT PART of

HER MAJESTY'S THEATRE,

WELLINGTON-STREET,

Where he has a larger premises, and a better means of displaying his new and fine stock of

PIANOS,

VICTORIA ORGANS AND MELODEONS.

His Show Room, up-stairs, is large and beautifully lit up, having an area of 60 feet long by 25 feet wide. The Sample Room is on the first flat, where some of each kind of Musical Instruments will be kept. Two cases of choice

VIOLINS

Have just been received, and will be offered for sale, besides a large assortment of

CONCERTINAS,
ACCORDEONS,
TAMBOURINES,
GUITARS,
FLUTES,
DRUMS,
&c., &c.

Direct from Germany.

Second hand Pianos taken in part payment for new ones.

Connected with this establishment is a Piano Manufacturer, who will attend punctually to all orders for TUNING left at the London Music Store.

E. MILES, Lessee of Her Majesty's Theatre.

Ottawa, Feb. 1, 1868. 551-39y

SUN BURNER.

NO MORE Breaking of Chimneys; no More Burning of Fingers; No More Waste of Oil; No Trouble to Clean; No Trouble to Light No Anxiety About Explosions. It is a Cheap Labor Saving and Durable Article. Buy one and you will never repent doing so. Anyone dissatisfied can have their money returned.

LAMPS AND FITTINGS

ALWAYS ON HAND.

STOVES, TINWARE, &c.

Competent workmen for jobbing on the premises.

ESMONDE BROS., 43 SPARKS-ST., Next Hoop Skirt Factory.

Ottawa, January 21. 311y

HARDWARE!

HARDWARE!

Great Reduction

IN THE

PRICE OF HARDWARE

AT THE

SIGN of the ANVIL

No. 24, Rideau-street.

THE Undersigned would take this opportunity to express his thanks to his Customers in Ottawa and vicinity for their very liberal patronage in the past, and to solicit a continuance of their favors in the future, and to assure them that no effort on his part shall be wanting to supply them with the Best and Cheapest English and American Hardware. I do not pretend to sell at cost, but do propose to sell as cheap as any other establishment in Ontario. My stock shall comprise every article in the line of Hardware, and with the one price system I hope to merit and receive a continuance of the very liberal patronage given me in the past.

T. BIRKETT, Sign of the Anvil, 24 Rideau-st.

Ottawa, Feb. 3. 408y

W. NOTMAN,

Photographer to the Queen

CORNER OF

WELLINGTON AND METCALFE STREETS,

WOULD intimate that having all his arrangements completed, his

Establishment will be Opened

—ON—

Monday Next, 3rd February

When he will be prepared to fulfil orders for all the different branches of Photography.

Ottawa, Jan. 31, 1868. 582y

Situation Wanted.

A YOUNG MAN who has a fair knowledge of business, and can procure satisfactory city references, wants a situation as clerk in a Dry Goods Store. Address, T. W. R., TIMES Office, Ottawa.

February 4, 1868. 657a

CAUTION.

THE Subscriber regrets the necessity for cautioning the public against imitations of his popular Pomades,

The Alexandra Cream,

AND

The Canada Pomade

But having been informed that some unprincipled person has put up inferior articles, copying the labels word for word, and thereby greatly damaging the sale of the genuine articles, he is compelled to take this course in self-defence.

For the future every genuine pot will bear my written signature in RED INK, across the face of the label.

W. M. MASSEY, Family and Dispensing Chemist, Medical Hall, 28, *Sparks-st.*

Ottawa, Feb. 6, 1868. 472y

BARGAINS

—IN—

DRESS GOODS!

IN ORDER to make a Clearance of the remainder of our Winter Stock of COBURGS, WINCIES, MERINOS, REPPS, SERGES, FANCY POPLINETTES, &c., we have RE-MARKED *the whole lot at such prices as will shew a Reduction of from 12½ to 20 per cent under former prices.*

REMNANTS, REMNANTS, REMNANTS!

We have also brought forward our accumulation of Remnants of every kind, and marked them at Very Low Prices.

Magee & Russell.

Ottawa, Jan. 10, 1867. 380y

Ottawa CROCKERY Store!

PRESENTATION ORNAMENTS.

WILLIAM ALLAN

RESPECTFULLY announces the arrival of a Choice Selection of China and Bohemian Glass Flower Vases and Ornaments suitable for Xmas and New Year's Gifts. Also, a most complete Stock of China, Glass, Earthenware and Parian Marble ever brought into Ottawa, consisting of

DINNER SETTS, BREAKFAST SETTS, DESSERT SETTS, TOILET SETTS.

Cut and Engraved, Cut and Pressed TABLE GLASS, and an assortment of Common Ware to wholesale purchasers.

A large and most varied Stock to select from:

W. ALLAN, 51 RIDEAU STREET, (opposite Mr. D. Whalen's.)

Ottawa, December 19, 1867. 574y

FIRST CLASS

Tailoring Establishment.

BEING desirous to dispose of the balance of my WINTER STOCK, in order to make room for

Spring Importations,

For two months I shall offer such inducements to intending purchasers as will enable me to make a ready sale, and my customers a good investment

Please Call and Examine.

G. M. HOLBROOK, PEG TOP DEPOT, Elgin-street, Opposite the Post Office.

381y

GREAT CLEARING SALE.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.

Importers, 20 Sparks Street,

With a view to clear out the stock and make room for extensive

Spring Importations!

Are offering the following goods at prices that must ensure speedy sale.

Blankets, Cloths, Cottons, Wincies, Skirtings, Jackets, Flannels, Tweeds, Prints, Dress Goods, Linen Table Damasks, Shawls,

AND MILLINERY.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.

Ottawa, January 20, 1868. 484y

SHEFFIELD HOUSE!

E. K. MacGILLIVRAY & Co.,

MANUFACTURING JEWELLERS

—AND—

WATCHMAKERS.

OTTAWA, January 21, 1868.

Skates! Skates!

AT ISAAC'S,

ALSO,

SLEIGHS, SLEIGHS

ALL PRESENTS BY SANTA CLAUS,

At ISAAC'S.

Skates from 20 Cents to $6.00

At ISAAC'S, Sparks-street,

ALSO,

Hardware of all Description

At Lowest Cash Prices,

At ISAAC'S.

Remember the place,

T. ISAAC'S.

December 17, 1867. 617tf

TEACHER WANTED.

APPLICATIONS for the office of

ASSISTANT TEACHER

TO THE

UPPER TOWN MALE SCHOOL.

Will be received by the Chairman of the Board of Trustees of Separate Schools, up to

THURSDAY NEXT, 6th INSTANT.

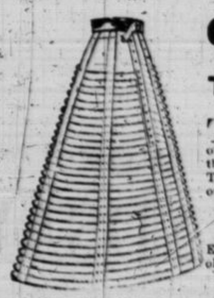
Ottawa, Feb. 4, 1868. 657-3

FOUND!

ON the Evening of February 3rd, on Sparks st, a purse of money. The owner can have the same by proving property and paying for this advertisement.

Apply to MRS. TROTTER, Toronto House.

Ottawa, Feb. 4, 1868. 657tf



City Hoop Skirt Factory.

The Double Extension Skirt.

THIS new and convenient skirt I am now making in all widths of tape. The great advantage this Skirt has over all others, ladies can alter it themselves to any width they wish, from 1¼ yards to 3 yards, without the least trouble. They only can be had at the Factory. Everyother style of Skirt on hand or made to order. Just received another lot of

FRENCH CORSETS,

Every size, from 17 inches to 36 inches. Also, a few of those old fashioned Corsets, (lacing at the back.)

Lambs' Wool Hose, Breakfast Shawls.

Also, a large lot of Linen and Lawn Pocket Handkerchiefs, cheap.

DAVID MILLAR,
43 Sparks st, Centre Town, next to Esmonde's Stove Depot.
456y

New Premises and Cheap Goods.

GRANT & HENDERSON

Having recently moved into their new premises, **No. 20, Rideau-street,** one of the firm visited lately the Montreal Markets, and secured a very large stock of entirely

NEW GOODS,

At most EXTRAORDINARY REDUCTIONS in price, which cannot in a legitimate manner be undersold in this city.

RIDEAU-STREET, December 24, 1867. 623d

WHEELER & WILSON'S SEWING MACHINES.

THE BEST HOLIDAY PRESENT,

From $47 and upwards.

FIVE per cent. off for cash in bills until after the holidays. One handsome Mahogany full case $8 discount.

Gow Lunch, Ottawa, 1867.

The Howe Sewing Machines from $50 Up.

Grout & Co.'s Twisted Elastic Stitch only $15.

Call and see this little Beauty. Prospectuses and Samples sent Free by Mail.

December 14, 1 67. 479-43y G. A. WALTON, Agent, 37 Sparks Street, Ottawa.

Dry Goods at Reduced Prices.

Cunningham and Lindsay

— ARE NOW SELLING —

Canadian Grey Cloth at 3s. 3d. per yard,
Canadian Tweeds at 4s. per yard,
Canadian Cotton Yarn at 7s. 6d. a Bundle.
Canadian Bags at 1. 9d

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY

Invite particular Attention to their

BLANKETS, FLANNELS AND MANTLE CLOTHS.

Ottawa, November 18, 1867. 510y

CAUTION.

THE perfection and cheapness of the American (Waltham) Watch have given it such a wide-world celebrity that unscrupulous dealers years ago imitated its style and pirated its trade marks. Irresponsible dealers are occasionally found who dishonestly trade upon the popularity of the American watch by selling a base imitation under the name of the genuine article.

It is hardly necessary to state that such watches are worthless as time keepers, and when bought for the genuine are calculated to injure the high reputation which our watches have attained. The several grades of the American watch (except the lowest grade marked Home Watch Co.) are guaranteed by B. E. Robbins. The purchaser should in all cases require one of these certificates, which is furnished to all dealers in the genuine watches.

The following are the trade marks on the several grades of our manufacture:

AMERICAN WATCH CO. APPLETON, TRACY & CO.
WALTHAM WATCH CO. P. S. BARTLETT.
WM. ELLERY. HOME WATCH CO.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD CO.
Office of the General Superintendent
Altoona, Pa., 15th Dec., 1866.

Gentlemen—The watches Manufactured by you have been in use on this Railroad for several years by our engine men, to whom we furnish watches as part of our equipment. There are some THREE HUNDRED OF THEM CARRIED ON OUR LINE, and we consider them GOOD AND RELIABLE TIME KEEPERS. Indeed I have great satisfaction in saying YOUR WATCHES GIVE US LESS TROUBLE and have worn and do wear much longer without repairs than any watches we have ever had in use on this road. As you are aware we former y trusted, to those of English manufacture, of acknowledged good reputation, but as a class they never keep time as correctly, nor have they done as good service as yours.

In these statements I am sustained by my predecessor, Mr. Lewis, whose experience extended over a series of years.

Respectfully,
EDWARD H. WILLIAMS,
General Superintendent.

American Watch Co., Waltham.

NEW YORK CENTRAL RAILROAD.
Locomotive Dep't Western Division,
Rochester, Dec. 24th, 1866.

Gentlemen—I have no hesitation in saying that I believe the great majority of locomotive engineers have found by experience that WALTHAM WATCHES ARE THE MOST SATISFACTORY of any for their use. They RUN WITH THE GREATEST ACCURACY AND STRENGTH, withstanding the rough riding of an engine; and as I have NEVER KNOWN ONE TO WEAR OUT, they must be durable. I hope to see the time when railway companies will generally adopt your watches, and furnish them all to engineers and conductors. In my opinion it would greatly tend to promote regularity and safety.

Yours respectfully,
CHARLES WILSON,
Chief Engineer,
Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers.

American Watch Co., Waltham.

For sale by all first-class dealers in the United States and British Provinces.

ROBBINS & APPLETON
No. 182 Broadway, N. Y.
ROBERT WILKES,
Toronto and Montreal,
GENERAL AGENTS.
565-48 3m.

DARLEY'S
Arabian Heave Remedy
AND CONDITION MEDICINE

IS POSITIVELY SUPERIOR TO ANY of all other preparations for the cure of *Heaves, Coughs, Thick and Broken Wind*, and all diseases which affect the *Wind of Lower*; also, as a Condition Medicine, surpassing everything of the kind in easy to give, sure to cure, and safe in all cases and at all times, and does not prevent the horse from being worked while using it.

It cleanses the breathing apparatus, by removing from the air-cells the coagulable lymph, or that secretion which it heaves clogs them, causing a difficulty in breathing, and by its action on the diseased part, causing the mucous membrane to resume its natural dimensions, thus equalizing the circulation of the blood, and restoring the distended vessels to their natural size; by its use the horse's appetite is improved, all derangements of the digestive organs corrected, softening the skin, and giving to the coat a sleek and shining appearance.

D. W. HURD, Successor to Hurd & Co., Maiden Lane, New York, Sole Proprietor for the United States.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C.W.,
Proprietors for the Canadas.
PRICE TWENTY-FIVE CENTS.

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, Henry F. McCarthy J. Skinner, and J. Brown, in Ottawa.

Ottawa, Nov. 1, 1867. 577-twfm

NEW STORE!

THE Store formerly occupied by W. D. WOOD, No. 33, on RIDEAU STREET, has been refitted by the subscribers, and will be opened on MONDAY, FOURTEENTH OCTOBER, with an entire new stock of

GROCERIES, LIQUORS AND HARDWARE.

WOOD & ROSSITER.

Ottawa, October 12, 1867. 561-tf

Piano-Forte Tuition!

W. C. CLARK,
PROFESSOR OF MUSIC and Teacher of Piano, Voice and Harmony. Also, Mrs. Clark, Teacher of Drawing and Painting. Music Rooms and residence, 69 Queen-street, one door east of Toronto Street.

Orders may be left at residence or at Owens & Lee's Music Store. 449y

RAILROADS.

Grand Trunk Railway Company

OF CANADA.

WINTER ARRANGEMENTS, 1867.

TRAINS now leave Bonaventure Station as follows:

GOING WEST—Day Express for Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at 8.30 A.M.

Night do do at 8.30 P.M.

Accommodation Train for Kingston and intermediate stations at 7.00 A.M.

Local Train for Cornwall and intermediate Stations, at 4.20 P.M.

Trains for Lachine at 8.00 A.M., 9.30 A.M., 3.00 and 4.30 P.M.

The 3.00 P.M. Train runs through to Plattsburgh.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST—Accommodation Train from Island Pond and intermediate Stations, at 7.00 A.M.

Express for New York and Boston, at 8.40 A.M.

Express for Boston and New York, at 3.30 P.M.

Express for Portland (staying over night at Island Pond) at 2.00 P.M.

Night Express for Portland, Three Rivers, Quebec and Riviere du Loup, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbrooke, Waterville, and Costicook only, at 10 10 P.M.

Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.

For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure-Station.

C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director
December 23, 1867. 650tf

CHANGE of TIME

St. Lawrence & Ottawa Railway,

(formerly the Ottawa & Prescott Railway.)

ON and after MONDAY, the 30th Dec., 1867, and until further notice, trains will run as follows:

LEAVE PRESCOTT.	ARRIVE IN OTTAWA.
Mixed, 7.30 a.m.	11 00 a.m.
Express, 2.10 p.m.	4.45 p.m.
LEAVE OTTAWA.	**ARRIVE IN PRESCOTT.**
Express, 8 a.m.	10 30 a.m.
Mixed, 1.30 p.m.	4 45 p.m.

The time of these Trains has been so arranged as to ensure connection with night and day trains on Grand Trunk, east and west.

N. B.—These Trains run on Montreal Time.

Baggage to and from Ottawa checked through from and to stations on Grand Trunk Railway

Return tickets to Prescott, Kemptville and Ottawa at reduced rates can be had at the principal stations on the line.

P. S. DETLOR, Superintendent. THOMAS REYNOLDS, Managing Director.

Ottawa, Dec 28, 1867. 1y

Brockville and Ottawa Railway.

WINTER ARRANGEMENT
Commencing on Monday, December 9, 1867.

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

3:45 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 3.45 p.m., and arrive at Sandpoint at 9.25 p.m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT.

6:45 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint daily at 6.45 a.m., and arrive at Brockville at 1:00 p.m.

LEAVES PERTH.

5:00 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Perth at 5.00 p.m., and 9.40 a.m., and arrive at Smith's Falls at 5.50 p.m. and 10. 0 a.m.

LEAVES SMITH'S FALLS.

10:50 A.M.—TRAINS will leave Smith's Falls at 10.50 a.m., and 6. 5 p.m., and arrive at Perth at 11:40 a.m., and 6.45 p.m.

All trains on main line connect at Smith's Falls with Trains to and from Perth.

No. 1 leaves Brockville after G. T. R. Express Trains due from the East.

No. 2 is due at Brockville in time to connect with G. T. R. Express Trains for the East and West.

H. ABBOTT,
Manager for Trustees.

Brockville, Dec. 16. 472y

Royal Canadian Bank

OTTAWA AGENCY:

Office—Lieutenants' Building, 77 Sparks St

M. P. HAYES,
AGENT.

Ottawa, June 21. 157tf

DALGLISH & RUSSELL

ARE NOW IN RECEIPT OF THEIR new and varied assortment of

Grocery Goods

Consisting of Teas, Gunpowder, Old Hyson, Young Hyson, Hyson Twankay, Black, Extra Fine English Breakfast Souchong, Congou ditto, Oolong, Orange Pekoe, Finest Japans.

Coffees—Java, Jamaica, La Guayra, Mocha Roasted and Ground on the premises.

Sugars—English, refined in loaves, Broken Loaf, Crushed White, Yellow Refined.

Chocolate and Cocoa, Spices, Mustards, Essences, Syrups, Pickles, Sauces, Vinegars, and Bottled Fruits, in Syrup, Preserves, Potted Meats, Fruits &c. Also, Prov sions, Sugar Cured Hams, Spiced Rolled Hams, Bacon, Butter, Cheese, Crackers Biscuits, Flour, Oatmeal, Earlier Peas, Rice, Labrador Herrings, Table Codfish, Digby Herrings, &c., &c.

Our stock is extensive and complete, and every article warranted to give satisfaction. All orders sent or left will be promptly attended to.

All Goods delivered on the shortest notice

Dalglish & Russell,
Wellington & Kent-sts.

Take Highest Premiums at the Paris Exposition.

PLATFORM, COUNTER, Warehouse, Grain, Coal, Hay, Railroad Track, Depot, Druggist, Gold, and *all* kinds of SCALES constantly on hand and for Sale.

FAIRBANKS, BROWN & Co.,
Boston, Mass.

Our Sole Agents in Ottawa,

ALEXANDER WORKMAN & Co.

November 18, 1867. 592-6m

NOTICE

IS hereby given that application will be made to each and every Parliament having jurisdiction, at the present or next session thereof, respectively, for an act to amend the act chaptered 104, passed at the Session of the Parliament for the Inte Province of Canada, held the 29th and 30th years of the Reign of Her Majesty Queen Victoria, intituled "An Act to Incorporate the Ottawa City Passenger Railway Company."

Dec. 2nd, 1867. 567m

Bottled Ale, Bottled Ale, Bottled Ale.

THE Subscriber would call the attention of Families and others to his

Fine Bottled Ale!

Which is in splendid condition. Also,

Scotch, Irish, Old Rye

And other Malt Whiskies,

Ports, Sherries, Brandies, Gin, &c.,

Together with a General Assortment of

FIRST-CLASS GROCERIES.

A Call kindly Solicited.

D. WHELAN,
44, Rideau-street,
Opposite Allan's Crockery Store

Ottawa, Jan. 20, 18 8.

FOR SALE.

850 PAIRS of Grey Twilled BLANKETS, in bales of 50 pairs.

—ALSO,—

Canadian White Twilled and Whitney Blankets English Grey Blankets, weighing from 8 to 10 pounds each.

E McGILLIVRAY.

Ottawa, December 23, 1867. 617-3m

NOTICE.

APPLICATION will be made during the present Session of the Parliament of Canada for an act to incorporate The European and American Life Insurance Company.

January 22, 1868 647tf

THE CAPITAL

Boot and Shoe Store!

South Side of York-street, Lower Ottawa.

A LARGE SUPPLY of HAND-MADE KIPP BOOTS and SHOES of the VERY BEST QUALITY on hand.

Lumbermen who are anxious to furnish workmen with GOOD FEET WEAR, will be enabled to do so by calling at the CAPITAL for their supplies.

I am selling off the balance of the Winter Stock of READYMADE WORK at REDUCED PRICES, will consists of Ladies' Misses' and Children's BALMORALS, CONGRESS GAITERS, RUBBERS and OVERSHOES and Men's and Boys' Boots in CALF SKIN, KIPP and COW HIDE.

Orders and Measures taken for all sorts of Work.

GEORGE MURPHY.

Ottawa Jan. 31, 1868. 429-y

AYER'S Sarsaparilla

FOR PURIFYING THE BLOOD.

And for the speedy cure of the following complaints:

Scrofula and Scrofulous Affections, such as Tumors, Ulcers, sores, Eruptions, Pimples, Pustules, Blotches, Boils, Blains, and all Skin Diseases.

OAKLAND, Ind., 6th June, 1859.

J. C. AYER & Co. Gents: I feel it my duty to acknowledge what your Sarsaparilla has done for me, having inherited a scrofulous taint. I have suffered from it in various ways for years. Sometimes it burst out in ulcers on my hands and arms; sometimes it turned inward and distressed me at the stomach. Two years ago it broke out on my head and covered my scalp and ears with one sore, which was painful and loathsome beyond description. I tried many medicines and several physicians, but without much relief from any thing. In fact, the disorder grew worse. At length I was advised to read in the Gospel Messenger that you had prepared an alterative (Sarsaparilla, for I knew from your reputation that any thing you made must be good. I sent to Cincinnati and got it, and used it till it cured me. I took it, as you advise, a small dose of a teaspoonful over a month, and used almost three bottles. Now and healthy skin, sound began to form under the scab, which after a while fell off. My skin is now clear, and I know by my feelings that the disease came from my system. You can well believe this, I feel what I am saying when I tell you, that I hold you to be one of the apostles of the age, and remain ever gratefully, Yours,

ALFRED B. TALLEY.

St. Anthony's Fire, Rose or Erysipelas, Tetter and Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Ringworm, Sore Eyes, Dropsy.

Dr. Robert M. Preble writes from Salem, N. Y., 12th Sept., 1859, that he has cured an inveterate case of Dropsy, which threatened to terminate fatally, by the persevering use of our Sarsaparilla, and also a dangerous *Malignant Erysipelas* by large doses of the same; says he gives the common *Eruptions* by it constantly.

Bronchocele, Goitre or Swelled Neck.

Zebulon Sloan of Prospect, Texas, writes: "Three bottles of your sarsaparilla cured me from a *Goitre*—a hideous swelling on the neck, which I had suffered from for two years."

Leucorrhea or Whites, Ovarian Tumor, Uterine Ulceration, Female Diseases.

Dr. J. B. S. Channing, of New York City, writes: "I most cheerfully comply with the request of your agent in saying that I found your Sarsaparilla a most excellent alterative in the numerous complaints for which we employ such a remedy, but especially in *Female Diseases of the Scrofulous diathesis*. I have cured many inveterate cases of Leucorrhea by it, and some where the complaint was caused by *ulceration of the uterus*. The ulceration itself was soon cured. Nothing within my knowledge equals it for these female derangements."

Edward S. Marrow, of Newbury, Ala., writes, "A dangerous ovarian tumor on one of the females in my family, which had defied all the remedies we could employ, has I thought been completely cured by your Extract of Sarsaparilla. Our physician thought nothing but extirpation could afford relief, but he advised the trial of your Sarsaparilla as the last resort before cutting, and it proved effectual. After taking your remedy eight weeks a symptom of the disease remains."

Syphilis and Mercurial Disease.

NEW ORLEANS, 24th August, 1859.

Dr. J. C. AYER: Sir, I cheerfully comply with the request of your agent, and report to you some of the effects I have realized with your Sarsaparilla.

I have cured with it, in my practice, most of the complaints for which it is recommended, and have found its effects truly wonderful in the cure of *Venereal and Mercurial Diseases*. One of my patients had Syphilitic ulcers in his throat, which were consuming his palate and the top of his mouth. Your Sarsaparilla, steadily taken, cured him in five weeks. Another was attacked by secondary symptoms in his nose and the ulceration had eaten away a considerable part of it, so that I believe the disorder would soon reach his brain and kill him. But it yielded to my administration of your Sarsaparilla; the nose healed, and he is well again, not of course without some disfiguration to his face. A woman who had been laid up for the same disorder by mercury was suffering with the pains in her bones. They had become so sensitive to the weather that on a damp day she suffered excruciating pain in her joints and bones. She too, was cured entirely by your Sarsaparilla in a few weeks. I now from its formula, which your agent gave me, that this Preparation from your laboratory must be a great remedy; consequently, these truly remarkable results with it have not surprised me.

Fraternally yours, G. V. LARIMER, M. D.

Rheumatism, Gout, Liver Complaint.

INDEPENDENCE, Preston Co., Va., 6th July, 1859.

Dr. J. C. AYER: Sir, I have been afflicted with a painful chronic *Rheumatism* for a long time, which baffled the skill of physicians, and had stuck to me in spite of all the medicine I could find, until I tried your Sarsaparilla. One bottle cured me in two weeks and restored my general health. I think it a wonderful medicine. J. FREAM.

Jules Y. Getchell, of St. Louis, writes: "I have been afflicted for years with an *affection of the Liver*, which impaired my health. I tried every thing, and every thing failed to relieve me; and I have been a broken-down man some years from no other cause than derangement of *Liver*. My beloved pastor, the Rev. Mr. Fay, advised me to try your Sarsaparilla, because he said he knew you, and anything you made was worth trying. By the blessing of God it has cured me, and has so purified my blood as to make a new man of me. I feel young again. Too much can be said of you is not half good enough."

Tumors, Cancer, Tumors, Enlargement, Ulceration, Caries and Exfoliation of the Bones.

A great variety of cases have been reported to us where one of this formidable complaints have resulted from the use of this remedy, but our space here will not admit of their insertion. Some of them may be found in our American almanac, which the agents below named are pleased to furnish gratis to all who call for them.

Dyspepsia, Heart Disease, Fits, Epilepsy, Melancholy, Neuralgia

Many remarkable cures of these affections have been made by the alterative power of this medicine. It stimulates the vital functions into vigorous action, and thus overcomes disorders which would be supposed beyond its reach. Such a remedy has long been required by the medical profession and by the people, and we are confident that this will prove to them all that medicine can do.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,

FOR THE RAPID CURE OF

Coughs, Colds, Influenza, Hoarseness, Croup, Bronchitis, Incipient Consumption, and for the Relief of Consumptive Patients in advanced Stages of the Disease.

This is a remedy so universally known to surpass any other for the cure of throat and lung complaints, that it seems hardly needful to publish the evidence of its virtues. Its unrivalled excellence for coughs and colds, and its truly wonderful cures of pulmonary disease, have made it known, throughout the civilized nations of the earth. We are the communities, or even families, among them who have not some personal experience of its effects—some living trophy in their midst of its victory over the ruthless and dangerous disorders of the throat and lungs. Is all know the dreadful fatality of these disorders, and as they know, too, the effects of this remedy, we need not more than to assure them that it has now all the virtues so strongly upon the confidence of mankind.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts W. M. Massey, H. F. MacCarthy, and John Skinner, in Ottawa.

Royal Italian Bitters!

—OR,—

TONICO REALE

DEL DOTTORE F. P. VERRI,
Professor of Chemistry in the University of PADUA
ITALY.

THIS celebrated preparation for which a certificate of merit was awarded to the distinguished original preparer at the National Exposition at Torino, Italy, by whose favor Mr. GIANELLI obtained the recipe, and was also awarded a diploma at the Provincial Exhibition of Canada held at Montreal in September, 1865, is, without exception, the most genuine, salubrious and agreeable TONIC ever introduced to public notice either in Europe or America.

For seventeen years it has, in Italy, been a universal favorite among the *élite* of society, being generally served in the drawing room before dinner, in preference to Vermouth.

The ingredients of its composition have been imparted to the leading Physicians of Canada and the United States, and have received their unqualified approval on every account.

The proprietor refers with the greatest confidence and satisfaction to the subjoined testimonials from eminent medical men, which he could add to, were it desirable.

Kept by the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion of Canada and in the United States.

Sold by the Proprietor.

Dear Sir: You request my opinion of the "Royal Italian Bitters," prepared from a receipt of Dr Verri, of Padua. I beg to state that I consider it a most agreeable cordial tonic, in every way superior in flavour and composition to the ordinary bitter tonics in general use. I have recommended it to several patients, who have derived marked benefit from its use.

I am, dear Sir, yours faithfully,
G. E. FENWICK, M.D.

A. M. F. GIANELLI, Esq., Montreal.

REGULATIONS

TO BE OBSERVED

BY CANDIDATES FOR EMPLOYMENT IN

THE

Civil Service of Canada,

Framed by the Board of Examiners for the Civil Service, under the provisions of the 20th Vic., Cap. 24, and approved by His Excellency the Administrator of the Government in Council.

APPLICATIONS AND CERTIFICATES.

1. Every Candidate is required to send to the Secretary of the Board at the Office of the Provincial Secretary, an application in his own handwriting, stating his age, place of birth, present place of residence, the length of time he has been resident in Canada, the nature of his past occupations, and that it is his desire to enter into the Civil Service of Canada, naming the particular Department (if any) for which he believes himself more particularly adapted.

2. The application must be accompanied by satisfactory certificates as to the age, health and character, of the Candidate.

3. The Certificate of age should contain the best evidence of the date of the Candidate's birth, of which his case is susceptible.

4. The Certificate of health must be in the subjoined form marked A signed by a duly Licensed Medical Practitioner, and bear date within six months of the date of the application to the Board.

5. The Board of Examiners reserve to themselves full discretion as to the evidence of character which in particular cases they may deem it expedient to require, but a compliance with the requirements of the four following paragraphs is all that under ordinary circumstances will be deemed necessary.

6. Candidates who have been previously employed in any Department of the Public Service in which they served, and the length of time they were employed.

7. Every Candidate must name two or more referees, of whom two at least must be householders, and such referees must respectively fill up and sign a Certificate in the subjoined form marked B.

8. Candidates who have been previously in the employment of private individuals should (when circumstances will permit) name their last employer as one of such referees.

9. Candidates who have left school within two years before their application should (when circumstances will permit) name their last school-master as one of the referees.

10. Copies of the forms can be obtained on application to the Secretary, and, if in particular cases, these cannot be properly filled up, a sufficient reason must be assigned, and such other evidence must be produced as the Board may consider satisfactory.

EXAMINATIONS.

11. No Candidate will be allowed to present himself for examination unless his application and Certificates shall have been lodged with the Secretary ten days at least before the day of examination, nor unless such Certificates shall have been approved of by the Board.

12. Each Candidate will be duly informed by the Secretary whether his Certificates have or have not been approved of.

13. The Board will meet for the examination of Candidates on the fourth Monday in every month, at ten o'clock, a.m., at the office of the Provincial Secretary and such meeting may be adjourned from time to time.

14. Candidates are required to present themselves punctually at the hour appointed for the commencement of the examinations.

15. The examination will be conducted partly orally and partly in writing.

16. No viva voce examination shall take place except in the presence of a quorum of the Board.

17. The time allowed for answering each paper in writing will be marked upon it.

18. Candidates may be allowed to leave the examination room for a short time after delivering their answers to one paper and before proceeding to the next; but no candidate will be permitted to resume the answering of any paper after having left the room.

19. Any Candidate obtaining assistance during the hour of examination by copying the papers of any other Candidate or otherwise, will be considered as committing an offence seriously affecting his moral character; and any Candidate who shall permit such copying or give such assistance will be considered equally guilty.

20. All Candidates will be required

1. To write a good hand.
2. To spell correctly.
3. To write grammatically.
4. To write correctly from dictation.
5. To be conversant with the elementary rules of Arithmetic

21. To enable the Board to judge for what branch of the Public Service any Candidate is best qualified, he may be examined should he desire it, in the following subjects or any one or more of them which he may select:

1. Translating English into French, or French into English, and writing from dictation in either language.
2. Arithmetic as far as Decimal Fractions.
3. Book keeping.
4. Elementary Geography.
5. Making abstracts of documents.

FORM A.

I hereby certify that I have this day personally examined Mr. , and that I believe him to be free from any physical defect or disease, or mental ailment, which would be likely to interfere with the proper discharge of the duties of a Public Office.

(Signature,)
(Address,)
(Date.)

FORM B.

Statement respecting
a Candidate for employment in the Civil Service of Canada.

1. Are you related to the Candidate, if so, what is the relationship?
2. Are you well acquainted with the Candidate?
3. From what circumstances does your knowledge of him arise?
4. How long have you known him?
5. Is he strictly honest, sober, intelligent and diligent?
6. What do you know of his education and acquirements?
7. So far as you can judge, is his character in all respects such as to qualify him for Public Employment.

(Signature,)
(Address,)
(Date.) 653tf.

WANTED.

A LADY who is well qualified to teach the elementary English branches. Apply to MISS HARMON,
February 4. 657-3 Young Ladies' Institute.

Scale Manufacturer.

E. DORION begs to inform the public that he has opened a SCALE MANUFACTORY in Clarence street, second door from Sussex-street, in E. D'Amour's Blacksmith Shop, and where he is now prepared to repair all sorts of Scales to use.

Ottawa, Jan. 11 [illegible]

FRESH ARRIVALS
OF
Very Choice and Superior

TEAS

NOW ON SALE
AT THE

1,000 CHESTS UNCOLORED JAPAN.

500 Chests very choice and superior YOUNG HYSON.
700 Chests Good Strong TWANKAY
100 Chests old fashioned BREAKFAST SOUCHONG.
150 Caddies MANDERIN MIXTURE.

This is the finest BLACK TEA ever imported, 5s per pound; in small Caddies, about 14 lb each, 6s 9d.

COFFEE!

The Pure Mountain Berry

"Without exception the finest Coffee in the world."—*London Times, March 16.*

We are constantly receiving supplies of this truly beautiful and delicious COFFEE, *roasted daily on our premises by*

Dakins' Patent Silver Cylinder

By which peculiar process, the aroma is preserved, and renders it the FAVORITE WITH ALL COFFEE DRINKERS.

BEWARE OF SPURIOUS IMITATIONS.

As it is imported by no other firm in Canada

ROBINSON & CO.,
THE TEA POT,
OTTAWA

Wine, Spirits & Liquors

ROBINSON & CO. would especially call the attention of families to their stock of

ALES, WINES & SPIRITS

100 cases Otard Brandy.
50 " Martell's
150 " Hennessey.
75 " United Vinquels

We have a most delicious

DINNER SHERRY

Which we are selling at 8 shillings per gallon

GUINESS & CO.,
DUBLIN STOUT!
BLOOD'S LONDON STOUT.
BARCLAY'S LONDON PORTER.
ALLSOP'S PALE ALE.
BASS' EAST INDIA.
DOWS CELEBRATED MONTREAL ALE
DAWS SUPERIOR LACHINE ALE
DAWS CELEBRATED PORTER & STOUT

PRESERVED MEATS.

Just Received from England:
ROAST HARE.
CURRIED DO.
JUGGED DO.
STEWED DO.
ROAST PHEASANTS.
ROAST GROUSE.
OAST PARTRIDGE

ALL GOODS DELIVERED FREE by our own Waggons to any part of the City daily

ROBINSON & CO.
THE TEA POT,
OTTAWA.

Establishments—Sussex St. and Rideau St
Ottawa, September 10. 223tf

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA.

Friday, 24th January, 1868.

PRESENT:
HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

ON the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Customs, and under the authority given and conferred by the 123 clause of 8 Act do and 31 Vict. Cap. 6, intituled "An Act respecting the Customs."

His Excellency in Council has been pleased to make and prescribe the following "Regulations" respecting the Warehousing and bonding of Wheat, Maize or other Grain that may be ground and packed in bond, that is to say:

1. That the Collector or other Officer of Customs at any Warehousing Port in the Dominion of Canada, may deliver without payment of duty, to the importer of any Maize or other grain from which flour or meal can be manufactured, on proper entry being made of the same, any quantity of such Maize or other grain for the purpose of drying, grinding and packing in such place and on such premises as shall be particularly described by such importer or owner.

2. That such buildings used for drying, grinding and packing of Maize or other grain and the premises thereto belonging, with the description to be given thereof as aforesaid, shall, for the purposes of drying, grinding and packing Maize and other grain under the above mentioned Act, be deemed and considered a Government Bonded Warehouse, and that none of the Maize or other grain so brought into the said drying, grinding and packing building or upon the said premises, shall be removed therefrom without a proper ex-warehouse entry and due payment of all duties on the same, if intended for home consumption within the said Dominion, or upon due entry thereof for removal or exportation under the usual bonds; no shall any flour, meal or other products from the maize or other grain aforesaid, be removed from the said premises without due entry as aforesaid, either for consumption as aforesaid, for removal or exportation and payment of all Customs duties legally due on the flour, meal and other products into which the said maize and other grain shall have been manufactured as the case may be, allowance having first been made of five per cent. on the said flour or meal for shrinkage in those cases in which the corn or other grain has been kiln dried before grinding.

3. That before the importer or owner of any Maize and other grain aforesaid shall, for the purpose of drying, grinding and packing, be entitled to obtain the delivery thereof either ex ship upon their importation into the said Dominion, to be carried immediately to the drying, grinding and packing buildings, and premises aforesaid, or out of any Customs Warehouse, in which the same may be warehoused, he shall give bond with two sufficient sureties to the satisfaction of the Collector of Customs at the port where such Maize and other grain are imported or warehoused, in a penalty of double the amount of duties payable upon the importation of Maize and other grain so delivered upon arrival or out of Warehouse, as aforesaid, for the purpose of being dried, ground and packed in bond, shall within six months from the date of the bond to be so entered into, be well and truly paid to the Collector of Customs aforesaid for the use of Her Majesty, and the said importer or owner shall, before he can obtain the delivery aforesaid, further enter into and execute to the Collector for the use of Her Majesty as aforesaid, a general bond the said importer or owner in the penal sum of one thousand five hundred dollars, and two approved sureties in the sum of three hundred and seventy-five dollars each, conditioned that at no period shall the quantity of Maize or other grain, or the product thereof in the said building or premises be less than the quantity on which the bond or bonds for entire hereinbefore mentioned, shall be outstanding and unpaid.

4. And for the purpose of further securing the due observance of the foregoing Regulations, the Collector of Customs, the Surveyor of Customs or Warehouse-keeper, or other approved officer of Customs at the port where the Maize and other grain shall be subjected, or at the port nearest to the said drying or grinding and packing premises, shall at all times when such operations are being carried on therein have free access to and upon the said drying, grinding and packing buildings and premises for the purpose of verifying the quantity of Maize or other grain and their products therein, and any reasonable expenses attending such inspection shall be borne and defrayed by the importer or owner of the Maize, and other grain so undergoing drying, grinding and packing in bond.

The order of His Excellency in Council of the 1st August, 1867, prescribing Regulations on the above subject, but restricted to the Provinces of Quebec and Ontario, is hereby revoked.

WM. H. LEE,
Clerk Privy Council.

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Two Dwellings to Let,

BEING the Upper part of E. MARTINEAU'S Clothing Store, Corner of Sussex and Clarence-streets.

Enquire at the Store.

EUG. MARTINEAU.

Ottawa, Jan. 22, 1868. 656tf

To Let.

A ROOM TO LET either with or without board. Enquire this office.

Ottawa, November 20. 594tf

Lots for Sale.

6 BUILDING LOTS, one mile from the city, on the Richmond Road, containing one acre each. Apply to THOMAS ANDERSON, Jr., on the premises. 644tf

FOR SALE.—THE WESTerly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession Ottawa, Front Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same Concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. T. Ayles, Esq. For further particulars apply to JOHN and WM. THOMSON, Nepean, and LEWIS & PINSEY, Barrister, Ottawa. Jo2-141-tf

FOR SALE, THAT ELIgible property, beautifully situated on the Banks of the Ottawa, in the Township of Nepean, distant from the City of Ottawa about three miles on the macadamized road, together with the STONE DWELLING-HOUSE thereon erected, at present occupied by William Thomson, Esquire, and the garden and ornamented grounds adjoining the same, fronting part of Lot No. 29, in the 1st concession, Ottawa front. A most desirable private residence and vacant Lots adjoining the same also for sale at reasonable prices.

For particulars and terms apply to John and William Thomson on the premises, or to

LEWIS & PINSEY,
Barristers, &c., Ottawa.

Ottawa, February 27, 1867 369y

VICTORIA HOTEL—TO LET.

NO more eligible chance could be offered to any party in the Hotel-keeping line than the lease of the above FIRST-CLASS HOTEL.

Being on the eve of Confederation, and Ottawa being definitely settled upon as its capital,

The Victoria Hotel

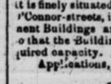
could not fail to be made to pay.

It is built on the most modern style of architecture, of cut stone; has large plate-glass windows, and is four stories high, exclusive of the basement. It is finely situated on the corner of Wellington and O'Connor-streets, immediately opposite the Parliament Buildings and has three vacant lots attached, so that the Buildings could be enlarged to any required capacity.

Applications, (postpaid) to be addressed to

FRANCIS CLEMOW, ESQ.,
Or JOHN HENRY, Esq.,
Richmond Road, Ottawa, C. W

Ottawa, March 11. 379tf



COUNTRY RESIDENCE FOR SALE.—Beautifully situated on the Macadamized Road between Ottawa City and Aylmer, about 35 minutes' drive from the city. A farm of excellent land, containing about 90 acres, with a large stone house erected thereon.

The proprietor has no objection to sell a part of the farm, with or without the house. This would be a desirable country residence. Title unexceptionable.

Apply to REV. J. JOHNSTON,
Hull Village.

August 1. 501-3m

FARMS FOR SALE.

100 ACRES.—The north half of Lot No. No. 11, in 4th Con. of the Township of Osgoode, with a good House and Barn, and other outbuildings, and a good Spring Well, fifty acres cleared and in a good state of cultivation. This is situated on the Prescott Road, within fifteen miles of Ottawa. Also the south half of Lot No. 6, in the 3rd Con. of Osgoode, containing 100 acres, 50 acres cleared, the rest well wooded, with good hardwood, and well watered, and situated within a quarter of a mile of the Railway Station. Titles good. For further information apply to

PATRICK HER

The Times

VOL. II. NO 661 — OTTAWA, SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 8, 1868. — PRICE—3 CENTS

THE

Ottawa Daily Times,

(Published every morning, Sundays excepted.)

THE DAILY AND WEEKLY TIMES NOW enjoys the LARGEST CIRCULATION of any paper published in the Ottawa Valley—issuing of the Daily over 2,000 and Weekly over 4,000 making a total circulation in the week of over 6,000 thus outstripping all competitors, and affording the best medium for business men to advertise in.

ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in the Daily at the following rates:

Business Cards of from 3 to 6 lines, per annum—payable in advance only, ... $6 00
Permanent Advertisements, first insertion per line, ... 8c
Of subsequent insertions, per line, ... 2c
Yearly advertisers specially contracted with, and liberal allowance made.
Yearly subscription to the daily (if paid in advance) $5 00
If not paid in advance 6 00
Yearly subscription to the weekly (if paid in advance) $1 00
If not paid in advance 1 50

ADVERTISING AGENCY.—Messrs. S. M. Pettengill & Co., 37, Park Row, New York, and State Street, Boston, General Advertising Agents, are hereby authorized to receipt Advertisements for the OTTAWA TIMES.

LEGAL.

G. J. O'DOHERTY,
LAW, CHANCERY and CONVEYANCING OFFICE, AUMOND'S BUILDINGS, Elgin-street.
Ottawa, Dec. 4, 1867. 608-49y

R. J. WICKSTEED,
ADVOCATE, &c., 42, Little St. James Street, MONTREAL.
November 14, 1867. 589-6m

N. TETREAU,
NOTARY PUBLIC for the Province of Quebec, HULL, near the Post Office.
Dec. 6, 1867. 390tf

NICHOLAS SPARKS,
LAW, Chancery and Conveyancing Office, Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office.
Ottawa, July 19. 489y

LAPIERRE & HAYCOCK,
ATTORNIES-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers and Notaries Public, corner of Sussex and York-streets, Ottawa.
Ottawa, February 28, 1867. 368y

WILLIAM MOSGROVE,
LAW, Chancery and Conveyancing. Office: Mosgrove's Block, Rideau Street, Ottawa, C. W. 366-tf

D. O'CONNOR,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex Street. Office: Union Buildings, Ottawa.
February 21, 1866. 55-y

R. H. HAYCOCK,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office: Post Office Building, Elgin Street, Ottawa.
February 7, 1866. 43-u

A. F. BOUCHETTE,
ADVOCATE. Office: No. 17, St. Peter Street, Quebec. Mr. Bouchette will always be prepared to attend promptly to any business the Government employes, and the public generally may entrust him. Mr. B. attends regularly the circuits and for the district of Quebec.
December 28, 1865. 9-y

P. J. BUCKLEY, L.L.B.,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law Solicitor-in-Chancery, and Notary Public. Office, over Mr. Luke Cassey's Boot and Shoe Store, Rideau Street, Ottawa, C. W.
January 17 1867. 334y

AUGUSTUS KEEFER,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office: Opposite Post Office, Elgin Street, in the rooms lately occupied as the Custom House.
Ottawa, March 23. 87-tf

J. F. BOULTON,
BARRISTER-AT-LAW, Solicitor-in-Chancery, &c. Office: Aumond's Buildings, Rideau Street.
Ottawa, Jan. 12, 1866. 21-y

M. McLEOD,
BARRISTER, Etc., for Lower Canada. Offices: Court House, Aylmer and Buckingham, C.E.
Attends to all Law Courts in the District of Ottawa.
February 7, 1866. 43-ut

LEES & GEMMELL,
BARRISTERS, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. Offices: In the Court House, Ottawa, C. W.
ROBERT LEES. JOHN J. GEMMELL.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

EDWARD T. DARTNELL,
BARRISTER, Solicitor, Attorney, and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Crown Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Offices: In the Court House, L'Orignal.
January 27, 1866. 34-6m

MEDICAL.

DR. CHESLEY,
OFFICE over Mr. Garth's Establishment, 25 Rideau-st., Ottawa.
May 30 447tf

DR. C. LEGGO,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Office: Hunton's Block, Sparks Street.

DR. DORION,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon, and Accoucheur, Clarence Street, Ottawa.
March 1. 371y

DR. OLIVER MARTIN,
DENTIST. Office: Sparks Street, Central Ottawa.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-tf

DR. C. A. MARTIN,
DENTIST. Office: Sussex Street, over Messrs. Campbell & Co.'s, Grocers.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-tf

DR. JOHN LEGGO,
DENTIST, Hunton's Block, Sparks Street. Teeth extracted without pain by means of the Ethereal Spray Producer. 350a

W. R. BELL, A.M., M.D., C.M., &c.
(RECENTLY FROM ENGLAND.)
SURGERY and Residence, George Street.
Ottawa, November 13. 280y

A. CODD, M.D., M.
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Residence—McDougal's Block, Besserer-st., Nicholas Hill. 571-3m

DR. LESLIE JONES,
Surgeon, &c., of Dublin and Edinburgh.
SURGERY and Consulting Office, Rideau-st., next door to the St. Lawrence Hall. Residence—Daly Street. 581y

DR. GEORGE HUTCHISON,
DENTIST: Office, Sparks-street, opposite Magee & Russell's.
Ottawa, October 30, 1867. 576y

DR. W. J. HENRY,
CORNER of Kent and Wellington Streets, Ottawa.
November 6. 43utf

DR. O. C. WOOD,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur Ottawa. Day office opposite Magee & Russell's, Sparks Street, Center Town. Night Office at his Residence, Maria Street, Center Town.
CANCERS Cured, without the use of the knife, by a new, but certain, speedy, and almost painless process. References given to parties successfully treated, if required. The cure guaranteed.
Ottawa, April 14. 17w-106

HOLGATE, OLIVER & ANNABLE.
WHOLESALE Manufacturers of Bedsteads Chairs, &c., Chaudiere Island, Ottawa, C.W.
WILLIAM HOLGATE,
JOHN OLIVER,
WILLIAM ANNABLE.
Ottawa A 366y

BUSINESS CARDS.

B. BILLINGS, JR.,
ARCHITECT, Elgin-street, opposite the Post Office.
REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq. Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq. Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq. Managing Director O & P R W 612-6m

R. SPARKS,
PROVINCIAL LAND SURVEYOR, Draughtsman, &c., (commissioned for Upper and Lower Canada.) Office and residence, Gloucester, near Ottawa. Surveys of every description executed with accuracy. Communications addressed Ottawa City, (post-paid), or left at the office of N. Sparks, Solicitor, &c., Ottawa, will receive prompt attention.
Ottawa, February 21, 1866. 55-

N. McKINNON,
COMMISSION and Exchange Broker, and Insurance Agent, Sparks-street, opposite Magee & Russell's, Ottawa, C. W.
Ottawa, March 25. 391y

O'CONNOR & WALLER,
EXCHANGE Brokers, Fire, Life and Accidental Insurance, Commission and Collecting Agents. Office, No. 27, Sussex-street, Ottawa.
R. E. O'CONNOR. W. H. WALLER.
March 9. 378y

J. P. MACPHERSON,
BARRISTER, &c., Ottawa. Office: Lang's Buildings, opposite Post Office Ottawa, March 19, 1866. 70-y

H. McLEAN'S
AUCTION Rooms, No. 19, Sparks Street, Centre Town, Ottawa, opposite Hope's Stationery Store.
The sale of Real Estate at Auction or Private Sale promptly attended to. Consignments received for positive sale. Parties wishing to purchase Real Estate will receive all information FREE OF CHARGE by calling at the office.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y

R. H. McGREEVY,
CONTRACTOR and Builder. Office: North side York street, second door from Sussex Street.
Ottawa, March 20, 1866. 78-y

S. CHRISTIE,
COMMISSION Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.
OFFICE: No. 3, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

PARLIAMENTARY AGENCY.

C. J. BOUCHETTE,
PRIVATE BILL SURVEYOR and Draughtsman, Mining, Land, and General Parliamentary Agent. References unexceptionable. OFFICE: Wellington Street, next to British Hotel, and nearly opposite the banks, Ottawa.
P. S.—Special attention given with despatch to Public Land business, adjusting disputed claims, and securing Patents.
Ottawa, May 22. 132-y

JOHN MERCER,
Teacher Piano-Forte, Violin, &c.
THOROUGH BASS.
AYLMER, C. E.
VISITS OTTAWA TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS.
Orders left at Union House will be punctually attended to.
Ottawa, July 26. 187tf

HOTELS AND SALOONS.

HOLT'S HOTEL,
AYLMER, C. E., Livery and General Stage Office. Alfred Moses Holt, Jr., Prop'tor.
December 21, 1865. 4-y

JAS. JOHNSTON'S
UNION HOUSE, North Gower. Good Stabling and an attentive Hostler.
January 11, 1866. 20-y

DUIGNAN'S
PRIVATE HOTEL, Sparks Street, Ottawa, C. W. A few gentlemen can obtain superior apartments.
Ottawa, Dec. 20, 1865. 3-y

THE RUSSELL HOUSE,
LATE CAMPBELL'S HOTEL, Ottawa, C. W. The undersigned, proprietor of the above-named Hotel, begs leave to acquaint his numerous friends and the travelling public, that he has re-painted and newly-furnished throughout this commodious establishment, in the management of which by strict attention to business and guests, he hopes to deserve encouragement and support.
JAMES E. QUIN,
Lately, and for many years connected with Russell's Hotel, Paisley Street, Quebec

THE ALBION HOTEL
NICHOLAS Street, Court-House Avenue, Ottawa, John Graham, Proprietor.
This House is commodiously situated, and still maintains its character as a FIRST-CLASS HOTEL. Considerable additions have recently been made to the premises, and it has been entirely repainted and renovated. No pains will be spared to accommodate and please.
OMNIBUSES to and from the cars and boats free of charge. There is a FIRST-CLASS LIVERY STABLE attached to the Hotel.
Ottawa 1856 1-y

JOHN MALTMAN
LATE McADAM'S, Commercial Hotel, Packenham.
The above Hotel, one of the oldest and best known in Packenham, has been leased by the undersigned and thoroughly overhauled and refitted for the special accommodation of guests. THE TABLE AND BAR will at all times be furnished with the very best the market affords.
GOOD STABLING and a careful Hostler always in attendance
JOHN MALTMAN.

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,
M. KAVANAGH, Proprietor, Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington Streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government buildings.
The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.
Oysters, Game etc., daily

THE METROPOLITAN
Aumond's Block,
Rideau Street, Ottawa.
P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.
Ottawa, November 27. 292tf

THE REVERE HOUSE,
OTTAWA.
G. A. BUCKE, W. H. SANGER, ... PROPRIETORS.
THIS FIRST-CLASS HOTEL has been re-furnished and refitted throughout, and now combines all the requisites of a first-class establishment.
Ottawa, Nov. 6, 1867 582tf

TORONTO HOUSE,
SPARKS-STREET.
MRS. TROTTER begs to state that she has comfortable quarters for a few gentlemen for three months or more, with Parlour and use of Piano.
Ottawa, Dec. 24, 1867. 623tf

MISS LOVETT'S
PRIVATE HOTEL
HOLLIS STREET, HALIFAX, N. S.
STRANGERS will find this long established and well known house to be the most comfortable and well conducted in the city.
December 23, 1867. 622-6m

TO PARTIES ABOUT TO BUILD—
PLANS,
SPECIFICATIONS,
ESTIMATES, &
Prepared by
AUGUSTUS LAVER,
ARCHITECT
2nd Dalry-st. Ottawa.
April 1.

DRUGGISTS.

Spectacles for all Sights.
OPTICAL Instruments Electro-Magnetic and Galvanic Apparatus, Photographic Chemicals, &c.
W. BEARN,
637y Market Drug Store, York-street.

Apothecaries Hall!
No. 41, SUSSEX STREET,
G. MORTIMER, - - PROPRIETOR
NONE OTHER GENUINE!
TRADE MARK IS REGISTERED
Canadian Cough Emulsion.
THIS Valuable Medicine has the extraordinary property of immediately relieving Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Difficulty of Breathing, Tightness in the Chest, &c., &c. It operates by dissolving the congealed phlegm, causing free expectoration, and an agreeable moistness of the skin. Prepared only by
GEORGE MORTIMER,
Chemist and Druggist, 41, Sussex Street, Ottawa City. Sold in bottles at 1s 3d and 2s 6d each.

MORTIMER'S
COMPOUND ANTIBILIOUS
AND FAMILY APERIENT PILLS.
A grand Specific for derangement of the digestive organs, and for obstructions and torpid action of the Liver and Bowels.
MORTIMER'S Vegetable WORM DESTROYER.
The only sure remedy that exists. Combining delicious taste with amazing power. Also
CAMPHORATED EYE-WATER,
Pure Cure for Sore, Weak and Inflamed Eyes.
MORTIMER'S
Colognes, Pomades, Toilet Vinegar, Rose Dentifrice, for the Teeth and Gums. Also constantly on hand, Perfumes of all kinds, and Toilet requisites usually kept in a first-class establishment.

FOUND,
A NEVER Failing Remedy for Coughs and Colds, Mortimer's Canadian Cough Emulsion. No family should be without a bottle. None genuine but from
G. MORTIMER,
Chemist, 41, Sussex-st.
The best of Certificates can be produced.
Ottawa, Nov. 22, 1867. 596-6m

OTTAWA
DRUG WAREHOUSE,
RIDEAU STREET
1866 SEEDS. SEEDS. 1866.
A LARGE STOCK OF FRESH GARDEN and FIELD SEEDS, just arrived and on Sale. All Seeds warranted Fresh.
A large importation of English and French PERFUMES will arrive next week.
FLORIDA WATER. SOZODONT.
HAIR BRUSHES. COMBS.
NAIL BRUSHES. CLOTHES BRUSHES,
&c., &c., &c.
Just being opened up.
JOSEPH GARVEY, M.D.
P. S.—Advice to the poor gratis.
Ottawa, April 11. 97-y

DOMESTIC DYES.
THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT OF DYES in this city on sale at the
Ottawa Drug Warehouse.
A free Lot of Good, Cheap PERFUMES just received.
N. B.—Prescriptions carefully and promptly prepared. J. GARVEY, M. D.
Ottawa, Feb. 12 1866 47-utf

PARLIAMENT
HAIRDRESSING SALOON!
E. MILES,
Hairdresser by Appointment to His Excellency the Governor-General.
HAS REMOVED HIS PARLIAMENT HAIR DRESSING SALOON from the old stand to his new and commodious room over the LONDON MUSIC STORE, on Elgin-st., opposite the Russell House, which he has fitted up in the most exclusive style of the business, and where his Rotary Hair Brush, which he imported expressly for himself, being the first introduced into British America, will be kept ready for use. The saloon is delightfully ventilated, and very pleasantly situated.
Mr. MILES would take this opportunity of returning his most sincere thanks to his many friends and the public, for their kind and generous patronage to him, during a number of years, in his old establishment, and trusts that by unremitting attention to business, and in his new and first-class saloon, with polite and attentive workmen, to merit a continuance of their favors.
All kinds of Hair Watch Guards, Finger Rings, &c., manufactured to order. For the convenience of ladies orders will be received at the London Music store, where a fine and varied assortment of Hair-work will be found.
E. MILES,
Hair Dresser, by appointment, to his Excellency the Governor-General.
Ottawa, October 3 1867 553-39y

OTTAWA
Skating & Curling
CLUB.
ON AND AFTER THE 1st FEB'Y,
Tickets of Admission to Skate
FOR THE
REMAINDER OF THE SEASON!
WILL BE ISSUED AT
HALF PRICE.
Ottawa, Jan. 31, 1868. 654a

"The Canadian Punch."
ON WEDNESDAY, the 5th INSTANT, will be published in Montreal a
COMIC WEEKLY!
Bearing the above name. It will appear in Ottawa on the day subsequent to its publication in Montreal throughout the year. Look out for it on next THURSDAY, the SIXTH FEBRUARY.
February 3, 1868. 650-d

CREAT CLEARING SALE
—OF—
Dry Goods and Ready-made Clothing,
—AT—
J. T. Prudhomme's Stores,
SUSSEX-STREET, FACING CLARENCE-STREET,
And at the Sign of the "Golden Lamb."
As the Subscriber intends closing one of his Stores on the first day of December he is determined to sell off at an immense reduction his stock of
DRY GOODS & READY-MADE CLOTHING
—CONSISTING OF—
Beaver Cloths, Pilot do, Whitney do, Melton do, Satinet do
West of England Broad Cloths, Black Cassimeres, Silk Mix Coatings, " " Trouserings, Fancy Doeskins,
Col. and White Blankets, Horse Rugs, Flannels, Kerseys, Winceys.
English, Scotch and Canadian Tweeds.
DRAWERS, SHIRTS, WOOL CRAVATS, SCARFS, NECK TIES, COLLARS,
SHAWLS, CLOAKINGS, DRESS GOODS, NECK TIES, PRINTS, COBOURGS,
BUCK MITTS, BUCK MOCASSINS, WOOL SOCKS, MITTS, TRUNKS, VALISES
—ALSO, A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF—
Boots and Shoes, Teas, Soap, Candles and Wines
The whole to be disposed of before the 1st day of December. Call early and examine before purchasing elsewhere.
Ottawa, November 19, 1867. 593-3m

RELIANCE
MUTUAL LIFE ASSURANCE CO'Y.
ESTABLISHED 1840.
CHIEF OFFICE—71, King William-street, Mansion House, LONDON.
ACCUMULATED PREMIUMS OVER, - - - - $1,000,000.
ANNUAL INCOME OVER, - - - - $300,000.
TRUSTEES
The Right Rev the Bishop of Moray and Ross.
Viscount Kirkcaldie, John Ledger, Esq
J R S Phillipps, Esq, James Traill, Esq
Sir John T Tyrell, Bart, W M Tufnell, Esq
DIRECTORS.
George Ashlin, Esq, W W Duffield, Esq, J W Egertongreen, Esq, George T Harris, Esq, John James, Esq
John W Lay, Esq, John Ledger, Esq, J Oxlypurker, Esq, William Phelps, Esq, John Pike, Esq, Edward White, Esq
Henry T Prinsep, Esq, Major Skinner, R A, Charles H Smith, Esq, James Traill, Esq, W M Tufnell, Esq
MEDICAL OFFICERS.
J W Ogle, Esq, M D, H F Smith, Esq, M D
BANKS.
Messrs William Deacon Co, Birchin Lane, Messrs Sparrow, Tufnell & Co, Chelmsford.
The London and County Bank
SOLICITORS.
Messrs Hooke & Street, 27 Lincoln's Inn Fields. Messrs Gepp & Veley, Chelmsford.
EDWARD BUTLER, Secretary.
Canada Branch—Montreal.
BOARD OF DIRECTORS.
Walter Shanly, Esq, M P, Chairman.
Duncan Macdonald, Esq, George Winks, Esq, W M Hingston, Esq, M D, L R C S.
SOLICITORS—Messrs Rose & Bethune. MEDICAL ADVISER—W H Hingston, Esq, M D.
The entire profits of this old and long established society belong to the policy holders, who are protected from all liability by the deed of settlement.
Annuities and endowments granted on advantageous terms.
Advances made on approved security in connection with Life Policies.
Every information to be had on application to any of the Society's Agents in Canada, or to
T W GRIFFITH, Manager and Secretary.
Head Office for the Dominion of Canada—Corner St Francois Xavier-street, Montreal.
Agents wanted in unrepresented districts throughout Canada.
NEIL McKINNON,
589-6m Agent for Ottawa.

Etna Fire and Marine Insurance Co.
The Number of Shareholders exceed Five Hundred.
Capital, ... $2,500,000.
Annual Income Nearly ..... $1,000,000.
HEAD OFFICE—Upper Sackville-street, Dublin, Ireland; CHIEF OFFICE, ENGLAND—17 and 18 Corn Hill, London; CHIEF OFFICE, SCOTLAND—98 George-st., Edinburgh.
DIRECTORS.
John Obins Woodhouse, Esq, 82 Pembroke Road, Dublin; Ormeath Park, Co Louth; Portadown, Co Armagh; Kerry Keel, Co Armagh and Down—Chairman.
Robert Craven Wade, Esq, Conebraney, Crosskeale, Co Meath, and Sackville Street Club, Dublin, J P for Counties Meath and Wicklow—Director Scottish Amicable Life Office.
Charles Going Malone, Esq, Merchant, Stephen-street and George-street, Dublin; Churchtown Lodge, Dundrum, Co Dublin—Director Commercial Gas Company.
John William Gregg, Esq, Alderman, Merchant, 18 Upper Sackville-street, Dublin—Vice Chairman.
Irwine Smith Whitty, Esq, 6 Wellington Road, Dublin—Director Government Prisons.
Bernard Coyne, Esq, 27 Waterloo Road, Dublin, J P, Co Mayo.
Jeffry Martin, Esq, 2 Clarinda Park, East Kingstown, Dublin, and Curraghmore, Ballinrobe, Co Mayo, J P for Co Mayo.
Robert Caway Harly, Esq. Bridge House and Glenduff, Dalee; J P for Co Kerry.
David Richardson Goodlatte, Esq Merchant.
FEATURES.
A division of profits every three years to holders of policies who have no losses.
MODERATE PREMIUMS.
The company do not advocate high premiums, but rates will be charged according as the nature of the risk. Losses will be promptly and fully met on adjustment. Losses by lightning and loss or damage by explosion of gas within the premises insured made good.
JOHN INNIS, ESQ. Manager.
N. B.—The above company have invested in Canadian Government Bonds, in conformity with the Provincial Act, and have obtained the license of the Minister of Finance to do business in Canada, and are now prepared to take risks.
T. W. GRIFFITH, Manager for Canada.
Head Office for the Dominion—Corner of St Francois Xavier and St Sacrament-streets, Montreal.
Agents wanted in unrepresented districts throughout Canada.
589-6m NEIL McKINNON, Agent for Ottawa.

STOVES. STOVES. STOVES.
STOVES. STOVES. STOVES.
STOVES. STOVES. STOVES.
"CAPITAL" 35, H.
STOVE SUSSEX MEADOWS
DEPOT! St. & CO.
WE have received our fall and Winter Stock of STOVES, STOVE PIPES, ELBOWS, DUMB STOVES, TINWARE and LUMBERMEN'S SUPPLIES, which we offer Wholesale or Retail at low prices. In Cooking, Parlor, Box and Hall Stoves, for wood or coal, we have the largest and most varied assortment ever shown in Ottawa.
COOKING STOVES. COOKING STOVES. COOKING STOVES.
COOKING STOVES. COOKING STOVES. COOKING STOVES
COOKING STOVES. COOKING STOVES. COOKING STOVES.
Our stock of the above comprises the latest improvements in both ELEVATED and LOW OVEN STOVES.
BOX AND HALL STOVES. BOX AND HALL STOVES.
BOX AND HALL STOVES. BOX AND HALL STOVES.
BOX AND HALL STOVES. BOX AND HALL STOVES.
Suitable for private Dwellings and Churches, Warehouses and Stores.
PARLOR STOVES. PARLOR STOVES. PARLOR STOVES.
PARLOR STOVES. PARLOR STOVES. PARLOR STOVES.
PAR TOVES. PARLOR STOVES. PARLOR STOVES.
New and most beautiful designs, very cheap.
COAL STOVES. PARLOR GRATES.
Hot Air Furnaces.
We still continue to manufacture every description of TIN, SHEET IRON, and COPPER WARE, RUSSIA IRON PIPE, and DUMB STOVES. Also all kinds of out-door Job Work in our line attended to by competent and experienced Mechanics. Country Merchants supplied with stovepipes, &c., at reduced rates.
Lumbermen's Supplies! Lumbermen's Supplies! Scanty Plates! Basins! Camp Kettles, &c.
HOUSEFURNISHING GOODS!
Bird Cages! Bird Cages! Bird Cages!
Price Lists sent free on application.
Any part of a Stove sold by us can be replaced when broken or burnt out, a fact intending buyers would do well to note.
An inspection of the above goods invited at the
"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,
35, SUSSEX STREET.
Ottawa, October 3, 1867. H. MEADOWS & CO. 63-y

INSURANCE.
INTERCOLONIAL
ASSURANCE CO'Y.
OF CANADA.
Capital - - - $500,000,
With power to increase the same.
SHARES, - - $100 EACH.
PROVISIONAL DIRECTORS:
H. O. Burritt, Esq., President; R. Lyon, Esq. Mayor of Ottawa, Vice-President; T. D. Harington, Dy. Receiver General; the Hon. J. Skead, J. M. Currier, M. P., D. McLaughlin, M.P., W. Wade, Esq., F. Jones, M.P., W. Ellis, Esq., W. H. Brousey, M.D., Joseph Aumond, Esq., M. K. Church, M.D., and J. M. Bates.
THIS is purely a Canadian Institution, and as such is deserving of the support of the Canadian public.
An Act for the Incorporation of this Company is now before the Parliament of the Dominion.
Over $100,000 of stock is already subscribed and it is the intention to deposit with the Government as a guarantee of our good faith, at least $50,000 as soon as an Act of Incorporation is procured (which will be a provision of our Incorporation.) It is unnecessary here to dilate upon the profits of money invested in Insurance Stock. Suffice it to say, that, at least in one instance 3355 per cent advance has been obtained on insurance stock, and that after the payment of princely dividends. In the meantime Subscriptions to Stock, in Ottawa may be made at the Ontario and Royal Canadian Banks, and a deposit of 10 per cent is requisite which will be deposited IN TRUST to be returned in case any subscriber is not satisfied with his investment up to one month after the Vice-Regal sanction to the Charter is obtained.
J. M. BATES,
Pro. Manager and Secretary.
Ottawa, Nov. 21, 1867. 595tf

CITY OF GLASGOW
Life Assurance Company
ESTABLISHED 1838.
CAPITAL, £600,000 Sg.
ANNUAL REVENUE OVER £120,000 Stg.
THIS COMPANY OFFERS TO THE public the combined advantage of perfect security, moderate premiums and liberal participation in profits. No extra charge for Volunteers in defence of the country.
RINTOUL BROS., Montreal, General Agents for Canada.
NEIL McKINNON, Agent, Sparks-street, Ottawa.
Ottawa March 25. 391y

Ætna Life Insurance Company,
ESTABLISHED, A. D. 1820.
Capital and Assets, 1st Jan., 1867, $4,401,833.86
THIS MOST SUCCESSFUL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY divides the whole of the Profits, every year, among the insured, reducing the cost to about one-half the figures usually charged.
For instance, the annual payment, at the age of 30, in most Companies, to insure $2000 is, with profits, about $50, and without profits $43.00
In the Ætna, $2000, to a person 30 years of age, costs the first year 25.31
And each subsequent year 26.74
Which payment is subject to further reduction as the business of the Company increases.
Endowment policies on equally favorable terms.
The fact that the Ætna has, during the past 12 months, insured over 14,000 persons, from among the best business men of the Continent, is the best possible testimonial to the soundness of the Company, and the excellence of its method of doing business.
J. GARVEY, ESQ., M. D., Medical Referee.
J. S. PEDLAR & CO., Montreal.
Ottawa, March 13. 381y

BRITISH AMERICA
Assurance Company!
FIRE AND MARINE.
ESTABLISHED 1830.
R. S. Cassels, Esq. ..... Consulting Director.
THE ABOVE FIRST-CLASS COMPANY is prepared to insure all descriptions of property against loss or damage by fire.
HERRICK, BRUSH & CO., AGENTS, Aumond's Buildings.
Ottawa, January 4, 1867. 323y

NOTICE.
DR. J. GARVEY can be consulted each day PROFESSIONALLY, at his RESIDENCE, RIDEAU-STREET, from 8 o'clock to 10 in the forenoon, and from 6 to 10 in the evening. During mid-day by making inquiries at BROWNE & HARDY'S, GROCERS, Rideau-street, information can be had as to his whereabouts.
J. GARVEY, M. D.
N. B.—It is not the intention of Dr. Garvey to relinquish his practice as a physician.
Ottawa, Jan. 24, 1868. 648tf

NOTICE.
ALL persons indebted to Dr. J. Garvey, and whose accounts have been rendered, are requested to call and settle at once, or costs will be incurred.
J. GARVEY, M.D.
Ottawa, Sept. 4, 1867. 529tf

RIFLES!
Wesson's Rifles!
HAVING imported some of the above RIFLES in 1866, under free entry, I offer the balance of stock at $17 each, which is $4 less than manufacturers prices; wholesale price at factory is $25 American money.
THOMAS ISAAC,
613d Sparks-street.

Land for Sale.
850 ACRES OF LAND, situated within two to eight miles of the city. Apply to JOHN W. McGUIRE, Lot 25, Inc Concession, Ottawa Front, Gloucester. 546-6m

To Sell or Let---Rare Opening.
TERMS MODERATE.
FINE STONE DWELLING HOUSES, Photographic Chambers, and other Cut Stone Premises, well arranged and eligibly situated for commercial business.
Apply to JOHN MACAULEY, Chaudiere, Ottawa; or E. McGILLIVRAY, J. B. TACKABERRY, or H. McLEAN, Auctioneer, Ottawa.
January 8, 1867. 585-6m

Furniture! Furniture! Furniture!
AT THE
VARIETY HALL,
34, Sussex-st.
A MOST Complete Stock of Black Walnut and other Furniture, in Cane and Hair Seated Chairs, Tete-a-Tetes, Sofas, Extension Dining Tables, Centre Tables, Sideboards, Chiffoniers, Wardrobes, Bureaus, Bedsteads, Washstands and Toilet Tables. Also, Hair, Excelsior and Sea Grass Mattresses, of all sizes, Gilt Mirrors, Toilet and other Looking Glasses, Table Cutlery of all kinds, Brushes, Brooms, and Wooden Ware of various descriptions, Table and Floor Mats, Soiled Linen Baskets, a beautiful article, Rocking Horses, Children's Sleighs, and the best assorted stock of Crockery, China and Glassware in the Dominion. This stock being all purchased to the best advantage will consequently be sold cheap.
Crockery, China, Glassware, Stoves and Furniture rented to private or public parties at a reasonable rate.
JOSEPH BOYDEN,
429y General Agent.

K. ARNOLDI,
WINE & SPIRIT MERCHANT,
METCALFE-STREET,
Telegraph Company's Building, Ottawa,
RECOMMENDS and Guarantees with confidence the following Wines:—
PORTS—Graham's, Sandeman's, Forrester's, Masden's, &c.:

		Per Gall.	Per Doz
No. 1	Good sound Wine	$2 00	$6 00
" 2	"	3 00	8 75
" 3	Old	3 50	10 00
" 4	Superior old	4 50	12 50
" 5	Very fine old	5 75	15 50

SHERRY WINE—Domecq's, Capdepone, Pomartin's, Cramp Suter's, &c.:

No. 1	Light table Wine	$2 00	6 00
" 2	Superior do	3 00	8 75
" 3	Very choice	3 50	10 00
" 4	Very Superior	4 50	12 50
" 5	Very fine	5 50	15 00

Marsala Wine.
$1.30 per Gallon, $4.50 per Dozen.
Especial attention called to the above Wine. Far superior to all common sherries, its chief recommendation is that it agrees perfectly well with persons who cannot take those wines, even of a high class. It is soft and old, free from heat, or the slightest approach to acidity, while its very moderate price recommends it for all large entertainments, as well as for the luncheon, dinner and supper table. It has met with the highest approval from the medical gentlemen of this city.
Also, in wood or bottle, old and new Brandies, Rums, Gins, Old Tom Gins, Irish, Scotch, and Canadian Whiskeys of Standard Brands.
Clarets, Champagnes, Hocks, Caracas, Maraschino, Chartreuse, Royal Italian Bitters, &c., in great variety.
Hibberts' and Guiness' Porter, Bass' and Allsopp's Ales, quarts and pints. Canadian Ale of Superior Quality, in Wood and Bottle.
Goods most confidently recommended, and may be as implicitly relied upon for perfect purity as if purchased in the largest wholesale establishment in the country.
Orders by mail with cash or city references solicited and promptly attended to. No charge for delivery in the city. A discount to persons buying in quantity or by the original package. Inspection invited.
Price Lists, and every information, on application, or sent to any address.
WINE VAULTS AND OFFICE,
No. 11, Metcalfe-street,
Telegraph Co.'s Building, Ottawa.
January 27, 1868. 535y

FOR SALE
BY THE SUBSCRIBERS,
New Egyptian Dates,
Oranges, Lemons,
Grapes, Turkey Figs,
West End Raisins,
Dundee Marmalade,
Jams and Jellies,
Tomatoes in tins,
Peaches, "
Sweet Corn "
Lima Beans.
OYSTERS & HADDIES!
RECEIVED WEEKLY.
BALGLISH & RUSSELL,
Ottawa, Jan. 28, 1868. Upper Town. 651y

SMITH & RODNEY
MERCHANT TAILORS and General Outfitters, Elgin-street, opposite the Russell House, and second door from the London Music Store, having just received a choice stock of
English, French and Canadian
CLOTHS and TWEEDS,
And a general assortment of gentlemen's furnishing goods, would intimate to their friends and the public generally that they are prepared to execute all orders in their line at the shortest notice, in the most approved styles and at prices that we defy competition.
Ottawa Oct. 1, 1867. 551tf

ROANOKE
Tobacco Company,
DANVILLE, VIRGINIA.
THIS Company having established at Montreal their General Agency for the Dominion of Canada, is now prepared to offer to the public an article in
SMOKING TOBACCO!
Superior to anything of the kind ever imported into the country, and pledge their long established character that the article now offered is the pure leaf from the
Virgin Hill Tops of Virginia.
The different brands and prices are as follows viz:
The "Prince of Wales," in 1 & 2 lb bls $1.00 per lb
" "Dominion Favorite" 1 & ½ " " 0 75 "
" "Navy," 1 & 2 " " 0.65 "
The prices are NET CASH in Montreal, and orders [accompanied by remittance] for 5 lbs and upwards will receive prompt attention. The tobacco will be forwarded to any address, by express or otherwise, as parties may direct.
Please address
F. W. HENSHAW,
Gen. Agent Dominion of Canada,
10 St. Sacrament-st.,
Montreal.
Montreal, Dec. 4, 1867. 667-4m

SNOW'S
Celebrated Fever Remedy.
A Sure and Certain Cure for Fever—Continued, Remittent, Intermittent, Typhoid, and Fever arising from Ordinary Colds.
THIS REMEDY has been used in Tropical climates for many years with the greatest success. It shortens the attack, reduces the fever gradually, and at the same time enables the system to throw off the poisonous effect of the on the blood and secretions generally.
PRICE—50 cents and $1 per Bottle. Sold Wholesale and Retail by
H. F. MacCARTHY,
Chemist, Ottawa City
Sole Agent for Dominion of Canada.
December 2, 1867. 579-3m

HOWE'S
Boot and Shoe Store.
REMOVAL.
AS the Lease of our Premises in Sussex-street terminates this month, we intend to confine our business to one locality, and shall remove the whole of our Stock on the 1st of May next, to our Store in
No. 10, Rideau-st.
Our stock of BOOTS and SHOES, LEATHER, SHOE FINDINGS, TRUNKS, &c., &c., will consequently be very large and most complete in every department, and we most respectfully solicit a continuance of favors, to merit which our constant endeavors will be as usual to provide the best articles and sell at the lowest remunerating prices.
G. HOWE & SON.
Remember the place—No. 10, Rideau-st. next to Howell's grocery.
April 27. 420y

FOUND.
NEAR the Market, Lower Town, an INDIA RUBBER CARRIAGE COVER. Apply at this office.
Ottawa, November 595tf

PRIVATE BILLS.
ON the reassembling of the Parliament of Canada, in March, PETITIONS FOR PRIVATE BILLS will be received, in the House of Commons, until Thursday, the 2nd of April following.
W. B. LINDSAY,
Ottawa, Feb. 1, 1868. Clerk, House of Commons. 65 (M)12

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA
Tuesday, 28th day of January, 1868
PRESENT:
EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL IN COUNCIL.
WHEREAS it has been represented to His Excellency in Council, that it is expedient that sub-

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

On no occasion will the names of Old Advertisements be inserted here.

Chancery Sale of Land—Robt. J. Turner.

The Ottawa Times

City and County Official Paper

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 8, 1868.

Sir Henry Smith's bantlings have fared badly at the hands of the Legislature. With the exception of the new Game Act—the re-enactment of Col. Prince's Bill with a few much needed amendments—all his great measures for the good of the Province have been ruthlessly strangled, or mercilessly hoisted for six months. See report elsewhere for the fate of two of them.

With reference to the Law Commission spoken of by the St. John *Telegraph*, and alluded to by us yesterday, to correct the blunder into which the *Globe* had fallen regarding it, we can now assure both our contemporaries that, as we surmised yesterday, the Government has taken no action upon the subject. There can be, however, but one opinion as to the eminent fitness of the Hon. Col. Gray to take part in the duties of such commission, and when it is appointed, we think it quite likely that the Government may offer him a position therein, as the representative of New Brunswick. But the announcement of the *Telegraph*, that such appointment has been made, is entirely erroneous, and the *Globe's* comments upon that announcement not only erroneous, but ridiculous as well; for it confounded the assimilation of the criminal law promised in the Address, and authorized by the 91st clause of the Union Act, with the rendering uniform of the laws relating to property and civil rights in Nova Scotia, New Brunswick and Ontario, permitted, but not enjoined, by the 94th clause. As this is a matter of great public interest, we hope the *Globe* will set it fairly before its readers.

We hope the Aldermen are not yet quite through with the canvass of the several wards for subscriptions to aid the distressed fishermen of Nova Scotia. A statement appeared in our despatch from Halifax which we published yesterday morning, that evidence of the increasing extent of the distress was being constantly furnished, and we think that Ottawa should follow up the good work, by enabling Mr. Fraser to send a second in-talment, as large at least, as the first, at as early a day as possible. Even the Halifax *Chronicle*, which tried at first to stop the charity of the Western Provinces, has been compelled to change its tune, to admit the extent of the distress, and the urgent need of relief, even while still protesting against "ostentatious" charity. We do not desire that the charity of Ottawa should be ostentatious, but substantial. The city of Hamilton, which was the first to remit from Ontario, has now made a second remittance of one thousand dollars, making altogether one thousand four hundred dollars, with a considerable amount yet on hand, and more subscriptions coming in. Toronto has sent two thousand five hundred dollars, and will probably send as much more in a few days. The subscription opened in Montreal with four hundred dollars by the Montreal Bank, and one hundred dollars each from seven firms. In that city of wealth and generosity, doubtless a large subscription will be raised; and we think that in Ottawa a good deal more may be done by a little additional exertion.

We copy from the *Globe* an article on the circulation of improper publications in Canada. Our contemporary appears to speak with a pretty full knowledge of the facts to which it calls attention, since it warns the parties that unless they cease their vile proceedings, it will give their names and an advertisement *gratis*. Why not put these names in the hands of some detective or policeman, and have the parties tried at once before a Magistrate? It would then be seen whether the enforcement of the existing law is sufficient to abate the nuisance, and if not, the Legislature could at once supplement it by a more stringent measure. It is reported that the demand for, and consequently the supply of, highly sensational, or perhaps to speak more truly, obscene publications are alarmingly on the increase; that some six or eight different journals (names not given) of this abominable class enjoy an enormous circulation throughout the United States; and that news agents declare that these papers are not sought after by the "roughs" alone, but even by persons of apparent respectability and good character. Now is it possible that these statements as to this alarming increase, are in themselves somewhat sensational? Why, for instance, should the *Globe* and doubtless many others in Toronto beside, know that this abominable business of selling obscene literature is carried on, and proclaim the fact merely with a general caution to stop, or the names of the offenders will be put in print? Does not this system of treating the subject appeal to curiosity on both sides? "Who sells them?"—"What books are they?"—"What are they like?" &c., are the questions that naturally arise on hearing our contemporary's revelation for the first time. And so with regard to the six or eight nameless journals spoken of as being printed in New York, and having (so we have seen it stated) a larger circulation than all the respectable literary journals of the Empire City put together. The same queries recur to the curious, and, perhaps, the letter which revealed the existence of this flood of literary immorality, may have driven many a dangerously inquisitive youth to a closer inspection of the news dealer's counter.

Surely, we will not be misunderstood as condemning the *Globe* for condemning the circulation of these publications. Very far from it, but, we believe, from the facts stated by our contemporary that a much more effective way of exposing the nuisance, with a view to its extirpation, might have been hit upon, or at all events should now be hit upon, since public attention has been so prominently drawn to the topic. Let us suggest for instance that some fine morning the police reports of Toronto, should contain a few items like the following:

"Yesterday Mr. Edgbolt, bookseller — street was brought up charged with keeping and exposing for sale indecent and immoral publications. Fined $10 and costs, or fifteen days in jail."

"Julia Simpkins—for having in her possession some of the publications aforesaid. Fined $5 and costs, or ten days in jail."

From the facts stated by the *Globe*, there could be no possible difficulty in obtaining evidence; and if unfortunately the magistrate should have to say the law gave him no power to convict then it would be the duty of the Legislature to devise a remedy. Really it would be worth while for our contemporary to give his facts to the police authorities, whose duty it would be to prosecute, and this question of the sale, or distribution, of improper publications might be speedily brought to a close, for, we are quite sure, there is a healthy, moral public sentiment in the country which would be strong enough, were the law stringently enforced in one or two instances to effectually abate the nuisance.

There is a somewhat kindred subject, though not by any means of so mischievous a character, to which it may not be amiss to direct attention. We allude to the publication of swindling advertisements by the newspapers. These mostly emanate from "the other side," though a few petty rascals have tried the game in a small way in Canada. The worst that generally comes of them directly is that the publisher is cheated out of his money, as he richly deserves to be, for playing decoy-duck to a set of unconscionable villians; and a few "fools" more or less in every community in which these advertisements are published, are "soon 'parted' from a certain amount of 'their money.'" Now where the swindling is done out and out—where the publisher, who advertises, and the dupes who send their cash are alike cheated out of their return, we do not much object, because the moral effect of the operation is in the main healthy. But when the business is more adroitly managed, where more than value in some instances is returned to the first "gammuck," who risks his money then the evil becomes serious. To illustrate: Within a hundred miles of Ottawa a flaming advertisement for the sale of watches on "the 'popular one price plan'" was published. A young man sent along ten dollars according to directions, and received in due course a watch worth, perhaps, more than treble the money. Could he do less than reveal his "good 'luck'" to his friends, and become "touter" to the swindlers? And what was more natural than that a dozen, or, perhaps more, should also be tempted to send along *their* ten dollars—and—dream for a few nights of $100 watches in return, which never arrived? This is no fancy sketch, but a "melancholy" fact, and the mischief that such like things produce is not merely confined to the loss of the money fraudulently abstracted from gullible people; there is a demoralizing tendency in it—a provocative of the spirit of gambling, or of getting rich by any other means rather than honest industry.

Lotteries, raffles, and chance enterprises generally were suppressed by law, except for charitable purposes, in Canada, several years ago; publishers were made liable to fine or punishment for advertising them, and all parties connected with their getting up exposed to penal consequences. Yet, who has suffered by this law? certainly no honest man. On the contrary it has had a most salutary influence on the public morals. And, we think, that a law prohibiting the publication of "gift enterprise," "the 'popular one price plan,'" and "valuable secret worth knowing," advertisements, would have a most beneficial effect. Any publisher who does not understand his interest and his responsibility to the public, sufficiently to avoid the publication of these advertisements would learn the lesson cheaply enough, and be apt to remember it, too, if mulcted in a fine of a hundred dollars or so; journalism would lose little or nothing pecuniarily from the effect of the law, for such advertisements are not generally paid for, and the public at large would be rid of a kind of reading matter which might well be dispensed with.

We understand that Mr. A. Pratt is a candidate for the representation of Victoria Ward, in the place of ex-Alderman Langford, who tendered his resignation at the last meeting of the Council. The nomination takes place on Tuesday, and it is quite likely that Mr Pratt will be elected by acclamation. He has already enjoyed a seat at the Council Board, and will no doubt do his duty by the Ward and the City generally if returned again.

NOVA SCOTIA RELIEF FUND.

BY WARD SUBSCRIPTION.

Collected by Ald. Fraversy, Heney, and Mr James Thompson:

John Heney	$ 5 00
James Bourget	1.00
A. Campbell	5.00
B. Huckell, Jr.	1.00
John Cahill	1.00
Kearns & Ryan	5.00
James Higginson	3.00
W. A. Lamb	2.00
Joseph Boyden	1.00
Ed. Wilment	1.00
N. Germain	2.00
George May	5.00
H. Meadows	1.00
Mrs. Bartlett	1.00
L. N. Nye	1.00
P. A. Egleson (clothier)	1.00
J. F. Caldwell	3.00
James Thompson	2 00
James Warnock	1.00
Alexander Heney	1.00
P. Paulin	1.00
W. Graham	1.00
James Wadsworth	5.00
D. R. Leavens	2.00
Total	$ 51.00

I beg to acknowledge the receipt of twenty-five dollars, by the hands of Mr. Hutchinson and Mr. Wood, being the amount collected on Sabbath last in the Bank-st. Presbyterian Church, in aid of the distressed fishermen of Nova Scotia.

J. Fraser,
Treasurer, N. S. F. R. F.

Ottawa, Feb. 7th, 1868.

FROM TORONTO.

Special to THE TIMES.

Toronto, Feb. 7, 1868.

In the House to-day, Mr. Boyd introduced a Bill to amend the Act respecting the dog tax. The House then went into Committee of the Whole on the Interpretation of the Statutes, on certain resolutions respecting Asylums, and on the Agricultural Bill. The House adjourned till Monday.

A large and influential meeting was held last night at the St. Lawrence Hall for the purpose of discussing cheap railway systems. The meeting was addressed, among others, by Mr. Fox, of Sir Charles Fox & Son, Engineers, England, after which a resolution was carried in favor of the construction of a railway leading from Gray and Bruce to Toronto harbor.

Samuel Graham, dry goods merchant, and a heavy speculator, has absconded with $20,000.

21,000 registered letters were received last January at the Toronto post office.

BOARD OF SEPARATE SCHOOLS.

Ottawa, Feb. 6, 1868.

Present—R. H. McGreevy, Esq., President; Messrs. Wm. Kehoe, J. Larose, John Ahearn, E Proulx, C. Triolle, P. Dufour, Wm. Finlay and J. W. Peachy.

The minutes of the last meeting were read and adopted.

Several communications and petitions were read and laid on the table.

Moved by John Ahearn, seconded by E. Proulx, that the Chairman be and he is hereby authorized to sign an agreement with Mr. George Collins as Assistant Teacher for the Upper Town Male School, at a salary not exceeding two hundred dollars per annum.

Moved in amendment by J. W. Peachy, seconded by C. Triolle, that inasmuch as the appointment of an Assistant Teacher for the Upper Town Male School, is contrary to the agreement which took place at the formation of the Separate Schools in this city, whereby an equal number of both French and English teachers should be appointed, it is considered inexpedient to appoint at present an Assistant Teacher to that school, which motion was declared lost on the following division:

For the amendment—Messrs. Triolle, Dufour and Peachy.

Against—Messrs. Kehoe, Larose, Ahearn, Proulx, and Finlay.

The main motion was then put and carried as follows, the President voting for it:

For the motion—Messrs. Larose, Ahearn, Proulx, and Finlay.

Against—Messrs. Kehoe, Triolle, Dufour, and Peachy.

On motion of William Kehoe, seconded by Mr. Finlay, the petition of N. Cooper was referred to the Committee on Finance and Assessment.

Moved by J W. Peachy, seconded by C. Triolle, that in conformity with the request of the French Canadian ratepayers as conveyed by the copies of the resolutions passed unanimously at a meeting, held on the 2nd inst., the salary of $100 per annum be allowed to the fifth teacher of the Sisters of the Lower Town School, as being only an act of equity which they claim from this Board, according to the agreement which took place at the formation of the Separate Schools in this city, as to appointing an equal number of teachers to teach the French and English languages.

Moved in amendment by Wm. Finlay, seconded by J. Larose, that all after the word "that" in the motion now before the chair be struck out, and the following be inserted in lieu thereof, that the chairman be, and he is hereby, authorized to engage one of the Nuns as French teacher for the Lower Town school at a salary of $100 a year, which amendment was carried on the following division, the President voting for it:

For the amendment—Messrs. Larose, Ahearn, Proulx, and Finlay.

Against—Messrs. Kehoe, Triolle, Dufour, and Peachy.

On motion of J. W. Peachy, seconded by W Finlay, the President was authorized to sign cheques in favor of the several teachers for amounts due to them for their respective salaries to the 31st January last.

On motion of W. Finlay, seconded by J. W. Peachy, the Chairman was authorized to sign a cheque in favor of the Treasurer for thirty dollars, being the amount paid for school prizes for last examinations.

On motion of W. Finlay, seconded by J. W Peachy, the Chairman was authorized to sign a cheque in favor of the late Secretary for balance of salary due to him.

The Board then adjourned.

J. W. Peachy,
Secretary.

LOCAL NEWS.

Young and Radford have the largest, best, and cheapest stock of watches to be found in Ottawa. They have also on hand a very choice and varied assortment of Electro-plated ware, and Fancy Goods. They do all kinds of repairing and jewellery jobbing in first-class style. 656-y.

For the Relief Fund.—The proceeds of the New Edinburgh penny readings last Thursday were given to the fund for the relief of the distressed fishermen of Nova Scotia. The amount was nearly fifteen dollars—representing the humble contributions of working men; for the names of the wealthier members of the community, will be found in the Ottawa subscription lists.

Meteorological Observations.—By Wm. Hearn, Optician and Druggist, York-st.

Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1868.

Greatest degree of cold registered during the previous night, 15 below zero.

8 a. m., 12 "
1 p. m., 2 above zero.
6 p. m., 5 " "

Accident.—A man named Brisbois, living in Gloucester, met with a serious accident on Wednesday afternoon. When about finishing the day's threshing he put his hand under the drum of the machine to displace some collection of dust, the drum, which was still in motion, caught his hand and lacerated it in a most dreadful manner. Dr. Codd was sent for and attended to the injury, which although of a serious nature will not deprive the man of the use of his hand.

The Centre Town Readings.—The weekly readings in Webster's Hall last night were attended with unabated success. A large number of people were unable to find seats. It was thought that when branches should be formed in other parts of the city the audiences at Webster's Hall would be smaller; such, however, is not the case, for though the large school-room in Upper Town has been crowded at each of the readings, the audiences in Centre Town are as large as ever. The originator of the readings in Ottawa is doing his utmost to have them established in other parts of the city. The members of St. Alban's Church have already taken up the subject, and will, no doubt, have readings in a very short time in the large and commodious school-room in the basement of the church. By such means a taste for lecturing will be diffused all over the city.

Police Court.—The adjourned case of Baptiste Delaire, charged with stabbing the boy John Levier, was called up, when Dr Beaubien being sworn said, about ten o'clock on the night of the 5th inst., John Levier was brought to my house, when, on examining him, I found a wound on his left chest that had been inflicted with a sharp instrument, which had cut through the overcoat, vest and shirt. The wound was about an inch in width. On putting my finger into it I found that the instrument had reached the bone, which was indented with the instrument with which he had been stabbed. The boy was weak from loss of blood and fear. I do not think he will, but there is cause to fear, that erysipelas or inflammation may set in. His Worship decided to send the case for trial to the Recorder's Court, and the prisoner was committed accordingly. The prisoner took his committal as a matter of course, and went quietly to jail.

The Theatre Last Night.—The Minstrels at Her Majesty's Theatre last night were again greeted with a good house. Whitmore & Clark's troupe have built up for themselves in Ottawa a lasting reputation, both on their former and present visit, by their sterling jokes and fine singing. Clark is in himself a host by his singing, both comic and sentimental; and White's drolleries are perfectly irresistible. The triple-clog dance is superb, both in dress and action, and takes well with those who admire the "clogs." But the most remarkable of all, perhaps, is the posturing and contortions by the gymnasts, Williams and Mankin. The light, agile springing of the one is in marked contrast to the slow, easy, and graceful "posturing" of the other, who, though a very tall man, shows a litheness and gracefulness surprising. The double trapeze was astounding, performed, as it was, midway between the lofty ceiling and the stage, and, right over the glaring footlights, where the intrepid performers tied themselves in a "bow knot," a feat at once original and surprising. Taken all together Whitmore & Clark's Minstrel Troupe are worthy of success wherever they go. This evening they give their last entertainment in Ottawa, when all should go who desire a hearty laugh, or listen to fine singing. Mr. Clark will sing "The Sexton," a song in which he excels, as many will recollect. The theatre is well warmed.

CABLE NEWS.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

Paris, Feb. 7.—The bullion in the Bank of France for the week, twenty-one million francs. Bourse firmer. Rentes higher.

THIS MORNING'S DESPATCHES.

London, Feb. 7.—Later advices have been received here from the British army now operating in Abyssinia for the purpose of releasing the English captives. The news is discouraging, and forebodes the hope of a successful or safe move this season.

London, Feb. 7.—The London *Standard* has an editorial highly complimentary to Mr. Adams, expressing regret at his approaching retirement from the position he has so ably filled.

AMERICAN NEWS.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

Affairs in Mexico.

New York, Feb. 7.—The *Herald's* Havana special has advices from the City of Mexico to the 29th ult. Forced loans had been made in the City of Guadalajara, and had driven the merchants to desperation. Many kidnappers had been captured and shot. Unceasing complaints were still made of the insecurity of the roads. Gen. Noriega had gathered over 1,000 adherents, but was unsuccessful in skirmishes with Government troops. Three hundred dollars each was offered to the American legion in cash in lieu of a thousand dollars' worth of land for their services during the war.

From Hayti.

New York, Feb. 7.—The *Herald's* special from Hayti says the French clergy excommunicated Salnave on the ground that he has established a sort of Fetish religion. The British Government refused to recall the British legation at the demand of President Salnave.

There was a general dissatisfaction and even consternation at the rumors of Senor Pujol's mission to the United States for the sale of Samana.

From St. Domingo.

The *Herald's* St. Domingo special says the people and public officials were protesting against the negotiations for the alienation of Samana. All decrees since June last had been pronounced null—a provisional triumverat had been proclaimed—the powers were to last until return of Baez.

From the West Indies.

The *Herald's* Kingston, Jamaica, special says the assent which the Presbyterians manifested towards ex-Gov. Eyre's policy is represented as having prevented the mutiny among the blacks threatened at Christmas.

New York, Feb. 7.—In the Nova Scotia Lower House of Parliament yesterday, notice was given of a resolution favoring the withdrawal of Nova Scotia from the Canadian Confederation.

Bank Failure—Attempted Lynching of the Cashier.

Memphis, Feb. 6.—Considerable excitement prevails over the failure of the Gayoso Bank among the working classes. Six depositors had attempted to hang the cashier.

Railroad Accident.

Nashville, Feb. 6.—An accident occurred on the Chattanooga and Nashville Railroad yesterday, by which a portion of a freight train was destroyed and 200 feet of the road torn up. Several employees were severely injured, but no lives lost.

Political.

New York, Feb. 7.—The *Times* special says the reported intentions of the Reconstruction Committee to pursue the charges against the President in the Grant correspondence, to the extent of presenting articles of impeachment, are greatly exaggerated. It is said the President's reply to Grant's last letter will contain a statement over the signature of the members of the Cabinet, of what Gen. Grant said in the Cabinet meeting on the 14th of January, and the President will also remind General Grant that his language smacks strongly of insubordination, and is disrespectful in character, tending to demoralize the service of which he is the distinguished head. At a caucus of Republican members this morning, it was decided to push forward the Edmund's bill on impeachment.

THIS MORNING'S DESPATCHES.

Mr. Thornton's Address and the President's Reply.

Washington, Feb. 6.—At the reception of Mr. Thornton to-day, he made the following address:

Sir,—I have the honor to deliver into your Excellency's hands a letter addressed to you by Her Majesty Queen Victoria, accrediting me as Her Majesty's Minister to your Excellency. I have also received Her Majesty's orders to assure your Excellency of her sincere friendship, and of the deep interest she takes in the welfare and prosperity of the nation over which you so worthily preside. Her Majesty's Government, and the English nation, are deeply grateful for the warm sympathy shown by the people of the United States on the occasion of the death of my lamented predecessor. Allow me to assure your Excellency that I shall do my best to take his place in the affections of the people, and to strengthen the relations of cordial friendship, which happily subsists, and which it is our earnest desire and our duty as kinsmen to maintain between the two countries. In this task I believe that I may count upon the support and assistance of your Excellency, as well as of the distinguished statesmen who compose your Cabinet and the Legislature of this nation.

The President replied as follows:

Mr. Thornton—Your Queen enjoys more than any other Sovereign the respect and sympathy of the American people. The people of the United States well believe that she is entirely sincere in the kindly message, which under her command, you have delivered to me, and this belief will encourage them to hope for a speedy and amicable adjustment of matters of indifference between Her Majesty's Government and the Government of the United States. Your late predecessor, Sir Frederick Bruce, without any disobedience to instructions, or any want of regard to British interests, won the respect and esteem of this Government and nation. It will be a pleasing duty for me to extend to you the same consideration and confidence, which he so eminently enjoyed. In regard to the political relations of the United States and Great Britain, only one thing seems to be necessary, which is that the statesmen and people of the two countries may carefully and constantly study to conform their measures to the political logic, which in every region where the English language is spoken, so distinctly manifests itself in the increasing love of constitutional freedom, and the rapid march of a common irresistable and indivisable civilization.

Young & Radford, 30, Sparks-st., have just received a stock of Christmas and New Year's presents, and parties wanting to buy would do well to give them a call and judge for themselves before purchasing elsewhere. Remember the place, 30, Sparks-st.

Quebec and Maine. A proposal is on foot to connect Quebec with Maine by railroad, via Moose Head Lake. Maine would build the greater part of the line as it runs through that State.

LEGISLATURE OF ONTARIO.

Wednesday, Feb. 5, 1868.

LAW OF EVIDENCE.

Mr. BEATY resumed the debate upon the motion of Sir Henry Smith for the second reading of the bill on the law of evidence, and of the amendment thereof, to give it the six months' hoist. The hon. gentleman said that all would have to admit that the principle of the bill was good, but still he did not think that at the present time the country was prepared for it, and indeed had not asked for it. It might be laid over for a while. No interest would suffer by delay; and when members had an opportunity of discussing the question, and ascertaining whether the country demanded it, it could be brought up at the next session, when it would be considered on its merits. He therefore supported the motion for the six months hoist.

Sir HENRY SMITH, in reply, said he would have to review the opinions of the gentlemen who had spoken on the subject. He wished to remind the House that no less than 60 leading barristers of the city, headed by the Hon. J. H. Cameron, had petitioned in favor of the bill. The argument had been advanced that the country had not petitioned for the passage of the Bill (which provided for allowing defendants to give evidence in their own cases), but he was not one of those who believed that members of Parliament should await petitions before they legislated. He would remind them of the words of the great Burke, that a member of Parliament was sent to represent not only those who voted for him, but those who voted against him, and they should make laws for the government of all parties. When himself and his friend the Attorney-General first entered Parliament, he adopted the whole criminal code of England, without any petitions having been made in favor of it; and he would ask them if the people had petitioned for Confederation? All knew that such was not the case; and that was an Act that had sent the hon. member from Welland to the House. The Attorney-General had charged him (Sir Henry Smith) with having sprung a mine upon the House. Well, he did not know what was meant by springing a mine, if the introduction of the law of England into that House was springing a mine. If members said no petitions had been sent in in favor of the Bill he could reply by saying that since the Bill had been before the country, no petitions had been sent against it. He was one of those who had, on the floor of the House, voted in favor of an elective Legislative Council without any petitions having been sent in, praying for such a measure; and all would admit that it was one of the best bodies which had ever been in the country. He then pointed out what he considered would be the beneficial effects of a defendant being allowed to give evidence in his own case. In conclusion he might say that if the Bill was not carried this session he hoped it would be the next, and that perhaps the Attorney-General would bring it up himself. He asked the House for a vote, in order to see how many members were in favor of it. He did not want the yeas and nays. The members might be counted.

Mr. MACDONALD said he would not detain the House but a few minutes in reply to the lengthy speech of the hon. and gallant knight, as he had already expressed his views at considerable length on the merits of the case. The hon. gentleman then proceeded to contend that the country was not prepared for such a law as that advocated by the gallant knight, and cited cases where the plaintiff and defendant had come into court and sworn in direct opposition to each other. He trusted that the matter would be laid over till next session, by which time the gallant knight would have an opportunity of ascertaining the views of the Judges and people of the country generally upon the merits of the bill.

Mr. RYKERT spoke in favor of the six months' hoist, remarking that petitions had been hawked around the city for signature in favor of the bill, and that although there were 240 lawyers in Toronto, only 60 of them could be found willing to petition in favor of it. He did not think the country was prepared for the measure at present.

The amendment for the six months' hoist was then put and carried on the following division:

Yeas—Messrs. Barber, Beaty, Boulter, Boyd, Carling, Carnegie, Cockburn, Colquhoun, Cook, Corby, Craig (Glengarry), Craig (Russell), Crosby, Cumberland, Currie, Ferguson, Fitzsimmons, Galbraith, Graham (Hastings), Greely, Hays, Lount, Luton, Macdonald, Matchett, McCall (Elgin), Oliver, Read, Richards, Rykert, Scott (Ottawa), Secord, Sexton, Shaw, Smith (Kent), Smith (Leeds and Grenville), Strange, Supply, Swinarton, Tett, Trow, Wallis, Wigle, Williams (Durham), Wood—45.

Nays—Messrs. Baxter, Blake, Christie, Clarke, Clemens, Coyne, Evans, Eyre, Ferrier, Finlayson, Fraser, Gibbons, Gow, Lauder, Monteith, McCall (Norfolk), Macdougall, McGill, McKellar, McKim, McLeod, McMurrich, Paxton, Perry, Scott (Grey), Sinclair, Smith (Frontenac), Smith (Middlesex), Springer, Williams (Hamilton), Wilson—31.

HOMESTEAD EXEMPTION.

Sir HENRY SMITH moved the second reading of his Bill entitled a Homestead Exemption Act. The gallant knight then proceeded to say that as his Excellency had invited the House to consider a Homestead Exemption Law, and as the Government had only brought in a partial Homestead Law that he would be excused for having introduced a General Homestead Act, in order to protect the mechanics and artizans who lived in the cities and towns as well as the poor farmers; and the amount of exemption which he was in favor of was $750. The Bill which he introduced was a transcript of an American Act. He then pointed out that several States of the neighboring Republic had Homestead Acts, providing for exempting property, varying in amount from five hundred to one thousand dollars in the respective States. The object of his Bill was to protect poor women from the effects of drunken husbands, as the husband could not sell the property except by consent of the wife, as well as those who had become impoverished by misfortune or otherwise. He did not think it necessary to go at length into the Bill, but he trusted it would be passed.

Mr. CLARK contended that in passing the Government measure on the homestead law, the other day, they had not in any way committed themselves to a general Homestead Act. To make a homestead law of any value, it should, he contended, be provided that there should be no sale of the property at all. Under this bill lands could be mortgaged; and though provision was made that it could not be sold without the consent of the wife, it was well known that her consent could, in most instances, be too readily obtained, and hence this provision would not be likely to prevent the sale in the majority of cases. With regard to a general homestead measure, he might remind the House that a law like that before the House had once been in force in Canada. He alluded to the law of entail. The general principle involved in both cases was the same. But that law was not now in force. In Canada, he need scarcely say, year after year, they had passed Acts to make liable to execution and sale, certain interests in land not before liable—proceeding on the principle that a man's property was a trust fund to his creditors. For years the current of legislation was in that direction. Now the House was asked to change that current. They had provided by enactment that a man should not be imprisoned for debt, and by an insolvent law, even allowed a man to get rid of his liabilities altogether. Now it was proposed to take a further step and allow a man a certain exemption which would be his under any circumstances. Before going further in protecting the improvident and unfortunate, would it not be well for the House to be sure that they were not injuring some one else? It would not be difficult to imagine a case in which the creditor would be a much more unfortunate man than the debtor. (Hear, hear.) In his opinion it was idle for the House to attempt by legislation to avert the ordinary consequences of misfortune and improvidence, and he would submit that in order to make a homestead provision effective it should provide for the immunity of a number of things as accessories to the Homesteads. In the measure before the House it would be seen that there was nothing to prevent the creditor selling off the whole of the personal property of the debtor, with the exception of a few articles provided by law—and without the very articles so sold out, the settler cannot cultivate his farm; and, even if he did succeed in rising a crop, there was nothing to prevent the creditor carrying it off. There were, undoubtedly, a good many obstacles in the way of enacting a really good Homestead Law, and hon. gentlemen would have to be very careful in framing such a measure that the rights of debtor and creditor were not [illegible] on. Having noticed that this exemption,—inasmuch as it withdrew the property from the ordinary operation of one of the laws which govern property—had a tendency to lessen public confidence in the owner—to make men deal with him at arms' length, and look on him as the ostensible and not the real owner of the property. The hon. gentleman concluded by giving it as his opinion that the advantages accruing to the property owners by this law, were such as would induce him to vote for the measure.

Mr. WILSON was afraid of Homestead Laws altogether, and thought he would oppose any and everyone of them brought before the House.

Mr. FERGUSSON agreed with the hon. member (Mr. Clarke) that unless some further exemption than that of the $750 spoken of, were made, the Homestead Law would be a very poor one. He was not opposed to a Homestead measure, but hoped that it would not be passed this session. He would desire to see the Bill referred to a committee to be considered during the present sitting, when reported; and subsequently laid over till next session. If a measure were to be passed on the subject it ought to be a more thorough, and satisfactory one.

At six o'clock the Speaker left the chair.

After recess,

The House resumed the debate on Sir Henry Smith's Homestead Exemption Bill.

Mr. BOYD said, in his opinion, this measure, if wisely framed and prudently carried out, would tend very largely to the advancement of our Province. His intention was not to administer a lecture. He wished at once to relieve the Premier from his chronic fears on this subject. He rose simply to state what were his convictions with reference to this important measure. It might be denominated the poor man's Bill. It was for the protection of the poor man in this country, and for the encouragement of the poor men of Europe to come to our shores. Our country had advanced greatly during the last fifteen years. All our interests had advanced. The development of our agricultural resources were highly important. But we must not lose sight of the part which manufactures were called upon to play in adding to our national wealth. To carry on this process, and to double the wealth of this country, we must add to our population. This was one of the reasons why he desired to endorse the general principles of this Bill, without committing himself to all its details. The Government measure as to free grants, he conceived, had fallen short of offering sufficient inducements to the working class of Europe to come here and stay here. Something more was necessary, and the present Bill was a step in that direction. Mr Boyd proceeded to refer to the emigration returns, to show that only a small portion of the immigration which came to our shores remained with us.

Mr. HAYS was opposed to the passage of the Bill at the present time. He did not think this was a Homestead Act in the proper sense of the word; since it did not exempt a homestead of land. The matter had not been much agitated in the country, and required more mature consideration. He therefore moved in amendment, the six months' hoist.

After several members had spoken,

Hon. J S MACDONALD said it was in vain to deny that the meaning of the Government in introducing their Homestead Law was that it should be confined to the measure which had been before the House. With regard to the present measure the Government position was this—they could not lend themselves to the principle of the Bill, and the object of the hon. and gallant knight was clearly to secure for the Government the condemnation of the House. If the gallant knight intended to pass the Bill, why did he not go on with it? He did not want to pass it, but merely to get the Government censured. He (the Attorney-General) would remind the House that this was the first attempt made in a British colony to establish a Homestead Law, and the Government could not, under all the circumstances, feel justified in going farther than they had done this session; but they, at the same time, held this language:—"Next session, if our measure is not liberal enough, we will extend it." (Hear.) They would not admit the principle of the Bill of the hon. and gallant knight, for then they would be bound to go on with it. The second reading, if carried, would be an unmistakable admission by the House that the Government had been wrong in not extending their measure.

Sir HENRY SMITH said that the Premier never rose to discuss a measure, but he professed it to be aimed at himself and his colleagues. (Hear, and laughter.) In the truly liberal spirit that characterized the hon. gentleman, he had also reminded the House that that Bill had been printed at the public expense—a matter of two dollars. He (Sir Henry) could assure the hon. gentleman that no design of censuring or embarrassing the Government, had inspired his (Sir Henry's) action in the present instance. The Government, it was true, brought down a Homestead Law—and they gave free grants—but such gifts had never before been heard of in any other civilized country. While the hon. gentlemen opposite professed to give free grants, they at the same time reserved the things on the earth, in the earth and under the earth—(loud laughter)—but at length were shamed in the liberality of allowing the poor settler the rocks on his lot. (Laughter.) Now what he (Sir Henry) claimed was merely the extension that settlers who bought their lots should be placed on the same footing as the men who took up the free grants. (Hear, hear.) He (Sir Henry) had been blamed for his Bill by the Government, but strange to relate, the other day the Commissioner of Public Works had laid on his (Sir Henry's) table a lengthy Bill on the same subject in MS, which that honorable gentleman supposed to belong to him (Sir Henry.) (Laughter.) Now he did not own that Bill.

After further discussion Sir Henry agreed to drop the bill, and Mr. Hay's amendment was consequently withdrawn, and the order for the second reading discharged.

AWAY TO ALASKA.

It appears that all the schoolmarms and moral reformers of New England are not yet provided for in the unreconstructed South. A few more of the same sort, finding their time hang heavy on their hands and their supplies of "stamps" growing unpleasantly short, have moved their Senatorial friend, Henry Wilson, to get up a "Commission to inquire into the moral condition of the Alaska Indians." We have been expecting this, but we hardly thought it would be sprung upon us before the warm weather had set in. As the proposition has been made, however, we are in favor of its being adopted immediately, on condition that the "Commission" take the Northern Pacific road and set out on their journey at once.

The Alaska Indians, it appears, are a dreadfully dissipated set of beings. They have no Sunday-schools, no liquor laws, no conventions, don't care a straw about the great moral ideas of the age, and pass most of their time in gambling with small shells for lack of postal currency. They understand no language but their own, and have nothing to say in that. How vast a field for the improvement of our species is opened by the existence within our borders of this noble but undeveloped race! They are the more worthy of our sympathy, also, that during the recent civil war they were uncompromisingly "loyal." They yearned for the success of our flag as warmly as their climate would permit, and exhibited precisely as much devotion to its cause as the inland negroes of the Gulf States and the Carolinas. Can it be possible that the Fortieth Congress can look with dry eyes and a buttoned-up national pocket on the necessities, the high spiritual necessities, of Alaska?

Let the "Commission" be made up and sent off at once. It is possible, to be sure, that the members may all freeze up *in transitu*, but even if that should happen, their services will not be lost. Baron Munchausen tells us how once upon a time the horns of certain musicians in Spitzbergen froze up full of notes, and when the spring came, *grata vice veris et favoni* (we love to be classical when appealing to Henry Wilson, the darling of Harvard, though not, alas! her legitimate son), all these imprisoned melodies swelled forth at once in a wonderful chorus. How grandly will sound, amid the dashings of the Oregon, a thawed-out ocean of eloquence from the lips of five and forty "elect ladies" and men and brethren, exhorting Alaska, like Abyssinia, to arise and sing? What's the expense of such an operation to a nation like ours in the full flush of the most magnificent national debt ever got up in the same space of time!—*N. Y. World.*

—The present Grand Master of the Masonic Fraternity in Great Britain is the Earl of Dalhousie. He is the sixth of his family installed in the position. Just a hundred years ago his grandfather was "made" Grand Master.

IMPROPER PUBLICATIONS.

One of the crying evils of the day is the circulation of grossly immoral publications with flaring illustrations, and corresponding letter press. We are not aware of any of Canadian manufacture, but the importation from the other side is very large and apparently increasing. All that is vile is discussed in these publications and with the greatest gusto, and no better plan for sapping the morals of a community could be thought of than having the Canadian towns and villages flooded with such filth. What is most surprising is that booksellers who are mistaken by a good number of people for respectable individuals keep a regular and full supply of even the most offensive of these periodicals. They are publicly exposed for sale in this and other cities, and worthy newsvenders and others seem to think it is all a matter, of course, quite in the way of business. We could specify more than one such place in Toronto, and no fear there are more. All comers are supplied. One of those circulators of "wholesome" literature has sufficient conscience or regard for appearances as to write on the top of each number, "Not to be opened out here," as much as to say, "Not to be drunk on the premises." This is surely abominable. Is it possible that any man can shelter himself under the plea that he sells whatever there is a demand for, and that if he does not another will? To argue with such people would be entirely out of the question. Surely society has some means of protecting itself from such abominations. We observe that steps are being taken in the Legislature of New York State to put down this iniquity, and if the law against obscene publications in Ontario is not sufficiently stringent so as fully to meet the case, our House of Assembly ought to make it so before it separates. We know the Police Magistrate will do all in his power to suppress the evil, and if further powers are required, by all means let him have them. We have noted the principal circulators of these pen and pencil ministers of vice and immorality, and if the thing is persisted in, shall give their names and an advertisement GRATIS. While writing on this subject, we may add that we have it on most reliable authority that some of those circus companies from the other side which wander through Canada, carry with them a stock of obscene publications which they circulate largely among our population. A worthy superintendent of common schools in a place visited some short time ago by one of those bands of adventurers, assured us that he afterwards, on visiting the girls' department of the schools under his charge, took upwards of thirty copies of such publications from the more advanced pupils—publications which could not be read or seen without pollution. We talk of nuisances: surely such nuisances are worth looking after, and Custom House officers on the frontier should search circus baggage for these books.
—*Toronto Globe.*

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY.

6 HOSPITAL STREET,
2 doors from St. Francois Xavier Street.

It has been established, by the best medical authority, that one-half the nervous diseases are caused by drinking impure Tea. The Company have imported a supply of Teas that can be warranted pure, and free from poisonous substances, in boxes of 10, 15, 20 and 25 lbs., and upwards.

Black Tea.—Common Congou, Broken Leaf, Strong Tea, 45c., 50c.; Fine Flavored New Season do., 55c.; Excellent Full Flavored do., 75c.; Sound Oolong, 40c., 45c.; Rich Flavored do., 60.; Very Fine do. do., 75c.; Japan Good, 50c. Very Good, 58c.; Finest, 75c.

Green Tea.—Twankay Common, 35c.; Fine do., 55c.; Young Hyson, 50c. and 60c.; Fine do., 75c.; Superfine and Very Choice, $1.

A saving will be made, by purchasing direct from the importers, quality and purity considered. All orders for boxes of 20 or 25 lbs., or two 12 lbs., sent carriage-free to the country. Teas not mentioned in this circular equally cheap. The company having determined to take a stand in the Montreal market, weight, quality and circular may be implicitly relied on. Where a 20 lb. box would be too much two or three clubbing together could divide. In writing you will oblige by addressing thus: Montreal Tea Company, 6 Hospital-st., Montreal. An excellent Mixed Tea could be sold for 60c.; very good for common purposes, 50c. Buyers living beyond Railway Stations will please send Post Office order, or enclose notes. The carriage will be paid to the nearest station. Tea will be forwarded immediately on receipt of the order by mail containing money, or the money can be collected on delivery by express-man, where there are Express Offices. A trial solicited.

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY,
6 Hospital Street,
First Street below Notre Dame Street.

☞ All boxes and chests sent from this establishment have the address of the Montreal Tea Company printed on them.

Young and Radford's stock of watches clocks, jewellery, fancy goods and electro plated ware are worthy of inspection. All goods will be sold cheap. Give them a call. Remember the place, 30 Sparks-st. 597a

Horseflesh.—The consequences of indulging in this new article of diet promise to be very serious, if we may believe Mr. Charles Matthew, who says:

If horse flesh won't suffice to feed the masses,
The next resources will certainly be asses;
And Heaven only knows where that will end!
Some people won't have left a single friend.

Cotton no Longer King.—Cotton goods are now nearly as cheap as before the American war. Garland, Mutchmor & Co. have lately received a few bales of gray and white cottons, shirtings and prints, purchased since the great fall in prices. Parties requiring any description of dry goods would do well to see their stock before purchasing. 582-y

OTTAWA MARKETS.

(Compiled expressly for the Times.)

Times Office, Ottawa, Feb. 6.

Flour—Extra	8 25	@	8 50
No. 1	7 75	@	8 00
No. 2	6 50	@	0 00
Bags—Fall per 100 lbs.	4 12½	@	4 25
" Spring "	3 87½	@	4 00
Oatmeal—per 200 lbs.	6 50	@	0 00
Indian Meal "	5 25	@	5 50
Rye—per bushel 56 lbs.	0 70	@	0 80
Barley " 48 lbs.	0 90	@	0 80
Buckwheat Flour—bbl.	5 50	@	0 00
Wheat—Fall—per bushel, 60 lbs.	70	@	1 80
Spring " "	1 60	@	1 65
Corn—Per bushel, 56 lbs	0 90	@	1 00
Peas " 60 lbs	0 80	@	0 85
Oats " 34 lbs	0 55	@	0 57
Beans " 60 lbs	1 50	@	1 75
Pork—Mess—per barrel	20 00	@	20 50
Prime Mess per do.	14 00	@	14 50
Hog per 100 lbs	6 00	@	7 00
Hams	0 12	@	0 13
Beef	5 00	@	6 00
Mutton—per lb by the qr.	0 05	@	0 7
Lamb—per qr	0 05	@	0 7
Geese—Each	0 40	@	0 50
Spring Chicken	0 40	@	0 50
Turkeys—Each	0 50	@	1 50
Ducks	0 70	@	0 80
Fowl—Per pair	0 40	@	0 60
Butter—Choice Table	0 00	@	0 25
No. 1 Firkin	0 20	@	0 22
No. 2	0 17	@	0 18
Eggs	0 25	@	0 30
Apples—per brl	3 50	@	4 00
Vegetables, &c.—Potatoes	0 40	@	0 50
Onions—per bbl	4 50	@	0 00
Hay—Per ton, new	12 00	@	13 00
Wood—Per cord	0 00	@	3 05
Tamarac	0 00	@	2 00
Hemlock	0 00	@	2 00

New York Money Market.

New York, Feb. 3—Eve.—The *Post* says loans are unchanged.
Stocks dull.
Governments well sustained.
Railroads better.
Gold closed at 142¼.

New York Markets.

New York, Feb. 7.—Cotton firmer at 19½c. @ 19¾c. Flour dull; receipts 3,200 bbls; sales 4,200 bbls. at $8 25 @ $9 for Superfine State and Western; $9 70 @ $10.75 for Common to Choice Extra State; $9 10 @ $11,74 for Common to Choice Extra Western; $9 95 @ $13 95 for Common to Choice R.H.O. Rye Flour steady at $7.25 @ $9 25. Wheat 1c. @ 2c. lower; sales 16,000 bushs. at $2 42 for No. 2 Chicago Spring, delivered; $2 81 for Wintered Canada; 2,82 for Amber State. Rye quiet; receipts 490 bushs. Corn dull; receipt 37,510 bushs.; sales 38,000 bushs. at $1 25 @ $1 27 for New Mixed Western afloat. Barley scarce and firm. Oats dull and heavy; receipts 1,200 bushs.; sales 12,000 bushs. at 83½c. for Western in store. Pork dull at $21.31 @ $21 37; Old Mess $22.50 @ $22.60. Lard firm at 13c. @ 14c.

Two Questions Easily Answered.—Why should men wear beards? Because they are a great protection to the throat and lungs, and add much to their personal appearance. Why should we use "Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers"? Because when used for coughs, colds, tickling in the throat, hoarseness, &c., they act like a charm. Ministers and lawyers use them, physicians recommend them, and singers and public speakers say they are the very best medicine in existence for the cure of such complaints. Sold by all medicine dealers, at 25 cts. per box.

DIVINE SERVICES in THE CITY CHURCHES ON SUNDAY.

Christ Church (Church of England)—Sparks Street.
Rev J S Lauder, M A, Rev C F Street, M A, Curate
Morning Service at 11 o'clock; Evening at 7. Free Seats.

Chapel of Ease—Sussex Street.
Rev J S Lauder, M A, Rev C F Street, M A, Curates
Morning Service at 11; Evening at 7. Free Seats.

St. Alban's Church, Daly Street.
(All seats free.)
Rev. T. Bedford Jones, LL. D., Rector.
Sunday services 11 a m and 5 p m. Week day services daily (except Monday) 9 a m and 5 p m. Holy Communion every Sunday, alternately at 8 and 11 a. m. Sunday School, 9.30 a. m. Sunday Catechetical classes 10 a m. Teachers' class (open to all adult members of congregation) Thursday, 4 p.m. Litany and choral practice, Friday, 7 p. m.

New Edinburgh Parish—Church of England.
Rev. George Noel Higginson, M.A., Clerk in charge.
Service in the New School House. Morning Service at 11 a.m. Evening Service at 4 p.m. Holy Communion on the 1st Sunday in the month at 11 a. m., and on the 3rd Sunday in the month at 8 a. m. The services are maintained by the offertory.

St James' Episcopal Church—Hull.
Rev John Johnson.
Divine Service at 11 a m and 7 p m.

Methodist Episcopal Church—Le Breton's Flats.
Rev T W Pickett.
Services commence at 10½ a m, and 6½ p.m. Sabbath School at 2 p.m.

Congregational Church—Albert Street.
Rev Joseph Elliot.
Morning service commences at 11 o'clock, and evening services at 6½ o'clock. Sabbath School at 3 o'clock p m.

Baptist Church—Queen Street.
Rev D McPhail, Pastor.
Services at 11 o'clock, am, and 6½ p.m. Sabbath School at 9½ in the morning.

Free Church (Presbyterian)—Daly Street.
Rev. T. Wardrope.
Morning Service at 11 o'clock; Evening 6½ p.m.
Rev. Mr. Moore.
Services will be held in the Church, Bank Street, at 11 a.m., and 6½ p.m.

Kirk of Scotland—Wellington Street.
Rev. Daniel M. Gordon.
Morning Service at 11 o'clock; Evening at 6½.

Wesleyan Methodist Church—Metcalfe Street.
Rev. E. B. Harper, M. A., Minister.
Morning Service at 10½ o'clock; Evening at 6½. Sabbath School at 2 p m.

Meth. Epis. Church—Cor. York and Dalhousie St.
Rev. S. G. Stone.
Morning Service at 10½ o'clock; Evening at 6½. Sabbath School at 2 p m.

St. Andrew's Church, (Roman Catholic.)
Hours of service—Sundays and Holidays:—Morning, at 8 and 10 a.m. Evening, at 7 p.m.

Cathedral Notre Dame.
Rev D. Dandurand, Vicar-General.
Hours of Service, 5, 8 and 10 a m, and 7 p.m. from Easter until St. Michael's Day; 6, 8 and 10 a. m., and 6 p.m. from St. Michael's until Easter.

St. Joseph's Church.
Rev. J. F. Guillard, P. P.
Hours of Service, Sundays and Holidays, Mass—8 and 10 a.m., from Easter until the Feast of St. Michael; Vespers at 7 p.m.; from St. Michael to Easter, 6 p.m. week days, 7½ p.m.

Catholic Apostolic Church—Hull.
Rev E J W Roberts.
Services, Sundays, at 10 a.m. and 5 p.m. On week days at 5 p m; and on Wednesdays and Fridays at 10 a m.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

Mothers Read This!—Holloway's Worm Lozenges are a certain and safe remedy for Worms in Children and Adults.—As it is a well-known and melancholy fact that one great cause of death among children is from Worms, it cannot be too deeply impressed upon the minds of parents the necessity of closely watching their children. By so doing; and understanding the symptoms and true cause of the disease, thousands of children might be saved from early graves. Symptoms of Worms.—The following are a few of the very numerous symptoms and diseases which are caused by Worms: deranged appetite, emaciated extremities, offensive breath, frequent picking at the nose, grinding of the teeth during sleep, hardness of the belly, with frequent slimy stools, and sometimes convulsive fits; itching of the arms, pain in the head and stomach, restless sleep, faintings, tremblings, coughs, indigestion, low spirits, frightful dreams, and a gradual wasting away of flesh.

They are palatable and self-administered to the child—drive out the worms thoroughly without pain and completely cleanse the stomach—thereby doing away with the necessity of administering Castor Oil or other unpleasant cathartics—as in the use of other Worms.

☞ Each box contains the fac-simile signature of Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, C.W., who are the sole proprietors.

N. B. Ask for *Holloway's Worm Lozenges* and take no other. Sold by all druggists in Ottawa, and medicine dealers everywhere. 578

DIED.

On the 7th instant, at the residence of Mr. J. Christie, Union Square, Ottawa, Sarah Martha, aged 21 years.

Friends and acquaintances are respectfully requested to attend the funeral, from Mr Christie's residence to the Depot of the St. Lawrence and Ottawa Railway, at half-past 12 o'clock this day.

In this city, on the 1st instant, Isaac, the sixth son of Mr. Archibald Brown, aged 4 years and 6 months.

*** Amherstburg papers please copy.

In Chicago, Illinois, on the 17th of January last, Patrick Rowan, aged 38 years, brother of Charles Rowan, of this city.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

CHANCERY SALE
—OF—
LAND.

In pursuance of the Decree made in a certain cause pending in the Court of Chancery, of Stone *versus* Haskins, bearing date the Tenth day of December, 1867, will be sold by Auction, with the approbation of Robert J. Turner, Esq., Accountant of the said Court, on MONDAY, the SECOND day of MARCH, 1868, by CHARLES FLYNN, Auctioneer, at the COURT HOUSE, in the VILLAGE of L'ORIGNAL, in the County of Prescott, all that certain parcel or tract of land and premises, situate, lying and being in the township of Longueuil, in the said County of Prescott, containing by admeasurement one hundred acres more or less. The Farm is situated in the heart of the Township, and in an old and well settled part of the country. It lies upon the main road leading from L'Orignal to Caledonia Springs, and is distant about 4 miles from the former, and 6 miles from the latter. It is the farm which was owned and occupied by the late Augustus L. Stone, at the time of his death.

There is a comfortable stone house on the premises, with a barn and other outbuildings—the whole forming a most desirable residence for a farmer. The purchaser shall at the time of sale pay down a deposit in the proportion of £10 for every £100 of his purchase money to the vendor or his solicitor.

About one tenth of the purchase money is to be secured by a mortgage upon the premises (or a sufficient portion thereof) for the benefit of infants payable in four instalments, and at the times when they respectively become of age, with interest payable annually at the rate of 7 per cent. per annum. The balance of the purchase money being about 8-10ths, is to be paid in cash within one month from the day of sale, or one-half in cash, and the other half secured by mortgage, payable in two annual instalments, with interest at seven per cent. per annum, at the option of the purchaser.

For further particulars, and conditions of sale, apply to Messrs. Blake, Kerr & Wells, Solicitors, Toronto; to Robert Cassels, Jr., Solicitor, Toronto, or to Peter O'Brian, Solicitor, L'Orignal.

Dated at Toronto, this 22nd day of January, 1868.

661-lawtd ROBERT J. TURNER.

SITUATION WANTED.

By a GENTLEMAN, whose education and business experience eminently qualify him for the duties of a BOOKKEEPER, Accountant, or Corresponding Clerk. Best of references. Apply at the Office of this paper.

Ottawa, February 7, 1868. 664.

Wanted Immediately.

FOR a family of three persons a Medium Sized HOUSE, not too far from the Public Buildings. If favorable terms are offered, the advertiser will be willing to take a LEASE FOR THREE YEARS. Apply at this Office.
Ottawa, February 7, 1868. 660-3

No. 1, Sappers of the Lower Town.

THE GRAND

Third Annual Ball,

Of the Sappers Company of the Lower Town.

THE Sappers Company will give their third yearly ball MONDAY EVENING, SEVENTEENTH FEBRUARY, in the CANADA HOTEL, Sussex street.
Marrier's Band of Music will be present.
The refreshments will be furnished by Mr. Lariviere.
Tickets, admitting a lady and gentleman, including refreshments, $2; for a gentleman $1.50.
Dancing will begin at 8 o'clock, p.m.
Tickets can be obtained from the members of the Company, and at the door the evening of the ball.
GOD SAVE THE QUEEN
X. GROULX, Secy.-Treas. DAMAS ROY, Capt.
Ottawa, February 6, 1868. 659td

NOTICE.

A COMPLAINT BOOK has been opened at the Office of the Chief of Police, at the City Hall in which parties desirous of doing so can enter their names and complaints.
THOS. LANGRELL, Chief of Police.
Ottawa, February 5 1868. 659a

Public Notice to Innkeepers and Others

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that all applications for Tavern and Shop Licenses, to be held within the limits of the municipality of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa, for the year commencing 1st March, 1868, must be made at the office of the License Inspector, on or before the 20th FEBRUARY, instant.
The proper forms of application, as required by law, together with such further information as may be necessary, will be given upon application at the Inspector's Office, Elgin street.
By order of the Board of Commissioners of Police
D. M. GRANT, License Inspector.
Ottawa, February 5, 1868. 659a

HER MAJESTY'S THEATRE.

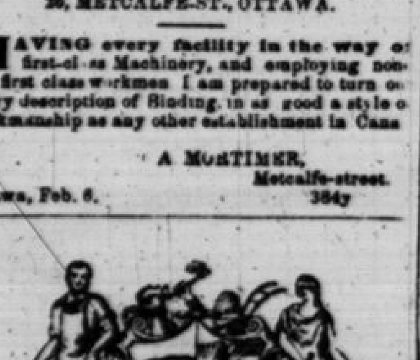
FOR THREE NIGHTS ONLY.
Thursday, Friday and Saturday.
February 6th, 7th and 8th.

WHITMORE & CLARK'S
MINSTRELS
And Grecian Gymnasium!

SIXTEEN STAR PERFORMERS,
INCLUDING
GEORGE M. CLARKE, the world renowned Comedian and Comic Singer, who will appear in a great variety of the most popular songs and Ballads of the day.
HANK WHITE, Champion Comedian of the 19th century.
E. B. WHITNEY, Celebrated Banjo Soloist.
O. A. WHITMORE, Clarionet Soloist.
Prof. N. W. WYATT, the great American Violinist, whose solos are the theme of universal admiration.
P. A. ARMSTRONG, the great Flute and Piccolo Player, and a great variety of singers, Dancers, Delineators, Comedians, &c., including the famous Triple Clog Dance, performed only by this company, together with a splendid Orchestra of High Classical Musicians, led by A. W. Wyatt.
WILLIAMS and MASKIN,
The renowned Gymnasts, having concluded their Star Engagement at Morris Brothers' Opera House Boston, have effected an engagement with Whitmore & Clark's Minstrels, where they will nightly appear in their Classical Gymnastic Exercises.
Admission, 25 cents; Reserved seats 50 cents.
Doors open at 7 o'clock; performance to commence at 8.
656d N. W. LEWIS.

A. MORTIMER,
BOOKBINDER
AND
Blank Book Manufacturer
36, METCALFE-ST., OTTAWA.

HAVING every facility in the way of first-class Machinery, and employing none but first class workmen I am prepared to turn out every description of Binding in as good a style of workmanship as any other establishment in Canada.
A MORTIMER,
Metcalfe-street.
Ottawa, Feb. 6. 384y



NOTICE.

PERSONS desirous of seeing His Worship the Mayor on City business, will find him at the office of the City Clerk between the hours of ELEVEN and TWELVE o'clock, noon, daily.
WILLIAM P. LETT, City Clerk.
City Hall, Ottawa, February 4, 1868. 657a

WANTED,
A Male Teacher,
HOLDING A
FIRST-CLASS CERTIFICATE!
Salary Two Hundred and Fifty Dollars per annum.
Apply to
J. M. C. DELES DERNIERS.
Pendleton, Ont.
February 6, 1868. 659a6w2

DOMINION HOUSE!
WELLINGTON-STREET.

COLIN McLaurin & Geo. Irvine, Proprietors. This hotel has been lately fitted up, and is now replete with every convenience which characterizes a modern hotel.
Boarders taken at moderate rates. The bar is always stocked with first-class liquors.
Ottawa, Feb. 6. [illegible]

THE NEW DOMINION!

47. SUSSEX-STREET. 47.

Established with the Nation, 1st July, 1867.

Tried by the People,
Nobly sustained,
Long may it flourish!

Come one! Come all!!
Farmers and Lumbermen,
Merchants and Citizens,

COME TO THE NEW DOMINION!

And you will find a large and varied assortment of

STAPLE and FANCY DRY GOODS!

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,
AS CHEAP AS THE CHEAPEST,
AS GOOD AS THE BEST.

A New Tailoring Establishment!

Has just been opened on the premises, with FIRST-CLASS WORKMEN, under the management of a FIRST-CLASS FASHIONABLE CUTTER.

Suits made to order, and
Warranted to *suit*,
At every price,

Of every style,
For every season,
And at the shortest notice.

Do you want Hats or Caps, Furs or Blankets, Boots or Shoes, Moccasins or Mittens? Visit the New Dominion. It will prove to your advantage, From top to toe a perfect outfit guaranteed, by
JAMES HIGGINSON, Proprietor.
Ottawa, February 6, 1868. 659tf

WAR! WAR! WAR!

KEARNS & RYAN,

WELL KNOWN

Merchants of this City,

—WHO KEEP THE PEOPLE'S—

CHEAP CASH STORE!

Have declared War against all other merchants of the Capital of Canada, for imposing dear goods on the people. They will make a

Reduction of 20 per cent off Hats and Bonnets

—AND—

10 per cent off all other Cash Purchases

OVER ONE DOLLAR,

During the month of February. Rush to their establishment and judge for yourselves. No deception.

Corner of York and Sussex-sts.

Ottawa, February 3, 1868. 656d

DRY GOODS AT DISCOUNT!

$30,000

Worth of Seasonable Dry Goods
OFFERED AT
10 Cents Discount on all Cash Purchases of $1
AND UPWARDS, AT

J. A. PINARD'S.

Most of the COTTON GOODS in Stock

Have been bought within the last two months, and will offered a

REDUCTION OF 40 PER CENT.

Compared with any Cotton Goods of Fall Importation in this city.

Dress Goods, Woollen Goods, &c.

HAVE BEEN REDUCED IN PRICES SINCE 1st JANUARY.

This further inducement of Discount is offered in order to reduce Stock to the lowest point before Stock-*Taking*.
N. B. Sale to Commence on MONDAY, THIRD of FEBRUARY, for a short time only. Goods marked in plain figures. Only One Price.
No. 17, SUSSEX-ST., CORNER of GEORGE-ST.,
SIGN OF THE GOLDEN BALL.
Ottawa, Feb. 1, 1868. 655b6w1

NOTICE.

THE Undersigned will either sell or let for a few years his well known farm, being lot Twenty-five in the Fourth Concession of Gloucester, Rideau Front, 200 acres all cleared, and well fenced and in a good state of cultivation. Also, the one-half of lot Twenty-seven in the Third Concession, being in its natural state, all wood and excellent land. It is just the cross of two hundred acres from the corner of the one lot to the other. The railroad line runs within [illegible] feet of the front corner of the one hundred and in sight of the two hundred for two or three miles. The Station at Cunningham's is scarcely a mile and a half from the front of Lot Twenty-five. The above farm is capable of keeping thirty head of milch cows, two span of horses, and as many young cattle as it would be proper to raise. Eight or nine years ago I kept twenty-two milch cows, and ten or twelve horses, and raised five or six calves every year. The above farm is about ten miles, from the door, to the limits of the City. The improvements cannot be surpassed for a farmer's purpose. The dwelling-house is stone, 30 by 40, a story and a half over ground; and a seller nine feet high, the one half used for a kitchen and the other half capable of holding 1,000 bushels of anything you wish to put into it; there is three small windows in it, and when cleaned in the Spring, makes an excellent milk house or dairy; there is a frame wood shed at the door, 60 by 24, with 14 feet taken off the one end for a coachhouse, and overhead for a storehouse; next to that is a stable 36 by 26, finished inside, complete with four large double stalls and two single ones, and good room for hanging up harness, and oat box; convenient to that is a barn 40 by 50, in which I have often put 1,000 bushels of grain in one year; connected with that is 200 and 20 feet of frame sheds, all 20 and 24 deep, under pinned with stone and lime from two to seven feet, according to level; on the north side of the house is another barn, 30 by 40, commonly filled with peas and oats. And if either tennant or purchaser has a desire for religious purposes, you can lie in your bed and look at the bell tolling on the Catholic Church every Holy Day, and go to the front door and you will see the Presbyterian Church, where the Rev. Mr. Lochead has preached for the last twenty-two years, and go to the back door and you will see both English Church and Methodist Church within two miles. The above farm would be a desirable situation for a young man wishing to give his attention to farming, as the Ottawa Market cannot be surpassed in the Dominion. I think that I can say that I have not sold one pound of butter under one shilling this eight years: if one went under two went over. Some reader may ask what am I selling for, it is neither for scant nor for want of anything, but I am in the seventieth year of my age, and has purchased off this lot seven hundred and fifty acres of land, and all is paid for, and all my sons is settled on their own farms, so I would rather sit down and take my ease as be attending to marketing and farming any longer. Persons wishing to get any information on any point from me can do so by addressing, postpaid. JAMES JOHNSTON, Senr., South Gloucester.
JAMES JOHNSTON, SENR.
February 6, 1868. 769-6t-Mh17.

THE PRESS.

A THOROUGHLY Experienced Verbatim SHORT-HAND REPORTER is disengaged. The advertiser has had several years' experience on first class English journals, as sub-editor, &c. Address "JOURNALIST," Post Office, Quebec.
February [illegible] 1868. [illegible]

BUY YOUR TEA
DIRECT FROM
THE IMPORTERS
TEA! TEA! TEA!

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY, 6 Hospital Street, Montreal, having just imported a large quantity of Green and Black Teas, beg to call the attention of the Trade, Hotel Proprietors, and large establishments generally to their list of prices. Buyers of Chests and Boxes of Tea will save money by getting it direct through the Importers.
All orders for 25 lb. boxes and upwards, carriage free to any Railway Station in Canada. Parties wanting smaller quantities should club together. Buyers living beyond Railway Stations, will please send post office order, or enclose notes. The carriage will be paid to the nearest station, where there are express offices. Tea will be forwarded immediately on receipt of the order by mail containing money, or the money can be collected on delivery by express man. Cash collected in Montreal free of charge, and Tea forwarded for the same. Original packages Black Tea weigh, ½ chests about 50 lbs. Chests do. 90 to 100 lbs. Green Tea from 60 to 80 lbs. Teas not mentioned in advertisement can be had equally cheap. The Company are determined to take a stand in the Montreal market, every article may therefore be depended on as to quality and weight.

BLACK TEA.

Common Congou, Broken Leaf, Strong Tea	$0 45
Fine Flavoured New Season do	00 55
Excellent Full Flavoured do	00 75
Sound Oolong	00 45
Rich Flavoured do	00 60
Very Fine do	00 75
Japan	00 58
Very Fine do	00 75
An excellent mixed Tea, Black and Green	00 60

GREEN TEA.

Twankay, Common	$00 38
Fine do	00 55
Young Hyson	00 60
Fine do	00 75
Superfine and Very Choice	1 00
Fine Gunpowder	00 85
Extra Superfine do	1 00

Reductions made to buyers of Five Chests and upwards.
Address
MONTREAL TEA CO.,
6, Hospital-st., Montreal.
Agent for Ottawa and neighborhood,
MR. JOS. MOONEY.
All Boxes and Chests sent from this Establishment have the address of the *MONTREAL TEA COMPANY* printed on them.
August 27, 1867. 52234-w

PRIVATE BOARDING HOUSE.

MRS. RICHARD will open a Private first-class BOARDING HOUSE, Corner of SUSSEX and CLARENCE-STS., over Mr. Martineau's Dry Goods Store, on the 15th instant. Parties wishing quiet, good, comfortable board, with good attendance, will please apply and secure apartments.
Ottawa, February 6, 1868. [illegible]

YOUNG & RADFORD'S
COLUMN.

Watches,
Watches,
Watches
AT
YOUNG
AND
RADFORD'S
30 Sparks-street.

Clocks,
Clocks,
Clocks,
AT
YOUNG AND RADFORD'S.

Jewellery,
Jewellery,
Jewellery,
AT
YOUNG AND RADFORD'S.

Electro-Plated ware,
Electro-Plated Ware,
Electro-Plated Ware,
AT
YOUNG AND RADFORD'S.

Fancy Goods,
Fancy Goods,
Fancy Goods,
AT
YOUNG AND RADFORD'S,
Manufacturing Jewellers,
30 SPARKS-STREET.

Old Gold and Silver
Bought, and highest cash price paid,
AT
YOUNG
AND
RADFORD'S

BROWNE & HARDY'S
COLUMN.

1867 AND 1868.

INDIA WAREHOUSE!
16 Rideau Street, Ottawa.

THE SUBSCRIBERS beg to inform their Customers that their Stock is now complete, and embraces every delicacy of the Season, among which will be found a choice assortment of

TEAS,

Breakfast SOUCHONG, } Black Extra Fine.
do CONGOU, }
Superior HYSON,
" GUNPOWDER,
" IMPERIAL,
" TWANKAY,
Orange PEKOE, } These Teas have been
Flowery " } carefully selected for
Japan " } family trade by
BROWNE & HARDY.

SUGARS,
LOAF,
BROKEN LOAF,
CRUSHED,
GROUND,
YELLOW,
and MUSCOVADO.

COFFEE,
MOCHA,
JAVA,
JAMAICA, and
CEYLON,
Roasted and Ground daily on the premises.

CHOCOLATE and COCOA,
FRENCH, flavored with Vanilla;
TAYLOR'S,
FRYE'S,
MOTT'S

FRUITS, &c.
LAYER RAISINS,
in Whole, Half and Quarter Boxes
MUSCATEL, do do
SULTANA,
VALENTIA,
CURRANTS,
GRAPES,
ORANGES
LEMONS,
PRUNES,
ALMONDS,
WALNUTS,
FILBERTS, and
BRAZIL NUTS.

BUTTER,
CHOICE DAIRY, in Tubs and Crocks, received Weekly.

CHEESE,
English, American and Canadian.

SPICES,
NUTMEGS,
MACE,
CINNAMON,
CLOVES,
GINGER,
MIXED SPICES,
All Ground on the Premises
BROWNE & HARDY.
Ottawa, December 19 405t

THE MONTREAL WAREHOUSE,
SUSSEX, OPPOSITE YORK-STREET,
IN MR. INGLIS' NEW BLOCK,
WILL BE OPENED OUT IN A FEW DAYS WITH A STOCK OF
Choice Wines, Groceries and Provisions, &c., &c.
J. MARTIN & CO.
OTTAWA, February 4, 1868. 657y

Great Discount Sale of Dry Goods.

Ten Cents off every Dollar,
Sixpence off every Five Shillings,
Two Shillings off every Pound

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY,

NO. 14, RIDEAU-STREET.

Respectfully announce that in order to clear out the balance of their

Fall and Winter Stock

They will for one month from this date

Give a Discount of Ten Per Cent.

On all Cash purchases of Two Dollars and Over.
Ottawa, January 14, 1868. 639-1m

REMOVAL
OF THE
London Music Store!
E. MILES

DESIRES to inform the public that he has removed to the FRONT PART of
HER MAJESTY'S THEATRE,
WELLINGTON-STREET,
Where he has a larger premises, and a better means of displaying his new and fine stock of

PIANOS,
VICTORIA ORGANS AND MELODEONS.

His Show Room, up-stairs, is large and beautifully lit up, having an area of 60 feet long by 25 feet wide. The Sample Room is on the first flat, where some of each kind of Musical Instruments will be kept. Two cases of choice

VIOLINS

Have just been received, and will be offered for sale, besides a large assortment of
CONCERTINAS,
ACCORDEONS,
TAMBOURINES,
GUITARS,
FLUTES,
DRUMS,
&c., &c.
Direct from Germany.
Second hand Pianos taken in part payment for new ones.
Connected with this establishment is a Piano Manufacturer, who will attend punctually to all orders for TUNING left at the London Music Store.
E. MILES,
Lessee of Her Majesty's Theatre.
Ottawa, Feb. 1, 1868. 551-39y

SUN BURNER.

NO MORE Breaking of Chimneys; no More Burning of Fingers: No More Waste of Oil; No Trouble to Clean; No Trouble to Light No Anxiety About Explosions. It is a Cheap Labor Saving and Durable Article. Buy one and you will never repent doing so. Anyone dissatisfied can have their money returned.

LAMPS AND FITTINGS
ALWAYS ON HAND.
STOVES, TINWARE, &c.
Competent workmen for jobbing on the premises.
ESMONDE BROS.,
43 SPARKS-ST.,
Next Hoop Skirt Factory.
Ottawa, January 21. 311y

HARDWARE!
HARDWARE!
Great Reduction
IN THE
PRICE OF HARDWARE
AT THE
SIGN of the ANVIL
No. 24, Rideau-street.

THE Undersigned would take this opportunity to express his thanks to his Customers in Ottawa and vicinity for their very liberal patronage in the past, and to solicit a continuance of their favors in the future, and to assure them that no effort on his part shall be wanting to supply them with the Best and Cheapest English and American Hardware. I do not pretend to sell at cost, but do propose to sell as cheap as any other establishment in Ontario. My stock shall comprise every article in the line of Hardware, and with the one price system I hope to merit and receive a continuance of the very liberal patronage given me in the past.
T. BIRKETT,
Sign of the Anvil, 24 Rideau-st.
Ottawa, Feb. 3. 408y

W. NOTMAN,
Photographer to the Queen
CORNER OF
WELLINGTON AND METCALFE STREETS,

WOULD intimate that having all his arrangements completed, his
Establishment will be Opened
—ON—
Monday Next, 3rd February
When he will be prepared to fulfil orders for all the different branches of Photography.
Ottawa, Jan. 31, 1868. 582y

Situation Wanted.

A YOUNG MAN who has a fair knowledge of business, and can procure satisfactory city references, wants a situation as clerk in a Dry Goods Store. Address, T. W. R., TIMES Office, Ottawa.
February 4, 1868. 657a

CAUTION.

THE Subscriber regrets the necessity for cautioning the public against imitations of his popular Pomades.
The Alexandra Cream,
AND
The Canada Pomade
But having been informed that some unprincipled person has put up inferior articles, copying the labels word for word, and thereby greatly damaging the sale of the genuine articles, he is compelled to take this course in self-defence.
For the future every genuine pot will bear my written signature in RED INK, across the face of the label.
W. M. MASSEY,
Family and Dispensing Chemist,
Medical Hall, 28, *Sparks-st.*
Ottawa, Feb. 6, 1868. 472y

BARGAINS
—IN—
DRESS GOODS!

IN ORDER to make a Clearance of the remainder of our Winter Stock of COBURGS, WINCIES, MERINOS, REPPS, SERGES, FANCY POPLINETTES, &c., we have RE-MARKED the whole lot at such prices as will shew a Reduction of from 12½ to 20 per cent under former prices.

REMNANTS, REMNANTS, REMNANTS!

We have also brought forward our accumulation of Remnants of every kind, and marked them at Very Low Prices.

Magee & Russell.
Ottawa, Jan. 10, 1867. 380y

Ottawa CROCKERY Store!
PRESENTATION ORNAMENTS.
WILLIAM ALLAN

RESPECTFULLY announces the arrival of a Choice Selection of China and Bohemian Glass Flower Vases and Ornaments suitable for Xmas and New Year's Gifts. Also, the most complete Stock of China, Glass, Earthenware and Parian Marble ever brought into Ottawa, consisting of
DINNER SETTS, DESSERT SETTS,
BREAKFAST SETTS, TOILET SETTS.
[illegible]sted and Engraved, Cut and Pressed TABLE GLASS, and an assortment of Common Ware to wholesale purchasers.
A large and most varied Stock select from:
W. ALLAN,
51 *RIDEAU STREET, (opposite Mr. D. Whalen's.)*
Ottawa, December 19, 1867. 574y

FIRST CLASS
Tailoring Establishment.

BEING desirous to dispose of the balance of my WINTER STOCK, in order to make room for
Spring Importations,
For two months I shall offer such inducements to intending purchasers as will enable me to make a ready sale, and my customers a good investment
Please Call and Examine.
G. M. HOLBROOK,
PEG TOP DEPOT, Elgin-street,
381y Opposite the Post Office.

GREAT CLEARING SALE.
GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.
Importers, 20, Sparks Street,
With a view to clear out the stock and make room for extensive
Spring Importations!
Are offering the following goods at prices that must ensure speedy sale.

Blankets,
Cloths,
Cottons,
Wincies,
Skirtings,
Jackets,

Flannels,
Tweeds,
Prints,
Dress Goods,
Linen Table Damasks,
Shawls,

AND MILLINERY.
Inspection Invited.
GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.
Ottawa, January 20, 1868. 481y

SHEFFIELD HOUSE!
E. K. MacGILLIVRAY & Co.,
MANUFACTURING JEWELLERS
—AND—
WATCHMAKERS.
OTTAWA, January 21, 1868.

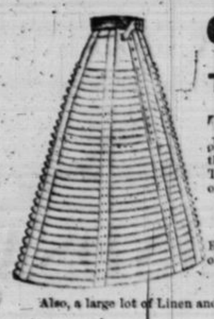
Skates! Skates!
At ISAAC'S,
ALSO,
SLEIGHS, SLEIGHS
ALL PRESENTS BY SANTA CLAUS,
At ISAAC'S.
Skates from 20 Cents to $6.00
At ISAAC'S,
Sparks-street,
ALSO,
Hardware of all Description
At Lowest Cash Prices,
At ISAAC'S.
Remember the place,
T. ISAAC'S.
December 17, 1867. 617tf

TEACHER WANTED.

APPLICATIONS for the office of
ASSISTANT TEACHER
TO THE
UPPER TOWN MALE SCHOOL.
Will be received by the Chairman of the Board of Trustees of Separate Schools, up to
THURSDAY NEXT, 6th INSTANT.
Ottawa, Feb. 4, 1868. 657-3

FOUND!

ON the Evening of February 3rd, on Sparks st, a purse of money. The owner can have the same by proving property and paying for this advertisement.
Apply to
MRS. TROTTER,
Toronto House.
Ottawa, Feb. 4, 1868. 657tf



City Hoop Skirt Factory.

The Double Extension Skirt.

THIS new and convenient Skirt I am now making in all widths of tape. The great advantage this Skirt has over all others: belles can alter it themselves to any width they wish, from 1¼ yards to 3 yards, without the least trouble. They only can be had at the Factory. Every other style of Skirt on hand or made to order. Just received another lot of

FRENCH CORSETS,

Every size, from 17 inches to 36 inches. Also, a few of those old fashioned Corsets, (lacing at the back.)

Lambs' Wool Hose, Breakfast Shawls.

Also, a large lot of Linen and Lawn Pocket Handkerchiefs, cheap.

DAVID MILLAR,
43 Sparks st, Centre Town, next to Esmonde's Stove Depot.
436y

New Premises and Cheap Goods.

GRANT & HENDERSON

Having recently moved into their new premises, **No. 20, Rideau-street,** one of the firm visited lately the Montreal Markets, and secured a very large stock of entirely

NEW GOODS,

At most EXTRAORDINARY REDUCTIONS in price, which cannot in a legitimate manner be undersold in this city.

RIDEAU-STREET, December 24, 1867. 623tf

Gold Medal, Paris, 1867.

WHEELER & WILSON'S SEWING MACHINES.

THE BEST HOLIDAY PRESENT,

From $47 and upwards.

FIVE per cent. off for cash in bills until after the holidays. One handsome Mahogany full case $8 discount.

The Howe Sewing Machines from $50 Up.

Grout & Co.'s Twisted Elastic Stitch only $15.

Call and see this little beauty. Prospectuses and Samples sent Free by Mail.

December 19, 1867. 479-43y G. A. WALTON, Agent, 37 Sparks Street, Ottawa.

Dry Goods at Reduced Prices.

Cunningham and Lindsay

— ARE NOW SELLING —

Canadian Grey Cloth at 3s. 3d. per yard,
Canadian Tweeds at 4s. per yard,
Canadian Cotton Yarn at 7s. 6d. a Bundle,
Canadian Bags at 1. 9d

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY

Invite particular Attention to their

BLANKETS, FLANNELS AND MANTLE CLOTHS.

Ottawa, November 18, 1867. 510y

CAUTION.

THE perfection and cheapness of the American (Waltham) Watch have given it such a wide-world celebrity that unscrupulous dealers years ago imitated its style and pirated its trade marks. Irresponsible dealers are occasionally found who dishonestly trade upon the popularity of the American watch by selling a base imitation under the name of the genuine article.

It is hardly necessary to state that such watches are worthless as time-keepers, and when bought for the genuine are calculated to injure the high reputation which our watches have attained. The several grades of the American watch (except the lowest grade marked Home Watch Co.) are guaranteed by special certificate bearing the number of the watch and the signature of the Treasurer of the Company, E. E. Robbins. The purchaser should in all cases require one of these certificates, which is furnished to all dealers in the genuine watches.

The following are the trade marks on the several grades of our manufacture:

AMERICAN WATCH CO. — APPLETON, TRACY & CO.
WALTHAM WATCH CO. — P. S. BARTLETT.
WM. ELLERY. — HOME WATCH CO.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD CO.
Office of the General Superintendent
Altoona, Pa., 15th Dec., 1866.

Gentlemen—The watches Manufactured by you have been in use on this Railroad for several year by our engine men, to whom we furnish watches as part of our equipment. There are some THREE HUNDRED OF THEM CARRIED ON OUR LINE, and we consider them GOOD and RELIABLE TIME-KEEPERS. Indeed I have great satisfaction in saying YOUR WATCHES GIVE US LESS TROUBLE and have worn and do wear much longer without repairs than any watches we have ever had in use on this road. As you are aware we formerly trusted to those of English manufacture, of acknowledged good reputation, but as a class they never keep time as correctly, nor have they done as good service as yours.

In these statements I am sustained by my predecessor, Mr. Lewis, whose experience extended over a series of years.

Respectfully,
EDWARD H. WILLIAMS,
General Superintendent.

American Watch Co., Waltham.

NEW YORK CENTRAL RAILROAD,
Locomotive Dep't Western Division,
Rochester, Dec. 24th, 1866.

Gentlemen—I have no hesitation in saying that I believe the great majority of locomotive engineers have found by experience that WALTHAM WATCHES ARE THE MOST SATISFACTORY of any for their work. They RUN WITH THE GREATEST ACCURACY AND STEADINESS, notwithstanding the rough riding of an engine; and as I have NEVER KNOWN ONE TO WEAR OUT, they must be durable. I hope to see the time when railway companies will generally adopt your watches, and furnish them all to engineers and conductors. In my opinion it would greatly tend to promote regularity and safety.

Yours respectfully,
CHARLES WILSON,
G. Chief Engineer,
Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers.

American Watch Co., Waltham.

For sale by all first-class dealers in the United States and British Provinces.

ROBBINS & APPLETON,
No. 182 Broadway, N. Y.
ROBERT WILKES,
Toronto and Montreal,
GENERAL AGENTS.
505-48 3m.

November, 14, 1867.

DARLEY'S

Arabian Heave Remedy

AND CONDITION MEDICINE

IS POSITIVELY SUPERIOR TO ANY or all other preparations for the cure of *Heaves, Coughs, Thick and Broken Wind*, and all diseases which affect the *Wind of Horses*; also, as a *Condition Medicine*, surpassing everything of the kind. It is easy to give, sure to cure, and safe in all cases and at all times, and does not prevent the horse from being worked while using it.

It cleanses the breathing apparatus, by removing from the air-cells the coagulable lymph, or that secretion which in heaves clogs them, causing a difficulty in breathing, and by its action on the diseased part, causing the mucous membrane to resume its natural dimensions, thus equalizing the circulation of the blood, and restoring the distended vessels to their natural size; by its use the horse's appetite is improved, all derangements of the digestive organs corrected, softening the skin, and giving to the coat a sleek and shining appearance.

D. W. HURD, Successor to HURD & Co., Maiden Lane, New York, Sole Proprietor for the United States.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
NEWCASTLE, C.W.,
Proprietors for the Canadas.

PRICE TWENTY-FIVE CENTS.

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, Henry F. McCarthy J. Skinner, and J. Brown, in Ottawa.

Ottawa, Nov. 1, 1867. 577dwtm

NEW STORE!

THE Store formerly occupied by W. D. WOOD, No. 28, on RIDEAU STREET, has been refitted by the subscribers, and will be opened on MONDAY, FOURTEENTH OCTOBER, with an entire new stock of

GROCERIES, LIQUORS AND HARDWARE.

WOOD & ROSSITER.

Ottawa, October 12, 1867. 561-tf

Piano-Forte Tuition!

W. C. CLARK,

PROFESSOR OF MUSIC and Teacher of Piano, Voice and Harmony. Also, Mrs. Clark, Teacher of Drawing and Painting. Music Rooms and Residence, 69 Sparks-street, one door east of Toronto House.

Orders may be left at residence or at Orme & Mason's Music Store. 468y

RAILROADS.

Grand Trunk Railway Company

OF CANADA.

WINTER ARRANGEMENTS, 1867.

TRAINS now leave Bonaventure Station as follows:

GOING WEST—Day Express for Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago and all points West, at 8.30 A.M.

Night do do at 7.30 P.M.

Accommodation Train for Kingston and intermediate stations at 7.00 A.M.

Local Train for Cornwall and intermediate Stations, at 4.20 P.M.

Trains for Lachine at 8.00 A.M., 9.30 A.M., 3.00 and 4.30 P.M.

The 3.00 P.M. Train runs through to Plattsburgh.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST—Accommodation Train from Island Pond and intermediate Stations, at 7.00 A.M.

Express for New York and Boston, at 8.40 A.M.

Express for Boston and New York, at 3.30 P.M.

Express for Portland (staying over night at Island Pond) at 2.00 P.M.

Night Express for Portland, Three Rivers, Quebec and Riviere du Loup, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbrooke, Waterville and Coaticooke only, at 10.10 P.M.

Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.

For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station.

C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director.
December 28, 1867. 630tf

CHANGE of TIME

St. Lawrence & Ottawa Railway,

(formerly the Ottawa & Prescott Railway.)

ON and after MONDAY, the 30th Dec., 1867, and until further notice, trains will run as follows:

LEAVE PRESCOTT.	ARRIVE IN OTTAWA.
Mixed, 7.30 a. m.	11.00 a. m.
Express, 2.10 p. m.	4.45 p. m.
LEAVE OTTAWA.	**ARRIVE IN PRESCOTT.**
Express, 8 a. m.	10.30 a. m.
Mixed, 1.30 p. m.	4.45 p. m.

The time of these Trains has been so arranged as to ensure connection with night and day trains on Grand Trunk, east and west.

N. B.—These Trains run on Montreal Time.

Baggage to and from Ottawa checked through from and to stations on Grand Trunk Railway.

Return tickets to Prescott, Kemptville and Ottawa at reduced rates can be had at the principal stations on the line.

T. S. DETLOR, Superintendent. THOMAS REYNOLDS, Managing Director.
Ottawa, Dec. 28, 1867. 1y

Brockville and Ottawa Railway.

WINTER ARRANGEMENT

Commencing on Monday, December 9, 1867.

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

3:45 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 3.45 p.m., and arrive at Sandpoint at 9.25 p.m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT.

6:45 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint daily at 6.45 a.m., and arrive at Brockville at 1.00 p.m.

LEAVES PERTH.

5:00 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Perth at 5.00 p.m., and 9.40 a.m., and arrive at Smith's Falls at 5.50 p.m. and 10.0 a.m.

LEAVES SMITH'S FALLS.

10:50 A.M.—TRAINS will leave Smith's Falls at 10.50 a.m., and 6.5 p.m., and arrive at Perth at 11.40 a.m., and 6.55 p.m.

All trains on main line connect at Smith's Falls with Trains to and from Perth.

No. 1 leaves Brockville after G. T. R. Express Train is due from the East.

No. 2 is due at Brockville in time to connect with G. T. R. Express Trains for the East and West.

H ABBOTT,
Manager for Trustees.
Brockville, Dec. 16. 472y

Royal Canadian Bank

OTTAWA AGENCY:

Office—Desbarats' Building, 77 Sparks St

M. P. HAYES,
AGENT.
Ottawa, June 21. 157tf

DALGLISH & RUSSELL

ARE NOW IN RECEIPT OF THEIR new and varied assortment of

Grocery Goods

Consisting of Teas, Gunpowder, Old Hyson, Young Hyson, Hyson Twankay, Black, Extra Fine English Breakfast Souchong, Congou ditto, Oolong, Orange Pekoe, Finest Japans,

Coffees—Java, Jamaica, La Guayra, Mocha. Roasted and Ground on the premises.

Sugars.—English, refined in loaves, Broken Loaf, Crushed White, Yellow Refined.

Chocolate and Cocoa Spices, Mustards, Essences, Syrups, Pickles, Sauces, Vinegars, and Bottled Fruits, in syrup, Preserves, Potted Meats, Fruits &c. Also, Provisions, Sugar Cured Hams, Spice Rolled Hams, Bacon, Butter, Cheese, Crackers, Biscuits, Flour, Oatmeal, Barley, Peas, Rice, Labrador Herrings, Table Codfish, Digby Herrings, &c., &c.

Our stock is extensive and complete, and every article warranted to give satisfaction. All orders sent or left will be promptly attended to.

All Goods delivered on the shortest notice

Dalglish & Russell,
Wellington & Kent-sts.

among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

do, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

THE CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER has now been before the public for a length of time, and wherever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary, all are delighted with its operation, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints, and we are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying as to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it. Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C. W.,
General Agents for C. W.

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, H. F. MacCarthy, J. Skinner, and J. Brown, in Ottawa.

Ottawa Nov. 1, 1867 7tdw

GREAT DISCOVERY.

EVERY MAN HIS OWN ARTIST!

A SCIENTIFIC WONDER.

AN Instrument by which any person can take correct Likenesses or Photographs. This instrument with full instructions sent by mail for one dollar. Address,

C. B. AMES & CO.,
Broadway, New York.
541-3

Bottled Ale, Bottled Ale, Bottled Ale.

THE Subscriber would call the attention of Families and others to his

Fine Bottled Ale!

Which is in splendid condition. Also,

Scotch, Irish, Old Rye

And other Malt Whiskies,

Ports, Sherries, Brandies, Gin, &c.,

Together with a General Assortment of

FIRST-CLASS GROCERIES.

A Call kindly Solicited.

D. WHELAN,
44, Rideau-street,
Opposite Allan's Crockery Store
Ottawa, Jan. 29, 18 8.

FOR SALE.

850 PAIRS of Grey Twilled BLANKETS, in bales of 50 pairs.

—ALSO,—

Canadian White Twilled and Whitney Blankets English Grey Blankets, weighing from 8 to 10 pounds each.

E McGILLIVRAY.
Ottawa, December 23, 1867. 621-3m

NOTICE.

APPLICATION will be made during the present Session of the Parliament of Canada for an act to incorporate The European and American Life Insurance Company.
January 12, 1868. 647tf

THE CAPITAL

Boot and Shoe Store!

South Side of York-street, Lower Ottawa.

A LARGE SUPPLY of HAND-MADE KIPP BOOTS and SHOES of the VERY BEST QUALITY on hand.

Lumbermen who are anxious to furnish workmen with GOOD FEET WARE, will be enabled to do so by calling at the CAPITAL for their supplies.

I am selling off the balance of the Winter Stock of READYMADE WORK at REDUCED PRICES, which consists of Ladies' Misses' and Children's BALMORALS, CONGRESS GAITERS, RUBBERS and OVERSHOES, and Men's and Boys' Boots in CALF SKIN, KIPP and COW HIDE.

Orders and Measures taken for all sorts of Work.

GEORGE MURPHY.
Ottawa Jan. 31, 1868. 429-y

AYER'S Sarsaparilla

FOR PURIFYING THE BLOOD.

And for the speedy cure of the following complaints:

Scrofula and Scrofulous Affections, such as Tumors, Ulcers, Sores, Eruptions, Pimples, Pustules, Blotches, Boils, Blains, and all Skin Diseases.

OAKLAND, Ind., 6th June, 1866.

DR. AYER & CO. Gents: I feel it my duty to acknowledge what your Sarsaparilla has done for me. I was inherited a Scrofulous infection. I have suffered from it in various ways for years. Sometimes it burst out in Ulcers on my hands and arms; sometimes it settled lower and distressed me at the stomach. Two years ago it broke out on my head and covered my scalp and ears with one sore, which was painful and loathsome beyond description. I tried many medicines and several physicians, but without much relief from any thing. In fact, the disorder grew worse. At length I was induced to read in the Gospel Messenger that you had prepared an alterative (sarsaparilla), for I knew from your reputation that any thing you made must be good. I sent to Cincinnati and got it, and used it till it cured me. I took it, as you advise, a small dose of a teaspoonful over a month and used almost three bottles. New and healthy skin soon began to form under the scab, which after a while fell off. My skin is now clear, and I know by my feelings that the disease has gone from my system. You can well imagine that I feel better than I am saying when I tell you, that I hold you to be one of the apostles of the age, and remain ever gratefully. Yours,

ALFRED B. TALLEY.

St. Anthony's Fire, Rose or Erysipelas, Tetter and Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Ringworm, Sore Eyes, Dropsy.

Dr. Robert M. Preble writes from Salem, N. Y., 12th Sept., 1866, that he has cured an inveterate case of dropsy, which threatened to terminate fatally, by the generous use of our Sarsaparilla, and also a dangerous *Malignant Erysipelas* by large doses of the same; says he uses the remedy *Empirically* in his practice.

Goitre or Swelled Neck.

Zebulon Shook of Prospect, Texas, writes: "Three bottles of your sarsaparilla cured me from a *Goitre*—a hideous swelling on the neck, which I had suffered from four ten years."

Uterine Tumors and Whites; Ovarian Tumor, Uterine Ulceration, Female Diseases.

Dr. J. R. S. Channing, of New York City, writes: "I most cheerfully comply with the request of your agent in Boston. I have found your Sarsaparilla a most excellent alterative in the numerous complaints for which we employ such a remedy, but especially in *Female Diseases* of the Scrofulous diathesis. I have cured many inveterate cases of leucorrhœa by it, and some where the complaint was caused by *ulceration* of the womb. The ulceration itself was soon cured. Nothing within my knowledge equals it for these female derangements."

Edward S. Narrow, of Newbury, Ala., writes, "A dangerous ovarian tumor on one of the females in my family, which had defied all the remedies we could employ, has I hope been completely cured by your Extract of Sarsaparilla. Our physician thought nothing but extirpation could afford relief, but he advised the trial of your Sarsaparilla as the last resort before cutting, and it has effected a cure. After taking your remedy eight weeks no symptom of the disease remains."

Syphilis and Mercurial Disease.

NEW ORLEANS, 25th August, 1859.

DR. J. C. AYER: Sir, I cheerfully comply with the request of your agent, and resort to you some of the effects I have realized with your Sarsaparilla.

I have cured with it, in my practice, most of the complaints for which it is recommended, and have found its effects truly wonderful in the cure of *Venereal and Mercurial Diseases*. One of my patients had syphilitic ulcers in his throat, which were consuming his palate and the roof of his mouth. Your Sarsaparilla, steadily taken, healed him in five weeks. Another was attacked by secondary symptoms in his nose and the elevation had eaten away a considerable piece of it, so that I believe the disorder would soon reach his brain and kill him. But it yielded to my administration of your Sarsaparilla; the ulcers healed, and he is well again, not of course without some disfiguration to his face. A woman who had been poisoned for the same disorder by mercury was suffering from the poison in her bones. They had become so sensitive to the weather that on a damp day she suffered excruciating pain in her joints and bones. She, too, was cured entirely by your Sarsaparilla in a few weeks. I now from its formula, which your agent gave me, that this Preparation from your laboratory must be a great remedy; consequently, these truly remarkable results with it have not surprised me.

Fraternally yours, O. V. LARIMER, M. D.

Rheumatism, Gout, Liver Complaint.

INDEPENDENCE, Preston Co., Va., 4th July, 1859.

DR. J. C. AYER: Sir, I have been afflicted with a painful chronic rheumatism for a long time, which baffled the skill of physicians, and stuck to me in spite of all the medicines I could find, until I tried your Sarsaparilla. One bottle cured me in two weeks, and restored my general health so much that I am far better than before I was attacked. I think it a wonderful medicine. J. FREAM.

Jules Y. Getchell, of St. Louis, writes: "I have been afflicted for years with an *affection of the Liver*, which destroyed my health. I tried every thing, and every thing failed to relieve me; and I have been a broken-down man from some years from no other cause than *derangement of Liver*. My beloved pastor, the Rev. Mr. Espy, advised me to try your Sarsaparilla, because he said he knew you, and any thing you made was worth trying. By the blessing of God it has cured me, and has supplied my blood to make a new man of me. I feel young again. The pity is that one has to be sick if you is not half good enough."

Scirrhus, Cancer Tumors, Enlargement, Ulceration, Caries and Exfoliation of the Bones.

A great variety of cases have been reported to us where cures of these formidable complaints have resulted from the use of this remedy, but our space here will not admit them. Some of these may be found in our American almanac, which the agents below named are pleased to furnish gratis to all who call for them.

Dyspepsia, Heart Disease, Fits, Epilepsy, Melancholy, Neuralgia.

Many remarkable cures of these affections have been made by the alterative power of this medicine. It stimulates the vital functions into vigorous action, and thus removes disorders which would be supposed beyond its reach. Such a remedy has long been required by the necessities of the people, and we are confident that this will prove to them all that medicine can do.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,

FOR THE RAPID CURE OF

Coughs, Colds, Influenza, Hoarseness, Croup, Bronchitis, Incipient Consumption, and for the Relief of Consumptive Patients in advanced Stages of the Disease.

This is a remedy so universally known to surpass any other for the cure of throat and lung complaints, that it is useless here to publish the evidence of its virtues. Its unrivalled excellence for coughs and colds, and its truly wonderful cures of pulmonary disease, have made it known throughout the civilized nations of the earth. There are few communities, or even families, among them who have not some personal experience of its effects—some living trophy in their midst of its victory over the subtle and dangerous disorders of the throat and lungs. As all know the dreadful fatality of these diseases, and how they know, too, the efficacy of this remedy, we need not to more than to assure them that it has now all the virtues that it did have when making the cures which have won so strongly upon the confidence of mankind.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts W. M. Massey, H. F. MacCarthy, and John Skinner, in Ottawa.

Royal Italian Bitters!

—OR,—

TONICO REALE

DEL DOTTORE F. P. VERRI,
Professor of Chemistry in the University of PADUA
ITALY.

THIS celebrated preparation for which a certificate of merit was awarded to the distinguished original preparer at the National Exposition at Torino, Italy, by whose favor Mr. Gianelli obtained the recipe, and was also awarded a diploma at the Provincial Exhibition of Canada held at Montreal in September, 1865, is, without exception, the most genuine, salubrious and agreeable Tonic ever introduced to public notice either in Europe or America.

For seventeen years it has, in Italy, been a universal favorite among the *elite* of society, being generally served in the drawing room before dinner, in preference to Vermouth.

The ingredients of its composition have been imparted to the leading Physicians of Canada and the United States, and have received their unqualified approval on every account.

The proprietor refers with the greatest confidence and satisfaction to the subjoined testimonials from eminent medical men, which he could add to, were it desirable.

Kept by the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion of Canada and in the United States.

Sold by the Proprietor.

Dear Sir: You request my opinion of the "Royal Italian Bitters," prepared from a receipt of Dr Verri, of Padua. I beg to state that I consider it a most agreeable cordial tonic, in every way superior in flavour and composition to the ordinary bitter tonics in general use. I have recommended it to several patients, who have derived marked benefit from its use.

I am, dear Sir, yours faithfully,
W. E. PENWICK, M.D.

A. M. F. Gianelli, Esq., Montreal.

REGULATIONS

TO BE OBSERVED

BY CANDIDATES FOR EMPLOYMENT IN THE

Civil Service of Canada,

Framed by the Board of Examiners for the Civil Service, under the provisions of the 20th Vic., Cap. 24, and approved by His Excellency the Administrator of the Government in Council.

APPLICATIONS AND CERTIFICATES.

1. Every Candidate is required to send to the Secretary of the Board at the Office of the Provincial Secretary, an application in his own handwriting, stating his age, place of birth, present place of residence, the length of time he has been resident in Canada, the nature of his past occupations, and that it is his desire to enter into the Civil Service of Canada, naming the particular Department (if any) for which he believes himself more particularly adapted.

2. The application must be accompanied by satisfactory certificates as to the age, health and character, of the Candidate.

3. The Certificate of age should contain the best evidence of the date of the Candidate's birth, of which his case is susceptible.

4. The Certificate of health must be in the subjoined form marked A signed by a duly Licensed medical Practitioner, and bear date within six months of the date of the application to the Board.

5. The Board of Examiners reserve to themselves full discretion as to the evidence of character which in particular cases they may deem it expedient to require, but a compliance with the requirements of the four following paragraphs is all that under ordinary circumstances will be deemed necessary.

6. Candidates who have been previously employed in any Department of the Public Service in which they so served, and the length of time they were employed.

7. Every Candidate must name two or more referees, of whom two at least must be householders, and such referees must respectively fill up and sign a Certificate in the subjoined form marked B.

8. Candidates who have been previously in the employment of private individuals should (when circumstances will permit) name their last employers as one of such referees.

9. Candidates who have left school within two years before their application should (when circumstances will permit) name their last schoolmaster as one of the referees.

10. Copies of the forms can be obtained on application to the Secretary, and, if in particular cases, these cannot be properly filled up, a sufficient reason must be assigned, and such other evidence must be produced as the Board may consider satisfactory.

EXAMINATIONS.

11. No Candidate will be allowed to present himself for examination unless his application and Certificates shall have been lodged with the Secretary ten days at least before the day of examination, nor unless such Certificates shall have been approved of by the Board.

12. Each Candidate will be duly informed by the Secretary whether his Certificates have or have not been approved of.

13. The Board will meet for the examination of Candidates on the fourth Monday in every month, at ten o'clock, a.m., at the office of the Provincial Secretary and such meeting may be adjourned from time to time.

14. Candidates are required to present themselves punctually at the hour appointed for the commencement of the examinations.

15. The examination will be conducted partly orally and partly in writing.

16. No viva voce examination shall take place except in the presence of a quorum of the Board.

17. The time allowed for answering each paper in writing will be marked upon it.

18. Candidates may be allowed to leave the examination room for a short time after delivering their answers to one paper and before proceeding to the next; but no candidate will be permitted to resume the answering of any paper after having left the room.

19. Any Candidate obtaining assistance during the hour of examination by copying the papers of any other Candidate or otherwise, will be considered as committing an offence seriously affecting his moral character; and any Candidate who shall permit such copying or give such assistance will be considered equally guilty.

20. All Candidates will be required

1. To write a good hand.
2. To spell correctly.
3. To write grammatically.
4. To write correctly from dictation.
5. To be conversant with the elementary rules of Arithmetic.

21. To enable the Board to judge for what branch of the Public Service any Candidate is best qualified, he may be examined, should he desire it, in the following subjects or any one or more of them which he may select:

1. Translating English into French, or French into English, and writing from dictation in either language.
2. Arithmetic as far as Decimal Fractions.
3. Book-keeping.
4. Elementary Geography.
5. Making abstracts of documents.

FORM A.

I hereby certify that I have this day personally examined Mr. , and that I believe him to be free from any physical defect or disease, or mental ailment, which would be likely to interfere with the proper discharge of the duties of a Public Office.

(Signature,)
(Address,)
(Date.)

FORM B.

Statement respecting
a Candidate for employment in the Civil Service of Canada.

1. Are you related to the Candidate, if so, what is the relationship?
2. Are you well acquainted with the Candidate?
3. From what circumstances does your knowledge of him arise?
4. How long have you known him?
5. Is he strictly honest, sober, intelligent and diligent?
6. What do you know of his education and acquirements?
7. So far as you can judge, is his Character in all respects such as to qualify him for Public Employment.

(Signature,)
(Address,)
(Date.) 633tf.

WANTED.

A LADY who is well qualified to teach the elementary English branches. Apply to MISS HARMON,
February 4. 657-3 Young Ladies' Institute.

Scale Manufacturer.

E. DORION begs to inform the public that he has opened a SCALE MANUFACTORY in Clarence-street, second door from Sussex-street, in E. D'Amour's Blacksmith Shop, and where he is now prepared to repair all sorts of Scales in use.

Ottawa, Jany. 11 609y

FRESH ARRIVALS

OF

Very Choice and Superior

TEAS

NOW ON SALE

AT THE

1,000 CHESTS UNCOLORED JAPAN.

500 Chests very choice and superior YOUNG HYSON.
700 Chests Good Strong TWANKAY
100 Chests old fashioned BREAKFAST SOUCHONG.
150 Caddies MANDERIN MIXTURE.

This is the finest BLACK TEA ever imported, 5s per pound; in small Caddies, about 1½ lb each, 4s 9d.

COFFEE!

The Pure Mountain Berry

"Without exception the finest Coffee in the world."—*London Times, March 16.*

We are constantly receiving supplies of this truly beautiful and delicious COFFEE, *roasted daily on our premises by*

Dakins' Patent Silver Cylinder

By which peculiar process, the aroma is preserved, and renders it the FAVORITE WITH ALL COFFEE DRINKERS.

BEWARE OF SPURIOUS IMITATIONS.

As it is imported by no other firm in Canada

ROBINSON & CO.,
THE TEA POT,
OTTAWA

Wine, Spirits & Liquors

ROBINSON & CO. would especially direct the attention of families to their stock of

ALES, WINES & SPIRITS

100 cases Otard Brandy.
50 " Martell's
150 " Hennessey.
75 " United Vinquels

We have a most delicious

DINNER SHERRY

Which we are selling at 8 shillings per gallon

GUINESS & CO.

DUBLIN STOUT!

BLOOD'S LONDON STOUT.
BARCLAY'S LONDON PORTER
ALLSOP'S PALE ALE.
BASS' EAST INDIA.
DOW'S CELEBRATED MONTREAL ALE
DAW'S SUPERIOR LACHINE ALE
DAW'S CELEBRATED PORTER & STOUT

PRESERVED MEATS.

Just Received from England:

ROAST HARE.
CURRIED DO.
JUGGED DO.
STEWED DO.
ROAST PHEASANTS.
ROAST GROUSE.
OAST PARTRIDGE

ALL GOODS DELIVERED FREE by our own Waggons to any part of the City daily

ROBINSON & CO.
THE TEA POT,
OTTAWA.

Establishments—Sussex St. and Rideau St
Ottawa, September 16. 223tf

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA,

Friday, 24th January, 1868.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

ON the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Customs, and under the authority given and conferred by the 123 clause of the Act 30 and 31 Vict. Cap. 6, intituled "A Act respecting the Customs."

His Excellency in Council has been pleased to make and prescribe the following "Regulations" respecting the Warehousing and bonding of Wheat, Maize or other Grain that may be ground and packed in bond, that is to say:

1. That the Collector or other Officer of Customs at any Warehousing Port in the Dominion of Canada, may deliver without payment of duty, to the importer of any Maize or other grain from which flour or meal can be manufactured, on proper entry being made of the same, any quantity of such Maize or other grain for the purpose of drying, grinding and packing in such place and on such premises as shall be particularly described by such importer or owner.

2. That such buildings used for drying, grinding and packing of Maize or other grain and the premises thereto belonging, with the description to be given thereof as aforesaid, shall, for the purposes of drying, grinding and packing Maize and other grain under the above mentioned Act, be deemed and considered a Government Bonded Warehouse, and that one of the Maize or other grain so brought into the said drying, grinding and packing building or upon the said premises, shall be removed therefrom without a proper ex-warehouse entry and due payment of all duties on the same, if intended for home consumption within the said Dominion, or upon due entry thereof for removal or exportation under the usual bonds; no shall any flour, meal or other products from the maize or other grain aforesaid, be removed frog the said premises without due entry as aforesaid either for consumption as aforesaid, for removal or exportation and payment of all Customs duties legally due on the flour, meal and other products into which the said maize and other grain shall have been manufactured as the case may be, allowance having first been made of five per cent. on the said flour or meal for shrinkage in those cases in which the corn or other grain has been kiln dried before grinding.

3. That before the importer or owner of any Maize and other grain aforesaid shall, for the purpose of drying, grinding and packing, be entitled to obtain the delivery thereof either ex-ship upon their importation into the said Dominion, to be carried immediately to the drying, grinding and packing buildings, and premises aforesaid, or out of any Customs Warehouse, in which the same may be warehoused, he shall give bond with two sufficient sureties to the satisfaction of the Collector of Customs at the port where such Maize and other grain are imported or warehoused, in a penalty of double the amount of duties payable upon the quantities of Maize and other grain so delivered upon such entry or out of Warehouse as aforesaid, for the purpose of being dried, ground and packed in bond, shall within six months from the date of the bond to be so entered into, be well and truly paid to the Collector of Customs aforesaid for the use of Her Majesty, and the said importer or owner shall, before he can obtain the delivery aforesaid, further enter into and execute to the Collector for the use of Her Majesty as aforesaid, a general bond the said importer or owner in the penal sum of one housand five hundred dollars, and two approved sureties in the sum of three hundred and seventy-five dollars each, conditioned that at no period shall the quantity of Maize or other grain, or the product thereof in the said building or premises be less than the quantity on which the bond or bonds for duties hereinbefore mentioned, shall be outstanding and unpaid.

4. And for the purpose of further securing the due observance of the foregoing Regulations, the Collector of Customs, the Surveyor of Customs or Warehouse-keeper, or other approved officer of Customs at the port where the Maize and other grain shall be so bonded, or at the port nearest to the said drying or grinding and packing premises, shall at all times when such operations are being carried on therein have free access to and upon the said drying, grinding and packing buildings and premises for the purpose of verifying the quantity of Maize or other grain and their products therein, and any reasonable expenses attending such inspection shall be borne and defrayed by the importer or owner of the Maize, and other grain so undergoing drying, grinding and packing in bond.

The order of His Excellency in Council of the 1st August, 1867, prescribing Regulations on the above subject, but restricted to the Provinces of Quebec and Ontario, is hereby revoked.

WM. H. LEE,
Clerk Privy Council.

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Two Dwellings to Let,

BEING the Upper part of E. MARTINEAU'S Clothing Store, Corner of Sussex and Clarence-streets.

Enquire at the Store.

EUG. MARTINEAU.
Ottawa, Jan. 22, 1868. 646tf

To Let.

A ROOM TO LET either with or without board. Enquire this office.
Ottawa, November 26. 594tf

Lots for Sale.

BUILDING LOTS, one mile from the city, on the Richmond Road, containing one acre each. Apply to THOMAS ANDERSON, Jr., on the premises. 564tf

FOR SALE.—THE WESTerly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession Ottawa, Front Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same Concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. T. Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to JOHN and WM. THOMSON, Nepean, and LEWIS & PINHEY, Barrister, Ottawa. Je2-141-tf

FOR SALE, THAT ELIgible property, beautifully situated on the Banks of the Ottawa, in the Township of Nepean, distant from the City of Ottawa about three miles on the macadamized road, together with the STONE DWELLING-HOUSE thereon erected, at present occupied by William Thomson, Esquire, and the garden and ornamented grounds adjoining the same, forming part of Lot No. 29, in the 1st concession, Ottawa front. A most desirable private residence and vacant Lots adjoining the same also for sale at reasonable prices.

For particulars and terms apply to John and William Thomson on the premises, or to

LEWIS & PINHEY,
Barristers, &c., Ottawa.
Ottawa, February 27, 1867. 369y

VICTORIA HOTEL—TO LET.

NO more eligible chance could be offered to any party in the Hotel-keeping line than the lease of the above FIRST-CLASS HOTEL.

Being on the eve of Confederation, and Ottawa being definitely settled upon as its capital,

The Victoria Hotel

could not fail to be made to pay.

It is built on the most modern style of architecture, of cut stone; has large plate-glass windows, and is four stories high, exclusive of the basement. It is finely situated on the corner of Wellington and O'Connor-streets, immediately opposite the Parliament Buildings and has three vacant lots attached, so that the Buildings could be enlarged to any required capacity.

Applications, (postpaid) to be addressed to

FRANCIS CLEMOW, ESQ.,
Or JOHN HENEY, Esq.,
Richmond Road, Ottawa, C. W
Ottawa, March 11. 379tf

COUNTRY RESIDENCE FORSALE.—Beautifully situated on the Macadamized Road between Ottawa City and Aylmer, about 36 minutes' drive from the city. A farm of excellent land, containing about 90 acres, with a large Stone House erected thereon.

The proprietor has no objection to sell a part of the farm, with or without the house. This would be a desirable country residence. Title unexceptionable.

Apply to

REV. J. JOHNSTON,
Bell Village.
August 1. 591-3m

FARMS FOR SALE.

100 ACRES.—The north half of Lot No. No. 11, in 4th Con. of the Township of Osgoode, with

The Ottawa Times

VOL. II. NO 662 | OTTAWA, MONDAY, FEBRUARY 10, 1868. | PRICE—3 CENTS

THE

Ottawa Daily Times,

(Published every morning, Sundays excepted.)

THE DAILY AND WEEKLY TIMES NOW enjoys the LARGEST CIRCULATION of any paper published in the Ottawa Valley—issuing of the Daily over 4,000! and Weekly over 4,000! making a total circulation in the week of over 8,000! thus outstripping all competitors, and affording the best medium for business men to advertise in.

ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in the Daily at the following rates:

Business Cards of from 3 to 6 lines, per annum—payable in advance only, ... $6 00

Transient Advertisements, first insertion per line, ... 8c

Subsequent insertions, per line, ... 2c

Yearly advertisers specially contracted with, and liberal allowance made.

Yearly subscription to the daily (if paid in advance) $5 00

If not paid in advance 6 00

Yearly subscription to the weekly (if paid in advance) $1 00

If not paid in advance 1 50

ADVERTISING AGENCY.—Messrs. S. M. Pettengill & Co., Park Row, New York, and State Street, Boston, General Advertising Agents, are hereby authorized to receive Advertisements for the OTTAWA TIMES.

LEGAL.

G. J. O'DOHERTY,
LAW, CHANCERY and CONVEYANCING OFFICE, ALMOND'S BUILDINGS, Sussex-street.
Ottawa, Dec. 6, 1867. 608-49y

R. J. WICKSTEED,
ADVOCATE, &c., 42, Little St. James Street, MONTREAL.
November 14, 1867. 589-6m

N. TETREAU,
NOTARY PUBLIC for the Province of Quebec, HULL, near the Post Office.
Dec. 6, 1867. 596f

NICHOLAS SPARKS,
LAW, Chancery and Conveyancing Office, Lange's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office.
Ottawa, July 19. 489y

LAPIERRE & HAYCOCK,
ATTORNIES-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers and Notaries Public, Corner of Sussex and York-streets, Ottawa.
Ottawa, February 26, 1867. 568y

WILLIAM MOSGROVE,
LAW, Chancery and Conveyancing Office: Mosgrove's Block, Rideau Street, Ottawa, C. W. 366-tf

D. O'CONNOR,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex Street. Office: Union Buildings, Ottawa.
February 21, 1866. 55-y

R. H. HAYCOCK,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office: Post Office Building, Elgin Street, Ottawa.
February 7, 1866. 43-u

A. F. BOUCHETTE,
ADVOCATE. Office: No. 17, St. Peter Street, Quebec. Mr. Bouchette will always be prepared to attend promptly to any business the government employs, and the public generally may entrust him. Mr. B. attends regularly the circuits and for the district of Quebec.
December 28, 1865. 9-y

P. J. BUCKLEY, LL.B.,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law Solicitor-in-Chancery and Notary Public. Office: over Mr. Luke Cassidy's Boot and Shoe store, Rideau Street, Ottawa, C. W.
January 17 1867. 334y

AUGUSTUS KEEFER,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office: Opposite Post Office, Elgin Street, in the premises lately occupied as the Custom House.
Ottawa, March 30. 87-tf

J. F. BOULTON,
BARRISTER-AT-LAW, Solicitor-in-Chancery, &c. Office: Almond's Buildings, Rideau Street.
Ottawa, Jan. 12, 1866. 21-y

M. McLEOD,
BARRISTER, Etc., for Lower Canada. Offices: Court House, Aylmer and Buckingham, C.E.
☞ Attends to all Law Courts in the District of Ottawa.
February 7, 1866. 43-tf

LEES & GEMMELL,
BARRISTERS, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. Office: In the Court House, Ottawa, C. W.
ROBERT LEES. JOHN J. GEMMELL.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-tf

EDWARD T. DARTNELL,
BARRISTER, Solicitor, Attorney, and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Crown Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office: In the Court House, L'Orignal.
January 27, 1866. 34-6m

MEDICAL.

DR. CHESLEY,
OFFICE over Mr. Garth's Establishment, 25 Rideau-st., Ottawa.
May 30 447tf

DR. C. LEGGO,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Office: Hutton's Block, Sparks Street.

DR. DORION,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon, and Accoucheur, Clarence Street, Ottawa.
March 1. 371y

DR. OLIVER MARTIN,
DENTIST, Office: Sparks Street, Central Ottawa.
Ottawa, January 27, 1868. 34-tf

DR. C. A. MARTIN,
DENTIST. Office: Sussex Street, over Messrs. Campbell & Co.'s, Grocers.
Ottawa, January 27, 1868. 34-tf

DR. JOHN LEGGO,
DENTIST, Hunton's Block, Sparks Street. ☞ Teeth extracted without pain by means of the Etherial Spray Producer. 559a

A. R. BELL, A.M., M.D., C.M., &c.
(RECENTLY FROM ENGLAND.)
SURGERY and Residence, George Street.
Ottawa, November 13. 230y

A. CODD, M.D., M.,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Residence—McDougal's Block, Besserer-st., Sandy Hill. 571-3m

DR. LESLIE JONES,
Surgeon, &c., of Dublin and Edinburgh.
SURGERY and Consulting Office, Rideau-st., next door to the St. Lawrence Hall. Residence—Daly Street. 584y

DR. GEORGE HUTCHISON,
DENTIST: Office, Sparks-street, opposite Magee & Russell's.
Ottawa, October 30, 1867. 576y

DR. W. J. HENRY,
CORNER of Kent and Wellington-Streets, Ottawa.
November 8. 43utf

DR. O. C. WOOD,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur Ottawa. Day office opposite Magee & Russell's, Sparks Street, Center Town; Night Office at his Residence, Maria Street, Center Town.
Cancrous Cancer, with out the use of the knife, by a new, but certain, speedy and almost painless process. References given to parties successfully treated, if required. The cure guaranteed.
Ottawa, April 14 17w-186-1

HOLGATE, OLIVER & ANNABLE,
WHOLESALE Manufacturers of Bedsteads, Chairs, &c., Chaudiere Island, Ottawa, C.W.
WILLIAM HOLGATE,
JOHN OLIVER,
WILLIAM ANNABLE.
Ottawa, 506y

BUSINESS CARDS.

B. BILLINGS, JR.,
ARCHITECT, Elgin-street, opposite the Post Office.
REFERENCES—H. Sims, Esq. Architect, Philadelphia; Thos. Fuller, Esq. Architect, Albany; Dr J. A. Grant, M.P., Ottawa; Thos. Reynolds, Esq. Managing Director G. & P. R. W. 612-6m

R. SPARKS,
PROVINCIAL LAND SURVEYOR, Draughtsman, &c., (commissioned for Upper and Lower Canada.) Office and residence, Gloucester, near Ottawa. Surveys of every description executed with accuracy. Communications addressed Ottawa City, (post-paid), or left at the office of N. Sparks, Solicitor, &c., Ottawa, will receive prompt attention.
Ottawa, February 21, 1866. 55-

N. McKINNON,
COMMISSION and Exchange Broker, and Insurance Agent, Sparks-street, opposite Magee & Russell's, Ottawa, C.W.
Ottawa, March 25. 391y

O'CONNOR & WALLER,
EXCHANGE Brokers, Fire, Life and Accidental Insurance, Commission and Collecting Agents. Office, No. 27, Sussex-street, Ottawa.
E. P. O'CONNOR. W. H. WALLER.
March 9. 379y

J. P. MACPHERSON,
BARRISTER, &c., Ottawa. Office: Lang's Buildings, opposite Post Office.
Ottawa, March 10, 1866. 70-y

H. McLEAN'S
AUCTION Rooms, No. 19, Sparks Street, Centre Town, Ottawa, opposite Hope's Stationery Store.
The sale of Real Estate at Auction or Private Sale promptly attended to. Consignments received for positive sale. Parties wishing to purchase Real Estate will receive all information FREE OF CHARGE by calling at the office.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y

R. H. McGREEVY,
CONTRACTOR and Builder. Office: North side York street, second door from Sussex Street.
Ottawa, March 20, 1866. 78-y

S. CHRISTIE,
COMMISSION Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.
OFFICE: No. 3, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W. y

PARLIAMENTARY AGENCY.
C. J. BOUCHETTE,
P. L. SURVEYOR and Draughtsman, Mining, Land, and General Parliamentary Agent. References unexceptionable. OFFICE: Wellington Street, next to British Hotel, and nearly opposite the banks, Ottawa.
P. S.—Special attention given with despatch to Public Land business, adjusting disputed claims, and securing Patents.
Ottawa, May 22. 132-y

JOHN MERCER,
Teacher Piano-Forte, Violin, &c.
THOROUGH BASS.
AYLMER, C. E.
VISITS OTTAWA TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS.
Orders left at Union House will be punctually attended to.
Ottawa, July 26. 187tf

HOTELS AND SALOONS.

HOLT'S HOTEL,
AYLMER, C. E., Livery and General Stage Office. Alfred Moses Holt, Jr., Prop'tr.
December 21, 1865. 4-y

JAS. JOHNSTON'S
UNION HOUSE, North Gower. Good Stabling and an attentive Hostler.
January 11, 1866. 2o-y

DUIGNAN'S
PRIVATE HOTEL, Sparks Street, Ottawa, C. W. A few gentlemen can obtain superior apartments.
Ottawa, Dec. 20, 1865. 3-y

THE RUSSELL HOUSE,
LATE CAMPBELL'S HOTEL, Ottawa, C. W. The undersigned, proprietor of the above-named Hotel, begs leave to acquaint his numerous friends and the travelling public, that he has re-painted and newly-furnished throughout this commodious establishment, in the management of which by strict attention to business and guests, he hopes to deserve encouragement and support.
JAMES E. GOUIN,
Lately, and for many years connected with Russell's Hotel, Quebec Street, Quebec

THE ALBION HOTEL
NICHOLAS Street, Court-House Avenue, Ottawa, John Graham, Proprietor.
This House is conveniently situated, and still maintains its character as a FIRST-CLASS HOTEL. Considerable additions have recently been made to the premises, and it has been entirely repainted and renovated. No pains will be spared to accommodate and please.
OMNIBUSES to and from the cars and boats free of charge. There is a FIRST-CLASS LIVERY STABLE attached to the Hotel.
Ottawa 1866 1-y

JOHN MALTMAN
LATE McADAM'S Commercial Hotel, Packenham.
The above Hotel, one of the oldest and best known in Packenham, has been leased by the undersigned and thoroughly overhauled and refitted for the special accommodation of guests. THE TABLE AND BAR will at all times be furnished with the very best the market affords.
GOOD STABLING and a careful Hostler always in attendance
JOHN MALTMAN.

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,
M. KAVANAGH, Proprietor, Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington Streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government buildings.
The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.
☞ Oysters, Game etc., daily

THE METROPOLITAN
Aumond's Block,
Rideau Street, Ottawa.
P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.
Ottawa, November 27. 292tf

THE REVERE HOUSE,
OTTAWA.
G. A. BUCKE, W. H. SANGER, } PROPRIETORS.
THIS FIRST-CLASS HOTEL has been refurnished and refitted throughout, and now combines all the requisites of a first-class establishment.
Ottawa, Nov. 6, 1867 531tf

TORONTO HOUSE,
SPARKS-STREET
MRS. TROTTER begs to state that she has comfortable quarters for a few gentlemen for three months or more, with Parlour and use of Piano.
Ottawa, Dec. 24, 1867. 623tf

MISS LOVETT'S
PRIVATE HOTEL
HOLLIS STREET, HALIFAX, N. S.
STRANGERS will find this long established and well known house to be the most comfortable and well conducted in the city.
December 23, 1867. 622-6m

TO PARTIES ABOUT TO BUILD—
PLANS,
SPECIFICATIONS,
ESTIMATES, &c.
Prepared by
AUGUSTUS LAVER, ARCHITECT
End Daly st. Ottawa.
April 1.

DRUGGISTS.

Spectacles for all Sights.
OPTICAL Instruments Electro Magnetic and Galvanic Apparatus, Photographic Chemicals, &c.
W. HEARN,
Market Drug Store,
York-street.
637y

Apothecaries Hall
No. 41, SUSSEX STREET,
G. MORTIMER, PROPRIETOR
NONE OTHER GENUINE!
TRADE MARK REGISTERED
Canadian Cough Emulsion.
THIS Valuable Medicine has the extraordinary property of immediately relieving Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Difficulty of Breathing, Tightness in the Chest, &c., &c. It operates by dissolving the congealed phlegm, causing free expectoration, and an agreeable moistness of the skin. Prepared only by
GEORGE MORTIMER.
Chemist and Druggist, 41, Sussex Street, Ottawa City. Sold in bottles at 1s 3d and 2s 6d each.

MORTIMER'S
COMPOUND ANTIBILIOUS
AND FAMILY APERIENT PILLS.
A grand Specific for derangement of the digestive Organs, and for obstructions and torpid action of the Liver and Bowels.

MORTIMER'S Vegetable WORM DESTROYER.
The only sure remedy that exists. Combining delicious taste with amazing power. Also
CAMPHORATED EYE-WATER,
Sure Cure for Sore, Weak and Inflamed Eyes.

MORTIMER'S
Colognes, Pomades, Toilet Vinegar, Rose Dentifrice, for the Teeth and Gums. Also constantly on hand, Perfumes of all kinds, and Toilet requisites usually kept in a first-class establishment.

FOUND,
A NEVER Failing Remedy for Coughs and Colds, Mortimer's Canadian Cough Emulsion. No family should be without a bottle. None genuine but from
G. MORTIMER,
Chemist, 41, Sussex-st.
The best of Certificates can be produced.
Ottawa, Nov. 22, 1867. 596-6m

OTTAWA
DRUG WAREHOUSE,
RIDEAU STREET
1866 SEEDS, SEEDS, 1866.
A LARGE STOCK OF FRESH GARDEN and FIELD SEEDS, just arrived and on Sale. All Seeds warranted Fresh.
A large importation of English and French PERFUMES will arrive next week.
FLORIDA WATER. SOZODONT.
HAIR BRUSHES. COMBS.
NAIL BRUSHES, CLOTHES BRUSHES, &c., &c., &c.
Just being opened up.
JOSEPH GARVEY, M.D.
P. S.—Advice to the poor gratis.
Ottawa, April 11. 97-y

DOMESTIC DYES.
THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT OF DYES in this city on sale at the
Ottawa Drug Warehouse.
A free Lot of Good, Cheap PERFUMES just received.
N. B.—Prescriptions carefully and promptly prepared.
J. GARVEY, M. D.
Ottawa, Feb. 12 1868 47-tf

PARLIAMENT
HAIRDRESSING SALOON!
E. MILES,
Hairdresser by Appointment to His Excellency the Governor-General,
HAS REMOVED HIS PARLIAMENT HAIR DRESSING SALOON from the old stand to his new and commodious room over the LONDON MUSIC STORE, on Elgin-st., opposite the Russell House, which he has fitted up in the most recherche style of the business, and where his Rotary Hair Brush, which he imported expressly for himself, being the first introduced into British America, will be kept ready for use. The saloon is delightfully ventilated, and very pleasantly situated.
Mr. MILES would take this opportunity of returning his most sincere thanks to his many friends and the public, for their kind and generous patronage to him, during a number of years, in his old establishment, and trusts that by unremitting attention to business, and in his new and first-class saloon, with polite and attentive workmen, to merit a continuance of their favors.
All kinds of Hair Watch Guards, Finger Rings, &c., manufactured to order. For the convenience of ladies orders will be received at the London Music Store, where a fine and varied assortment of Hair-work will be found.
E. MILES,
Hair Dresser, by appointment, to his Excellency the Governor-General.
Ottawa, October 3 1867 555-39y

Public Notice to Innkeepers and Others.
PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that all applications for Tavern and Shop Licenses, to be held within the limits of the municipality of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa, for the year commencing 1st March, 1868, must be made at the office of the License Inspector, on or before the 20th FEBRUARY, instant.
The proper forms of application, as required by law, together with such further information as may be necessary, will be given upon application at the Inspector's office, Elgin-street.
By order of the Board of Commissioners of Police.
D. M. GRANT, License Inspector.
Ottawa, February 5, 1868. 659a

NOTICE.
A COMPLAINT BOOK has been opened at the Office of the Chief of Police, at the City Hall, in which parties desirous of doing so can enter their names and complaints.
THOS. LANGRELL, Chief of Police.
Ottawa, February 5, 1868. 659a

GREAT CLEARING SALE

—OF—

Dry Goods and Ready-made Clothing,

—AT—

J. T. Prudhomme's Stores,

SUSSEX-STREET, FACING CLARENCE-STREET,

And at the Sign of the "Golden Lamb."

As the Subscriber intends closing one of his Stores on the first day of December he is determined to sell off at an immense reduction his stock of

DRY GOODS & READY-MADE CLOTHIN

—CONSISTING OF—

Beaver Cloths,	West of England Broad Cloths,	Col. and White Blankets
Pilot do	Black Cassimeres,	Horse Rugs,
Whitney do	Silk Mix Coatings,	Flannels,
Melton do	" " Trowserings,	Kerseys,
Satinet do	Fancy Doeskins,	Winceys.

English, Scotch and anadian Tweeds.

DRAWERS, SHIRTS, WOOL CRAVATS, SCARFS, NECK TIES, COLLARS, SHAWLS, CLOAKINGS, DRESS GOODS, NECK TIES, PRINTS, COBOURGS, BUCK MITTS, BUCK MOCASSINS, WOOL SOCKS " MITTS, TRUNKS, VALISES

—ALSO, A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF—

Boots and Shoes, Teas, Soap, Candles and Wines

The whole to be disposed of before the 1st day of December. Call early and examine before purchasing elsewhere.
Ottawa, November 19, 1837. 593-3m

RELIANCE
MUTUAL LIFE ASSURANCE CO'Y.
ESTABLISHED 1840.
CHIEF OFFICE—71, King William-street, Mansion House, LONDON.

ACCUMULATED PREMIUMS OVER, - - - - $1,000,000.
ANNUAL INCOME OVER, - - - - - - $300,000.

TRUSTEES.
The Right Rev the Bishop of Moray and Ross.
Viscount Kirkcaldie, J R S Phillipps, Esq, Sir John T Tyrell, Bart
John Ledger, Esq, James Traill, Esq, W M Tufnell, Esq
DIRECTORS.
George Ashlin, Esq, John W Lay, Esq, Henry T Prinsep, Esq
W W Duffield, Esq, John Ledger, Esq, Major Skinner, R A
J W Egerton-green, Esq, J Oxlypanker, Esq, Charles H Smith, Esq
George T Harris, Esq, William Phelps, Esq, James Traill, Esq
John James, Esq., John Pike, Esq, W M Tufnell, Esq
Edward White, Esq
MEDICAL OFFICERS.
J W Ogle, Esq. M D, H F Smith, Esq, M D
BANKS.
Messrs William Deacon Co, Birchin Lane, Messrs Sparrow, Dufnell & Co, Chelmsford. The London and County Bank.
SOLICITORS.
Messrs Hooke & Street, 27 Lincoln's Inn Fields. Messrs Gepp & Veley, Chelmsford.
EDWARD BUTLER, Secretary.

Canada Branch—Montreal.
BOARD OF DIRECTORS.
Walter Shanly, Esq. M P, Chairman.
Duncan Maclaurin, Esq. George Winks, Esq. W H Hingston, Esq. M D, L R C S.
Solicitors—Messrs Rose & Ritchie. MEDICAL ADVISER—W H Hingston, Esq. M D.
The entire profits of this old and long established society belong to the policy holders, who are protected from all liability by the deed of settlement.
Annuities and endowments granted on advantageous terms.
Advances made on approved security in connection with Life Policies.
Every information to be had on application to any of the Society's Agents in Canada, or to
T W GRIFFITH, Manager and Secretary.
Head Office for the Dominion of Canada—Corner St Francois Xavier-street, Montreal.
☞ Agents wanted in unrepresented districts throughout Canada.
NEIL McKINNON, Agent for Ottawa.
589 6m

Etna Fire and Marine Insurance Co.
The Number of Shareholders exceed Five Hundred.
Capital, ... $2,500,000.
Annual Income Nearly ..... $1,000,000.
HEAD OFFICE—Upper Sackville-street, Dublin, Ireland; CHIEF OFFICE, ENGLAND—17 and 18 Corn Hill, London; CHIEF OFFICE, SCOTLAND—98 George-st., Edinburgh

DIRECTORS.
John Obins Woodhouse, Esq. 82 Pembroke Road, Dublin; Omeath Park, Co Louth; Portadown, Co Armagh; Kerry Keel, Co Armagh and Down—Chairman.
Robert Craven Waule, Esq. Conebraney, Crossakeale, Co Meath, and Sackville Street Club, Dublin. J P for Counties Meath and Wicklow—Director Scottish Amicable Life Office.
Charles Doing Malone, Esq. Merchant, Stephen-street and George-street, Dublin; Churchtown Lodge, Dundrum, Co Dublin—Director Commercial Gas Company.
John William Gregg, Esq. Alderman, Merchant, 18 Upper Sackville-street, Dublin—Vice Chairman.
Irwine Smith Whitty, Esq. 6 Wellington Road, Dublin—Director Government Prisons.
Bernard Coyne, Esq. 27 Waterloo Road, Dublin, J P, Co Mayo.
Geoffrey Martin, Esq. 2 Clarinda Park, East Kingstown, Dublin, and Curraghmore, Ballinrobe, Co Mayo, J P for Co Mayo.
Robert Crosbie Hartley, Esq. Bridge House and Glenduff, Tralee; J P for Co Kerry.
David Richardson Goodlatte, Esq Merchant.

FEATURES.
A division of profits every three years to holders of policies who have no losses.
MODERATE PREMIUMS.
The company do not advocate high premiums, but rates will be charged according as the nature of the risk. Losses will be promptly and fully met on adjustment. Losses by lightning and loss or damage by explosion of gas within the premises insured made good.
JOHN INNIS, ESQ. Manager.
N B—The above company have invested in Canadian Government Bonds, in conformity with the Provincial Act, and have obtained the license of the Minister of Finance to do business in Canada, and are now prepared to take risks.
T. W. GRIFFITH, Manager for Canada.
Head Office for the Dominion—Corner of St Francois Xavier and St Sacrament-streets, Montreal.
Agents wanted in unrepresented districts throughout Canada.
589-6m NEIL McKINNON, Agent for Ottawa.

STOVES. STOVES. STOVES.
STOVES. STOVES. STOVES.
STOVES. STOVES. STOVES.
"CAPITAL" 35, H.
STOVE USSEX MEADOWS
DEPOT! St. & CO.

WE have received our fall and Winter Stock of STOVES, STOVE PIPES, ELBOWS, DUMB STOVES, TINWARE and LUMBERMEN'S SUPPLIES, which we offer Wholesale or Retail at low prices. In Cooking, Parlor, Box and Hall Stoves, for wood or coal, we have the largest and most varied assortment ever shown in Ottawa.

COOKING STOVES.	COOKING STOVES.	COOKING STOVES.
COOKING STOVES.	COOKING STOVES.	COOKING STOVES
COOKING STOVES.	COOKING STOVES.	COOKING STOVES.

☞ Our stock of the above comprises the latest improvements in both ELEVATED and LOW OVEN STOVES.

BOX AND HALL STOVES.	BOX AND HALL STOVES.	
BOX AND HALL STOVES.	BOX AND HALL STOVES.	
BOX AND HALL STOVES.	BOX AND HALL STOVES.	

☞ Suitable for private Dwellings and Churches, Warehouses and Stores.

PARLOR STOVES.	PARLOR STOVES.	PARLOR STOVES.
PARLOR STOVES.	PARLOR STOVES.	PARLOR STOVES.
PAR TOVES.	PARLOR STOVES.	PARLOR STOVES.

☞ New and most beautiful designs, very cheap.

COAL STOVES. PARLOR GRATES.
Hot Air Furnaces.
We still continue to manufacture every description of TIN, SHEET IRON, and COPPER WARE, RUSSIA IRON PIPE, and DUMB STOVES. ☞ Also all kinds of out-door Job Work in our line attended to by competent and experienced Mechanics. Country Merchants supplied with Stovepipes, &c., at reduced rates.
Lumbermen's Supplies! Lumbermen's Supplies! Shanty Plates! Basins! Camp Kettles, &c.,
HOUSEFURNISHING GOODS!
Bird Cages! Bird Cages! Bird Cages!
Price Lists sent free on application.
☞ Any part of a Stove sold by us can be replaced when broken or burnt out, a fact intending buyers would do well to note.
An inspection of the above goods invited at the
"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,
35, SUSSEX STREET.
H. MEADOWS & CO.
Ottawa, October 3, 1867. 68-7

INSURANCE.

INTERCOLONIAL
ASSURANCE CO'Y.
OF CANADA.
Capital - - - $500,000.
With power to increase the same.
SHARES, - - $100 EACH.
PROVISIONAL DIRECTORS:
H. O. Burritt, Esq., President; R. Lyon, Esq. Mayor of Ottawa, Vice-President; T. D. Harington, Dy. Receiver General; the Hon. J. Skead, J. M. Currier, M. P., D. McLaughlin, M.P., W. Wade, Esq., F. Jones, M.P., W. Ellis, Esq., W. H. Brouse, M.D., Joseph Aumond, Esq., M. K. Church, M.D., and J. M. Bates.
THIS is purely a Canadian institution, and as such is deserving of the support of the Canadian public.
An Act for the Incorporation of this Company is now before the Parliament of the Dominion.
Over $100,000 of stock is already subscribed and it is the intention to deposit with the Government as a guarantee of our good faith, at least $ 0,000 as soon as an Act of Incorporation is procured (which will be a provision of our Incorporation.) It is unnecessary here to dilate upon the profits of money invested in Insurance Stock. Suffice it to say, that, at least in one instance 335 per cent advance has been obtained on insurance stock, and that after the payment of princely dividends. In the meantime Subscriptions to Stock, in Ottawa may be made at the Ontario and Royal Canadian Banks, and a deposit of 10 per cent is requisite which will be deposited IN TRUST to be returned in case any subscriber is not satisfied with his investment up to one month after the Vice-Regal sanction to the Charter is obtained.
J. M. BATES,
Pro. Manager and Secretary.
Ottawa, Nov. 21, 1867. 595tf

CITY OF GLASGOW
Life Assurance Company
ESTABLISHED 1838.
CAPITAL, £600,000 Stg.
ANNUAL REVENUE OVER £120,000 Stg.
THIS COMPANY OFFERS TO THE public the combined advantage of perfect security, moderate premiums and liberal participation in profits. No extra charge for Volunteers in defence of the country.
RINTOUL BROS., Montreal, General Agents for Canada.
NEIL McKINNON, Agent,
Sparks-street, Ottawa.
Ottawa March 25. 391y

Ætna Life Insurance Company.
ESTABLISHED, A. D. 1820.
Capital and Assets, 1st Jan., 1867, $4,401,833.86
THIS MOST SUCCESSFUL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY divides the whole of the Profits, every year, among the insured, reducing the cost to about one-half the figures usually charged.
For instance, the annual payment, at the age of 30, in most Companies, to insure $2000 is, with profits, about $50, and without profits $43.00
In the Ætna, $2000, to a person 30 years of age, costs the first year 25.31
And each subsequent year 26.74
Which payment is subject to further reduction as the business of the Company increases.
☞ Endowment policies on equally favorable terms.
The fact that the Ætna has, during the past 12 months, insured over 14,000 persons, from among the best business men of the Continent, is the best possible testimonial to the soundness of the Company, and the excellence of its method of doing business.
J. GARVEY, ESQ., M. D.,
Medical Referee.
S. PEDLAR & CO., Montreal.
Ottawa, March 13. 381y

BRITISH AMERICAN
Asurance ompany!
FIRE AND MARINE.
ESTABLISHED 1830.
R. S. Cassels, Esq. ..... Consulting Director.
THE ABOVE FIRST-CLASS COMPANY is prepared to insure all descriptions of property against loss or damage by fire.
HERRICK, BRUSH & CO.,
AGENTS,
Aumond's Buildings.
Ottawa, January 4, 1867. 323y

NOTICE.
DR. J. GARVEY can be consulted each day PROFESSIONALLY, at his RESIDENCE, RIDEAU-STREET, from 8 o'clock to 10 in the forenoon, and from 6 to 10 in the evening. During mid-day by making inquiries at BROWNE & HARDY'S, GROCERS, Rideau-street, information can be had as to his whereabouts.
J. GARVEY, M. D.
N. B.—It is not the intention of Dr. Garvey to relinquish his practice as a physician.
Ottawa, Jan. 24, 1868. 648d

NOTICE.
ALL persons indebted to Dr. J. Garvey, and whose accounts have been rendered, are requested to call and settle at once, or costs will be incurred.
J. GARVEY, M.D.
Ottawa, Sept. 4, 1867. 529tf

RIFLES!
Wesson's Rifles!
HAVING imported some of the above RIFLES in 1866, under free entry, I offer the balance of stock at $17 each, which is $4 less than manufacturers prices; wholesale price at factory is $25 American money.
THOMAS ISAAC,
613d Sparks-street.

Land for Sale.
850 ACRES OF LAND, situated within two to eight miles of the city. Apply to JOHN W. McGUIRE, Lot 25, 2nd Concession, Ottawa Front, Gloucester. 546-6m

To Sell or Let---Rare Opening.
TERMS MODERATE.
FINE STONE DWELLING HOUSES, Photographic Chambers, and other Cut Stone Premises, well arranged and eligibly situated for commercial business.
Apply to JOHN MACAULEY, Chaudiere, Ottawa; or E. McGILLIVRAY, J. B. TACKABERRY, or H. McLEAN, Auctioneer, Ottawa.
January 8, 1867. 585-6m

Furniture! Furniture! Furniture!
AT THE
VARIETY HALL,
34, Sussex-st.
A MOST Complete Stock of Black Walnut and other Furniture, in Cane and Hair Seated Chairs, Tete-a-Tetes, Sofas, Extension Dining Tables, Centre Tables, Sideboards, Chiffonniers, Wardrobes, Bureaus, Bedsteads, Washstands and Toilet Tables. Also, Hair, Excelsior and Sea Grass Mattrasses, of all sizes, Gilt Mirrors, Toilet and other Looking Glasses, Table Cutlery of all kinds, Brushes, Brooms, and Wooden Ware of various descriptions, Table and Floor Mats, Soiled Linen Baskets, a beautiful article, Rocking Horses, Children's Sleighs, and the best assorted stock of Crockery, China and Glassware in the Dominion. This stock being all purchased to the best advantage will consequently be sold cheap.
Crockery, China, Glassware, Stores and Furniture rented to private or public parties at a reasonable rate.
JOSEPH BOYDEN,
439y General Agent.

K. ARNOLDI,
WINE & SPIRIT MERCHANT,
METCALFE-STREET,
Telegraph Company's Building, Ottawa,
RECOMMENDS and Guarantees with confidence the following Wines:—
PORTS—Graham's, Sandeman's, Forrester's, Masden's, &c.:

		Per Gall.	Per Doz.
No. 1	Good sound Wine	$2 00	$6 00
" 2	"	3 00	8 75
" 3	Old	3 50	10 00
" 4	Superior old	4 50	12 50
" 5	Very fine old	5 75	15 50

SHERRY WINE—Domecq's, Capdepons, Pemartin's, Cramp Suter's, &c.:

No. 1	Light table Wine	$2 00	6 00
" 2	Superior do	3 00	8 75
" 3	Very choice	3 50	10 00
" 4	Very Superior	4 50	12 50
" 5	Very fine	5 50	15 00

Marsala Wine,
$1.30 per Gallon, $4.50 per Dozen.
Especial attention called to the above Wine. Far superior to all common sherries, its chief recommendation is that it agrees perfectly well with persons who cannot take those wines, even of a high class. It is soft and old, free from heat, or the slightest approach to acidity, while its very moderate price recommends it for all large entertainments, as well as for the luncheon, dinner and supper table. It has met with the highest approval from the medical gentlemen of this city.
Also, in wood or bottle, old and new Brandies, Rums, Gins, Old Tom Gins, Irish, Scotch, and Canadian Whiskeys of Standard Brands.
Clarets, Champagnes, Hocks, Caracas, Marachino, Chartreuse, Royal Italian Bitters, &c., in great variety.
Hibberts' and Guiness' Porter, Bass' and Allsopp's Ales, quarts and pints. Canadian Ale of superior Quality, in Wood and Bottle.
Goods most confidently recommended, and may be as implicitly relied upon for perfect purity as if purchased in the largest wholesale establishment in the country.
Orders by mail with cash or city reference solicited and promptly attended to. No charge for delivery in the city. A discount to persons buying in quantity or by the original package. Inspection invited.
Price Lists, and every information, on application, or sent to any address.
WINE VAULTS AND OFFICE,
No. 11, Metcalfe-street,
Telegraph Co.'s Building, Ottawa.
January 27, 1868. 535y

FOR SALE
BY THE SUBSCRIBERS,
New Egyptian Dates,
Oranges, Lemons,
Grapes, Turkey Figs,
West End Raisins,
Dundee Marmalade,
Jams and Jellies,
Tomatoes in tins,
Peaches, "
Sweet Corn "
Lima Beans.
OYSTERS & HADDIES!
RECEIVED WEEKLY.
DALGLISH & RUSSELL,
Upper Town.
Ottawa, Jan. 28, 1868. 651y

SMITH & RODNEY
MERCHANT TAILORS and General Outfitters, Elgin-street, opposite the Russell House, and second door from the London Music Store, having just received a choice stock of
English, French and Canadian
CLOTHS and TWEEDS,
And a general assortment of gentlemen's furnishing goods, would intimate to their friends and the public generally that they are prepared to execute all orders in their line at the shortest notice, in the most approved styles and at prices that we defy competition.
Ottawa Oct. 1, 1867. 551tf

ROANOKE
Tobacco Company,
DANVILLE, VIRGINIA.
THIS Company having established at Montreal their General Agency for the Dominion of Canada, is now prepared to offer to the public an article in
SMOKING TOBACCO!
Superior to anything of the kind ever imported into the country, and pledge their long established character that the article now offered is the pure leaf from the
Virgin Hill Tops of Virginia.
The different brands and prices are as follows viz:
The "Prince of Wales," in 1 & 2 lb bls $1.00 per lb
" "Dominion Favorite" 1 & ½ " " 0.75 "
" "Navy," 1 & 2 " " 0.65 "
The prices are NET CASH in Montreal, and orders [accompanied by remittance] for 5 lbs and upwards will receive prompt attention. The tobacco will be forwarded to any address, by express or otherwise, as parties may direct.
Please address
F. W. HENSHAW,
Gen. Agent Dominion of Canada,
10 St. Sacrament-st.,
Montreal.
Montreal, Dec. 4, 1867. 607-4m

SNOW'S
Celebrated Fever Remedy.
A Sure and Certain Cure for Fever—Continued, Remittent, Intermittent, Typhoid, and Fever arising from Ordinary Colds.
THIS REMEDY has been used in Tropical climates for many years with the greatest success. It shortens the attack, reduces the fever gradually, and at the same time enables the system to throw off the poisonous effect of the on the blood and secretions generally.
PRICE—50 cents and $1 per Bottle. Sold Wholesale and Retail by
H. F. MACCARTHY,
Chemist, Ottawa City
Sole Agent for Dominion of Canada.
December 2, 1867. 279-3m

HOWE'S
Boot and Shoe Store.
REMOVAL.
AS the Lease of our Premises in Sussex-street terminates this month, we intend to confine our business to one locality, and shall remove the whole of our Stock on the 1st of May next, to our Store in
No. 10, Rideau-st.
Our stock of BOOTS and SHOES, LEATHER, SHOE FINDINGS, TRUNKS, &c., &c., will consequently be very large and most complete in every department, and we most respectfully solicit a continuance of favors, to merit which our constant endeavors will be as usual to provide the best articles and sell at the lowest remunerating prices.
G. HOWE & SON.
☞ Remember the place—No. 10, Rideau-st. next to Howell's Grocery.
April

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

On no occasion will the names of Old Advertisements be inserted here.

Job Printer Wanted—Times Office.
Trade Sale of Teas—John Leeming & Co.
Proclamation—Henry J. Friel.
Tenders—W. P. Lett.
Notice— Do.

The Ottawa Times
City and County Official Paper

MONDAY, FEBRUARY 10, 1868.

As the relations of England and America are just now the subject of some speculation, we beg to direct attention to a sensible article from the New York *Tribune*. Undoubtedly the common sense of the American people is entirely averse to picking a quarrel with England, either to please the Fenians, or cover up Mr. Johnson's blunders.

The St. John *Telegraph* lashes itself into a terrible state of excitement because the Ottawa Times innocently expressed the opinion that by the meeting of Parliament in March, "public opinion in New Brunswick "will have fully regained its equilibrium;" that was with respect to the tariff, on which we thought it was, at the time of writing, a little off the balance. Now for this we are accused of having "insulted" the Maritime Provinces, of dealing in "senseless slurs," "impertinence," &c., &c., &c. Our bilious brother should not so excite himself. It is unhealthy at any time, but especially dangerous in cold weather. "Public opinion" in New Brunswick, he says, "was never sounder than on the tariff "question;" and it now looks upon the tariff "with matured disgust." Perhaps it is just as the *Telegraph* says, and perhaps it is not; it a condition of "matured disgust" is in perfect consonance with the maintenance of the "equilibrium" of public opinion in a healthy state, then all we can say is, we don't like it. We have no wish to further irritate our sensitive neighbors on the seashore. It they can make out a case of injustice, we think the sense of honor and fair play is strong enough throughout the Dominion to have it righted. But mere abusive declamation, or the negation of probable estimates, the reliability of which can only be determined by actual experience, will not make us believe that the outcry raised about the tariff is very well founded.

A correspondent writes with reference to our remarks on the circulation of indecent Yankee publications. He says: "I noticed "in the Quebec *Mercury* sometime since a "notice from Holiwell, the news agent, to "the effect that the sale of the *United States* "*Police Gazette* had been forbidden by authority, and that he consequently could no "longer supply it. Now, it 'authority' can "stop the sale of this publication in Quebec, "cannot the same power stop it here?"

Surely. There is no "authority" in the sister Province that does not equally exist in Ontario, according to the present state of the law, and, we think, it would be well, if the publication named, which we have not seen, is one of the demoralising journals, that its sale should be stopped in the capital. We understand that it is on hand in two of the news agencies in this city, and our correspondent says, "its circulation anywhere "must tend to the demoralization of its "readers." Then stop it by the same "authority," which prohibits its sale in Quebec. The clause in the Customs Act which prohibits the importation of indecent or immoral books, prints, pictures, &c., ought to be quite sufficient, if rigidly enforced, to prevent the circulation of such publications in Canada, except those which find their way through the Post Office Department. But news dealers, we believe, generally receive their packages by express, and it is the duty of the Customs authorities to see that this publication does not circulate in Canada to the injury of the public morals. Many years ago we had the opportunity of occasionally seeing the *National Police Gazette*, but though, perhaps, in common parlance, a demoralizing, it could hardly be called an immoral, paper. Of course, anything that familiarises with crime is to that extent demoralising:—

"Vice is a monster of such frightful mien,
That to be hated needs but to be seen,
But seen too oft, familiar with the face,
We first endure, then pity, then embrace."

But we have all heard of the old lady who sent for her doctor, "because she could not "relish her murders of a morning." There is a craving for this sort of sensational, which we think the "horrible" of the ordinary newspaper ought to fully gratify; nevertheless as the organ of a "specialty," as the favorite with detectives and "peelers" generally, we are not prepared to say that the old *National Police Gazette*, according to our recollection of what it used to be, was a publication that should have been condemned.

The *United States Police Gazette* is, however, a later candidate for the popular favor. It abounds, we have been assured, in obscene illustrations, and though we have not stopped to examine its pages in one of the windows where it is exhibited in this city, we take it for granted on the word of our correspondent, that we are safe in condemning it, when he says: "If you could assist in "preventing the sale of the *United States* "*Police Gazette*, I am sure you would be "conferring a benefit on the country." There can be no reason why its sale should not be prevented in Ottawa, as well as in Quebec. These publications are by no means essential to the well being of the community, and if the prohibitory clauses of the Customs Act can be fairly brought to bear against them, it should without hesitation be enforced. With respect to obscene pamphlets coming through the Post Office, there may, perhaps, be some slight difficulty; but as printed matter is required to be wrapped so as to permit of examination, it is quite possible that this channel, too, could be closed against the waste waters of the flood of immoral literature, with which it is now reported, but with how much truth we cannot say, the neighboring Republic is being deluged. We hope to hear soon that active measures are being taken to meet the case to which we have referred, as well as to suppress the apparently more offensive publications, which, according to the *Globe*, are exposed to public view in Toronto.

The *Leader* of Saturday says:—"Mr. Howland, we are glad to see, is able to be about "again. He was present yesterday for some "time in the Legislative Assembly chamber."

The following is the speech of the irrepressible Martin I. Wilkins, the Attorney-General of Nova Scotia, announcing the policy of the Government on the "Repeal" movement. Elsewhere we publish the resolutions introduced upon the same subject, which are quite in consonance with Mr. Wilkins' views. We do not think Her Majesty's Secretary of State for the Colonies will have much difficulty in replying to the Address. If Nova Scotia is not, and never was "Confederated," then how comes Mr. Wilkins to be Attorney General of the Province under the Union Act? If the Confederation Act is "unconstitutional," how is it that such a patriot as Mr. Wilkins would accept office under it?

"Hon. Attorney-General, in moving the adjournment of the House, said—I feel it my duty at this stage of the proceedings of the House to make one or two observations as to the course which is intended to be pursued by the Government on the all-important question of Confederation. The Speech from the Throne has not touched directly upon that matter, for, under the peculiar circumstances of our situation, His Excellency's position is one of no ordinary difficulty, and his Council, in dealing with this question, have also been placed in a difficult position. There is, therefore, in the Speech, merely an allusion to the probability that political changes may be desired by the people; but it becomes the duty of the Government, at the earliest moment, to declare to this Assembly, which derives its power from the people, the course which will be adopted. I therefore state that at the earliest possible day I will bring down and move a series of resolutions on the subject of Confederation.

"These resolutions will insist that the Constitution of Nova Scotia was irrevocable—that the delegates who went to England on the subject of Confederation, had no power or authority to confederate Canada, New Brunswick and Nova Scotia, as they have done—they will insist that the people of Nova Scotia had a right to be consulted at the polls before their Constitution was touched or altered—they will proceed to show that the people of this Province never had been consulted as to whether they were willing to be confederated until two months after the Queen's proclamation brought the British North America Act into force—they will set forth that the people of this Province, having at length been consulted on this vital question, on the 18th day of September last, emphatically and almost unanimously declared that they were unwilling to be confederated—they will thereupon declare on behalf of the people that this Province is not, has not been, and does not intend to be confederated, and will conclude with a resolution that a humble address be presented to the Queen, praying Her Majesty to withdraw her proclamation, and to cause the Imperial Statute to be repealed so far as it interferes with our rights and privileges."

The Hamilton *Spectator* gives prominence to the following:

"It is rumored that Mr. Rae, the Emigration Agent in this city, will probably be appointed to the position rendered vacant by "the death of Mr. A. C. Buchanan, and that "Mr. William Gillespy will succeed Mr. Rae "here. We sincerely trust that this report "may prove to be correct; both appointments "would be exceedingly popular, and we believe that both Mr. Rae and Mr. Gillespy "would prove to be the 'right man in the "right place.'"

The gentlemen named are in every way worthy the encomiums of our contemporary, with whom we agree in thinking these appointments would be popular.

THE DISTURBANCE AT PORTAGE DU FORT.

With reference to the *fracas* which occurred the other day at Portage du Fort, we learn that after an examination before the magistrates the complaint was dismissed, each party paying their own costs. The man who was hit on the head with an axe, though seriously, we are glad to learn was not dangerously wounded. We have not heard the particulars of the *melee*, but presume it resulted from a personal altercation, and the subsequent intervention of the friends of the respective parties.

NOVA SCOTIA RELIEF FUND.

I beg to acknowledge by the hands of Mr. Alex. Mutchmor, (Treasurer), the sum of forty-four dollars and sixty cents, being the amount collected in Knox's Free Church, Dalyst., on Sabbath last, in aid of the distressed fishermen of Nova Scotia. I also beg to acknowledge the receipt of five dollars from Colonel Coffin, being a donation in aid of the said fishermen.

J. Fraser,
Treasurer N.S.F.R.F.

Ottawa, 8th. Feb., 1868.

LOCAL NEWS.

Masonic Jewels, Designs, &c.—Messrs. Young & Radford are prepared to furnish all kinds of Masonic jewels, in the highest styles of the art, on the shortest notice, and at the cheapest rates. All kinds of jewellery repaired.

The New St. Patrick's Church.—We observe that preparations are being made to build the new Catholic Church in Upper Town. The stones are now being hauled to the spot, and as soon as the weather breaks the work will be entered upon without delay.

Watches and Jewellery.—Young & Radford have on hand all styles of the celebrated American watch—the cheapest and best watch for the money. Also the Canada watch. They have also on hand a very choice selection of rare and valuable jewellery. Call and examine.

Acknowledgment.—The Treasurer of the County of Carleton General Protestant Hospital acknowledges with thanks the receipt of ten dollars—per favor of Mr. Wm. Kidd—being amount of collection taken up in the Episcopal Church at Burritt's Rapids on the 5th November last, in aid of the above institution.

Extreme Cold.—Friday night last was no doubt the coldest of the season, and it is generally believed for years past; the thermometer in exposed situations having fallen as low as 34 degrees below zero. The cold was so intense that many who live in the wretched frame houses which abound in some parts of this city, were unable to sleep by reason of the intense cold.

Weather Table.—Noted by Wm. Hearn, Optician and Druggist, Market Drug Store, York-st.

Ottawa, Feb. 8, 1868.

Greatest degree of cold registered during the previous night 28 below zero.

8 a.m., 22 below zero
1 p.m., 5 " "
6 p.m., 10 above "

The Minstrels.—The performances of Whitmore & Clark's troupe of minstrels on Saturday night were quite equal to their former exhibitions. The house was a good one, and the audience testified their approbation and admiration by continual peals of applause. The jokes and conundrums are generally good, and have the merit of novelty—at least to us. Their acrobatic and gymnastic performances, border upon the marvellous, and best of all, their music is very superior. We are quite safe in recommending them as an excellent company, who are sure to be well received, go where they will.

Police Court.—Again we have the satisfaction to record that there was no business done at the Police Court on Saturday last. The office of our Police Magistrate bids fair to become almost a sinecure. We have been in many cities in the old world and the new, but never was it our lot to live in so peaceable a community—where there was so little known crime as in the capital of the Dominion. Outside people may imagine that our police are not up to the mark in detecting violations of the law, but in that they are mistaken, for a more vigilant, honest, fearless, and effective body of men are, perhaps, nowhere to be found.

The Hull Infanticide.—A report was afloat on Saturday that a young woman whose name was freely mentioned had been arrested on the charge of murdering the infant whose body was found in the river the other day. We made immediate inquiries but found no truth in the rumour. People should be very careful not to give currency to unfounded stories so damaging to the character of the person so named. So far as we can learn there is not much chance of the murderer being discovered, for the only clue known as likely to lead to the discovery is carefully kept out of the hands of the detective, and that is the article of clothing in which the body was found.

A Good Beginning.—We have pleasure in calling attention to the Mayor's proclamation, advertised in this journal, respecting the proper cleansing of the city, wherein all persons are duly and officially notified to remove all filth of whatever kind from their premises before the first of April, with a view to the promotion of the health of the city. If Mayor Friel carry out to the letter that which is set down in his proclamation, without favor or affection, as we have no doubt, he will deserve the thanks of the whole community, and in his efforts to accomplish so laudable an object will certainly receive the moral support of every right-minded man in the city.

OTTAWA CANAL and FRENCH RIVER RAILWAY.

To the Editor of THE TIMES.

Sir,—I hope the within extract from a New York paper may appear worthy of insertion in your valuable journal, and that its publication will arouse the citizens of Ottawa and Montreal to the importance of at once seeking a legislative grant of land for the purpose of effecting the construction of the Ottawa Canal and North Shore, or French River Railway, which improvements have been agitated during the last 35 years. A Boston paper has truly stated that by this route Montreal from Chicago would be considerably nearer than Buffalo, and the head of Lake Superior nearer to New York than even Chicago. It is to be hoped that public meetings will be held with a view to urging the importance of action without further delay.

Voyageur.

"A change in the course of the trade of the Northwest regions, which lie within two or three hundred miles of the Western extremity of Lake Superior, is soon to take place. Grain and other produce, which, so far, has gone on the way to the markets of the East down the Mississippi River, and South by railroad, and thence by shipping to the East by the lake vessels, steam and sail.

"The distance from St. Paul, which is our railroad centre, to the lake is about 150 miles only; to St. Louis is about 800 miles by river, and to Chicago by rail is about 500 miles; from the western end of Lake Superior it is about the same distance to New York by water that it is from Chicago to that city by lake and canal and the Hudson. The lake freight is the same. This makes it plain that the change in our trade is to take place.

"The cheapest course is, in this case, sure to take the trade. Bulky commodities, like corn and wheat, feel the effect of so small a sum as one cent on a bushel, and the route which gives even that small economy is the one which will be chosen. In this case the difference will amount to nearly thirty cents the bushel of wheat over any other route, as any one can see by making the calculation.

"A few years ago Minnesota and Northwestern Wisconsin were without inhabitants; last year with a short crop they exported 10,000,000 bushels of wheat. Good judges say that annual exports of the Northwest will amount to 30,000,000 bushels of wheat five years hence. All of which, probably, will be sent down the lakes.

"The wheat of Minnesota, ripening during a season of great heat, in an atmosphere free from moisture, is superior to any grown elsewhere in our country; its flour will bear carriage by sea to the warmer latitudes; thus it will be in great request for your city flouring mills. These facts about the quality of our grains are not generally known.

"Messrs. Thompson & Scott of the Pennsylvania Central Railroad, and other capitalists in Philadelphia and elsewhere, foreseeing the great value of the franchise of the Mississippi river and Lake Superior Railroad, which leads from St. Paul to the head of Lake Superior, and is to become a great trunk line, have undertaken to construct it, and now are driving the work on it energetically.

"The same gentlemen, it is said, have become interested in the site of the city, which will be the lake port for the great commerce of the region in question and also of the commerce which in time will grow out of the settlement of the vast and fertile British American possessions, watered by the Red and Saskatchewan rivers, and that of the East Indies, which will traverse the continent over the North Pacific Railroad.

FASHIONABLE INDECENCY.

The London *Morning Post* is shocked at the indecency of female costume at fashionable evening parties. An inquisitive man may now behold in the house of a casual acquaintance more of the beauties of the female relatives and connections of that acquaintance in five minutes than was formerly revealed without a blush by respectable woman to a husband of twenty years standing. Indeed, if an ingenious enquirer of artistic mind, or a young medical man pursuing his studies in anatomy, leaves his friend's house in time to see a dance in a burlesque at a theatre, he has only to recall his experience during the early part of the evening to form a very just and accurate idea of the whole female figure. The British husband and father has suffered patiently and long. He has seen the plump partner of his cares divest herself of all outward appearance of propriety, and strut herself and her daughters up for many hours at a time, at regular intervals, in the exclusive society of a barber's apprentice, to have their heads dyed red. The poor man has been forced to see his girls and their mother subsequently color their faces a light smoke tint, and make themselves hideous with infinite cost, labor, and discomfort. For a long time past he has noticed, with an uneasy sense of shame, that they go about the streets bareheaded, and that they look generally so much like lunatics that he has a sincere desire to avoid meeting them when walking with any of his old friends in the street. Let no one imagine that because our wives and daughters are enjoined to go about only half clothed, the scanty covering they are bidden to wear will be less expensive than if it was of more becoming proportions. On the contrary, the whole thing is evidently one of those dark and wily plots of the French Emperor for which he has been so often and so reasonably suspected already. There can be little doubt in the mind of any observant person that he has summoned all the Parisian milliners to St. Cloud, including Mr. Worth, and there, upon the subtle pretext that they were merely invited to partake of the pleasures of the chase, he has made them solemnly swear to ruin our national credit and exhaust the banks of "perfidious Albion" by charging the largest bills for the fewest materials.

Young and Radford having largest, best, and cheapest stock of watches to be found in Ottawa. They have also on hand a very choice and varied assortment of Electro-plated ware, and Fancy Goods. They do all kinds of repairing and jewellery jobbing in first-class style. 544-y.

CABLE NEWS.

SATURDAY'S DESPATCHES.

Florence, Feb 7.—Admiral Farragut arrived here to-day, and was received with especial honors by the Minister of the Marine.

Berlin, Feb. 7.—It has been officially given out by Count Von Bismarck, that negotiations for a commercial treaty between the United States of America and the Confederation of the North German States have commenced, and are progressing with the prospect of a speedy and satisfactory conclusion.

MIDNIGHT DESPATCHES.

Berlin, Feb. 8.—Count Bismarck has obtained leave of absence for several months, and will devote the time to travelling for the benefit of his health. The Minister of Finance will take his place.

London, Feb. 8.—Despatches from Athens state that a new Cabinet, with Bulgar as its President and Minister of the Interior, has been formed.

Paris, Feb. 8.—Young Iturbide, who was to succeed Maximillian in Mexico, has joined the Papal Zouaves at Rome.

London, Feb. 8.—The notorious Fenian, Captain Mackay, was captured in Cork last evening. While being taken to jail, his friends rallied in great force, and for a time a desperate fight prevailed. The mob was finally beaten down, and the prisoner lodged in jail. The guards around the jail were doubled during the night.

AMERICAN NEWS.

SATURDAY'S DESPATCHES.

Fire at Norfolk, Va.

Fortress Monroe, Feb. 7.—A fire at Norfolk this afternoon destroyed eight brick buildings, besides several others. Loss $100,000.

Fatal Riot in Tennessee.

Nashville, Feb. 7. A riot occurred at Fayetteville, last Monday, causing great excitement. One man was killed and a number wounded.

Important from Mexico.

Havana, Feb. 7.—The Spanish steamer *Marsella* arrived to-day from Vera Cruz. The revolution in Yucatan against the Mexican Government has been suppressed. Gen. Alatorre, the commander of the Mexican expedition, was in possession of Sisal and Merida. A battle had been fought on the 23d inst. at Merida between the Government troops and the revolutionists, in which the latter were utterly defeated. Villafana, the revolutionary leader, was killed, and at the end of the engagement most of his adherents surrendered, though small parties succeeded in making their escape to the mountains. Some of the rebel officers also escaped during the night, and left the country on the schooner *Oriental*, which was lying off the shore. An insurrection has broken out in Tampico. At last accounts the rebels held possession of the city, and some Mexican gunboats were blockading the port. The latest despatches from the city of Mexico announce that Gens. Escobedo and Diaz, and other Generals in the Mexican service, have tendered their resignations to President Juarez. The announcement of the victory over the revolutionists in Yucatan was received in the capital with great rejoicing. It is reported that the prisoners in the hands of Gen. Alatorre will be shot.

New York, Feb. 8.—The *Herald's* Havana special says the action between Gen. Alatorre's forces and the Yucatan rebels, under Col. Villafana, took place at Maxcaine, a town of about 5,000 inhabitants, in the district of Merida. The rebel Col. Villafana was killed, as also Genls Para and Cupodo, of the national forces. The latter was brother to the Governor of Yucatan. The rebel Governor Canton abandoned the capital of Merida on Sunday the 2nd inst., and fell back with his remaining adherents and their ammunition to Peto, a town in the interior, in the district of Tecax, containing about 5,000 inhabitants. It is a good strategic point. Before the rebels left Merida they enforced several loans in Sisal and seized a Mexican brig, the *Oriente*, on board of which some of the leaders are supposed to have sailed for Cuba, or some point along the coast, to unite with the fugitives who fled to the interior. On Monday the 3rd inst., Gen. Alatorre was to enter the capital of Yucatan with his forces, and replace Manuel Cepedo Peraza in the Gubernatorial chair. The Mexican Government had been forewarned of an intended pronunciamento in favor of Santa Anna, by the garrison of Vera Cruz. Troops were sent down from Tehuacan, Gen. Porfirio Diaz's headquarters, who arrested some non-commissioned officers, the ring leaders of the movement. The affair had been hushed up, and the journals of Vera Cruz remained silent about the matter. The excitement was all over when the steamer left. There are further details of the news from Yucatan. The rebels were disposed to submit to Gen. Diaz. Col. Villafana's aid, named Mendez, another officer named Cableton, and 15 rebel prisoners, were ordered to be shot. The English steam sloop of war, *Cordelia*, had arrived at Sacrificios Island, off Vera Cruz, and reported that a lot of pirates under one Hernandez, had surprised Carmen Island, and had taken away all the military and government stores. He intended to sail for Tobasco to oppose the Government. There were false Maximilian dollars in circulation throughout Mexico.

MIDNIGHT DESPATCHES.

The Indian War in Arizona.

San Francisco, Feb. 8.—Advices from Arizona state that there had been a great fight between the troops and the Indians, near Bird Springs. The chief was wounded and 16 Indians killed, but the troops were repulsed with the loss of two wounded.

Terrible sudden Death.

New York, Feb. 8.—James Reed, a member of the N. Y. Assembly, dropped dead this morning in a restaurant.

Machine shop Burned Down.

Skowhegan, Me., Feb. 8.—The excelsior factory and Gould's machine shop were destroyed by fire last night. Loss $30,000.

Large sale of Gold.

New York, Feb. 8.—A despatch to the *Post* says it is understood that the Secretary of the Treasury has been selling large amounts of gold to-day, in order to keep down the premium, which it was feared would advance on account of the renewal of the impeachment excitement.

COMING TO THEIR SENSES.

We learn that His Excellency the Governor received from the Government of Ontario, the sum of five thousand dollars in aid of our distressed fishermen. His Excellency enclosed the check to P. C. Hill, Esq., the Treasurer of the Halifax Committee. Subsequently His Excellency, requested the return of the check, as the money was sent for the Province of Nova Scotia, and not for Halifax County alone. The money has now been placed in the hands of the Local Government.

We learn that the Receiver-General has received a telegram from Quebec stating that the Legislature there had also voted $4,000 for the relief of the fishermen. This makes already about fourteen thousand dollars contributed by our Western brethren. We hope that in the distribution of the funds the Government will deal justly with all, irrespective of politics. To ask a man's politics in the time of need would be a crime of the blackest dye.

It is said that the Government here demanded the money. If so they must feel heartily ashamed of the recent action of their organ.—*Halifax Express.*

Young & Radford, 30, Sparks-st., have just received a stock of Christmas and New Year's presents, and parties wanting to buy would do well to give them a call and judge for themselves before purchasing elsewhere. Remember the place, 30, Sparks-st.

Two Questions Easily Answered.—Why should men wear beards? Because they are a great protection to the throat and lungs, and add much to their personal appearance. Why should we use "Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers"? Because when used for coughs, colds, tickling in the throat, hoarseness, &c., they act like a charm. Ministers and lawyers use them, physicians recommend them, and singers and public speakers say they are the very best medicine in existence for the cure of such complaints. Sold by all medicine dealers, at 25 cts. per box.

"REPEAL" RESOLUTIONS BEFORE THE NOVA SCOTIA LEGISLATURE.

Halifax, N. S., Feb. 6th.

The following are the resolutions relating to the repeal of the Act of Confederation to be made the order of the day for Saturday:

Resolved, "That the Members of the Legislative Assembly of this Province, elected in 1863, simply to legislate under the Colonial Constitution had no authority to make or consent to any material change of such Constitution without first submitting the same to the people at the polls.

"That the resolution of the tenth of April which preceded the enactment of the British North America Act is as follows: 'Whereas the opinion of this House, it is desirable that a Confederation of the British North American Provinces should take place. Resolved, therefore, that His Excellency the Lieut-Governor be authorized to appoint delegates to arrange with the Imperial Government a scheme of union which will effectually ensure a just provision for the rights and interests of this province; each to have an equal voice in such deliberation. Upper and Lower Canada being for this purpose considered as separate provinces.' This was the only authority possessed by the delegates who procured the enactment of the Act of the Union of Canada, Nova Scotia and New Brunswick.

"That even if the House of Assembly had the Constitutional power to authorize such delegation, which is by no means admitted, the foregoing resolution did not empower the delegates to arrange a federal Union of Canada, Nova Scotia, and New Brunswick without including in such Confederation the colonies of Newfoundland and Prince Edward Island.

"That no delegates from the two last named colonies having attended, and an unequal number from each of the others being present, the delegation was illegally constituted, and had no authority to act under the said resolution, which expressly required each of the colonies to be represented by an equal number of delegates.

"That the delegates did not ensure just provision for the rights and interests of this Province, as they were by the express terms of such resolution bound to do in arranging a scheme of Union; but, on the contrary, they entirely disregarded these rights and interests, and the scheme by them consented to would, it finally confirmed, deprive the people of this Province of their rights, liberty, and independence, rob them of their revenues, take from them the regulation of their trade, commerce, and taxes, the management of their railways, and other public property; expose them to arbitrary and excessive taxation by a Legislature over which they can have no actual control, and reduce this free, happy, and self governed Province to the degraded condition of a dependency of Canada.

"That no fundamental or material change of the Constitution of the Province can be made in any other constitutional manner than by a statute of the legislature, sanctioned by the people after the subject matter of the same has been referred to them at the polls the Legislature of a colonial dependency having no power or authority implied from their relation to the people as their legislative representatives to overthrow the Constitution under which they were elected and appointed.

"That the scheme of Confederating Canada, New Brunswick and Nova Scotia was never submitted to the people of the Province at the polls before the 18th day of September last, upwards of two-and-a half months after the British North America Act was, by the Queen's proclamation, declared to be in force, when they were thereby informed that they had been subjected, without their consent, to the absolute dominion of more populous and more powerful Colonies, and had lost their liberty.

"That there being no statute of the Provincial Legislature confirming or ratifying the British North America Act, and the same never having been consented to or authorized by the people at the polls, nor the consent of this Province in any other manner testified, the preamble of the act reciting that the Province had expressed a desire to be confederated with Canada and New Brunswick, is untrue, and when the Queen and the Imperial Legislature were led to believe that this Province had expressed such a desire, a fraud and imposition was practiced upon them.

"That the truth of the preamble of the British North America Act, reciting the desire of Nova Scotia to be Confederated, is essential to the constitutionality of the statute, and if the same is false, the statement cannot be rendered constitutional by assuming as true the condition which is indispensible to its constitutionality.

"That from the time the scheme of Confederation was first devised in Canada until it was consummated by the Imperial Act in London, it was systematically kept from the consideration of the people of Nova Scotia at the polls and the Executive Council and Legislature, in defiance of petitions signed by many thousands of the electors of this Province, persistently and perseveringly prevented the same from being presented to the people.

"That at the recent election the question of Confederation exclusively occupied the attention of the people, who were then, for the first time, enabled to express their will on a subject of the most vital importance to their happiness, and the result has proved that this Province does not desire to be annexed to Canada, and that the people of Nova Scotia repudiate the enforced provisions of the British North America Act, which for reasons set forth in the foregoing resolutions, they believe to be unconstitutional, and in no manner binding upon the people of Nova Scotia.

"That the Quebec scheme, which is embodied in the British North America Act, imprudently attempted to be enforced on the people of Nova Scotia, not only without their consent, but against their will, has already created wide-spread irritation and discontent, and unless the same be withdrawn, it will, we fear, be attended with the most disastrous consequences, as the loyal people of this Province, fully conscious of their rights as British subjects, set an estimable value upon their free institutions, and will not willingly consent to the invasion of those rights or to be subjected to the dominion of any other power than that of their lawful and beloved Queen.

"That the colonies were politically allied to each other by their common relationship to the Queen and her Empire in a more peaceable and less dangerous connection than under any scheme of Colonial Confederation that could be devised even on the fairest, wisest, and most judicious principles.

"That the people of Nova Scotia do not impute to Her Majesty the Queen and her Government any intentional injustice, as they are well aware that fraud and deception were practised upon them by those who misrepresent the public sentiment of this country, and who, for reasons we will not venture to describe, desired that Confederation might be forced upon this Province without the consent and against the will of the people.

"That an humble address be presented to the Queen, embodying the substance of the foregoing resolutions, informing Her Majesty that her loyal people of Nova Scotia do not desire to be in any manner confederated with Canada, and praying Her Majesty to revoke her proclamation and to cause the British North America Act to be repealed as far as it regards to the Province of Nova Scotia."

Don't Know What To Do.—We sometimes hear persons say, "My horse is sadly out of condition, and I cannot tell either what is the matter with him, or how to get him into better case;" they appear to be ignorant of the fact that there is within their reach a remedy safe, sure, and effectual in all cases. Many persons who deal in horses use large quantities of it, and testify that its effects are most satisfactory. One horse dealer informs us that his horses' condition and appearance are so much improved by its use that they sell more readily and for higher prices. The article is "Darley's Arabian Heave Remedy and Condition Medicine." Nothing else is equal to it for the same purpose.

Remember the name, and see that the signature of *Hurd & Co.* is on each package.

Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, C. W., proprietors for the Canadas. Sold by all medicine dealers.

—Some wooden flower pots at New Springvale, Staten Island, were set on fire a few days ago by the concentration of the sun's rays through some fish globes, which were standing within focal range.

—Mr. Leonard Wigle, of Mersea, has disposed of upwards of eighty thousand pounds of splendid pork in the Windsor market this winter, all of which was raised and fatted by himself.

HAVE WE A QUARREL WITH ENGLAND?

[From the New York Tribune.]

We have not paid much attention to the rumors from Washington in reference to the English question. There is really no "question" with England. We have in this country a sort of anti-English sentiment, which is always noisy and occasionally malicious. There is nothing national about it. America feels strongly about Ireland, mainly because there are so many Irishmen American citizens. America is also a "sympathizing nation." What we like is a rebellion against monarchy. So we have in turn "sympathized" with Poland, and Germany, and Greece, and Hungary, and the South American colonies of Spain. We feel that Ireland has been cruelly wronged, and we trust that Mr. Bright and his friends will succeed in compelling Parliament to pass the Reform Bill. Then we have a sort of desire to chaff England. We like to tease John Bull—to annoy him, to swagger about him, and abuse George III, and recite Revolutionary history, and vaunt our achievements at New Orleans. The bar-room and corner-lounging American delights to speculate upon a war with England, when sporting matters are dull, and there is no immediate prize-fight or rat-catching agitation. Mr. Dickens caught this feeling when he made some of his grotesque and impossible Americans tell Martin Chuzzlewit that we were an "elastic country"—"a young lion"—and that our "bright home is in the setting sun." Martin got off rather easily, considering that he was a foreigner and in the hands of Western politicians. When the bouncing Mr. Train proposes to take Ireland in payment of the *Alabama* claims, everybody knows he is swaggering. It is a mere surface feeling. It has neither strength, dignity, nor character, and does not represent the American sentiment.

The true American feels a glory and pride in England. With all her faults—and she has many—we know that from her womb we issued; that until the last century her history is our history; that we speak her language, observe her customs, and obey her laws. Cromwell and William and Marlborough, Bacon and Shakespeare and Milton, are as much Americans as Washington and Irving. Our differences, like the differences of the Rebellion, have been intense, bitter, and deplorable. There is no quarrel like a family quarrel. The strength of present hatred is only equaled by the strength of past love. There are, no doubt, many Englishmen who regard America with jealousy. Men as eminent as Bulwer and Gladstone hastened to express it during the war. The dominant aggressive Yankee Republic should be carved, they thought, for the good of mankind. Six Republics (we believe Bulwer's imagination was content with six) would make the United States very much like the Republics of South America—neither to be courted nor dreaded. This feeling corresponds with the anti-English sentiment in America. It is noisy and malicious, and very often annoying. But we do not believe it is the sentiment of England.

Where, then, is our quarrel with the English nation? England and America are too strong to indulge in mere menace or recrimination. A war with England would be the most deplorable calamity that could happen to civilization. We do not speculate upon the material results of such a war. We might capture Canada, and hold it; we might even send Gen. Sheridan with an expeditionary corps to seize Dublin and rouse the Irish nation; we might invade Australia; we certainly would sweep the English flag from the seas, and see our own go with it, and the vast commerce that now covers the ocean would pass under the flags of France, and Russia, and Germany. All this would be very glorious, and would make capital rhetoric for a hundred years. But what good would come of it? Here would be the two nations of the world which hold the advance-guard of liberty destroying each other for a sentiment or passion. Let our war with England be a war of peace. We can fight her in the arts and sciences, and literature, and political economy, and wise government. Already we capture hundreds of thousands of her soldiers every year—as much captured as though taken in arms—taken without bloodshed, and who come to us as allies and friends. Could we do better with war?

All this time we are reminded of the *Alabama* question and the rights of American citizens. The *Alabama* question has a moral as well as material meaning. England did not deal fairly with us during the rebellion. But she had a perfect right to do as she pleased with her sympathies. We would most gladly have had her friendship; we suffered because she withdrew it from us; but men have a right to select their own company, and so have nations. If England chose to sympathize with the South, very well. She sees what her sympathy amounted to, and if ever like extremity befals her we can do as we please. This constant petulant grumbling at England because she did not take our part is unmanly. We made our own fight and fought it, and claimed help from no one. So far, then, as the *Alabama* question represents moral sympathy with the South, we dismiss it scornfully. So far as it represents material aid to the rebellion, it is another question, and must be met differently. We say England injured our commerce. Enemies under the protection of the British crown committed piracy. We say that, if England had taken due care in executing her laws, we should have been spared this loss. We claim so much compensation. England's recognition of "belligerent rights" is mere moonshine. Belligerent or not, we whipped the South; and some day we may have the chance of extending "belligerent" recognition to Canada, or Australia, or Ireland, or even India. Time will settle that. There is no use of going to war about it. One year of war would be more expensive than a hundred *Alabama* claims, and we can well afford to wait. The right of American citizenship is another question. If we thought that England unjustly put a finger upon an American, we should insist upon immunity and reparation even with a war of twenty years. If we cannot protect our people we are unfit to be a nation. We have as yet seen no evidence of wanton interference with peaceable Americans. The arrest of Mr. Train was invited and sought. Train is a mere adventurer, who lives on a Cheap-Jack reputation, and his arrest is money in his pocket. He wouldn't have missed it for a good deal of money. We would have done the same thing during the Rebellion. If any Englishman had landed in New York as Train did in Cork an envoy to the Rebels, and their loud-mouthed friend—he would have been in Fort Lafayette in two hours. Train's arrest was either an advertising trick or mistake, and does not involve the question of citizenship, which should be discussed calmly. It is new to modern laws, because the opening of fresh countries has induced unusual emigration. The Governments of Europe all show a desire to make a law to meet this new problem, and we are sure it will be satisfactory to the United States.

We desire to discuss our "English question" calmly and prudently. We have no sympathy with this constant clamor for war. If President Johnson is about to adopt a "rigorous" policy toward England—if he is to have threatening letters written to Lord Stanley—it simply means that he desires to cover the disastrous failure of his home policy by menacing England. It may give him a certain popularity among bar-room politicians, but it will find no response in the heart of the American people. If war ever becomes necessary to defend our honor, we shall accept it. It is not necessary now. Our differences with England can be quietly arranged. Neither party wishes bloodshed; and that being the case, we hope there will be no Presidential bluster.

Young and Radford's stock of watches clocks, jewellery, fancy goods and electro plated ware are worthy of inspection. All goods will be sold cheap. Give them a call. Remember the place, 30 Sparks-st. 397a

Ayer's American Almanac has now arrived and is now ready for delivery, gratis, by the city druggists, to all who call for it. Our readers may be surprised to know that this little pamphlet, which has become so much a favorite in our section, has quite the largest circulation of any one book in the world, except the Bible. It is printed in many languages, and scattered through many nations, as well as supplied to almost the entire population of our vast domain. Every family should keep it, for it contains information which all are liable to require, when sickness overtakes them, and which may prove invaluable from being at hand in season. If you take our advice, you will call and get an Ayer's Almanac, and when got, keep it.

GREAT BRITAIN.

SAFETY OF DR. LIVINGSTONE.

Mr. Reid, of the Livingstone Search Expedition, reached England on the 19th of Jan. The members of the expedition are satisfied that Dr. Livingston was not murdered, as the Johanna men reported. He did not take the route expected from the Ruvuma River, at about 11 deg. S. along the north-coast of Lake Nyassa, in from 36 deg. to 34 deg.; but from the Ruvuma went south, round the south end of Lake Nyassa, going as far as 14 28 S. Thence he proceeded to the northwest, and was left pursuing that route, either with the view of exploring the west-coast of Lake Nyassa, and thus ascertaining how far it extends north, and then to proceed on to Lake Tanganyika, or he had gone direct for Tanganyika, and thence, down the Nile, home. Mataka, Makata, Marenga and Maksura, mentioned by the Johanna men, were found on the southern route instead of the northern. The expedition followed Dr. Livingstone up to within a few miles of where it was reported he was murdered, and there found that the doctor and his 'boys' were ferried over a marshy lake by Marenga; but the Johanna men under Moosa made a detour round the lake, and returned next day to Marenga, saying they had deserted Livingstone and should return to the coast, because he was leading them into a country where they would be murdered by the Mavite. The expedition also had interviews with the native porters who had carried Livingstone's luggage five days' journey further to Pasombe.

Sir Roderick Murchison published the following letter in the *Times* of the 20th Jan.:—

Sir: With unspeakable delight I have just received the following telegram from Mr. Young, the commander of the boat expedition sent out to ascertain simply whether, as the Johanna men reported, he had been killed near the head of the Lake Nyassa, or had, as I have always contended, gone on into the interior.

"Plymouth—I have returned from Lake Nyassa. Dr. Livingstone had gone on in safety. The Johanna men deserted him. I will be up the first train."

There is now, therefore, no longer the shadow of doubt that the white man seen on the west side of the Lake Tanganyika was Livingstone.

Your obedient servant,
Roderick I. Murchison.

No. 16 Belgrave Square, Jan. 19.

THE ABYSSINIAN CAPTIVES.

A letter from Mr. Stern to a clergyman in England has been published. It is dated Magdala, Nov. 9th. Mr. Stern complains of "galling fetters, which encircle his limbs," and of "a daily wasting of his strength," also of "mental anxiety and dreadful monotony." Mr. Stern continues: "I contemplate, however, my Saviour and His cross, and my trials pale before His sorrow and agonies. Thank God, there is a home where the exile will meet with a blessed reception. I feel persuaded that the events in which I and my fellow captives are involved did not occur without a gracious design. Abyssinia wants the Gospel, and, from my acquaintance with the country and people, I believe it is prepared to receive it; but it needed a terrible revolution to effect the change, and it is evident that a momentous change is impending over the land. If the Church of England extends to the Church of Abyssinia the hand of reconciliation, and takes her affectionately to her generous and compassionate heart, the pure and evangelical truth of the Gospel, planted in these Alpine heights, may easily extend a benign and saving influence over the valleys and mountains now plunged in debasing superstition and gross idolatry."

JAMAICA.

THE HOLIDAYS—LEGISLATION AND TAXATION—CROPS AND TRADE.

By a late arrival at this port from Kingston, we have Jamaica advices to January 12th.

The reports to which the planter press of the island gave currency, that the negroes were secretly preparing themselves for a rebellious uprising about the time of Christmas or the New Year, had been completely falsified, by the way in which the holidays passed off. The most striking feature of the holiday season was the unusually numerous attendance of people at the various places of worship throughout the island, and in the city of Kingston, on New Year's eve, the several churches were crowded to suffocation with worshippers, assembled to spend the last night of the old year in religious exercises. Even that portion of the press opposed to the people had been compelled to admit that "the negroes, whether from poverty and want of money, or from more enlightened ideas, have not spent so much of their time in idleness and frivolity as is usual at this season." Upon most estates the laborers had already turned out to work, and sugar-making, which was fully a month behind what it was at the same time last season, had commenced in earnest.

The Legislative Council was still in session, and the Government had resolved upon carrying out a rigid system of retrenchment in the public expenditure. Several useless offices, which have been in existence since the days of slavery, but which have lately become sinecures, were to be abolished, and the incumbents of other offices were to be thrown upon their fees for support. The revenue returns for the December quarter of 1867, show an improvement in the receipts from excise, but, owing to the dullness of trade the receipts from the customs duties had fallen short of the estimate. The merchants were complaining loudly of the imposition of the additional duty of 10 per cent. on imports, and it was feared that the tax would be thrown upon the consumer by a general rise in the prices of dry goods.

The day appointed for thanksgiving to Almighty God for preserving the island from the hurricanes and earthquakes which have recently visited other parts of the West Indies, was generally observed throughout the island with great devoutness. The public offices, places of business, and newspaper offices were all closed.

Her Majesty's steamer *Fawn* had arrived at Port Royal from Tortola. She reported that before leaving Tortola occasional slight shocks of earthquake were felt at that place, but no further damage was sustained. The people of the island were still in a state of great alarm.

The heavy rains of October and November have retarded the ripening of the canes, but at the same time had added considerably to their yield. Crops in general will be considerably over the average. Coffee of ordinary quality was coming to market freely, but prices were still too high to leave any margin on shipments. Sugar and rum were scarce, and in demand for local consumption. There was an active demand for tonnage, but no vessels offering, they being taken up immediately on arrival. As the season advanced there would be considerable demand for handy A 1 vessels.

The Government, it is expected, was about to adopt means for increasing the stream of immigration from India. The coolies now in the island were doing well, and giving great satisfaction to the planters, who were calling out for more of them.

The weather was pleasant in the lowlands, and cold on the mountains, owing to the prevalence of "north winds." The public health was good.

Cotton in Illinois.—It is estimated that Illinois alone will produce five hundred thousand bales of cotton next year, and we understand that the Government of the United States have given instructions to their General in command of the army in the South to have all the seed saved that is possible, for planting in that and other western States, but should their expectations not be fulfilled it is gratifying to know that we have a sovereign remedy for coughs, colds, cramps in the stomach, cholic, cholera morbus, and all complaints of the like nature, in the "Canadian Pain Destroyer," sold by all Medicine Dealers, 25 cents per bottle.

—William Ellis of Napanee was killed last week by a falling tree. Seventy-third case this winter.

—The Napanee *Standard* says that if Mr. George Stephen or any other enterprising capitalist went to Napanee, he could make a small fortune in the factory line.

—The Prussian papers publish strong appeals to the public charity on behalf of the laboring population of the Eastern Provinces of that Kingdom, who are not only already suffering dreadfully from want, but threatened with absolute famine from the scarcity of the late harvest. Already the hospitals are crowded, and typhus fever has made its appearance.

A SINGULAR DINNER PARTY.

A writer in *Blackwood* describes a dinner party in Belgrade:

"I mustered enough of the mysterious gutturals to say something civil and complimentary about the place, the dinner and the company, which the prince acknowledged politely, saying, 'I believe you are the first Englishman who has ever set foot here. Your countrymen, I fancy, are too haughty to like to mix with indiscriminate company, and though the rule may be a safe one, they lose something by their reserve. The people who sit about you now in this room comprise every class and condition of life. That large man with the cicatrix on his cheek is Prince Carl Dolgorouki, and the man opposite to him, in green velvet and gold, was his valet once. He is now the Greek Minister of Police. Yonder is a Mexican general, who is now in command of a troop of bandits in Patras; they are in Russian pay, and are meant for service in These-days. He with the spectacles is the correspondent of the *Allgemeine Zeitung*, and the tall quaint fellow on his left is Hunyadi, who is under sentence of death in Austria; and the dark handsome man, next but one to him, is Seitarchi, a man ruined by high play, and compromised in that affair of Orsini's. Who is that noble looking fellow near the stove—he with the white attila over the scarlet jacket? That's the headsman of the Valattica of Montenegro. It's a bold thing for him to sit down in a company, many of whose sons and brothers have fallen under his sword. He's the vainest dog in Europe, and fancies the Queen of Greece is in love with him.' 'And what do they all do here? What's their object, in meeting thus?' 'What the Bourse is to the moneyed folk this room is to the secret police of Eastern Europe, and those countries which depend for their existence on the Turkish Empire. They play at ecarte, lansquenet, as men gamble at Hamburg; each knows what his neighbor is after, and does his best to outwit him—now by bribing higher, now by sheer knavery, now by something a little more energetic than either,' and he drew his finger significantly across his throat, and smiled as he spoke."

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY.

6 HOSPITAL STREET,
3 doors from St. Francois Xavier Street.

It has been established, by the best medical authority, that one-half the nervous diseases are caused by drinking impure Tea. The Company have imported a supply of Teas that can be warranted pure, and free from poisonous substances, in boxes of 10, 15, 20 and 25 lbs. and upwards.

Black Tea.—Common Congon, Broken Leaf, Strong Tea, 45c., 50c.; Fine Flavored New Season do, 55c.; Excellent Full Flavored do, 75c.; Sound Oolong, 40c., 45c.; Rich Flavored do., 60.; Very Fine do. do. 75c.; Japan Good, 50c. Very Good, 58c.; Finest, 75c.

Green Tea.—Twankay Common, 50c. Fine do, 55c.; Young Hyson, 50c. and 60c.; Fine do., 75c.; Superfine and Very Choice, $1.

A saving will be made, by purchasing direct from the importers, quality and purity considered. All orders for boxes of 20 or 25 lbs, or two 12 lbs., sent carriage-free to the country. Teas not mentioned in this circular equally cheap. The company having determined to take a stand in the Montreal market, weight, quality and circular may be implicitly relied on. Where a 20 lb. box would be too much two or three clubbing together could divide. In writing you will oblige by addressing thus: Montreal Tea Company, 6 Hospital-st., Montreal. An excellent Mixed Tea would be sold for 60c.; very good for common purposes, 50c. Buyers living beyond Railway Stations will please send Post Office order, or enclose notes. The carriage will be paid to the nearest station. Tea will be forwarded immediately on receipt of the order by mail containing money, or the money can be collected on delivery by express-man, where there are Express Offices. A trial solicited.

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY,
6 Hospital Street,
First Street below Notre Dame Street.

All boxes and chests sent from this establishment have the address of the Montreal Tea Company printed on them

—Three millions of cards passed through the English post offices the first week of the year, proving that the custom of exchanging pasteboards at the commencement of the year is not on the decrease.

—It is said that the Local Government will at once appoint delegates, who will proceed to London to demand a repeal of the Union Act. The House will likely remain in Session for about a fortnight, and adjourn, it is said, for three months, which will allow the delegates time to transact their business, and receive their final answer from the Home Government.—*Halifax Express.*

New York Money Market.

New York, Feb. 8.—Stocks very strong. Sterling exchange 109½. Gold 142¾.

New York Markets.

New York, Feb. 8.—Cotton firmer at 19c @ 20c. Flour dull. Receipts 5,400 bbls. Sales 6,750 bbls. at $8.25 @ $9.00 for superfine State and Western; $9.70 @ $10.15 for Common to Choice Extra State; $9.40 @ $11.75 for Common to Choice Extra Western; $9.70 @ 13.75 for Common to Choice Round Hoop Ohio. Rye flour at steady at $7.25 @ $9.25. Wheat dull and drooping. Receipts 3,300 bus. Sales 7,000. Mixed Spring at $2.32. Rye quiet. Corn better. Receipts 100,112 bus. Sales 66,000 bus. at $1.27 @ $1.29 for new mixed Western afloat, and $1.30 for small lots do. Barley scarce and firm. Oats more active and firmer. Receipts 6,000 bus. Sales 80,000 bus. at 83½c. @ 84c. for Western in store.

OTTAWA MARKETS.

(*Compiled expressly for the Times.*)

TIMES OFFICE, OTTAWA, Feb. 8.

Flour—Extra	8 25	@	[illegible]
	No. 1	7 75	@	8 [illegible]
	No. 2	6 50	@	[illegible]
	Bags—Fall per 100 lbs.	4 12½	@	4 25
	" Spring "	3 87½	@	4 00
	Oatmeal—per 200 lbs.	6 50	@	[illegible]
	Indian Meal "	5 25	@	5 50
	Rye—per bushel 56 lbs.	0 70	@	[illegible]
	Barley " 48 lbs.	0 [illegible]	@	0 [illegible]
	Buckwheat Flour—bbl.	5 50	@	[illegible]
Wheat—Fall—per bushel, 60 lbs.	[illegible] 70	@	1 80
	Spring " "	1 60	@	1 65
Corn—Per bushel, 56 lbs	0 90	@	1 00
	Peas " 60 lbs.	0 80	@	0 8[illegible]
	Oats " 34 lbs.	0 35	@	0 37
	Beans " 60 lbs.	1 50	@	1 75
Pork—Mess—per barrel	20 00	@	20 50
	Prime Mess per do.	14 00	@	14 50
	Hog per 100 lbs.	6 00	@	7 00
	Hams	0 12	@	[illegible]
	Beef	5 00	@	[illegible]
	Mutton—per lb by the qr.	0 [illegible]	@	[illegible]
	Lamb—per qr.	0 05	@	[illegible]
	Geese—Each	0 40	@	0 [illegible]
	Spring Chicken	0 40	@	0 [illegible]
	Turkeys—Each	0 50	@	1 [illegible]
	Ducks	0 70	@	0 [illegible]
	Fowl—Per pair	0 40	@	0 [illegible]
Butter—Choice Table	0 [illegible]	@	0 [illegible]
	No. 1 Firkin	0 20	@	0 [illegible]
	No. 2	0 17	@	0 18
	Eggs	0 25	@	0 30
	Apples—per brl.	3 50	@	4 00
Vegetables, &c.—Potatoes	0 40	@	0 50
	Onions—per bbl.	4 50	@	[illegible]
Hay—Per ton, new	[illegible] 00	@	13 00
Wood—Per cord	0 00	@	[illegible]
	Tamarac	0 00	@	2 00
	Hemlock	0 00	@	2 00

SPECIAL NOTICE.

Mothers Read This!—Holloway's Worm Lozenges are a certain and safe remedy for Worms in Children and Adults.—As it is a well known and melancholy fact that one great cause of death among children is from Worms alone, it cannot be too deeply impressed upon the minds of parents the necessity of closely watching their children. By so doing; and understanding the symptoms and true cause of the disease, thousands of children might be saved from early graves. Symptoms of Worms.—The following are a few of the very numerous symptoms and diseases which are caused by Worms: deranged appetite, emaciated extremities, offensive breath, frequent picking at the nose, grinding of the teeth during sleep, hardness of the belly, with frequent slimy stools, and sometimes convulsive fits; itching of the arms, pain in the head and stomach, disturbed sleep, faintings, tremblings, coughs, indigestion, low spirits, frightful dreams, and a gradual wasting away of flesh.

They are palatable and self-administered to the child—drive out the worms thoroughly without pain and completely cleanse the stomach—thereby doing away with the necessity of administering Castor Oil or other unpleasant cathartics—as in the use of other Worms.

Each box contains the fac-simile signature of Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, C.W., who are the sole proprietors.

N. B. Ask for *Holloway's Worm Lozenges* and take no other. Sold by all the druggists in Ottawa, and medicine dealers everywhere. 378y

POOR COPY

COTTON NO LONGER KING.—Cotton goods are now nearly as cheap as before the American war. Garland, Mutchmor & Co. have lately received a few bales of gray and white cottons, shirtings and prints, purchased since the great fall in prices. Parties requiring any description of dry goods would do well to see their stock before purchasing. 532tf

MARRIED.

In Montreal, on the 3rd instant, at St. George's Church, by the Rev Canon Bond, James Ander on, Esquire, of Sherbrooke, to Anne Emily, daughter of the late J. A. Humphreys, Esquire, of Montreal.

DIED.

In this city, on Saturday the 8th instant, Alexander Fletcher, son of William Dickinson, Esquire, aged 3 years.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

Job Printer Wanted.

A GOOD SMART JOBBER, one who understands his business can hear of a situation by applying immediately at THE TIMES OFFICE.

Ottawa, Feb 10. 668

Trade Sale of Teas.

THE Subscribers will offer, for account of Messrs. D. TORRANCE & CO., at their sale-room, on WEDNESDAY, 19th FEBRUARY, about

5,000 half-chests Green and Black Teas.

Catalogues will be prepared.
Sale at NINE o'clock.

JOHN LEEMING & Co., Auctioneers.
6871

CITY NOTICES.

PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS it will greatly conduce to the health and comfort of the Citizens of Ottawa generally, to have the city cleansed of all filth and nuisances and whereas the introduction and spread of malignant and contagious diseases, is, and will certainly be influenced by the sanitary condition of the city; and whereas the

BOARD OF HEALTH,

Under and by virtue of the powers conferred upon them by various Acts of Parliament, establishing Boards of Health, and in accordance with various By-laws of the City of Ottawa, have deemed it advisable that immediate steps should be taken for cleansing the city.

NOW KNOW YE, that I, HENRY JAMES FRIEL, Mayor of the City of Ottawa, do hereby order and direct that all yards, cellars, stables, outhouses and other buildings, and outhouses, lanes, or alleys shall be thoroughly cleansed of all filth, dirt, night-soil, or other impurities, by the owners or persons occupying the same,

Before the First day of April, 1868.

And I hereby give notice that the Chief of Police and the Constabulary of this City, are enjoined to proceed, at once, to have all Privy Pits, Cess Pools, &c. thoroughly cleansed, and to cause this order carried into effect, and all, and every person or persons disobeying or neglecting to observe the same on or before the first day of Apr l, 1868, shall be punished according to law.

Given under my hand at the City of Ottawa, this Eighth day of February, A.D., 1868.

668tf HENRY J. FRIEL, Mayor.

TENDERS

WILL be received by the Corporation of the City of Ottawa for the excavation and completion of a PUBLIC WELL on Ashburnham Hill, until MONDAY, the SEVENTEENTH day of FEBRUARY, 1868, at seven o'clock, p. m., in accordance with specification to be seen at the office of the City Engineer.

(By order.) W. P. LETT, City Clerk
City Hall, Ottawa, Feb 8, 1868. 663td

NOTICE

IS HEREBY given that the Licenses for TWO BUTCHERS' STALLS on Le Breton's Flats, for one year, from the First day of March, 1868, will be put up at public competition, and sold at the City Hall, in this city, on MONDAY the SEVENTEENTH day of FEBRUARY, 1868, at TWO o'clock, p. m. Upset yearly amount for each License, $.0.

W. P. LETT, City Clerk
City Hall, Ottawa, Feb. 8, 1868. 662td

NOTICE.

PERSONS desirous of seeing His Worship the Mayor on City business, will find him at the office of the City Clerk between the hours of ELEVEN and TWELVE o'clock, noon, daily.

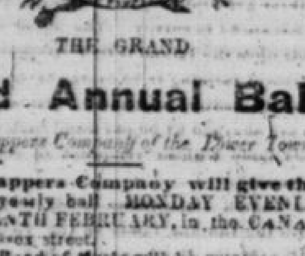
WILLIAM P. LETT, City Clerk.
City Hall, Ottawa, February 4, 1868. 64fa

Wanted Immediately.

FOR a family of three persons a Medium Sized HOUSE, not too far from the Public Buildings. If favorable terms are offered, the advertiser will be willing to take a LEASE FOR THREE YEARS. Apply at this Office.

Ottawa, February 7, 1868. 666 3

No. 1, Sappers of the Lower Town.



THE GRAND

Third Annual Ball,

Of the Sappers Company of the Lower Town.

THE Sappers Company will give their third yearly ball MONDAY EVENING, SEVENTEENTH FEBRUARY, in the CANADA HOTEL, Sussex street.

Marrier's Band of Music will be present.

The refreshments will be furnished by Mr. Lariviere.

Tickets, admitting a lady and gentleman, including refreshments, $2; for a gentleman $1.50.

Dancing will begin at 8 o'clock, pm.

Tickets can be obtained from the members of the Company, and at the door the evening of the ball.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

X. GROULX, Secy-Treas. DAMAS ROY, Capt.
Ottawa, February 6, 1868. 659td

Scale Manufacturer.

E. DORION begs to inform the public that he has opened a SCALE MANUFACTORY in Clarence street, second door from Sussex-street, in E. D'Amour's Blacksmith Shop, and where he is now prepared to repair all sorts of Scales in use.

Ottawa, Jany. 11 537y

WANTED.

A Male Teacher,

HOLDING A

FIRST-CLASS CERTIFICATE.

Salary Two Hundred and Fifty Dollars per annum.

Apply to

J. M. C. DELES DERNIERS.
February 6, 1868. Pendleton, Ont. 659a6w2

THE PRESS.

A THOROUGHLY Experienced Verbatim SHORT-HAND REPORTER is seeking engagement. Advertiser has had several years' experience on first class English journals, as sub-editor, &c. Address "JOURNALIST," Post Office, Quebec.

February 1, 1868. 64sa

SITUATION WANTED.

BY A GENTLEMAN, whose education and business experience eminently qualify him for the duties of a BOOKKEEPER, Accountant, or Correspondent Clerk. Best of references. Apply at the office of this paper.

Ottawa, February 6, 1868. 660-6

THE NEW DOMINION!

17. SUSSEX-STREET. 17.

Established with the Nation, 1st July, 1867.

Tried by the People,
Nobly sustained,
Long may it flourish!

Come one! Come all!!
Farmers and Lumbermen,
Merchants and Citizens,

COME TO THE NEW DOMINION!

And you will find a large and varied assortment of

STAPLE and FANCY DRY GOODS!

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,
AS CHEAP AS THE CHEAPEST,
AS GOOD AS THE BEST.

A New Tailoring Establishment!

Has just been opened on the premises, with FIRST-CLASS WORKMEN, under the management of a FIRST-CLASS FASHIONABLE CUTTER.

Suits made to order, and
Warranted to suit,
At every price;
Of every style,
For every season,
And at the shortest notice.

Do you want Hats or Caps, Furs or Blankets, Boots or Shoes, Moccasins or Mittens? Visit the New Dominion. It will prove to your advantage. From top to toe a perfect outfit guaranteed, by

JAMES HIGGINSON, Proprietor.
Ottawa, February 6, 1868. 659 f

WAR! WAR! WAR!

KEARNS & RYAN,

WELL KNOWN

Merchants of this City,

—WHO KEEP THE PEOPLE'S—

CHEAP CASH STORE!

Have declared War against all other merchants of the Capital of Canada, for imposing dear goods on the people. They will make a

Reduction of 20 per cent off Hats and Bonnets

—AND—

10 percent off all other Cash Purchases

OVER ONE DOLLAR,

During the month of February. Rush to their establishment and judge for yourselves. No deception.

Corner of York and Sussex-sts.

Ottawa, February 3, 1868. 6561

DRY GOODS AT DISCOUNT!

$30,000

Worth of Seasonable Dry Goods

OFFERED AT

10 Cents Discount on all Cash Purchases of $1

AND UPWARDS, AT

J. A. PINARD'S.

Most of the COTTON GOODS in Stock

Have been bought within the last two months, and will offered a

REDUCTION OF 40 PER CENT.

Compared with any Cotton Goods of Fall Importation in this city.

Dress Goods, Woollen Goods &c.

HAVE BEEN REDUCED IN PRICES SINCE 1st JANUARY.

This further inducement of Discount is offered in order to reduce Stock to the lowest point before *Stock Taking.*

N. B. Sale to Commence on MONDAY, THIRD of FEBRUARY, for a short time only. Goods marked in plain figures. Only One Price.

No. 17, SUSSEX-ST., CORNER of GEORGE-ST.,

SIGN OF THE GOLDEN BALL.

Ottawa, Feb. 1, 1868. 655td&w1

BLYTH & KERR,

Successors to Chas. Garth,

No. 25, Rideau-st.,

Plumbers,

Gas & Steam Fitters.

Tin & Coppersmiths.

Bell Hangers, &c.

All materials for the above branches kept constantly on hand.

—ALSO—

Importers and Dealers in House Furnishing Hareware.

Just received a well selected assortment of

Cooking Stoves, Iron Bedsteads,
Double Stoves, Bronzed & Wire Fenders,
Parlor Stoves, Fire Irons,
Hall Stoves, Fire Guards,

Japanned and Planished Tinware, &c. Manufacturers of all descriptions of work for Water and Gas Works, Brewers, Distilleries, Mills, &c. Makes and fit up Galvanized Iron Cornices, Gutters, Conductors, Roofing, &c.

Public and Private Buildings, Conservatories, Vineries, Manufactories, &c., warmed by Steam, Hot Water or Warm Air, on the most approved principles.

Orders from the country will receive strict attention.

Ottawa August 28. 416y

Special Notice.

CANADIAN National Series of Reading Books, authorised by the Council of Public Instruction for Ontario, will be ready for delivery in the first week of January, 1868. Prices: First Book, with 31 illustrations, strongly bound in limp cloth, five cents; First Book, 2nd part, 54 illustrations, strongly bound in limp cloth, ten cents; Second Book, 56 illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards, twenty cents; Third Book, 4 illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards, thirty cents; Fourth Book, 45 illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards, forty cents; Fifth Book, 49 illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards, fifty cents.

A liberal allowance to retailers and teachers.

J. DURIE & SON,
496y Ottawa.

DOMINION HOUSE!

WELLINGTON-STREET.

COLIN McLaurin & Geo Irvine, Proprietors. This hotel has been newly fitted up, and is now replete with every convenience which characterizes a modern hotel.

Boarders taken at moderate rates. The bar is always stocked with first-class liquors.

Ottawa, Feb. 3. 660-wy

BUY YOUR TEA

DIRECT FROM

THE IMPORTERS

TEA! TEA! TEA!

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY, 6 Hospital Street, Montreal, having just imported a large quantity of Green and Black Teas, beg to call the attention of the Trade, Hotel Proprietors, and large establishments generally, to their list of prices. Buyers of Chests and Boxes of Tea will save money by getting it direct through the Importers.

All orders for 25 lb. boxes and upwards, carriage free to any Railway station in Canada. Parties wanting smaller quantities should club together. Buyers living beyond Railway Stations, will please send post office order, or enclose money. The carriage will be paid to the nearest station, where there are express offices. Tea will be forwarded immediately on receipt of the order by mail containing money, or the money can be collected on delivery by express men. Cash collected in Montreal free of charge, and Tea forwarded for the same. Original packages Black Tea weigh, 1 chests about 50 lbs. Chests do. 90 to 100 lbs. Green Tea from 60 to 80 lbs. Teas not mentioned in advertisement can be had equally cheap. The Company are determined to take a stand in the Montreal market, every article may therefore be depended on as to quality and weight.

BLACK TEA.

Common Congou, Broken Leaf, strong Tea	$0 45
Fine Flavoured New season do	0 55
Excellent Full Flavoured do	0 75
Sound Oolong	0 45
Rich Flavoured do	0 60
Very Fine do	0 75
Japan	0 ?8
Very Fine do	0 7.
An excellent mixed Tea, Black and Green	0 60

GREEN TEA.

Twankay, Common	$00 38
Fine do	0 55
Young Hyson	0 60
Fine do	0 7.
Superfine and Very Choice	1 00
Fine Gunpowder	0 85
Extra Superfine do	1 00

Reductions made to buyers of Five Chests and upwards.

Address

MONTREAL TEA CO.,
6, Hospital-st., Montreal.

Agent for Ottawa and neighbourhood,

MR. JOS. MOONEY.

All Boxes and Chests sent from this Establishment have the address of the *MONTREAL TEA COMPANY* printed on them.

August 27, 1867. 529&w

PRIVATE BOARDING HOUSE.

MRS. RICHARD will open a Private first-class BOARDING HOUSE, Corner of SUSSEX and CLARENCE STS., over Mr. Martineau's Dry Goods Store, on the 10th instant. Parties wishing quiet, good, comfortable board, with good attendance, will please apply and secure apartments.

Ottawa, February 6, 1868. 659-3m

YOUNG & RADFORD'S COLUMN.

Watches,
Watches,
Watches

AT

YOUNG

AND

RADFORD'S

30 Sparks-street.

Clocks,
Clocks,
Clocks,

AT

YOUNG AND RADFORD'S.

Jewellery,
Jewellery,
Jewellery,

AT

YOUNG AND RADFORD'S.

Electro-Plated ware,
Electro-Plated Ware,
Electro-Plated Ware,

AT

YOUNG AND RADFORD'S.

Fancy Goods,
Fancy Goods,
Fancy Goods,

AT

YOUNG AND RADFORD'S,

Manufacturing Jewellers,

30 SPARKS-STREET.

Old Gold and Silver

Bought, and highest cash price paid,

AT

YOUNG

AND

RADFORD'S

THE MONTREAL WAREHOUSE,

SUSSEX, OPPOSITE YORK-STREET.

IN MR. INGLIS' NEW BLOCK.

WILL BE OPENED OUT IN A FEW DAYS WITH A STOCK OF

Choice Wines, Groceries and Provisions, &c., &c.

J. MARTIN & CO.

OTTAWA, February 4, 1868. 657y

BROWNE & HARDY'S COLUMN.

1867 AND 1868.

INDIA WAREHOUSE!

16 Rideau Street, Ottawa.

THE SUBSCRIBERS beg to inform their Customers that their Stock is now complete, and embraces every delicacy of the Season, among which will be found a choice assortment of

TEAS,

Breakfast SOUCHONG, } Black Extra Fine.
do. CONGOU, }
Superior HYSON,
GUNPOWDER,
IMPERIAL,
TWANKAY,
Orange PEKOE, } These Teas have been
Flowery " } carefully selected for
Japan " } family trade by

BROWNE & HARDY.

SUGARS,
LOAF,
BROKEN LOAF,
CRUSHED,
GROUND,
YELLOW,
and MUSCOVADO.

COFFEE,
MOCHA,
JAVA,
JAMAICA, and
CEYLON,

Roasted and Ground daily on the premises.

CHOCOLATE and COCOA,
FRENCH, flavored with Vanilla;
TAYLOR'S,
FRYE'S,
MOTT'S

FRUITS, &c.
LAYER RAISINS,
in Whole, Half and Quarter Boxes
MUSCATEL, do do
SULTANA,
VALENTIA,
CURRANTS,
GRAPES,
ORANGES
LEMONS,
PRUNES,
ALMONDS,
WALNUTS,
FILBERTS, and
BRAZIL NUTS.

BUTTER,
CHOICE DAIRY, in Tubs and Crocks, received Weekly.

CHEESE,
English, American and Canadian.

SPICES,
NUTMEGS,
MACE,
CINNAMON,
CLOVES,
GINGER,
MIXED SPICES,
All Ground on the Premises

BROWNE & HARDY.
Ottawa, December 19 468

REMOVAL

OF THE

London Music Store!

E. MILES

DESIRES to inform the public that he has removed to the FRONT PART of

HER MAJESTY'S THEATRE,

WELLINGTON-STREET,

Where he has a larger premises, and a better means of displaying his new and fine stock of

PIANOS,

VICTORIA ORGANS AND MELODEONS.

His Show Room, up-stairs, is large and beautifully lit up, having an area of 60 feet long by 25 feet wide. The Sample Room is on the first flat, where one of each kind of Musical Instruments will be kept. Two cases of choice

VIOLINS

Have just been received, and will be offered for sale, besides a large assortment of

CONCERTINAS,
ACCORDEONS,
TAMBOURINES,
GUITARS,
FLUTES,
DRUMS,
&c., &c.

Direct from Germany.

Second hand Pianos taken in part payment for new ones.

Connected with this establishment is a Piano Manufacturer, who will attend punctually to all orders for TUNING left at the London Music Store

E. MILES,
Lessee of Her Majesty's Theatre.
Ottawa, Feb. 1, 1868. 5x1-39y

SUN BURNER.

NO MORE Breaking of Chimneys; no More Burning of Fingers; No More Waste of Oil; No Trouble to Clean; No Trouble to Light; No Anxiety About Explosions. It is a Cheap Labor Saving and Durable Article. Buy one and you will never regret doing so. Anyone dissatisfied can have their money returned.

LAMPS AND FITTINGS

ALWAYS ON HAND.

STOVES, TINWARE, &c.

Competent workmen for jobbing on the premises.

ESMONDE BROS.,
43 SPARKS-ST.,
Next Hoop Skirt Factory.
Ottawa, January 21. 311y

HARDWARE!

HARDWARE!

Great Reduction

IN THE

PRICE OF HARDWARE

AT THE

SIGN of the ANVIL

No. 24, Rideau-street.

THE Undersigned would take this opportunity to express his thanks to his Customers in Ottawa and vicinity for their very liberal patronage in the past, and to solicit a continuance of their favors in the future, and to assure them that no effort on his part shall be wanting to supply them with the Best and Cheapest English and American Hardware. I do not pretend to sell at cost, but do propose to sell as cheap as any other establishment in Ontario. My stock shall comprise every article in the line of Hardware, and with the one price system I hope to merit and receive a continuance of the very liberal patronage given me in the past.

T. BIRKETT,
Sign of the Anvil, 24 Rideau-st.
Ottawa, Feb. 3. 408y

W. NOTMAN,

Photographer to the Queen

CORNER OF

WELLINGTON AND METCALFE STREETS.

WOULD intimate that having all his arrangements completed, his

Establishment will be Opened

—ON—

Monday Next, 3rd February

When he will be prepared to fulfil orders for all the different branches of Photography.

Ottawa, Jan. 31, 1868. 582y

Situation Wanted.

A YOUNG MAN who has a fair knowledge of business, and can procure satisfactory city references, wants a situation as clerk in a Dry Goods Store. Address, T. W. R., Times Office, Ottawa.

February 4, 1868. 657a

A. MORTIMER,

BOOKBINDER

AND

Blank Book Manufacturer,

26, METCALFE-ST., OTTAWA.

HAVING every facility in the way of first-class Machinery, and employing none but first class workmen, I am prepared to turn out every description of Binding, in as good a style of workmanship as any other establishment in Canada.

A. MORTIMER,
Metcalfe-street.
Ottawa, Feb. 6. 384y

APPLICATION will be made during the present Session of the Parliament of Canada for an Act to incorporate the "DOMINION BANKING COMPANY."

Ottawa, December 24th, 1867. 6241

Great Discount Sale of Dry Goods.

Ten Cents off every Dollar,
Sixpence off every Five Shillings,
Two Shillings off every Pound

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY,

NO. 14, RIDEAU-STREET.

Respectfully announce that in order to clear out the balance of their

Fall and Winter Stock

They will for one month from this date

Give a Discount of Ten Per Cent.

On all Cash purchases of Two Dollars and Over.

Ottawa, January 14, 1868. 639-1m

BARGAINS

—IN—

DRESS GOODS!

IN ORDER to make a Clearance of the remainder of our Winter Stock of COBURGS, WINCIES, MERINOS, REPPS, SERGES, FANCY POPLINETTES, &c., we have REMARKED the whole lot at such prices as will show a Reduction of from 12½ to 20 per cent. under former prices.

REMNANTS, REMNANTS, REMNANTS!

We have also brought forward our accumulation of Remnants of every kind, and marked them at Very Low Prices.

Mages & Russell.

Ottawa, Jan. 10, 1867. 580y

Ottawa CROCKERY Store!

PRESENTATION ORNAMENTS.

WILLIAM ALLAN

RESPECTFULLY announces the arrival of a Choice Selection of China and Bohemian Glass Flower Vases and Ornaments suitable for Xmas and New Year's Gifts. Also, a most complete Stock of China, Glass, Earthenware and Parian Marble ever brought into Ottawa, consisting of

DINNER SETTS, DESSERT SETTS,
BREAKFAST SETTS, TOILET SETTS.

Cut and Engraved, Cut and Pressed TABLE GLASS, and an assortment of Common Ware for wholesale purchasers.

A large and most varied Stock to select from.

W. ALLAN,
51 RIDEAU STREET, opposite Mr. D. Whalen's.
Ottawa, December 19, 1867. 576y

FIRST CLASS

Tailoring Establishment.

BEING desirous to dispose of the balance of my WINTER STOCK, in order to make room for

Spring Importations.

For two months I shall offer such inducements to intending purchasers as will enable me to make a ready sale, and my customers a good investment

Please Call and Examine.

G. M. HOLBROOK,

Bro Ter Depot, Elgin-street,
381y Opposite the Post Office

GREAT CLEARING SALE.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.

Importers, 20 Sparks Street,

With a view to clear out the stock and make room for extensive

Spring Importations!

Are offering the following goods at prices that must ensure speedy sale

Blankets, Flannels,
Cloths, Tweeds,
Cottons, Prints,
Winceys, Dress Goods,
Skirtings, Linen Table Damask,
Jackets, Shawls,

AND MILLINERY.

Inspection Invited.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.
Ottawa, January 20, 1868. 484y

SHEFFIELD HOUSE!

E. K. MacGILLIVRAY & Co.

MANUFACTURING JEWELLERS

—AND—

WATCHMAKERS.

OTTAWA, January 21, 1868.

Skates! Skates!

At ISAAC'S.

ALSO,

SLEIGHS, SLEIGHS

ALL PRESENTS BY SANTA CLAUS,

At ISAAC'S.

Skates from 20 Cents to $6.00

At ISAAC'S,
Sparks-street,

ALSO,

Hardware of all Description

At Lowest Cash Prices,

At ISAAC'S.

Remember the place,

T. ISAAC'S.
December 17, 1867. 617y

TEACHER WANTED.

APPLICATIONS for the office of

ASSISTANT TEACHER

TO THE

UPPER TOWN MALE SCHOOL,

Will be received by the Chairman of the Board of Trustees of Separate Schools, up to

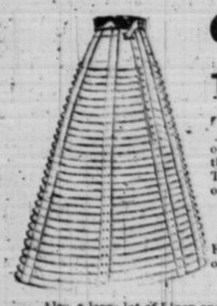
THURSDAY NEXT, 6th INSTANT.

Ottawa, Feb. 4, 1868. 657a

FOUND!

ON the Evening of February 3rd, on Sparks st, a purse of money. The owner can have the same by proving property and paying for this advertisement.

Apply to
MRS. TROTTER,
Toronto House.
Ottawa, Feb. 4, 1868. 657y



City Hoop Skirt Factory.

The Double Extension Skirt.

THE new and convenient Skirt I am now making in all widths of tape. The great advantage this Skirt has over all others: ladies can alter it themselves to any width they wish, from 3½ yards to 3 yards, without the least trouble. They only can be had at the Factory. Every other style of Skirt on hand or made to order. Just received another lot of

FRENCH CORSETS.

Every size, from 17 inches to 36 inches. Also, a few of those old fashioned Corsets, (lacing at the back.)

Lambs' Wool Hose, Breakfast Shawls.

Also, a large lot of Linen and Lawn Pocket Handkerchiefs, cheap.

DAVID MILLAR,
43 Sparks st., Centre Town, next to Esmonde's Stove Depot.
456y

New Premises and Cheap Goods.

GRANT & HENDERSON

Having recently moved into their new premises, **No. 20, Rideau-street**, one of the firm visited lately the Montreal Markets, and secured a very large stock of entirely

NEW GOODS,

At most EXTRAORDINARY REDUCTIONS in price, which cannot in a legitimate manner be undersold in this city.

RIDEAU STREET, December 24, 1867. 623tf

WHEELER & WILSON'S SEWING MACHINES.

THE BEST HOLIDAY PRESENT.

From $47 and upwards.

FIVE per cent. off for cash in bills until after the holidays. One handsome Mahogany full case $8 discount.

Gold Medal, Paris, 1867.

The Howe Sewing Machines from $50 Up.

Grout & Co.'s Twisted Elastic Stitch only $15.

Call and see this little beauty. Prospectuses and Samples sent Free by Mail.

December 14, 1 67. 479-42y G. A. WALTON, Agent, 37 Sparks Street, Ottawa.

Dry Goods at educed Prices.

Cunningham and Lindsay

— ARE NOW SELLING —

Canadian Grey Cloth at 3s. 3d. per yard,
Canadian Tweeds at 4s. per yard,
Canadian Cotton Yarn at 7s. 6d. a Bundle,
Canadian Bags at 1. 9d

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY

Invite particular Attention to their

BLANKETS, FLANNELS AND MANTLE CLOTHS.

Ottawa, November 18, 1867. 510y

CAUTION.

THE perfection and cheapness of the American (Waltham) Watch have given it such a wide-world celebrity that unscrupulous dealers years ago imitated its style and pirated its trade marks. Irresponsible dealers are occasionally found who dishonestly trade upon the popularity of the American watch by selling a base imitation under the name of the genuine article.

It is hardly necessary to state that such watches are worthless as time keepers, and when bought for the genuine are calculated to injure the high reputation which our watches have attained. The several grades of the American watch (except the lowest grade marked Home Watch Co.) are guaranteed by special contract to bearing the number of the watch and the signature of the Treasurer of the Company, R. E. Robbins. The purchaser should in all cases require one of these certificates, which is furnished to all dealers in the genuine watches.

The following are the trade marks on the several grades of our manufacture:

AMERICAN WATCH CO. — APPLETON, TRACY & CO.
WALTHAM WATCH CO. — P. S. BARTLETT.
WM. ELLERY. — HOME WATCH CO.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD CO.
Office of the General Superintendent
Altoona, Pa., 13th Dec., 1866.

Gentlemen—The watches Manufactured by you have been in use on this Railroad for several year by our engine men, to whom we furnish watches as part of our equipment. There are some THREE HUNDRED OF THEM CARRIED ON OUR LINE, and we consider them GOOD and RELIABLE TIME KEEPERS. Indeed I have great satisfaction in saying YOUR WATCHES GIVE US LESS TROUBLE and have worn and do wear much longer without repairs than any watches we have ever had in use on this road. As you are aware we former y trusted to those of English manufacture, of acknowledged good reputation, but as a class they never keep time as correctly, nor have they done as much service.

In these statements I am sustained by my predecessor, Mr. Lewis, whose experience extended over a series of years.

Respectfully,
EDWARD H. WILLIAMS,
General Superintendent.

American Watch Co., Waltham.

NEW YORK CENTRAL RAILROAD.
Locomotive Dep't Western Division,
Rochester, Dec. 24th, 1866.

Gentlemen—I have no hesitation in saying that I believe the great majority of locomotive engineers have found by experience that WALTHAM WATCHES ARE THE MOST SATISFACTORY of any for their uses. They RUN WITH THE GREATEST ACCURACY AND STEADINESS, notwithstanding the rough riding of an engine; and as I have NEVER KNOWN ONE TO WEAR OUT, they must be durable. I hope to see the time when railway companies will generally adopt your watches, and form it one all engineers and conductors. In my opinion it would greatly tend to promote regularity and safety.

Yours respectfully,
CHARLES WILSON,
Chief Engineer,
Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers.

American Watch Co., Waltham.

For sale by all first-class dealers in the United States and British Provinces.

ROBBINS & APPLETON
No. 182 Broadway, N. Y.
ROBERT WILKES,
Toronto and Montreal,
GENERAL AGENTS.
November, 14, 1867. 505-48 3m.

DARLEY'S
Arabian Heave Remedy
AND CONDITION MEDICINE

IS POSITIVELY SUPERIOR TO ANY of all other preparations for the cure of *Heaves, Coughs, Colds and Broken Wind*, and all diseases which affect the *Wind of Horses*; also, as a *Condition Medicine*, surpassing everything of the kind. It is easy to give, sure to cure, and safe in all cases and at all times, and does not prevent the horse from being worked while using it.

It cleanses the breathing apparatus, by removing from the air-cells the coagulable lymph, or that secretion which it leaves behind them, causing a difficulty in breathing, and by its action on the diseased part, causing the mucous membrane to resume its natural dimensions, thus equalizing the circulation of the blood, and relieving the distended vessels to their natural size; by its use the horse's appetite is improved, all derangements of the digestive organs corrected, softening the skin, and giving to the coat a sleek and shining appearance.

D. WHELAN, Successor to Hunt & Co., Maiden Lane, New York, Sole Proprietor for the United States.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C.W.,
Proprietors for the Canadas
PRICE TWENTY-FIVE CENTS.

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, Henry F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J. Brown, in Ottawa.

Ottawa, Nov. 1, 1867. 577dwtm

NEW STORE!

THE Store formerly occupied by W. D. WOOD, No. 38, on RIDEAU STREET, has been refitted by the subscribers, and will be opened on MONDAY, FOURTEENTH OCTOBER, with an entire new stock of

GROCERIES, LIQUORS AND HARDWARE.

WOOD & ROSSITER.

Ottawa, October 12, 1867. 561-tf

Piano-Forte Tuition!

W. C. CLARK,

PROFESSOR OF MUSIC and Teacher of Piano, Voice and Harmony. Also, Mrs. Clark, Teacher of Drawing and Painting. Music rooms and residence, 62 Sparks-street, one door east of Toronto House.

Orders may be left at residence or at Gray & Wood's store. 484y

RAILROADS.

Grand Trunk Railway Company

OF CANADA.

WINTER ARRANGEMENTS, 1867.

TRAINS now leave Bonaventure Station as follows:

GOING WEST—Day Express for Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Prescott, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago and all points West, at 8.30 A.M. Night Express at 7.30 P.M.

Accommodation Train for Kingston and intermediate stations at 7.00 A.M.

Local Train for Cornwall and intermediate Stations, at 4.20 P.M.

Trains for Lachine at 8.00 A.M., 9.30 A.M., 3.00 and 4.30 P.M.

The 3.00 P.M. Train runs through to Plattsburgh.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST—Accommodation Train from Island Pond and intermediate Stations, at 7.00 A.M.

Express for New York and Boston, at 8.40 A.M.

Express for Boston and New York, at 3.30 P.M.

Express for Portland (staying over night at Island Pond) at 6.00 P.M.

Night Express for Portland, Three Rivers, Quebec and Levis, Lower Stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbrooke, Waterville and Costicook only, at 10.10 P.M.

Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.

For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at Terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station.

C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director
December 23, 1867. 630tf

CHANGE of TIME

St. Lawrence & Ottawa Railway,

(formerly the Ottawa & Prescott Railway.)

ON and after MONDAY, the 30th December, 1867, and until further notice, trains will run as follows:

LEAVE PRESCOTT.	ARRIVE IN OTTAWA.
Mixed, 7.30 a.m.	11.00 a.m.
Express, 2.00 p.m.	4.45 p.m.

LEAVE OTTAWA.	ARRIVE IN PRESCOTT.
Express, 8 a.m.	10.20 a.m.
Mixed, 1.30 p.m.	4.45 p.m.

The time of these Trains has been so arranged as to ensure connection with night and day trains on Grand Trunk, east and west.

N. B.—These trains run on Montreal Time.

Baggage to and from Ottawa checked through from and to stations on Grand Trunk Railway.

Return tickets to Prescott, Kemptville and Ottawa at reduced rates can be had at the principal stations on the line.

F. S. OXTLOR, Superintendent. THOMAS REYNOLDS, Managing Director.
Ottawa, Dec 28, 1867. 1y

Brockville and Ottawa Railway.

WINTER ARRANGEMENT
Commencing on Monday, December 9, 1867.

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

3:45 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 3.45 p.m., and arrive at Sandpoint at 9.25 p.m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT.

6:45 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint daily at 6.45 a.m., and arrive at Brockville at 1.00 p.m.

LEAVES PERTH.

5:00 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Perth at 5.00 p.m., and 9.40 a.m., and arrive at Smith's Falls at 5.50 p.m. and 10.50 a.m.

LEAVES SMITH'S FALLS.

10:50 A.M.—TRAINS will leave Smith's Falls at 10.50 a.m., and 6.5 p.m., and arrive at Perth at 11.40 a.m., and 6.55 p.m.

All trains on main line connect at Smith's Falls with Trains to and from Perth.

No. 1 leaves Brockville after G. T. R. Express Train is due from the East.

No. 2 is due at Brockville in time to connect with G.T.R. Express Trains for the East and West.

H. ABBOTT,
Manager for Trustees.
Brockville, Dec 16. 472y

Royal Canadian Bank

OTTAWA AGENCY:

Office—Desbarats' Building, 77 Sparks St

M. P. HAYES, AGENT.
Ottawa, June 21. 157tf

DALGLISH & RUSSELL

ARE NOW IN RECEIPT OF THEIR new and varied assortment of

Grocery Goods

Consisting of Teas, Gunpowder, Old Hyson, Young Hyson, Hyson Twankay, Black, Extra Fine English Breakfast Souchong, Congou ditto, Oolong, Orange Pekoe, Finest Japans.

Coffees—Java, Jamaica, La Guayra, Mocha Roasted and Ground on the premises.

Sugars—English, refined in loaves, Broken Loaf Crushed White, Yellow Refined.

Chocolate and Cocoa Spices, Mustards, Essences, Syrups, Pickles, Sauces, Vinegars, and Bottled Fruits, in Syrup, Preserves, Potted Meats, Fruits &c. Also, Provisions, Sugar Cured Hams, Spiced Rolled Hams, Bacon, Butter, Cheese, Crackers, Biscuits, Flour, Oatmeal, Barley, Peas, Rice, Labrador Herrings, Table Codfish, Digby Herrings, &c., &c.

Our stock is extensive and complete, and every article warranted to give satisfaction. All orders sent or left will be promptly attended to.

All Goods delivered on the shortest notice

Dalglish & Russell,
Wellington & Kent-sts.

FAIRBANKS.

Take Highest Premiums at the Paris Exposition.

PLATFORM, COUNTER, Warehouse, Grain, Coal, Hay, Railroad Track, Depot, Dragging, Gold, and all kinds of SCALES constantly on hand and for Sale.

FAIRBANKS, BROWN & Co.,
Boston, Mass.

Our Sole Agents in Ottawa,

ALEXANDER WORKMAN & Co.
November 18, 1867. 592-6m

NOTICE

IS hereby given that application will be made to each and every Parliament having jurisdiction, at the present or next session thereof, respectively, for an act to amend the act chaptered 106, passed at the Session of the Parliament for the late Province of Canada, held the 29th and 30th years of the Reign of Her Majesty Queen Victoria, intituled "An Act to Incorporate the Ottawa City Passenger Railway Company."

Dec. 2nd, 1867. 607tm

Bottled Ale, Bottled Ale, Bottled Ale.

THE Subscriber would call the attention of Families and others to his

Fine Bottled Ale!

Which is in splendid condition. Also,

Scotch, Irish, Old Rye

And other Malt Whiskies,

Ports, Sherries, Brandies, Gin, &c.,

Together with a General Assortment of

FIRST-CLASS GROCERIES.

A Call kindly Solicited.

D. WHELAN,
41, Rideau-street,
Opposite Allan's Crockery Store

Ottawa, Jan. 26, 18 8.

FOR SALE.

$50 PAIRS of Grey Twilled BLANKETS, in bales of 50 pairs.

—ALSO,—

Canadian White Twilled and Whitney Blankets English Grey Blankets, weighing from 8 to 10 pounds, each.

E McGILLIVRAY.
Ottawa, December 23, 1867. 624-3m

NOTICE.

APPLICATION will be made during the present Session of the Parliament of Canada for an act to incorporate The European and American Life Insurance Company.

January 12, 1868 647tf

THE CAPITAL

Boot and Shoe Store!

South Side of Yorkstreet, Lower Ottawa.

A LARGE SUPPLY of HAND-MADE KIPP BOOTS and SHOES of the VERY BEST QUALITY on hand.

Lumbermen who are anxious to furnish workmen with GOOD FEET WARE, will be enabled to do so by calling at the CAPITAL for their supplies.

I am selling off the balance of the Winter Stock of READYMADE WORK at REDUCED PRICES, which consists of Ladies' Misses' and Children's BALMORALS, CONGRESS GAITERS, RUBBERS and OVERSHOES, and Men's and Boys' Boots in CALF SKIN, KIPP and COW HIDE.

Orders and Measures taken for all sorts of Work.

GEORGE MURPHY.
Ottawa Jan. 31, 1868. 429-y

AYER'S Sarsaparilla

FOR PURIFYING THE BLOOD.

And for the speedy cure of the following complaints:

Scrofula and Scrofulous Affections, such as Tumors, Ulcers, Sores, Eruptions, Pimples, Pustules, Blotches, Boils, Blains, and all Skin Diseases.

OAKLAND, Ind., 6th June, 1859.

J. C. AYER & Co. Gentlemen—I feel it my duty to acknowledge what your Sarsaparilla has done for me. Having inherited a Scrofulous infection, I have suffered from it in various ways for years. Sometimes it burst out in Ulcers on my hands and arms; sometimes it turned inward and distressed me at the stomach. Two years ago it broke out on my head and covered my scalp and ears with one sore, which was painful and loathsome beyond description. I tried many medicines and several physicians, but without much relief from any thing. In fact, the disorder grew worse. At length I was induced to read in the Gospel Messenger that you had prepared an alterative (Sarsaparilla), for I knew from your reputation that any thing you made would be good. I went to Cincinnati and got it, and used it till it cured me. I took it, as you advise, a small dose of a teaspoonful over a month, and used about three bottles. Now and healthy skin has begun to form under the scab, which soon after fell off. My skin is now clear, and I know by my feelings that the disease has gone from my system. You can well believe this I feel what I am saying, when I tell you, that I hold you to be one of the apostles of the age, and remain ever gratefully. Yours,

ALFRED B. TALLEY.

St. Anthony's Fire, Rose or Erysipelas, Tetter and Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Ringworm, Sore Eyes, Dropsy.

Dr. Robert M. Preble writes from Salem, N. Y., 12th Sept., 1859, that he has cured an inveterate case of Dropsy, which threatened to terminate fatally, by the persevering use of our Sarsaparilla, and also a dangerous Malignant Erysipelas by large doses of the same; says it cures the common *Eruptions* by it constantly.

Bronchocele, Goitre or Swelled Neck.

Zebulon Sloan of Prospect, Texas, writes: "Three bottles of your Sarsaparilla entirely cured from a *Goitre* or bigness on the neck, which I had suffered from some time years."

Leucorrhea or Whites, Ovarian Tumor, Uterine Ulceration, Female Diseases.

T. R. S. Chandler, of New York City, writes: "I can cheerfully comply with the request of your agent in stating that I have found your Sarsaparilla a most excellent alterative in the numerous complaints for which we employ such a remedy, but especially in *Female Diseases* of the Scrofulous diathesis. I have cured many inveterate cases of Leucorrhea by it, and some where the complaint was caused by ulceration of the uterus. The ulceration itself was soon cured. Nothing within my knowledge equals it for these female derangements."

Edward S. Marrow, of Newbury, Ala., writes, "A dangerous ulcer appeared on one of the females in my family, which had defied all the remedies we could employ, but it length been completely cured by your Extract of Sarsaparilla. Our physician thought nothing but extirpation would afford relief, but he advised the trial of your Sarsaparilla as the last resort before cutting, and it proved effectual. After taking your remedy eight weeks the symptom of the disease remains."

Syphilis and Mercurial Disease.

NEW ORLEANS, 27th August, 1859.

Dr. J. C. AYER: Sir, I cheerfully comply with the request of your agent, and resort to you some of the effects I have realized with your Sarsaparilla.

I have cured with it, in my practice, most of the complaints for which it is recommended, and have found its effects truly wonderful in the cure of *Venereal and Mercurial Disease*. One of my patients had Syphilitic ulcers in his throat, which were consuming his palate, and the top of his mouth. Your Sarsaparilla, steadily taken, cured him in five weeks. Another was attacked by secondary symptoms in his nose, and the ulceration had eaten away a considerable part of it, so that I believed the disorder would soon reach his brain and kill him. But it yielded to my administration of your Sarsaparilla: the ulcers healed, and he is well again, not of course without some disfiguration to his face. A woman who had been treated for the same disorder by mercury was suffering from the poison in her bones. They had become so sensitive to the weather that on a damp day she suffered excruciating pain in her joints and bones. She, too, was cured entirely by your Sarsaparilla in a few weeks. I now from its formula, which your agent gave me, that the Sarsaparilla from your laboratory must be a great remedy; consequently, these truly remarkable results with it have not surprised me.

Fraternally yours, G. V. LARIMER, M. D.

Rheumatism, Gout, Liver Complaint.

INDEPENDENCE, Preston Co., Va., 4th July, 1859.

DR. J. C. AYER: Sir, I have been afflicted with a painful *chronic Rheumatism* for a long time, which baffled the skill of physicians, and stuck to me in spite of all the medies I could find, until I tried your Sarsaparilla. One bottle cured me in two weeks, and restored my general health so much that I am far better than before I was attacked. I think it a wonderful medicine. J. FREAM.

Jules Y. Getchell, of St. Louis, writes: "I have been afflicted for years with an *affection of the Liver*, which stripped my health. I tried every thing, and every thing did not relieve me; and I have been a broken-down man some years from no other cause than *derangement of Liver*. My beloved pastor, the Rev. Mr. Espy, advised to try your Sarsaparilla, because he said he knew you. Of any thing you made was worth trying. By the blessing of God it has cured me, and has so purified my blood as to make a new man of me. I feel young again. The result has convinced you is not half good enough."

Scirrhus, Cancer Tumors, Enlargement, Ulceration, Caries and Exfoliation of the Bones.

A great variety of cases have been reported to us where of these formidable complaints have resulted from the use of this remedy, but our space here will not admit them. Some of them may be found in our American Almanac, which the agents below named are pleased to furnish gratis to all who call for them.

Dyspepsia, Heart Disease, Fits, Epilepsy, Melancholy, Neuralgia

Many remarkable cures of these affections have been made by the alterative power of this medicine. It stimulates the vital functions into vigorous action, and thus overcomes disorders which would be supposed beyond its reach. Such a remedy has long been required by the necessities of the people, and we are confident that this will prove to them all that medicine can do.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,

FOR THE RAPID CURE OF

Coughs, Colds, Influenza, Hoarseness, Croup, Bronchitis, Incipient Consumption, and for the Relief of Consumptive Patients in advanced Stages of the Disease.

This is a remedy so universally known to surpass any other for the cure of throat and lung complaints, that it seems here to publish the evidence of its virtues. Its unrivalled excellence for coughs and colds, and its truly wonderful cures of pulmonary disease, have made it known throughout the civilized nations of the earth. We are the communities, or even families, among them who have not some personal experience of its effects—some living trophy in their midst of its victory over the subtile and dangerous disorders of the throat and lungs. Its all know the dreadful fatality of these disorders, and perhaps know, too, the effects of this remedy, we need not do more than to assure them that it has now all the virtues that it did have when making the cures which have won so strongly upon the confidence of mankind.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, H. F. MacCarthy, and John Skinner, in Ottawa.

Royal Italian Bitters!

—OF—

TONICO REALE

DEL DOTTORE F. P. VERRI,
Professor of Chemistry in the University of PADUA
ITALY.

THIS celebrated preparation for which a certificate of merit was awarded to the distinguished original preparer at the National Exposition at Torino, Italy, by whose favor Mr. GIANELLI obtained the recipe, and was also awarded a diploma at the Provincial Exhibition of Canada held at Montreal in September, 1865, is, without exception, the most genuine, salubrious and agreeable TONIC ever introduced to public notice either in Europe or America.

For seventeen years it has, in Italy, been a universal favorite among the elite of society, being generally served in the drawing room before dinner, in preference to Vermouth.

The ingredients of its composition have been imparted to the leading Physicians of Canada and the United States, and have received their unqualified approval on every account.

The proprietor refers with the greatest confidence and satisfaction to the subjoined testimonials from eminent medical men, which he could add to, were it desirable.

Kept by the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion of Canada and in the United States.

Sold by the Proprietor.

Dear Sir: You request my opinion of the "Royal Italian Bitters," prepared from a receipt of Dr Verri, of Padua. I beg to state that I consider it a most agreeable cordial tonic, in every way superior in flavour and composition to the ordinary bitter tonics in general use. I have recommended it to several patients, who have derived marked benefit from its use.

I am, dear Sir, yours faithfully,
G. E. FENWICK, M.D.

A. M. F. GIANELLI, Esq., Montreal.

A. M. FOIANELLI,
26, Hospital-street, Montreal.
Montreal, February, 1867.

MR. GIANELLI,—*Dear Sir:* Having received from you a sample of the Royal Italian Bitters of Dr. Verri as prepared by you, I have much pleasure in testifying to its very excellent qualities as an agreeable and exhilarating tonic Bitter; nothing equal to it has ever come under my notice. Having also been made acquainted with its composition and mode of preparation, I feel nothing better could have been devised for general use; from its effects which I have observed in several cases, I think very many who now suffer from indigestion and dyspepsia in their various forms will find in it a panacea for all their ills.

Very truly,
W. E. BESSEY, M.D., C.M., &c.,
Beaver Hall Hill.

Letter from Dr. Piscault.

Montreal, July 27, 1866.

To MR. ANGELIA GIANELLI.

Dear Sir: We are pleased to acknowledge the reception of the prescription of your valuable tonic and bitters, entitled "The Royal." All the substances contained in its composition are perfectly combined to form a preparation fit for the purposes detailed in your directions.

We are, dear Sir, yours sincerely,
DRS. PICAULT & SON.

New York, May 14, 1867.

A. M. F. GIANELLI, Esq., Montreal.

Dear Sir: Just recovering from a long and severe illness, I have received a sample of your Tonico Reale and from its use have derived considerable benefit, as I find my appetite and digestion much improved, and hesitate not to recommend it as one of the best and most agreeable Tonics I have ever used.

WILLIAM ARNOLD,
A.B., Trinity College, Dublin; M. R. C. S. London; M. D., New York, Licenciate Royal College Havana.

Letter from Dr. J. L. Leprohon, City Health Officer.

Montreal, March 29, 1867.

Dear Sir: My absence from Montreal has prevented me from acknowledging sooner the reception of your note and accompanying sample of the "Royal Italian Bitters."

I have no hesitation in stating that the ingredients entering into their composition are of a nature to render them decidedly useful in many cases of weakness of the digestive organs and of the general constitution. Their flavour is also very pleasant.

I remain, dear Sir, yours very sincerely,
J. L. LEPROHON, M.D.

A. GIANELLI,
Proprietor Cosmopolitan Hotel, Montreal
Temple-street, Boston,
July 1, 1867.

A. M. F. GIANELLI, Esq.,

My Dear Sir: I beg to acknowledge the receipt of a sample of your Royal Italian Bitters together with a note imparting to me the formula for their preparation. Having a large field where to try the effect of your Bitters, I have obtained flattering success in cases requiring the use of a mild, stimulating tonic, and I will recommend your Bitters with pleasure in dyspepsia, indigestion, loss of appetite, general debility, and constitutional inactivity of the liver.

I remain, my dear Mr. Gianelli, yours, very truly,
E. DE LA GRANJA, M.D.

Letter from Dr. Hall, Professor of Midwifery and Diseases of Women and Children, McGill College.

Montreal, March 15, 1866.

My Dear Sir: I have to acknowledge from you the reception of a sample of your "Royal Bitters," of your own manufacture, and have subsequently had the opportunity afforded me of becoming acquainted not only with their preparation, but also with the materials which enter into their composition. Nothing, I think, can excel the mode of infusion adopted, while the small amount of vinous ingredients must recommend them to general favour, even to those who usually disapprove of the use of such beverages, the proportion being only just sufficient to maintain their composition unimpaired in climates subject to considerable fluctuations of temperature.

From the nature or character of the materials employed in their composition, it is impossible to regard them otherwise than as the healthful, invigorating, yet mild tonic or stomachic, especially adapted to stomachs unfeebled by general sickness, and whose energy requires a gentle stimulus, preparatory to the indigestion of food.

I shall have pleasure in recommending their use in such suitable cases as may present themselves to me. I remain, dear Sir, yours very truly,
A. HALL, M.D.,
Professor Midwifery, McGill University.

A. GIANELLI, Esq., &c. &c., &c., &c.

From Dr. Muir, C. B. Inspector-General H. M. Hospitals in British America.

Montreal, August 1, 1866.

Sir: Having much practical experience of Bitters in the West Indies, in India, and other parts of the world where they are in request, I have no hesitation in giving it as my opinion that Dr. Verri's "Tonico Reale" is the *very best I have ever met with.*

W. M. MUIR, M D., Inspector-General.

Letter from Professor Smallwood, of McGill University.

32 Beaver Hall Terrace,
Montreal, August 1, 1866.

I am opinion that Dr. Verri's "Tonic Reale" is a very pleasant and palatable form for the exhibition of tonic bitters, in cases requiring such a preparation.

CHAS. SMALLWOOD, M.D., L.L.D., D.C.L.

To A. M. F. GIANELLI, Esq., Montreal.

20, East 25th-street,
New York, May 9, 1867.

To A. M. F. GIANELLI, Esq.,

Dear Sir,—The "Tonico Reale" I have tried faithfully, and it gives me great pleasure to state to you that it is the best and most agreeable Tonic I have ever used in my practice. I find it particularly adapted to females and children debilitated by the various diseases and complaints peculiar to them. If you will favor me with a letter stating where I can procure your Bitters for my patients, I shall take particular pains to recommend them. As a general rule the Bitters sold are too bitter and have too much *Alcohol*, and are hence often injurious.

Your "Tonico Reale" seems to me to be the Tonic we have long wished for, but never found until Prof. Verri, D.M., of Padua, has given it to the Medical World.

Respectfully yours,
WM. FRED. HOLCOMB, M.D.,
Professor of Aural and Ophthalmic Surgery in New York Medical College, and Surgeon to New York Ophthalmic Hospital and Demult Dispensary.

Letter from Dr W F Campbell, Editor Medical Journal.

Montreal, August 20, 1867.

Dear Sir: I have to acknowledge the receipt of a sample of your "Tonic Reale," accompanied by a note informing me of its composition, and how prepared. While not believing in any universal Tonic, I am forced to admit that there are many cases where just such a preparation as yours would be invaluable. In cases of Chronic Dyspepsia, I have several times recommended its use and with much benefit. Yours, &c.,

FRS W CAMPBELL, MDLRCP,
London.

M A F GIANELLI, Esq, Montreal.

Letter from Dr Scott, Professor of Anatomy, McGill College.

Montreal, October 26, 1866.

A F M GIANELLI Esq.

Dear Sir: Having been furnished with a very *liberal* sample of your "Tonic Reale," Royal Bitters, I have delayed giving you my opinion of its merits until I had an opportunity of stating, from experience, some of the advantages which I have found derived from the employment of the Tonic.

I have noticed great benefit from the use of the "Royal Bitters" in indigestion, loss of appetite, general debility, and some nervous affections. The Tonic is most carefully prepared, and will be found a very agreeable Bitter and gentle stimulant; and from knowing its composition, I have pleasure in recommending it to the public; feeling satisfied that when more extensively known, the Tonic will be very generally used.

W E SCOTT, MD.,
Professor Anatomy McGill University; Physician General Hospital, &c., &c.

New York, June 1, 1867.

MR. GIANELLI,—*Dear Sir:* After a fair trial I take pleasure in recommending your Royal Bitters. It is a very excellent stimulating tonic, aiding digestion and giving tone to the digestive organs. In your note you informed me of the ingredients. I think it is a most admirable combination; a pleasant, useful, and reliable tonic.

Yours truly,
R. P. COOKE, M.D.,
New York City.

New York, April 25, 1867.

A. M. F. GIANELLI,—*Sir:* Your kind favour of 16th instant, together with a sample of your "Tonico Reale" Royal Bitters,—I am pleased to say with its composition, but also with the effect, and regard the preparation as a very elegant one, suited to many cases when a more powerful compound would not be used. After having had further opportunity, I shall be able to give a more intelligent opinion in regard to its efficacy.

Have you any agency in this city? Many of my patients are anxious to use the Tonic but know not where to procure it. Yours truly,
C. PRINCE, M.D.,
137, East 10th-street.

22, West Eleventh-street,
New York, May 9, 1867.

A. M. F. GIANELLI, Esq.

Dear Sir: The sample of your Royal Italian Bitters, through your politeness, was received some time since. I am happy to say respecting them, after giving them a fair trial, that they are a delicious tonic, stomachic and stimulant Bitters, which I think will be found very useful to the debilitated suffering from indigestion, constipation, or dyspepsia.

With my best wishes for your success,
I am respectfully yours,
G. MILIANO, M.D.

Letter from Dr. Hingston, Physician Hotel Dieu Hospital.

Montreal, August 1, 1867.

The "Tonico Reale" of Dr. Verri, prepared by Mr. Gianelli of this city, and introduced to the public as the "Royal Italian Bitters," is one of the most elegant preparations with which I am acquainted. Mr Gianelli having made known to me its composition, I can, unhesitatingly, recommend it to those who require the combined use of an agreeable tonic and stimulant.

WM. H. HINGSTON, M.D., L.R.C.S., &c.,
Surgeon to St. Patrick's Department, Hotel Dieu.
September 14, 1867. 538 37w6m

FRESH ARRIVALS

OF

Very Choice and Superior

TEAS

NOW ON SALE

AT THE

1,000 CHESTS UNCOLORED JAPAN.

500 Chests very choice and superior YOUNG HYSON.
700 Chests Good Strong TWANKAY
100 Chests old fashioned BREAKFAST SOUCHONG.
150 Caddies MANDERIN MIXTURE.

This is the finest BLACK TEA ever imported, 5s per pound; in small Caddies, about 14 lb each, 4s 9d.

COFFEE!

The Pure Mountain Berry

"Without exception the finest Coffee in the world."—*London Times, March 16.*

We are constantly receiving supplies of this truly beautiful and delicious COFFEE, *roasted daily on our premises by*

Dakins' Patent Silver Cylinder

By which peculiar process, he aroma is preserved and renders it the FAVORITE WITH ALL COFFEE DRINKERS.

BEWARE OF SPURIOUS IMITATIONS.

As it is imported by no other firm in Canada

ROBINSON & CO.,
THE TEA POT,
OTTAWA

Wine, Spirits & Liquors

ROBINSON & CO. would especially call the attention of families to their stock of

ALES, WINES & SPIRITS

100 cases Otard Brandy.
50 " Martell's
150 " Hennessey.
75 " United Vinquels

We have a most delicious

DINNER SHERRY.

Which we are selling at 8 shillings per gallon

GUINESS & CO.

DUBLIN STOUT!
BLOOD' LONDON STOUT.
BARCLAY'S LONDON PORTER
ALLSOP'S PALE ALE.
BASS' EAST INDIA.
DOW'S CELEBRATED MONTREAL ALE
DAW'S SUPERIOR LACHINE ALE
DAW'S CELEBRATED PORTER & STOUT

PRESERVED MEATS.

Just Received from England:

ROAST HARE.
CURRIED DO.
JUGGED DO.
STEWED DO.
ROAST PHEASANTS.
ROAST GROUSE.
ROAST PARTRIDGE

ALL GOODS DELIVERED FREE by our own Waggons to any part of the City daily

ROBINSON & CO.
THE TEA POT,
OTTAWA.

Establishments—Sussex St. and Rideau St
Ottawa, September 10. 225tf

WANTED.

A LADY who is well qualified to teach the elementary English branches. Apply to MISS HARMON,
February 4. 637-3 Young Ladies' Institute.

CAUTION.

THE Subscriber regrets the necessity for cautioning the public against imitations of his popular Pomades,

The Alexandra Cream,

AND

The Canada Pomade

But having been informed that some unprincipled person has put up inferior articles, copying the labels word for word, and thereby greatly damaging the sale of the genuine articles, he is compelled to take this course in self-defence.

For the future every genuine pot will bear my written signature in RED INK, across the face of the label.

W. M. MASSEY,
Family and Dispensing Chemist,
Medical Hall, 38, Sparks-st.
Ottawa, Feb. 6, 1868. 47y

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

NOTICE.

THE Undersigned will either sell or let for a few years his well known farm, being lot Twenty-five in the Fourth Concession of Gloucester, Rideau Front, 215 acres all cleared, and well fenced and in a good state of cultivation. Also, the one-half of lot Twenty-seven in the Third Concession, being in its natural state, all wood and excellent land. It is just the cross of two hundred acres from the corner of the one lot to the other. The railroad line runs within ten feet of the front corner of the one hundred and in sight of the two hundred for two or three miles. The Station at Cunningham's is scarcely a mile and a half from the front of Lot Twenty-five. The above farm is capable of keeping thirty head of milch cows, two span of horses, and as many young cattle as it would be profit to raise. Eighteen months ago I kept twenty-two milch cows, and four or five horses, and raised five or six calves every year. The above farm is about ten miles, from the door, to the limits of the City. The improvements cannot be surpassed for a farmer's purpose. The dwelling-house is stone, 30 by 40, a story and a half over ground; and a cellar nine feet high, the one half used for a kitchen and the other half capable of holding 1,000 bushels of anything you wish to put into it; there is three small windows in it, and when cleaned in the Spring, makes an excellent milk house or dairy; there is a frame wood shed at the door, 60 by 24, with 14 feet taken off the one end for a cash house, and onehead for a storehouse; next to this is a stable 36 by 26, finished inside, complete with four large double stalls and two single ones, and good room for hanging up harness, and oat box; convenient to that is a barn 60 by 50, in which I have often put 1,000 bushels of grain in one year; connected with that is 200 and 20 feet of frame sheds, all 20 and 24 deep, under pinned with stone and lime from two to seven feet, according to level; on the north side of the house is another barn, 30 by 40, commonly filled with peas and oats. And if either tenant or purchaser has a desire for religious purposes, you can lie in your bed and look at the bell tolling on the Catholic Church every Holy Day, and go to the front door and you will see the Presbyterian Church, where the Rev. Mr. Lochead has preached for the last twenty-two years, and go to the back door and you will see both English Church and Methodist Church within two miles. The above farm would be a desirable situation for a young man wishing to give his attention to farming, as the Ottawa Market cannot be surpassed in the Dominion. I think that I can say that I have not sold one pound of butter under one shilling this eight years: if one went under two went over. Some reader may ask what am I selling for, it is neither for want nor for want of anything, but I am in the seventieth year of my age, and have purchased all his lot seven hundred and fifty acres of land and all is paid for, and all my sons is settled on their own farms, so I would rather sit down and take my ease as he attending to marketing and farming any longer. Persons wishing to get any information on any point from me can do so by addressing, postpaid, JAMES JOHNSTON, Senr., South Gloucester.

JAMES JOHNSTON, SENR.
February 6, 1868. 169 6Mb17.

Two Dwellings to Let.

The Ottawa Times

VOL. II. NO 663 — OTTAWA, TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 11, 1868. — PRICE—3 CENTS

THE

Ottawa Daily Times,

(Published every morning, Sundays excepted.)

THE DAILY AND WEEKLY TIMES NOW enjoys THE LARGEST CIRCULATION of any paper published in the Ottawa Valley—issuing of the daily over 2,000.1 and Weekly over 4,000.1 making a total circulation in the week of over 6,000.1 thus outstripping all competitors, and affording the best medium for business men to advertise in.

ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in the Daily at the following Rates:

Business Cards of from 3 to 6 lines, per annum—payable in advance only, ... $6 00
Transient Advertisements, first insertion per line, ... 8c
All subsequent insertions, per line, ... 2c
Yearly advertisers specially contracted with, and liberal allowance made.
Yearly subscription to the daily (if paid in advance) $5 00
If not paid in advance 6 00
Yearly subscription to the weekly (if paid in advance) $1 00
If not paid in advance 1 50

ADVERTISING AGENCY.—Messrs. S. M. Pettengill & Co., 14, Park Row, New York, and State Street, Boston, General Advertising Agents, are hereby authorized to receive Advertisements for the OTTAWA TIMES

LEGAL.

G. J. O'DOHERTY,
LAW, CHANCERY and CONVEYANCING OF ICE, AUMOND'S BUILDINGS, Rideau-street.
Ottawa, Dec. 6, 1867. 608-19y

R. J. WICKSTEED,
ADVOCATE, &c., 12, Little St. James Street, MONTREAL.
November 14, 1867. 589-6m

N. TETREAU,
NOTARY PUBLIC for the Province of Quebec, HULL, near the Post Office.
Dec. 6, 1867. 590f

NICHOLAS SPARKS,
LAW, Chancery and Conveyancing Office, Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office.
Ottawa, July 19. 489y

LAPIERRE & HAYCOCK,
ATTORNIES-AT-LAW, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers and Notaries Public, Corner of Sussex and York-streets, Ottawa.
Ottawa, February 26, 1867. 368y

WILLIAM MOSGROVE,
LAW, Chancery and Conveyancing. Office: Mosgrove's Block, Rideau Street, Ottawa, C. W. 356-tf

D. O'CONNOR,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex Street. OFFICE: Union Buildings, Ottawa.
February 21, 1866. 55-y

R. H. HAYCOCK,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. OFFICE: Post Office Building, Elgin Street, Ottawa.
February 7, 1866. 43-y

A. F. BOUCHETTE,
ADVOCATE. Office: No. 17, St. Peter Street, Quebec. Mr. Bouchette will always be prepared to attend promptly to any business the Government employes, and the public generally may entrust him. Mr. B. attends regularly the circuit in and for the district of Quebec.
December 28, 1865. 9-y

P. J. BUCKLEY, LL.B.,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law Solicitor-in-Chancery and Notary Public. Office, over Mr. Lake Carsley's Boot and Shoe Store, Rideau Street, Ottawa, C. W.
January 17 1867. 334y

AUGUSTUS KEEFER,
BARRISTER, and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office: Opposite Post Office, Elgin Street, in the rooms lately occupied as the Custom House.
Ottawa, March 30. 87-tf

J. F. EGULTON,
BARRISTER-AT-LAW, Solicitor-in-Chancery, &c. OFFICE: Aumond's Buildings, Rideau Street.
Ottawa, Jan. 12, 1866. 21-y

M. McLEOD,
BARRISTER, Etc., for Lower Canada. OFFICES: Court House, Aylmer and Buckingham, C.E.
Attends to all Law Courts in the District of Ottawa.
February 7, 1868. 43-ut

LEES & GEMMELL,
BARRISTERS, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. OFFICE: In the Court House, Ottawa, C. W.
ROBERT LEES. JOHN J. GEMMELL.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

EDWARD T. DARTNELL,
BARRISTER, Solicitor, Attorney, and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Crown Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. OFFICE: In the Court House, L'Orignal.
January 27, 1866. 34-6m

MEDICAL.

DR. CHESLEY,
OFFICE over Mr. Garth's Establishment, 25 Rideau-st., Ottawa.
May 30 717tf

DR. C. LEGGO,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Office: Hunton's Block, Sparks Street.

DR. DORION,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon, and Accoucheur, Clarence Street, Ottawa.
March 1. 371y

DR. OLIVER MARTIN,
DENTIST. Office: Sparks Street, Central Ottawa.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-utf

DR. C. A. MARTIN,
DENTIST. Office: Sussex Street, over Messrs. Campbell & Co.'s, Grocers.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-utf

DR. JOHN LEGGO,
DENTIST, Hunton's Block, Sparks Street. Teeth extracted without pain means of the Ethereal Spray Producer. 550a

W. R. BELL, A.M., M.D., C.M., &c.
(RECENTLY FROM ENGLAND.)
SURGERY and Residence, George Street.
Ottawa, November 13. 280y

A. CODD, M.D., M.,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Residence—McDougall's Block, Besserer-st., Sandy Hill. 571-3m

DR. LESLIE JONES,
Surgeon, &c., of Dublin and Edinburgh.
SURGERY and Consulting Office, Rideau-st., next door to the St. Lawrence Hall. Residence—Daly Street. 534y

DR. GEORGE HUTCHISON,
DENTIST: Office, Sparks-street, opposite Magee & Russell's.
Ottawa, October 30, 1867. 576y

DR. W. J. HENRY,
CORNER of Kent and Wellington Streets, Ottawa.
November 6. 43utf

DR. O. C. WOOD,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur Ottawa. Day office opposite Magee & Russell's, Sparks Street, Center Town; Night Office at his Residence, Maria Street, Center Town.
CANCERS CURED, with out the use of the knife, by a new, but certain, speedy, and almost painless process. References given to parties successfully treated, if required. The cure guaranteed.
Ottawa, April 14. 17w-106-y

HOLGATE, OLIVER & ANNABLE,
WHOLESALE Manufacturers of Bedsteads, Chairs, &c., Chaudiere Island, Ottawa, C.W.
WILLIAM HOLGATE,
JOHN OLIVER,
WILLIAM ANNABLE.
Ottawa, A 506y

BUSINESS CARDS.

B. BILLINGS, JR.,
ARCHITECT, Elgin-street, opposite the Post Office.
REFERENCES, H. H. Sims, Esq., Architect, Philadelphia; Thos. Fuller, Esq., Architect, Albany; Dr. J. A. Grant, M.P., Ottawa; Thos. Reynolds, Esq., Managing Director O. & P. R. W. 612-6m

R. SPARKS,
PROVINCIAL LAND SURVEYOR, Draughtsman, &c., (commissioned for Upper and Lower Canada.) Office and residence, Gloucester, near Ottawa. Surveys of every description executed with accuracy. Communications addressed Ottawa City, (post-paid), or left at the office of N. Sparks, Solicitor, &c., Ottawa, will receive prompt attention.
Ottawa, February 21, 1868. 55-

N. McKINNON,
COMMISSION and Exchange Broker, and Insurance Agent, Sparks-street, opposite Magee & Russell's, Ottawa, C. W.
Ottawa, March 25. 391y

O'CONNOR & WALLER,
EXCHANGE Brokers, Fire, Life and Accidental Insurance, Commission and Collecting Agents. Office, No. 37, Sussex-street, Ottawa.
R. P. O'CONNOR. W. H. WALLER.
March 5. 379y

J. P. MACPHERSON,
BARRISTER, &c., Ottawa. Office: Lang's Buildings, opposite Post Office.
Ottawa, March 10, 1866. 76-y

H. McLEAN'S
AUCTION Rooms, No. 19, Sparks Street, Centre Town, Ottawa, opposite Hope's Stationery Store.
The sale of Real Estate at Auction or Private Sale promptly attended to. Consignments received for positive sale. Parties wishing to purchase Real Estate will receive all information FREE OF CHARGE by calling at the office.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y

R. H. McGREEVY,
CONTRACTOR and Builder. Office: North side York street, second door from Sussex Street.
Ottawa, March 29, 1866. 78-y

S. CHRISTIE,
COMMISSION Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.
OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W. y

PARLIAMENTARY AGENCY.

C. J. BOUCHETTE,
P. L. SURVEYOR and Draughtsman, Mining, Land, and General Parliamentary Agent. References unexceptionable. OFFICE: Wellington Street, next to British Hotel, and nearly opposite the banks, Ottawa.
P. S.—Special attention given with despatch to Public Land business, adjusting disputed claims, and securing Patents.
Ottawa, May 22. 132-y

JOHN MERCER,
Teacher Piano-Forte, Violin, &c.
THOROUGH BASS.
AYLMER, C. E.
VISITS OTTAWA TUESDAYS, AND FRIDAYS.
Orders left at Union House will be punctually attended to.
Ottawa, July 26. 187tf

HOTELS AND SALOONS.

HOLT'S HOTEL,
AYLMER, C. E., Livery and General Stage Office. Alfred Moses Holt, Jr., Prop'tor.
December 21, 1865. 4-y

JAS. JOHNSTON'S
UNION HOUSE, North Sower. Good Stabling and an attentive Hostler.
January 11, 1866. 20-y

DUIGNAN'S
PRIVATE HOTEL, Sparks Street, Ottawa, C. W. A few gentlemen can obtain superior apartments.
Ottawa, Dec. 20, 1865. 3-y

THE RUSSELL HOUSE,
LATE CAMPBELL'S HOTEL, Ottawa, C. W. The undersigned, proprietor of the above-named Hotel, begs leave to acquaint his numerous friends and the travelling public, that he has re-painted and newly-furnished throughout this commodious establishment, in the management of which by strict attention to business and guests, he hopes to deserve encouragement and support.
JAMES E. GOUIN,
Lately, and for many years connected with Hewett's Hotel, Prescott Street, Quebec

THE ALBION HOTEL
NICHOLAS Street, Court-House Avenue, Ottawa, John Graham, Proprietor.
This House is conveniently situated, and still maintains its character as a FIRST-CLASS HOTEL. Considerable additions have recently been made to the premises, and it has been entirely repainted and renovated. No pains will be spared to accommodate and please.
OMNIBUSES to and from the cars and boats free of charge. There is a FIRST-CLASS LIVERY STABLE attached to the Hotel.
Ottawa 1866 1-y

JOHN MALTMAN
LATE McADAM'S, Commercial Hotel, Packenham.
The above Hotel, one of the oldest and best known in Packenham, has been leased by the undersigned and thoroughly overhauled and refitted for the special accommodation of guests. THE TABLE AND BAR will at all times be furnished with the very best the market affords.
GOOD STABLING and a careful Hostler always in attendance
JOHN MALTMAN.

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,
M. KAVANAGH, Proprietor, Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington Streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government buildings.
The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.
Oysters, Game etc., daily

THE METROPOLITAN
Aumond's Block,
Rideau Street, Ottawa.
P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.
Ottawa, November 27. 292tf

THE REVERE HOUSE,
OTTAWA.
G. A. BUCKE, W. H. SANGER, ... PROPRIETORS.
THIS FIRST-CLASS HOTEL has been re-furnished and refitted throughout, and now combines all the requisites of a first-class establishment.
Ottawa, Nov. 6, 1867 583f

TORONTO HOUSE,
SPARKS-STREET.
MRS. TROTTER begs to state that she has comfortable quarters for a few gentlemen for three months or more, with Parlour and use of Piano.
Ottawa, Dec. 24, 1867. 623f

MISS LOVETT'S
PRIVATE HOTEL
HOLLIS STREET, HALIFAX, N. S.
STRANGERS will find this long established and well known house to be the most comfortable and well conducted in the city.
December 25, 1867. 622-6m

TO PARTIES ABOUT TO BUILD—
PLANS,
SPECIFICATIONS,
ESTIMATES, &
Prepared by,
AUGUSTUS LAVER,
ARCHITECT
End Daly st. Ottawa.
April 1.

DRUGGISTS.

Spectacles for all Sights.
OPTICAL Instruments
Electro-Magnetic and Galvanic Apparatus, Photographic Chemicals, &c.
W. BEARN,
Market-Drug Store,
City. York-street.

Apothecaries Hal !
No. 41, SUSSEX STREET,
G. MORTIMER, PROPRIETOR
NONE OTHER GENUINE!
TRADE MARK IS REGISTERED
Canadian Cough Emulsion.
THIS Valuable Medicine has the extraordinary property of immediately relieving Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Difficulty of Breathing, Tightness in the Chest, &c., &c. It operates by dissolving the congealed phlegm, causing free expectoration, and an agreeable moistness of the skin. Prepared only by
GEORGE MORTIMER,
Chemist and Druggist, 41, Sussex Street, Ottawa City. Sold in bottles at 1s 3d and 2s 6d each.
MORTIMER'S
COMPOUND ANTIBILIOUS
AND FAMILY APERIENT PILLS.
A grand Specific for derangement of the digestive organs, and for obstructions and torpid action of the Liver and Bowels.
MORTIMER'S Vegetable WORM DESTROYER.
The only sure remedy that exists. Combining delicious taste with amazing power. Also
CAMPHORATED EYE-WATER,
Sure Cure for Sore, Weak and Inflamed Eyes.
MORTIMER'S
Colognes, Pomades, Toilet Vinegar, Rose Dentrifice, for the Teeth and Gums. Also constantly on hand. Perfumes of all kinds, and Toilet requisites usually kept in a first-class establishment.

FOUND,
A NEVER Failing Remedy for Coughs and Colds, Mortimer's Canadian Cough Emulsion. No family should be without a bottle. None genuine but from
G. MORTIMER,
Chemist, 41, Sussex-st.
The best of Certificates can be produced.
Ottawa, Nov. 22, 1867. 596-6m

OTTAWA
DRUG WAREHOUSE,
RIDEAU STREET.
1866 SEEDS. SEEDS. 1866.
A LARGE STOCK OF FRESH GARDEN and FIELD SEEDS, just arrived and on Sale. All Seeds warranted Fresh.
A large importation of English and French PERFUMES will arrive next week.
FLORIDA WATER. SOZODONT.
HAIR BRUSHES. COMBS.
NAIL BRUSHES. CLOTHES BRUSHES,
&c., &c., &c.
Just being opened up.
JOSEPH GARVEY, M.D.
P. S.—Advice to the poor gratis.
Ottawa, April 11. 97-y

DOMESTIC DYES.
THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT OF DYES in this city on sale at the
Ottawa Drug Warehouse.
A free Lot of Good, Cheap PERFUMES just received.
N. B.—Prescriptions carefully and promptly prepared. J. GARVEY, M. D.
Ottawa, Feb. 12 1868 47-utf

PARLIAMENT
HAIRDRESSING SALOON !
E. MILES,
Hairdresser by Appointment to His Excellency the Governor-General,
HAS REMOVED HIS PARLIAMENT HAIR DRESSING SALOON from the old stand to his new and commodious room over the LONDON MUSIC STORE, on Elgin-st., opposite the Russell House, which he has fitted up in the most recherche style of the business, and where his Rotary Hair Brush, which he imported expressly for himself, being the first introduced into British America, will be kept ready for use. The saloon is delightfully ventilated, and very pleasantly situated.
Mr. MILES would take this opportunity of returning his most sincere thanks to his many friends and the public, for their kind and generous patronage to him, during a number of years, in his old establishment, and trusts that by unremitting attention to business, and in his new and first-class saloon, with polite and attentive workmen, to merit a continuance of their favors.
All kinds of Hair Watch Guards, Finger Rings, &c., manufactured to order. For the convenience of ladies orders will be received at the London Music Store, where a fine and varied assortment of Hair-work will be found.
E. MILES,
Hair Dresser, by appointment, to his Excellency the Governor-General.
Ottawa, October 3 1867 555-39y

BAZAAR.
IT is intended to hold a Bazaar on the SEVENTEENTH of MARCH NEXT, 1868, and following days, in aid of the DEBT on
The Parsonage of Christ Church.
Contributions will be most thankfully received from the members of the Church, and other friends in Ottawa, by the following Ladies, who have kindly consented to act as a Committee of Management
MRS. CLEMOW,
" W. F. POWELL,
" COFFIN,
" ADAMSON,
" T. M. BLASDELL,
" LAUDER,
" DONALDSON,
" JOHN THOMPSON,
" N. SPARKS,
" MAGEE,
" STREET.
ANNIE POWELL, Secretary.
Ottawa, Dec. 23, 1867. 672d

Satchell Brothers,
Butchers to His Excellency Lord Monck.
No. 7, LOWER TOWN MARKET,
Superior Stall Fed
BEEF, MUTTON, LAMB AND VEAL,
SATCHELL'S
Celebrated Spiced Rounds & Rolled Beef,
Cured in the English Style.
Also, Sugar Cured Hams and Bacon of their own curing, constantly on hand.
Ottawa, December 24. 621-3m

GREAT CLEARING SALE

—OF—

Dry Goods and Ready-made Clothing,

—AT—

J. T. Prudhomme's Stores,

SUSSEX STREET, FACING CLARENCE-STREET.

And at the Sign of the "Golden Lamb."

AS the Subscriber intends closing one of his Stores on the first day of December he is determined to sell off at an immense reduction his stock of

DRY GOODS & READY-MADE CLOTHIN

—CONSISTING OF—

Beaver Cloths, Pilot do, Whitney do, Melton do, Sattinet do, West of England Broad Cloths, Black Cassimeres, Silk Mix Coatings, " " Trowserings, Fancy Doeskins, Col. and White Blankets, Horse Rugs, Flannels, Kerseys, Winceys.

English, Scotch and anadian Tweeds.

DRAWERS, SHIRTS, WOOL CRAVATS, SCARFS, NECK TIES, COLLARS, SHAWLS, CLOAKINGS, DRESS GOODS, NECK TIES, PRINTS, COBOURGS, BUCK MITTS, BUCK MOCASSINS, WOOL SOCKS, MITTS, TRUNKS, VALISES

—ALSO, A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF—

Boots and Shoes, Teas, Soap, Candles and Wines

The whole to be disposed of before the 1st day of December. Call early and examine before purchasing elsewhere.
Ottawa, November 19, 1867. 593-3m

RELIANCE
MUTUAL LIFE ASSURANCE CO'Y.
ESTABLISHED 1840.
CHIEF OFFICE—31, King William-street, Mansion House, LONDON.

ACCUMULATED PREMIUMS OVER, - - - - $1,000,000.
ANNUAL INCOME OVER, - - - - - - $300,000.

TRUSTEES.
The Right Rev the Bishop of Moray and Ross.
Viscount Kirkaldie, John Ledger, Esq, J R S Phillipps, Esq, James Traill, Esq, Sir John T Tyrell, Bart, W M Tufnell, Esq

DIRECTORS.
George Ashlin, Esq, W W Duffield, Esq, J W Egerton-green, Esq, George T Harris, Esq, John James, Esq, John W Lay, Esq, John Ledger, Esq, J Oxlyparker, Esq, William Phelps, Esq, John Pike, Esq, Edward White, Esq, Henry T Prinsep, Esq, Major Skinner, R A, Charles H Smith, Esq, James Traill, Esq, W M Tufnell, Esq

MEDICAL OFFICERS.
J W Ogle, Esq, M D, H F Smith, Esq, M D

BANKS.
Messrs William Deacon Co, Birchin Lane, Messrs Sparrow, Tufnell & Co, Chelmsford. The London and County Bank.

SOLICITORS.
Messrs Hooke & Street, 27 Lincoln's Inn Fields. Messrs Gepp & Veley, Chelmsford.
EDWARD BUTLER, Secretary.

Canada Branch—Montreal.
BOARD OF DIRECTORS.
Walter Shanly, Esq, M P, Chairman.
Duncan Macdonald, Esq. George Winks, Esq. W Hillington, Esq, M D, L R C S.
SOLICITORS—Messrs Rose & Ritchie. MEDICAL ADVISER—W H Hingston, Esq, M D.
The entire profits of this old and long established society belong to the policy holders, who are protected from all liability by the deed of settlement.
Annuities and endowments granted on advantageous terms.
Advances made on approved security in connection with Life Policies.
Every information to be had on application to any of the Society's Agents in Canada, or to
T W GRIFFITH, Manager and Secretary.
Head Office for the Dominion of Canada—Corner St Francois Xavier-street, Montreal.
Agents wanted in unrepresented districts throughout Canada.
NEIL McKINNON,
589-6m Agent for Ottawa.

Etna Fire and Marine Insurance Co.
The Number of Shareholders exceed Five Hundred.
Capital, ... $2,500,000.
Annual Income Nearly ..... $1,000,000.
HEAD OFFICE—Upper Sackville-street, Dublin, Ireland; CHIEF OFFICE, ENGLAND—17 and 18 Corn Hill, London; CHIEF OFFICE, SCOTLAND—98 George-st., Edinburgh

DIRECTORS.
John Obins Woodhouse, Esq, 52 Pembroke Road, Dublin; Ormeath Park, Co Louth; Portadown, Co Armagh; Kerry Keel, Co Armagh and Down—Chairman.
Robert Craven Wade, Esq, Conebraney, Crosskeale, Co Meath, and Sackville Street Club, Dublin, J P for Counties Meath and Wicklow—Director Scottish Amicable Life Office.
Charles Doing Malone, Esq, Merchant, Stephen-street and George-street, Dublin; Churchtown Lodge, Dundrum, Co Dublin—Director Commercial Gas Company.
John William Gregg, Esq, Alderman, Merchant, 18 Upper Sackville-street, Dublin—Vice Chairman.
Irwine Smith Whitty, Esq, 6 Wellington Road, Dublin—Director Government Prisons.
Bernard Coyne, Esq, 27 Waterloo Road, Dublin, J P, Co Mayo.
Geoffry Martin, Esq, 2 Clarinda Park, East Kingstown, Dublin, and Curraghmore, Ballinrobe, Co Mayo, J P for Co Mayo.
Robert Conway Hurly, Esq, Bridge House and Glenduff, Tralee; J P for Co Kerry.
David Richardson Goodlatte, Esq Merchant.

FEATURES.
A division of profits every three years to holders of policies who have no losses.
MODERATE PREMIUMS.
The company do not advocate high premiums, but rates will be charged according as the nature of the risk. Losses will be promptly and fully met on adjustment. Losses by lightning and loss or damage by explosion of gas within the premises insured made good.
JOHN INNIS, ESQ, Manager.
N B—The above company have invested in Canadian Government Bonds, in conformity with the Provincial Act, and have obtained the license of the Minister of Finance to do business in Canada, and are now prepared to take risks.
T. W. GRIFFITH, Manager for Canada.
Head Office for the Dominion—Corner of St Francois Xavier and St Sacrament-streets, Montreal.
Agents wanted in unrepresented districts throughout Canada.
589-6m NEIL McKINNON, Agent for Ottawa.

STOVES. STOVES. STOVES.
STOVES. STOVES. STOVES.
STOVES. STOVES. STOVES.
"CAPITAL" 35, USSEX St. H. MEADOWS & CO.
STOVE DEPOT !

WE have received our fall and Winter Stock of STOVES, STOVE PIPES, ELBOWS, DUMB STOVES, TINWARE and LUMBERMEN'S SUPPLIES, which we offer Wholesale or Retail at low prices. In Cooking, Parlor, Box and Hall Stoves, for wood or coal, we have the largest and most varied assortment ever shown in Ottawa.

COOKING STOVES. COOKING STOVES. COOKING STOVES.
COOKING STOVES. COOKING STOVES. COOKING STOVES
COOKING STOVES. COOKING STOVES. COOKING STOVES.
Our stock of the above comprises the latest improvements in both ELEVATED and LOW OVEN STOVES.
BOX AND HALL STOVES. BOX AND HALL STOVES.
BOX AND HALL STOVES. BOX AND HALL STOVES.
BOX AND HALL STOVES. BOX AND HALL STOVES.
Suitable for private Dwellings and Churches, Warehouses and Stores.
PARLOR STOVES. PARLOR STOVES. PARLOR STOVES.
PARLOR STOVES. PARLOR STOVES. PARLOR STOVES.
PARLOR STOVES. PARLOR STOVES. PARLOR STOVES.
New and most beautiful designs, very cheap.

COAL STOVES. PARLOR GRATES.
Hot Air Furnaces.
We still continue to manufacture every description of TIN, SHEET IRON, and COPPER WARE, RUSSIA IRON PIPE, and DUMB STOVES. Also all kinds of out-door Job Work in our line attended to by competent and experienced Mechanics. Country Merchants supplied with Stovepipes, &c., at reduced rates.
Lumbermen's Supplies! Lumbermen's Supplies! Shanty Plates! Basins! Camp Kettles, &c.
HOUSEFURNISHING GOODS!
Bird Cages! Bird Cages! Bird Cages!
Price Lists sent free on application.
Any part of a Stove sold by us can be replaced when broken or burnt out, a fact intending buyers would do well to note.
An inspection of the above goods invited at the
"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,
35, SUSSEX STREET.
H. MEADOWS & CO.
Ottawa, October 2, 1867. 62-y

INSURANCE.

INTERCOLONIAL
ASSURANCE CO'Y,
OF CANADA.
Capital - - - $500,000.
With power to increase the same.
SHARES, - - $100 EACH.
PROVISIONAL DIRECTORS:
H. O. Burritt, Esq., President; R. Lyon, Esq. Mayor of Ottawa, Vice-President; T. D. Harington, Dy. Receiver General; the Hon. J. Skead, J. M. Currier, M. P. P. McLaughlin, M.P., W. Wade, Esq., E. Jones, M.P., W. Ellis, Esq., W. H. Brouse, M.D., Joseph Aumond, Esq., M. K. Church, M.D., and J. M. Bates.
THIS is purely a Canadian Institution, and as such is deserving of the support of the Canadian public.
An Act for the Incorporation of this Company is now before the Parliament of the Dominion.
Over $100,000 of stock is already subscribed and it is the intention to deposit with the Government as a guarantee of our good faith, at least $50,000 as soon as an Act of Incorporation is procured (which will be a provision of our Incorporation.) It is unnecessary here to dilate upon the profits of money invested in Insurance Stock. Suffice it to say, that, at least in one instance 235 per cent advance has been obtained on insurance stock, and that after the payment of princely dividends. In the meantime Subscriptions to Stock, in Ottawa may be made at the Ontario and Royal Canadian Banks, and a deposit of 10 per cent is requisite which will be deposited in TRUST to be returned in case any subscriber is not satisfied with his investment up to one month after the Vice-Regal sanction to the Charter is obtained.
J. M. BATES,
Pro. Manager and Secretary.
Ottawa, Nov. 21, 1867. 595tf

CITY OF GLASGOW
Life Assurance Company
ESTABLISHED 1838.
CAPITAL, £600,000 Sg.
ANNUAL REVENUE OVER £120,000 Stg.
THIS COMPANY OFFERS TO THE public the combined advantage of perfect security, moderate premiums and liberal participation in profits. No extra charge for Volunteers in defence of the country.
RINTOUL BROS., Montreal, General Agents for Canada.
NEIL McKINNON, Agent,
Sparks-street, Ottawa.
Ottawa March 25. 391y

Ætna Life Insurance Company,
ESTABLISHED, A. D. 1820.
Capital and Assets, 1st Jan., 1867, $4,401,833.86
THIS MOST SUCCESSFUL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY divides the whole of the Profits, every year, among the insured, reducing the cost to about one-half the figures usually charged.
For instance, the annual payment, at the age of 30, in most Companies, to insure $2000 is, with profits, about $50, and without profits $43.00
In the Ætna, $2000, to a person 30 years of age, costs the first year 25.31
And each subsequent year 26.74
Which payment is subject to further reduction as the business of the Company increases.
Endowment policies on equally favorable terms.
The fact that the Ætna has, during the past 12 months, insured over 14,000 persons, from among the best business men of the Continent, is the best possible testimonial to the soundness of the Company, and the excellence of its method of doing business.
J. GARVEY, ESQ., M. D.,
Medical Referee.
S. PEDLAR & CO., Montreal.
Ottawa, March 13. 331y

BRITISH AMERICA
Asurance ompany !
FIRE AND MARINE.
ESTABLISHED 1830.
R. S. Cassels, Esq. ..... Consulting Director.
THE ABOVE FIRST-CLASS COMPANY is prepared to insure all descriptions of property against loss or damage by fire.
HERRICK, BRUSH & CO.,
AGENTS,
Aumond's Buildings.
Ottawa, January 4, 1867. 323y

NOTICE.
DR. J. GARVEY can be consulted each day PROFESSIONALLY, at his RESIDENCE, RIDEAU-STREET, from 8 o'clock to 10 in the forenoon, and from 6 to 10 in the evening During mid-day by making inquiries at BROWNE & HARDY'S, GROCERS, Rideau-street, information can be had as to his whereabouts.
J. GARVEY, M. D.
N. B.—It is not the intention of Dr. Garvey to relinquish his practice as a physician.
Ottawa, Jan. 24, 1868. 648tf

NOTICE.
ALL persons indebted to Dr. J. Garvey, and whose accounts have been rendered, are equested to call and settle at once, or costs will be incurred.
J. GARVEY, M.D.
Ottawa, Sept. 4, 1867. 529tf

RIFLES!
Wesson's Rifles!
HAVING imported some of the above RIFLES in 1866, under free entry, I offer the balance of stock at $17 each, which is $4 less than manufacturers prices; wholesale price at factory is $25 American money.
THOMAS ISAAC,
613d Sparks-street.

Land for Sale.
$50 ACRES OF LAND, situated within two to eight miles of the city. Apply to JOHN W. McGUIRE, Lot 25, 2nd Concession, Ottawa Front, Gloucester. 546-6m

To Sell or Let---Rare Opening.
TERMS MODERATE.
FINE STONE DWELLING HOUSES, Photographic Chambers, and other Cut Stone Premises, well arranged and eligibly situated for commercial business.
Apply to JOHN MACAULEY, Chaudiere, Ottawa; or E. McGILLIVRAY, J. B. TACKABERRY, or H. McLEAN, Auctioneer, Ottawa.
January 8, 1867. 583-6m

Furpiture! Furniture! Furniture!
AT THE
VARIETY HALL,
34, Sussex-st.
A MOST Complete Stock of Black Walnut and other Furniture, in Cane and Hair Seated Chairs, Tete-a-Tetes, Sofas, Extension Dining Tables, Centre Tables, Sideboards, Chiffonniers, Wardrobes, Bureaus, Bedsteads, Washstands and Toilet Tables. Also, Hair, Excelsior and Sea Grass Mattrasses, of all sizes, Gilt Mirrors, Toilet and other Looking Glasses, Table Cutlery of all kinds, Brushes, Brooms, and Wooden Ware of various descriptions, Table and Floor Mats, Soiled Linen Baskets, a beautiful article, Rocking Horses, Children's Sleighs, and the best assorted stock of Crockery, China and Glassware in the Dominion. This stock being all purchased to the best advantage will consequently be sold cheap.
Crockery, China, Glassware, Stoves and Furniture rented to private or public parties at a reasonable rate.
JOSEPH BOYDEN,
429y General Agent.

K. ARNOLDI,

WINE & SPIRIT MERCHANT,
METCALFE-STREET,
Telegraph Company's Building, Ottawa.
RECOMMENDS and Guarantees with confidence the following Wines:—
PORTS—Graham's, Sandeman's, Forrester's, Masden's, &c.:

		Per Gall.	Per Doz
No. 1	Good sound Wine	$2 00	$6 00
" 2	"	3 00	8 75
" 3	Old	3 50	10 00
" 4	Superior old	4 50	12 50
" 5	Very fine old	5 75	15 50

SHERRY WINE—Domecq's, Cardepenas, Pemartin's, Crump Suter's, &c.:

No. 1	Light table Wine	$2 00	6 00
" 2	Superior do	3 00	8 75
" 3	Very choice	3 50	10 00
" 4	Very Superior	4 50	12 50
" 5	Very fine	5 50	15 00

Marsala Wine,
$1.30 per Gallon, $1.50 per Dozen.
Especial attention called to the above Wine. Far superior to all common cherries, its chief recommendation is that it agrees perfectly well with persons who cannot take those wines, even of a high class. It is soft and old, free from heat, or the slightest approach to acidity, while its very moderate price recommends it for all large entertainments, as well as for the luncheon, dinner and supper table. It has met with the highest approval from the medical gentlemen of this city.
Also, in wood or bottle, old and new Brandies, Rums, Gins, Old Tom Gins, Irish, Scotch, and Canadian Whiskeys of Standard Brands.
Clarets, Champagnes, Hocks, Caracas, Maraschino, Chartreuse, Royal Italian Bitters, &c., in great variety.
Bibberts' and Guiness' Porter, Bass' and Allsopp's Ales, quarts and pints. Canadian Ale of Superior Quality, in Wood and Bottle.
Goods most confidently recommended, and may be so implicitly relied upon for perfect purity as if purchased in the largest wholesale establishment in the country.
Orders by mail with cash or city reference solicited and promptly attended to. No charge for delivery in the city. A discount to persons buying in quantity or by the original package. Inspection invited.
Price Lists, and every information, on application, or sent to any address.
WINE VAULTS AND OFFICE,
No. 11, Metcalfe-street,
Telegraph Co.'s Building, Ottawa.
January 27, 1868. 555y

FOR SALE
BY THE SUBSCRIBERS,
New Egyptian Dates,
Oranges, Lemons,
Grapes, Turkey Figs,
West End Raisins,
Dundee Marmalade,
Jams and Jellies,
Tomatoes in tins,
Peaches, "
Sweet Corn "
Lima Beans.
OYSTERS & HADDIES !
RECEIVED WEEKLY.
DALGLISH & RUSSELL,
Upper Town.
Ottawa, Jan. 18, 1868. 651y

SMITH & RODNEY
MERCHANT TAILORS and General Outfitters, Elgin-street, opposite the Russell House, and second door from the London Music Store, having just received a choice stock of
English, French and Canadian
CLOTHS and TWEEDS,
And a general assortment of gentlemen's furnishing goods, would intimate to their friends and the public generally that they are prepared to execute all orders in their line at the shortest notice, in the most approved styles and at prices that we defy competition.
Ottawa Oct. 1, 1867. 551tf

ROANOKE
Tobacco Company,
DANVILLE, VIRGINIA.
THIS Company having established at Montreal their General Agency for the Dominion of Canada, is now prepared to offer to the public an article in
SMOKING TOBACCO !
Superior to anything of the kind ever imported into the country, and pledge their long established character that the article now offered is the pure leaf from the
Virgin Hill Tops of Virginia.
The different brands and prices are as follows viz:
The "Prince of Wales," in 1 & 2 lb bls $1.00 per lb
" "Dominion Favorite" 1 & ½ " " 0 75 "
" "Navy," 1 & 2 " " 0.65 "
The prices are NET CASH in Montreal, and orders [accompanied by remittance] for 5 lbs and upwards will receive prompt attention. The tobacco will be forwarded to any address, by express or otherwise, as parties may direct.
Please address
F. W. HENSHAW,
Gen. Agent Dominion of Canada,
10 St. Sacrament-st.,
Montreal.
Montreal, Dec. 4, 1867. 607-4m

SNOW'S
Celebrated Fever Remedy.
A Sure and Certain Cure for Fever—Continued, Remittent, Intermittent, Typhoid, and Fever arising from Ordinary Colds.
THIS REMEDY has been used in Tropical climates for many years with the greatest success. It shortens the attack, reduces the fever gradually, and at the same time enables the system to throw off the poisonous effect of the on the blood and secretions generally.
PRICE—50 cents and $1 per Bottle. Sold Wholesale and Retail by
H. F. MacCARTHY,
Chemist, Ottawa City
Sole Agent for Dominion of Canada.
December 2, 1867. 579-3m

HOWE'S
Boot and Shoe Store.
REMOVAL.
AS the Lease of our Premises in Sussex-street terminates this month, we intend to confine our business to one locality, and shall remove the whole of our Stock on the 1st of May next, to our Store in
No. 10, Rideau-st.
Our stock of BOOTS and SHOES, LEATHER, SHOE FINDINGS, TRUNKS, &c., &c., will consequently be very large and most complete in every department, and we most respectfully solicit a continuance of favors, to merit which our constant endeavors will be as usual to provide the best articles and sell at the lowest remunerating prices.
G. HOWE & SON.
Remember the place—No. 10, Rideau-st. next to Howell's grocery.
April 27. 420y

FOUND.
NEAR the Market, Lower Town, an INDIA RUBBER CARRIAGE COVER. Apply at this office.
Ottawa, November 595tf

CITY NOTICES.

CITY OF OTTAWA
ADV

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

On no occasion will the names of the Advertisements be inserted here.

By Law—Henry J. Friel.
Auction Sale—H. McLean.
Maps, Books, &c.—J. Durie & Son.
Natural American Lubricating Oil—McKenzie & McKay.

The Ottawa Times
City and County Official Paper
TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 11 1868

We copy from the *Scottish American Journal* an article on the "Difficulties of the 'Dominion.'" The *Journal* appears to think that the Parliament at Ottawa will have to take action on the Nova Scotia repeal petition. The Dominion Legislature will not by any probability interfere with the question at all. It cannot be supposed that it would do otherwise than submit to the action of the Imperial Legislature, whatever it may be. But on the other hand we can well understand that the Imperial Government will carefully study the course of Dominion legislation towards the Province of Nova Scotia, with the view to discovering whether there is any substantial foundation for the charge that the material interests and prosperity of Nova Scotia have been injured by the Union. If the memorial sent to the Colonial Office shall be conceived in the same temper as the resolutions, the Imperial Government will, no doubt, undertake the discussion of the "constitutional" points with Mr. Wilkins. I cannot submit to the imputation of having passed an "unconstitutional" Act through the Imperial Parliament; nor of having wantonly abrogated an "irrevocable" constitution. This discussion will take a little time, and before the merits of the question can be reached, the effect of the new constitution on the prosperity of Nova Scotia will have had some practical illustration. In the meantime we believe that the "forbearance and liberality" invoked by the *Journal*, will be practiced by the rest of the Dominion towards Nova Scotia.

That the report of a great increase in the number, and consequently in the circulation of obscene publications in the United States is well founded, there is abundant evidence in the fact that some four or five new journals of this abominable kind have been started within a few months, and all appear to drive a flourishing business.

We are not surprised, though by no means flattered, to learn that our strictures on these publications have caused an increased local demand for them. A correspondent sends us a copy of three of these productions, of the names of which we had never before heard, though on enquiry, we find they command some customers at the counters of the news-dealers in this city; and that another of a still more notorious bad character has also been enquired for. Under these circumstances, we deem it our duty to invite the attention of our police authorities to the matter. Let the wares of the news agents be examined, and have the point at once formally tested whether the law as it stands is or is not sufficient, if put in force, to rid the country of this abomination. When we first called attention to the article in the *Globe* touching this question, we expressed our doubts of the propriety of the *Globe's* mode of treating it unless it were promptly followed up by the action of the authorities, and we trust that those who are "appointed over "us" in Ottawa for the good government of the city, will not fail to give the matter early attention, as no amount of newspaper condemnation will abate the nuisance; on the contrary, we think, it will have a tendency in the opposite direction, and our only desire in writing about the matter at all, was in the first place to incite the prompt action of the authorities to stop the sale of these publications, and secondly to put heads of families and others responsible for the guidance and direction of youth on their guard as to the kind of literature which may fall into the hands of those under their charge. This much is required in the interests of morality and public decency, and we hope it will not be delayed.

It is stated in the *Globe* that some of the members of the Legislature of Ontario desire to include the salaries of those employed in the Public Service at Ottawa within the operation of the new Assessment Act now before the Assembly. The reason given for the contemplated proceeding is the fact that one of the public servants is engaged [illegible] &c. It may be as well to bear in mind that while reasons of kindness were not absent from the minds of those who in the last session of the old Canadian Parliament were responsible for the exemption of these salaries from income tax, there were also reasons of a local nature, as well as reasons of State, which were deemed of greater weight than any considerations of kindness. Perhaps no city in Canada is more heavily assessed for municipal purposes than the city of Ottawa. The influx of population consequent on the establishment of the Seat of Government here, represented a large addition to the revenue of the city, and from the nature of the case the members of the Public Service were at the outset required to bear more than their due proportion of such assessment.

The Corporation and citizens generally were not insensible to this fact, and for this, as well as another, reason to be mentioned presently they offered no objection when the exemption was made by Parliament. The second reason was that the river line which separates Upper from Lower Canada is not a very broad line, and the Corporation, as well as the land owners of Ottawa, were not anxious to multiply the reasons why Government servants should reside on the Lower Canada, instead of the Upper Canada side of the river. If in addition to cheaper lands the attraction of "no taxes" is added, then very material reasons would present themselves to aid was required cheap locations for residence. Apart from such considerations, there were reasons of state which governed the proceedings. It was stated, and fairly stated, that it ought not to be within the power of a subordinate Legislature, whether Provincial or Municipal, to override the Supreme Parliament on such a subject. The latter for example having determined that the pay of a public servant shall be $1,200 per annum, it should not be competent to the former to say, "No it shall "not be $1,200, it shall be only $1,100." Again the public servants resident at Ottawa are drafted from four Provinces, three of which have not enacted, and are not as we believe to think, likely to enact an assessment of our incomes.

The precedent by which the Public Buildings of the Dominion have been placed on the extreme fringe of the Province of Ontario should not be taken advantage of by the Legislature of that Province to reverse the decision of a superior tribunal, and especially when such a decision, taken to some extent based on considerations of personal kindness, was arrived at mainly on the ground of local advantage and public policy.

The St. Patrick's Society of Montreal appears to have got itself into a mess in expelling Mr. McGee from its membership. Mr. McGee never subscribed his name in the new list after the beginning of January 1867, and consequently was not a member of the Society, as reconstituted in April last. Nevertheless the Society after several months' reflection concluded that it would "turn him "out," though he did not belong to it, but at the last meeting, a motion to reconsider this resolution at the next meeting was carried after a warm discussion. Mr. McGee not having subscribed to the new books was not a member, but the old books being conveniently found, it was held that the Society might indulge in the freak of expelling him. Even already this action has been set aside or suspended, so that perhaps at the next meeting it may be declared that he is still a member. In the meantime it is gratifying to know from Mr. McGee himself that he has nothing to do, and will have nothing to do with the Society under its present management, as the following letter to the Editor of the Montreal *News* explains:

"Sir,—I have read with a good deal of surprise in your paper of this morning this statement:

'We are informed that at the regular monthly meeting of the St. Patrick's Society, held on Monday evening last—Mr. P. Donovan in the chair—it was moved by Mr. E. Sheehan, seconded by Mr. J. O'Farrell, that at the next meeting, to be held on the first Monday in March, the motion for expelling the Hon. Mr. McGee from membership be reconsidered. After a long and stormy discussion the resolution of Mr. Sheehan was declared carried.'

"Will you allow me space to say that this resolution, as it relates to myself, was as wholly unknown to me as the gentlemen mentioned above are personally unknown to me, and that, *under the circumstances, short of a thorough reformation of the Society*, as recently constituted, could I consent to my name being entered on the new books. To be creditable to any one, a National Society ought to be above suspicion.

"Yours truly,
"THOMAS D'ARCY McGEE."

Montreal, Feb 7, 1868.

NOVA SCOTIA RELIEF FUND.

I beg to acknowledge the receipt of seven dollars and thirty-two cents by the hands of Mr. Thomas Warwicker, being the amount collected in the Baptist Church in this city, in aid of the distressed fishermen of Nova Scotia.

J. Fraser,
Treasurer N. S. F. R. F.

Ottawa, Feb. 10, 1868.

FROM TORONTO.

Special to THE TIMES.

Toronto, Feb. 10, 1868.

In the House to-day after a number of petitions had been presented, Reports of Committees were received; and several Bills were read a third time and passed, a lengthy discussion took place on the E. and N. R. R. After recess the House, with Mr. Scott, of Ottawa, in the Chair, took up the Agricultural Bill.

A fire broke out in Brown Bros. book bindery, Kingston, on Saturday afternoon, and destroyed property amounting to about five hundred dollars.

The thermometer was to-day ten degrees below zero.

A NEW LUBRICATOR.

In our advertising columns will be found the announcement of Messrs. McKenzie & McKay, sole agents in Canada for the "American Natural Lubricating Oils," prepared by the "Volcanic Oil and Coal Company" of Western Virginia, the superior advantages of which are briefly stated in the advertisement, and a few certificates published from well known firms who have fully tested it. Mr. T. H. McKenzie, of McKenzie & McKay, a gentleman well and favorably known to the commercial community of Western Canada for more than a quarter of a century, will be in this city during the present week, for the purpose of introducing it to our millers and machinists. We can bespeak for Mr. McKenzie a kindly reception, as his own experience and character are in themselves a guarantee that the article is what it has been represented to be. The *Leader* and *Globe* of Toronto, and the *Spectator* and *Times* of Hamilton, have used this oil for months and they all speak of it in the highest terms of praise. It was only in May last that it was introduced into the West, yet it has now come into very general use, and the agents have numerous certificates testifying to its superiority as a lubricator over any other oil now in the market. We, therefore, recommend the millers and machinists of Ottawa to give the article a fair trial, as they will have the opportunity of doing in the course of a few days.

LOCAL NEWS.

Police Court.—Wm. Stockdale charged his apprentice, James Kehoe, with refusing to work after hours. The case was proved, and the defendant was ordered to pay one dollar and costs, or to be imprisoned in the common jail for the space of one week.

The Skating Rink. Gowan's Band will play this evening from eight o'clock till ten. The ice is now in splendid condition, and skaters will have the pleasure of gliding about to the harmony of sweet sounds to their heart's content.

Masonic Jewels, Designs, &c.—Messrs. Young & Radford are prepared to furnish all kinds of Masonic Jewels, in the highest style of the art, on the shortest notice, and at the cheapest rates. All kinds of Jewellery repaired.

Caught at Last.—William Jackson was arrested yesterday in the store of Mr. Robinson, of the Tea Pot, Sussex-st., having been "caught in the fact of the overt act" of stealing a pot of jelly. He was lodged in jail, and will appear to answer for *this* sin at the Police Court this morning.

Fine Game.—We learn that two very fine moose deer were brought home from Lower Canada (Quebec) on Saturday last, where they were killed by Mr. McNab. We did not see them, but they are represented as being fine animals, of remarkable size and beauty.

Watches and Jewellery.—Young & Radford have on hand all styles of the celebrated American watch—the cheapest and best watch for the money. Also the Canada watch. They have also on hand a very choice selection of rare and valuable jewellery. Call and examine.

Scarlet Fever. This epidemic prevails in the city at present to a very unusual extent. In some localities it is worse than others, but its prevalence is pretty general. Hitherto, however, it has appeared in its mildest forms, and in most cases there has been an absence of the dreaded putrid sore throat. Scarlet fever, as most people know, is contagious though all do not take it even when brought into contact with those who have it, especially where good health and a sound constitution exist. At the time of its prevalence, especially parents should be careful to keep their children well and comfortably clad and fed, and their dwellings comfortably warm and not be sparing of soap and water. There is another thing that should be borne in mind—parents having scarlet fever in the family should on no account send either of their other children to school; it is unjust, and there are, we hope, few people so regardless of their neighbors as to do so, if they considered the matter at all. School boards and the heads of private schools should take measures to prevent children from attending school at such times, when a clean bill of health cannot be presented. There is good reason to fear that too little precaution has been taken in this respect, and that to-day there are children going to school, some of whose brothers or sisters are at home down in this disease. In the absence of any positive instructions from their several boards, teachers should at once institute inquiries and act upon their information according to their judgment.

THE SILVER QUESTION.

To the Editor of the TORONTO LEADER.

Mr. Editor,—On the 4th inst., you published an article headed the Silver Difficulty, in which you set forth the scheme proposed by the merchants of Montreal for the purpose of getting rid of the American depreciated silver, which is supposed to be so plentifully circulated amongst us, as to have a deleterious effect on its value. The scheme is simply an outburst of indignation against a circumstance which they cannot control, and rather than be outdone by the drawer in the position it now occupies in Canada, they now feel inclined to vent their spleen against its receiving a further power of doing them any more harm, and they are now found ready and willing not only to submit to their past loss, but are proposing amongst themselves making a purchase or collection of some five hundred thousand dollars of said silver at the present rate of exchange, and send it away out of Canada to whence it came. So far, I suppose, the merchants of Montreal have the future good of the Dominion at heart, but I doubt their premises can be sustained. I beg to differ with them in the mode in which they propose dealing with the silver, for I consider it bad policy in them to think of sending it away out of Canada. I have no objection to them for withdrawing it from circulation, as by doing so silver will rise to par with gold in Canada; but I object to sending it away *in toto*. For the following reasons: We can withdraw it from circulation as one without sustaining any further loss or detriment by exchanging it, as proposed by the Montreal merchants. The quantity of silver which we have in circulation is too precious to us as a nation; to seek to part with it at a further loss, now that it is ours and paid for; but let us withdraw it from circulation by substituting it with legal tender notes issued by our Federal Government, which will be covered by the silver withdrawn, and be redeemable after a time with silver, they being made legal tender in Canada for all debts, dues and demands; but one exception, namely, *exchange*, but for every other purpose that money is used for in Canada. In this manner we secure the total withdrawal of all the American silver now in circulation in this Dominion. The Federal Government making two propositions to the depositors of silver, first, they will reserve the American silver reduced to par with gold, and grant certificates of deposit, bearing interest at six per cent. paid annually to the certificate holders; second, they will reserve said silver from depositors, and substitute it with legal tender notes issued by them on a silver basis, payable after, say ten years, and be redeemable with silver, or be left optional with the Government to redeem with silver or gold. In this latter case no certificate of deposit will, or need, be given, all the foregoing agreed to by Parliament assembled then.

Our Federal Government would enact by law, that all American silver coin now in circulation in the Dominion of Canada, on and after the first day of April next ensuing, will cease to be passed in payment as money or coin in Canada, and all American silver circulating as money or coin in Canada up to the first day of April next ensuing will be received by the Federal Government of Canada until such a date, by the chartered banks of this Dominion appointed by Government to receive said silver on their account, and substitute the same with Government legal tender notes. No deposit to be made in less sums than one hundred dollars, silver to be put up in rolls, each denomination to be put up separately, and in rolls of $5, $10, and fifty cent pieces $20; all rolls to have the initials of the depositors and packages, name in full; all deposits made to be guaranteed free from spurious coins and correctly counted, otherwise be held liable for double the amount of the error made (this is preventive.) The silver received by Government to be held in trust by them for the redemption of the legal tender notes, when they reach their maturity; but the American silver thus withdrawn from circulation shall no more go into circulation as coin or money in the Dominion of Canada; but may be converted into gold by the Federal Government, or coined anew into Dominion silver currency, or be purchased by brokers as bullion. In this manner we retain the American silver for our own use and benefit, to be used hereafter as we think proper. The legal tender notes may be issued in sums of $100, and from that down to $1, fifty cents, and twenty-five cent notes, for the present, as we have no small currency.

John Forbes.

Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1868.

Cotton no Longer King.—Cotton goods are now nearly as cheap as before the American war. Garland, Mutchmor & Co. have lately received a few bales of gray and white cottons, shirtings and prints, purchased since the great fall in prices. Parties requiring any description of dry goods would do well to see their stock before purchasing. 591y

Ayer's American Almanac has now arrived and is now ready for delivery, gratis, by the city druggists, to all who call for it. Our readers may be surprised to know that this little pamphlet, which has become so much a favorite in our section, has quite the largest circulation of any one book in the world, except the Bible. It is printed in many languages, and scattered through many nations, as well as supplied to almost the entire population of our vast domain. Every family should keep it, for it contains information which all are liable to require, when sickness overtakes them, and which may prove invaluable from its being at hand in season. If you take our advice, you will call and get an Ayer's Almanac, and when got, keep it.

CABLE NEWS.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

London, Feb. 9.—Selwyn is sure to succeed Sir Wm. Erle as Chief Justice of the Court of Common Pleas.

It is understood that the American Minister, Mr. Adams, will leave England next April.

The Fenian Capt. Mackay, who was arrested on Friday last at Cork, is charged with leading the attack on the Martello Tower at Duncannon.

Paris, Feb. 9.—The Bill for the Regulation of the Press is still under discussion in the Corps Legislatif. Last week the Liberals proposed an amendment to the Bill, to insert a clause specially providing for the trial by jury of all offences of the press. After a heated debate the vote was taken yesterday, on the amendment, and it was defeated by 200 nays to 5 yeas.

The French Government has consented to expel the Hanoverian refugees from France.

Florence, Feb. 9 Eve.—During the stay of Admiral Farragut in Italy, the fleet under his command will be stationed on the coast between Genoa and Civita Vecchia.

Berlin, Feb. 9. At an interview last week, Bismarck told Gen. Carl Schurz that it was the most earnest desire of the King of Prussia to cultivate the good will of the people of the United States. This favorable disposition of the King of Prussia is regarded by the Americans here as most important, in view of the necessity which may arise for the selection of some European power as umpire in the pending difficulties between the United States and Great Britain.

London, Feb. 9.—The feeling of uneasiness created by the threatening appearance of affairs in Northern Turkey, has somewhat subsided. The reports of the troubles on the Danube prove greatly exaggerated.

THIS MORNING'S DESPATCHES.

London, Feb. 10. The evidence against McKay, the Fenian, in the examination on Saturday appeared conclusive, and he was fully committed. Several of those attempting his rescue were also fully committed. Two policemen were dangerously wounded in the attempt at rescue.

Berlin, Feb. 10.—The National Customs Conference, which will soon assemble here, is regarded not only as important to the interests of commerce, but as likely to advance in no slight degree the progress of German unity. The national party, taking advantage of the opportunity, are assiduously laying their plans to give a political character to the approaching conference, which it is expected will embrace representatives from all sections of the Fatherland.

London, Feb. 10. Marquis D'Azeglio, who since 1851 has been the Ambassador of Italy to the Court of St. James, has sent his resignation to the King of Italy, and requests to be recalled at an early day.

Liverpool, Feb. 10.—The protracted strike of the cabmen in this city has ended.

London, Feb 10. The guards of constables and soldiers in and around Warwick Jail, where the Fenian Burke is still confined, have been doubled, and many additional precautions have been taken in consequence of reports that the Fenians threaten to rescue their leader by force. Much excitement prevails in Warwick. The citizens volunteered in large numbers to serve as special constables.

Cork, Feb. 10.—Last night a squad of policemen, who were patrolling the city, were surrounded by a crowd of men in the street, who commenced an attack upon them with clubs and stones. The policemen being greatly outnumbered, fell back to the nearest station. They were chased some distance by the mob, several of whom during the flight of the police, fired upon them with pistols and other firearms, none of the latter, however, were shot. As soon as they reached the neighborhood of the station, the pursuit ceased, and when the police were reinforced and sallied out, the crowd had dispersed. As the night was dark and thick, none of the attacking party could be distinctly seen or recognized, and though the officers are actively searching for the suspected leaders, they have not been able to effect any arrests.

Cork, Feb 10.—The police have succeeded in arresting many persons who are suspected to have taken part in the riotous attempt to rescue Captain McKay. It is reported among those arrested two have been identified as the men who shot the two policemen on that occasion, but as no examination has yet taken place, nothing definite is known.

Dublin, Feb. 10 Eve.—The Grand Jury to whom the cases of the Fenians now in the prisons of the city are to be presented to-day, assembled at the Court House. Lord Fitzgerald, Chief Justice of the Court of Appeals, delivered the charge to the Jury, in which he deplored in strong language the outrages which had been perpetrated, and the reckless and lawless spirit now prevailing in Ireland. The Grand Jury then withdrew to their chamber and commenced their labors. Two indictments have been found against the prisoner Lennon, one is for treason and one for murder, he being charged with shooting the policeman at Stepaside. The prisoner Pigot has been indicted on the charge of sedition.

SPECIAL TELEGRAMS FROM EUROPE.

Remarkable Change of French Policy Towards Rome—The Spanish Papal Legion to be Dissolved—Admiral Farragut in Italy—Important from Abyssinia—Water Found near the British Lines—The Coast Shore Lighted for Naval Purposes.

New York, Feb 9.—Special telegrams dated Paris and Madrid on Saturday state that the Emperor Napoleon had altered his policy towards the Pope, in a sudden and remarkable manner. His Majesty evinces a disposition to abandon his position as champion of the Holy See, assured, it is said, of the existence of Bourbon intrigues, radiating from Rome. The Imperial diplomacy with Rome becomes colder, while the friendly relations hitherto existing with Victor Emmanuel are to be revived. Queen Isabella, of Spain, is forced to dissolve the Papal Legion which was being recruited under her warrant in Madrid, as Napoleon flatly objects to its service in the cause of the Holy See.

A special cable telegram from Florence, yesterday, states that Admiral Farragut remained in the Italian Capital, a much honored visitor. The United States fleet was at Spezzia.

A special telegram from Abyssinia, forwarded by way of Alexandria and Malta, and from London through the Atlantic Cable, says a strong force of British troops advanced from the camp at Senafe, towards the interior, on the 24th of January. Water had been bored for according to an American plan, and was found in abundance near the English line of march. The coast shore had been lighted by the English for naval purposes. The camp followers from India were being returned home. The Egyptian Governor of Massowah was recalled with the approval of the British authorities.

AMERICAN NEWS.

THIS MORNING'S DESPATCHES.

Fires.

New York, Feb. 9.—A fire broke out last night in a large building on the corner of John and Gold-sts. Loss $100,000.

Pittsburg, Feb. 9.—A fire this morning destroyed the extensive publishing house of English & Co. Loss $145,000.

Boston, Feb. 10.—The Vermont House, at Island Pond, Vt., was burned last night.

China.

San Francisco, Feb 10.—A fire occurred in Hong Kong, Nov. 27, which destroyed all of Jervis-st. and part of Bonham-st. A number of buildings were blown up to prevent the spread of the conflagration. The British Consulate was attacked by a party of armed Chinese on the night of Dec. 1st. Two of the assailants were shot. The war in the north between the Imperial and Rebel forces is being vigorously waged. Full particulars have been received of a great battle at Suing-tung Promontory, in which the Imperialists defeated the Rebel army with an estimated loss of 80,000. The Imperialists subsequently were defeated in several engagements with heavy loss.

From South America.

New York, Feb. 10.—The *Herald's* Jamaica correspondent says late dates from Guatemala contain an official denial, on the part of the Minister of Foreign Affairs, of reports that a war was imminent between that country and Mexico. Peru advices state that 10[illegible] of Consecas men had been killed by the explosion of Bravos' powder magazine. Advices from Hayti state that Salnave was in the field against the Cacos, and was believed to have met some reverses.

Gen. Banks' Bill.

The *World's* Washington special says Gen. Banks, who has been confined to his room for several days past, expects to be in his seat in time to close the debate on his Bill, protecting naturalized citizens in foreign countries. He will oppose all amendments, and says the Bill as it now stands will bring the United States and England into direct issue at once.

The Extreme Cold.

Chicago, Feb. 10.—Despatches from the west and northwest indicate that last night was the coldest of the season. The thermometer at eight this morning at Rock Island stood at 28 degrees below zero; at Dixon 40 below; Free Port 28 below; Cherry Valley 33 below; Sparta, Wis., 51 below.

DIFFICULTIES OF THE DOMINION.

The Address with which the Lieutenant-Governor of Nova Scotia opened the Local Legislature is the first official recognition of the movement which is in progress in that Province for severing connection with the Government of the Dominion. We were inclined for a time to attribute the contest between the friends and opponents of Confederation to the partisanship which always divides the *ins* and the *outs*, and on this ground we supposed that discontent would cease when the party then in opposition entered upon administration of the newly organized Government. But events have not verified this expectation. The Anti-Confederates who swept the polls at the last election are now in power, and they are resolutely endeavoring to undo the work accomplished by their predecessors. The Montreal *Gazette* has information that the Attorney-General will introduce a series of resolutions declaring that the delegates to Great Britain had no authority to commit the Province to Confederation; and an Address to the Queen will follow, praying for release from the terms of the Union proclamation. This course will be in consonance with the Lieutenant-Governor's expressed conviction, "that if the people should desire any political changes, they will seek the attainment of that object through their representatives in a constitutional manner." A large majority of the present Legislature are known advocates of no less political change than the repeal of the Union so lately sanctioned by the Imperial Government, and the plan of action attributed to the Government is evidently constitutional.

We shall not attempt to argue the *pros* and *cons* of the question which the Nova Scotia legislators propose to reopen. We have a deep conviction that if the British-American Provinces are to retain their connection with the parent country, their Union on some condition is indispensable. We are persuaded, too, that with a Confederated Empire stretching from Halifax to Vancouver, the future of Nova Scotia would be one of *great prosperity*. But we do not presume to judge whether the conditions of the present alliance are or are not the best that Nova Scotia should have obtained, or whether the Ministers who acted for the Province in the London conference did or did not exceed their powers. These are matters which the people of the Province may be properly left to determine for themselves.

The question possesses a wider interest and significance when considered in its bearings upon the position of the Dominion and the policy of the Empire. To both this powerful effort for repeal must be extremely embarrassing. It interferes with the calculations of the Dominion, threatens it with disruption and the loss of its Atlantic port, arrests the project of an international railway, and raises the issue of secession in a shape that embraces the future. The British Government, again, will find its cherished plans disarranged, and its policy toward it, by the application of the Nova Scotia Parliament.

We shall await with a curiosity not unmixed with anxiety the answer of Ottawa and London to the prayer of Nova Scotia. The responsibility of the decision will rest with the British authorities, though we presume that they will not finally act until the Dominion Legislature shall have been heard from. The question is one which we should gladly have seen averted, but being raised in a formal way with the support of a Legislative majority, it ought to be met candidly and carefully. For if it be made manifest that a majority of the people of the province are averse to the present Union, and hold that they were forced into it by the unauthorized measures of those who professed to speak in their behalf, it is quite certain that they are entitled to seek a revision of the terms of the Union, and even its abrogation. Nor can London object without setting at nought the principles of self government which it long ago conceded to the colonies.

What is to be hoped for is such a display of moderation and fairness on all sides as shall soften existing asperities, and render possible the removal of discontent. It is there, and must be met with good or bad results. Coercion will not succeed. The day is past when organized disaffection can be safely disregarded, or when power can wisely withhold a rectification even of accidental wrongs. Forbearance and liberality are qualities essential to the success of the Dominion, and on them it must mainly rely in its struggle with local difficulties.—*Scottish American Journal.*

GEORGE FRANCIS TRAIN'S EXPERIENCE IN CORK GAOL.

"Cell 12, Cork Jail, (spelt Gaol on cell warrant), Monday, Jan. 20.

"Dear Parker Pillsbury: Am prohibited from writing editors by the Governor. Can receive no letters, nor send any, except initialed by him with initials in red ink, 'J J.' As I write Durant to-day in London, they have taken away everything but my gayety, so pardon this colored paper. I have been in many jails, but never before in a murderer's cell. The Government, however, kindly pay my board. Inasmuch as I dropped one hundred thousand dollars in giving them street railways, it is but fair that I get back some interest. My cell is nine feet square; walls, two feet thick, lock, one foot square; sky ten inches long, window glass a point; straw bed; no pillow; no dust on cold stone floor; no candle allowed. Hence from 5 p.m. to 7 a.m., 14 hours in dark. No clothes since we sailed Friday night. Body searched, but not examined to see if I was a Hebrew. Nothing left on my person but these few sheets of Dominion Gayety. No knife to clean fingers; no comb for hair. No one allowed to come into my cell. Came in with police escort armed with Snyder breech-loaders, and am not allowed to see a newspaper. Know nothing of what has transpired since leaving New York, Jan. 8. Theory of British law, every body innocent till found guilty. Practice, everybody guilty till found innocent. No letters to pass are allowed to pass, unless first submitted to Sir Thomas Larcom, the high authority of Dublin.

"First night was whistling 'Yankee-Doodle,' when I was peremptorily stopped by the jailer; not allowed. Sang 'Hail Columbia' and 'Happy Land'—not allowed again rules. Was told if I repeated I should be reported. So I began to talk. Reminding me of Peter Cagger, of the Albany Regency, at Chicago—'Unless the gentleman comes to order, I shall be obliged to call him by name.'

"Should you see Mrs. Stanton and Miss Anthony tell them that their paper caused the trouble. They gave me fifty copies and some of the *Woman's Right, Kansas Epigram, Campaign in Kansas*, pamphlets. My Irish paper passed, but the word Revolution—the name of the paper—was too much—all were at once confiscated. Police authorities read it through; the book and the paper was submitted to the Inspector General, and he brought me before the magistrate. They read the articles on Finance, Press, Women, and Miss Anthony's speech at Railing on the American papers, and treason was at once pronounced, and here I am. Give yours if no trouble. Shed no tears. My friends Beecher, Phillips, Greeley, and Tilton will be sure that I get my deserts. I have just finished a long statement to the London *Times*, but the governor has prohibited it. Of course, I have heard nothing from Adams. Probably playing Poker with Stanley, as Seward used to play whist with Lord Lyons. Sincerely,

"G. F. Train.

"Cell 12, Cork Jail, January 21."

Young and Radford have the largest, best, and cheapest stock of watches to be found in Ottawa. They have also on hand a very choice and varied assortment of Electro-plated ware, and Fancy Goods. They do all kinds of repairing and jewelry making in first-class style. 666y

EBB AND FLOW OF CANADIAN POPULATION.

The Quebec Legislature is asked to inquire into the causes of "the lamentable emigration" turned to the United States, "and to devise means for the arrest of the same." The subject naturally requires attention. Year after year the exodus from the Province continues unabated. Thousands of its people cross the border, season after season, in search of the employment they fail to receive at home, or in quest of new homes in localities more favorable to the prosecution of agriculture.

A smaller but no less steady stream flows in the same direction from Ontario. Go where you will in the Western States, you meet settlers from Western Canada. Illinois, Wisconsin, Missouri, Iowa and Minnesota, boast of them in large numbers. The Ontario Legislature may, then, with some propriety, be invited to consider a question identical with that which demands consideration in Quebec.

Nothing is more certain than that it will be idle for Canada to hope for a large emigration until it puts an end to the immigration which it continually suffers. Its population increases, we admit. Its progress in improvement, in enterprise and wealth goes on at a rate which few outside its boundaries are aware. Its settlements are spreading, and its people, especially in Ontario, have a full average of comfort. Still, the growth is not what it should be, nor what it would be if the flow to the United States ceased. The tidal wave sweeps back a large percentage of the elements which constitute advancement.

But what remedies are available? What can be done by the Quebec Legislature to keep French Canadians at home?—or by the Ontario Legislature to arrest a loss which it cannot afford? The promoter of the investigation in the former instance points to diversity of employment by the introduction of manufactures; for which no country in the world is better adapted. But how can legislation develop the enterprise which is now so sadly deficient. What can acts of Parliament do toward turning to account the magnificent water power which now remains neglected? The queries are more easily put than answered.

The Ontario problem is not so difficult of solution. There, legislation may do much to remove hindrances, and to promote settlement. The land system needs reform. And a homestead law worthy of the name is wanted to assure the toil worn settler the profits of his labor. Both were promised at the opening of the session, but so far we have looked in vain for evidence of their realization. What purports to be a homestead bill has indeed been introduced by the Government, but it is so framed as to be far below the homestead laws of the Western States, that its enactment will amount to nothing. Its proposed operation is limited to a very small class, and its duration is also circumscribed. In its scope and in its details, it is the work of a hard, dry, mechanical lawyer, having no sympathy with the wants of the people, and no appreciation of what has been elsewhere accomplished.

One drawback there is which only the Government of the Dominion can hope to overcome. The temptation from which Ontario and Quebec both suffer is furnished by the prairies of the Western States. The forest, with its prolonged toil, is prejudiced by the rich garden which awaits the coming of the settler in Iowa or Minnesota. To counteract the effect of the contrast, and to retain within the Dominion the population it has or may derive from immigration, the opening and organization of its North West territories must be hastened with a degree of liberality and wisdom which shall secure their settlement. The Dominion has resources enough to enrich and satisfy all its people, if its law-makers prove equal to their opportunities.

AWFUL TRAGEDY.

A WOMAN KILLS HER FIVE CHILDREN WITH AN AXE.

[From the Pembroke Observer.]

Seldom does it fall to the lot of a Canadian journalist to have to chronicle an occurrence equalling in horror and magnitude that which we are about to faintly describe, and happy it is that such events are exceedingly rare in the history of the country. Murders, it is true, are only too common in this civilized age, among civilized people, but rarely is humanity shocked by hearing of the destruction of a family by the hand of a parent. In the township of Alice, near the town of Pembroke, live, or rather lived, a German family by the name of Webber. The family consisted of the father,—a tailor, who earned his living by working round among his neighbors—his wife and six children. The father is said to be a peaceable and industrious man, and his wife had the reputation of being a kind and affectionate mother, though some years before she had exhibited symptoms of insanity; two daughters, the eldest about 15 or 16 years of age, and four sons, made up their family. On Friday last, 31st ultimo, the father being out at work, the eldest daughter went out to milk the cows, but before she got through was called into the house by her mother. On reaching there she was startled to find her mother standing in the entrance with an axe, and remarking to her, "They are all dead," or words to that effect, but on looking into the house, the horrible sight of her younger sisters and brothers lying around the room, gashed and bleeding, met her eyes, and she sped in wild terror to one of the neighbors. It is said that the mother was making demonstrations to make her a victim also, but she got out of her way in time to prevent it. Word of the horrible affair was soon afterwards received in Pembroke, when Dr. McKusic, coroner, repaired to the place, and held an inquest at once, after which the woman was conveyed to the jail in Pembroke, to await further proceedings on the part of the authorities. Three of the children were dead when the coroner arrived at the scene of the tragedy, another died while the inquest was being held. Four of them were buried on Sunday last.

Insanity, as will at once be inferred, was the cause of this awful and unnatural act. About ten years ago, while yet in Germany, her husband tells of her killing a cow with an axe, while in a similar frenzy. Up to Friday last, the derangement in her mind seems to have slept, as there appears to have been no danger apprehended by her friends, of violence on her part; on the contrary, those who knew her speak of the great amount of affection and tenderness she always manifested for her children. On the morning in question, the children, it is believed, from the circumstances gathered, had just got up out of bed, and were standing round the stove, when the old demon of insanity returned with redoubled power, and urged the wretched woman to the committal of the most unnatural act the mind can conceive. The axe was seized, and rapidly the deadly blows descended on the heads of the poor children, cleaving their skulls, and scattering their brains in a horrible manner. Awful indeed, must be the power of this unknown agency, which thus drove a mother, naturally tender, to the destruction of her nearest and dearest! It is strange that no screams or other noises were heard by the daughter outside, who was only a short distance from the house. The horrid work must have been accomplished almost in a moment, with all the vehemence and cunning that insanity engenders, preventing alike any unusual noise and escape on the part of the bewildered children.

The spectacle, on entering the scene of the butchery, when the inquest commenced, is described as sickening and pitiable in the extreme. Three of the children were already cold in death, and the other two barely alive, were lying where they had fallen, with the ghastly wounds in their heads, precluding the possibility of recovery. One of those yet alive, and, in addition, part of one hand cut off, the little thing having, probably, on the same principle that "drowning men catch at straws," mechanically clasped its hand over its head to ward off the descending blow. Altogether, it was a shocking sight, and taken in connection with the cause and the circumstances, it was no wonder that the strongest nerves were unstrung, and those accustomed to view death and suffering in every shape turned from the sight with shuddering. We will spare our readers from further details. After the inquest, the coroner, Dr. McKusic, committed the woman to the county jail, in Pembroke, where she now is awaiting the further action of the legal authorities. Since her commitment, the wretched being has come to her usual senses, but save a few half-meaningless expressions, has said very little in connection with the affair, and is not apparently disposed to speak at all on the subject. Her mental agony appears to be excessive, as evinced by constant moaning and rocking to and fro, while the tearless eyes seem to denote an extremity of inward suffering too great to be relieved by tears.

Since writing the above, we learn that one of the children is still living—the one with the mutilated hand—though it cannot recover, so dreadful is the wound inflicted.

THE FAMINE IN PRUSSIA.

[Extract from a Private Letter in the London Times.]

The newspapers may have told you of the distress occasioned in these districts by the failure of last year's crops; but you can form no possible conception of our misery. The largest landholders, instead of having produce to sell, and their supply only sufficient for their own till February. The smaller ones, myself among the number, have harvested but five bushels of potatoes from land which ordinarily yields eighty; and, as to other crops, have actually and literally obtained nothing whatever. For ourselves, at whatever sacrifice of comfort, we can manage, and need neither starve nor freeze. Besides, the Government assists us landholders by loans upon our property. But the distress is truly awful among the day laborers and the small "rack-renters," who live entirely from hand to mouth, depending upon daily labor for daily bread. To give employment, railways and roads have been undertaken by the Government; but we live leagues away from the projected lines, and are experiencing such cold as has been unknown for many years. The thermometer registered once 28 degrees (of Reaumur), and averages 15 degrees. And stonebreaking is heartbreaking for our poor, [illegible] * * * Day by day they come imploring help from me, shaking with cold and hunger, and nearly all with fingers, toes, ears, or noses frostbitten. It is sorrowful enough to see, but still more so to see without being able to aid; for though as yet each suppliant has received some trifling alms, it is too trifling to be of any permanent avail. * * * The children, the widows, the old, and the sick was almost worse off. In rooms encrusted all over with ice, without fuel or warm clothing, they lie shivering in bed, vainly trying to sleep away their hunger; the want of fuel hinders others from cooking the few handfuls of flour they have been able to beg. * * * In my whole parish there is no wealthy resident, and they all cry to me, and my burden is great.

VAST MILITARY PREPARATIONS EVERYWHERE.

[From the London Daily News, January 24.]

It is a curious phenomenon, if not a strange contradiction, that while all the governments of Europe are proclaiming their desire for the continuance of peace, the preparation of arms and armaments was never so active as it is at present on almost every side. In Italy the Minister of Marine has asked the Chamber of Deputies for a supplementary credit to meet the cost of the armament of nine iron-plated vessels and the alteration of the carbines of the Royal Marines. The Spanish Chambers have unanimously passed an armament bill, and the Government, it is said, have applied to the United States for the purchase of 50,000 needle guns. A telegraphic despatch from Vienna intimates that the Servian Government have made a similar application at Vienna for the purchase of 20,000 guns, and that it was refused. The Chambers of Stuttgard, of Munich and of Brussels are discussing army bills. Notwithstanding the pacific declarations of the Berlin journals, if the Times *Gazette* is correctly informed, Prussia is making immense war preparations; her troops are already concentrating on the Silesian and Saxon frontiers, and with such a formidable accumulation of military material that one would imagine we were on the eve of a second Sadowa campaign. The *Nord*, which speaks for the pacific policy of Russia, and maintains that to that policy it is owing that the peace of Europe has not been broken before this time, copies an article from the *Invalide Russe*, by which we find that Russia has augmented her active army to 700,000, but that she has an immense reserve, from which the army could at once be increased by 64 per cent. It is further stated that the army being no longer composed of serfs, the men are animated by the highest spirit. The state and private factories are busily employed in the manufacture of needle guns, of which the *Invalide* calculates that 800,000 will be ready in the course of the present year. The Carl rifle is the one adopted by the government, and the Russian organ evidently expects it will "do wonders." Rifled cannon and the preparation of the fortresses are not omitted from the peaceful anticipations of Russia. Even the Sovereign Pontiff of Rome is studying the art of maintaining peace by increasing his army 25,000 men. Such is the condition of Continental Europe as presented by its press in the first month of 1868.

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY.

6 Hospital Street,
2 doors from St. Francois Xavier Street.

It has been established, by the best medical authority, that one-half the nervous diseases are caused by drinking impure Tea. The Company have imported a supply of Teas that can be warranted pure, and free from poisonous substances, in boxes of 10, 15, 20 and 25 lbs., and upwards.

Black Tea.—Common Congou, Broken Leaf, Strong Tea, 45c., 50c.; Fine Flavored New Season do., 55c.; Excellent Full Flavored do., 75c.; Sound Oolong, 40c., 45c.; Rich Flavored do., 60c.; Very Fine do. do., 75c.; Japan Good, Very Good, 58c.; Finest, 75c.

Green Tea.—Twankay Common, 35c.; Fine do., 55c.; Young Hyson, 50c. and 60c.; Fine do., 75c.; Superfine and Very Choice, $1.

A saving will be made, by purchasing direct from the importers, quality and purity considered. All orders for boxes of 20 or 25 lbs., or two 12 lbs., sent carriage-free to the country. Teas not mentioned in this circular equally cheap. The company having determined to take a stand in the Montreal market, weight, quality and circular may be implicitly relied on. Where a 20 lb. box would be too much two or three clubbing together could divide. In writing you will oblige by addressing thus: Montreal Tea Company, 6 Hospital-st., Montreal. An excellent Mixed Tea could be sold for 60c.; very good for common purposes, 50c. Buyers living beyond Railway Stations will please send Post Office order, or enclose notes. The carriage will be paid to the nearest station. Tea will be forwarded immediately on receipt of the order by mail containing money, or the money can be collected on delivery by Express-man, where there are Express Offices. A trial solicited.

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY,
6 Hospital Street,
First Street below Notre Dame Street.

☞ All boxes and chests sent from this establishment have the address of the Montreal Tea Company printed on them.

Cotton in Illinois.—It is estimated that Illinois alone will produce five hundred thousand bales of cotton next year, and we understand that the Government of the United States have given instructions to their General in command of the army in the South to have all the seed saved that is possible, for planting in that and other western States, but should their expectations not be fulfilled it is gratifying to know that we have a sovereign remedy for coughs, colds, cramps in the stomach, cholic, cholera morbus, and all complaints of the like nature, in the "Canadian Pain Destroyer," sold by all Medicine Dealers, 25 cents per bottle.

Two Questions Easily Answered.—Why should men wear beards? Because they are a great protection to the throat and lungs, and add much to their personal appearance. Why should we use "Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers"? Because when used for coughs, colds, tickling in the throat, hoarseness, &c., they act like a charm. Ministers and lawyers use them, physicians recommend them, and singers and public speakers say they are the very best medicine in existence for the cure of such complaints. Sold by all medicine dealers, at 25 cts. per box.

—Really this should be noticed. We observed in the Blue Treatise (which indeed is worthy the name of a scientific work) on page 13, an article headed lacteal vessels, &c. This is grand. Read it for yourselves, and understand the principles upon which the great Shoshonees remedy makes such wonderful cures of diseases of the stomach, lungs, liver, kidneys, &c. One of these valuable treatises accompanies each bottle of that peculiar Indian medicine, for sale everywhere.

OTTAWA MARKETS.

(Compiled expressly for the Times.)

Times Office, Ottawa, Feb 8.

Flour—Extra	8 25	@	8 50
No. 1	7 75	@	8 10
No. 2	6 50	@	[illegible]
Bags—Fall per 100 lbs.	4 [illegible]	@	4 [illegible]
" Spring "	3 87	@	4 [illegible]
Oatmeal—per 200 lbs.	6 [illegible]	@	[illegible]
Indian Meal "	5 25	@	5 50
Rye—per bushel 56 lbs.	0 70	@	0 [illegible]
Barley " 48 lbs.	0 90	@	0 [illegible]
Buckwheat Flour—bbl	5 50	@	[illegible]
Wheat—Fall—per bushel, 60 lbs.	1 [illegible]	@	1 [illegible]
Spring " "	1 [illegible]	@	1 [illegible]
Corn—Per bushel, 56 lbs	0 90	@	1 00
Peas " 60 lbs	0 80	@	0 85
Oats " 34 lbs	0 55	@	0 57
Beans " 60 lbs	1 55	@	1 75
Pork—Mess—per barrel	20 00	@	20 50
Prime Mess per do	14 [illegible]	@	14 50
Hog per 100 lbs	6 00	@	7 00
Hams	0 12	@	0 13
Beef	5 00	@	6 00
Mutton—per lb by the qr.	0 05	@	0 7
Lamb—per qr	0 05	@	0 7
Geese—Each	0 40	@	0 50
Spring Chicken	0 40	@	0 50
Turkeys—Each	0 50	@	1 20
Ducks	0 70	@	0 80
Fowl—Per pair	0 40	@	0 60
Butter—Choice Table	0 [illegible]	@	0 25
No. 1 Firkin	0 20	@	0 22
No. 2	0 17	@	0 18
Eggs	0 25	@	0 30
Apples—per brl	3 50	@	4 00
Vegetables, &c.—Potatoes	0 40	@	0 50
Onions—per bbl	4 50	@	6 00
Hay—Per ton, new	12 00	@	13 00
Wood—Per cord	0 00	@	3 85
Tamarac	0 00	@	2 00
Hemlock	0 00	@	2 00

New York Money Market.

New York, Feb. 10—Eve.—The *Post* says loans are unchanged.
Stocks dull.
Governments well sustained.
Railroads better.
Gold closed at 142¼.

New York Markets.

New York, Feb. 10.—Cotton firm at 20c. Flour quiet and steady. Receipts 6,600 bbls. Sales 6,000 bbls at $8.25 @ $9.00 for Superfine State and Western; $9.50 @ $9.75 for Common to Choice Extra State; $9.40 @ $11.75 for Common to Choice Extra Western. Rye Flour steady at $9.25 @ $9.50. Wheat dull and drooping. Receipts 1,080 bus. Sales 1,500 bus. Rye steady. Receipts 300 bus. Corn dull and drooping. Receipts 37,000 bus. Sales at $1.27 @ $1.30 for new mixed Western afloat. Barley scarce and firmer. Receipts 33 bus. Sales 9,000 bus at $1.15 for Western. Oats more active and firmer. Receipts 3,000 bus. Sales 24,000 bus at 84c. for Western in store. Pork firmer at $21.00 @ 21.25 for old mess, and $23.00 @ $23.25 for new mess.

MEDICAL OFFICE.

Mothers Read This!—Holloway's Worm Lozenges are a certain and safe remedy for Worms in Children and Adults.—As it is a well-known and melancholy fact that one great cause of death among children is from Worms alone, it cannot be too deeply impressed upon the minds of parents the necessity of closely watching their children. By so doing; and understanding the symptoms and true cause of the disease, thousands of children might be saved from early graves. Symptoms of Worms.—The following are a few of the very numerous symptoms and diseases which are caused by Worms: deranged appetite, emaciated extremities, offensive breath, frequent picking at the nose, grinding of the teeth during sleep, hardness of the belly, with frequent slimy stools, and sometimes convulsive fits; itching of the arms, pain in the head and stomach, unquiet sleep, faintings, tremblings, coughs, indigestion, low spirits, frightful dreams, and a gradual wasting away of flesh.

They are palatable and self-administered to the child—drive out the worms thoroughly without pain and completely cleanse the stomach—thereby doing away with the necessity of administering Castor Oil or other unpleasant cathartics—as in the use of other Worms.

☞ Each box contains the fac-simile signature of Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, C.W., who are the sole proprietors.

N. B. Ask for *Holloway's Worm Lozenges* and take no other. Sold by all the druggists in Ottawa, and medicine dealers everywhere. 378.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

NATURAL AMERICAN

Lubricating Oils!

PREPARED EXPRESSLY FOR

STEAMBOATS,
LOCOMOTIVES,
CAR JOURNALS,
FACTORIES,
MACHINE SHOPS,
HORSE RAILWAYS,
&c., &c., &c.

Perfectly free from Gum & Grit.
NON-EXPLOSIVE,
NON-INFLAMMABLE,
WILL NOT FREEZE IN WINTER!
AND THE
CHEAPEST OIL IN THE MARKET!

From the numerous certificates we have received, we beg to call attention to the following:—

Office of the Canada Screw Company.
Messrs. McKenzie & Mackay,

Gentlemen,—Having used machinery all my life, I have had occasion to use many kinds of lubricating oils, and have had my mind made up as to the qualities of different kinds. Was asked to give your new Volcanic oil a trial, I had very little faith in its being other than many other kinds that I had previously tried and considered; but after using your oil on light and heavy machinery for some time, I have come to the conclusion that it is a safe, cheap, and [illegible] oil, now so generally used in the country.
Respectfully yours,
J. P. Billington,
Manager Canada Screw Company.
Dundas, May 13, 1867.

Dundas Flour Mills,
Dundas, May 13, 1867.
Messrs McKenzie & Mackay, Hamilton.
Gentlemen,—I have tried your Lubricating Oil, (AA) and (A) and can recommend it as being a good oil for lubricating purposes. I have used it on both heavy and light machinery, and find it answers the purpose as well as any oil I have used. I have always used olive oil till now, so that your oil received a severe test. Please send me one barrel of each kind.
Yours truly,
James Colman,
James Waldo,
Manager.

West Flamboro, July 27, 1867.
Messrs. McKenzie & Mackay, 9, King-street, Hamilton.
Gentlemen,—I have thoroughly tested in my mill the Lubricating Oil received from you. The sample marked (AA) I think is superior to any elephant oil for saw mill machinery. The journal run with it, work longer clean, and with less friction than with any other oil I have used.
Yours respectfully,
Robert Christie.

Dundas Foundry, Dundas, July 29, 1867.
Messrs. McKenzie & Mackay, Hamilton.
Gentlemen,—I have been using your Natural Lubricating Oils [AA] and [AAA] for the last three months, and have no hesitation in stating that they are the best oils used in this foundry for a few years, and are far superior to what we have known as "Petroleum Lubricators." They are free from all Gum and Grit, do not heat the bearings, and are particularly adapted for lathes and planer beds. The three A oil is especially suited for cutting heavy bolts. I have used it with the "crested die," which finishes the thread with one cut, and it has stood the severe test to my satisfaction.
Yours truly,
Thomas Wilson,
Foreman.

"Leader" Office, June 28, 1867.
Mr Bradford,
I have used the five gallons of the American Lubricating Oil marked (AA) upon the Engine and Presses, and find it as good, if not better, than any we have previously used. Please send us one barrel as soon as possible, of (AA) oil.
John Carroll,
Foreman.

Many other certificates equally favorable can be seen at our Office.

PRICE LIST.

	A	AA	AAA
Less than 1 barrel per Gallon	60	75	80 [illegible]
1 Barrel and less than 5 Barrels, per Gallon	[illegible]	65	70

Over 5 Barrels and less than 20 Barrels, 5 per cent. off; 20 Barrels and over, 10 per cent. off.

McKENZIE & MACKAY,
Agents for Canada,
9 King Street,
Hamilton.

Feb 11.

AUCTION SALE.

H. M'[illegible] will sell on WEDNESDAY, the TWELFTH INSTANT, at 12 o'clock, [illegible] SAFES, belonging to [illegible] one Taylor's, Toronto, and one [illegible] Fire-King [illegible] be [illegible] at [illegible] opposite the Post Office. Terms Cash, [illegible]

[illegible] 683-2

BOOKS, MAPS, &c.

MAPS of NEW BRUNSWICK, [illegible] MAPS of NOVA SCOTIA, [illegible] and on rollers, (new-[illegible]

BRAITHWAITE FOR JANUARY.

A [illegible] office and library.

Chambers' Encyclopaedia,

The best and cheapest published. Illustrated with Maps and Wood Cuts, 10 vols. half calf, $[illegible]

Worcester's & Webster's Illustrated Dictionaries.

SUTHEY AND'S CITY DIRECTORY

The New Literature received as issued by English and American publishers.

The NEW AUTHORIZED SERIES OF READERS — Wholesale and Retail.

Bill and Postage Stamps.

J. DURIE & SON, 10 Sparks-st., Opposite the Russell House

498y

BY-LAW NO. 225.

TO PREVENT the erection of wooden buildings on any of the building lots surrounding the City Hall Square, or anywhere between the City Hall Square and the Rideau Canal.

The Council of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa do hereby enact and ordain as follows:

1. That from and after the passing of this By-law, it shall not be lawful for any person or persons to construct, erect, build, put or place, or assist in doing, any wooden building of any description, within the following limits in the City of Ottawa, that is to say, on any of the city building lots which border on those portions of Elgin, Queen, and Albert streets which bound the City Hall Square, or anywhere between the City Hall Square and the Rideau Canal.

2. That all outside party walls of any building to be hereafter erected, built, put or placed within the limits aforesaid, shall be made of stone, brick, iron, or other fireproof material.

3. That no wooden building, or part of a wooden building within the said limits, shall be raised, enlarged or removed to any other place within the same limits [illegible] building or part of building, or removed [illegible] the said limits.

4. That any owner, builder, or other person who shall own, build or aid in the construction or erection of any such building within the said limits contrary to the provisions of this By-law, or who shall own or move, or assist in removing any wooden building [illegible] from one place to another [illegible] or who shall remove or assist in moving any such building from within [illegible] limits to some place [illegible] the same, shall, on conviction thereof, for every such offence, forfeit and pay a sum not less than ONE DOLLAR, nor more than FIFTY DOLLARS, in the discretion of the Court convicting, together with the costs of prosecution, and shall be liable to a further penalty of FIVE DOLLARS, together with the costs of prosecution, for each and every day he, she or they shall neglect or refuse [illegible] the same, after [illegible]

5. That all proceedings under this By-law shall be had before the Police Court, in and for the City of Ottawa, and in default of payment of the fine inflicted by such Court, together with the costs, the amount of the same shall be levied by distress and sale of the goods and chattels of the offender; and in case no sufficient distress can be found [illegible] the offender shall be [illegible] in the Common Gaol of the County of Carleton, with or without hard labor, and to each period not exceeding TWENTY-ONE DAYS as the Court convicting shall adjudge, unless such fine and costs be sooner paid.

6. That all buildings now commenced [illegible] in the course of erection are hereby exempted from the operation of this By-law, [illegible] the same may be finished [illegible] the penalties herein mentioned.

Given under the Corporate Seal of the City of Ottawa, this third day of February, A. D. 186[illegible]

(Signed) HENRY J. FRIEL, [L. S.] Mayor.

Certified.

W. P. LETT, City Clerk. 663-1

Job Printer Wanted.

A GOOD SMART JOBBER, one who understands his business can hear of a situation by applying immediately at THE TIMES OFFICE.

Ottawa, Feb 10. 66[illegible]

Trade Sale of Teas.

THE Subscribers will offer, for account of Messrs. D [illegible] & Co., at their Sale-room, on WEDNESDAY, 19th FEBRUARY, about

5,000 half-chests Green and Black Teas.

Catalogues will be prepared.

Sale at NINE o'clock.

JOHN LEEMING & CO., Auctioneers.

642-1

Wanted Immediately.

FOR a family of three persons a Medium Sized HOUSE, not too far from the Public Buildings. If favorable terms are offered, the advertiser will be willing to take a LEASE FOR THREE YEARS. Apply at this Office.

Ottawa, February 7, 1868. 660 3

THE UNION FORWARDING

AND

RAILWAY COMPANY.

THE ANNUAL MEETING

OF THE

Subscribers of Stock

OF THE

Union Forwarding and Railway Company,

WILL BE HELD AT

THEIR OFFICE,

IN THE CITY OF OTTAWA, ON

Wednesday, 12th day of Feby. next,

TWELVE o'clock, noon, for the

ELECTION OF DIRECTORS,

And the transaction of general business.

By order,

R. S. CASSELS, President.

Ottawa, Jan. 27, 1868. 64[illegible]

THE PRESS.

A THOROUGHLY Experienced Verbatim SHORT-HAND REPORTER desiring [illegible]. Advertiser has had several years' experience on first class English journals, as sub-editor, &c. Address "JOURNALIST," Post Office, Quebec.

February 1, 1868. 65[illegible]

SITUATION WANTED.

BY A GENTLEMAN, whose education and business experience eminently qualify him for the duties of a BOOKKEEPER. Accountant, or Correspondent Clerk. Best of references. Apply at the Office of this paper.

Ottawa, February 7, 1868. 663-1

PIANOFORTES!

Messrs. Orme & Son

BEG to intimate that they have on hand one of the FINEST COLLECTIONS of

Steinway, Chickering and Dunham PIANOFORTES

That have ever been offered for sale in Ottawa. These instruments were carefully selected by Mr. Nordheimer from the factories.

INSPECTION INVITED.

A splendid CHICKERING, only a few months in use, FOR SALE CHEAP, the proprietor having gone to England.

Old Pianofortes taken in exchange.

25, Sparks-street, Sign of the Golden Lyre.

January 27. [illegible]

THE NEW DOMINION!

47. SUSSEX-STREET. 47.

Established with the Nation, 1st July, 1867.

Tried by the People,
Nobly sustained,
Long may it flourish!

Come one! Come all!!
Farmers and Lumbermen,
Merchants and Citizens,

COME TO THE NEW DOMINION!

And you will find a large and varied assortment of

STAPLE and FANCY DRY GOODS!

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,
AS CHEAP AS THE CHEAPEST,
AS GOOD AS THE BEST.

A New Tailoring Establishment!

Has just been opened on the premises, with FIRST CLASS WORKMEN, under the management of a FIRST-CLASS FASHIONABLE CUTTER.

Suits made to order, and
Warranted to suit,
At every price,

Of every style,
For every season,
And at the shortest notice.

Do you want Hats or Caps, Furs or Blankets, Boots or Shoes, Moccasins or Mittens? Visit the New Dominion. It will prove to your advantage. From top to toe a perfect outfit guaranteed, by

JAMES HIGGINSON, Proprietor.

Ottawa, February 6, 1868. 659-f

WAR! WAR! WAR!

KEARNS & RYAN,

WELL KNOWN

Merchants of this City,

WHO KEEP THE, PEOPLE'S

CHEAP CASH STORE!

Have declared War against all other merchants of the Capital of Canada, for imposing dear goods on the people. They will make a

Reduction of 20 per cent off Hats and Bonnets

AND

10 per cent off all other Cash Purchases

OVER ONE DOLLAR,

During the month of February. Rush to their establishment, and judge for yourselves. No deception.

Corner of York and Sussex-sts.

Ottawa, February 3, 1868. 656-1

DRY GOODS AT DISCOUNT!

$30,000

Worth of Seasonable Dry Goods

OFFERED AT

10 Cents Discount on all Cash Purchases of $1

AND UPWARDS, AT

J. A. PINARD'S.

Most of the COTTON GOODS in Stock

Have been bought within the last two months, and will offered a

REDUCTION OF 40 PER CENT

Compared with any Cotton Goods of Fall Importation in this city.

Dress Goods, Woollen Goods, &c.

HAVE BEEN REDUCED IN PRICES SINCE 1st JANUARY.

This further inducement of Discount is offered in order to reduce Stock to the lowest point before Stock Taking.

N. B. Sale to Commence on MONDAY, THIRD of FEBRUARY, for a short time only. Goods marked in plain figures. Only One Price.

No. 17, SUSSEX-ST., CORNER of GEORGE-ST.,

SIGN OF THE GOLDEN BALL.

Ottawa, Feb 1, 1868. 655-[illegible]

BLYTH & KERR,

Successors to Chas. Garth,

No. 25, Rideau-st.,

Plumbers,

Gas & Steam Fitters,

Tin & Coppersmiths,

Bell Hangers, &c.

All materials for the above branches kept constantly on hand.

—ALSO—

Importers and Dealers in House Furnishing Hardware.

Just received a well-selected assortment of

Cooking Stoves, Iron Bedsteads,
Table Stoves, Brass & Wire Fenders,
Parlor Stoves, Fire Irons,
Hall Stoves, Fire Guards,

Japanned and Planished Tinware, &c.

Manufacturers of all descriptions of work for Water and Gas Works, Brewer's Distilleries, Mills, &c. Ashes and fitting up Galvanized Iron Cornices, Gutters, Conductors, Roofing, &c.

Public and Private Buildings, Conservatories, Vineries, Manufactories, &c., warmed by Steam, Hot Water or Warm Air, on the most approved principles.

Orders from the country will receive strict attention.

Ottawa, August 28. 416y

Special Notice.

CANADIAN National Series of Reading Books, authorized by the Council of Public Instruction for Ontario, will be ready for delivery in the first week of January, 1868. Primer—First Book, with 3[illegible] Illustrations strongly bound in limp cloth, five cents; First Book, 2nd part, 54 Illustrations, strongly bound in limp cloth, ten cents; Second Book, 58 Illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards, twenty cents; Third Book, 4[illegible] Illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards, thirty cents; Fourth Book, 47 Illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards, forty cents; Fifth Book, 50 Illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards, fifty cents.

A liberal allowance to retailers and teachers.

J. DURIE & SON, Ottawa.

498y

DOMINION HOUSE!

WELLINGTON-STREET,

COLIN McLaurin & Geo Irvine, Proprietors. This hotel has been lately fitted up, and is now replete with every convenience which characterizes a first-class hotel.

Boarders taken at moderate rates. The bar is always stocked with first-class liquors.

Ottawa, Feb. 6. 658-wy

BUY YOUR TEA

DIRECT FROM

THE IMPORTERS

TEA! TEA! TEA!

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY 6 Hospital Street, Montreal, having just imported a large quantity of Green and Black Teas beg to call the attention of the Trade, Hotel Proprietors, and large establishments generally to their list of prices. Buyers of Chests and Boxes of Tea will save money by getting it direct through the importers.

All orders for 25 lb. boxes and upwards, carriage free to any Railway Station in Canada. Parties wanting smaller quantities should club together. Buyers living beyond Railway Stations, will please send post office order, or enclose notes. The carriage will be paid to the nearest station, where there are express offices. Tea will be forwarded immediately on receipt of the order by mail containing money, or the money can be collected on delivery by express man. Cash collected in Montreal free of charge, and Tea forwarded for the same. Original packages Black Tea weigh, cheap about 60 lbs. Chests do 90 to 100 lbs. Green Tea from 60 to 80 lbs. Teas not mentioned in advertisement can be had equally cheap. The Company are determined to take a stand in the Montreal market, every article may therefore be depended on as to quality and weight.

BLACK TEA.

Common Congou, Broken Leaf, Strong Tea	500 4
Fine Flavoured New season do	60
Excellent Full Flavoured do	00 5
Sound Oolong	00 4
Rich Flavoured do	00 [illegible]
Very Fine do	00 7
Japan	00 [illegible]
Very Fine do	00 7
An excellent mixed Tea, Black and Green	00 [illegible]

GREEN TEA.

Twankay, Common	200 3
Fine do	00 5
Young Hyson	00 6
Fine do	00 7
Superfine and Very Choice	1 0
Fine Gunpowder	00 8
Extra Superfine do	1 0

Reductions made to buyers of Five Chests and upwards.

Address

MONTREAL TEA CO., 6 Hospital-st., Montreal.

Agent for Ottawa and neighborhood,

MR. JOS. MOONEY.

All Boxes and Chests sent from this Establishment have the address of the MONTREAL TEA COMPANY printed on them.

August 27, 1867 52[illegible]

PRIVATE BOARDING HOUSE.

MRS. RICHARD will open a Private First class BOARDING HOUSE, Corner of Sussex and CLARENCE STS, over Mr. Martin's Dry Goods Store, on the 15th instant. Parties wishing quiet, good, comfortable board, will do well to call at once, will please apply and secure apartments.

Ottawa, February 6, 1868. 659-3m

YOUNG & RADFORD'S COLUMN.

Watches,

Watches,

Watches

AT

YOUNG

AND

RADFORD'S

30 Sparks-street.

Clocks,

Clocks,

Clocks,

AT

YOUNG AND RADFORD'3.

Jewellery,

Jewellery,

Jewellery

AT

YOUNG AND RADFORD'3.

Electro-Plated ware,

Electro-Plated Ware,

Electro-Plated Ware,

AT

YOUNG AND RADFORD'S.

Fancy Goods,

Fancy Goods,

Fancy Goods,

AT

YOUNG AND RADFORD'S,

Manufacturing Jewellers,

30 SPARKS-STREET.

Old Gold and Silver

Bought, and highest cash price paid,

AT

YOUNG

AND

RADFORD'S

BROWNE & HARDY'S COLUMN.

1867 AND 1868.

INDIA WAREHOUSE!

16 Rideau Street, Ottawa.

THE SUBSCRIBERS beg to inform their Customers that their Stock is now complete, and embraces every delicacy of the Season, among which will be found a choice assortment of

TEAS,

Breakfast SOUCHONG, do CONGOU, } Black Extra Fine.
Superior HYSON,
" GUNPOWDER,
" IMPERIAL,
" TWANKAY,
Orange PEKOE, Flowery ", Japan " } These Teas have been carefully selected for family trade by

BROWNE & HARDY.

SUGARS,
LOAF,
BROKEN LOAF,
CRUSHED,
GROUND,
YELLOW,
and MUSCOVADO.

COFFEE,
MOCHA,
JAVA,
JAMAICA, and
CEYLON,

Roasted and Ground daily on the premises.

CHOCOLATE and COCOA,
FRENCH, flavored with Vanilla;
TAYLOR'S,
FRYE'S,
MOTT'S

FRUITS, &c.
LAYER RAISINS,
in Whole, Half and Quarter Boxes
MUSCATEL, do do
SULTANA,
VALENTIA,
CURRANTS,
GRAPES,
ORANGES
LEMONS,
PRUNES,
ALMONDS,
WALNUTS,
FILBERTS, and
BRAZIL NUTS.

BUTTER,
CHOICE DAIRY, in Tubs and Crocks, received Weekly.

CHEESE,
English, American and Canadian.

SPICES,
NUTMEGS,
MACE,
CINNAMON,
CLOVES,
GINGER,
MIXED SPICES,

All Ground on the Premises

BROWNE & HARDY.

Ottawa, December 19. 405t

THE MONTREAL WAREHOUSE,

SUSSEX, OPPOSITE YORK-STREET.

IN MR. INGLIS' NEW BLOCK,

WILL BE OPENED OUT IN A FEW DAYS WITH A STOCK OF

Choice Wines, Groceries and Provisions, &c., &c.

J. MARTIN & CO.

OTTAWA, February 4, 1868. 657y

REMOVAL

OF THE

London Music Store!

E. MILES

DESIRES to inform the public that he has removed to the FRONT PART of

HER MAJESTY'S THEATRE,

WELLINGTON-STREET,

Where he has a larger premises, and a better means of displaying his new and fine stock of

PIANOS,

VICTORIA ORGANS AND MELODEONS.

His Show Room, up-stairs, is large and beautifully lit up, having an area of 60 feet long by 25 feet wide. The Sample Room is on the first flat where one of each kind of Musical Instruments will be kept. Two cases of choice

VIOLINS

Have just been received, and will be offered for sale, besides a large assortment of

CONCERTINAS, ACCORDEONS, TAMBOURINES.
GUITARS, FLUTES, DRUMS, &c., &c.

Direct from Germany.

Second hand Pianos taken in part payment for new ones.

Connected with this establishment is a Piano Manufacturer, who will attend punctually to all orders for TUNING left at the London Music Store.

E. MILES; Lessee of Her Majesty's Theatre

Ottawa, Feb 1, 1868. 5[illegible]-59y

SUN BURNER.

NO MORE Breaking of Chimneys; no More Burning of Fingers; No More Waste of Oil; No Trouble to Clean; No Trouble to Light; No Anxiety About Explosions. It is a cheap Labor Saving and Durable Article. Buy one and you will never repent doing so. Anyone dissatisfied can have their money returned.

LAMPS AND FITTINGS ALWAYS ON HAND.

STOVES, TINWARE, &c.

Competent workmen for jobbing on the premises.

ESMONDE BROS,
43 SPARKS-ST.,
Next Hoop Skirt Factory.

Ottawa, January 21. 311y

HARDWARE!

HARDWARE!

Great Reduction

IN THE

PRICE OF HARDWARE

AT THE

SIGN of the ANVIL

No. 24, Rideau-street.

THE Undersigned would take this opportunity to express his thanks to his Customers in Ottawa and vicinity for their very liberal patronage in the past, and to solicit a continuance of their favors in the future, and to assure them that no effort on his part shall be wanting to supply them with the Best and Cheapest English and American Hardware. I do not pretend to sell at cost, but do propose to sell as cheap as any other establishment in Ontario. My stock shall comprise every article in the line of Hardware, and with the one price system I hope to merit and receive a continuance of the very liberal patronage given me in the past.

T. BIRKETT, Sign of the Anvil, 24 Rideau-st.

Ottawa, Feb. 3. 40[illegible]y

W. NOTMAN,

Photographer to the Queen

CORNER OF

WELLINGTON AND METCALFE STREETS,

WOULD intimate that having all his arrangements completed, his

Establishment will be Opened

—ON—

Monday Next, 3rd February

When he will be prepared to fulfil orders for all the different branches of Photography.

Ottawa, Jan. 31, 1868. 58[illegible]y

Situation Wanted.

A YOUNG MAN who has a fair knowledge of business, and can procure satisfactory references, wants a situation as clerk in a Dry Goods Store. Address, T. W. R., Times Office, Ottawa.

February 4, 1868. 657a

A. MORTIMER,

BOOKBINDER

AND

Blank Book Manufacturer,

26, METCALFE-ST., OTTAWA.

HAVING every facility in the way of first-class Machinery, and employing none but first class workmen I am prepared to turn out every description of Binding in as good style of workmanship as any other establishment in Canada.

A. MORTIMER, Metcalfe-street

Ottawa, Feb. 6. 384y

APPLICATION will be made during the present Session of the Parliament of Canada for an Act to incorporate the "DOMINION BANKING COMPANY."

Ottawa, December 4th, 1867. 524t

Great Discount Sale of Dry Goods.

Ten Cents off every Dollar,

Sixpence off every Five Shillings,

Two Shillings off every Pound

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY,

NO. 14, RIDEAU-STREET.

Respectfully announce that in order to clear out the balance of their

Fall and Winter Stock

They will for one month from this date

Give a Discount of Ten Per Cent.

On all Cash purchases of Two Dollars and Over.

Ottawa, January 14, 1868. 639-1m

BARGAINS

—IN—

DRESS GOODS!

IN ORDER to make a Clearance of the remainder of our Winter Stock of COBURGS, WINCIES, MERINOS, REPPS, SERGES, FANCY POPLINETTES, &c., we have REMARKED the whole lot at such prices as will shew a Reduction of from 12½ to 20 per cent under former prices.

REMNANTS, REMNANTS, REMNANTS!

We have also brought forward our accumulation of Remnants of every kind, and marked them at Very Low Prices.

Magee & Russell.

Ottawa, Jan. 10, 1867. 3[illegible]y

Ottawa CROCKERY Store!

PRESENTATION ORNAMENTS.

WILLIAM ALLAN

RESPECTFULLY announces the arrival of a Choice Selection of China and Bohemian Glass Flower Vases and Ornaments suitable for Xmas and New Year's Gifts. Also, the most complete Stock of China, Glass, Earthenware and Parian, [illegible] in Ottawa, consisting of

DINNER SETTS, BREAKFAST SETTS, DESSERT SETTS, TOILET SETTS.

Plated and Engraved, Cut and Pressed TABLE GLASS, and an assortment of Common Ware for wholesale purchasers.

A large and most varied Stock to select from.

W. ALLAN,
51 *RIDEAU STREET, (opposite Mr. P. Whalen's.)*

Ottawa, December 19, 1867. 574y

FIRST CLASS

Tailoring Establishment.

BEING desirous to dispose of the balance of my WINTER STOCK, in order to make room for

Spring Importations,

For two months I shall offer such inducements to intending purchasers as will enable me to make a ready sale, and my customers a good investment.

Please Call and Examine.

G. M. HOLBROOK,

Pro Tor Depot, Elgin-street, Opposite the Post Office.

381y

GREAT CLEARING SALE.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.

Importers, 20 Sparks Street,

With a view to clear out the stock and make room for extensive

Spring Importations!

Are offering the following goods at prices that must ensure speedy sale

Blankets, Flannels,
Cloths, Tweeds,
Cottons, Prints,
Wincies, Dress Goods,
Skirtings, Linen Table Damasks,
Jackets, Shawls,

AND MILLINERY.

Inspection Invited.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.

Ottawa, January 20, 1868. 48[illegible]y

SHEFFIELD HOUSE!

E. K. MacGILLIVRAY & Co.,

MANUFACTURING JEWELLERS

—AND—

WATCHMAKERS.

OTTAWA, January 21, 868.

Skates! Skates!

AT ISAAC'S,

ALSO,

SLEIGHS, SLEIGHS

ALL PRESENTS BY SANTA CLAUS,

At ISAAC'S.

Skates from 20 Cents to $6.00

At ISAAC'S,

Sparks-street,

ALSO,

Hardware of all Description

At Lowest Cash Prices,

At ISAAC'S.

Remember the place,

T. ISAAC'S.

December 17, 1867. 617[illegible]

WANTED.

A Male Teacher,

HOLDING A

FIRST-CLASS CERTIFICATE!

Salary Two Hundred and Fifty Dollars per annum.

Apply to

J. M. O. DELES DERNIERS.

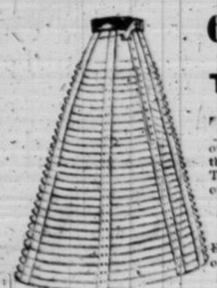
Pendleton, Ont.

February 6, 1868. 659-6w2

Scale Manufacturer.

E. DORION begs to inform the public that he has opened a SCALE MANUFACTORY in Clarence street, second door from Sussex-street, in E. McAmoun's Blacksmith Shop, and where he is now prepared to repair all sorts of Scales in use.

Ottawa, Jany. 11 [illegible]



City Hoop Skirt Factory.

The Double Extension Skirt.

THIS new and convenient Skirt I am now making in all widths of tape. The great advantage this Skirt has over all others ladies can alter it themselves to any width they wish, from 1½ yards to 3 yards, without the least trouble. They only can be had at the Factory. Everyother style of Skirt on hand or made to order. Just received another lot of

FRENCH CORSETS.

Every size, from 17 inches to 36 inches. Also, a few of those old fashioned Corsets, (lacing at the back.)

Lambs' Wool Hose, Breakfast Shawls.

Also, a large lot of Linen and Lawn Pocket Handkerchiefs, cheap.

DAVID MILLAR,
43 Sparks-st. Centre Town; next to Edmonde's Stove Depot.
456y

New Premises and Cheap Goods.

GRANT & HENDERSON

Having recently moved into their new premises, **No. 20, Rideau-street,** one of the firm visited lately the Montreal Markets, and secured a very large stock of entirely

NEW GOODS,

At most EXTRAORDINARY REDUCTIONS in price, which cannot in a legitimate manner be undersold in this city

RIDEAU-STREET, December 24, 1867. 623tf

WHEELER & WILSON'S SEWING MACHINES.

THE BEST HOLIDAY PRESENT.

From $47 and upwards.

FIVE per cent. off for cash in bills until after the holidays. One handsome Mahogany full case $8 discount.

Gold Medal, Paris, 1867.

The Howe Sewing Machines from $50 Up.

Grout & Co.'s Twisted Elastic Stitch only $15.

Call and see this little beauty. Prospectuses and Samples sent Free by Mail.

December 19, 1867. 479-43y G. A. WALTON, Agent, 37 Sparks Street, Ottawa.

Dry Goods at educed Prices.

Cunningham and Lindsay

— ARE NOW SELLING —

Canadian Grey Cloth at 3s. 3d. per yard,
Canadian Tweeds at 4s. per yard,
Canadian Cotton Yarn at 7s. 6d. a Bundle,
Canadian Bags at 1. 9d

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY

Invite particular Attention to their

BLANKETS, FLANNELS AND MANTLE CLOTHS.

Ottawa, November 18, 1867. 510y

CAUTION.

THE perfection and cheapness of the American (Waltham) Watch have given it such a wide-world celebrity that unscrupulous dealers years ago imitated its style and pirated its trade marks. Irresponsible dealers are occasionally found who dishonestly trade upon the popularity of the American watch by selling a base imitation under the name of the genuine article.

It is hardly necessary to state that such watches are worthless as time keepers, and when bought for the genuine are calculated to injure the high reputation which our watches have attained. The several grades of the American watch (except the lowest grade marked Home Watch Co.) are guaranteed by special certificate bearing the number of the watch and the signature of the Treasurer of the Company, R. E. Robbins. The purchaser should in all cases require one of these certificates, which is furnished to all dealers in the genuine watches.

The following are the trade marks on the several grades of our manufacture:

AMERICAN WATCH CO. APPLETON, TRACY & CO.
WALTHAM WATCH CO. P. S. BARTLETT.
WM. ELLERY. HOME WATCH CO.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD CO.
Office of the General Superintendent
Altona, Pa., 15th Dec., 1866.

Gentlemen The watches Manufactured by you have been in use on this Railroad for several year by our engine men, to whom we furnish watches as part of our equipment. There are some THREE HUNDRED OF THEM CARRIED ON OUR LINE, and we consider them GOOD and RELIABLE TIME KEEPERS. Indeed I have great satisfaction in saying YOUR WATCHES GIVE US LESS TROUBLE and have worn and do wear much longer without repairs than any watches we have ever had in use on this road. As you are aware we former'y trusted to those of English manufacture, of acknowledged good reputation, but as a class they never keep time as correctly, nor have they done as oon service as yours.

In these statements I am sustained by my predecessor, Mr. Lewis, whose experience extended over a series of years.

Respectfully,
EDWARD H. WILLIAMS,
General Superintendent.

American Watch Co., Waltham.

NEW YORK CENTRAL RAILROAD.
Locomotive Dep't Western Division,
Rochester, Dec. 24th, 1866.

Gentlemen—I have no hesitation in saying that I believe the great majority of locomotive engineers have found by experience that WALTHAM WATCHES ARE THE MOST SATISFACTORY of any for their uses. They RUN WITH THE GREATEST ACCURACY AND STEADINESS, notwithstanding the rough riding of an engine; and as I have NEVER KNOWN ONE TO WEAR OUT, they must be durable. I hope to see the time when railway companies will generally adopt your watches, and furnish them all to engineers and conductors. In my opinion it would greatly tend to promote regularity and safety.

Yours respectfully,
CHARLES WILSON,
G. Chief Engineer,
Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers.

American Watch Co., Waltham.

For sale by all first-class dealers in the United States and British Provinces.

ROBBINS & APPLETON
No. 182 Broadway, N. Y.
ROBERT WILKES,
Toronto and Montreal,
GENERAL AGENTS.

November, 14, 1867. 565-48 3m.

DARLEY'S
Arabian Heave Remedy
AND CONDITION MEDICINE

IS POSITIVELY SUPERIOR TO ANY or all other preparations for the cure of *Heaves, Coughs, Thick and Broken Wind*, and all diseases which affect the *Wind of Horses*; also, as a *Condition Medicine*, surpassing everything of the kind. It is easy to give, sure to cure, and safe in all cases and at all times, and does not prevent the horse from being worked while using it.

It cleanses the breathing apparatus, by removing from the air-cells the coagulable lymph, or that secretion which in heaves clogs them, causing a difficulty in breathing, and by its action on the diseased part, causing the mucous membrane to resume its natural dimensions, thus equalizing the circulation of the blood, and restoring the distended vessels to their natural size; by its use the horse's appetite is improved, all derangements of the digestive organs corrected, softening the skin, and giving to the coat a sleek and shining appearance.

D. W. HERD, Successor to Herd & Memee, Maiden Lane, New York, Sole Proprietor for the United States.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
NEWCASTLE, C.W.,
Proprietors for the Canadas
PRICE TWENTY-FIVE CENTS.

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, Henry F. McCarthy J. Skinner, and J. Brown, in Ottawa.

Ottawa, Nov. 1, 18 7. 577dwtch

NEW STORE!

THE Store formerly occupied by W. D. WOOD, No. 38, on RIDEAU STREET, has been refitted by the subscribers, and will be opened on MONDAY, FOURTEENTH OCTOBER, with an entire new stock of

GROCERIES,
LIQUORS AND HARDWARE.

WOOD & ROSSITER.

Ottawa, October 12, 1867. 561-tf

Piano-Forte Tuition!

W. C. CLARK,

PROFESSOR OF MUSIC and Teacher of Piano, Voice and Harmony. Also, Mrs. Clark, Teacher of Drawing and Painting. Music Rooms and Residence, 69 Sparks-street, one door east of Toronto House.

Orders may be left a residence or at Grime & Co's Music Store. 450y

RAILROADS.

Grand Trunk Railway Company OF CANADA.

WINTER ARRANGEMENTS, 1867.

TRAINS now leave Bonaventure Station as follows:

GOING WEST—Day Express for Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago and all points West, at 8.30 A.M.

Night do do at 7.30 P.M.

Accommodation Train for Kingston and intermediate stations at 7.00 A.M.

Local Train for Cornwall and intermediate Stations, at 4.20 P.M.

Trains for Lachine at 8.00 A.M., 9.30 A.M., 3.00 and 4.30 P.M.

The 3.00 P.M. Train runs through to Plattsburgh.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST—Accommodation Train from Island Pond and intermediate Stations, at 7.00 A.M.

Express for New York and Boston, at 8.10 A.M.

Express for Boston and New York, at 3.30 P.M.

Express for Portland (staying over night at Island Pond) at 2.00 P.M.

Night Express for Portland, Three Rivers, Quebec and Riviere du Loup, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbrooke, Waterville and Compton only, at 10.10 P.M.

Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.

For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station.

C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director
December 23, 1867. 630tf

CHANGE OF TIME

St. Lawrence & Ottawa Railway,

(formerly the Ottawa & Prescott Railway.)

ON and after MONDAY, the 30th Dec., 1867, and until further notice, trains will run as follows:

LEAVE PRESCOTT.	ARRIVE IN OTTAWA.
Mixed, 7.30 a.m.	11.05 a.m.
Express, 2.10 p.m.	4.45 p.m.
LEAVE OTTAWA.	**ARRIVE IN PRESCOTT.**
Express, 8 a.m.	10.30 a.m.
Mixed, 1.30 p.m	4.45 p.m.

The time of these Trains has been so arranged as to ensure connection with night and day trains on Grand Trunk, east and west.

N. B.—These Trains run on Montreal Time.

Baggage to and from Ottawa checked through from and to stations on Grand Trunk Railway.

Return tickets to Prescott, Kemptville and Ottawa at reduced rates can be had at the principal stations on the line.

T. S. DETLOR, Superintendent.
THOMAS REYNOLDS, Managing Director.
Ottawa, Dec. 28, 1867. 1y

Brockville, and Ottawa Railway.

WINTER ARRANGEMENT
Commencing on Monday, December 9, 1867.

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

3:45 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 3.45 p.m., and arrive at Sandpoint at 9.25 p. m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT.

6:45 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint daily at 6.45 a.m., and arrive at Brockville at 1:00 p. m.

LEAVES PERTH.

5:00 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Perth at 5.00 p.m., and 9.40 a.m., and arrive at Smith's Falls at 5.50 p.m. and 10.50 a.m.

LEAVES SMITH'S FALLS.

10:50 A.M.—TRAINS will leave Smith's Falls at 10.50 a.m., and 6.05 p.m., and arrive at Perth at 11.40 a.m., and 6.55 p.m.

All trains on main line connect at Smith's Falls with Trains to and from Perth.

No. 1 leaves Brockville after G. T. R. Express Train is due from the East.

No. 2 is due at Brockville in time to connect with G. T. R. Express Trains for the East and West.

H. ABBOTT,
Manager for Trustee.
Brockville, Dec. 16. 472y

Royal Canadian Bank

OTTAWA AGENCY:

Office—Desbarats' Building, 77 Sparks St

M. P. HAYES,
AGENT.

Ottawa, June 21. 157tf

DALGLISH & RUSSELL

ARE NOW IN RECEIPT OF THEIR new and varied assortment of

Grocery Goods

Consisting of Teas, Gunpowder, Old Hyson, Young Hyson, Hyson Twankay, Black, Extra Fine Kingbloom Breakfast Souchong, Congou ditto, Oolong, Orange Pekoe, Finest Japans.

Coffees.—Java, Jamaica, La Guayra, Mocha Roasted and Ground on the premises.

Sugars.—English, refined in loaves, Broken Loaf, Crushed White, Yellow Refined.

Chocolate and Cocoa Spices, Mustards, Essences, Syrups, Pickles, Sauces, Vinegars, and Bottled Fruits, in Syrup, Preserves, Potted Meats, Fruits &c. Also, Provisions, Sugar Cured Hams, Spice Rolled Hams, Bacon, Butter, Cheese, Crackers, Biscuits, Flour, Oatmeal, Barley, Peas, Rice, Labrador Herrings, Table Codfish, Digby Herrings, &c., &c.

Our stock is extensive and complete, and every article warranted to give satisfaction. All orders sent or left will be promptly attended to.

All Goods delivered on the shortest notice

Dalglish & Russell,
Wellington & Kent-sts.

FAIRBANKS.

Take Highest Premiums at the Paris Exposition.

PLATFORM, COUNTER, Warehouse, Grain, Coal, Hay, Railroad Track, Depot, Druggist, Gold, and *all* kinds of SCALES constantly on hand and for Sale.

FAIRBANKS, BROWN & Co.,
Boston, Mass.

Our Sole Agents in Ottawa,

ALEXANDER WORKMAN & Co.

November 18, 1867. 592-6m

NOTICE

IS hereby given that application will be made to each and every Parliament having jurisdiction, at the present or next session thereof, respectively, for an act to amend the act chaptered 106, passed at the Session of the Parliament for the late Province of Canada, held the 29th and 30th years of the Reign of Her Majesty Queen Victoria, intituled "An Act to Incorporate the Ottawa City Passenger Railway Company.

Dec. 2nd, 1867. 607m

GREAT DISCOVERY.

EVERY MAN HIS OWN ARTIST!

A SCIENTIFIC WONDER.

AN Instrument by which any person can take correct Likenesses or Photographs. This instrument with full instructions sent by Mail for one dollar. Address,

C. B. AMES & CO.,
Broadway, New York.
64'.2

among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

ide, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

THE CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER HAS now been before the public for a length of time, and wherever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank at the list of Remedies for these complaints, and are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying as to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it. Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C. W.,
General Agents for C. W.

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, H. F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J. Brown, in Ottawa.

Ottawa Nov. 1, 1867 7rdw

Bottled Ale, Bottled Ale, Bottled Ale.

THE Subscriber would call the attention of Families and others to his

Fine Bottled Ale!

Which is in splendid condition. Also,

Scotch, Irish, Old Rye

And other Malt Whiskies,

Ports, Sherries, Brandies, Gin, &c.,

Together with a General Assortment of

FIRST-CLASS GROCERIES.

A Call kindly Solicited.

D. WHELAN,
41, Rideau-street,
Opposite Allan's Crockery Store

Ottawa, Jan. 29, 18 8.

FOR SALE.

850 PAIRS of Grey Twilled BLANKETS, in Sales of 50 pairs

—ALSO,—

Canadian White Twilled and Whitney Blankets. English Grey Blankets, weighing from 8 to 10 pounds each.

E. McGILLIVRAY.

Ottawa, December 23, 1867. 624-3m

NOTICE.

APPLICATION will be made during the present Session of the Parliament of Canada for an act to incorporate The European and American Life Insurance Company.

January 22, 1868. 647tf

THE CAPITAL

Boot and Shoe Store!

South Side of York-street, Lower Ottawa.

A LARGE SUPPLY of HAND-MADE KIPP BOOTS and SHOES of the VERY BEST QUALITY on hand.

Lumbermen who are anxious to furnish workmen with GOOD FEET WARE, will be enabled to do so by calling at the CAPITAL for their supplies.

I am selling off the balance of the Winter Stock of READYMADE WORK at REDUCED PRICES, which consists of Ladies' Misses' and Children's BALMORALS, CONGRESS GAITERS, RUBBERS and OVERSHOES, and Men's and Boys' Boots in CALF SKIN, KIPP and COW HIDE.

Orders and Measures taken for all sorts of Work.

GEORGE MURPHY.

Ottawa Jan. 31, 1868. 429-y

AYER'S Sarsaparilla

FOR PURIFYING THE BLOOD.

And for the speedy cure of the following complaints:

Scrofula and Scrofulous Affections, such as Tumors, Ulcers, Sores, Eruptions, Pimples, Pustules, Blotches, Boils, Blains, and all Skin Diseases.

OGLESBY, Ind., 6th June, 1859.

J. C. AYER & Co. Gents: I feel it my duty to acknowledge what your Sarsaparilla has done for me. Having inherited a scrofulous infection, I have suffered from it in various ways for years. Sometimes it burst out in Ulcers on my hands and arms; sometimes it formed inward, and distressed me at the stomach. Two years ago it broke out on my head and covered my scalp and ears with one sore, which was painful and loathsome beyond description. I tried many medicines and several physicians, but without much relief from any thing. In the third month it grew worse. At length I was rejoiced to read in the Gospel Messenger that you had prepared an alterative (Sarsaparilla), for I knew from your reputation that any thing you made must be good. I sent to Cincinnati and got it, and used it till it cured me. I took it, as you advise, a small dose of a teaspoonful over a month, and used almost three bottles. New and healthy skin soon began to form under the scab, which after a while fell off. My skin is now clear, and I know my blood is made pure by the use of your Sarsaparilla. Yours,

ALFRED B. TALLEY.

St. Anthony's Fire, Rose or Erysipelas, Tetter and Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Ringworm, Sore Eyes, Dropsy.

Dr. Robert M. Preble writes from Salem, N. Y., 12th Sept., 1859, that he has cured an inveterate case of Dropsy, which threatened to terminate fatally, by the persevering use of our Sarsaparilla, and also a dangerous *Diseased Erysipelas* by large doses of the same; says it cures the common *Eruptions* by it constantly.

Bronchocele, Goitre or Swelled Neck.

Zebulon Sloan of Prospect, Texas, writes: "Three bottles of your Sarsaparilla cured me from a *Goitre*—a hideous swelling on the neck, which I had suffered from nine to two years."

Leucorrhœa or Whites, Ovarian Tumor, Uterine Ulceration, Female Diseases.

Dr. J. B. S. Channing, of New York City, writes: "I have found in my practice with the renowned your agent in this city, that I have found your Sarsaparilla a most excellent alterative in the numerous complaints for which you recommend it by such a remedy, but especially in *Female Diseases* of the scrofulous diathesis. I have cured many inveterate cases of Leucorrhœa by it, and some where the complaint was caused by ulceration of the uterus. The uterus itself was soon cured. Nothing within my knowledge equals it for these female derangements."

Edward S. Marrow, of Newbury, Ala., writes, "A dangerous ovarian tumor on one of the females in my family, which had defied all the remedies we could employ, has for a length been completely cured by your Extract of Sarsaparilla. Our physician thought nothing but extirpation could afford relief, but he advised the trial of your Sarsaparilla as the last resort before cutting, and it proved effectual. After taking your remedy eight weeks the symptoms of the disease remains."

Syphilis and Mercurial Disease.

Dr. J. C. Ayer: Sir, I cheerfully comply with the request of your agent, and regret to you some of the effects I have realized with your Sarsaparilla.

I have cured with it, in my practice, most of the complaints for which it is recommended, and have found its effects truly wonderful in the cure of *Venereal and Mercurial Disease*. One of my patients had Syphilitic ulcers in his throat, which were consuming his palate and the top of his mouth. Your Sarsaparilla, steadily taken, cured him in five weeks. Another was attacked by secondary symptoms in his nose—had the ulceration been allowed a considerable part of it, so that I believe the disorder would soon reach his brain and kill him. But it yielded to my administration of your Sarsaparilla: the sores healed, and he is well again, not of course without his disfiguration to his face. A woman who had been poisoned for the same disorder by mercury was suffering as much from poison in her bones. They had become so sensitive to the weather that on a damp day she suffered excruciating pain in her joints and bones. She, too, was cured entirely by your Sarsaparilla in a few weeks. I prefer from its formula, which your agent gave me, that its Preparation from your laboratory must be a great remedy; consequently, these truly remarkable results with it have not surprised me.

Fraternally yours, O. V. LARIMER, M. D.

Rheumatism, Gout, Liver Complaint.

INDEPENDENCE, Preston Co., Va., 6th July, 1859.

Dr. J. C. AYER: Sir, I have been afflicted with a painful chronic *Rheumatism* for a long time, which baffled the skill of physicians, and stuck to me in spite of all the medical I could find, until I tried your Sarsaparilla. One bottle cured me in two weeks, and restored my general health so much that I am far better than before I was attacked. I think it a wonderful medicine. J. FREAM.

Julius Y. Gotchell, of St. Louis, writes: "I have been afflicted for years with an affection of the *Liver*, which destroyed my health. I tried every thing, and every thing failed to relieve me; and I have been a broken-down man for some years from no other cause than *derangement of the Liver*. My beloved pastor, the Rev. Mr. Epp, advised me to try your Sarsaparilla, because he said he knew you, and any thing you made was worth trying. By the blessing of God it has cured me, and has so purified my blood as to make a new man of me. I feel young again. The best test can be said of you is not half good enough."

Scrofula, Cancer Tumors, Enlargement, Ulceration, Caries and Exfoliation of the Bones.

A great variety of cases have been reported to us where one of these formidable complaints have resulted from the use of this remedy, but our space here will not admit them. Some of them may be found in our American Almanac, which the agents below named are pleased to furnish gratis to all who call for them.

Dyspepsia, Heart Disease, Fits, Epilepsy, Melancholy, Neuralgia

Many remarkable cures of these affections have been made by the alterative power of this medicine. It stimulates the vital functions into vigorous action, and thus overcomes disorders which would be supposed beyond its reach. Such a remedy has long been required by the sufferings of the people, and we are confident that this will do for them all that medicine can do.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,

FOR THE RAPID CURE OF

Coughs, Colds, Influenza, Hoarseness, Croup, Bronchitis, Incipient Consumption, and for the Relief of Consumptive Patients in advanced Stages of the Disease.

This is a remedy so universally known to surpass any one for the cure of throat and lung complaints, that it is useless here to publish the evidence of its virtues. Its unrivalled excellence for coughs and colds, and its truly wonderful cures of pulmonary disease, have made it known throughout the civilized nations of the earth. Few are the communities, or even families, among them who have not some personal experience of its effects—some living trophy in their midst of its victory over the subtle and dangerous disorders of the throat and lungs. So all know the dreadful fatality of these disorders, and so they know, too, the effects of this remedy, we need not go more than to assure them that it has now all the virtues that it did have when making the cures which have won so strongly upon the confidence of mankind.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts W. M. Massey, H. F. MacCarthy, and John Skinner, in Ottawa.

Royal Italian Bitters!

—OR,—

TONICO REALE

DEL DOTTORE F. P. VERRI,
Professor of Chemistry in the University of PADUA
ITALY.

THIS celebrated preparation for which a certificate of merit was awarded to the distinguished original preparer at the National Exposition at Torino, Italy, by whose favor Mr. GIANELLI obtained the recipe, and was also awarded a diploma at the Provincial Exhibition of Canada held at Montreal in September, 1863, is, without exception, the most genuine, salubrious and agreable TONIC ever introduced to public notice either in Europe or America.

For seventeen years it has, in Italy, been a universal favorite among the *élite* of society, being generally served in the drawing room before dinner, in preference to Vermouth.

The ingredients of its composition have been imparted to the leading Physicians of Canada and the United States, and have received their unqualified approval on every account.

The proprietor refers with the greatest confidence and satisfaction to the subjoined testimonials from eminent medical men, which he could add to, were it desirable.

Kept by the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion of Canada and in the United States.

Sold by the Proprietor.

Dear Sir: You request my opinion of the "Royal Italian Bitters," prepared from a receipt of Dr Verri, of Padua. I beg to state that I consider it a most agreable cordial tonic, in every way superior in flavour and composition to the ordinary bitter tonics in general use. I have recommended it to several patients, who have derived marked benefit from its use.

I am, dear Sir, yours faithfully,
G. E. FENWICK, M.D.

A. M. F. GIANELLI, Esq., Montreal.

A. M. FGIANELLI,
26, Hospital-street, Montreal.
Montreal, February, 1867.

MR GIANELLI,—*Dear Sir:* Having received from you a sample of the Royal Italian Bitters of Dr. Verri as prepared by you, I have much pleasure in testifying to its very excellent qualities as an agreeable and exhilarating tonic Bitter; nothing equal to it has ever come under my notice. Having also been made acquainted with its composition and mode of preparation, I feel nothing better could have been devised for general use; from its effects which I have observed in several cases, I think very many who now suffer from indigestion and dyspepsia in their various forms will find in it a panacea for all their ills.

Very truly,
W. E. BESSEY, M.D., C.M., &c.,
Beaver Hall Hill.

Letter from Drs. Precault.
Montreal, July 27, 1866.

To MR. ANGELIA GIANELLI.

Dear Sir: We are pleased to acknowledge the reception of the prescription of your valuable tonic and bitters, entitled "The Royal." All the substances contained in its composition are perfectly combined to form a preparation fit for the purposes detailed in your directions.

We are, dear Sir, yours sincerely,
DRS. PICAULT & SON.

New York, May 14, 1867.

A. M. F. GIANELLI, Esq., Montreal.

Dear Sir: Just recovering from a long and severe illness, I have received a sample of your Tonico Reale and from its use have derived considerable benefit, as I find my appetite and digestion much improved, and hesitate not to recommend it as one of the best and most agreeable Tonics I have ever used.

WILLIAM ARNOLD,
A.B., Trinity College, Dublin; M. R. C. S. London; M. D., New York, Licenciate Royal College Havana.

Letter from Dr. J. L. Leprohon, City Health Officer.
Montreal, March 29, 1867.

Dear Sir: My absence from Montreal has prevented me from acknowledging sooner the reception of your note and accompanying sample of the "Royal Italian Bitters."

I have no hesitation in stating that the ingredients entering into their composition are of a nature to render them decidedly useful in many cases of weakness of the digestive organs and of the general constitution. Their flavour is also very pleasant.

I remain, dear Sir, yours very sincerely,
J. L. LEPROHON, M.D.

A. GIANELLI,
Proprietor Cosmopolitan Hotel, Montreal.

31, Temple-street, Boston,
July 1, 1867.

A. M. F. GIANELLI, ESQ.:

My Dear Sir: I beg to acknowledge the receipt of a sample of your Royal Italian Bitters together with a note imparting to me the formula for their preparation. Having a large field where to try the effect of your Bitters, I have obtained flattering success in cases requiring the use of a mild, stimulating tonic, and I will recommend your Bitters with pleasure in dyrpepsia, indigestion, loss of appetite, general debility, and constitutional inactivity of the liver.

I remain, my dear Mr. Gianelli, yours, very truly,

E. DE LA GRANJA, M.D.

Letter from Dr. Hall, Professor of Midwifery and Diseases of Women and Children, McGill College.
Montreal, March 15, 1866.

My Dear Sir: I have to acknowledge from you the reception of a sample of your "Royal Bitters," of your own manufacture, and have subsequently had the opportunity afforded me of becoming acquainted not only with their preparation, but also with the materials which enter into their composition. Noting, I think, can excel the mode of clarification adopted, while the small amount of vinous ingredients must recommend them to general favour, even to those who usually disapprove of the use of such beverages, the proportion being only just sufficient to maintain their composition unimpaired in climates subject to considerable fluctuations of temperature.

From the nature or character of the materials employed in their composition, it is impossible to regard them otherwise than as the healthful, invigorating, yet mild tonic or stomachic, especially adapted to stomachs enfeebled by general sickness, and whose energy requires a gentle stimulus, preparatory to the indigestion of food.

I shall have pleasure in recommending their use in such suitable cases as may present themselves to me. I remain, dear Sir, yours very truly,

A. HALL, M.D.,
Professor Midwifery, McGill University,
&c., &c., &c.

A. GIANELLI, Esq., &c.

From Dr. Muir, C. B, Inspector-General H. M. Hospitals in British America.
Montreal, August 1, 1866.

Sir: Having much practical experience of Bitters in the West Indies, in India, and other parts of the world where they are in request, I have no hesitation in giving it as my opinion that Dr. Verri's "Tonico Reale" is the *very best I have ever met with.*

W. M. MUIR, M D., Inspector-General.

Letter from Professor Smallwood, of McGill University.
32 Beaver Hall Terrace,
Montreal, August 1, 1866.

I am opinion that Dr. Verri's "Tonic Reale" is a very pleasant and palatable form for the exhibition of tonic bitters, in cases requiring such a preparation.

CHAS. SMALLWOOD, M.D., L.L.D., D.C.L.

To A. M. F. GIANELLI, Esq., Montreal.

20, East 25th-street,
New York, May 9, 1867:

To A. M. F. GIANELLI, Esq.,

Dear Sir,—The "Tonico Reale" I have tried faithfully, and it gives me great pleasure to state to you that it is the best and most agreeable Tonic I have ever used in my practice. I find it particularly adapted to females and children debilitated by the various diseases and complaints peculiar to them. If you will favor me with a letter stating where I can procure your Bitters for my patients, I shall take particular pains to recommend them. As a general rule the Bitters sold are too bitter and have too much *Alcohol*, and are hence often injurious.

Your "Tonico Reale" seems to me to be the Tonic we have long wished for, but never found until Prof. Verri, D.M., of Padua, has given it to the Medical World.

Respectfully yours,
WM. FRED. HOLCOMB, M.D.,
Professor of Aural and Ophthalmic Surgery in New York Medical College, and Surgeon to New York Ophthalmic Hospital and Demult Dispensary.

Letter from Dr W F Campbell, Editor Medical Journal.
Montreal, August 26, 1867.

Dear Sir: I have to acknowledge the receipt of a sample of your "Tonic Reale," accompanied by a note informing me of its composition, and how prepared. While not believing in any universal Tonic, I am forced to admit that there are many cases where just such a preparation as yours would be invaluable. In cases of Chronic Dyspepsia, I have several times recommended its use and with much benefit. Yours, &c.,

FRS W CAMPBELL, MDLRCP,
London.

M A F GIANELLI, Esq, Montreal.

Letter from Dr Scott, Professor of Anatomy, McGill College.
Montreal, October 26, 1866.

A FM GIANELLI, Esq,

Dear Sir: Having been furnished with a very *liberal* sample of your "Tonic Reale," Royal Bitters, I have delayed giving you my opinion of its merits until I had an opportunity of stating, from experience, some of the advantages which I have found derived from the employment of the Tonic.

I have noticed great benefit from the use of the "Royal Bitters" in indigestion, loss of appetite, general debility, and some nervous affections. The Tonic is most carefully prepared, and will be found a very agreeable Bitter and gentle stimulant; and from knowing its composition, I have pleasure in recommending it to the public; feeling satisfied that when more extensively known, the Tonic will be very generally used.

W E SCOTT, MD,
Professor Anatomy McGill University; Physician General Hospital, &c.,&c.

New York, June 1, 1867.

MR. GIANELLI,—*Dear Sir:* After a fair trial I take pleasure in recommending your Royal Bitters. It is a very excellent stimulating tonic, aiding digestion and giving tone to the digestive organs. In your note you informed me of the ingredients. I think it is a most admirable combination; a pleasant, useful, and reliable tonic.

Yours truly,
R. P. COOKE, M.D.,
New York City.

New York, April 25, 1867.

A. M. F. GIANELLI,—*Sir:* Your kind favour of 16th instant, together with a sample of your "Tonico Reale" Royal Bitters,—I am pleased not only with its composition, but also with the effect, and regard the preparation as a very elegant one, suited to many cases when a more powerful compound would not be used. After having had further opportunity, I shall be able to give a more intelligent opinion in regard to its efficacy.

Have you any agency in this city? Many of my patients are anxious to use the Tonic but know not where to procure it. Yours truly,

C. PRINCE, M.D.,
157, East 10th-street.

22, West Eleventh-street,
New York, May 9, 1867.

A. M. F. GIANELLI, ESQ.

Dear Sir: The sample of your Royal Italian Bitters, through your politeness, was received some time since. I am happy to say respecting them, after giving them a fair trial, that they are a delicious tonic, stomachic and stimulant Bitters, which I think will be found very useful to the debilitated suffering from indigestion, constipation, or dyspepsia.

With my best wishes for your success,
I am respectfully yours,
G. MILIANO, M.D.

Letter from Dr. Hingston, Physician Hotel Dieu Hospital.
Montreal, August 1, 1867.

The "Tonico Reale" of Dr. Verri, prepared by Mr. Gianelli of this city, and introduced to the public as the "Royal Italian Bitters," is, one of the most elegant preparations with which I am acquainted. Mr. Gianelli having made known to me its composition, I can, unhesitatingly, recommend it to those who require the combined use of an agreeable tonic and stimulant.

WM. H. HINGSTON, M.D., L.R.C.S., &c.,
Surgeon to St. Patrick's Department, Hotel Dieu.

September 14, 1867. 538-37w6m

FRESH ARRIVALS
OF
Very Choice and Superior
TEAS
NOW ON SALE
AT THE

1,000 CHESTS UNCOLORED JAPAN.

300 Chests very choice and superior YOUNG HYSON.
700 Chests Good Strong TWANKAY
100 Chests old fashioned BREAKFAST SOUCHONG.
150 Caddies MANDARIN MIXTURE.

This is the finest BLACK TEA ever imported, 5s per pound; in small Caddies, about 14 lb each, 4s 9d.

COFFEE!
The Pure Mountain Berry

"Without exception the finest Coffee in the world."—*London Times, March 16.*

We are constantly receiving supplies of this truly beautiful and delicious COFFEE, *roasted daily on our premises by*

Dakins' Patent Silver Cylinder

By which peculiar process, the aroma is preserved, and renders it the FAVORITE WITH ALL COFFEE DRINKERS.

BEWARE OF SPURIOUS IMITATIONS.

As it is imported by no other firm in Canada

ROBINSON & CO.,
THE TEA POT,
OTTAWA

Wine, Spirits & Liquors

ROBINSON & CO. would especially call the attention of families to their stock of

ALES, WINES & SPIRITS

100 cases Otard Brandy.
50 " Martell's "
150 " Hennessey.
75 " United Vinquels

We have a most delicious

DINNER SHERRY

Which we are selling at 8 shillings per gallon

GUINESS & CO.

DUBLIN STOUT!
BLOOD'S LONDON STOUT.
BARCLAY'S LONDON PORTER
ALLSOP'S PALE ALE.
BASS' EAST INDIA.
DOW'S CELEBRATED MONTREAL ALE
DAW'S SUPERIOR LACHINE ALE.
DAW'S CELEBRATED PORTER & STOUT

PRESERVED MEATS.

Just Received from England:
ROAST HARE.
CURRIED DO.
JUGGED DO.
STEWED DO.
ROAST PHEASANTS.
ROAST GROUSE.
OAST PARTRIDGE

ALL GOODS DELIVERED FREE by our own Waggons to any part of the City daily

ROBINSON & CO.
THE TEA POT,
OTTAWA.

Establishments—Sussex St. and Rideau St
Ottawa, September 19. 225tf

WANTED.

A LADY who is well qualified to teach the elementary English branches. Apply to MISS HARMON,
Young Ladies' Institute.

February 4. 557-3

CAUTION.

THE Subscriber regrets the necessity for cautioning the public against imitations of his popular Pomades.

The Alexandra Cream,

AND

The Canada Pomade

But having been informed that some unprincipled person has put up inferior articles, copying the labels word for word, and thereby greatly damaging the sale of the genuine articles, he is compelled to take this course in self-defence.

For the future every genuine pot will bear my written signature in RED INK, across the face of the label.

W. M. MASSEY,
Family and Dispensing Chemist,
Medical Hall, 28, Sparks-st.

Ottawa, Feb. 6, 1866. 472y

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

NOTICE.

THE Undersigned will either sell or let for a few years his well known farm, being lot Twenty-five in the Fourth Concession of Gloucester, Rideau Front, 215 acres all cleared, and well fenced and in a good state of cultivation. Also, the one half of lot Twenty-seven in the Third Concession, being in its natural state, all wood and excellent land. It is just the cross of two hundred acres from the corner of the one lot to the other. The railroad line runs within ten feet of the front corner of the one hundred and in sight of the two hundred for two or three miles. The Station at Cunningham's is scarcely a mile and a half from the front of Lot Twenty-five. The above farm is capable of keeping thirty head of milch cows, two span of horses, and as many young cattle as it would be proper to raise. Eight or nine years ago I kept twenty-two milch cows, and ten or twelve horses, and raised five or six calves every year. The above farm is about ten miles, from the door, to the limits of the City. The improvements cannot be surpassed for a farmer's purpose. The dwelling-house is stone,

The Ottawa Daily Times

VOL. II. NO 664. OTTAWA, WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 12 1868. PRICE—3 CENTS

THE

Ottawa Daily Times,

(Published every morning, Sundays excepted.)

THE DAILY AND WEEKLY TIMES NOW enjoys the LARGEST CIRCULATION of any paper published in the Ottawa Valley—issuing of the Daily over 2,000! and Weekly over 4,000! making a total circulation in the week of over 6,000! thus outstripping all competitors, and affording the best medium for business men to advertise in.

ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in the Daily at the following rates:

Business Cards of from 3 to 6 lines, per annum—payable in advance only..... $6 00

Transient Advertisements, first insertion per line..... 8c

Subsequent insertions, per line..... 2c

Yearly advertisers specially contracted with, and liberal allowance made.

Yearly subscription to the daily (if paid in advance)..... $5 00

If not paid in advance..... 6 00

Yearly subscription to the weekly (if paid in advance)..... $1 00

If not paid in advance..... 1 50

ADVERTISING AGENCY.—Messrs. S. M. Pettengill & Co., 37, Park Row, New York, and State Street, Boston, General Advertising Agents, are hereby authorized to receive Advertisements for the OTTAWA TIMES

LEGAL.

G. J. O'DOHERTY,
LAW, CHANCERY and CONVEYANCING OFFICE, AUMOND'S BUILDINGS, Rideau-street. Ottawa, Dec. 6, 1867. 608-49y

H. J. WICKSTEED,
ADVOCATE, &c., 42, Little St. James Street, MONTREAL. November 14, 1867. 589-6m

N. TETREAU,
NOTARY PUBLIC for the Province of Quebec, HULL; near the Post Office. Dec. 6, 1867. 390tf

NICHOLAS SPARKS,
LAW, Chancery and Conveyancing Office, Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office. Ottawa, July 19. 489y

LAPIERRE & HAYCOCK,
ATTORNIES-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers and Notaries Public, Corner of Sussex and York-streets, Ottawa. Ottawa, February 26, 1867. 368y

WILLIAM MOSGROVE,
LAW, Chancery and Conveyancing. OFFICE: Mosgrove's Block, Rideau Street, Ottawa, C. W. 366-tf

D. O'CONNOR,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex Street. OFFICE: Union Buildings, Ottawa. February 21, 1866. 55-y

R. H. HAYCOCK,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. OFFICE: Post Office Building, Elgin Street, Ottawa. February 7, 1866. 43-u

A. F. BOUCHETTE,
ADVOCATE. Office: No. 17, St. Peter Street, Quebec. Mr. Bouchette will always be prepared to attend promptly to any business the Government employes, and the public generally may entrust him. Mr. B. attends regularly the circuit in and for the district of Quebec. December 28, 1865. 9-y

P. J. BUCKLEY, LL.B.,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law Solicitor-in-Chancery, and Notary Public. Office, over Mr. Luke Cassey's Boot and Shoe Store, Rideau Street, Ottawa, C. W. January 17 1867. 334y

AUGUSTUS KEEFER,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office: Opposite Post Office, Elgin Street, in the rooms lately occupied as the Custom House. Ottawa, March 30. 87-tf

J. F. BOULTON,
BARRISTER-AT-LAW, Solicitor-in-Chancery, &c. OFFICE: Aumond's Buildings, Rideau Street. Ottawa, Jan. 12, 1866. 21-y

M. McLEOD,
BARRISTER, Etc., for Lower Canada. OFFICE: Court House, Aylmer and Buckingham, C.E. Attends to all Law Courts in the District of Ottawa. February 7, 1866. 43-tf

LEES & GEMMELL,
BARRISTERS, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. OFFICE: In the Court House, Ottawa, C. W. ROBERT LEES. JOHN J. GEMMELL. Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

EDWARD T. DARTNELL,
BARRISTER, Solicitor, Attorney, and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Crown Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. OFFICE: In the Court House, L'Orignal. January 27, 1866. 34-6m

MEDICAL.

DR. CHESLEY,
OFFICE over Mr. Garth's Establishment, 25 Rideau-st., Ottawa. May 30 447tf

DR. C. LEGGO,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Office: Hunton's Block, Sparks Street.

DR. DORION,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon, and Accoucheur, Clarence Street, Ottawa. March 1. 371y

DR. OLIVER MARTIN,
DENTIST. Office: Sparks Street, Central Ottawa. Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-utf

DR. C. A. MARTIN,
DENTIST. Office: Sussex Street, over Messrs. Campbell & Co.'s, Grocers. Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-utf

DR. JOHN LEGGO,
DENTIST, Hunton's Block, Sparks Street. Teeth extracted without pain means of the Ethereal Spray Producer. 350a

W. R. BELL, A.M., M.D., C.M., &c.
(RECENTLY FROM ENGLAND.)
SURGERY and Residence, George Street. Ottawa, November 13. 280y

DR. LESLIE JONES,
Surgeon, &c., of Dublin and Edinburgh. SURGERY and Consulting Office, Rideau-st., next door to the St. Lawrence Hall. Residence—Daly Street. 584y

DR. GEORGE HUTCHISON,
DENTIST. Office, Sparks-street, opposite Magee & Russell's. Ottawa, October 30, 1867. 576y

DR. W. J. HENRY,
CORNER of Kent and Wellington Streets, Ottawa. November 6. 43utf

DR. O. C. WOOD,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur Ottawa. Day office opposite Magee & Russell's, Sparks Street, Center Town; Night Office at his Residence, Maria Street, Center Town.
CANCERS CURED, with not the use of the knife, by a new, but certain, speedy, and almost painless process. References given to parties successfully treated, if required. The cure guaranteed. Ottawa, April 14. 17w-186-y

HOLGATE, OLIVER & ANNABLE,
WHOLESALE Manufacturers of Bedsteads, Chairs, &c., Chaudiere Island, Ottawa, C.W.
WILLIAM HOLGATE, JOHN OLIVER, WILLIAM ANNABLE. Ottawa A 309y

BUSINESS CARDS.

R. BILLINGS, JR.,
ARCHITECT, Elgin-street, opposite the Post Office.
REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq, Managing Director O & P R W 612-6m

R. SPARKS,
PROVINCIAL LAND SURVEYOR, Draughtsman, &c., (commissioned for Upper and Lower Canada.) Office and residence, Gloucester, near Ottawa. Surveys of every description executed with accuracy. Communications addressed Ottawa City, (post-paid) or left at the office of N. Sparks, Solicitor, &c., Ottawa, will receive prompt attention. Ottawa, February 21, 1866. 55-

N. McKINNON,
COMMISSION and Exchange Broker, and Insurance Agent, Sparks-street, opposite Magee & Russell's, Ottawa, C. W. Ottawa, March 25. 391y

O'CONNOR & WALLER,
EXCHANGE Brokers, Fire, Life and Accidental Insurance, Commission and Collecting Agents. Office, No. 27, Sussex-street, Ottawa.
E. E. O'CONNOR. W. H. WALLER. March 9. 378y

J. P. MACPHERSON,
BARRISTER, &c., Ottawa. Office: Lang's Buildings, opposite Post Office Ottawa, March 19, 1866. 70-y

H. McLEAN'S
AUCTION Rooms, No. 19, Sparks Street, Centre Town, Ottawa, opposite Hope's Stationery Store.
The sale of Real Estate at Auction or Private Sale promptly attended to. Consignments received for positive sale. Parties wishing to purchase Real Estate will receive all information FREE OF CHARGE by calling at the office. Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y

R. H. McGREEVY,
CONTRACTOR and Builder. Office: North side York street, second door from Sussex Street. Ottawa, March 20, 1866. 78-y

S. CHRISTIE,
COMMISSION Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Fork, Flour, &c., for sale.
OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W. y

PARLIAMENTARY AGENCY.

C. J. BOUCHETTE,
PL. SURVEYOR and Draughtsman, Mining, Land, and General Parliamentary Agent. References unexceptionable. OFFICE: Wellington Street, next to British Hotel, and nearly opposite the banks, Ottawa.
P. S.—Special attentian given with despatch to Public Land business, adjusting disputed claims, and securing Patents. Ottawa, May 22. 132-y

JOHN MERCER,
Teacher Piano-Forte, Violin, &c.
THOROUGH BASS.
AYLMER, C. E.
VISITS OTTAWA TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS.
Orders left at Union House will be punctually attended to. Ottawa, July 26. 187tf

HOTELS AND SALOONS.

HOLT'S HOTEL,
AYLMER, C. E., Livery and General Stage Office. Alfred Moses Holt, Jr., Prop'tr. December 21, 1865. 4-y

JAS. JOHNSTON'S
UNION HOUSE, North Gower. Good Stabling and an attentive Hostler. January 11, 1866. 2o-y

DUIGNAN'S
PRIVATE HOTEL, Sparks Street, Ottawa, C. W. A few gentlemen can obtain superior apartments. Ottawa, Dec. 20, 1865. 3-y

THE RUSSELL HOUSE,
LATE CAMPBELL'S HOTEL, Ottawa, C. W. The undersigned, proprietor of the above-named Hotel, begs leave to acquaint his numerous friends and the travelling public, that he has re-painted and newly-furnished throughout this commodious establishment, in the management of which by strict attention to business and guests, he hopes to deserve encouragement and support.
JAMES E. GOUIN,
Lately, and for many years connected with Russell's Hotel, Paisace Street, Quebec

THE ALBION HOTEL
NICHOLAS Street, Court-House Avenue, Ottawa, John Graham, Proprietor.
This House is conveniently situated, and still maintains its character as a FIRST-CLASS HOTEL. Considerable additions have recently been made to the premises, and it has been entirely repainted and renovated. No pains will be spared to accommodate and please.
OMNIBUSES to and from the cars and boats free of charge. There is a FIRST-CLASS LIVERY STABLE attached to the Hotel. Ottawa 1866 1-y

JOHN MALTMAN
LATE McADAM'S, Commercial Hotel, Packenham.
The above Hotel, one of the oldest and best known in Packenham, has been leased by the undersigned and thoroughly overhauled and refitted for the special accommodation of guests. THE TABLE AND BAR will at all times be furnished with the very best the market affords.
GOOD STABLING and a careful Hostler always in attendance
JOHN MALTMAN.

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,
M. KAVANAGH, Proprietor, Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington Streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government buildings.
The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.
Oysters, Game etc., dail

THE METROPOLITAN
Aumond's Block,
Rideau Street, Ottawa.
P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR. Ottawa, November 27. 292tf

THE REVERE HOUSE,
OTTAWA.
G. A. BUCKE, W. H. SANGER, ...PROPRIETORS.
THIS FIRST-CLASS HOTEL has been re-furnished and refitted throughout, and now combines all the requisites of a first-class establishment. Ottawa, Nov. 6, 1867 532tf

TORONTO HOUSE,
SPARKS-STREET.
MRS. TROTTER begs to state that she has comfortable quarters for a few gentlemen for three months or more, with Parlour and use of Piano. Ottawa, Dec. 24, 1867. 623tf

MISS LOVETT'S
PRIVATE HOTEL
HOLLIS STREET, HALIFAX, N. S.
STRANGERS will find this long established and well known house to be the most comfortable and well conducted in the city. December 23, 1867. 622-6m

TO PARTIES ABOUT TO BUILD—
PLANS,
SPECIFICATIONS,
ESTIMATES, &
Prepared by AUGUSTUS LAVER, ARCHITECT
East Daly st. Ottawa. April 1.

DRUGGISTS.

Spectacles for all Sights.
OPTICAL Instruments Electro-Magnetic and Galvanic Apparatus, Photographic Chemicals, &c.
W. BEARN, Market Drug Store, York-street. 637y

Apothecaries Hal !
No. 41, SUSSEX STREET,
G. MORTIMER, - - - PROPRIETOR

NONE OTHER GENUINE !
TRADE MARK IS REGISTERED

Canadian Cough Emulsion.
THIS Valuable Medicine has the extraordinary property of immediately relieving Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Difficulty of Breathing, Tightness in the Chest, &c., &c. It operates by dissolving the congealed phlegm, causing free expectoration; and an agreeable moistness of the skin. Prepared only by
GEORGE MORTIMER,
Chemist and Druggist, 41, Sussex Street, Ottawa City. Sold in bottles at 1s 3d and 2s 6d each.

MORTIMER'S
COMPOUND ANTIBILIOUS
AND FAMILY APERIENT PILLS,
a grand Specific for derangement of the digestive organs, and for obstructions and torpid action of the Liver and Bowels.

MORTIMER'S Vegetable WORM DESTROYER.
The only sure remedy that exists. Combining delicious taste with amazing power. Also
CAMPHORATED EYE-WATER,
Sure Cure for Sore, Weak and Inflamed Eyes.

MORTIMER'S
Colognes, Pomades, Toilet Vinegar, Rose Dentrifice, for the Teeth and Gums. Also constantly on hand, Perfumes of all kinds, and Toilet requisites usually kept in a first-class establishment.

FOUND,
A NEVER Failing Remedy for Coughs and Colds, Mortimer's Canadian Cough Emulsion. No family should be without a bottle. None genuine but from
G. MORTIMER, Chemist, 41, Sussex-st.
The best of Certificates can be produced. Ottawa, Nov. 22, 1867. 596-6m

OTTAWA
DRUG WAREHOUSE,
RIDEAU STREET

1866 SEEDS. SEEDS. 1866.
A LARGE STOCK OF FRESH GARDEN and FIELD SEEDS, just arrived and on Sale. All Seeds warranted Fresh.
A large importation of English and French PERFUMES will arrive next week.
FLORIDA WATER. SOZODONT.
HAIR BRUSHES. COMBS.
NAIL BRUSHES. CLOTHES BRUSHES, &c., &c., &c.
Just being opened up.
JOSEPH GARVEY, M.D.
P. S.—Advice to the poor gratis. Ottawa, April 11. 97-y

DOMESTIC DYES.
THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT OF DYES in this city on sale at the
Ottawa Drug Warehouse.
A fresh Lot of Good, Cheap PERFUMES just received.
N. B.—Prescriptions carefully and promptly prepared. J. GARVEY, M. D. Ottawa, Feb. 12 1866 47-utf

PARLIAMENT
HAIRDRESSING SALOON !

E. MILES,
Hairdresser by Appointment to His Excellency the Governor-General,
HAS REMOVED HIS PARLIAMENT HAIR DRESSING SALOON from the old stand to his new and commodious room over the LONDON MUSIC STORE, on Elgin-st., opposite the Russell House, which he has fitted up in the most recherche style of the business, and where his Rotary Hair Brush, which he imported expressly for himself, being the first introduced into British America, will be kept ready for use. The saloon is delightfully ventilated, and very pleasantly situated.
Mr. MILES would take this opportunity of returning his most sincere thanks to his many friends and the public, for their kind and generous patronage to him, during a number of years, in his old establishment, and trusts that by unremitting attention to business, and in his new and first-class saloon, with polite and attentive workmen, to merit a continuance of their favors.
—All kinds of Hair Watch Guards, Finger Rings, &c., manufactured to order. For the convenience of ladies orders will be received at the London Music Store, where a fine and varied assortment of Hair-work will be found.
E. MILES, Hair Dresser, by appointment, to his Excellency the Governor-General. Ottawa, October 3 1867. 553-39y

BAZAAR.
IT is intended to hold a Bazaar on the SEVENTEENTH of MARCH NEXT, 1868, and following days, in aid of the DEBT on
The Parsonage of Christ Church.
Contributions will be most thankfully received from the members of the Church, and other friends in Ottawa, by the following Ladies, who have kindly consented to act as a Committee of Management
MRS. CLEMOW,
" W. F. POWELL,
" COFFIN,
" ADAMSON,
" T. M. BLASDELL,
" LAUDER,
" DONALDSON,
" JOHN THOMPSON,
" N. SPARKS,
" MAGEE,
" STREET.
" ANNIE POWELL, Secretary.
Ottawa, Dec. 23, 1867. 622d

Satchell Brothers,
Butchers to His Excellency Lord Monck.
No. 7, LOWER TOWN MARKET.
Superior Stall Fed
BEEF, MUTTON, LAMB AND VEAL,
SATCHELL'S
Celebrated Spiced Rounds & Rolled Beef,
Cured in the English Style.
Also, Sugar Cured Hams and Bacon of their own curing, constantly on hand. Ottawa, December 21. 621-3m

GREAT CLEARING SALE
—OF—
Dry Goods and Ready-made Clothing,
—AT—
J. T. Prudhomme's Stores,
SUSSEX-STREET, FACING CLARENCE STREET,
And at the Sign of the "Golden Lamb."

AS the Subscriber intends closing one of his Stores on the first day of December he is determined to sell off at an immense reduction his stock of

DRY GOODS & READY-MADE CLOTHIN
—CONSISTING OF—

Beaver Cloths,	West of England Broad Cloths,	Col. and White Blankets
Pilot do	Black Cassimeres,	Horse Rugs,
Whitney do	Silk Mix Coatings,	Flannels,
Melton do	" " Trowserings,	Kerseys,
Sattinet do	Fancy Doeskins,	Winceys.

English, Scotch and anadian Tweeds.

DRAWERS,	SHAWLS,	BUCK MITTS,
SHIRTS,	CLOAKINGS,	BUCK MOCASSINS,
WOOL CRAVATS,	DRESS GOODS,	WOOL SOCKS
SCARFS,	NECK TIES,	MITTS,
NECK TIES,	PRINTS,	TRUNKS,
COLLARS,	COBOURGS,	VALISES

—ALSO, A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF—
Boots and Shoes, Teas, Soap, Candles and Wines
The whole to be disposed of before the 1st day of December. Call early and examine before purchasing elsewhere.
Ottawa, November 19, 1867. 593-3m

RELIANCE
MUTUAL LIFE ASSURANCE CO'Y.
ESTABLISHED 1840.
CHIEF OFFICE—71, King William-street, Mansion House, LONDON.
ACCUMULATED PREMIUMS OVER, - - - $1,000,000.
ANNUAL INCOME OVER, - - - - - $300,000.

TRUSTEES.
The Right Rev the Bishop of Moray and Ross.

Viscount Kirkaldie	J R S Phillipps, Esq	Sir John T Tyrell, Bart
John Ledger, Esq	James Traill, Esq	W M Tufnell, Esq

DIRECTORS.

George Ashlin, Esq	John W Lay, Esq	Henry T Prinsep, Esq
W W Duffield, Esq	John Ledger, Esq	Major Skinner, R A
J W Egertongreen, Esq	J Oxlyparker, Esq	Charles H Smith, Esq
George T Harris, Esq	William Phelps, Esq	James Traill, Esq
John James, Esq	John Pike, Esq	W M Tufnell, Esq
	Edward White, Esq	

MEDICAL OFFICERS.
J W Ogle, Esq, M D — H F Smith, Esq, M D
BANKS.
Messrs William Deacon Co, Birchin Lane, Messrs Sparrow, Tufnell & Co, Chelmsford. The London and County Bank.
SOLICITORS.
Messrs Hooke & Street, 27 Lincoln's Inn Fields. Messrs Gepp & Veley, Chelmsford.
EDWARD BUTLER, Secretary.

Canada Branch—Montreal.
BOARD OF DIRECTORS.
Walter Shanly, Esq, M P, Chairman.
Duncan Macdonald, Esq. George Winks, Esq. W M Hingston, Esq, M D, L R C S.
SOLICITORS—Messrs Rose & Ritchie. MEDICAL ADVISER—W H Hingston, Esq, M D.
The entire profits of this old and long established society belong to the policy holders, who are protected from all liability by the deed of settlement.
Annuities and endowments granted on advantageous terms.
Advances made on approved security in connection with Life Policies.
Every information to be had on application to any of the Society's Agents in Canada, or to T W GRIFFITH, Manager and Secretary.
Head Office for the Dominion of Canada—Corner St Francois Xavier-street, Montreal.
Agents wanted in unrepresented districts throughout Canada.
589-6m NEIL McKINNON, Agent for Ottawa.

Etna Fire and Marine Insurance Co.
The Number of Shareholders exceed Five Hundred.
Capital,.....$2,500,000.
Annual Income Nearly.....$1,000,000.
HEAD OFFICE—Upper Sackville-street, Dublin, Ireland; CHIEF OFFICE, ENGLAND—17 and 18 Corn Hill, London; CHIEF OFFICE, SCOTLAND—98, George-st., Edinburgh

DIRECTORS.
John Obins Woodhouse, Esq, 82 Pembroke Road, Dublin; Omeath Park, Co Louth; Portadown, Co Armagh; Kerry Keel, Co Armagh and Down—Chairman.
Robert Craven Wade, Esq, Conebraney, Crosskeale, Co Meath, and Sackville Street Club, Dublin, J P for Counties Meath and Wicklow—Director Scottish Amicable Life Office.
Charles Going Malone, Esq, Merchant, Stephen-street and George-street, Dublin; Churchtown Lodge, Dundrum, Co Dublin—Director Commercial Gas Company.
John William Gregg, Esq, Alderman, Merchant, 18 Upper Sackville-street, Dublin—Vice Chairman.
Irwine Smith Whitty, Esq, 6 Wellington Road, Dublin—Director Government Prisons.
Bernard Coyne, Esq, 27 Waterloo Road, Dublin, J P, Co Mayo.
Jeffry Martin, Esq, 2 Clarinda Park, East Kingstown, Dublin, and Curraghmore, Ballinrobe, Co Mayo, J P for Co Mayo.
Robert Conway Hurly, Esq, Bridge House and Glenduff, Tralee; J P for Co Kerry.
David Richardson Goodlatt, Esq Merchant.

FEATURES.
A division of profits every three years to holders of policies who have no losses.
MODERATE PREMIUMS.
The company do not advocate high premiums, but rates will be charged according as the nature of the risk. Losses will be promptly and fully met on adjustment. Losses by lightning and loss or damage by explosion of gas within the premises insured made good.
JOHN INNIS, ESQ, Manager.
N B—The above company have invested in Canadian Government Bonds, in conformity with the Provincial Act, and have obtained the license of the Minister of Finance to do business in Canada, and are now prepared to take risks.
T. W. GRIFFITH, Manager for Canada.
Head Office for the Dominion—Corner of St Francois Xavier and St Sacrament-streets, Montreal.
Agents wanted in unrepresented districts throughout Canada.
589-6m NEIL McKINNON, Agent for Ottawa.

STOVES. STOVES. STOVES.
STOVES. STOVES. STOVES.
STOVES. STOVES. STOVES.
"CAPITAL" 35, SUSSEX H. MEADOWS
STOVE DEPOT ! St. & CO.
WE have received our fall and Winter Stock of STOVES, STOVE PIPES, ELBOWS, DUMB STOVES, TINWARE and LUMBERMEN'S SUPPLIES, which we offer Wholesale or Retail at low prices. In Cooking, Parlor, Box and Hall Stoves, for wood or coal, we have the largest and most varied assortment ever shown in Ottawa.

COOKING STOVES.	COOKING STOVES.	COOKING STOVES.
COOKING STOVES.	COOKING STOVES.	COOKING STOVES.
COOKING STOVES.	COOKING STOVES.	COOKING STOVES.

Our stock of the above comprises the latest improvements in both ELEVATED and LOW OVEN STOVES.

BOX AND HALL STOVES.	BOX AND HALL STOVES.
BOX AND HALL STOVES.	BOX AND HALL STOVES.
BOX AND HALL STOVES.	BOX AND HALL STOVES.

Suitable for private Dwellings and Churches, Warehouses and Stores.

PARLOR STOVES.	PARLOR STOVES.	PARLOR STOVES.
PARLOR STOVES.	PARLOR STOVES.	PARLOR STOVES.
PAR TOVES.	PARLOR STOVES.	PARLOR STOVES.

New and most beautiful designs, very cheap.
COAL STOVES. PARLOR GRATES.
Hot Air Furnaces.
We still continue to manufacture every description of TIN, SHEET IRON, and COPPER WARE, RUSSIA IRON PIPE, and DUMB STOVES. Also all kinds of out-door Job Work in our line attended to by competent and experienced Mechanics. Country Merchants supplied with Stovepipes, &c., at reduced rates.
Lumbermen's Supplies! Lumbermen's Supplies! Shanty Plates! Basins! Camp Kettles, &c.
HOUSEFURNISHING GOODS!
Bird Cages! Bird Cages! Bird Cages!
Price Lists sent free on application.
Any part of a Stove sold by us can be replaced when broken or burnt out, a fact intending buyers would do well to note.
An inspection of the above goods invited at the "CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT, 35, SUSSEX STREET.
H. MEADOWS & CO.
Ottawa, October 2, 1867. 62-y

INSURANCE.

INTERCOLONIAL
ASSURANCE CO'Y.
OF CANADA.
Capital - - - $500,000.
With power to increase the same.
SHARES, - - - $100 EACH.
PROVISIONAL DIRECTORS:
H. O. Burritt, Esq., President; R. Lyon, Esq. Mayor of Ottawa, Vice-President; T. D. Harington, Dy. Receiver General; the Hon. J. Skead, J. M. Currier, M. P., D. McLaughlin, M.P., W. Wade, Esq., F. Jones, M.P., W. Ellis, Esq., W. H. Broise, M.D., Joseph Aumond, Esq., M. K. Church, M.D., and J. M. Bates.
THIS is purely a Canadian Institution, and as such is deserving of the support of the Canadian public.
An Act for the Incorporation of this Company is now before the Parliament of the Dominion.
Over $100,000 of stock is already subscribed and it is the intention to deposit with the Government as a guarantee of our good faith, at least $50,000 as soon as an Act of Incorporation is procured (which will be a provision of our Incorporation.) It is unnecessary here to dilate upon the profits of money invested in Insurance Stock. Suffice it to say, that, at least in one instance 3335 per cent advance has been obtained on insurance stock, and that after the payment of princely dividends. In the meantime Subscriptions to Stock, in Ottawa may be made at the Ontario and Royal Canadian Banks, and a deposit of 10 per cent is requisite which will be deposited IN TRUST to be returned in case any subscriber is not satisfied with his investment up to one month after the Vice-Regal sanction to the Charter is obtained.
J. M. BATES, Pro. Manager and Secretary.
Ottawa, Nov. 21, 1867. 595tf

CITY OF GLASGOW
Life Assurance Company
ESTABLISHED 1838.
CAPITAL, £600,000 Stg.
ANNUAL REVENUE OVER £120,000 STG.
THIS COMPANY OFFERS TO THE public the combined advantage of perfect security, moderate premiums and liberal participation in profits. No extra charge for Volunteers in defence of the country.
RINTOUL BROS., Montreal, General Agents for Canada.
NEIL McKINNON, Agent, Sparks-street, Ottawa.
Ottawa March 25. 391y

Ætna Life Insurance Company.
ESTABLISHED, A. D. 1820.
Capital and Assets, 1st Jan., 1867, $4,401,833.86
THIS MOST SUCCESSFUL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY divides the whole of the Profits, every year, among the insured, reducing the cost to about one-half the figures usually charged.
For instance, the annual payment, at the age of 30, in most Companies, to insure $2600 is, with profits, about $50, and without profits.....$43.90
In the Ætna, $2000, to a person 30 years of age, costs the first year..... 25.31
And each subsequent year..... 26.74
Which payment is subject to further reduction as the business of the Company increases.
Endowment policies on equally favorable terms.
The fact that the Ætna has, during the past 12 months, insured over 14,000 persons, from among the best business men of the Continent, is the best possible testimonial to the soundness of the Company, and the excellence of its method of doing business.
J. GARVEY, ESQ., M. D., Medical Referee.
S. PEDLAR & CO., Montreal.
Ottawa, March 13. 381y

BRITISH AMERICA
Asurance Company !
FIRE AND MARINE.
ESTABLISHED 1830.
R. S. Cassels, Esq.....Consulting Director.
THE ABOVE FIRST-CLASS COMPANY is prepared to insure all descriptions of property against loss or damage by fire.
HERRICK, BRUSH & CO., AGENTS, Aumond's Buildings.
Ottawa, January 4, 1867. 323y

NOTICE.
DR. J. GARVEY can be consulted each day PROFESSIONALLY, at his RESIDENCE, RIDEAU-STREET, from 8 o'clock to 10 in the forenoon, and from 6 to 10 in the evening. During mid-day by making inquiries at BROWNE & HARDY'S, GROCERS, Rideau-street, information can be had as to his whereabouts.
J. GARVEY, M. D.
N. B.—It is not the intention of Dr. Garvey to relinquish his practice as a physician. Ottawa, Jan. 24, 1868. 648tf

NOTICE.
ALL persons indebted to Dr. J. Garvey, and whose accounts have been rendered, are requested to call and settle at once, or costs will be incurred.
J. GARVEY, M.D. Ottawa, Sept. 4, 1867. 529tf

RIFLES!
Wesson's Rifles!
HAVING imported some of the above RIFLES in 1866, under free entry, I offer the balance of stock at $17 each, which is $4 less than manufacturers prices; wholesale price at factory is $25 American money.
THOMAS ISAAC, Sparks-street. 6134

Land for Sale.
850 ACRES OF LAND, situated within two to eight miles of the city. Apply to JOHN W. McGUIRE, Lot 25, 2nd Concession, Ottawa Front, Gloucester. 546-6m

To Sell or Let---Rare Opening,
TERMS MODERATE.
FINE STONE DWELLING HOUSES, Photographic Chambers, and other Cut Stone Premises, well arranged and eligibly situated for commercial business.
Apply to JOHN MACAULEY, Chaudiere, Ottawa; or E. McGILLIVRAY, J. B. TACKABERRY, or H. McLEAN, Auctioneer, Ottawa. January 8, 1867. 585-6m

Furniture! Furniture! Furniture!
AT THE
VARIETY HALL,
34, Sussex-st.
A MOST Complete Stock of Black Walnut and other Furniture, in Cane and Hair Seated Chairs, Tete-a-Tetes, Sofas, Extension Dining Tables, Centre Tables, Sideboards, Chiffonniers, Wardrobes, Bureaus, Bedsteads, Washstands and Toilet Tables. Also, Hair, Excelsior and Sea Grass Mattrasses, of all sizes, Gilt Mirrors, Toilet and other Looking Glasses, Table Cutlery of all kinds, Brushes, Brooms, and Wooden Ware of various descriptions, Table and Floor Mats, Soiled Linen Baskets, a beautiful article, Rocking Horses, Children's Sleighs, and the best assorted stock of Crockery, China and Glassware in the Dominion. This stock being all purchased to the best advantage will consequently be sold cheap.
Crockery, China, Glassware, Stoves and Furniture rented to private or public parties at a reasonable rate. JOSEPH BOYDEN, 429y General Agent.

K. ARNOLDI,
WINE & SPIRIT MERCHANT,
METCALFE-STREET,
Telegraph Company's Building, Ottawa,
RECOMMENDS and Guarantees with confidence the following Wines:—
PORTS—Graham's, Sandeman's, Forrester's, Masden's, &c.:

	Per Gall.	Per Doz
No. 1 Good sound Wine	$2 00	$6 00
" 2 "	3 00	8 75
" 3 Old	3 50	10 00
" 4 Superior old	4 50	12 50
" 5 Very fine old	5 25	15 50

SHERRY WINE—Domecq's, Capdepons, Pemartin's, Cramp Suter's, &c.:

No. 1 Light table Wine	$2 00	6 00
" 2 Superior do	3 00	8 75
" 3 Very choice	3 50	10 00
" 4 Very Superior	4 50	12 50
" 5 Very fine	5 00	15 00

Marsala Wine,
$1.30 per Gallon, $4.50 per Dozen.
Especial attention called to the above Wine. Far superior to all common sherries, its chief recommendation is that it agrees perfectly well with persons who cannot take those wines, even of a high class. It is soft and old, free from heat, or the slightest approach to acidity, while its very moderate price recommends it for all large entertainments, as well as for the luncheon, dinner and supper table. It has met with the highest approval from the medical gentlemen of this city.
Also, in wood or bottle, old and new Brandies, Rums, Gins, Old Tom Gins, Irish, Scotch, and Canadian Whiskeys of Standard Brands.
Clarets, Champagnes, Hocks, Caracas, Maraschino, Chartreuse, Royal Italian Bitters, &c., in great variety.
Hibberts' and Guiness' Porter, Bass' and Allsopp's Ales, quarts and pints. Canadian Ale of Superior Quality, in Wood and Bottle.
Goods most confidently recommended, and may be as implicitly relied upon for perfect purity as if purchased in the largest wholesale establishment in the country.
Orders by mail with cash or city reference solicited and promptly attended to. No charge for delivery in the city. A discount to persons buying in quantity or by the original package. Inspection invited.
Price Lists, and every information, on application, or sent to any address.
WINE VAULTS AND OFFICE, No. 11, Metcalfe-street, Telegraph Co.'s Building, Ottawa. January 27, 1868. 535y

FOR SALE
BY THE SUBSCRIBERS,
New Egyptian Dates,
Oranges, Lemons,
Grapes, Turkey Figs,
West End Raisins,
Dundee Marmalade,
Jams and Jellies,
Tomatoes in tins,
Peaches, "
Sweet Corn "
Lima Beans.
OYSTERS & HADDIES !
RECEIVED WEEKLY.
DALGLISH & RUSSELL, Upper Town.
Ottawa, Jan. 28, 1868. 651y

SMITH & RODNEY
MERCHANT TAILORS and General Outfitters, Elgin-street, opposite the Russell House, and second door from the London Music Store, having just received a choice stock of
English, French and Canadian
CLOTHS and TWEEDS,
And a general assortment of gentlemen's furnishing goods, would intimate to their friends and the public generally that they are prepared to execute all orders in their line at the shortest notice, in the most approved styles and at prices that we defy competition. Ottawa Oct. 1,1867. 551tf

ROANOKE
Tobacco Company,
DANVILLE, VIRGINIA.
THIS Company having established at Montreal their General Agency for the Dominion of Canada, is now prepared to offer to the public an article in
SMOKING TOBACCO !
Superior to anything of the kind ever imported into the country, and pledge their long established character that the article now offered is the pure leaf from the
Virgin Hill Tops of Virginia.
The different brands and prices are as follows viz:
The "Prince of Wales," in 1, & 2 lb bls $1.00 per lb
" " Dominion Favorite" 1 & ½ " " 0 75 "
" " Navy," 1 & 2 " " 0.65 "
The prices are NET CASH in Montreal, and orders [accompanied by remittance] for 5 lbs and upwards will receive prompt attention. The tobacco will be forwarded to any address, by express or otherwise, as parties may direct.
Please address
F. W. HENSHAW, Gen. Agent Dominion of Canada, 10 St. Sacrament-st., Montreal.
Montreal, Dec. 4, 1867. 607-4m

SNOW'S
Celebrated Fever Remedy.
A Sure and Certain Cure for Fever—Continued, Remittent, Intermittent, Typhoid, and Fever arising from Ordinary Colds.
THIS REMEDY has been used in Tropical climates for many years with the greatest success. It shortens the attack, reduces the fever gradually, and at the same time enables the system to throw off the poisonous effect of the on the blood and secretions generally.
PRICE—50 cents and $1 per Bottle. Sold Wholesale and Retail by
H. F. MACCARTHY, Chemist, Ottawa City
Sole Agent for Dominion of Canada. December 2, 1867. 579-3m

HOWE'S
Boot and Shoe Store.
REMOVAL.
AS the Lease of our Premises in Sussex-street terminates this month, we intend to confine our business to one locality, and shall remove the whole of our Stock on the 1st of May next, to our Store in
No. 10, Rideau-st.
Our stock of BOOTS and SHOES, LEATHER, SHOE FINDINGS, TRUNKS, &c., &c., will consequently be very large and most complete in every department, and we most respectfully solicit a continuance of favors, to merit which our constant endeavors will be as usual to provide the best articles and sell at the lowest remunerating prices.
G. HOWE & SON.
Remember the place—No. 10, Rideau-st. next to Howell's rocery. April 27 420y

FOUND.
NEAR the Market, Lower Town, an INDIA RUBBER CARRIAGE COVER. Apply at this office. Ottawa, November 595tf

CITY NOTICES.

PROCLA

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

On no occasion will the names of Old Advertisements be inserted here.

Two Hounds Lost—Oliver Pinard.
Applications for Chimney Sweep—W. P. Lett.
Tenders for Market Tolls— Do.

The Ottawa Times

City and County Official Paper

WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 12, 1868.

The Hon. Mr. Archibald returned yesterday from New York. The Hon. Mr. Macdougall left yesterday for Montreal; he will return on Friday. The other Ministers now absent from the Capital will probably be here in the early part of next week.

As we published Lord Hobart's letter to the London *Times*, urging the American view of the *Alabama* question, we now insert the answer of "Historicus," which is extremely interesting. Though the letter is lengthy it will well repay perusal; from Mr. Seward's own mouth it confutes him.

Undoubtedly the Dominion Government has a difficult task before it, not only now, but for all time to come, if the people of each Province shall feel themselves at liberty to get up their backs against the Union Act on every occasion that Parliament or the Executive may fail to meet their own peculiar notions upon each particular measure. A partnership upon such conditions would be very hard to administer. And if Provinces as a whole may demand the right of secession, may not parts of Provinces set up a claim for the same privilege? To hold over the head of the General Government a threat for a "repeal" agitation, unless the interests of the whole country are to be subordinated to those of particular Provinces in the carrying out of general measures, is not only a mistaken policy in itself, but one which is calculated to excite a spirit of sectionalism throughout the Dominion, and in the end to lead to extravagance, and the forfeiture of any special advantages that may be gained in one instance by the sacrifices that will be entailed in others. If in one particular case it may happen that New Brunswick shall secure some exceptional local benefit, who supposes that Nova Scotia would miss the first opportunity of securing something for itself? Or that Quebec would be so blind as not to fight for an equivalent? And would Ontario, with nearly half the representation in the popular branch of the Legislature, stand quietly by and allow any one of the other three Provinces to feather its own nest, without making an effort to do likewise?

It is the duty of the Canadian Government to legislate equitably for all the Provinces; but to legislate especially in the interests of one, on a matter which concerns the whole, to such a vast extent as does the Intercolonial Railway, would be a manifest injustice. We make these remarks because a well informed correspondent writes us in a style which we understand to mean simply that unless the Government should comply with the wishes "of the Southern "and Central portions" of New Brunswick in the settlement of the route, a repeal agitation will be commenced in that Province. We do not think we overstate his meaning, but our readers may examine the communication for themselves. Now let us suppose that the Government finds, after the question has been fully considered, that such a route as would please that section of New Brunswick, is not the one which would best serve the interests or satisfy the demands of Nova Scotia, that it is not that route which would be acceptable to Quebec, or that would most directly serve the commercial interests of Ontario; or finally that as a section of the great British American highway from ocean to ocean, it would not best fulfil the object of its construction in serving not only the existing, but the anticipated requirements of the Dominion; must the Government then be deterred from selecting the route best calculated to meet all the conditions required, because of a threatened agitation for repeal in one section?

We do not desire to re-open the discussion of this railway route question, but to point out to our correspondent that he invites the Government to take into the account a dangerous element of calculation, and one which though to-day it may subserve a great portion perhaps the greater portion, of one Province, might be turned to-morrow against it. The question of "repeal," however much it may be affected by material projects for the development of the country's resources, is itself purely and simply a political question, and when great national enterprises are subordinated to the political exigencies of the hour, it can only happen by the merest accident that the material interests of the country will be best served in the premises. Even though the route which our correspondent favors were the best, it ought not to be advocated for the particular reason to which we have given prominence, *i. e.*, to avert an agitation for repeal; because, if the selection of one route is calculated to provoke a repeal movement in New Brunswick, then the selection of another might be held to strengthen the repeal agitation in Nova Scotia, and so on, thus leaving the material interests of the whole country out of sight, when vainly endeavoring to appease the political passions of particular sections. The Government will act unwisely if they attempt so impossible a feat. If they can vindicate their choice of route, whatever it may be, on the broad ground of public and inter-Provincial interests; if they can show that in their conclusion they have not ignored the just claims of any Province, but fairly estimated what would be best for all they must be prepared to brave, and will be sustained in braving, any local resentments which that decision may provoke. Assuredly, the decision of the route will disappoint somebody, for the advocates of all the rival lines cannot be gratified. But if you accept in one instance the threat of a repeal agitation as a reason for your conclusion, you will justify the disappointed section in a resort to the same course.

We quite agree with our correspondent in the desirability of friendly discussion on the many important questions that will speedily come up for settlement before the Canadian Parliament. But we are not insensible that in some cases the discussion on the tariff in the Maritime Provinces has been embittered by other considerations than those growing out of an anxiety to save the people from an undue pressure of taxation. In fact, as our correspondent remarks, the Nova Scotia members were but too glad, and could not conceal their satisfaction, at finding the tendency of legislation, such as to give color to their predictions. May not the same parties be equally rejoiced should the decision of the railway route appear to conflict with the Nova Scotia view? It is better, therefore, that this question should be decided on the broad ground of national policy, rather than with reference to sectional politics.

FROM HALIFAX.

Progress of Repeal in the House of Assembly.

Special to THE TIMES.

HALIFAX, Feb. 10, 1868.

In the House the Attorney-General opened the debate on the Repeal Resolutions. He was followed by Mr. Troop, on the same side. Repeal meetings continue to be held in different parts of the country.

LOCAL NEWS.

Masonic Jewels, Designs, &c.—Messrs Young & Radford are prepared to furnish all kinds of Masonic jewels, in the highest styles of the art, on the shortest notice, and at the cheapest rates. All kinds of jewellery repaired.

Bible Society Meeting this Evening.—The anniversary of the Ottawa Auxiliary Bible Society will be held this evening, at seven o'clock, in the Sussex-street (Church of England) Chapel. The chair will be taken punctually at seven o'clock. There will be a collection in aid of the funds of the society.

Watches and Jewellery.—Young & Radford have on hand all styles of the celebrated American watch—the cheapest and best watch for the money. Also the Canada watch. They have also on hand a very choice selection of rare and valuable jewellery. Call and examine.

Weather Table.—Noted by Wm. Hearn, Optician and Druggist, Market Drug Store, York-st.

OTTAWA, Feb. 11, 1868.

Greatest degree of cold registered during the previous night 25 below zero.

8 a.m., 22 below zero
1 p.m., 2 " "
6 p.m., 10 above "

Police Court.—Wm. Jackson was brought up on a charge of stealing a pot of preserves at the store of Mr. Robinson, Sussex-st. It appeared in evidence that the prisoner had purchased a small parcel of groceries, and removed the pot of preserves from the counter near the door, and took it to the other end of the counter, or nearly so, and put it behind his parcel, but as it was still on the counter when found it was difficult to prove it to have been stolen. Prisoner said he was under the influence of liquor and did not know *exactly* what he was doing, and promised never to do the like again. His Worship said if they had given him an opportunity he would most likely have taken it away. The prisoner is on all suitable occasions a lachrymose fellow, and began to shed penitential tears. His Worship discharged him with a caution.

The New Edinburgh Concert.—The friends and promoters of the penny reading movement in New Edinburgh are to have a concert on Friday evening of this week, the proceeds of which are to be applied to the purchase of a melodeon to be used at their weekly reunions, and it is highly gratifying to learn that Sir John A. and Lady Macdonald, have kindly consented to be the patrons of the concert. The committee have been for some time busily engaged in making the necessary preparations. Several amateurs, both of New Edinburgh and of this city, have kindly promised to assist in carrying out this laudable object, and no doubt, many of the friends of the movement from the city will attend the concert, as much for the purpose of aiding their New Edinburgh friends to purchase their instrument, as to enjoy the pleasure prepared for them on the occasion. We understand that there will be a few choice and appropriate readings, interspersed with the music, and the readers, as well as the singers engaged, will do their best to carry out the objects of the society, and to merit the approbation of the audience.

BOARD OF SCHOOL TRUSTEES.

OTTAWA, Feb. 6, 1868.

The Board met at 7 o'clock p.m.

Present—Messrs. J. D. Slater, Chairman; Preston, McCloy, Wilson, Pratt and Kirby.

The minutes were read and approved.

The Local Superintendent presented the Annual Report on the state of the public school for the year 1867.

Moved by Mr. Preston, seconded by Mr. Kirby, that the annual report from the Local Superintendent, just read, be referred to the Committee on School Management.—Carried.

Sundry accounts were read by the chairman.

Moved by Mr. Kirby, seconded by Mr. McCloy, that the accounts of Messrs. Rathwell, Smirl, Stewart, Robertson, and Mrs. Williams, be referred to the Finance Committee to report upon.—Carried.

A communication from N. U. Smith, in reference to the erection of lightning rods on the Central School East.

Moved by Mr. Preston, seconded by Mr. McCloy, that the communication from N. U. Smith, just read, be referred to the Committee on Building and Improvements, with instructions to report thereon at the next meeting of the Board.—Carried.

A communication from Mr. Robertson, teacher, referring to the crowded state of Victoria Terrace School, was read, and on motion of Mr. Pratt, seconded by Mr. McCloy, referred to the Committee on School Management.

The Committee on Building and Improvements reported that they had examined the tender of Messrs. Blythe and Kerr, for heating the Central School Building East, and accepted the same. The Committee further recommended that a suitable bell should be procured and erected in the belfry of the said building.

On motion of Mr. Preston, seconded by Mr. Kirby, Report No. 1 of the Building Committee was received and adopted.

The Committee submitted Report No. 2, concerning plans and specifications for Central School, West, and consider it advisable to offer a premium of fifty dollars for the set that shall be accepted by the Board. The Building to be eighty feet frontage and fifty feet deep, with a good basement for heating apparatus, and erected of stone or brick.

Moved by Mr. Kirby, seconded by Mr. Preston, that Report No. 2 of the Building Committee be received and adopted; and that the Building Committee be authorized to advertise for plans and specifications for Central School, West. Plans to be submitted to this Board at a future meeting.—Carried.

The Committee on School Management presented a report on the communication from Mr. D. Robertson, teacher, Wellington Ward, concerning the children suspended from his school, and after a full investigation, the Committee recommended that the children should be re-admitted by promising Mr. Robertson, that their future conduct will be such as may be expected from girls and boys of respectable parentage.

On motion of Mr. Pratt, seconded by Mr. Kirby, the report was received and adopted.

Moved by Mr. Preston, seconded by Mr. Wilson, that the Committee on School Management are hereby instructed to make provision for the temporary vacancy in St. George's Ward, caused by the illness of Miss Fleming.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Preston, seconded by Mr. Wilson, that the Furnishing Committee are hereby instructed to purchase an eight day clock, to be placed in the hall of the Central School Building, East, as soon as the said building is fit for occupation.—Carried.

Mr. Preston gave notice that at a subsequent meeting of this Board he will move to amend Rule No. 42 of the rules of order, so as to empower each committee to appoint a Vice-Chairman, whose powers shall be equal to the Chairman during his absence from the city or inability to attend to the duties reposed in him.

The Board then adjourned.

JAMES JOYNT, Secretary.

THE FEELING IN THE MARITIME PROVINCES.

To the Editor of THE TIMES.

MR. EDITOR,—I was glad to see in your paper this morning the article from the *Scottish American* entitled "Difficulties of the Dominion," as the publication of it gives an opportunity of discussing in a friendly way the past and future policy of the Government towards the Maritime Provinces. I would at the outset assure you that the present administration cannot find a truer, more consistent supporter than he who pens these lines, and one who has not only done much to accomplish the long cherished scheme of Confederation, but has also been instrumental in returning leading men of the present Government and their supporters in the House of Commons. Convinced, as I was, at the outbreak of the American war, that in future the British North American Colonies must be more closely united, I hailed with heartfelt joy the cry of Union, and gave all my aid to accomplish that desired object. Nova Scotia and New Brunswick, the only two Maritime Provinces which at present form part of the Dominion of Canada, adopted the scheme in different ways, and although both methods were in my opinion perfectly legitimate, and strictly speaking *constitutional*, still the *manner* in which the question was carried in Nova Scotia has led not only to much confusion, but to great discontent, and even threatened opposition upon the part of the people. Now, since the necessities of the case require for the full development of our energies and stability of our new position, unanimity and peace in our borders, it cannot be deemed unfriendly to utter a few words of timely caution, lest the Government should unwittingly place New Brunswick in the same hostile position as Nova Scotia. I am confident that the present tariff, with the postage on newspapers, has done more to concentrate and embitter the anti feeling than any person can imagine. The more violent and impetuous members from that Province did not take any pains to conceal their feelings of delight at the passage of the tariff, and refusal upon the part of the Government to accept any modification. It is certainly but fair to infer from this extraordinary conduct and statement, that they dreaded a conciliatory tone, well knowing that such would have in a great degree removed their power of doing any further evil, and effectually disarmed many of their supporters. The question, as far as Nova Scotia is concerned, has now assumed an important shape: appeal has been made to the Home Government, and any further discussion might, perhaps, only render it more embarrassing. With New Brunswick, however, it is far different; there the scales are poised, ready to turn either way. That there is in this Province no opposition to Confederation in the abstract, may be readily shown from the fact that of the four Provinces in the Union New Brunswick is the only one that carried the question most triumphantly by the voice of the people. Had it not been for the determined and timely stand so boldly and unhesitatingly taken by the Confederate party in New Brunswick at a most critical time, the Delegates would not have visited England and arranged the Constitution at the time they did.

The overwhelming vote cast in favor of Confederation in 1866 clearly proves that Union was the prevailing sentiment of the people at that time. Facts, which are stubborn things, would never indicate that a great change has taken place, and that their cherished scheme is regarded with distrust and suspicion. I know well that public opinion is liable to change, and that trifles will often occasion a revulsion of feeling upon most important questions. The mischief, as far as the tariff is concerned, is accomplished—the modifications foreshadowed will make it one that can be successfully defended—and even at the worst in its present shape, it would last only for a few years, and then if deemed necessary new men could be sent to frame another. The old and tried friends of Confederation in New Brunswick are now looking forward most anxiously for the policy of the Government in reference to the Intercolonial Railway. Upon the final issue of this question depends the future of Confederation in that once strong and Union seeking Province. The action of the Government must necessarily be such as will entail good or unmitigated evil for generations to come, such as will enable them to present a scheme for sanction of the Parliament, that has every prospect of being a successful venture in a commercial and economical aspect, or on the contrary, are prejudiced in its conception, expensive in its construction, and financially ruinous in its completion. Their decision will raise the Ministry to the high standard of *statesmen*, or drive them from their positions with the execrations of a disappointed, divided and embarrassed people. The question of route must be settled—definitely settled in a short time—and just as sure as the line imperfectly explored by Major Robinson, and known as the North Shore Route, is adopted, especially without further and more thorough surveys, just so sure will the feeling now rampant in Nova Scotia extend to New Brunswick: disunion will be the predominant element in every County, with but two exceptions—the cry of repeal being once raised, will increase in strength until the people of the Maritime Provinces, united as one man, petition the British Government to release them from the Union. It is in the power of the Government to prevent this result, which would be fatal to British influence in North America; I trust that this power will be used.

I speak advisedly upon this subject, with no view of embarrassing the Government, in fact such a railway policy as indicated in my letter would cause a multitude of political sins, and they have not had the time to commit very many. I know well the intense feeling of the people in the Southern and Central portions upon this question, and believing that a false and hasty step would imperil the Union, I would most earnestly and emphatically entreat the Government to spare the people of New Brunswick—the loyal friends of Confederation there—the pain of seeing the future of this fair and stately structure imperilled by inconsiderate and unwise legislation. For your sakes—for our own, keep down the feeling of disunion now beginning to raise its head, and bring back that warm and generous spirit which responded so nobly to your call in 1866.

AN OBSERVER.

Ottawa, Feb. 11th, 1868.

—There is food for thought in the following extract from a recent number of the New York *Tribune*. The advance in the gold premium therein predicted has already taken place, gold closing to-day at 143½, an advance of 2 per cent. since last Thursday. The announcement that the Treasury was obliged in January to sell 10-40 bonds to meet current demands, had less effect upon the price of Government stocks than would have been shown if the feeling were not deep-rooted in the public mind that at an early day more legal tender notes will be issued under some pretext. This being accomplished, a further advance in gold and gold bearing stocks is predicted by speculators, attended by an advance in all local securities and commodities. It is evident to all ordinary observers that the drain upon the Treasury is large enough to exhaust all its income, and make it impossible to reduce the aggregate of the debt in 1868. And there is a large class of persons in Congress laboring under the delusion that more paper money will cure the evils of the present glut of irredeemable paper; that delusion will probably be availed of to secure the reissue of greenbacks to take the place of the plain legal tenders and compounds which have been withdrawn, regardless of the injury it is sure to inflict upon the community.

CABLE NEWS.

THIS MORNING'S DESPATCHES.

LONDON, Feb. 11.—Dr. David Brewster died last evening, aged 87 years.

The British ironclad *Hercules*, said to be the largest afloat, was successfully launched yesterday.

FLORENCE, Feb. 11.—A grand banquet is to be given here to Admiral Farragut, by the members of the Italian Parliament and the officers of the Italian army and navy.

BERLIN, Feb. 11.—Count Von Bismarck is sick, and unable to leave Berlin. No change in the Prussian Cabinet is proposed.

LONDON, Feb. 11.—The loyal Irishmen of London yesterday waited upon the Right Hon. G. Hardy, and presented him an address, expressing their devotion to the British crown. The Home Secretary replied to their address in an appropriate speech, thanking them for their manifestation of loyalty.

DUBLIN, Feb. 11.—Eve.—The trial of Lennon, which commenced yesterday, has ended with a verdict of guilty of murder, felony, and treason. Mr. Sullivan, of the Dublin *Irishman*, has been indicted by the Grand Jury for publishing seditious libels. His trial will come off to-morrow.

CORK, Feb. 11.—Another attack was made upon the police in the streets yesterday by a mob, who pelted them with stones and brickbats. The police, who were armed with muskets, fixed bayonets and charged upon the crowd. Several of the rioters were bayoneted, and the assailants then fled, leaving the wounded.

During the day an attempt was made to seize a well-known informer and lynch him, but the appearance of a police patrol prevented the outrage from being carried out.

DUBLIN, Feb. 11.—Mr. Martin, with the other gentlemen who were arrested some time ago for taking a prominent part in the funeral ceremonies for the Fenians executed at Manchester, have been indicted by the Grand Jury.

CORK, Feb. 11.—One man is known to have been killed by the police yesterday when they charged upon the crowd with bayonets. The number of wounded cannot be ascertained.

LONDON, Feb. 11—Eve.—It is reported that the Pope has declined to enter into negotiations for a revision of the Austrian Concordat, and that Prussia has made advances for closer diplomatic relations with Rome.

COPENHAGEN, Feb. 11—Eve.—It is said that negotiations for a treaty between Denmark and Prussia, for the settlement of the questions in dispute between them, have failed.

AMERICAN NEWS.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

From Cuba.

HAVANA, Feb. 10.—The captain of the American brig *Mountain Eagle* has filed a protest with the United States Consul against the new Custom House regulation, compelling payment to be made in advance as security for duties on goods in the manifest, and for other expenses of the ship.

Captain-General Lersundi has returned from his tour through the Island.

Destructive Fires in New York.

NEW YORK, Feb. 10.—A fire this evening on Front-st., caused a loss of about $40,000. The fire spread to the adjoining buildings, and at 12:30 a. m., the 11th is still burning. The extent of damage cannot yet be estimated. Another fire on Fulton-st., in a building occupied by Weldon & Co., wholesale liquor dealers, and others, caused a loss of about $80,000.

Terrible Murder.

LOUISVILLE, KY., Feb. 10.—At Salem, Ind., Saturday last, Walker B. Rodman, jr., killed Absalom Wright, an old man 65 years old, by fracturing his skull with the butt of a gun.

Extensive Shipments in Treasure.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 10.—The steamer *Montana* sailed to-day for Panama with $1,059,000 in treasure.

Losing Speculations.

NEW YORK, Feb. 11.—The American Exchange National Bank was discovered to have lost about $60,000 yesterday, by the speculations of its assistant cashier.

Mortality in Brooklyn.

There were 137 deaths in Brooklyn during the past week.

THIS MORNING'S DESPATCHES.

Fire.

UTICA, N. Y., Feb. 11.—Four stores on Genessee-st. were burned last night. Loss $40,000.

From Nicaragua.

Advices from Nicaragua announce the failure of Mr. Webb's negotiations for a new transit through that country.

Sale of Gold.

NEW YORK, Feb. 11.—The *Post's* special says it is understood that the Secretary of the Treasury is about to sell a considerable quantity of gold.

Political.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 11.—The President's letter in reply to General Grant's last epistle was sent to the House to-day. It is quite lengthy, and reiterates his former statements, and embraces the statements of five members of the Cabinet, concerning the conversation between the President and the General on the 14th ult.

New York Money Market.

NEW YORK, Feb. 11.—Stocks active and better.
Sterling exchange 109¾.
Gold 142⅞.

—Gold and silver deposits prove to be abundant in Southwestern Arkansas, and emigration is flowing thither.

—The lake water used for domestic purposes in Cleveland, Ohio, has been spoiled by the emptyings of petroleum refineries.

—Dr. Smith, presiding Bishop of the Protestant Episcopal Church of the United States, instead of the late Bishop Hopkins, is a decided Low Churchman.

—A young man of twenty-four, living near Dantzig, who had just married a widow of forty two, has discovered since the marriage that his wife was his wet nurse.

—A crazy fellow, in a Missouri town, declared that he was sent on earth to redeem all things; but one of his audience carried a Confederate note to him and made him confess his inability to go as far as that.

—The Chicago *Tribune* thinks the cause of hard times is that too many young men repudiate farming and take to manufacturing and trading, so that while we have not enough to eat we have twice as many clothes as we can wear.

—Eight of the survivors of a German emigrant ship, which recently arrived in New York after losing 300 passengers by the cholera, have reached Guelph on their way to join their friends in the township of Normanby.

—At a meeting of the citizens of Kingston held on the 6th instant, a resolution to the effect that the City Council should give $1,000 towards the relief of the Nova Scotia fishermen was withdrawn, and another resolution, leaving the appropriation indefinite, substituted.

—*L'Evenement*, referring to the taciturnity that characterizes some of the members of the Quebec Legislature, says: "Happily there are some members of wisdom and discretion, who shew a practical appreciation of the Oriental maxim, 'Speech is silver; silence is golden.'"

—The Hon. Messrs. Cartier and Langevin will leave the "ancient capital" on the 18th inst. for Ottawa, to attend a full meeting of the Privy Council, to be held on the 20th. The Quebec Legislature is expected to break up about the 25th.

THE "ALABAMA" QUESTION.

HISTORICUS' REPLY TO LORD HOBART.

[To the Editor of the Times (London).]

I have read with much regret the letter addressed to you by Lord Hobart on the present situation of the controversy with respect to the *Alabama* claims—first, because I am sorry to find myself so widely at variance with a person for whom I entertain respect; and, secondly, because it seems to me that Lord Hobart's letter has a tendency to weaken the hands of the Government and the position of the country on a subject where both appear to be entitled to the most cordial support.

Lord Hobart thinks that Lord Stanley has been wrong in not consenting to a reference to arbitration on the terms insisted upon by Mr. Seward. He divides his argument into two branches, one founded on the hypothesis that the arbitration demanded by Mr. Seward is one which is to determine the question whether the Queen's Proclamation of Neutrality of May 13, 1861, was or was not a wrong done to the United States for which they are entitled to reparation; the other founded on the assumption that Mr. Seward does not, in fact, demand that the arbitration should determine this question.

It is very essential to make up our minds which of these two assumptions is the correct one. I confess I have myself no doubt whatever about the matter. It is impossible to read Mr. Seward's despatch of August 27, 1866, to Lord Stanley (Parliamentary Paper, North America, No. 1) without seeing at once that the question of the recognition of the belligerent rights of the South by Great Britain is the fundamental and primary grievance complained of, and that all the rest are regarded as mere subordinate and accessory matters. Speaking of the *Alabama* and other vessels, Mr. Seward says:

"Without descending on this occasion so far as to insist, as we have always insisted, that there was a deficiency of energy in the respect adverted to, you may remind Lord Stanley that in the view which we have taken of the subject the misconduct of the aggressors was the direct and legitimate fruit of the premature and injurious proclamation of belligerency against which we had protested, and that the failure of Her Majesty's Government to prevent or counteract the aggression of British subjects was equally traceable to the same unfortunate causes."

It is plain from this passage that Mr. Seward regards the question "whether there was a deficiency of energy" in respect of the measures taken to stop these vessels as a wholly secondary matter; that the main ground on which he takes his stand is the primary and principal wrong consisting in the recognition of belligerent rights, to which he treats all the rest as merely consequential. It is impossible, I think, to read Mr. Seward's despatches of August 27, 1866, and January 12, 1867, without feeling strongly that if Lord Stanley did not intend to submit to arbitration the question whether the Queen's Proclamation of Neutrality was a wrong to America—and that not as an incidental and subordinate, but as a primary and principal question—he was bound to do what he did—viz., expressly to decline to make this question part of the reference. No prudent statesman or lawyer who knows the danger of loose arbitration will ever consent to have any ambiguity as to the terms of the order of reference; and, after the language of Mr. Seward, to have done so in this case would have been the height of folly.

Mr. Seward at the close of his despatch of Jan. 12, 1861, says:

"The United States would expect to refer the whole controversy just as it is found in the correspondence which has taken place between the two Governments, with such further evidence and arguments as either party may desire, without imposing restrictions, conditions, or limitations upon the umpire, and without having any principle or argument on either side."

But what is "the whole controversy?" That is just the question. If the recognition of belligerent rights is not part of the controversy, *cadit quæsto*. But if, on the other hand, it is in the view of the American Government the principal part of the controversy, how can it be contended that they do not demand that this question is to form part of the arbitration? It is quite obvious that, having regard to the ground on which Mr. Seward puts the whole claim for indemnity, the first point the arbitrator would be called on to decide would be whether the recognition of belligerent rights, which is made the fundamental basis of the claims, was or was not justifiable.

I therefore dismiss as wholly untenable the hypothesis that the American Government has not, in fact, demanded that the conduct of England in the recognition of the belligerent rights of the South shall be made a subject of arbitration. Indeed, I cannot understand how any one who has read the recent correspondence can come to any other conclusion than that it is the only question which they really care to raise at all.

But then there still remains the question, is this demand of the American Government one which ought to have been conceded? And here I regret to find myself as directly at issue in point of opinion with Lord Hobart as I am on the part of the question in respect of matters of fact. It is said sometimes, with a false appearance of plausibility, that the more right you are the more you ought to be willing to consent to arbitration. This is a mere sophism. There are many questions which a man or a nation that is perfectly, clearly in the right, ought not to submit to arbitration. Suppose we were asked by the American Government to submit to arbitration the question of the right of the British Crown to Canada, or Jamaica, or Ireland. Would any sane minister assent to the demand? Or would it be any argument in favor of submitting to such an arbitration that the decision must be in our favor? The real truth is that the rule of common sense and common practice is exactly the opposite. Just men are willing to refer to arbitration questions upon which other persons may entertain a reasonable doubt, but not those upon which there can be no doubt at all. I will just put this test question—If America, or any foreign Government, were to demand that we should submit to arbitration this question, "is England entitled to exercise the rights of an independent nation?" is there any man who will say that the English Government should assent to such a reference because it is probable, or even certain, that we should succeed upon this issue?

Now, the particular case of the *Alabama*, and it may be of other vessels, I think, and I have always thought, is one which might be very fairly made the subject of arbitration. I have my own strong opinion that no impartial tribunal could pronounce in favor of the American claims of indemnity. But I can conceive persons entertaining a very reasonable doubt on the two points which might fairly be raised, namely,—1, whether the English Government took proper precautions and exhibited adequate vigilance; and 2, whether, if they did not, indemnity was due. I will not go into any argument upon these points now; I have dealt with both formerly at great length. These are the points which Lord Stanley has expressed himself willing to refer to arbitration, and these are the points on which Mr. Seward has refused arbitration (perhaps because he was conscious of the weakness of his case,) unless the arbitration were, in fact, to be founded on the question whether the recognition of belligerent rights was not the primary wrong, from which the rest were only derivative accidents.

Now, Sir, is the question of the right and the propriety of the recognition of the belligerent rights of the South by Great Britain on May 13, 1861, a matter upon which any reasonable person can or does entertain the smallest doubt? It is a matter upon which no statesman, no jurist, no sane man, I may say, in Europe has ever entertained any doubt whatever. But let us see how American authority stands upon this question. The individual position of Mr. Seward with reference to it will be found to be most singular. I do not know that public attention has been directed to it yet as clearly as it deserves to be. In his recent correspondence Mr. Seward says:

"A domestic disturbance arose in the country, which although it had severe peculiarities yet was, in fact, only such a seditious insurrection as is incidental to natural progress in every State."

And again in the same despatch:—

"While as yet the civil war was undeveloped and the insurgents were without any organized military force or a treasury, and long before they pretended to have a flag or to put either an armed ship or even a merchant vessel upon the sea, Her Majesty's Government, acting precipitately, as we have always complained, proclaimed the insurgents a belligerent Power."

And in his final despatch of the 12th of January, 1867, in answer to Lord Stanley's argument on this point, Mr. Seward says:—

"Before the Queen's proclamation of neutrality the disturbance in the United States was merely a local insurrection. *It wanted the name of war to enable it to be a civil war* (mark the words), and to live endowed as such with maritime and other belligerent rights. *Without that authorized name it must die; and was expected not to live and be a flagrant civil war, but to perish a mere insurrection.* It was therefore not without lawful and wise design that the President declined to confer upon the insurrection the pregnant baptismal name of civil war, to the prejudice of the nation whose destiny was in his hands. What the President thus wisely and humanely declined to do the Queen of Great Britain too promptly performed. *She baptized the slave insurrection within the United States a civil war*; and thus, so far as the British nation and its influence could go, gave it a name to live and flourish and triumph over the American Union."

This is Mr. Seward's statement of the case in 1867. He says that but for the English proclamation of neutrality there would never have been civil war in the United States; that it was England who gave it the name of war and that but for our "intervention," it would have been a mere domestic insurrection with which the world would have had nothing to do. Now, let us see what was the language of the writer of these despatches in 1861, at the time when these very events were in progress. On May 4, 1861—that is, nine days before the English proclamation of neutrality was put forth—Mr. Seward writes to Mr. Dayton, the American Minister in Paris:—

"The insurgents have instituted revolution with open, flagrant, deadly war, to compel the United States to acquiesce in the dismemberment of the Union. *The United States have accepted this civil war as an inevitable necessity.*"

This paper is a record laid on the table of Congress, circulated through the world, and yet the man who wrote it now says that on May 13, 1861, "the disturbance in the United States was merely a local insurrection;" that "it wanted the name of war to enable it to be a civil war and to live;" that "without that authorized name it might die, and was not expected to live and be a flagrant civil war," and that "the President declined to confer upon the insurrection the pregnant baptismal name of civil war, to the prejudice of the nation whose destiny was in his hands," but that this was done by "the Queen of England, who baptized the slave insurrection within the United States a civil war."

Will any man who reads the despatch of May 4, 1861, deny, if the "local insurrection" wanted the "name of war to enable it to be a civil war," that long before the "Queen of Great Britain too promptly performed the office," the "pregnant, baptismal name" of "open, flagrant, deadly war" has been bestowed upon it by Mr. Seward, who now charges against England as a wrong, for which he demands reparation, the very act, which he himself had performed nine days before? On May 4th, Mr. Seward writes officially,—"The United States have accepted this civil war as an inevitable necessity." But for the Queen of Great Britain to affirm on May 13th that a civil war had been accepted by the United States is a wrong, forsooth, for which England is to pay an indemnity!

I might multiply similar quotations to any extent, but I will only take one more, which, I think, will put the matter in as clear a light as any other. Every one is acquainted with the conclusive argument derived from the blockade proclaimed by the President in April, 1861. Mr. Seward has spent half his time and exhausted all his ingenuity in an attempt to escape from the consequences of this first capital blunder of his administration. In spite of the solemn decision of the Supreme Court on the point, it now suits him to declare that at the time these proclamations were issued they were not acts of war, but simply acts of domestic authority in closing the ports. He writes in his despatch of the 12th of Jan., 1867:

"The disturbance being at the time referred to officially and legally held by the Government of the United States to be a local insurrection, this Government had a right to close the ports in the States within the scene of insurrection by municipal law, and to forbid strangers from all intercourse therewith, and to use the armed and naval forces for that purpose. A blockade was legitimately declared to that end; and until the state of civil war should actually have developed the existence of a blockade would have conferred no belligerent rights on the insurgents."

All this I need hardly say is mere nonsense. A blockade which confers a right to seize neutral vessels on the high seas cannot be "legitimately declared to the end" of closing ports by municipal law. It is hardly necessary to point out the absurdity of asserting that the "blockade would have conferred no belligerent rights on the insurgents until the state of civil war should actually have developed," the fact being that until a war of some kind had developed there could have been no right to declare a blockade at all. But it is the less requisite to insist on this because, as we have already seen, Mr. Seward says, on May 4th, that "open, deadly, flagrant civil war" did exist, and therefore, by his own admission at that date, at least, the proclamation must have conferred belligerent rights on the insurgents. These are just the sort of absurdities into which a man falls when he forces himself to argue against reason and common sense.

But let us turn once more from Mr. Seward, in 1867, when he is trying to give his own color to the facts, to Mr. Seward in 1861, when he is dealing with the facts themselves. The Spanish Minister at that time writes to ask Mr. Seward for some explanation of the character of the blockade. Mr. Seward pens his reply on May 2—*i. e.*, 11 days before the Queen's proclamation of neutrality. He says:

"In acknowledging the receipt of your note of the 30th ult., on the subject of the blockade of the ports in several of the States, I deem it proper to state for your information:

"1. That the blockade will be strictly enforced *upon the principles recognized by the law of nations*.

"2. That armed vessels of neutral States will have right to enter and depart from the interdicted ports."

Now, observe, first of all, the blockade was not, as Mr. Seward now pretends, a municipal closing of the ports; it was "a blockade upon the principles recognized by the law of nations," and the fundamental principles of that law, is that no blockade can be declared except where a war exists.

But again, what is the meaning of the words "neutral States"? Mr. Seward writes to the same effect to Lord Lyons on May 9: "It will be seen that there are yet five or six days for neutrals to leave."

It is not a little amusing to see how the "neutrals" of the "blockade" of 1861 became the "strangers" of the "closing of the ports" in 1867. On May 2, 1861, no Government had issued a proclamation of neutrality, why does Mr. Seward talk of "neutrals?" Why but because the word "neutrals" flowed to his pen spontaneously as the natural and necessary result of a state of "open, flagrant civil war," and of a "blockade to be enforced on the principles recognized by the law of nations?" If there was no war, and if there were no belligerents on May 2 and May 9, 1861, how came Mr. Seward at these dates to be treating all foreign States as "neutrals?" Who first uttered that terrible and odious word, "neutrality," for which we are now called to account; who first "baptised" England as a "neutral?" Was it Mr. Seward, in his official despatches on May 2 and May 9; or was it the Queen of England, in her proclamation of neutrality, on May 13? If Mr. Seward could inform the English minister on May 9 that in five or six days all neutrals would have to leave, how comes it to be such a hostile act on the part of the English Government to issue a proclamation of neutrality four days after? Has Mr. Seward ever read the fable of the wolf and the lamb? We can perhaps hardly be surprised that Mr. Seward maintains that the blockade is no proof of war, since he contends that there might be neutrals, but there ought to have been no neutrality. The question, in short, which Mr. Seward wants us to refer to arbitration is whether, when he served a notice on us as neutrals, we were entitled to issue a proclamation of neutrality.

I think, after this review of Mr. Seward's language in 1861 and 1867, I am entitled to ask whether the annals of the intercourse of civilized nations present any example of a similar contradiction between the language of the same Minister with reference to the same facts at different objects? I cite these passages not mainly as a revelation of Mr. Seward's ideas of diplomatic consistency; I adduce them as proofs that this is a question on which we cannot be expected to submit to arbitration. No man is entitled to call upon you to submit a question to arbitration when you hold under his own hand the admission that his claim is unfounded. I cite these despatches of Mr. Seward to prove that not only in Europe, but in America, there was no one who doubted—and least of all did Mr. Seward doubt—that a civil war in the fullest sense of the word existed before the English proclamation of neutrality was published, that that proclamation was consequently justifiable and necessary, and that the assertion that it created the American civil war is one which is too absurd to be made the foundation of a reasonable claim for abitration.

If this letter were not already too long, I might point out the singular absurdity of mixing up the question of the recognition of belligerent rights with the claims in the case of the *Alabama*. Even Mr. Seward hardly pretends that at the time the *Alabama* sailed civil war did not exist, and that the United States had not treated the South as belligerents. The "premature recognition then, even if it was a sound ground of complaint, could have nothing in the world to do with the case of the *Alabama*.

There is another point which seems to have escaped Mr. Seward's acuteness. If there was no war, there was no right of belligerent capture. Consequently, all the American condemnations of English vessels for the breach of blockade, contraband, &c., are illegal; and therefore all these captures must be restored, with costs and damages." I really hardly know why, on this footing, we should not take Mr. Seward on his own ground, for the balance of compensation due would be immensely in our favor.

Sir, no man values at a higher rate than I do the friendship of America. I hope, as far as it has come within my sphere, I have done what I could to contribute to the maintenance of that friendship. But the friendship of nations, like that of individuals, can only be safely and permanently founded on the basis of mutual respect. Where we are wrong, let us confess it; where the question is doubtful let us refer it; where we are clearly in the right let us assert that right like men. I think I know something of the American people, and I am sure that it is not by timidity or vacillation that you can win their friendship or purchase their respect. Their own position among mankind is due to the astonishing fortitude with which in circumstances of weakness and difficulty they have ever vindicated the rights of an independent nation.

They respect in others what has constituted their own greatness. I believe that a war between England and America would be the greatest calamity which can befall not only either nation, but the whole of mankind. But depend upon it, sir, in a great cause timidity is not the path which leads to peace. Danger, like death, pursues those who fly it most.

If the Government of the United States quarrel with us on the question of the recognition of belligerent rights, it can only be because they are determined in any event to quarrel with us. I do not belong to the political party of which Lord Stanley is an eminent ornament. But on questions where the reputation and the safety of the country are involved I can recognise no distinction of party. I see in the Government of the Queen nothing else but the legitimate representative and guardian of the honor of the English nation. I believe that on this question the Government are emphatically in the right. I, therefore, protest against anything which may tend to weaken their hands or to impair their credit.

Nothing is more likely than such a course to produce the very evils which persons like Lord Hobart desire to avert. It encourages a belief that the opinion of England is distracted, and incites the American Government to hope that by persisting in such claims they will ultimately prevail. In offering fair terms of accommodation on every point which could be regarded as doubtful, and opposing a firm front to unjust and unreasonable demands, the Government have done their duty by the nation, and I earnestly hope that they will receive the support they are entitled to expect from a just and a courageous people.

HISTORICUS.

January 18.

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY.

6 HOSPITAL STREET,
2 doors from St. Francois Xavier Street.

It has been established, by the best medical authority, that one-half the nervous diseases are caused by drinking impure Tea. The Company have imported a supply of Teas that can be warranted pure, and free from poisonous substances, in boxes of 10, 15, 20 and 25 lbs., and upwards.

BLACK TEA.—Common Congou, Broken Leaf, Strong Tea. 45c., 50c.; Fine Flavored New Season do., 55c.; Excellent Full Flavored do., 75c; Sound Oolong, 40c., 45c.; Rich Flavored do., 60.; Very Fine do. do, 75c.; Japan Good, 50c, Very Good, 58c.; Finest, 75c.

GREEN TEA.—Twankay Common, 35c.; Fine do., 55c.; Young Hyson, 50c. and 60c.; Fine do., 75c.; Superfine and Very Choice, $1.

A saving will be made, by purchasing direct from the importers, quality and purity considered. All orders for boxes of 20 or 25 lbs., or two 12 lbs., sent carriage-free to the country. Teas not mentioned in this circular equally cheap. The company having determined to take a stand in the Montreal market, weight, quality and circular may be implicitly relied on. Where a 20 lb. box would be too much two or three clubbing together could divide In writing you will oblige by addressing thus: Montreal Tea Company, 6 Hospital-st., Montreal. An excellent Mixed Tea could be sold for 60c.; very good for common purposes, 50c. Buyers living beyond Railway Stations will please send Post Office order, or enclose notes. The carriage will be paid to the nearest station. Tea will be forwarded immediately on receipt of the order by mail containing money, or the money can be collected on delivery by express-man, where there are Express Offices. A trial solicited.

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY,
6 Hospital Street,
First Street below Notre Dame Street.

☞ All boxes and chests sent from this establishment have the address of the Montreal Tea Company printed on them

YOUNG AND RADFORD have the largest, best, and cheapest stock of watches to be found in Ottawa. They have also on hand a very choice and varied assortment of Electro-plated ware, and Fancy Goods. They do all kinds of repairing and jewellery jobbing in first-class style. 636-y.

COTTON NO LONGER KING.—Cotton goods are now nearly as cheap as before the American war. Garland, Mutchmor & Co. have lately received a few bales of gray and white cottons, shirtings and prints, purchased since the great fall in prices. Parties requiring any description of dry goods would do well to see their stock before purchasing. 582-y

TWO QUESTIONS EASILY ANSWERED.—Why should men wear beards? Because they are a great protection to the throat and lungs, and add much to their personal appearance. Why should we use "Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers?" Because when used for coughs, colds, tickling in the throat, hoarseness, &c., they act like a charm. Ministers and lawyers use them, physicians recommend them, and singers and public speakers say they are the very best medicine in existence for the cure of such complaints. Sold by all medicine dealers, at 25 cts. per box.

COTTON IN ILLINOIS.—It is estimated that Illinois alone will produce five hundred thousand bales of cotton next year, and we understand that the Government of the United States have given instructions to their General in command of the army in the South to have all the seed saved that is possible, for planting in that and other western States, but should their expectations not be fulfilled it is gratifying to know that we have a sovereign remedy for coughs, colds, cramps in the stomach, cholic, cholera morbus, and all complaints of the like nature, in the "Canadian Pain Destroyer," sold by all Medicine Dealers, 25 cents per bottle.

AYER'S AMERICAN ALMANAC has now arrived and is now ready for delivery, gratis, by the city druggists, to all who call for it. Our readers may be surprised to know that this little pamphlet, which has become so much a favorite in our section, has quite the largest circulation of any one book in the world, except the Bible. It is printed in many languages, and scattered through many nations, as well as supplied to almost the entire population of our vast domain. Every family should keep it, for it contains information which all are liable to require, when sickness overtakes them, and which may prove invaluable from being at hand in season. If you take our advice, you will call and get an Ayer's Almanac, and when got, keep it

OTTAWA MARKETS.

(Compiled expressly for the TIMES.)

TIMES OFFICE, OTTAWA, Feb. 11.

FLOUR—Extra	8 25	@	[illegible]
No. 1	7 75	@	[illegible]
No. 2	6 50	@	[illegible]
Bags—Fall per 100 lbs.	4 12½	@	[illegible]
" Spring "	[illegible]	@	[illegible]
Oatmeal—per 200 lbs.	6 50	@	[illegible]
Indian Meal "	[illegible] 25	@	[illegible]
Rye—per bushel 56 lbs.	0 70	@	[illegible]
Barley " 48 lbs.	0 20	@	[illegible]
Buckwheat Flour—bbl.	[illegible] 50	@	[illegible]
WHEAT—Fall—per bushel, 60 lbs.	1 70	@	[illegible]
Spring "	1 60	@	[illegible]
CORN—Per bushel, 56 lbs	0 90	@	[illegible]
Peas " 60 lbs.	0 80	@	[illegible]
Oats " 34 lbs.	0 [illegible]	@	[illegible]
Beans " 60 lbs.	1 52	@	[illegible]
PORK—Mess—per barrel	20 00	@	[illegible]
Prime Mess per do.	14 00	@	[illegible]
Hog per 100 lbs.	6 00	@	[illegible]
Hams	0 12	@	[illegible]
Beef	[illegible] 00	@	[illegible]
Mutton—per lb by the qr.	0 0[illegible]	@	[illegible]
Lamb—per qr.	0 05	@	[illegible]
Geese—Each	0 40	@	[illegible]
Spring Chicken	0 40	@	[illegible]
Turkeys—Each	0 50	@	[illegible]
Ducks	0 70	@	[illegible]
Fowl—Per pair	0 40	@	[illegible]
BUTTER—Choice Table	0 00	@	[illegible]
No. 1 Firkin	0 20	@	[illegible]
No. 2	0 17	@	[illegible]
Eggs	0 25	@	[illegible]
Apples—per brl.	3 50	@	[illegible]
VEGETABLES, &c.—Potatoes	0 40	@	[illegible]
Onions—per bbl.	[illegible]	@	[illegible]
HAY—Per ton, new	12 00	@	[illegible]
WOOD—Per cord	0 00	@	[illegible]
Tamarac	0 00	@	[illegible]
Hemlock	0 00	@	[illegible]

New York Markets.

NEW YORK, Feb. 11.—Cotton firm at 20 @20½c. Flour more doing and unchanged; receipts 2,000 bbls.; sales 7,800 bbls. at [illegible] @ $9 for Superfine State and Western; [illegible] @ $9.75 for Common to Choice Extra State; $9.40 @ $11.75 for Common to Choice Extra Western. Rye Flour more active at $7.25 @ $8.25. Wheat firm and more active; receipts 480 bushs.; sales 30,000 bushs. at $1.13 for White California. Rye quiet and firm. Corn opened firmer and closed quiet; receipts 46,700 bushs.; sales 51,000 bushs. at [illegible] @ $1.29 for New Mixed Western; $1.32 for Old do. Barley scarce and firmer; sales of 9,000 bushs. Western at $2.05. Oats firmer; receipts 4,600 bushs.; sales 52,000 bushs. at 84c. for Western in store. Pork firmer and quiet at $22.50 @ $22.62. Old Mess $23.50 @ [illegible] Lard firm at 14½c. @ 15½c.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

Mothers Read This!—Holloway's Worm Lozenges are a certain and safe remedy for Worms in Children and Adults.—As it is a well known and melancholy fact that one great cause of death among children is from Worms alone, it cannot be too deeply impressed upon the minds of parents the necessity of closely watching their children. By so doing; and understanding the symptoms and true cause of the disease, thousands of children might be saved from early graves. SYMPTOMS OF WORMS.—The following are a few of the very numerous symptoms and diseases which are caused by Worms: deranged appetite, emaciated extremities, offensive breath, frequent picking at the nose, grinding of the teeth during sleep, hardness of the belly, with frequent slimy stools, and sometimes convulsive fits; itching of the arms, pain in the head and stomach, unquiet sleep, faintings, tremblings, coughs, indigestion, low spirits, frightful dreams, and a gradual wasting away of flesh.

They are palatable and self-administered to the child—drive out the worms thoroughly without pain and completely cleanse the stomach—thereby doing away with the necessity of administering Castor Oil or other unpleasant cathartics—as in the use of other Worms.

☞ Each box contains the fac-simile signature of NORTHROP & LYMAN, Newcastle, C.W., who are the sole proprietors.

N. B. Ask for *Holloway's Worm Lozenges* ☞ and take no other. ☞ Sold by all the druggists in Ottawa, and medicine dealers everywhere. 578y

BIRTH.

February 10th, the wife of Francis Bolger, Esq., C. E., of a daughter.

DIED.

February 11th, Mary Alice, infant daughter of Francis Bolger, Esq., C. E.

At Hull, on the 11th instant, Hannah Edith, infant daughter of C. B. Wright, Esq., aged 4 months.

Funeral will take place on Thursday, the 13th instant, at 2 p. m. Friends are respectfully invited to attend.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

LOST.

ONE YELLOW (Bitch) HOUND, and one WHITE and BLACK SPOTTED (Pup) HOUND, strayed or stolen from Gloucester on the 24th December last. Any person keeping either of these hounds after this notice will be prosecuted, and any information left with the undersigned will be suitably rewarded.

OLIVER PINARD,
Delhi Hotel, No. 17, Clarence-st.

February 12. 664a

APPLICATIONS

FOR the Office of CHIMNEY SWEEP will be received by the Corporation of the City of Ottawa, until MONDAY, the SEVENTEENTH day of FEBRUARY, 1868, at 7 o'clock, p. m.

W. P. LETT, City Clerk.

City Hall, Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1868. 664a

TENDERS

FOR THE TOLLS of the By and Wellington Ward Markets, for one year, from the First Monday in March next, will be received by the Corporation of the City of Ottawa, until MONDAY, the SEVENTEENTH day of FEBRUARY, 1868, at 7 o'clock, p.m.

Tenders to state the amount in one sum, and to have appended thereto the real signatures of two responsible sureties for the due fulfilment of the contract.

W. P. LETT, City Clerk.

City Hall, Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1868. 664a

AUCTION SALE.

H. McLEAN will sell on WEDNESDAY, the TWELFTH INSTANT, at 12 o'clock, noon, two first-class fire-proof SAFES, belonging to R. Eaton: one Taylor's, Toronto, and one Dwyer & Forsyth's Fire King, Rochester. Sale to take place at Keifer's Office, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office. Terms Cash, bankable funds.

Ottawa, February 11. 663-2

BOOKS, MAPS, &c.

MAPS of NEW BRUNSWICK, folded and on rollers, (McMillan's.) MAPS of NOVA SCOTIA, folded and on rollers, (McKinlay's.)

BRAITHWAITE FOR JANUARY.

A book for every office and library.

Chambers' Encyclopædia,

The best and cheapest published. Illustrated with Maps and Wood Cuts. 10 vols., half calf, $35.00.

Worcester's & Webster's Illustrated

4to DICTIONARIES.

SUTHERLAND'S CITY DIRECTORY.

The New Literature received as issued by English and American publishers.

The NEW AUTHORIZED SERIES OF READERS—Wholesale and Retail.

Bill and Postage Stamps.

J. DURIE & SON,
10 Sparks-st.,
498y Opposite the Russell House

NOTICE.

APPLICATION will be made to the Parliament of Canada, now in Session, for the Incorporation of a Life Insurance Company, under the name of the "Dominion Life Insurance Association."

Ottawa, November 8, 1867. 590-1aw9

NOTICE.

APPLICATION will be made to the Parliament of Canada, now in Session, for the Incorporation of a Company for the purpose of guaranteeing the fidelity of persons in situations of trust, under the name of the "Dominion Guarantee Association."

Ottawa, November 8, 1867. 590-1aw9

NATURAL AMERICAN

Lubricating Oils!

PREPARED EXPRESSLY FOR
STEAMBOATS,
LOCOMOTIVES,
CAR JOURNALS,
FACTORIES,
MACHINE SHOPS,
HORSE RAILWAYS,
&c., &c., &c.

Perfectly free from Gum & Grit.
NON-EXPLOSIVE,
NON-INFLAMMABLE.
WILL NOT FREEZE IN WINTER!
AND THE
CHEAPEST OIL IN THE MARKET!

FROM the numerous certificates we have received, we beg to call attention to the following:—

OFFICE OF THE CANADA SCREW COMPANY.

Messrs. McKENZIE & MACKAY.

GENTLEMEN,—Having used machinery all my life, I have had occasion to use many kinds of lubricating oils, and have had my mind fixed in regard to the qualities of different kinds. When asked to give your new Volcanic Oil a trial, I had very little faith in its being better than many other kinds that I had previously tried and considered; but after using your oil on light and heavy machinery for some time, I have come to the conclusion that it is a safe, cheap article—100 per cent better than lard oil, now so generally used in this country.

Respectfully yours,
J. P. BILLINGTON,
Manager Canada Screw Company.

DUNDAS, May 15, 1867.

DUNDAS FLOUR MILLS,
Dundas, May 15, 1867.

Messrs. McKENZIE & MACKAY, Hamilton,

GENTLEMEN,—I have tried your Lubricating Oil, (AA) and (A) and can recommend it as being a good Oil for Lubricating purposes. I have used it in both heavy and light machinery, and find it answers the purpose as well as any oil hitherto used. I have always used olive oil till now, so that your oil received a severe test. Please send me one barrel of each kind.

Yours truly,
JAMES COLMAN,
JAMES WALES, Manager.

WEST FLAMBORO, July 27, 1867.

Messrs. McKENZIE & MACKAY, 9, King-street, Hamilton,

GENTLEMEN,—I have thoroughly tested in my mill the Lubricating Oil received from you. The sample marked (AA) I think is superior to any elephant oil for saw mill machinery. The journals run with it, work longer clean, and with less friction than with any other oil I have used.

Yours respectfully,
ROBERT CHRISTIE.

DUNDAS FOUNDRY, Dundas, July 29, 1867.

Messrs. McKENZIE & MACKAY, Hamilton,

GENTLEMEN,—I have been testing your Natural Lubricating Oils [A] and [AAA] for the last three months, and have no hesitation in stating that they are the best oils used in this foundry for some years, and are far superior to what we have known as "Petroleum Lubricators." They are free from all grum and grit, do not heat the bearings, and are particularly adapted for lathes and planer beds. The TREBLE A OIL is especially suited for cutting heavy bolts. I have used it with the "Patent Die," which finishes the thread with one cut, and it has stood the severe test to my satisfaction.

Yours truly,
THOMAS WILSON,
Foreman.

"LEADER" Office, June 28, 1867.

Mr. BRADFORD,

I have used the five gallons of the American Lubricating Oil marked (AA) upon the Engine and Presses, and find it as good, if not better, than any we have previously used. Please send one barrel, as soon as possible, of [AA] Oil.

JOHN CARROLL,
Foreman.

Many other certificates equally favorable can be seen at our office.

PRICE LIST.

	A	AA	AAA
Less than 1 barrel per Gallon	$0 75	$0 80	$0 90
1 Barrel and less than 5 Barrels, per Gallon	62½	65	70

Over 5 Barrels and less than 20 Barrels, 10 per cent. off. 20 Barrels and over, 15 per cent. off.

McKENZIE & MACKAY,
Agents for Canada,
9 King Street,
Hamilton.
Feb. 11. 663tf

BY-LAW NO. 255.

TO PREVENT the erection of wooden buildings on any of the building lots surrounding the City Hall Square, or anywhere between the City Hall Square and the Rideau Canal.

The Council of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa do hereby enact and ordain as follows:

1. That from and after the passing of this By-law it shall not be lawful for any person or persons to construct, erect, build, put or place, or assist in doing, any wooden building of any description, within the following limits in the City of Ottawa, that is to say, on any of the city building lots which border on those portions of Elgin, Queen, and Albert streets, which bound the City Hall Square, or anywhere between the City Hall Square and the Rideau Canal.

2. That all outside and party walls of any buildings to be hereafter erected, built, put, or placed within the limits aforesaid, shall be made of stone, brick, iron, or other fireproof material.

3. That no wooden building, or part of a wooden building within the said limits, shall be raised, enlarged, or removed to any other place within the same; nor shall any such building or part of building, be removed into the said limits.

4. That any owner, builder, or other person who shall own, build, or aid in the construction or erection of any such building within the said limits contrary to the provisions of this By-law, or who shall own, remove, or assist in removing any wooden building within said limits from one place to another therein; or who shall own, remove, or assist in removing any such building from without such limits into the same, shall, on conviction thereof, for every such offence, forfeit and pay a fine of not less than ONE DOLLAR, nor more than FIFTY DOLLARS, in the discretion of the Court convicting, together with the costs of prosecution; and shall be liable to a further penalty of FIVE DOLLARS, together with the costs of prosecution, for each and every day he, she or they shall neglect to remove, and keep removed, the same, after the first conviction.

5. That all prosecutions under this By-law shall be tried before the Police Court, in and for the City of Ottawa, and in default of payment of the fine inflicted by such Court, together with the costs of prosecution, the same shall be collected by distress, and sale of the goods and chattels of the offender; and in case of non-payment of the fine inflicted, and there being no distress found out of which the same can be levied, such offender shall be imprisoned in the Common Gaol of the County of Carleton, without or without hard labor, and for such period not exceeding TWENTY-ONE DAYS, as the Court convicting shall adjudge, unless such fine and costs be sooner paid.

6. That all buildings now commenced, or actually in the course of erection, are hereby exempted from the operation of this By-law, in so far as the same may be finished, without incurring the penalties therein mentioned.

Given under the Corporate Seal of the City of Ottawa, this third day of February, A. D., 1868.

(Signed) HENRY J. FRIEL, [L. S.] Mayor.
Certified,
W. P. LETT, City Clerk.
663-f

Skates! Skates!

At ISAAC'S.

ALSO,

SLEIGHS, SLEIGHS

ALL PRESENTS BY SANTA CLAUS,
At ISAAC'S.

Skates from 20 Cents to $6.00
At ISAAC'S,
Sparks-street,

ALSO,

Hardware of all Description
At Lowest Cash Prices,
At ISAAC'S.

Remember the place,
T. ISAAC'S.
December 17, 1867. 617tf

THE NEW DOMINION!

47. SUSSEX-STREET. 47.

Established with the Nation, 1st July, 1867.

Tried by the People,
Nobly sustained,
Long may it flourish!

Come one! Come all!!
Farmers and Lumbermen,
Merchants and Citizens.

COME TO THE NEW DOMINION!

And you will find a large and varied assortment of

STAPLE and FANCY DRY GOODS!

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,
AS CHEAP AS THE CHEAPEST,
AS GOOD AS THE BEST.

A New Tailoring Establishment!

Has just been opened on the premises, with FIRST-CLASS WORKMEN, under the management of a FIRST-CLASS FASHIONABLE CUTTER.

Suits made to order, and Warranted to wear,
At every price,

Of every style,
For every season,
And at the shortest notice.

Do you want Hats or Caps, Furs or Blankets, Boots or Shoes, Moccasins or Mittens? Visit the New Dominion. It will prove to your advantage. From top to toe a perfect outfit guaranteed, by

JAMES HIGGINSON, Proprietor.

Ottawa, February 6, 1868. 659tf

WAR! WAR! WAR!

KEARNS & RYAN,

WELL KNOWN

Merchants of this City,

—WHO KEEP THE PEOPLE'S—

CHEAP CASH STORE!

Have declared War against all other merchants of the Capital of Canada, for imposing dear goods on the people. They will make a

Reduction of 20 per cent off Hats and Bonnets,

—AND—

10 per cent off all other Cash Purchases

OVER ONE DOLLAR,

During the month of February. Rush to their establishment and judge for yourselves. No deception.

Corner of York and Sussex-sts.

Ottawa, February 3, 1868. 656d

DRY GOODS AT DISCOUNT!

$30,000

Worth of Seasonable Dry Goods
OFFERED AT

10 Cents Discount on all Cash Purchases of $1

AND UPWARDS, AT

J. A. PINARD'S.

Most of the COTTON GOODS in Stock

Have been bought within the last two months, and will offered a

REDUCTION OF 40 PER CENT.

Compared with any Cotton Goods of Fall Importation in this city.

Dress Goods, Woollen Goods, &c.

HAVE BEEN REDUCED IN PRICES SINCE 1st JANUARY.

This further inducement of Discount is offered in order to reduce Stock to the lowest point before *Stock-Taking*.

N. B.—Sale to Commence on MONDAY, THIRD of FEBRUARY, for a short time only. Goods marked in plain figures. Only One Price.

No. 17, SUSSEX-ST., CORNER of GEORGE-ST.,
SIGN OF THE GOLDEN BALL.

Ottawa, Feb. 1, 1868 655b6w1

BLYTH & KERR,

Successors to Chas. Garth,

No. 25, Rideau-st.,

Plumbers,
Gas & Steam Fitters,
Tin & Coppersmiths,
Bell Hangers, &c.

All materials for the above branches kept constantly on hand.

—ALSO—

Importers and Dealers in House Furnishing Hardware.

Just received a well selected assortment of

Cooking Stoves,	Iron Bedsteads,
Double Stoves,	Bronzed & Wire Fenders,
Parlor Stoves,	Fire Irons,
Hall Stoves,	Fire Guards,

Japanned and Planished Tinware, &c.

Manufacturers of all descriptions of work for Water and Gas Works, Brewer's Distilleries, Mills, &c. Makes and fits up Galvanized Iron Cornices, Gutters, Conductors, Roofing, &c.

Public and Private Buildings, Conservatories, Vineries, Manufactories, &c., warmed by Steam, Hot Water or Warm Air, on the most approved principles.

Orders from the country will receive strict attention.

Ottawa August 26. 416y

Special Notice.

CANADIAN National Series of Reading Books, authorized by the Council of Public Instruction for Ontario, will be ready for delivery in the first week of January, 1868. Prices: First Book, with 31 illustrations, strongly bound in limp cloth, five cents; First Book, 2nd part, 54 illustrations, strongly bound in limp cloth, ten cents; Second Book, 56 illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards, twenty cents; Third Book, 41 illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards, thirty cents; Fourth Book, 45 illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards, forty cents; Fifth Book, 50 illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards, fifty cents.

A liberal allowance to retailers and teachers.

J. DURIE & SON,
498y Ottawa.

DOMINION HOUSE!

WELLINGTON-STREET.

COLIN McLaurin & Geo. Irvine, Proprietors. This hotel has been lately fitted up, and is now replete with every convenience which characterizes a modern hotel.

Boarders taken at moderate rates. The bar is always stocked with first-class liquors.

Ottawa, Feb. 5. 656-3wy

BUY YOUR TEA

DIRECT FROM

THE IMPORTERS

TEA! TEA! TEA!

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY, 6 Hospital Street, Montréal, having just imported a large quantity of Green and Black Teas, beg to call the attention of the Trade, Hotel Proprietors, and large establishments generally to their list of prices. Buyers of Chests and Boxes of Tea will save money by getting it direct through the Importers.

All orders for 25 lb. boxes and upwards, carriage free to any Railway Station in Canada. Parties wanting smaller quantities should club together. Buyers living beyond Railway Stations, will please send post office order, or enclose notes. The carriage will be paid to the nearest station, where there are express offices. Tea will be forwarded immediately on receipt of the order by mail containing money, or the money can be collected on delivery by express man. Cash collected in Montreal free of charge, and Tea forwarded for the same. Original packages Black Tea weigh, 4 chests about 50 lbs. Chests do. 90 to 100 lbs. Green Tea from 60 to 80 lbs. Teas not mentioned in advertisement can be had equally cheap. The Company are determined to take a stand in the Montreal market, every article may therefore be depended on as to quality and weight.

BLACK TEA.

Common Congou, Broken Leaf, Strong Tea	00 45
Fine Flavoured New Season do	00 55
Excellent Full Flavoured do	00 75
Sound Oolong	00 45
Rich Flavoured do	00 60
Very Fine do	00 75
Japan	00 58
Very Fine do	00 75
An excellent mixed Tea, Black and Green	00 60

GREEN TEA.

Twankay, Common	00 38
Fine do	00 55
Young Hyson	00 60
Fine do	00 75
Superfine and Very Choice	1 00
Fine Gunpowder	00 85
Extra Superfine do	1 00

Reductions made to buyers of Five Chests and upwards.

Address
MONTREAL TEA CO.,
6, Hospital-st, Montreal.

Agent for Ottawa and neighborhood,
MR. JOS. MOONEY.

All Boxes and Chests sent from this Establishment have the address of the *MONTREAL TEA COMPANY* printed on them.

August 27, 1867. 52234-w

PRIVATE BOARDING HOUSE.

MRS. RICHARD will open a Private first-class BOARDING HOUSE, Corner of SUSSEX and CLARENCE-STS., over Mr. Martineau's Dry Goods Store, on the 15th instant. Parties wishing quiet, good, comfortable board, with good attendance, will please apply and secure apartments.

Ottawa, February 6, 1868. 659-3m

YOUNG & RADFORD'S COLUMN.

Watches,
Watches,
Watches
AT
YOUNG
AND
RADFORD'S
30 Sparks-street.

Clocks,
Clocks,
Clocks,
AT
YOUNG AND RADFORD'S.

Jewellery,
Jewellery,
Jewellery,
AT
YOUNG AND RADFORD'S.

Electro-Plated ware,
Electro-Plated Ware,
Electro-Plated Ware,
AT
YOUNG AND RADFORD'S.

Fancy Goods,
Fancy Goods,
Fancy Goods,
AT
YOUNG AND RADFORD'S,
Manufacturing Jewellers,
30 SPARKS-STREET.

Old Gold and Silver

Bought, and highest cash price paid,
AT
YOUNG
AND
RADFORD'S

BROWNE & HARDY'S COLUMN.

1867 AND 1868.

INDIA WAREHOUSE!

16 Rideau Street, Ottawa.

THE SUBSCRIBERS beg to inform their Customers that their Stock is now complete, and embraces every delicacy of the Season, among which will be found a choice assortment of

TEAS,

Breakfast SOUCHONG, do CONGOU,	Black Extra Fine.
Superior HYSON, " GUNPOWDER, " IMPERIAL, " TWANKAY,	
Orange PEKOE, Flowery " Japan "	These Teas have been carefully selected for family trade by

BROWNE & HARDY.

SUGARS,
LOAF,
BROKEN LOAF,
CRUSHED,
GROUND,
YELLOW,
and MUSCOVADO.

COFFEE,
MOCHA,
JAVA,
JAMAICA, and
CEYLON,
Roasted and Ground daily on the premises.

CHOCOLATE and COCOA,
FRENCH, flavored with Vanilla;
TAYLOR'S,
FRYE'S,
MOTT'S

FRUITS, &c.
LAYER RAISINS,
in Whole, Half and Quarter Boxes
MUSCATEL, do do
SULTANA,
VALENTIA,
CURRANTS,
GRAPES,
ORANGES
LEMONS,
PRUNES,
ALMONDS,
WALNUTS,
FILBERTS, and
BRAZIL NUTS.

BUTTER,
CHOICE DAIRY, in Tubs and Crocks, received Weekly.

CHEESE,
English, American and Canadian.

SPICES,
NUTMEGS,
MACE,
CINNAMON,
CLOVES,
GINGER,
MIXED SPICES,
All Ground on the Premises
BROWNE & HARDY.

Ottawa, December 19 405f

THE MONTREAL WAREHOUSE,
TUPLEX, OPPOSITE YORK-STREET.
WILL BE OPENED OUT IN A FEW DAYS WITH A STOCK OF
Choice Wines, Groceries and Provisions,
IN MR. INGLIS' NEW BLOCK.
J. MARTIN & CO.
OTTAWA, February 4, 1868. 657y

Great Discount Sale of Dry Goods.

Ten Cents off every Dollar,
Sixpence off every Five Shillings,
Two Shillings off every Pound

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY,

NO. 14, RIDEAU-STREET.

Respectfully announce that in order to clear out the balance of their

Fall and Winter Stock

They will for one month from this date

Give a Discount of Ten Per Cent.

On all Cash purchases of Two Dollars and Over.

Ottawa, January 14, 1868. 639-1m

SUN BURNER.

NO MORE Breaking of Chimneys; no More Burning of Fingers: No More Waste of Oil; No Trouble to Clean; No Trouble to Light No Anxiety About Explosions. It is a Cheap Labor Saving and Durable Article. Buy one and you will never repent doing so. Anyone dissatisfied can have their money returned.

LAMPS AND FITTINGS
ALWAYS ON HAND.

STOVES, TINWARE, &c.

Competent workmen for jobbing on the premises.

ESMONDE BROS.,
43 SPARKS-ST.,
Next Hoop Skirt Factory.
Ottawa, January 21. 311y

HARDWARE!

HARDWARE!

Great Reduction

IN THE

PRICE OF HARDWARE

AT THE

SIGN of the ANVIL

No. 24, Rideau-street.

THE Undersigned would take this opportunity to express his thanks to his Customers in Ottawa and vicinity for their very liberal patronage in the past, and to solicit a continuance of their favors in the future, and to assure them that no effort on his part shall be wanting to supply them with the Best and Cheapest English and American Hardware. I do not pretend to sell at cost, but do propose to sell as cheap as any other establishment in Ontario. My stock shall comprise every article in the line of Hardware, and with the one price system I hope to merit and receive a continuance of the very liberal patronage given me in the past.

T. BIRKETT,
Sign of the Anvil, 24 Rideau-st.
Ottawa, Feb. 3. 408y

W. NOTMAN,

Photographer to the Queen

CORNER OF

WELLINGTON AND METCALFE STREETS.

WOULD intimate that having all his arrangements completed, his

Establishment will be Opened

—ON—

Monday Next, 3rd February

When he will be prepared to fulfil orders for all the different branches of Photography.

Ottawa, Jan. 31, 1868. 582y

Situation Wanted.

A YOUNG MAN who has a fair knowledge of business, and can procure satisfactory city references, wants a situation as clerk in a Dry Goods Store. Address, T. W. R., TIMES Office, Ottawa.

February 4, 1868. 657a

A. MORTIMER,

BOOKBINDER

AND

Blank Book Manufacturer,

26, METCALFE-ST., OTTAWA.

HAVING every facility in the way of first-class Machinery, and employing none but first-class workmen, I am prepared to turn out every description of Binding, in as good a style of workmanship as any other establishment in Canada.

A MORTIMER,
Metcalfe-street.
Ottawa, Feb. 6. 384y

APPLICATION will be made during the present Session of the Parliament of Canada for an Act to incorporate the "DOMINION BANKING COMPANY."

Ottawa, December 24th, 1867. 624t

GREAT DISCOVERY.

EVERY MAN HIS OWN ARTIST!

A SCIENTIFIC WONDER.

AN Instrument by which any person can take correct Likenesses or Photographs. This instrument with full instructions sent by mail for one dollar. Address,

C. B. AMES & CO.,
64f Broadway, New York.

NEW STORE!

THE Store formerly occupied by W. D. WOOD, No. 38, on RIDEAU STREET, has been refitted by the subscribers, and will be opened on MONDAY, FOURTEENTH OCTOBER, with an entire new stock of

GROCERIES,
LIQUORS AND
HARDWARE.

WOOD & ROSSITER.
Ottawa, October 12, 1867. 561-tf

Piano-Forte Tuition!

W. C. CLARK,

PROFESSOR OF MUSIC and Teacher of Piano, Voice and Harmony. Also, Mrs. Clark, Teacher of Drawing and Painting. Music Rooms and Residence, 69 Sparks-street, one door east of Toronto House.

Orders may be left a residence or at Orme & Lee's Music Store. 432y

KEATING'S COUGH LOZENGES

THIS Universal Remedy now stands the first in public favor and confidence; this result has been acquired by the test of fifty years' experience. These Lozenges may be found on sale in every British Colony; and throughout India and China they have been highly esteemed wherever introduced. For COUGHS, ASTHMA, and all Affections of the Throat and Chest, they are the most agreeable and efficacious remedy; they do not contain opium or any other deleterious drug, and may therefore be taken with perfect safety by the most delicate constitution.

Prepared and sold in boxes, tins and bottles of various sizes, by THOMAS KEATING, Chemist, &c., 79, St. Paul's Churchyard, London. Sold Retail by all Druggists and Patent Medicine Vendors in the World. 608-1a20

BARGAINS

—IN—

DRESS GOODS!

IN ORDER to make a Clearance of the remainder of our Winter Stock of COBURGS, WINCIES, MERINOS, REPPS, SERGES, FANCY POPLINETTES, &c., we have RE-MARKED the whole lot at such prices as will show a Reduction of from 12½ to 20 per cent under former prices.

REMNANTS, REMNANTS, REMNANTS!

We have also brought forward our accumulation of Remnants of every kind, and marked them at Very Low Prices.

Magee & Russell.

Ottawa, Jan. 10, 1867. 580y

Ottawa CROCKERY Store!

PRESENTATION ORNAMENTS.

WILLIAM ALLAN

RESPECTFULLY announces the arrival of a Choice Selection of China and Bohemian Glass Flower Vases and Ornaments suitable for Xmas and New Year's Gifts. Also, the most complete Stock of China, Glass, Earthenware and Parian Marble ever brought into Ottawa, consisting of

DINNER SETTS, DESSERT SETTS,
BREAKFAST SETTS, TOILET SETTS.

Cut and Engraved, Cut and Pressed TABLE GLASS, and an assortment of Common Ware to wholesale purchasers.

A large and most varied Stock select from:

W. ALLAN,
51 RIDEAU STREET, (opposite Mr. D. Whalen's.)
Ottawa, December 19, 1867. 574y

SHEFFIELD HOUSE!

E. K. MacGILLIVRAY & Co.,

MANUFACTURING JEWELLERS

—AND—

WATCHMAKERS.

OTTAWA, January 21, 1868.

SALE OF

ORDNANCE LANDS

OTTAWA.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that a large number of Lots, of different sizes and dimensions,

Town Lots & Country Lots,

Will be offered for sale on

SATURDAY, 6th APRIL NEXT,

AT THE

Auction Room of H. McLean, Auctioneer

OTTAWA, VIZ.:

Building Lots in Ottawa on North Rideau street, South George street, South St. Andrew street, North St. Andrew street, South Bolton street, South Parry street, South Franklin street, North Franklin street South Park street, East Wurtemburg street, Lot H Rideau Front, Lot I, do.

—ALSO,—

	Acres.	R.	P.
Lot 34, concession B, Nepean	87	00	00
35, concession B, occupied by Mulligan and one McCabe	77	00	00
Lot K, concession D, Nepean, part of	59	00	00
Lots L and M, concession B, Nepean, parts of	86	2	25
Lot K, concession C, Nepean	53	00	00
Sub Lots 2, 3, 4, on Lot E, concession C, Neapean, 1 acre and nine perches each.			
Eleven Sub-Lots of 10 acres each, on Lot No. 21, Gore of Gloucester.			
Nineteen Sub-Lots of 10 acres each, on Lot No. 22, Gore of Gloucester.			
Lot letter I, concession 4, Gloucester	101	1	83

Lists of the Lots, and terms of payment, may be had on application at the Ordnance Lands Office, at the Office of H. McLean, Auctioneer, and at the Office of the undersigned, Public Buildings, Ottawa.

By order of the Secretary of State:

E. PARENT,
Under Sec. of State.

WILLIAM F. COFFIN,
Ordnance Lands Agent.
Ottawa, February 6, 1868. 660-1awtd

Trade Sale of Teas.

THE Subscribers will offer, for account of Messrs. D. TORRANCE & CO., at their Sale-room, on WEDNESDAY, 19th FEBRUARY, about

5,000 half-chests Green and Black Teas.

Catalogues will be prepared.
Sale at NINE o'clock.

JOHN LEEMING & CO.,
662td Auctioneers.

Wanted Immediately,

FOR a family of three persons a Medium Sized HOUSE, not too far from the Public Buildings. If favorable terms are offered, the advertiser will be willing to take a LEASE FOR THREE YEARS. Apply at this Office.

Ottawa, February 7, 1868. 660-3

WANTED,

A Male Teacher,

HOLDING A

FIRST-CLASS CERTIFICATE!

Salary Two Hundred and Fifty Dollars per annum.

Apply to
J. M. C. DELES DERNIERS.
Pendleton, Ont.
February 6, 1868. 659a6w2

Scale Manufacturer.

E. DORION begs to inform the public that he has opened a SCALE-MANUFACTORY in Clarence-street, second door from Sussex-street, in E. D'Amour's Blacksmith Shop, and where he is now prepared to repair all sorts of Scales in use.

Ottawa, Jany. 11. 657y

THE UNION FORWARDING

AND

RAILWAY COMPANY.

THE ANNUAL MEETING

OF THE

Subscribers of Stock

OF THE

Union Forwarding and Railway Company,

WILL BE HELD AT

THEIR OFFICE,

IN THE CITY OF OTTAWA, ON

Wednesday, 12th day of Feby. next,

TWELVE o'clock, noon, for the

ELECTION OF DIRECTORS,

And the transaction of general Business.

By order,
R. S. CASSELS,
President.
Ottawa, Jan. 22, 1868. 648a

PIANOFORTES!

Messrs. Orme & Son

BEG to intimate that they have on hand one of the FINEST COLLECTIONS of

Steinway, Chickering and Dunham PIANOFORTES

That have ever been offered for sale in Ottawa. These instruments were carfully selected by Mr. Nordheimer from the factories.

INSPECTION INVITED.

A splendid CHICKERING, only a few months in use, FOR SALE CHEAP, the proprietor having gone to England.

Old Pianofortes taken in exchange.

25, Sparks-street,
Sign of the Golden Lyre.
January 27. 448y

City Hoop Skirt Factory.

The Double Extension Skirt.

THIS new and convenient Skirt I am now making in all widths of tape. The great advantage this Skirt has over all others: ladies can alter it themselves to any width they wish, from 1¼ yards to 3 yards, without the least trouble. They only can be had at the Factory. Everyother style of Skirt on hand or made to order. Just received another lot of

FRENCH CORSETS,

Every size, from 17 inches to 36 inches. Also, a few of those old fashioned Corsets, (lacing at the back.)

Lambs' Wool Hose, Breakfast Shawls.

Also, a large lot of Linen and Lawn Pocket Handkerchiefs, cheap.

DAVID MILLAR,
43 Sparks-st, Centre Town, next to Esmonde's Stove Depot.
456y

New Premises and Cheap Goods.

GRANT & HENDERSON

Having recently moved into their new premises, **No. 20, Rideau-street,** one of the firm visited lately the Montreal Markets, and secured a very large stock of entirely

NEW GOODS,

At most EXTRAORDINARY REDUCTIONS in price, which cannot in a legitimate manner be undersold in this city.

RIDEAU-STREET, December 24, 1867. 623tf

Gold Medal, Paris, 1867.

WHEELER & WILSON'S SEWING MACHINES.

THE BEST HOLIDAY PRESENT,

From $47 and upwards.

FIVE per cent. off for cash in bills until after the holidays. One handsome Mahogany full case $8 discount.

The Howe Sewing Machines from $50 Up.

Grout & Co.'s Twisted Elastic Stitch only $15.

Call and see this little beauty. Prospectuses and Samples sent Free by Mail.

December 19, 1867. 479-4y G. A. WALTON, Agent, 37 Sparks Street, Ottawa.

Dry Goods at Reduced Prices.

Cunningham and Lindsay

— ARE NOW SELLING —

Canadian Grey Cloth at 3s. 3d. per yard,
Canadian Tweeds at 4s. per yard,
Canadian Cotton Yarn at 7s. 6d. a Bundle,
Canadian Bags at 1. 9d.

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY

Invite particular Attention to their

BLANKETS, FLANNELS AND MANTLE CLOTHS.

Ottawa, November 18, 1867. 510y

AMERICAN WATCHES.

[WALTHAM]

THE true value of Machinery applied to Watchmaking is not that by its use Watches are made rapidly, but that they are made correctly. Very few people know why a Waltham Watch should be superior to any other. In the first place, at Waltham the Watch is regarded, and as only a machine, to be constructed, like any other machine, on mechanical principles. The factory is indeed little else than a vast machine shop, the principal work in which is not more upon watches than upon machinery to make watches with. If the watches are good, it is because the machinery is good. Of course there must be no defect in the principle or plan of the movement, no mistake in the size or shape of the pieces of which it is composed, nothing wanting in their properties, and no error in their positions. These points once thoroughly settled in regard to each part of every variety of watch, it rests wholly with the machinery constructed with infinite diversity of form and function, expressly for the purpose, to produce the finished pieces. The method established in every department is the repetition of parts by mechanical means, and this is carried out on the system of the most thorough sub division of labor.

By means of multiplying gauges and microscopes, tests, and inspection for the detection of wear in cutting tools and for faults and flaws in steel or stone are made to accompany the work in every stage from beginning to end. As a necessary result, the Watch goes together a perfect machine. Every part is found to fit properly in its place. Every pin may be pushed till it pinches, and every screw turned home. Instead of a sluggish and feeble action, the balance, even under the pressure of the finest mainspring, vibrates with a wide and free motion, and the beat has the clear and ringing sound, always characteristic of the Waltham Watch. The machine is a timekeeper from the start.

This system of watchmaking is unknown in foreign countries, and is entirely original with the Waltham Company. The company claim that by it they produce watches that cannot be equaled for every quality which makes a watch valuable. Simple in plan and correct in principle, the movement is not only beautifully finished, substantial, accurate and cheap, but is uniform to the minutest details, not easily damaged, easily repaired, and when repaired always as good as new.

There are different grades of finish in the different varieties of watches made by the Waltham Company, as there are different sizes and shapes, to suit all tastes and means, but every watch that bears the genuine trade mark of "WALTHAM," is guaranteed to be a good one, and nobody need be afraid to buy it.

Every Watch Fully Warranted.

For sale by all first-class dealers in the United States and British Provinces. For further information address the Agents,

ROBBINS & APPLETON, New York.
ROBERT WILKES, Toronto, C.
586-45-3m

FIRST CLASS

Tailoring Establishment.

BEING desirous to dispose of the balance of my WINTER STOCK, in order to make room for

Spring Importations.

For two months I shall offer such inducements to intending purchasers as will enable me to make a ready sale, and my customers a good investment

Please Call and Examine.

G. M. HOLBROOK,

Peg Top Depot, Elgin-street,
38ly Opposite the Post Office.

GREAT CLEARING SALE.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.

Importers, 20 Sparks Street,

With a view to clear out the stock and make room for extensive

Spring Importations!

Are offering the following goods at prices that must ensure speedy sale.

Blankets, Flannels, Cloths, Tweeds, Cottons, Prints, Winceys, Dress Goods, Skirtings, Linen Damasks, Jackets, Shawls,

AND MILLINERY.

Inspection Invited.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.
Ottawa, January 20, 1868. 484y

RAILROADS.

Grand Trunk Railway Company OF CANADA.

WINTER ARRANGEMENTS, 1867.

TRAINS now leave Bonaventure Station as follows:

GOING WEST.—Day Express for Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago and all points West, at 8.30 A.M.
Night do do at 7.30 P.M.
Accommodation Train for Kingston and intermediate stations at 7.00 A.M.
Local Train for Cornwall and intermediate Stations, at 4.20 P.M.
Trains for Lachine at 8.00 A.M., 9.30 A.M., 3.00 and 4.30 P.M:
The 3.00 P.M. Train runs through to Plattsburgh.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.—Accommodation Train from Island Pond and intermediate Stations, at 7.00 A.M,
Express for New York and Boston, at 8.40 A.M.
Express for Boston and New York, at 3.30 P.M.
Express for Portland (staying over night at Island Pond) at 2.00 P.M.
Night Express for Portland, Three Rivers, Quebec and Riviere du Loup, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbroke, Waterville and Coaticooke only, at 10.10 P.M.
Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.

For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station:

C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director
December 23, 1867. 650tf

CHANGE of TIME

St. Lawrence & Ottawa Railway,

(formerly the Ottawa & Prescott Railway.)

ON and after MONDAY, the 30th Dec., 1867, and until further notice, trains will run as follows:

LEAVE PRESCOTT.	ARRIVE IN OTTAWA.
Mixed, 7.30 a. m.	11.00 a. m.
Express, 2.10 p. m.	4.45 p. m.
LEAVE OTTAWA.	**ARRIVE IN PRESCOTT.**
Express, 8 a. m.	10.30 a. m.
Mixed, 1.30 p. m.	4.45 p. m

The time of these Trains has been so arranged as to ensure connection with night and day trains on Grand Trunk, east and west.

N. B.—These Trains run on Montreal Time.

Baggage to and from Ottawa checked through from and to stations on Grand Trunk Railway.

Return tickets to Prescott, Kemptville and Ottawa at reduced rates can be had at the principal stations on the line.

T. S. DETLOR, Superintendent. THOMAS REYNOLDS, Managing Director.
Ottawa, Dec. 28, 1867. 1y

Brockville and Ottawa Railway.

WINTER ARRANGEMENT

Commencing on Monday, December 9, 1867.

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

3:45 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 3.45 p.m., and arrive at Sandpoint at 9.25 p.m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT.

6:45 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint daily at 6:45 a.m., and arrive at Brockville at 1:00 p. m.

LEAVES PERTH.

5:00 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Perth at 5:00 p.m., and 9:40 a.m., and arrive at Smith's Falls at 5:50 p.m. and 10:30 a.m.

LEAVES SMITH'S FALLS.

10:50 A.M.—TRAINS will leave Smith's Falls at 10:50 a.m., and 6:05 p.m., and arrive at Perth at 11:40 a.m., and 6:55 p.m.

All trains on main line connect at Smith's Falls with Trains to and from Perth.

No. 1 leaves Brockville after G. T. R. Express Train is due from the East.

No. 2 is due at Brockville in time to connect with G. T. R. Express Trains for the East and West.

H ABBOTT,
Manager for Trustee.
Brockville, Dec. 16. 472y

Royal Canadian Bank

OTTAWA AGENCY:

Office—Desbarats' Building, 77 Sparks St

M. P. HAYES, AGENT.
Ottawa, June 21. 157tf

DALGLISH & RUSSELL

ARE NOW IN RECEIPT OF THEIR new and varied assortment of

Grocery Goods

Consisting of Teas, Gunpowder, Old Hyson, Young Hyson, Hyson Twankay, Black, Extra Fine English Breakfast Souchong, Congou ditto, Oolong, Orange Pekoe, Finest Japans.

Coffees.—Java, Jamaica, La Guayra, Mocha Roasted and Ground on the premises.

Sugars.—English, refined in loaves, Broken Loaf, Crushed White, Yellow Refined.

Chocolate and Cocoa Spices, Mustards, Essences, Syrups, Pickles, Sauces, Vinegars, and Bottled Fruits, in Syrup, Preserves, Potted Meats, Fruits &c. Also, Provisions, Sugar Cured Hams, Spiced Rolled Hams, Bacon, Butter, Cheese, Crackers, Biscuits, Flour, Oatmeal, Barley, Peas, Rice, Labrador Herrings, Table Codfish, Digby Herrings, &c., &c.

Our stock is extensive and complete, and every article warranted to give satisfaction. All orders sent or left will be promptly attended to.

All Goods delivered on the shortest notice

Dalglish & Russell,
Wellington & Kent-sts.

Take Highest Premiums at the Paris Exposition.

PLATFORM, COUNTER, Warehouse, Grain, Coal, Hay, Railroad Track, Depot, Druggist, Gold, and off kinds of SCALES constantly on hand and for Sale.

FAIRBANKS, BROWN & Co., Boston, Mass.

Our Sole Agents in Ottawa,

ALEXANDER WORKMAN & Co.
November 18, 1867. 592-6m

NOTICE

IS hereby given that application will be made to each and every Parliament having jurisdiction, at the present or next session thereof, respectively, for an act to amend the act chaptered 106, passed at the Session of the Parliament for the late Province of Canada, held the 29th and 30th years of the Reign of Her Majesty Queen Victoria, intituled "An Act to Incorporate the Ottawa City Passenger Railway Company."

Dec. 2nd, 1867. 607dm

Bottled Ale, Bottled Ale, Bottled Ale.

THE Subscriber would call the attention of Families and others to his

Fine Bottled Ale!

Which is in splendid condition. Also,

Scotch, Irish, Old Rye

And other Malt Whiskies,

Ports, Sherries, Brandies, Gin, &c.,

Together with a General Assortment of

FIRST-CLASS GROCERIES.

A Call kindly Solicited.

D. WHELAN,
44, Rideau-street,
Opposite Allan's Crockery Store
Ottawa, Jan. 20, 1868.

FOR SALE.

850 PAIRS of Grey Twilled BLANKETS, in bales of 50 pairs.

—ALSO,—

Canadian White Twilled and Whitney Blankets. English Grey Blankets, weighing from 8 to 10 pounds each.

E McGILLIVRAY.
Ottawa, December 23, 1867. 622-3m

NOTICE.

APPLICATION will be made during the present Session of the Parliament of Canada for an act to incorporate The European and American Life Insurance Company.

January 22, 1868. 647tf

THE CAPITAL

Boot and Shoe Store!

South Side of York-street, Lower Ottawa.

A LARGE SUPPLY of HAND-MADE KIPP BOOTS and SHOES of the VERY BEST QUALITY on hand.

Lumbermen who are anxious to furnish workmen with GOOD FEET WARE, will be enabled to do so by calling at the CAPITAL for their supplies.

I am selling off the balance of the Winter Stock of READYMADE WORK at REDUCED PRICES, which consists of Ladies' Misses' and Children's BALMORALS, CONGRESS GAITERS, BUBBERS and OVERSHOES, and Men's and Boys' Boots in CALF SKIN, KIPP and COW HIDE.

Orders and Measures taken for all sorts of Work.

GEORGE MURPHY.
Ottawa Jan. 31, 1868. 429-y

AYER'S CATHARTIC PILLS.

Are you sick, bilious, and complaining? Are you out of order, with your system deranged, and your feelings uncomfortable? These symptoms are often the prelude to serious illness. Some fit of sickness is creeping upon you, and should be averted by a timely use of the right remedy. Take Ayer's Pills, and cleanse out the disordered humors—purify the blood, and let the fluids move on unobstructed in health again. They stimulate the functions of the body into vigorous activity, purify the system from the obstructions which make disease. A cold settles somewhere in the body, and obstructs its natural functions. These, if not relieved, rest upon themselves and the surrounding organs, producing general aggravation, suffering, and disease. While in this condition, oppressed by the derangements, take Ayer's Pills, and see how directly they restore the natural action of the system, and with it the buoyant feeling of health again. What is true and so apparent in this trivial and common complaint, is also true in many of the deep-seated and dangerous distempers. The same purgative effect expels them. Caused by similar corruptions and derangements of the natural functions of the body, they are rapidly, and many of them surely, cured by the same means. None who know the virtues of these Pills, will neglect, to employ them when suffering from the disorders they cure.

Statements from leading physicians in some of the principal cities, and from other well known public persons.

From a Forwarding Merchant of St. Louis, Feb. 4, 1856.

DR. AYER: Your Pills are the paragon of all that is great in medicine. They have cured my little daughter of ulcerous sores upon her hands and feet that had proved incurable for years. Her mother has been long grievously afflicted with blotches and pimples on her skin and in her hair. After our child was cured, she also tried your Pills, and they have cured her.

ASA MORGRIDGE.

As a Family Physic.

From Dr. E. W. Cartwright, New Orleans.

Your Pills are the prince of purges. Their excellent qualities surpass any cathartic we possess. They are mild, but very certain and effectual in their action and towards, which makes them invaluable to us in the daily treatment of disease.

Headache, Sick Headache, Foul Stomach.

From Dr. Edward Boyd, Baltimore.

DEAR REG. AYER: I cannot answer you what complaints I have cured with your Pills better than to say *all that we ever treat with a purgative medicine.* I place great dependence on an effectual cathartic in my daily contest with disease, and believing as I do that your Pills afford us the best we have, I of course value them highly.

PITTSBURG, Pa., May 1, 1855.

DR. J. C. AYER. Sir: I have been repeatedly cured of the worst lowness the body can have by a dose or two of your Pills. It seems to arise from a foul stomach, which they cleanse at once.

Yours with great respect, ED. W. PREBLE,
Clerk of Steamer Clarion.

Bilious Disorders—Liver Comp'aints.

From Dr. Theodore Bell, of New York City.

Not only are your Pills admirably adapted to their purpose as an aperient, but I find their beneficial effects upon the Liver very marked indeed. They have in my practice proved more effectual for the cure of *bilious complaints* than any one remedy I can mention. I sincerely rejoice that we have at length a purgative which is worthy the confidence of the profession and the people.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR,
Washington, D. C., 7th Feb., 1856.

SIR: I have used your Pills in my general and hospital practice ever since you made them, and cannot hesitate to say they are the best cathartic we employ. Their ready yielding action on the liver is quick and decided, consequently they are an admirable remedy for derangements of that organ. Indeed I have seldom found a case of *bilious disease* so obstinate that it did not readily yield to them. Externally yours, ALONZO BALL, M. D.,
Physician of the Marine Hospital.

Dysentery, Diarrhœa, Relax, Worms.

From Dr. J. G. Green, of Chicago.

Your Pills have had a long trial in my practice, and I hold them in esteem as one of the best aperients I have ever found. Their alterative effect upon the liver makes them an excellent remedy, when given in small doses for *bilious dysentery and diarrhœa.* Their sugar-coating makes them very acceptable and convenient for the use of women and children.

Dyspepsia, Impurity of the Blood.

From Rev. J. V. Himes, Pastor of Advent Church, Boston.

DR. AYER: I have used your Pills with extraordinary success in my family and among those I am called to visit in distress. To regulate the organs of digestion and purify the blood, they are the very best remedy I have ever known, and I can confidently recommend them to my friends. Yours, J. V. HIMES.

WARSAW, Wyoming Co., N. Y., Oct. 24, 1855.

DEAR SIR: I am using your CaTartic Pills in my practice, and find them an excellent purgative to cleanse the system and *purify the fountains of the blood.*

JOHN G. MEACHAM, M. D.

Constipation, Costiveness, Suppression, Rheumatism, Gout, Neuralgia, Dropsy, Paralysis, Fits, etc.

From Dr. J. P. Vaughn, Montreal, Canada.

Too much cannot be said of your Pills for the cure of *costiveness.* If others of our fraternity have found them as efficacious as I have, they should join me in proclaiming it for the benefit of the multitudes who suffer from that complaint, which, although bad enough in itself, is the progenitor of others that are worse. I believe costiveness to originate in the liver, but your Pills affect that organ and cure the disease.

From Mrs. E. Stuart, Physician and Midwife, Boston.

I find one or two large doses of your Pills, taken at the proper time, are excellent preventives of the *natural secretion* when wholly or partially suppressed, and also very effectual to *cleanse the stomach and expel worms.* They are so much the best physic we have that I recommend no other to my patients.

From the Rev. Dr. Hawkes, of the Methodist Episc. Church.

PLANTER HOUSE, Savannah, Ga., Jan. 6, 1856.

HONORED SIR: I should be ungrateful for the relief your skill has brought me if I did not report my case to you. A cold settled in my limbs and brought on excruciating *neuralgic pains*, which ended in *chronic rheumatism.* Notwithstanding I had the best of physicians, the disease grew worse and worse, until by the advice of your excellent agent in Baltimore, Dr. Mackenzie, I tried your Pills. Their effects were slow, but sure. By persevering in the use of them, I am now entirely well.

SENATE CHAMBER, Baton Rouge, La., 5 Dec. 1855.

DR. AYER: I have been entirely cured, by your Pills, of *Rheumatic Gout*—a painful disease that had afflicted me for years. VINCENT SLIDELL.

Most of the Pills in market contain Mercury, which, although a valuable remedy in skilful hands, is dangerous in a public pill, from the dreadful consequences that frequently follow its incautious use. These contain no mercury or mineral substance whatever.

Price, 25 cents per Box, or 5 Boxes for $1.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, H. F. MacCarthy, and John Skinner, in Ottawa.

Royal Italian Bitters!

—OR,—

TONICO REALE

DEL DOTTORE F. P. VERRI,

Professor of Chemistry in the University o PADUA

ITALY.

THIS celebrated preparation for which a certificate of merit was awarded to the distinguished original preparer at the National Exposition at Torino, Italy, by whose favor Mr. GIANELLI obtained the recipe, and was also awarded a diploma at the Provincial Exhibition of Canada held at Montreal in September, 1865, is, without exception, the most genuine, salubrious and agreeable Tonic ever introduced to public notice either in Europe or America.

For seventeen years it has, in Italy, been a universal favorite among the *élite* of society, being generally served in the drawing room before dinner, in preference to Vermouth.

The ingredients of its composition have been imparted to the leading Physicians of Canada and the United States, and have received their unqualified approval on every account.

The proprietor refers with the greatest confidence and satisfaction to the subjoined testimonials from eminent medical men, which he could add to, were it desirable.

Kept by the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion of Canada and in the United States. Sold by the Proprietor.

Dear Sir: You request my opinion of the "Royal Italian Bitters," prepared from a receipt of Dr Verri, of Padua. I beg to state that I consider it a most agreeable cordial tonic, in every way superior in flavour and composition to the ordinary bitter tonics in general use. I have recommended it to several patients, who have derived marked benefit from its use.

I am, dear Sir, yours faithfully,

G. E. FENWICK, M.D.

A. M. F. GIANELLI, Esq., Montreal.

A. M. FGIANELLI,
26, Hospital-street, Montreal.
Montreal, February, 1867.

MR GIANELLI,—*Dear Sir:* Having received from you a sample of the Royal Italian Bitters of Dr. Verri as prepared by you, I have much pleasure in testifying to its very excellent qualities as an agreeable and exhilarating tonic Bitter; nothing equal to it has ever come under my notice. Having also been made acquainted with its composition and mode of preparation, I feel nothing better could have been devised for general use; from its effects which I have observed in several cases, I think very many who now suffer from indigestion and dyspepsia in their various forms will find in it a panacea for all their ills.

Very truly,
W. E. BESSEY, M.D., C.M., &c.,
Beaver Hall Hill.

Letter from Drs. Picault.

Montreal, July 27, 1866.

TO MR. ANGELIA GIANELLI.

Dear Sir: We are pleased to acknowledge the reception of the prescription of your valuable tonic and bitters, entitled "The Royal." All the substances contained in its composition are perfectly combined to form a preparation fit for the purposes detailed in your directions.

We are, dear Sir, yours sincerely,

DRS. PICAULT & SON.

New York, May 14, 1867.

A. M. F. GIANELLI, Esq., Montreal.

Dear Sir: Just recovering from a long and severe illness, I have received a sample of your Tonico Reale and from its use have derived considerable benefit, as I find my appetite and digestion much improved, and hesitate not to recommend it as one of the best and most agreeable Tonics I have ever used.

WILLIAM ARNOLD,

A.B., Trinity College, Dublin; M. R. C. S. London; M. D., New York, Licentiate Royal College Havana.

Letter from Dr. J. L. Leprohon, City Health Officer.

Montreal, March 29, 1867.

Dear Sir: My absence from Montreal has prevented me from acknowledging sooner the reception of your note and accompanying sample of the Royal Italian Bitters.

I have no hesitation in stating that the ingredients entering into their composition are of a nature to render them decidedly useful in many cases of weakness of the digestive organs and of the general constitution. Their flavour is also very pleasant.

I remain, dear Sir, yours very sincerely,

J. L. LEPROHON, M.D.

A. GIANELLI,
Proprietor Cosmopolitan Hotel, Montreal
31, Temple-street, Boston.
July 1, 1867.

A. M. F. GIANELLI, Esq.,

My Dear Sir: I beg to acknowledge the receipt of a sample of your Royal Italian Bitters together with a note imparting to me the formula for their preparation. Having a large field where to try the effect of your Bitters, I have obtained flattering success in cases requiring the use of a mild, stimulating tonic, and I will recommend your Bitters with pleasure in dyspepsia, indigestion, loss of appetite, general debility, and constitutional inactivity of the liver.

I remain, my dear Mr. Gianelli, yours, very truly,

E. DE LA GRANJA, M.D.

Letter from Dr. Hall, Professor of Midwifery and Diseases of Women and Children, McGill College.

Montreal, March 15, 1866.

My Dear Sir: I have to acknowledge from you the reception of a sample of your "Royal Bitters," of your own manufacture, and have subsequently had the opportunity afforded me of becoming acquainted not only with their preparation, but also with the materials which enter into their composition. Notning, I think, can excel the mode of filtration adopted, while the small amount of vinous ingredients must recommend them to general favour, even to those who usually disapprove of the use of such beverages, the proportion being only just sufficient to maintain their composition unimpaired in climates subject to considerable fluctuations of temperature.

From the nature or character of the materials employed in their composition, it is impossible to regard them otherwise than as the healthful, invigorating, yet mild tonic or stomachic, especially adapted to stomachs enfeebled by general sickness, and whose energy requires a gentle stimulus, preparatory to the indigestion of food.

I shall have pleasure in recommending their use in such suitable cases as may present themselves to me. I remain, dear Sir, yours very truly,

A. HALL, M.D.,
Professor Midwifery, McGill University.
A. GIANELLI, Esq., &c. &c., &c., &c.

From Dr. Muir, C. B. Inspector-General H. M. Hospitals in British America.

Montreal, August 1, 1866.

Sir: Having much practical experience of Bitters in the West Indies, in India, and other parts of the world where they are in request, I have no hesitation in giving it as my opinion that Dr. Verri's "Tonico Reale" is the *very best I have ever met with.*

W. M. MUIR, M.D., Inspector-General.

Letter from Professor Smallwood, of McGill University.

32 Beaver Hall Terrace,
Montreal, August 1, 1866.

I am opinion that Dr. Verri's "Tonic Reale" is a very pleasant and palatable form for the exhibition of tonic bitters, in cases requiring such a preparation.

CHAS. SMALLWOOD, M.D., L.L.D., D.C.L.

To A. M. F. GIANELLI, Esq., Montreal.

20, East 25th-street,
New York, May 9, 1867.

To A. M. F. GIANELLI, Esq.,

Dear Sir,—The "Tonico Reale" I have tried faithfully, and it gives me great pleasure to state to you that it is the best and most agreeable Tonic I have ever used in my practice. I find it particularly adapted to females and children debilitated by the various diseases and complaints peculiar to them. If you will favor me with a letter stating where I can procure your Bitters for my patients, I shall take particular pains to recommend them. As a general rule the Bitters sold are *too* bitter and have too much *Alcohol*, and are hence often injurious.

Your "Tonico Reale" seems to me to be the Tonic we have long wished for, but never found until Prof. Verri, D.M., of Padua, has given it to the Medical World.

Respectfully yours,
WM. FRED. HOLCOMB, M.D.,
Professor of Aural and Ophthalmic Surgery in New York Medical College, and Surgeon to New York Ophthalmic Hospital and Demult Dispensary.

Letter from Dr. W F Campbell, Editor Medical Journal.

Montreal, August 20, 1867.

Dear Sir: I have to acknowledge the receipt of a sample of your "Tonic Reale," accompanied by a note informing me of its composition, and how prepared. While not believing in any universal Tonic, I am forced to admit that there are many cases where just such a preparation as yours would be invaluable. In cases of Chronic Dyspepsia, I have several times recommended its use and with much benefit. Yours, &c.,

FRS W CAMPBELL, MDLRCP,
London.

M A F GIANELLI, Esq, Montreal.

DARLEY'S

Arabian Heave Remedy

AND CONDITION MEDICINE

IS POSITIVELY SUPERIOR TO ANY or all other preparations for the cure of *Heaves, Coughs, Thick* and *Broken Wind*, and all diseases which affect the *Wind of Horses*; also, as a *Condition Medicine*, surpassing everything of the kind. It is easy to give, sure to cure, and safe in all cases and at all times, and does not prevent the horse from being worked while using it.

It cleanses the breathing apparatus, by removing from the air-cells the coagulable lymph, or that secretion which in heaves clogs them, causing a difficulty in breathing, and by its action on the diseased part, causing the mucous membrane to resume its natural dimensions, thus equalizing the circulation of the blood, and restoring the distended vessels to their natural size; by its use the horse's appetite is improved, all derangements of the digestive organs corrected, softening the skin, and giving to the coat a sleek and shining appearance.

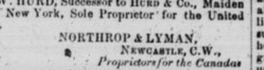
D. W. HURD, Successor to HURD & Co., Malden Lane, New York, Sole Proprietor for the United States.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
NEWCASTLE, C.W.,
Proprietors for the Canadas

PRICE TWENTY-FIVE CENTS.

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, Henry F. McCarthy J. Skinner, and J. Brown, in Ottawa.

Ottawa, Nov. 1, 1867. 577dwtm



Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

THE CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER has now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints, and are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying as to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it. Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C. W.,
General Agents for C. W

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, H. F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J. Brown, in Ottawa.

Ottawa Nov. 1, 1867. 7ydw

FRESH ARRIVALS

of

Very Choice and Superior

TEAS

NOW ON SALE

AT THE

1,000 CHESTS UNCOLORED JAPAN.

500 Chests very choice and superior YOUNG HYSON.
700 Chests Good Strong TWANKAY
100 Chests old fashioned BREAKFAST SOUCHONG.
150 Caddies MANDERIN MIXTURE.

This is the finest BLACK TEA ever imported, 5s per pound; in small Caddies, about 14 lb each, 4s 9d.

COFFEE!

The Pure Mountain Berry

"Without exception the finest Coffee in the world."—*London Times, March 16.*

We are constantly receiving supplies of this truly beautiful and delicious COFFEE, *roasted daily, on our premises by*

Dakins' Patent Silver Cylinder

By which peculiar process, he aroma is preserved, and renders it the FAVORITE WITH ALL COFFEE DRINKERS.

BEWARE OF SPURIOUS IMITATIONS.

As it is imported by no other firm in Canada

ROBINSON & CO.,
THE TEA POT,
OTTAWA

Wine, Spirits & Liquors

ROBINSON & CO. would especially call the attention of families to their stock of

ALES, WINES & SPIRITS

100 cases Otard Brandy.
50 " Martell's
150 " Hennessey.
75 " United Vinquels

We have a most delicious

DINNER SHERRY

Which we are selling at 8 shillings per gallon

GUINESS & CO.

DUBLIN STOUT!

BLOOD'S LONDON STOUT.
BARCLAY'S LONDON PORTER
ALLSOP'S PALE ALE.
BASS' EAST INDIA.
DOW'S CELEBRATED MONTREAL ALE
DAW'S SUPERIOR LACHINE ALE
DAW'S CELEBRATED PORTER & STOUT

PRESERVED MEATS.

Just Received from England:

ROAST HARE.
CURRIED DO.
JUGGED DO.
STEWED DO.
ROAST PHEASANTS.
ROAST GROUSE.
OAST PARTRIDGE

ALL GOODS DELIVERED FREE by our own Waggons to any part of the City daily

ROBINSON & CO.
THE TEA POT,
OTTAWA,

Establishments—Sussex St. and Rideau St
Ottawa, September 16. 225tf

CAUTION.

THE Subscriber regrets the necessity for cautioning the public against imitations of his popular Pomades,

The Alexandra Cream,

AND

The Canada Pomade

But having been informed that some unprincipled person has put up inferior articles, copying the labels word for word, and thereby greatly damaging the sale of the genuine articles, he is compelled to take this course in self-defence.

For the future every genuine pot will bear my written signature in RED INK, across the face of the label.

W. M. MASSEY,
Family and Dispensing Chemist,
Medical Hall, 28, Sparks-st.
Ottawa, Feb. 6, 1868. 472y

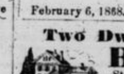
FOR SALE OR TO LET.

NOTICE.

THE Undersigned will either sell or let for a few years his well known farm, being lot Twenty-five in the Fourth Concession of Gloucester, Rideau Front, 215 acres all cleared, and well fenced and in a good state of cultivation. Also, the one-half of lot Twenty-seven in the Third Concession, being in its natural state, all wood and excellent land. It is just the cross of two hundred acres from the corner of the one lot to the other. The railroad line runs within ten feet of the front corner of the one hundred and in sight of the two hundred for two or three miles. The Station at Cunningham's is scarcely a mile and a half from the front of Lot Twenty-five. The above farm is capable of keeping thirty head of milch cows, two span of horses, and as many young cattle as it would be proper to raise. Eight or nine years ago I kept twenty-two milch cows, and ten or twelve horses, and raised five or six calves every year. The above farm is about ten miles, from the door, to the limits of the City. The improvements cannot be surpassed for a farmer's purpose. The dwelling-house is stone, 30 by 40, a story and a half over ground; and a seller nine feet high, the one half used for a kitchen and the other half capable of holding 1,000 bushels of anything you wish to put into it; there is three small windows in it, and when cleaned in the Spring, makes an excellent milk-house or dairy; there is a frame wood shed at the door, 60 by 24, with 14 feet taken off the one end for a coachhouse, and overhead for a storehouse; next to that is a stable 36 by 26, finished inside, complete with four large double stalls and two single ones, and good room for hanging up harness, and oat box; convenient to that is a barn 40 by 50, in which I have often put 1,000 bushels of grain in one year; connected with that is 200 and 20 feet of frame sheds, all 20 and 24 deep, under pinned with stone and lime from two to seven feet, according to level; on the north side of the house is another barn, 30 by 40, commonly filled with peas and oats. And if either tennant or purchaser has a desire for religious purposes, you can lie in your bed and look at the bell tolling on the Catholic Church every Holy Day, and go to the front door and you will see the Presbyterian Church, where the Rev. Mr. Lochead has preached for the last twenty-two years, and go to the back door and you will see both English Church and Methodist Church within two miles. The above farm would be a desirable situation for a young man wishing to give his attention to farming, as the Ottawa Market cannot be surpassed in the Dominion. I think that I can say that I have not sold one pound of butter under one shilling this eight years: if one went under two went over. Some reader may ask what am I selling for, it is neither for scant nor for want of anything, but I am in the seventieth year of my age, and has purchased off this lot seven hundred and fifty acres of land and all is paid for, and all my sons is settled on their own farms, so I would rather sit down and take my ease as be attending to marketing and farming any longer. Persons wishing to get any information on any point from me, can do so by addressing, postpaid, JAMES JOHNSTON, Senr., South Gloucester.

JAMES JOHNSTON, SENR.
February 6, 1868. 769-6tMh17.

Two Dwellings to Let,



BEING the Upper part of E. MARTINEAU'S Clothing Store, Corner of Sussex and Clarence-streets.

Enquire at the Store.

EUG. MARTINEAU.
Ottawa, Jan. 22, 1868. 646tf

To Let.

A ROOM TO LET either with or without board. Enquire this office.
Ottawa, November 20. 594tf

Lots for Sale.

6 BUILDING LOTS, one mile from the city, on the Richmond Road, containing one acre each. Apply to THOMAS ANDERSON, Jr., on the premises. 564tf

FOR SALE.—THE WESTerly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession Ottawa, Front Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same Concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. T. Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to JOHN and WM. THOMSON, Nepean, and LEWIS & PINHEY, Barrister, Ottawa. Je2-141-tf

FOR SALE, THAT ELIgible property, beautifully situated on the Banks of the Ottawa, in the Township of Nepean, distant from the City of Ottawa about three miles on the macadamized road, together with the STONE DWELLING-HOUSE thereon erected, at present occupied by William Thomson, Esquire, and the garden and ornamented grounds

The Times

VOL. II. NO 665. OTTAWA, THURSDAY FEBRUARY 13, 1868. PRICE—3 CENTS

THE

Ottawa Daily Times,

(Published every morning, Sundays excepted.)

THE DAILY AND WEEKLY TIMES NOW enjoy the LARGEST CIRCULATION of any paper published in the Ottawa Valley—issuing of the Daily over 2,000! and Weekly over 4,000! making a total circulation in the week of over 6,000! this outstripping all competitors, and rendering the best medium for business men to advertise in.

ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in the Daily at the following rates:

Business Cards not exceeding 3 to 6 lines, per annum—payable in advance only, ... $6 00

Transient Advertisements, first insertion per line, ... 8c

Subsequent insertions, per line, ... 2c

Yearly advertisers specially contracted with, and liberal allowances made.

Yearly subscription to the daily (if paid in advance) $5 00

If not paid in advance 6 00

Yearly subscription to the weekly (if paid in advance) $1 00

If not paid in advance 1 50

ADVERTISING AGENCY.—Messrs. S. M. Pettengill & Co., Park Row, New York, and State Street, Boston, General Advertising Agents, are hereby authorized to receive Advertisements for the OTTAWA TIMES

LEGAL.

G. J. O'DOHERTY,
BARRISTER, CHANCERY and CONVEYANCER, OFFICE, AUMOND'S BUILDINGS, Rideau-street.
Ottawa, Dec. 6, 1867. 608-1y

R. J. WICKSTEED,
BARRISTER, &c., 42, Little St. James Street, MONTREAL.
November 14, 1867. 589-6m

N. TETREAU,
NOTARY PUBLIC for the Province of Quebec, HULL, near the Post Office.
Dec. 6, 1867. 390tf

NICHOLAS SPARKS,
BARRISTER, Chancery and Conveyancing Office, Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office.
Ottawa, July 19. 489y

LAPIERRE & HAYCOCK,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers and Notaries Public, Corner of Sussex and York-streets, Ottawa.
Ottawa, February 26, 1867. 368y

WILLIAM MOSGROVE,
BARRISTER, Chancery and Conveyancing. OFFICE: Mosgrove's Block, Rideau Street, Ottawa, C. W. 356-tf

D. O'CONNOR,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex Street. OFFICE: Union Buildings, Ottawa.
January 21, 1866. 55-y

R. H. HAYCOCK,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor.
OFFICE: Post Office Building, Elgin Street, Ottawa.
January 7, 1866. 43-u

A. F. BOUCHETTE,
ADVOCATE. Office: No. 17, St. Peter Street, Quebec. Mr. Bouchette will always be prepared to attend promptly to any business the government employers, and the public generally entrust him. Mr. B. attends regularly the circuits and for the district of Quebec.
December 28, 1865. 9-y

P. J. BUCKLEY, LL.B.,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law Solicitor-in-Chancery, and Notary Public. Office, over Mr. Luke Carter's Boot and Shoe Store, Rideau Street, Ottawa, C. W.
January 17 1867. 334y

AUGUSTUS KEEFER,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. OFFICE: Opposite Post Office, Elgin Street, in the rooms lately occupied as the Custom House.
Ottawa, March 30. 87-tf

J. F. BOUETON,
BARRISTER-AT-LAW, Solicitor-in-Chancery, &c. OFFICE: Aumond's Buildings, Rideau Street.
Ottawa, Jan. 12, 1866. 21-y

M. McLEOD,
BARRISTER, Etc., for Lower Canada. OFFICE: Court House, Aylmer and Buckingham, C.E. Attends to all Law Courts in the District of Ottawa.
February 7, 1866. 43-ut

LEES & GEMMELL,
BARRISTERS, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. OFFICE: In the Court House, Ottawa, C. W.
ROBERT LEES. JOHN J. GEMMELL.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

EDWARD T. DARTNELL,
BARRISTER, Solicitor, Attorney, and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Crown Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. OFFICE: In the Court House, L'Orignal.
January 27, 1866. 34-6m

MEDICAL.

DR. CHESLEY,
OFFICE over Mr. Garth's Establishment, 25 Rideau-st., Ottawa.
May 30 447tf

DR. C. LEGGO,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Office: Hunton's Block, Sparks Street.

DR. DORION,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon, and Accoucheur, Clarence Street, Ottawa.
March 1. 371y

DR. OLIVER MARTIN,
DENTIST, Office: Sparks Street, Central Ottawa.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-utf

DR. C. A. MARTIN,
DENTIST.—Office: Sussex Street, over Messrs. Campbell & Co.'s, Grocers.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-utf

DR. JOHN LEGGO,
DENTIST, Hunton's Block, Sparks Street. Teeth extracted without pain by means of the Ethereal Spray Producer. 359a

W. R. BELL, A.M., M.D., C.M., &c.
(RECENTLY FROM ENGLAND.)
SURGERY and Residence, George Street.
Ottawa, November 14. 280y

DR. LESLIE JONES,
Surgeon, &c., of Dublin and Edinburgh.
SURGERY and Consulting Office, Rideau-st., next door to the St. Lawrence Hall. Residence—Daly Street. 384y

DR. GEORGE HUTCHISON,
DENTIST: Office, Sparks-street, opposite Mages & Russell's.
Ottawa, October 30, 1867. 576y

DR. W. J. HENRY,
CORNER of Kent and Wellington Streets, Ottawa.
November 6. 43utf

DR. O. C. WOOD,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur Ottawa. Day office opposite Mages & Russell's, Sparks Street, Center Town; Night Office at his Residence, Maria Street, Center Town.
CANCER CURED, with or the use of the knife, by a new, but certain, speedy, and almost painless process. References given to parties successfully treated, if required. The cure guaranteed.
Ottawa, April 14 17w-100-y

HOLGATE, OLIVER & ANNABLE,
WHOLESALE Manufacturers of Bedsteads, Chairs, &c., Chaudiere Island, Ottawa, C.W.
WILLIAM HOLGATE,
JOHN OLIVER,
WILLIAM ANNABLE.
1866 A 556y

BUSINESS CARDS.

B. BILLINGS, JR.,
ARCHITECT, Elgin-street, opposite the Post Office.
REFERENCES.—H. A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany; Dr. J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq, Managing Director O & P R W 612-6m

R. SPARKS,
PROVINCIAL LAND SURVEYOR, Draughtsman, &c., (commissioned for Upper and Lower Canada.) Office and residence, Gloucester, near Ottawa. Surveys of every description executed with accuracy. Communications addressed Ottawa City, (post-paid), or left at the office of N. Sparks, Solicitor, &c., Ottawa, will receive prompt attention.
Ottawa, February 21, 1866. 55-

N. McKINNON,
COMMISSION and Exchange Broker, and Insurance Agent, Sparks-street, opposite Magee & Russell's, Ottawa, C. W.
Ottawa, March 25. 591y

O'CONNOR & WALLER,
EXCHANGE Brokers, Fire, Life and Accidental Insurance, Commission and Collecting Agents. Office, No. 27, Sussex-street, Ottawa.
R. R. O'CONNOR. W. R. WALLER.
March 9. 378y

J. P. MACPHERSON,
BARRISTER, &c., Ottawa. Office: Lang's Buildings, opposite Post Office
Ottawa, March 10, 1866. 79-y

H. McLEAN'S
AUCTION Rooms, No. 19, Sparks Street, Centre Town, Ottawa, opposite Hope's Stationery Store.
The sale of Real Estate at Auction or Private Sale promptly attended to. Consignments received for positive sale. Parties wishing to purchase Real Estate will receive all information FREE OF CHARGE by calling at the office.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y

R. H. McGREEVY,
CONTRACTOR and Builder. Office: North side York street, second door from Sussex Street.
Ottawa, March 20, 1866. 78-y

S. CHRISTIE,
COMMISSION Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.
OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street; near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W. y

PARLIAMENTARY AGENCY.
C. J. BOUCHETTE,
P. L. SURVEYOR and Draughtsman, Mining, Land, and General Parliamentary Agent. References unexceptionable. OFFICE: Wellington Street, next to British Hotel, and nearly opposite the Banks, Ottawa.
P. S.—Special attention given with despatch to Public Land business, adjusting disputed claims, and securing Patents.
Ottawa, May 22. 152-y

JOHN MERCER,
Teacher Piano-Forte, Violin, &c.
THOROUGH BASS.
AYLMER, C. E.
VISITS OTTAWA TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS.
Orders left at Union House will be punctually attended to.
Ottawa, July 26. 187tf

HOTELS AND SALOONS.

HOLT'S HOTEL,
AYLMER, C. E., Livery and General Stage Office. Alfred Moses Holt, Jr., Prop'tr.
December 21, 1865. 4-y

JAS. JOHNSTON'S
UNION HOUSE, North Gower. Good Stabling and an attentive Hostler.
January 11, 1866. 20-y

DUIGNAN'S
PRIVATE HOTEL, Sparks Street, Ottawa, C. W. A few gentlemen can obtain superior apartments.
Ottawa, Dec. 20, 1865. 3-y

THE RUSSELL HOUSE,
LATE CAMPBELL'S HOTEL, Ottawa, C. W. The undersigned, proprietor of the above-named Hotel, begs leave to acquaint his numerous friends and the travelling public, that he has re-painted and newly-furnished throughout this commodious establishment, in the management of which by strict attention to business and guests, he hopes to deserve encouragement and support.
JAMES E. GOUIN,
Lately, and for many years connected with Russell's Hotel, Pagoe Street, Quebec

THE ALBION HOTEL
NICHOLAS Street, Court-House Avenue, Ottawa, John Graham, Proprietor.
This House is conveniently situated, and still maintains its character as a FIRST-CLASS HOTEL. Considerable additions have recently been made to the premises, and it has been entirely repainted and renovated. No pains will be spared to accommodate and please.
OMNIBUSES to and from the cars and boats free of charge. There is a FIRST-CLASS LIVERY STABLE attached to the Hotel.
Ottawa 1866. 1-y

JOHN MALTMAN
LATE McADAM'S, Commercial Hotel, Packenham.
The above Hotel, one of the oldest and best known in Packenham, has been leased by the undersigned and thoroughly overhauled and refitted for the special accommodation of guests. THE TABLE AND BAR will at all times be furnished with the very best the market affords.
GOOD STABLING and a careful Hostler always in attendance
JOHN MALTMAN.

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,
M. KAVANAGH, Proprietor, Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington Streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government buildings.
The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.
Oysters, Game etc., daily

THE METROPOLITAN
Aumond's Block,
Rideau Street, Ottawa.
P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.
Ottawa, November 27. 292tf

THE REVERE HOUSE,
OTTAWA.
G. A. BUCKE, W. H. SANGER, ... PROPRIETORS.
THIS FIRST-CLASS HOTEL has been re-furnished and refitted throughout, and now combines all the requisites of a first-class establishment.
Ottawa, Nov. 6, 1867. 582tf

TORONTO HOUSE,
SPARKS-STREET.
MRS. TROTTER begs to state that she has comfortable quarters for a few gentlemen for three months or more, with Parlour and use of Piano.
Ottawa, Dec. 24, 1867. 623tf

MISS LOVETT'S
PRIVATE HOTEL
HOLLIS STREET, HALIFAX, N. S.
STRANGERS will find this long established and well known house to be the most comfortable and well conducted in the city.
December 23, 1867. 622-6m

TO PARTIES ABOUT TO BUILD
PLANS,
SPECIFICATIONS,
ESTIMATES, &
Prepared by
AUGUSTUS LAVER,
ARCHITECT
End Daly-st. Ottawa.
April 1.

DRUGGISTS.

Spectacles for all Sights.
OPTICAL Instruments Electro-Magnetic and Galvanic Apparatus, Photographic Chemicals, &c.
W. HEARN,
637y Market Drug Store, York-street.

Apothecaries Hall!
No. 41, SUSSEX STREET,
G. MORTIMER, PROPRIETOR
NONE OTHER GENUINE!
TRADE MARK IS REGISTERED
Canadian Cough Emulsion.
THIS Valuable Medicine has the extraordinary property of immediately relieving Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Difficulty of Breathing, Tightness in the Chest, &c., &c. It operates by dissolving the congealed phlegm, causing free expectoration, and an agreeable moistness of the skin. Prepared only by
GEORGE MORTIMER,
Chemist and Druggist, 41, Sussex Street, Ottawa City. Sold in bottles at 1s 3d and 2s 6d each.

MORTIMER'S
COMPOUND ANTIBILIOUS
AND FAMILY APERIENT PILLS.
a grand Specific for derangement of the digestive organs, and for obstructions and torpid action of the Liver and Bowels.
MORTIMER'S Vegetable WORM DESTROYER.
The only sure remedy that exists. Combining delicious taste with amazing power. Also
CAMPHORATED EYE-WATER,
Sure Cure for Sore, Weak and Inflamed Eyes.
MORTIMER'S
Colognes, Pomades, Toilet Vinegar, Rose Dentrifice, for the Teeth and Gums. Also constantly on hand. Perfumes of all kinds, and Toilet requisites usually kept in a first-class establishment.

FOUND,
A NEVER Failing Remedy for Coughs and Colds, Mortimer's Canadian Cough Emulsion. No family should be without a bottle. None genuine but from
G. MORTIMER,
Chemist, 41, Sussex-st.
The best of Certificates can be produced.
Ottawa, Nov. 22, 1867. 596-6m

OTTAWA
DRUG WAREHOUSE,
RIDEAU STREET
1866 SEEDS, SEEDS, 1866.
A LARGE STOCK OF FRESH GARDEN and FIELD SEEDS, just arrived and on Sale. Alk Seeds warranted Fresh.
A large importation of English and French PERFUMES will arrive next week.
FLORIDA WATER. SOZODONT.
HAIR BRUSHES. COMBS.
NAIL BRUSHES. CLOTHES BRUSHES,
&c., &c., &c.
Just being opened up.
JOSEPH GARVEY, M.D.
P. S.—Advice to the poor gratis.
Ottawa, April 11. 97-y

DOMESTIC DYES.
THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT OF DYES in this city on sale at the
Ottawa Drug Warehouse.
A free Lot of Good, Cheap PERFUMES just received.
N. B.—Prescriptions carefully and promptly prepared. J. GARVEY, M. D.
Ottawa, Feb. 12 1866 47-utf

PARLIAMENT
HAIRDRESSING SALOON!
E. MILES,
Hairdresser by Appointment to His Excellency the Governor-General,
HAS REMOVED HIS PARLIAMENT HAIR DRESSING SALOON from the old stand to his new and commodious room over the LONDON MUSIC STORE, on Elgin-st., opposite the Russell House, which he has fitted up in the most recherche style of the business, and where his Rotary Hair Brush, which he imported expressly for himself, being the first introduced into British America, will be kept ready for use. The saloon is delightfully ventilated, and very pleasantly situated.
Mr. MILES would take this opportunity of returning his most sincere thanks to his many friends and the public, for their kind and generous patronage to him, during a number of years, in his old establishment, and trusts that by unremitting attention to business, and in his new and first-class saloon, with polite and attentive workmen, to merit a continuance of their favors.
All kinds of Hair Watch Guards, Finger Rings, &c., manufactured to order. For the convenience of ladies orders will be received at the London Music store, where a fine and varied assortment of Hair-work will be found.
E. MILES,
Hair Dresser, by appointment, to his Excellency the Governor-General.
Ottawa, October 3 1867 553-39y

BAZAAR.
IT is intended to hold a Bazaar on the
SEVENTEENTH of MARCH NEXT,
1868, and following days, in aid of the DEBT on
The Parsonage of Christ Church.
Contributions will be most thankfully received from the members of the Church, and other friends in Ottawa, by the following Ladies, who have kindly consented to act as a Committee of Management
MRS. CLEMOW,
" W. F. POWELL,
" COFFIN,
" ADAMSON,
" T. M. BLASDELL,
" LAUDER,
" DONALDSON,
" JOHN THOMPSON,
" N. SPARKS,
" MAGEE,
" STREET.
" ANNIE POWELL, Secretary.
Ottawa, Dec. 23, 1867. 622tf

Satchell Brothers,
Butchers to His Excellency Lord Monck.
No. 7, LOWER TOWN MARKET,
Superior Stall Fed
BEEF, MUTTON, LAMB AND VEAL,
SATCHELL'S
Celebrated Spiced Rounds & Rolled Beef,
Cured in the English Style.
Also, Sugar Cured Hams and Bacon of their own curing, constantly on hand.
Ottawa, December 21. 621-3m

GREAT CLEARING SALE
—OF—
Dry Goods and Ready-made Clothing,
—AT—
J. T. Prudhomme's Stores,
SUSSEX-STREET, FACING CLARENCE-STREET,
And at the Sign of the "Golden Lamb."
AS the Subscriber intends closing one of his Stores on the first day of December he is determined to sell off at an immense reduction his stock of
DRY GOODS & READY-MADE CLOTHING
—CONSISTING OF—
Beaver Cloths, West of England Broad Cloths, Col. and White Blankets
Pilot do Black Cassimeres, Horse Rugs,
Whitney do Silk Mix Coatings, Flannels,
Melton do " " Trowserings, Kerseys,
Sattinet do Fancy Doeskins, Wineys.
English, Scotch and anadian Tweeds.
DRAWERS, SHIRTS, WOOL CRAVATS, SCARFS, NECK TIES, COLLARS,
SHAWLS, CLOAKINGS, DRESS GOODS, NECK TIES, PRINTS, COBOURGS
BUCK MITTS, BUCK MOCASSINS, WOOL SOCKS MITTS, TRUNKS, VALISES
—ALSO, A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF—
Boots and Shoes, Teas, Soap, Candles and Wines
The whole to be disposed of before the 1st day of December. Call early and examine before purchasing elsewhere.
Ottawa, November 19, 1867. 593-3m

RELIANCE
MUTUAL LIFE ASSURANCE CO'Y.
ESTABLISHED 1840.
CHIEF OFFICE—71, King William-street, Mansion House, LONDON.
ACCUMULATED PREMIUMS OVER, $1,000,000.
ANNUAL INCOME OVER, $300,000.
TRUSTEES.
The Right Rev the Bishop of Moray and Ross.
Viscount Kirkaldie, J R S Phillippe, Esq, Sir John T Tyrell, Bart
John Ledger, Esq, James Traill, Esq, W M Tufnell, Esq
DIRECTORS
George Ashlin, Esq, John W Lay, Esq, Henry T Prinsep, Esq
W W Duffield, Esq, John Ledger, Esq, Major Skinner, R A
J W Egertongrem, Esq, J Oxlyparker, Esq, Charles H Smith, Esq
George T Harris, Esq, William Phelps, Esq, James Traill, Esq
John James, Esq, John Pike, Esq, W M Tufnell, Esq
Edward White, Esq
MEDICAL OFFICERS.
J W Ogle, Esq, M D, H F Smith, Esq, M D
BANKS.
Messrs William Deacon Co, Birchin Lane, Messrs Sparrow, Tufnell & Co, Chelmsford.
The London and County Bank.
SOLICITORS.
Messrs Hooke & Street, 27 Lincoln's Inn Fields. Messrs Gepp & Veley, Chelmsford.
EDWARD BUTHER, Secretary.
Canada Branch—Montreal.
BOARD OF DIRECTORS.
Walter Shanly, Esq. M P, Chairman.
Duncan Macdonald, Esq. George Winks, Esq. W H Hingston, Esq, M D, L R C S.
SOLICITORS—Messrs Rose & Ritchie. MEDICAL ADVISER—W H Hingston, Esq, M D.
The entire profits of this old and long established society belong to the policy holders, who are protected from all liability by the deed of settlement.
Annuities and endowments granted on advantageous terms.
Advances made on approved security in connection with Life Policies.
Every information to be had on application to any of the Society's Agents in Canada, or to
T W GRIFFITH, Manager and Secretary.
Head Office for the Dominion of Canada—Corner St Francois Xavier-street, Montreal.
Agents wanted in unrepresented districts throughout Canada.
NEIL McKINNON,
589-6m Agent for Ottawa.

Etna Fire and Marine Insurance Co.
The Number of Shareholders exceed Five Hundred.
Capital, ... $2,500,000.
Annual Income Nearly ..... $1,000,000.
HEAD OFFICE—Upper Sackville-street, Dublin, Ireland; CHIEF OFFICE, ENGLAND—17 and 18 Corn Hill, London; CHIEF OFFICE, SCOTLAND—98 George-st., Edinburgh.
DIRECTORS.
John Obins Woodhouse, Esq, 82 Pembroke Road, Dublin; Omeath Park, Co Louth; Portadown, Co Armagh; Kerry Keel, Co Armagh and Down—Chairman.
Robert Craven Wade, Esq, Conobraney, Crosskeale, Co Meath, and Sackville Street Club, Dublin, J P for Counties Meath and Wicklow—Director Scottish Amicable Life Office.
Charles Going Malone, Esq, Merchant, Stephen-street and George-street, Dublin; Churchtown Lodge, Dundrum, Co Dublin—Director Commercial Gas Company.
John William Gregg, Esq, Alderman, Merchant, 18 Upper Sackville-street, Dublin—Vice Chairman.
Irwine Smith Whitty, Esq, 6 Wellington Road, Dublin—Director Government Prisons.
Bernard Coyne, Esq, 27 Waterloo Road, Dublin, J P, Co Mayo.
Geffry Martin, Esq, 2 Clarinda Park, East Kingstown, Dublin, and Curraghmore, Ballinrobe, Co Mayo, J P for Co Mayo.
Robert Conway Hurly, Esq, Bridge House and Glenduff, Tralee; J P for Co Kerry.
David Richardson Goodlatte, Esq, Merchant.
FEATURES.
A division of profits every three years to holders of policies who have no losses.
MODERATE PREMIUMS.
The company do not advocate high premiums, but rates will be charged according as the nature of the risk. Losses will be promptly and fully met on adjustment. Losses by lightning and loss or damage by explosion of gas within the premises insured made good.
JOHN INNIS, ESQ, Manager.
N B—The above company have invested in Canadian Government Bonds, in conformity with the Provincial Act, and have obtained the license of the Minister of Finance to do business in Canada, and are now prepared to take risks.
T. W. GRIFFITH, Manager for Canada.
Head Office for the Dominion—Corner of St Francois Xavier and St Sacrament-streets, Montreal.
Agents wanted in unrepresented districts throughout Canada.
589-6m NEIL McKINNON, Agent for Ottawa.

STOVES. STOVES. STOVES.
STOVES. STOVES. STOVES.
STOVES. STOVES. STOVES.
"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT!
35, SUSSEX St.
H MEADOWS & CO.
WE have received our fall and Winter Stock of STOVES, STOVE PIPES, ELBOWS, DUMB STOVES, TINWARE and LUMBERMEN'S SUPPLIES, which we offer Wholesale or Retail at low prices. In Cooking, Parlor, Box and Hall Stoves, for wood or coal, we have the largest and most varied assortment ever shown in Ottawa.
COOKING STOVES. COOKING STOVES COOKING STOVES.
COOKING STOVES. COOKING STOVES. COOKING STOVES
COOKING STOVES. COOKING STOVES. COOKING STOVES.
Our stock of the above comprises the latest improvements in both ELEVATED and LOW-OVEN STOVES.
BOX AND HALL STOVES. BOX AND HALL STOVES.
BOX AND HALL STOVES. BOX AND HALL STOVES.
BOX AND HALL STOVES. BOX AND HALL STOVES.
Suitable for private Dwellings and Churches, Warehouses and Stores.
PARLOR STOVES. PARLOR STOVES. PARLOR STOVES.
PARLOR STOVES. PARLOR STOVES. PARLOR STOVES.
PAR TOVES. PARLOR STOVES. PARLOR STOVES.
New and most beautiful designs, very cheap.
COAL STOVES. PARLOR GRATES
Hot Air Furnaces.
We still continue to manufacture every description of TIN, SHEET IRON, and COPPER WARE, RUSSIA IRON PIPE, and DUMB STOVES. Also all kinds of out-door Job Work in our line attended to by competent and experienced Mechanics. Country Merchants supplied with Stovepipes, &c., at reduced rates.
Lumbermen's Supplies! Lumbermen's Supplies! Shanty Plate! Basins! Camp Kettles, &c.
HOUSEFURNISHING GOODS!
Bird Cages! Bird Cages! Bird Cages!
Price Lists sent free on application.
Any part of a Stove sold by us can be replaced when broken or burnt out, a fact intending buyers would do well to note.
An inspection of the above goods invited at the
"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,
35, SUSSEX STREET.
Ottawa, October 2, 1867. H. MEADOWS & CO. 62-y

INSURANCE.

INTERCOLONIAL
ASSURANCE CO'Y.
OF CANADA.
Capital - - - $500,000.
With power to increase the same.
SHARES, - - $100 EACH.
PROVISIONAL DIRECTORS
H. O. Burritt, Esq., President; R. Lyon, Esq. Mayor of Ottawa, Vice-President; T. D. Harington, Dy. Receiver General; the Hon. J. Skead, J. M. Currier, M. P., D. McLaughlin, M.P., W. Wade, Esq., F. Jones, M.P., W. Elfis, Esq., W. H. Brouse, M.D., Joseph Aumond, Esq., M. K. Church, M.D., and J. M. Bates.
THIS is purely a Canadian Institution, and as such is deserving of the support of the Canadian public.
An Act for the Incorporation of this Company is now before the Parliament of the Dominion.
Over $100,000 of stock is already subscribed and it is the intention to deposit with the Government as a guarantee of our good faith, at least $50,000 as soon as an Act of Incorporation is procured (which will be a provision of our Incorporation.) It is unnecessary here to dilate upon the profits of money invested in Insurance Stock. Suffice it to say, that, at least in one instance 335 per cent advance has been obtained on insurance stock, and that after the payment of princely dividends. In the meantime Subscriptions to Stock, in Ottawa may be made at the Ontario and Royal Canadian Banks, and a deposit of 10 per cent is requisite which will be deposited in Trust to be returned in case any subscriber is not satisfied with his investment up to one month after the Vice-Regal sanction to the Charter is obtained.
J. M. BATES,
Pro. Manager and Secretary.
Ottawa, Nov. 21, 1867. 595tf

CITY OF GLASGOW
Life Assurance Company
ESTABLISHED 1838
CAPITAL, £600,000 Stg.
ANNUAL REVENUE OVER £120,000 Stg.
THIS COMPANY OFFERS TO THE public the combined advantage of perfect security, moderate premiums and liberal participation in profits. No extra charge for Volunteers in defence of the country.
RINTOUL BROS., Montreal, General Agents for Canada.
NEIL McKINNON, Agent,
Sparks-street, Ottawa.
Ottawa March 25. 391y

Ætna Life Insurance Company,
ESTABLISHED, A. D. 1820.
Capital and Assets, 1st Jan., 1867, $4,401,833.86
THIS MOST SUCCESSFUL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY divides the whole of the Profits, every year, among the insured, reducing the cost to about one-half the figures usually charged.
For instance, the annual payment, at the age of 30, in most Companies, to insure $2000 is, with profits, about $50, and without profits $43.00
In the Ætna, $2000, to a person 30 years of age, costs the first year 25.31
And each subsequent year 26.74
Which payment is subject to further reduction as the business of the Company increases.
Endowment policies on equally favorable terms.
The fact that the Ætna has, during the past 12 months, insured over 14,000 persons, from among the best business men of the Continent, is the best possible testimonial to the soundness of the Company, and the excellence of its method of doing business.
J. GARVEY, ESQ., M. D., Medical Referee.
S. PEDLAR & CO., Montreal.
Ottawa, March 13. 381y

BRITISH AMERICA
Asurance Company!
FIRE AND MARINE
ESTABLISHED 1830.
R. S. Cassels, Esq. ..... Consulting Director.
THE ABOVE FIRST-CLASS COMPANY is prepared to insure all descriptions of property against loss or damage by fire.
HERRICK, BRUSH & CO.,
AGENTS,
Aumond's Buildings.
Ottawa, January 4, 1867. 323y

NOTICE.
DR. J. GARVEY can be consulted each day PROFESSIONALLY, at his RESIDENCE, RIDEAU-STREET, from 8 o'clock to 10 in the forenoon, and from 6 to 10 in the evening. During mid-day by making inquiry at BROWNE & HARDY'S, GROCERS, Rideau-street, information can be had as to his whereabouts.
J. GARVEY, M. D.
N. B.—It is not the intention of Dr. Garvey to relinquish his practice as a physician.
Ottawa, Jan. 24, 1868. 648tf

NOTICE.
ALL persons indebted to Dr. J. Garvey, and whose accounts have been rendered, are requested to call and settle at once, or costs will be incurred.
J. GARVEY, M.D.
Ottawa, Sept. 4, 1867. 529tf

RIFLES!
Wesson's Rifles!
HAVING imported some of the above RIFLES in 1866, under free entry, I offer the balance of stock at $17 each, which is $4 less than manufacturers prices; wholesale price at factory is $25 American money.
THOMAS ISAAC,
613d Sparks-street.

Land for Sale.
$50 ACRES OF LAND, situated within two to eight miles of the city. Apply to JOHN W. McGUIRE, Lot 25, 2nd Concession, Ottawa Front, Gloucester. 546-6m

To Sell or Let---Rare Opening,
TERMS MODERATE.
FINE STONE DWELLING HOUSES, Photographic Chambers, and other Cut Stone Premises, well arranged and eligibly situated for commercial business.
Apply to JOHN MACAULEY, Chaudiere, Ottawa; or E. McGILLIVRAY, J. B. TACKABERRY, or H. McLEAN, Auctioneer, Ottawa.
January 8, 1867. 585-6m

Furniture! Furniture! Furniture!
AT THE
VARIETY HALL,
34, Sussex-st.
A MOST Complete Stock of Black Walnut and other Furniture, in Cane, and Hair Seated Chairs, Tete-a-Tetes, Sofas, Extension Dining Tables, Centre Tables, Sideboards, Chiffoniers, Wardrobes, Bureaus, Bedsteads, Washstands and Toilet Tables. Also, Hair, Excelsior and Sea Grass Mattrasses, of all sizes, Gilt Mirrors, Toilet and other Looking Glasses, Table Cutlery of all kinds, Brushes, Brooms, and Wooden Ware of various descriptions, Table and Floor Mats, Soiled Linen Baskets, a beautiful article, Rocking Horses, Children's Sleighs, and the best assorted stock of Crockery, China and Glassware in the Dominion. This stock being all purchased to the best advantage will consequently be sold cheap.
Crockery, China, Glassware, Stoves and Furniture rented to private or public parties at a reasonable rate.
JOSEPH BOYDEN,
429y General Agent.

K. ARNOLDI,
WINE & SPIRIT MERCHANT,
METCALFE-STREET,
Telegraph Company's Building, Ottawa.
RECOMMENDS and Guarantees with confidence the following Wines:—
PORTS—Graham's, Sandeman's, Forrester's, Masden's, &c.

		Per Gall.	Per Doz.
No. 1	Good sound Wine	$2 00	$6 00
" 2	"	3 00	8 75
" 3	Old	3 50	10 00
" 4	Superior old	4 50	12 50
" 5	Very fine old	5 75	15 50

SHERRY WINE—Domecq's, Capdepons, Pemartin's, Cramp Suter's, &c.:

No. 1	Light table Wine	$2 00	6 00
" 2	Superior do	3 00	8 75
" 3	Very choice	3 50	10 00
" 4	Very Superior	4 50	12 50
" 5	Very fine	5 50	15 00

Marsala Wine,
$1.50 per Gallon, $1.50 per Dozen.
Especial attention called to the above Wine. Far superior to all common sherries, its chief recommendation is that it agrees perfectly well with persons who cannot take those wines, even of a high class. It is soft and old, free from heat, or the slightest approach to acidity, while its very moderate price recommends it for all large entertainments, as well as for the luncheon, dinner and supper table. It has met with the highest approval from the medical gentlemen of this city.
Also, in wood or bottle, old and new Brandies, Rums, Gins, Old Tom Gins, Irish, Scotch, and Canadian Whiskeys of Standard Brands.
Clarets, Champagnes, Hocks, Caracas, Marachino, Chartreuse, Royal Italian Bitters, &c., in great variety.
Hibberts' and Guiness' Porter, Bass' and Allsopp's Ales, quarts and pints. Canadian Ale of Superior Quality, in Wood and Bottle.
Goods most confidently recommended, and may be as implicitly relied upon for perfect purity as if purchased in the largest wholesale establishment in the country.
Orders by mail with cash or city reference solicited and promptly attended to. No charge for delivery in the city. A discount to persons buying in quantity or by the original package. Inspection invited.
Price Lists, and every information, on application, or sent to any address.
WINE VAULTS AND OFFICE,
No. 11, Metcalfe-street,
Telegraph Co.'s Building, Ottawa.
January 27, 1868. 535y

FOR SALE
BY THE SUBSCRIBERS,
New Egyptian Dates,
Oranges, Lemons,
Grapes, Turkey Figs,
West End Raisins,
Dundee Marmalade,
Jams and Jellies,
Tomatoes in tins,
Peaches, "
Sweet Corn "
Lima Beans.
OYSTERS & HADDIES!
RECEIVED WEEKLY.
DALGLISH & RUSSELL,
Upper Town.
Ottawa, Jan. 28, 1868. 651y

SMITH & RODNEY
MERCHANT TAILORS and General Outfitters, Elgin-street, opposite the Russell House, and second door from the London Music Store, having just received a choice stock of
English, French and Canadian
CLOTHS and TWEEDS,
And a general assortment of gentlemen's furnishing goods, would intimate to their friends and the public generally that they are prepared to execute all orders in their line at the shortest notice, in the most approved styles and at prices that we defy competition.
Ottawa Oct. 1, 1867. 551tf

ROANOKE
Tobacco Company,
DANVILLE, VIRGINIA
THIS Company having established at Montreal their General Agency for the Dominion of Canada, is now prepared to offer to the public an article in
SMOKING TOBACCO!
Superior to anything of the kind ever imported into the country, and pledge their long established character that the article now offered is the pure leaf from the
Virgin Hill Tops of Virginia.
The different brands and prices are as follows viz:
The "Prince of Wales," in 1 & 2 lb bls $1.00 per lb
" "Dominion Favorite" 1 & ½ " " 0.75 "
" "Navy," 1 & 2 " " 0.65 "
The prices are NET CASH in Montreal, and orders [accompanied by remittance] for 5 lbs and upwards will receive prompt attention. The tobacco will be forwarded to any address, by express or otherwise, as parties may direct.
Please address
F. W. HENSHAW,
Gen. Agent Dominion of Canada,
10 St. Sacrament-st.,
Montreal.
Montreal, Dec. 4, 1867. 607-1m

SNOW'S
Celebrated Fever Remedy.
A Sure and Certain Cure for Fever—Continued, Remittent, Intermittent, Typhoid, and Fever arising from Ordinary Colds.
THIS REMEDY has been used in Tropical climates for many years with the greatest success. It shortens the attack, reduces the fever gradually, and at the same time enables the system to throw off the poisonous effect of he on the blood and secretions generally.
PRICE—50 cents and $1 per Bottle. Sold Wholesale and Retail by
H. F. MacCARTHY,
Chemist, Ottawa City
Sole Agent for Dominion of Canada.
December 2, 1867. 579-3m

HOWE'S
Boot and Shoe Store.
REMOVAL.
AS the Lease of our Premises in Sussex-street terminates this month, we intend to confine our business to one locality, and shall remove the whole of our Stock on the 1st of May next, to our Store in
No. 10, Rideau-st.
Our stock of BOOTS and SHOES, LEATHER, SHOE FINDINGS, TRUNKS, &c., &c., will consequently be very large and most complete in every department, and we most respectfully solicit a continuance of favors, to merit which our constant endeavors will be as usual to provide the best articles and sell at the lowest remunerating prices.
G. HOWE & SON.
Remember the place—No. 10, Rideau-st. next to Howell's grocery.
April 27. 420y

FOUND.
NEAR the Market, Lower Town, an INDIA RUBBER CARRIAGE COVER. Apply at this office.
Ottawa, November 595tf

CITY NOTICES.

CITY OF OTTAWA ADVANCE

PROCLAMATION.
WHEREAS it will greatly conduce to the health and comfort of the Citizens of Ottawa generally, to have the city cleansed of all filth and nuisances, and whereas the introduction and spread of malignant and contagious diseases, is, and will certainly be influenced by the sanitary condition of the city; and whereas the
BOARD OF HEALTH,
Under and by virtue of the powers conferred upon them by various Acts of Parliament, establishing Boards of Health, and in

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

On no occasion will the names of Old Advertisements be inserted here.

Boots and Shoes at Discount—Angus and Huckell.

To Tavern and Shopkeepers—D. M. Grant.

The Ottawa Times

City and County Official Paper.

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 13, 1868.

We publish three letters this morning—two of them designed to show that we had misapprehended the meaning or intention of "Observer," and the third, that he had misapprehended or misrepresented the feeling of New Brunswick—with respect to "repeal" and the railway route. Upon two points all parties appear to be agreed: that there should be no threats of "repeal," and that the route of the railway should be determined upon a broad, national policy. For the rest we must be content to leave the question in the hands of the Government, who have not only the best opportunity for discovering what would be the most satisfactory conclusion in the premises, but also the strongest motives for adopting it.

"The Coal Trade of the New Dominion" is the title of an interesting pamphlet by Mr. Haliburton, Secretary of the Nova Scotia Coal Owners Association. The writer holds that there are three great centres of "Commercial and Maritime activity:" England, Nova Scotia and Vancouver's Island. These all possess the elements of true commercial greatness—an abundance of coal and other mineral wealth. After shewing the advantageous position which Nova Scotia occupies in having her coal beds near the sea, the writer contends that "the imposition of a "heavy duty on imported coal is as clearly "fatal to manufactures in Massachusetts as "draining the life blood is fatal to vitality." Because there are vast coal and iron regions in the State of Pennsylvania, he says the manufacturer will be induced to draw to their vicinity, to escape the payment of the tax otherwise imposed upon his industry by the cost of freight.

With respect to the Dominion, he contends that our "bond of Union must depend on a "community of interests, on an interchange "of commodities between the East and the "West," and he argues logically enough, that as Nova Scotia has lost the market wherein she exchanged her coal and fish for flour, by the abrogation of the Reciprocity Treaty, an Intercolonial trade should be encouraged between the Western Provinces and Nova Scotia, in which of course the principal article of export from the latter would be coal.

That the consumption of coal in the Western Provinces will be vastly increased by the annually advancing price of wood, there need be no doubt; and we are satisfied that as commercial relations become more thoroughly established between the Provinces, coal will become an important element in the trade. Mr. Haliburton says:—"A home market has been opened "up in New Brunswick and Nova Scotia, "which imposed a duty on American flour, "so as to create a trade with Ontario and "Quebec. But the same ordeal, or rather "a more serious one, is awaiting Nova "Scotia, as respects its staple pro-"duct—*coal*; for we have had hither-"to no home market, and have had "even our foreign market suddenly restrict-"ed." This is to Nova Scotia a serious difficulty, but the very existence of coal in such abundance ought to suggest the establishment of manufactures on the spot. Nova Scotia has at least gained a market of four millions, instead of four hundred thousand, free from the restriction of hostile tariffs by the Union. Is there not in this one fact, some reasonable guarantee that a home market might be created by the establishment of such manufacturing pursuits as depend for success in great measure upon the cheapness of fuel? The tax on American flour is after all, but about equal to three per cent. *ad valorem*; would a three per cent. tax do much for the Nova Scotia coal trade? Yet as a *quid pro quo*, none could deny its fairness. But flour is a manufactured article, the raw material—wheat—being admitted duty free, so that even in this case Nova Scotia might take some advantage of the impost by grinding its own flour. We hope, however, that it may be found possible to establish intercolonial trade on a mutually satisfactory basis, without either taxing flour or coal, though if the impost remains upon the former, it is very clear that it would be folly to attempt to persuade the Nova Scotians that they were being fairly dealt with unless their staple should also be protected by an import duty.

As our readers in this locality have a deep interest in the project for establishing canal communication with the Upper Lakes, we copy from the *Leader* an article shewing the present position of the Ontario and Georgian Bay Canal scheme. Such enterprises cannot be fairly discussed on sectional grounds. If they have the merits of practicability, utility and commercial soundness, no local or sectional interests ought to stand in the way of their accomplishment.

It is claimed for this project, on high engineering authority, that it undoubtedly possesses the first; no one will deny, we suppose, that if practicable it would also be useful, and there would appear, then, to be only the remaining question of its value as a money investment. Will it pay? The estimated cost of construction is $40,000,000. The interest upon this sum at six per cent. per annum is $2,400,000 or $15,000 per day for the 160 days that perhaps the canal may be kept open. Is it within the possible capacity of the canal to earn that amount of money, over and above working expenses, and costs of repairs? Has it been shewn that, even were the freight ready for shipment, the working capability of the canal would admit of the collection of such an amount with a reasonable tariff of tolls? Before discussing the probabilities of its earning a reasonable return, surely it should first be demonstrated, that it is at least possible for it to do so. Were this established the question of the probable amount of business to be done might then come up for consideration. But if Mr. Cumberland's calculations are to be relied upon the canal, when built, would be utterly incapable, for sheer want of capacity, to earn even a moderate return.

There is in connection with the starting of the company a project for a grant of 10,000,000 acres of land from the Province of Ontario. Very likely ten millions of acres of land might be deemed by English capitalists some security for a part of their money, and it may be that the Pennsylvania gentlemen, knowing the mineral wealth of the lands on the North Shore of Lake Superior, see visions of untold riches in the opening up and working of iron and other mines. But until the canal project itself can be thoroughly divested of its visionary character, it would be very bad policy to tempt either Englishmen or Americans to invest their money in it by a grant of land. The policy of granting wild lands to corporations as a bonus for the construction of public works of a character beneficial to the interests of the country, though open to some objections, is not one to be altogether condemned. Undoubtedly it has contributed very materially to the rapid progress which has taken place in many parts of the Western States, and were this canal project likely to prove moderately successful in other respects, and the choice to be made between getting the canal for a gift of the land, or not getting it at all, there would be good reason for considering the proposition, though it would still remain a question whether such a work ought, under any circumstances, to be the property of a private company.

The promoters of this enterprise have shown an extraordinary zeal when contrasted with the apathy that has characterized the advocates of the canal *via* Ottawa and French River. It can be seen at a glance that the Western project is mainly a "short cut" for shipping from the Western Lake ports of the United States to those of the same country on the South Shore of Lake Ontario; and thus far, we can account for the favor with which it is viewed by American capitalists. But the more feasible, more Canadian, and vastly cheaper, scheme by the Ottawa should have aroused the energy of Canadians, and commanded more earnest exertions to secure its construction. Perhaps the example of the people of the West may yet have the effect of attracting the attention of the commercial men of Montreal to the subject. If their great scheme of utilising the illimitable water power of the St. Lawrence is ever to be put in operation, can they not see that they need the Ottawa and Georgian Bay Canal, literally "to bring grist to their mill?"

NOVA SCOTIA RELIEF FUND.

I beg to acknowledge the receipt of fourteen dollars and sixty cents from the Rev. Mr. Lander, being the amount of a contribution towards the distressed fishermen of Nova Scotia, by "the Union Lacrosse Club."

J. Fraser,
Treasurer N. S. F. R. F.

Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1868.

FROM HALIFAX.

The Repeal Agitation—The Delegates to England—Probable Early Adjournment of the House of Assembly.

Special to THE TIMES.

Halifax, Feb. 11.—It is asserted the delegation to England on the subject of repeal will sail by the next *Inman* steamer, leaving here on the 14th.

The House will probably adjourn for several weeks, shortly after their departure.

The report that two frigates were ordered by cable telegram to proceed to England is without foundation.

FROM TORONTO.

Special to THE TIMES.

Toronto, Feb. 12, 1868.

In the House to-day Mr. Scott introduced a Bill respecting the Ottawa and Prescott Railway. The Municipal Act was up for discussion, when the Hon. J. S. Macdonald objected to its being pushed through hurriedly. The amendments to the Assessment Act were brought up, and it was agreed to postpone them till Monday. The Railway Committee this morning decided that the guage of the Toronto Nippissing Railway should be three feet six inches.

At the annual meeting of the Canadian Directors of the Northern Railway this morning it was found that the receipts for the past year were increased by $50,000 over those of former years. The working expenses show an actual increase, but a comparative decrease of 16 per cent. in proportion to business done.

LOCAL NEWS.

Will Appear To-morrow.—Article II of "Incidents Connected with Ottawa" is crowded out, but will appear to-morrow.

Masonic Jewels, Designs, &c.—Messrs Young & Radford are prepared to furnish all kinds of Masonic jewels, in the highest styles of the art, on the shortest notice, and at the cheapest rates. All kinds of jewellery repaired.

Watches and Jewellery.—Young & Radford have on hand all styles of the celebrated American watch—the cheapest and best watch for the money. Also the Canada watch. They have also on hand a very choice selection of rare and valuable jewellery. Call and examine.

The Election in Victoria Ward.—The election on Tuesday for an Alderman to serve in place of Ald. Langford, resigned, was a very tame affair. No body stirred much in the matter, because it was certain from the beginning that Mr. Abraham Pratt would be the winning man. There were but 42 votes polled, as follows: Blasdell, 8; Pratt, 34.

Weather Table.—Noted by Wm. Hearn, Optician and Druggist, Market Drug Store, York-st.

Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1868.

Greatest degree of cold registered during the previous night 15° below zero.

8 a.m.,	8 above	"
1 p.m.,	14 "	"
6 p.m.,	14 "	"

Boots and Shoes.—Now that the spring trade in boots and shoes is coming on, we would direct the attention of intending purchasers to the advertisement in another column of Angus and Huckell, No. 15 Sussex-st. They offer great inducements in the way of a discount of 10 cents off every dollar, on cash purchases for one month. Their stock is very large and complete, comprising all the stock of a large and flourishing boot and shoe store. Remember the place, Angus and Huckell, No. 15, Sussex-st.

Mechanics' Institute.—The Managing Committee of the Mechanics' Institute have much pleasure in acknowledging the receipt of half a sovereign from the Hon. Mr. Mitchell, Minister of Marine, as a contribution to the funds of the Institute. They have also been favored with the following valuable donations to the Library: From J. A. Gemmill, Esq., an illustrated copy of "Burns' Poems;" from J. G. Whyte, Esq., "Crowley's British Poets;" and "Gordon Cummings' Adventures in Africa;" and James Sutherland, Esq., a copy of the "Ottawa Directory for 1868."

The Popular Readings.—It was fully expected that the meeting of the Bible Society last evening would have the effect of thinning the audience of the Penny Readings in Upper Town. In this, however, all were mistaken, for the School House was fuller than on any previous occasion. The Readings will be held this evening in Webster's Hall. This change is made to give an opportunity to the friends of the readings of attending the Edinburgh concert to-morrow evening.

Curling Match—Ottawa vs. Buckingham.—A spirited Curling match was played at the new Curling Rink yesterday between Ottawa and Buckingham for a Caledonia gold medal. A portion of the Ottawa Club went to Buckingham, and a portion of the Buckingham Club came to Ottawa. Though the game here was well played on both sides it was very unequal. The names of those engaged in the match here, with the results, are as follows:

Buckingham.	Ottawa.
Malcolm McLeod,	Thomas Isaacs,
Jno. Higginson,	G. Hutcheson,
W. Lough,	B. Batson,
E. W. Murray, (Skip.)	J. Inglis, (Skip.)

Ottawa	37
Buckingham	16
Majority for Ottawa	21

E. Zollikofer, Esq., acted as umpire.

Bible Society's Meeting.—The annual meeting of the Ottawa Branch of the British and Foreign Bible Society was held last evening in the Chapel of Ease, Sussex-st., George Hay, Esq., in the chair. The meeting was very numerously attended. The body of the Church, as well as the gallery, was densely crowded and many people were unable to obtain seats. The report was read, setting forth what had been done during the year, and a statement of the present condition of the society, showing a handsome balance in the hands of the Treasurer. It is gratifying to learn that the Branch is in a flourishing condition, and that the officers are men of the right stamp to promote its interests. Many of the clergymen of the city and neighborhood were present, and delivered eloquent appeals for aid in furtherance of its objects.

Another Lunatic.—Yesterday morning a young single woman, about twenty-five years of age, was brought to the city to be confined as a lunatic. A medical certificate of her lunacy having been produced, and facts sustaining the certificate adduced, she was taken to jail, where she awaits a vacancy in one of the lunatic asylums. Some time since she evinced symptoms of insanity while at Brockville, since then she has been living with her friends in New Edinburgh, where it was necessary to keep her constantly under guard, but in spite of the most vigilant care she arose from her bed on Monday night last, and went undressed into the street, where she was almost frozen to death. Under these circumstances, therefore, it was deemed best to have her confined. At present she is not violently insane, and with judicious treatment she might possibly soon be restored to mental health; whereas a protracted confinement in jail, where she cannot receive treatment suitable to her condition, may result in confirmed lunacy.

Police Court.—Thomas Butterworth was charged with leaving the employment of Andrew Graham. Defendant had been hired by complainant, he went to work in the morning, and in the afternoon requested to go out for a while, and did not return. The case was adjourned till this morning.—P. Fitzgerald was charged with assaulting W. Rusk. Defendant when asked his name, did not know which name he ought to give, because his father's name was Rusk and his mother's name Husk. It appears that he had on a former occasion given the latter—hence the doubt. The Police Magistrate decided that he should bear his father's name, and then he related that Fitzgerald came to his lodgings on the 27th of January to play cards, and after a while became quarrelsome, and beat and kicked him, almost broke his leg, and threatened to kill him. The case was adjourned till this morning. Mr. Buckley defended.—Edward Myall was charged with using abusive language to Geo. H. Preston, Tax Collector. Defendant abused complainant, and charged him with having robbed the last two years, saying he supposed he intended to do so this year, and dared him to bring him up to the Police Court. Fined $2 and $1 costs, or one week in jail.

INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY.

To the Editor of THE TIMES.

Dear Sir,—I have read with some regret the communication of your correspondent, "An Observer," in this morning's Times, and your own editorial comments upon it. I think your correspondent put the point of the dissatisfaction likely to arise among the friends of Union in New Brunswick in a somewhat unguarded manner, so as to render his sentiments liable to be misunderstood, but I do not think his remarks would fully justify the conclusion that he intended to hold "over the head of the General Government a threat for a repeal agitation." Whatever may be the sentiments of any one individual, however, in reference to this question, I am fully assured that the Unionists of New Brunswick, as a body, desire nothing more than that the route chosen for the railway should be that which will best subserve the interests of the whole Dominion. The general desire is to ascertain how and where the shortest, cheapest, and easiest line from Montreal and Quebec to the Atlantic seaboard can be located. In this lies the interests of the Maritime Provinces, and in this is equally contained the interests of Ontario and Quebec, and it is, I think, obvious that before this can be fully decided, we must have more reliable information than has yet been furnished. Speaking from an extensive acquaintance with the people of New Brunswick, I fearlessly assert, that whatever line is found to embody the advantage named, after full examination, will be cheerfully accepted by them. But to decide without such examination, I apprehend, would in the sequel satisfy no part of the Dominion.

Yours faithfully,

Veritas.

Ottawa, Feb. 12th, 1868.

To the Editor of THE TIMES.

Mr. Editor,—In your issue of yesterday I noticed an article signed "Observer." The writer modestly warns the Government, that should they decide to adopt the "line imper-"fectly explored by Major Robinson, and "known as the North Shore Route, ... "so sure will the feeling now rampant in "Nova Scotia extend to New Brunswick; dis-"union will be the predominant element in "every county, *with but two exceptions*." In this very quotation any person who knows anything of New Brunswick may discern that the writer of that letter, even if he is as well acquainted with the feeling in New Brunswick as he would have the public suppose, is at least but imperfectly acquainted with its geography. By the "two exceptions" we suppose he means two of the Northern counties. Now as there are four counties upon the North Shore proper, all of which are to be directly benefitted by the Major Robinson Route, or the Northern Central Line, and totally ignored by any other, we venture to say that his "exceptions" should have extended a little further. The counties of Restigouche, Gloucester, Northumberland and Kent, would certainly be "exceptions," and the person who penned "Observer" may convince himself of that fact, by referring to any map of New Brunswick. But I unhesitatingly deny that the support of Confederation in New Brunswick, is hinged upon any such contingency as "Observer" seems to imply, or that the adoption of a Northern Route would tend to pervert Confederation into repeal sentiments in that Province.

The writer patronisingly informs the public that he has "done much to accomplish the "long cherished scheme of Confederation," and "has also been instrumental in returning "leading men of the present Government and "their supporters" to the House of Commons; but, he should also bear in mind, that other persons have been quite as instrumental as he in bringing about those results. Does "Observer" mean to say, that any of the public organs in any part of New Brunswick have ever taken the stand, or assumed the position, that he has arrogated to himself, of dictating to the Government, what route they should adopt, or inform them that sectional feelings, in the event of their allowing themselves to be guided by a Dominion policy, and not ruled by local factions, would finally "drive them "from their positions, with the execrations of a "disappointed; divided and embarrassed "people?" Have any of the papers published in Saint John ever mooted the idea, advanced by "Observer," and have they not, with but one exception, endorsed the adoption of the Major Robinson route or the Northern Central line, as being the routes best adapted to subserve the interests of the Dominion. Have not these papers, I ask, done as much towards producing the favorable feeling in New Brunswick, with respect to Confederation, as ever "Observer" could have possibly accomplished, and would they have remained so quiescent during the time when the agitation respecting routes was warmest, had there been such an "intense feeling in the southern and central portions" of that Province. Again, I would ask, was the speech made by the hon. member from Saint John (Mr. Gray) so determinedly opposed to a pure Northern line or some modification of it, that "Observer" is justified in holding out the threat of Repeal, should a Central or Southern Line not be decided upon. Either Mr. Gray knows nothing of the feelings of the people he represents, or "Observer" knows a great deal, when he makes such a threatening statement. Were the Honorable Messrs. Robertson and Steeves utterly ignorant of the sentiment of that portion of the Province in which they reside, when they advised the acceptance of the Northern Central Line, as the only route that could be justified under a Dominion policy? I have too much respect for the political sagacity of those gentlemen to imagine that such was the case, and that they were really ignorant or indifferent to the wants of that section of the Province in which they reside. When "Observer" answers these interrogatories, I will reply to him, meanwhile, I feel assured that no danger is to be apprehended from the adoption of whatever line is most conducive to the interests of the Dominion. It will not do for "Observer," at this late hour, to inform the people and Government of this Dominion, that New Brunswick was bribed into the acceptance of Confederation, by the hope of three millions of pounds being expended in the building of the Intercolonial Railway. If "Observer" be a New Brunswicker, he should be ashamed of assigning such a motive as the inducing cause of the Confederation policy being espoused in that Province. Certainly, no Nova Scotians have ever yet ventured to assign so selfish and unpatriotic a reason for our adherence to the Union cause.

The strongest friends to the Confederation policy were to be found on the North Shore, and when Union was the basis upon which an election was to be decided, its people were found faithful to it. Can "Observer" say as much for the "Southern" and "Central" portions of that Province? I will not deny that all parts of New Brunswick being wearied with their isolated position, wished to have railroad communication with Canada, but I do deny that such alone was the reason why the feeling in favor of Confederation became general, and I repel with indignation the imputation of our loyal support of the Imperial scheme of Provincial Union being of such trumpery stability as to desire with childish querulousness any further change, which every sensible man knows is "annexation" disguised as repeal, and that simply because a great international work cannot be wrested from its common sense location to gratify sectional views and promote particular interests.

New Brunswicker.

FEELING IN THE MARITIME PROVINCES.

To the Editor of THE TIMES.

Mr. Editor,—It is not with the intention of inflicting upon your readers another lengthy epistle, or to re-open the discussion of the Intercolonial, which you seem to dread, that I again ask the insertion of a few lines in your paper; but to correct an error in which you have fallen with regard to my last communication. Equally with you do I deprecate regarding this question purely in a sectional light, and for that reason—with this object in view, I penned my letter. I feared that such a route might be hurriedly adopted, without further explorations of any description, which would be purely a sectional line, and based my conjecture upon the fact that a pamphlet had been issued by an influential personage advocating the immediate choice of a line *strictly* and *exclusively* sectional. I unhesitatingly assert that there is not sufficient evidence with reference to *any* route to warrant *immediate* location, and certainly cannot see that it is wrong to urge *further* explorations before a work of such vast magnitude is undertaken. If an anxiety to prevent an expenditure of a large sum of money *unnecessarily*, and save so much to the taxpayers of the Dominion, is wrong, then I admit that there is no necessity for further surveys.

A word in reference to repeal: I would, indeed, regret that any words of mine would lead to the supposition that a *threat* of this kind was held out in case any particular line was rejected. I wished to see such a course taken as would disarm those who are now in opposition, and make the cause of Union more popular. "If the Government can vindicate "their course of route, whatever it may be, "on the broad ground of public and inter-"provincial interests; if they can shew that in "their conclusion they have not ignored the "just claims of *any Province*, but fairly estima-"ted what would be best for all, they must be "prepared to brave, and will be *sustained* in "braving, any local resentment which that "decision may provoke;"—just so, my worthy friend, I cordially and emphatically endorse every word that you have uttered, and unhesitatingly *assert*, that if this policy is followed no parties will have any reason to complain—certainly not.

An Observer.

[In "Observer's" letter of yesterday, the word "cause" was printed instead of "cover."]

Young and Radford have the largest, best, and cheapest stock of watches to be found in Ottawa. They have also on hand a very choice and varied assortment of Electro-plated ware, and Fancy Goods. They do all kinds of repairing and jewellery jobbing in first-class style. 586-y

Cotton no Longer King.—Cotton goods are now nearly as cheap as before the American war. Garland, Mutchmor & Co. have lately received a few bales of gray and white cottons, shirtings and prints, purchased since the great fall in prices. Parties requiring any description of dry goods would do well to see their stock before purchasing. 582-y

Ayer's American Almanac has now arrived and is now ready for delivery, gratis, by the city druggists, to all who call for it. Our readers may be surprised to know that this little pamphlet, which has become so much a favorite in our section, has quite the largest circulation of any one book in the world, except the Bible. It is printed in many languages, and scattered through many nations, as well as supplied to almost the entire population of our vast domain. Every family should keep it, for it contains information which all are liable to require, when sickness overtakes them, and which may prove invaluable from being at hand in season. If you take our advice, you will call and get an Ayer's Almanac, and when got, keep it

CABLE NEWS.

THIS MORNING'S DESPATCHES.

London, Feb. 12.—Wm. B. Brett succeeds Selwyn as Solicitor-General.

The press comment favorably upon the proceedings in Congress on allegiance and citizenship. Gen. Banks' speech is especially commended.

Paris, Feb. 12.—*La France* insists that Count Von Bismarck asked permission to resign his post at the head of the Prussian Cabinet.

Mr. Felix Belly, the well-known French railroad contractor of Central America, was sentenced in Court here to pay a heavy fine for publishing a slanderous article against the Government of Nicaragua.

Berlin, Feb. 12.—The North German *Gazette*, a paper which is generally regarded as the private organ of Count Von Bismarck, has an editorial to-day in which it finds fault with Baron Von Beust, and declares that he is running a dangerous course in too zealously defending the exiled Prince of Hanover.

London, Feb. 12—Eve.—Imperial despatches have just been received from Abyssinia. At last accounts from the interior Gen. Napier was at the front pushing on the advance, and the hostile forces were advancing nearer to each other. Reports reached Annesley Bay that skirmishes had already taken place between the British advance and the forces of King Theodore, but no particulars of the fight are given. Official despatches from Gen. Napier are anxiously awaited.

AMERICAN NEWS.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

Fires.

Boston, Feb. 12.—The mansion of E. N. Perkins was destroyed by fire on Monday night. Loss $70,000.

Cleveland, Feb. 12.—The Cleveland Paper Co.'s mill was damaged by fire yesterday, to the extent of $20,000.

Cincinnati, Feb. 12.—The woollen factory in Peru, Ind., was destroyed by fire yesterday. Loss $50,000.

Fortress Monroe, Feb. 11.—The revenue cutter *Nemaha* was destroyed by fire on Friday morning, and two of the crew drowned.

Apprehended American Interference with Cretan Affairs.

New York, Feb. 12.—The *Herald's* Constantinople telegram says official advices from the seat of war in Candia, dated January 26th, have been received by the Cabinet of the Porte. The despatches detail the movements of the Imperial troops, and call attention to the fact that the United States war steamer *Ticonderoga*, mounting nine guns, had arrived at the coast of Crete, under special orders from Admiral Farragut, in command of the American fleet in European waters. It is also announced, and believed in the political circles of Turkey that the remainder of the vessels of the United States fleet under Farragut will leave their present stations at an early day, and sail for the Grecian Archipelago, where they will muster in force.

American Festivities in Havana.

New York, Feb. 12.—The *Herald's* Havana special says, a grand ball was given on Saturday evening at the Casino. The ball was well attended by the elite of the American society here. There was a large number of American ladies and officers of the United States gunboat *Shawmut*. Yesterday a drill and champagne breakfast took place aboard the *Shawmut*, at which many ladies were present.

The Revolution in St. Domingo.

St. Domingo, Feb. 12.—The *Herald's* St. Domingo special says President Cabral has fallen. He escaped, however, from the capital of St. Domingo. Gen. Hungria has assumed the reins of Government till Baez arrives.

From Lower California.

San Francisco, Feb. 11.—Americans in Sonora and Lower California complain of the insupportable annoyances from Mexican customs authorities, the effect of which will destroy trade and nullify the spirit of the treaties. They call on the United States to interfere and compel the Mexican Government to place Americans on the same footing with Europeans or annex Sonora and Lower California.

THIS MORNING'S DESPATCHES.

Shoemakers on a "Strike" in New York.

New York, Feb. 12.—The boot and shoemakers of this city are on a strike, and six hundred of them are idle.

United States Senate.

Washington, Feb. 12.—The Senate Committee on Territory to-day made a favorable report on the Senate Bill to admit the State of Colorado into the Union.

London Money Market.

London, Feb. 12—Eve.—Consols closed at 93¼ @ 93⅜; 5-20's, 71¾; Ill. C. 88½.

THE HURON AND ONTARIO SHIP CANAL.

[From the Leader.]

One is, perhaps, safe in saying that the magnitude of this enterprise has proved a greater obstacle in the way of its accomplishment than any other cause. Timid minds are afraid to touch it, its vastness overpowers them. There have not been wanting those, however, who have made themselves conversant, by practical tests, with the cost and character of the work to be done, and with the great western trade which would be certain to make use of it as a means of obtaining a market at the seaboard cities of the United States and in Europe, who have stuck to it with the pertinacity which is necessary to the accomplishment of any undertaking. We believe we are safe in saying that the present position of the Huron and Ontario Ship Canal is of the most promising kind. Capitalists and engineers of eminence in England and the United States have taken hold of it in earnest. The English engineers, who are men of the highest character in their profession, have reported upon the perfect feasibility of the Canal, and monied men both in London and the principal cities in the United States are prepared to find the necessary capital, provided our Government will make a grant of ten millions of acres of land to the company.

This is exactly how the matter stands now. The money can be had. The Company are prepared to give ample proof of this fact. But English capital has, heretofore been expended in Canada with so little profit to those who invested it, that, although it is believed the traffic of the canal would be sufficient to give a handsome return upon its capital stock, a guarantee in the shape of land is required. A correspondent argues forcible in other columns in favor of this grant. The early danger is that those who will be called upon to deal with it, either in a legislative or official capacity, may be deferred by its vastness from grappling with it. We have ourselves had our doubts that the necessary means could be raised to build the canal. We have none on that score now; and the question just resolves itself into this: Would it be to the advantage of the Province to make the grant of land required conditional upon the assurance, the unquestioned assurance, that foreign capital to the extent of $40,000,000 would be brought into and expended in the country. The advantages which would flow from the construction of the work would be incalculable. The Province would be almost repaid dollar for dollar for the worth of the land by the increased consumption of dutiable articles which would necessarily be created, whilst the incidental advantages would be very great. There is frequently urged against the bringing in of foreign capital to the country the drawback in the shape of interest which must go out of it at some future time. In the case of this canal it must be remembered that the return received from the investment would be derived altogether from the produce of a foreign country. We would have all the benefits of the expenditure without being called upon to make any direct return in the shape of interest upon it.

It is of the utmost consequence that this question should be looked at on its merits. The granting of such an extent of territory as ten millions of acres is a large matter, but how small is it when compared with the building of the canal. If one can get $40,000,000 expended in the Province, how trifling is it that the land asked for, which now lies waste and unprofitable upon the shores of Lake Huron and Superior, should be pledged for that result. It is not asked that the land shall be given upon the chance of obtaining the money wherewith to build the canal. It is asked that as the acquirement of the money is a certainty, the grant of the land should be held out as an inducement for its expenditure. Some will be ready to cry out "monopoly" and all sorts of terrible things. The matter is now in a shape which entirely takes the sting out of such cries. The Government would, of course, have to see that the object for which the grant was made should be secured, and that end accomplished, no one need be alarmed at the "monopoly" which would follow.

We repeat that the great drawback to a proper consideration of this canal is its magnitude. It can be demonstrated to a certainty that the work has not been brought to its present state one day before its commencement is imperatively called for. Monied and business men in the neighboring country see this so plainly that they are exceedingly anxious it should be gone on with at once, and are ready of their means to contribute to this end. English capitalists are also ready. Will it be said that, in the country which is to benefit so largely by the construction of the work, there is indifference, if not worse? We earnestly trust that the Government and the Legislature will consider carefully the present position of the undertaking, and not be deterred by its great size from taking a step which will send this Province forward 50 years and more in the march of progress.

CITY COUNCIL.

City Hall, Feb. 3, 1868.

Present—His Worship the Mayor, Ald. Rochester, Cunningham, Hunter, Bangs, Featherston, Abbott, Goulden, Guerard, Traversy, Heney, and Martineau.

The minutes were read.

Ald. Rochester presented the petition of Bridget Murphy and a number of others respecting taxes.

Moved by Ald. Rochester and seconded by Ald. Bangs, that the petition of Bridget Murphy, Agnes Green, James Wise, Thomas Patterson, M. Stewart, M. Gillespie, Mary Williamson, James Mulrooney, and Thomas Graham, respecting taxes, be referred to the Court of Revision.—Carried.

Ald. Rochester presented the petition of Stewart Woodland, butcher, for a private stall license on Wellington-st., at the same rate as those on LeBreton's Flats.

Moved by Ald. Rochester, seconded by Ald. Cunningham, that the petition of Stewart Woodland be received and referred to the Market Committee.—Carried.

Ald. Goulden presented the petition of Jeremiah Osgoode for remission of taxes on account of being taxed in New Edinburgh.

Moved by Ald. Goulden, seconded by Ald. Bangs, that the petition of Jeremiah Osgoode for remission of taxes be received and referred to the Committee on Assessment.—Carried.

Ald. Featherston presented the petition of Robert Parsons respecting taxes.

Moved by Ald. Featherston, seconded by Ald. Robinson, that the petition of Robt. Parsons be received, and referred to the Court of Revision.—Carried.

Ald. Robinson presented the communication of D. O'Connor, Esq., in relation to part of a lot at the east end of Sappers' Bridge on the south side of Rideau-st.

Moved by Ald. Robinson, seconded by Ald. Featherston, that the communication of D. O'Connor, Esq., be received, and referred to the Board of Works, to report thereon at the next meeting of this Council.—Carried.

Ald. Traversy presented the petition of Widow Keough and others respecting taxes.

Moved by Ald. Traversy, seconded by Ald. Heney, that the petition of Widow Keough, Miss Zoe Masson, and Alphonse Chevrier, praying for a remission of taxes, be received and referred to the Committee on Assessment.—Carried.

Ald. Goulden presented the petition of Michael Brennan and the Widow Bambrick for remission of taxes.

Moved by Ald. Goulden, seconded by Ald. Guerard, that the petition of Michael Brennan and Widow Bambrick, praying for a remission of taxes be received and referred to the Committee on Assessment.—Carried.

Ald. Abbott presented the petition of Messrs. Esmonde Bros. respecting taxes.

Moved by Ald. Abbott, seconded by Ald. Hunter, that the petition of Messrs. Esmonde Bros. respecting taxes, be received and referred to the Court of Revision.—Carried.

Ald. Traversy presented the petition of Benjamin Blais and Xavier Lafleche for correction of assessment.

Moved by Ald. Traversy, seconded by Ald. Martineau, that the petitions of Benjamin Blais and Xavier Lafleche, for correction of assessment, be received and referred to the Assessment Committee.—Carried.

Ald. Martineau presented the petitions of Henry Leslie and Widow Graham respecting taxes.

Moved by Ald. Martineau, seconded by Ald. Traversy, that the petitions of Henry Leslie and Widow Graham respecting taxes, be received and referred to the Committee on Assessment.—Carried.

Ald. Bangs presented a letter from Messrs. Painter and Taylor respecting the earth from a cellar.

Moved by Ald. Bangs, seconded by Ald. Hunter, that the communication of Messrs. Painter and Taylor, in reference to earth excavation, be referred to the Board of Works, with power to have the same placed on Albert-st., at a cost not exceeding 7 cents per cubic yard.—Carried.

Ald. Hunter presented the petition of Widow Harly for remission of taxes.

Moved by Ald. Hunter, seconded by Ald. Bangs, that the petition of Widow Harly praying for remission of taxes, be received and referred to the Committee on Assessment.—Carried.

His Worship the Mayor presented a communication from Mr. James Fraser, Secretary of a public meeting for the relief of the Nova Scotia fishermen, requesting the Corporation to vote $1,000 in aid of the distressed in Nova Scotia.

Moved by Ald. Robinson, seconded by Ald. Rochester, that the communication of James Fraser, Esq., Secretary of public meeting, be received, and that the sum of five hundred dollars be appropriated by this council in aid of the Nova Scotia fund.—Lost by amendment.

Moved by Ald. Featherston, seconded by Ald. Goulden, in amendment, that the communication of James Fraser, Esq., be received, and that as a large collection has been made in this city in aid of the distress in Nova Scotia, this Corporation defer for the present making any appropriation for such purpose—Carried.

Yeas—Hunter, Bangs, Featherston, Abbott, Goulden, Guerard, Traversy and Heney.

Nays—Rochester, Cunningham, Robinson and Martineau.

His Worship the Mayor presented the resignation of Ald. Langford.

Moved by Ald. Cunningham, seconded by Ald. Rochester, that the resignation of Ald. Langford be received, and that His Worship the Mayor do issue his warrant for the election of an Alderman for Victoria Ward, to serve in the stead of Ald. Langford.—Carried.

Moved by Ald. Heney, seconded by Ald. Abbott, in amendment, that the resignation of Ald. Langford do not be now accepted.—Lost.

Yeas—Robinson, Abbott, Traversy, Heney and Martineau.

Nays—Rochester, Cunningham, Hunter, Bangs, Featherston and Guerard.

The original motion was then put and carried on the following division:—

Yeas—Rochester, Cunningham, Hunter, Bangs, Featherston, Goulden and Guerard.

Ald. Traversy presented the application of Joseph E. Dyke for the office of assistant clerk and bookkeeper.

Moved by Ald. Traversy, seconded by Ald. Cunningham, that the petition of Mr. Dyke just read, be received and laid on the table until the appointment of assistant clerk comes up.—Carried.

His Worship the Mayor presented a communication from Edward McGillivray, Esq., calling upon the council to appoint two trustees for the city Grammar School.

Moved by Ald. Robinson, seconded by Ald. Bangs, that a special committee be appointed, consisting of Ald. Cunningham, Hunter and Featherston, to nominate trustees for the Grammar School, to report forthwith.—Carried.

Ald. Cunningham presented the petition of J. Bain respecting taxes.

Moved by Ald. Cunningham, seconded by Ald. Rochester, that the petition of J. Bain be referred to the Court of Revision.—Carried.

Ald. Featherston presented the petition of W. C. Wood respecting taxes.

Moved by Ald. Featherston, seconded by Ald. Robinson, that the petition of W. C. Wood be received and referred to the Court of Revision.—Carried.

Moved by Ald. Cunningham, seconded by Ald. Featherston, that the Rev. Messrs. Wardrope and Gordon be appointed Grammar School trustees for the current year.—Carried.

Ald. Traversy presented a number of accounts which were read.

Moved by Ald. Traversy, seconded by Ald. Martineau, that the accounts of Messrs. Blyth & Kerr and Dr. Sweetland, just read, be received and referred to the Finance Committee.—Carried.

Ald. Cunningham presented the petition of J. R. O'Connor and others, praying for the straightening of Pooley's Bridge.

Moved by Ald. Cunningham, seconded by Ald. Rochester, that the petition of J. R. O'Connor and others, respecting the straightening of Pooley's Bridge, be received and referred to the Board of Works, with instruction to ascertain the progress made in the arbitration now pending between the city and L. Perkins, Esq., and report the same to this council, and that the Board, in connection with His Worship the Mayor, be authorized to memorialize the Government on the subject of a new bridge at that point.—Carried.

Moved by Ald. Martineau, seconded by Ald. Heney, that the account of Thomas Costello be received and referred to the Finance Committee.—Carried.

Ald. Cunningham introduced a By-law to appoint Assessors.

Moved by Ald. Cunningham, seconded by Ald. Hunter, that the By-law to appoint Assessors for the current year be read a first time, suspending rule for this purpose.—Carried.

Moved by Ald. Robinson, seconded by Ald. Cunningham, that the blank in the *By-law* be filled up with the names of Donald M. Grant, Wm. Cousens and E. R. E. Riel, as Assessors for the current year, and that the By-law be read a second time and passed, suspending all rules to the contrary.—Carried.

Ald. Cunningham presented Report No. 1 of the Finance Committee.

To the Corporation of the City of Ottawa:

The Finance Committee in this their first report beg leave to state that they have examined the following accounts, and recommend that His Worship the Mayor be authorized to sign cheques for the several accounts:

POLICE FORCE.

E. J. O'Neill, Detective, one month's salary to 1st Feb., 1868	$50.00	
Sergeant Davis, one month's salary to 1st Feb., 1868	41.67	
Six Constables, at $33.34	200.04	
Messenger, one month's salary to 1st Feb., 1868	33.34	
Market Constable, one month's salary to 1st Feb., 1868	33.34	358.39

BY WARD MARKET.

Patrick Casey, three month's cleaning market to 4th Jan.	$50.75

STREETS IMPROVEMENTS.

Salaries for December.

Thomas Kinchela, 26 days' work at $1.20	$31.20	
John Boulger, 17½ days' work at 90cts	15.75	
Jerry Fitzgerald, 17½ days' work at 80cts	14.00	
Michael Dea, 14 days' work at 80cts	11.20	72.15
James Driscoll, balance due on Wilbrod street drain $500, grading Cumberland-st. $30	530.00	
P. Stapleton for 33½ rods of platform on Rideau-st	134.00	664.00
George May, 51 sides of hose leather, 974 lbs., at 40cts		397.60
Total		$1,542.89

Respectfully submitted,

James Cunningham, Chairman.
James G. Robinson,
Robt. Hunter,
Chas. Goulden,
I. Traversy.

Ottawa, Feb. 3, 1868.

Moved by Ald. Cunningham, seconded by Ald. Goulden, that No. 1 Report of the Finance Committee be received and adopted.—Carried.

Ald. Featherston presented Report No. 1 of the Board of Works.

To the Corporation of the City of Ottawa:

The Board of Works beg to submit the following report: Having had under consideration the insufficiency of the Sappers' Bridge for the increased traffic of the city, and the dangers that may arise to the public safety from the side-walks on the north and south sides of the same, your Board urgently recommend that His Worship the Mayor be requested to memorialize the Canadian Government to build a new bridge across the Canal from Rideau-st. to Upper Town. Your Board are of opinion that it will be necessary to repair portions of the principal streets of the city as soon as the weather permits, and they therefore request leave to hire laborers to break from one to two hundred toise of such stone, as they and the City Engineer may select.

In reference to the petition of C. T. Bate and others, praying for a well on Ashburnham Hill, your Board recommend that the prayer thereof be granted, and that tenders for the sinking and building of said well, in accordance with the plan and specifications of the City Engineer, be advertised for, and received at the next regular meeting of this Council, and that the cost of sinking and building the said well be charged to Wellington Ward.

In conclusion your Board ask leave to report on the account of James Driscoll, for drain on Wilbrod-st., and grading in Cumberland-st., and of Philip Stapleton for platform on north side of Rideau-st., referred to your Board of last year, and omitted in their final Report. Your Board find said accounts correct, and certified by the City Engineer, and they therefore recommend that they be referred to the Finance Committee.

All of which is respectfully submitted.

J. P. Featherston, Chairman,
John Heney,
J. B. Guerard,
J. Rochester.

Ottawa, Feb. 3, 1868.

Moved by Ald. Featherston, seconded by Ald. Heney, that the report of the Board of Works be received and adopted.—Carried.

Ald. Featherston presented Report No. 1 of the Board of Health.

To the Corporation of the City of Ottawa;

The Board of Health beg to report as follows:

That it is necessary to provide for the disposal of night soil and other refuse without delay, and your Board recommend that for said purpose a hole be cut in the ice of the Ottawa river as near the northerly angle of the city limits as convenient, and that your Board be authorized to hire laborers to cut the same, and if required to attend thereto.

All of which is respectfully submitted.

J. P. Featherston, Chairman;
J. B. Guerard,
J. Heney,
C. W. Bangs,
J. Rochester.

Ottawa, Feb. 3, 1868.

Moved by Ald. Featherston, seconded by Ald. Guerard, that the report of the Board of Health be received and adopted.—Carried.

His Worship the Mayor presented Report No. 1 of the Assessment Committee.

The Court of Revision and Assessment Committee for 1868 beg leave to submit their first report.

The petitions of Widow Mary Cloran, Widow Thomas McMartin, Ann Byron, Widow Nancy Dean, Widow Catherine Cornwall, Widow Margaret Burns, Widow W. Curley, Widow Mary Murphy, Widow Catherine Barbeau, Widow A. Janveau, Widow J. Gauthier, Octave Deneau, Alex. Groulx, Moise Demers, John Joyce, Leandre Groulx and Henry Wilson, praying for remission of taxes on account of poverty, were examined by your committee, and they recommend that the consideration of their petitions be deferred until they procure a certificate from their several clergymen testifying as to their extreme poverty or inability to pay taxes, and that in future no petitions of a like nature be received unless accompanied by a clergyman's certificate corroborating the facts stated therein.

The matter complained of in the petitions of H. J. Gowan, A. Grant, Richard Dawson, David Russell, John G. Zimmerman, Thomas Hinlett and Peter Atkinson should have been brought before the Court of Revision for 1867, and your committee consider they have no jurisdiction, and cannot recommend any reduction in their several assessments. Your committee having decided to remit, beg to recommend that the following petitioners be granted reductions in their taxation for 1867: James Mathews, 1,106 Wellington Ward, $5.20, he having been assessed for property forming part of a street opened by the Corporation. Thomas Hinchey 217 Victoria Ward, $4.27, being an error of assessment; John McCarthy 475 Victoria Ward, $13.25; William Hearn 756 By Ward, $8.32; Mark Bishoprick 115 Wellington Ward, $6.52, their houses having been consumed by fire, and that James Brough's taxes be reduced $38; T. C. Keefer's taxes 768 Ottawa Ward, $26; Philip Lowry's 1,534 By Ward, $10, on account of their premises remaining vacant for more than three months.

Your committee find that J. B. Brandon 187 Ottawa Ward, has already paid the amount claimed for arrears of taxes for 1867, $3.66, and that G. C. Holland 700 Wellington Ward, being a minor in 1867, his taxes amounting to $5.20 be remitted.

Your committee also recommend that cheques be granted to the Protestant Orphans' Home for amount paid by Mrs. Eaton, being an error in the assessment $12, and to J. E. F. Gibson, to reimburse him for a palpable error in his taxes of $1.74.

The whole nevertheless respectfully submitted.

H. J. Friel, Chairman,
J. Cunningham,
Robt. Hunter,
E. Martineau.

Ottawa, Feb. 3, 1868.

Moved by Ald. Hunter, seconded by Ald. Cunningham, that the first Report of the Assessment Committee be received and adopted.—Carried.

Ald. Cunningham presented a report from the Special Committee on the renovation of the City Hall.

Your Special Committee on removal of Police Court, renovating City Hall, and enquiring into lots in the rear thereof, beg leave to report:

1st. That in the opinion of your committee it is desirable to have the Police Court removed to the upper storey of the building now in course of erection, in rear of the present hall, where a comfortable room can be fitted up for the purpose, at a cost of not over $200, as per detailed statement of the City Engineer herewith.

2nd. It is also desirable to have the City Hall renovated thoroughly as early as the weather will permit its being done. The Engineer has prepared an estimate of the cost which is herewith submitted, and amounts to about $820.

If it is decided that the above improvements be effected, your committee recommend that the work be carried on under the supervision of the Engineer and a Special Committee of the chairmen of the various standing committees, and that said committee have authority to carry out the same.

Respecting the building now in course of erection for the Central Hook and Ladder apparatus, and the purchase of a lot in Queen-st. from Mr. Stockdale, your committee beg leave to present a report prepared on this subject by a committee of the late council, appointed for this purpose, and would recommend that the same be adopted.

Respectfully submitted.

J. Cunningham,
H. J. Friel,
J. P. Featherston.

Ottawa, Feb. 3rd, 1868.

Moved by Ald. Cunningham, seconded by Ald. Featherston, that the Report of the Special Committee on city lots, City Hall repairs, &c., be received and adopted.—Carried.

Moved in amendment by Ald. Robinson, seconded by Ald. Abbott, that the report of the Special Committee be received, and that they be instructed to expend the sum of $400 in renovating the present Hall.—Lost.

Yeas—Robinson, Abbot, Heney.

Nays—Rochester, Cunningham, Hunter, Bangs, Featherston, Guerard.

Original motion—Yeas—Rochester, Cunningham, Hunter, Bangs, Featherston, Goulden, Guerard, Martineau.

Nays—Robinson, Abbott, Heney.

Ottawa, 27th Dec., 1867.

To the Mayor and Corporation of the City of Ottawa:

Your Special Committee on Lock-up, &c., to whom was authorized the construction of a building on the vacant lots in rear of the City Hall, lately acquired from J. D. Slater, Esq., for the storage of the Central Hook & Ladder Apparatus, beg leave to report that they advertised for tenders for said building, and received the following, viz.:—

From Isaac Cluff	$575.00
" Shearer & Mason	633.00
" James Adams	589.00
" Thomas Hobrook	560.00

And they awarded the contract to Mr Cluff, to be 44 x 24 feet, 1½ storeys, faced with brick, and covered with No. 1 shingles, and to be completed in 21 days from the time the contract is signed.

Having acquired the two lots in rear of the Hall and fronting on Albert-st., it is, in the opinion of your Committee, of importance that the city should own the only remaining vacant lot that fronts on the Square, and known as No. 33, on the south side of Queen-st. This lot, if occupied by the present owner as a livery stable so near to the present City Hall, would not be desirable, besides it would much increase the risk by fire. If it can be obtained for $2,100, payable $800 cash, and balance in annual instalments of $100 each, with interest at seven per cent., your Committee recommend that His Worship accept a deed of it on the terms above stated.

Respectfully submitted.

J. Cunningham,
J. Rochester,
J. Langford,
H. J. Friel.

Moved by Ald. Cunningham, seconded by Ald. Hunter, that the Chamberlain's monthly reports for November and December be received and referred to the Finance Committee.—Carried.

His Worship the Mayor presented a number of accounts from the Chief Superintendent of the Fire Brigade.

Moved by Ald. Traversy, seconded by Ald. Rochester, that the reports of the Superintendent of the Fire Brigade be received and referred to the Fire Committee.—Carried.

Moved by Ald. Robinson, seconded by Ald. Bangs, that the Board of Works be instructed to have a gas lamp erected on the centre of the Sappers' Bridge.—Carried.

Ald. Cunningham introduced a By-law to prevent the erection of wooden buildings on the City Hall Square.

Moved by Ald. Cunningham, seconded by Ald. Hunter, that By-law No. —, to prevent the erection of wooden buildings on the City Hall Square, be introduced and read a first time.—Carried.

Moved by Ald. Cunningham, seconded by Ald. Hunter, that By-law No. —, to prevent the erection of wooden buildings on the City Hall Square, be now read a second time and passed, suspending any rule or rules of this council to the contrary.—Carried.

Moved by Ald. Hunter, seconded by Ald. Bangs, that the City Solicitor be instructed to prepare a By-law to regulate the measurement of firewood.—Carried.

The council then adjourned.

Two Questions Easily Answered.—Why should men wear beards? Because they are a great protection to the throat and lungs, and add much to their personal appearance. Why should we use "Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers?" Because when used for coughs, colds, tickling in the throat, hoarseness, &c., they act like a charm. Ministers and lawyers use them, physicians recommend them, and singers and public speakers say they are the very best medicine in existence for the cure of such complaints. Sold by all medicine dealers, at 25 cts. per box.

Chicago Markets.

Chicago, Feb. 12.—Flour firm, but unchanged. Wheat dull and a shade lower at $2.01 @ 2.01½ for No. 2. Corn dull, but steady at 81½c. for New. Oats quiet at $1.55 @ 1.58. Barley quiet at $2.05 for No. 2. Dressed hogs firmer and advanced 5c. @ 10c. Receipts—3,800 bbls. flour; 14,000 bushs. wheat; 66,000 bushs. corn; 11,000 bushs. oats; 22,000 dressed hogs; 28,000 live hogs. Shipments—3,500 bbls. flour; 2,800 bushs. wheat; 19,000 bushs. corn; 3,800 bushs. oats; 700 dressed hogs; 17,000 live hogs.

OTTAWA MARKETS.

(*Compiled expressly for the* TIMES.)

TIMES OFFICE, OTTAWA, Feb. 12.

The markets for the last week have been wretchedly poor, there being by far too small a supply for the city's consumption. There is scarcely a commodity of which there is sufficient brought in. The consequence of this is that prices are considerably advanced.

FLOUR—Extra	8 75	@	9 00
No. 1	8 25	@	0 00
No. 2	6 00	@	0 00
Rags—Fall per 100 lbs	4 05	@	0 00
" Spring "	4 12½	@	4 25
Oatmeal—per 200 lbs	7 00	@	0 00
Indian Meal "	5 50	@	0 00
Rye—per bushel, 56 lbs	0 80	@	0 90
Barley " 48 lbs	0 90	@	0 80
Buckwheat Flour—bbl	5 50	@	0 00
WHEAT—Fall—per bushel, 60 lbs	1 90	@	1 95
Spring " "	1 80	@	1 85
CORN—Per bushel, 56 lbs	1 25	@	0 00
Peas " 60 lbs	0 80	@	0 90
Oats " 34 lbs	0 55	@	0 60
Beans " 60 lbs	1 50	@	1 75
PORK—Mess—per barrel	20 00	@	20 50
Prime Mess per do	14 00	@	14 50
Hog per 100 lbs	6 00	@	7 00
Hams	0 12	@	0 13
Beef	6 00	@	7 00
Mutton—per lb by the qr	0 06	@	0 7
Lamb—per qr	0 06	@	0 7
Geese—Each	0 40	@	0 50
Turkeys—Each	0 60	@	1 50
Ducks	0 70	@	0 80
Fowl—Per pair	0 40	@	0 60
BUTTER—Choice Table	0 25	@	0 30
No. 1 Firkin	0 20	@	0 24
No. 2	0 17	@	0 18
Eggs	0 25	@	0 30
Apples—per brl	3 00	@	4 50
VEGETABLES, &c.—Potatoes	0 40	@	0 45
Onions—per bbl	4 50	@	0 00
HAY—Per ton, new	12 00	@	14 00
WOOD—Per cord	0 00	@	3 05
Tamarac	0 00	@	2 00
Hemlock	0 00	@	2 00

DIED.

At Hull, on the 11th instant, Hannah Edith, infant daughter of C. B. Wright, Esq., aged 4 months. Funeral will take place on Thursday, the 13th instant, at 2 p. m. Friends are respectfully invited to attend.

On the 7th instant, at the residence of Mr. S. Christie, Union Square, Ottawa, Sarah Martin, aged 21 years.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

To Tavern and Shopkeepers.

BLANK Applications for Tavern and Shop Licenses can be obtained from the subscriber, at the City Hall, on and after MONDAY, the 17th instant.

D. M. GRANT,
Inspector of Licenses.

Ottawa, Feb. 13, 1868. 665d

APPLICATIONS

FOR the Office of CHIMNEY SWEEP will be received by the Corporation of the City of Ottawa, until MONDAY, the SEVENTEENTH day of FEBRUARY, 1868, at 7 o'clock, p. m.

W. P. LETT, City Clerk.

City Hall, Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1868. 664d

TENDERS

FOR THE TOLLS of the By and Wellington Ward Markets, for one year, from the First Monday in March next, will be received by the Corporation of the City of Ottawa, until MONDAY, the SEVENTEENTH day of FEBRUARY, 1868, at 7 o'clock, p. m.

Tenders to state the amount in one sum, and to have appended thereto the real signatures of two responsible sureties for the due fulfilment of the contract.

W. P. LETT, City Clerk.

City Hall, Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1868. 664d

NATURAL AMERICAN

Lubricating Oils!

PREPARED EXPRESSLY FOR

STEAMBOATS,
LOCOMOTIVES,
CAR JOURNALS,
FACTORIES,
MACHINE SHOPS,
HORSE RAILWAYS,
&c., &c., &c.

Perfectly free from Gum & Grit.

NON-EXPLOSIVE,

NON-INFLAMMABLE,

WILL NOT FREEZE IN WINTER!

AND THE

CHEAPEST OIL IN THE MARKET!

FROM the numerous certificates we have received, we beg to call attention to the following:—

OFFICE OF THE CANADA SCREW COMPANY.

Messrs. McKENZIE & MACKAY.

GENTLEMEN,—Having used machinery all my life, I have had occasion to use many kinds of lubricating oils, and have had my mind fixed in regard to the qualities of different kinds. When asked to give your new Volcanic Oil a trial, I had very little faith in its being better than many other kinds that I had previously tried and considered; but after using your oil on light and heavy machinery for some time, I have come to the conclusion that it is a safe, cheap article—100 per cent better than lard oil, now so generally used in this country.

Respectfully yours,
J. P. BILLINGTON,
Manager Canada Screw Company.

Dundas, May 13, 1867.

DUNDAS FLOUR MILLS,
Dundas, May 13, 1867.

Messrs. McKENZIE & MACKAY, Hamilton,

GENTLEMEN,—I have tried your Lubricating Oil, (AA) and (A) and can recommend it as being a good Oil for Lubricating purposes. I have used it on both heavy and light machinery, and find it answers the purpose as well as any oil hitherto used. I have always used olive oil till now, so that your oil received a severe test. Please send me one barrel of each kind.

Yours truly,
JAMES COLMAN,
JAMES WALES, Manager,

WEST FLAMBORO, July 27, 1867.

Messrs. McKENZIE & MACKAY, 9, King-street, Hamilton,

GENTLEMEN,—I have thoroughly tested in my mill the Lubricating Oil received from you. The sample marked (AA) I think is superior to any elephant oil for saw mill machinery. The journals run with it, work longer clean, and with less friction than with any other oil I have used.

Yours respectfully,
ROBERT CHRISTIE.

DUNDAS FOUNDRY, Dundas, July 29, 1867.

Messrs. McKENZIE & MACKAY, Hamilton,

GENTLEMEN,—I have been testing your Natural Lubricating Oils [A] and [AAA] for the last three months, and have no hesitation in stating that they are the best oils used in this foundry for some years, and are far superior to what we have known as "Petroleum Lubricators." They are free from all Gum and Grit, do not heat the bearings, and are particularly adapted for lathes and planer beds. The TREBLE A OIL is especially suited for cutting heavy bolts. I have used it with the "Patent Die," which finishes the thread with one cut, and it has stood the severe test to my satisfaction.

Yours truly,
THOMAS WILSON,
Foreman.

"LEADER" Office, June 28, 1867.

MR. BRAYBOND,

I have used the five gallons of the American Lubricating Oil marked (AA) upon the Engine and Presses, and find it as good, if not better, than any we have previously used. Please send one barrel, as soon as possible, of (AA) Oil.

JOHN CARROLL,
Foreman.

Many other certificates equally favorable can be seen at our Offices.

PRICE LIST.

	A.	AA	AAA
Less than 1 barrel per Gallon	$0 75	$0 80	$0 90
1 Barrel and less than 5 Barrels, per Gallon	62½	65	70
Over 5 Barrels and less than 20 barrels, 10 per cent. off; 20 Barrels and over, 15 per cent. off.			

McKENZIE & MACKAY,
Agents for Canada,
9 King Street,
Hamilton.

Feb. 11. 663tf

ANGUS AND HUCKELL,

No. 15 SUSSEX-STREET. No. 15 SUSSEX-STREET.

GREAT DISCOUNT SALE!

CLEARING OUT

FALL AND WINTER STOCK

—OF—

Boots, Shoes & Rubbers.

10 CENTS OFF EVERY DOLLAR

CASH PURCHASES,

FOR ONE MONTH.

Largest and Best Stock

IN THE DOMINION.

☞ Call and See.

Boots, Shoes and Rubbers.

OTTAWA, February 13, 1868. 665y

THE NEW DOMINION!

47. SUSSEX-STREET. 47.

Established with the Nation, 1st July, 1867.

Tried by the People,
Nobly sustained,
Long may it flourish!

Come one! Come all!!
Farmers and Lumbermen,
Merchants and Citizens,

COME TO THE NEW DOMINION!

And you will find a large and varied assortment of

STAPLE and FANCY DRY GOODS!

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,
AS CHEAP AS THE CHEAPEST,
AS GOOD AS THE BEST.

A New Tailoring Establishment!

Has just been opened on the premises, with FIRST-CLASS WORKMEN, under the management of a FIRST-CLASS FASHIONABLE CUTTER.

Suits made to order, and
Warranted to *suit*,
At every price,

Of every style,
For every season,
And at the shortest notice.

Do you want Hats or Caps, Furs or Blankets, Boots or Shoes, Moccasins or Mittens? Visit the New Dominion. It will prove to your advantage. From top to toe a perfect outfit guaranteed, by

JAMES HIGGINSON, Proprietor.

Ottawa, February 6, 1868. 659tf

WAR! WAR! WAR!

KEARNS & RYAN,

WELL KNOWN

Merchants of this City,

—WHO KEEP THE PEOPLE'S—

CHEAP CASH STORE!

Have declared War against all other merchants of the Capital of Canada, for imposing dear goods on the people. They will make a

Reduction of 20 per cent off Hats and Bonnets,

—AND—

10 per cent off all other Cash Purchases

OVER ONE DOLLAR,

During the month of February. Rush to their establishment and judge for yourselves. No deception.

Corner of York and Sussex-sts.

Ottawa, February 3, 1868. 656d

DRY GOODS AT DISCOUNT!

$30,000

Worth of Seasonable Dry Goods

OFFERED AT

10 Cents Discount on all Cash Purchases of $1

AND UPWARDS, AT

J. A. PINARD'S.

Most of the COTTON GOODS in Stock

Have been bought within the last two months, and will offered a

REDUCTION OF 40 PER CENT.

Compared with any Cotton Goods of Fall Importation in this city.

Dress Goods, Woollen Goods, &c.

HAVE BEEN REDUCED IN PRICES SINCE 1st JANUARY.

This further inducement of Discount is offered in order to reduce Stock to the lowest point before *Stock-Taking*.

N. B.—Sale to Commence on MONDAY, THIRD of FEBRUARY, for a short time only. Goods marked in plain figures. Only One Price.

No. 17, SUSSEX-ST., CORNER of GEORGE-ST.,

SIGN OF THE GOLDEN BALL.

Ottawa, Feb. 1, 1868. 655bbw1

DOMINION HOUSE!

WELLINGTON-STREET.

COLIN McLaurin & Geo. Irvine, Proprietors. This hotel has been lately fitted up, and is now replete with every convenience which characterises a modern hotel.

☞ Boarders taken at moderate rates. The bar is always stocked with first-class liquors.

Ottawa, Feb. 5. 658-3wy

LOST.

ONE YELLOW (Bitch) HOUND, and one WHITE and BLACK SPOTTED (Pup) HOUND, strayed or stolen from Gloucester on the 24th December last. Any person keeping either of these hounds after this notice will be prosecuted, and any information left with the undersigned will be suitably rewarded.

OLIVER PINARD,
Delhi Hotel, No. 17, Clarence-st.

February 12. 664a

YOUNG & RADFORD'S COLUMN.

Watches,
Watches,
Watches

AT

YOUNG AND RADFORD'S

30 Sparks-street.

Clocks,
Clocks,
Clocks,

AT

YOUNG AND RADFORD'S.

Jewellery,
Jewellery,
Jewellery,

AT

YOUNG AND RADFORD'S.

Electro-Plated ware,
Electro-Plated Ware,
Electro-Plated Ware,

AT

YOUNG AND RADFORD'S.

Fancy Goods,
Fancy Goods,
Fancy Goods,

AT

YOUNG AND RADFORD'S,

Manufacturing Jewellers,

30 SPARKS-STREET.

Old Gold and Silver

Bought, and highest cash price paid,

AT

YOUNG AND RADFORD'S

BROWNE & HARDY'S COLUMN.

1867 AND 1868.

INDIA WAREHOUSE!

16 Rideau Street, Ottawa.

THE SUBSCRIBERS beg to inform their Customers that their Stock is now complete, and embraces every delicacy of the Season, among which will be found a choice assortment of

TEAS,

Breakfast SOUCHONG, do CONGOU, } Black Extra Fine.
Superior HYSON,
" GUNPOWDER,
" IMPERIAL,
" TWANKAY,
Orange PEKOE, Flowery " Japan " } These Teas have been carefully selected for family trade by

BROWNE & HARDY.

SUGARS,
LOAF,
BROKEN LOAF,
CRUSHED,
GROUND,
YELLOW,
and MUSCOVADO.

COFFEE,
MOCHA,
JAVA,
JAMAICA, and
CEYLON,
☞ Roasted and Ground daily on the premises.

CHOCOLATE and COCOA,
FRENCH, flavored with Vanilla;
TAYLOR'S,
FRYE'S,
MOTT'S

FRUITS, &c.
LAYER RAISINS,
in Whole, Half and Quarter Boxes
MUSCATEL, do do
SULTANA,
VALENTIA,
CURRANTS,
GRAPES,
ORANGES
LEMONS,
PRUNES,
ALMONDS,
WALNUTS,
FILBERTS, and
BRAZIL NUTS.

BUTTER,
CHOICE DAIRY, in Tubs and Crocks, received Weekly.

CHEESE,
English, American and Canadian.

SPICES,
NUTMEGS,
MACE,
CINNAMON,
CLOVES,
GINGER,
MIXED SPICES,
All Ground on the Premises.

BROWNE & HARDY.

Ottawa, December 19 405t

THE MONTREAL WAREHOUSE,

IN MR. INGLIS' NEW BLOCK,

WILL BE OPENED OUT IN A FEW DAYS WITH A STOCK OF

Choice Wines, Groceries and Provisions, &c., &c.

SUSSEX, OPPOSITE YORK-STREET,

J. MARTIN & CO.

OTTAWA, February 4, 1868. 657y

Great Discount Sale of Dry Goods.

Ten Cents off every Dollar,
Sixpence off every Five Shillings,
Two Shillings off every Pound

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY,

NO. 14, RIDEAU-STREET.

Respectfully announce that in order to clear out the balance of their

Fall and Winter Stock

They will for one month from this date

Give a Discount of Ten Per Cent.

On all Cash purchases of Two Dollars and Over.

Ottawa, January 14, 1868. 659-1m

HARDWARE!

HARDWARE!

Great Reduction

IN THE

PRICE OF HARDWARE

AT THE

SIGN of the ANVIL

No. 24, Rideau-street.

THE Undersigned would take this opportunity to express his thanks to his Customers in Ottawa and vicinity for their very liberal patronage in the past, and to solicit a continuance of their favors in the future, and to assure them that no effort on his part shall be wanting to supply them with the Best and Cheapest English and American Hardware. I do not pretend to sell at cost, but do propose to sell as cheap as any other establishment in Ontario. My stock shall comprise every article in the line of Hardware, and with the one price system I hope to merit and receive a continuance of the very liberal patronage given me in the past.

T. BIRKETT,
Sign of the Anvil, 24 Rideau-st.

Ottawa, Feb. 3. 408y

BUY YOUR TEA

DIRECT FROM

THE IMPORTERS

TEA! TEA! TEA!

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY, 6 Hospital Street, Montreal, having just imported a large quantity of Green and Black Teas, beg to call the attention of the Trade, Hotel Proprietors, and large establishments generally to their list of prices. Buyers of Chests and Boxes of Tea will save money by getting it direct through the Importers.

All orders for 25 lb. boxes and upwards, carriage free to any Railway Station in Canada. Parties wanting smaller quantities should club together, Buyers living beyond Railway Stations, will please send post office order, or enclose notes. The carriage will be paid to the nearest station, where there are express offices. Tea will be forwarded immediately on receipt of the order by mail containing money, or the money can be collected on delivery by express man. Cash collected in Montreal free of charge, and Tea forwarded for the same. Original packages Black Tea weigh, 4 chests about 50 lbs. Chests do. 90 to 100 lbs. Green Tea from 60 to 80 lbs. Teas not mentioned in advertisement can be had equally cheap. The Company are determined to take a stand in the Montreal market, every article may therefore be depended on as to quality and weight.

BLACK TEA.

Common Congou, Broken Leaf, Strong Tea	$00 45	
Fine Flavoured New Season do	00 55	
Excellent Full Flavoured do	00 75	
Sound Oolong	00 45	
Rich Flavoured do	00 60	
Very Fine do	60 75	
Japan	00 58	
Very Fine do	00 75	
An excellent mixed Tea, Black and Green,	00 60	

GREEN TEA.

Twankay, Common	$00 38	
Fine do	00 55	
Young Hyson	00 60	
Fine do	00 75	
Superfine and Very Choice	1 00	
Fine Gunpowder	00 85	
Extra Superfine do	1 00	

Reductions made to buyers of Five Chests and upwards.

☞ Address
MONTREAL TEA CO.,
6, Hospital-st., Montreal.

☞ *Agent for Ottawa and neighborhood,*

MR. JOS. MOONEY.

☞ All Boxes and Chests sent from this Establishment have the address of the *MONTREAL TEA COMPANY* printed on them.

August 27, 1867. 52234-w

PRIVATE BOARDING HOUSE.

MRS. RICHARD will open a Private first-class BOARDING HOUSE, Corner of SUSSEX and CLARENCE-STS., over Mr. Martineau's Dry Goods Store, on the 15th instant. Parties wishing quiet, good, comfortable board, with good attendance, will please apply and secure apartments.

Ottawa, February 6, 1868. 659-3in

BLYTH & KERR,

Successors to Chas. Garth,

No. 25, Rideau-st.,

Plumbers,

Gas & Steam Fitters,

Tin & Coppersmiths,

Bell Hangers, &c.

All materials for the above branches kept constantly on hand.

—ALSO—

Importers and Dealers in House Furnishing Hardware.

Just received a well selected assortment of

Cooking Stoves,	Iron Bedsteads,
Double Stoves,	Bronzed & Wire Fenders,
Parlor Stoves,	Fire Irons,
Hall Stoves,	Fire Guards,

Japanned and Planished Tinware, &c., Manufacturers of all descriptions of work for Water and Gas Works, Brewer's Distilleries, Mills, &c. Makes and fits up Galvanized Iron Cornices, Gutters, Conductors, Roofing, &c.

☞ Public and Private Buildings, Conservatories, Vineries, Manufactories, &c., warmed by Steam, Hot Water or Warm Air, on the most approved principles.

Orders from the country will receive strict attention.

Ottawa August 26. 416y

BOOKS, MAPS, &c.

MAPS of NEW BRUNSWICK, folded and on rollers, (McMillan's.) MAPS of NOVA SCOTIA, folded and on rollers, (McKinlay's.)

BRAITHWAITE FOR JANUARY.

A book for every office and library,

Chambers' Encyclopædia,

The best and cheapest published. Illustrated with Maps and Wood Cuts. 10 vols., half calf, $35.00.

Worcester's & Webster's Illustrated

4to DICTIONARIES.

SUTHERLAND'S CITY DIRECTORY.

The New Literature received as issued by English and American publishers.

The NEW AUTHORIZED SERIES OF READERS—Wholesale and Retail.

Bill and Postage Stamps.

J. DURIE & SON,
10 Sparks-st.,
Opposite the Russell House

498y

BARGAINS

—IN—

DRESS GOODS!

IN ORDER to make a Clearance of the remainder of our Winter Stock of COBURGS, WINCIES, MERINOS, REPPS, SERGES, FANCY POPLINETTES, &c., we have RE-MARKED *the whole lot at such prices as will shew a Reduction of from 12½ to 20 per cent under former prices.*

REMNANTS, REMNANTS, REMNANTS!

We have also brought forward our accumulation of Remnants of every kind, and marked them at Very Low Prices.

Magee & Russell.

Ottawa, Jan. 10, 1867. 380y

Ottawa CROCKERY Store!

PRESENTATION ORNAMENTS.

WILLIAM ALLAN

RESPECTFULLY announces the arrival of a Choice Selection of China and Bohemian Glass Flower Vases and Ornaments suitable for Xmas and New Year's Gifts. Also, his usual complete Stock of China, Glass, Earthenware and Parian Marble ever brought into Ottawa, consisting of

DINNER SETTS, DESSERT SETTS,
BREAKFAST SETTS, TOILET SETTS.

Cut and Engraved, Cut and Pressed TABLE GLASS, and an assortment of Common Ware for wholesale purchasers.

☞ A large and most varied Stock select from:

W. ALLAN,
51 *RIDEAU STREET, (opposite Mr. D. Whalen's.)*

Ottawa, December 19, 1867. 574y

SHEFFIELD HOUSE!

E. K. MacGILLIVRAY & Co.,

MANUFACTURING JEWELLERS

—AND—

WATCHMAKERS

OTTAWA, January 21, 1868.

FARM FOR SALE.

FOR SALE, Lot No. 15, 4th Concession Gloucester, Rideau Front, 7 miles from Ottawa, on the Macadamized Road, leading from Ottawa to Metcalf, consisting of 100 acres, 80 of which cleared, and in the highest state of cultivation. The soil is of the very best quality; there is a good dwelling house, barn, stable and other out buildings thereon. This farm is well fenced and watered.

For further particulars apply to
H. McLEAN, Auctioneer,
Or the subscriber, on the premises,
W. HALPENNY.

Gloucester, Sept. 13, 1867. 557 37-6m

Trade Sale of Teas.

THE Subscribers will offer, for account of Messrs. D. TORRANCE & CO., at their Sale-room, on WEDNESDAY, 19th FEBRUARY, about

5,000 half-chests Green and Black Teas.

Catalogues will be prepared.
Sale at NINE o'clock.

JOHN LEEMING & CO.,
662td Auctioneers.

Wanted Immediately.

FOR a family of three persons a Medium Sized HOUSE, not too far from the Public Buildings. If favorable terms are offered, the advertiser will be willing to take a LEASE FOR THREE YEARS. Apply at this Office.

Ottawa, February 7, 1868. 660-3

W. NOTMAN,

Photographer to the Queen

CORNER OF

WELLINGTON AND METCALFE STREETS,

WOULD intimate that having all his arrangements completed, his

Establishment will be Opened

—ON—

Monday Next, 3rd February

When he will be prepared to fulfil orders for all the different branches of Photography.

Ottawa, Jan. 31, 1868. 582y

SUN BURNER.

NO MORE Breaking of Chimneys; no More Burning of Fingers: No More Waste of Oil; No Trouble to Clean; No Trouble to Light No Anxiety About Explosions. It is a Cheap Labor Saving and Durable Article. Buy one and you will never repent doing so. Anyone dissatisfied can have their money returned.

LAMPS AND FITTINGS

ALWAYS ON HAND.

STOVES, TINWARE, &c.

☞ Competent workmen for jobbing on the premises.

ESMONDE BROS.,
43 SPARKS-ST.,
Next Hoop Skirt Factory.

Ottawa, January 21. 311y

WANTED,

A Male Teacher,

HOLDING A

FIRST-CLASS CERTIFICATE!

Salary Two Hundred and Fifty Dollars per annum.

Apply to
J. M. C. DELES DERNIERS,
Pendleton, Ont.

February 6, 1868. 658-3w2

Scale Manufacturer.

E. DORION begs to inform the public that he has opened a SCALE MANUFACTORY in Clarence-street, second door from Sussex-street, in E. D'Amour's Blacksmith Shop, and where he is now prepared to repair all sorts of Scales in use.

Ottawa, January 31 637y

PIANOFORTES!

Messrs. Orme & Son

BEG to intimate that they have on hand one of the FINEST COLLECTIONS of

Steinway, Chickering and Dunham PIANOFORTES

That have ever been offered for sale in Ottawa. These instruments were carfully selected by Mr. Nordheimer from the factories.

INSPECTION INVITED.

A splendid CHICKERING, only a few months in use, FOR SALE CHEAP, the proprietor having gone to England.

☞ Old Pianofortes taken in exchange.

25, Sparks-street,
Sign of the Golden Lyre.

January 27. 448y

APPLICATION will be made during the present Session of the Parliament of Canada for an Act to incorporate the "DOMINION BANKING COMPANY."

Ottawa, December 24th, 1867. 624t

GREAT DISCOVERY.

EVERY MAN HIS OWN ARTIST!

A SCIENTIFIC WONDER.

AN Instrument by which any person can take correct Likenesses or Photographs. This instrument with full instructions sent by Mail for one dollar. Address,

C. B. AMES & CO.,
61 Broadway, New York.

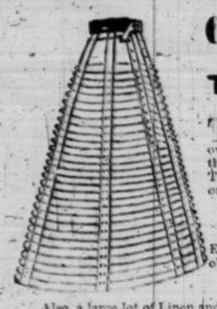
NEW STORE!

THE Store formerly occupied by W. D. WOOD, No. 38, on RIDEAU STREET, has been refitted by the subscribers, and will be opened on MONDAY, FOURTEENTH OCTOBER, with an entire new stock of

GROCERIES,
LIQUORS AND
HARDWARE.

WOOD & ROSSITER.

Ottawa, October 12, 1867. 561-tf



City Hoop Skirt Factory.

The Double Extension Skirt,

THIS new and convenient skirt I am now making in all widths of tape. The great advantage this Skirt has over all others: ladies can alter it themselves to any width they wish, from 1¼ yards to 3 yards, without the least trouble. They only can be had at the Factory. Everyother style of Skirt on hand or made to order. Just received another lot of

FRENCH CORSETS,

Every size, from 17 inches to 36 inches. Also, a few of those old fashioned Corsets, (lacing at the back.)

Lambs' Wool Hose, Breakfast Shawls.

Also, a large lot of Linen and Lawn Pocket Handkerchiefs, cheap.

DAVID MILLAR,
43 Sparks-st, Centre Town, next to Esmonde's Stove Depot.
456y

New Premises and Cheap Goods.

GRANT & HENDERSON

Having recently moved into their new premises, **No. 20, Rideau-street,** one of the first visited lately the Montreal Markets, and secured a very large stock of entirely

NEW GOODS,

At most EXTRAORDINARY REDUCTIONS in price, which cannot in a legitimate manner be undersold in this city

RIDEAU-STREET, December 24, 1867. 623tf

WHEELER & WILSON'S SEWING MACHINES.

THE BEST HOLIDAY PRESENT,

From $47 and upwards.

☞ FIVE per cent. off for cash in bills until after the holidays. One handsome Mahogany full case $8 discount.

Gold Medal, Paris, 1867.

The Howe Sewing Machines from $50 Up.

Grout & Co.'s Twisted Elastic Stitch only $15.

☞ *Call and see this little beauty. Prospectuses and Samples sent Free by Mail.*

December 19, 1867. 479-43y G. A. WALTON, Agent, 37 Sparks Street, Ottawa.

Dry Goods at Reduced Prices.

Cunningham and Lindsay

— ARE NOW SELLING —

Canadian Grey Cloth at 3s. 3d. per yard,
Canadian Tweeds at 4s. per yard,
Canadian Cotton Yarn at 7s. 6d. a Bundle,
Canadian Bags at 1. 9d

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY

Invite particular Attention to their

BLANKETS, FLANNELS AND MANTLE CLOTHS.

Ottawa, November 18, 1867. 510y

AMERICAN (WALTHAM) WATCHES.

THE true value of Machinery applied to Watchmaking is not that by its us Watches are made rapidly, but that they are made correctly. Very few people know why a Waltham Watch should be superior to any other. In the first place, at Waltham the Watch is regard, ed as only a machine, to be constructed, like any other machine, on mechanical principles. The factory is indeed little else than a vast machine shop, the principal work in which is not more upon watches than upon machinery to make watches with. If the watches are good, it is because the machinery is good. Of course there must be no defect in the principle or plan of the movement, no mistake in the sizes or shapes of the pieces of which it is composed, nothing wanting in their properties, and no error in their positions. These points once thoroughly settled in regard to each part of every variety of watch, it rests wholly with the machinery constructed with infinite diversity of form and function, expressly for the purpose, to produce the finished pieces. The method established in every department is the repudiation of parts by mechanical means, and this is carried out on the system of the most thorough sub division of labor.

By means of multiplying guages and microscopes, tests, and inspection for the detection of wear in cutting tools and for faults and flaws in steel or stone are made to accompany the work in every stage from beginning to end. As a necessary result, the Watch goes together a perfect machine. Every part is found to fit properly in its place. Every pin may be pushed till it pinches, and every screw turned home. Instead of a sluggish and feeble action, the balance, even under the pressure of the finest mainspring, vibrates with a wide and free motion, and the beat has the clear and ringing sound, always characteristic of the Waltham Watch. The machine is a timekeeper from the start.

This system of watchmaking is unknown in foreign countries, and is entirely original with the Waltham Company. The company claim that by it they produce watches that cannot be equaled for every quality which makes a watch valuable. Simple in plan and correct in principle, the movement is not only beautifully finished, substantial, accurate and cheap, but is uniform to the minutest details; not easily damaged, easily repaired, and when repaired always as good as new.

There are different grades of finish in the different varieties of watches made by the Waltham Company, as there are different sizes and shapes, to suit all tastes and means, but every watch that bears the genuine trade mark of "WALTHAM," is guaranteed to be a good one, and nobody need be afraid to buy it.

Every Watch Fully Warranted.

For sale by all first-class dealers in the United States and British Provinces. For further information address the Agents,

ROBBINS & APPLETON, New York.
ROBERT WILKES, Toronto, O.
396-45-3m

FIRST CLASS

Tailoring Establishment.

BEING desirous to dispose of the balance of my WINTER STOCK, in order to make room for

Spring Importations,

For two months I shall offer such inducements to intending purchasers as will enable me to make a ready sale, and my customers a good investment

☞ Please Call and Examine. ☜

G. M. HOLBROOK,

Pee Tee Depot, Elgin-street,
Opposite the Post Office.
381y

GREAT CLEARING SALE.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.

Importers, 20 Sparks Street,

With a view to clear out the stock and make room for extensive

Spring Importations!

Are offering the following goods at prices that must ensure speedy sale.

Blankets, Flannels, Cloths, Tweeds, Cottons, Prints, Winceys, Dress Goods, Skirtings, Linen Table Damasks, Jackets, Shawls, AND MILLINERY.

Inspection Invited.

Ottawa, January 20, 1868. GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO. 484y

RAILROADS.

Grand Trunk Railway Company

OF CANADA.

WINTER ARRANGEMENTS, 1867.

TRAINS now leave Bonaventure Station as follows:

GOING WEST—Day Express for Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago and all points West, at 8.30 A.M.
Night do do at 7.30 P.M.
Accommodation Train for Kingston and intermediate stations at 7.00 A.M.
Local Train for Cornwall and intermediate Stations, at 4.20 P.M.
Trains for Lachine at 8.00 A.M., 9.30 A.M., 3.00 and 4.30 P.M.
The 3.00 P.M. Train runs through to Plattsburgh.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST—Accommodation Train from Island Pond and intermediate Stations, at 7.00 A.M.
Express for New York and Boston, at 8.40 A.M.
Express for Boston and New York, at 3.30 P.M.
Express for Portland (staying over night at Island Pond) at 2.00 P.M.
Night Express for Portland, Three Rivers, Quebec and Riviere du Loup, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbrooke, Waterville and Coaticooke only, at 10.10 P.M.
☞ Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.

For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station:

C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director
December 23, 1867. 659tf

CHANGE of TIME

St. Lawrence & Ottawa Railway,

(formerly the Ottawa & Prescott Railway.)

ON and after MONDAY, the 30th Dec., 1867, and until further notice, trains will run as follows:

LEAVE PRESCOTT.	ARRIVE IN OTTAWA.
Mixed, 7.30 a.m.	11.00 a.m.
Express, 2.10 p.m.	4.45 p.m.
LEAVE OTTAWA.	**ARRIVE IN PRESCOTT.**
Express, 8 a.m.	10.30 a.m.
Mixed, 1.30 p.m.	4.45 p.m.

The time of these Trains has been so arranged as to ensure connection with night and day trains on Grand Trunk, east and west.

N. B.—These Trains run on Montreal Time.

Baggage to and from Ottawa checked through from and to stations on Grand Trunk Railway.

Return tickets to Prescott, Kemptville and Ottawa at reduced rates can be had at the principal stations on the line.

T. S. DETLOR, Superintendent. THOMAS REYNOLDS, Managing Director.
Ottawa, Dec. 28, 1867. 1y

Brockville and Ottawa Railway.

WINTER ARRANGEMENT

Commencing on Monday, December 9, 1867.

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

3:45 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 3.45 p.m., and arrive at Sandpoint at 9.25 p m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT.

6:45 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint daily at 6:45 a.m., and arrive at Brockville at 1:00 p. m.

LEAVES PERTH.

5:00 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Perth at 5:00 p.m., and 9:40 a.m., and arrive at Smith's Falls at 5:50 p.m. and 10:30 a.m.

LEAVES SMITH'S FALLS.

10:50 A.M.—TRAINS will leave Smith's Falls at 10:50 a.m., and 6:05 p.m., and arrive at Perth at 11:40 a.m., and 6:55 p.m.

All trains on main line connect at Smith's Falls with Trains to and from Perth.

No. 1 leaves Brockville after G. T. R. Express Train is due from the East.

No. 2 is due at Brockville in time to connect with G. T. R. Express Trains for the East and West.

H ABBOTT,
Manager for Trustee.
Brockville, Dec. 16. 472y

Royal Canadian Bank

OTTAWA AGENCY:

Office—Desbarats' Building, 77 Sparks St

M. P. HAYES, AGENT.
Ottawa, June 21. 157tf

DALGLISH & RUSSELL

ARE NOW IN RECEIPT OF THEIR new and varied assortment of

Grocery Goods

Consisting of Teas, Gunpowder, Old Hyson, Young Hyson, Hyson Twankay, Black, Extra Fine English Breakfast Souchong, Congou ditto, Oolong, Orange Pekoe, Finest Japan.

Coffees.—Java, Jamaica, La Guayra, Mocha Roasted and Ground on the premises.

Sugars.—English refined in loaves, Broken Loaf, Crushed White, Yellow Refined.

Chocolate and Cocoa Spices, Mustards, Essences, Syrups, Pickles, Sauces, Vinegars, and Bottled Fruits, in Syrup, Preserves, Potted Meats, Fruits &c. Also, Provisions, Sugar Cured Hams, Spiced Rolled Hams, Bacon, Butter, Cheese, Crackers, Biscuits, Flour, Oatmeal, Barley, Peas, Rice, Labrador Herrings, Table Codfish, Digby Herrings, &c., &c.

Our stock is extensive and complete, and every article warranted to give satisfaction. All orders sent or left will be promptly attended to.

All Goods delivered on the shortest notice

Dalglish & Russell,
Wellington & Kent-sts.

FAIRBANKS

Take Highest Premiums at the Paris Exposition.

PLATFORM, COUNTER, Warehouse, Grain, Coal, Hay, Railroad Track, Depot, Druggist, Gold, and *all* kinds of SCALES constantly on hand and for Sale.

FAIRBANKS, BROWN & Co.,
Boston, Mass.

Our Sole Agents in Ottawa,

ALEXANDER WORKMAN & Co.

November 18, 1867. 592-6m

NOTICE

IS hereby given that application will be made to each and every Parliament having jurisdiction, at the present or next session thereof, respectively, for an act to amend the act chaptered 106, passed at the Session of the Parliament for the late Province of Canada, held the 29th and 30th years of the Reign of Her Majesty Queen Victoria, intituled "An Act to Incorporate the Ottawa City Passenger Railway Company."

Recorder, 1867. 6072m

Bottled Ale, Bottled Ale, Bottled Ale.

THE Subscriber would call the attention of Families and others to his

Fine Bottled Ale!

Which is in splendid condition. Also,

Scotch, Irish, Old Rye

And other Malt Whiskies,

Ports, Sherries, Brandies, Gin, &c.,

Together with a General Assortment of

FIRST-CLASS GROCERIES.

A Call kindly Solicited.

D. WHELAN,
41, Rideau-street,
Opposite Allan's Crockery Store
Ottawa, Jan. 20, 1868.

FOR SALE.

850 PAIRS of Grey Twilled BLANKETS, in bales of 50 pairs.

—ALSO,—

Canadian White Twilled and Whitney Blankets. English Grey Blankets, weighing from 8 to 10 pounds each.

E McGILLIVRAY.
Ottawa, December 23, 1867. 622-3m

NOTICE.

APPLICATION will be made during the present Session of the Parliament of Canada for an act to incorporate The European and American Life Insurance Company.

January 22, 1868. 647tf

THE CAPITAL

Boot and Shoe Store!

South Side of Yorkstreet, Lower Ottawa.

A LARGE SUPPLY of HAND-MADE KIPP BOOTS and SHOES of the VERY BEST QUALITY on hand.

Lumbermen who are anxious to furnish workmen with GOOD FEET WARE, will be enabled to do so by calling at the CAPITAL for their supplies.

I am selling off the balance of the Winter Stock of READYMADE WORK at REDUCED PRICES, which consists of Ladies' Misses' and Children's BALMORALS, CONGRESS GAITERS, RUBBERS and OVERSHOES, and Men's and Boys' Boots in CALF SKIN, KIPP and COW HIDE.

☞ Orders and Measures taken for all sorts of Work.

GEORGE MURPHY.
Ottawa Jan. 31, 1868. 429-y

AYER'S CATHARTIC PILLS.

Are you sick, feeble, and complaining? Are you out of order, with your system deranged, and your feelings uncomfortable? These symptoms are often the prelude to serious illness. Some fit of sickness is creeping upon you, and should be averted by a timely use of the right remedy. Take Ayer's Pills, and cleanse out the disordered humors—purify the blood, and let the fluids move on unobstructed in health again. They stimulate the functions of the body into vigorous activity, purify the system from the obstructions which make disease. A cold settles somewhere in the body, and obstructs its natural functions. These, if not relieved, react upon themselves and the surrounding organs, producing general aggravation, suffering, and disease. While in this condition, oppressed by the derangements, take Ayer's Pills, and see how directly they restore the natural action of the system, and with it the buoyant feeling of health again. What is true and so apparent in this trivial and common complaint, is also true in many of the deep-seated and dangerous distempers. The same purgative effect expels them. Caused by similar obstructions and derangements of the natural functions of the body, they are rapidly, and many of them surely, cured by the same means. None who know the virtues of these Pills, will neglect to employ them when suffering from the disorders they cure.

Statements from leading physicians in some of the principal cities, and from other well known public persons.

From a Forwarding Merchant of St. Louis, Feb. 4, 1856.

DR. AYER: Your Pills are the paragon of all that is great in medicine. They have cured my little daughter of ulcerous sores upon her hands and feet that had proved incurable for years. Her mother has been long grievously afflicted with blotches and pimples on her skin and in her hair. After our child was cured, she also tried your Pills, and they have cured her.

ASA MORGRIDGE.

As a Family Physic.

From Dr. E. W. Cartwright, New Orleans.

Your Pills are the prince of purges. Their excellent qualities surpass any cathartic we possess. They are mild, but very certain and effectual in their action on the bowels, which makes them invaluable to us in the daily treatment of disease.

Headache, Sick Headache, Foul Stomach.

From Dr. Edward Boyd, Baltimore.

DEAR BRO. AYER: I cannot answer you what complaints I have cured with your Pills better than to say *all that we ever treat with a purgative medicine.* I place great dependence on an effectual cathartic in my daily contest with disease, and believing as I do that your Pills afford us the best we have, I of course value them highly.

PITTSBURG, PA., May 1, 1855.

DR. J. C. AYER. Sir: I have been repeatedly cured of the worst *headache* any body can have by a dose or two of your Pills. It seems to arise from a foul stomach, which they cleanse at once.

Yours with great respect, ED. W. PREBLE,
Clerk of Steamer Clarion.

Bilious Disorders—Liver Complaints.

From Dr. Theodore Bell, of New York City.

Not only are your Pills admirably adapted to their purpose as an aperient, but I find their beneficial effects upon the Liver very marked indeed. They have in my practice proved more effectual for the cure of *bilious complaints* than any one remedy I can mention. I sincerely rejoice that we have at length a purgative which is worthy the confidence of the profession and the people.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR,
Washington, D. C., 7th Feb., 1856.

SIR: I have used your Pills in my general and hospital practice ever since you made them, and cannot hesitate to say they are the best cathartic we employ. Their regulating action on the liver is quick and decided, consequently they are an admirable remedy for derangements of that organ. Indeed I have seldom found a case of *bilious disease* so obstinate that it did not readily yield to them. Paternally yours, ALONZO BALL, M. D.,
Physician of the Marine Hospital.

Dysentery, Diarrhœa, Relax, Worms.

From Dr. J. G. Green, of Chicago.

Your Pills have had a long trial in my practice, and I hold them in esteem as one of the best aperients I have ever found. Their alterative effect upon the liver makes them an excellent remedy, when given in small doses for *bilious dysentery and diarrhœa.* Their sugar-coating makes them very acceptable and convenient for the use of women and children.

Dyspepsia, Impurity of the Blood.

From Rev. J. V. Himes, Pastor of Advent Church, Boston.

DR. AYER: I have used your Pills with extraordinary success in my family and among those I am called to visit in disease. To regulate the organs of digestion and purify the blood, they are the very best remedy I have ever known, and I can confidently recommend them to my friends. Yours, J. V. HIMES.

WARSAW, Wyoming Co., N. Y., Oct. 24, 1855.

DEAR SIR: I am using your Cathartic Pills in my practice, and find them an excellent purgative to cleanse the system and *purify the fountains of the blood.*

JOHN G. MEACHAM, M. D.

Constipation, Costiveness, Suppression, Rheumatism, Gout, Neuralgia, Dropsy, Paralysis, Fits, etc.

From Dr. J. P. Vaughn, Montreal, Canada.

Too much cannot be said of your Pills for the cure of *costiveness.* If others of our fraternity have found them as efficacious as I have, they should join me in proclaiming it for the benefit of the multitudes who suffer from that complaint, which, although bad enough in itself, is the progenitor of others that are worse. I believe *congestion* to originate in the liver, but your Pills affect that organ and cure the disease.

From Mrs. E. Stuart, Physician and Midwife, Boston.

I find one or two large doses of your Pills, taken at the proper time, are excellent promotives of the *natural secretion* when wholly or partially suppressed, and also very effectual to cleanse the *stomach and expel worms.* They are so much the best physic we have that I recommend no other to my patients.

From the Rev. Dr. Hawkes, of the Methodist Episc. Church.

PULASKI HOUSE, Savannah, Ga., Jan. 6, 1856.

HONORED SIR: I should be ungrateful for the relief your skill has brought me if I did not report my case to you. A cold settled in my limbs and brought on excruciating *neuralgic pains,* which ended in *chronic rheumatism.* Notwithstanding I had the best of physicians, the disease grew worse and worse, until by the advice of your excellent agent in Baltimore, Dr. Mackenzie, I tried your Pills. Their effects were slow, but sure. By persevering in the use of them, I am now entirely well.

SENATE CHAMBER, Baton Rouge, La., 5 Dec. 1855.

DR. AYER: I have been entirely cured, by your Pills, of *Rheumatic Gout*—a painful disease that had afflicted me for years. VINCENT SLIDELL.

☞ Most of the Pills in market contain Mercury, which, although a valuable remedy in skilful hands, is dangerous in a public pill, from the dreadful consequences that frequently follow its incautious use. These contain no mercury or mineral substance whatever.

Price, 25 cents per Box, or 5 Boxes for $1.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts W. M. Massey, H. F. MacCarthy, and John Skinner, in Ottawa.

Royal Italian Bitters!

—OR,—

TONICO REALE

DEL DOTTORE F. P. VERRI,

Professor of Chemistry in the University of PADUA

ITALY.

THIS celebrated preparation for which a certificate of merit was awarded to the distinguished original preparer at the National Exposition at Torino, Italy, by whose favor Mr. GIANELLI obtained the recipe, and was also awarded a diploma at the Provincial Exhibition of Canada held at Montreal in September, 1865, is, without exception, the most genuine, salubrious and agreeable Tonic ever introduced to public notice either in Europe or America.

For seventeen years it has, in Italy, been a universal favorite among the *élite* of society, being generally served in the drawing room before dinner, in preference to Vermouth.

The ingredients of its composition have been imparted to the leading Physicians of Canada and the United States, and have received their unqualified approval on every account.

The proprietor refers with the greatest confidence and satisfaction to the subjoined testimonials from eminent medical men, which he could add to, were it desirable.

Kept by the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion of Canada and in the United States.

Sold by the Proprietor.

Dear Sir! You request my opinion of the "Royal Italian Bitters," prepared from a receipt of Dr Verri, of Padua. I beg to state that I consider it a most agreeable cordial tonic, in every way superior in flavour and composition to the ordinary bitter tonics in general use. I have recommended it to several patients, who have derived marked benefit from its use

I am, dear Sir, yours faithfully,

G. E. FENWICK, M.D.

A. M. F. GIANELLI, Esq., Montreal.

A. M. FGIANELLI,
26, Hospital-street, Montreal.

SALE OF

ORDNANCE LANDS

OTTAWA.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that a large number of Lots, of different sizes and dimensions,

Town Lots & Country Lots,

Will be offered for sale on

SATURDAY, 6th APRIL NEXT,

AT THE

Auction Room of H. McLean, Auctioneer,

OTTAWA, VIZ.:

Building Lots in Ottawa on North Rideau street, South George street, South St. Andrew street, North St. Andrew street, South Bolton street, South Parry street, South Franklin street, North Franklin street South Park street, East Wurtemburg street, Lot H Rideau Front, Lot I, do.

—ALSO,—

	Acres.	R.	P.
Lot 34, concession B, Nepean	87	0	0
35, concession B, occupied by Mulligan and one McCabe	77	00	00
Lot K, concession D, Nepean, part of	59	00	00
Lots L and M, concession B, Nepean, parts of	86	2	25
Lot K, concession C, Nepean	53	00	00

Sub Lots 2, 3, 4 on Lot E, concession C, Neapean, 1 acre and nine perches each.

Eleven Sub-Lots of 10 acres each, on Lot No. 21, Gore of Gloucester.

Nineteen sub-Lots of 10 acres each, on Lot No. 22, Gore of Gloucester.

Lot letter I, concession 4, Gloucester.....101 1 83

Lists of the Lots, and terms of payment, may be had on application at the Ordnance Lands Office, at the Office of H. McLean, Auctioneer, and at the Office of the undersigned, Public Buildings, Ottawa.

By order of the Secretary of State:

E. PARENT,
Under Sec. of State

WILLIAM F. COFFIN,
Ordnance Lands Agent.
Ottawa, February 6, 1868. 660-1awtd

REMOVAL

OF THE

London Music Store!

E. MILES

DESIRES to inform the public that he has removed to the FRONT PART of

HER MAJESTY'S THEATRE,

WELLINGTON-STREET,

Where he has a larger premises, and a better means of displaying his new and fine stock of

PIANOS,

VICTORIA ORGANS AND MELODEONS.

His Show Room, up-stairs, is large and beautifully lit up, having an area of 60 feet long by 25 feet wide. The Sample Room is on the first flat, where some of each kind of Musical Instruments will be kept. Two cases of choice

VIOLINS

Have just been received, and will be offered for sale, besides a large assortment of

CONCERTINAS, ACCORDEONS, TAMBOURINES, GUITARS, FLUTES, DRUMS, &c., &c.

Direct from Germany.

Second hand Pianos taken in part payment for new ones.

Connected with this establishment is a Piano Manufacturer, who will attend punctually to all orders for TUNING left at the London Music Store.

E. MILES,
Lessee of Her Majesty's Theatre.
Ottawa, Feb. 1, 1868. 551-39y

A. MORTIMER,

BOOKBINDER

AND

Blank Book Manufacturer,

26, METCALFE-ST., OTTAWA.

HAVING every facility in the way of first-class Machinery, and employing none but first-class workmen, I am prepared to turn out every description of Binding, in as good a style of workmanship as any other establishment in Canada.

A. MORTIMER,
Metcalfe-street.
Ottawa, Feb. 6. 384y

Piano-Forte Tuition!

W. C. CLARK,

PROFESSOR OF MUSIC and Teacher of Piano, Voice and Harmony. Also, Mrs. Clark, Teacher of Drawing and Painting. Music Rooms and Residence, 69, Sparks-street, one door east of Toronto House.

☞ Orders may be left a residence or at Orme & n's Music Store. 492y

DARLEY'S

Arabian Heave Remedy

AND CONDITION MEDICINE

IS POSITIVELY SUPERIOR TO ANY or all other preparations for the cure of *Heaves, Coughs, Thick* and *Broken Wind,* and all diseases which affect the *Wind of Horses;* also, as a *Condition Medicine,* surpassing everything of the kind is say to give, sure to cure, and safe in all cases and at all times, and does not prevent the horse from being worked while using it.

It cleanses the breathing apparatus, by removing from the air-cells the coagulable lymph, or that secretion which in heaves clogs them, causing a difficulty in breathing, and by its action on the diseased part, causing the mucous membrane to resume its natural dimensions, thus equalizing the circulation of the blood, and restoring the distended vessels to their natural size; by its use the horse's appetite is improved, all derangements of the digestive organs corrected, softening the skin, and giving to the coat a sleek and shining appearance.

D. W. HURD, Successor to HURD & Co., Maiden Lane, New-York, Sole Proprietor for the United States.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
NEWCASTLE, C.W.,
Proprietors for the Canadas

PRICE TWENTY-FIVE CENTS.

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, Henry F. McCarthy J. Skinner, and J. Brown, in Ottawa.

Ottawa, Nov. 1, 1867. 577dw6m

among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

de, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat. Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

THE CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER HAS now been before the public for a length of time, and wherever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for those complaints. Parties are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying as to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it. Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C. W.,
General Agents for C. W

Sol by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W M. Massey, H. F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J. Brown, in Ottawa.

Ottawa Nov. 1, 1867 7ydw

FRESH ARRIVALS

OF

Very Choice and Superior

TEAS

NOW ON SALE

AT THE

1,000 CHESTS UNCOLORED JAPAN.

500 Chests very choice and superior YOUNG HYSON.

700 Chests Good Strong TWANKAY

100 Chests old fashioned BREAKFAST SOUCHONG.

150 Caddies MANDERIN MIXTURE.

☞ This is the finest BLACK TEA ever imported, 5s per pound; in small Caddies, about 14 lb each, 4s 9d.

COFFEE!

The Pure Mountain Berry

"Without exception the finest Coffee in the world."—*London Times, March 16.*

We are constantly receiving supplies of this truly beautiful and delicious COFFEE, *roasted daily on our premises by*

Dakins' Patent Silver Cylinder

By which peculiar process, he aroma is preserved, and renders it the FAVORITE WITH ALL COFFEE DRINKERS.

BEWARE OF SPURIOUS IMITATIONS.

☞ As it is imported by no other firm in Canada

ROBINSON & CO.,

THE TEA POT,

OTTAWA

Wine, Spirits & Liquors

ROBINSON & CO. would especially ask the attention of families to their stock of

ALES, WINES & SPIRITS

100 cases Otard Brandy.
50 " Martell's
150 " Hennessey.
75 " United Vinquets

We have a most delicious

DINNER SHERRY

Which we are selling at 8 shillings per gallon

GUINESS & CO.

DUBLIN STOUT!

BLOOD' LONDON STOUT.
BARCLAY'S LONDON PORTER.
ALLSOP'S PALE ALE.
BASS' EAST INDIA.
DOW'S CELEBRATED MONTREAL ALE
DAW'S SUPERIOR LACHINE ALE
DAW'S CELEBRATED PORTER & STOUT

PRESERVED MEATS.

Just Received from England:

ROAST HARE.
CURRIED DO.
JUGGED DO.
STEWED DO.
ROAST PHEASANTS.
ROAST GROUSE.
OAST PARTRIDGE

ALL GOODS DELIVERED FREE by our own Waggons to any part of the City daily

ROBINSON & CO.

THE TEA POT,

OTTAWA.

Establishments—Sussex St. and Rideau St
Ottawa, September 10. 225tf

CAUTION.

THE Subscriber regrets the necessity for cautioning the public against imitations of his popular Pomades,

The Alexandra Cream,

AND

The Canada Pomade

But having been informed that some unprincipled person has put up inferior articles, copying the labels word for word, and thereby greatly damaging the sale of the genuine articles, he is compelled to take this course in self-defence.

For the future every genuine pot will bear my written signature in RED INK, across the face of the label.

W. M. MASSEY,
Family and Dispensing Chemist,
Medical Hall, 28, *Sparks-st.*
Ottawa, Feb. 6, 1868. 472y

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

NOTICE.

THE Undersigned will either sell or let for a few years his well known farm, being lot Twenty-five in the Fourth Concession of Gloucester, Rideau Front, 215 acres all cleared, and well fenced and in a good state of cultivation. Also, the one-half of lot Twenty-seven in the Third Concession, being in its natural state, all wood and excellent land. It is just the cross of two hundred acres from the corner of the one lot to the other. The railroad line runs within ten feet of the front corner of the one hundred and in sight of the two hundred for two or three miles. The Station at Cunningham's is scarcely a mile and a half from the front of Lot Twenty-five. The above farm is capable of keeping thirty head of milch cows, two span of horses, and as many young cattle as it would be proper to raise. Eight or nine years ago I kept twenty-two milch cows, and ten or twelve horses, and raised five or six calves every year. The above farm is about ten miles, from the door, to the limits of the City. The improvements cannot be surpassed for a farmer's purpose. The dwelling-house is stone, 30 by 40, a story and a half over ground; and a seller nine feet high, the one half used for a kitchen and the other half capable of holding 1,000 bushels of anything you wish to put into it; there is three small windows in it, and when cleaned in the Spring, makes an excellent milk-house or dairy; there is a frame wood shed at the door, 60 by 24, with 14 feet taken off the one end for a coachhouse, and overhead for a storehouse; next to that is a stable 36 by 26, finished inside, complete with four large double stalls and two single ones, and good room for hanging up harness, and oat box; convenient to that is a barn 40 by 50, in which I have often put 1,000 bushels of grain in one year; connected with that is 200 and 20 feet of frame sheds, all 20 and 24 deep, under pinned with stone and lime from two to seven feet, according to level; on the north side of the house is another barn, 30 by 40, commonly filled with peas and oats. And if either tenant or purchaser has a desire for religious purposes, you can lie in your bed and look at the bell tolling on the Catholic Church every Holy Day, and go to the front door and you will see the Presbyterian Church, where the Rev. Mr. Lochead has preached for the last twenty-two years, and goto the back door and you will see both English Church and Methodist Church within two miles. The above farm would be a desirable situation for a young man wishing to give his attention to farming, as the Ottawa Market cannot be surpassed in the Dominion. I think that I can say that I have not sold one pound of butter under one shilling this eight years: if one went under two went over. Some reader may ask what am I selling for, it is neither for scant nor for want of anything, but I am in the seventieth year of my age, and has purchased off this lot seven hundred and fifty acres of land and all is paid for, and all my sons is settled on their own farms, so I would rather sit down and take my ease as be attending to marketing and farming any longer. Persons wishing to get any information on any point from me, can do so by addressing, postpaid, JAMES JOHNSTON, Senr., South Gloucester.

JAMES JOHNSTON, SENR.
February 6, 1868. 769-6Mth17.

Two Dwellings to Let,

BEING the Upper part of E. MARTINEAU'S Clothing Store, Corner of Sussex and Clarence-streets.

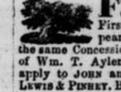
Enquire at the Store. EUG. MARTINEAU.
Ottawa, Jan. 22, 1868. 640tf

To Let.

A ROOM TO LET either with or without board. Enquire this office.
Ottawa, November 20. 594tf

Lots for Sale.

6 BUILDING LOTS, one mile from the city, on the Richmond Road, containing one acre each. Apply to THOMAS ANDERSON, JR., on the premises. 564tf



FOR SALE.—THE WESTerly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession Ottawa, Front Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same Concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. T. Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to JOHN and WM. THOMSON, Nepean, and LEWIS & PINHEY, Barrister, Ottawa. Je2-141-tf

FOR SALE, THAT ELIgible property, beautifully situated on the Banks of the Ottawa, in the Township of Nepean, distant from the City of Ottawa about three miles on the macadamized road, together with the STONE DWELLING-HOUSE thereon erected, at present occupied by William Thomson, Esquire, and the garden and ornamented grounds adjoining the same, forming part of Lot No. 29, in the 1st concession, Ottawa front. A most desirable private residence and vacant Lots adjoining the same also for sale at reasonable prices.

For particulars and terms apply to John and William Thomson on the premises, or to

LEWIS & PINHEY,
Barristers, &c., Ottawa.
Ottawa, February 27, 1867 569y

VICTORIA HOTEL—TO LET.

NO more eligible chance could be offered to any party in the Hotel-keeping line than the lease of the above FIRST-CLASS HOTEL.

Being on the eve of Confederation, and Ottawa being definitely settled upon as the capital,

The Victoria Hotel

could not fail to be made to pay.

It is built on the most modern style of architecture, of cut stone; has large plate-glass windows, and is four stories high, exclusive of the basement. It is finely situated on the corner of Wellington and O'Connor-streets, immediately opposite the Parliament Buildings, and has three vacant lots attached, so that the Buildings could be enlarged to any required capacity.

Applications, (postpaid) to be addressed to

FRANCIS CLEMOW, ESQ.,
Or JOHN HENEY, Esq.,
Richmond Road, Ottawa, C. W
Ottawa, March 11. 379tf

COUNTRY RESIDENCE FORSALE.—Beautifully situated on the Macadamized Road between Ottawa City and Aylmer, about 36 minutes' drive from the city. A farm of excellent and, containing about 90 acres, with a large Stone House erected thereon.

The proprietor has no objection to sell a part of the farm, with or without the house. This would be a desirable country residence. Title unexceptionable.

Apply to

REV. J. JOHNSTON,
Hull Village.
August 1. 591-5m

FARMS FOR SALE.

100 ACRES.—The north half of Lot No. 11, in 4th Con. of the Township of Osgoode, with a good House and Barn, and other outbuildings, and a good Spring Well, fifty acres cleared and in a good state of cultivation. This is situated on the Prescott Road, within fifteen miles of Ottawa. Also the south half of Lot No. 6, in the 3rd Con. of Osgoode, containing 130 acres, 50 acres cleared, the rest well wooded, with good hardwood, and well watered, and situated within a quarter of a mile of the Railway Station. Titles good. For further information apply to

PATRICK HERBERT,
Rideau Hotel, Ottawa City.
Ottawa, Oct. 1, 1867. 551-3m

Insolvent Act of 1864.

Dominion of Canada, *Province of Ontario,* COUNTY of CARLETON — IN THE *COUNTY COURT* OF THE *County of Carleton,*

TO WIT:

IN THE MATTER OF

James Melville Teasdle Hannum,

AN INSOLVENT.

THE Undersigned has filed a Deed of Composition and Discharge, executed by his Creditors, and on

Tuesday, Third day of March next,

He will apply to the

The Times

VOL. II. NO 666. OTTAWA, FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 14, 1868. PRICE—3 CENTS

THE

Ottawa Daily Times,

(Published every morning, Sundays excepted.)

THE DAILY AND WEEKLY TIMES NOW enjoys THE LARGEST CIRCULATION of any paper published in the Ottawa Valley—issuing of the Daily over 2,000! and Weekly over 4,000! making a total circulation in the week of over 6,000!, thus outstripping all competitors, and affording the best medium for business men to advertise in.

ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in the Daily at the following rates:

Business Cards of from 3 to 6 lines, per annum—payable in advance only..... $6 00
Transient Advertisements, first insertion per line..... 8c
All subsequent insertions, per line..... 2c
Yearly advertisers specially contracted with, and liberal allowance made.
Yearly subscription to the Daily (if paid in advance)..... $5 00
If not paid in advance..... 6 00
Yearly subscription to the weekly (if paid in advance)..... $1 00
If not paid in advance..... 1 50

ADVERTISING AGENCY—Messrs. S. M. Pettengill & Co., 54, Park Row, New York, and State Street, Boston, General Advertising Agents, are hereby authorized to receive Advertisements for the OTTAWA TIMES

LEGAL.

G. J. O'DOHERTY,
LAW, CHANCERY and CONVEYANCING OFFICE, AUMOND'S BUILDINGS, Rideau-street.
Ottawa, Dec. 6, 1867. 608-49y

R. J. WICKSTEED,
ADVOCATE, &c., 42, Little St. James Street, MONTREAL.
November 14, 1867. 589-6m

N. TETREAU,
NOTARY PUBLIC for the Province of Quebec, HULL, near the Post Office.
Dec. 6, 1867. 390tf

NICHOLAS SPARKS,
LAW, Chancery and Conveyancing Office, Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite Post Office.
Ottawa, July 19. 489y

LAPIERRE & HAYCOCK,
ATTORNIES-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers and Notaries Public, corner of Sussex and York-streets, Ottawa.
Ottawa, February 26, 1867. 358y

WILLIAM MOSGROVE,
LAW, Chancery and Conveyancing. OFFICE: Mosgrove's Block, Rideau Street, Ottawa, C. W. 366-tf

D. O'CONNOR,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex Street. OFFICE: Union Buildings, Ottawa.
February 27, 1866. 55-y

R. H. HAYCOCK,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor.
OFFICE: Post Office Building, Elgin Street, Ottawa.
February 7, 1866. 43-u

A. F. BOUCHETTE,
ADVOCATE. Office: No. 17, St. Peter Street, Quebec. Mr. Bouchette will always be prepared to attend promptly to any business the Government employes, and the public generally may entrust him. Mr. B. attends regularly the circuit in and for the district of Quebec.
December 28, 1865. 9-y

P. J. BUCKLEY, L.L.B.,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law Solicitor-in-Chancery and Notary Public. Office, over Mr. Luke Callaer's Boot and Shoe Store, Rideau Street, Ottawa, C. W.
January 17 1867. 334y

AUGUSTUS KEEFER,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office: Opposite Post Office, Elgin Street, in the rooms lately occupied as the Custom House.
Ottawa, March 30. 87-tf

J. F. BOULTON,
BARRISTER-AT-LAW, Solicitor-in-Chancery, &c. OFFICE: Aumond's Buildings, Rideau Street.
Ottawa, Jan. 12, 1866. 21-y

M. McLEOD,
BARRISTER, &c., for Lower Canada. OFFICES: Court House, Aylmer and Buckingham, C.E.
Attends to all Law Courts in the District of Ottawa.
February 7, 1866. 43-ut

LEES & GEMMELL,
BARRISTERS, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. OFFICE: In the Court House, Ottawa, C. W.
ROBERT LEES. JOHN J. GEMMELL.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

EDWARD T. DARTNELL,
BARRISTER, Solicitor, Attorney, and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Crown Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell.
OFFICE: In the Court House, L'Orignal.
January 27, 1866. 34-6m

MEDICAL.

DR. CHESLEY,
OFFICE over Mr. Garth's Establishment, 25 Rideau-st., Ottawa.
May 30 417tf

DR. C. LEGGO,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Office: Hunton's Block, Sparks Street.

DR. DORION,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon, and Accoucheur, Clarence Street, Ottawa.
March 1. 371y

DR. OLIVER MARTIN,
DENTIST. Office: Sparks Street, Central Ottawa.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-utf

DR. C. A. MARTIN,
DENTIST. Office: Sussex Street, over Messrs. Campbell & Co.'s, Grocers.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-utf

DR. JOHN LEGGO,
DENTIST, Hunton's Block, Sparks Street. Teeth extracted without pain means of the Ethereal Spray Producer. 350a

W. R. BELL, A.M., M.D., C.M., &c.
(RECENTLY FROM ENGLAND.)
SURGERY and Residence, George Street.
Ottawa, November 13. 289y

DR. LESLIE JONES,
Surgeon, &c., of Dublin and Edinburgh.
SURGERY and Consulting Office, Rideau-st., next door to the St. Lawrence Hall. Residence—Daly Street. 584y

DR. GEORGE HUTCHISON,
DENTIST: Office, Sparks-street, opposite Magee & Russell's.
Ottawa, October 30, 1867. 576y

DR. W. J. HENRY,
CORNER of Kent and Wellington Streets, Ottawa.
November 6. 43utf

DR. O. C. WOOD,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur Ottawa. Day office opposite Magee & Russell's, Sparks Street, Center Town; Night Office at his Residence, Maria Street, Center Town.
CANCERS CURED, with out the use of the knife, by a new, but certain, speedy, and almost painless process. References given to parties successfully treated, if required. The cure guaranteed.
Ottawa, April 14. 17w-100-y

HOLGATE, OLIVER & ANNABLE,
WHOLESALE Manufacturers of Bedsteads Chairs, &c., Chaudiere Island, Ottawa, C.W.
WILLIAM HOLGATE,
JOHN OLIVER,
WILLIAM ANNABLE.
Ottawa A 506y

BUSINESS CARDS.

B. BILLINGS, JR.,
ARCHITECT, Elgin-street, opposite the Post Office.
REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq, Managing Director O & P R W 612-6m

R. SPARKS,
PROVINCIAL LAND SURVEYOR, Draughtsman, &c., (commissioned for Upper and Lower Canada.) Office and residence, Gloucester, near Ottawa. Surveys of every description executed with accuracy. Communications addressed Ottawa City, (post-paid), or left at the office of N. Sparks, Solicitor, &c., Ottawa, will receive prompt attention.
Ottawa, February 21, 1866. 55-

N. McKINNON,
COMMISSION and Exchange Broker, and Insurance Agent, Sparks-street, opposite Magee & Russell's, Ottawa, C. W.
Ottawa, March 25. 391y

O'CONNOR & WALLER,
EXCHANGE Brokers, Fire, Life and Accidental Insurance, Commission and Collecting Agents. Office, No. 27, Sussex-street, Ottawa.
R. R. O'CONNOR. W. H. WALLER.
March 9. 378y

J. P. MACPHERSON,
BARRISTER, &c., Ottawa. Office: Lang's Buildings, opposite Post Office
Ottawa, March 10, 1866. 70-y

H. McLEAN'S
AUCTION Rooms, No. 19, Sparks Street, Centre Town, Ottawa, opposite Hope's Stationery Store.
The sale of Real Estate at Auction or Private Sale promptly attended to. Consignments received for positive sale. Parties wishing to purchase Real Estate will receive all information FREE OF CHARGE by calling at the office.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y

R. H. McGREEVY,
CONTRACTOR and Builder. Office: North side York street, second door from Sussex Street.
Ottawa, March 20, 1866. 78-y

S. CHRISTIE,
COMMISSION Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.
OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W. y

PARLIAMENTARY AGENCY.

C. J. BOUCHETTE,
PL. SURVEYOR and Draughtsman, Mining, Land, and General Parliamentary Agent. References unexceptionable. OFFICE: Wellington Street, next to British Hotel, and nearly opposite the banks, Ottawa.
P. S.—Special attention given with despatch to Public Land business, adjusting disputed claims, and securing Patents.
Ottawa, May 22. 132-y

JOHN MERCER,
Teacher Piano-Forte, Violin, &c.
THOROUGH BASS.
AYLMER, C. E

VISITS OTTAWA TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS.
Orders left at Union House will be punctually attended to.
Ottawa, July 23. 187tf

HOTELS AND SALOONS.

HOLT'S HOTEL,
AYLMER, C. E., Livery and General Stage Office. Alfred Moses Holt, Jr., Prop'tr.
December 21, 1865. 4-y

JAS. JOHNSTON'S
UNION HOUSE, North Gower. Good Stabling and an attentive Hostler.
January 11, 1866. 2o-y

DUIGNAN'S
PRIVATE HOTEL, Sparks Street, Ottawa, C. W. A few gentlemen can obtain superior apartments.
Ottawa, Dec. 20, 1865. 3-y

THE RUSSELL HOUSE,
LATE CAMPBELL'S HOTEL, Ottawa, C. W. The undersigned, proprietor of the above-named Hotel, begs leave to acquaint his numerous friends and the travelling public, that he has re-painted and newly-furnished throughout this commodious establishment, in the management of which by strict attention to business and guests, he hopes to deserve encouragement and support.
JAMES E. GOUIN,
Lately, and for many years connected with Russell's Hotel, Pavace Street, Quebec

THE ALBION HOTEL
NICHOLAS Street, Court-House Avenue, Ottawa, John Graham, Proprietor.
This House is conveniently situated, and still maintains its character as a FIRST-CLASS HOTEL. Considerable additions have recently been made to the premises, and it has been entirely repainted and renovated. No pains will be spared to accommodate and please.
OMNIBUSES to and from the cars and boats free of charge. There is a FIRST-CLASS LIVERY STABLE attached to the Hotel.
Ottawa 1866. 1-y

JOHN MALTMAN
LATE McADAM'S, Commercial Hotel, Packenham.
The above Hotel, one of the oldest and best known in Packenham, has been leased by the undersigned and thoroughly overhauled and refitted for the special accommodation of guests. THE TABLE AND BAR will at all times be furnished with the very best the market affords.
GOOD STABLING and a careful Hostler always in attendance
JOHN MALTMAN.

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,
MCKAVANAGH, Proprietor, Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington Streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government buildings.
The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.
Oysters, Game etc., daily

THE METROPOLITAN
Aumond's Block,
Rideau Street, Ottawa.
P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.
Ottawa, November 27. 292tf

THE REVERE HOUSE,
OTTAWA.
G. A. BUCKE, W. H. SANGER, ...PROPRIETORS.
THIS FIRST-CLASS HOTEL has been re-furnished and refitted throughout, and now combines all the requisites of a first-class establishment.
Ottawa, Nov. 6, 1867 582tf

TORONTO HOUSE,
SPARKS-STREET.
MRS. TROTTER begs to state that she has comfortable quarters for a few gentlemen for three months or more, with Parlour and use of Piano.
Ottawa, Dec. 24, 1867. 623tf

MISS LOVETT'S
PRIVATE HOTEL
HOLLIS STREET, HALIFAX, N. S.
STRANGERS will find this long established and well known house to be the most comfortable and well conducted in the city.
December 23, 1867. 622-6m

TO PARTIES ABOUT TO BUILD—
PLANS,
SPECIFICATIONS,
ESTIMATES, &
Prepared by
AUGUSTUS LAVER,
ARCHITECT
End Daly-st. Ottawa.
April 1.

DRUGGISTS.

Spectacles for all Sights.
OPTICAL Instruments Electro-Magnetic and Galanic Apparatus, Photographic Chemicals, &c.
W. HEARN,
Market Drug Store,
637y York-street.

Apothecaries Hall!
No. 41, SUSSEX STREET,
G. MORTIMER, - - - PROPRIETOR
NONE OTHER GENUINE!
TRADE MARK REGISTERED

Canadian Cough Emulsion.
THIS Valuable Medicine has the extraordinary property of immediately relieving Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Difficulty of Breathing, Tightness in the Chest, &c., &c. It operates by dissolving the congealed phlegm, causing free expectoration, and an agreeable moistness of the skin. Prepared only by
GEORGE MORTIMER,
Chemist and Druggist, 41, Sussex Street, Ottawa City. Sold in bottles at 1s 3d and 2s 6d each.

MORTIMER'S
COMPOUND ANTIBILIOUS
AND FAMILY APERIENT PILLS.
A grand Specific for derangement of the digestive organs, and for obstructions and torpid action of the Liver and Bowels.

MORTIMER'S Vegetable WORM DESTROYER.
The only sure remedy that exists. Combining delicious taste with amazing power. Also
CAMPHORATED EYE-WATER,
Sure Cure for Sore, Weak and Inflamed Eyes.

MORTIMER'S
Colognes, Pomades, Toilet Vinegar, Rose Dentrifice, for the Teeth and Gums. Also constantly on hand, Perfumes of all kinds, and Toilet requisites usually kept in a first-class establishment.

FOUND,
A NEVER Failing Remedy for Coughs and Colds, Mortimer's Canadian Cough Emulsion. No family should be without a bottle. None genuine but from
G. MORTIMER,
Chemist, 41, Sussex-st.
The best of Certificates can be produced.
Ottawa, Nov. 22, 1867. 596-6m

OTTAWA
DRUG WAREHOUE,
RIDEAU STREET
1866 SEEDS. SEEDS. 1866.
A LARGE STOCK OF FRESH GARDEN and FIELD SEEDS, just arrived and on Sale. All Seeds warranted Fresh.
A large importation of English and French PERFUMES will arrive next week.
FLORIDA WATER. SOZODONT.
HAIR BRUSHES. COMBS.
NAIL BRUSHES. CLOTHES BRUSHES,
&c., &c., &c
Just being opened up.
JOSEPH GARVEY, M.D.
P. S.—Advice to the poor gratis.
Ottawa, April 11. 97-y

DOMESTIC DYES.
THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT OF DYES in this city on sale at the
Ottawa Drug Warehouse.
A free Lot of Good, Cheap PERFUMES just received.
N. B.—Prescriptions carefully and promptly prepared. J. GARVEY, M. D.
Ottawa, Feb. 12 1866 47-utf

PARLIAMENT
HAIRDRESSING SALOON!
E. MILES,
Hairdresser by Appointment to His Excellency the Governor-General,
HAS REMOVED HIS PARLIAMENT HAIR DRESSING SALOON from the old stand to his new and commodious room over the LONDON MUSIC STORE, on Elgin-st., opposite the Russell House, which he has fitted up in the most recherche style of the business, and where his Rotary Hair Brush, which he imported expressly for himself, being the first introduced into British America, will be kept ready for use. The saloon is delightfully ventilated, and very pleasantly situated.
Mr. MILES would take this opportunity of returning his most sincere thanks to his many friends and the public, for their kind and generous patronage to him, during a number of years, in his old establishment, and trusts that by unremitting attention to business, and in his new and first-class saloon, with polite and attentive workmen, to merit a continuance of their favors.
All kinds of Hair Watch Guards, Finger Rings, &c., manufactured to order. For the convenience of ladies orders will be received at the London Music Store, where a fine and varied assortment of Hair-work will be found.
E. MILES,
Hair Dresser, by appointment, to his Excellency the Governor-General.
Ottawa, October 3 1867 553-39y

BAZAAR.
IT is intended to hold a Bazaar on the *SEVENTEENTH of MARCH NEXT,* 1868, and following days, in aid of the DEBT on
The Parsonage of Christ Church.
Contributions will be most thankfully received from the members of the Church, and other friends in Ottawa, by the following Ladies, who have kindly consented to act as a Committee of Management
MRS. CLEMOW,
" W. F. POWELL,
" COFFIN,
" ADAMSON,
" T. M. BLASDELL,
" LAUDER,
" DONALDSON,
" JOHN THOMPSON,
" N. SPARKS,
" MAGEE,
" STREET,
ANNIE POWELL, Secretary.
Ottawa, Dec. 23, 1867. 622d

Satchell Brothers,
Butchers to His Excellency Lord Monck.
No. 7, LOWER TOWN MARKET,
Superior Stall Fed
BEEF, MUTTON, LAMB AND VEAL,
SATCHELL'S!
Celebrated Spiced Rounds & Rolled Beef,
Cured in the English Style.
Also, Sugar Cured Hams and Bacon of their own curing, constantly on hand.
Ottawa, December 21. 621-3m

GREAT CLEARING SALE

—OF—

Dry Goods and Ready-made Clothing,

—AT—

J. T. Prudhomme's Stores,

SUSSEX-STREET, FACING CLARENCE-STREET,

And at the Sign of the "Golden Lamb."

AS the Subscriber intends closing one of his Stores on the first day of December he is determined to sell off at an immense reduction his stock of

DRY GOODS & READY-MADE CLOTHIN

—CONSISTING OF—

Beaver Cloths, Pilot do, Whitney do, Melton do, Sattinet do
West of England Broad Cloths, Black Cassimeres, Silk Mix Coatings, " " Trowserings, Fancy Doeskins,
Col. and White Blankets, Horse Rugs, Flannels, Kerseys, Winceys.

English, Scotch and anadian Tweeds.

DRAWERS, SHIRTS, WOOL, " SCARFS, NECK TIES, COLLARS,
SHAWLS, CLOAKINGS, CRAVATS, DRESS GOODS, NECK TIES, PRINTS, COBOURGS,
BUCK MITTS, BUCK MOCASSINS, WOOL SOCKS " MITTS, TRUNKS, VALISES

—ALSO, A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF—

Boots and Shoes, Teas, Soap, Candles and Wines

The whole to be disposed of before the 1st day of December. Call early and examine before purchasing elsewhere.
Ottawa, November 19, 1867. 593-3m

RELIANCE
MUTUAL LIFE ASSURANCE CO'Y.
ESTABLISHED 1840.
CHIEF OFFICE—71, King William-street, Mannon House, LONDON.

ACCUMULATED PREMIUMS OVER, - - - $1,000,000.
ANNUAL INCOME OVER, - - - - - $300,000.

TRUSTEES.
The Right Rev the Bishop of Moray and Ross.
Viscount Kirkaldie, John Ledger, Esq
J R S Phillipps, Esq, James Traill, Esq
Sir John T Tyrell, Bart, W M Tufnell, Esq

DIRECTORS.
George Ashlin, Esq, W W Duffield, Esq, J W Egertongreen, Esq, George T Harris, Esq, John James, Esq
John W Lay, Esq, John Ledger, Esq, J Oxlyparker, Esq, William Phelps, Esq, John Pike, Esq, Edward White, Esq
Henry T Prinsep, Esq, Major Skinner, R A, Charles H Smith, Esq, James Traill, Esq, W M Tufnell, Esq

MEDICAL OFFICERS.
J W Ogle, Esq, M D, H P Smith, Esq, M D

BANKS.
Messrs William Deacon Co, Birchin Lane, Messrs Sparrow, Tufnell & Co, Chelmsford. The London and County Bank.

SOLICITORS.
Messrs Hooke & Street, 27 Lincoln's Inn Fields. Messrs Gepp & Veley, Chelmsford.

EDWARD BUTLER, Secretary.

Canada Branch—Montreal.
BOARD OF DIRECTORS.
Walter Shanly, Esq, M P, Chairman.
George Winks, Esq, W H Hingston, Esq, M D, L R C S.
SOLICITORS—Messrs Rose & Ritchie. MEDICAL ADVISER—W H Hingston, Esq, M D.

The entire profits of this old and long established society belong to the policy holders, who are protected from all liability by the deed of settlement.
Annuities and endowments granted on advantageous terms.
Advances made on approved security in connection with Life Policies.
Every information to be had on application to any of the Society's Agents in Canada, or to
T W GRIFFITH, Manager and Secretary.
Head Office for the Dominion of Canada—Corner St Francois Xavier-street, Montreal.
Agents wanted in unrepresented districts throughout Canada.
NEIL McKINNON,
589-6m Agent for Ottawa.

Etna Fire and Marine Insurance Co.
The Number of Shareholders exceed Five Hundred.
Capital,.....$2,500,000.
Annual Income Nearly.....$1,000,000.
HEAD OFFICE—Upper Sackville-street, Dublin, Ireland; CHIEF OFFICE, ENGLAND—17 and 18 Corn Hill, London; CHIEF OFFICE, SCOTLAND—98 George-st., Edinburgh.

DIRECTORS.
John Obins Woodhouse, Esq, 82 Pembroke Road, Dublin; Omeath Park, Co Louth; Portadown, Co Armagh; Kerry Keel, Co Armagh and Down—Chairman.
Robert Craven Wade, Esq, Conebraney, Crosskeale, Co Meath, and Sackville Street Club, Dublin, J P for Counties Meath and Wicklow—Director Scottish Amicable Life Office.
Charles Going Malone, Esq, Merchant, Stephen-street and George-street, Dublin; Churchtown Lodge, Dundrom, Co Dublin—Director Commercial Gas Company.
John William Gregg, Esq, Alderman, Merchant, 18 Upper Sackville-street, Dublin—Vice Chairman.
Irwine Smith Whitty, Esq, 6 Wellington Road, Dublin—Director Government Prisons, Bernard Coyne, Esq, 27 Waterloo Road, Dublin, J P, Co Mayo.
Jeffry Martin, Esq, 2 Clarinda Park, East Kingstown, Dublin, and Curraghmore, Ballinrobe, Co Mayo, J P for Co Mayo.
Robert Conway Harly, Esq, Bridge House and Glenduff, Tralee; J P for Co Kerry.
David Richardson Goodlate, Esq Merchant.

FEATURES.
A division of profits every three years to holders of policies who have no losses.
MODERATE PREMIUMS.
The company do not advocate high premiums, but rates will be charged according as the nature of the risk. Losses will be promptly and fully met on adjustment. Losses by lightning and loss or damage by explosion of gas within the premises insured made good.

N B—The above company have invested in Canadian Government Bonds, in conformity with the Provincial Act, and have obtained the license of the Minister of Finance to do business in Canada, and are now prepared to take risks.

T. W. GRIFFITH, Manager for Canada.
Head Office for the Dominion—Corner of St Francois Xavier and St Sacrament-streets, Montreal.
Agents wanted in unrepresented districts throughout Canada.
589-6m NEIL McKINNON, Agent for Ottawa.

STOVES. STOVES. STOVES.
STOVES. STOVES. STOVES.
STOVES. STOVES. STOVES.
"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT!
35, SUSSEX STREET.
H. MEADOWS & CO.

WE have received our fall and Winter Stock of STOVES, STOVE PIPES, ELBOWS, DUMB STOVES, TINWARE and LUMBERMEN'S SUPPLIES, which we offer Wholesale or Retail at low prices. In Cooking, Parlor, Box and Hall Stoves, for wood or coal, we have the largest and most varied assortment ever shown in Ottawa.

COOKING STOVES. COOKING STOVES. COOKING STOVES.
COOKING STOVES. COOKING STOVES. COOKING STOVES
COOKING STOVES. COOKING STOVES. COOKING STOVES.

Our stock of the above comprises the latest improvements in both ELEVATED and LOW OVEN STOVES.

BOX AND HALL STOVES. BOX AND HALL STOVES.
BOX AND HALL STOVES. BOX AND HALL STOVES.
BOX AND HALL STOVES. BOX AND HALL STOVES.

Suitable for private Dwellings and Churches, Warehouses and Stoves.

PARLOR STOVES. PARLOR STOVES. PARLOR STOVES.
PARLOR STOVES. PARLOR STOVES. PARLOR STOVES.
PAR TOVES. PARLOR STOVES. PARLOR STOVES.

New and most beautiful designs, very cheap.

COAL STOVES. PARLOR GRATES.
Hot Air Furnaces.
We still continue to manufacture every description of TIN, SHEET IRON, and COPPER WARE, RUSSIA IRON PIPE, and DUMB STOVES. Also all kinds of out-door Job Work in our line attended to by competent and experienced Mechanics. Country Merchants supplied with Stovepipes, &c., at reduced rates.
Lumbermen's Supplies! Lumbermen's Supplies! Shanty Plates! Basins! Camp Kettles, &c.
HOUSEFURNISHING GOODS!
Bird Cages! Bird Cages! Bird Cages!
Price Lists sent free on application.
Any part of a Stove sold by us can be replaced when broken or burnt out, a fact intending buyers would do well to note.
An inspection of the above goods invited at the
"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,
35, SUSSEX STREET.
Ottawa, October 2, 1867. H. MEADOWS & CO. 52-y

INSURANCE.

INTERCOLONIAL
ASSURANCE CO'Y.
OF CANADA.
Capital - - - $500,000.
With power to increase the same.
SHARES, - - $100 EACH.
PROVISIONAL DIRECTORS:
H. O. Burritt, Esq., President; R. Lyon, Esq. Mayor of Ottawa, Vice-President; T. D. Harington, Dy. Receiver General; the Hon. J. Skead, J. M. Currier, M. P., D. McLaughlin, M.P., W. Wade, Esq., F. Jones, M.P., W. Ellis, Esq., W. H. Brouse, M.D., Joseph Aumond, Esq., M. K. Church, M.D., and J. M. Bates.

THIS is purely a Canadian Institution, and as such is deserving of the support of the Canadian public.
An Act for the Incorporation of this Company is now before the Parliament of the Dominion.
Over $100,000 of stock is already subscribed and it is the intention to deposit with the Government as a guarantee of our good faith, at least $50,000 as soon as an Act of Incorporation is procured (which will be a provision of our Incorporation.) It is unnecessary here to dilate upon the profits of money invested in Insurance Stock. Suffice it to say, that, at least in one instance 3335 per cent advance has been obtained on insurance stock, and that after the payment of princely dividends. In the meantime Subscriptions to Stock, in Ottawa may be made at the Ontario and Royal Canadian Banks, and a deposit of 10 per cent is requisite which will be deposited in Trust to be returned in case any subscriber is not satisfied with his investment up to one month after the Vice-Regal sanction to the Charter is obtained.
J. M. BATES,
Pro. Manager and Secretary.
Ottawa, Nov. 21, 1867. 595tf

CITY OF GLASGOW
Life Assurance Company
ESTABLISHED 1838.
CAPITAL, £600,000 Stg.
ANNUAL REVENUE OVER £120,000 STG.
THIS COMPANY OFFERS TO THE public the combined advantage of perfect security, moderate premiums and liberal participation in profits. No extra charge for Volunteers in defence of the country.
RINTOUL BROS., Montreal, General Agents for Canada.
NEIL McKINNON, Agent,
Sparks-street, Ottawa.
Ottawa March 25. 391y

Ætna Life Insurance Company,
ESTABLISHED, A. D. 1820.
Capital and Assets, 1st Jan., 1867, $4,401,833.86
THIS MOST SUCCESSFUL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY divides the whole of the Profits, every year, among the insured, reducing the cost to about one-half the figures usually charged.
For instance, the annual payment, at the age of 30, in most Companies, to insure $2000 is, with profits, about $50, and without profits.....$43.90
In the Ætna, $2000, to a person 30 years of age, costs the first year..... 25.31
And each subsequent year..... 26.74
Which payment is subject to further reduction as the business of the Company increases.
Endowment policies on equally favorable terms.
The fact that the Ætna has, during the past 12 months, insured over 14,000 persons, from among the best business men of the Continent, is the best possible testimonial to the soundness of the Company, and the excellence of its method of doing business.
J. GARVEY, ESQ., M. D.,
Medical Referee.
S. PEDLAR & CO., Montreal.
Ottawa, March 13. 581y

BRITISH AMERICA
Assurance Company!
FIRE AND MARINE.
ESTABLISHED 1830.
R. S. Cassels, Esq.....Consulting Director.
THE ABOVE FIRST-CLASS COMPANY is prepared to insure all descriptions of property against loss or damage by fire.
HERRICK, BRUSH & CO.,
AGENTS,
Ottawa, January 4, 1867. 323y, Aumond's Buildings.

NOTICE.
DR. J. GARVEY can be consulted each day PROFESSIONALLY, at his RESIDENCE, RIDEAU-STREET, from 8 o'clock to 10 in the forenoon, and from 6 to 10 in the evening. During mid-day by making inquiries at BROWNE & HARDY'S, GROCERS, Rideau-street, information can be had as to his whereabouts.
J. GARVEY, M. D.
N. B.—It is not the intention of Dr. Garvey to relinquish his practice as a physician.
Ottawa, Jan. 24, 1868. 648tf

NOTICE.
ALL persons indebted to Dr. J. Garvey, and whose accounts have been rendered, are requested to call and settle at once, or costs will be incurred.
J. GARVEY, M.D.
Ottawa, Sept. 4, 1867. 529tf

RIFLES!
Wesson's Rifles!
HAVING imported some of the above RIFLES in 1866, under free entry, I offer the balance of stock at $17 each, which is $4 less than manufacturers prices; wholesale price at factory is $25 American money.
THOMAS ISAAC,
6134 Sparks-street.

Land for Sale.
$50 ACRES OF LAND, situated within two to eight miles of the city. Apply to JOHN W. McGUIRE, Lot 25, 2nd Concession, Ottawa Front, Gloucester. 546-6m

To Sell or Let---Rare Opening.
TERMS MODERATE.
FINE STONE DWELLING HOUSES, Photographic Chambers, and other Cut Stone Premises, well arranged and eligibly situated for commercial business.
Apply to JOHN MACAULEY, Chandiere, Ottawa; or E. McGILLIVRAY, J. B. TACKABERRY, or H. McLEAN, Auctioneer, Ottawa.
January 8, 1867. 585-6m

Furniture! Furniture! Furniture!
AT THE
VARIETY HALL,
34, Sussex-st.
A MOST Complete Stock of Black Walnut and other Furniture, in Cane and Hair Seated Chairs, Tete-a-Tetes, Sofas, Extension Dining Tables, Centre Tables, Sideboards, Ohiffoniers, Wardrobes, Bureaus, Bedsteads, Washstands and Toilet Tables. Also, Hair, Excelsior and Sea Grass Mattrasses, of all sizes, Gilt Mirrors, Toilet and other Looking Glasses, Table Cutlery of all kinds, Brushes, Brooms, and Wooden Ware of various descriptions, Table and Floor Mats, Soiled Linen Baskets, a beautiful article, Rocking Horses, Children's Sleighs, and the best assorted stock of Crockery, China and Glassware in the Dominion. This stock being all purchased to the best advantage will consequently be sold cheap.
Crockery, China, Glassware, Stove and Furniture rented to private or public parties at a reasonable rate.
JOSEPH BOYDEN,
429y General Agent.

K. ARNOLDI,
WINE & SPIRIT MERCHANT,
METCALFE-STREET,
Telegraph Company's Building, Ottawa,
RECOMMENDS and Guarantees with confidence the following Wines:—
PORTS—Graham's, Sandeman's, Forrester's, Masden's, &c.:

		Per Gall.	Per Doz
No. 1	Good sound Wine	$2 00	$6 00
" 2	"	3 00	8 75
" 3	Old	3 50	10 00
" 4	Superior old	4 50	12 50
" 5	Very fine old	5 75	15 50

SHERRY WINE—Domecq's, Capdepons, Pemartin's, Cramp Suter's, &c.:

No. 1	Light table Wine	$2 00	6 00
" 2	Superior do	3 00	8 75
" 3	Very choice	3 50	10 00
" 4	Very Superior	4 50	12 50
" 5	Very fine	5 50	15 00

Marsala Wine,
$1.30 per Gallon, $1.50 per Dozen.
Especial attention called to the above Wine. Far superior to all common sherries, its chief recommendation is that it agrees perfectly well with persons who cannot take those wines, even of a high class. It is soft and old, free from heat, or the slightest approach to acidity, while its very moderate price recommends it for all large entertainments, as well as for the luncheon, dinner and supper table. It has met with the highest approval from the medical gentlemen of this city.
Also, in wood or bottle, old and new Brandies, Rums, Gins, Old Tom Gins, Irish, Scotch, and Canadian Whiskeys of Standard Brands.
Clarets, Champagnes, Hocks, Carracas, Marachino, Chartreuse, Royal Italian Bitters, &c., in great variety.
Hibberts' and Guiness' Porter, Bass' and Allsopp's Ales, quarts and pints. Canadian Ale of Superior Quality, in Wood and Bottle.
Goods most confidently recommended, and may be as implicitly relied upon for perfect purity as if purchased in the largest wholesale establishment in the country.
Orders by mail with cash or city reference solicited and promptly attended to. No charge for delivery in the city. A discount to persons buying in quantity or by the original package. Inspection invited.
Price Lists, and every information, on application, or sent to any address.
WINE VAULTS AND OFFICE,
No. 11, Metcalfe-street,
Telegraph Co.'s Building, Ottawa.
January 27, 1868. 535y

FOR SALE
BY THE SUBSCRIBERS,
New Egyptian Dates,
Oranges, Lemons,
Grapes, Turkey Figs,
West End Raisins,
Dundee Marmalade,
Jams and Jellies,
Tomatoes in tins,
Peaches,
Sweet Corn "
Lima Beans.
OYSTERS & HADDIES!
RECEIVED WEEKLY.
DALGLISH & RUSSELL,
Upper Town.
Ottawa, Jan. 28, 1868. 651y

SMITH & RODNEY
MERCHANT TAILORS and General Outfitters, Elgin-street, opposite the Russell House, and second door from the London Music Store, having just received a choice stock of
English, French and Canadian
CLOTHS and TWEEDS,
And a general assortment of gentlemen's furnishing goods, would intimate to their friends and the public generally that they are prepared to execute all orders in their line at the shortest notice, in the most approved styles and at prices that we defy competition.
Ottawa Oct. 1, 1867. 551tf

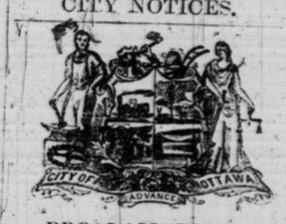
ROANOKE
Tobacco Company,
DANVILLE, VIRGINIA.
THIS Company having established at Montreal their General Agency for the Dominion of Canada, is now prepared to offer to the public an article in
SMOKING TOBACCO!
Superior to anything of the kind ever imported into the country, and pledge their long established character that the article now offered is the pure leaf from the
Virgin Hill Tops of Virginia.
The different brands and prices are as follows viz:
The "Prince of Wales," in 1 & 2 lb bls $1.00 per lb
" "Dominion Favorite" 1 & ½ " " 0 75 "
" "Navy," 1 & 2 " " 0.65 "
The prices are NET CASH in Montreal, and orders [accompanied by remittance] for 5 lbs and upwards will receive prompt attention. The tobacco will be forwarded to any address, by express or otherwise, as parties may direct.
Please address
F. W. HENSHAW,
Gen. gent Dominion of Canada,
10 St. Sacrament-st.,
Montreal.
Montreal, Dec. 4, 1867. 607-4m

SNOW'S
Celebrated Fever Remedy.
A Sure and Certain Cure for Fever—Continued, Remittent, Intermittent, Typhoid, and Fever arising from Ordinary Colds.
THIS REMEDY has been used in Tropical climates for many years with the greatest success. It shortens the attack, reduces the fever gradually, and at the same time enables the system to throw off the poisonous effect of he on the blood and secretions generally.
PRICE—50 cents and $1 per Bottle. Sold Wholesale and Retail by
H. F. MACCARTHY,
Chemist, Ottawa City
Sole Agent for Dominion of Canada.
December 2, 1867. 579-3m

HOWE'S
Boot and Shoe Store.
REMOVAL.
AS the Lease of our Premises in Sussex-street terminates this month, we intend to confine our business to one locality, and shall remove the whole of our Stock on the 1st of May next, to our Store in
No. 10, Rideau-st.
Our stock of BOOTS and SHOES, LEATHER, SHOE FINDINGS, TRUNKS, &c., &c., will consequently be very large and most complete in every department, and we most respectfully solicit a continuance of favors, to merit which our constant endeavors will be as usual to provide the best articles and sell at the lowest remunerating prices.
G. HOWE & SON.
Remember the place—No. 10, Rideau-st. next to Howell's grocery.
April 27. 420y

FOUND.
NEAR the Market, Lower Town, an INDIA RUBBER CARRIAGE COVER. Apply at this office.
Ottawa, November 595tf

CITY NOTICES.



PROCLAMATION.
WHEREAS it will greatly conduce to the health and comfort of the Citizens of Ottawa generally, to have the city cleansed of all filth and nuisances, and whereas the introduction and spread of malignant and contagious diseases, is, and will certainly be influenced by the sanitary condition of the city;

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

On no occasion will the names of Old Advertisements be inserted here.

Resumed Business—R. Eaton & Co.

Tenders—W. P. Lett.

Application to Parliament.

The Ottawa Times

City and County Official Paper.

FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 14, 1868.

It is to be feared that the Legislature of Ontario is going astray on the subject of railway legislation. There is now before the House, if it has not already passed, a Bill practically reviving the old Southern Railway scheme, authorizing the construction of a competing line of railway with the Great Western from the Niagara to the Detroit rivers. We shall not discuss the question, which has been debated at considerable length in the Legislature and the Western press, whether this Bill comes within the scope of the Provincial Legislature, though we think, as the manifest intention of the Bill is to form a connection with a foreign country at each end of the line, there can be little doubt but that the charter has been applied for to the wrong Legislature. It is not upon this ground, however, that we regret to see the Bill progressing through the Assembly; if the scheme itself were an advantageous one, the approval of the Governor-General, or his refusal to disallow the Bill within one year after its passage, would practically remove all reasonable objection on the score of legislative jurisdiction.

But there is reason to believe that the project itself is a bad one. If carried out it will materially damage the Great Western Railway, if it does not destroy it altogether as a paying property. Now we hold it to be the duty of the Legislature to protect the capital invested on the faith of a Canadian charter, from unfair or ruinous competition. It will be impossible for Canadian enterprises to find encouragement in the English money market, if capitalists should have any fresh reason for distrusting the security of Canadian charters, and they give no security so long as rival and competing enterprises can obtain Acts of Incorporation for the asking. There is, besides, the Buffalo and Lake Huron Railway, with which to a considerable extent the projected railway will be a competing line, and certainly the financial career of that unfortunate company has not been such as to excite the envy of investers, because of its profitable returns.

There may be additional local railway facilities required for some portion of the country through which this line will pass. But these should be provided by feeders to the existing trunk lines. There is no demand for additional accommodation for through freight; none at least in which the Province of Ontario has a direct interest, equal to the interest which it has, in common with the Dominion, in preserving and improving the standing of the existing railway companies engaged in carrying through, as well as local, freight. It will be a positive injury to the country, should English or other capitalists be induced to invest their money in an unprofitable speculation, for which the incidental advantages from its partial expenditure in the Province would be no adequate compensation.

But worse than this, if we can credit the statements of the *Leader*, which are so circumstantially put, that if wrong they may readily be disproved, the charter is neither being sought nor obtained in good faith. The Bill was first introduced as an extension of the Erie and Niagara road, of which due notice had been given in the *Gazette*, but was subsequently changed so as to permit a new company to construct an entirely new line! There are other circumstances connected with this Railway Bill, such as a proposition submitted to Mr. SWINYARD to withdraw it for a money consideration, &c., &c., which, we think, ought to have been sufficient to induce the Legislature to throw it out.

SOME correspondence has been published in our local contemporary, designed to show that the Bank of Montreal is making a speculation out of the transmission of the Nova Scotia Relief Fund. The accusation, in so far as we can perceive, is utterly groundless. When the Treasurer of the fund here applied to the Manager of the Bank of Montreal, in relation to the remittance of $1,000, it was suggested by Mr. DRUMMOND, that if Mr. FRASER could secure the free transmission of a couple of telegraphic despatches, the money might be deposited in Ottawa to the credit of the Halifax agency, and checked out there without the necessity of resorting to the purchase of a draft here in the ordinary business way. The Telegraph Company, as was to have been expected, readily complied with Mr. FRASER's request, and as a consequence, the transmission of the first instalment of $1,000 took place, as recorded at the time in the Ottawa papers. Now, it did not rest with the Manager of the Bank of Montreal at Ottawa to fix the sum which should be paid to the Mayor of Halifax in Nova Scotia currency; all he could do, he did—he advised the Halifax agency of the deposit of $1,000 in Canada money to the credit of the Mayor of Halifax, and that was done entirely without cost to the fund, or profit to the bank. But the writer who starts this fresh grievance against the Bank of Montreal has seen, it stated in a telegram to a Montreal paper, "that the Mayor of Halifax drew the "$1,000 deposited by J. FRASER, *plus* two "per cent. for exchange." Now, if two per cent. is the "current premium on Canada "funds" in Halifax, as the writer admits, we cannot see for the life of us why the Bank should have given more. The critic is surely mistaken in supposing that "any "good cheque on Canada" would be cashed in Halifax at the current rate of premium for money, without deducting the charge for collection. We have not taken the trouble to enquire whether "good cheques "on Canada" are collected by Nova Scotia bankers free of charge, but we do know from experience that "good cheques" are not taken by the banks in this Province, when payable at distant points, without a charge for collection. The difference between a "good cheque" payable at a distance, and "current funds" in hand, ought not to be lost sight of by one who sets himself up as a critic on banking operations. If the Bank of Montreal gave full value for Canada money in Halifax, as the writer admits it is very evident that it could not have given more without a positive loss. When it made no charge for the transfer of the money from Ottawa to Halifax, surely it did all that could reasonably have been expected. Says this last assailant of the Bank of Montreal:

"If the currency of Nova Scotia and the currency of Canada had been the same, the Mayor of Halifax would have drawn the exact sum, dollar for dollar, that was deposited here."

Precisely so; if the Bank of Montreal had been kind enough to transmit the money free of charge. And because the currency of Canada is worth just two cents on the dollar more than that of Nova Scotia in Halifax, the Mayor was enabled to draw just precisely that amount. This surely ought to be clear enough to any one not stupidly or intentionally engaged in getting up a grievance. Will any of our banks here transmit in the ordinary way of business one thousand dollars to Toronto without charging exchange? Yet in Ottawa as in Toronto the currency counts exactly "dollar for dollar." This trumpery charge should never have been permitted to find its way into print, and were there not a disposition with certain parties to abuse the Bank of Montreal, we do not think the point would have ever been mooted. Certainly in so far as the transmission of the money from Ottawa is concerned, Mr. DRUMMOND, of the Bank, Mr. FRASER, the Treasurer, and Mr. BETHUNE, of the Montreal Telegraph Company, equally deserve credit for having virtually placed it in the hands of the Mayor of Halifax without so much as a charge of five cents for postage.

FROM TORONTO.

Special to THE TIMES.

TORONTO, Feb. 13, 1868.

In accordance with the Act of last Session the Shareholders of the Bank of Upper Canada met yesterday, and elected Mr. Hector Paterson as their Trustee.

The amateur performance at the theatre last night in aid of the Nova Scotia fishermen was well attended, and a large sum was realized.

Col. Wilson and Mr. Stanton are spoken of for the vacant judgeship of Norfolk.

In the House to-day the Attorney-General stated that the Government had not yet decided what course to pursue regarding the opening of mineral lands, but that on the opening of the navigation some members of the Government would visit Lake Superior and ascertain the value of lands there. The estimates for the present year were laid before the House to-day. The expenditure is expected to amount to over twelve hundred thousand dollars, and the revenue to be eighteen hundred thousand dollars. Both of the Hospitals in Ottawa are to receive $1,200, and the Athenæum $300. The allowance to members will be five dollars per diem.

One hundred and twenty-five men of the Royal Artillery re-enlisted yesterday for ten years.

INCIDENTS CONNECTED WITH OTTAWA.

ARTICLE II.

THE SHINERS.

For some years after the completion of the Rideau Canal the inhabitants were troubled with a class of people in their midst known by the euphonious *sobriquet* of "Shiners"—better understood at the present day as *rowdies*.

A feud sprang up between some Irishmen and Canadians, and the flame thus kindled was soon fanned into alarming proportions; so much so that Captain Baker, a retired Artillery officer, and chief magistrate at the time, was compelled to order the people to arm and patrol the streets. The duties of the Captain were certainly not of an envious character, for on him mainly rested the responsibility of quelling it by military interference, or tempering matters in such a way as to allow the ill feeling to die out quietly. The course he adopted was one of prudence; and his persuasive arguments did more towards the accomplishment of the desired end than a volley of bullets.

As an instance of the lawlessness of the times it appears the house of Mr. James Johnston was fired at, but the occupant escaped unhurt; he was then assaulted on the Sappers' Bridge and saved himself by jumping over its westerly side near the arch. The snow was very deep, and he sank in it to such a depth as to be incapable of extricating himself. While in this dilemma, a large stone on the edge of the precipice caught the eyes of his assailants, which they attempted to hurl upon him, and in this manner to put an end to his life; but it being firmly frozen to the bank they were unable to carry out their murderous intention for the moment. Foiled again in their object they resolved to surround him and complete the work; but the timely interference of friends not only thwarted them but finally succeeded in rescuing him altogether. Three of the gang were afterwards arrested and punished according to their deserts.

Mr. Johnston, it is thought, followed no particular calling, and consequently having much spare time at his disposal, philanthropically employed it in endeavoring to pacify the conflicting parties; but in so doing unfortunately made himself obnoxious—probably because he was too officious. He was, however, subsequently rewarded by being elected a member of the Provincial Parliament.

It is said of Colonel By, the commanding officer of the Royal Sappers and Miners, that he was not exempt from insult. It must be borne in mind that the position of the Col. frequently brought him in contact with the people, some of whom, as may be supposed, were not the most refined or gentlemanly; and the discharge of his duties, therefore, may not always have been characterized for surplus forbearance. He was the object of spite when opportunity offered, as will be seen by the fact that he was one day accosted by a rowdy, who asked him to *go up the river as his cook*. A reply, unmilitary but justifiable under the circumstances, gave the interrogator to understand that such a situation was not desired.

At a later period matters took the form of religious strife, when Catholics and Protestants opposed each other, and acts of ruffianism and outrage were the order of the day. It became a necessity for peaceable individuals when invited to a little *re-union* to first possess themselves of a brace of pistols, as night was the favorite time for disturbance.

This state of things continued until 1845, when reason took the place of mob-law; the Shiners learnt sense, and as a natural sequence peace and order were restored. It is pleasing to add that the city has ever since been comparatively free from crime.

C. POPE.

Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1868.

BIBLE SOCIETY.

The following is a list of the officers elected to serve for the current year:—

Patron—His Excellency the Governor-General.

President—G. Hay, Esq.

Vice-Presidents—Wm. Clegg, Esq., W. Hamilton, Esq., Hon. S. L. Tilley, Jas. Johnson, Esq., W. A. McAggy, Esq.

Corresponding Secretary—Rev. Thomas Wardrope.

Recording Secretary—Rev. D. M. Gordon, B. D.

Treasurer—Geo. May, Esq.

Depositary—John Durie, Esq.

Members of Committee—Ministers of the Gospel ex-officio. H. Alexander, R. Blackburn, Rev. Charles Bliss, H. F. Bronson, Dr. Brown, G. R. Blyth, Geo. Blyth, Hon. M. Cameron, Wm. Cousens, B. A. Currier, A. Drummond, G. E. Elliott, Dr. Grant, J. Henderson, Dr. Hill, H. H. Horsey, S. Howell, R. Hunter, W. Hutchinson, Jas. Jamieson, J. Lamb, P. LeSueur, H. McCormick, J. McMillan, B.A., J. Ogilvie, J. L. Orme, Mr. Paterson, J. T. Pennock, James Rochester, Wm. Spragge, R. Surtees, Dr. Sweetland, W. Taylor, J. Thorburn, M.A., Thos. Vaux, W. H. Walker, W. J. Wills, Dr. Wood, Thos. Worthington, with power to add to their numbers.

The amount collected at the annual meeting on Wednesday evening was $50.25.

LOCAL NEWS.

1,000 COMET BURNERS just received by Esmonde Bros., 43 Sparks-st., next door to the Hoop Skirt Factory. N.B.—75 boxes Canada plate for sale.

THE DOMINION HOUSE, WELLINGTON STREET.—This house has been thoroughly renovated and fitted up. Good table and choice liquors. Fine yard and stabling. Oysters and meals at all hours. Colin McLaurin and Geo. Irvine, Proprietors. 666-b.

GOLD WATCHES.—An extensive assortment of elegant gold watches—both American and Canada Watch Company's make—has just been imported by Young & Radford, Practical Watchmakers and Jewellers, 30 Sparks-st. Call and examine.

THE CURLING MATCH.—The names of those members of the Curling Clubs of Ottawa and Buckingham, who were engaged in the game at Buckingham on Wednesday, are:

BUCKINGHAM.	OTTAWA.
Capt. McNaughton,	Andrew Campbell,
Mr. Lusk,	T. Russell,
Mr. Waddell,	Thos. Gallagher,
Mr. Lough, (Skip.)	Thos. McKay, (Skip.)
Buckingham	26
Ottawa	16

Leaving Ottawa 11 points on both games.

NEW EDINBURGH CONCERT.—The concert at New Edinburgh for raising funds to purchase a melodeon for the penny readings in that village, comes off this evening, under the patronage of Sir John and Lady Macdonald, who have promised to be present. The programme is suitable to the occasion, and will doubtless give ample satisfaction, and no doubt the house will be well filled. The charge for admission is twenty-five cents.

PENNY READINGS.—The Readings in Webster's Hall last evening was, as usual, a grand success. The Hall was quite full, and many went away unable to gain admittance. W. P. Lett, Esq., was in the Chair, the readers, and the Misses Lockwood, Miss Humphreys and Mr. Ansell, who furnished the music, were all greatly applauded, and altogether the reunion was one of the happiest since the commencement. G. H. Macaulay, Esq., who read in the Hall for the first time, gave a satirical poem in a masterly style, in which he made an excellent impression.

POLICE COURT.—The adjourned case of Butterworth for leaving the employment of Andrew Graham was brought up, and disposed of. The defendant having furnished medical proof of his inability to do certain kinds of work pertaining to the situation, was discharged with costs.—The adjourned case of Rusk *vs.* Fitzgerald for assault, was called up, and defendant fined ten dollars, to be paid immediately or go to jail. The defendant, who is a young man, received a sharp reproof from the magistrate for beating an old man who was probably crippled for life.

CUTTING ICE IN THE PATH ACROSS THE RIVER.—Some unprincipled ice merchant it appears, not content with the vast fields of ice everywhere in his reach, has thought proper to imperil the lives of persons travelling over the river by cutting his ice from the common path, where scores of people travel by day and night. On Wednesday last a man, whose name we did not learn, was coming over to the city, broke through a thin sheet of ice which had been formed during the night, over one of the holes where ice had been cut on the previous day. It appeared to him to have been previously walked over, and probably had been by some lighter person, but as he got nearly across he fell through, and it was not without the greatest efforts that he succeeded in throwing himself forward and clambering on to the firm ice and saved himself from a watery grave. Who can tell but life has already been sacrificed by such unprincipled practices? At any rate this thing should, if possible, be put a stop to.

—A woman was found frozen to death in London on Monday morning last. She was a dissolute character.

—The London papers give particulars of the burglarious entry of the Middlesex County Buildings on Saturday night, and the abstraction from the safe of $1,200 in American silver. The burglars made off with their booty.

—Five prisoners escaped from Kent County jail on Sunday evening. Four have since been re-captured and a price set upon the head of the fifth—$15—not a very large figure, seeing the fellow had been committed for burglary.

—On Saturday night last, a man named Edey, residing in London Township, Ontario, put a period to his existence, by the old fashioned plan of cutting his throat with a razor. He was in independent circumstances but of unsound mind.

—The *Court Journal* of the 25th ult., says: Viscount Monck has been requested to retain the Government of all the Canadas for another year, owing to the impossibility of removing the Earl of Mayo—who is named to succeed Lord Monck—from the Chief Secretaryship of Ireland, in the present unsettled state of affairs.

MASONIC JEWELS, DESIGNS, &c.—Messrs Young & Radford are prepared to furnish all kinds of Masonic jewels, in the highest styles of the art, on the shortest notice, and at the cheapest rates. All kinds of jewellery repaired.

COTTON NO LONGER KING.—Cotton goods are now nearly as cheap as before the American war. Garland, Mutchmor & Co. have lately received a few bales of gray and white cottons, shirtings and prints, purchased since the great fall in prices. Parties requiring any description of dry goods would do well to see their stock before purchasing. 582-y

TO DRIVE OFF RATS.—We find the following going the rounds of our exchanges:—"Take a bunch of matches and soak them over night in a teacupful of water; then take out the matches, and thicken the water with Indian meal to a thick dough, adding a spoonful of sugar and a little lard. Lay about the premises where the rats are, and nothing else will get it. It is decidedly the best exterminator extant. Give it a trial."

CABLE NEWS.

THIS MORNING'S DESPATCHES.

LISBON, Feb. 13.—The Portuguese Government has authorized Edward Middlecott, banker of Lisbon, and Thos. Rambell, engineer of London, to lay the new telegraphic cable across the Atlantic. The line is to run from Falmouth, England, to Oporto, thence to the Azores, and from these Islands to some point on the Coast of the United States. The new cable is to be submerged on the Allan principle, and the estimated total expense of the enterprise will not exceed £600,000 sterling.

CORK, Feb. 13.—Several assaults were made upon the police yesterday in different parts of the city. The authorities are taking effective measures to put a stop to these disorders.

AMERICAN NEWS.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

From St. Domingo.

NEW YORK, Feb. 12.—The *Herald's* Havana special says the Dominican capital held out against the besiegers but a few days. Gen. Hungria is President *ad interim*. Gen. Baez is anxiously expected at the capital. He will immediately assume the Presidency on arriving. At Manzenillo the severe drought is retarding the tobacco growth, and the probability is that the crop will be half short.

Fatal Oil Explosion.

NEW YORK, Feb. 12.—Last night a still in the oil works in Nelson-st., South Brooklyn, exploded and completely destroyed a portion of the building. Three men were killed.

Report of the Reconstruction Committee.

NEW YORK, Feb. 13.—The *Times'* special says there is some excitement to-night over the fact that Mr. Stevens, chairman of the Reconstruction Committee, has prepared a strong report recommending the preferment of articles of impeachment by the House, which he says he is determined to push through the committee at their meeting to-morrow morning. He bases the proposed action on the alleged violation of the civil tenure law by the President, and on his alleged incitement to insubordination in ordering Gen. Grant to disregard the direct authority of the Secretary of War. There are other points in the report touching upon the alleged endeavors of the President to defeat the execution of the reconstruction laws, and the whole is said to be as strong an indictment as Mr. Stevens' logic and invective can frame.

Surratt's Trial Again Postponed.

The new trial of Surratt, which was set for the 24th inst., will probably be again postponed.

President Johnson "Backing Down."

The *Tribune's* special says the committee on reconstruction will hold a full meeting to-morrow, and then the additional Grant-Johnson correspondence is to be submitted. This will probably be the last of this matter for the present. It will sleep in committee until brought out for political effect in the next Presidential campaign. Impeachment on this score is considered dead. The President's last letter is looked upon as a direct back down, and has the effect of killing impeachment.

THIS MORNING'S DESPATCHES.

Died.

BOSTON, Feb. 13.—P. B. Walton, for many years Assistant Agent of the Associated Press here, died this morning.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 13.—Admiral Eagle died here last night, aged 69.

Accidentally Killed.

WORCESTER, MASS., Feb. 13.—Byron Wilson was killed by falling from the cars at the Junction station this morning.

The Explosion at Brooklyn.

NEW YORK, Feb. 13.—The explosion of the Brooklyn Paraffine Works yesterday was more disastrous than at first reported. Five stills out of seven were destroyed, together with much valuable machinery and a large quantity of oil. Total loss $25,000. Conroy has since died.

From St. Petersburg.

NEW YORK, Feb. 13.—The *Herald's* St. Petersburg letter states that the naturalized laws in Poland have been superseded by the Russian laws on the subject. The Cretan Diet have decided upon sending a deputation to Pesth for the purpose of coming to an agreement with Hungary.

The *Herald's* Constantinople special says, last week two Turkish frigates left for Crete with fresh troops and stores on board.

Political.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 13.—The Bill concerning American citizens abroad, with all the proposed amendments, was recommitted in the House to-day.

NEW YORK, Feb. 13.—A special to the *Commercial Advertiser* says, Secretary McCulloch denies that he intends to throw gold on the market as reported.

SPRING CIRCUITS, 1868.

EASTERN CIRCUIT.

(The Hon. Mr. Justice J. Wilson.)

Pembroke	Wednesday	March	11th.
Perth	Monday	"	16th.
Brockville	Thursday	"	19th.
Ottawa	Tuesday	"	24th.
Kingston	Thursday	"	26th.
Cornwall	Tuesday	April	14th.
L'Orignal	Tuesday	"	21st.

MIDLAND CIRCUIT.

(The Hon. Mr. Justice A. Wilson.)

Napanee	Tuesday	March	17th.
Belleville	Monday	"	23rd.
Cobourg	Tuesday	"	31st.
Whitby	Thursday	April	9th.
Peterborough	Thursday	"	16th.
Lindsay	Tuesday	"	21st.
Picton	Wednesday	"	29th.

NIAGARA CIRCUIT.

(The Hon. Mr. Justice Morrison.)

Milton	Monday	March	16th.
Barrie	Tuesday	April	7th.
Hamilton	Tuesday	"	14th.
Welland	Tuesday	"	28th.
St. Catherines	Monday	May	4th.
Owen Sound	Thursday	"	7th.

OXFORD CIRCUIT.

(The Hon. Mr. Justice Hagarty.)

Guelph	Monday	March	16th.
Woodstock	Monday	"	23rd.
Berlin	Monday	"	30th.
Stratford	Monday	April	6th.
Brantford	Monday	"	20th.
Cayuga	Tuesday	"	28th.
Simcoe	Tuesday	May	5th.

WESTERN CIRCUIT.

(The Hon. Chief Justice of the Common Pleas.)

Walkerton	Wednesday	March	18th.
Goderich	Tuesday	"	24th.
Sarnia	Tuesday	"	31st.
London	Monday	April	6th.
St. Thomas	Wednesday	"	15th.
Chatham	Tuesday	"	21st.
Sandwich	Tuesday	"	28th.

HOME CIRCUIT.

(The Hon. the Chief Justice of Ontario.)

County of York	Monday	March	16th.
County of Peel	Monday	"	30th.
City of Toronto	Monday	April	6th.

CHANCERY SPRING SITTINGS, 1868.

The Hon. Vice-Chancellor MOWAT.

Toronto	Monday	March	16

The Hon. the CHANCELLOR.

Goderich	Tuesday	March	31
Stratford	Friday	April	3
Sarnia	Tuesday	"	7
Sandwich	Thursday	"	9
Chatham	Saturday	"	11
London	Wednesday	"	15
Woodstock	Monday	"	20
Simcoe	Thursday	"	23

The Hon. Vice-Chancellor MOWAT.

Guelph	Tuesday	April	7
Brantford	Tuesday	"	14
St. Catherines	Thursday	"	16
Hamilton	Monday	"	27
Whitby	Monday	May	4
Cobourg	Thursday	"	7
Barrie	Monday	"	11
Owen Sound	Tuesday	"	19

The Hon. Vice-Chancellor SPRAGGE.

Kingston	Tuesday	April	21
Brockville	Friday	"	24
Cornwall	Tuesday	"	28
Ottawa	Tuesday	May	5
Belleville	Tuesday	"	12
Peterboro'	Tuesday	"	19
Lindsay	Friday	"	22

LEGISLATURE OF ONTARIO.

[From the Leader.]

TUESDAY, Feb. 11.

The House met to-day at 3 o'clock.

PETITIONS.

Several petitions were presented, praying for certain amendments to the Municipal Act; also petitions against the incorporation of the licensed victuallers.

Mr. CAMERON presented a petition from Chief Justice Draper and others, praying an enquiry be made into the present school system, with a view of reaching children who do not attend school at present.

REPORTS OF COMMITTEES.

Sir H. SMITH presented the fourth report of the committee on miscellaneous private bills.

Mr. OLIVER presented a report of the special committee respecting butter and cheese.

Sir H. SMITH presented a report of the standing committee on elections.

TORONTO UNIVERSITY.

Mr. CAMERON presented a return, in compliance with the Address passed to His Excellency the Lieut.-Governor, of lands held by the University of Toronto in the County of Brant.

CRESCENT PETROLEUM COMPANY.

On motion of Mr. PARDEE the Bill for the incorporation of the Crescent Petroleum Company was read a third time and passed.

GORE DISTRICT INSURANCE COMPANY.

The Bill respecting the Gore District Insurance Company was read a third time and passed.

INTERPRETATION OF THE STATUTES.

Mr. MACDONALD moved the House again into committee of the whole on the Bill for the Interpretation of the Statutes, for the purpose of adopting several clauses that were laid over when the House was last in committee on the Bill.

The first, second, and third clauses having passed without amendment,

Mr. MACDONALD moved that in the fourth clause the words "Her Majesty the Queen" be struck out, and the words "The Governor-General" be inserted instead.

The clause as amended was passed without discussion.

Wherever Her Majesty's name appeared in the remaining clauses, it was struck out and the words "The Governor-General" inserted instead; so that acts reserved shall be held for the signification of His Excellency.

The Bill having been adopted in Committee, the House resumed.

Mr. MACDONALD moved that the amendments be concurred in, which was carried.

It was ordered that the Bill be read a third time to-morrow.

PUBLIC ASYLUMS.

Certain resolutions, reported by the Committee of the Whole, respecting an inspection of public asylums, were concurred in.

OVERHOLDING TENANTS.

The House went into Committee of the Whole on the Bill respecting Overholding Tenants.

The Bill is intended to facilitate the ejectment of tenants who refuse to leave when ordered to do so.

In order to have certain amendments printed the committee rose, reported progress and asked leave to sit again.

REGISTRARS.

When the tenth order of the day was reached,

Mr. MACDONALD said, he was prepared to go on with the second reading of the Bill relating to Registrars.

Several members cried out "drop it."

Mr. MACDONALD was willing to drop it for that day.

Mr. SEXTON moved the second reading of his Bill relating to Registrars. The Bill was read a second time, and was ordered to be read a third time to-morrow.

DENTISTRY.

Mr. BOULTER moved the second reading of the Bill relating to Dentistry.

Sir HENRY SMITH objected to allow the Association of Dentistry to call their College the Royal College. He thought it was going too far in a Colony like this to assume the term Royal College.

Mr. MACDONALD said the name could be altered in Committee.

The Bill was then read a second time and referred to a Special Committee.

OFFICE OF SHERIFF.

Mr. EYRE moved the second reading of the Bill relating to the Office of Sheriff.

The author of the Bill explained that it was intended to provide for the removal, in case of the death of the Sheriff, of his books to the office of the Crown Attorney.

The Bill passed its third reading accordingly.

WELLINGTON, GREY, AND BRUCE RAILWAY.

The House went into Committee of the Whole on the Bill for the purpose of granting a charter to the Wellington, Grey, and Bruce Railway Company—Mr. CLARKE in the Chair.

The Bill was adopted and the Committee rose. The Bill was then concurred in by the House, and ordered to be read a third time to-morrow.

YOUNG MENS' CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION.

The House went into Committee of the Whole, on the Bill introduced by Mr. Blake, for the incorporation of the Young Mens' Christian Association of Toronto.

The Bill passed through Committee, and was reported to the House, and ordered to be read a third time to-morrow.

GUELPH BOARD OF TRADE.

Mr. GOW moved the third reading of the Bill to incorporate the Guelph Board of Trade. The Bill was read accordingly, and referred to the Private Bill Committee.

On motion of Mr. MACDONALD the House adjourned at twenty minutes to five, till three o'clock to-morrow.

YIELD OF GOLD AT MADOC.

The Belleville *Intelligencer* gives the following return of the quartz crushed by the mills of Messrs. Turley & Gilbert, and Messrs. Scott & Taylor, for the month ending January 31, 1868:—

FROM TURLEY AND GILBERT'S CRUSHER.

Confederate Company, Madoc, 1 ton	$13.00
Bay State Co., con. 5, lot 17, Madoc, 1 ton	19.50
John Tassie, Madoc, 1 ton	8.00
David Barker, Madoc, 1 ton	27.50
Ham & Horton, Madoc, 1 ton	20.00
Excelsior Co., con. 6, lot 17, Madoc, 2 tons	40.00
G. Gumim, con. 6, lot 23, Madoc, 1 ton	19.50
Toledo Co., con. 6, Madoc, 1 ton	50.00
Dean & Gilbert, con. 3, lot 13, Lake, 1 ton	$15.00
James Jackson, Madoc, 3 tons	65.00
Toronto and Whitby Co., con. 4, lot 28, Madoc, 1½ tons	30.00
Confederate Co., Madoc, 1 ton	20.00
A. F. Wood, village of Madoc 1800lbs	6.90
D. Allan, Belmont, 1 ton	8.00
Anson Ross, Madoc, 1 ton	5.00
Royal Canadian Co., con. 5, lot 17, Madoc, 1 ton	40.00
Seven lots blank; nine lots under $5.	

DANIELS, SCOTT & TAYLOR'S CRUSHER.

1 ton from Tudor	$14.50
1 ton from Rawdon	6.50
1 ton from Hononula Mine, Madoc	12.52
1 ton from back of Kingston	12.75
Five lots blank; five lots under $5.	

—At an interesting meeting of the lumbermen of Lincoln and Welland, held last week, a memorial to the Dominion Parliament was adopted, praying that an export duty of $3 per 1000 feet, board measure, may be put upon all saw-logs and round timber of all kinds leaving Canadian ports for other countries, and an export duty of $2 per cord upon all shingle bolts. It appears that by the present arrangements the sawn lumber is subject to an export duty, while the "raw material," the saw-logs, go out free. The effect is to induce many Canadians to go to the States to saw, exporting their logs free, and thus injuring this country. It is estimated that from the Canadian ports on Lake Erie alone fifty millions of feet in logs are exported annually, which, at the duty asked to be imposed, would realize $150,000 to the revenue. If the facts are as stated, it seems only proper that, in the absence of "reciprocity," such a duty as that sought should be imposed. It was so imposed for a time, but quickly withdrawn, to effect what, was never clearly explained.—*London Free Press.*

A GLANCE AT THE "FREEMAN'S" CRITICISM ON MR. JOHNSON'S "GREAT STATEMENT."

[From the St. John, N. B., Morning News.]

In its issue of Jan. 25, last, the *Freeman* had a long critique headed "The Great Statement," in which poor Johnson was made to cut a very ridiculous figure indeed. Not having the needful documents at hand at the time, we reserved the *Freeman's* article for a close inspection at a more convenient season. Having subjected the first part of Mr. Johnson's statement to a prolonged and searching examination, and established certain important facts not noted by any of our contemporaries, we were about to commence work in the same patient manner on the second part of that statement. We bethought ourselves, however, first to take another glance at the *Freeman's* article aforesaid of Jan. 25th. We have done so, and we are surprised beyond measure at much we find in it. Speaking of Mr. Johnson's comparison, says the *Freeman*:

"He begins with axes. In 1866 we imported 144. Mr. Johnson chooses to estimate that this year we will import 48, and so save $42.

This very first item shows the ridiculous character of the whole statement. By what conceivable process does Mr. Johnson arrive at the conclusion that we will import this year just one-third of the number of axes we imported last year."

Turning to the Controller's Report we find there were entered for home consumption from different countries axes to the following extent:—

Canada	48
Nova Scotia	48
United States	48
Total	144

Now, if we import exactly 144 axes in the same proportion as before from different countries within a similar period of time, duty will be payable in precisely 48, as Mr. Johnson states—Canada and Nova Scotia axes coming free. Is that "ridiculous?" Again, says the *Freeman*:—

"Next come ale and porter. The duty on these when imported is reduced from ten cents a gallon and three per cent to five cents. Not satisfied with this Mr. Johnson coolly assumes that the quantity imported, even with a reduced duty, will fall from 50,582 gallons to 44,176 gallons. How he comes to this conclusion we cannot imagine."

Referring to the Controller's Return of Ale and Porter entered for home consumption in 1866, we discover that of the quantity thus entered the

United Kingdom sent us	42,756	galls.
Canada " "	5,058	"
Nova Scotia " "	1,308	"
P. E. Island " "	40	"
United States " "	1,420	"
Total	50,582	galls.

Now, if it be assumed that our importations of Ale and Porter remain as in 1866, then as 6,406 gallons of these articles came to us from Canada, Nova Scotia, and P. E. Island in that year, and will all be duty free, when P. E. Island comes into the Union, the residue on which duty will be paid will be exactly 44,176, as set down by Mr. Johnson. If you exclude P. E. Island articles from the free list, it will only make a difference of 40 galls. Can the *Freeman* "imagine" now?

Further the *Freeman* remarks:

"Some of our manufacturers anticipated that we would make agricultural implements for the Dominion. Mr. Johnson estimates that in some way or other the importation will be reduced one-third, and so he calculates a saving of $1,610. A capital mode of making up a case it must be admitted."

Glancing at the Dominion Tariff we observe: Farming Utensils and Implements of Husbandry, when especially imported by Agricultural Societies for the encouragement of Agriculture, *free*. Is it too much to suppose that Agricultural Societies all the Province over will have sense enough to encourage Agriculture when they can get their implements duty free, and that the result of such encouragement will be to diminish duty paying importations of these articles to the extent of one-third as compared with those of 1866?

BURNED TO DEATH.

On Friday afternoon, at the village of Petrolea, a frightful occurrence took place, whereby an unfortunate man was burned to death. The following are the particulars: A man by the name of Alonzo Wade, a teamster employed in teaming oil, had his working clothes pretty well greased up, and set his wife to clean them. The woman commenced to wash them out in benzole, in a pan or tub. Some of the fluid, in the washing process, was spilt upon the floor, when Wade foolishly lit a match and applied it to the benzole on the floor, for the purpose of burning it off. The instant he had done so the fluid flared up, the flames quickly communicating with the contents of the pan or tub, when the whole of the benzole exploded with a loud report, shattering the stove to pieces. The place was at once a mass of flames, and the man and his wife ran to the door, and escaped so far with little or no injury. The man Wade then bethought himself of something he had left behind, and recklessly rushed back into the burning room. The flames at once seized upon him, and in an instant he was a mass of fire. He made for the window, but could not get out, and stuck fast in the window sash and was ultimately dragged out! His clothes were entirely burnt off his body, and not an inch of his flesh was left untouched by the flames. The poor fellow lived in great agony for 24 hours, and expired. When questioned for what purpose he risked his life, he said to his wife, "If I live, I'll tell you why I went back; if I die, you shall never know." So the unhappy man died, and his secret with him.—*Free Press.*

A POCKET EDITION OF THE BIBLE.—Webb's Lord's Prayer on glass is written in a circle of the diameter of 1-42 of an inch. But as there is a margin round the written part, the prayer itself occupies a circle of 1-50 of an inch in diameter. By reason of the faintness of the writing it is not easy to see it with the naked eye. The circle, however, is exactly of the size of one of the printed dots subjoined. (....) Within this minute space, the area of which is 1-3,188 of an inch, the 277 letters composing the Lord's Prayer are elegantly written so as to be clearly legible when magnified 100 times; and as this has been done in the 1-3,188 of a square inch, it could of course be repeated 3,183 times in one square inch. In other words, 911,691 letters of the same size could be written in one square inch, and the whole bible, which contains 3½ millions of letters, could be written on a slip of glass 2 inches square, leaving a considerable margin all round the edge. The Lord's Prayer written on glass in the manner above mentioned, may be bought in London for a shilling. The same ingenious artist has, however, been able to execute specimens of small writing of a much less size. Written in this way the second chapter of St. John's Gospel may be bought for £2. It is contained within a space equal to 1-1,054 of an inch, at which rate the whole bible and three-quarters of a million more letters can be written within the small space of one square inch. These remarkable results are obtained by means of a diamond point moved by a series of levers, at the other end of which is a pencil; anything written with the pencil is copied by the diamond point moving on the surface of a slip of glass, and the letters are reduced by the action of the levers to the minute size which the microscope enables us to discover only by the aid of a high power. The actual size of the letters in the Lord's Prayer first mentioned is very small. The letter O in the word "hallowed" is 1-1,450th 1-2,200, equal to 1-3 480,000 of an inch, but Mr. Webb has written upon glass letters which are only the forty millionth of an inch in size.

—A soldier named Brecker was shot on Saturday at Chartres for highway robbery and murder. The night preceding his execution he spent in playing dominoes with his jailer!

—The Emperor of Austria has conveyed to King Victor Emmanuel his thanks for the proof of friendship and sympathy of his Majesty, by being represented at the funeral of Maximilian.

—An official document shows that the late Fenian outrage in Clerkenwell caused seven deaths; inflicted severe (in some cases permanent) injuries upon 41 persons; rendered 56 homeless; and inflicted more or less suffering upon 600 families.

WEEKLY REPORT OF CANADIAN SECURITIES.

PELLATT & OSLER,
No. 86, King-street East.
Toronto, Feby. 11, 1868.

Bank's and Sundries.

	Capital.	Amount of Shares.	Paid Up.	Dividend Last Six Months.	Closing Price.
Bank of Montreal	$6,000,000	$200 00	All	5 per cent	125

Scale Manufacturer.

E. DORION begs to inform the public that he has opened a SCALE MANUFACTORY in Clarence-street, second door from Sussex-street, in E. D'Amour's Blacksmith Shop, and where he is now prepared to repair all sorts of Scales in use.

Ottawa, Janv. 11 637y

Trade Sale of Teas.

THE Subscribers will offer, for account of Messrs. D. TORRANCE & CO., at their Sale-room, on WEDNESDAY, 19th FEBRUARY, about

5,000 half-chests Green and Black Teas.

Catalogues will be prepared.
Sale at NINE o'clock.

JOHN LEEMING & CO.,
662d Auctioneers.

PRIVATE BOARDING HOUSE.

MRS. RICHARD will open a Private first-class BOARDING HOUSE, Corner of SUSSEX and CLARENCE-STS., over Mr. Martineau's Dry Goods Store, on the 15th instant. Parties wishing quiet, good, comfortable board, with good attendance, will please apply and secure apartments.

Ottawa, February 6, 1868. 659-3m

No. 1. Sappers of the Lower Town.

THE GRAND

Third Annual Ball,

By the Sappers Company of the Lower Town.

THE Sappers Company will give their third yearly ball, MONDAY EVENING, SEVENTEENTH FEBRUARY, in the CANADA HOTEL, Sussex-street.

Marrier's Band of Music will be present.

The refreshments will be furnished by Mr. Laviviere.

Tickets, admitting a lady and gentleman, including refreshments, $2; for a gentleman $1.50.

Dancing will begin at 8 o'clock, p.m.

Tickets can be obtained from the members of the Company, and at the door the evening of the ball.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

N. GROULX, Secy-Treas. DAMAS ROY, Capt.
Ottawa, February 6, 1868. 659d

NATURAL AMERICAN

Lubricating Oils!

PREPARED EXPRESSLY FOR
STEAMBOATS,
LOCOMOTIVES,
CAR JOURNALS,
FACTORIES,
MACHINE SHOPS,
HORSE RAILWAYS,
&c., &c., &c.

Perfectly free from Gum & Grit.

NON-EXPLOSIVE,

NON-INFLAMMABLE,

WILL NOT FREEZE IN WINTER!

AND THE

CHEAPEST OIL IN THE MARKET!

FROM the numerous certificates we have received, we beg to call attention to the following:—

OFFICE OF THE CANADA SCREW COMPANY,

MESSRS. MCKENZIE & MACKAY.

GENTLEMEN,—Having used machinery all my life, I have had occasion to use many kinds of lubricating oils, and have had my mind fixed in regard to the qualities of different kinds. When asked to give your new Volcanic Oil a trial, I had very little faith in it being better than many other kinds that I had previously tried and considered; but after using your oil on light and heavy machinery for some time, I have come to the conclusion that it is a safe, cheap article—100 per cent better than lard oil, now so generally used in this country.

Respectfully yours,
J. F. BILLINGTON,
Manager Canada Screw Company.

Dundas, May 15, 1867.

DUNDAS FLOUR MILLS,
Dundas, May 15, 1867.

Messrs. MCKENZIE & MACKAY, Hamilton,

GENTLEMEN,—I have tried your Lubricating Oil, (AA) and (A) and can recommend it as being a good Oil for Lubricating purposes. I have used it on both heavy and light machinery, and find it answers the purpose as well as any oil hitherto used. I have always used olive oil till now, so that your oil received a severe test. Please send me one barrel of each kind.

Yours truly,
JAMES COLMAN,
JAMES WALES, Manager.

WEST FLAMBORO, July 27, 1867.

Messrs. MCKENZIE & MACKAY, 9, King-street, Hamilton,

GENTLEMEN,—I have thoroughly tested in my mill the Lubricating Oil received from you. The sample marked (AA) I think is superior to any elephant oil for saw mill machinery. The journals run with it, work longer clean, and with less friction than with any other oil I have used.

Yours respectfully,
ROBERT CHRISTIE.

DUNDAS FOUNDRY, Dundas, July 29, 1867.

Messrs. MCKENZIE & MACKAY, Hamilton,

GENTLEMEN,—I have been testing your Natural Lubricating Oils [A] and [AAA] for the last three months, and have no hesitation in stating that they are the best oils used in this foundry for some years, and are far superior to what we have known as "Petroleum Lubricators." They are free from all Gum and Grit, do not heat the bearings, and are particularly adapted for lathes and planer beds. The TREBLE A OIL is especially suited for cutting heavy bolts. I have used it with the "Patent Die," which finishes the thread with one cut, and it has stood the severe test to my satisfaction.

Yours truly,
THOMAS WILSON,
Foreman.

"LEADER" Office, June 28, 1867.

MR. BRADFORD,

I have used the five gallons of the American Lubricating Oil marked (AA) upon the Engine and Presses, and find it as good, if not better, than any we have previously used. Please send one barrel, as soon as possible, of (AA) Oil.

JOHN CARROLL,
Foreman.

Many other certificates equally favorable can be seen at our Office.

PRICE LIST.

	A	AA	AAA
Less than 1 barrel per Gallon	$0 75	$0 80	$0 90
1 Barrel and less than 5 Barrels, per Gallon	62	65	70

Over 5 Barrels and less than 20 Barrels, 10 per cent. off. 20 Barrels and over, 15 per cent. off.

McKENZIE & MACKAY,
Agents for Canada,
9 King Street,
Hamilton.

Feb. 11. 663tf

GREAT DISCOVERY.

EVERY MAN HIS OWN ARTIST!

A SCIENTIFIC WONDER.

AN Instrument by which any person can take correct Likenesses or Photographs. This instrument with full instructions sent by mail for one dollar. Address,

C. B. AMES & CO.,
Broadway, New York.

Skates! Skates!

At ISAAC'S,

ALSO,

SLEIGHS, SLEIGHS

ALL PRESENTS BY SANTA CLAUS,

At ISAAC'S.

Skates from 20 cents to $6.00

At ISAAC'S,
Sparks-street,

ALSO,

Hardware of all Description

At Lowest Cash Prices,
At ISAAC'S.

Remember the place,

T. ISAAC'S.

December 17, 1867. 617tf

PHŒNIX.

MESSRS. R. EATON & Co. respectfully announce to the public that THEY HAVE RESUMED BUSINESS in this City in the various branches of their trade and manufacture, which they now carry on at the following places:—

Paint, Oil, Varnish, Color and Painters' Stock Depot,
Bell's New Block, 1st Story, Opposite the Russell House.

Oil Painting, Engraving, Paper Hanging and Decorating Depot,
Bell's New Block, 2nd Story, Opposite the Russell House.

Looking-Glass, Picture Frame, Silvering and Gilding Rooms,
Scott's Building, over Confectionary, Opposite the Russell House.

Cornice, Picture, and Locking-Glass Frame Manufactory,
Wright's Building, Chaudiere, formerly occupied by E. B. Eddy, Esq.

Their present extensive stock in the various departments is entirely new, the former having been destroyed by fire, and has been carefully and judiciously selected, with especial regard to the demands of this City and its surroundings. Their Painters' Stock is especially good. Their Paper Hangings and Decorating Stock is in endless variety of quality and price: and the Decoration of Dwellings, Offices, Stores and Public Buildings undertaken, and satisfaction guaranteed both as to style and workmanship.

Having secured spacious premises at the Chaudiere, with extensive water-power, for the purpose of Manufacturing Cornices and Frames of all kinds, and having also secured spacious Looking-Glass, Silvering and Gilding Rooms, they will be enabled to fill orders for Pier, Mantle, Hanging and Toilet Mirrors, Picture Frames and Cornices, at the Shortest Notice.

Oil Paintings and Engravings of undoubted merit and beauty always in stock.

Window Blinds, new style, unsurpassed, always kept on hand. These are made so as to fit windows of any size, and are painted or oiled to suit taste or business of purchaser.

Messrs. R. E. & Co., avail themselves of this opportunity for returning their sincerest thanks for the kind patronage heretofore bestowed upon them, and for the great sympathy manifested for them on the occasion of the recent fire, and in resuming business they beg to assure their many kind friends and patrons that with new stock, renewed energy, and competent and faithful workmen, they feel confident of filling all orders with which they may be favored with promptness and punctuality, and in such a manner as will merit entire satisfaction.

OFFICE—Bell's Block, Opposite Russell House.

OTTAWA, Feb. 14, 1868. 666-3m

ANGUS AND HUCKELL,

No. 15 SUSSEX-STREET

GREAT DISCOUNT SALE!

CLEARING OUT

FALL AND WINTER STOCK

—OF—

Boots, Shoes & Rubbers.

10 CENTS OFF EVERY DOLLAR

CASH PURCHASES,

FOR ONE MONTH.

Largest and Best Stock

IN THE DOMINION.

Call and See.

No. 15 SUSSEX-STREET

Boots, Shoes and Rubbers.

OTTAWA, February 13, 1868. 665y

THE NEW DOMINION!

47. SUSSEX-STREET. 47.

Established with the Nation, 1st July, 1867.

Tried by the People,
Nobly sustained,
Long may it flourish!

Come one! Come all!!
Farmers and Lumbermen,
Merchants and Citizens,

COME TO THE NEW DOMINION!

And you will find a large and varied assortment of

STAPLE and FANCY DRY GOODS!

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,
AS CHEAP AS THE CHEAPEST,
AS GOOD AS THE BEST.

A New Tailoring Establishment!

Has just been opened on the premises, with FIRST-CLASS WORKMEN, under the management of a FIRST-CLASS FASHIONABLE CUTTER.

Suits made to order, and Warranted to *suit*, At every price,

Of every style, For every season, And at the shortest notice.

Do you want Hats or Caps, Furs or Blankets, Boots or Shoes, Moccasins or Mittens? Visit the New Dominion. It will prove to your advantage. From top to toe a perfect outfit guaranteed, by

JAMES HIGGINSON, Proprietor.

Ottawa, February 6, 1868. 659tf

DRY GOODS AT DISCOUNT!

$30,000

Worth of Seasonable Dry Goods

OFFERED AT

10 Cents Discount on all Cash Purchases of $1

AND UPWARDS, AT

J. A. PINARD'S.

Most of the COTTON GOODS in Stock

Have been bought within the last two months, and will offered a

REDUCTION OF 40 PER CENT.

Compared with any Cotton Goods of Fall Importation in this city.

Dress Goods, Woollen Goods, &c.

HAVE BEEN REDUCED IN PRICES SINCE 1st JANUARY.

This further indicement of Discount is offered in order to reduce Stock to the lowest point before *Stock-Taking*.

N. B.—Sale to Commence on MONDAY, THIRD of FEBRUARY, for a short time only. Goods marked in plain figures. Only One Price.

No. 17, SUSSEX-ST., CORNER of GEORGE-ST.,

SIGN OF THE GOLDEN BALL.

Ottawa, Feb. 1, 1868. 655b6w1

DOMINION HOUSE!

WELLINGTON-STREET,

COLIN McLaurin & Geo. Irvine, Proprietors. This hotel has been lately fitted up, and is now replete with every convenience which characterizes a modern hotel.

Boarders taken at moderate rates. The bar is always stocked with first-class liquors.

Ottawa, Feb. 5. 658-6wy

LOST.

ONE YELLOW (Bitch) HOUND, and one WHITE and BLACK SPOTTED (Pup) HOUND, strayed or stolen from Gloucester on the 24th December last. Any person keeping either of these hounds after this notice will be prosecuted, and any information left with the undersigned will be suitably rewarded.

OLIVER PINARD,
Delhi Hotel, No. 17, Clarence-st.

February 12. 664a

YOUNG & RADFORD'S COLUMN.

Watches,
Watches,
Watches

AT

YOUNG

AND

RADFORD'S

30 Sparks-street.

Clocks,
Clocks,
Clocks,

AT

YOUNG AND RADFORD'S.

Jewellery,
Jewellery,
Jewellery,

AT

YOUNG AND RADFORD'S.

Electro-Plated ware,
Electro-Plated Ware,
Electro-Plated Ware,

AT

YOUNG AND RADFORD'S.

Fancy Goods,
Fancy Goods,
Fancy Goods,

AT

YOUNG AND RADFORD'S,

Manufacturing Jewellers,

30 SPARKS-STREET.

Old Gold and Silver

Bought, and highest cash price paid,

AT

YOUNG

AND

RADFORD'S

BROWNE & HARDY'S COLUMN.

1867 AND 1868.

INDIA WAREHOUSE!

16 Rideau Street, Ottawa.

THE SUBSCRIBERS beg to inform their Customers that their Stock is now complete, and embraces every delicacy of the Season, among which will be found a choice assortment of

TEAS,

Breakfast SOUCHONG, do CONGOU, } Black Extra Fine.
Superior HYSON,
" GUNPOWDER,
" IMPERIAL,
" TWANKAY,
Orange PEKOE, Flowery " Japan " } These Teas have been carefully selected for family trade by

BROWNE & HARDY.

SUGARS,
LOAF,
BROKEN LOAF,
CRUSHED,
GROUND,
YELLOW,
and MUSCOVADO.

COFFEE,
MOCHA,
JAVA,
JAMAICA, and
CEYLON,
Roasted and Ground daily on the premises.

CHOCOLATE and COCOA,
FRENCH, flavored with Vanilla;
TAYLOR'S,
FRYE'S,
MOTT'S

FRUITS, &c.
LAYER RAISINS,
in Whole, Half and Quarter Boxes
MUSCATEL, do do
SULTANA,
VALENTIA,
CURRANTS,
GRAPES,
ORANGES
LEMONS,
PRUNES.
ALMONDS,
WALNUTS,
FILBERTS, and
BRAZIL NUTS.

BUTTER,
CHOICE DAIRY, in Tubs and Crocks, received Weekly.

CHEESE,
English, American and Canadian.

SPICES,
NUTMEGS,
MACE,
CINNAMON,
CLOVES,
GINGER,
MIXED SPICES,
All Ground on the Premises

BROWNE & HARDY.

Ottawa, ecember 19 405f

THE MONTREAL WAREHOUSE,

IN MR. INGLIS' NEW BLOCK,

WILL BE OPENED OUT IN A FEW DAYS WITH A STOCK OF

Choice Wines, Groceries and Provisions, &c., &c.,

SUSSEX, OPPOSITE YORK-STREET,

J. MARTIN & CO.

OTTAWA, February 4, 1868. 657y

Great Discount Sale of Dry Goods.

Ten Cents off every Dollar,
Sixpence off every Five Shillings,
Two Shillings off every Pound

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY,

NO. 14, RIDEAU-STREET.

Respectfully announce that in order to clear out the balance of their

Fall and Winter Stock

They will for one month from this date

Give a Discount of Ten Per Cent.

On all Cash purchases of Two Dollars and Over.

Ottawa, January 14, 1868. 633-1m

HARDWARE!

HARDWARE!

Great Reduction

IN THE

PRICE OF HARDWARE

AT THE

SIGN of the ANVIL

No. 24, Rideau-street.

THE Undersigned would take this opportunity to express his thanks to his Customers in Ottawa and vicinity for their very liberal patronage in the past, and to solicit a continuance of their favors in the future, and to assure them that no effort on his part shall be wanting to supply them with the Best and Cheapest English and American Hardware. I do not pretend to sell at cost, but do propose to sell as cheap as any other establishment in Ontario. My stock shall comprise every article in the line of Hardware, and with the one price system I hope to merit and receive a continuance of the very liberal patronage given me in the past.

T. BIRKETT,
Sign of the Anvil, 24 Rideau-st.

Ottawa, Feb. 3. 408y

BLYTH & KERR,

Successors to Chas. Garth,

No. 25, Rideau-st.,

Plumbers,

Gas & Steam Fitters,

Tin & Coppersmiths,

Bell Hangers, &c.

All materials for the above branches kept constantly on hand.

—ALSO—

Importers and Dealers in House Furnishing Hardware.

Just received a well selected assortment of

Cooking Stoves,	Iron Bedsteads,
Double Stoves,	Bronzed & Wire Fenders,
Parlor Stoves,	Fire Irons,
Hall Stoves,	Fire Guards,

Japanned and Planished Tinware, &c.,

Manufacturers of all descriptions of work for Water and Gas Works, Brewer's Distilleries, Mills, &c. Makes and fits up Galvanized Iron Cornices, Gutters, Conductors, Roofing, &c.

Public and Private Buildings, Conservatories, Vineries, Manufactories, &c., warmed by Steam, Hot Water or Warm Air, on the most approved principles.

Orders from the country will receive strict attention.

Ottawa August 26. 416y

BOOKS, MAPS, &c.

MAPS of NEW BRUNSWICK, folded and on rollers, (McMillan's.) MAPS of NOVA SCOTIA, folded and on rollers, (McKinlay's.)

BRAITHWAITE FOR JANUARY.

A book for every office and library,

Chambers' Encyclopædia,

The best and cheapest published. Illustrated with Maps and Wood Cuts. 10 vols., half calf, $35.00.

Worcester's & Webster's Illustrated

4to DICTIONARIES.

SUTHERLAND'S CITY DIRECTORY.

The New Literature received as issued by English and American publishers.

The NEW AUTHORIZED SERIES OF READERS—Wholesale and Retail.

Bill and Postage Stamps.

J. DURIE & SON,
10 Sparks-st.,
498y Opposite the Russell House

BUY YOUR TEA

DIRECT FROM

THE IMPORTERS

TEA! TEA! TEA!

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY, 6 Hospital Street, Montreal, having just imported a large quantity of Green and Black Teas, beg to call the attention of the Trade, Hotel Proprietors, and large establishments generally to their list of prices. Buyers of Chests and Boxes of Tea will save money by getting it direct through the Importers.

All orders for 25 lb. boxes and upwards, carriage free to any Railway Station in Canada. Parties wanting smaller quantities should club together, Buyers living beyond Railway Stations, will please send post office order, or enclose notes. The carriage will be paid to the nearest station, where there are express offices. Tea will be forwarded immediately on receipt of the order by mail containing money, or the money can be collected on delivery by express man. Cash collected in Montreal free of charge, and Tea forwarded for the same. Original packages Black Tea weigh, 4 chests about 50 lbs. Chests do. 90 to 100 lbs. Green Tea from 60 to 80 lbs. Teas not mentioned in advertisement can be had equally cheap. The Company are determined to take a stand in the Montreal market, every article may therefore be depended on as to quality and weight.

BLACK TEA.

Common Congou, Broken Leaf, Strong Tea	00 45
Fine Flavoured New Season do	00 55
Excellent Full Flavoured do	00 75
Sound Oolong	00 45
Rich Flavoured do	00 60
Very Fine do	00 75
Japan	00 58
Very Fine do	00 75
An excellent mixed Tea, Black and Green	00 60

GREEN TEA.

Twankay, Common	00 38
Fine do	00 55
Young Hyson	00 60
Fine do	00 75
Superfine and Very Choice	1 00
Fine Gunpowder	00 85
Extra Superfine do	1 00

Reductions made to buyers of Five Chests and upwards.

Address

MONTREAL TEA CO.,
6, Hospital-st, Montreal.

Agent for Ottawa and neighborhood,

MR. JOS. MOONEY,

All Boxes and Chests sent from this Establishment have the address of the *MONTREAL TEA COMPANY* printed on them.

August 27, 1867. 52234-w

WAR! WAR! WAR!

KEARNS & RYAN,

WELL KNOWN

Merchants of this City,

—WHO KEEP THE PEOPLE'S—

CHEAP CASH STORE!

Have declared War against all other merchants of the Capital of Canada, for imposing dear goods on the people. They will make a

Reduction of 20 per cent off Hats and Bonnets,

—AND—

10 per cent off all other Cash Purchases

OVER ONE DOLLAR,

During the month of February. Rush to their establishment and judge for yourselves. No deception.

Corner of York and Sussex-sts.

Ottawa, February 3, 1868. 656d

BARGAINS

—IN—

DRESS GOODS!

IN ORDER to make a Clearance of the remainder of our Winter Stock of COBURGS, WINCIES, MERINOS, REPPS, SERGES, FANCY POPLINETTES, &c., we have RE-MARKED *the whole lot at such prices as will shew a Reduction of from 12½ to 20 per cent under former prices!*

REMNANTS, REMNANTS, REMNANTS!

We have also brought forward our accumulation of Remnants of every kind, and marked them at Very Low Prices.

Magee & Russell.

Ottawa, Jan. 10, 1867. 380y

Ottawa CROCKERY Store!

PRESENTATION ORNAMENTS.

WILLIAM ALLAN

RESPECTFULLY announces the arrival of a Choice Selection of China and Bohemian Glass Flower Vases and Ornaments suitable for Xmas and New Year's Gifts. Also, his usual complete Stock of China, Glass, Earthenware and Parian Marble ever brought into Ottawa, consisting of

DINNER SETTS, BREAKFAST SETTS, DESSERT SETTS, TOILET SETTS.

Cut and Engraved, Cut and Pressed TABLE GLASS, and an assortment of Common Ware to wholesale purchasers.

A large and most varied Stock select from:

W. ALLAN,
54 *RIDEAU STREET, (opposite Mr. D. Whalen's.)*

Ottawa, December 19, 1867. 574y

SHEFFIELD HOUSE!

E. K. MacGILLIVRAY & Co.,

MANUFACTURING JEWELLERS

—AND—

WATCHMAKERS

OTTAWA, January 21, 1868.

FARM FOR SALE.

FOR SALE, Lot No. 15, 4th Concession Gloucester, Rideau Front, 7 miles from Ottawa, on the Macadamised Road, leading from Ottawa to Metcalf, consisting of 100 acres, 80 of which cleared, and in the highest state of cultivation. The soil is of the very best quality; there is a good dwelling house, barn, stable and other out buildings thereon. This farm is well fenced and watered.

For further particulars apply to
H. McLEAN, Auctioneer,
Or the subscriber, on the premises,
W. HALPENNY.

Gloucester, Sept. 13, 1867. 557 37-6m

W. NOTMAN,

Photographer to the Queen

CORNER OF

WELLINGTON AND METCALFE

STREETS,

WOULD intimate that having all his arrangements completed, his

Establishment will be Opened

—ON—

Monday Next, 3rd February

When he will be prepared to fulfil orders for all the different branches of Photography.

Ottawa, Jan. 31, 1868. 582y

PIANOFORTES!

Messrs. Orme & Son

BEG to intimate that they have on hand one of the FINEST COLLECTIONS of

Steinway, Chickering and Dunham

PIANOFORTES

That have ever been offered for sale in Ottawa. These instruments were carfully selected by Mr. Nordheimer from the factories.

INSPECTION INVITED.

A splendid CHICKERING, only a few months in use, FOR SALE CHEAP, the proprietor having gone to England.

Old Pianofortes taken in exchange.

25, Sparks-street,
Sign of the Golden Lyre.

January 27. 448y

NEW STORE!

THE Store formerly occupied by W. D. WOOD, No. 38, on RIDEAU STREET, has been refitted by the subscribers, and will be opened on MONDAY, FOURTEENTH OCTOBER, with an entire new stock of

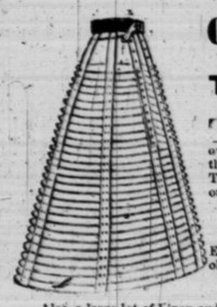
GROCERIES,

LIQUORS AND

HARDWARE.

WOOD & ROSSITER.

Ottawa, October 12, 1867. 563-tf



City Hoop Skirt Factory.

The Double Extension Skirt.

THIS new and convenient Skirt I am now making in all widths of tape. The great advantage this Skirt has over all others: ladies can alter it themselves to any width they wish, from 1¼ yards to 3 yards, without the least trouble. They only can be had at the Factory. Everyother style of Skirt on hand or made to order. Just received another lot of

FRENCH CORSETS,

Every size, from 17 inches to 36 inches. Also, a few of those old fashioned Corsets, (lacing at the back.)

Lambs' Wool Hose, Breakfast Shawls.

Also, a large lot of Linen and Lawn Pocket Handkerchiefs, cheap.

DAVID MILLAR,
43 Sparks-st, Centre Town, next to Esmonde's Stove Depot.
436y

New Premises and Cheap Goods.

GRANT & HENDERSON

Having recently moved into their new premises, **No. 20, Rideau-street,** one of the firm visited lately the Montreal Markets, and secured a very large stock of entirely

NEW GOODS,

At most EXTRAORDINARY REDUCTIONS in price, which cannot in a legitimate manner be undersold in this city.

RIDEAU-STREET, December 24, 1867. 623tf

WHEELER & WILSON'S SEWING MACHINES.

THE BEST HOLIDAY PRESENT,

From $47 and upwards.

FIVE per cent. off for cash in bills until after the holidays. One handsome Mahogany full case $8 discount.

Gold Medal, Paris, 1867.

The Howe Sewing Machines from $50 Up.

Grout & Co.'s Twisted Elastic Stitch only $15.

Call and see this little beauty. Prospectuses and Samples sent Free by Mail.

December 19, 1867. 479-43y G. A. WALTON, Agent, 37 Sparks Street, Ottawa.

Dry Goods at Reduced Prices.

Cunningham and Lindsay

— ARE NOW SELLING —

Canadian Grey Cloth at 3s. 3d. per yard,
Canadian Tweeds at 4s. per yard,
Canadian Cotton Yarn at 7s. 6d. a Bundle,
Canadian Bags at 1. 9d

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY

Invite particular Attention to their

BLANKETS, FLANNELS AND MANTLE CLOTHS.

Ottawa, November 18, 1867. 510y

AMERICAN WATCHES.

(WALTHAM)

THE true value of Machinery applied to Watchmaking is not that by its us Watches are made rapidly, but that they are made correctly. Very few people know why a Waltham Watch should be superior to any other. In the first place, at Waltham the Watch is regard, ed as only a machine, to be constructed, like any other machine, on mechanical principles. The factory is indeed little else than a vast machine shop, the principal work in which is not more upon watches than upon machinery to make watches with. If the watches are good, it is because the machinery is good. Of course there must be no defect in the principle or plan of the movement, no mistake in the size or shapes of the pieces of which it is composed, nothing wanting in their properties, and no error in their positions. These points once thoroughly settled in regard to each part of every variety of watch, it rests wholly with the machinery constructed with infinite diversity of form and function, expressly for the purpose, to produce the finished pieces. The method established in every department is the re-peculation of parts by mechanical means, and this is carried out on the system of the most thorough sub division of labor.

By means of multiplying gauges and microscopes, tests, and inspection for the detection of wear in cutting tools and for faults and flaws in steel or stone are made to accompany the work in every stage from beginning to end. As a necessary result, the Watch goes together a perfect machine. Every part is found to fit properly in its place. Every pin may be pushed till it pinches, and every screw turned home. Instead of a sluggish and feeble action, the balance, even under the pressure of the finest mainspring, vibrates with a wide and free motion, and the beat has the clear and ringing sound, always characteristic of the Waltham Watch. The machine is a timekeeper from the start.

This system of watchmaking is unknown in foreign countries, and is entirely original with the Waltham Company. The company claim that by it they produce watches that cannot be equaled for every quality which makes a watch valuable. Simple in plan and correct in principle, the movement is not only beautifully finished, substantial, accurate and cheap, but is uniform to the minutest details, not easily damaged, easily repaired, and when repaired always as good as new.

There are different grades of finish in the different varieties of watches made by the Waltham Company, as there are different sizes and shapes, to suit all tastes and means, but every watch that bears the genuine trade mark of "WALTHAM," is guaranteed to be a good one, and nobody need be afraid to buy it.

Every Watch Fully Warranted.

For sale by all first-class dealers in the United States and British Provinces. For further information address the Agents,

ROBBINS & APPLETON, New York.
ROBERT WILKES, Toronto, C.

586-43-3m

FIRST CLASS

Tailoring Establishment.

BEING desirous to dispose of the balance of my WINTER STOCK, in order to make room for

Spring Importations,

For two months I shall offer such inducements to intending purchasers as will enable me to make a ready sale, and my customers a good investment

Please Call and Examine.

G. M. HOLBROOK,

Exc Tor Dpot, Elgin-street,
381y Opposite the Post Office.

GREAT CLEARING SALE.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.

Importers, 20 Sparks Street,

With a view to clear out the stock and make room for extensive

Spring Importations!

Are offering the following goods at prices that must ensure speedy sale.

Blankets, Flannels, Cloths, Tweeds, Cottons, Prints, Winceys, Dress Goods, Skirtings, Linen Table Damask, Jackets, Shawls,

AND MILLINERY.

Inspection Invited.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.
Ottawa, January 20, 1868. 34y

RAILROADS.

Grand Trunk Railway Company

OF CANADA.

WINTER ARRANGEMENTS, 1867.

TRAINS now leave Bonaventure Station as follows:

GOING WEST—Day Express for Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago and all points West, at 8.30 A.M.
Night do do at 7.30 P.M.
Accommodation Train for Kingston and intermediate stations at 7.00 A.M.
Local Train for Cornwall and intermediate Stations, at 4.20 P.M.
Trains for Lachine at 8.00 A.M., 9.30 A.M., 3.00 and 4.30 P.M.
The 3.00 P.M. Train runs through to Plattsburgh.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST—Accommodation Train from Island Pond and intermediate Stations, at 7.00 A.M.
Express for New York and Boston, at 8.40 A.M.
Express for Boston and New York, at 3.30 P.M.
Express for Portland (staying over night at Island Pond) at 2.00 P.M.
Night Express for Portland, Three Rivers, Quebec and Riviere du Loup, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbrooke, Waterville and Coaticooke only, at 10.10 P.M.
Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.
For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station.

C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director
December 23, 1867, 650tf

CHANGE of TIME

St. Lawrence & Ottawa Railway,

(formerly the Ottawa & Prescott Railway.)

ON and after MONDAY, the 30th Dec., 1867, and until further notice, trains will run as follows:

LEAVE PRESCOTT.	ARRIVE IN OTTAWA.
Mixed, 7.30 a. m.	11.00 a. m.
Express, 2.10 p. m.	4.45 p. m.

LEAVE OTTAWA.	ARRIVE IN PRESCOTT.
Express, 8 a. m.	10.30 a. m.
Mixed, 1.30 p. m.	4.45 p. m.

The time of these Trains has been so arranged as to ensure connection with night and day trains on Grand Trunk, east and west.

N. B.—These Trains run on Montreal Time.

Baggage to and from Ottawa checked through from and to stations on Grand Trunk Railway.

Return tickets to Prescott, Kemptville and Ottawa at reduced rates can be had at the principal stations on the line.

T. S. DETLOR, Superintendent. THOMAS REYNOLDS, Managing Director.
Ottawa, Dec. 28, 1867. 1y

Brockville and Ottawa Railway.

WINTER ARRANGEMENT

Commencing on Monday, December 9, 1867.

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

3:45 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 3.45 p.m., and arrive at Sandpoint at 9:25 p. m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT.

6:45 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint daily at 6:45 a.m., and arrive at Brockville at 1:00 p. m.

LEAVES PERTH.

5:00 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Perth at 5:00 p.m., and 9:40 a.m., and arrive at Smith's Falls at 5:50 p.m. and 10:20 a.m.

LEAVES SMITH'S FALLS.

10:50 A.M.—TRAINS will leave Smith's Falls at 10:50 a.m., and 6:05 p.m., and arrive at Perth at 11:40 a.m., and 6:55 p.m.

All trains on main line connect at Smith's Falls with Trains to and from Perth.

No. 1 leaves Brockville after G. T. R. Express Train is due from the East.

No. 2 is due at Brockville in time to connect with G. T. R. Express Trains for the East and West.

H ABBOTT,
Manager for Trustee.
Brockville, Dec. 16. 472y

Royal Canadian Bank

OTTAWA AGENCY:

Office—Desbarats' Building, 77 Sparks St

M. P. HAYES, AGENT.
Ottawa, June 21. 157tf

DALGLISH & RUSSELL

ARE NOW IN RECEIPT OF THEIR new and varied assortment of

Grocery Goods

Consisting of Teas, Gunpowder, Old Hyson, Young Hyson, Hyson Twankay, Black, Extra Fine English Breakfast Souchong, Congou ditto, Oolong, Orange Pekoe, Finest Japans.

Coffees.—Java, Jamaica, La Guayra, Mocha Roasted and Ground on the premises.

Sugars.—English, refined in loaves, Broken Loaf, Crushed White, Yellow Refined.

Chocolate and Cocoa Spices, Mustards, Essences, Syrups, Pickles, Sauces, Vinegars, and Bottled Fruits, in Syrup, Preserves, Potted Meats, Fruits &c. Also, Provisions, Sugar Cured Hams, Spiced Rolled Hams, Bacon, Butter, Cheese, Crackers, Biscuits, Flour, Oatmeal, Barley, Peas, Rice, Labrador Herrings, Table Codfish, Digby Herrings, &c., &c.

Our stock is extensive and complete, and every article warranted to give satisfaction. All orders sent or left will be promptly attended to.

All Goods delivered on the shortest notice

Dalglish & Russell,
Wellington & Kent-sts.

Take Highest Premiums at the Paris Exposition.

PLATFORM, COUNTER, Warehouse, Grain, Coal, Hay, Railroad Track, Depot, Druggist, Gold, and all kinds of SCALES constantly on hand and for Sale.

FAIRBANKS, BROWN & Co., Boston, Mass.

Our Sole Agents in Ottawa,

ALEXANDER WORKMAN & Co.
November 18, 1867. 592-6m

NOTICE

IS hereby given that application will be made to each and every Parliament having jurisdiction, at the present or next session thereof, respectively, for an act to amend the act chaptered 109, passed at the Session of the Parliament for the late Province of Canada, held the 29th and 30th years of the Reign of Her Majesty Queen Victoria, intituled "An Act to Incorporate the Ottawa City Passenger Railway Company.

Dec. 2nd, 1867. 6072m

Bottled Ale, Bottled Ale, Bottled Ale.

THE Subscriber would call the attention of Families and others to his

Fine Bottled Ale!

Which is in splendid condition. Also,

Scotch, Irish, Old Rye

And other Malt Whiskies,

Ports, Sherries, Brandies, Gin, &c.,

Together with a General Assortment of

FIRST-CLASS GROCERIES.

A Call kindly Solicited.

D. WHELAN,
44, Rideau-street,
Opposite Allan's Crockery Store

Ottawa, Jan. 20, 1868.

FOR SALE.

850 PAIRS of Grey Twilled BLANKETS, in bales of 50 pairs.

—ALSO—

Canadian White Twilled and Whitney Blankets. English Grey Blankets, weighing from 8 to 10 pounds each.

E MCGILLIVRAY.
Ottawa, December 23, 1867. 621-3m

NOTICE.

APPLICATION will be made during the present Session of the Parliament of Canada for an act to incorporate The European and American Life Insurance Company.

January 22, 1868. 647tf

THE CAPITAL

Boot and Shoe Store!

South Side of York-street, Lower Ottawa.

A LARGE SUPPLY of HAND-MADE KIPP BOOTS and SHOES of the VERY BEST QUALITY on hand.

Lumbermen who are anxious to finish workmen with GOOD FEET WARE, will be enabled to do so by calling at the CAPITAL for their supplies.

I am selling off the balance of the Winter Stock of READYMADE WORK at REDUCED PRICES, which consists of Ladies' Misses' and Children's BALMORALS, CONGRESS GAITERS, RUBBERS and OVERSHOES, and Men's and Boys' Boots in CALF SKIN, KIPP and COW HIDE.

Orders and Measures taken for all sorts of Work.

GEORGE MURPHY.
Ottawa Jan. 31, 1868. 420-y

AYER'S CATHARTIC PILLS.

Are you sick, feeble, and complaining? Are you out of order, with your system deranged, and your feelings uncomfortable? These symptoms are often the prelude to serious illness. Some fit of sickness is creeping upon you, and should be averted by a timely use of the right remedy. Take Ayer's Pills, and cleanse out the disordered humors—purify the blood, and let the fluids move on unobstructed in health again. They stimulate the functions of the body into vigorous activity, purify the system from the obstructions which make disease. A cold settles somewhere in the body, and obstructs its natural functions. These, if not relieved, react upon themselves and the surrounding organs, producing general aggravation, suffering, and disease. While in this condition, oppressed by the derangements, take Ayer's Pills, and see how directly they restore the natural action of the system, and with it the buoyant feeling of health again. What is true and so apparent in this trivial and common complaint, is also true in many of the deep-seated and dangerous disorders. The same purgative effect expels them. Caused by similar obstructions and derangements of the natural functions of the body, they are rapidly, and many of them surely, cured by the same means. None who know the virtues of these Pills, will neglect to employ them when suffering from the disorders they cure.

Statements from leading physicians in some of the principal cities, and from other well known public persons.

From a Forwarding Merchant of St. Louis, Feb. 4, 1855.

DR. AYER: Your Pills are the paragon of all that is great in medicine. They have cured my little daughter of ulcerous sores upon her hands and feet that had proved incurable for years. Her mother has been long grievously afflicted with blotches and pimples on her skin and in her hair. After our child was cured, she also tried your Pills, and they have cured her.

ASA MORGRIDGE.

As a Family Physic.

From Dr. E. W. Cartwright, New Orleans.

Your Pills are the prince of purges. Their excellent qualities surpass any cathartic we possess. They are mild, but very certain and effectual in their action on the bowels, which makes them invaluable to us in the daily treatment of disease.

Headache, Sick Headache, Foul Stomach.

From Dr. Edward Boyd, Baltimore.

DEAR DR. AYER: I cannot answer you *what* complaints I have *cured* with your Pills better than to say *all that we ever treat with a purgative medicine.* I place great dependence on an efficient cathartic in my daily contest with disease, and believing as I do that your Pills afford us the best we have, I of course value them highly.

PITTSBURG, Pa., May 1, 1855.

DR. J. C. AYER. Sir: I have been repeatedly cured of the worst headache any body can have by a dose or two of your Pills. It seems to arise from a foul stomach, which they cleanse at once.

Yours with great respect, ED. W. PREBLE,
Clerk of Steamer Clarion.

Bilious Disorders—Liver Complaints.

From Dr. Theodore Bell, of New York City.

Not only are your Pills admirably adapted to their purpose as an aperient, but I find their beneficial effects upon the Liver very marked indeed. They have in my practice proved more effectual for the cure of bilious complaints than any one remedy I can mention. I sincerely rejoice that we have at length a purgative which is worthy the confidence of the profession and the people.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR,
Washington, D. C., 7th Feb., 1856.

SIR: I have used your Pills in my general and hospital practice ever since you made them, and cannot hesitate to say they are the best cathartic we employ. Their regulating action on the liver is quick and decided, consequently they are an admirable remedy for derangements of that organ. Indeed, I have seldom found a case of *bilious disease* so obstinate that it did not readily yield to them. Fraternally yours, ALONZO BALL, M. D.,
Physician of the Marine Hospital.

Dysentery, Diarrhœa, Relax, Worms.

From Dr. J. G. Green, of Chicago.

Your Pills have had a long trial in my practice, and I hold them in esteem as one of the best aperients I have ever found. Their alterative effect upon the liver makes them an excellent remedy, when given in small doses for *bilious dysentery and diarrhœa.* Their sugar-coating makes them very acceptable and convenient for the use of women and children.

Yours,

Dyspepsia, Impurity of the Blood.

From Rev. J. V. Himes, Pastor of Advent Church, Boston.

DR. AYER: I have used your Pills with extraordinary success in my family and among those I am called to visit in distress. To regulate the organs of digestion and purify the blood, they are the very best remedy I have ever known, and I can confidently recommend them to my friends.

Yours, J. V. HIMES.

WARSAW, Wyoming Co., N. Y., Oct. 24, 1855.

DEAR SIR: I am using your Cathartic Pills in my practice, and find them an excellent purgative to cleanse the system and *purify the fountains of the blood.*

JOHN G. MEACHAM, M. D.

Constipation, Costiveness, Suppression, Rheumatism, Gout, Neuralgia, Dropsy, Paralysis, Fits, etc.

From Dr. J. P. Vaughn, Montreal, Canada.

Too much cannot be said of your Pills for the cure of *costiveness.* If others of our fraternity have found them as efficacious as I have, they should join me in proclaiming it for the benefit of the multitudes who suffer from that complaint, which, although bad enough in itself, is the progenitor of others that are worse. I believe costiveness to originate in the liver, but your Pills affect that organ and cure the disease.

From Mrs. E. Stuart, Physician and Midwife, Boston.

I find one or two large doses of your Pills, taken at the proper time, are excellent promotives of the *natural secretion* when wholly or partially suppressed, and also very effectual to *cleanse the stomach and expel worms.* They are so much the best physic we have that I recommend no other to my patients.

From the Rev. Dr. Hawkes, of the Methodist Episc. Church.

PULASKI HOUSE, Savannah, Ga., Jan. 5, 1856.

HONORED SIR: I should be ungrateful for the relief your skill has brought me if I did not report my case to you. A cold settled in my limbs and brought on excruciating *neuralgic pains,* which goaded in *chronic rheumatism.* Notwithstanding I had the best of physicians, the disease grew worse and worse, until by the advice of your excellent agent in Baltimore, Dr. Mackenzie, I tried your *Pills.* Their effects were slow, but sure. By persevering in the use of them, I am now entirely well.

SENATE CHAMBER, Baton Rouge, La., 5 Dec. 1855.

DR. AYER: I have been entirely cured, by your Pills, of *Rheumatic Gout*—a painful disease that had afflicted me for years.

VINCENT SLIDELL.

Most of the Pills in market contain Mercury, which, although a valuable remedy in skilful hands, is dangerous in a public pill, from the dreadful consequences that frequently follow its incautious use. These contain no mercury or mineral substance whatever.

Price, 25 cents per Box, or 5 Boxes for $1.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts W. M. Massey, H. F. MacCarthy, and John Skinner in Ottawa.

Royal Italian Bitters!

—OR,—

TONICO REALE

DEL DOTTORE F. P. VERRI,

Professor of Chemistry in the University o PADUA

ITALY.

THIS celebrated preparation for which a certificate of merit was awarded to the distinguished original preparer at the National Exposition at Torino, Italy, by whose favor Mr. GIANELLI obtained the recipe, and was also awarded a diploma at the Provincial Exhibition of Canada held at Montreal in September, 1865, is, without exception, the most genuine, salubrious and agreeable TONIC ever introduced to public notice either in Europe or America.

For seventeen years it has, in Italy, been a universal favorite among the *élite* of society, being generally served in the drawing room before dinner, in preference to Vermouth.

The ingredients of its composition have been imparted to the leading Physicians of Canada and the United States, and have received their unqualified approval on every account.

The proprietor refers with the greatest confidence and satisfaction to the subjoined testimonials from eminent medical men, which he could add to, were it desirable.

Kept by the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion of Canada and in the United States.

Sold by the Proprietor,

Dear Sir: You request my opinion of the "Roy al Italian Bitters," prepared from a receipt of Dr Verri, of Padua. I beg to state that I consider it a most agreeable cordial tonic, in every way superior in flavour and composition to the ordinary bitter tonics in general use. I have recommended it to several patients, who have derived marked benefit from its use.

I am, dear Sir, yours faithfully,

G. E. FENWICK, M.D.

A. M. F. GIANELLI, Esq., Montreal.

A. M. GIANELLI,
26, Hospital-street, Montreal.

SALE OF

ORDNANCE LANDS

OTTAWA.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that a large number of Lots, of different sizes and dimensions,

Town Lots & Country Lots,

Will be offered for sale on

SATURDAY, 6th APRIL NEXT,

AT THE

Auction Room of H. McLean, Auctioneer,

OTTAWA, VIZ.:

Building Lots in Ottawa on North Rideau street, South George street, South St. Andrew street, North St. Andrew street, South Bolton street, South Parry street, South Franklin street, North Franklin street South Park street, East Wurtemburg street, Lot H Rideau Front, Lot I, do.

—ALSO,—

	Acres.	R.	P.
Lot 34, concession B, Nepean	87	00	00
35, concession B, occupied by Mulligan and one McCabe	77	00	00
Lot K, concession D, Nepean, part of	59	00	00
Lots L and M, concession B, Nepean, parts of	86	2	25
Lot K, concession C, Nepean	53	00	00
Sub Lots 2, 3, 4, on Lot E, concession C, Nepean, 1 acre and nine perches each.			
Eleven Sub-Lots of 10 acres each, on Lot No. 21, Gore of Gloucester.			
Nineteen sub-Lots of 10 acres each, on Lot No. 22, Gore of Gloucester.			
Lot letter I, concession 4, Gloucester	101	1	83

Lists of the Lots, and terms of payment, may be had on application at the Ordnance Lands Office, at the Office of H. McLean, Auctioneer, and at the Office of the undersigned, Public Buildings, Ottawa.

By order of the Secretary of State:

E. PARENT,
Under Sec. of State.

WILLIAM F. COFFIN,
Ordnance Lands Agent.
Ottawa, February 6, 1868. 660-1awtd

REMOVAL

OF THE

London Music Store!

E. MILES

DESIRES to inform the public that he has removed to the FRONT PART of

HER MAJESTY'S THEATRE,

WELLINGTON-STREET,

Where he has a larger premises, and a better means of displaying his new and fine stock of

PIANOS,

VICTORIA ORGANS AND MELODEONS.

His Show Room, up-stairs, is large and beautifully lit up, having an area of 60 feet long by 25 feet wide. The Sample Room is on the first flat, where some of each kind of Musical Instruments will be kept. Two cases of choice

VIOLINS

Have just been received, and will be offered for sale, besides a large assortment of

CONCERTINAS,
ACCORDEONS,
TAMBOURINES,
GUITARS, FLUTES, DRUMS,
&c., &c.

Direct from Germany.

Second hand Pianos taken in part payment for new ones.

Connected with this establishment is a Piano Manufacturer, who will attend punctually to all orders for TUNING left at the London Music Store.

E. MILES,
Lessee of Her Majesty's Theatre.
Ottawa, Feb. 1, 1868. 551-39y

A. MORTIMER,

BOOKBINDER

AND

Blank Book Manufacturer,

26, METCALFE-ST., OTTAWA.

HAVING every facility in the way of first-class Machinery, and employing none but first-class workmen, I am prepared to turn out every description of Binding, in as good a style of workmanship as any other establishment in Canada.

A. MORTIMER,
Metcalfe-street.
Ottawa, Feb. 6. 384y

Piano-Forte Tuition!

W. C. CLARK,

PROFESSOR OF MUSIC and Teacher of Piano, Voice and Harmony. Also, Mrs. Clark, Teacher of Drawing and Painting. Music Rooms and Residence, 69 Sparks-street, one door east of Toronto House.

Orders may be left at residence or at Orme & Eaton's Music Store. 452y

DARLEY'S

Arabian Heave Remedy

AND CONDITION MEDICINE

IS POSITIVELY SUPERIOR TO ANY or all other preparations for the cure of *Heaves, Coughs, Thick* and *Broken Wind,* and all diseases which affect the *Wind of Horses;* also, as a *Condition Medicine,* surpassing everything of the kind is easy to give, sure to cure, and sale in all cases and at all times, and does not prevent the horse from being worked while using it.

It cleanses the breathing apparatus, by removing from the air-cells the coagulable lymph, or that secretion which in heaves clogs them, causing a difficulty in breathing, and by its action on the diseased part, causing the mucous membrane to resume its natural dimensions, thus equalizing the circulation of the blood, and restoring the distended vessels to their natural size; by its use the horse's appetite is improved, all derangements of the digestive organs corrected, softening the skin, and giving to the coat a sleek and shining appearance.

D. W. HURD, Successor to HURD & Co., Maiden Lane, New York, Sole Proprietor for the United States.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
NEWCASTLE, C.W.,
Proprietors for the Canadas

PRICE TWENTY-FIVE CENTS.

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, Henry F. McCarthy J. Skinner, and J. Brown, in Ottawa.

Ottawa, Nov. 1, 18 7. 577dw6m

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Head, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

THE CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER HAS now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for those complaints, and are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying as to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it. Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C. W.,
General Agents for C. W

Sol by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, H. F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J. Brown, in Ottawa.

Ottawa Nov. 1, 1867 7ydw

FRESH ARRIVALS

OF

Very Choice and Superior

TEAS

NOW ON SALE

AT THE

1,000 CHESTS UNCOLORED JAPAN.

500 Chests very choice and superior YOUNG HYSON.

700 Chests Good Strong TWANKAY

100 Chests old fashioned BREAKFAST SOUCHONG.

150 Caddies MANDERIN MIXTURE.

This is the finest BLACK TEA ever imported, 5s per pound; in small Caddies, about 14 lb each, 4s 9d.

COFFEE!

The Pure Mountain Berry

"Without exception the finest Coffee in the world."—*London Times, March 16.*

We are constantly receiving supplies of this truly beautiful and delicious COFFEE, *roasted daily on our premises by*

Dakins' Patent Silver Cylinder

By which peculiar process, its aroma is preserved, and renders it the FAVORITE WITH ALL COFFEE DRINKERS.

BEWARE OF SPURIOUS IMITATIONS,

As it is imported by no other firm in Canada

ROBINSON & CO.,
THE TEA POT,
OTTAWA

Wines, Spirits & Liquors

ROBINSON & CO. would especially call the attention of families to their stock of

ALES, WINES & SPIRITS

100 cases Otard Brandy.
50 " Martell's
150 " Hennessey.
75 " United Vinquels

We have a most delicious

DINNER SHERRY

Which we are selling at 8 shillings per gallon

GUINESS & CO.

DUBLIN STOUT!

BLOOD' LONDON STOUT.
BARCLAY'S LONDON PORTER.
ALLSOP'S PALE ALE.
BASS' EAST INDIA.
DOW'S CELEBRATED MONTREAL ALE
DAW'S SUPERIOR LACHINE ALE
DAW'S CELEBRATED PORTER & STOUT

PRESERVED MEATS.

Just Received from England:

ROAST HARE.
CURRIED DO.
JUGGED DO.
STEWED DO.
ROAST PHEASANTS.
ROAST GROUSE.
OAST PARTRIDGE

ALL GOODS DELIVERED FREE by our own Waggons to any part of the City daily

ROBINSON & CO.
THE TEA POT,
OTTAWA.

Establishments—Sussex St. and Rideau St
Ottawa, September 10. 225tf

CAUTION.

THE Subscriber regrets the necessity for cautioning the public against imitations of his popular Pomades,

The Alexandra Cream,

AND

The Canada Pomade

But having been informed that some unprincipled person has put up inferior articles, copying the labels word for word, and thereby greatly damaging the sale of the genuine articles, he is compelled to take this course in self-defence.

For the future every genuine pot will bear my written signature in RED INK, across the face of the label.

W. M. MASSEY,
Family and Dispensing Chemist,
Medical Hall, 28, Sparks-st.
Ottawa, Feb. 6, 1868. 472y

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

NOTICE.

THE Undersigned will either sell or let for a few years his well known farm, being lot Twenty-five in the Fourth Concession of Gloucester, Rideau Front, 215 acres all cleared, and well fenced and in a good state of cultivation. Also, the one-half of lot Twenty-seven in the Third Concession, being in its natural state, all wood and excellent land. It is just the cross of two hundred acres from the corner of the one lot to the other. The railroad line runs within ten feet of the front corner of the one hundred and in sight of the two hundred for two or three miles. The Station at Cunningham's is scarcely a mile and a half from the front of Lot Twenty-five. The above farm is capable of keeping thirty head of milch cows, two span of horses, and as many young cattle as it would be proper to raise. Eight or nine years ago I kept twenty-two milch cows, and ten or twelve horses, and raised five or six calves every year. The above farm is about ten miles, from the door, to the limits of the City. The improvements cannot be surpassed for a farmer's purpose. The dwelling-house is stone, 30 by 40, a story and a half over ground; and a cellar nine feet high, the one half used for a kitchen and the other half capable of holding 1,000 bushels of anything you wish to put into it; there is three small windows in it, and when cleaned in the Spring, makes an excellent milk-house or dairy; there is a frame wood shed at the door, 60 by 24, with 14 feet taken off the one end for a coachhouse, and overhead for a storehouse; next to that is a stable 36 by 26, finished inside, complete with four large double stalls and two single ones, and good room for hanging up harness, and eat box; convenient to that is a barn 40 by 50, in which I have often put 1,000 bushels of grain in one year; connected with that is 200 and 20 feet of frame sheds, all 20 and 24 deep, under pinned with stone and lime from two to seven feet, according to level; on the north side of the house is another barn, 30 by 40, commonly filled with peas and oats. And if either tenant or purchaser has a desire for religious purposes, you can lie in your bed and look at the bell tolling on the Catholic Church every Holy Day, and go to the front door and you will see the Presbyterian Church, where the Rev. Mr. Lochhead has preached for the last twenty-two years, and go to the back door and you will see both English Church and Methodist Church within two miles. The above farm would be a desirable situation for a young man wishing to give his attention to farming, as the Ottawa Market cannot be surpassed in the Dominion. I think that I can say that I have not sold one pound of butter under one shilling this eight years: if one went under two went over. Some reader may ask what am I selling for, it is neither for scant nor for want of anything, but I am in the seventieth year of my age, and has purchased off this lot seven hundred and fifty acres of land and all is paid for, and all my sons is settled on their own farms, so I would rather sit down and take my ease as he attending to marketing and farming any longer. Persons wishing to get any information on any point from me, can do so by addressing, postpaid, JAMES JOHNSTON, Senr., South Gloucester.

JAMES JOHNSTON, SENR.
February 6, 1868. 769-6Mb17.

Two Dwellings to Let,

BEING the Upper part of E. MARTINEAU'S Clothing Store, Corner of Sussex and Clarence-streets.

Enquire at the Store. EUG. MARTINEAU.
Ottawa, Jan. 22, 1868. 648tf

To Let.

A ROOM TO LET either with or without board. Enquire this office.
Ottawa, November 20. 594tf

Lots for Sale.

6 BUILDING LOTS, one mile from the city, on the Richmond Road, containing one acre each. Apply to THOMAS ANDERSON, Jn., on the premises. 564tf

FOR SALE.—THE WESTerly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession Ottawa, Front Nepean, and Lots No. 26 and 28, in the same Concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. T. Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to JOHN and WM. THOMSON, Nepean, and LEWIS & PINHEY, Barrister, Ottawa. Jc2-141-tf

FOR SALE, THAT ELIgible property, beautifully situated on the Banks of the Ottawa, in the Township of Nepean, distant from the City of Ottawa about three miles on the macadamized road, together with the STONE DWELLING-HOUSE thereon erected, at present occupied by William Thomson, Esquire, and the garden and ornamented grounds adjoining the same, forming part of Lot No. 29, in the 1st concession, Ottawa front. A most desirable private residence and vacant Lots adjoining the same also for sale at reasonable prices.

For particulars and terms apply to John and William Thomson on the premises, or to

LEWIS & PINHEY,
Barristers, &c., Ottawa.
Ottawa, February 27, 1867 360y

VICTORIA HOTEL—TO LET.

NO more eligible chance could be offered to any party in the Hotel-keeping line than the lease of the above FIRST-CLASS HOTEL.

Being on the eve of Confederation, and Ottawa being definitely settled upon as its capital,

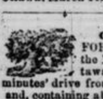
The Victoria Hotel

could not fail to be made to pay.

It is built on the most modern style of architecture, of cut stone; has large plate-glass windows, and is four stories high, exclusive of the basement. It is finely situated on the corner of Wellington and O'Connor-streets, immediately opposite the Parliament Buildings, and has three vacant lots attached, so that the Buildings could be enlarged to any required capacity.

Applications, (postpaid) to be addressed to

FRANCIS CLEMOW, ESQ.,
Or JOHN HENEY, Esq.,
Richmond Road, Ottawa, C. W
Ottawa, March 11. 379tf



COUNTRY RESIDENCE FORSALE.—Beautifully situated on the Macadamized Road between Ottawa City and Aylmer, about 36 minutes' drive from the city. A farm of excellent and, containing about 90 acres, with a large Stone House erected thereon.

The proprietor has no objection to sell a part of the farm, with or without the house. This would be a desirable country residence. Title unexceptionable.

Apply to

REV. J. JOHNSTON,
Hull Village.
August 1. 501-5m

FARMS FOR SALE.

100 ACRES.—The north half of Lot No. No. 11, in 4th Con. of the Township of Osgoode, with a good House and Barn, and other outbuildings, and a good Spring Well, fifty acres cleared and in a good state of cultivation. This is situated on the Prescott Road, within fifteen miles of Ottawa. Also the south half of Lot No. 6, in the 3rd Con. of Osgoode, containing 190 acres, 50 acres cleared, the rest well wooded, with good hardwood, and well watered, and situated within a quarter of a mile of the Railway Station. Titles good. For further information apply to

PATRICK HERBERT,
Rideau Hotel, Ottawa City.
Ottawa, Oct. 1, 1867. 551-3m

Insolvent Act of 1864.

Dominion of Canada, Province of Ontario, COUNTY of CARLETON — IN THE COUNTY COURT OF THE County of Carleton,

TO WIT:

IN THE MATTER OF

James Melville Teasdle Hannum

The Times

VOL. II. NO 667. OTTAWA, SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 15, 1868. PRICE—3 CENTS

THE

Ottawa Daily Times,

(Published every morning, Sundays excepted.)

THE DAILY AND WEEKLY TIMES NOW enjoys THE LARGEST CIRCULATION of any paper published in the Ottawa Valley—issuing of the Daily over 2,000! and Weekly over 4,000! making a total circulation in the week of over 6,000! thus outstripping all competitors, and offering the best medium for business men to advertise in.

ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in the Daily at the following rates:

Business Cards of from 3 to 6 lines, per annum—payable in advance only..... $6 00
Transient Advertisements, first insertion per line..... 8c
All subsequent insertions, per line..... 2c
Yearly advertisers specially contracted with, and liberal allowance made.
Yearly subscription to the daily (if paid in advance)..... $5 00
If not paid in advance..... 6 00
Yearly subscription to the weekly (if paid in advance)..... $1 00
If not paid in advance..... 1 50

ADVERTISING AGENCY.—Messrs. S. M. Pettengill & Co., 37, Park Row, New York, and State Street, Boston, General Advertising Agents, are hereby authorized to receive Advertisements for the OTTAWA TIMES

LEGAL.

G. J. O'DOHERTY,
LAW, CHANCERY and CONVEYANCING OFFICE, AUMOND'S BUILDINGS, Rideau street.
Ottawa, Dec. 6, 1867. 608-49y

R. J. WICKSTEED,
ADVOCATE, &c., 42, Little St. James Street, MONTREAL.
November 14, 1867. 589-6m

N. TETREAU,
NOTARY PUBLIC for the Province of Quebec, HULL, near the Post Office.
Dec. 5, 1867. 390tf

NICHOLAS SPARKS,
LAW, Chancery and Conveyancing Office, Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite Post Office.
Ottawa, July 19. 489y

LAPIERRE & HAYCOCK,
ATTORNIES-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers and Notaries Public, corner of Sussex and York-streets, Ottawa.
Ottawa, February 26, 1867. 368y

WILLIAM MOSGROVE,
LAW, Chancery and Conveyancing. Office: Mosgrove's Block, Rideau Street, Ottawa, C. W. 366-tf

D. O'CONNOR,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor in Chancery; Conveyancer, &c., Sussex Street, Victoria Union Buildings, Ottawa.
February 21, 1866. 55-y

R. H. HAYCOCK,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor.
Office: Post Office Building, Elgin Street, Ottawa.
February 7, 1866. 43-u

A. F. BOUCHETTE,
ADVOCATE. Office: No. 17, St. Peter Street, Quebec. Mr. Bouchette will always be prepared to attend promptly to any business the Government employes, and the public generally may entrust him. Mr. B. attends regularly the circuit in and for the district of Quebec.
December 28, 1865. 9-y

P. J. BUCKLEY, LL.B.,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law Solicitor-in-Chancery, and Notary Public. Office, over Mr. Luke Canner's Boot and Shoe Store, Rideau Street, Ottawa, C. W.
January 17 1867. 334y

AUGUSTUS KEEFER,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office: Opposite Post Office, Elgin Street, in the rooms lately occupied as the Custom House.
Ottawa, March 30. 87-tf

J. F. BOULTON,
BARRISTER-AT-LAW, Solicitor-in-Chancery, &c.
OFFICE: Aumond's Buildings, Rideau Street.
Ottawa, Jan. 12, 1866. 21-y

M. McLEOD,
BARRISTER, Etc., for Lower Canada. OFFICES: Court House, Aylmer and Buckingham, C.E.
Attends to all Law Courts in the District of Ottawa.
February 7, 1866. 43-ut

LEES & GEMMELL,
BARRISTERS, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c.
OFFICE: In the Court House, Ottawa, C. W.
ROBERT LEES. JOHN J. GEMMELL.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

EDWARD T. DARTNELL,
BARRISTER, Solicitor, Attorney, and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Crown Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell.
OFFICE: In the Court House, L'Orignal.
January 27, 1866. 34-6m

MEDICAL.

DR. CHESLEY,
OFFICE over Mr. Garth's Establishment, 25 Rideau-st., Ottawa.
May 30 447tf

DR. C. LEGGO,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Office: Hunton's Block, Sparks Street.

DR. DORION,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon, and Accoucheur, Clarence Street, Ottawa.
March 1. 371y

DR. OLIVER MARTIN,
DENTIST. Office: Sparks Street, Central Ottawa.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-ttf

DR. C. A. MARTIN,
DENTIST. Office: Sussex Street, over Messrs. Campbell & Co.'s, Grocers.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-ttf

DR. JOHN LEGGO,
DENTIST, Hunton's Block, Sparks Street. Teeth extracted without pain by means of the Ethereal Spray Producer. 350a

W. R. BELL, A.M., M.D., C.M., &c.
(RECENTLY FROM ENGLAND.)
SURGERY and Residence, George Street.
Ottawa, November 13. 280y

DR. LESLIE JONES,
Surgeon, &c., of Dublin and Edinburgh.
SURGERY and Consulting Office, Rideau-st., next door to the St. Lawrence Hall. Residence—Daly Street. 381y

DR. GEORGE HUTCHISON,
DENTIST: Office, Sparks-street, opposite Magee & Russell's.
Ottawa, October 30, 1867. 376y

DR. W. J. HENRY,
CORNER of Kent and Wellington Streets, Ottawa.
November 6. 43utf

DR. O. C. WOOD,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur Ottawa. Day office opposite Magee & Russell's, Sparks Street, Center Town; Night Office at his Residence, Maria Street, Center Town.
CANCERS CURED, with out the use of the knife, by a new, but certain, speedy, and almost painless process. References given to parties successfully treated, if required. The cure guaranteed.
Ottawa, April 14. 17w-100-y

HOLGATE, OLIVER & ANNABLE,
WHOLESALE Manufacturers of Bedsteads Chairs, &c., Chaudiere Island, Ottawa, C.W.
WILLIAM HOLGATE,
JOHN OLIVER,
WILLIAM ANNABLE.
Ottawa A 306y

BUSINESS CARDS.

B. BILLINGS, JR.,
ARCHITECT, Elgin-street, opposite the Post Office.
REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq, Managing Director O & P R W 612-6m

R. SPARKS,
PROVINCIAL LAND SURVEYOR, Draughtsman, &c., (commissioned for Upper and Lower Canada.) Office and residence, Gloucester, near Ottawa. Surveys of every description executed with accuracy. Communications addressed Ottawa City, (post-paid), or left at the office of N. Sparks, Solicitor, &c., Ottawa, will receive prompt attention.
Ottawa, February 21, 1866. 55-

N. McKINNON,
COMMISSION and Exchange Broker, and Insurance Agent, Sparks-street, opposite Magee & Russell's, Ottawa, C. W.
Ottawa, March 25. 391y

O'CONNOR & WALLER,
EXCHANGE Brokers, Fire, Life and Accidental Insurance, Commission and Collecting Agents. Office, No. 27, Sussex-street, Ottawa.
R. E. O'CONNOR. W. H. WALLER.
March 9. 378y

J. P. MACPHERSON,
BARRISTER, &c., Ottawa. Office: Lang's Buildings, opposite Post Office
Ottawa, March 10, 1866. 70-y

H. McLEAN'S
AUCTION Rooms, No. 10, Sparks Street, Centre Town, Ottawa, opposite Hope's Stationery Store.
The sale of Real Estate at Auction or Private Sale promptly attended to. Consignments received for positive sale. Parties wishing to purchase Real Estate will receive all information FREE OF CHARGE by calling at the office.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y

R. H. McGREEVY,
CONTRACTOR and Builder. Office: North side York street, second door from Sussex Street.
Ottawa, March 20, 1866. 78-y

S. CHRISTIE,
COMMISSION Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.
OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W. y

PARLIAMENTARY AGENCY.

C. J. BOUCHETTE,
P. L. SURVEYOR and Draughtsman, Mining, Land, and General Parliamentary Agent. References unexceptionable. OFFICE: Wellington Street, next to British Hotel, and nearly opposite the banks, Ottawa.
P. S.—Special attention given with despatch to Public Land business, adjusting disputed claims, and securing Patents.
Ottawa, May 22. 132-y

JOHN MERCER,
Teacher Piano-Forte, Violin, &c.
THOROUGH BASS.
AYLMER, C. E.
VISITS OTTAWA TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS.
Orders left at Union House will be punctually attended to.
Ottawa, July 26. 187tf

HOTELS AND SALOONS.

HOLT'S HOTEL,
AYLMER, C. E., Livery and General Stage Office. Alfred Moses Holt, Jr., Prop'tor.
December 21, 1865. 4-y

JAS. JOHNSTON'S
UNION HOUSE, North Gower. Good Stabling and an attentive Hostler.
January 11, 1866. 2o-y

DUIGNAN'S
PRIVATE HOTEL, Sparks Street, Ottawa, C. W. A few gentlemen can obtain superior apartments.
Ottawa, Dec. 20, 1865. 3-y

THE RUSSELL HOUSE,
LATE CAMPBELL'S HOTEL, Ottawa, C. W. The undersigned, proprietor of the above-named Hotel, begs leave to acquaint his numerous friends and the travelling public, that he has re-painted and newly-furnished throughout this commodious establishment, in the management of which by strict attention to business and guests, he hopes to deserve encouragement and support.
JAMES E. GOUIN,
Lately, and for many years connected with Russell's Hotel, Prince Street, Quebec

THE ALBION HOTEL
NICHOLAS Street, Court-House Avenue, Ottawa, John Graham, Proprietor.
This House is conveniently situated, and still maintains its character as a FIRST-CLASS HOTEL. Considerable additions have recently been made to the premises, and it has been entirely repainted and renovated. No pains will be spared to accommodate and please.
OMNIBUSES to and from the cars and boats free of charge. There is a FIRST-CLASS LIVERY STABLE attached to the Hotel.
Ottawa 1866 1-y

JOHN MALTMAN
LATE McADAM'S, Commercial Hotel, Packenham.
The above Hotel, one of the oldest and best known in Packenham, has been leased by the undersigned and thoroughly overhauled and refitted for the special accommodation of guests. THE TABLE AND BAR will at all times be furnished with the very best the market affords.
GOOD STABLING and a careful Hostler always in attendance
JOHN MALTMAN.

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,
M. KAVANAGH, Proprietor, Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington Streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government buildings.
The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.
Oysters, Game etc., daily

THE METROPOLITAN
Aumond's Block,
Rideau Street, Ottawa.
P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.
Ottawa, November 27. 292tf

THE REVERE HOUSE,
OTTAWA.
G. A. BUCKE, W. H. SANGER, ...PROPRIETORS.
THIS FIRST-CLASS HOTEL has been re-furnished and refitted throughout, and now combines all the requisites of a first-class establishment.
Ottawa, Nov. 6, 1867 582tf

TORONTO HOUSE,
SPARKS-STREET.
MRS. TROTTER begs to state that she has comfortable quarters for a few gentlemen for three months or more, with Parlour and use of Piano.
Ottawa, Dec. 24, 1867. 623tf

MISS LOVETT'S
PRIVATE HOTEL
HOLLIS STREET, HALIFAX, N. S.
STRANGERS will find this long established and well known house to be the most comfortable and well conducted in the city.
December 25, 1867. 622-6m

TO PARTIES ABOUT TO BUILD—
PLANS,
SPECIFICATIONS,
ESTIMATES, &
Prepared by
AUGUSTUS LAVER,
ARCHITECT
End Daly-st. Ottawa.
April 1.

DRUGGISTS.

Spectacles for all Sights.
OPTICAL Instruments Electro-Magnetic and Galvanic Apparatus, Photographic Chemicals, &c.
W. BEARN,
Market Drug Store,
York-street.
637y

Apothecaries Hall!
No. 41, SUSSEX STREET,
G. MORTIMER, - - - PROPRIETOR
NONE OTHER GENUINE!
TRADE MARK IS REGISTERED
Canadian Cough Emulsion.
THIS Valuable Medicine has the extraordinary property of immediately relieving Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Difficulty of Breathing, Tightness in the Chest, &c., &c. It operates by dissolving the congealed phlegm, causing free expectoration, and an agreeable moistness of the skin. Prepared only by
GEORGE MORTIMER,
Chemist and Druggist, 41, Sussex Street, Ottawa City. Sold in bottles at 1s 3d and 2s 6d each.

MORTIMER'S
COMPOUND ANTIBILIOUS
AND FAMILY APERIENT PILLS.
A grand Specific for derangement of the digestive organs, and for obstructions and torpid action of the Liver and Bowels.

MORTIMER'S Vegetable WORM DESTROYER.
The only sure remedy that exists. Combining delicious taste with amazing power! Also
CAMPHORATED EYE-WATER,
Sure Cure for Sore, Weak and Inflamed Eyes.

MORTIMER'S
Colognes, Pomades, Toilet Vinegar, Rose Dentrifice, for the Teeth and Gums. Also constantly on hand, Perfumes of all kinds, and Toilet requisites usually kept in a first-class establishment.

FOUND,
A NEVER Failing Remedy for Coughs and Colds, Mortimer's Canadian Cough Emulsion. No family should be without a bottle. None genuine but from
G. MORTIMER,
Chemist, 41, Sussex-st.
The best of Certificates can be produced.
Ottawa, Nov. 22, 1867. 596-6m

OTTAWA
DRUG WAREHOUSE,
RIDEAU STREET
1866 SEEDS. SEEDS. 1866.
A LARGE STOCK OF FRESH GARDEN and FIELD SEEDS, just arrived and on Sale. All Seeds warranted Fresh.
A large importation of English and French PERFUMES will arrive next week.
FLORIDA WATER. SOZODONT.
HAIR BRUSHES. COMBS.
NAIL BRUSHES. CLOTHES BRUSHES,
&c., &c., &c.
Just being opened up.
JOSEPH GARVEY, M.D.
P. S.—Advice to the poor gratis.
Ottawa, April 11. 97-y

DOMESTIC DYES.
THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT OF DYES in this city on sale at the
Ottawa Drug Warehouse.
A free Lot of Good, Cheap PERFUMES just received.
N. B.—Prescriptions carefully and promptly prepared. J. GARVEY, M. D.
Ottawa, Feb. 12 1866 47-utf

PARLIAMENT
HAIRDRESSING SALOON!
E. MILES,
Hairdresser by Appointment to His Excellency the Governor-General,
HAS REMOVED HIS PARLIAMENT HAIR DRESSING SALOON from the old stand to his new and commodious room over the LONDON MUSIC STORE, on Elgin-st., opposite the Russell House, which he has fitted up in the most recherche style of the business, and where his Rotary Hair Brush, which he imported expressly for himself, being the first introduced into British America, will be kept ready for use. The saloon is delightfully ventilated, and very pleasantly situated.
Mr. MILES would take this opportunity of returning his most sincere thanks to his many friends and the public, for their kind and generous patronage to him, during a number of years, in his old establishment, and trusts that by unremitting attention to business, and in his new and first-class saloon, with polite and attentive workmen, to merit a continuance of their favors.
All kinds of Hair Watch Guards, Finger Rings, &c., manufactured to order. For the convenience of ladies orders will be received at the London Music Store, where a fine and varied assortment of Hair-work will be found.
E. MILES,
Hair Dresser, by appointment, to his Excellency the Governor-General.
Ottawa, October 3 1867 553-39y

BAZAAR.
IT is intended to hold a Bazaar on the SEVENTEENTH of MARCH NEXT, 1868, and following days, in aid of the DEBT on
The Parsonage of Christ Church.
Contributions will be most thankfully received from the members of the Church, and other friends in Ottawa, by the following Ladies, who have kindly consented to act as a Committee of Management
MRS. CLEMOW,
" W. F. POWELL,
" COFFIN,
" ADAMSON,
" T. M. BLASDELL,
" LAUDER,
" DONALDSON,
" JOHN THOMPSON,
" N. SPARKS,
MAGEE,
" STREET.
ANNIE POWELL, Secretary.
Ottawa, Dec. 23, 1867. 622td

Satchell Brothers,
Butchers to His Excellency Lord Monck.
No. 7, LOWER TOWN MARKET.
Superior Stall Fed
BEEF, MUTTON, LAMB AND VEAL,
SATCHELL'S
Celebrated Spiced Rounds & Rolled Beef,
Cured in the English Style.
Also, Sugar Cured Hams and Bacon of their own curing, constantly on hand.
Ottawa, December 21. 621-3m

GREAT CLEARING SALE

—OF—

Dry Goods and Ready-made Clothing,

—AT—

J. T. Prudhomme's Stores,

SUSSEX-STREET, FACING CLARENCE-STREET,

And at the Sign of the "Golden Lamb."

AS the Subscriber intends closing one of his Stores on the first day of December, he is determined to sell off at an immense reduction his stock of

DRY GOODS & READY-MADE CLOTHIN

—CONSISTING OF—

Beaver Cloths, Pilot do, Whitney do, Melton do, Sattinet do
West of England Broad Cloths, Black Cassimeres, Silk Mix Coatings, " " Trowserings, Fancy Doeskins,
Col. and White Blankets, Horse Rugs, Flannels, Kerseys, Wineeys.

English, Scotch and anadian Tweeds.

DRAWERS, SHIRTS, WOOL CRAVATS, SCARFS, NECK TIES, COLLARS.
SHAWLS, CLOAKINGS, DRESS GOODS, NECK TIES, PRINTS, COBOURGS.
BUCK MITTS, BUCK MOCASSINS, WOOL SOCKS, MITTS, TRUNKS, VALISES

—ALSO, A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF—

Boots and Shoes, Teas, Soap, Candles and Wines

The whole to be disposed of before the 1st day of December. Call early and examine before purchasing elsewhere.
Ottawa, November 19, 1837. 592-3m

RELIANCE
MUTUAL LIFE ASSURANCE CO'Y.
ESTABLISHED 1840.
CHIEF OFFICE—71, King William-street, Mansion House, LONDON.

ACCUMULATED PREMIUMS OVER, - - - - $1,000,000.
ANNUAL INCOME OVER, - - - - - - $300,000.

TRUSTEES.
The Right Rev the Bishop of Moray and Ross.
Viscount Kirkaldie, John Ledger, Esq; J R S Phillipps, Esq, James Traill, Esq; Sir John T Tyrell, Bart, W M Tufnell, Esq.
DIRECTORS.
George Ashlin, Esq, W W Duffield, Esq, J W Egertongreen, Esq, George T Harris, Esq, John James, Esq; John W Lay, Esq, John Ledger, Esq, J Oxlyparker, Esq, William Phelps, Esq, John Pike, Esq, Edward White, Esq; Henry T Prinsep, Esq, Major Skinner, R A, Charles H Smith, Esq, James Traill, Esq, W M Tufnell, Esq.
MEDICAL OFFICERS.
J W Ogle, Esq, M D; H F Smith, Esq, M D
BANKS.
Messrs William Deacon Co, Birchin Lane, Messrs Sparrow, Tufnell & Co, Chelmsford.
The London and County Bank.
SOLICITORS.
Messrs Hooke & Street, 27 Lincoln's Inn Fields. Messrs Gepp & Veley, Chelmsford.
EDWARD BUTLER, Secretary.

Canada Branch—Montreal.
BOARD OF DIRECTORS.
Walter Shanly, Esq, M P, Chairman.
Duncan Macdonald, Esq, George Winks, Esq, W H Hingston, Esq, M D, L R C S.
SOLICITORS—Messrs Rose & Ritchie. MEDICAL ADVISER—W H Hingston, Esq, M D.
The entire profits of this old and long established society belong to the policy holders, who are protected from all liability by the deed of settlement.
Annuities and endowments granted on advantageous terms.
Advances made on approved security in connection with Life Policies.
Every information to be had on application to any of the Society's Agents in Canada, or to
T W GRIFFITH, Manager and Secretary.
Head Office for the Dominion of Canada—Corner St Francois Xavier-street, Montreal.
Agents wanted in unrepresented districts throughout Canada.
589-6m NEIL McKINNON, Agent for Ottawa.

Etna Fire and Marine Insurance Co.
The Number of Shareholders exceed Five Hundred.
Capital,.....$2,500,000.
Annual Income Nearly.....$1,000,000.
HEAD OFFICE—Upper Sackville-street, Dublin, Ireland; CHIEF OFFICE, ENGLAND—17 and 18 Corn Hill, London; CHIEF OFFICE, SCOTLAND—98 George-st., Edinburgh.
DIRECTORS.
John Obins Woodhouse, Esq, 82 Pembroke Road, Dublin; Omeath Park, Co Louth; Portadown, Co Armagh; Kerry Keel, Co Armagh and Down—Chairman.
Robert Craven Wade, Esq, Conebraney, Crosskeale, Co Meath, and Sackville Street Club, Dublin, J P for Counties Meath and Wicklow—Director Scottish Amicable Life Office.
Charles Going Malone, Esq, Merchant, Stephen-street and George-street, Dublin; Churchtown Lodge, Dundrum, Co Dublin—Director Commercial Gas Company.
John William Gregg, Esq, Alderman, Merchant, 18 Upper Sackville-street, Dublin—Vice Chairman.
Irwine Smith, Whitty, Esq, 6 Wellington Road, Dublin—Director Government Prisons.
Bernard Coyne, Esq, 27 Waterloo Road, Dublin, J P, Co Mayo.
Geoffry Martin, Esq, 2 Clarinda Park, East Kingstown, Dublin, and Curraghmore, Ballinrobe, Co Mayo, J P for Co Mayo.
Robert Gaway Harly, Esq, Bridge House and Glendaff, Tralee; J P for Co Kerry.
David Richardson Goodlad, Esq Merchant.
FEATURES.
A division of profits every three years to holders of policies who have no losses.
MODERATE PREMIUMS.
The company do not advocate high premiums, but rates will be charged according as the nature of the risk. Losses will be promptly and fully met on adjustment. Losses by lightning and loss or damage by explosion of gas within the premises insured made good.
JOHN INNIS, ESQ, Manager.
N B—The above company have invested in Canadian Government Bonds, in conformity with the Provincial Act, and have obtained the license of the Minister of Finance to do business in Canada, and are now prepared to take risks.
T. W. GRIFFITH, Manager for Canada.
Head Office for the Dominion—Corner of St Francois Xavier and St Sacrament-streets, Montreal.
Agents wanted in unrepresented districts throughout Canada.
589-6m NEIL McKINNON, Agent for Ottawa.

STOVES. STOVES. STOVES.
STOVES. STOVES. STOVES.
STOVES. STOVES. STOVES.
"CAPITAL" 35, SUSSEX STREET, H. MEADOWS
STOVE DEPOT! St. & CO.

WE have received our fall and Winter Stock of STOVES, STOVE PIPES, ELBOWS, DUMB STOVES, TINWARE and LUMBERMEN'S SUPPLIES, which we offer Wholesale or Retail at low prices. In Cooking, Parlor, Box and Hall Stoves, for wood or coal, we have the largest and most varied assortment ever shown in Ottawa.

COOKING STOVES. COOKING STOVES. COOKING STOVES.
COOKING STOVES. COOKING STOVES. COOKING STOVES
COOKING STOVES. COOKING STOVES. COOKING STOVES.

Our stock of the above comprises the latest improvements in both ELEVATED and LOW OVEN STOVES.

BOX AND HALL STOVES. BOX AND HALL STOVES.
BOX AND HALL STOVES. BOX AND HALL STOVES.
BOX AND HALL STOVES. BOX AND HALL STOVES.

Suitable for private Dwellings and Churches, Warehouses and Stoves.

PARLOR STOVES. PARLOR STOVES. PARLOR STOVES.
PARLOR STOVES. PARLOR STOVES. PARLOR STOVES.
PAR TOVES. PARLOR STOVES. PARLOR STOVES.

New and most beautiful designs, very cheap.

COAL STOVES. PARLOR GRATES.
Hot Air Furnaces.

We still continue to manufacture every description of TIN, SHEET IRON, and COPPER WARE, RUSSIA IRON PIPE, and DUMB STOVES. Also all kinds of out-door Job Work in our line attended to by competent and experienced Mechanics. Country Merchants supplied with Stovepipes, &c., at reduced rates.

Lumbermen's Supplies! Lumbermen's Supplies! Shanty Plates! Basins! Camp Kettles, &c.
HOUSEFURNISHING GOODS!
Bird Cages! Bird Cages! Bird Cages!
Price Lists sent free on application.
Any part of a Stove sold by us can be replaced when broken or burnt out, a fact intending buyers would do well to note.
An inspection of the above goods invited at the
"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,
35, SUSSEX STREET.
Ottawa, October 2, 1867. H. MEADOWS & CO. 62-y

INSURANCE.

INTERCOLONIAL
ASSURANCE CO'Y.
OF CANADA.
Capital - - - $500,000.
With power to increase the same.
SHARES, - - - $100 EACH.
PROVISIONAL DIRECTORS:
H. O. Burritt, Esq., President; R. Lyon, Esq., Mayor of Ottawa, Vice-President; T. D. Harington, Dy. Receiver General; the Hon. J. Skead, J. M. Currier, M. P., D. McLaughlin, M.P., W. Wade, Esq., F. Jones, M.P., W. Ellis, Esq., W. H. Brouse, M.D., Joseph Aumond, Esq., M. K. Church, M.D., and J. M. Bates.
THIS is purely a Canadian Institution, and as such is deserving of the support of the Canadian public.
An Act for the Incorporation of this Company is now before the Parliament of the Dominion.
Over $100,000 of stock is already subscribed and it is the intention to deposit with the Government as a guarantee of our good faith, at least $50,000 as soon as an Act of Incorporation is procured (which will be a provision of our Incorporation.) It is unnecessary here to dilate upon the profits of money invested in Insurance Stock. Suffice it to say, that, at least in one instance 335 per cent advance has been obtained on insurance stock, and that after the payment of princely dividends. In the meantime Subscriptions to Stock, in Ottawa may be made at the Ontario and Royal Canadian Banks, and a deposit of 10 per cent is requisite which will be deposited IN TRUST to be returned in case any subscriber is not satisfied with his investment up to one month after the Vice-Regal sanction to the Charter is obtained.
J. M. BATES,
Pro. Manager and Secretary.
Ottawa, Nov. 21, 1867. 595tf

CITY OF GLASGOW
Life Assurance Company
ESTABLISHED 1838.
CAPITAL, £600,000 Stg.
ANNUAL REVENUE OVER £120,000 STG.
THIS COMPANY OFFERS TO THE public the combined advantage of perfect security, moderate premiums and liberal participation in profits. No extra charge for Volunteers in defence of the country.
RINTOUL BROS., Montreal, General Agents for Canada.
NEIL McKINNON, Agent,
Sparks-street, Ottawa.
Ottawa March 25. 391y

Ætna Life Insurance Company.
ESTABLISHED, A. D. 1820.
Capital and Assets, 1st Jan., 1867, $4,401,823.86
THIS MOST SUCCESSFUL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY divides the whole of the Profits, every year, among the insured, reducing the cost to about one-half the figures usually charged.
For instance, the annual payment, at the age of 30, in most Companies, to insure $2400 is, with profits, about $50, and without profits.....$43.00
In the Ætna, $2000, to a person 30 years of age, costs the first year..... 25.31
And each subsequent year..... 26.74
Which payment is subject to further reduction as the business of the Company increases.
Endowment policies on equally favorable terms.
The fact that the Ætna has, during the past 12 months, insured over 14,000 persons, from among the best business men of the Continent, is the best possible testimonial to the soundness of the Company, and the excellence of its method of doing business.
J. GARVEY, ESQ., M. D., Medical Referee.
S. PEDLAR & CO., Montreal.
Ottawa, March 13. 381y

BRITISH AMERICA
Assurance Company!
FIRE AND MARINE.
ESTABLISHED 1830.
R. S. Cassels, Esq.....Consulting Director.
THE ABOVE FIRST-CLASS COMPANY is prepared to insure all descriptions of property against loss or damage by fire.
HERRICK, BRUSH & CO., AGENTS, Aumond's Buildings.
Ottawa, January 4, 1867. 323y

NOTICE.
DR. J. GARVEY can be consulted each day PROFESSIONALLY, at his RESIDENCE, RIDEAU-STREET, from 8 o'clock to 10 in the forenoon, and from 6 to 10 in the evening. During mid-day by making inquiries at BROWNE & HARDY'S, GROCERS, Rideau-street, information can be had as to his whereabouts.
J. GARVEY, M. D.
N. B.—It is not the intention of Dr. Garvey to relinquish his practice as a physician.
Ottawa, Jan. 24, 1868. 648tf

NOTICE.
ALL persons indebted to Dr. J. Garvey, and whose accounts have been rendered, are requested to call and settle at once, or costs will be incurred.
J. GARVEY, M.D.
Ottawa, Sept. 4, 1867. 529tf

RIFLES!
Wesson's Rifles!
HAVING imported some of the above RIFLES in 1866, under free entry, I offer the balance of stock at $17 each, which is $4 less than manufacturers prices; wholesale price at factory is $25 American money.
THOMAS ISAAC,
615d Sparks-street.

Land for Sale.
$850 ACRES OF LAND, situated within two to eight miles of the city. Apply to JOHN W. McGUIRE, Lot 25, 2nd Concession, Ottawa Front, Gloucester. 546-6m

To Sell or Let---Rare Opening.
TERMS MODERATE.
FINE STONE DWELLING HOUSES, Photographic Chambers, and other Cut Stone Premises, well arranged and eligibly situated for commercial business.
Apply to JOHN MACAULEY, Chandiere, Ottawa; or E. McGILLIVRAY, J. B. TACKABERRY, or H. McLEAN, Auctioneer, Ottawa.
January 8, 1867. 585-6m

Furniture! Furniture! Furniture!
AT THE
VARIETY HALL,
34, Sussex-st.
A MOST Complete Stock of Black Walnut and other Furniture, in Cane and Hair Seated Chairs, Tete-a-Tetes, Sofas, Extension Dining Tables, Centre Tables, Sideboards, Chiffonniers, Wardrobes, Bureaus, Bedsteads, Washstands and Toilet Tables. Also, Hair, Excelsior and Sea Grass Mattrasses, of all sizes, Gilt Mirrors, Toilet and other Looking Glasses, Table Cutlery of all kinds, Brushes, Brooms, and Wooden Ware of various descriptions, Table and Floor Mats, Soiled Linen Baskets, a beautiful article, Rocking Horses, Children's Sleighs, and the best assorted stock of Crockery, China and Glassware in the Dominion. This stock being all purchased to the best advantage will consequently be sold cheap.
Crockery, China, Glassware, Stoves and Furniture rented to private or public parties at a reasonable rate.
JOSEPH BOYDEN,
429y General Agent.

K. ARNOLDI,
WINE & SPIRIT MERCHANT,
METCALFE-STREET,
Telegraph Company's Building, Ottawa,
RECOMMENDS and Guarantees with confidence the following Wines;—
PORTS—Graham's, Sandeman's, Forrester's, Masden's, &c.:

	Per Gall.	Per Doz
No. 1 Good round Wine	$2 00	$6 00
" 2 "	3 00	8 75
" 3 Old	3 50	10 00
" 4 Superior old	4 50	12 50
" 5 Very fine old	5 75	15 50

SHERRY WINE—Domecq's, Capdepons, Pemartin's, Crump Suter's, &c.:

No. 1 Light table Wine	$2 00	6 00
" 2 Superior do	3 00	8 75
" 3 Very choice	3 50	10 00
" 4 Very Superior	4 50	12 50
" 5 Very fine	5 50	15 00

Marsala Wine,
$1.30 per Gallon, $4.50 per Dozen.
Especial attention called to the above Wine. Far superior to all common sherries, its chief recommendation is that it agrees perfectly well with persons who cannot take those wines, even of a high class. It is soft and old, free from heat, or the slightest approach to acidity, while its very moderate price recommends it for all large entertainments, as well as for the luncheon, dinner and supper table. It has met with the highest approval from the medical gentlemen of this city.
Also, in wood or bottle, old and new Brandies, Rums, Gins, Old Tom Gins, Irish, Scotch, and Canadian Whiskeys of Standard Brands.
Clarets, Champagnes, Hocks, Caracas, Maraschino, Chartreuse, Royal Italian Bitters, &c., in great variety.
Hibberts' and Guiness' Porter, Bass' and Allsopp's Ales, quarts and pints. Canadian Ale of Superior Quality, in Wood and Bottle.
Goods most confidently recommended, and may be as implicitly relied upon for perfect purity as if purchased in the largest wholesale establishment in the country.
Orders by mail with cash or city reference solicited and promptly attended to. No charge for delivery in the city. A discount to persons buying in quantity or by the original package. Inspection invited.
Price Lists, and every information, on application, or sent to any address.
WINE VAULTS AND OFFICE,
No. 11, Metcalfe-street,
Telegraph Co.'s Building, Ottawa.
January 27, 1868. 535y

FOR SALE
BY THE SUBSCRIBERS,
New Egyptian Dates,
Oranges, Lemons,
Grapes, Turkey Figs,
West End Raisins,
Dundee Marmalade,
Jams and Jellies,
Tomatoes in tins,
Peaches, "
Sweet Corn "
Lima Beans.
OYSTERS & HADDIES!
RECEIVED WEEKLY.
DALGLISH & RUSSELL,
Upper Town.
Ottawa, Jan. 28, 1868. 651y

SMITH & RODNEY
MERCHANT TAILORS and General Outfitters, Elgin-street, opposite the Russell House, and second door from the London Music Store, having just received a choice stock of
English, French and Canadian
CLOTHS and TWEEDS,
And a general assortment of gentlemen's furnishing goods, would intimate to their friends and the public generally that they are prepared to execute all orders in their line at the shortest notice, in the most approved styles and at prices that we defy competition.
Ottawa Oct. 1, 1867. 551tf

ROANOKE
Tobacco Company,
DANVILLE, VIRGINIA.
THIS Company having established at Montreal their General Agency for the Dominion of Canada, is now prepared to offer to the public an article in
SMOKING TOBACCO!
Superior to anything of the kind ever imported into the country, and pledge their long established character that the article now offered is the pure leaf from the
Virgin Hill Tops of Virginia.
The different brands and prices are as follows viz:
The "Prince of Wales," in 1 & 2 lb bls $1.00 per lb
" "Dominion Favorite" 1 & " " " 0.75 "
" "Navy," 1 & 2 " " 0.65 "
The prices are NET CASH in Montreal, and orders [accompanied by remittance] for 5 lbs and upwards will receive prompt attention. The tobacco will be forwarded to any address, by express or otherwise, as parties may direct.
Please address
F. W. HENSHAW,
Gen, gent Dominion of Canada,
10 St. Sacrament-st.,
Montreal.
Montreal, Dec. 4, 1867. 667-1m

SNOW'S
Celebrated Fever Remedy.
A Sure and Certain Cure for Fever—Continued, Remittent, Intermittent, Typhoid, and Fever arising from Ordinary Colds.
THIS REMEDY has been used in Tropical climates for many years with the greatest success. It shortens the attack, reduces the fever gradually, and at the same time enables the system to throw off the poisonous effect of he on the blood and secretions generally.
PRICE—50 cents and $1 per Bottle. Sold Wholesale and Retail by
H. F. MACCARTHY,
Chemist, Ottawa City
Sole Agent for Dominion of Canada.
December 2, 1867. 579-3m

HOWE'S
Boot and Shoe Store.
REMOVAL.
AS the Lease of our Premises in Sussex-street terminates this month, we intend to confine our business to one locality, and shall remove the whole of our Stock on the 1st of May next, to our Store in
No. 10, Rideau-st.
Our stock of BOOTS and SHOES, LEATHER, SHOE FINDINGS, TRUNKS, &c., &c., will consequently be very large and most complete in every department, and we most respectfully solicit a continuance of favors, to merit which our constant endeavors will be as usual to provide the best articles and sell at the lowest remunerating prices.
G. HOWE & SON.
Remember the place—No. 10, Rideau-st. next to Howell's grocery.
April 27. 426y

FOUND.
NEAR the Market, Lower Town, an INDIA RUBBER CARRIAGE COVER. Apply at this office.
Ottawa, November 495tf

CITY NOTICES.

PROCLAMATION.
WHEREAS it will greatly conduce to the health and comfort of the Citizens of Ottawa generally, to have the city cleansed of all filth and nuisances, and whereas the introduction and spread of malignant and contagious diseases, is, and will certainly be influenced by the sanitary condition of the city; and whereas the

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

On no occasion will the names of Old Advertisements be inserted here.

Bazaar—St. Patrick's Orphan Asylum.

The Ottawa Times

City and County Official Paper

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 15, 1867.

The New Brunswick Legislature was opened at Fredericton on the 13th inst. The Speech of Lieut.-Governor Harding is brief and pointed. It recommends but a few measures for the attention of the Legislature, and they of an eminently practical kind. The finances of the Province, we are glad to see, are represented to be in a satisfactory condition, and further provisions tending to increased economy in the Administration are recommended. The Union Act is alluded to in terms of hopefulness as to its beneficial effects upon the general prosperity of the Dominion.

Certain despatches published in the Western papers having led to the impression, that the distress among the fishermen of Nova Scotia had been grossly exaggerated, and that no further relief was needed, the efforts on their behalf have naturally been slackened. The following telegram puts a different face on the condition of affairs, and we hope that it may stimulate the charitably disposed to still further efforts on behalf of the suffering fishermen:

"The report that no further relief is wanted arises from a misapprehension of a telegram to Toronto, having been misconstrued. The distress has by no means been exaggerated.
(Signed,) E. C. JONES."

The St. Patrick's Society of Montreal has again obtruded on the public attention. The officers undertake to deny that a motion for the reconsideration of the resolution expelling Mr. McGee was carried "after a stormy "discussion." The facts, however, as related in the *News*, are, substantially, that the motion in question comes up for reconsideration at the next meeting in March. It matters little to Mr. McGee or the public what the decision may be, for the facts already made notorious, have damned that society in the estimation of every honorable and loyal resident of the two Provinces, and nothing short of a complete expurgation of the factious—not to use a harsher term—element from its management, will reinstate it in public favor. The *News* says that a "Hibernian Society" is to be established in Montreal, in opposition to the St. Patrick's Society. We say nothing of the wisdom, or want of wisdom, of such a proceeding. Benevolent Societies, either on a national or religious basis, are excellent, and to be everywhere commended; but societies, whether founded on national or religious distinctions, not only cease to be beneficial, but become positively obnoxious when perverted to political or partizan purposes.

Elsewhere we publish *in extenso* the amendments to the repeal resolutions of the Nova Scotia Government moved by the Hon. Mr. Blanchard on Tuesday last. They raise the whole issue of the constitutionality of the course pursued by the Cabinet, and refute the illogical propositions of Mr. Attorney-General Wilkins. We can hardly think that the Legislature would act so precipitately as to dispose of these amendments without discussion, in order to permit of the departure of the delegation on the 14th, as previously stated. Some of these amendments bring up questions of fact as to the practical effect of Union on the Province; others relate to the constitutionality of the mode by which the Union was effected, while the eleventh, twelfth and thirteenth, set forth the object of Union in the general interests of the Empire, in the furtherance of which the Province is bound by its obligation of fealty to the Crown to work, and the seventh establishes conclusively the fact that the Legislature of Nova Scotia has already recognised the Union Act by conforming its own enactments to its provisions, and adapting the Constitution of the Legislature to the new condition of affairs by it established. How will the declaration of Mr. Wilkins that Nova Scotia "is not, has not "been, and will not be confederated," stand the test of argument against the facts cited, and the propositions laid down by Mr. Blanchard? The very extravagance of the Ministerial resolutions makes us doubt the sincerity—or the sanity—of their authors; and if Mr. Blanchard can but get his amendments discussed *seriatim*, and the debate is read by the people of the Province, the effect will, doubtless, be damaging to the position of the Government.

In the Ontario Legislature the amended Municipal Assessment Act, to which we referred at some length the other day, was brought up on Wednesday for consideration in Committee of the Whole. The Ministry, we regret to notice, urged the postponement of the Bill until another session; and after considerable decision it was agreed that the motion for going into Committee should stand over till Monday.

The Cabinet, we think, ought to be prepared to deal with this Bill at once. There may be some of the suggested amendments open to criticism, which might well be left over till another session, but nothing can justify the continuance of the absurd and unjust "sliding scale" for a single hour. It is not known, to this day, why so iniquitous an enactment should ever have found a place on the statute book, except that the irresponsible members of the Legislative Council saw in it a means of protection to their own pockets; and if the Legislature of Ontario separates before "wiping it out," the representatives of the people will have lamentably failed in their duties. Neither ought there to be any hesitation in making the change with respect to assessment on income provided by the new Act. While in England no income below one hundred pounds sterling, and in the United States no income below one thousand dollars, is taxable, it is a reproach to Ontario that incomes of three hundred dollars, or about sixty pounds sterling, should be liable to assessment. If that reproach to the Province is not swept away during the present session of the Legislature, the people may fairly doubt whether their representatives have done their duty.

As to the other changes proposed—though we think they are nearly all of a salutary character—there may be reasons why the Government should ask delay, and we submit it as a proposition for the basis of an honorable compromise between the House and the Government whether the two most pressing reforms we have indicated should not at once be adopted, and the others left over until another session, when the question might be thoroughly considered in all its bearings, and something like a just and equitable assessment law framed, which might endure without alteration or amendment for some time. The country will not, we think, sustain the Government in burking all legislation for amendment of the utterly absurd and disgraceful law, which now to the discredit of our legislators prevails; but if the universally admitted defects in the two particulars indicated were remedied at once, there could be no reasonable objection to a delay of one session for the perfecting of such other amendments as every one at all conversant with the subject must admit, are essentially necessary to make the Municipal Assessment Law of Ontario what it ought to be—the impartial distributor of the burthens of taxation.

The following despatch appeared in yesterday's Montreal *Gazette*. Doubtless it sketches correctly the repeal programme so far as it has been developed, but when the first week in May comes with the answer of the Imperial Government—"What then?" We need not say that the whole Dominion will "pause for a reply:"

"Halifax, Feb. 13.

"Mr. Howe has engaged a passage in the Royal Mail steamship *City of New York*, which leaves this port for Liverpool to-morrow, as the delegate commissioned by the Provincial Government to negotiate with the Imperial authorities for the repeal of the British North America Act. It is reported in well informed circles that Mr. Annand, who is Provincial Treasurer, and Mr. Troop, of Annapolis, also a member of the Government, will be the other delegates in the anti-Confederate interest, and will depart in the steamer which leaves here on the 28th inst.

"In reply to a question by the leader of the Opposition in the Assembly to-day, the Attorney-General stated that it was the intention of the Government to adjourn Parliament upon the departure of the repeal delegates, and resume the session about the first week in May next, when the answer of the Imperial authorities to the repeal resolutions would be taken into consideration."

We are glad to see that the Customs Department has determined to enforce the tariff regulations with respect to obscene publications, and will hereafter confiscate all the blackguard illustrated *Police Gazettes* and *Sensations* which were obtaining such general currency throughout this city and the Upper Province. No bookseller who respects himself or his customers would allow these prurient publications to defile his counter."—*Montreal Gazette.*

[We hope the determination above mentioned may be carried out in Ottawa. As yet "there "is no sign," though Quebec, and we believe other places, have had the benefit of the law for some time.—Ed. Times.]

The Civil Service Building Society have made arrangements to enable its members to invest in Dominion Stock by paying twelve monthly instalments of $8.86, or twenty-four monthly instalments of $4.68 for every $100 of stock. This is an excellent arrangement, and we hope will be generally availed of by the Civil Service employees. The society extends this privilege to all employees in the Post Office, Customs, and Inland Revenue Departments throughout the Dominion. It is also stated that offers for Dominion Stock will still be received by the Receiver-General at par.

We understand that the family of Mr. Dickenson, Deputy Inspector General, have been deeply indebted to the Sisters of Charity during their recent affliction. The presence of scarlatina in the family having frightened away the servants, but for two of these charitable ladies who kindly gave their services to tend the sick, the household would have been in a very melancholy plight. We are happy to be able to add that Mr. Dickenson's children are now convalescent.

FROM TORONTO.

Special to THE TIMES.

Toronto, Feb. 14, 1868.

In the House to-day sixty-six thousand four hundred dollars were granted out of the Consolidated Revenue Fund, in aid of Agricultural and Horticultural Societies, and Mechanics' Institutes. The Registrars' Bill was read a second time, after which the House adjourned till Monday. The Railway Committee have adopted all the Bills submitted to them. Yesterday a deputation of the Directors of the Huron and Ontario Ship Canal waited upon the Attorney-General and discussed the necessity of a grant of lands for the project. The Attorney-General was in favor of the object.

John Beard was tried by Court Martial today for deserting from the 17th Regiment at Ottawa. He was captured and brought here by Detective O'Neill.

THE NEW EDINBURGH CONCERT.

The concert of the New Edinburgh Penny Readings Society, for the purpose of raising funds for the purchase of a melodeon, was held in the School House last evening, under the distinguished patronage of Sir John A. and Lady Macdonald, both of whom attended. The Rev. Mr. Phillipps, President of the Society, was in the chair.

The chairman introduced Mr. Maingy, who read a short but eloquent address, in which he gave an account of the origin of the Penny Readings in New Edinburgh, ascribing the honor of the beginning to a young lady, whose name we failed to catch, and are unable at present to give it. The speaker was very complimentary to the patrons of the concert, and conveyed to them the thanks of the Society.

A very respectable programme was carried out. Miss Goodeve accompanied the gentlemen with great taste and ability, and also accompanied Mr. Steckell in his brilliant flute solo, and the execution by the lady and gentleman was very beautiful. Miss G. merits the gratitude of the friends of the Readings in New Edinburgh, by her readiness on all occasions to devote her musical talents to their service.

Miss Smith and Miss Spencer sung some choice gems with a charming and easy grace, and were encored again and again.

The gentlemen, viz.: Messrs. Ansell, Higgins, and Sinclair, were also encored in all their songs and deservedly so. These gentlemen who are always welcome at the best concerts, and have earned reputations for their abilities, have also rendered good service to the popular reading movement.

Mr. E. K. MacGillivray gave, with his usual effect, a recitation entitled "The Death of the Wizard."

Two readings were given from the Ingoldsby Legends by Rev. Mr. Higginson and Mr. Carrier, and "Mary Queen of Scotts" was recited by Master James Hacket.

The Rev. President made a short speech at the end, and a very creditable and satisfactory concert was brought to a close.

LOCAL NEWS.

1,000 Comet Burners just received by Esmonde Bros., 43 Sparks-st., next door to the Hoop Skirt Factory. N.B.—75 boxes Canada plate for sale.

The Dominion House, Wellington Street.—This house has been thoroughly renovated and fitted up. Good table and choice liquors. Fine yard and stabling. Oysters and meals at all hours. Colin McLaurin and Geo. Irvine, Proprietors. 666-b.

Gold Watches.—An extensive assortment of elegant gold watches—both American and Canada Watch Company's make—has just been imported by Young & Radford, Practical Watchmakers and Jewellers, 30 Sparks-st. Call and examine.

Weather Table.—Noted by Wm. Hearn, Optician and Druggist, Market Drug Store, York-st.

Ottawa, Feb. 14, 1868.

Greatest degree of cold registered during the previous night 10 below zero.

8 a.m., 10 "
1 p.m., 8 above "
6 p.m., 2 " "

Ball of the Sapeurs.—The Company of Sapeurs will hold their third annual ball on Monday evening the seventeenth instant, at the Canada Hotel, Sussex-st. The committee are engaged in working all the necessary preparations, which will be completed in good time. They have engaged Marrier's String Band for the occasion, and Mr. Lariviere is to supply the refreshments. The friends of the company, and they are numerous, will no doubt do their part towards making the ball a success.

Police Court.—Lalonde *vs.* Roy; the complainant in this case said he had been boarding with Mr. Roy, who keeps a tavern and boarding house. He owed him a sum of money for board, and defendant refused to give up a trunk and overcoat belonging to complainant until it was paid. There had been a dispute about the sum owed, but complainant tendered the money which he said he owed and demanded his property, but the money and the demand were both refused. The illegality of holding complainant's property under the circumstances having been proved to the satisfaction of the Magistrate, defendant was fined $2, and complainant was instructed to renew the demand, and if refused to bring the matter up again.

Dogs in the Market.—There has been a long standing complaint against many of the butchers in By Ward Market for keeping dogs in the market about their stalls, and of occasionally regaling themselves with a dog fight, which greatly annoyed people who had business in the market, and not unfrequently kept customers away. Measures have now been taken by the market constable to compel the observance of the by-law in this respect. Fair warning has been given, and there is no doubt the nuisance will now be abated. There are butchers in this city who keep private stalls, and deem it also necessary to keep a savage cerberus in their stalls, whose usual place is on the door step, growling and barking at customers, who are of course afraid to enter, and thus effectually guarding their masters' meat against thieves and purchasers alike. A neighbor of one of those butchers stated yesterday in our hearing that to his knowledge his neighbor's dog had kept hundreds of dollars out of the shop. If people will indulge their tastes for fighting dogs under such circumstances, they must take the consequences.

OPENING OF THE NEW BRUNSWICK LEGISLATURE.

Fredericton, N.B., Feb. 13.

The Local Legislature met at 2:20 p.m., to-day. Mr. Botsford was elected Speaker without opposition.

The new members were sworn in by the Chief Justice at 12 o'clock.

The Lieutenant-Governor delivered the following speech:

Mr. President and Honorable Gentlemen of the Legislative Council.
Mr. Speaker and Gentlemen of the House of Assembly.

I have much pleasure in meeting you in general assembly, and in being able to congratulate you on the general prosperous state of the Province. Providence has, during the past year, blessed the labors of the husbandmen.

The fisheries, as far as prosecuted, have been generally successful; and, although, while circumstances beyond our control have, to a certain extent, dampened the prospects of our enterprising ship-builders, yet, I trust, with the continuation of peace in Europe and the consequent improvement in the trade and commerce of the world, this Province, and the acknowledged energy and skill of our people, that we may reasonably hope for an improvement in this most important branch of business.

The Provincial exhibition, held at St. John during the last autumn, gave satisfactory evidence of the advanced state of our manufacturers. It is highly gratifying to me to be able to inform you that the state of our Revenue is very satisfactory, and after providing for all the ordinary services there will be a surplus amply sufficient to enable you to make the usual provisions for Roads and other Public Works; at the same time taking in consideration the increasing wants of the Province, with a Revenue to a certain extent limited. I would earnestly recommend you to adopt and enforce a rigid system of economy, and as far as practicably retrenchment in every branch of the public service. With this view new measures will be submitted to you for the abolition of such public offices, to which salaries are attached, as are not absolutely required for the exigencies of the public services. Also for the more careful collection and management of the public revenue, and for the more speedy collection of Crown debts. Your attention will be called to amendments in the county Court Act, with a view of rendering those courts as beneficial as possible to the public interests. Your attention will be invited to those matters tending to develope the resources of the Province, and facilitate its settlement and amend the educational system.

Mr. Speaker and Gentlemen.

I have directed the accounts of the Provincial income and expenditure to be laid before you; also the estimates for the ensuing year, which have been framed with a due regard to the resources of the Province.

Mr. President and Hon. Gentlemen. Mr. Speaker and Gentlemen.

Since the last meeting of the Legislature of this Province, the Act of Parliament for the Union of the Provinces has come into force, and I confidently trust that when the operation has been fully tried and tested, it will be found to advance the social, material and political interests of the Dominion over which it extends.

A large number of citizens and of the military were present.

Three Significant Facts.—The St. Patrick's Society of Montreal recently held a public gathering, and the walls of the room were decorated, among other things, with large pictures of many of the leading Fenian agitators of the United States. The society shortly after passed commendatory resolutions in honor of Mr. T. W. Anglin. And the same society expelled the Hon. T. D'Arcy McGee for his speeches and writings against Fenianism!—*St. John, N. B., Telegraph.*

—The election for Mayor of Ottawa came off on the 19th inst., when Henry J. Friel, Esq., was unanimously elected Mayor of that city. We congratulate Mr. Friel on his election and so will many others from the Maritime Provinces, who had the pleasure of making the acquaintance of that gentleman on the occasion of their recent visit to Ottawa during the Parliamentary session. Mr. Friel is an Irishman, and a Roman Catholic, and the first elected Mayor of the Capital of the New Dominion under Confederation.—*Halifax Evening Express.*

CABLE NEWS.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

OPENING OF THE IMPERIAL PARLIAMENT.

The "Alabama" Claims to be Called up.

A Bill to be Introduced to Prevent Bribery and Corruption.

Discovery of a Conspiracy in Hungary.

Acquittal of the Fenian Lennon.

London, Feb. 13—12 p.m.—Parliament assembled at 4 o'clock this afternoon. In the House of Lords there was a full attendance, but Lord Derby was not present, being ill with gout. After the preliminaries incident to the re-opening of the session the House adjourned without transacting any business.

In the House of Commons Mr. Lefevre gave notice of his intention of calling up the question of the *Alabama* claims on the 4th of March. Lord Stanley said no despatch had been received from Washington later than the one last published.

Mr. D'Israeli brought in a Bill to prevent bribery and corruption in elections. It provides for a committee of enquiry, consisting of eminent lawyers, to be appointed by the Speaker of the House of Commons, which is to visit the place of election, and investigate the charges of bribery. After considerable debate the Bill was read for the first time.

The House then adjourned.

London, Feb. 13.—It is reported that a great pan-slavic conspiracy against the Austrian Empire has been discovered in Hungary.

Dublin, Feb. 13.—The prisoner Lennon has been acquitted of murdering policeman Kelly.

Berlin, Feb. 13.—Prime Minister Bismarck promises that steps shall be taken by the Prussian Government to prevent a repetition of such cases as that of the emigrant ship *Leibnitz*, and that negotiations for that end shall be immediately commenced.

Florence, Feb. 13.—The Italian papers insist that Admiral Farragut is charged by his Government with an important mission in regard to Italy, and also in connection with the affairs of Candia.

Paris, Feb. 14—11:15 a.m.—Increase of bullion in the Bank of France during the week, 22,000,000 francs. Bourse higher. Rentes strong.

Southampton, Feb. 14.—The steamer *Prussia* from New York, has arrived.

THIS MORNING'S DESPATCHES.

London, Feb. 14.—Rumors are current in Paris of a contemplated change in the Ministry in deference to the wishes and sentiments of the Liberal party.

Florence, Feb. 14.—Menabrea, the Prime Minister, has informed the Parliament in reply to a question, that the Government had despatched seven ships to the River La Plata, South America, but gave no information as to the object of the expedition.

Florence, Feb. 14.—Yesterday evening Admiral Farragut attended a state dinner at the Royal Palace. The Italian journals contains frequent reports in regard to the visit of Admiral Farragut, and seem to be persuaded that he is here on some mission of great importance. The last rumor which has appeared is to the effect that his object is to obtain a naval station in the Mediterranean for the United States, and that he has been instructed to apply to the Italian Government for the use of the port of Spezzia for that purpose.

London, Feb. 14—Lennon, who was convicted of treason and felony, was yesterday brought before the court and sentenced to imprisonment at hard labor for a term of fifteen years. After receiving sentence Lennon made a bitter a speech, in which he predicted that before he had served out the term of his imprisonment the British Monarchy would be overthrown. He gloried in the act for which he was now condemned, and hoped an opportunity would be given him to repeat it.

The auxiliary corps of Egyptians remain in Abyssinia, and are moving forward as the expedition advances, notwithstanding the request made by the English Government to the Pasha of Egypt, that they be withdrawn. Reports from the interior state that King Theodore and the British captives were at Magaldo.

London, Feb. 14—Midnight.—In the House of Lords this evening, Earl Mayo, the Chief Secretary for Ireland, asked leave to bring in a Bill to suspend the operation of the writ of *Habeas Corpus* from the first of March. He said the Fenian leaders had shown an utter disregard of their oaths of allegiance to the Crown, and stated that out of two hundred and sixty-eight Fenians, who had been arrested, but ninety-five were Americans. He concluded by saying that although the Government had succeeded in repressing the rebels, still an extension of its powers was necessary, to enable it to complete the work, and leave to bring in the Bill was granted.

In the House of Commons Lord Stanley laid before the House additional despatches on the subject of the *Alabama* claims. These documents have already been published.

It has been decided that the British West India Mail Steamers shall cease calling at the Island of St. Thomas. Probably Jamaica will be chosen as a mail station for the steamers.

Paris, Feb. 14.—In the Corps Legislatif to-day an amendment, which was proposed by M. Berrier, to the Bill for the regulation of the press, introducing certain reforms in the administration of courts of justice, was defeated after a stormy debate. The Government is rapidly pushing forward the organization of the National Guard in all the departments of France, in accordance with the provisions of the Army Bill, recently adopted by the Senate and Legislative body.

AMERICAN NEWS.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

New York, Feb. 14.—The *Herald's* Cape Haytien special says the Caco rebels were moving onward with great success. In a recent engagement they had captured 300 of President Salnave's troops, and had established their headquarters within 20 miles of Cape Haytien. They had shot several of their opponents, including a General. This despatch does not specify whether these were shot in battle or after capture. The general opinion at the Cape was that President Salnave would soon fall from power. A British man-of-war had gone to Samana to watch the doings of the United States representatives in that quarter of the Island.

THIS MORNING'S DESPATCHES.

Cholera Still in St. Thomas.

New York, Feb. 14.—The *Herald's* St. Thomas special says the cholera continues unabated, and a penalty was inflicted upon some of the inhabitants for failing to notify the police authorities of any case of the disease.

Political.

Washington, Feb. 14.—In Mr. Stevens' remarks before the Reconstruction Committee to-day, he said the Republican party has been killed to-day by the action of this committee, at the instance of General Grant and his friends. I have been in public life for forty years, and though I do not pretend to have any gift of prophecy, I have seldom been mistaken in my political predictions. I tell you that to-day's cowardly action will cost us New York, Pennsylvania, Ohio, and probably three or four more of the Northern States.

George Francis Train.

George Francis Train telegraphed to the President to-day, asking him to interpose his authority in the matter of obtaining damages, laid at $100,000, from the British Government, for his imprisonment.

Fire and Loss of Life.

Wilmington, Feb. 14.—A number of persons were burried beneath the ruins of a falling wall at the fire this morning. One white and four negro firemen have thus far been taken from the ruins in a mangled condition. It is thought all will die. It is feared ten or twelve were crushed. Total loss, $125,000.

A New Military Division.

Washington, Feb. 14.—A new military division has been created, to be called the Military Division of the Atlantic, to be composed of the Department of the Lakes, the Department of the East, and the Department of Washington, to be commanded by Lieutenant-General Sherman, with headquarters at Washington.

MR. BLANCHARD'S AMENDMENTS TO THE REPEAL RESOLUTIONS.

Halifax, Feb. 12.

The House met at 11 o'clock this morning. Mr. BLANCHARD continued his remarks in connection with the amendments to the Repeal Resolutions. The amendments are as follows:

First—The law-making power ever since the Province of Nova Scotia possessed a Legislature, subject always to the Royal prerogative and constitutional enactments of the Imperial Parliament, whether exercised in reference to the existing constitution or any other subject of a Provincial character is, and ever has been, vested, and of right ought to vest in, the Lieutenant-Governor, the Legislative Council, and the House of Assembly for the time being.

Second—The right of the Imperial Parliament to provide, to change or alter the constitution of a British Province or Colony is undoubtedly, has been repeatedly exercised, and cannot and ought not to be called in question.

Third—The resolution of the tenth of April, 1866, which passed both branches of the Nova Scotia Legislature, did not necessarily contemplate a Confederation of all the British North American Provinces, nor were the delegates to be appointed thereunder in any way limited or instructed as to how many or which of the British North American Provinces should be included within such Confederation, nor whether Prince Edward Island and Newfoundland should or should not be of the number. Nor did the terms of that resolution require that each of the Colonies should be represented by an equal number of delegates.

Fourth—That before the Committee of Public Accounts have reported upon the financial condition of the Province and in the absence of any reliable data to show the effect of the working of the constitution, the British North America Act of 1867 and Her Majesty's proclamation thereunder have not been in operation sufficiently long to warrant any authoritative expression of opinion on the part of this Legislature as to the effect to be produced upon Canada or any Province of Canada, much less justify an assertion that it will reduce the Province of Nova Scotia to the degraded condition of a dependency of Canada, Nova Scotia being by the Act in question a constituent part of Canada with a fair representation in both branches of the Canadian Legislature.

Fifth—That the railway debt of Nova Scotia in the year 1863 amounted to four million dollars, upon which interest was chargeable and paid at the rate of six per cent. per annum, amounting to two hundred and forty thousand dollars; that the policy of the Government and the Legislature has been since then largely to increase the public debt and expend the borrowed money in the construction of railways and other public works; that the funded debt of the Province is now eight million dollars and upwards, the interest upon which amounts now to four hundred and eighty thousand dollars and upwards, which, if the British North America Act of 1867 had never passed, would have necessitated a very considerable rise in the tariff of Nova Scotia, even if there had been no falling off in imports or a greatly diminished vote for the public service.

Sixth—That fundamental and material changes of the constitution of the British Provinces, both in the Eastern and Western hemispheres, have from time to time, as occasion required, been made, as well by the Imperial Parliament, as by the despatches emanating from Downing-st. and the constitution of Nova Scotia had existed, and at present exists, and in many other of its most important features rests upon the authority of despatches of successive Secretaries of State for the Colonies.

Seventh—That the Legislature of Nova Scotia, in the session of 1867, recognized the British North America Act of 1867, and chapter 1, after providing for a reconstruction of departmental offices and the salaries of incumbents, in section 9, specially refers to said Act as about to be brought into full operation by Her Majesty's Proclamation; chapter 2, passed during the same session, reducing the number of representatives in any future House of Assembly, adapted the local constitution to the condition of things; chapter 3 disables Senators and members of the House of Commons of Canada to hold seats in the Legislature of Nova Scotia; and chapter 17 provides where the election of members to serve in the House of Commons of Canada and the Legislative Assembly is to be held.

Eighth—That the expression of opinion on the part of the Nova Scotia Legislature were of this state on the 10th of April, 1866; that it was desirable that a Confederation of the British North American Provinces should take place, was as much a constitutional declaration of the then existing Legislature, and entitled to as much credit as any subsequent contradictory declaration of the present or any future Legislature can be.

Ninth—That however desirable it may seem to be it has never been held essential to the validity or constitutionality of an Act of Parliament, either in a British Province or in England, that it should first be submitted to and obtain the assent of the people at the polls.

Tenth—That the people of Nova Scotia have ever been conspicuous for their loyalty and attachment to the British Crown and their obedience to the laws of the Empire. They have ever had the protecting arm of the mightiest nation in the world thrown around them; their sea coasts have been zealously guarded by the British navy, and their principal city garrisoned, fortified, and protected by British troops—All at Imperial expense. They have no fears, therefore, that Great Britain will invade their rights or inflict injustice upon them or suffer it to be done by others.

Eleventh—In view of the defenceless condition of the Province of Nova Scotia, unsupported by Imperial aid in case of hostile attack from without, this Legislature gratefully appreciates the interest displayed on the part of Her Majesty's Government, and cheerfully recognizes the right and the just authority referred to in the despatch of the Right Hon. Mr. Cardwell, principal Secretary of State for the Colonies, under date of June 25th, 1865, in which, among other things, it is declared, looking to the determination which this country has ever exhibited to regard the defence of the Colonies as a matter of Imperial concern, the Colonies must recognize a right, and even acknowledge an obligation, incumbent upon the Home Government, to urge with earnestness and just authority the measures which they consider most expedient on the part of the Colonies, with a view to their own defence. Nor can it be doubtful that the Provinces of British North America are incapable, when separate and divided from each other, of making those just and efficient preparations for national defence which would be easily undertaken by a Province uniting in itself all the population and all the resources of the whole.

Twelfth—That if it be the opinion of Her Majesty's Government and those whose previous military training qualifies them to speak with authority upon the subject, that a Confederation of the British North American Provinces was prudent and desirable and requisite for their defence against any aggressive force aimed at them or any one of them—then it is the duty of every loyal subject to respect that expression of opinion, to co-operate with Her Majesty's Government to make all reasonable sacrifices in order to preserve the existing connection with the fatherland, and cheerfully to aid in moulding the institutions of the country in the manner best adapted to secure so desirable an object.

Thirteenth—That as regards the course adopted by the Government and Legislature of Nova Scotia to bring about Confederation, it was under the instructions, and as nearly as possible in accordance with, the recommendation of Her Majesty's Government, as set forth in a despatch dated the 3rd of December, 1864, written after the sitting of the Quebec Conference, and addressed to Lord Monck, as Governor-General; in which, among other things, occurs the following: "It appears to them, Her Majesty's Government, therefore, that you should now take immediate measures, in concert with the Lieutenant-Governors of the several Provinces, for submitting to the respective Legislatures this project of the Conference, and if, as I hope you are, able to report that these Legislatures sanction and adopt the scheme, Her Majesty's Government will render you all the assistance in their power for carrying it into effect. It will probably be found to be the most convenient course that, in concert with the Lieutenant-Governors, you should select a deputation of the persons best qualified to proceed to this country, that they may be present during the preparation of the Bill and give to Her Majesty's Government the benefit of their counsel upon any question which may arise during the passage of the measure through the two Houses of Parliament." And this recommendation was but the embodiment and reiteration of the sentiments of Her Majesty's Government, as delivered by the late Duke of Newcastle, and expressed in relation to the same subject, and to be found in a despatch to the Earl of Mulgrave dated the sixth day of July, 1862. After referring to some such conference or consultation as that held at Quebec, that great statesman and friend of the colonies remarked: "But whatever the result of such consultation might be, the most satisfactory mode of testing the opinion of the people of British North America would probably be by means of resolution and address, proposed to the Legislature of each Province by its own Government."

FRENCH TRADE WITH THE PORT OF QUEBEC.

[From the Quebec Morning Chronicle.]

The total number of vessels that arrived at this port from places within French jurisdiction was, in 1866, 22; tonnage 8,222; men, 251. In 1867, the arrivals were 21; tonnage, 8,523; men, 254. In the former year 12 vessels, of a total tonnage of 3,965, arrived with cargoes; the number being 11 in 1867, with a tonnage of 3,989. The total value of the goods imported direct from France, also, by way of Liverpool and the United States, was, in 1866, $94,489; and, in 1867, $86,100. Those imports were principally French wines and articles of taste and luxury. It appears, furthermore, that large quantities of French goods are imported under the entries of British and American, having been purchased in the markets of England and the States. The return of vessels outwards for 1866 and 1867 shews that in the former year 22 cleared from Quebec, and in the latter, 10, all with cargoes. The number of British vessels that cleared hence for French ports was 16 in 1866, and 7, in 1867; and, of foreign, 6 in the former and 3 in the latter year. The total value of goods of Canadian produce exported to France, in 1866, was $111,608; in 1867, $30,830; total exported to St. Pierre Miquelon in 1866, $10,244; in 1867, $14,074. Total exports, including sailing vessels built at Quebec and sold to France—in 1867, $278,214; increase over 1866, $21,482. The exports to France, not coming under the head of vessels, are principally the products of our forests; and in this branch of our export trade a serious decline was witnessed in 1867. But fortunately it was more than compensated by the increase in the number of vessels sold to France last year. In 1866 we sold seven, of 3,297 tons, of the value of $131,880; and in 1867, 11 vessels, of 6,674 tons, amounting to $233,310. It has long been an important object with the Hon. Mr. Galt, in framing, or influencing the framing of the tariffs of Canada, to foster our trade with France. That trade is greater of late years than formerly, but we could wish it much more extensive, in the interest of both countries. A great volume of the products of either country at present reaches the other; and it is good policy to encourage to the utmost this friendly and profitable mutual intercourse. It is gratifying to find our trade with France, direct and indirect, so large; there is no reason why it should not assume greater proportions. Canada affords a fine market for many kinds of French products; and there is no doubt that were our merchants more enterprising, a larger business might be done with that country in the sale of merchandise of Canadian production.

THE REPEAL POLICY OF THE GOVERNMENT.

[From the Picton, N. S., Standard.]

But if the Speech and the Address in reply to it, were sufficiently vague on the question of repeal, the public were not kept long in suspense. Immediately after the Address was moved and seconded, the Hon. Attorney-General, the leader of the Government, rose in his place, and on moving the adjournment took occasion to announce the policy of the Government on this important subject—stating his intention to bring down resolutions declaring that the Act of Union was unconstitutional; that this Province was never, and does not intend to be, confederated, and asking Her Majesty to withdraw the Proclamation in so far as this Province is concerned, and to repeal the Imperial Statute. This declaration was sufficiently explicit, and in our view equally inconsistent; for, if this Province is not confederated where is the necessity for repeal; or if the Act is unconstitutional and consequently void, how can it be considered binding? If the above conclusions are to be accepted, the Legislature itself is an unconstitutional body, having been elected under confederation, which is a nullity. The Governor-General who issued the writs for the elections did so without authority, both in respect to the General and Local Legislatures; the officers who executed them are in the same position, and the electors who voted exercised a privilege to which they are not entitled. Even His Excellency cannot be considered "constitutionally" the Governor of Nova Scotia, inasmuch as he was appointed under the authority of the Act of Union. It is to be remembered that these remarks apply equally to the other Provinces of the Dominion; for, the whole Act being void *ab initio*, every part of it is null and void. We are thus reduced to a state of political chaos, and how to emerge from it is a problem, which must be difficult of solution. In fact we think it would puzzle a Philadelphia lawyer to get out of the dilemma. The Legislature adopts a series of resolutions in which it is declared that the Act of Union is unconstitutional and consequently void. It is to the Act of Union the Legislature owes its existence, and under its authority its members have been elected as representatives of the people; but as the Act itself is void, they are consequently not the representatives of the people at all, and they hold their seats "unconstitutionally." If they embrace an application for repeal in the resolutions they may pass, the Imperial Government will be bound by the very terms of the resolutions to pay no attention to it, inasmuch as that, the Legislature being unconstitutionally constituted it cannot be considered as the proper medium for expressing the wishes of the people.

This, therefore, is the singularly complicated condition of affairs into which the Legislature is about to plunge this Province; and under the circumstances we are not at all surprised that His Excellency should decline to embrace in his Speech the views subsequently announced by the Hon. Attorney-General as the intended policy of the Government. We are glad to think that His Excellency exercised the wise discretion of refusing to place himself in so inconsistent and ridiculous a position as would follow from incorporating into the Speech such inconsistent propositions as those enunciated in the brief exposition of policy made by the leader of the Government at the opening of the session. It was better even that the very unusual course of proposing an Address which was not exactly in harmony with the Speech should be adopted, and that the most important question of the session should be studiedly excluded from the Speech, than that His Excellency should suffer himself to utter words and sentiments which would reduce himself to a nullity, and the Legislature to a myth. How all this is to end, is not easy to determine. While there is much that is ludicrous, there is also not a little that is serious. Constitutional maxims and public interests are not exactly the sort of things that ought to be treated lightly, and what is begun in sport often ends in earnest. We trust that moderation and reflection will guide those at present entrusted with our interests, and that the progress of the session will manifest an improvement, which its commencement scarcely justifies us in anticipating.

Cotton no Longer King.—Cotton goods are now nearly as cheap as before the American war. Garland, Mutchmor & Co. have lately received a few bales of gray and white cottons, shirtings and prints, purchased since the great fall in prices. Parties requiring any description of dry goods would do well to see their stock before purchasing. 582-y

Cotton in Illinois.—It is estimated that Illinois alone will produce five hundred thousand bales of cotton next year, and we understand that the Government of the United States have given instructions to their General in command of the army in the South to have all the seed saved that is possible, for planting in that and other western States, but should their expectations not be fulfilled it is gratifying to know that we have a sovereign remedy for coughs, colds, cramps in the stomach, cholic, cholera morbus, and all complaints of the like nature, in the "Canadian Pain Destroyer," sold by all Medicine Dealers, 25 cents per bottle.

WHAT OF THE FUTURE—WAR OR PEACE?

[From the Pall Mall Gazette, January 28.]

At the annual meeting and *conversazione*, of the Bradford Chamber of Commerce, held on Tuesday night, Lord F. Cavendish said that, having just returned from a prolonged tour on the continent, he might mention one subject that could not possibly escape his attention, and that was the total uncertainty that prevailed on the subject of peace and war. He did not allude to rumors of wars, he did not refer to any particular nation, but he did say this—that no man could look on the sad sight of the whole youth and manhood of the continent being forced to join the armies there established without feeling that such a state of things could not last. It was impossible to say whether relief would come by some vast universal explosion, or by public opinion, demanding that such a mad race should cease. It seemed wonderful that such preparations for war should proceed after the lesson that had been taught within the last few years—the lesson taught by Austria, one of the great powers that first adopted that policy, having reaped its natural fruits. Austria spent the utmost farthing she could obtain in raising and maintaining great armies, only to see them crumble in a day, and to find that her only chance of existence was to be found in peace and in diminishing her armies. If the conviction could be brought to those few men who at present seemed to rule the destinies of Europe, that the one great engine of war was wealth, and that their great object ought to be to husband that wealth, a little less recklessness might be shown in pursuing such a policy as that he had referred to.

NEW RELIGIOUS FAITHS.

[From the New York World.]

Among the new movements now so manifest in the religious world what is called "Free Religion" in Boston, and "Positivism," or the worship of abstract humanity, in Paris, are quite prominent. M. Lafitte, the chief of Comtists and high priest of Positivism in Paris, preaches to Comte's disciples positive philosophy, the worship of humanity, love, order and progress. The day is not distant, he thinks, when Positivist ceremonies will be celebrated in suitable, and even sumptuous edifices, with all "the necessary accompaniments of every worship"—music, painting and sculpture. Meanwhile, Positivist principles are considered paramount to ceremonies—prayer, borrowed from Christianity, and "purified and transformed in practice" is daily offered; periodical meetings for religious purposes are essential; marriage, paternity, filiation, domesticity, labor, and kindred themes are subjects for sermons; and the great end which all these aims would reach is "the systematic idealization of final sociability." This theological target is also a mark for certain English Comtists—Professor Beesly, Dr. Brydges, Mr. Frederic Harrison, Mr. Congreve, and others—who do not fully indorse the creed of the Positivists, but cooperate with the Comtists in "promoting the cause of justice and truth." In the spirit of toleration the English Comtists presented to Parliament, through Mr. Bright, a petition recommending justice to Ireland, and fairness towards the Fenians, and they defended the trades' unions against the attack of both press and Parliament. These movements in London and Paris for a general renovation and regeneration of the world are met in Boston by a new school of reformers, who propose "to consider the condition, wants, and prospects of free religion in America. Dr. Bartol, of Boston, Emerson, Samuel Longfellow, Robert Dale Owen, Messrs. Weiss, Wasson, Alcott, Mrs. Julia Ward Howe, and others, are prominent in the Massachusetts movement to obtain a general recognition, of "the fellowship of humanity." This new and "true scientific method in theology," as its disciples claim, propose a platform broad enough for Calvinists, Catholics, Jews, and even Infidels to stand upon, "provided the creed of each is a matter of free conviction and open to free discussion." The London *Pall Mall Gazette*, which is disposed to ridicule the Paris Positivism, says the class of minds which Comte's philosophy appeals to entitles Positivism to at least respect, finds in the American "religious monstrosities" described by Mr. Hepworth Dixon a common characteristic with the endeavor of Positivism to construct a religious theory which shall make the present life quite independent of the possibility of an existence in the future. Even in the prayers and sermons of Henry Ward Beecher, the same journal detects, not an approval of, but an approach to Positivism, in that Mr. Beecher substitutes "the characteristics of a popular lecturer for those of a "Christian preacher," and gives "excessive prominence" to social questions in his sermons. Comtism abroad is certainly something larger and more constructive than "Free Religion" and similar movements in this country, since the latter are mainly destructive dissentients of dissent, and protests against Protestantism. But the activity of these movements just now will naturally attract much attention, and the whole subject has a local interest from the fact that one of Comte's own appointed apostles, Mr. Henry Edger, announces the intention to found a "Church of Humanity" in this city, in which he will enunciate the principle of Comte's philosophy, and enlighten the public on the "religion of abstract humanity."

ADVENTURE WITH A WOLVERINE.

To the Editor of the Quebec Morning Chronicle.

Sir,—Being on a visit to my home yesterday, at Valcartier, I had occasion, in the course of the day, to drive a short distance through the bush, for which purpose, I yoked up in a common wood sleigh, accompanied by my wife and little boy, all three standing on the sleigh. On approaching the wood across a cleared field, our attention was directed to a dark object on the road, about half an acre ahead, which we discovered to be an animal of some kind, in a crouching position, and facing towards us. We had two dogs following at a short distance, a middle-sized one of a bull breed, and a small terrier. I called on them to hurry up to the front, which they did at double quick. The stranger then turned about and retreated down the bush road, the dogs following at full speed, we bringing up the rear; entered the bush, where I broke off a short stick, having no other weapon of defence. When we got about a hundred yards into the bush, and having a long straight road before us, we suddenly saw the creature come rushing on towards us with the two dogs at his heels. The situation was now become rather disagreeable, the road being very narrow, the under-brush touched both sides of the sleigh, and a great depth of snow on the ground. We pulled up the horse and awaited the encounter. The road being thus blocked up it brought him up short. There he sat under the horse's nose with his paws elevated and his teeth, which I think, were full two inches long, fearfully exposed. We were thus face to face, I should think about three minutes, the dogs worrying all the time; but he took no notice of them, keeping his eyes fixed on the horse's face, just as though he was about to spring on him. I had thus a good opportunity of reading his physiognomy, which was short and thick, more like a cat than a dog; the most remarkable characteristic, however, was the great size of his fore-legs and paws. During the time we held a short council of war as to what was next best to be done, I also tried to calculate, what amount of impression I could make with my stick, when he suddenly made a bolt and with some difficulty squeezed himself past us between the under-brush and the sleigh, half buried in the snow. At this time, had I had an axe or even a knife, I could have settled his hash at once; as it was, we were just as glad to see his hind parts, considering that had he had the inclination he certainly had the power to tear us all to pieces in a short time. When he got on the road again the dogs took up the pursuit, and we soon lost sight of them. After five or six minutes the dogs returned, and we saw no more of him. I had a good opportunity of judging of his comparative size from the dogs, as they were alongside of him sometimes. He was as large in the body as one of our largest sheep, but I could not judge so well of his height, on account of the depth of the snow; color dark, with grey paws, and a sprinkling of white about the breast. He was evidently a coward, from his running away from the dogs; otherwise I should be alarmed, as my little boy has to go alone to the bush almost every day with the men's dinners, or to haul wood. H. Hicks.

Cap Blanc, Feb. 10, 1868.

Young and Radford's stock of watches clocks, jewellery, fancy goods and electro-plated ware are worthy of inspection. All goods will be sold cheap. Give them a call. Remember the place, 30 Sparks-st. 597a

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY,

6 Hospital Street,
2 doors from St. Francois Xavier Street.

It has been established, by the best medical authority, that one-half the nervous diseases are caused by drinking impure Tea. The Company have imported a supply of Teas that can be warranted pure, and free from poisonous substances, in boxes of 10, 15, 20 and 25 lbs. and upwards.

Black Tea.—Common Congou, Broken Leaf, Strong Tea, 45c., 50c.; Fine Flavored New Season do., 55c.; Excellent Full Flavored do., 75c.; Sound Oolong, 40c., 45c.; Rich Flavored do., 60.; Very Fine do. do., 75c.; Japan Good, 50c. Very Good, 58c.; Finest, 75c.

Green Tea.—Twankay Common, 35c., Fine do., 55c.; Young Hyson, 50c. and 60c.; Fine do., 75c.; Superfine and Very Choice, $1.

A saving will be made, by purchasing direct from the importers, quality and purity considered. All orders for boxes of 20 or 25 lbs., or two 12 lbs., sent carriage-free to the country. Teas not mentioned in this circular equally cheap. The company having determined to take a stand in the Montreal market, weight, quality and circular may be implicitly relied on. Where a 20 lb. box would be too much two or three clubbing together could divide. In writing you will oblige by addressing the Montreal Tea Company, 6 Hospital-st., Montreal. An excellent Mixed Tea could be sold for 60c.; very good for common purposes, 50c. Buyers living beyond Railway Stations will please send Post Office order, or enclose notes. The carriage will be paid to the nearest station. Tea will be forwarded immediately on receipt of the order by mail containing money, or the money can be collected on delivery by express-man, where there are Express Offices. A trial solicited.

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY,
6 Hospital Street,
First Street below Notre Dame Street.

All boxes and chests sent from this establishment have the address of the Montreal Tea Company printed on them.

Young and Radford have the largest, best, and cheapest stock of watches to be found in Ottawa. They have also on hand a very choice and varied assortment of Electro-plated ware, and Fancy Goods. They do all kinds of repairing and jewellery jobbing in first-class style. 656-y.

OTTAWA MARKETS.

(*Compiled expressly for the* Times.)

Times Office, Ottawa, Feb. 13.

Flour—Extra	8 75	@	9 00
No. 1	8 25	@	8 60
No. 2	6 00	@	[illegible]
Bags—Fall per 100 lbs.	4 05	@	[illegible]
" Spring "	4 12½	@	[illegible]
Oatmeal—per 200 lbs.	7 00	@	[illegible]
Indian Meal "	5 50	@	[illegible]
Rye—per bushel 56 lbs.	0 80	@	[illegible]
Barley " 48 lbs.	0 90	@	[illegible]
Buckwheat Flour—bbl.	3 50	@	[illegible]
Wheat—Fall—per bushel, 60 lbs.	1 90	@	1 95
Spring " "	1 80	@	1 85
Corn—Per bushel, 56 lbs	1 25	@	[illegible]
Peas " 60 lbs.	0 80	@	0 90
Oats " 34 lbs.	0 55	@	0 60
Beans " 60 lbs.	1 50	@	1 75
Pork—Mess—per barrel	20 00	@	20 50
Prime Mess per do.	14 00	@	14 50
Hog per 100 lbs.	6 00	@	7 00
Hams	0 12	@	0 13
Beef	6 00	@	7 00
Mutton—per lb by the qr.	0 06	@	0 7
Lamb—per qr.	0 06	@	0 7
Geese—Each	0 40	@	0 50
Turkeys—Each	0 60	@	1 50
Ducks	0 70	@	0 80
Fowl—Per pair	0 40	@	0 60
Butter—Choice Table	0 25	@	0 30
No. 1 Firkin	0 20	@	0 24
No. 2	0 17	@	0 18
Eggs	0 25	@	0 30
Apples—per brl.	3 00	@	4 50
Vegetables, &c.—Potatoes	0 40	@	0 45
Onions—per bbl	4 50	@	0 00
Hay—Per ton, new	12 00	@	14 00
Wood—Per cord	0 00	@	3 65
Tamarac	0 00	@	2 00
Hemlock	0 00	@	2 00

New York Money Market.

New York, Feb. 14.—Stocks active. Sterling exchange 109¾.
Gold 140¼.
3 p.m.—Gold closed at 139⅞.

New York Markets.

New York, Feb. 14.—Cotton quiet at 20c. Flour inactive and unchanged; receipts 3,300 bbls.; sales 7,005 bbls. at $8.40 @ $9.35 for Superfine State and Western; $9.50 @ $10.20 for Common to Choice Extra State; $9.60 @ $11.80 for Common to Choice Extra Western. Rye Flour active and firmer at $7 @ $9. Wheat firmer; receipts 28,000 bush.; sales 12,500 bushs. of No. 2 Milwaukie in store at $2.40. Corn 2c lower; receipts 70,000 bushs. at $1.26 @ $1.28 for New Mixed Western afloat; $1.29 for very Choice do.; $1.15 @ $1.27 for Ordinary: $1.28 for Western Yellow afloat. Barley scarce and firm; receipts 2,200 bushs. Oats dull; receipts 9,500 bushs.; sales at 84½c. for Western in store. Pork dull and heavy at $22.12 @ $22.25 for Old Mess; $23.25 @ $23.37 for New do. Lard dull at 14c. @ 15c.

DIVINE SERVICES in THE CITY CHURCHES ON SUNDAY.

Christ Church (Church of England)—Sparks Street.
Rev J S Lauder, M A, Rev C F Street, M A, Curate.
Morning Service at 11 o'clock; Evening at 7. Free Seats.

Chapel of Ease—Sussex Street.
Rev J S Lauder, M A, Rev C F Street, M A, Curates.
Morning Service at 11; Evening at 7. Free Seats.

St. Alban's Church, Daly Street.
(All seats free.)
Rev. T. Bedford Jones, LL. D., Rector.
Sunday services 11 a m and 7 p m. Week day services daily (except Monday) 9 a m and 5 p m. Holy Communion every Sunday, alternately at 8 a m and 11 a m. Sunday School, 9:30 a m. Saturday Catechetical classes 10 a m. Teachers' class (open to all adult members of congregation) Thursday, 4 p m. Litany and choral practice, do. Friday, 7 p m.

New Edinburgh Parish—Church of England.
Rev. George Noel Higginson, M.A., Clerk in charge.
Service in the New School House. Morning Service at 11 a.m. Evening Service at 4 p.m. Holy Communion on the 1st Sunday in the month at 11 a.m., and on the 3rd Sunday in the month at 8 a. m. The services are maintained by the offertory.

St James' Episcopal Church—Hull.
Rev John Johnston.
Divine Service at 11 a m and 7 p m.

Methodist Episcopal Church—Le Breton's Flats.
Rev T W Pickett.
Services commence at 10½ a m; and 6½ p m. Sabbath School at 2 p m.

Congregational Church—Albert Street.
Rev Joseph Elliot.
Morning service commences at 11 o'clock, and evening services at 6½ o'clock. Sabbath School at 3 o'clock p m.

Baptist Church—Queen Street.
Rev D McPhail, Pastor.
Services at 11 o'clock, am, and 6½ p.m. Sabbath School at 9½ in the morning.

Free Church (Presbyterian)—Daly Street.
Rev. T. Wardrope.
Morning Service at 11 o'clock; Evening 6½ p.m.
Rev. Mr. Moore.
Services will be held in the Church, Bank Street, at 11 a.m., and 6½ p.m.

Kirk of Scotland—Wellington Street.
Rev. Daniel M. Gordon.
Morning Service at 11 o'clock; Evening at 6½.

Wesleyan Methodist Church—Metcalfe Street.
Rev. E. B. Harper, M. A., Minister.
Morning Service at 10½ o'clock; Evening at 6½. Sabbath School at 2 p.m.

Meth. Epis. Church—Cor. York and Dalhousie Sts.
Rev. S. G. Stone.
Morning Service at 10½ o'clock; Evening at 6½. Sabbath School at 2 p.m.

St. Andrew's Church, (Roman Catholic.)
Hours of service—Sundays and Holidays:—Morning, at 8 and 10 a.m. Evening, at 7 p.m.

Cathedral Notre Dame.
Rev. D. Dandurand, Vicar-General.
Hours of Service, 5, 8 and 10 a.m., and 7 p.m., from Easter until St. Michael's Day; 6, 8 and 10 a. m., and 6 p.m. from St. Michael's until Easter.

St. Joseph's Church.
Rev. J. F. Guillard, P. P.
Hours of Service, Sundays and Holidays, Mass—8 and 10 a.m., from Easter until the Feast of St. Michael; Vespers at 7 p.m.; from St. Michael to Easter, 6p.m. week days, 7½ p.m.

Catholic Apostolic Church—Hull.
Rev E J W Roberts.
Services, Sundays, at 10 a m, and 3 p m. On week days at 5 p m; and on Wednesdays and Fridays at 10 a m.

TWO QUESTIONS EASILY ANSWERED.—Why should men wear boards? Because they are a great protection to the throat and lungs, and add much to their personal appearance. Why should we use "Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers?" Because when used for coughs, colds, tickling in the throat, hoarseness, &c., they act like a charm. Ministers and lawyers use them, physicians recommend them, and singers and public speakers say they are the very best medicine in existence for the cure of such complaints. Sold by all medicine dealers, at 25cts. per box.

AYER'S AMERICAN ALMANAC has now arrived and is now ready for delivery, gratis, by the city druggists, to all who call for it. Our readers may be surprised to know that this little pamphlet, which has become so much a favorite in our section, has quite the largest circulation of any one book in the world, except the Bible. It is printed in many languages, and scattered through many nations, as well as supplied to almost the entire population of our vast domain. Every family should keep it, for it contains information which all are liable to require, when sickness overtakes them, and which may prove invaluable from being at hand in season. If you take our advice, you will call and get an Ayer's Almanac, and when got, keep it

SPECIAL NOTICE.

Mothers Read This!—Holloway's Worm Lozenges are a certain and safe remedy for Worms in Children and Adults.—As it is a well-known and melancholy fact that one great cause of death among children is from Worms alone, it cannot be too deeply impressed upon the minds parents the necessity of closely watching their children. By so doing; and understanding the symptoms and true cause of the disease, thousands of children might be saved from early graves. SYMPTOMS OF WORMS.—The following are a few of the very numerous symptoms and diseases which are caused by Worms: deranged appetite, emaciated extremities, offensive breath, frequent picking at the nose, grinding of the teeth during sleep, hardness of the belly, with frequent slimy stools, and sometimes convulsive fits; itching of the arms, pain in the head and stomach, unquiet sleep, faintings, tremblings, coughs, indigestion, low spirits, frightful dreams, and a gradual wasting away of flesh.

They are palatable and self-administered to the child—drive out the worms thoroughly without pain and completely cleanse the stomach—thereby doing away with the necessity of administering Castor Oil or other unpleasant cathartics—as in the use of other Worms.

☞ Each box contains the fac-simile signature of NORTHROP & LYMAN, Newcastle, C.W., who are the sole proprietors.

N. B. Ask for *Holloway's Worm Lozenges* ☞ and take no other. ☜ Sold by all the druggists in Ottawa, and medicine dealers everywhere. 578y

BIRTH.

On the 14th instant, the wife of James Plunkett, Esq., of the Post Office Department, of a daughter.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

APPLICATION will be made during the present session of the Parliament of Canada for an Act to incorporate the "British and Canadian Bank."

February 14, 1868. 666-2m

BAZAAR

IN FAVOR OF

The St. Patrick's Orphan Asylum,

OTTAWA.

THE LADIES of the above named institution intend holding a BAZAAR during the month of MAY NEXT. Charitable persons who wish to contribute to this good work, are respectfully requested to send their contributions to any of the following ladies:

Mrs. WM. O'MEARA,
" CALDWELL,
" McGREEVEY,
" GOODWIN,
" J. W. RYAN,
" F. X. LEMIEUX,
Miss BASQUERVILLE,
Miss McCARTHY.

The following ladies have kindly consented to preside at the Refreshment Table—Mrs. Enright, Mrs. Matthews, Mrs. Barrett.

MARIANNE McCARTHY, Secretary.

Ottawa, Feb. 15, 1868. 667tf

NATURAL AMERICAN

Lubricating Oils!

PREPARED EXPRESSLY FOR

STEAMBOATS,
LOCOMOTIVES,
CAR JOURNALS,
FACTORIES,
MACHINE SHOPS,
HORSE RAILWAYS,
&c., &c., &c.

Perfectly free from Gum & Grit.

NON-EXPLOSIVE,

NON-INFLAMMABLE

WILL NOT FREEZE IN WINTER!

AND THE

CHEAPEST OIL IN THE MARKET!

FROM the numerous certificates we have received, we beg to call attention to the following:—

OFFICE OF THE CANADA SCREW COMPANY.

Messrs. McKENZIE & MACKAY.

GENTLEMEN,—Having used machinery all my life, I have had occasion to use many kinds of lubricating oils, and have had my mind fixed in regard to the qualities of different kinds. When asked to give your new Volcanic Oil a trial, I had very little faith in its being better than many other kinds that I had previously tried and considered; but after using your oil on light and heavy machinery for some time, I have come to the conclusion that it is a safe, cheap article—160 per cent better than lard oil, now so generally used in this country.

Respectfully yours,
J. P. BILLINGTON,
Manager Canada Screw Company.

Dundas, May 13, 1867.

DUNDAS FLOUR MILLS,
Dundas, May 13, 1867.

Messrs. McKENZIE & MACKAY, Hamilton,

GENTLEMEN,—I have tried your Lubricating Oil, (AA) and (A) and can recommend it as being a good Oil for Lubricating purposes. I have used it on both heavy and light machinery, and find it answers the purpose as well as any oil hitherto used. I have always used olive oil till now, so that your oil received a severe test. Please send me one barrel of each kind.

Yours truly,
JAMES COLMAN,
JAMES WALLS, Manager.

WEST FLAMBORO, July 27, 1867.

Messrs. McKENZIE & MACKAY, 9, King-street, Hamilton,

GENTLEMEN,—I have thoroughly tested in my mill the Lubricating Oil received from you. The sample marked (AA) I think is superior to any elephant oil for saw mill machinery. The journals run with it, work longer clean, and with less friction than with any other oil I have used.

Yours respectfully,
ROBERT CHRISTIE.

DUNDAS FOUNDRY, Dundas, July 29, 1867.

Messrs. McKENZIE & MACKAY, Hamilton,

GENTLEMEN,—I have been testing your Natural Lubricating Oils [A] and [AAA] for the last three months, and have no hesitation in stating that they are the best oils used in this foundry for some years, and are far superior to what we have known as "Petroleum Lubricators." They are free from all Gum and Grit, do not heat the bearings, and are particularly adapted for lathes and planer beds. The TREBLE A OIL is especially suited for cutting heavy bolts. I have used it with the "Patent Die," which finishes the thread with one cut, and it has stood the severe test to my satisfaction.

Yours truly,
THOMAS WILSON,
Foreman.

"LEADER" Office, June 28, 1867.

Mr. BRADFORD,

I have used the five gallons of the American Lubricating Oil marked (AA) upon the Engine and Presses, and find it as good, if not better, than any we have previously used. Please send one barrel, as soon as possible, of (AA) Oil.

JOHN CARROLL,
Foreman.

Many other certificates equally favorable can be seen at our Office.

PRICE LIST.

	A	AA	AAA
Less than 1 barrel per Gallon	50	75	80 90
1 Barrel and less than 5 Barrels, per Gallon	62	65	70
Over 5 Barrels and less than 20 Barrels, 10 per cent off. 20 Barrels and over, 15 per cent. off.			

McKENZIE & MACKAY,
Agents for Canada,
9 King Street,
Hamilton.

Feb. 11. 653tf

PHŒNIX.

MESSRS. R. EATON & Co. respectfully announce to the public that THEY HAVE RESUMED BUSINESS in this City in the various branches of their trade and manufacture, which they now carry on at the following places:—

Paint, Oil, Varnish, Color and Painters' Stock Depot,
☞ Bell's New Block, 1st Story, Opposite the Russell House.
Oil Painting, Engraving, Paper Hanging and Decorating Depot,
☞ Bell's New Block, 2nd Story, Opposite the Russell House.
Looking-Glass, Picture Frame, Silvering and Gilding Rooms,
☞ Scott's Building, over Confectionary, Opposite the Russell House.
Cornice, Picture, and Looking-Glass Frame Manufactory,
☞ Wright's Building, Clrandiere, formerly occupied by E. B. Eddy, Esq.

Their present extensive stock in the various departments is entirely new, the former having been destroyed by fire, and has been carefully and judiciously selected, with especial regard to the demands of this City and its surroundings. Their Painters' Stock is especially good. Their Paper Hangings and Decorating Stock is in endless variety of quality and price; and the Decoration of Dwellings, Offices, Stores and Public Buildings undertaken, and satisfaction guaranteed both as to style and workmanship.

Having secured spacious premises at the Chandiere, with extensive water-power, for the purpose of Manufacturing Cornices and Frames of all kinds, and having also secured spacious Looking-Glass, Silvering and Gilding Rooms, they will be enabled to fill orders for Pier, Mantle, Hanging and Toilet Mirrors, Picture Frames and Cornices, at the Shortest Notice.

Oil Paintings and Engravings of undoubted merit and beauty always in stock.

Window Blinds, new style, unsurpassed, always kept on hand. These are made so as to fit windows of any size, and are painted or oiled to suit taste or business of purchaser.

Messrs. R. E. & Co., avail themselves of this opportunity for returning their sincerest thanks for the kind patronage heretofore bestowed upon them, and for the great sympathy manifested for them on the occasion of the recent fire, and in resuming business they beg to assure their many kind friends and patrons that with new stock, renewed energy, and competent and faithful workmen, they feel confident of filling all orders with which they may be favored with promptness and punctuality, and in such a manner as will merit entire satisfaction.

OFFICE—Bell's Block, Opposite Russell House.

OTTAWA, Feb. 14, 1868. 666-3m

ANGUS AND HUCKELL,

No. 15 SUSSEX-STREET

GREAT DISCOUNT SALE!

CLEARING OUT

FALL AND WINTER STOCK

—OF—

Boots, Shoes & Rubbers.

10 CENTS OFF EVERY DOLLAR

CASH PURCHASES,

FOR ONE MONTH.

Largest and Best Stock

IN THE DOMINION.

☞ Call and See.

Boots, Shoes and Rubbers.

OTTAWA, February 13, 1868. 665y

THE NEW DOMINION!

47. SUSSEX-STREET. 47.

Established with the Nation, 1st July, 1867.

Tried by the People,
Nobly sustained,
Long may it flourish!

Come one! Come all!!
Farmers and Lumbermen,
Merchants and Citizens,

COME TO THE NEW DOMINION!

And you will find a large and varied assortment of

STAPLE and FANCY DRY GOODS!

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,
AS CHEAP AS THE CHEAPEST,
AS GOOD AS THE BEST.

A New Tailoring Establishment!

Has just been opened on the premises, with FIRST-CLASS WORKMEN, under the management of a FIRST-CLASS FASHIONABLE CUTTER.

Suits made to order, and Warranted to suit, At every price,
Of every style, For every season, And at the shortest notice.

Do you want Hats or Caps, Furs or Blankets, Boots or Shoes, Moccasins or Mittens? Visit the New Dominion. It will prove to your advantage. From top to toe a perfect outfit guaranteed, by

JAMES HIGGINSON, Proprietor.

Ottawa, February 6, 1868. 659f

DRY GOODS AT DISCOUNT!

$30,000

Worth of Seasonable Dry Goods

OFFERED AT

10 Cents Discount on all Cash Purchases of $1

AND UPWARDS, AT

J. A. PINARD'S.

Most of the COTTON GOODS in Stock

Have been bought within the last two months, and will offered a

REDUCTION OF 40 PER CENT.

Compared with any Cotton Goods of Fall Importation in this city.

Dress Goods, Woollen Goods, &c.

HAVE BEEN REDUCED IN PRICES SINCE 1st JANUARY.

This further inducement of Discount is offered in order to reduce Stock to the lowest point before *Stock-Taking*.

N. B.—Sale to Commence on MONDAY, THIRD of FEBRUARY, for a short time only. Goods marked in plain figures. Only One Price.

No. 17, SUSSEX-ST., CORNER of GEORGE-ST.,

SIGN OF THE GOLDEN BALL.

Ottawa, Feb. 1, 1868. 655b6w1

DOMINION HOUSE!

WELLINGTON-STREET,

COLIN McLaurin & Geo. Irvine, Proprietors. This hotel has been lately fitted up, and is now replete with every convenience which charterises a modern hotel.

☞ Boarders taken at moderate rates. The bar is always stocked with first-class liquors.

Ottawa, Feb. 5. 652-6wy

LOST.

ONE YELLOW (Bitch) HOUND, and one WHITE and BLACK SPOTTED (Pup) HOUND, strayed or stolen from Gloucester on the 24th December last. Any person keeping either of these hounds after this notice will be prosecuted, and any information left with the undersigned will be suitably rewarded.

OLIVER PINARD,
Delhi Hotel, No. 17, Clarence-st.

February 12. 664a

YOUNG & RADFORD'S COLUMN.

Watches,
Watches,
Watches

AT

YOUNG

AND

RADFORD'S

30 Sparks-street.

Clocks,
Clocks,
Clocks,

AT

YOUNG AND RADFORD'S.

Jewellery,
Jewellery,
Jewellery,

AT

YOUNG AND RADFORD'S.

Electro-Plated ware,
Electro-Plated Ware,
Electro-Plated Ware,

AT

YOUNG AND RADFORD'S.

Fancy Goods,
Fancy Goods,
Fancy Goods,

AT

YOUNG AND RADFORD'S,

Manufacturing Jewellers,

30 SPARKS-STREET.

Old Gold and Silver

Bought, and highest cash price paid,

AT

YOUNG

AND

RADFORD'S

BROWNE & HARDY'S COLUMN.

1867 AND 1868.

INDIA WAREHOUSE!

16 Rideau Street, Ottawa.

THE SUBSCRIBERS beg to inform their Customers that their Stock is now complete, and embraces every delicacy of the Season, among which will be found a choice assortment of

TEAS,

Breakfast SOUCHONG, do CONGOU, } Black Extra Fine.
Superior HYSON,
" GUNPOWDER,
" IMPERIAL,
" TWANKAY,
Orange PEKOE, Flowery " Japan " } These Teas have been carefully selected for family trade by

BROWNE & HARDY.

SUGARS,
LOAF,
BROKEN LOAF,
CRUSHED,
GROUND,
YELLOW,
and MUSCOVADO.

COFFEE,
MOCHA,
JAVA,
JAMAICA, and
CEYLON,
☞ Roasted and Ground daily on the premises.

CHOCOLATE and COCOA,
FRENCH, flavored with Vanilla;
TAYLOR'S,
FRYE'S,
MOTT'S

FRUITS, &c.
LAYER RAISINS,
in Whole, Half and Quarter Boxes
MUSCATEL, do do
SULTANA,
VALENTIA,
CURRANTS,
GRAPES,
ORANGES & LEMONS,
PRUNES,
ALMONDS,
WALNUTS,
FILBERTS, and
BRAZIL NUTS.

BUTTER,
CHOICE DAIRY, in Tubs and Crocks, received Weekly.

CHEESE,
English, American and Canadian.

SPICES,
NUTMEGS,
MACE,
CINNAMON,
CLOVES,
GINGER,
MIXED SPICES,
All Ground on the Premises

BROWNE & HARDY.

Ottawa, December 19 405f

THE MONTREAL WAREHOUSE,
SUSSEX, OPPOSITE YORK-STREET.

IN MR. INGLIS' NEW BLOCK,
WILL BE OPENED OUT IN A FEW DAYS WITH A STOCK OF
Choice Wines, Groceries and Provisions, &c., &c.

J. MARTIN & CO.

OTTAWA, February 4, 1868. 657y

HARDWARE!

HARDWARE!

Great Reduction

IN THE

PRICE OF HARDWARE

AT THE

SIGN of the ANVIL

No. 24, Rideau-street.

THE Undersigned would take this opportunity to express his thanks to his Customers in Ottawa and vicinity for their very liberal patronage in the past, and to solicit a continuance of their favors in the future, and to assure them that no effort on his part shall be wanting to supply them with the Best and Cheapest English and American Hardware. I do not pretend to sell at cost, but do propose to sell as cheap as any other establishment in Ontario. My stock shall comprise every article in the line of Hardware, and with the one price system I hope to merit and receive a continuance of the very liberal patronage given me in the past.

T. BIRKETT,
Sign of the Anvil, 24 Rideau-st.

Ottawa, Feb. 3. 408y

BLYTH & KERR,

Successors to Chas. Garth,

No. 25, Rideau-st.,

Plumbers,

Gas & Steam Fitters,

Tin & Coppersmiths,

Bell Hangers, &c.

All materials for the above branches kept constantly on hand.

—ALSO—

Importers and Dealers in House Furnishing Hardware.

Just received a well selected assortment of

Cooking Stoves,	Iron Bedsteads,
Double Stoves,	Bronzed & Wire Fenders,
Parlor Stoves,	Fire Irons,
Hall Stoves,	Fire Guards,

Japanned and Planished Tinware, &c.,

Manufacturers of all descriptions of work for Water and Gas Works, Brewer's Distilleries, Mills, &c. Makes and fits up Galvanized Iron Cornices, Gutters, Conductors, Roofing, &c.

☞ Public and Private Buildings, Conservatories, Vineries, Manufactories, &c., warmed by Steam, Hot Water or Warm Air, on the most approved principles.

Orders from the country will receive strict attention.

Ottawa August 26. 416y

BOOKS, MAPS, &c.

MAPS of NEW BRUNSWICK, folded and on rollers, (McMillan's.) MAPS of NOVA SCOTIA, folded and on rollers, (McKinlay's.)

BRAITHWAITE FOR JANUARY.

A book for every office and library,

Chambers' Encyclopædia,

The best and cheapest published. Illustrated with Maps and Wood Cuts. 10 vols., half calf, $35.00.

Worcester's & Webster's Illustrated

4to DICTIONARIES.

SUTHERLAND'S CITY DIRECTORY.

The New Literature received as issued by English and American publishers.

The NEW AUTHORIZED SERIES OF READERS—Wholesale and Retail.

Bill and Postage Stamps.

J. DURIE & SON,
10 Sparks-st.,
Opposite the Russell House

498y

BUY YOUR TEA

DIRECT FROM

THE IMPORTERS

TEA! TEA! TEA!

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY, 6 Hospital Street, Montreal, having just imported a large quantity of Green and Black Teas, beg to call the attention of the Trade, Hotel Proprietors, and large establishments generally to their list of prices. Buyers of Chests and Boxes of Tea will save money by getting it direct through the Importers.

All orders for 25 lb. boxes and upwards, carriage free to any Railway Station in Canada. Parties wanting smaller quantities should club together, Buyers living beyond Railway Stations, will please send post office order, or enclose notes. The carriage will be paid to the nearest station, where there are express offices. Tea will be forwarded immediately on receipt of the order by mail containing money, or the money can be collected on delivery by express man. Cash collected in Montreal free of charge, and Tea forwarded for the same. Original packages Black Tea weigh, 4 chests about 50 lbs. Chests do. 90 to 100 lbs. Green Tea from 60 to 80 lbs. Teas not mentioned in advertisement can be had equally cheap. The Company are determined to take a stand in the Montreal market, every article may therefore be depended on as to quality and weight.

BLACK TEA.

Common Congou, Broken Leaf, Strong Tea	$00 45
Fine Flavoured New Season do	00 55
Excellent Full Flavoured do	00 75
Sound Oolong	00 45
Rich Flavoured do	00 60
Very Fine do	00 75
Japan	00 58
Very Fine do	00 75
An excellent mixed Tea, Black and Green	00 60

GREEN TEA.

Twankay, Common	$00 38
Fine do	00 55
Young Hyson	00 60
Fine do	00 75
Superfine and Very Choice	1 00
Fine Gunpowder	00 85
Extra Superfine do	1 00

Reductions made to buyers of Five Chests and upwards.

☞ Address

MONTREAL TEA CO.,
6, Hospital-st, Montreal.

☞ *Agent for Ottawa and neighborhood,*

MR. JOS. MOONEY.

☞ All Boxes and Chests sent from this Establishment have the address of the *MONTREAL TEA COMPANY* printed on them.

August 27, 1867. 52234-w

FARM FOR SALE.

FOR SALE, Lot No. 15, 4th Concession Gloucester, Rideau Front, 7 miles from Ottawa, on the Macadamized Road, leading from Ottawa to Metcalf, consisting of 100 acres, 80 of which cleared, and in the highest state of cultivation. The soil is of the very best quality; there is a good dwelling house, barn, stable and other out buildings thereon. This farm is well fenced and watered.

For further particulars apply to

H. McLEAN, Auctioneer,

Or the subscriber, on the premises,

W. HALPENNY.

Gloucester, Sept. 13, 1867. 557 37-6m

W. NOTMAN,

Photographer to the Queen

CORNER OF

WELLINGTON AND METCALFE STREETS,

WOULD intimate that having all his arrangements completed, his

Establishment will be Opened

—ON—

Monday Next, 3rd February

When he will be prepared to fulfil orders for all the different branches of Photography.

Ottawa, Jan. 31, 1868. 582y

WAR! WAR! WAR!

KEARNS & RYAN,

WELL KNOWN

Merchants of this City,

—WHO KEEP THE PEOPLE'S—

CHEAP CASH STORE!

Have declared War against all other merchants of the Capital of Canada, for imposing dear goods on the people. They will make a

Reduction of 20 per cent off Hats and Bonnets

—AND—

10 per cent off all other Cash Purchases

OVER ONE DOLLAR,

During the month of February. Rush to their [illegible] no exception.

Corner of York and Sussex-sts.

Ottawa, February 3, 1868. 656d

BARGAINS

—IN—

DRESS GOODS!

IN ORDER to make a Clearance of the remainder of our Winter Stock of COBURGS, WINCIES, MERINOS, REPPS, SERGES, FANCY POPLINETTES, &c., we have RE-MARKED the whole lot at such prices as will show a Reduction of from 12½ to 20 per cent under former prices.

REMNANTS, REMNANTS, REMNANTS!

We have also brought forward our accumulation of Remnants of every kind, and marked them at Very Low Prices.

Magee & Russell.

Ottawa, Jan. 10, 1867. 386y

Ottawa CROCKERY Store!

PRESENTATION ORNAMENTS.

WILLIAM ALLAN,

RESPECTFULLY announces the arrival of a Choice Selection of China and Bohemian Glass Flower Vases and Ornaments suitable for Xmas and New Year's Gifts. Also, his usual complete Stock of China, Glass, Earthenware and Parian Marble ever brought into Ottawa, consisting of

DINNER SETTS, DESSERT SETTS,
BREAKFAST SETTS, TOILET SETTS.

Cut and Engraved, Cut and Pressed TABLE GLASS, and an assortment of Common Ware to wholesale purchasers.

☞ A large and most varied Stock select from:

W. ALLAN,
51 *RIDEAU STREET, (opposite Mr. D. Whalen's.)*

Ottawa, December 19, 1867. 574y

SHEFFIELD HOUSE!

E. K. MacGILLIVRAY & Co.,

MANUFACTURING JEWELLERS

—AND—

WATCHMAKERS

OTTAWA, January 21, 1868.

THE CAPITAL

Boot and Shoe Store!

South Side of York-street, Lower Ottawa.

A LARGE SUPPLY of HAND-MADE KIPP BOOTS and SHOES of the VERY BEST QUALITY on hand.

Lumbermen who are anxious to furnish workmen with GOOD FEET WARE, will be enabled to do so by calling at the CAPITAL for their supplies.

I am selling off the balance of the Winter Stock of READYMADE WORK at REDUCED PRICES, which consists of Ladies' Misses' and Children's BALMORALS, CONGRESS GAITERS, RUBBERS and OVERSHOES, and Men's and Boys' Boots in CALF SKIN, KIPP and COW HIDE.

☞ Orders and Measures taken for all sorts of Work.

GEORGE MURPHY.

Ottawa Jan. 31, 1868. 429-y

PRIVATE BILLS.

ON the re-assembling of the Parliament of Canada, in March, PETITIONS FOR PRIVATE BILLS will be received, in the House of Commons, until Thursday, the 2nd of April following.

W. B. LINDSAY,
Clerk, House of Commons.

Ottawa, Feb. 1, 1868. 655tMh12

NOTICE

IS HEREBY given that I shall not be responsible for any debts contracted in my name, unless under an order signed by me.

SOPHIA MARTINE

Ottawa, Jan. 22, 1868.

Scale Manufacturer.

E. DORION begs to inform the public that he has opened a SCALE MANUFACTORY in Clarence-street, second door from Sussex-street, in E. D'Amour's Blacksmith Shop, and where he is now prepared to repair all sorts of Scales in use.

Ottawa, Jany. 11 637y

Trade Sale of Teas.

THE Subscribers will offer, for account of Messrs. D. TORRANCE & CO., at their Sale-room, on WEDNESDAY, 19th FEBRUARY, about

5,000 half-chests Green and Black Teas.

Catalogues will be prepared.

Sale at NINE o'clock.

JOHN LEEMING & CO.,
Auctioneers.

662td

GREAT DISCOVERY.

EVERY MAN HIS OWN ARTIST!

A SCIENTIFIC WONDER:

AN Instrument by which any person can take correct Likenesses or Photographs. This instrument with full instructions sent by mail for one dollar. Address,

C. B. AMES & CO.,
Broadway, New York.

64

Skates! Skates!

At ISAAC'S,

ALSO,

SLEIGHS, SLEIGHS

ALL PRESENTS BY SANTA CLAUS,

AT ISAAC'S.

Skates from 20 cents to $6.00

At ISAAC'S,

Sparks-street,

ALSO,

Hardware of all Description

At Lowest Cash Prices,

At ISAAC'S.

☞ Remember the place,

T. ISAAC'S.

December 17, 1867. 617tf

No. 1, Sappers of the Lower Town.

THE GRAND

Third Annual Ball,

Of the Sappers Company of the Lower Town.

THE Sappers Company will give their third yearly ball, MONDAY EVENING, SEVENTEENTH FEBRUARY, in the CANADA HOTEL, Sussex-street.

Marrier's Band of Music will be present.

The refreshments will be furnished by Mr. Lariviere.

Tickets, admitting a lady and gentleman, including refreshments, $2; for a gentleman $1.50.

Dancing will begin at 8 o'clock, p.m.

Tickets can be obtained from the members of the Company, and at the door the evening of the ball.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

X. GROULX, Secy-Treas. DAMAS ROY, Capt.

Ottawa, February 6, 1868. 659td

SUN BURNER.

NO MORE Breaking of Chimneys; no More Burning of Fingers; No More Waste of Oil; No Trouble to Clean; No Trouble to Light No Anxiety About Explosions. It is a Cheap Labor Saving and Durable Article. Buy one and you will never repent doing so. Anyone dissatisfied can have their money returned.

LAMPS AND FITTINGS

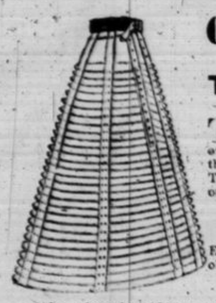
ALWAYS ON HAND.

STOVES, TINWARE, &c.

☞ Competent workmen for jobbing on the premises.

FSMONDE BROS.,
43 SPARKS-ST.,
Next Hoop Skirt Factory.

Ottawa, January 21. 311y



City Hoop Skirt Factory.

The Double Extension Skirt.

THIS new and convenient skirt I am now making in all widths of tape. The great advantage this Skirt has over all others: ladies can alter it themselves to any width they wish, from 1¼ yards to 3 yards, without the least trouble. They only can be had at the Factory. Everyother style of Skirt on hand or made to order. Just received another lot of

FRENCH CORSETS,

Every size, from 17 inches to 36 inches. Also, a few of those old fashioned Corsets, (lacing at the back.)

Lambs' Wool Hose, Breakfast Shawls.

Also, a large lot of Linen and Lawn Pocket Handkerchiefs, cheap.

DAVID MILLAR,
43 Sparks-st, Centre Town, next to Esmonde's Stove Depot.
456y

New Premises and Cheap Goods.

GRANT & HENDERSON

Having recently moved into their new premises, **No. 20, Rideau-street,** one of the firm visited lately the Montreal Markets, and secured a very large stock of entirely

NEW GOODS,

At most EXTRAORDINARY REDUCTIONS in price, which cannot in a legitimate manner be undersold in this city.

RIDEAU-STREET, December 24, 1867. 623tf

WHEELER & WILSON'S SEWING MACHINES.

THE BEST HOLIDAY PRESENT.

From $47 and upwards.

FIVE per cent. off for cash in bills until after the holidays. One handsome Mahogany full case $8 discount.

Gold Medal, Paris, 1867.

The Howe Sewing Machines from $50 Up.

Grout & Co.'s Twisted Elastic Stitch only $15.

Call and see this little beauty. Prospectuses and Samples sent Free by Mail.

December 19, 1867. 479-4y G. A. WALTON, Agent, 37 Sparks Street, Ottawa.

Dry Goods at Reduced Prices.

Cunningham and Lindsay

— ARE NOW SELLING —

Canadian Grey Cloth at 3s. 3d. per yard,
Canadian Tweeds at 4s. per yard,
Canadian Cotton Yarn at 7s. 6d. a Bundle.
Canadian Bags at 1. 9d

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY

Invite particular Attention to their

BLANKETS, FLANNELS AND MANTLE CLOTHS.

Ottawa, November 18, 1867. 510y

AMERICAN [WALTHAM] WATCHES.

THE true value of Machinery applied to Watchmaking is not that by its use Watches are made rapidly, but that they are made correctly. Very few people know why a Waltham Watch should be superior to any other. In the first place, at Waltham the Watch is regarded as only a machine, to be constructed, like any other machine, on mechanical principles. The factory is indeed little else than a vast machine shop, the principal work in which is not more upon watches than upon machinery to make watches with. If the watches are good, it is because the machinery is good. Of course there must be no defect in the principle or plan of the movement, no mistake in the sizes or shapes of the pieces of which it is composed, nothing wanting in their properties, and no error in their positions. These points are thoroughly settled in regard to each part of every variety of watch, it rests wholly with the machinery constructed with infinite diversity of form and function, expressly for the purpose, to produce the finished pieces. The method established in every department is the repetition of parts by mechanical means, and this is carried out on the system of the most thorough subdivision of labor.

By means of multiplying guages and microscopes, tests, and inspection for the detection of wear in cutting tools and for faults and flaws in steel or stone are made to accompany the work in every stage from beginning to end. As a necessary result, the Watch goes together a perfect machine. Every part is found to fit properly in its place. Every pin may be pushed till it pinches, and every screw turned home. Instead of a sluggish and feeble action, the balance, even under the pressure of the finest mainspring, vibrates with a wide and free motion, and the beat has the clear and ringing sound, always characteristic of the Waltham Watch. The machine is a timekeeper from the start.

This system of watchmaking is unknown in foreign countries, and is entirely original with the Waltham Company. The company claim that by it they produce watches that cannot be equaled for every quality which makes a watch valuable. Simple in plan and correct in principle, the movement is not only beautifully finished, substantial, accurate and cheap, but is uniform to the minutest details, not easily damaged, easily repaired, and when repaired always as good as new.

There are different grades of finish in the different varieties of watches made by the Waltham Company, as there are different sizes and shapes, to suit all tastes and means, but every watch that bears the genuine trade mark of "WALTHAM," is guaranteed to be a good one, and nobody need be afraid to buy it.

Every Watch Fully Warranted.

For sale by all first-class dealers in the United States and British Provinces. For further information address the Agents.

ROBBINS & APPLETON, New York.
ROBERT WILKES, Toronto, O.
586-43-3m

FIRST CLASS

Tailoring Establishment.

BEING desirous to dispose of the balance of my WINTER STOCK, in order to make room for

Spring Importations,

For two months I shall offer such inducements to intending purchasers as will enable me to make a ready sale, and my customers a good investment.

Please Call and Examine.

G. M. HOLBROOK,

[Opp. Top Depot, Elgin-street,
381y Opposite the Post Office.

GREAT CLEARING SALE.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.

Importers, 20 Sparks Street,

With a view to clear out the stock and make room for extensive

Spring Importations!

Are offering the following goods at prices that must ensure speedy sale.

Blankets, Flannels,
Cloths, Tweeds,
Cottons, Prints,
Winceys, Dress Goods,
Skirtings, Linen Table Damasks,
Jackets, Shawls,
AND MILLINERY.

Inspection Invited.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.
Ottawa, January 29, 1868. 481y

RAILROADS.

Grand Trunk Railway Company OF CANADA.

WINTER ARRANGEMENTS, 1867.

TRAINS now leave Bonaventure Station as follows:

GOING WEST—Day Express for Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago and all points West, at 8.30 A.M.

Night do do at 7.30 P.M.

Accommodation Train for Kingston and intermediate stations at 7.00 A.M.

Local Train for Cornwall and intermediate Stations, at 4.20 P.M.

Trains for Lachine at 8.00 A.M., 9.30 A.M., 3.00 and 4.30 P.M.

The 3.00 P.M. Train runs through to Plattsburgh.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST—Accommodation Train from Island Pond and intermediate Stations, at 7.00 A.M.

Express for New York and Boston, at 8.40 A.M.

Express for Boston and New York, at 3.30 P.M.

Express for Portland (staying over night at Island Pond) at 2.00 P.M.

Night Express for Portland, Three Rivers, Quebec and Riviere du Loup, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbroke, Waterville and Coaticooke only, at 10.10 P.M.

Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.

For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains, at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station.

C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director
December 23, 1867. 650tf

CHANGE of TIME

St. Lawrence & Ottawa Railway,

(formerly the Ottawa & Prescott Railway.)

ON and after MONDAY, the 30th Dec., 1867, and until further notice, trains will run as follows:

LEAVE PRESCOTT.	ARRIVE IN OTTAWA.
Mixed, 7.30 a. m.	11.00 a. m.
Express, 2.10 p. m.	4.45 p. m.

LEAVE OTTAWA.	ARRIVE IN PRESCOTT.
Express, 8 a. m.	10.30 a. m.
Mixed, 1.30 p. m.	4.45 p. m.

The time of these Trains has been so arranged as to ensure connection with night and day trains on Grand Trunk, east and west.

N. B.—These Trains run on Montreal Time.

Baggage to and from Ottawa checked through from and to stations on Grand Trunk Railway.

Return tickets to Prescott, Kemptville and Ottawa at reduced rates can be had at the principal stations on the line.

T. S. DETLOR, Superintendent. THOMAS REYNOLDS, Managing Director.
Ottawa, Dec. 28, 1867. 1y

Brockville and Ottawa Railway.

WINTER ARRANGEMENT

Commencing on Monday, December 9, 1867.

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

3:45 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 3.45 p.m., and arrive at Sandpoint at 9.25 p. m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT.

6:45 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint daily at 6.45 a.m., and arrive at Brockville at 1:00 p. m.

LEAVES PERTH.

5:00 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Perth at 5.00 p.m., and 9:40 a.m., and arrive at Smith's Falls at 5:50 p.m. and 10:50 a.m.

LEAVES SMITH'S FALLS.

10:50 A.M.—TRAINS will leave Smith's Falls at 10.50 a.m., and 6.05 p.m., and arrive at Perth at 11:40 a.m., and 6:55 p.m.

All trains on main line connect at Smith's Falls with Trains to and from Perth.

No. 1 leaves Brockville after G. T. R. Express Train is due from the East.

No. 2 is due at Brockville in time to connect with G. T. R. Express Trains for the East and West.

H ABBOTT, *Manager for Trustee.*
Brockville, Dec. 16. 472y

Royal Canadian Bank

OTTAWA AGENCY:

Office—Desbarats' Building, 77 Sparks St

M. P. HAYES, AGENT.
Ottawa, June 21. 157tf

DALGLISH & RUSSELL

ARE NOW IN RECEIPT OF THEIR new and varied assortment of

Grocery Goods

Consisting of Teas, Gunpowder, Old Hyson, Young Hyson, Hyson Twankay, Black, Extra Fine English Breakfast Souchong, Congou ditto, Oolong, Orange Pekoe, Finest Japans.

Coffees.—Java, Jamaica, La Guayra, Mocha Roasted and Ground on the premises.

Sugars.—English, refined in loaves, Broken Loaf, Crushed White, Yellow Refined.

Chocolate and Cocoa Spices, Mustards, Essences, Syrups, Pickles, Sauces, Vinegars, and Bottled Fruits, in Syrup, Preserves, Potted Meats, Fruits &c. Also, Provisions, Sugar Cured Hams, Spiced Rolled Hams, Bacon, Butter, Cheese, Crackers, Biscuits, Flour, Oatmeal, Barley, Peas, Rice, Labrador Herrings, Table Codfish, Digby Herrings, &c., &c.

Our stock is extensive and complete, and every article warranted to give satisfaction. All orders sent or left will be promptly attended to.

All Goods delivered on the shortest notice

Dalglish & Russell,
Wellington & Kent-sts.

FAIRBANKS

Take Highest Premiums at the Paris Exposition.

PLATFORM, COUNTER, Warehouse, Grain, Coal, Hay, Railroad Track, Depot, Druggist, Gold, and all kinds of SCALES constantly on hand and for Sale.

FAIRBANKS, BROWN & Co., Boston, Mass.

Our Sole Agents in Ottawa,

ALEXANDER WORKMAN & Co.
November 18, 1867. 592-6m

NOTICE

IS hereby given that application will be made to each and every Parliament having jurisdiction, at the present or next session thereof, respectively, for an act to amend the act chaptered 108, passed at the Session of the Parliament for the late Province of Canada, held the 29th and 30th years of the Reign of Her Majesty Queen Victoria, intituled "An Act to Incorporate the Ottawa City Passenger Railway Company.
Dec. 2nd, 1867. 607dm

Bottled Ale, Bottled Ale, Bottled Ale.

THE Subscriber would call the attention of Families and others to his

Fine Bottled Ale!

Which is in splendid condition. Also,

Scotch, Irish, Old Rye

And other Malt Whiskies,

Ports, Sherries, Brandies, Gin, &c.,

Together with a General Assortment of

FIRST-CLASS GROCERIES.

A Call kindly Solicited.

D. WHELAN,
41, Rideau-street,
Opposite Allan's Crockery Store
Ottawa, Jan. 20, 1868.

FOR SALE.

850 PAIRS of Grey Twilled BLANKETS, in bales of 50 pairs

—ALSO,—

Canadian White Twilled and Whitney Blankets. English Grey Blankets, weighing from 8 to 10 pounds each.

E McGILLIVRAY.
Ottawa, December 23, 1867. 624-3m

PIANOFORTES!

Messrs. Orme & Son

BEG to intimate that they have on hand one of the FINEST COLLECTIONS of

Steinway, Chickering and Dunham PIANOFORTES

That have ever been offered for sale in Ottawa. These instruments were carfully selected by Mr. Northheimer from the factories.

INSPECTION INVITED.

A splendid CHICKERING, only a few months in use, FOR SALE CHEAP, the proprietor having gone to England.

Old Pianofortes taken in exchange.

25, Sparks-street,
Sign of the Golden Lyre.
January 27. 418y

PRIVATE BOARDING HOUSE.

MRS. RICHARD will open a Private first-class BOARDING HOUSE, Corner of SUSSEX and CLARENCE-STs., over Mr. Martineau's Dry Goods Store, on the 15th instant. Parties wishing quiet, good, comfortable board, with good attendance, will please apply and secure apartments.

Ottawa, February 6, 1868. 659-3m

AYER'S CATHARTIC PILLS.

Are you sick, feeble, and complaining? Are you out of order, with your system deranged, and your feelings uncomfortable? These symptoms are often the prelude to serious illness. Some fit of sickness is creeping upon you, and should be averted by a timely use of the right remedy. Take Ayer's Pills, and cleanse out the disordered humors—purify the blood, and let the fluids move on unobstructed in health again. They stimulate the functions of the body into vigorous activity, purify the system from the obstructions which make disease. A cold settles somewhere in the body, and obstructs its natural functions. These, if not relieved, react upon themselves and the surrounding organs, producing general aggravation, suffering, and disease. While in this condition, opposed by the derangements, take Ayer's Pills, and see how directly they restore the natural action of the system, and with it the buoyant feeling of health again. What is true and so apparent in this trivial and common complaint, is also true in many of the deep-seated and dangerous distempers. The same purgative effect expels them. Caused by similar obstructions and derangements of the natural functions of the body, they are rapidly, and many of them surely, cured by the same means. None who know the virtues of these Pills, will neglect to employ them when suffering from the disorders they cure.

Statements from leading physicians in some of the principal cities, and from other well known public persons.

From a Forwarding Merchant of St. Louis, Feb. 4, 1850.

DR. AYER: Your Pills are the paragon of all that is great in medicine. They have cured my little daughter of ulcerous sores upon her hands and feet that had proved incurable for years. Her mother has been long grievously afflicted with blotches and pimples on her skin and on her hair. After our child was cured, she also tried your Pills, and they have cured her.

ASA MORGRIDGE.

As a Family Physic.

From Dr. E. W. Cartwright, New Orleans.

Your Pills are the prince of purges. Their excellent qualities surpass any cathartic we possess. They are mild, but very certain and effectual in their action on the bowels, which makes them invaluable to us in the daily treatment of disease.

Headache, Sick Headache, Foul Stomach.

From Dr. Edward Boyd, Baltimore.

DEAR DOC. AYER: I cannot answer you what complaints I have cured with your Pills better than to say all that we now find with a purgative medicine. I place great dependence on an effectual cathartic in my daily contest with disease, and believing as I do that your Pills afford us the best we have, I of course value them highly.

PITTSBURG, Pa., May 1, 1846.

DR. J. C. AYER. Sir: I have been repeatedly cured of the worst headache any body can have by a dose or two of your Pills. It seems to arise from a foul stomach, which they cleanse at once.

Yours with great respect, ED. W. PREBLE, *Clerk of Steamer Clarion.*

Bilious Disorders—Liver Complaints.

From Dr. Theodore Dell, of New York City.

Not only are your Pills admirably adapted to their purpose as an aperient, but I find their beneficial effects upon the Liver very marked indeed. They have in my practice proved more effectual for the cure of *bilious complaints* than any one remedy I can mention. I sincerely rejoice that we have at length a purgative which is worthy the confidence of the profession and the people.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR, Washington, D. C., 7th Feb., 1856.

SIR: I have used your Pills in my general and hospital practice ever since you made them, and cannot hesitate to say they are the best cathartic we employ. Their regulating action on the liver is quick and decided, consequently they are an admirable remedy for derangements of that organ. Indeed I have seldom found a case of *bilious disease* so obstinate that it did not readily yield to them. Paternally yours, ALONZO BALL, M. D., *Physician of the Marine Hospital.*

Dysentery, Diarrhœa, Relax, Worms.

From Dr. J. G. Green, of Chicago.

Your Pills have had a long trial in my practice, and I hold them in esteem as one of the best aperients I have ever found. Their alterative effect upon the liver makes them an excellent remedy, when given in small doses for *bilious dysentery and diarrhœa.* Their sugar-coating makes them very acceptable and convenient for the use of women and children.

Dyspepsia, Impurity of the Blood.

From Rev. J. V. Himes, Pastor of Advent Church, Boston.

DR. AYER: I have used your Pills with extraordinary success in my family and among those I am called to visit in distress. To regulate the organs of digestion and purify the blood, they are the very best remedy I have ever known, and I can confidently recommend them to my friends. Yours, J. V. HIMES.

WARSAW, Wyoming Co., N. Y., Oct. 24, 1855.

DEAR SIR: I am using your Cathartic Pills in my practice, and find them an excellent purgative to cleanse the system and *purify the fountains of the blood.*

JOHN G. MEACHAM, M. D.

Constipation, Costiveness, Suppression, Rheumatism, Gout, Neuralgia, Dropsy, Paralysis, Fits, etc.

From Dr. J. P. Vaughn, Montreal, Canada.

Too much cannot be said of your Pills for the cure of *patients.* If others of our fraternity have found them as efficacious as I have, they should join me in proclaiming it for the benefit of the multitudes who suffer from that complaint, which, although bad enough in itself, is the progenitor of others that are worse. I believe *calomel* to originate in the liver, but your Pills affect that organ and cure the disease.

From Mrs. E. Stuart, Physician and Midwife, Boston.

I find one or two large doses of your Pills, taken at the proper time, are excellent promotives of the *natural secretion* when wholly or partially suppressed, and also very effectual to *cleanse the stomach and expel worms.* They are so much the best physic we have that I recommend no other to my patients.

From the Rev. Dr. Hawkes, of the Methodist Episc. Church.

PULASKI HOUSE, Savannah, Ga., Jan. 6, 1856.

HONORED SIR: I should be ungrateful for the relief your skill has brought me if I did not report my case to you. A cold settled in my limbs and brought on excruciating *neuralgic pains,* which ended in *chronic rheumatism.* Notwithstanding I had the best of physicians, the disease grew worse and worse, until by the advice of your excellent agent in Baltimore, Dr. Mackenzie, I tried your Pills. Their effects were slow, but sure. By persevering in the use of them, I am now entirely well.

SENATE CHAMBER, Baton Rouge, La., 5 Dec. 1855.

DR. AYER: I have been entirely cured, by your Pills, of *Rheumatic Gout*—a painful disease that had afflicted me for years. VINCENT SLIDELL.

Most of the Pills in market contain Mercury, which, although a valuable remedy in skilful hands, is dangerous in a public pill, from the dreadful consequences that frequently follow its incautious use. These contain no mercury or mineral substance whatever.

Price, 25 cents per Box, or 5 Boxes for 1.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts W. M. Massey, H. F. MacCarthy, and John Skinner, in Ottawa.

Royal Italian Bitters!

—OR,—

TONICO REALE

DEL DOTTORE F. P. VERRI,

Professore of Chemistry in the University of PADUA

ITALY.

THIS celebrated preparation for which a certificate of merit was awarded to the distinguished original preparer at the National Exposition at Torino, Italy, by whose favor Mr. GIANELLI obtained the recipe, and was also awarded a diploma at the Provincial Exhibition of Canada held at Montreal in September, 1865, is, without exception, the most genuine, salubrious and agreeable Tonic ever introduced to public notice either in Europe or America.

For seventeen years it has, in Italy, been a universal favorite among the *elite* of society, being generally served in the drawing room before dinner, in preference to Vermouth.

The ingredients of its composition have been imparted to the leading Physicians of Canada and the United States, and have received their unqualified approval on every account.

The proprietor refers with the greatest confidence and satisfaction to the subjoined testimonials from eminent medical men, which he could add to, were it desirable.

Kept by the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion of Canada and in the United States.

Sold by the Proprietor.

Dear Sir: You request my opinion of the "Royal Italian Bitters," prepared from a receipt of Dr Verri, of Padua. I beg to state that I consider it a most agreeable cordial tonic, in every way superior in flavour and composition to the ordinary bitter tonics in general use. I have recommended it to several patients, who have derived marked benefit from its use.

I am, dear Sir, yours faithfully,
G. E. FENWICK, M.D.

A. M. F. GIANELLI, Esq., Montreal.

A. M. GIANELLI,
26, Hospital-street, Montreal,

SALE OF ORDNANCE LANDS OTTAWA.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that a large number of Lots, of different sizes and dimensions,

Town Lots & Country Lots,

Will be offered for sale on

SATURDAY, 6th APRIL NEXT,

AT THE

Auction Room of H. McLean, Auctioneer,

OTTAWA, VIZ.:

Building Lots in Ottawa on North Rideau street, South George street, South St. Andrew street, North St. Andrew street, South Bolton street, South Parry street, South Franklin street, North Franklin street South Park street, East Wurtemburg street, Lot 11 Rideau Front, Lot 1, do.

—ALSO,—

	Acres.	R.	P.
Lot 34, concession B, Nepean	87	00	00
35, concession B, occupied by Mulligan and one McCabe	77	00	00
Lot K, concession D, Nepean, part of	59	00	00
Lots L and M, concession B, Nepean, parts of	86	2	25
Lot K, concession C, Nepean	53	00	00
Sub Lots 2, 3, 4, on Lot E, concession C, Nepean, 1 acre and nine perches each.			
Eleven Sub-Lots of 10 acres each, on Lot No. 21, Gore of Gloucester.			
Nineteen sub-Lots of 10 acres each, on Lot No. 22, Gore of Gloucester.			
Lot letter I, concession 4, Gloucester	101	1	33

Lists of the Lots, and terms of payment, may be had on application at the Ordnance Lands Office, at the Office of H. McLean, Auctioneer, and at the Office of the undersigned, Public Buildings, Ottawa.

By order of the Secretary of State.

E. PARENT,
Under Sec. of State.

WILLIAM F. COFFIN,
Ordnance Lands Agent.
Ottawa, February 6, 1868. 660-1awtd

REMOVAL

OF THE

London Music Store!

E. MILES

DESIRES to inform the public that he has removed to the FRONT PART of

HER MAJESTY'S THEATRE,

WELLINGTON-STREET,

Where he has a larger premises, and a better means of displaying his new and fine stock of

PIANOS,

VICTORIA ORGANS AND MELODEONS.

His Show Room, up-stairs, is large and beautifully lit up, having an area of 60 feet long by 25 feet wide. The Sample Room is on the first flat, where some of each kind of Musical Instruments will be kept. Two cases of choice

VIOLINS

Have just been received, and will be offered for sale, besides a large assortment of

CONCERTINAS,
ACCORDEONS,
GUITARS, TAMBOURINES,
FLUTES, DRUMS,
&c., &c.

Direct from Germany.

Second hand Pianos taken in part payment for new ones.

Connected with this establishment is a Piano Manufacturer, who will attend punctually to all orders for TUNING left at the London Music Store.

E. MILES,
Lessee of Her Majesty's Theatre.
Ottawa, Feb. 1, 1868. 551-39y

A. MORTIMER,

BOOKBINDER AND *Blank Book Manufacturer,*

26, METCALFE-ST., OTTAWA.

HAVING every facility in the way of first-class Machinery, and employing none but first-class workmen, I am prepared to turn out every description of Binding, in as good a style of workmanship as any other establishment in Canada.

A. MORTIMER,
Metcalfe-street.
Ottawa, Feb. 6. 384y

Piano-Forte Tuition!

W. C. CLARK,

PROFESSOR OF MUSIC and Teacher of Piano, Voice and Harmony. Also, Mrs. Clark, Teacher of Drawing and Painting. Music Rooms and Residence, 69 Sparks-street, one door east of Toronto House.

Orders may be left at residence or at Orme & Nye's Music Store. 452y

DARLEY'S

Arabian Heave Remedy

AND CONDITION MEDICINE

IS POSITIVELY SUPERIOR TO ANY or all other preparations for the cure of *Heaves, Coughs, Thick* and *Broken Wind,* and all diseases which affect the *Wind of Horses;* also, as a *Condition Medicine,* surpassing everything of the kind is easy to give, sure to cure, and safe in all cases and at all times, and does not prevent the horse from being worked while using it.

It cleanses the breathing apparatus, by removing from the air-cells the coagulable lymph, or that secretion which in heaves clogs them, causing a difficulty in breathing, and by its action on the diseased part, causing the mucous membrane to resume its natural dimensions, thus equalizing the circulation of the blood, and restoring the distended vessels to their natural size; by its use the horse's appetite is improved, all derangements of the digestive organs corrected, softening the skin, and giving to the coat a sleek and shining appearance.

D. W. HURD, Successor to HURD & Co., Maiden Lane, New York, Sole Proprietor for the United States.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
NEWCASTLE, C.W.,
Proprietors for the Canadas

PRICE TWENTY-FIVE CENTS.

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, Henry F. McCarthy J. Skinner, and J. Brown, in Ottawa.
Ottawa, Nov. 1, 1867. 577dw6m

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

THE CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER has now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints, and orders are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying as to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it. Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C. W.,
General Agents for C. W

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, H. F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J. Brown, in Ottawa.
Ottawa Nov. 1, 1867 7tdw

FRESH ARRIVALS

OF

Very Choice and Superior

TEAS

NOW ON SALE

AT THE

1,000 CHESTS UNCOLORED JAPAN.

500 Chests very choice and superior YOUNG HYSON.

700 Chests Good Strong TWANKAY

100 Chests old fashioned BREAKFAST SOUCHONG.

150 Caddies MANDERIN MIXTURE.

This is the finest BLACK TEA ever imported, 5s per pound; in small Caddies, about 14 lb each, 4s 9d.

COFFEE!

The Pure Mountain Berry

"Without exception the finest Coffee in the world."—*London Times, March 16.*

We are constantly receiving supplies of this truly beautiful and delicious COFFEE, *roasted daily on our premises by*

Dakins' Patent Silver Cylinder

By which peculiar process, he aroma is preserved, and renders it the FAVORITE WITH ALL COFFEE DRINKERS.

BEWARE OF SPURIOUS IMITATIONS,

As it is imported by no other firm in Canada

ROBINSON & CO.,
THE TEA POT,
OTTAWA

Wines, Spirits & Liquors

ROBINSON & CO. would especially call the attention of families to their stock of

ALES, WINES & SPIRITS

100 cases Otard Brandy..
50 " Martell's "
150 " Hennessey.
75 " United Vinquels

We have a most delicious

DINNER SHERRY

Which we are selling at 8 shillings per gallon

GUINESS & CO.

DUBLIN STOUT!

BLOOD'S LONDON STOUT.
BARCLAY'S LONDON PORTER
ALLSOP'S PALE ALE.
BASS' EAST INDIA.
DOW'S CELEBRATED MONTREAL ALE
DAW'S SUPERIOR LACHINE ALE
DAW'S CELEBRATED PORTER & STOUT

PRESERVED MEATS.

Just Received from England:

ROAST HARE.
CURRIED DO.
JUGGED DO.
STEWED DO.
ROAST PHEASANTS.
ROAST GROUSE.
ROAST PARTRIDGE

ALL GOODS DELIVERED FREE by our own Waggons to any part of the City daily

ROBINSON & CO.
THE TEA POT,
OTTAWA.

Establishments—Sussex St. and Rideau St
Ottawa, September 19. 225tf

CAUTION.

THE Subscriber regrets the necessity for cautioning the public against imitations of his popular Pomader,

The Alexandra Cream,

AND

The Canada Pomade

But having been informed that some unprincipled person has put up inferior articles, copying the labels word for word, and thereby greatly damaging the sale of the genuine articles, he is compelled to take this course in self-defence.

For the future every genuine pot will bear my written signature in RED INK, across the face of the label.

W. M. MASSEY,
Family and Dispensing Chemist,
Medical Hall, 28, Sparks-st.
Ottawa, Feb. 6, 1868. 472y

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

NOTICE.

THE Undersigned will either sell or let for a few years his well known farm, being lot Twenty-five in the Fourth Concession of Gloucester, Rideau Front, 215 acres all cleared, and well fenced and in a good state of cultivation. Also, the one-half of lot Twenty-seven in the Third Concession, being in its natural state, all wood and excellent land. It is just the cross of two hundred acres from the corner of the one lot to the other. The railroad line runs within ten feet of the front corner of the one hundred and in sight of the two hundred for two or three miles. The Station at Cunningham's is scarcely a mile and a half from the front of Lot Twenty-five. The above farm is capable of keeping thirty head of milch cows, two span of horses, and as many young cattle as it would be proper to raise. Eight or nine years ago I kept twenty-two milch cows, and ten or twelve horses, and raised five or six calves every year. The above farm is about ten miles, from the door, to the limits of the City. The improvements cannot be surpassed for a farmer's purpose. The dwelling-house is stone, 30 by 40, a story and a half over ground; and a cellar nine feet high, the one half used for a kitchen and the other half capable of holding 1,000 bushels of anything you wish to put into it; there is three small windows in it, and when cleaned in the Spring, makes an excellent milk-house or dairy; there is a frame wood shed at the door, 60 by 24, with 14 feet taken off the one end for a coachhouse, and overhead for a storehouse; next to that is a stable 36 by 26, finished inside, complete with four large double stalls and two single ones, and good room for hanging up harness, and oat box; convenient to that is a barn 40 by 50, in which I have often put 1,000 bushels of grain in one year; connected with that is 200 and 20 feet of frame sheds, all 20 and 21 deep, under pinned with stone and lime from two to seven feet, according to level; on the north side of the house is another barn, 30 by 40, commonly filled with peas and oats. And if either tenant or purchaser has a desire for religious purposes, you can lie in your bed and look at the bell tolling on the Catholic Church every Holy Day, and go to the front door and you will see the Presbyterian Church, where the Rev. Mr. Lochead has preached for the last twenty-two years, and go to the back door and you will see both English Church and Methodist Church within two miles. The above farm would be a desirable situation for a young man wishing to give his attention to farming, as the Ottawa Market cannot be surpassed in the Dominion. I think that I can say that I have not sold one pound of butter under one shilling this eight years: if one went under two went over. Some reader may ask what am I selling for, it is neither for scant nor for want of anything, but I am in the seventieth year of my age, and has purchased off this lot seven hundred and fifty acres of land and all is paid for, and all my sons is settled on their own farms, so I would rather sit down and take my ease as he attending to marketing and farming any longer. Persons wishing to get any information on any point from me, can do so by addressing, postpaid, JAMES JOHNSTON, Senr., South Gloucester.

JAMES JOHNSTON, SENR.
February 6, 1868. 769-6tMh17.

Two Dwellings to Let.

BEING the Upper part of E. MARTINEAU'S Clothing Store, Corner of Sussex and Clarence-streets.

Enquire at the Store. EUG. MARTINEAU.
Ottawa, Jan. 22, 1868. 656tf

To Let.

A ROOM TO LET either with or without board. Enquire this office.
Ottawa, November 20. 594tf

Lots for Sale.

6 BUILDING LOTS, one mile from the city, on the Richmond Road, containing one acre each. Apply to THOMAS ANDERSON, Jr., on the premises. 564tf

FOR SALE.—THE WESTerly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession Ottawa, Front Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same Concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. T. Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to JOHN and WM. THOMSON, Nepean, and LEWIS & PINHEY, Barrister, Ottawa. Je2-141-tf

FOR SALE, THAT ELIgible property, beautifully situated on the Banks of the Ottawa, in the Township of Nepean, distant from the City of Ottawa about three miles on the macadamized road, together with the STONE DWELLING-HOUSE thereon erected, at present occupied by William Thomson, Esquire, and the garden and ornamented grounds adjoining the same, forming part of Lot No. 29, in the 1st concession, Ottawa front. A most desirable private residence and vacant Lots adjoining the same also for sale at reasonable prices.

For particulars and terms apply to John and William Thomson on the premises, or to

LEWIS & PINHEY,
Barristers, &c., Ottawa.
Ottawa, February 27, 1867 369y

VICTORIA HOTEL—TO LET.

NO more eligible chance could be offered to any party in the Hotel-keeping line than the lease of the above FIRST-CLASS HOTEL.

Being on the eve of Confederation, and Ottawa being definitely settled upon as its capital,

The Victoria Hotel

could not fail to be made to pay.

It is built on the most modern style of architecture, of cut stone; has large plate-glass windows, and is four stories high, exclusive of the basement. It is finely situated on the corner of Wellington and O'Connor-streets, immediately opposite the Parliament Buildings, and has three vacant lots attached, so that the Buildings could be enlarged to any required capacity.

Applications, (postpaid) to be addressed to

FRANCIS CLEMOW, ESQ.,
Or JOHN HENEY, Esq.,
Richmond Road, Ottawa, C. W
Ottawa, March 11. 579tf

COUNTRY RESIDENCE FOR SALE.—Beautifully situated on the Macadamized Road between Ottawa City and Aylmer, about 36 minutes' drive from the city. A farm of excellent and, containing about 90 acres, with a large Stone House erected thereon.

The proprietor has no objection to sell a part of the farm, with or without the house. This would be a desirable country residence. Title unexceptionable.

Apply to

REV. J. JOHNSTON,
Hull Village.
August 1. 501-5m

FARMS FOR SALE.

100 ACRES.—The north half of Lot No. No. 11, in 4th Con. of the Township of Osgoode, with a good House and Barn, and other outbuildings, and a good Spring Well, fifty acres cleared and in a good state of cultivation. This is situated on the Prescott Road, within fifteen miles of Ottawa. Also the south half of Lot No. 6, in the 3rd Con. of Osgoode, containing 100 acres, 50 acres cleared, the rest well wooded, with good hardwood, and well watered, and situated within a quarter of a mile of the Railway Station. Titles good. For further information apply to

PATRICK HERBERT,
Rideau Hotel, Ottawa City.
Ottawa, Oct. 1, 1867. 551-3m

Insolvent Act of 1864.

Dominion of Canada, Province of Ontario, COUNTY of CARLETON, IN THE COUNTY COURT OF THE County of Carleton,

TO WIT:

IN THE MATTER OF

James Melville Teasdie Hannum,

AN INSOLVENT.

THE Undersigned has filed a Deed of Composition and Discharge, executed by his Creditors, and on

Tuesday, Third day of March next,

He will apply to the Judge of the said Court for a confirmation thereof.

Ottawa, 27th December, 1867.
626td J. M. T. HANNUM.

NEW STORE!

THE Store formerly occupied by W. D. WOOD, No. 38, on R

The Times

VOL. II. NO 668. OTTAWA, MONDAY, FEBRUARY 17, 1868. PRICE—3 CENTS

THE

Ottawa Daily Times,

(Published every morning, Sundays excepted.)

THE DAILY AND WEEKLY TIMES NOW enjoys THE LARGEST CIRCULATION of any paper published in the Ottawa Valley—issuing of the Daily over 3,000! and Weekly over 4,000! making a total circulation in the week of over 7,000! thus outstripping all competitors, and affording the best medium for business men to advertise in.

ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in the Daily at the following rates:

Business Cards of from 3 to 6 lines, per annum—payable in advance only	$4 00
Transient Advertisements, first insertion per line	8c
All subsequent insertions, per line	2c

Yearly advertisers specially contracted with, and liberal allowance made.

Yearly subscription to the daily (if paid in advance)	$3 00
If not paid in advance	6 00
Yearly subscription to the weekly (if paid in advance)	$1 00
If not paid in advance	1 50

ADVERTISING AGENCY.—Messrs. S. M. Pettengill & Co., 54, Park Row, New York, and State Street, Boston, General Advertising Agents, are hereby authorized to receive Advertisements for the OTTAWA TIMES.

LEGAL.

G. J. O'DOHERTY,
LAW, CHANCERY and CONVEYANCING OFFICE, ALMONDS BUILDINGS, Rideau-street.
Ottawa, Dec. 6, 1867. 608-40y

R. J. WICKSTEED,
ADVOCATE, &c., 42, Little St. James Street, MONTREAL.
November 14, 1867. 589-6m

N. TETREAU,
NOTARY PUBLIC for the Province of Quebec, HULL, near the Post Office.
Dec. 6, 1867. 590tf

NICHOLAS SPARKS,
LAW, Chancery and Conveyancing Office, Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite Post Office.
Ottawa, July 19. 480y

LAPIERRE & HAYCOCK,
ATTORNIES-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers and Notaries Public, Corner of Sussex and York-streets, Ottawa.
Ottawa, February 26, 1867. 368y

WILLIAM MOSGROVE,
LAW, Chancery and Conveyancing OFFICE: Mosgrove's Block, Rideau Street, Ottawa, C. W. 356-tf

D. O'CONNOR,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex Street. OFFICE: Union Buildings, Ottawa.
February 21, 1866. 55-y

R. H. HAYCOCK,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor.
OFFICE: Post Office Building, Elgin Street, Ottawa.
February 7, 1866. 43-y

A. F. BOUCHETTE,
ADVOCATE. Office: No. 17, St. Peter Street, Quebec. Mr. Bouchette will always be prepared to attend promptly to any business the government employes, and the public generally may entrust him. Mr. B. attends regularly the circuit in and for the district of Quebec.
December 28, 1865. 9-y

P. J. BUCKLEY, LL.B.,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law Solicitor-in-Chancery, and Notary Public. Office: over Mr. Luke Craney's Boot and Shoe Store, Rideau Street, Ottawa, C. W.
January 17 1867. 334y

AUGUSTUS KEEFER,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office: Opposite Post Office, Elgin Street, in the rooms lately occupied as the Custom House.
Ottawa, March 30. 87-tf

J. F. BOURTON,
BARRISTER-AT-LAW, Solicitor-in-Chancery, &c.
OFFICE: Almond's Buildings, Rideau Street.
Ottawa, Jan. 12, 1866. 21-y

M. McLEOD,
BARRISTER, &c., for Lower Canada. OFFICES: Court House, Aylmer and Buckingham, C.E.
Attends to all Law Courts in the District of Ottawa.
February 1, 1866. 45-tf

LEES & GEMMELL,
BARRISTERS, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c.
OFFICE: In the Court House, Ottawa, C. W.
ROBERT LEES. JOHN J. GEMMELL.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 45-tf

EDWARD T. DARTNELL,
BARRISTER, Solicitor, Attorney, and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Crown Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell.
OFFICE: In the Court House, L'Orignal.
January 27, 1866. 34-6m

MEDICAL.

DR. CHESLEY,
OFFICE over Mr. Garth's Establishment, 25 Rideau-st., Ottawa.
May 30 447tf

DR. C. LEGGO,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Office: Hunton's Block, Sparks Street.

DR. DORION,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon, and Accoucheur Clarence Street, Ottawa.
March 1. 371y

DR. OLIVER MARTIN,
DENTIST. Office: Sparks Street, Central Ottawa.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-tf

DR. C. A. MARTIN,
DENTIST. Office: Sussex Street, over Messrs. Campbell & Co.'s, Grocers.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-tf

DR. JOHN LEGGO,
DENTIST, Hunton's Block, Sparks Street. Teeth extracted without pain means of the Ethereal Spray Producer. 350a

A. R. BELL, A.M., M.D., C.M., &c.
(RECENTLY FROM ENGLAND.)
SURGERY and Residence, George Street.
Ottawa, November 11. 280y

DR. LESLIE JONES,
Surgeon, &c., of Dublin and Edinburgh.
SURGERY and Consulting Office, Rideau-st., next door to the St. Lawrence Hall. Residence—Daly Street. 384y

DR. GEORGE HUTCHISON,
DENTIST: Office, Sparks-street, opposite Magee & Russell's.
Ottawa, October 30, 1867. 376y

DR. W. J. HENRY,
CORNER of Kent and Wellington Streets, Ottawa.
November 6. 43tf

DR. O. C. WOOD,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur Ottawa. Day office opposite Magee & Russell's, Sparks Street, Center Town; Night Office at his Residence, Maria Street, Center Town.
CARDINE CURED, with out the use of the knife, by a new, but certain, speedy, and almost painless process. References given to parties successfully treated, if required. The cure guaranteed.
Ottawa, March 14. 4w-169-1

HOLGATE, OLIVER & ANNABLE,
WHOLESALE Manufacturers of Bedsteads Chairs, &c., Chaudiere Island Ottawa, C.W.
WILLIAM HOLGATE.
JOHN OLIVER.
WILLIAM ANNABLE.
Ottawa A 506y

BUSINESS CARDS.

B. BILLINGS, JR.,
ARCHITECT, Elgin-street, opposite the Post Office.
REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq., Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq. Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq. Managing Director O & P R W 642-6m

R. SPARKS,
PROVINCIAL LAND SURVEYOR, Draughtsman, &c., (commissioned for Upper and Lower Canada.) Office and residence, Glouchester, near Ottawa. Surveys of every description executed with accuracy. Communications addressed Ottawa City, (post-paid), or left at the office of N. Sparks, Solicitor, &c., Ottawa, will receive prompt attention.
Ottawa, February 21, 1866. 55-

N. McKINNON,
COMMISSION and Exchange Broker, and Insurance Agent, Sparks-street, opposite Magee & Russell's, Ottawa, C. W.
Ottawa, March 25. 321y

O'CONNOR & WALLER,
EXCHANGE Brokers, Fire, Life and Accidental Insurance, Commission and Collecting Agents. Office, No. 27, Sussex-street, Ottawa.
M. P. O'CONNOR. W. H. WALLER.
March 9. 378y

J. P. MACPHERSON,
BARRISTER, &c., Ottawa. Office: Lang's Buildings, opposite Post Office
Ottawa, March 10, 1866. 70-y

H. McLEAN'S
AUCTION Rooms, No. 19, Sparks Street, Centre Town, Ottawa, opposite Hope's Stationery Store.
The sale of Real Estate at Auction or Private Sale promptly attended to. Consignments received for positive sale. Parties wishing to purchase Real Estate will receive all information FREE OF CHARGE by calling at the office.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y

R. H. McGREEVY,
CONTRACTOR and Builder. Office: North side York street, second door from Sussex Street.
Ottawa, March 20, 1866. 78-y

S. CHRISTIE,
COMMISSION Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ale and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.
OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W. y

PARLIAMENTARY AGENCY.

C. J. BOUCHETTE,
PL. SURVEYOR and Draughtsman, Mining, Land, and General Parliamentary Agent. References unexceptionable. OFFICE: Wellington Street, next to British Hotel, and nearly opposite the banks, Ottawa.
P. S.—Special attention given with despatch to Public Land business, adjusting disputed claims, and securing Patents.
Ottawa, May 22. 152-y

JOHN MERCER,
Teacher Piano-Forte, Violin, &c.
THOROUGH BASS.
AYLMER, C. E.

VISITS OTTAWA TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS.
Orders left at Union House will be punctually attended to.
Ottawa, July 26. 187tf

HOTELS AND SALOONS.

HOLT'S HOTEL,
AYLMER, C. E., Livery and General Stage Office. Alfred Moses Holt, Jr., Prop'tr.
December 21, 1865. 4 y

JAS. JOHNSTON'S
UNION HOUSE, North Gower. Good Stabling and an attentive Hostler.
January 11, 1866. 20-y

DUIGNAN'S
PRIVATE HOTEL, Sparks Street, Ottawa, C. W. A few gentlemen can obtain superior apartments.
Ottawa, Dec. 20, 1865. 3-y

THE RUSSELL HOUSE,
LATE CAMPBELL'S HOTEL, Ottawa, C. W. The undersigned, proprietor of the above-named Hotel, begs leave to acquaint his numerous friends and the travelling public, that he has re-painted and newly-furnished throughout this commodious establishment, in the management of which by strict attention to business and guests, he hopes to deserve encouragement and support.
JAMES E. GOUIN,
Lately, and for many years connected with Russell's Hotel, Pavace Street, Quebec

THE ALBION HOTEL
NICHOLAS Street, Court-House Avenue, Ottawa, John Graham, Proprietor.
This House is conveniently situated, and still maintains its character as a FIRST-CLASS HOTEL. Considerable additions have recently been made to the premises, and it has been entirely repainted and renovated. No pains will be spared to accommodate and please.
OMNIBUSES to and from the cars and boats free of charge. There is a FIRST-CLASS LIVERY STABLE attached to the Hotel.
Ottawa 1866 1-y

JOHN MALTMAN
LATE MADAMS', Commercial Hotel, Packenham.
The above Hotel, one of the oldest and best known in Packenham, has been leased by the undersigned and thoroughly overhauled and refitted for the special accommodation of guests. THE TABLE AND BAR will at all times be furnished with the very best the market affords.
GOOD STABLING and a careful Hostler always in attendance JOHN MALTMAN.

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,
MC KAVANAGH, Proprietor, Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington Streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government buildings.
The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.
Oysters, Game etc., daily

THE METROPOLITAN
Almond's Block,
Rideau Street, Ottawa.
P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.
Ottawa, November 27. 292tf

THE REVERE HOUSE,
OTTAWA.
G. A. BUCKE, W. H. SANGER, ...PROPRIETORS.
THIS FIRST-CLASS HOTEL has been re-furnished and refitted throughout, and now combines all the requisites of a first-class establishment.
Ottawa, Nov. 6, 1867 582tf

TORONTO HOUSE,
SPARKS-STREET.
MRS. TROTTER begs to state that she has comfortable quarters for a few gentlemen for three months or more, with Parlour and use of Piano.
Ottawa, Dec. 24, 1867. 623tf

MISS LOVETT'S
PRIVATE HOTEL
HOLLIS STREET, HALIFAX, N. S.
STRANGERS will find this long established and well known house to be the most comfortable and well conducted in the city.
December 23, 1867. 622-6m

TO PARTIES ABOUT TO BUILD—
PLANS,
SPECIFICATIONS,
ESTIMATES, &
Prepared by
AUGUSTUS LAVER,
ARCHITECT
End Daly-st. Ottawa.
April 1.

DRUGGISTS.

Spectacles for all Sights.
OPTICAL Instruments Electro-Magnetic and Galvanic Apparatus, Photographic Chemicals, &c.
W. HEARN,
657y Market Drug Store, York-street.

Apothecaries Hall!
No. 41, SUSSEX STREET,
C. MORTIMER, - - - PROPRIETOR
NONE OTHER GENUINE!
TRADE MARK IS REGISTERED
Canadian Cough Emulsion.
THIS Valuable Medicine has the extraordinary property of immediately relieving Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Difficulty of Breathing, Tightness in the Chest, &c., &c. It operates by dissolving the congealed phlegm, causing free expectoration, and an agreeable moistness of the skin. Prepared only by
GEORGE MORTIMER.
Chemist and Druggist, 41, Sussex Street, Ottawa City. Sold in bottles at 1s 3d and 2s 6d each.

MORTIMER'S
COMPOUND ANTIBILIOUS
AND FAMILY APERIENT PILLS.
A grand Specific for derangement of the digestive organs, and for obstructions and torpid action of the Liver and Bowels.

MORTIMER'S Vegetable WORM DESTROYER.
The only sure remedy that exists. Combining delicious taste with amazing power. Also
CAMPHORATED EYE-WATER,
Sure Cure for Sore, Weak and Inflamed Eyes.

MORTIMER'S
Colognes, Pomades, Toilet Vinegar, Rose Dentifrice, for the Teeth and Gums. Also constantly on hand, Perfumes of all kinds, and Toilet requisites usually kept in a first-class establishment.

FOUND,
A NEVER Failing Remedy for Coughs and Colds, Mortimer's Canadian Cough Emulsion. No family should be without a bottle. None genuine but from
G. MORTIMER,
Chemist, 41, Sussex-st.
The best of Certificates can be produced.
Ottawa, Nov. 22, 1867. 596-6m

OTTAWA
DRUG WAREHOUSE,
RIDEAU STREET
1866 SEEDS. SEEDS. 1866.
A LARGE STOCK OF FRESH GARDEN and FIELD SEEDS, just arrived and on Sale. All Seeds warranted Fresh.
A large importation of English and French PERFUMES will arrive next week.
FLORIDA WATER. SOZODONT.
HAIR BRUSHES. COMBS.
NAIL BRUSHES. CLOTHES BRUSHES, &c., &c., &c.
Just being opened up.
JOSEPH GARVEY, M.D.
P. S.—Advice to the poor gratis.
Ottawa, April 11. 97-y

DOMESTIC DYES.
THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT OF DYES in this city on sale at the
Ottawa Drug Warehouse.
A free Lot of Good, Cheap PERFUMES just received.
N. B.—Prescriptions carefully and promptly prepared. J. GARVEY, M. D.
Ottawa, Feb. 12 1866 47-ntf

PARLIAMENT
HAIRDRESSING SALOON!
E. MILES,
Hairdresser by Appointment to His Excellency the Governor-General,
HAS REMOVED HIS PARLIAMENT HAIR DRESSING SALOON from the old stand to his new and commodious room over the LONDON MUSIC STORE, on Elgin-st., opposite the Russell House, which he has fitted up in the most recherche style of the business, and where his Rotary Hair Brush, which he imported expressly for himself, being the first introduced into British America, will be kept ready for use. The saloon is delightfully ventilated, and very pleasantly situated.
Mr. MILES would take this opportunity of returning his most sincere thanks to his many friends and the public, for their kind and generous patronage to him, during a number of years, in his old establishment, and trusts that by unremitting attention to business, and in his new and first-class saloon, with polite and attentive workmen, to merit a continuance of their favors.
All kinds of Hair Watch Guards, Finger Rings, &c., manufactured to order. For the convenience of ladies orders will be received at the London Music store, where a fine and varied assortment of Hair-work will be found.
E. MILES,
Hair Dresser, by appointment, to his Excellency the Governor-General.
Ottawa, October 3 1867 553-39y

BAZAAR.
IT is intended to hold a Bazaar on the SEVENTEENTH of MARCH NEXT, 1868, and following days, in aid of the DEBT on
The Parsonage of Christ Church.
Contributions will be most thankfully received from the members of the Church, and other friends in Ottawa, by the following Ladies, who have kindly consented to act as a Committee of Management
MRS. CLEMOW,
" W. F. POWELL,
" COFFIN,
" ADAMSON,
" T. M. BLASDELL,
" LAUDER,
" DONALDSON,
" JOHN THOMPSON,
" N. SPARKS,
" MAGEE,
" STREET.
ANNIE POWELL, Secretary.
Ottawa, Dec. 23, 1867. 622tf

Satchell Brothers,
Butchers to His Excellency Lord Mouck.
No. 7, LOWER TOWN MARKET.
Superior Stall Fed
BEEF, MUTTON, LAMB AND VEAL,
SATCHELL'S
Celebrated Spiced Rounds & Rolled Beef,
Cured in the English Style.
Also, Sugar Cured Hams and Bacon of their own curing, constantly on hand.
Ottawa, December 21. 621-3m

GREAT CLEARING SALE
—OF—
Dry Goods and Ready-made Clothing,
—AT—
J. T. Prudhomme's Stores,
SUSSEX-STREET, FACING CLARENCE-STREET,
And at the Sign of the "Golden Lamb."

AS the Subscriber intends closing one of his Stores on the first day of December he is determined to sell off at an immense reduction his stock of

DRY GOODS & READY-MADE CLOTHING
—CONSISTING OF—

Beaver Cloths, Pilot do, Whitney do, Melton do, Sattinet do
West of England Broad Cloths, Black Cassimeres, Silk Mix Coatings, " " Trowserings, Fancy Doeskins,
Col. and White Blankets, Horse Rugs, Flannels, Kerseys, Winceys.

English, Scotch and Canadian Tweeds.

DRAWERS, SHIRTS, WOOL CRAVATS, SCARFS, NECK TIES, COLLARS,
SHAWLS, CLOAKINGS, DRESS GOODS, NECK TIES, PRINTS, COBOURGS.
BUCK MITTS, BUCK MOCASSINS, WOOL SOCKS, MITTS, TRUNKS, VALISES

—ALSO, A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF—
Boots and Shoes, Teas, Soap, Candles and Wines
The whole to be disposed of before the 1st day of December. Call early and examine before purchasing elsewhere.
Ottawa, November 19, 1867. 593-3m

RELIANCE
MUTUAL LIFE ASSURANCE CO'Y.
ESTABLISHED 1840.
CHIEF OFFICE—71, King William-street, Mansion House, LONDON.

ACCUMULATED PREMIUMS OVER,	$1,000,000.
ANNUAL INCOME OVER,	$300,000.

TRUSTEES.
The Right Rev. the Bishop of Moray and Ross.
Viscount Kirkaldie, John Ledger, Esq, J R S Phillipps, Esq, James Traill, Esq, Sir John T Tyrell, Bart, W M Tufnell, Esq
DIRECTORS.
George Ashlin, Esq, W W Duffield, Esq, J W Egertongreen, Esq, George T Harris, Esq, John James, Esq, John W Lay, Esq, John Ledger, Esq, J Onlyparker, Esq, William Phelps, Esq, John Pike, Esq, Edward White, Esq, Henry T Prinsep, Esq, Major Skinner, R A, Charles H Smith, Esq, James Traill, Esq, W M Tufnell, Esq
MEDICAL OFFICERS.
J W Ogle, Esq, M D | H F Smith, Esq, M D
BANKS.
Messrs William Deacon Co, Birchin Lane, Messrs Sparrow, Tufnell & Co, Chelmsford. The London and County Bank.
SOLICITORS.
Messrs Hooke & Street, 27 Lincoln's Inn Fields. Messrs Gepp & Veley, Chelmsford.
EDWARD BUTLER, Secretary.

Canada Branch—Montreal.
BOARD OF DIRECTORS.
Walter Shanly, Esq, M P, Chairman.
Duncan Macdonald, Esq, George Winks, Esq, W H Hingston, Esq, M D, L R C S.
SOLICITORS—Messrs Rose & Ritchie. | MEDICAL ADVISER—W. H Hingston, Esq, M D.
The entire profits of this old and long established society belong to the policy holders, who are protected from all liability by the deed of settlement.
Annuities and endowments granted on advantageous terms.
Advances made on approved security in connection with Life Policies.
Every information to be had on application to any of the Society's Agents in Canada, or to
T W GRIFFITH, Manager and Secretary.
Head Office for the Dominion of Canada—Corner St Francois Xavier-street, Montreal.
Agents wanted in unrepresented districts throughout Canada.
589-6m NEIL McKINNON, Agent for Ottawa.

Etna Fire and Marine Insurance Co.
The Number of Shareholders exceed Five Hundred.

Capital,	$2,500,000.
Annual Income Nearly	$1,000,000.

HEAD OFFICE—Upper Sackville-street, Dublin, Ireland; CHIEF OFFICE, ENGLAND—17 and 18 Corn Hill, London: CHIEF OFFICE, SCOTLAND—98 George-st., Edinburgh

DIRECTORS.
John Obins Woodhouse, Esq, 82 Pembroke Road, Dublin; Omeath Park, Co Louth; Portadown, Co Armagh; Kerry Keel, Co Armagh and Down—Chairman.
Robert Craven Wade, Esq. Conebraney, Crosskeale, Co Meath, and Sackville Street Club, Dublin, J P for Counties Meath and Wicklow—Director Scottish Ameicable Life Office.
Charles Going Malone, Esq. Merchant, Stephen-street and George-street, Dublin; Churchtown Lodge, Dundrom, Co Dublin—Director Commercial Gas Company.
John William Gregg, Esq, Alderman, Merchant, 18 Upper Sackville-street, Dublin—Vice Chairman.
Irwine Smith Whitty, Esq, 6 Wellington Road, Dublin—Director Government Prisons.
Bernard Coyne, Esq. 27 Waterloo Road, Dublin, J P, Co Mayo.
Jeffry Martin, Esq. 2 Clarinda Park, East Kingstown, Dublin, and Curraghmore, Ballinrobe, Co Mayo, J P for Co Mayo.
Robert Conway Harly, Esq. Bridge House and Glenduff, Tralee; J P for Co Kerry.
David Richardson Goodlate, Esq Merchant.

FEATURES.
A division of profits every three years to holders of policies who have no lien.
MODERATE PREMIUMS.
The company do not advocate high premiums, but rates will be charged according as the nature of the risk. Losses will be promptly and fully met on adjustment. Losses by lightning and loss or damage by explosion of gas within the premises insured made good.
JOHN INNIS, ESQ, Manager.
N B—The above company have invested in Canadian Government Bonds, in conformity with the Provincial Act, and have obtained the license of the Minister of Finance to do business in Canada, and are now prepared to take risks.
T. W. GRIFFITH, Manager for Canada.
Head Office for the Dominion—Corner of St Francois Xavier and St Sacrament-streets, Montreal.
Agents wanted in unrepresented districts throughout Canada.
589-6m NEIL McKINNON, Agent for Ottawa.

STOVES. STOVES. STOVES.
STOVES. STOVES. STOVES.
STOVES. STOVES. STOVES.
"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT!
35, SUSSEX St.
H. MEADOWS & CO.

WE have received our fall and Winter Stock of STOVES, STOVE PIPES, ELBOWS, DUMPS, TINWARE and LUMBERMEN'S SUPPLIES, which we offer Wholesale or Retail at low prices. In Cooking, Parlor Box and Hall Stoves, for wood or coal, we have the largest and most varied assortment ever shown in Ottawa.

COOKING STOVES.	COOKING STOVES.	COOKING STOVES.
COOKING STOVES.	COOKING STOVES.	COOKING STOVES.
COOKING STOVES.	COOKING STOVES.	COOKING STOVES.

Our stock of the above comprises the latest improvements in both ELEVATED and LOW OVEN STOVES.

BOX AND HALL STOVES.	BOX AND HALL STOVES.	BOX AND HALL STOVES.
BOX AND HALL STOVES.	BOX AND HALL STOVES.	BOX AND HALL STOVES.
BOX AND HALL STOVES.	BOX AND HALL STOVES.	BOX AND HALL STOVES.

Suitable for private Dwellings and Churches, Warehouses and Stores.

PARLOR STOVES.	PARLOR STOVES.	PARLOR STOVES.
PARLOR STOVES.	PARLOR STOVES.	PARLOR STOVES.
PAR TOVES.	PARLOR STOVES.	PARLOR STOVES.

New and most beautiful designs, very cheap.
COAL STOVES. PARLOR GRATES.
Hot Air Furnaces.
We still continue to manufacture every description of TIN, SHEET IRON, and COPPER WARE, RUSSIA IRON PIPE, and DUMB STOVES. Also all kinds of out-door Job Work in our line attended to by competent and experienced Mechanics. Country Merchants supplied with Stovepipes, &c., at reduced rates.
Lumbermen's Supplies! Lumbermen's Supplies! Scanty Plates! Basins! Camp Kettles, &c.
HOUSEFURNISHING GOODS!
Bird Cages! Bird Cages! Bird Cages!
Price Lists sent free on application.
Any part of a Stove sold by us can be replaced when broken or burnt out, a fact intending buyers would do well to note.
An inspection of the above goods invited at the
"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,
35, SUSSEX STREET.
H. MEADOWS & CO.
Ottawa, October 2, 1867. 52-y

INSURANCE.

INTERCOLONIAL
ASSURANCE CO'Y.
OF CANADA.
Capital - - - $500,000.
With power to increase the same.
SHARES, - - $100 EACH.
PROVISIONAL DIRECTORS:
H. O. Burritt, Esq., President; R. Lyon, Esq. Mayor of Ottawa, Vice-President; T. D. Harington, Dy. Receiver General; the Hon. J. Skead, J. M. Currier, M. P., D. McLaughlin, M.P., W. Wade, Esq., P. Jones, M.P., W. Ellis, Esq., W. H. Brouse, M.D., Joseph Aumond, Esq., M. K. Church, M.D., and J. M. Bates.
THIS is purely a Canadian Institution, and as such is deserving of the support of the Canadian public.
An Act for the Incorporation of this Company is now before the Parliament of the Dominion.
Over $100,000 of stock is already subscribed and it is the intention to deposit with the Government as a guarantee of our good faith, at least $50,000 as soon as an Act of Incorporation is procured (which will be a provision of our Incorporation.) It is unnecessary here to dilate upon the profits of money invested in Insurance Stock. Suffice it to say, that, at least in one instance 333 per cent advance has been obtained on insurance stock, and that after the payment of princely dividends. In the meantime Subscriptions to Stock, in Ottawa may be made at the Ontario and Royal Canadian Banks, and a deposit of 10 per cent is requisite which will be deposited IN TRUST to be returned in case any subscriber is not satisfied with his investment up to one month after the Vice-Regal sanction to the Charter is obtained.
J. M. BATES,
Pro. Manager and Secretary.
Ottawa, Nov. 21, 1867. 595tf

CITY OF GLASGOW
Life Assurance Company
ESTABLISHED 1836.
CAPITAL, £600,000 Sg.
ANNUAL REVENUE OVER £120,000 Sg.
THIS COMPANY OFFERS TO THE public the combined advantage of perfect security, moderate premiums and liberal participation in profits. No extra charge for Volunteers in defence of the country.
RINTOUL BROS., Montreal, General Agents for Canada.
NEIL McKINNON, Agent, Sparks-street, Ottawa.
Ottawa March 25. 391y

Ætna Life Insurance Company.
ESTABLISHED, A. D. 1820.
Capital and Assets, 1st Jan., 1867, $4,461,833.86
THIS MOST SUCCESSFUL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY divides the whole of the Profits, every year, among the insured, reducing the cost to about one-half the figures usually charged.
For instance, the annual payment, at the age of 30, in most Companies, to insure $2000 is, with profits, about $50, and without profits $43.90
In the Ætna, $2000, to a person 30 years of age, costs the first year 25.31
And each subsequent year 26.71
Which payment is subject to further reduction as the business of the Company increases.
Endowment policies on equally favorable terms.
The fact that the Ætna has, during the past 12 months, insured over 14,000 persons, from among the best business men of the Continent, is the best possible testimonial to the soundness of the Company, and the excellence of its method of doing business.
J. GARVEY, ESQ., M. D.,
Medical Referee.
S. PEDLAR & CO., Montreal.
Ottawa, March 13. 281y

BRITISH AMERICA
Assurance Company!
FIRE AND MARINE.
ESTABLISHED 1830.
R. S. Cassels, Esq. ..... Consulting Director.
THE ABOVE FIRST-CLASS COMPANY is prepared to insure all descriptions of property against loss or damage by fire.
HERRICK, BRUSH & CO.,
AGENTS,
Aumond's Buildings.
Ottawa, January 4, 1867. 323y

NOTICE.
DR. J. GARVEY can be consulted each day PROFESSIONALLY, at his RESIDENCE, RIDEAU-STREET, from 8 o'clock to 10 in the forenoon, and from 6 to 10 in the evening. During mid-day by making inquiries at BROWNE & HARDY'S, GROCERS, Rideau-street, information can be had as to his whereabouts.
J. GARVEY, M. D.
N. B.—It is not the intention of Dr. Garvey to relinquish his practice as a physician.
Ottawa, Jan. 24, 1868. 648tf

NOTICE.
ALL persons indebted to Dr. J. Garvey, and whose accounts have been rendered, are requested to call and settle at once, or costs will be incurred.
J. GARVEY, M.D.
Ottawa, Sept. 4, 1867. 529tf

RIFLES!
Wesson's Rifles!
HAVING imported some of the above RIFLES in 1866, under free entry, I offer the balance of stock at $17 each, which is $4 less than manufacturers prices; wholesale price at factory is $25 American money.
THOMAS ISAAC,
6134 Sparks-street.

Land for Sale.
830 ACRES OF LAND, situated within two to eight miles of the city. Apply to JOHN W. McGUIRE, Lot 25, 2nd Concession, Ottawa Front, Gloucester. 546-6m

To Sell or Let---Rare Opening.
TERMS MODERATE.
FINE STONE DWELLING HOUSES, Photographic Chambers, and other Cut Stone Premises, well arranged and eligibly situated for commercial business.
Apply to JOHN MACAULEY, Chaudiere, Ottawa; or E. McGILLIVRAY, J. B. TACKABERRY, or H. McLEAN, Auctioneer, Ottawa.
January 8, 1867. 585-6m

Furniture! Furniture! Furniture!
AT THE
VARIETY HALL,
34, Sussex-st.
A MOST Complete Stock of Black Walnut and other Furniture, in Cane and Hair Seated Chairs, Tete-a-Tetes, Sofas, Extension Dining Tables, Centre Tables, Sideboards, Chiffoniers, Wardrobes, Bureaus, Bedsteads, Washstands and Toilet Tables. Also, Hair, Excelsior and Sea Grass Mattrasses, of all sizes, Gilt Mirrors, Toilet and other Looking Glasses, Table Cutlery of all kinds, Brushes, Brooms, and Wooden Ware of various descriptions, Table and Floor Mats, Soiled Linen Baskets, a beautiful article, Rocking Horses, Children's Sleighs, and the best assorted stock of Crockery, China and Glassware in the Dominion. This stock being all purchased to the best advantage will consequently be sold cheap.
Crockery, China, Glassware, Stoves and Furniture rented to private or public parties at a reasonable rate.
JOSEPH BOYDEN,
4297 General Agent.

K. ARNOLDI,
WINE & SPIRIT MERCHANT,
METCALFE-STREET,
Telegraph Company's Building, Ottawa,
RECOMMENDS and Guarantees with confidence the following Wines:—
PORTS—Graham's, Sandeman's, Forrester's, Masden's, &c.:

		Per Gall.	Per Doz.
No. 1	Good sound Wine	$2 00	$6 00
" 2	"	3 00	8 75
" 3	Old	3 50	10 00
" 4	Superior Old	4 50	12 50
" 5	Very fine old	5 75	15 50

SHERRY WINE—Domecq's, Capdepons, Pemartin's, Cramp Suter's, &c.:

No. 1	Light table Wine	$2 00	6 00
" 2	Superior do	3 00	8 75
" 3	Very choice	3.50	10 00
" 4	Very Superior	4 50	12 50
" 5	Very fine	5 50	15 00

Marsala Wine,
$1.30 per Gallon, $4.50 per Dozen.
Especial attention called to the above Wine. Far superior to all common sherries, its chief recommendation is that it agrees perfectly well with persons who cannot take those wines, even of a high class. It is soft and old, free from heat, or the slightest approach to acidity, while its very moderate price recommends it for all large entertainments, as well as for the luncheon, dinner and supper table. It has met with the highest approval from the medical gentlemen of this city.
Also, in wood or bottle, old and new Brandies, Rums, Gins, Old Tom Gins, Irish, Scotch, and Canadian Whiskeys of Standard Brands.
Clarets, Champagnes, Hocks, Caracas, Maraschino, Chartreuse, Royal Italian Bitters, &c., in great variety.
Hibberts' and Guiness' Porter, Bass' and Allsopp's Ales, quarts and pints. Canadian Ale of superior Quality, in Wood and Bottle.
Goods most confidently recommended, and may be as implicitly relied upon for perfect purity as if purchased in the largest wholesale establishment in the country.
Orders by mail with cash or city reference solicited and promptly attended to. No charge for delivery in the city. A discount to persons buying in quantity or by the original package. Inspection invited.
Price Lists, and every information, on application, or sent to any address.
WINE VAULTS AND OFFICE,
No. 11, Metcalfe-street,
Telegraph Co.'s Building, Ottawa.
January 27, 1868. 535y

FOR SALE.
BY THE SUBSCRIBERS,
New Egyptian Dates,
Oranges, Lemons,
Grapes, Turkey Figs,
West End Raisins,
Dundee Marmalade,
Jams and Jellies,
Tomatoes in tins,
Peaches, "
Sweet Corn "
Lima Beans.
OYSTERS & HADDIES!
RECEIVED WEEKLY.
DALGLISH & RUSSELL,
Upper Town.
Ottawa, Jan. 28, 1868. 651y

SMITH & RODNEY
MERCHANT TAILORS and General Outfitters, Elgin-street, opposite the Russell House, and second door from the London Music Store, having just received a choice stock of
English, French and Canadian
CLOTHS and TWEEDS,
And a general assortment of gentlemen's furnishing goods, would intimate to their friends and the public generally that they are prepared to execute all orders in their line at the shortest notice, in the most approved styles and at prices that we defy competition.
Ottawa Oct. 1, 1867. 551tf

ROANOKE
Tobacco Company,
DANVILLE, VIRGINIA.
THIS Company having established at Montreal their General Agency for the Dominion of Canada, is now prepared to offer to the public an article in
SMOKING TOBACCO!
Superior to anything of the kind ever imported into the country, and pledge their long established character that the article now offered is the purest leaf from the
Virgin Hill Tops of Virginia.
The different brands and prices are as follows viz:
The "Prince of Wales," in 1 & 2 lb ble $1.00 per lb
" " Dominion Favorite" 1 & ½ " " 0.75 "
" " Navy," 1 & 2 " " 0.65 "
The prices are NET CASH in Montreal, and orders [accompanied by remittance] for 5 lbs and upwards will receive prompt attention. The tobacco will be forwarded to any address, by express or otherwise, as parties may direct.
Please address
F. W. HENSHAW,
Agent Dominion of Canada,
10 St. Sacrament-st.,
Montreal.
Montreal, Dec. 1, 1867. 607-4m

SNOW'S
Celebrated Fever Remedy,
A Sure and Certain Cure for Fever—Continued, Remittent, Intermittent, Typhoid, and Fever arising from Ordinary Colds.
THIS REMEDY has been used in Tropical climates for many years with the greatest success. It shortens the attack, reduces the fever gradually, and at the same time enables the system to throw off the poisonous effect of the on the blood and secretions generally.
PRICE—50 cents and $1 per Bottle. Sold Wholesale and Retail by
H. F. MacCARTHY,
Chemist, Ottawa City
Sole Agent for Dominion of Canada.
December 2, 1867. 579-3m

HOWE'S
Boot and Shoe Store.
REMOVAL.
AS the Lease of our Premises in Sussex-street terminates this month, we intend to confine our business to one locality, and shall remove the whole of our Stock on the 1st of May next, to our Store in
No. 10, Rideau-st.
Our stock of BOOTS and SHOES, LEATHER, SHOE FINDINGS, TRUNKS, &c., &c., will consequently be very large and most complete in every department, and we most respectfully solicit a continuance of favors, to merit which our constant endeavors will be as usual to provide the best articles and sell at the lowest remunerating prices.
G. HOWE & SON.
Remember the place—No. 10, Rideau-st. next to Howell's grocery.
April 27. 420y

FOUND.
NEAR the Market, Lower Town, an INDIA RUBBER CARRIAGE COVER. Apply at this office.
Ottawa, November 495tf

CITY NOTICES.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

On no occasion will the names of Old Advertisements be inserted here.

Dissolution of Partnership—J. Hope & Co.
Departmental Notice—Thos. Worthington.
Nurse Wanted—N. McKinnon.
Auction Sale—H. McLean.
Recorder's Court—Roderick Ross.
Great Remnant Sale—Garland, Mutchmor & Co.
Watch Lost.
Pork and Flour—O'Connor & Waller.

The Ottawa Times

City and County Official Paper

MONDAY, FEBRUARY 17, 1868.

We have no little pleasure in announcing that the whole of the Dominion Stock, issue A, one million five hundred thousand dollars, has been disposed of, all offers below par having as a matter of course been declined.

This gratifying result shows the confidence of the people in the Dominion Government; the abundance of money seeking investment at reasonable rates in the country, and the soundness of the Government policy in appealing to the confidence of the people within the Dominion to meet the pressing demands on the public exchequer, instead of negociating a fresh loan in the English money market. It must be a matter for sincere satisfaction to the Government and the public that this first attempt to give effect to the new financial policy of the Dominion has met with such complete success. The evidence it affords of the confidence of the people in the stability of their institutions will give a firmer tone to Canadian securities in the money markets of the world, and prove that this country is acquiring by degrees all the elements of independent, or we should rather say, self sustaining, national existence. At a time, too, when there is no lack of commercial activity; when capital finds abundant opportunities of employment at remunerative rates of interest, it will be found that the wheels of industry have not been in the least retarded in their motion by the absorption of this amount of capital in a Government loan. Doubtless future issues will meet with no less encouragement on the part of the public, as it may be fairly assumed that the money thus invested has all been withdrawn from less remunerative, or at all events less secure employment. This fact evidences the gradual accumulation of wealth in the country, and may be taken as a substantial illustration of its progress.

That the policy of the Government in this particular has been framed with an intelligent appreciation of the circumstances of the country is abundantly proved by the success of the loan. The annual saving to the country by the Government's borrowing at home, instead of abroad is represented by the amount payable yearly for interest. In this case, though the saving is not a very large sum—$90,000—it is still a respectable beginning, and large enough, perhaps, to be appreciable in many ways. We hope that future issues of Dominion Stock will be as readily taken up by the country; and when, in addition, the Government Savings Bank in connection with the Post Office, is put in operation, we are confident that it will be demonstrated that the Canadian people have, within themselves, the means and the will to give the country a large margin of credit.

It needs very little argument to show the difference between a public debt borrowed at home, and one borrowed in a foreign market. In the former case the interest paid is saved to the country, in the latter it represents just so much of an annual drain upon the country's wealth—so much abstracted and deducted from the product of its industry. The loan raised at home is therefore far more advantageous than that raised abroad; and while the Government maintains the interest at a rate which will not unduly lead to the withdrawal of capital from employment in ordinary commercial pursuits, it is but serving the best interests of the people, especially of the industrial classes, in providing a safe means of investment for their surplus earnings.

The estimates up to the end of 1868 have been laid before the Legislature of Ontario. The following is a summary under the several heads:

Civil Government	$ 174,683 29
Legislation	91,550 00
Administration of Justice	206,580 26
Public Works and Buildings	224,972 00
Agriculture	66,450 00
Miscellaneous	12,000 00
Hospitals and Charities	169,488 50
Reformatory, Penetanguishene, Literary and Scientific Institutions	3,600 00
Education	301,500 00
For unforseen and unprovided expenses	20,000 00
	1,293,837 42

The revenue for the same period is estimated at $1,853,638.91, leaving a surplus of revenue over expenditure of about $560,000, quite a respectable saving, from which, however, will have to be deducted the interest on the debt due by the Province to Canada, when its amount has been determined by the arbitration. It is also understood that the grants to Denominational Colleges will be voted for this year, with the understanding that they are to be in the future discontinued.

The salary of the Premier is fixed at $4,000, that of each of the other Ministers at $3,200. The Assistant Commissioner of Crown Lands has $2,600; Assistant Secretary, $1,600; Surveyor Public Works, $1,600; Chief Clerks in other Departments, $1,200, all the other salaries being under that figure. Members of the Legislature receive $5 per day for the session—an excellent arrangement, as it is not marred by any lump sum for a sessional allowance after a certain number of days. The Speaker's salary is put down at $1,000 for two sessions, which we think is quite a beggarly allowance. In common decency it ought at the very least be $1,200 per session.

Among the grants to "Hospitals and Charities," we notice Protestant Hospital Ottawa, $1,200; Roman Catholic Hospital Ottawa, $1,200; and among those to Literary Institutions we find "Canadian Institute Ottawa, $300; Athenæum Ottawa, $300." Toronto receives $16,480 of the charitable grants; Kingston $8,410; Hamilton $6,080; London $2,400; and Ottawa $2,400, not a very equitable distribution certainly; $3,000 are granted in aid of the Deaf and Dumb, and no less than $130,488.50 are appropriated to the three Lunatic Asylums at Toronto, Malden and Orillia. The Province may fairly congratulate itself on the flourishing state of its finances.

The Halifax *Chronicle* has made "a declaration of faith." Just hear what it says in relation to some frightful heresies which it professes to have discovered in the Ontario and Quebec papers:

"The stream of invective it is almost as useless as it is absurd to attempt to stem. However, we shall make a little declaration of faith for Nova Scotians: 'We are not cannibals; we prefer a modest mutton chop to the 'loudest' of roast Canadians; we have no desire to kill, burn, or destroy Canadians, or anything Canadian; we must even confess that we have seen some tolerably fair specimens of humanity, who admitted they had grown from the root in the Upper Province.'"

Thank you, Mr. *Chronicle*. We are infinitely relieved by the assurance that you will not eat us!

Somebody writes a letter to the Montreal *Gazette*, and signs it "Silver Nuisance." Shouldn't he be abated? What is the Board of Trade doing?

THE LATE MR. CASGRAIN.

We regret to hear of the demise at Quebec on Sunday, the 10th inst., of Mr. Olivier A. Casgrain, who was highly esteemed and respected by all with whom he came in contact, and who was a spirited contributor to Canadian literature. His illness was of very short duration. We cannot do better justice to his qualities than quote the following tribute that appeared in the *Journal de Quebec*:

"Death has just taken from amongst us, and rather suddenly too, a young man not only endowed with remarkable talents, but one also, who was well known to the Canadian public as the author of several literary and historical essays—Mr. O. Casgrain, of the Provincial Secretary's Office, Quebec:

"He was born at L'Islet, October 6th, 1835—and in the course of his studies at the College of St. Anne, was noted for his distinguished qualities, and great love of study—so much so indeed, that M. l'Abbé Bouchy, whose name stands among the first of the many eminent clergy furnished by France since the conquest, was pleased to repeat that M. Casgrain was gifted with more literary talent than any other pupil he had known in Canada. 'I have no doubt,' said he, 'but that were he to devote himself to literature, he would produce such works as would be an honor to himself and his country.'"

During the time of his attendance at Laval University more recently, without neglecting his ordinary studies, he closely followed up the knowledge acquired through the Abbé Ferland in the history of Canada. The notes he took down were subsequently published in the *Courrier du Canada*, and appeared so brilliant and interesting to Mr. Chauveau, that he re-produced them in the *Journal de l'Instruction Publique*.

A cruel malady, after such close and ardent study, has now prematurely terminated his career. For many years past he has appeared in the field of poetry, and has contributed to the columns of various newspapers. The readers of the *Revue Canadienne* will doubtless remember the comical verses of *La Tauride*, in which the habits and manners of the Canadians were well and truthfully pourtrayed. After this he wrote *La Grande Fronciade*, a light, frolicsome effusion, which, strange to say in Canada, brought not only flattering, but at the same time a certain amount of satirical criticism upon him. This, however, of itself showed evidence of real merit.

From his first appearance as a writer, Mr. Chauveau, who well deserves the name of the Canadian Mécène, had taken an interest in the young man, and was ceaseless in encouraging him to further and greater exertions. The situation that Mr. Casgrain had just obtained in the Civil Service, would have left him some leisure hours yet, in which to prosecute his literary tastes. He has left a romance, historical in its character, which was on the verge of completion at the time of his death. This work, from which we hope to publish some portions, refers to one of the most glorious of our annals, Frontenac. The author has introduced not only scenes illustrative of Indian life, but also reverts to the heroic deeds of valor of that period.

The cultivated talent of the young author was enhanced by the knowledge that he spent a life of piety, and bore an irreproachable character. In such an abrupt manner his onward course has been checked, *consommatus in brevi, explevit tempora multa*.

Mr. Casgrain, who leaves a young widow and little child, was son-in-law to Mr. F. Hamel, of the Department of Public Works here.

FROM TORONTO.

Special to THE TIMES.

TORONTO, Feb. 15, 1868.

Hon. Mr. Mitchell leaves for Ottawa on Monday.

Hon. Mr. Howland is so far convalescent as to be able to take exercise in his carriage.

The ball of the non-commissioned officers of the 10th Royals took place last night, and was attended by about three hundred couples.

Owing to the heavy fall of snow this morning, and subsequent thaw, the snow shoe and trotting races were not as successful as was expected.

Judgment was delivered to-day by Justice John Wilson in the contested School Trustee election case, unseating Mr. Boyd, and ordering a new election.

CUTTING ICE ON THE ROADWAY OVER THE RIVER.

To the Editor of THE TIMES.

SIR,—In your issue of yesterday you alluded to the fact of some "unprincipled ice merchants" having cut a hole in the road leading across the river.

Your notice of the act seems to me far too slight, in view of its fiendish nature. The Fenians may claim, on behalf of their atrocities, that they are perpetrated in revenge for national injuries, however hopeless the perpetrators may be of benefitting anybody by them, but your "ice merchant" is without even this devil's plea.

Sir, the matter should not rest where it is. The man who fell in, even though he escaped drowning, has doubtless, unless he be a perfect alligator, much suffering to undergo yet. He has a fair claim to heavy damages. The public, too, has a right to protection from such villainy. It is, perhaps, too wicked a crime to be dealt with fairly by any court but that of Judge Lynch; but, at any rate, every possible endeavor should be made to bring the guilty party to as much justice as can be meted out by the law as it is.

Your obedient servant,
Ottawa, Feb. 15th, 1868. T. K. C.

[We shall be exceedingly glad to learn that the law provides condign punishment for the unprincipled scoundrels guilty of the offence alluded to, and hope that those in authority will see to the matter, in so far at least as to prevent a repetition of the setting of such a murderous trap.—ED. TIMES.]

TORONTO CORRESPONDENCE.

Homestead Law—Registry Act—Railway Bills—Estimates—Members' Indemnity—The Member for Prescott.

To the Editor of THE TIMES.

SIR,—The Homestead Law introduced by Sir Henry Smith in the Legislature of Ontario was withdrawn when it came up for the second reading, as he found that if pressed it would have been defeated. It was copied from the Homestead Laws of the United States, and provided that $750.00 should be secured to a man out of the proceeds of his property if sold for debt, and a man's farm might be sold at any time if worth more than $750. Suppose a man became dissipated, and got in debt, when his property came to be sold he would receive the money, and might go and spend it all in a few days, and leave his wife and children beggars. The true idea of a Homestead Law would seem to be a certain quantity of land with dwelling house and buildings on it, secured to a man and his family against all accidents or misfortunes, but it is a very difficult question, one requiring a great deal of careful thought to place it in a proper light. No doubt it sounds well to talk of securing a homestead to every man, but a law could not be passed that would wipe out present liabilities, so that it would not benefit any person now in debt to pass such a law, and a man who by care and economy has made a home for himself, is not likely to need any protection. There is one side of the question that is always overlooked, that is the very idea of protecting a man's property from debt, admits that some person must be cheated out of his rights, because if he does not go in debt, his property cannot be taken from him now, and if he does obtain credit and get the property of another, and use it for his own use and benefit, why should he be protected in keeping it without having paid for it? But admitting that you need not give a man credit when you know his property is secured, and say he cannot get credit if he should want it, would it not be a questionable advantage. Of course it would be admitted that a man owning his property and not owing anything, might, if he choose to do so, register it as a homestead for his family, but I doubt very much if many in such circumstances would wish to do so. I rather think that if the collection of small debts by law, say up to fifty dollars, was done away with, it would be more benefit to the country than a Homestead Law. Many a poor man has been kept with his nose to the grindstone for years, paying costs of court to Division Court clerks, who generally take care to collect all the fees they can, and very often promise to pay the debt on condition of receiving twenty-five to fifty per cent. interest for the time they wait, and at the same time, perhaps, the creditor is not paid. It is very rarely that a man who gets time to pay, and has got value for his money, does not pay his debts.

The Registry Bill, introduced by Hon. J. S. Macdonald, has stirred up the Registrars. Even before they saw the Bill they were frightened to death; they thought their fees were going to be cut down, and they would be starved, &c., &c. They must have an idea themselves that their fees are higher than they should be, otherwise they would not be so easily alarmed. I am not certain but their fees in some cases might very well be cut down, but at present that is not intended. One of the objects of the present Bill is to make the office of Registrar the same as that of Sheriff and other officers appointed by the Government, to be held only during pleasure, so that if a Registrar should do anything wrong the Government could dismiss him at once, without leaving it to be decided by a court of law.

There are a number of Railway Bills coming before the House, and the lobbies are crowded with the advocates and opponents of the different schemes.

The estimates are ready, and will be brought down to-morrow or next day. I believe they will show that our expenditure from first July last to first January, 1869, including allowance for another Session of the Legislature next October, will be about $1,300,000, leaving a balance of $500,000 to invest until the result of the arbitration between Ontario and Quebec is known.

It has leaked out that the indemnity to members will be $5 per day for the actual number of days the Session may last, and no Sessional allowance. There has been considerable pressure brought to bear on the Government from both sides of the House to make it a Sessional allowance, if the Session should last over thirty days, but I think Sandfield will stand firm. He intended at first to make it $4 per day, but he has consented to say $5, and I don't expect he will go further. That will amount to about $300 for the Session, counting to about the first of March, and I don't suppose it will close before then.

We have very mild weather here compared with Ottawa.

The puffer from the East who made so much noise at the commencement of the Session has in the language of the Attorney-General "flattened out," and made up his mind he had better keep quiet, although he never will have the gift of seeing himself as others see him. If he had for an hour he would feel so much ashamed of himself that he would go home on the first train and never come back. There are some others in the House who need taking down a little, but take them all through they are a lot of sensible men, who are anxious to serve the country well.

Yours truly, R.

Toronto, Feb. 12, 1868.

ENTERTAINMENT AT L'ORIGNAL.

The second of the series of Literary and Musical entertainments, being given by the L'Orignal Mechanics' Institute, came off in the Mechanics' Hall, on Wednesday the 5th inst., and proved a decided success; F. F. McNab, V.P., in the chair.

PROGRAMME:

Opening Address—F. F. McNab, V. P. Song—"March of the Men of Harlech;" full choir, viz.: Mrs. L. H. Johnson, Mrs. Murray, Miss Garrett, Miss Cass, Miss H. Car and W. O'Brian. Reading—"Islesmen of the West," T. O. Steele. Song—"Read me a Letter from Home," choir. Comic Song—"Irish Schoolmaster," R. H. Byers. Song—"Moses, &c.," choir. Song—"Donald's Back Again," F. Clare. Speech—C. Johnson, V.P. Song—"Bacon and Greens," W. O'Brian. Reading—"The Raven," Major Grant. Song—"We never talk in French," Mrs. Murray and Miss Garrett. Reading—"Woman to be Admired and Loved," T. O. Steele. Charade—"Simeon Sly," R. Marston, A. Cass, R. Pattee, H. Marston and H. Flynn. Farewell Address—T. O. Steele, S.-T. Song—"I'll say Good Night and Sing no More," choir.

T. O. STEELE, S.-T.

L'Orignal, Feb. 8, 1868.

L'ORIGNAL, 9th Feb., 1868.

GENTLEMEN—I regretted deeply not being able to attend the meeting on Wednesday evening at the Mechanics' Institute, but I am delighted to hear that it was a complete success.

I fear that I may not be able to attend your next meeting, but after the term, I expect to be able to attend your meetings regularly.

I am, gentlemen, your most obt. servt.,
CHAS. P. TREADWELL, President.

CHAUNCY JOHNSON, Esq., and REV. F. F. MCNAB, Vice-Presidents of the Mechanics' Institute, L'Orignal.

YOUNG AND RADFORD'S stock of watches clocks, jewellery, fancy goods and electro plated ware are worthy of inspection. All goods will be sold cheap. Give them a call. Remember the place, 30 Sparks-st. 597a

PRESENTATION TO THE REV. JOHN MAY, M. A., RECTOR OF MARCH.

We the undersigned members and adherents of Saint John's Church, South March, avail ourselves of this opportunity to congratulate you on the uniformly happy intercourse which has been maintained between us, during your residence amongst us, and of expressing our esteem for you personally, as a Christian gentleman. And as a token of our appreciation of your zeal for the interests of the Church of which you are a minister, and your faithfulness as our pastor, in laboring among us in the word and doctrine, beg your acceptance of the accompanying "fur coat" and "gauntlets," as a New Year's present.

In itself, it is but a trifle. We feel assured, however, you will be more disposed to estimate our regard for you by the measure of cordial respect and attachment, rather than the intrinsic value of this slight testimonial.

Wishing you, Mrs. May, and your interesting young family, every needful blessing, and many happy returns of the season,

We are, Rev. and Dear Sir,
With every respect,
Your attached parishioners,
WILLIAM HEADLY, } Church Wardens,
G. W. MONK, }
and thirty-seven others.

REPLY.

To Messrs. W. Headley, G. W. Monk, Churchwardens, and others:

"I accept your kind address and very valuable gifts as tokens of attachment to the Church, and an appreciation of my labors among you as one of her Ministers; and I thank you for the same very heartily.

"I trust we shall continue to live together in 'unity' and in the bond of peace. A great work remains to be done in this Parish, to accomplish which we must be, as heretofore, united.

"I am your faithful Pastor,
"J. MAY."

IMPROPER PUBLICATIONS.

To the Editor of THE TIMES.

SIR,—Perceiving in your paper of the 11th instant, a remark respecting obscene publications coming from the United States, and sold in this city, I must inform you that none of those vile productions pass through the Customs at this port, as every precaution is taken by the proper officers to prevent the circulation of such in this city. I am quite aware they are sold here, but there is no accounting for the way they come in.

Ottawa, Feb. 15, 1868. CUSTOMS.

THE LUMBERMEN AND THE SETTLERS.

To the Editor of THE TIMES.

MR. EDITOR,—A certain class of politicians in the Provincial Parliament of Ontario, with a view to a little popularity, have adopted the "poor Settler" as their "slogan," and in furtherance of purely personal aggrandisement, endeavor to persuade Parliament to introduce a wide spread system of lumbering upon a small scale, just as if our most valuable and staple property pine, could not be destroyed fast enough, unless through the manufacturing of a large class of small manufacturers out of the "poor settlers" upon the free grants, to compete with and totally ruin each other, by giving them the timber tree likewise.

Nobody would wish to deprive the settler of one jot or tittle of his just rights, but the real purpose of free grants to promote and encourage immigration, farming, and agriculture, instead of introducing "poor settlers" into the pine lands, for the purposes of lumbering, and keeping them poor, and where, whatever present chance they might have afforded them by selling, a year or two would see realized a repetition of the Opeongo and Hastings Roads free grant folly, with all its concomitants and its end—a destruction of incalculable wealth through the ravages of fire.

We ought a thousand times to prefer our present system, knowing that upon the whole it has worked well, to the perpetration of an artificial evil, not only without any counteracting good, but on the contrary as injurious to the prosperity of the settler himself, as it would be destructive to the best interests of the country at large. Agriculture must be the arsenal from which to draw our industrial resources; we have too many lumbermen already, and our timber forms an entirely exceptional product. What the country requires is an entirely opposite policy, by which its timber may be carefully husbanded and protected from such devastation as has hitherto been lavishly obliterating, and laying it waste. But folly and its history often repeat themselves. Any one who has examined into the history of the "poor settler" upon the pine lands, and contrasted his position with that of the settler upon the hardwood lands, knows how the case stands, and no man knows better, or ought to know better, the general history of the "poor settler" amongst pine, written in mortgage and insolvency, than the Provincial member for the South Riding of Renfrew, who puts himself forward to share in the patronage of pretences, or at least to invest himself with a Mrs. Grundy sort of consequence, by chiming in with the "irrepressible Prescott man" and other half-fledged politicians who do. No man ought to be better posted up in the unfortunate history of the "poor settler's" lumbering transactions, or has a better right to know that it is the supplier, with a lien upon the timber, who gets all the profits, and that the "poor settler" has to endure all the losses, even although in some instances, such as in Whalen's Brudenell case, it may have proved rather disastrous to both parties. Howbeit if these Legislators can clearly shew that there is virtue in increasing the lumbermen into a multitude, why then, by all means let us have the full benefit;—let our pineries be thrown open by free grants;—let our pine forests be hewn down and depleted by fire as hitherto;—let our most staple commodity (which no calculable law of nature replaces) be forced upon glutted markets, and by and bye, what shall we have instead to promote our commerce or adjust our exchanges?

It is not remarkable that Western members, who have had little opportunity of judging, and who perhaps never gave the subject much consideration, should not at the first glance have perceived the real merits of the case; but that the Ottawa Valley members Mr. Boyd, of Prescott, and Mr. MacDougall, of Renfrew, should occupy the position they do, is very remarkable, and resolves itself into this—that they are either sinning against knowledge, or blinded by self-interest—most probably the latter.

The economy which these men would give effect to, would be, "Be kind only to be cruel." Did they ever yet know a settler to farm and lumber alternately, to prosper at either? Truly the motto of the "poor settler" ought feelingly to be, "protect me from my friends."

The policy of these *disinterested* members in their philanthropic efforts to protect the "poor settlers" from these social cormorants—these all devouring Ogres, and terrible anthropophagists—these awful limit-holders—is undoubtedly, that they might bag as many fish as formerly, ere timber became scarce, into their own nets, and to obtain which desirable end, they would bring into full play the old thimble rig device of creating and patronising a numerical interest in exchange for votes and lucre, instead of promoting the broad interests of the country at large, and take up with that antiquated stupidity in economies of regulating a trade, not by the wants of consumers, but by the fancied interests of a large class of small manufacturers, (because producers in no sense would they be.)

It is no doubt right to apply progressive principles to practical legislation, and that that which men have a right to, ought from a sense of justice, to be at once conceded, but the history of our timber (just beginning to rectify itself by passing into fewer hands) has hitherto been a melancholy one, and which will yet be deeply lamented.

We have hitherto been content to sacrifice the principle, so to speak, for a mere interest, to part with the staple for the mere expense of its manufacture and transit to market, ignoring any intrinsic or relative value in it otherwise, from the fact of its being the gift of Providence, and without requiring, like any other product of the soil, expensive manual labor in cultivation or production. Let, however, our legislators now take stock of the article, as it stands in the forests, the ratio of its consumption, consider when the crop will reproduce itself, and at what cost, and having arrived at a proximate estimate, let them legislate accordingly.

It is gratifying so far to see that the Government perfectly understand the logic and sophistry of the above gentlemen, and estimate it at its own value.

I remain, Mr Editor,
Your obedient servant,
A HARDWOOD LAND SETTLER.

LOCAL NEWS.

1,000 COMET BURNERS just received by Esmonde Bros., 43 Sparks-st., next door to the Hoop Skirt Factory. N.B.—75 boxes Canada plate for sale.

POLICE COURT.—The only case brought up at the Police Court on Saturday was one of female vagrancy, and the delinquent was mercifully sent to jail for a week.

THE DOMINION HOUSE, WELLINGTON STREET.—This house has been thoroughly renovated and fitted up. Good table and choice liquors. Fine yard and stabling. Oysters and meals at all hours. Colin McLaurin and Geo. Irvine, Proprietors. 666-b.

GOLD WATCHES.—An extensive assortment of elegant gold watches—both American and Canada Watch Company's make—has just been imported by Young & Radford, Practical Watchmakers and Jewellers, 30 Sparks-st. Call and examine.

PENNY READINGS IN HULL.—These readings have met with decided success; not only have the residents of the village attended in numbers, but some of the good people of Ottawa have braved the cold, and shewn their appreciation of the performances in a decided manner. On Monday evening, it is proposed to give an entertainment for the benefit of the fishermen of Nova Scotia, and on that occasion the prise of admission will be five cents. This rise in the price of admission is rendered necessary by the small size of the room, which will only contain about eighty persons.

WHO IS TO BLAME?—On Thursday or Friday last a poor woman named Murphy was driven over, as she states, in Upper Town; and besides other injuries had both of her arms broken. She is unable to say who drove the sleigh, and the fact would perhaps, not have been publicly known but for her residing in the same house as Mrs. Gilmour, in a small street off Rideau, and when the policeman went to arrest Mathew Gilmour he learned the facts of Mrs. Murphy's injury.

A CABMAN WITHOUT HIS TARIFF.—A cabman, who had been engaged on Saturday afternoon to drive a gentleman, wished to overcharge his fare, when the gentleman required to see the Tariff, but as cabby couldn't show it he couldn't get his pay. The money was very honorably left at an hotel, to be paid according to the Tariff, when the latter shall be produced. He applied to the police, but under the circumstances could get no aid. He was advised not to go out in the future without his tariff, and never refuse to show it when necessary.

BRUTAL ASSAULT.—On Saturday afternoon, Mathew Gilmour was arrested and lodged in jail on a charge preferred by Police Constable Pinard, of having on the previous night beaten his wife and inflicted serious and dangerous wounds on her person. It appears that Dr. Macdonald was called in to attend to her injuries, and that he found several wounds on her head of a very dangerous nature, which had been inflicted with a chair with which her husband had brutally attacked her. The prisoner was up at the Police Court last fall for a similar offence, and if his wife be able to attend to give evidence, he will appear again in the same place this morning.

THE "SPORTSMAN."—We have received the first number of the *Sportsman*, which is a journal devoted mainly to sports, the turf, billiards, chess and the stage. Its external appearance is very creditable to the publishers, being in quarto form, containing twelve pages, each page containing three columns. It is printed on fine white paper, and the type is good. Its contents are just what the Canadian sporting man requires. It opens with a "Romance of the Turf and Fashionable Life," contains a good resumé of Canadian sporting intelligence, and all that is required of foreign intelligence by the Canadian. It is published by the Montreal Printing and Publishing Company for the proprietors, Messrs. G. T. Lanigan & Co. The Agent for Ottawa is Mr. Edward Cluff.

TO HOUSE OWNERS.—The By-law of the Corporation in relation to fires requires among other things for the prevention and extinction of fires, that access to the roof of every house should be rendered practicable so that fires may be reached and dealt with from the outside. Several fires have recently occurred destroying the building, when if the roof could have been reached at the beginning the fires might have been put out with very little damage. The fire which destroyed a poor man's house in Cumberland-st. the other day might have been put out in five minutes, if there had been a ladder to reach the chimney, and as the By-law makes it incumbent on owners of houses to provide them it is to be hoped they will do so without the interference of the Fire Inspector, who is now about to visit all houses in the city, for the purpose of enforcing the law in this respect. Good ladders can be purchased of any length at ten cents per foot, and the cost of a compulsory visit to the police court would procure one for any ordinary two-storey house.

THE MAN WHO WAS WANTED.—Peter McPherson, formerly in the employ of Mr. Eddy, at the Chaudiere, who was bailed out to appear at the last Aylmer Assizes, charged with embezzlement, was arrested on Saturday last at Prescott. The principal facts in the case are, that McPherson, in whom his employer reposed confidence, was foreman in the establishment, had charge of the lumberyard, and kept the men's time, &c. It came out last summer, we believe, that the foreman had been in the habit of giving in more time than was due, and sharing with the men the proceeds of this nefarious practice. Two cases of embezzlement were discovered, and on them he was examined before a magistrate, and committed to take his trial at the last Aylmer assizes, and was admitted to bail, but failed to appear. Subsequently three other cases had come to light. They all went before the Grand Jury, who found a true bill in each case, and then five Bench warrants were issued against the prisoner, but he was not heard of until last Saturday, when he was met by Mr. Eddy in Prescott, and given in charge of a constable who brought him to Ottawa by the evening train, telegraphing to the authorities to meet and receive the prisoner here, to which they responded, and the prisoner is now in jail awaiting his trial at the July assizes.

COTTON NO LONGER KING.—Cotton goods are now nearly as cheap as before the American war. Garland, Mutchmor & Co. have lately received a few bales of gray and white cottons, shirtings and prints, purchased since the great fall in prices. Parties requiring any description of dry goods would do well to see their stock before purchasing. 582-y

CABLE NEWS.

MIDNIGHT DESPATCHES.

LONDON, Feb. 15.—There is a report that the Earl of Derby, who has been very ill, died last night.

S. G. Sheal died last night.

Later.—It now appears that the reports which were printed in the morning journals, and which have been in circulation all day to the effect that the Earl of Derby and Judge Sheal were dead, are without foundation, though both gentlemen have been dangerously ill. It is announced to-night that they are much better, and their speedy recovery is confidently looked for.

Later advices do not confirm the Abyssinian intelligence sent to the United States last evening. The despatches received to-day state no such movements of the Egyptian auxiliary corps as alleged had occurred.

FLORENCE, Feb. 15.—The compliments passed at the dinner to Admiral Farragut, show that the Italian Government has the highest esteem for the United States.

LISBON, Feb. 15.—The regular mail steamer from Rio Janeiro arrived here to-day. Beyond the usual skirmishing there had been no fighting between the hostile armies on the Parana.

The cholera was still raging with unabated fury in Buenos Ayres. There was also much sickness in the camps of both the armies.

The revolt which had broken out in Santa Fee, one of the Provinces of the Argenteuil Republic, had been successful, the ruling Government having been overthrown. The Spanish Government hopes for a general peace from the internal dissensions now prevailing in Peru and Chili.

AMERICAN NEWS.

SATURDAY'S DESPATCHES.

From St. Domingo.

HAVANA, Feb. 14.—Salnave's headquarters are now at Grande Eriviere. His chief army was defeated by the rebels on the frontier. General Alexis committed suicide; and General Nord has incurred the mistrust of President Salnave, who deprived him of his rank and honors.

A Cable connecting Martinique with Guadaloupe.

NEW YORK, Feb. 15.—The *Herald's* Havana special says the Colonial Council at Martinique have voted an appropriation of 30,000 francs to lay a cable connecting the Island with Guadaloupe. They have also increased the duties on imports.

Rioting in Mexico City.

The *Herald's* Mexico city correspondence, dated Jan. 29th, says a severe fight occurred in Mexico city between the officers of Juarez's body guard and the police, and the whole affair had been laid before Congress.

From Havana.

The *Herald's* Havana correspondence says the Government has conceded a subsidy of $12,000 to the mail steamers between the Antilles and the Mexican coast, and another to those between Spain and Havana.

The stock of sugar in the Havana stores on the 31st ultimo was 81,303 boxes and 1,168 hogsheads, against 73,260 boxes and 1,106 hogsheads last year at the same time.

A New Republic of the Pacific.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 14.—Acapulco advices to February 6th have been received. The opposing Governors in the State of Guerrero, Alvarez and Jiminez, were still preparing for battle, but no collision had taken place. Lecedo had sent messengers to the Governors of Chihuahua, Durango, Sonora and Sinaloa, with propositions for the formation of an independent government, to be called the Republic of the Pacific, to include Lower California and a portion of Jalico.

Interesting Political News.

NEW YORK, Feb. 15.—The *World's* special says the friends of the President urge him to remove Stanton and appoint one of the members of the Cabinet *ad interim*, thus involving a peaceful judicial appeal for decision of the matter.

The position General Grant has placed himself in, is also mentioned as a cause for his arrest and trial by court-martial.

The chances are in favor of McClellan being appointed Minister to England.

It was agreed informally among Senators to-day to pass a resolution on Monday, calling on the President for a statement of his purpose in creating the department of the Atlantic.

It was further resolved to bring in a bill to redistrict the military departments, so as to virtually abolish the operations of the President's order.

Arrived.

NEW YORK, Feb. 15.—The steamer *San Francisco*, of the opposition California line, has arrived.

MIDNIGHT DESPATCHES.

Superior Court, New York.

NEW YORK, Feb. 15.—In the Superior Court a Jury found a verdict against the proprietors of the Metropolitan Hotel for the loss of a watch and chain and the sum of $50, alleged to have been stolen from a guest of the house while staying at the hotel for a night.

Political.

NEW YORK, Feb. 15.—The *Tribune's* special says: Lieut.-General Sherman, according to private despatches received in this city, does not appreciate the kind intention of Mr. Johnson in assigning him to the new Military Division, with his headquarters at Washington. The Lieut.-General has telegraphed to one or two of his friends in Washington and other places, that he does not wish to come here, and that he does not believe the President can legally create a new military division. He is so determined on this point, that he prefers the alternative of resigning, and will so act if ordered to accept the post. Lieut.-General Sherman has telegraphed to his brother to have the Military Committee refuse to sanction the appointment, and the Senator will present a Bill denying the authority of the President to make the proposed change.

The order directing Maj.-Gen. Thomas to his post in the War Department as Adjutant-General, which was issued last evening, is meant by the President as a severe blow at Secretary Stanton. It is said the difficulty will be overcome by altering the law directing that an officer over forty-six years of age may be retired, so as to read, shall be retired, and then General Thomas will be set aside.

The Attorney-General will, it is said, soon give an opinion that the orders on reconstruction, required to be issued through the General of the Armies are only military ones, and not those of a civil nature. This is called for by the Grant-Hancock difficulty.

NEW YORK, Feb. 15.—A special to the *Express* says: The President has a letter from Gen. Sherman, showing that Gen. Grant agreed to go with him and urge the resignation of Stanton.

An American Ship on Fire.

NEW YORK, Feb. 15.—The steamer *Palmyra* reports seeing off Table Island, on the 12th, a 1,500 ton American ship on fire. The *Palmyra* signalled and waited to discover if possible any of the crew, but failing to do so went on her course.

Advices from Hayti.

HAVANA, Feb. 14.—Advices have been received from Hayti stating that the revolution in the Southern part of that Island has become general. Gen. Solomon, the present Minister to European Courts, has been proclaimed President in the place of Gen. Salnave. All the principal towns are in arms against the Government and the authorities of Salnave.

MASONIC JEWELS, DESIGNS, &C.—Messrs Young & Radford are prepared to furnish all kinds of Masonic jewels, in the highest styles of the art, on the shortest notice, and at the cheapest rates. All kinds of jewellery repaired.

TWO QUESTIONS EASILY ANSWERED.—Why should men wear beards? Because they are a great protection to the throat and lungs, and add much to their personal appearance. Why should we use "Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers?" Because when used for coughs, colds, tickling in the throat, hoarseness, &c., they act like a charm. Ministers and lawyers use them, physicians recommend them, and singers and public speakers say they are the very best medicine in existence for the cure of such complaints. Sold by all medicine dealers, at 25 cts. per box.

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY.

6 HOSPITAL STREET,
2 doors from St. Francois Xavier Street.

It has been established, by the best medical authority, that one-half the nervous diseases are caused by drinking impure Tea. The Company have imported a supply of Teas that can be warranted pure, and free from poisonous substances, in boxes of 10, 15, 20 and 25 lbs., and upwards.

BLACK TEA.—Common Congou, Broken Leaf, Strong Tea, 45c., 50c.; Fine Flavored New Season do., 55c.; Excellent Full Flavored do., 75c.; Sound Oolong, 40c., 45c.; Rich Flavored do., 60.; Very Fine do. do., 75c.; Japan Good, 50c. Very Good, 58c.; Finest, 75c.

GREEN TEA.—Twankay Common, 35c.; Fine do., 55c.; Young Hyson, 50c. and 60c.; Fine do., 75c.; Superfine and Very Choice, $1.

A saving will be made, by purchasing direct from the importers, quality and purity considered. All orders for boxes of 20 or 25 lbs., or two 12 lbs., sent carriage-free to the country. Teas not mentioned in this circular equally cheap. The company having determined to take a stand in the Montreal market, weight, quality and circular may be implicitly relied on. Where a 20 lb. box would be too much two or three clubbing together could divide. In writing you will oblige by addressing thus: Montreal Tea Company, 6 Hospital-st., Montreal. An excellent Mixed Tea could be sold for 60c.; very good for common purposes, 50c. Buyers living beyond Railway Stations will please send Post Office order, or enclose notes. The carriage will be paid to the nearest station. Tea will be forwarded immediately on receipt of the order by mail containing money, or the money can be collected on delivery by express-man, where there are Express Offices. A trial solicited.

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY,
6 Hospital Street,
First Street below Notre Dame Street.

All boxes and chests sent from this establishment have the address of the Montreal Tea Company printed on them.

THE PAPAL ZOUAVES.—The Grand Concert of sacred music in aid of this proposed Canadian Corps will take place in the Church of Notre Dame on Tuesday the 18th inst. The first instalment of the corps—120 men—will leave for Rome *via* New York and Havre on the following day.—*Montreal Telegraph.*

YOUNG AND RADFORD have the largest, best, and cheapest stock of watches to be found in Ottawa. They have also on hand a very choice and varied assortment of Electro-plated ware, and Fancy Goods. They do all kinds of repairing and jewellery jobbing in first-class style. 656-y.

AYER'S AMERICAN ALMANAC has now arrived and is now ready for delivery, gratis, by the city druggists, to all who call for it. Our readers may be surprised to know that this little pamphlet, which has become so much a favorite in our section, has quite the largest circulation of any one book in the world, except the Bible. It is printed in many languages, and scattered through many nations, as well as supplied to almost the entire population of our vast domain. Every family should keep it, for it contains information which all are liable to require, when sickness overtakes them, and which may prove invaluable from being at hand in season. If you take our advice, you will call and get an Ayer's Almanac, and when got, keep it.

COTTON IN ILLINOIS.—It is estimated that Illinois alone will produce five hundred thousand bales of cotton next year, and we understand that the Government of the United States have given instructions to their General in command of the army in the South to have all the seed saved that is possible, for planting in that and other western States, but should their expectations not be fulfilled it is gratifying to know that we have a sovereign remedy for coughs, colds, cramps in the stomach, cholic, cholera morbus, and all complaints of the like nature, in the "Canadian Pain Destroyer," sold by all Medicine Dealers, 25 cents per bottle.

OTTAWA MARKETS.

(*Compiled expressly for the* TIMES.)

TIMES OFFICE, OTTAWA, Feb. 15.

FLOUR—Extra	8 75	@	9 00
No. 1	8 25	@	0 00
No. 2	6 00	@	0 00
Bags—Fall per 100 lbs.	4 05	@	0 00
" Spring "	4 12½	@	4 25
Oatmeal—per 200 lbs.	7 00	@	0 00
Indian Meal "	5 50	@	0 00
Rye—per bushel 56 lbs.	0 80	@	0 90
Barley " 48 lbs.	0 90	@	0 80
Buckwheat Flour—bbl.	5 50	@	0 00
WHEAT—Fall—per bushel, 60 lbs.	1 90	@	1 95
Spring " "	1 80	@	1 85
CORN—Per bushel, 56 lbs	1 25	@	0 00
Peas " 60 lbs	0 80	@	0 90
Oats " 34 lbs	0 55	@	0 60
Beans " 60 lbs	1 50	@	1 75
PORK—Mess—per barrel	20 00	@	20 50
Prime Mess per do.	14 00	@	14 50
Hog per 100 lbs	6 00	@	7 00
Hams	0 12	@	0 13
Beef	6 00	@	7 00
Mutton—per lb by the qr.	0 06	@	0 7
Lamb—per qr	0 06	@	0 7
Geese—Each	0 40	@	0 50
Turkeys—Each	0 60	@	1 50
Ducks	0 70	@	0 80
Fowl—Per pair	0 40	@	0 60
BUTTER—Choice Table	0 25	@	0 30
No. 1 Firkin	0 20	@	0 24
No. 2	0 17	@	0 18
Eggs	0 25	@	0 30
Apples—per brl	3 00	@	4 50
VEGETABLES, &c.—Potatoes	0 40	@	0 45
Onions—per bbl	4 50	@	0 00
HAY—Per ton, new	12 00	@	14 00
WOOD—Per cord	0 00	@	3 05
Tamarac	0 00	@	2 00
Hemlock	0 00	@	2 00

New York Markets.

NEW YORK, Feb. 15.—Cotton firm at 20½c. Flour 5 @ 10c. better. Receipts, 5,200 bbls. Sales, 10,500 bbls. at $8.60 @ 9.35; Superfine State and Western at $9.90 @ 10.00; Common to Choice Extra State $9.70 @ 11.90. Rye flour active and firmer at $7.55 @ 9.35. Wheat firmer. Receipts, 1,500 bushs. Rye active and firmer. Receipts, 250 bushs. Sales, 60,000 bushs. Western at $1.80. Corn opened firmer and closed quiet with receipts of 73,500 bushs.; sales, 41,000 bushs. at $1.26 @ 1.29 for New Mixed Western afloat. Barley scarce and firmer. Oats quiet. Receipts, 11,200 bushs. Sales, 26,000 bushs., at 84½c. for Western in store; 86½c. do afloat. Pork firmer and quiet at $22.37 @ 22.50; Old Mess $23.50; $23.62 New do. Lard quiet at 14 @ 14½c; small lots at 14¾ @ 15.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

Mothers Read This!—Holloway's Worm Lozenges are a certain and safe remedy for Worms in Children and Adults.—As it is a well-known and melancholy fact that one great cause of death among children is from Worms alone, it cannot be too deeply impressed upon the minds of parents the necessity of closely watching their children. By so doing; and understanding the symptoms and true cause of the disease, thousands of children might be saved from early graves. SYMPTOMS OF WORMS.—The following are a few of the very numerous symptoms and diseases which are caused by Worms: deranged appetite, emaciated extremities, offensive breath, frequent picking at the nose, grinding of the teeth during sleep, hardness of the belly, with frequent slimy stools, and sometimes convulsive fits; itching of the arms, pain in the head and stomach, unquiet sleep, faintings, tremblings, coughs, indigestion, low spirits, frightful dreams, and a gradual wasting away of flesh.

They are palatable and self-administered to the child—drive out the worms thoroughly without pain and completely cleanse the stomach—thereby doing away with the necessity of administering Castor Oil or other unpleasant cathartics—as in the use of other Worms.

Each box contains the fac-simile signature of NORTHROP & LYMAN, Newcastle, C.W., who are the sole proprietors.

N. B. Ask for *Holloway's Worm Lozenges* and take no other. Sold by all the druggists in Ottawa, and medicine dealers everywhere. 578y

DIED.

On the 10th inst., at Quebec, after a very short illness, Olivier A. Casgrain, Esq., Advocate, of the Provincial Secretary's Office, Quebec.

At Toronto, 12th February, 1868, Michael Turner, aged 44 years, late of the Indian Department. His remains will be taken to Markham, Province of Ontario, the residence of his brother-in-law, Rev. George Hill.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

WATCH LOST.

LOST on Saturday afternoon, by a lady while walking from Wellington-street up Bank's and the New Road as far as the second bridge, a small, somewhat old style, Gold Watch. The finder will be suitably rewarded on leaving it at this Office.

February 17, 1868. 668-3

Nurse Wanted.

Apply at N. MCKINNON'S, Broker, 41½ Sparks-st.

Ottawa, Feb. 17. 668d

Dissolution of Partnership.

THE PARTNERSHIP heretofore existing between JAMES HOPE and S. S. M. HUNTER, under the firm of JAMES HOPE & Co., was this day dissolved by mutual consent.

The business will be continued, under the same name as heretofore, by JAMES HOPE, who will receive all monies due, and discharge all claims against the late firm.

JAMES HOPE,
S. S. M. HUNTER.

Ottawa, Feb. 15, 1868. 666-1-1a

PORK! FLOUR!

THE Subscribers have just received a CAR LOADS of PORK, consisting of

455 BBLS. OF MESS,
40 DO. OF THIN MESS,
155 DO. OF PRIME MESS,

Also 20,000 lbs. weight Superior Steam Refined Leaf Lard.

Also for Sale, 500 barrels of Flour.

O'CONNOR & WALLER,
Exchange Brokers and Commission Merchants,
Sussex-st., Ottawa.

Ottawa, Feb. 17, 1868. 668d

AUCTION SALE OF Household Furniture, &c.

HECTOR McLEAN

HAS received instructions from Mr. BOLGER to sell by AUCTION at his

Auction Rooms, 18 Sparks-street,

ON

TUESDAY, the 18th INST.,

At TWO o'clock, p. m., a quantity of Household Furniture, comprising Sideboards, Wardrobes, Chests of Drawers, Hair and Cane Bottomed Chairs, Loo Tables, Bedsteads, Washstands, What-nots, Feather Beds, Hair Mattrasses, Superior Linen Sheets, Window Curtains, Engravings, Blankets, Towels and Paliasses. Also, Crockery and Glassware, Parlor, Stoves, Pipes, Cooking Stoves, Coal Stoves, and other articles too numerous to mention.

TERMS CASH.

H. McLEAN, Auctioneer.

Ottawa, Feb. 17, 1868. 668d

Recorder's Court,

FOR the City of Ottawa, will be holden in the COURT HOUSE, old Jail, in said city, on MONDAY, the SECOND day of MARCH next, at the hour of ELEVEN of the clock in the forenoon, of which all City Coroners, Justices of the Peace, Constables, Jurors, and all others in any wise concerned, are hereby required to take notice and govern themselves accordingly.

RODERICK ROSS,
High Bailiff.

High Bailiff's Office,
Ottawa, 15th February, 1868. 668d

DEPARTMENTAL NOTICE.

Department of Inland Revenue,

OTTAWA, 10th February, 1868.

HIS EXCELLENCY the GOVERNOR GENERAL has been pleased by an Order in Council, dated on the 31st ultimo, to authorize that the 95th Section of the Act 31 Vict., Cap. 8, be so far modified as to place

MALT

IN THE SAME POSITION AS

MALT LIQUOR

Formerly occupied, and as

Spirits and Tobacco

Now occupy, viz.: Of having the privilege of being sold and transferred in bond, removed from one bonded warehouse to another bonded warehouse, or from place to place, where Officers of the Inland Revenue are stationed, and of being exported free of duty, under the regulations provided and approved by an Order in Council of the 13th May, 1865, for the "Warehousing and Exportation of Spirits, Malt Liquor and Tobacco."

By command,

THOS. WORTHINGTON,
668-3 Commissioner of Inland Revenue.

BAZAAR

IN FAVOR OF

The St. Patrick's Orphan Asylum,

OTTAWA.

THE LADIES of the above named institution intend holding a BAZAAR during the month of MAY NEXT. Charitable persons who wish to contribute to this good work, are respectfully requested to send their contributions to any of the following ladies:

Mrs. WM. O'MEARA,
" CALDWELL,
" McGREEVEY,
" GOODWIN,
" J. W. RYAN,
" F. X. LEMIEUX,
Miss BASQUERVILLE,
Miss McCARTHY.

The following ladies have kindly consented to preside at the Refreshment Table—Mrs. Bright, Mrs. Matthews, Mrs. Barrett.

MARIANNE McCARTHY, Secretary.

Ottawa, Feb. 15, 1868.

THE CAPITAL Boot and Shoe Store!

South Side of York-street, Lower Ottawa.

A LARGE SUPPLY of HAND-MADE KIPP BOOTS and SHOES of the VERY BEST QUALITY on hand.

Lumbermen who are anxious to furnish workmen with GOOD FEET WARE, will be enabled to do so by calling at the CAPITAL for their supplies.

I am selling off the balance of the Winter Stock of READYMADE WORK at REDUCED PRICES which consists of Ladies' Misses' and Children's BALMORALS, CONGRESS GAITERS, RUBBERS and OVERSHOES, and Men's and Boys' Boots in CALF SKIN, KIPP and COW HIDE.

Orders and Measures taken for all sorts of Work.

GEORGE MURPHY.

Ottawa Jan. 31, 1868.

SUN BURNER.

NO MORE Breaking of Chimneys; No More Burning of Fingers: No More Waste of Oil; No Trouble to Clean; No Trouble to Light; No Anxiety About Explosions. It is a Cheap, Safe, Saving and Durable Article. Buy one and you will never repent doing so. Anyone dissatisfied can have their money returned.

LAMPS AND FITTINGS

ALWAYS ON HAND.

STOVES, TINWARE, &c.

Competent workmen for jobbing on the premises.

ESMONDE BROS.,
43 SPARKS-ST.,
Next Hoop Skirt Factory.

Ottawa, January 21.

No. 1. Sappers of the Lower Town.

THE GRAND

Third Annual Ball,

Of the Sappers Company of the Lower Town.

THE Sappers Company will give their third yearly ball, MONDAY EVENING, SEVENTEENTH FEBRUARY, in the CANADA HOTEL, Sussex-street.

Marrier's Band of Music will be present.

The refreshments will be furnished by Mr. Lariviere.

Tickets, admitting a lady and gentleman, including refreshments, $2; for a gentleman $1.50.

Dancing will begin at 8 o'clock, p.m.

Tickets can be obtained from the members of the Company, and at the door the evening of the ball.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

X. GROULX, Secy-Treas. DAMAS ROY, Capt.

Ottawa, February 6, 1868. 659d

REMOVAL

OF THE

London Music Store!

E. MILES

DESIRES to inform the public that he has removed to the FRONT PART of

HER MAJESTY'S THEATRE,

WELLINGTON-STREET,

Where he has a larger premises, and a better means of displaying his new and fine stock of

PIANOS,

VICTORIA ORGANS AND MELODEONS.

His Show Room, up-stairs, is large and beautifully lit up, having an area of 60 feet long by 25 feet wide. The Sample Room is on the first flat, where some of each kind of Musical Instruments will be kept. Two cases of choice

VIOLINS

Have just been received, and will be offered for sale, besides a large assortment of

CONCERTINAS,
ACCORDEONS,
TAMBOURINES,
GUITARS,
FLUTES,
DRUMS,
&c., &c.

Direct from Germany.

Second hand Pianos taken in part payment for new ones.

Connected with this establishment is a Piano Manufacturer, who will attend punctually to all orders for TUNING left at the London Music Store.

E. MILES,
Lessee of Her Majesty's Theatre.

Ottawa, Feb. 1, 1868. 551-39y

APPLICATION will be made during the present session of the Parliament of Canada for an Act to incorporate the "British and Canadian Bank."

February 14, 1868. 666-2m

NATURAL AMERICAN

Lubricating Oils!

PREPARED EXPRESSLY FOR
STEAMBOATS,
LOCOMOTIVES,
CAR JOURNALS,
FACTORIES,
MACHINE SHOPS,
HORSE RAILWAYS,
&c., &c., &c.

Perfectly free from Gum & Grit.

NON-EXPLOSIVE,

NON-INFLAMMABLE

WILL NOT FREEZE IN WINTER!

AND THE

CHEAPEST OIL IN THE MARKET!

FROM the numerous certificates we have received, we beg to call attention to the following:—

OFFICE OF THE CANADA SCREW COMPANY.

MESSRS. MCKENZIE & MACKAY.

GENTLEMEN,—Having used machinery all my life, I have had occasion to use many kinds of lubricating oils, and have had my mind fixed in regard to the qualities of different kinds. When asked to give your new Volcanic Oil a trial, I had very little faith in its being better than many other kinds that I had previously tried and considered; but after using your oil on light and heavy machinery for some time, I have come to the conclusion that it is a safe, cheap article—160 per cent better than lard oil, now so generally used in this country.

Respectfully yours,
J. F. BILLINGTON,
Manager Canada Screw Company.

Dundas, May 13, 1867.

DUNDAS FLOUR MILLS,
Dundas, May 13, 1867.

Messrs. MCKENZIE & MACKAY, Hamilton,

GENTLEMEN,—I have tried your Lubricating Oil, (AA) and (A) and can recommend it as being a good Oil for Lubricating purposes. I have used it of both heavy and light machinery, and find it answers the purpose as well as any oil hitherto used. I have always used olive oil till now, so that your oil received a severe test. Please send me one barrel of each kind.

Yours truly,
JAMES COLMAN,
JAMES WALES, Manager.

WEST FLAMBORO, July 27, 1867.

Messrs. MCKENZIE & MACKAY, 9, King-street, Hamilton,

GENTLEMEN,—I have thoroughly tested in my mill the Lubricating Oil received from you. The sample marked (AA) I think is superior to any elephant oil for saw mill machinery. The journals run with it, work longer clean, and with less friction than with any other oil I have used.

Yours respectfully,
ROBERT CHRISTIE.

DUNDAS FOUNDRY, Dundas, July 29, 1867.

Messrs. MCKENZIE & MACKAY, Hamilton,

GENTLEMEN,—I have been testing your Natural Lubricating Oils [A] and [AAA] for the last three months, and have no hesitation in stating that they are the best oils used in this foundry for some years, and are far superior to what we have known as "Petroleum Lubricators." They are free from all Gum and Grit, do not heat the bearings, and are particularly adapted for lathes and planer beds. The TREBLE A OIL is especially suited for cutting heavy bolts. I have used it with the "Patent Die," which finishes the thread with one cut, and it has stood the severe test to my satisfaction.

Yours truly,
THOMAS WILSON,
Foreman.

"LEADER" Office, June 28, 1867.

MR. BRADFORD,

I have used the five gallons of the American Lubricating Oil marked (AA) upon the Engine and Presses, and find it as good, if not better, than any we have previously used. Please send one barrel, as soon as possible, of (AA) Oil.

JOHN CARROLL,
Foreman.

Many other certificates equally favorable can be seen at our Office.

PRICE LIST.

	A	AA	AAA
Less than 1 barrel per Gallon	50 75	$0 80	$0 90
1 Barrel and less than 5 Barrels, per Gallon	62½	65	70
Over 5 Barrels and less than 20 Barrels, 10 per cent. off; 20 Barrels and over, 15 per cent. off.			

MCKENZIE & MACKAY,
Agents for Canada,
9 King Street,
Hamilton.

Feb. 11. 663tf

Great Remnant Sale.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.

Importers, 20 Sparks Street,

With a view to CLEAR OUT THEIR STOCK OF REMNANTS, prior to stock-taking have RE-MARKED ALL THEIR REMNANTS at prices that must effect a SPEEDY CLEARANCE.

Remnants of Cloths, Remnants of Cobourgs,
Remnants of Dress Goods, Remnants of Silks,
Remnants of Cottons, Remnants of Linens,
Remnants of Prints, Remnants of Flannels,
Remnants of Carpetings, Remnants of Oil-cloths,

And a host of other remnants too numerous to particularize.

Sale to commence on MONDAY, 17th, and to continue during the week.

Ottawa, February 17, 1868. GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO. 484y

PHŒNIX.

MESSRS. R. EATON & Co. respectfully announce to the public that THEY HAVE RESUMED BUSINESS in this City in the various branches of their trade and manufacture, which they now carry on at the following places:—

Paint, Oil, Varnish, Color and Painters' Stock Depot,
☞ Bell's New Block, 1st Story, Opposite the Russell House.

Oil Painting, Engraving, Paper Hanging and Decorating Depot,
☞ Bell's New Block, 2nd Story, Opposite the Russell House.

Looking-Glass, Picture Frame, Silvering and Gilding Rooms,
☞ Scott's Building, over Confectionary, Opposite the Russell House.

Cornice, Picture, and Looking-Glass Frame Manufactory,
☞ Wright's Building, Chaudiere, formerly occupied by E. B. Eddy, Esq.

Their present extensive stock in the various departments is entirely new, the former having been destroyed by fire, and has been carefully and judiciously selected, with especial regard to the demands of this City and its surroundings. Their Painters' Stock is especially good. Their Paper Hangings and Decorating Stock is in endless variety of quality and price, and the Decoration of Dwellings, Offices, Stores and Public Buildings undertaken, and satisfaction guaranteed both as to style and workmanship.

Having secured spacious premises at the Chaudiere, with extensive water-power, for the purpose of Manufacturing Cornices and Frames of all kinds, and having also secured spacious Looking-Glass, Silvering and Gilding Rooms, they will be enabled to fill orders for Pier, Mantle, Hanging and Toilet Mirrors, Picture Frames and Cornices, at the Shortest Notice.

Oil Paintings and Engravings of undoubted merit and beauty always in stock.

Window Blinds, new style, unsurpassed, always kept on hand. These are made so as to fit windows of any size, and are painted or oiled to suit taste or business of purchaser.

Messrs. R. E. & Co., avail themselves of this opportunity for returning their sincerest thanks for the kind patronage heretofore bestowed upon them, and for the great sympathy manifested for them on the occasion of the recent fire, and in resuming business they beg to assure their many kind friends and patrons that with new stock, renewed energy, and competent and faithful workmen, they feel confident of filling all orders with which they may be favored with promptness and punctuality, and in such a manner as will merit entire satisfaction.

OFFICE—Bell's Block, Opposite Russell House.

OTTAWA, Feb. 14, 1868. 666-3m

ANGUS AND HUCKELL,

No. 15 SUSSEX-STREET

GREAT DISCOUNT SALE!

CLEARING OUT

FALL AND WINTER STOCK

—OF—

Boots, Shoes & Rubbers.

10 CENTS OFF EVERY DOLLAR

CASH PURCHASES,

FOR ONE MONTH.

Largest and Best Stock

IN THE DOMINION.

☞ Call and See.

No. 15 SUSSEX-STREET

Boots, Shoes and Rubbers.

OTTAWA, February 13, 1868. 665y

THE NEW DOMINION!

47. SUSSEX-STREET. 47.

Established with the Nation, 1st July, 1867.

Tried by the People,
Nobly sustained,
Long may it flourish!

Come one! Come all!!
Farmers and Lumbermen,
Merchants and Citizens,

COME TO THE NEW DOMINION!

And you will find a large and varied assortment of

STAPLE and FANCY DRY GOODS!

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,
AS CHEAP AS THE CHEAPEST,
AS GOOD AS THE BEST.

A New Tailoring Establishment!

Has just been opened on the premises, with FIRST-CLASS WORKMEN, under the management of a FIRST-CLASS FASHIONABLE CUTTER.

Suits made to order, and Warranted to *wear*, At every price,

Of every style, For every season, And at the shortest notice.

Do you want Hats or Caps, Furs or Blankets, Boots or Shoes, Moccasins or Mittens? Visit the New Dominion. It will prove to your advantage. From top to toe a perfect outfit guaranteed, by

JAMES HIGGINSON, Proprietor.

Ottawa, February 6, 1868. 659f

DOMINION HOUSE!

WELLINGTON-STREET,

COLIN McLaurin & Geo. Irvine, Proprietors. This hotel has been lately fitted up, and is now replete with every convenience which characterizes a modern hotel.

☞ Boarders taken at moderate rates. The bar is always stocked with first-class liquors.

Ottawa, Feb. 5. 658-6wy

Trade Sale of Teas.

THE Subscribers will offer, for account of Messrs. D. TORRANCE & CO., at their Sale-room, on WEDNESDAY, 19th FEBRUARY, about

5,000 half-chests Green and Black Teas.

Catalogues will be prepared.

Sale at NINE o'clock.

JOHN LEEMING & CO., Auctioneers.

662d

LOST.

ONE YELLOW (Bitch) HOUND, and one WHITE and BLACK SPOTTED (Pup) HOUND, strayed or stolen from Gloucester on the 24th December last. Any person keeping either of these hounds after this notice will be prosecuted, and any information left with the undersigned will be suitably rewarded.

OLIVER PINARD,
Delhi Hotel, No. 17, Clarence-st.

February 12. 661a

NOTICE

IS HEREBY given that I shall not responsible for any debts contracted in name, unless under an order signed by me.

SOPHIA MARTINE

Ottawa, Jan. 22, 1868.

Scale Manufacturer.

EDORION begs to inform the public that he has opened a SCALE MANUFACTORY in Clarence-street, second door from Sussex-street, in E. D'Amour's Blacksmith Shop, and where he is now prepared to repair all sorts of Scales in use.

Ottawa, Jany. 11 657y

YOUNG & RADFORD'S COLUMN.

Watches,
Watches,
Watches

AT

YOUNG AND RADFORD'S

30 Sparks-street.

Clocks,
Glocks,
Clocks,

AT

YOUNG AND RADFORD'S.

Jewellery,
Jewellery,
Jewellery,

AT

YOUNG AND RADFORD'S.

Electro-Plated ware,
Electro-Plated Ware,
Electro-Plated Ware,

AT

YOUNG AND RADFORD'S.

Fancy Goods,
Fancy Goods,
Fancy Goods,

AT

YOUNG AND RADFORD'S,

Manufacturing Jewellers,

30 SPARKS-STREET.

Old Gold and Silver

Bought, and highest cash price paid,

AT

YOUNG AND RADFORD'S

BROWNE & HARDY'S COLUMN.

1867 AND 1868.

INDIA WAREHOUSE!

16 Rideau Street, Ottawa.

THE SUBSCRIBERS beg to inform their Customers that their Stock is now complete, and embraces every delicacy of the Season, among which will be found a choice assortment of

TEAS,

Breakfast SOUCHONG, do CONGOU, } Black Extra Fine.
Superior HYSON,
" GUNPOWDER,
" IMPERIAL,
" TWANKAY,
Orange PEKOE, Flowery " Japan " } These Teas have been carefully selected for family trade by

BROWNE & HARDY.

SUGARS,
LOAF,
BROKEN LOAF,
CRUSHED,
GROUND,
YELLOW,
and MUSCOVADO.

COFFEE,
MOCHA,
JAVA,
JAMAICA, and
CEYLON,
☞ Roasted and Ground daily on the premises.

CHOCOLATE and COCOA,
FRENCH, flavored with Vanilla;
TAYLOR'S,
FRYE'S,
MOTT'S

FRUITS, &c.
LAYER RAISINS,
in Whole, Half and Quarter Boxes
MUSCATEL, do do
SULTANA,
VALENTIA,
CURRANTS,
GRAPES,
ORANGES
LEMONS,
PRUNES,
ALMONDS,
WALNUTS,
FILBERTS, and
BRAZIL NUTS.

BUTTER,
CHOICE DAIRY, in Tubs and Crocks, received Weekly.

CHEESE,
English, American and Canadian.

SPICES,
NUTMEGS,
MACE,
CINNAMON,
CLOVES,
GINGER,
MIXED SPICES,
All Ground on the Premises

BROWNE & HARDY.

Ottawa, December 19 403t

THE MONTREAL WAREHOUSE,

SUSSEX, OPPOSITE YORK-STREET,

IN MR. INGLIS' NEW BLOCK,

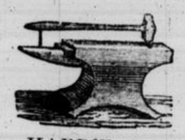
WILL BE OPENED OUT IN A FEW DAYS WITH A STOCK OF

Choice Wines, Groceries and Provisions, &c., &c.

J. MARTIN & CO.

OTTAWA, February 4, 1868. 657y

HARDWARE!



HARDWARE!

Great Reduction

IS THE

PRICE OF HARDWARE

AT THE

SIGN of the ANVIL

No. 24, Rideau-street.

THE Undersigned would take this opportunity to express his thanks to his Customers in Ottawa and vicinity for their very liberal patronage in the past, and to solicit a continuance of their favors in the future, and to assure them that no effort on his part shall be wanting to supply them with the Best and Cheapest English and American Hardware. I do not pretend to sell at cost, but do propose to sell as cheap as any other establishment in Ontario. My stock shall comprise every article in the line of Hardware, and with the one price system I hope to merit and receive a continuance of the very liberal patronage given me in the past.

T. BIRKETT,
Sign of the Anvil, 24 Rideau-st.

Ottawa, Feb. 3. 408y

BLYTH & KERR,

Successors to Chas. Garth,

No. 25, Rideau-st.,

Plumbers,
Gas & Steam Fitters,
Tin & Coppersmiths,
Bell Hangers, &c.

All materials for the above branches kept constantly on hand.

—ALSO—

Importers and Dealers in House Furnishing Hardware.

Just received a well selected assortment of

Cooking Stoves,	Iron Bedsteads,
Double Stoves,	Bronzed & Wire Fenders,
Parlor Stoves,	Fire Irons,
Hall Stoves,	Fire Guards,

Japanned and Planished Tinware, &c., Manufacturers of all descriptions of work for Water and Gas Works, Brewer's Distilleries, Mills, &c. Makes and fits up Galvanized Iron Cornices, Gutters, Conductors, Roofing, &c.

☞ Public and Private Buildings, Conservatories, Vineries, Manufactories, &c., warmed by Steam, Hot Water or Warm Air, on the most approved principles.

Orders from the country will receive strict attention.

Ottawa August 26. 416y

BOOKS, MAPS, &c.

MAPS of NEW BRUNSWICK, folded and on rollers, (McMillan's.) MAPS of NOVA SCOTIA, folded and on rollers, (McKinlay's.)

BRAITHWAITE FOR JANUARY.

A book for every office and library.

Chambers' Encyclopædia,

The best and cheapest published. Illustrated with Maps and Wood Cuts. 10 vols., half calf, $35.00.

Worcester's & Webster's Illustrated

4to DICTIONARIES.

SUTHERLAND'S CITY DIRECTORY.

The New Literature received as issued by English and American publishers.

The NEW AUTHORIZED SERIES OF READERS—Wholesale and Retail.

Bill and Postage Stamps.

J. DURIE & SON,
10 Sparks-st.,
Opposite the Russell House

498y

BUY YOUR TEA

DIRECT FROM

THE IMPORTERS

TEA! TEA! TEA!

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY, 6 Hospital Street, Montreal, having just imported a large quantity of Green and Black Teas, beg to call the attention of the Trade, Hotel Proprietors, and large establishments generally to their list of prices. Buyers of Chests and Boxes of Tea will save money by getting it direct through the Importers.

All orders for 25 lb. boxes and upwards, carriage free to any Railway Station in Canada. Parties wanting smaller quantities should club together, Buyers living beyond Railway Stations, will please send post office order, or enclose notes. The carriage will be paid to the nearest station, where there are express offices. Tea will be forwarded immediately on receipt of the order by mail containing money, or the money can be collected on delivery by express man. Cash collected in Montreal free of charge, and Tea forwarded for the same. Original packages Black Tea weigh, ¼ chests about 50 lbs. Chests do. 90 to 100 lbs. Green Tea from 60 to 80 lbs. Teas not mentioned in advertisement can be had equally cheap. The Company are determined to take a stand in the Montreal market, every article may therefore be depended on as to quality and weight.

BLACK TEA.

Common Congou, Broken Leaf, Strong Tea	$00 45
Fine Flavoured New Season do	00 55
Excellent Full Flavoured do	00 75
Sound Oolong	00 45
Rich Flavoured do	00 60
Very Fine do	00 75
Japan	00 58
Very Fine do	00 75
An excellent mixed Tea, Black and Green	00 60

GREEN TEA.

Twankay, Common	$00 38
Fine do	00 55
Young Hyson	00 60
Fine do	00 75
Superfine and Very Choice	1 00
Fine Gunpowder	00 85
Extra Superfine do	1 00

Reductions made to buyers of Five Chests and upwards.

☞ Address

MONTREAL TEA CO.,
6, Hospital-st, Montreal.

☞ *Agent for Ottawa and neighborhood,*

MR. JOS. MOONEY.

☞ All Boxes and Chests sent from this Establishment have the address of the *MONTREAL TEA COMPANY* printed on them.

August 27, 1867. 52234-w

FARM FOR SALE.

FOR SALE, Lot No. 15, 4th Concession Gloucester, Rideau Front, 7 miles from Ottawa, on the Macadamized Road, leading from Ottawa to Metcalf, consisting of 100 acres, 80 of which cleared, and in the highest state of cultivation. The soil is of the very best quality; there is a good dwelling house, barn, stable and other out buildings thereon. This farm is well fenced and watered.

For further particulars apply to

H. McLEAN, Auctioneer,

Or the subscriber, on the premises.

W. HALPENNY.

Gloucester, Sept. 13, 1867. 557 37-6m

W. NOTMAN,

Photographer to the Queen

CORNER OF

WELLINGTON AND METCALFE STREETS,

WOULD intimate that having all his arrangements completed, his

Establishment will be Opened

—ON—

Monday Next, 3rd February

When he will be prepared to fulfil orders for all the different branches of Photography.

Ottawa, Jan. 31, 1868. 582y

DRY GOODS AT DISCOUNT!

$30,000

Worth of Seasonable Dry Goods

OFFERED AT

10 Cents Discount on all Cash Purchases of $1

AND UPWARDS, AT

J. A. PINARD'S.

Most of the COTTON GOODS in Stock

Have been bought within the last two months, and will offered a

REDUCTION OF 40 PER CENT.

Compared with any Cotton Goods of Fall Importation in this city.

Dress Goods, Woollen Goods, &c.

HAVE BEEN REDUCED IN PRICES SINCE 1st JANUARY.

This further inducement of Discount is offered in order to reduce Stock to the lowest point before *Stock-Taking.*

N. B.—Sale to Commence on MONDAY, THIRD of FEBRUARY, for a short time only. Goods marked in plain figures. Only One Price.

No. 17, SUSSEX-ST., CORNER of GEORGE-ST.,

SIGN OF THE GOLDEN BALL.

Ottawa, Feb. 1, 1868. 658bwf

WAR! WAR! WAR!

KEARNS & RYAN,

WELL KNOWN

Merchants of this City,

—WHO KEEP THE PEOPLE'S—

CHEAP CASH STORE!

Have declared War against all other merchants of the Capital of Canada, for imposing dear goods on the people. They will make a

Reduction of 20 per cent off Hats and Bonnets

—AND—

10 per cent off all other Cash Purchases

OVER ONE DOLLAR,

During the month of February. Rush to their establishment and judge for yourselves. No deception.

Corner of York and Sussex-sts.

Ottawa, February 3, 1868. 656d

BARGAINS

—IN—

DRESS GOODS!

IN ORDER to make a Clearance of the remainder of our Winter Stock of COBURGS, WINCIES, MERINOS, REPPS, SERGES, FANCY POPLINETTES, &c., we have RE-MARKED *the whole lot at such prices as will shew a Reduction of from 12½ to 20 per cent under former prices.*

REMNANTS, REMNANTS, REMNANTS!

We have also brought forward our accumulation of Remnants of every kind, and marked them at Very Low Prices.

Magee & Russell.

Ottawa, Jan. 10, 1867. 380y

Ottawa CROCKERY Store!

PRESENTATION ORNAMENTS.

WILLIAM ALLAN

RESPECTFULLY announces the arrival of a Choice Selection of China and Bohemian Glass Flower Vases and Ornaments suitable for Xmas and New Year's Gifts. Also, his usual complete Stock of China, Glass, Earthenware and Parian Marble ever brought into Ottawa, consisting of

DINNER SETTS, DESSERT SETTS,
BREAKFAST SETTS, TOILET SETTS.

o s ted and Engraved, Cut and Pressed TABLE GLASS, and an assortment of Common Ware to holesale purchasers.

☞ A large and most varied Stock select from:

W. ALLAN,
51 *RIDEAU STREET, (opposite Mr. D. Whalen's.)*

Ottawa, December 19, 1867. 574y

SHEFFIELD HOUSE!

E. K. MacGILLIVRAY & Co.,

MANUFACTURING JEWELLERS

—AND—

WATCHMAKERS

OTTAWA, January 21, 1868.

Skates! Skates!

At ISAAC'S,

ALSO,

SLEIGHS, SLEIGHS

ALL PRESENTS BY SANTA CLAUS,

At ISAAC'S.

Skates from 20 cents to $6.00

At ISAAC'S,

Sparks-street,

ALSO,

Hardware of all Description

At Lowest Cash Prices,

At ISAAC'S.

☞ Remember the place,

T. ISAAC'S.

December 17, 1867. 617tf

PRIVATE BILLS.

ON the reassembling of the Parliament of Canada, in March, PETITIONS FOR PRIVATE BILLS will be received, in the House of Commons, until Thursday, the 2nd of April following.

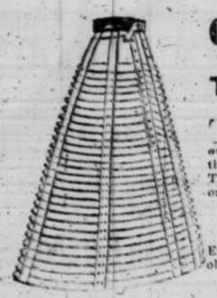
W. B. LINDSAY,
Clerk, House of Commons.

Ottawa, Feb. 1, 1868. 655Mh12

KEATING'S COUGH LOZENGES

THIS Universal Remedy now stands the first in public favor and confidence; this result has been acquired by the test of fifty years' experience. These Lozenges may be found on sale in every British Colony; and throughout India and China they have been highly esteemed wherever introduced. For COUGHS, ASTHMA, and all Affections of the Throat and Chest, they are the most agreeable and efficacious remedy; they do not contain opium or any other deleterious drug, and may therefore be taken with perfect safety by the most delicate constitution.

Prepared and sold in boxes, tins and bottles of various sizes, by THOMAS KEATING, Chemist, &c., 79, St. Paul's Churchyard, London. Sold Retail by all Druggists and Patent Medicine Vendors in the World. 648-1a20



City Hoop Skirt Factory

The Double Extension Skirt.

THIS new and convenient Skirt I am now making in all widths of tape. The great advantage this Skirt has over all others: ladies can alter it themselves to any width they wish, from 1½ yards to 3 yards, without the least trouble. They only can be had at the Factory. Everyother style of Skirt on hand or made to order. Just received another lot of

FRENCH CORSETS.

Every size, from 17 inches to 36 inches. Also, a few of those old fashioned Corsets, (lacing at the back.)

Lambs' Wool Hose, Breakfast Shawls.

Also, a large lot of Linen and Lawn Pocket Handkerchiefs, cheap.

DAVID MILLAR,
43 Sparks-st, Centre Town, next to Esmonde's Stove Depot.
456y

New Premises and Cheap Goods.

GRANT & HENDERSON

Having recently moved into their new premises, **No. 20, Rideau-street,** one of the firm visited lately the Montreal Markets, and secured a very large stock of entirely

NEW GOODS,

At most EXTRAORDINARY REDUCTIONS in price, which cannot in a legitimate manner be undersold in this city.

RIDEAU-STREET, December 24, 1867. 623d

Gold Medal, Paris, 1867.

WHEELER & WILSON'S SEWING MACHINES.

THE BEST HOLIDAY PRESENT,

From $47 and upwards.

☞FIVE per cent. off for cash in bills until after the holidays. One handsome Mahogany full case $8 discount.

The Howe Sewing Machines from $50 Up.

Grout & Co.'s Twisted Elastic Stitch only $15.

☞*Call and see this little beauty. Prospectuses and Samples sent Free by Mail.*

December 19, 1867. 479-43y G. A. WALTON, Agent, 37 Sparks Street, Ottawa.

Dry Goods at Reduced Prices.

Cunningham and Lindsay

— ARE NOW SELLING —

Canadian Grey Cloth at 3s. 3d. per yard,
Canadian Tweeds at 4s. per yard,
Canadian Cotton Yarn at 7s. 6d. a Bundle,
Canadian Bags at 1. 9d

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY

Invite particular Attention to their

BLANKETS, FLANNELS AND MANTLE CLOTHS.

Ottawa, November 18, 1867. 510y

AMERICAN WATCHES.

[WALTHAM]

THE true value of Machinery applied to Watchmaking is not that by its us Watches are made rapidly, but that they are made correctly. Very few people know why a Waltham Watch should be superior to any other. In the first place, at Waltham the Watch is regard ed as only a machine, to be constructed, like any other machine, on mechanical principles. The factory is indeed little else than a vast machine shop, the principal work in which is not more upon watches than upon machinery to make watches with. If the watches are good, it is because the machinery is good. Of course there must be no defect in the principle or plan of the movement, no mistake in the size or shape of the pieces of which it is composed, nothing wanting in their properties, and no error in their positions. These points once thoroughly settled in regard to each part of every variety of watch, it rests wholly with the machinery constructed with infinite diversity of form and function, expressly for the purpose, to produce the finished pieces. The method established in every department is the application of parts by mechanical means, and this is carried out on the system of the most thorough sub division of labor.

By means of multiplying guages and microscopes, tests, and inspection for the detection of wear in cutting tools and for faults and flaws in steel or metal, adjustments are made to accompany the work in every stage from beginning to end. As a necessary result, the Watch goes together a perfect machine. Every part is found to fit properly in its place. Every pin may be pushed till it pinches, and every screw turned home. Instead of a sluggish and feeble action, the balance, even under the pressure of the finest mainspring, vibrates with a wide and free motion, and the beat has the clear and ringing sound, always characteristic of the Waltham Watch. The machine is a timekeeper from the start.

This system of watchmaking is unknown in foreign countries, and is entirely original with the Waltham Company. The company claim that by it they produce watches that cannot be equaled for every quality which makes a watch valuable. Simple in plan and correct in principle, the movement is not only beautifully finished, substantial, accurate and cheap, but is uniform to the minutest detail, not easily damaged, easily repaired, and when repaired always as good as new.

There are different grades or finish in the different varieties of watches made by the Waltham Company, as there are different sizes and shapes, to suit all tastes and means, but every watch that bears the genuine trade mark of "WALTHAM," is guaranteed to be a good one, and nobody need be afraid to buy it.

Every Watch Fully Warranted.

For sale by all first-class dealers in the United States and British Provinces. For further information address the Agents,

ROBBINS & APPLETON, New York.
586-45-3m ROBERT WILKES, Toronto, C.

FIRST CLASS

Tailoring Establishment.

BEING desirous to dispose of the balance of my WINTER STOCK, in order to make room for

Spring Importations,

For two months I shall offer such inducements to intending purchasers as will enable me to make a ready sale, and my customers a good investment

☞ Please Call and Examine. ☜

G. M. HOLBROOK,
Fog Top Depot, Elgin-street,
381y Opposite the Post Office.

GREAT CLEARING SALE.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.

Importers, 20 Sparks Street,

With a view to clear out the stock and make room for extensive

Spring Importations!

Are offering the following goods at prices that must ensure speedy sale.

Blankets, Flannels, Cloths, Tweeds, Cottons, Prints, Wincies, Dress Goods, Skirtings, Linen, Table Damask, Jackets, Shawls,

AND MILLINERY.

Inspection Invited.

Ottawa, January 26, 1868. GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO. 484y

RAILROADS.

Grand Trunk Railway Company OF CANADA.

WINTER ARRANGEMENTS, 1867.

TRAINS now leave Bonaventure Station as follows:

GOING WEST—Day Express for Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago and all point's West, at 8.30 A.M. Night do do at 7.30 P.M.

Accommodation Train for Kingston and interpediate stations at 7.00 A.M.

Local Train for Cornwall, and intermediate Stations, at 4.20 P.M.

Trains for Lachine at 8.00 A.M., 9.30 A.M., 3.00 and 5.00 P.M.

The 3.00 P.M. Train runs through to Plattsburgh.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST—Accommodation Train from Island Pond and intermediate Stations, at 7.00 A.M.

Express for New York and Boston, at 8.40 A.M.

Express for Boston and New York, at 3.30 P.M.

Express for Portland (staying over night at Island Pond) at 2.00 P.M.

Night Express for Portland, Three Rivers, Quebec and Riviere du Loup, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbroke, Waterville and Costicooke only, at 10.10 P.M.

☞ Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.

For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station.

C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director
December 23, 1867. 650tf

CHANGE of TIME

St. Lawrence & Ottawa Railway,

(formerly the Ottawa & Prescott Railway.)

ON and after MONDAY, the 30th Dec., 1867, and until further notice, trains will run as follows:

LEAVE PRESCOTT.	ARRIVE IN OTTAWA.
Mixed, 7.30 a. m.	11.00 a. m.
Express, 2.10 p. m.	4.45 p. m.
LEAVE OTTAWA.	**ARRIVE IN PRESCOTT.**
Express, 8 a. m.	10.30 a. m.
Mixed, 1.30 p. m.	4.45 p. m.

The time of these Trains has been so arranged as to ensure connection with night and day trains on Grand Trunk, east and west.

N. B.—These Trains run on Montreal Time.

Baggage to and from Ottawa checked through from and to stations on Grand Trunk Railway.

Return tickets to Prescott, Kemptville and Ottawa at reduced rates can be had at the principal stations on the line.

P. S. DETLOR, Superintendent. THOMAS REYNOLDS, Managing Director.
Ottawa, Dec. 28, 1867. 1y

Brockville and Ottawa Railway.

WINTER ARRANGEMENT

Commencing on Monday, December 9, 1867.

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

3:45 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 3.45 p.m., and arrive at Sandpoint at 9.25 p. m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT.

6:45 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint daily at 6.45 a.m., and arrive at Brockville at 1:00 p. m.

LEAVES PERTH.

5:00 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Perth at 5.00 p.m., and 9:40 a.m., and arrive at Smith's Falls at 5:50 p.m. and 10.40 a.m.

LEAVES SMITH'S FALLS.

10:50 A.M.—TRAINS will leave Smith's Falls at 10.50 a.m., and 6:05 p.m., and arrive at Perth at 11:40 a.m., and 6:55 p.m.

All trains on main line connect at Smith's Falls with Trains to and from Perth.

No. 1 leaves Brockville after G. T. R. Express Train is due from the East.

No. 2 is due at Brockville in time to connect with G. T. R. Express Trains for the East and West.

H. ABBOTT, *Manager for Trustee.*
Brockville, Dec. 16. 472y

Royal Canadian Bank

OTTAWA AGENCY:

Office—Desbarats' Building, 77 Sparks St

M. P. HAYES, AGENT.
Ottawa, June 21. 157tf

DALGLISH & RUSSELL

ARE NOW IN RECEIPT OF THEIR new and varied assortment of

Grocery Goods

Consisting of Teas, Gunpowder, Old Hyson, Young Hyson, Hyson Twankay, Black, Extra Fine English Breakfast Souchong, Congou ditto, Oolong, Orange Pekoe, Finest Japans.

Coffees.—Java, Jamaica, La Guayre, Mocha. Roasted and Ground on the premises.

Sugars.—English, refined in loaves, Broken Loaf, Crushed White, Yellow Refined.

Chocolate and Cocoa Spices, Mustards, Essences, Syrups, Pickles, Sauces, Vinegars, and Bottled Fruits, in Syrup, Preserves, Potted Meats, Fruits &c. Also, Provisions, Sugar Cured Hams, Spice Rolled Hams, Bacon, Butter, Cheese, Crackers, Biscuits, Flour, Oatmeal, Barley, Peas, Rice, Labrador Herrings, Table Codfish, Digby Herrings, &c., &c.

Our stock is extensive and complete, and every article warranted to give satisfaction. All orders sent or left will be promptly attended to.

All Goods delivered on the shortest notice

Dalglish & Russell,
Wellington & Kent-sts.

FAIRBANKS

Take Highest Premiums at the Paris Exposition.

PLATFORM, COUNTER, Warehouse, Grain, Coal, Hay, Railroad Track, Depot, Druggist, Gold, and all kinds of SCALES constantly on hand and for Sale.

FAIRBANKS, BROWN & Co., Boston, Mass.

Our Sole Agents in Ottawa,

ALEXANDER WORKMAN & Co.
November 18, 1867. 592-6m

NOTICE

IS hereby given that application will be made to each and every Parliament having jurisdiction, at the present or next session thereof, respectively, for an act to amend the act chaptered 106, passed at the Session of the Parliament for the late Province of Canada, held the 29th and 30th years of the Reign of Her Majesty Queen Victoria, intituled "An Act to Incorporate the Ottawa City Passenger Railway Company.

Dec. 2nd, 1867. 6072m.

Bottled Ale, Bottled Ale, Bottled Ale.

THE Subscriber would call the attention of Families and others to his

Fine Bottled Ale!

Which is in splendid condition. Also,

Scotch, Irish, Old Rye

And other Malt Whiskies,

Ports, Sherries, Brandies, Gin, &c.,

Together with a General Assortment of

FIRST-CLASS GROCERIES.

A Call kindly Solicited.

D. WHELAN,
44, Rideau-street,
Opposite Allan's Crockery Store

Ottawa, Jan. 20, 1868.

FOR SALE.

850 PAIRS of Grey Twilled BLANKETS, in bales of 50 pairs

—ALSO,—

Canadian White Twilled and Whitney Blankets, English Grey Blankets, weighing from 8 to 10 pounds each.

E. McGILLIVRAY.
Ottawa, December 23, 1867. 637-3m

PIANOFORTES!

Messrs. Orme & Son

BEG to intimate that they have on hand one of the FINEST COLLECTIONS of

Steinway, Chickering and Dunham PIANOFORTES

That have ever been offered for sale in Ottawa. These instruments were carefully selected by Mr. Steinheimer from the factories.

INSPECTION INVITED.

A splendid CHICKERING, only a few months in use, FOR SALE CHEAP, the proprietor having gone to England.

☞ Old Pianofortes taken in exchange.

25½ Sparks-street,
Sign of the Golden Lyre.
January 27. 48y

PRIVATE BOARDING HOUSE.

MRS. RICHARD will open a Private first-class BOARDING HOUSE, Corner of SUSSEX and CLARENCE-STS., over Mr. Martineau's Dry Goods Store, on the 15th inst. Parties wishing quiet, good, comfortable board, with good attendance, will please apply and secure apartments.

Ottawa, February 6, 1868. 659-3m

AYER'S CATHARTIC PILLS.

Are you sick, feeble, and complaining? Are you out of order, with your system deranged, and your feelings uncomfortable? These symptoms are often the prelude to serious illness. Some fit of sickness is creeping upon you, and should be averted by a timely use of the right remedy. Take Ayer's Pills, and cleanse out the foul humors—purify the blood, and let the fluids move on unobstructed in health again. They stimulate the functions of the body into vigorous activity, purify the system from the obstructions which make disease. A cold settles somewhere in the body, and obstructs its natural functions. These, if not relieved, react upon themselves and the surrounding organs, producing general aggravation, suffering, and disease. While in this condition, oppressed by the derangements, take Ayer's Pills, and see how directly they restore the natural action of the system, and with it the buoyant feeling of health again. What is true and so apparent in this trivial and common complaint, is also true in many of the deep-seated and dangerous distempers. The same purgative effect expels them. Caused by similar obstructions and derangements of the natural functions of the body, they are rapidly, and many of them surely, cured by the same means. None who know the virtues of these Pills, will neglect to employ them when suffering from the disorders they cure.

Statements from leading physicians in some of the principal cities, and from other well known public persons.

From a Forwarding Merchant of St. Louis, Feb. 4, 1856.

DR. AYER: Your Pills are the paragon of all that is great in medicine. They have cured my little daughter of ulcerous sores upon her hands and feet that had proved incurable for years. Her mother has been long grievously afflicted with blotches and pimples on her skin and in her hair. After our child was cured, she also tried your Pills, and they have cured her.

ASA MORGRIDGE.

As a Family Physic.

From Dr. E. W. Cartwright, New Orleans.

Your Pills are the prince of purges. Their excellent qualities surpass any cathartic we possess. They are mild, but very certain and effectual in their action on the bowels, which makes them invaluable to us in the daily treatment of disease.

Headache, Sick Headache, Foul Stomach.

From Dr. Edward Boyd, Baltimore.

DEAR DR. AYER: I cannot answer you what complaints I have cured with your Pills better than to say *all that we can treat with a purgative medicine.* I place great dependence on an effectual cathartic in my daily contest with disease, and believing as I do that your Pills afford us the best we have, I of course value them highly.

PITTSBURG, Pa., May 1, 1855.

DR. J. C. AYER. Sir: I have been repeatedly cured of the worst *headache* any body can have by a dose or two of your Pills. It seems to arise from a foul stomach, which they cleanse at once.

Yours with great respect, ED. W. FREBLE, *Clerk of Steamer Clarion.*

Bilious Disorders—Liver Complaints.

From Dr. Theodore Bell, of New York City.

Not only are your Pills admirably adapted to their purpose as an aperient, but I find their beneficial effects upon the Liver very marked indeed. They have in my practice proved more effectual for the cure of *bilious* complaints than any one remedy I can mention. I simply replace that we have at length a purgative which deserves the confidence of the profession and the people.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR, Washington, D. C., 7th Feb., 1856.

SIR: I have used your Pills in my general and hospital practice ever since you made them, and cannot hesitate to say they are the best cathartic we employ. Their regulating action on the liver is quick and decided, consequently they are an admirable remedy for derangements of that organ. Indeed I have seldom found a case of *bilious disease* so obstinate that it did not readily yield to them. Fraternally yours, ALONZO BALL, M. D., *Physician of the Marine Hospital.*

Dysentery, Diarrhea, Relax, Worms.

From Dr. J. G. Green, of Chicago.

Your Pills have had a long trial in my practice, and I hold them in esteem as one of the best aperients I have ever found. Their alterative effect upon the liver makes them an excellent remedy, when given in small doses for *bilious dysentery and diarrhoea.* Their sugar-coating makes them very acceptable and convenient for the use of women and children.

Dyspepsia, Impurity of the Blood.

From Rev. J. V. Himes, Pastor of Advent Church, Boston.

DR. AYER: I have used your Pills with extraordinary success in my family and among those I am called to visit in distress. To regulate the organs of digestion and purify the blood, they are the very best remedy I have ever known, and I can confidently recommend them to my friends. Yours, J. V. HIMES.

WARSAW, Wyoming Co., N. Y., Oct. 24, 1855.

DEAR SIR: I am using your Cathartic Pills in my practice, and find them an excellent purgative to cleanse the system and *purify the fountains of the blood.*

JOHN G. MEACHAM, M. D.

Constipation, Costiveness, Suppression, Rheumatism, Gout, Neuralgia, Dropsy, Paralysis, Fits, etc.

From Dr. J. P. Vaughn, Montreal, Canada.

Too much cannot be said of your Pills for the cure of *costiveness.* If others of our fraternity have found them as efficacious as I have, they should join me in proclaiming it for the benefit of the multitudes who suffer from that complaint, which, although bad enough in itself, is the progenitor of others that are worse. I believe *costiveness* to originate in the liver, but your Pills affect that organ and cure the disease.

From Mrs. E. Stuart, Physician and Midwife, Boston.

I find one or two large doses of your Pills, taken at the proper time, are excellent promotives of the *natural secretion* when wholly or partially suppressed, and also very effectual to *cleanse the stomach* and *expel worms.* They are so much the best physic we have that I recommend no other to my patients.

From the Rev. Dr. Hawkes, of the Methodist Episc. Church.

PULASKI HOUSE, Savannah, Ga., Jan. 6, 1856.

HONORED SIR: I should be ungrateful for the relief your skill has brought me if I did not report my case to you. A cold settled in my limbs and brought on excruciating *neuralgic pains,* which ended in *chronic rheumatism.* Notwithstanding I had the best of physicians, the disease grew worse and worse, until by the advice of your excellent agent in Baltimore, Dr. Mackenzie, I tried your Pills. Their effects were slow, but sure. By persevering in the use of them, I am now entirely well.

SENATE CHAMBER, Baton Rouge, La., 5 Dec. 1855.

DR. AYER: I have been entirely cured, by your Pills, of *Rheumatic Gout*—a painful disease that had afflicted me for years. VINCENT SLIDELL.

☞ Most of the Pills in market contain Mercury, which, although a valuable remedy in skilful hands, is dangerous in a public pill, from the dreadful consequences that frequently follow its incautious use. These pontain no mercury, nor mineral substance whatever.

Price, 25 cents per Box, or 5 Boxes for $1.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, H. F. MacCarthy, and John Skinner, in Ottawa.

Royal Italian Bitters!

—or—

TONICO REALE

DEL DOTTORE F. P. VERRI,

Professore di Chemistry in the University o. PADUA

ITALY.

THIS celebrated preparation for which a certificate of merit was awarded to the distinguished original preparer at the National Exposition at Torino, Italy, by whose favor Mr. GIANELLI obtained the recipe, and was also awarded a diploma at the Provincial Exhibition of Canada held at Montreal in September, 1863, is, without exception, the most genuine, salubrious and agreeable Tonic ever introduced to public notice either in Europe or America.

For seventeen years it has, in Italy, been a universal favorite among the *elite* of society, being generally served in the drawing room before dinner, in preference to Vermouth.

The ingredients of its composition have been imparted to the leading Physicians of Canada and the United States, and have received their unqualified approval on every account.

The proprietor refers with the greatest confidence and satisfaction to the subjoined testimonials from eminent medical men, which he could add to, were it desirable.

Kept by the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion of Canada and in the United States.

Sold by the Proprietor.

Dear Sir: You request my opinion of the "Royal Italian Bitters," prepared from a receipt of Dr Verri, of Padua. I beg to state that I consider it a most agreeable cordial tonic, in every way superior in flavour and composition to the ordinary bitter tonics in general use. I have recommended it to several patients, who have derived marked benefit from its use.

I am, dear Sir, yours faithfully,

G. E. FENWICK, M.D.

A. M. F. GIANELLI, Esq., Montreal.

A. M. FGIANELLI,
26, Hospital-street, Montreal.

could have been devised for general use; from it effects which I have observed in several cases, I think very many who now suffer from indigestion and dyspepsia in their various forms will find in it a panacea for all their ills.

Very truly,
W. E. BESSEY, M.D., C.M., &c.,
Beaver Hall Hill.

Letter from Drs. Picault.

Montreal, July 27, 1866.

To MR. AURELIA GIANELLI.

Dear Sir: We are pleased to acknowledge the reception of the prescription of your valuable tonic and bitters, entitled "The Royal." All the substances contained in its composition are perfectly combined to form a preparation fit for the purposes detailed in your directions.

We are, dear Sir, yours sincerely,

DRS. PICAULT & SON.

New York, May 14, 1867.

A. M. F. GIANELLI, Esq., Montreal.

Dear Sir: Just recovering from a long and severe illness, I have received a sample of your Tonico Reale and from its use have derived considerable benefit, as I find my appetite and digestion much improved, and hesitate not to recommend it as one of the best and most agreeable Tonics I have ever used.

WILLIAM ARNOLD,
A.B., Trinity College, Dublin; M. R. C. S. London; M. D., New York, Licenciate Royal College Havana.

Letter from Dr. J. L. Leprohon, City Health Officer.

Montreal, March 29, 1867.

Dear Sir: My absence from Montreal has prevented me from acknowledging sooner the reception of your note and accompanying sample of the "Royal Italian Bitters."

I have no hesitation in stating that the ingredients entering into their composition are of a nature to render them decidedly useful in many cases of weakness of the digestive organs and of the general constitution. Their flavour is also very pleasant.

I remain, dear Sir, yours very sincerely,

J. L. LEPROHON, M.D.

A. GIANELLI,
Proprietor Cosmopolitan Hotel, Montreal
31, Temple-street, Boston,
July 1, 1867.

A. M. F. GIANELLI, Esq.,

My Dear Sir: I beg to acknowledge the receipt of a sample of your Royal Italian Bitters together with a note imparting to me the formula for their preparation. Having a large field where to try the effect of your Bitters, I have obtained flattering success in cases requiring the use of a mild, stimulating tonic, and I will recommend your Bitters with pleasure in dyspepsia, indigestion, loss of appetite, general debility, and constitutional inactivity of the liver.

I remain, my dear Mr. Gianelli, yours, very truly,

E. DE LA GRANJA, M.D.

Letter from Dr. Hall, Professor of Midwifery and Diseases of Women and Children, McGill College.

Montreal, March 15, 1866.

My Dear Sir: I have to acknowledge the receipt of a sample of your "Royal Bitters," of your own manufacture, and have subsequently had the opportunity afforded me of becoming acquainted not only with their preparation, but also with the materials which enter into their composition. Nothing, I think, can excel the mode of filtration adopted, while the small amount of vinous ingredients must recommend them to general favour, even to those who usually disapprove of the use of such beverages, the proportion being only just sufficient to maintain their composition unimpaired in climates subject to considerable fluctuations of temperature.

From the nature or character of the materials employed in their composition, it is impossible to regard them otherwise than as the healthful, invigorating, yet mild tonic or stomachic, especially adapted to stomachs enfeebled by general sickness, and whose energy requires a gentle stimulus, preparatory to the indigestion of food.

I shall have pleasure in recommending their use in such suitable cases as may present themselves to me. I remain, dear Sir, yours very truly,

A. HALL, M.D.,
Professor Midwifery, McGill University,
&c., &c., &c.

A. GIANELLI, Esq., &c.

From Dr. Muir, C. B. Inspector-General H. M. Hospitals in British America.

Montreal, August 1, 1866.

Sir: Having much practical experience of Bitters in the West Indies, in India, and other parts of the world where they are in request, I have no hesitation in giving it as my opinion that Dr. Verri's "Tonico Reale" is the *very best I have ever met with.*

W. M. MUIR, M D., Inspector-General.

Letter from Professor Smallwood, of McGill University.

52 Beaver Hall Terrace,
Montreal, August 1, 1866.

I am opinion that Dr. Verri's "Tonic Reale" is a very pleasant and palatable form for the exhibition of tonic bitters, in cases requiring such a preparation.

CHAS. SMALLWOOD, M.D., L.L.D., D.C.L.

To A. M. F. GIANELLI, Esq., Montreal.

20, East 25th-street,
New York, May 9, 1867.

To A. M. F. GIANELLI, Esq.,

Dear Sir.—The "Tonico Reale" I have tried faithfully, and it gives me great pleasure to state to you that it is the best and most agreeable Tonic I have ever used in my practice. I find it particularly adapted to females and children debilitated by the various diseases and complaints peculiar to them. If you will favor me with a letter stating where I can procure your Bitters for my patients, I shall take particular pains to recommend them. As a general rule the Bitters sold are too bitter and have too much *Alcohol,* and are hence often injurious.

Your "Tonico Reale" seems to me to be the Tonic we have long wished for, but never found until Prof. Verri, D.M., of Padua, has given it to the Medical World.

Respectfully yours,

WM. FRED. HOLCOMB, M.D.,

Professor of Aural and Ophthalmic Surgery in New York Medical College, and Surgeon to New York Ophthalmic Hospital and Demult Dispensary.

Letter from Dr W. F. Campbell, Editor Medical Journal.

Montreal, August 20, 1867.

Dear Sir: I have to acknowledge the receipt of a sample of your "Tonic Reale," accompanied by a note informing me of its composition, and how prepared. While not believing in my universal Tonic, I am forced to admit that there are many cases where just such a preparation as yours would be invaluable. In cases of Chronic Dyspepsia, I have several times recommended its use and with much benefit. Yours, &c.,

FRS W CAMPBELL, MDLRCP,
London.

M A F GIANELLI, Esq, Montreal.

Letter from Dr Scott, Professor of Anatomy, McGill College,

Montreal, October 26, 1866.

A. FM. GIANELLI, Esq,

Dear Sir: Having been furnished with a very *liberal* sample of your "Tonic Reale," Royal Bitters, I have delayed giving you my opinion of its merits until I had an opportunity of stating, from experience, some of the advantages which I have found derived from the employment of the Tonic.

I have noticed great benefit from the use of the "Royal Bitters" in indigestion, loss of appetite, general debility, and some nervous affections. The Tonic is most carefully prepared, and will be found a very agreeable Bitter and gentle stimulant; and from knowing its composition, I have pleasure in recommending it to the public; feeling satisfied that when more extensively known, the Tonic will be very generally used.

W E SCOTT, MD,
Professor Anatomy McGill University; Physician General Hospital, &c., &c.

New York, June 1, 1867.

MR. GIANELLI,—*Dear Sir:* After a fair trial I take pleasure in recommending your Royal Bitters, It is a very excellent stimulating tonic, aiding digestion and giving tone to the digestive organs. In your note you informed me of the ingredients. I think it is a most admirable combination; a pleasant, useful, and reliable tonic.

Yours truly,

R. P. COOKE, M.D.,
New York City.

New York, April 25, 1867.

A. M. F. GIANELLI,—*Sir:* Your kind favour of 16th instant, together with a sample of your "Tonico Reale" Royal Bitters,—I am pleased not only with its composition, but also with the effect, and regard the preparation as a very elegant one, suited to many cases when a more powerful compound would not be used. After having had further opportunity, I shall be able to give a more intelligent opinion in regard to its efficacy.

Have you any agency in this city? Many of my patients are anxious to use the Tonic but know not where to procure it. Yours truly,

C. PRINCE, M.D.,
157, East 10th-street.

22, West Eleventh-street,
New York, May 9, 1867.

A. M. F. GIANELLI, ESQ.

Dear Sir: The sample of your Royal Italian Bitters, through your politeness, was received some time since. I am happy to say respecting them, after giving them a fair trial, that they are a delicious tonic, stomachic and stimulant Bitters, which I think will be found very useful to the debilitated suffering from indigestion, constipation, or dyspepsia.

With my best wishes for your success,

I am respectfully yours,

G. MILIANO, M.D.

Letter from Dr. Hingston, Physician Hotel Dieu Hospital.

Montreal, August 1, 1867.

The "Tonico Reale" of Dr. Verri, prepared by Mr. Gianelli of this city, and introduced to the public as the "Royal Italian Bitters," is one of the most elegant preparations with which I am acquainted. Mr. Gianelli having made known to me its composition, I can, unhesitatingly, recommend it to those who require the combined use of an agreeable tonic and stimulant.

WM. H. HINGSTON, M.D., L.R.C.S., &c., Surgeon to St. Patrick's Department, Hotel Dieu.
September 14, 1867. 538-37w6m

GREAT DISCOVERY.

EVERY MAN HIS OWN ARTIST!

A SCIENTIFIC WONDER.

AN Instrument by which any person can take correct Likenesses or Photographs. This Instrument with full instructions sent by Mail for one dollar. Address,

C. B. AMES & CO.,
Broadway, New York.
64*

FRESH ARRIVALS

Very Choice and Superior

TEAS

NOW ON SALE

1,000 CHESTS UNCOLORED JAPAN.

500 Chests very choice and superior YOUNG HYSON.

700 Chests Good Strong TWANKAY

100 Chests Sold fashioned BREAKFAST SOUCHONG.

150 Caddies MANDERIN MIXTURE.

☞ This is the finest BLACK TEA ever imported, 5s per pound; in small Caddies, about 1½ lb each, 4s 9d.

COFFEE!

The Pure Mountain Berry

"Without exception the finest Coffee in the world."—*London Times, March 16.*

We are constantly receiving supplies of this truly beautiful and delicious COFFEE, *roasted daily on our premises by*

Dakins' Patent Silver Cylinder

By which peculiar process, its aroma is preserved, and renders it the FAVORITE WITH ALL COFFEE DRINKERS.

BEWARE OF SPURIOUS IMITATIONS.

☞ As it is imported by no other firm in Canada

ROBINSON & CO.,
THE TEA POT,
OTTAWA

Wines, Spirits & Liquors

ROBINSON & CO. would especially direct the attention of families to their stock of

ALES, WINES & SPIRITS

100 cases Otard Brandy.
50 " Martell's
150 " Hennessey.
75 " United Vinquels

We have a most delicious

DINNER SHERRY

Which we are selling at 8 shillings per gallon

GUINESS & CO.

DUBLIN STOUT!

BLOOD'S LONDON STOUT.
BARCLAY'S LONDON PORTER
ALLSOP'S PALE ALE.
BASS' EAST INDIA.
DOW'S CELEBRATED MONTREAL ALE
DAW'S SUPERIOR LACHINE ALE
DAW'S CELEBRATED PORTER & STOUT

PRESERVED MEATS..

Just Received from England:

ROAST HARE.
CURRIED DO.
JUGGED DO.
STEWED DO.
ROAST PHEASANTS.
ROAST GROUSE.
OAST PARTRIDGE

ALL GOODS DELIVERED FREE by our own Waggons to any part of the City daily

ROBINSON & CO.
THE TEA POT,
OTTAWA.

Establishments—Sussex St. and Rideau St
Ottawa, September 16. 225tf

CAUTION.

THE Subscriber regrets the necessity for cautioning the public against imitations of his popular Pomades.

The Alexandra Cream,

AND

The Canada Pomade

But having been informed that some unprincipled person has put up inferior articles, copying the labels word for word, and thereby greatly damaging the sale of the genuine articles, he is compelled to take this course in self-defence.

For the future every genuine pot will bear my written signature in RED INK, across the face of the label.

W. M. MASSEY,
Family and Dispensing Chemist,
Medical Hall, 38, Sparks-st.
Ottawa, Feb. 6, 1868. 472y

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

NOTICE.

THE Undersigned will either sell or let for a few years his well known farm, being lot Twenty-five in the Fourth Concession of Gloucester, Rideau Front, 215 acres all cleared, and well fenced and in a good state of cultivation. Also, the one-half of lot Twenty-seven in the Third Concession, being in its natural state, all wood and excellent land. It is just the cross of two hundred acres from the corner of the one lot to the other. The railroad line runs within ten feet of the front corner of the one hundred and in sight of the two hundred for two or three miles. The Station at Cunningham's is scarcely a mile and a half from the front of Lot Twenty-five. The above farm is capable of keeping thirty head of milch cows, two span of horses, and as many young cattle as it would be proper to raise. Eight or nine years ago I kept twenty-two milch cows, and ten or twelve horses, and raised five or six calves every year. The above farm is about ten miles, from the door, to the limits of the City. The improvements cannot be surpassed for a farmer's purpose. The dwelling-house is stone, 30 by 40, a story and a half over-ground; and a cellar nine feet high, the one half used for a kitchen and the other half capable of holding 1,000 bushels of anything you wish to put into it; there is three small windows in it, and when cleaned in the Spring, makes an excellent milk-house or dairy; there is a frame wood shed at the door, 80 by 24, with 14 feet taken off the one end for a coachhouse, and overhead for a storehouse; next to that is a stable 36 by 26, finished inside, complete with four large double stalls and two single ones, and good room for hanging up harness, and sat box; convenient to that is a barn 40 by 50, in which I have often put 1,000 bushels of grain in one year; connected with that is 200 and 20 feet of frame sheds, all 20 and 24 deep, under pinned with stone and lime from two to seven feet, according to level; on the north side of the house is another barn, 30 by 40, commonly filled with peas and oats. And if either tenant or purchaser has a desire for religious purposes, you can lie in your bed and look at the bell tolling on the Catholic Church every Holy Day, and go to the front door and you will see the Presbyterian Church, where the Rev. Mr. Lochead has preached for the last twenty-two years, and goto the back door and you will see both English Church and Methodist Church within two miles. The above farm would be a desirable situation for a young man wishing to give his attention to farming, as the Ottawa Market cannot be surpassed in the Dominion. I think that I can say that I have not sold one pound of butter under one shilling this eight years: if one went under two went over. Some reader may ask what am I selling for, it is neither for scant nor for want of anything, but I am in the seventieth year of my age, and has purchased off this lot seven hundred and fifty acres of land and all is paid for, and all my sons is settled on their own farms, so I would rather set down and take my ease as be attending to marketing and farming any longer. Persons wishing to get any information on any point from me, can do so by addressing, postpaid, JAMES JOHNSTON, Senr., South Gloucester.

JAMES JOHNSTON, SENR.
February 6, 1868. 769-6Mb17.

Two Dwellings to Let,

BEING the Upper part of E. MARTINEAU'S Clothing Store, Corner of Sussex and Clarence-streets.

Enquire at the Store.

Ottawa, Jan. 22, 1868. EUG. MARTINEAU. 644tf

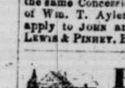
To Let.

A ROOM TO LET either with or without board. Enquire this office.
Ottawa, November 20. 594tf

Lots for Sale.

6 BUILDING LOTS, one mile from the city, on the Richmond Road, containing one acre each. Apply to THOMAS ANDERSON, Jr., on the premises. 564tf

FOR SALE.—THE WESTerly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession Ottawa, Front Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same Concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. T. Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to JOHN and WM. THOMSON, Nepean, and LEWIS & PINHEY, Barrister, Ottawa. Jy2-141-tf



FOR SALE, THAT ELIgible property, beautifully situated on the Banks of the Ottawa, in the Township of Nepean, distant from the City of Ottawa about three miles on the macadamized road, together with the STONE DWELLING-HOUSE thereon erected, at present occupied by William Thomson, Esquire, and the garden and ornamented grounds adjoining the same, forming part of Lot No. 29, in the 1st concession, Ottawa front. A most desirable private residence and vacant Lots adjoining the same also for sale at reasonable prices.

For particulars and terms apply to John and William Thomson on the premises, or to

LEWIS & PINHEY,
Barristers, &c., Ottawa.
Ottawa, February 27, 1867 369y

VICTORIA HOTEL—TO LET.

NO more eligible chance could be offered to any party in the Hotel-keeping line than the lease of the above FIRST-CLASS HOTEL.

Being on the eve of Confederation, and Ottawa being definitely settled upon as its capital,

The Victoria Hotel

could not fail to be

The Times

VOL. II. NO 669. OTTAWA, TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 18, 1868. PRICE—3 CENTS

THE

Ottawa Daily Times,

(Published every morning, Sundays excepted.)

THE DAILY AND WEEKLY TIMES NOW enjoys THE LARGEST CIRCULATION of any paper published in the Ottawa Valley—issuing of the Daily over 2,000! and Weekly over 4,000! making a total circulation in the week of over 6,000! thus outstripping all competitors, and affording the best medium for business men to advertise in.

ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in the Daily at the following rates:

Business Cards of from 3 to 6 lines, per annum—payable in advance only..... $6 00
Transient Advertisements, first insertion per line..... 8c
All subsequent insertions, per line..... 2c
Yearly advertisers specially contracted with, and liberal allowance made.
Yearly subscription to the Daily (if paid in advance)..... $5 00
If not paid in advance..... 6 00
Yearly subscription to the weekly (if paid in advance)..... $1 00
If not paid in advance..... 1 50

ADVERTISING AGENCY.—Messrs. S. M. Pettengill & Co., 11, Park Row, New York, and State Street, Boston, General Advertising Agents, are hereby authorized to receive Advertisements for the OTTAWA TIMES

LEGAL.

G. J. O'DOHERTY,
LAW, CHANCERY and CONVEYANCING OFFICE, AUMONDE BUILDINGS, Rideau street.
Ottawa, Dec. 6, 1867. 608-49y

R. J. WICKSTEED,
ADVOCATE, &c., 42, Little St. James Street, MONTREAL.
November 14, 1867. 589-6m

N. TETREAU,
NOTARY PUBLIC for the Province of Quebec, HULL, near the Post Office.
Dec. 6, 1867. 390tf

NICHOLAS SPARKS,
LAW, Chancery and Conveyancing Office, Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office.
Ottawa, July 19. 489y

LAPIERRE & HAYCOCK,
ATTORNIES-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers and Notaries Public, corner of Sussex and York-streets, Ottawa.
Ottawa, February 26, 1867. 368y

WILLIAM MOSGROVE,
LAW, Chancery and Conveyancing. OFFICE: Mosgrove's Block, Rideau Street, Ottawa, C. W. 366-tf

D. O'CONNOR,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex Street. OFFICE: Union Buildings, Ottawa.
February 21, 1866. 55-y

R. H. HAYCOCK,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor.
OFFICE: Post Office Building, Elgin Street, Ottawa.
February 7, 1868. 43-u

A. F. BOUCHETTE,
ADVOCATE. Office: No. 17, St. Peter Street, Quebec. Mr. Bouchette will always be prepared to attend promptly to any business the Government employes, and the public generally may entrust him. Mr. B. attends regularly the circuit in and for the district of Quebec.
December 28, 1863. 9-y

P. J. BUCKLEY, LL.B.,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law Solicitor-in-Chancery, and Notary Public. Office, over Mr. Luke Casner's Boot and Shoe Store, Rideau Street, Ottawa, C. W.
January 17 1867. 334y

AUGUSTUS KEEFER,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. OFFICE: Opposite Post Office, Elgin Street, in the rooms lately occupied as the Custom House.
Ottawa, March 30. 87-tf

J. F. BOULTON,
BARRISTER-AT-LAW, Solicitor-in-Chancery, &c. OFFICE: Aumond's Buildings, Rideau Street.
Ottawa, Jan. 12, 1866. 21-y

M. McLEOD,
BARRISTER, Etc., for Lower Canada. OFFICES: Court House, Aylmer and Buckingham, C.E.
☞ Attends to all Law Courts in the District of Ottawa.
February 7, 1866. 43-ut

LEES & GEMMELL,
BARRISTERS, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. OFFICE: In the Court House, Ottawa, C. W.
ROBERT LEES. JOHN J. GEMMELL.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

EDWARD T. DARTNELL,
BARRISTER, Solicitor, Attorney, and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Court Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell.
OFFICE: In the Court House, L'Original.
January 27, 1866. 34-6m

MEDICAL.

DR. CHESLEY,
OFFICE over Mr. Garth's Establishment, 25 Rideau-st., Ottawa.
May 30 417tf

DR. C. LEGGO,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Office: Hunton's Block, Sparks Street.

DR. DORION,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon, and Accoucheur, Clarence Street, Ottawa.
March 1. 371y

DR. OLIVER MARTIN,
DENTIST. Office: Sparks Street, Central Ottawa.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-utf

DR. C. A. MARTIN,
DENTIST. Office: Sussex Street, over Messrs. Campbell & Co.'s, Grocers.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-utf

DR. JOHN LEGGO,
DENTIST, Hunton's Block, Sparks Street. ☞ Teeth extracted without pain means of the Ethereal Spray Producer. 550z

N. R. BELL, A.M., M.D., C.M., &c.
(RECEIVED FROM ENGLAND.)
SURGERY and Residence, George Street.
Ottawa, November 17. 280y

DR. LESLIE JONES,
Surgeon, &c., of Dublin and Edinburgh.
SURGERY and Consulting Office, Rideau-st., next door to the St. Lawrence Hall. Residence—Daly Street. 581y

DR. GEORGE HUTCHISON,
DENTIST: Office, Sparks-street, opposite Magee & Russell's.
Ottawa, October 30, 1867. 576y

DR. W. J. HENRY,
CORNER of Kent and Wellington Streets, Ottawa.
November 6. 45utf

DR. O. C. WOOD,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur Ottawa. Day office opposite Magee & Russell's, Sparks Street, Center Town; Night Office at his Residence, Maria Street, Center Town.
CANCERS CURED, with or without the use of the knife, by a new, but certain, speedy, and almost painless process. References given to parties successfully treated, if required. The cure guaranteed.
Ottawa, April 14. 49-y-100-y

HOLGATE, OLIVER & ANNABLE,
WHOLESALE Manufacturers of Bedsteads Chairs, &c., Chaudiere Island, Ottawa, C.W.
WILLIAM HOLGATE,
JOHN OLIVER,
WILLIAM ANNABLE.
Ottawa 506y

BUSINESS CARDS.

B. BILLINGS, JR.,
ARCHITECT, Elgin-street, opposite the Post Office.
REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq. Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq. Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq. Managing Director O & P R W. 612-6m

R. SPARKS,
PROVINCIAL LAND SURVEYOR, Draughtsman, &c., (commissioned for Upper and Lower Canada.) Office and residence, Gloucester, near Ottawa. Surveys of every description executed with accuracy. Communications addressed Ottawa City, (post-paid), or left at the office of N. Sparks, Solicitor, &c., Ottawa, will receive prompt attention.
Ottawa, February 21, 1866. 55

N. McKINNON,
COMMISSION and Exchange Broker, and Insurance Agent, Sparks-street, opposite Magee & Russell's, Ottawa, C. W.
Ottawa, March 25. 391y

O'CONNOR & WALLER,
EXCHANGE Brokers, Fire, Life and Accidental Insurance, Commission and Collecting Agents. Office, No. 27, Sussex-street, Ottawa.
K. E. O'CONNOR. W. H. WALLER.
March 9. 378y

J. P. MACPHERSON,
BARRISTER, &c., Ottawa. Office: Lang's Buildings, opposite Post Office
Ottawa, March 10, 1866. 70-y

H. McLEAN'S
AUCTION Rooms, No. 19, Sparks Street, Centre Town, Ottawa, opposite Hope's Stationery Store.
The sale of Real Estate at Auction or Private Sale promptly attended to. Consignments received for positive sale. Parties wishing to purchase Real Estate will receive all information FREE OF CHARGE by calling at the office.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y

R. H. McGREEVY,
CONTRACTOR and Builder. Office: North side York street, second door from Sussex Street.
Ottawa, March 20, 1866. 78-y

S. CHRISTIE,
COMMISSION Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.
OFFICE: No. 3, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W. y

PARLIAMENTARY AGENCY.

C. J. BOUCHETTE,
P. L. SURVEYOR and Draughtsman, Mining, Land, and General Parliamentary Agent. References unexceptionable. OFFICE: Wellington Street, next to British Hotel, and nearly opposite the banks, Ottawa.
P. S.—Special attention given with despatch to Public Lands business, adjusting disputed claims, and securing Patents.
Ottawa, May 22. 132-y

JOHN MERCER,

Teacher Piano-Forte, Violin, &c.

THOROUGH BASS.
AYLMER, C. E.
VISITS OTTAWA TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS.
Orders left at Union House will be punctually attended to.
Ottawa, July 26. 187tf

HOTELS AND SALOONS.

HOLT'S HOTEL,
AYLMER, C. E., Livery and General Stage Office. Alfred Moses Holt, Jr., Prop'tr.
December 21, 1865. 4-y

JAS. JOHNSTON'S
UNION HOUSE, North Gower. Good Stabling and an attentive Hostler.
January 11, 1866. 2o-y

DUIGNAN'S
PRIVATE HOTEL, Sparks Street, Ottawa, C.W. A few gentlemen can obtain superior apartments.
Ottawa, Dec. 20, 1865. 3-y

THE RUSSELL HOUSE,
LATE CAMPBELL'S HOTEL, Ottawa, C. W. The undersigned, proprietor of the above-named Hotel, begs leave to acquaint his numerous friends and the travelling public, that he has re-painted and newly-furnished throughout this commodious establishment, in the management of which by strict attention to business and guests, he hopes to deserve encouragement and support.
JAMES E. GOUIN,
Late of, and for many years connected with Russell's Hotel, Palace Street, Quebec

THE ALBION HOTEL
NICHOLAS Street, Court-House Avenue, Ottawa, John Graham, Proprietor.
This House is conveniently situated, and still maintains its character as a FIRST-CLASS HOTEL. Considerable additions have recently been made to the premises, and it has been entirely repainted and renovated. No pains will be spared to accommodate and please.
OMNIBUSES to and from the cars and boats free of charge. There is a FIRST-CLASS LIVERY STABLE attached to the Hotel.
Ottawa 1866. 1-y

JOHN MALTMAN
LATE McADAM'S, Commercial Hotel, Packenham.
The above Hotel, one of the oldest and best known in Packenham, has been leased by the undersigned and thoroughly overhauled and refitted for the special accommodation of guests. THE TABLE AND BAR will at all times be furnished with the very best the market affords.
GOOD STABLING and a careful Hostler always in attendance
JOHN MALTMAN.

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,
MCKAVANAGH, Proprietor, Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington Streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government buildings.
The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.
☞ ysters, Game etc., dal

THE METROPOLITAN
Aumond's Block,
Rideau Street, Ottawa.
P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.
Ottawa, November 27. 292tf

THE REVERE HOUSE,
OTTAWA.
G. A. BUCKE, W. H. SANGER, ... PROPRIETORS.
THIS FIRST-CLASS HOTEL has been re-furnished and refitted throughout, and now combines all the requisites of a first-class establishment.
Ottawa, Nov. 6, 1867 582tf

DOMINION HOUSE!
WELLINGTON-STREET,
COLIN McLAURIN & Geo. Irvine, Proprietors. This hotel has been lately fitted up, and is now replete with every convenience which characterizes a modern hotel.
☞ Boarders taken at moderate rates. The bar is always stocked with first-class liquors.
Ottawa, Feb. 5. 658-6wy

MISS LOVETT'S
PRIVATE HOTEL
HOLLIS STREET, HALIFAX, N.S.
STRANGERS will find this long established and well known house to be the most comfortable and well conducted in the city.
December 23, 1867. 622-6m

TO PARTIES ABOUT TO BUILD—
PLANS,
SPECIFICATIONS,
ESTIMATES, &
Prepared by
AUGUSTUS LAVER, ARCHITECT
Rideau-st. Ottawa.
End Daly-st. Ottawa.
April 1.

DRUGGISTS.

Spectacles for all Sights.

OPTICAL Instruments Electro-Magnetic and Galvanic Apparatus, Photographic Chemicals, &c., W. HEARN, Market Drug Store, York-street.
637y

Apothecaries Hall!
No. 41, SUSSEX STREET,
G. MORTIMER, - - - PROPRIETOR

NONE OTHER GENUINE!

TRADE MARK IS REGISTERED

Canadian Cough Emulsion.

THIS Valuable Medicine has the extraordinary property of immediately relieving Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Difficulty of Breathing, Tightness in the Chest, &c., &c. It operates by dissolving the congealed phlegm, causing free expectoration, and an agreeable moistness of the skin. Prepared only by
GEORGE MORTIMER,
Chemist and Druggist, 41, Sussex Street, Ottawa City. Sold in bottles at 1s 3d and 2s 6d each.

MORTIMER'S
COMPOUND ANTIBILIOUS
AND FAMILY APERIENT PILLS.
A grand Specific for derangement of the digestive organs, and for obstructions and torpid action of the Liver and Bowels.

MORTIMER'S Vegetable WORM DESTROYER.
The only sure remedy that exists. Combining a delicious taste with amazing power. Also
CAMPHORATED EYE-WATER,
Sure Cure for Sore, Weak and Inflamed Eyes.

MORTIMER'S
Colognes, Pomades, Toilet Vinegar, Rose Dentrifice, for the Teeth and Gums. Also constantly on hand, Perfumes of all kinds, and Toilet requisites usually kept in a first-class establishment.

FOUND,
A NEVER Failing Remedy for Coughs and Colds, Mortimer's Canadian Cough Emulsion. No family should be without a bottle. None genuine but from
G. MORTIMER,
Chemist, 41, Sussex-st.
The best of Certificates can be produced.
Ottawa, Nov. 22, 1867. 596-6m

OTTAWA
DRUG WAREHOUSE,
RIDEAU STREET

1866 SEEDS. SEEDS. 1866.
A LARGE STOCK OF FRESH GARDEN and FIELD SEEDS, just arrived and on Sale. All Seeds warranted Fresh.
A large importation of English and French PERFUMES will arrive next week.
FLORIDA WATER. SOZODONT.
HAIR BRUSHES. COMBS.
NAIL BRUSHES. CLOTHES BRUSHES, &c., &c., &c.
Just being opened up.
JOSEPH GARVEY, M.D.
P. S.—Advice to the poor gratis.
Ottawa, April 11. 97-y

DOMESTIC DYES.
THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT OF DYES in this city on sale at the
Ottawa Drug Warehouse.
A free Lot of Good, Cheap PERFUMES just received.
N. B.—Prescriptions carefully and promptly prepared. J. GARVEY, M. D.
Ottawa, Feb. 12 1866 47-utf

PARLIAMENT
HAIRDRESSING SALOON!

E. MILES,
Hairdresser by Appointment to His Excellency the Governor-General,
HAS REMOVED HIS PARLIAMENT HAIR DRESSING SALOON from the old stand to his new and commodious room over the LONDON MUSIC STORE, on Elgin-st., opposite the Russell House, which he has fitted up in the most recherche style of the business, and where his Rotary Hair Brush, which he imported expressly for himself, being the first introduced into British America, will be kept ready for use. The saloon is delightfully ventilated, and very pleasantly situated.
Mr. MILES would take this opportunity of returning his most sincere thanks to his many friends and the public, for their kind and generous patronage to him, during a number of years, in his old establishment, and trusts that by unremitting attention to business, and in his new and first-class saloon, with polite and attentive workmen, to merit a continuance of their favors.
All kinds of Hair Watch Guards, Finger Rings, &c., manufactured to order. For the convenience of ladies orders will be received at the London Music Store, where a fine and varied assortment of Hair-work will be found.
E. MILES,
Hair Dresser, by appointment, to his Excellency the Governor-General.
Ottawa, October 3 1867 555-39y

BAZAAR.
IT is intended to hold a Bazaar on the
SEVENTEENTH of MARCH NEXT,
1868, and following days, in aid of the DEBT on
The Parsonage of Christ Church.
Contributions will be most thankfully received from the members of the Church, and other friends in Ottawa, by the following Ladies, who have kindly consented to act as a Committee of Management
MRS. CLEMOW,
" W. F. POWELL,
" COFFIN,
" ADAMSON,
" T. M. BLASDELL,
" LAUDER,
" DONALDSON,
" JOHN THOMPSON,
" N. SPARKS,
" MAGEE,
" STREET.
ANNIE POWELL, Secretary.
Ottawa, Dec. 23, 1867. 622d

Satchell Brothers,

Butchers to His Excellency Lord Monck.
No. 7, LOWER TOWN MARKET,
Superior Stall Fed
BEEF, MUTTON, LAMB AND VEAL,
SATCHELLS
Celebrated Spiced Rounds & Rolled Beef,
Cured in the English Style.
Also, Sugar Cured Hams and Bacon of their own curing, constantly on hand.
Ottawa, December 21. 621-3m

GREAT CLEARING SALE
—OF—
Dry Goods and Ready-made Clothing,
—AT—
J. T. Prudhomme's Stores,
SUSSEX-STREET, FACING CLARENCE-STREET,
And at the Sign of the "Golden Lamb."

AS the Subscriber intends closing one of his Stores on the first day of December he is determined to sell off at an immense reduction his stock of

DRY GOODS & READY-MADE CLOTHIN
—CONSISTING OF—

Beaver Cloths,	West of England Broad Cloths,	Col. and White Blankets
Pilot do	Black Cassimeres,	Horse Rugs,
Whitney do	Silk Mix Coatings,	Flannels,
Melton do	" " Trowserings,	Kerseys,
Sattinet do	Fancy Doeskins,	Winceys.

English, Scotch and anadian Tweeds.

DRAWERS, SHIRTS, WOOL CRAVATS, SCARFS, NECK TIES, COLLARS,
SHAWLS, CLOAKINGS, DRESS GOODS, NECK TIES, PRINTS, COBOURGS.
BUCK MITTS, BUCK MOCASSINS, WOOL SOCKS MITTS, TRUNKS, VALISES

—ALSO, A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF—
Boots and Shoes, Teas, Soap, Candles and Wines
The whole to be disposed of before the 1st day of December. Call early and examine before purchasing elsewhere.
Ottawa, November 19, 1867. 593-3m

RELIANCE
MUTUAL LIFE ASSURANCE CO'Y.
ESTABLISHED 1840.
CHIEF OFFICE—71, King William-street, Mansion House, LONDON.

ACCUMULATED PREMIUMS OVER, $1,000,000.
ANNUAL INCOME OVER, $300,000.

TRUSTEES.
The Right Rev the Bishop of Moray and Ross.
Viscount Kirkaldie, John Ledger, Esq; J R S Phillipps, Esq, James Traill, Esq; Sir John T Tyrell, Bart, W M Tufnell, Esq
DIRECTORS.
George Ashlin, Esq, W W Duffield, Esq, J W Egertongreen, Esq, George T Harris, Esq, John James, Esq; John W Lay, Esq, John Ledger, Esq, J Oxlyparker, Esq, William Phelps, Esq, John Pike, Esq, Edward White, Esq; Henry T Prinsep, Esq, Major Skinner, R A, Charles H Smith, Esq, James Traill, Esq, W M Tufnell, Esq
MEDICAL OFFICERS.
J W Ogle, Esq, M D; H F Smith, Esq, M D
BANKS.
Messrs William Jeacon Co, Birchin Lane, Messrs Sparrow, Tufnell & Co, Chelmsford. The London and County Bank.
SOLICITORS.
Messrs Hooke & Street, 27 Lincoln's Inn Fields. Messrs Gepp & Veley, Chelmsford.
EDWARD BUTLER, Secretary.

Canada Branch—Montreal.
BOARD OF DIRECTORS.
Walter Shanly, Esq, M P, Chairman.
Duncan Macdonald, Esq. George Winks, Esq. W R Ringston, Esq, M D, L R C S.
SOLICITORS—Messrs Rose & Ritchie. MEDICAL ADVISER—W H Hingston, Esq, M D.
The entire profits of this old and long established society belong to the policy holders, who are protected from all liability by the deed of settlement.
Annuities and endowments granted on advantageous terms.
Advances made on approved security in connection with Life Policies.
Every information to be had on application to any of the Society's Agents in Canada, or to T W GRIFFITH, Manager and Secretary.
Head Office for the Dominion of Canada—Corner St Francois Xavier-street, Montreal.
☞ Agents wanted in unrepresented districts throughout Canada.
589-6m NEIL McKINNON, Agent for Ottawa.

Etna Fire and Marine Insurance Co.
The Number of Shareholders exceed Five Hundred.
Capital,..... $2,500,000.
Annual Income Nearly..... $1,000,000.
HEAD OFFICE—Upper Sackville-street, Dublin, Ireland; CHIEF OFFICE, ENGLAND—17 and 18 Corn Hill, London; CHIEF OFFICE, SCOTLAND—98 Georgest., Edinburgh.
DIRECTORS.
John Obins Woodhouse, Esq, 82 Pembroke Road, Dublin; Omeath Park, Co Louth; Portadown, Co Armagh; Kerry Keel, Co Armagh and Down—Chairman.
Robert Craven Wade, Esq, Conebraney, Crosskeale, Co Meath, and Sackville Street Club, Dublin, J P for Counties Meath and Wicklow—Director Scottish Amicable Life Office.
Charles Going Malone, Esq, Merchant, Stephen-street and George-street, Dublin; Churchtown Lodge, Dundrom, Co Dublin—Director Commercial Gas Company.
John William Gregg, Esq, Alderman, Merchant, 18 Upper Sackville-street, Dublin—Vice Chairman.
Irwine Smith Whitty, Esq, 6 Wellington Road, Dublin—Director Government Prisons.
Bernard Coyne, Esq, 27 Waterloo Road, Dublin, J P, Co Mayo.
Jeffry Martin, Esq, 2 Clarinda Park, East Kingstown, Dublin, and Curraghmore, Ballinrobe, Co Mayo, J P for Co Mayo.
Robert Conway Hurly, Esq, Bridge House and Glenduff, Tralee; J P for Co Kerry.
David Richardson Goodlate, Esq, Merchant.
FEATURES.
A division of profits every three years to holders of policies who have no losses.
MODERATE PREMIUMS.
The company do not advocate high premiums, but rates will be charged according as the nature of the risk. Losses will be promptly and fully met on adjustment. Losses by lightning and loss or damage by explosion of gas within the premises insured made good.
JOHN INNIS, ESQ, Manager.
N B—The above company have invested in Canadian Government Bonds, in conformity with the Provincial Act, and have obtained the license of the Minister of Finance to do business in Canada, and are now prepared to take risks.
T. W. GRIFFITH, Manager for Canada.
Head Office for the Dominion—Corner of St Francois Xavier and St Sacrament-streets, Montreal.
Agents wanted in unrepresented districts throughout Canada.
589-6m NEIL McKINNON, Agent for Ottawa.

STOVES. STOVES. STOVES.
STOVES. STOVES. STOVES.
STOVES. STOVES. STOVES.
"CAPITAL" 35, H.
STOVE SUSSEX MEADOWS
DEPOT! St. & CO.

WE have received our fall and Winter Stock of STOVES, STOVE PIPES, ELBOWS, DUMB STOVES, TINWARE and LUMBERMEN'S SUPPLIES, which we offer Wholesale or Retail at low prices. In Cooking, Parlor, Box and Hall Stoves, for wood or coal, we have the largest and most varied assortment ever shown in Ottawa.

COOKING STOVES.	COOKING STOVES.	COOKING STOVES.
COOKING STOVES.	COOKING STOVES.	COOKING STOVES
COOKING STOVES.	COOKING STOVES.	COOKING STOVES.

☞ Our stock of the above comprises the latest improvements in both ELEVATED and LOW OVEN STOVES.

BOX AND HALL STOVES.		BOX AND HALL STOVES.
BOX AND HALL STOVES.		BOX AND HALL STOVES.
BOX AND HALL STOVES.		BOX AND HALL STOVES.

☞ Suitable for private Dwellings and Churches, Warehouses and Stoves.

PARLOR STOVES.	PARLOR STOVES.	PARLOR STOVES.
PARLOR STOVES.	PARLOR STOVES.	PARLOR STOVES.
PAR TOVES.	PARLOR STOVES.	PARLOR STOVES.

☞ New and most beautiful designs, very cheap.

COAL STOVES. PARLOR GRATES.
Hot Air Furnaces.
We still continue to manufacture every description of TIN, SHEET IRON, and COPPER WARE, RUSSIA IRON PIPE, and DUMB STOVES. ☞ Also all kinds of out-door Job Work in our line attended to by competent and experienced Mechanics. Country Merchants supplied with Stovepipes, &c., at reduced rates.
Lumbermen's Supplies! Lumbermen's Supplies! Shanty Plates! Basins! Camp Kettles, &c.
HOUSEFURNISHING GOODS!
Bird Cages! Bird Cages! Bird Cages!
Price Lists sent free on application.
☞ Any part of a Stove sold by us can be replaced when broken or burnt out, a fact intending buyers would do well to note.
☞ An inspection of the above goods invited at the
"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,
35, SUSSEX STREET.
Ottawa, October 2, 1867. 62-y H. MEADOWS & CO.

INSURANCE.

INTERCOLONIAL
ASSURANCE CO'Y.
OF CANADA.
Capital - - - $500,000.
With power to increase the same.
SHARES, - - $100 EACH.
PROVISIONAL DIRECTORS:
H. O. Burritt, Esq., President; R. Lyon, Esq. Mayor of Ottawa, Vice-President; T. D. Harington, Dy. Receiver General; the Hon. J. Skead, J. M. Currier, M. P., D. McLaughlin, M.P., W. Wade, Esq., F. Jones, M.P., W. Ellis, Esq., W. H. Brouse, M.D., Joseph Aumond, Esq., M. K. Church, M.D., and J. M. Bates.
THIS is purely a Canadian Institution, and as such is deserving of the support of the Canadian public.
An Act for the Incorporation of this Company is now before the Parliament of the Dominion.
Over $100,000 of stock is already subscribed and it is the intention to deposit with the Government as a guarantee of our good faith, at least $50,000 as soon as an Act of Incorporation is procured (which will be a provision of our Incorporation.) It is unnecessary here to dilate upon the profits of money invested in Insurance Stock. Suffice it to say, that, at least in one instance 355 per cent advance has been obtained on insurance stock, and that after the payment of princely dividends. In the meantime Subscriptions to Stock, in Ottawa may be made at the Ontario and Royal Canadian Banks, and a deposit of 10 per cent is requisite which will be deposited in Trust to be returned in case any subscriber is not satisfied with his investment up to one month after the Vice-Regal sanction to the Charter is obtained.
J. M. BATES,
Pro. Manager and Secretary.
Ottawa, Nov. 21, 1867. 595tf

CITY OF GLASGOW
Life Assurance Company
ESTABLISHED 1838.
CAPITAL, £600,000 Stg.
ANNUAL REVENUE OVER £120,000 Stg.
THIS COMPANY OFFERS TO THE public the combined advantage of perfect security, moderate premiums and liberal participation in profits. *No extra charge for Volunteers in defence of the country.
RINTOUL BROS., Montreal, General Agents for Canada.
NEIL McKINNON, Agent, Sparks-street, Ottawa.
Ottawa March 25. 391y

Ætna Life Insurance Company,
ESTABLISHED, A. D. 1820.
Capital and Assets, 1st Jan., 1867, $4,101,833.86
THIS MOST SUCCESSFUL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY divides the whole of the Profits, every year, among the insured, reducing the cost to about one-half the figures usually charged.
For instance, the annual payment, at the age of 30 in most Companies, to insure $2,000 is, with profits, about $50, and without profits..... $43.00
In the Ætna, $2000, to a person 50 years of age, costs the first year..... 25.31
And each subsequent year..... 26.74
Which payment is subject to further reduction as the business of the Company increases.
☞ Endowment policies on equally favorable terms.
The fact that the Ætna has, during the past 12 months, insured over 14,000 persons, from among the best business men of the Continent, is the best possible testimonial to the soundness of the Company, and the excellence of its method of doing business.
J. GARVEY, ESQ., M. D., Medical Referee.
S. PEDLAR & CO., Montreal.
Ottawa, March 13. 381y

BRITISH AMERICA
Assurance Company!
FIRE AND MARINE.
ESTABLISHED 1830.
R. S. Gassels, Esq.....Consulting Director.
THE ABOVE FIRST-CLASS COMPANY is prepared to insure all descriptions of property against loss or damage by fire.
HERRICK, BRUSH & CO., AGENTS, Aumond's Buildings.
Ottawa, January 4, 1867. 323y

NOTICE.
DR. J. GARVEY can be consulted each day PROFESSIONALLY, at his RESIDENCE, RIDEAU-STREET, from 8 o'clock to 10 in the forenoon, and from 6 to 10 in the evening. During mid-day by making inquiries at BROWNE & HARDY'S, GROCERS, Rideau-street, information can be had as to his whereabouts.
J. GARVEY, M. D.
N. B.—It is not the intention of Dr. Garvey to relinquish his practice as a physician.
Ottawa, Jan. 24, 1868. 618tf

NOTICE.
ALL persons indebted to Dr. J. Garvey, and whose accounts have been rendered, are requested to call and settle at once, or costs will be incurred.
J. GARVEY, M.D.
Ottawa, Sept. 4, 1867. 529tf

RIFLES!
Wesson's Rifles!
HAVING imported some of the above RIFLES in 1866, under free entry, I offer the balance of stock at $17 each, which is $4 less than manufacturers prices; wholesale price at factory is $25 American money.
THOMAS ISAAC, Sparks-street.
6134

Land for Sale.
$50 ACRES OF LAND, situated within two to eight miles of the city. Apply to JOHN W. McGUIRE, Lot 25, 2nd Concession, Ottawa Front, Gloucester. 546-6m

To Sell or Let---Rare Opening,
TERMS MODERATE.
FINE STONE DWELLING HOUSES, Photographic Chambers, and other Cut Stone Premises, well arranged and eligibly situated for commercial business.
Apply to JOHN MACAULEY, Chaudiere, Ottawa; or E. McGILLIVRAY, J. B. TACKABERRY, or H. McLEAN, Auctioneer, Ottawa.
January 8, 1867. 585-6m

Furniture! Furniture! Furniture!
AT THE
VARIETY HALL,
34, Sussex-st.
A MOST Complete Stock of Black Walnut and other Furniture, in Cane and Hair Seated Chairs, Tete-a-Tetes, Sofas, Extension Dining Tables, Centre Tables, Sideboards, Chiffonniers, Wardrobes, Bureaus, Bedsteads, Washstands and Toilet Tables. Also, Hair, Excelsior and Sea Grass Mattrasses, of all sizes, Gilt Mirrors, Toilet and other Looking Glasses, Table Cutlery of all kinds, Brushes, Brooms, and Wooden Ware of various descriptions, Table and Floor Mats, Soiled Linen Baskets, a beautiful article, Rocking Horses, Children's Sleighs, and the best assorted stock of Crockery, China and Glassware in the Dominion. This stock being all purchased to the best advantage will consequently be sold cheap.
Crockery, China, Glassware, Stoves and Furniture rented to private or public parties at a reasonable rate.
JOSEPH BOYDEN, General Agent.
429y

K. ARNOLDI,
WINE & SPIRIT MERCHANT.
METCALFE-STREET,
Telegraph Company's Building, Ottawa.
RECOMMENDS and Guarantees with confidence the following Wines:—
PORTS—Graham's, Sandeman's, Forrester's, Mandel's, &c.

No. 1 Good sound Wine	$2 00	$6 00
" 2 "	3 00	8 75
" 3 Old	3 50	10 00
" 1 Superior old	4 50	12 50
" 3 Very fine old	5 75	15 50

SHERRY WINE—Domecq's, Capdepons, Pemartin's, Cramp Suter's, &c.

No. 1 Light table Wine	$2 00	6 00
" 2 Superior do	3 00	8 75
" 3 Very choice do	3 50	10 00
" 4 Very Superior do	4 50	12 50
" 5 Very fine do	5 50	15 00

Marsala Wine,
$1.10 per Gallon, $1.50 per Dozen.
Especial attention called to the above Wine. As superior to all common sherries, its chief recommendation is that it agrees perfectly well with persons who cannot take those wines, even of a high class. It is soft and old, free from heat, or the slightest approach to acidity, while its very moderate price recommends it for all large entertainments, as well as for the luncheon, dinner and supper table. It has met with the highest approval from the medical gentlemen of this city.
Also, in wood or bottle, old and new Brandies, Rums, Gins, Old Tom Gins, Irish, Scotch, and Canadian Whiskeys of Standard Brands.
Clarets, Champagnes, Hocks, Caracas, Marachino, Chartreuse, Royal Italian Bitters, &c., in great variety.
Ribberts' and Guiness' Porter, Bass' and Allsopp's Ales, quart and pints. Canadian Ale of Superior Quality, in Wood and Bottle.
Goods most confidently recommended, and may be as implicitly relied upon for perfect purity as if purchased in the largest wholesale establishment in the country.
Orders by mail with cash or city reference solicited and promptly attended to. No charge for delivery in the city. A discount to persons buying in quantity or by the original package. Inspection invited.
Price Lists, and every information, on application, or sent to any address.
WINE VAULTS AND OFFICE,
No. 11, Metcalfe-street,
Telegraph Co's Building, Ottawa.
January 27, 1868. 559y

FOR SALE
BY THE SUBSCRIBERS,
New Egyptian Dates,
Oranges, Lemons,
Grapes, Turkey Figs,
West End Raisins,
Dundee Marmalade,
Jams and Jellies,
Tomatoes in tins,
Peaches, "
Sweet Corn "
Lima Beans.

OYSTERS & HADDIES!
RECEIVED WEEKLY,
DALGLISH & RUSSELL,
Upper Town.
Ottawa, Jan. 28, 1868. 651y

SMITH & RODNEY
MERCHANT TAILORS and General Outfitters, Elgin-street, opposite the Russell House, and second door from the London Music Store, having just received a choice stock of
English, French and Canadian
CLOTHS and TWEEDS,
And a general assortment of gentlemen's furnishing goods, would intimate to their friends and the public generally that they are prepared to execute all orders in their line at the shortest notice, in the most approved styles and at prices that we defy competition.
Ottawa Oct. 1, 1867. 551tf

ROANOKE
Tobacco Company,
DANVILLE, VIRGINIA.
THIS Company having established at Montreal their General Agency for the Dominion of Canada, is now prepared to offer to the public an article in
SMOKING TOBACCO!
Superior to anything of the kind ever imported into the country, and pledge their long established character that the article now offered is the purest leaf from the
Virgin Hill Tops of Virginia.
The different brands and prices are as follows viz:
The "Prince of Wales," in 1 & 2 lb tins $1.00 per lb
" "Dominion Favorite" 1 & " " " 0.75 "
" "Navy," " & 2 " " 0.65 "
The prices are NET CASH in Montreal, and orders accompanied by remittance for 5 lbs and upwards will receive prompt attention. The tobacco will be forwarded to any address, by express or otherwise, as parties may direct.
Please address
F. W. HENSHAW,
Gen. agent Dominion of Canada,
10 St. Sacrament-st.,
Montreal.
Montreal, Dec. 4, 1867. 607-1m

SNOW'S
Celebrated Fever Remedy.
A Sure and Certain Cure for Fever—Continued, Remittent, Intermittent, Typhoid, and Fever arising from Ordinary Colds.
THIS REMEDY has been used in Tropical climates for many years with the greatest success. It shortens the attack, reduces the fever gradually, and at the same time enables the system to throw off the poisonous effect of the on the blood and secretions generally.
PRICE—50 cents and $1 per Bottle. Sold Wholesale and Retail by
H. F. MacCARTHY,
Chemist, Ottawa City
Sole Agent for Dominion of Canada.
December 2, 1867. 579-3m

HOWE'S
Boot and Shoe Store.
REMOVAL.
AS the Lease of our Premises in Sussex-street terminates this month, we intend to confine our business to one locality, and shall remove the whole of our Stock on the 1st of May next, to our Store in
No. 10. Rideau-st.
Our stock of BOOTS and SHOES, LEATHER, SHOE FINDINGS, TRUNKS, &c., &c., will consequently be very large and most complete in every department, and we most respectfully solicit a continuance of favors, to merit which our constant endeavors will be as usual to provide the best articles and sell at the lowest remunerating prices.
☞ Remember the place—No. 10, Rideau

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

On no occasion will the names of Old Advertisements be inserted here.

Plans and Specifications—James D. Slater.
St. Patrick's Literary Society—The Annual Ball.
Extensive Sale of Drugs, &c.—J. Garvey, M. D.
Annual Soiree—Bank-street Congregation.
Notice—Sarah Caldwell.
Authorized Discount—R. S. M. Bouchette.

The Ottawa Times

City and County Official Paper.

TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 18, 1868.

THERE was a meeting of the Privy Council held yesterday afternoon, at which the following Ministers were present: Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD, Hon. Messrs. TILLEY, ROSE, ARCHIBALD, and KENNY. The Hon. Mr. CAMPBELL and the Hon. Mr. MITCHELL are expected to-day. The Hon. Mr. Speaker COCKBURN is also expected in town to-day.

WE are glad to learn that the Hon. Mr HOWLAND has so far recovered that he will soon be able to join his colleagues. He is expected here in a few days.

THE Board of Prison Inspectors was in session for several days here during the past week. Though, by the Act of Union, the County Jails, Asylums, &c., are now transferred to the Provincial Governments, who will doubtless hereafter provide for their inspection; there remain the Penitentiaries and Marine Hospitals of all the Provinces under the supervision of the Prison Inspectors of the Dominion, whose duties will still be of an important character. We believe the most beneficial results have followed from the establishment of the Board, such as greater security, improvement in jail discipline, and economy in management; even though with respect to County Jails the Board did not always succeed in securing compliance with its regulations.

THE distress among the Nova Scotia fishermen appears now, on undoubted evidence, to be much more extensive than was at first represented. A committee of the House of Assembly appointed to enquire into the extent of the destitution prevailing, has just reported to the Legislature that it extends over twelve counties, and that it is likely to increase from the present time until the beginning of June. The committee not only recommends relief from the Provincial authorities, but urges that a loud call should be made upon charity of the inhabitants of Nova Scotia and the neighboring Provinces. We hope that after this authentic declaration, renewed efforts will be made in this city and throughout the Western Provinces to swell the contributions to the fund. It was happily stated by the Hon. Mr. CARTIER at the public meeting here, that England, though the richest country in the world, and though having the best organization for the protection of the poor, had been assisted, and gladly received contributions, during the cotton famine in Lancashire, which had been caused by exceptional circumstances beyond England's control, and he argued justly that the famine among the fishermen of Nova Scotia should receive no less prompt and generous relief. We hope to see fresh means resorted to in this city to increase the fund; and that the City Corporation will now feel warranted in granting the $1,000 recommended by the citizens' meeting. An extract from the Committee's report to the Legislative Assembly of Nova Scotia will be found elsewhere.

THERE has been for sometime a very pretty quarrel between President JOHNSON and General GRANT, which has at length been revealed to the public in all its details through a correspondence published at the instance of one of the inquisitorial Committees of the Senate. The difficulty arose from the General's having agreed, when he accepted the Office of Secretary at War, *ad interim*, on the dismissal by the President of Mr. STANTON, that he would either hold office until relieved by the President, or compelled to retire by the decision of the law courts. Both the President and General GRANT anticipated that the Senate, acting under the Tenure-of-Office Bill, would refuse to confirm the dismissal of STANTON, and thus practically reinstate him in his office, unless the *locum tenens* should compel him to invoke the Courts, in which case the constitutionality of this Tenure-of-Office bill would have been tested. The President desired, in the event of the Senate's interference, that this should have been done, and therefore he exacted, and received, from General GRANT a promise that the General would, himself, either hold on to the office or place his resignation in the hands of the President in time to enable him to forestall the action of the Senate—in other words, place the latter in the same position towards the office, as when he dismissed STANTON before appointing GRANT.

Unfortunately for the honor of the foremost General of the Republic, he did neither. He held on to the office until STANTON was reinstated by resolution of the Senate; and then he retired in favor of STANTON, without giving the President the opportunity of testing the validity of the law by which the Senate sent Mr. STANTON back to the War Office. This led to a bitter correspondence, in which a flat contradiction as to a matter of fact passed between the parties; and again, unfortunately for General GRANT, it appears by the evidence of five Cabinet Ministers that he was entirely wrong, and the President substantially, if not literally, correct. That part of the transaction most damaging to the character of General GRANT is wherein he confesses to have gone into this arrangement with the President, with the intention (concealed of course from the latter) of defeating his declared policy in respect to the War Office; he appeared to have been acting with the President, while in fact he was intriguing with the Radicals for the purpose of defeating the President's policy. The publication of this correspondence has exhibited the conqueror of LEE in a most unenviable light.

Need it be said that all this intriguing, on one or on both sides is carried on expressly with the view of affecting the nomination for the Presidency? It has been evident for months that General GRANT's main chance for a nomination rested with his making himself acceptable to the Radicals; and also, that unless the Radicals took up a comparatively unobjectionable man, and one not at all identified with the extreme views of the Radical leaders, their chances of carrying the election would not be very encouraging. It was natural, therefore, that Gen. GRANT should look to the Radicals for a nomination, and that they should regard him with favor as their probable candidate. From the day he became Secretary at War, *ad interim*, he had either to serve their cause or forfeit their confidence, and it may have been that the President foresaw the difficulty into which the General had been led, and secretly rejoiced at the prospect of seeing a permanent rupture between GRANT and the Radicals, as there would undoubtedly have been had he resisted the reinstatement of STANTON, as he promised to the President he would. It may be fair to GRANT, who is no great strategist, to admit that the President outgeneralled him in this particular; but when he found that he had been betrayed into an awkward position by the shrewdness of the President, and his own want of foresight, he should have honorably retired from it, in time to save his character from the stigma of having acted unfairly by the President. The General's excuses are, that he did not think the Senate would have acted so abruptly, and that he had changed his mind after reflecting upon the consequences of the course which he had formerly agreed to follow; but these excuses are utterly vitiated by his arraigning the President's policy, and admitting that he intended to defeat it.

The illustrious General has come out of this war of words with no new laurels. On the contrary his veracity is tarnished and his reputation for straightforward soldierly frankness maimed for life. But he has done the Radicals a signal service; he has deprived the President of the opportunity of testing the constitutionality of the Tenure-of-Office Bill in the way he desired, to bring the issue before the courts; he has contributed to the restoration of Mr. STANTON to office; and, perhaps, secured for himself the Radical nomination for the Presidency. Perhaps these ends were worth the sacrifice of character by which they have been accomplished, but we very much doubt it.

THE Law Clerk of the Ontario Legislature has "struck" because his salary has been fixed at $400 per annum. As there are no duties attaching to his office, except when the Legislature is in Session, Ministers hold that the figure named is sufficient. The subject was debated with closed doors on Friday afternoon, but whether the Government "caved in" to the demand for higher wages, or whether they will make a fresh disposition of the office at the stated salary, has not been divulged. The *Globe* gives the name of the spunky gentleman who refuses to accept this salary as "Mr. KIELE."

"Further correspondence is published with regard to the expulsion of Mr. McGee from the St. Patrick's Society. It is now asserted that no motion for reconsideration came up, but that this was a bogus story circulated to afford the expelled member the opportunity of pretending that he would not belong to the Society."

The above is from the *Globe's* Montreal despatch of the 14th inst. Who does the lying in that city for the *Globe*? The "correspondence" referred to "asserted" that the motion for reconsideration stood as a "notice" for next meeting. Is GEORGE BROWN's "Englishman" yet in the flesh?

WE are glad to notice that Col. W. MERCER WILSON is favorably mentioned for the vacant County Judgeship of Norfolk. Col. WILSON is at present County Attorney, and is a lawyer of high standing. His appointment would be received with very general approval throughout the County. Mr. STANTON is also spoken of in connection with the office.

THE heavy snow storm of yesterday delayed the trains on the various lines of railway for several hours, and the mails were consequently behind time. Yesterday evening the wind rose, and the heavy fall of snow throughout the day supplied abundance of material for "drifting."

WE regret to have to record the death of another of Mr. Dickinson's children, (from that fatal disease, scarlet fever), notwithstanding the greatest care and exertions on the part of the nurses and the Sisters of Charity to save them.

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

BLACKWOOD'S EDINBURGH MAGAZINE. *January*, 1868. New York: *L. Scott & Co., Publishing Company.* Ottawa: *John Durie & Son.*

The contents of this number are: Address to Working Men, by Felix Holt, Linda Tressel, part 4; Sketches in Polynesia; Brownlows, part 13; Modern Cynicism; What I did at Belgrade; The Night Wanderer of an Afghaun Fort; and the Education of the People in England and America.

THE WESTMINSTER REVIEW. *Jan.* 1868, New York: *L. Scott & Co., Publishing Co.* Ottawa: *J. Durie & Son.*

CONTENTS.—Dangers of Democracy; Physiological Psychology; Two Temporal Powers; The Church in Scotland; Extradition; The origin of Electricity; Indian Worthies; The Abyssinian Difficulty; The Land Tenure of British India; and Contemporary Literature—the latter containing a review of over a score of new books. The present forms a favorable opportunity for commencing subscriptions to the American reprints of the British Reviews. Messrs. Durie will no doubt be glad to receive the orders of intending subscribers.

FROM HALIFAX.

Distress in Nova Scotia extending to Twelve Counties—Starvation Threatened—Provincial Aid and the Charity of the Public earnestly called for.

Special to THE TIMES.

HALIFAX, Feb. 17, 1868.

The following is an extract from the report of the committee of the House of Assembly, Nova Scotia, appointed to examine and report on the distress among the fishermen of the Province:

"The committee, after careful examination and enquiry, are satisfied that there exists at the present time amongst the fishing population of twelve counties great and wide spread distress and destitution. Your committee are also satisfied that this distress will rather increase than diminish from the present date till the first of June next, and that unless extensive and permanent arrangements be made, many may perish from starvation. The committee are therefore of opinion that there is an urgent necessity not only for relief from the Provincial authorities, but for a loud call upon the charity and generosity of the citizens of this and the neighboring Provinces."

No legislative report to-day.

LOCAL NEWS.

1,000 COMET BURNERS just received by Esmonde Bros., 43 Sparks-st., next door to the Hoop Skirt Factory. N.B.—75 boxes Canada plate for sale.

THE DOMINION HOUSE, WELLINGTON STREET.—This house has been thoroughly renovated and fitted up. Good table and choice liquors. Fine yard and stabling. Oysters and meals at all hours. Colin McLaurin and Geo. Irvine, Proprietors. 666-b.

GOLD WATCHES.—An extensive assortment of elegant gold watches—both American and Canada Watch Company's make—has just been imported by Young & Radford, Practical Watchmakers and Jewellers, 30 Sparks-st. Call and examine.

WEATHER TABLE.—Noted by Wm. Hearn, Optician and Druggist, Market Drug Store, York-st.

OTTAWA, Feb. 16, 1868.

Greatest degree of cold registered during the previous night 8 above zero.

8 a.m., 17	"	"
1 p.m., 17	"	"
6 p.m., 13	"	"

OTTAWA, Feb. 17, 1868.

Greatest degree of cold registered during the previous night 8 above zero.

8 a.m., 10	"	"
1 p.m., 20	"	"
6 p.m., 25	"	"

ANNUAL BALL.—It will be seen by advertisement in another column that the annual ball of the St. Patrick's Society will take place at the hall of the association, Sussex-st., on Monday evening next. An efficient committee is already appointed to make suitable arrangements, and everything promises a success. In the past the balls of the Society have always been pleasant and successful, there is no reason to think that the coming one will be an exception. Mrs. Proderick will supply the refreshments; she is an old hand at the business and is sure to give satisfaction. Gowan's excellent String Band will be in attendance; his abilities are too well known to need comment. As this will probably be the last ball of the season, it will, no doubt, be well attended.

SAPEURS BALL.—The ball of the Sapeurs' Hook and Ladder Company came off last evening with more than usual *eclat* in the Canada Hotel, in the large room formerly occupied as Grant & Henderson's store. The ball room was beautifully decorated with flags, banners, and portraits of Her Majesty, the late Prince Consort, and the members of the Royal family. Besides these there were beautiful wreaths, festoons and devices of evergreen, and all the requisites of elegance appropriate to the festive occasion. The ball was well attended, and the dancing was characterized by that grace and vivacity peculiar to the French people. But it is proper to observe that all the nationalities of the Capital were fairly represented, and there was a happy mingling of all. Marrier's string band did their best, and the list of dances was gone through in first rate style. The refreshments were served up by Mr. Larivier, to the entire satisfaction of the party. After supper the dancers returned to their amusements, which they kept up with great spirit and enjoyment till a late hour, many of them wishing that such another reunion were provided for them to-morrow night.

THE STANDARD LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY.—We have received from Mr. Richard Bell, the Inspector of Agencies for this reliable British Company, who is at present in this city, a copy of the Company's "Colonial Almanac" for 1868. The following from a recent number of the Montreal *Gazette* shows that the "Standard" occupies an enviable position on the London stock exchange, its shares bringing no less than £62 10s. for par value of £12:

The following statement compiled from the London *Economist* of the latest date, shows the latest stock quotations of British Insurance companies doing business in Canada, and the course of the market during the month ending Jan. 22:

	Amt. of Share.	Par Val.	Highest.	Lowest.	Last Price
City of Glasgow	£25	2½	—	—	4½
Commercial	50	5	5½	4	5¼
Etna	10	1	—	—	1
European	2 10	11s 6d	5s 0d	4s 6d	5s 3d
Guardian	100	50	48½	47	48½
Home	50	5	1¼		1
Imperial (Fire)	500	50	331½	330	321
" (Life)	100	10	—	—	15½
Lancashire	20	2	2 13-16	2 9-16	2 11-16
Life Association	40	7½	20½	20½	20½
Liverpool & London and Globe	20	2	8½	6½	8¼
London and Lancashire (Fire)	25	2½	¾	¾	¾
" (Life)	10	1	—	—	1
London Assurance	25	12½	—	—	46
North British	50	6¼	16	15	15½
Northern	100	5	9½	9½ 9	9-16
Phœnix	—	—	107	106	106
Queen	10	1	15-16	13-16	13-16
Royal	20	3	5¾	5	5½
Scottish Provincial	50	2½	4½	4½	4½
Standard	50	12	62½	61¼	62½

POLICE COURT.—Mathew Gilmour was charged with assaulting and beating his wife on Friday last. Dr. Macdonald testified that he was sent for on Friday night to attend Mrs. Gilmour, and found her with a badly swollen head and face, and two very bad deep wounds on the head, one on either side, just above the parietal bone, and inflicted with some blunt instrument. He did not, however, apprehend absolute danger from the wounds unless erysipelas should set in. The woman had told him in presence of the prisoner that he struck her in the face three times with his fist and twice with a chair. The prisoner at the same time told him (witness,) that he had borne a great deal from her, that she had been freely "imbibing." The case was postponed till Thursday, when the prisoner will have an opportunity to confront his wife and state the nature of his provocations.

CATTLE RUNNING AT LARGE.

To the Editor of THE TIMES.

SIR,—Although I fear I am but wasting my time in troubling you with this communication, yet a sense of the common duty which should exist between man and man, induces me to request that you will be pleased to record this, my protest against the indifference of the city corporation to the frequent accidents arising from cattle being allowed to run at large within the city limits.

On Saturday last as a young lady was crossing Clarence-st., a cow pursued by a pack of dogs, and mad with terror, rushed furiously down the street, and before the lady could recede to the sidewalk, she was knocked down, nearly senseless, by the infuriated animal, but fortunately escaped with slight injuries.

Your readers may readily conceive what serious consequences may ensue from this uncivilized practice of allowing horses and cattle to roam at liberty in the principal thoroughfares of the city.

Trusting that our City Fathers may be induced to adopt some strict measures for putting a stop to this dangerous nuisance which may be, some day, the cause of fatal accidents,

I remain, sir,
Your obd't. servant,
A WITNESS.

Ottawa, Feb. 17th, 1868.

—3,610 emigrants arrived in Australia last year, whose passage was paid by the Colonial Government, and all of whom held warrants for free grants of land.

CITY COUNCIL.

A regular meeting of the City Council was held last evening.

Present—His Worship the Mayor, Alderman Rochester, Pratt, Cunningham, Hunter, Robinson, Featherston, Mosgrove, Abbott, Goulden, Guerard, Traversy, Heney and Martineau.

A motion of Ald. Hunter's was passed, rendering unnecessary a motion to commit each petition, and thereby doing away with a great deal of unnecessary labor to members of the council, and also to the clerk.

His Worship presented a communication from R. W. Scott, Esq., M. L. A., for Ottawa, relative to certain powers given to the Ottawa Street Railway Company, and also a communication from Mr. Keefer on the same subject, requesting that the corporation of Ottawa would offer no obstructions to the reasonable requirements of the company. His Worship said he thought the Bill gave the company extraordinary powers, and that by conceding their demands, we should simply be giving up the right to our streets, but he would leave it in the hands of the council, to be dealt with as they thought proper.

Ald. Goulden asked His Worship if it would interfere with the traffic of the city.

His Worship said they could keep a car on the road for any length of time, and the corporation would have no power to remove it, though he did not suppose the Railway Company would do any such thing.

The Mayor then presented a communication from the President of the Board of Trade, proposing a new bridge over the Rideau Canal to Wellington-st., and setting forth the advantages of such a bridge, and the inadequacy of the present one to the requirements of the city.

Ald. Martineau moved to refer the communication of R. W. Scott, Esq., M. L. A., to a select committee, composed of five members.

Ald. Cunningham said that as the Street Railway Company proposed to draw their traffic over the road at night during the cessation of other traffic, he could see no great objection to the Bill in that respect, and he thought we should give the company every facility. Street Railways are the order of the day in other cities, and he thought that facilities for traffic, such as those contemplated given to the company, would benefit the trade of the city.

Ald. Cunningham offered an amendment to Ald. Martineau's resolution, expressing concurrence in the provisions of the Bill, provided the drawing of freight was done between the hours of 10 o'clock p.m. and 5 o'clock a.m. on every lawful working day.

Ald. Rochester said he was partially in favor of the resolution, and he was in favor of the railway, because he thought it would enhance the value of property outside of the city; at the same time he would not have a railway established at the expense of the people in the city.

Ald. Goulden moved in amendment to the amendment that a committee be appointed to reply to Mr. Scott's letter, previously consulting the Solicitor.

The original resolution was then put and carried.

His Worship then presented a communication from Alex. Gibb, Esq., in reference to the arbitration between Lyman Perkins, Esq., and this Council, and on motion of Ald. Pratt, Mr. Gibb was heard on the subject at the bar of the council.

Mr. Gibb then went into the subject at great length, and concluded by saying that if all the parties could be got together he had no doubt but the matter could be brought to an issue in a single day.

Ald. Featherston then, seconded by Ald. Robinson, moved a vote of thanks to Mr. Gibb for his lucid statement of the Queen-st. arbitration, requesting him to use his best endeavors to bring the affair to an issue.

Ald. Cunningham spoke in favor of the resolution, which was then carried.

The tenders for the market tolls were then opened. Thos. Coffee tendered for By and Wellington Ward Markets and offered $3,400; Joseph White offered $4,000; John Myers also tendered, offering $4,360, which was accepted.

Ald. Cunningham thought they would have been able to get a little more out of the markets. He would take this opportunity of stating that Mr. Myers had paid up in full for the last year, and that his payments throughout had been prompt and satisfactory.

A number of tenders for wells were then offered and awarded.

The several reports of the Standing Committees were then received.

In reference to the report of the Committee on printing, Ald. Abbott observed that last year the paper which did not get the tender, got more money for occasional advertising than the one which received the tender, and he wished this to be obviated.

Ald. Hunter said the committee had made provision to overcome this difficulty.

Ald. Cunningham said by the former system the party contracting was entirely in the dark as to what he was tendering for, because some years there was twice as much printing required as others.

Ald. Mosgrove asked if it was intended to have the official printing done by one English and one French paper.

His Worship said that was the intention.

His Worship in answer to an objection by Ald. Featherston, said instead of the present slip-shod system of printing, where a half of a column of a newspaper was filled, we should have the matter printed on sheets and circulate them, and the printers would be paid for just what they did.

Ald. Rochester said he believed as Ald. Abbott said, that the journal which did not get the tender received more money for the printing than the journal which did all the printing.

The council then adjourned.

See our official report in a future issue.

OBITUARY.

It is with profound regret we record the death of the very Rev. P. Dollard, V. G., at the Bishop's residence, after a severe illness of four weeks. He was a truly good and pious priest, and dies deeply lamented by all classes of the community. Father Dollard was born in Glanmore, County Kilkenny, Ireland, March 1804, and was therefore in his 64th year. He was educated at an ecclesiastical seminary in Waterford. After finishing his collegiate course he came to this country, and having from an early period of his life devoted himself to the Church, began and completed his theological studies in Montreal, where he was ordained priest by the late Bishop Lartique, on the Feast of the Ascension, 1836, and appointed to the Diocese of Kingston, where he has been in active duty for the past 32 years. How many varied acts of kindness he performed in that long period are known only to those for whom they were done. During the trying scenes of the rebellion—the epidemics of cholera and typhus fever, he labored unceasingly for the benefit of his people, and nobly performed the part of a zealous priest, a loyal subject, and a good and charitable citizen. In alluding to his conduct during the dread ship fever, Mr. Maguire, in his recent book on "The Irish in America," pays the following tribute to him: "Father Dollard, an Irish Clergyman, had to bear the chief share of the priestly duty, and from the first moment that the fever broke out, until the earth was beaten down on the top of the grave mound, he was in the midst of the danger."

He was entrusted with the entire management of the building of the Cathedral, a task, it is needless to say, he performed with singular prudence and economy. He also labored strenuously in the struggle of the Roman Catholics of Upper Canada for their educational rights begun in 1841. He took the liveliest interest in the working of the schools, and for the last year and several years previous was chairman of the Roman Catholic School Board.—*Kingston Whig.*

MASONIC JEWELS, DESIGNS, &c.—Messrs Young & Radford are prepared to furnish all kinds of Masonic jewels, in the highest styles of the art, on the shortest notice, and at the cheapest rates. All kinds of jewellery repaired.

CABLE NEWS.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

LONDON, Feb. 16.—It is generally believed that Lord Stanley will soon succeed Earl Derby at the head of the Government.

PARIS, Feb. 16.—The semi official journals of this city deny that there will be any immediate change in the Ministry, and contradict the reports that the Government contemplates important alterations in the Constitution of the Empire.

ANTWERP, Feb. 16.—Eve.—A fire occurred here to-day which at first threatened to be very destructive. It broke out in a fleet of vessels laden with petroleum, and near some large warehouses stored with the same article. The flames were confined to two or three lighters, on board of which about 3,000 barrels of petroleum were destroyed.

THIS MORNING'S DESPATCHES.

BERLIN, Feb. 17.—The illness of Count Von Bismarck is serious; he is not able to leave Berlin.

LONDON, Feb. 17.—Private letters from South America, dated Jan. 18, have been received, which represent that the prospect of the Paraguayans continued to improve. They state that President Lopez was taking the offensive, and had twice bombarded the Brazilian camp on the Parana with effect.

The letters from Paris to English journals reiterate the statement that changes are contemplated in the policy and in the Cabinet of the Emperor.

Despatches from Senafe announce that the British expeditionary corps has occupied Adigraph, and reports had reached Senafe that the advance had reached Deral and Tecanta. It was also rumored from the interior that the native tribes who had revolted against King Theodore, were again submitting to his authority.

LONDON, Feb. 17—9 p. m.—In the House of Commons this evening Earl Mayo, late Lord Naas, the Chief Secretary to Ireland, informed members that the Government was preparing an Irish Reform Bill, and would be ready to lay it before the House on the 9th of March, and other measures in regard to Ireland, he said, would be brought forward on the 28th.

Sir Charles Bright called attention to the scheme for placing the telegraphic wires under the authority of Government, and inquired if any action had been taken, or if it was proposed by the Ministry to take any action to that end.

G. W. Hunt, under Secretary of the Treasury, replied that it was the intention of the Government to purchase the lines of telegraph in Great Britain, and he promised that the plans for effecting that change, which was being matured in the Treasury Office, would be submitted to the House within a week.

A motion was made for the second reading of the Bill for the suspension of the writ of *Habeas Corpus.*

The Hon. Mr. Fortesmo, member for Andover, said he thought the motion proved that the administration of affairs in Ireland was wrong, and greatly needed reform.

Sir Henry Winston, member for Waterford city, said the Bill was an outrage upon the Catholics, shut out as they were from their rightful share in the Government.

Earl Mayo made an explanation in regard to the case of George Francis Train. He said the policeman who arrested him had received general instructions to watch persons arriving at Queenstown from the United States, and to stop all suspicious persons. When the trunk of Mr. Train was examined copies of his own speech on Ireland were found, and hence his arrest on suspicion.

DUBLIN, Feb. 17.—In the case of Mr. Sullivan, editor of the Dublin *Nation*, whose trial for the publication of seditious libels, occupied the greater portion of last week, the jury to-day brought in a verdict of guilty. The case excites universal interest.

AMERICAN NEWS.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

California Protests Against Confederation.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 15.—In consideration of the attempt of the English Government to unite British Columbia with the Dominion of Canada resolutions were to-day introduced in the Legislature stating that it is of the utmost importance to the Pacific States and the whole American Union that British Columbia be annexed to the United States, and that our Senators and representatives be requested to urge the Government at Washington to use all honorable means to acquire said territory, and that the Government be instructed to telegraph these resolutions to the President of the United States and the members of Congress from the Pacific States.

Fire.

WORCESTER, MASS., Feb. 16.—A fire at Natick last evening destroyed property to the amount of $50,000.

Important from China and Japan.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 15.—The steamship *Great Republic*, from China and Japan, arrived this morning, bringing advices from Hong Kong to Jan. 7th, Shanghai to the 17th, Yokohama to the 27th.

SHANGHAI, Jan. 17.—Hon. Anson Burlingame, the Chinese ambassador to the treaty powers, leaves China for San Francisco, Feb. 25th. His suite consists of thirty persons. Two Chinese officials of the highest rank proceed with Mr. Burlingame, as novitiates, but by Imperial decree Mr. Burlingame has been placed at the head of the mission. He has letters of credence to each of the treaty powers, signed for the first time by the Emperor. The mission is to be permanent as soon as the Chinese officials fit themselves for foreign diplomatic duties. His mission is regarded by the residents of China as the greatest step in advance yet taken by the Empire.

Pekin advices say the rebels and mounted robbers have slaughtered great numbers of the people, but there is no danger whatever of the capture of the capital. In Shantung, thirty thousand rebels have been killed, and the Imperial troops are everywhere victorious. Horrible barbarities were committed by the Shantung rebels.

Extensive coal beds have been discovered seven miles from Ningho, and there is a prospect of the coal mines at new Chin Kaing being worked. The value of exports from Shanghai is greater than from the entire Russian Empire. Shanghai is entering upon a career of extraordinary prosperity. The opening of the Yangtsee Kiag River is an absolute commercial, as well as political, necessity, to the United States, now the nearest neighbors of China. Everything is quiet at the coast ports.

There has been a terrible earthquake in the Island of Formosa, by which thirty thousand lives were lost.

The town of Hiagho, Japan, was burned on Christmas Day.

THIS MORNING'S DESPATCHES.

From Japan.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 16.—Advices from Japan report that a formidable revolution had taken place in Japan, in consequence of the opening of the new ports to foreigners. The young Mikado was seized by the three leading Princes of the Empire, and remained a prisoner in their hands. Bashi is collecting forces and organizing an army with which he will attempt to recover his lost power. Disturbances of a serious nature had taken place in Yeddo. Admiral Bell, of the United States navy, was drowned with ten others at the mouth of the Osaka river, January 11th. F. G. Myburgh, British Consul at Porto, died January 21st.

Cholera in Buenos Ayres.

NEW YORK, Feb. 17.—South American advices state the cholera was raging terribly in Buenos Ayres, there being from 150 to 180 victims daily.

General McClellan Likely to Succeed Mr. Adams.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 17.—There seems to be no doubt that the appointment of Minister to England has been tendered to Gen. G. B. McClellan, but nothing definite has yet been heard from him as to its acceptance. The resignation of Mr. Adams, it has been ascertained from an official source, takes place in April.

The Abyssinian Movement.

NEW YORK, Feb. 17.—The *Herald's* Suez (Egypt) special says King Theodore is at his camp near the Palace of Magadola, where the English captives are confined. The Abyssinian monarch is said to be in a bad strait in a military point of view. An engagement between the two armies is emminent, and may take place at any moment. Very few of the disaffected native chiefs now acknowledge any fealty to Theodore. The chief Kashei, ruler of the Tigre District, openly courts the favor of General Napier. General Napier fears that this chief, whose political character is bad, aims at making a secret attack on him, and consequently seeks to arrange and perfect a binding treaty of alliance with him, so as to hold him answerable for his future acts. The Egyptians, with many Turks, are near Magadola, but they use no caution, and march on in a reckless manner without the sanction of their superior officers of the English army. The English in the interior number 20,000. The troops suffered considerably from the heat of the weather.

THE "ALABAMA" CLAIMS.

[From the N. Y. World.]

Mr. Seward, Secretary of State, of the United States, stands in relation to the *Alabama* claims precisely in the attitude of a lawyer who has a case to conduct for a client. The Government of the United States has nothing to do with these claims excepting in its capacity of advocate for those of our citizens who have been injured by the alleged acts or omissions of the Government of Great Britain. The party who is sought to be held responsible for these injuries being a foreign nation, redress can only be had by the intervention of our own Government. But in seeking the redress our Government prosecutes the claims of private citizens, without any interest of its own to assert; and it is clearly bound, as a trustee and agent, to do nothing that shall, on the one hand, endanger or delay the recovery, to the injury of the claimants, or, on the other hand, expose us to the necessity of going to war, to the injury of the nation.

Public rumor, on both sides of the Atlantic, imputes to Mr. Seward the having insisted, in his negotiations with the British Government, that the question of the propriety of the Queen's proclamation of neutrality, which in effect recognized the Confederate States as belligerents, shall, if not directly submitted to the arbitration, be left to be raised by the United States as a part of our case; and it is said that Lord Stanley has utterly refused to have this question included in the arbitration, and thus the negotiations are brought to a stand. Recent rumors here impute to our Government a purpose to make a peremptory demand on England, either to pay the claims or to submit to the other and the only possible consequence of refusal, which is war.

Believing that there is no necessity for assuming such an attitude, and looking upon a war with England, which can be honorably avoided, as little else than a crime as well as a calamity, we shall not hesitate to examine the merits of our claim with the utmost freedom. Mr. Seward is not a skilful diplomatist nor a wise statesman; and he has failed, as yet, to bring this matter to a successful issue, simply because he has failed, from some cause or other, to see the real strength of the case, and the only ground on which we can recover. Let us state the case as it would be stated by any one who comprehends its true merits, and who is willing to apply those merits to the chances of recovery before any arbitrator who would be likely to be selected.

Citizens of the United States having ships and merchandise on the ocean complain that during the civil war carried on between our Government and certain rebels who had organized a *de facto* government of a revolutionary character, a cruiser called the *Alabama* was allowed, by the negligence of the British Government, to be fitted out in England by the Confederate States Government, and to cruise against and destroy their property. Now what is the real strength of this claim? It is, whether, supposing the Confederate Government to be regarded as belligerent by neutral powers, the English Government did not so grossly neglect the duties of neutrality, by allowing the *Alabama* to be fitted out in England, as to make themselves justly responsible for the injuries which she did to our commerce. There is no other possible ground of recovery. Now, what benefit to this case is it going to be, in the court of an arbitrator, to go behind the merits of the claim, and to insist that England never should have allowed to the Confederate Government the character of a belligerent? That issue, if opened, would weaken our case, because it would introduce a question that would almost certainly be decided against us. Where does Mr. Seward expect to find an arbitrator who could hold that the Queen's proclamation of neutrality was a premature or an unfriendly act? He could not find such an arbitrator among all the sovereigns of Europe; and if private civilians are to be selected for this purpose, and they are to be governed by the law of nations, no such decision could be expected from them. The arbitrator, whoever he might be, would have to regard the principle that makes each neutral nation the judge for itself of the time and circumstances under which it will regard as regular war contest between a Government *de jure* and a Government *de facto*, when a formidable rebellion exists. We exercised this right ourselves in the case of every one of the Spanish-American Provinces, after they had revolted from Spain, and while the wars for their independence were going on; and with so many precedents made by ourselves to be cited against us, we may be assured that the European world is not going to hold that the same right does not belong to other nations. What is this right? It is nothing more or less than this: that whenever a nation sees that there are two parties to a civil war, whose acts of hostility towards each other are likely to draw that nation or its subjects into the dispute unless a position of neutrality is taken and proclaimed, it may take that position of neutrality and may thenceforth stand in the same relation to the parties as if it were a contest between nation and nation. This is all that the mere recognition of the belligerent character in such cases ever amounts to; and it is all that happened in and through the Queen's proclamation. As the right to determine whether and when this attitude is to be taken belongs to every nation, it is plain that no nation can permit the exercise of this right to be rejudged after the event.

* * * * * * * * *

But when a professed attitude of neutrality has been taken, both the civil law and the municipal law of the neutral country will appoint means of determining whether the obligations of neutrality have been faithfully observed. There will then be something to try which admits of adjudication. In the present case the only real question that can be made the subject of arbitration is, whether the British Government, by permitting the *Alabama* to be fitted out in England, with the manifest purpose of cruising against our commerce, neglected or violated the duties of neutrality. This question is not only capable of adjudication, but it is the only one we need raise. It is the question on which we shall prevail, if we ever do prevail. It is the question on which we can make the strongest case; and we can make that case far stronger if, taking the promise of neutrality held out in the proclamation, we proceed to show that the promise was not kept.

* * * * * * * * *

If it turns out that this matter has been so managed by Mr. Seward that we have failed to obtain an arbitration which we might have had, and that there is no recourse but to make that kind of demand which must be refused, and which being refused must be followed by war, we shall know where the responsibility ought to rest. A minister who gets this country into a war with England on such a point as this will have an account to render. The people of this country can see well enough that if this matter had been in the hands of such a man as William L. Marcy or Daniel Webster, we should have had the whole controversy terminated without any serious risk of a rupture of friendly relations. They can see enough in the existing state of things to satisfy them that England has not risked a rupture with us for any other reason than because our claim has been pressed in a way that renders it impossible for her to refer it. It is not a rational supposition that the English Government has resorted to mere subterfuges in order to repel this claim; for the claim is of too serious a character to be met in any way but that which is the most practical and direct mode of encountering it. The injuries inflicted by the *Alabama* upon our commerce were very great, and it is well known that the claimants believe that they have a case which demands redress. It is a case which no English Ministry can treat with indifference, and there is no conceivable motive which should lead any Ministry to set up a mere punctilio as an answer either to the claim itself or to the suggestion of an arbitration. If we are to fail in procuring an arbitration, we trust that President Johnson, before taking the next step, will take care that the people of this country have the means of judging whether *the case as it has been presented* has not been the cause of the failure. We trust, too, that any other matters of complaint which we may have against England will not be allowed to be mixed up with this one. The case of the merchants who lost property by the *Alabama* has nothing on earth to do with the wrongs of our citizens who have been imprisoned in England or Ireland for supposed Fenianism; nor have these latter wrongs anything to do with the former. At the same time, although there may be very different causes of complaint existing at the same time, popular feeling is always more strongly excited by a number of such complaints than it is by one; and it is the business of a statesman, for that very reason, to keep them from being blended in the popular mind.

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY.

6 HOSPITAL STREET,
2 doors from St. Francois Xavier Street.

It has been established, by the best medical authority, that one-half the nervous diseases are caused by drinking impure Tea. The Company have imported a supply of Teas that can be warranted pure, and free from poisonous substances, in boxes of 10, 15, 20 and 25 lbs., and upwards.

BLACK TEA.—Common Congou, Broken Leaf, Strong Tea. 45c., 50c.; Fine Flavored New Season do., 55c.; Excellent Full Flavored do., 75c.; Sound Oolong, 40c., 45c.; Rich Flavored do., 60.; Very Fine do. do., 75c.; Japan Good, 50c. Very Good, 58c.; Finest, 75c.

GREEN TEA.—Twankay Common, 35c.; Fine do., 55c.; Young Hyson, 50c. and 60c.; Fine do., 75c., Superfine and Very Choice, $1.

A saving will be made, by purchasing direct from the importers, quality and purity considered. All orders for boxes of 20 or 25 lbs., or two 12 lbs., sent carriage-free to the country. Teas not mentioned in this circular equally cheap. The company having determined to take a stand in the Montreal market, weight, quality and circular may be implicitly relied on. Where a 20 lb. box would be too much two or three clubbing together could divide. In writing you will oblige by addressing thus: Montreal Tea Company, 6 Hospital-st., Montreal. An excellent Mixed Tea could be sold for 60c.; very good for common purposes, 50c. Buyers living beyond Railway Stations will please send Post Office order, or enclose notes. The carriage will be paid to the nearest station. Tea will be forwarded immediately on receipt of the order by mail containing money, or the money can be collected on delivery by express-man, where there are Express Offices. A trial solicited.

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY,
6 Hospital Street,
First Street below Notre Dame Street.

All boxes and chests sent from this establishment have the address of the Montreal Tea Company printed on them

YOUNG AND RADFORD have the largest, best, and cheapest stock of watches to be found in Ottawa. They have also on hand a very choice and varied assortment of Electro-plated ware, and Fancy Goods. They do all kinds of repairing and jewellery jobbing in first-class style. 656-y.

COTTON NO LONGER KING.—Cotton goods are now nearly as cheap as before the American war. Garland, Mutchmor & Co. have lately received a few bales of gray and white cottons, shirtings and prints, purchased since the great fall in prices. Parties requiring any description of dry goods would do well to see their stock before purchasing. 582-y

OUR FORTIFICATIONS.—It is now nearly fifty years since our fortifications have been looked after in any way. We think it is now high time, and that it behoves our government to put them in a proper state of defence, and have our lakes and rivers well protected. "One ounce of prevention is worth a pound of cure; but while we are protecting ourselves against a foreign enemy, we should not forget to fortify ourselves against bruises, frost-bites, chilblains, pains in the back and side, cholic, cholera morbus; the "Canadian Pain Destroyer" is the most effectual medicine. Sold by all dealers in medicine at 25 cents per bottle.

CURE YOUR HORSES.—It is to the interest of all who own horses to keep them in a healthy and sound condition: experience has proved that "Darley's Arabian Remedy and Condition Medicine" is the most efficacious, it has been used by thousands who will cheerfully confirm this statement. For Heaves, Coughs, Colds, and all diseases which affect the wind of horses it has no equal, nor is it equalled as a condition medicine; it purifies the blood, corrects and improves the appetite, and softens the skin; in fact, so great is the improvement in the condition and appearance of the animal as to have lead many to doubt it it could be the same horse.

Remember the name, and see that the signature of *Hurd & Co.* is on each package.

Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, C.W., proprietors for the Canadas. Sold by all Medicine dealers.

—There are now being made at Naples several thousand red shirts ornamented with the letter V in black cloth on the breast. This letter, we are assured, signifies *vendetta.* Against whom is the *vendetta* to be practised? From an expression in a recently published letter of Garibaldi, we may suppose it is the French. But the idea of putting on a special uniform to execute vengeance is singular.

—There are in England more than nine million persons with independent incomes, of whom more than one-fifth are of the upper and middle classes. The proportion holds good to the United Kingdom; thirteen millions with independent incomes. The total income of persons in the United Kingdom in 1867 was £821,379,000, or £47,000,000 more than the whole national debt.

—Is health worth having? If it is protect it—it is a jewel as easily lost as virtue, and in many cases as difficult to recover. In this climate, and more particularly at this season of the year, people are very apt to take cold and suffer from sore throat, coughs, spitting of blood and pulmonary complaints generally, which if not checked immediately lead to serious consequences. The question arises—which is the quickest and most effectual remedy? Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers have been before the public for twenty years, and have always given perfect satisfaction, and invariably effect permanent cures when taken in season. Sold by all medicine dealers and country stores generally throughout the Province, at 25cts. per box.

New York Markets.

NEW YORK, Feb. 17.—Cotton firmer at 20c. Flour less active and unchanged. Receipts 1,900 bbls and 2,800 bags. Sales 6,800 bbls. at $8.60 @ $9.75; Superfine State and Western $9.90 @ $10.80; Common to Choice Extra State $9.70 @ $9.90 and $11.99 for Common to Choice Extra Western. Rye Flour firmer at $7.50 @ $9.40. Wheat quiet and drooping. Receipts 1,700 bus. Sales 38,000 bus. at $2.45. Corn less active and less firm. Receipts 80,000 bus. Sales 43,000 bus. at $1.26 @ $1.28. Barley quiet. Receipts 1,500 bus. Oats lower and dull. Receipts 56,000 bus. Sales 56,000 bus. at 83½c. for Western afloat. Pork firmer and quiet at $22.25 @ $22.63 for old mess and $23.63 @ 23.75 for new do. Lard firm at 14c. @ 14½c.

Chicago Markets.

CHICAGO, Feb. 15.—Flour quiet. Spring Extra, $8.23 @ $8.50 for low and fair; $10 @ $10.25 for good to choice. Wheat quiet, at $2.5¼ for No. 1, and $2.10 for No. 2. Corn steady, at 80½c. @ 80¾c. for new, and 84½c. @ 84¾c. for No. 1. Oats quiet, at 86½c. @ 87c. Rye more active, and advanced 1c. @ 2c; sales at $1.53 @ $2. Barley quiet, No. 2 nominal; sample lots, at $1.50 @ 2.25; rejected at $1.71 @ $1.74. Mess pork dull, at $22 @ $22.25 for standard; cut meats firmer. Lard quiet at 14c. Dressed hogs firm; light $9.00 @ $9.25; heavy $9.50 @ $10.00. Live hogs firm; light, $9.00 @ $9.25; heavy, $9.50 @ $10.00. Beef cattle dull and unchanged, receipts, 2,400 flour; 17,000 wheat; 47,000 corn; 16,000 oats; 2,600 dressed hogs; 2,800 live hogs. Shipments, 35,000 flour; 13,000 corn; 2,200 oats; 3,000 dressed hogs; 2,400 live hogs.

OTTAWA MARKETS.

(*Compiled expressly for the* TIMES.)

TIMES OFFICE, OTTAWA, Feb. 17.

FLOUR—Extra	8 75	@	[illegible]
No. 1	8 25	@	[illegible]
No. 2	6 00	@	[illegible]
Bags—Fall per 100 lbs.	4 05	@	[illegible]
" Spring "	4 12½	@	[illegible]
Oatmeal—per 200 lbs.	7 00	@	[illegible]
Indian Meal	5 50	@	[illegible]
Rye—per bushel 56 lbs.	0 80	@	[illegible]
Barley " 48 lbs.	0 90	@	[illegible]
Buckwheat Flour—bbl.	5 50	@	[illegible]
WHEAT—Fall—per bushel, 60 lbs.	1 90	@	[illegible]
Spring " "	1 80	@	[illegible]
CORN—Per bushel, 56 lbs	1 25	@	[illegible]
Peas " 60 lbs.	0 80	@	[illegible]
Oats " 34 lbs.	0 55	@	[illegible]
Beans " 60 lbs.	1 50	@	[illegible]
PORK—Mess—per barrel	20 00	@	[illegible]
Prime Mess per do.	14 00	@	[illegible]
Hog per 100 lbs.	6 00	@	[illegible]
Hams	0 12	@	[illegible]
Beef	6 00	@	[illegible]
Mutton—per lb by the qr.	0 06	@	[illegible]
Lamb—per qr.	0 06	@	[illegible]
Geese—Each	0 40	@	[illegible]
Turkeys—Each	0 60	@	[illegible]
Ducks	0 70	@	[illegible]
Fowl—Per pair	0 40	@	[illegible]
BUTTER—Choice Table	0 25	@	[illegible]
No. 1 Firkin	0 20	@	[illegible]
No. 2	0 17	@	[illegible]
Eggs	0 25	@	[illegible]
Apples—per brl.	3 00	@	[illegible]
VEGETABLES, &c.—Potatoes	0 40	@	[illegible]
Onions—per bbl	4 50	@	[illegible]
HAY—Per ton, new	12 00	@	14 00
WOOD—Per cord	0 00	@	[illegible]
Tamarac	0 00	@	[illegible]
Hemlock	0 00	@	[illegible]

STATEMENT

Of the Provincial Notes in circulation, Wednesday, February 5, 1868, and of the specie held against them at Montreal and Toronto, according to the returns of the Commissioners under the Provincial Note Act:

Provincial Notes in circulation—		
Payable at Montreal	$3,367,982 00	
Payable at Toronto	$879,760 00	$4,247,742 00
Specie held		
At Montreal	$450,000 00	
At Toronto	$450,000 00	$900,000 00
Debentures held by the Receiver General under the Provincial Note Act		3,000,000 00

JOHN LANGTON,
Auditor.

Audit Office,
Ottawa, Feb. 13, 1868.

YOUNG AND RADFORD'S stock of watches, clocks, jewellery, fancy goods and electro-plated ware are worthy of inspection. All goods will be sold cheap. Give them a call. Remember the place, 30 Sparks-st. 505a

SPECIAL NOTICE.

Mothers Read This!—Holloway's Worm Lozenges are a certain and safe remedy for Worms in Children and Adults.—As it is a well known and melancholy fact that one great cause of death among children is from Worms alone, it cannot be too deeply impressed upon the minds of parents the necessity of closely watching their children. By so doing; and understanding the symptoms and true cause of the disease, thousands of children might be saved from early graves. SYMPTOMS OF WORMS.—The following are a few of the very numerous symptoms and diseases which are caused by Worms: deranged appetite, emaciated extremities, offensive breath, frequent picking at the nose, grinding of the teeth during sleep, hardness of the belly, with frequent slimy stools, and sometimes convulsive fits; itching of the arms, pain in the head and stomach, uneasy sleep, faintings, tremblings, coughs, indigestion, low spirits, frightful dreams, and a gradual wasting away of flesh.

They are palatable and self-administered to the child—drive out the worms thoroughly without pain and completely cleanse the stomach—thereby doing away with the necessity of administering Castor Oil or other unpleasant cathartics—as in the use of other Worms.

Each box contains the fac-simile signature of NORTHROP & LYMAN, Newcastle, C.W., who are the sole proprietors.

N. B. Ask for *Holloway's Worm Lozenges* and take no other. Sold by all the druggists in Ottawa, and medicine dealers everywhere. 578y

DIED.

In this city, on Sunday, the 16th inst., Lewis Hampton, son of William Dickinson, Esq., aged 4½ years.

At the Bishop's residence, Kingston, on Wednesday evening, 12th inst., the Very Rev. Patrick Dollard, V. G., and R. C. Chaplain to the Garrison, aged 63 years.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

St. Patrick's Literary Society.

ERIN GO BRAGH

THE ANNUAL BALL

OF THE

ST. PATRICK'S LITERARY SOCIETY

WILL BE HELD AT THE

St. Patrick's Hall.

—ON—

Monday Evening, 24th Inst.

THE MUSIC will be furnished by Gowan's Band. Mrs. Proderick will supply the refreshments.

Tickets $2 each, to be had of the Secretary and members of the Committee, and at Mrs. Proderick's, Sussex-street.

M. O'KEEFE,
Secretary.

Ottawa, Feb. 18, 1868. 686d

Extensive Sale

—OF—

Drugs, Patent Medicines, DYE STUFFS, &c.

THE Entire Stock of Drugs, &c., &c. saved from the late disastrous fire by Dr. J. GARVEY, is now offered FOR SALE at the Office of EDWARD BEARMAN, Esq., over COWAN'S HARDWARE STORE, Rideau-street.

Buyers are requested to call at once, as the entire stock must be disposed of.

J. GARVEY, M.D.

Ottawa, Feb. 18, 1868. 686d

SOIREE.

The Bank-street Congregation

WILL HOLD THEIR

ANNUAL SOIREE

ON THE

Evening of Friday, the 21st Inst.,

IN THE

Basement of the Methodist Church,

CENTRE TOWN.

An efficient Choir will be in attendance. Refreshments will be served at 7 o'clock. Tickets may be obtained at the stores of Messrs. Dalglish & Russell, Upper Town; Mr. Robertson, Centre Town; and Mrs. Proderick, Lower Town. Doors open at half-past six.

Ottawa, Feb. 18, 1868. 686d

NOTICE.

THE HOLDERS of TICKETS for the DRAWING OF PRIZES in aid of the GOOD SHEPHERDS, will take notice that the same has been POSTPONED till TUESDAY EVENING, TWENTY-FIFTH FEBRUARY, INST., at 7½ o'clock, at St. Vincent's Hall.

SARAH CALDWELL.

Ottawa, Feb. 18, 1868. 686d

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, February 14, 1868.

AUTHORIZED Discount on American Invoices until further notice, 28 per cent.

R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner of Customs.

PLANS & SPECIFICATIONS

FOR THE WESTERN

CENTRAL SCHOOL BUILDING,

WILL BE RECEIVED AT THE

City Hall,

BY THE

BOARD OF SCHOOL TRUSTEES

FOR THE

City of Ottawa,

UP TO THE

Third day of March Next,

At Seven O'clock, P. M.,

THE BUILDING

TO BE OF

BRICK or STONE.

Eighty Feet Frontage, and Fifty Feet in Depth, Two Stories High, with a good Basement for the Heating Apparatus.

ECONOMY,

Durability and Convenience

To be studied by each competitor.

The cost of building, with heating apparatus and out-houses, to be shown completed.

A Premium of Fifty Dollars

To be given for the Plans and Specifications that shall be accepted by the Board. Those not Accepted will be returned to the person or persons who may have submitted the same.

JAMES D. SLATER,
Chairman.

Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1868. 669a

WATCH LOST.

LOST on Saturday afternoon, by a lady while walking from Wellington-street up Bank's and the New Road as far as the second bridge, a small, somewhat old style, Gold Watch. The finder will be suitably rewarded on leaving it at this Office.

February 17, 1868. 668-3

PORK! FLOUR!

THE Subscribers have just received 10 CAR LOADS of PORK, consisting of

455 *BBLS. OF MESS.*

40 *DO. OF THIN MESS,*

155 *DO. OF PRIME MESS,*

Also 20,000 lbs. weight Superior Steam Refined Leaf Lard.

Also for Sale, 500 barrels of Flour.

O'CONNOR & WALLER,
Exchange Brokers and Commission Merchants,
Sussex-st., Ottawa.

Ottawa, Feb. 17, 1868. 668f

AUCTION SALE

OF

Household Furniture, &c.

HECTOR McLEAN

HAS received instructions from Mr. BOLGER to sell by AUCTION at his

Auction Rooms, 18 Sparks-street,

ON

TUESDAY, the 18th INST.,

At TWO o'clock, p. m., a quantity of Household Furniture, comprising Sideboards, Wardrobes, Chests of Drawers, Hair and Cane Bottomed Chairs, Loo Tables, Bedsteads, Washstands, What-nots, Feather Beds, Hair Mattrasses, Superior Linen Sheets, Window Curtains, Engravings, Blankets, Towels and Palliases. Also, Crockery and Glassware, Parlor Stoves, Pipes, Cooking Stoves, Coal Stoves, and other articles too numerous to mention.

TERMS CASH.

H. McLEAN, Auctioneer.

Ottawa, Feb. 17, 1868. 668d

DEPARTMENTAL NOTICE.

Department of Inland Revenue,

OTTAWA, 10th February, 1868.

HIS EXCELLENCY the GOVERNOR-GENERAL has been pleased by an Order in Council, dated on the 31st ultimo, to authorize that the 95th Section of the Act 31 Vict., Cap. 8, be so far modified as to place

MALT

IN THE SAME POSITION AS

MALT LIQUOR

Formerly occupied, and as

Spirits and Tobacco

Now occupy, viz.: Of having the privilege of being sold and transferred in bond, removed from one bonded warehouse to another bonded warehouse, or from place to place, where Officers of the Inland Revenue are stationed, and of being exported free of duty, under the regulations provided and approved by an Order in Council of the 17th May, 1865, for the "Warehousing and Exportation of Spirits, Malt Liquor and Tobacco."

By command,

THOS. WORTHINGTON,
668-3 Commissioner of Inland Revenue.

THE CAPITAL

Boot and Shoe Store!

South Side of York-street, Lower Ottawa.

A LARGE SUPPLY of HAND-MADE KIPP BOOTS and SHOES of the VERY BEST QUALITY on hand.

Lumbermen who are anxious to furnish workmen with GOOD FEET WARE, will be enabled to do so by calling at the CAPITAL for their supplies.

I am selling off the balance of the Winter Stock of READY MADE WORK at REDUCED PRICES, which consists of Ladies' Misses' and Children's CALMORALS, CONGRESS GAITERS, RUBBERS and OVERSHOES, and Men's and Boys' Boots in CALF SKIN, KIPP and COW HIDE.

Orders and Measures taken for all sorts of Work.

GEORGE MURPHY.

Ottawa Jan. 31, 1868. 429-y

Nurse Wanted.

Apply at

N. McKINNON'S, Broker,
41½ Sparks-st.

Ottawa, Feb. 17. 668f

APPLICATION will be made during the present session of the Parliament of Canada for an Act to incorporate the "British and Canadian Bank."

February 14, 1868. 666-2m

Great Remnant Sale.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.

Importers, 20 Sparks Street.

With a view to CLEAR OUT THEIR STOCK OF REMNANTS, prior to stock-taking have RE-MARKED ALL THEIR REMNANTS at prices that must effect a SPEEDY CLEARANCE.

Remnants of Cloths, Remnants of Cobourgs,
Remnants of Dress Goods, Remnants of Silks,
Remnants of Cottons, Remnants of Linens,
Remnants of Prints, Remnants of Flaunels,
Remnants of Carpetings, Remnants of Oil-cloths,

And a host of other remnants too numerous to particularize.

Sale to commence on MONDAY, 17th, and to continue during the week.

Ottawa, February 17, 1868. GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO. 484y

PHŒNIX.

MESSRS. R. EATON & Co. respectfully announce to the public that THEY HAVE RESUMED BUSINESS in this City in the various branches of their trade and manufacture, which they now carry on at the following places:—

Paint, Oil, Varnish, Color and Painters' Stock Depot,
☞ Bell's New Block, 1st Story, Opposite the Russell House.
Oil Painting, Engraving, Paper Hanging and Decorating Depot,
☞ Bell's New Block, 2nd Story, Opposite the Russell House.
Looking-Glass, Picture Frame, Silvering and Gilding Rooms,
☞ Scott's Building, over Confectionary, Opposite the Russell House.
Cornice, Picture, and Locking-Glass Frame Manufactory,
☞ Wright's Building, Chaudiere, formerly occupied by E. B. Eddy, Esq.

destroyed by fire, and has been carefully and judiciously selected, with especial regard to the demands of this City and its surroundings. Their Painters' Stock is especially good. Their Paper Hangings and Decorating Stock is in endless variety of quality and price: and the Decoration of Dwellings, Offices, Stores and Public Buildings undertaken, and satisfaction guaranteed both as to style and workmanship.

Having secured spacious premises at the Chaudiere, with extensive water-power, for the purpose of Manufacturing Cornices and Frames of all kinds, and having also secured spacious Looking-Glass, Silvering and Gilding Rooms, they will be enabled to fill orders for Pier, Mantle, Hanging and Toilet Mirrors, Picture Frames and Cornices, at the Shortest Notice.

Oil Paintings and Engravings of undoubted merit and beauty always in stock.

Window Blinds, new style, unsurpassed, always kept on hand. These are made so as to fit windows of any size, and are painted or oiled to suit taste or business of purchaser.

Messrs. R. E. & Co., avail themselves of this opportunity for returning their sincerest thanks for the kind patronage heretofore bestowed upon them, and for the great sympathy manifested for them on the occasion of the recent fire, and in resuming business they beg to assure their many kind friends and patrons that with new stock, renewed energy, and competent and faithful workmen, they feel confident of filling all orders with which they may be favored with promptness and punctuality, and in such a manner as will merit entire satisfaction.

OFFICE—Bell's Block, Opposite Russell House.

OTTAWA, Feb. 14, 1868. 666-3m

ANGUS AND HUCKELL,

No. 15 SUSSEX-STREET

GREAT DISCOUNT SALE!

CLEARING OUT

FALL AND WINTER STOCK

—OF—

Boots, Shoes & Rubbers.

10 CENTS OFF EVERY DOLLAR

CASH PURCHASES,

FOR ONE MONTH.

Largest and Best Stock

IN THE DOMINION.

☞ Call and See.

No. 15 SUSSEX-STREET

Boots, Shoes and Rubbers.

OTTAWA, February 17, 1868. 665y

THE NEW DOMINION!

47. SUSSEX-STREET. 47.

Established with the Nation, 1st July, 1867.

Tried by the People,
Nobly sustained,
Long may it flourish!

Come one! Come all!!
Farmers and Lumbermen,
Merchants and Citizens,

COME TO THE NEW DOMINION!

And you will find a large and varied assortment of

STAPLE and FANCY DRY GOODS!

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,
AS CHEAP AS THE CHEAPEST,
AS GOOD AS THE BEST.

A New Tailoring Establishment!

Has just been opened on the premises, with FIRST-CLASS WORKMEN, under the management of a FIRST-CLASS FASHIONABLE CUTTER.

Suits made to order, and
Warranted to *suit*,
At every price,

Of every style,
For every season,
And at the shortest notice.

Do you want Hats or Caps, Furs or Blankets, Boots or Shoes, Moccasins or Mittens? Visit the New Dominion. It will prove to your advantage. From top to toe a perfect outfit guaranteed, by

JAMES HIGGINSON, Proprietor.

Ottawa, February 6, 1868. 659lf

Dissolution of Partnership.

THE PARTNERSHIP heretofore existing between JAMES HOPE and S. S. M. HUNTER, under the firm of JAMES HOPE & Co., was this day dissolved by mutual consent.

The business will be continued, under the same name as heretofore, by JAMES HOPE, who will receive all monies due, and discharge all claims against the late firm.

JAMES HOPE,
S. S. M. HUNTER.

Ottawa, Feb. 15, 1868. 668-a-3-4

Trade Sale of Teas.

THE Subscribers will offer, for account of Messrs. D. TORRANCE & CO., at their Sale-room, on WEDNESDAY, 19th FEBRUARY, about

5,000 half-chests Green and Black Teas.

Catalogues will be prepared.
Sale at NINE o'clock.

JOHN LEEMING & CO.,
662td Auctioneers.

LOST.

ONE YELLOW (Bitch) HOUND, and one WHITE and BLACK SPOTTED (Pup) HOUND, strayed or stolen from Gloucester on the 24th December last. Any person keeping either of these hounds after this notice will be prosecuted, and any information left with the undersigned will be suitably rewarded.

OLIVER PINARD,
Delhi Hotel, No. 17, Clarence-st.

February 12. 664a

NOTICE

IS HEREBY given that I shall not be responsible for any debts contracted in my name, unless under an order signed by me.

SOPHIA MARTINE

Ottawa, Jan. 22, 1868.

Scale Manufacturer.

EDORION begs to inform the public that he has opened a SCALE MANUFACTORY in Clarence-street, second door from Sussex-street, in E. D'Amour's Blacksmith Shop, and where he is now prepared to repair all sorts of Scales in use.

Ottawa, Jany. 11 637y

YOUNG & RADFORD'S COLUMN.

Watches,
Watches,
Watches

AT

YOUNG AND RADFORD'S

30 Sparks-street.

Clocks,
Clocks,
Clocks,

AT

YOUNG AND RADFORD'S.

Jewellery,
Jewellery,
Jewellery,

AT

YOUNG AND RADFORD'S.

Electro-Plated ware,
Electro-Plated Ware,
Electro-Plated Ware,

AT

YOUNG AND RADFORD'S.

Fancy Goods,
Fancy Goods,
Fancy Goods,

AT

YOUNG AND RADFORD'S,

Manufacturing Jewellers,

30 SPARKS-STREET.

Old Gold and Silver

Bought, and highest cash price paid,

AT

YOUNG AND RADFORD'S

BROWNE & HARDY'S COLUMN.

1867 AND 1868.

INDIA WAREHOUSE!

16 Rideau Street, Ottawa.

THE SUBSCRIBERS beg to inform their Customers that their Stock is now complete, and embraces every delicacy of the Season, among which will be found a choice assortment of

TEAS,

Breakfast SOUCHONG, } Black Extra Fine.
do CONGOU, }
Superior HYSON,
" GUNPOWDER,
" IMPERIAL,
" TWANKAY,
Orange PEKOE, } These Teas have been
Flowery " } carefully selected for
Japan " } family trade by

BROWNE & HARDY.

SUGARS,
LOAF,
BROKEN LOAF,
CRUSHED,
GROUND,
YELLOW,
and MUSCOVADO.

COFFEE,
MOCHA,
JAVA,
JAMAICA, and
CEYLON,

☞ Roasted and Ground daily on the premises.

CHOCOLATE and COCOA,
FRENCH, flavored with Vanilla;
TAYLOR'S,
FRYE'S,
MOTT'S

FRUITS, &c.
LAYER RAISINS,
in Whole, Half and Quarter Boxes
MUSCATEL, do do
SULTANA,
VALENTIA,
CURRANTS,
GRAPES,
ORANGES
LEMONS,
PRUNES.
ALMONDS,
WALNUTS,
FILBERTS, and
BRAZIL NUTS.

BUTTER,
CHOICE DAIRY, in Tubs and Crocks, received Weekly.

CHEESE,
English, American and Canadian.

SPICES,
NUTMEGS,
MACE,
CINNAMON,
CLOVES,
GINGER,
MIXED SPICES,
All Ground on the Premises

BROWNE & HARDY.

Ottawa, december 19 405t

THE MONTREAL WAREHOUSE,

SUSSEX, OPPOSITE YORK-STREET.

WILL BE OPENED OUT IN A FEW DAYS WITH A STOCK OF

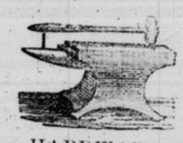
Choice Wines, Groceries and Provisions, &c., &c.

IN MR. INGLIS' NEW BLOCK.

J. MARTIN & CO.

OTTAWA, February 1, 1868. 657y

HARDWARE!



HARDWARE!

Great Reduction

IN THE

PRICE OF HARDWARE

AT THE

SIGN of the ANVIL

No. 24, Rideau-street.

THE Undersigned would take this opportunity to express his thanks to his Customers in Ottawa and vicinity for their very liberal patronage in the past, and to solicit a continuance of their favors in the future, and to assure them that no effort on his part shall be wanting to supply them with the Best and Cheapest English and American Hardware. I do not pretend to sell at cost, but do propose to sell as cheap as any other establishment in Ontario. My stock shall comprise every article in the line of Hardware, and with the one price system I hope to merit and receive a continuance of the very liberal patronage given me in the past.

T. BIRKETT
Ottawa, Feb. 3. Sign of the Anvil, 24 Rideau-st. 408y

BLYTH & KERR,

Successors to Chas. Garth,

No. 25, Rideau-st.,

Plumbers,
Gas & Steam Fitters,
Tin & Coppersmiths,
Bell Hangers, &c.

All materials for the above branches kept constantly on hand.

—ALSO—

Importers and Dealers in House Furnishing Hardware.

Just received a well selected assortment of

Cooking Stoves,	Iron Bedsteads,
Double Stoves,	Bronzed & Wire Fenders,
Parlor Stoves,	Fire Irons,
Hall Stoves,	Fire Guards,

Japanned and Planished Tinware, &c.,

Manufacturers of all descriptions of work for Water and Gas Works, Brewer's Distilleries, Mills, &c. Makes and fits up Galvanized Iron Cornices, Gutters, Conductors, Roofing, &c.

☞ Public and Private Buildings, Conservatories, Vineries, Manufactories, &c., warmed by Steam, Hot Water or Warm Air, on the most approved principles.

Orders from the country will receive strict attention.

Ottawa August 26. 416y

BOOKS, MAPS, &c.

MAPS of NEW BRUNSWICK, folded and on rollers, (McMillan's.) MAPS of NOVA SCOTIA, folded and on rollers, (McKinlay's.)

BRAITHWAITE FOR JANUARY.

A book for every office and library,

Chambers' Encyclopædia,

The best and cheapest published. Illustrated with Maps and Wood Cuts. 10 vols., half calf, $35.00.

Worcester's & Webster's Illustrated

4to DICTIONARIES.

SUTHERLAND'S CITY DIRECTORY.

The New Literature received as issued by English and American publishers.

The NEW AUTHORIZED SERIES OF READERS—Wholesale and Retail.

Bill and Postage Stamps.

S. DURIE & SON,
10 Sparks-st.,
438y Opposite the Russell House

BUY YOUR TEA

DIRECT FROM

THE IMPORTERS

TEA! TEA! TEA!

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY, 6 Hospital Street, Montreal, having just imported a large quantity of Green and Black Teas, beg to call the attention of the Trade, Hotel Proprietors, and large establishments generally to their list of prices. Buyers of Chests and Boxes of Tea will save money by getting it direct through the Importers.

All orders for 25 lb. boxes and upwards, carriage free to any Railway Station in Canada. Parties wanting smaller quantities should club together, Buyers living beyond Railway Stations, will please send post office order, or enclose notes. The carriage will be paid to the nearest station, where there are express offices. Tea will be forwarded immediately on receipt of the order by mail containing money, or the money can be collected on delivery by express man. Cash collected in Montreal free of charge, and Tea forwarded for the same. Original packages Black Tea weigh, 1 chests about 50 lbs. Chests do. 90 to 100 lbs. Green Tea from 60 to 80 lbs. Teas not mentioned in advertisement can be had equally cheap. The Company are determined to take a stand in the Montreal market, every article may therefore be depended on as to quality and weight.

BLACK TEA.

Common Congou, Broken Leaf, Lapsang Tea	$00 45
Fine Flavoured New Season do	00 55
Excellent Full Flavoured do	00 75
Sound Oolong	00 45
Rich Flavoured do	00 60
Very Fine do	00 75
Japan	00 38
Very Fine do	00 75
An excellent mixed Tea, Black and Green,	00 60

GREEN TEA.

Twankay, Common	$00 38
Fine do	00 55
Young Hyson	00 60
Fine do	00 75
Superfine and Very Choice	1 00
Fine Gunpowder	00 85
Extra Superfine do	1 00

Reductions made to buyers of Five Chests and upwards.

☞ Address

MONTREAL TEA CO.,
6, Hospital-st., Montreal.

☞ *Agent for Ottawa and neighborhood,*

MR. JOS. MOONEY.

☞ All Boxes and Chests sent from this Establishment have the address of the *MONTREAL TEA COMPANY* printed on them.

August 27, 1867. 52234-w

FARM FOR SALE.

FOR SALE, Lot No. 15, 4th Concession Gloucester, Rideau Front, 7 miles from Ottawa, on the Macadamized Road, leading from Ottawa to Metcalf, consisting of 100 acres, 80 of which cleared, and in the highest state of cultivation. The soil is of the very best quality; there is a good dwelling house, barn, stable and other out buildings thereon. This farm is well fenced and watered.

For further particulars apply to

H. McLEAN, Auctioneer,
Or the subscriber, on the premises.
W. HALPENNY.

Gloucester, Sept. 13, 1867. 537 37-6m

W. NOTMAN,

Photographer to the Queen

CORNER OF

WELLINGTON AND METCALFE STREETS.

WOULD intimate that having all his arrangements completed, his

Establishment will be Opened

—ON—

Monday Next, 3rd February

When he will be prepared to fulfill orders for all the different branches of Photography.

Ottawa, Jan. 31, 1868. 582y

DRY GOODS AT DISCOUNT!

$30,000

Worth of Seasonable Dry Goods

OFFERED AT

10 Cents Discount on all Cash Purchases of $1

AND UPWARDS, AT

J. A. PINARD'S.

Most of the COTTON GOODS in Stock

Have been bought within the last two months, and will offered a

REDUCTION OF 40 PER CENT

Compared with any Cotton Goods of Fall Importation in this city.

Dress Goods, Woollen Goods, &c.

HAVE BEEN REDUCED IN PRICES SINCE 1st JANUARY.

This further inducement of Discount is offered in order to reduce Stock to the lowest point before *Stock-Taking.*

N. B.—Sale to Commence on MONDAY, THIRD of FEBRUARY, for a short time only. Goods marked in plain figures. Only One Price.

No. 17, SUSSEX-ST., CORNER of GEORGE-ST.,

Ottawa, Feb. 1, 1868. SIGN OF THE GOLDEN BALL. 656d

WAR! WAR! WAR!

KEARNS & RYAN,

WELL KNOWN

Merchants of this City,

—WHO KEEP THE PEOPLE'S—

CHEAP CASH STORE!

Have declared War against all other merchants of the Capital of Canada, for imposing dear goods on the people. They will make a

Reduction of 20 per cent off Hats and Bonnets,

—AND—

10 per cent off all other Cash Purchases

OVER ONE DOLLAR.

During the month of February. Rush to their establishment and judge for yourselves. No deception.

Corner of York and Sussex-sts.

Ottawa, February 3, 1868. 650d

BARGAINS

—IN—

DRESS GOODS!

IN ORDER to make a Clearance of the remainder of our Winter Stock of COBURGS, WINCIES, MERINOS, REPPS, SERGES, FANCY POPLINETTES, &c., we have RE-MARKED *the whole lot at such prices as will show a Reduction of from 12½ to 20 per cent under former prices.*

REMNANTS, REMNANTS, REMNANTS!

We have also brought forward our accumulation of Remnants of every kind, and marked them at Very Low Prices.

Magee & Russell.

Ottawa, Jan. 10, 1867. 580y

REMOVAL

OF THE

London Music Store!

E. MILES

DESIRES to inform the public that he has removed to the FRONT PART of

HER MAJESTY'S THEATRE,

WELLINGTON-STREET,

Where he has a larger premises, and a better means of displaying his new and fine stock of

PIANOS.

VICTORIA ORGANS AND MELODEONS.

His Show Room, up-stairs, is large and beautifully lit up, having an area of 60 feet long by 25 feet wide. The Sample Room is on the first flat, where some of each kind of Musical Instruments will be kept. Two cases of choice

VIOLINS

Have just been received, and will be offered for sale, besides a large assortment of

CONCERTINAS,
ACCORDEONS,
TAMBOURINES,
GUITARS, FLUTES, DRUMS,
&c., &c.

Direct from Germany.

Second hand Pianos taken in part payment for new ones.

Connected with this establishment is a Piano Manufacturer, who will attend punctually to all orders for TUNING left at the London Music Store.

E. MILES,
Lessee of Her Majesty's Theatre.

Ottawa, Feb. 1, 1868. 551-39y

SUN BURNER.

NO MORE Breaking of Chimneys: no More Burning of Fingers: No More Waste of Oil; No Trouble to Clean; No Trouble to Light No Anxiety About Explosions. It is a Cheap Labor Saving and Durable Article. Buy one and you will never repent doing so. Anyone dissatisfied can have their money returned.

LAMPS AND FITTINGS

ALWAYS ON HAND.

STOVES, TINWARE, &c.

☞ Competent workmen for jobbing on the premises.

ESMONDE BROS.,
43 SPARKS-ST.,
Ottawa, January 21. Next Hoop Skirt Factory. 311y

Skates! Skates!

At ISAACS.

ALSO,

SLEIGHS, SLEIGHS

ALL PRESENTS BY SANTA CLAUS,

At ISAACS

Skates from 20 cents to $6.00

At ISAACS,

Sparks-street,

ALSO,

Hardware of all Description

At Lowest Cash Prices,

At ISAACS.

☞ Remember the place,

T. ISAACS.

December 17, 1867. 617tf

BAZAAR

IN FAVOR OF

The St. Patrick's Orphan Asylum,

OTTAWA.

THE LADIES of the above named institution intend holding a BAZAAR during the month of MAY NEXT. Charitable persons who wish to contribute to this good work, are respectfully requested to send their contributions to any of the following ladies:

Mrs. WM. O'MEARA,
" CALDWELL,
" McGREEVEY,
" GOODWIN,
" J. W. RYAN,
" F. X. LEMIEUX,
Miss BASQUERVILLE,
Miss McCARTHY.

The following ladies have kindly consented to preside at the Refreshment Table—Mrs. Enright, Mrs. Matthews, Mrs. Barrett.

MARIANNE McCARTHY,
Secretary.

Ottawa, Feb. 15, 1868. 667tf

Recorder's Court.

FOR the City of Ottawa, will be holden in the COURT HOUSE, old Jail, in said city, on MONDAY, the SECOND day of MARCH next, at the hour of ELEVEN of the clock in the forenoon, at which all City Coroners, Justices of the Peace, Constables, Jurors, and all others in anywise concerned, are hereby required to take notice and govern themselves accordingly.

RODERICK ROSS,
High Bailiff.

High Bailiff's Office,
Ottawa, 15th February, 1868. 668a

Ottawa CROCKERY Store!

PRESENTATION ORNAMENTS.

WILLIAM ALLAN

RESPECTFULLY announces the arrival of a Choice Selection of China and Bohemian Glass Flower Vases and Ornaments suitable for Xmas and New Year's Gifts. Also, his most complete Stock of China, Glass, Earthenware and Parian Marble ever brought into Ottawa, consisting of

DINNER SETTS, DESSERT SETTS,
BREAKFAST SETTS, TOILET SETTS.

Cut and Pressed TABLE GLASS, and an assortment of Common Ware to wholesale purchasers.

A large and most varied Stock select from.

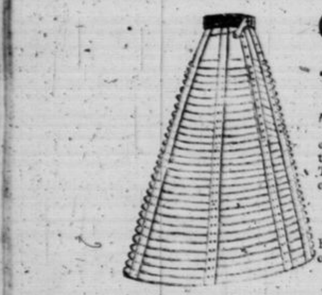
W. ALLAN,
51 RIDEAU STREET, (opposite Mr. D. Whalen's.)
Ottawa, December 19, 1867. 571y

SHEFFIELD HOUSE!

E. K. MacGILLIVRAY & Co.,

MANUFACTURING JEWELLERS AND WATCHMAKERS

OTTAWA, January 21, 1868.



City Hoop Skirt Factory

The Double Extension Skirt.

THIS new and convenient Skirt I am now making in all widths of tape. The great advantage this Skirt has over all others: ladies can alter it themselves to any width they wish, from 1¼ yards to 3 yards, without the least trouble. They only can be had at the Factory. Everyother style of Skirt on hand or made to order. Just received another lot of

FRENCH CORSETS,

Every size, from 17 inches to 36 inches. Also, a few of those old fashioned Corsets, (lacing at the back.)

'Lambs' Wool Hose, Breakfast Shawls.

Also, a large lot of Linen and Lawn Pocket Handkerchiefs, cheap.

DAVID MILLAR,
43 Sparks-st, Centre Town, next to Esmonde's Stove Depot.
456y

New Premises and Cheap Goods.

GRANT & HENDERSON

Having recently moved into their new premises, **No. 20, Rideau-street,** one of the firm visited lately the Montreal Markets, and secured a very large stock of entirely

NEW GOODS,

At most EXTRAORDINARY REDUCTIONS in price, which cannot in a legitimate manner be undersold in this city.

RIDEAU-STREET, December 24, 1867. 623d

WHEELER & WILSON'S SEWING MACHINES.

THE BEST HOLIDAY PRESENT,

From $47 and upwards.

FIVE per cent. off for cash in bills until after the holidays. One handsome Mahogany full case $8 discount.

Gold Medal, Paris, 1867.

The Howe Sewing Machines from $50 Up.

Grout & Co.'s Twisted Elastic Stitch only $15.

Call and see this little beauty. Prospectuses and Samples sent Free by Mail.

December 19, 1867. 479-42y G. A. WALTON, Agent, 37 Sparks Street, Ottawa.

Dry Goods at Reduced Prices.

Cunningham and Lindsay

— ARE NOW SELLING —

Canadian Grey Cloth at 3s. 3d. per yard,
Canadian Tweeds at 4s. per yard,
Canadian Cotton Yarn at 7s. 6d. a Bundle,
Canadian Bags at 1. 9d

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY

Invite particular Attention to their

BLANKETS, FLANNELS AND MANTLE CLOTHS.

Ottawa, November 18, 1867. 510y

FIRST CLASS

Tailoring Establishment.

BEING desirous to dispose of the balance of my WINTER STOCK, in order to make room for

Spring Importations,

For two months I shall offer such inducements to intending purchasers as will enable me to make a ready sale, and my customers a good investment

Please Call and Examine.

G. M. HOLBROOK,
Peg Top Depot, Elgin-street,
381y Opposite the Post Office.

AMERICAN WATCHES.

[WALTHAM]

THE true value of Machinery applied to Watchmaking is not that by its use Watches are made rapidly, but that they are made correctly. Very few people know why a Waltham Watch should be superior to any other. In the first place, at Waltham the Watch is regarded as only a machine, to be constructed, like any other machine, on mechanical principles. The factory is indeed little else than a vast machine shop, the principal work in which is not more upon watches than upon machinery to make watches with. If the watches are good, it is because the machinery is good. Of course there must be no defect in the principle or plan of the movement, no mistake in the size or shapes of the pieces of which it is composed, nothing wanting in their properties, and no error in their positions. These points once thoroughly settled in regard to each part of every variety of watch, it rests wholly with the machinery constructed with infinite diversity of form and function, expressly for the purpose, to produce the finished pieces. The method established in every department is the redivision of labor.

By means of multiplying gauges and microscopes, tests, and inspection for the detection of wear in cutting tools and for faults and flaws in steel or stone are made to accompany the work in every stage from beginning to end. As a necessary result, the Watch goes together a perfect machine. Every part is found to fit properly in its place. Every pin may be pushed till it pinches, and every screw turned home. Instead of a sluggish and feeble action, the balance, even under the pressure of the finest mainspring, vibrates with a wide and free motion, and the beat has the clear and ringing sound, always characteristic of the Waltham Watch. The machine is a timekeeper from the start.

This system of watchmaking is unknown in foreign countries, and is entirely original with the Waltham Company. The company claim that by it they produce watches that cannot be equaled for every quality which makes a watch valuable. Simple in plan and correct in principle, the movement is not only beautifully finished, substantial, accurate and strong, but is uniform to the minutest details, not easily damaged, easily repaired, and when repaired always as good as new.

There are different grades of finish in the different varieties of watches made by the Waltham Company, as there are different sizes and shapes, to suit all tastes and means, but every watch that bears the genuine trade mark of "WALTHAM," is guaranteed to be a good one, and nobody need be afraid to buy it.

Every Watch Fully Warranted.

For sale by all first-class dealers in the United States and British Provinces. For further information address the Agents,

ROBBINS & APPLETON, New York.
ROBERT WILKES, Toronto, C.
v26-15-3m

RAILROADS.

Grand Trunk Railway Company OF CANADA.

WINTER ARRANGEMENTS, 1867.

TRAINS now leave Bonaventure Station as follows:

GOING WEST—Day Express for Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago and all points West, at 8.30 A.M.

Night do do at 7.30 P.M.

Accommodation Train for Kingston and intermediate stations at 7.00 A.M.

Local Train for Cornwall and intermediate Stations, at 4.20 P.M.

Trains for Lachine at 8.00 A.M., 9.30 A.M., 3.00 and 4.30 P.M.

The 3.00 P.M. Train runs through to Plattsburgh.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST—Accommodation Train from Island Pond and intermediate Stations, at 7.00 A.M.

Express for New York and Boston, at 8.40 A.M.

Express for Boston and New York, at 3.30 P.M.

Express for Portland (staying over night at Island Pond) at 2.00 P.M.

Night Express for Portland, Three Rivers, Quebec and Riviere du Loup, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbroke, Waterville and Coaticooke only, at 10.10 P.M.

Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.

For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station.

C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director
December 23, 1867. 650tf

CHANGE of TIME

St. Lawrence & Ottawa Railway,

(formerly the Ottawa & Prescott Railway.)

ON and after MONDAY, the 30th Dec., 1867, and until further notice, trains will run as follows:

LEAVE PRESCOTT.	ARRIVE IN OTTAWA.
Mixed, 7.30 a. m.	11.00 a. m.
Express, 2.10 p. m.	4.45 p. m.

LEAVE OTTAWA.	ARRIVE IN PRESCOTT.
Express, 8 a. m.	10.30 a. m.
Mixed, 1.30 p. m.	4.45 p. m.

The time of these Trains has been so arranged as to ensure connection with night and day trains on Grand Trunk, east and west.

N. B.—These Trains run on Montreal Time.

Baggage to and from Ottawa checked through from and to stations on Grand Trunk Railway.

Return tickets to Prescott, Kemptville and Ottawa at reduced rates can be had at the principal stations on the line.

T. S. DETLOR, Superintendent. THOMAS REYNOLDS, Managing Director.
Ottawa, Dec. 28, 1867. 1y

Brockville and Ottawa Railway,

WINTER ARRANGEMENT

Commencing on Monday, December 9, 1867.

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

3:45 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 3.45 p.m., and arrive at Sandpoint at 9:25 p m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT.

6:45 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint daily at 6:45 a.m., and arrive at Brockville at 1:00 p. m.

LEAVES PERTH.

5:00 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Perth at 5:00 p.m., and 9:40 a.m., and arrive at Smith's Falls at 5:50 p.m. and 10:30 a.m.

LEAVES SMITH'S FALLS.

10:50 A.M.—TRAINS will leave Smith's Falls at 10:50 a.m., and 6:05 p.m., and arrive at Perth at 11:40 a.m., and 6:55 p.m.

All trains on main line connect at Smith's Falls with Trains to and from Perth.

No. 1 leaves Brockville after G. T. R. Express Train is due from the East.

No. 2 is due at Brockville in time to connect with G. T. R. Express Trains for the East and West.

H ABBOTT, Manager for Trustee.
Brockville, Dec. 16. 472y

Royal Canadian Bank

OTTAWA AGENCY:
Office—Desbarats' Building, 77 Sparks St
M. P. HAYES, Agent.
Ottawa, June 21. 157tf

DALGLISH & RUSSELL

ARE NOW IN RECEIPT OF THEIR new and varied assortment of

Grocery Goods

Consisting of Teas, Gunpowder, Old Hyson, Young Hyson, Hyson Twankay, Black, Extra Fine English Breakfast Souchong, Congou ditto, Oolong, Orange Pekoe, Finest Japans.

Coffees.—Java, Jamaica, La Guayra, Mocha Roasted and Ground on the premises.

Sugars.—English, refined in loaves, Broken Loaf, Crushed White, Yellow Refined.

Chocolate and Cocoa Spices, Mustards, Essences, Syrups, Pickles, Sauces, Vinegars, and Bottled Fruits, in Syrup, Preserves, Potted Meats, Fruits &c. Also, Provisions, Sugar Cured Hams, Spiced Rolled Hams, Bacon, Butter, Cheese, Crackers, Biscuits, Flour, Oatmeal, Barley, Peas, Rice, Labrador Herrings, Table Codfish, Digby Herrings, &c., &c.

Our stock is extensive and complete, and every article warranted to give satisfaction. All orders sent or left will be promptly attended to.

All Goods delivered on the shortest notice

Dalglish & Russell,
Wellington & Kent-sts.

FAIRBANKS

Take Highest Premiums at the Paris Exposition.

PLATFORM, COUNTER, Warehouse, Grain, Coal, Hay, Railroad Track, Depot, Druggist, Gold, and all kinds of SCALES constantly on hand and for Sale.

FAIRBANKS, BROWN & Co., Boston, Mass.

Our Sole Agents in Ottawa,

ALEXANDER WORKMAN & Co.
November 18, 1867. 592-6m

NOTICE

I hereby give that application will be made to each and every Parliament having jurisdiction, at the present or next session thereof, respectively, for an act to amend the act chaptered 106, passed at the Session of the Parliament for the late Province of Canada, held the 29th and 30th years of the Reign of Her Majesty Queen Victoria, intituled "An Act to Incorporate the Ottawa City Passenger Railway Company.

Dec. 2nd, 1867. 6072m

Bottled Ale, Bottled Ale, Bottled Ale.

THE Subscriber would call the attention of Families and others to his

Fine Bottled Ale!

Which is in splendid condition. Also,

Scotch, Irish, Old Rye

And other Malt Whiskies,

Ports, Sherries, Brandies, Gin, &c.,

Together with a General Assortment of

FIRST-CLASS GROCERIES.

A Call kindly Solicited.

D. WHELAN,
44, Rideau-street,
Opposite Allan's Crockery Store
Ottawa, Jan. 20, 1868.

FOR SALE.

850 PAIRS of Grey Twilled BLANKETS, in bales of 50 pairs

—ALSO,—

Canadian White Twilled and Whitney Blankets. English Grey Blankets, weighing from 8 to 10 pounds each.

E McGILLIVRAY.
Ottawa, December 23, 1867. 622-3m

PIANOFORTES!

Messrs. Orme & Son

BEG to intimate that they have on hand one of the FINEST COLLECTIONS of

Steinway, Chickering and Dunham PIANOFORTES

That have ever been offered for sale in Ottawa. These instruments were carefully selected by Mr. Nordheimer from the factories.

INSPECTION INVITED.

A splendid CHICKERING, only a few months in use, FOR SALE CHEAP, the proprietor having gone to England.

Old Pianofortes taken in exchange.

25, Sparks-street,
Sign of the Golden Lyre.
January 27. 448y

PRIVATE BOARDING HOUSE.

MRS. RICHARD will open a Private first-class BOARDING HOUSE, Corner of SUSSEX and CLARENCE-STS., over Mr. Martineau's Dry Goods Store, on the 15th instant. Parties wishing quiet, good, comfortable board, with good attendance, will please apply and secure apartments.

Ottawa, February 6, 1868. 659-3m

AYER'S CATHARTIC PILLS.

Are you sick, feeble, and complaining? Are you out of order, with your system deranged, and your feelings uncomfortable? These symptoms are often the prelude to serious illness. Some fit of sickness is creeping upon you, and should be averted by a timely use of the right remedy. Take Ayer's Pills, and cleanse out the disordered humors—purify the blood, and let the fluids move on unobstructed to health again. They bimulate the functions of the body into vigorous activity, purify the system from the obstructions which make disease. A cold settles somewhere in the body, and obstructs its natural functions. Thus, if not relieved, react upon themselves and the surrounding organs, producing general aggravation, suffering, and disease. While in this condition, oppressed by the derangements, take Ayer's Pills, and see how directly they restore the natural action of the system, and with it the buoyant feeling of health again. What is true and so apparent in this trivial and common complaint, is also true in many of the deep-seated and dangerous distempers. The same purgative effect expels them. Caused by similar obstructions and derangements of the natural functions of the body, they are rapidly, and many of them surely, cured by the same means. None who know the virtues of these Pills, will neglect to employ them when suffering from the disorders they cure.

Subdoses from leading physicians in some of the principal cities, and from other well known public persons.

From a Forwarding Merchant of St. Louis, Feb. 4, 1856.

DR. AYER: Your Pills are the paragon of all that is great in medicine. They have cured my little daughter of ulcerous sores upon her hands and feet that had proved incurable for years. Her mother has been long grievously afflicted with blotches and pimples on her skin and in her hair. After our child was cured, she also tried your Pills, and they have cured her. ASA MORGRIDGE.

As a Family Physic.

From Dr. E. W. Cartwright, New Orleans.

Your Pills are the prince of purges. Their excellent qualities surpass any cathartic we possess. They are mild, but very certain and effectual in their action on the bowels, which makes them invaluable to us in the daily treatment of disease.

Headache, Sick Headache, Foul Stomach.

From Dr. Edward Boyd, Baltimore.

DEAR DOC. AYER: I cannot answer you what complaints I have cured with your Pills better than to say all that we ever treat with a purgative medicine. I place great dependence on an efficient cathartic in my daily contest with disease, and believing as I do that your Pills afford us the best we have, I of course value them highly.

PITTSBURG, Pa., May 1, 1855.

DR. J. C. AYER. Sir: I have been repeatedly cured of the worst headache any body can have by a dose or two of your Pills. It seems to arise from a foul stomach, which they cleanse at once.

Yours with great respect, ED. W. PREBLE, Clerk of Steamer Clarion.

Bilious Disorders—Liver Complaints.

From Dr. Theodore Bell, of New York City.

Not only are your Pills admirably adapted to their purpose as an aperient, but I find their beneficial effects upon the Liver very marked indeed. They have in my practice proved more effectual for the cure of bilious complaints than any one remedy I can mention. I sincerely rejoice that we have at length a purgative which is worthy the confidence of the profession and the people.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR,
Washington, D. C., 7th Feb., 1856.

SIR: I have used your Pills in my general and hospital practice ever since you made them, and cannot hesitate to say they are the best cathartic we employ. Their regulating action on the liver is quick and decided, consequently they are an admirable remedy for derangements of that organ. Indeed, I have seldom found a case of bilious disease so obstinate that it did not readily yield to them. Paternally yours, ALONZO BALL, M. D., Physician of the Marine Hospital.

Dysentery, Diarrhœa, Relax, Worms.

From Dr. J. G. Green, of Chicago.

Your Pills have had a long trial in my practice, and I hold them in esteem as one of the best aperients I have ever found. Their alterative effect upon the liver makes them an excellent remedy, when given in small doses for bilious dysentery and diarrhœa. Their sugar-coating makes them very acceptable and convenient for the use of women and children.

Dyspepsia, Impurity of the Blood.

From Rev. J. V. Himes, Pastor of Advent Church, Boston.

DR. AYER: I have used your Pills with extraordinary success in my family and among those I am called to visit in distress. To regulate the organs of digestion and purify the blood, they are the very best remedy I have ever known, and I can confidently recommend them to my friends. Yours, J. V. HIMES.

WARSAW, Wyoming Co., N. Y., Oct. 24, 1855.

DEAR SIR: I am using your Cathartic Pills in my practice, and find them an excellent purgative to cleanse the system and purify the fountains of the blood.

JOHN G. MEACHAM, M. D.

Constipation, Costiveness, Suppression, Rheumatism, Gout, Neuralgia, Dropsy, Paralysis, Fits, etc.

From Dr. J. P. Vaughn, Montreal, Canada.

Too much cannot be said of your Pills for the cure of costiveness. If others of our fraternity have found them as efficacious as I have, they should join me in proclaiming it for the benefit of the multitudes who suffer from that complaint, which, although bad enough in itself, is the progenitor of others that are worse. I believe costiveness to originate in the liver, but your Pills affect that organ and cure the disease.

From Mrs. E. Stuart, Physician and Midwife, Boston.

I find one or two large doses of your Pills, taken at the proper time, are excellent promotives of the natural secretion when wholly or partially suppressed, and also very effectual to cleanse the stomach and expel worms. They are so much the best physic we have that I recommend no other to my patients.

From the Rev. Dr. Hawkes, of the Methodist Episc. Church.

PULASKI HOUSE, Savannah, Ga., Jan. 6, 1856.

HONORED SIR: I should be ungrateful for the relief your skill has brought me if I did not report my case to you. A cold settled in my limbs and brought on excruciating neuralgic pains, which ended in chronic rheumatism. Notwithstanding I had the best of physicians, the disease grew worse and worse, until by the advice of your excellent agent in Baltimore, Dr. Mackenzie, I tried your Pills. Their effects were slow, but sure. By persevering in the use of them, I am now entirely well.

SENATE CHAMBER, Baton Rouge, La., 5 Dec. 1855.

DR. AYER: I have been entirely cured, by your Pills, of Rheumatic Gout—a painful disease that had afflicted me for years. VINCENT SLIDELL.

Most of the Pills in market contain Mercury, which, although a valuable remedy in skilful hands, is dangerous in a public pill, from the dreadful consequences that frequently follow its incautious use. These contain no mercury or mineral substance whatever.

Price, 25 cents per Box, or 5 Boxes for $1.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts W. M. Massey, H. F. MacCarthy, and John Skinner, in Ottawa.

Royal Italian Bitters!

—OR,—

TONICO REALE

DEL DOTTORE F. P. VERRI,
Professor of Chemistry in the University of PADUA
ITALY.

THIS celebrated preparation for which a certificate of merit was awarded to the distinguished original preparer at the National Exposition at Torino, Italy, by whose favor Mr. GIANELLI, obtained the recipe, and was also awarded a diploma at the Provincial Exhibition of Canada held at Montreal in September, 1865, is, without exception, the most genuine, salubrious and agreeable Tonic ever introduced to public notice either in Europe or America.

For seventeen years it has, in Italy, been a universal favorite among the *elite* of society, being generally served in the drawing room before dinner, in preference to Vermouth.

The ingredients of its composition have been imparted to the leading Physicians of Canada and the United States, and have received their unqualified approval on every account.

The proprietor refers with the greatest confidence and satisfaction to the subjoined testimonials from eminent medical men, which he could add to, were it desirable.

Kept by the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion of Canada and in the United States.

Sold by the Proprietor,

Dear Sir: You request my opinion of the "Royal Italian Bitters," prepared from a receipt of Dr Verri, of Padua. I beg to state that I consider it a most agreeable cordial tonic, in every way superior in flavour and composition to the ordinary bitter tonics in general use. I have recommended it to several patients, who have derived marked benefit from its use.

I am, dear Sir, yours faithfully,
G. E. FENWICK, M.D.
A. M. F. GIANELLI, Esq., Montreal.

A. M. FIGANELLI,
26, Hospital-street, Montreal.

Letter from Drs. Picault.

Montreal, July 27, 1866.

To MR. ANGELIA GIANELLI.

Dear Sir: We are pleased to acknowledge the reception of the prescription of your valuable tonic and bitters, entitled "The Royal." All the substances contained in its composition are perfectly combined to form a preparation fit for the purposes detailed in your directions.

We are, dear Sir, yours sincerely,
DRS. PICAULT & SON.

New York, May 14, 1867.

A. M. F. GIANELLI, Esq., Montreal.

Dear Sir: Just recovering from a long and severe illness, I have received a sample of your Tonico Reale and from its use have derived considerable benefit, as I find my appetite and digestion much improved, and hesitate not to recommend it as one of the best and most agreeable Tonics I have ever used.

WILLIAM ARNOLD,
A.B., Trinity College, Dublin; M. R. C. S. London; M. D., New York, Licenciate Royal College Havana.

Letter from Dr. J. L. Leprohon, City Health Officer.

Montreal, March 29, 1867.

Dear Sir: My absence from Montreal has prevented me from acknowledging sooner the reception of your note and accompanying sample of the "Royal Italian Bitters."

I have no hesitation in stating that the ingredients entering into their composition are of a nature to render them decidedly useful in many cases of weakness of the digestive organs and of the general constitution. Their flavour is also very pleasant.

I remain, dear Sir, yours very sincerely,
J. L. LEPROHON, M.D.

A. GIANELLI, Proprietor Cosmopolitan Hotel, Montreal

St. Temple-street, Boston,
July 1, 1867.

A. M. F. GIANELLI, Esq.,

My Dear Sir: I beg to acknowledge the receipt of a sample of your Royal Italian Bitters together with a note imparting to me the formula for their preparation. Having a large field where to try the effect of your Bitters, I have obtained flattering success in cases requiring the use of a mild, stimulating tonic, and I will recommend your Bitters with pleasure in dyspepsia, indigestion, loss of appetite, general debility, and constitutional inactivity of the liver.

I remain, my dear Mr. Gianelli, yours, very truly,
E. DE LA GRANJA, M.D.

Letter from Dr. Hall, Professor of Midwifery and Diseases of Women and Children, McGill College,

Montreal, March 15, 1866.

My Dear Sir: I have to acknowledge from you the reception of a sample of your "Royal Bitters," of your own manufacture, and have subsequently had the opportunity afforded me of becoming acquainted not only with their preparation, but also with the materials which enter into their composition. Nothing, I think, can excel the mode of filtration adopted, while the small amount of vinous ingredients must recommend them to general favour, even to those who usually disapprove of the use of such beverages, the proportion being only just sufficient to maintain their composition unimpaired in climates subject to considerable fluctuations of temperature.

From the nature or character of the materials employed in their composition, it is impossible to regard them otherwise than as the healthful, invigorating, yet mild tonic or stomachic, especially adapted to stomachs enfeebled by general sickness, and whose energy requires a gentle stimulus, preparatory to the indigestion of food.

I shall have pleasure in recommending their use in such suitable cases as may present themselves to me. I remain, dear Sir, yours very truly,
A. HALL, M.D.,
Professor Midwifery, McGill University.

A. GIANELLI, Esq., &c. &c., &c., &c.

From Dr. Muir, C. B., Inspector-General H. M. Hospitals in British-America.

Montreal, August 1, 1866.

Sir: Having much practical experience of Bitters in the West Indies, in India, and other parts of the world where they are in request, I have no hesitation in giving it as my opinion that Dr. Verri's "Tonico Reale" is the *very best I have ever met with.*

W. M. MUIR, M D., Inspector-General.

Letter from Professor Smallwood, of McGill University.

32 Beaver Hall Terrace,
Montreal, August 1, 1866.

I am opinion that Dr. Verri's "Tonic Reale" is a very pleasant and palatable form for the exhibition of tonic bitters, in cases requiring such a preparation.

CHAS. SMALLWOOD, M.D., LL.D., D.C.L.
To A. M. F. GIANELLI, Esq., Montreal.

20, East 25th-street,
New York, May 9, 1867:

To A. M. F. GIANELLI, Esq.,

Dear Sir,—The "Tonico Reale" I have tried faithfully, and it gives me great pleasure to state to you that it is the best and most agreeable Tonic I have ever used in my practice. I find it particularly adapted to females and children debilitated by the various diseases and complaints peculiar to them. If you will favor me with a letter stating where I can procure your Bitters for my patients, I shall take particular pains to recommend them. As a general rule the Bitters sold are *too* bitter and have too much *Alcohol*, and are hence often injurious.

Your "Tonico Reale" seems to me to be the Tonic we have long wished for, but never found until Prof. Verri, D.M., of Padua, has given it to the Medical World.

Respectfully yours,
WM. FRED. HOLCOMB, M.D.,
Professor of Aural and Ophthalmic Surgery in New York Medical College, and Surgeon to New York Ophthalmic Hospital and Demilt Dispensary.

Letter from Dr. W. F. Campbell, Editor Medical Journal.

Montreal, August 20, 1867.

Dear Sir: I have to acknowledge the receipt of a sample of your "Tonic Reale," accompanied by a note informing me of its composition, and how prepared. While not believing in any universal Tonic, I am forced to admit that there are many cases where just such a preparation as yours would be invaluable. In cases of Chronic Dyspepsia, I have several times recommended its use and with much benefit. Yours, &c.,
FRS W CAMPBELL, MDLRCP,
London.

M A F GIANELLI, Esq, Montreal.

Letter from Dr Scott, Professor of Anatomy, McGill College.

Montreal, October 26, 1866.

A FM GIANELLI, Esq.

Dear Sir: Having been furnished with a very *liberal* sample of your "Tonic Reale," Royal Bitters, I have delayed giving you my opinion of its merits until I had an opportunity of stating, from experience, some of the advantages which I have found derived from the employment of the Tonic.

I have noticed great benefit from the use of the "Royal Bitters" in indigestion, loss of appetite, general debility, and some nervous affections. The Tonic is most carefully prepared, and will be found a very agreeable Bitter and gentle stimulant; and from knowing its composition, I have pleasure in recommending it to the public; feeling satisfied that when more extensively known, the Tonic will be very generally used.

W E SCOTT, MD,
Professor Anatomy McGill University; Physician General Hospital, &c., &c.

New York, June 1, 1867.

MR. GIANELLI,—*Dear Sir:* After a fair trial I take pleasure in recommending your Royal Bitters. It is a very excellent stimulating tonic, aiding digestion and giving tone to the digestive organs. In your note you informed me of the ingredients. I think it is a most admirable combination; a pleasant, useful, and reliable tonic.

Yours truly,
R. P. COOKE, M.D.,
New York City.

New York, April 25, 1867.

A. M. F. GIANELLI,—*Sir:* Your kind favour of 16th instant, together with a sample of your "Tonico Reale" Royal Bitters,—I am pleased not only with its composition, but also with the effect, and regard the preparation as a very elegant one, suited to many cases when a more powerful compound would not be used. After having had further opportunity, I shall be able to give a more intelligent opinion in regard to its efficacy.

Have you any agency in this city? Many of my patients are anxious to use the Tonic but know not where to procure it. Yours truly,
C. PRINCE, M.D.,
157, East 10th-street.

22, West Eleventh-street,
New York, May 9, 1867.

A. M. F. GIANELLI, Esq.

Dear Sir: The sample of your Royal Italian Bitters, through your politeness, was received some time since. I am happy to say respecting them, after giving them a fair trial, that they are a delicious tonic, stomachic and stimulant Bitters, which I think will be found very useful to the debilitated suffering from indigestion, constipation, or dyspepsia.

With my best wishes for your success,
I am respectfully yours,
G. MILIANO, M.D.

Letter from Dr. Hingston, Physician Hotel Dieu Hospital.

Montreal, August 1, 1867.

The "Tonico Reale" of Dr. Verri, prepared by Mr. Gianelli of this city, and introduced to the public as the "Royal Italian Bitters," is one of the most elegant preparations with which I am acquainted. Mr. Gianelli having made known to me its composition, I can, unhesitatingly, recommend it to those who require the combined use of an agreeable tonic and stimulant.

WM. H. HINGSTON, M.D., L.R.C.S., &c., Surgeon to St. Patrick's Department, Hotel Dieu.
September 14, 1867. 538-37wm

GREAT DISCOVERY.

EVERY MAN HIS OWN ARTIST!

A SCIENTIFIC WONDER.

AN Instrument by which any person can take correct Likenesses or Photographs. This instrument will full instructions sent by mail for one dollar. Address,

C. B. AMES & CO.,
Broadway, New York.
64[illegible]

FRESH ARRIVALS

OF

Very Choice and Superior

TEAS.

NOW ON SALE

AT THE

1,000 CHESTS UNCOLORED JAPAN.

500 Chests very choice and superior YOUNG HYSON.
700 Chests Good Strong TWANKAY
100 Chests old fashioned BREAKFAST SOUCHONG.
150 Caddies MANDERIN MIXTURE.

This is the finest BLACK TEA ever imported, 5s per pound; in small Caddies, about 14 lb each. 4s 9d.

COFFEE!

The Pure Mountain Berry

"Without exception the finest Coffee in the world."—*London Times, March 16.*

We are constantly receiving supplies of this truly beautiful and delicious COFFEE, *roasted daily on our premises by*

Dakins' Patent Silver Cylinder

By which peculiar process, he aroma is preserved, an renders it the FAVORITE WITH ALL COFFEE DRINKERS.

BEWARE OF SPURIOUS IMITATIONS,

As it is imported by no other firm in Canada

ROBINSON & CO.,
THE TEA POT,
OTTAWA

Wines, Spirits & Liquors

ROBINSON & CO. would especially ti the attention of families to their stock of

ALES, WINES & SPIRITS

100 cases Otard Brandy.
50 " Martell's
150 " Hennessey.
75 " United Vinquels

We have a most delicious

DINNER SHERRY

Which we are selling at 8 shillings per gallon

GUINESS & CO.

DUBLIN STOUT!

BLOOD'S LONDON STOUT.
BARCLAY'S LONDON PORTER
ALLSOP'S PALE ALE.
BASS' EAST INDIA.
DOW'S CELEBRATED MONTREAL ALE
DAW'S SUPERIOR LACHINE ALE
DAW'S CELEBRATED PORTER & STOUT

PRESERVED MEATS.

Just Received from England:

ROAST HARE.
CURRIED DO.
JUGGED DO.
STEWED DO.
ROAST PHEASANTS.
ROAST GROUSE.
OAST PARTRIDGE

ALL GOODS DELIVERED FREE by our own Waggons to any part of the City daily

ROBINSON & CO.
THE TEA POT,
OTTAWA.

Establishments—Sussex St. and Rideau St
Ottawa, September 10. 225tf

CAUTION.

THE Subscriber regrets the necessity for cautioning the public against imitations of his popular Pomades,

The Alexandra Cream,

AND

The Canada Pomade

But having been informed that some unprincipled person has put up inferior articles, copying the labels word for word, and thereby greatly damaging the sale of the genuine articles, he is compelled to take this course in self-defence.

For the future every genuine pot will bear my written signature in RED INK, across the face of the label.

W. M. MASSEY,
Family and Dispensing Chemist,
Medical Hall, 28, Sparks-st.
Ottawa, Feb. 6, 1868. 472y

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

NOTICE.

THE Undersigned will either sell or let for a few years his well known farm, being lot Twenty-five in the Fourth Concession of Gloucester, Rideau Front, 215 acres all cleared, and well fenced and in a good state of cultivation. Also, the one-half of lot Twenty-seven in the Third Concession, being in its natural state, all wood and excellent land. It is just the cross of two hundred acres from the corner of the one lot to the other. The railroad line runs within ten feet of the front corner of the one hundred and in sight of the two hundred for two or three miles. The Station at Cunningham's is scarcely a mile and a half from the front of Lot Twenty-five. The above farm is capable of keeping thirty head of milch cows, two span of horses, and as many young cattle as it would be proper to raise. Eight or nine years ago I kept twenty-two milch cows, and ten or twelve horses, and raised five or six calves every year. The above farm is about ten miles, from the door, to the limits of the City. The improvements cannot be surpassed for a farmer's purpose. The dwelling-house is stone, 30 by 40, a story and a half over ground; and a cellar nine feet high, the one half used for a kitchen and the other half capable of holding 1,000 bushels of anything you wish to put into it; there is three small windows in it, and when cleaned in the Spring, makes an excellent milk-house or dairy; there is a frame wood shed at the door, 60 by 24, with 14 feet taken off the one end for a coachhouse, and overhead for a storehouse; next to that is a stable 36 by 26, finished inside, complete with four large double stalls and two single ones, and good room for hanging up harness, and eat hay; convenient to that is a barn 40 by 50, in which I have often put 1,000 bushels of grain in one year; connected with that is 200 and 20 feet of frame sheds, all 20 and 24 deep, under pinned with stone and lime from two to seven feet, according to level; on the north side of the house is another barn, 30 by 40, commonly filled with peas and oats. And if either tenant or purchaser has a desire for religious purposes, you can lie in your bed and look at the bell tolling on the Catholic Church every Holy Day, and go to the front door and you will see the Presbyterian Church, where the Rev. Mr. Lochead has preached for the last twenty-two years, and go to the back door and you will see both English Church and Methodist Church within two miles. The above farm would be a desirable situation for a young man wishing to give his attention to farming, as the Ottawa Market cannot be surpassed in the Dominion. I think that I can say that I have not sold one pound of butter under one shilling this eight years: if one went under two went over. Some reader may ask what am I selling for, it is neither for scant nor for want of anything, but I am in the seventieth year of my age, and has purchased off this lot seven hundred and fifty acres of land and all is paid for, and all my sons is settled on their own farms, so I would rather sit down and take my ease as be attending to marketing and farming any longer. Persons wishing to get any information on any point from me, can do so by addressing, postpaid, JAMES JOHNSTON, Senr., South Gloucester.

JAMES JOHNSTON, SENR.
February 6, 1868. 769-6Mb17.

Two Dwellings to Let,

BEING the Upper part of E. MARTINEAU'S Clothing Store, Corner of Sussex and Clarence-streets.

Enquire at the Store. EUG. MARTINEAU.
Ottawa, Jan. 22, 1868. 654tf

To Let.

A ROOM TO LET either with or without board. Enquire this office.
Ottawa, November 26. 594tf

Lots for Sale.

6 BUILDING LOTS, one mile from the city, on the Richmond Road, containing one acre each. Apply to THOMAS ANDERSON, Jr., on the premises. 564tf

FOR SALE.—THE WESTerly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession Ottawa, Front Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same Concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. T. Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to JOHN and WM. THOMSON, Nepean, and LEWIS & PINHEY, Barrister, Ottawa. Jc2-141-tf

FOR SALE, THAT ELIgible property, beautifully situated on the Banks of the Ottawa, in the Township of Nepean, distant from the City of Ottawa about three miles on the macadamized road, together with the STONE DWELLING-HOUSE thereon erected, at present occupied by William Thomson, Esquire, and the garden and ornamental grounds adjoining the same, fronting part of Lot No. 29, in the 1st concession, Ottawa front. A most desirable private residence and vacant Lots adjoining the same also for sale at reasonable prices.

For particulars and terms apply to John and William Thomson on the premises, or to

LEWIS & PINHEY,
Barristers, &c., Ottawa.
Ottawa, February 27, 1867 369y

VICTORIA HOTEL—TO LET.

NO more eligible chance could be offered to any party in the Hotel-keeping line than the lease of the above FIRST-CLASS HOTEL.

Being on the eve of Confederation, and Ottawa being definitely settled upon as its capital,

The Victoria Hotel

could not fail to be made to pay.

It is built on the most modern style of architecture, of cut stone; has large plate-glass windows, and is four stories high, exclusive of the basement. It is finely situated on the

The Ottawa Daily Times

VOL. II. NO 670. OTTAWA, WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 19, 1868. PRICE—3 CENTS

THE

Ottawa Daily Times,

(Published every morning, Sundays excepted.)

THE DAILY AND WEEKLY TIMES NOW enjoys THE LARGEST CIRCULATION of any paper published in the Ottawa Valley—issuing of the Daily over 2,000; and Weekly over 4,000; making a total circulation in the week of over 6,000; thus outstripping all competitors, and affording the best medium for business men to advertise in.

Advertisements are inserted in the Daily at the following rates:

Business Cards of from 3 to 6 lines, per annum—payable in advance only..... $5 00

Transient Advertisements, first insertion per line..... 8c

All subsequent insertions, per line..... 2c

Yearly advertisers specially contracted with, and liberal allowance made.

Weekly subscription to the daily (if paid in advance)..... $5 00

If not paid in advance..... 6 00

Yearly subscription to the weekly (if paid in advance)..... $1 00

If not paid in advance..... 1 50

ADVERTISING AGENCY—Messrs. S. M. Pettengill & Co., Park Row, New York, and State Street, Boston, General Advertising Agents, are hereby authorized to receive Advertisements for the OTTAWA TIMES

LEGAL.

G. J. O'DOHERTY,
LAW, CHANCERY and CONVEYANCING OFFICE, AUMOND'S BUILDINGS, Rideau street.
Ottawa, Dec. 6, 1867. 608-49y

R. J. WICKSTEED,
ADVOCATE, &c., 42, Little St. James Street, MONTREAL.
November 14, 1867. 589-6m

N. TETREAU,
NOTARY PUBLIC for the Province of Quebec, HULL, near the Post Office.
Dec. 6, 1867. 590tf

NICHOLAS SPARKS,
LAW, Chancery and Conveyancing Office, Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite Post Office.
Ottawa, July 19. 489y

LAPIERRE & HAYCOCK,
ATTORNIES-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers and Notaries Public, corner of Sussex and York-streets, Ottawa.
Ottawa, February 26, 1867. 368y

WILLIAM MOSGROVE,
LAW, Chancery and Conveyancing. OFFICE: Mosgrove's Block, Rideau Street, Ottawa, C. W. 366-tf

D. O'CONNOR,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex Street. OFFICE: Union Buildings, Ottawa.
February 21, 1866. 55-y

R. H. HAYCOCK,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. OFFICE: Post Office Building, Elgin Street, Ottawa.
February 7, 1866. 45-u

A. F. BOUCHETTE,
ADVOCATE. Office: No. 17, St. Peter Street, Quebec. Mr. Bouchette will always be prepared to attend promptly to any business the Government employes, and the public generally may entrust him. Mr. B. attends regularly the circuits and for the district of Quebec.
December 28, 1865. 9-y

P. J. BUCKLEY, L.L.B.,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law Solicitor-in-Chancery and Notary Public. Office, over Mr. Luke Canaan's Boot and Shoe Store, Rideau Street, Ottawa, C. W.
January 17 1867. 334y

AUGUSTUS KEEFER,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office: Opposite Post Office, Elgin Street, in the rooms lately occupied as the Custom House.
Ottawa, March 30. 57-tf

J. F. BOULTON,
BARRISTER-AT-LAW, Solicitor-in-Chancery, &c. OFFICE: Aumond's Buildings, Rideau Street.
Ottawa, Jan. 12, 1866. 21-y

M. McLEOD,
BARRISTER, Etc., for Lower Canada. OFFICES: Court House, Aylmer and Buckingham, C.E.
Attends to all Law Courts in the District of Ottawa.
February 7, 1866. 43-ut

LEES & GEMMELL,
BARRISTERS, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. OFFICE: In the Court House, Ottawa, C. W.
ROBERT LEES. JOHN J. GEMMELL.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

EDWARD T. DARTNELL,
BARRISTER, Solicitor, Attorney, and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Town Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. OFFICE: In the Court House, L'Original.
January 27, 1866. 34-6m

MEDICAL.

DR. CHESLEY,
OFFICE over Mr. Garth's Establishment, 75 Rideau-st., Ottawa.
May 30 447tf

DR. C. LEGGO,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Office: Hunton's Block, Sparks Street.

DR. DORION,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon, and Accoucheur, Clarence Street, Ott. ra.
March 1. 371y

DR. OLIVER MARTIN,
DENTIST. Office: Sparks Street, Central Ottawa.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-utf

DR. C. A. MARTIN,
DENTIST. Office: Sussex Street, over Messrs. Campbell & Co.'s, Grocers.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-utf

DR. JOHN LEGGO,
DENTIST, Hunton's Block, Sparks Street. Teeth extracted without pain by means of the Ethereal Spray Producer. 350a

W. R. BELL, A.M., M.D., C.M., &c.
(RECENTLY FROM ENGLAND.)
SURGERY and Residence, George Street.
Ottawa, November 13. 280y

DR. LESLIE JONES,
Surgeon, &c., of Dublin and Edinburgh.
SURGERY and Consulting Office, Rideau-st., next door to the St. Lawrence Hall. Residence—Daly Street. 584y

DR. GEORGE HUTCHISON,
DENTIST: Office, Sparks-street, opposite Magee & Russell's.
Ottawa, October 30, 1867. 576y

DR. W. J. HENRY,
CORNER of Kent and Wellington Streets, Ottawa.
November 6. 475tf

DR. O. C. WOOD,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur Ottawa. Day office opposite Magee & Russell's, Sparks Street, Center Town; Night Office at his Residence, Maria Street, Center Town.
CANCERS CURED, without the use of the knife, by a new, but certain, speedy, and almost painless process. References given to parties successfully healed, if required. The cure guaranteed.
Ottawa, April 14. 17w-100-y

HOLGATE, OLIVER & ANNABLE,
WHOLESALE Manufacturers of Bedsteads Chairs, &c., Chaudiere Island Ottawa, C.W.
WILLIAM HOLGATE,
JOHN OLIVER,
WILLIAM ANNABLE.
Ottawa A 506y

BUSINESS CARDS.

B. BILLINGS, JR.,
ARCHITECT, Elgin-street, opposite the Post Office.
REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq. Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq. Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M.P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq. Managing Director O & P R W 612-6m

R. SPARKS,
PROVINCIAL LAND SURVEYOR, Draughtsman, &c., (commissioned for Upper and Lower Canada.) Office and residence, Gloucester, near Ottawa. Surveys of every description executed with accuracy. Communications addressed Ottawa City, (post-paid), or left at the office of N. Sparks, Solicitor, &c., Ottawa, will receive prompt attention.
Ottawa, February 21, 1866. 55-

N. McKINNON,
COMMISSION and Exchange Broker, and Insurance Agent, Sparks-street, opposite Magee & Russell's, Ottawa, C. W.
Ottawa, March 25. 391y

O'CONNOR & WALLER,
EXCHANGE Brokers, Fire, Life and Accidental Insurance, Commission and Collecting Agents. Office, No. 27, Sussex-Street, Ottawa.
R. E. O'CONNOR. W. H. WALLER.
March 9. 378y

J. P. MACPHERSON,
BARRISTER, &c., Ottawa, Office: Lang's Buildings, opposite Post Office
Ottawa, March 10, 1866. 74-y

H. McLEAN'S
AUCTION Rooms, No. 19, Sparks Street, Centre Town, Ottawa, opposite Hope's Stationery Store.
The sale of Real Estate at Auction or Private Sale promptly attended to. Consignments received for positive sale. Parties wishing to purchase Real Estate will receive all information FREE OF CHARGE by calling at the office.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y

R. H. McGREEVY,
CONTRACTOR and Builder. Office: North side York street, second door from Sussex Street.
Ottawa, March 20, 1866. 78-y

S. CHRISTIE,
COMMISSION Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.
OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W. y

PARLIAMENTARY AGENCY,
C. J. BOUCHETTE,
P. L. SURVEYOR and Draughtsman, Mining, Land, and General Parliamentary Agent. References unexceptionable. Office: Wellington Street, next to British Hotel, and nearly opposite the banks, Ottawa.
P. S.—Special attention given with despatch to Public Land business, adjusting disputed claims, and securing Patents.
Ottawa, May 22. 132-y

JOHN MERCER,
Teacher Piano-Forte, Violin, &c.
THOROUGH BASS.
AYLMER, C. E.
VISITS OTTAWA TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS.
Orders left at Union House will be punctually attended to.
Ottawa, July 26. 187tf

HOTELS AND SALOONS.

HOLT'S HOTEL,
AYLMER, C. E., Livery and General Stage Office. Alfred Moses Holt, Jr., Proprietor.
December 21, 1865. 4-y

JAS. JOHNSTON'S
UNION HOUSE, North Gower. Good Stabling and an attentive Hostler.
January 11, 1866. 2tf-y

DUIGNAN'S
PRIVATE HOTEL, Sparks Street, Ottawa, C. W. A few gentlemen can obtain superior apartments.
Ottawa, Dec. 20, 1865. 3-y

THE RUSSELL HOUSE,
LATE CAMPBELL'S HOTEL, Ottawa, C. W. The undersigned, proprietor of the above-named Hotel, begs leave to acquaint his numerous friends and the travelling public, that he has re-painted and newly-furnished throughout this commodious establishment, in the management of which by strict attention to business and guests, he hopes to deserve encouragement and support.
JAMES E. GOUIN,
Lately, and for many years connected with Russell's Hotel, Pictaire Street, Quebec
&c.

THE ALBION HOTEL
NICHOLAS Street, Court-House Avenue, Ottawa, John Graham, Proprietor.
This House is conveniently situated, and still maintains its character as a FIRST-CLASS HOTEL. Considerable additions have recently been made to the premises, and it has been entirely repainted and renovated. No pains will be spared to accommodate and please.
OMNIBUSES to and from the cars and boats free of charge. There is a FIRST-CLASS LIVERY STABLE attached to the Hotel.
Ottawa 1866. 1-y

JOHN MALTMAN
LATE McADAM'S, Commercial Hotel, Packenham.
The above Hotel, one of the oldest and best known in Packenham, has been leased by the undersigned and thoroughly overhauled and refitted for the special accommodation of guests. THE TABLE AND BAR will at all times be furnished with the very best the market affords.
GOOD STABLING and a careful Hostler always in attendance JOHN MALTMAN.

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,
M. KAVANAGH, Proprietor, Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington Streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government buildings.
The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.
Oysters, Game etc., daily

THE METROPOLITAN
Aumond's Block,
Rideau Street, Ottawa.
P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.
Ottawa, November 27. 292tf

THE REVERE HOUSE,
OTTAWA.
G. A. BUCKE,
W. H. SANGER, } .....PROPRIETORS.
THIS FIRST-CLASS HOTEL has been re-furnished and refitted throughout, and now combines all the requisites of a first-class establishment.
Ottawa, Nov. 6, 1867 532tf

DOMINION HOUSE!
WELLINGTON-STREET,
COLIN McLaurin & Geo. Irvine, Proprietors. This hotel has been lately fitted up, and is now replete with every convenience which characterizes a modern hotel.
Boarders taken at moderate rates. The bar is always stocked with first-class liquors.
Ottawa, Feb. 5. 658-6wy

MISS LOVETT'S
PRIVATE HOTEL
HOLLIS STREET, HALIFAX, N. S.
STRANGERS will find this long established and well known house to be the most comfortable and well conducted in the city.
December 25, 1867. 622-6m

TO PARTIES ABOUT TO BUILD—
PLANS,
SPECIFICATIONS,
ESTIMATES, &
Prepared by
AUGUSTUS LAVER,
ARCHITECT.
End Daly-st. Ottawa.
April 1.

DRUGGISTS.

Spectacles for all Sights.

OPTICAL Instruments Electro-Magnetic and Galvanic Apparatus, Photographic Chemicals, &c.
W. HEARN,
637y Market Drug Store, York-street.

Apothecaries Hall!
No. 41, SUSSEX STREET,
G. MORTIMER, - - - PROPRIETOR
NONE OTHER GENUINE!
TRADE MARK IS REGISTERED
Canadian Cough Emulsion.
THIS Valuable Medicine has the extraordinary property of immediately relieving Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Difficulty of Breathing, Tightness in the Chest, &c., &c. It operates by dissolving the congealed phlegm, causing free expectoration, and an agreeable moistness of the skin. Prepared only by
GEORGE MORTIMER,
Chemist and Druggist, 41, Sussex Street, Ottawa City. Sold in bottles at 1s 3d and 2s 6d each.

MORTIMER'S
COMPOUND ANTIBILIOUS
AND FAMILY APERIENT PILLS.
A grand Specific for derangement of the digestive organs, and for obstructions and torpid action of the Liver and Bowels.

MORTIMER'S Vegetable WORM DESTROYER.
The only sure remedy that exists. Combining delicious taste with amazing power. Also
CAMPHORATED EYE-WATER,
Sure Cure for Sore, Weak and Inflamed Eyes.

MORTIMER'S
Colognes, Pomades, Toilet Vinegar, Rose Dentrifice, for the Teeth and Gums. Also constantly on hand, Perfumes of all kinds, and Toilet requisites usually kept in a first-class establishment.

FOUND,
A NEVER Failing Remedy for Coughs and Colds, Mortimer's Canadian Cough Emulsion. No family should be without a bottle. None genuine but from
G. MORTIMER,
Chemist, 41, Sussex-st.
The best of Certificates can be produced.
Ottawa, Nov. 22, 1867. 596-6m

OTTAWA
DRUG WAREHOUSE,
RIDEAU STREET
1866 SEEDS. SEEDS. 1866.
A LARGE STOCK OF FRESH GARDEN and FIELD SEEDS, just arrived and on Sale. All Seeds warranted Fresh.
A large importation of English and French PERFUMES will arrive next week.
FLORIDA WATER. SOZODONT.
HAIR BRUSHES. COMBS.
NAIL BRUSHES. CLOTHES BRUSHES,
&c., &c., &c.
Just being opened up.
JOSEPH GARVEY, M.D.
P. S.—Advice to the poor gratis.
Ottawa, April 11. 97-y

DOMESTIC DYES.
THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT OF DYES in this city on sale at the
Ottawa Drug Warehouse.
A fresh Lot of Good, Cheap PERFUMES just received.
N. B.—Prescriptions carefully and promptly prepared. J. GARVEY, M. D.
Ottawa, Feb. 12 1866 47-utf

PARLIAMENT
HAIRDRESSING SALOON!

E. MILES,
Hairdresser by Appointment to His Excellency the Governor-General,
HAS REMOVED HIS PARLIAMENT HAIR DRESSING SALOON from the old stand to his new and commodious room over the LONDON MUSIC STORE, on Elgin-st., opposite the Russell House, which he has fitted up in the most recherche style of the business, and where his Rotary Hair Brush, which he imported expressly for himself, being the first introduced into British America, will be kept ready for use. The saloon is delightfully ventilated, and very pleasantly situated.
Mr. MILES would take this opportunity of returning his most sincere thanks to his many friends and the public, for their kind and generous patronage to him, during a number of years, in his old establishment, and trusts that by unremitting attention to business, and in his new and first-class saloon, with polite and attentive workmen, to merit a continuance of their favors.
All kinds of Hair Watch Guards, Finger Rings, &c., manufactured to order. For the convenience of ladies orders will be received at the London Music Store, where a fine and varied assortment of Hair-work will be found.
E. MILES,
Hair Dresser, by appointment, to his Excellency the Governor-General.
Ottawa, October 3 1867 553-39y

BAZAAR.
IT is intended to hold a Bazaar on the
SEVENTEENTH of MARCH NEXT,
1868, and following days, in aid of the DEBT on
The Parsonage of Christ Church.
Contributions will be most thankfully received from the members of the Church, and other friends in Ottawa, by the following Ladies, who have kindly consented to act as a Committee of Management
MRS. CLEMOW,
" W. P. POWELL,
" COFFIN,
" ADAMSON,
" T. M. BLASDELL,
" LAUDER,
" DONALDSON,
" JOHN THOMPSON,
N. SPARKS,
MAGEE,
" STREET.
ANNIE POWELL,
Secretary.
Ottawa, Dec. 23, 1867. 622d

Satchell Brothers,

Butchers to His Excellency Lord Monck.
No. 7, LOWER TOWN MARKET.
Superior Stall Fed.
BEEF, MUTTON, LAMB AND VEAL,
SATCHELL'S
Celebrated Spiced Rounds & Rolled Beef,
Cured in the English Style.
Also, Sugar Cured Hams and Bacon of their own curing, constantly on hand.
Ottawa, December 4. 621-3m

GREAT CLEARING SALE

—OF—

Dry Goods and Ready-made Clothing,

—AT—

J. T. Prudhomme's Stores,

SUSSEX-STREET, FACING CLARENCE-STREET,

And at the Sign of the "Golden Lamb."

AS the Subscriber intends closing one of his Stores on the first day of December, he is determined to sell off at an immense reduction his stock of

DRY GOODS & READY-MADE CLOTHIN

—CONSISTING OF—

Beaver Cloths, Pilot do Whitney do Melton do Sattinet do

West of England Broad Cloths, Black Cassimeres, Silk Mix Coatings, " " Trowserings, Fancy Doeskins,

Col. and White Blankets Horse Rugs, Flannels, Kerseys, Wineeys.

English, Scotch and anadian Tweeds.

DRAWERS, SHIRTS, WOOL GRAVATS, SCARFS, NECK TIES, COLLARS,

SHAWLS, CLOAKINGS, DRESS GOODS, NECK TIES, PRINTS, COBOURGS,

BUCK MITTS, BUCK MOCASSINS, WOOL SOCKS " MITTS, TRUNKS, VALISES

—ALSO, A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF—

Boots and Shoes, Teas, Soap, Candles and Wines

The whole to be disposed of before the 1st day of December. Call early and examine before purchasing elsewhere.
Ottawa, November 19, 1867. 593-3m

RELIANCE
MUTUAL LIFE ASSURANCE CO'Y.
ESTABLISHED 1840.
CHIEF OFFICE—71, King William-street, Mansion House, LONDON.

ACCUMULATED PREMIUMS OVER, - - - $1,000,000.
ANNUAL INCOME OVER, - - - - - $300,000.

TRUSTEES.
The Right Rev the Bishop of Moray and Ross.
Viscount Kirkaldie — J R S Phillipps, Esq — Sir John T Tyrell, Bart
John Ledger, Esq — James Traill, Esq — W M Tufnell, Esq
DIRECTORS.
George Ashlin, Esq — John W Lay, Esq — Henry T Prinsep, Esq
W W Duffield, Esq — John Ledger, Esq — Major Skinner, R A
J W Egertongreen, Esq — J Oxlyparker, Esq — Charles H Smith, Esq
George T Harris, Esq — William Phelps, Esq — James Traill, Esq
John James, Esq — John Pike, Esq — W M Tufnell, Esq
Edward White, Esq
MEDICAL OFFICERS.
J W Ogle, Esq. M D — H F Smith, Esq, M D
BANKS.
Messrs William Deacon Co, Birchin Lane, Messrs Sparrow, Tufnell & Co, Chelmsford.
The London and County Bank.
SOLICITORS.
Messrs Hooke & Street, 27 Lincoln's Inn Fields. Messrs Gepp & Veley, Chelmsford.
EDWARD BUTLER, Secretary.

Canada Branch—Montreal.
BOARD OF DIRECTORS.
Walter Shanly, Esq, M P, Chairman.
Duncan Macdonald, Esq. George Winks, Esq. W H Hingston, Esq, M D, L R C S.
SOLICITORS—Messrs Rose & Ritchie. MEDICAL ADVISER—W H Hingston, Esq, M D.
The entire profits of this old and long established society belong to the policy holders, who are protected from all liability by the deed of settlement.
Annuities and endowments granted on advantageous terms.
Advances made on approved security in connection with Life Policies.
Every information to be had on application to any of the Society's Agents in Canada, or to
T W GRIFFITH, Manager and Secretary.
Head Office for the Dominion of Canada—Corner St Francois Xavier-street, Montreal.
Agents wanted in unrepresented districts throughout Canada.
NEIL McKINNON,
589-6m Agent for Ottawa.

Etna Fire and Marine Insurance Co.
The Number of Shareholders exceed Five Hundred.

Capital,..... $2,500,000.
Annual Income Nearly..... $1,000,000.

HEAD OFFICE—Upper Sackville-street, Dublin, Ireland; CHIEF OFFICE, ENGLAND—17 and 18 Corn Hill, London; CHIEF OFFICE, SCOTLAND—98 George-st., Edinburgh.

DIRECTORS.
John Obins Woodhouse, Esq, 82 Pembroke Road, Dublin; Omeath Park, Co Louth; Portadown, Co Armagh; Kerry Keel, Co Armagh and Down—Chairman.
Robert Craven Wade, Esq. Conebraney, Crosskeale, Co Meath, and Sackville Street Club, Dublin, J P for Counties Meath and Wicklow—Director Scottish Amicable Life Office.
Charles Going Malone, Esq, Merchant, Stephen-street and George-street, Dublin; Churchtown Lodge, Dundrom, Co Dublin—Director Commercial Gas Company.
John William Gregg, Esq, Alderman, Merchant, 18 Upper Sackville-street, Dublin—Vice Chairman.
Irwine Smith Whitty, Esq, 6 Wellington Road, Dublin—Director Government Prisons.
Bernard Coyne, Esq, 27 Waterloo Road, Dublin, J P, Co Mayo.
Jeffry Martin, Esq, 2 Clarinda Park, East Kingstown, Dublin, and Curraglinore, Ballinrobe, Co Mayo, J P for Co Mayo.
Robert Conway Hurly, Esq, Bridge House and Glenduff, Tralee; J P for Co Kerry.
David Richardson Goodlate, Esq Merchant.

FEATURES.
A division of profits every three years to holders of policies who have no losses.
MODERATE PREMIUMS.
The company do not advocate high premiums, but rates will be charged according as the nature of the risk. Losses will be promptly and fully met on adjustment. Losses by lightning and loss or damage by explosion of gas within the premises insured made good.
JOHN INNIS, ESQ, Manager.
Provincial Act, and have obtained the license of the Minister of Finance to do business in Canada, and are now prepared to take risks.
T. W. GRIFFITH, Manager for Canada.
Head Office for the Dominion—Corner of St Francois Xavier and St Sacrament-streets, Montreal.
Agents wanted in unrepresented districts throughout Canada.
589-6m NEIL McKINNON, Agent for Ottawa.

STOVES. STOVES. STOVES.
STOVES. STOVES. STOVES.
STOVES. STOVES. STOVES.
"CAPITAL" 35, H.
STOVE SUSSEX MEADOWS
DEPOT! St. & CO.

WE have received our fall and Winter Stock of STOVES, STOVE PIPES, ELBOWS, DUMB STOVES, TINWARE and LUMBERMEN'S SUPPLIES, which we offer Wholesale or Retail at low prices. In Cooking, Parlor, Box and Hall Stoves, for wood or coal, we have the largest and most varied assortment ever shown in Ottawa.

COOKING STOVES. COOKING STOVES. COOKING STOVES.
COOKING STOVES. COOKING STOVES. COOKING STOVES
COOKING STOVES. COOKING STOVES. COOKING STOVES.
Our stock of the above comprises the latest improvements in both ELEVATED and LOW OVEN STOVES.

BOX AND HALL STOVES. BOX AND HALL STOVES.
BOX AND HALL STOVES. BOX AND HALL STOVES.
BOX AND HALL STOVES. BOX AND HALL STOVES.
Suitable for private Dwellings and Churches, Warehouses and Stores.

PARLOR STOVES. PARLOR STOVES. PARLOR STOVES.
PARLOR STOVES. PARLOR STOVES. PARLOR STOVES.
PAR TOVES. PARLOR STOVES. PARLOR STOVES.
New and most beautiful designs, very cheap.

COAL STOVES. PARLOR GRATES.
Hot Air Furnaces.
We still continue to manufacture every description of TIN, SHEET IRON, and COPPER WARE, RUSSIA IRON PIPE, and DUMB STOVES. Also all kinds of out-door Job Work in our line attended to by competent and experienced Mechanics. Country Merchants supplied with Stovepipes, &c., at reduced rates.
Lumbermen's Supplies! Lumbermen's Supplies! Shanty Plates! Basins! Camp Kettles, &c.
HOUSEFURNISHING GOODS!
Bird Cages! Bird Cages! Bird Cages!
Price Lists sent free on application.
Any part of a Stove sold by us can be replaced when broken or burnt out, a fact intending buyers would do well to note.
An inspection of the above goods invited at the
"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,
35, SUSSEX STREET.
Ottawa, October 2, 1867. H. MEADOWS & CO. 62-y

INSURANCE.

INTERCOLONIAL
ASSURANCE CO'Y.
OF CANADA.
Capital - - - $500,000.
With power to increase the same.
SHARES, - - $100 EACH.
PROVISIONAL DIRECTORS:
H. O. Burritt, Esq., President; R. Lyon, Esq. Mayor of Ottawa, Vice-President; T. D. Harington, Dy. Receiver General; the Hon. J. Skead, J. M. Currier, M. P., D. McLaughlin, M.P., W. Wade, Esq., F. Jones, M.P., W. Ellis, Esq., W. H. Brouse, M.D., Joseph Aumond, Esq., M. K. Church, M.D., and J. M. Bates.
THIS is purely a Canadian Institution, and as such is deserving of the support of the Canadian public.
An Act for the Incorporation of this Company is now before the Parliament of the Dominion.
Over $100,000 of stock is already subscribed and it is the intention to deposit with the Government as a guarantee of our good faith, at least $50,000 as soon as an Act of Incorporation is procured (which will be a provision of our Incorporation.) It is unnecessary here to dilate upon the profits of money invested in Insurance Stock. Suffice it to say, that, at least in one instance 535 per cent advance has been obtained on insurance stock, and that after the payment of princely dividends. In the meantime Subscriptions to Stock, in Ottawa may be made at the Ontario and Royal Canadian Banks, and a deposit of 10 per cent is requisite which will be deposited IN TRUST to be returned in case any subscriber is not satisfied with his investment up to one month after the Vice-Regal sanction to the Charter is obtained.
J. M. BATES,
Pro. Manager and Secretary.
Ottawa, Nov. 21, 1867. 595tf

CITY OF GLASGOW
Life Assurance Company
ESTABLISHED 1838.
CAPITAL, £600,000 Sg.
ANNUAL REVENUE OVER £120,000 Srg.
THIS COMPANY OFFERS TO THE public the combined advantage of perfect security, moderate premiums and liberal participation in profits. No extra charge for Volunteers in defence of the country.
RINTOUL BROS., Montreal, General Agents for Canada.
NEIL McKINNON, Agent,
Sparks-street, Ottawa.
Ottawa March 25. 391y

Ætna Life Insurance Company.
ESTABLISHED, A. D. 1820.
Capital and Assets, 1st Jan., 1867, $4,401,833.86
THIS MOST SUCCESSFUL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY divides the whole of the Profits, every year, among the insured, reducing the cost to about one-half the figures usually charged.
For instance, the annual payment, at the age of 30, in most Companies, to insure $2000 is, with profits, about $50, and without profits.....$43.90
In the Ætna, $2000, to a person 30 years of age, costs the first year..... 25.31
And each subsequent year..... 26.74
Which payment is subject to further reduction as the business of the Company increases.
Endowment policies on equally favorable terms.
The fact that the Ætna has, during the past 12 months, insured over 14,000 persons, from among the best business men of the Continent, is the best possible testimonial to the soundness of the Company, and the excellence of its method of doing business.
J. GARVEY, ESQ., M. D.,
Medical Referee.
S. PEDLAR & CO., Montreal.
Ottawa, March 13. 381y

BRITISH AMERICA
Assurance Company!
FIRE AND MARINE.
ESTABLISHED 1830.
R. S. Cassels, Esq.....Consulting Director.
THE ABOVE FIRST-CLASS COMPANY is prepared to insure all descriptions of property against loss or damage by fire.
HERRICK, BRUSH & CO.,
AGENTS,
Ottawa, January 4, 1867. Aumond's Buildings. 323y

Land for Sale.
$50 ACRES OF LAND, situated within two to eight miles of the city. Apply to JOHN W. McGUIRE, Lot 25, 2nd Concession, Ottawa Front, Gloucester. 546-6m

To Sell or Let---Rare Opening.
TERMS MODERATE.
FINE STONE DWELLING HOUSES, Photographic Chambers, and other Cut Stone Premises, well arranged and eligibly situated for commercial business.
Apply to JOHN MACAULEY, Chaudiere, Ottawa; or E. McGILLIVRAY, J. B. TACKABERRY, or H. McLEAN, Auctioneer, Ottawa.
January 8, 1867. 585-6m

Furniture! Furniture! Furniture!
AT THE
VARIETY HALL,
34, Sussex-st.
A MOST Complete Stock of Black Walnut and other Furniture, in Cane and Hair Seated Chairs, Tete-a-Tetes, Sofas, Extension Dining Tables, Centre Tables, Sideboards, Ohiffoniers, Wardrobes, Bureaus, Bedsteads, Washstands and Toilet Tables. Also, Hair, Excelsior and Sea Grass Mattresses, of all sizes, Gilt Mirrors, Toilet and other Looking Glasses, Table Cutlery of all kinds, Brushes, Brooms, and Wooden Ware of various descriptions, Table and Floor Mats, Soiled Linen Baskets, a beautiful article, Rocking Horses, Children's Sleighs, and the best assorted stock of Crockery, China and Glassware in the Dominion. This stock being all purchased to the best advantage will consequently be sold cheap.
Crockery, China, Glassware, Stoves and Furniture rented to private or public parties at a reasonable rate.
JOSEPH BOYDEN,
429y General Agent.

THE CAPITAL
Boot and Shoe Store!

South Side of York-street, Lower Ottawa.
A LARGE SUPPLY of HAND-MADE KIPP BOOTS and SHOES of the VERY BEST QUALITY on hand.
Lumbermen who are anxious to furnish workmen with GOOD FEET WARE, will be enabled to do so by calling at the CAPITAL for their supplies.
I am selling off the balance of the Winter Stock of READYMADE WORK at REDUCED PRICES, which consists of Ladies' Misses' and Children's BALMORALS, CONGRESS GAITERS, RUBBERS and OVERSHOES, and Men's and Boys' Boots in CALF SKIN, KIPP and COW HIDE.
Orders and Measures taken for all sorts of Work. GEORGE MURPHY.
Ottawa Jan. 31, 1868. 429-y

APPLICATION will be made during the present session of the Parliament of Canada for an Act to incorporate the "British and Canadian Bank."
February 14, 1868. 666-2m

K. ARNOLDI,
WINE & SPIRIT MERCHANT,
METCALFE-STREET,
Telegraph Company's Building, Ottawa.
RECOMMENDS and Guarantees with confidence the following Wines:—
PORTS—Graham's, Sandeman's, Forrester's, Masden's, &c.:

	Per Gall.	Per Doz
No. 1 Good sound Wine	$2 00	$6 00
" 2 "	3 00	8 75
" 3 Old	3 50	10 00
" 4 Superior old	4 50	12 50
" 5 Very fine old	5 75	15 50

SHERRY WINE—Domecq's, Capdepon, Pemartin's, Cramp Suter's, &c.:

No. 1 Light table Wine	$2 00	6 00
" 2 Superior do	3 00	8 75
" 3 Very choice	3 50	10 00
" 4 Very Superior	4 50	12 50
" 5 Very fine	5 50	15 00

Marsala Wine,
$1.30 per Gallon, $4.50 per Dozen.
Especial attention called to the above Wine. Far superior to all common sherries, its chief recommendation is that it agrees perfectly well with persons who cannot take those wines, even of a high class. It is soft and old, free from heat, or the slightest approach to acidity, while its very moderate price recommends it for all large entertainments, as well as for the luncheon, dinner and supper table. It has met with the highest approval from the medical gentlemen of this city.
Also, in wood or bottle, old and new Brandies, Rums, Gins, Old Tom Gins, Irish, Scotch, and Canadian Whiskeys of Standard Brands.
Clarets, Champagne, Hocks, Caracas, Marachino, Chartreuse, Royal Italian Bitters, &c., in great variety.
Hibberts' and Guiness' Porter, Bass' and Allsopp's Ales, quarts and pints. Canadian Ale of Superior Quality, in Wood and Bottle.
Goods most confidently recommended, and may be as implicitly relied upon for perfect purity as if purchased in the largest wholesale establishment in the country.
Orders by mail with cash or city reference solicited and promptly attended to. No charge for delivery in the city. A discount to persons buying in quantity or by the original package. Inspection invited.
Price Lists, and every information, on application, or sent to any address.
WINE VAULTS AND OFFICE,
No. 11, Metcalfe-street,
Telegraph Co.'s Building, Ottawa.
January 27, 1868. 535y

FOR SALE
BY THE SUBSCRIBERS,
New Egyptian Dates,
Oranges, Lemons,
Grapes, Turkey Figs,
West End Raisins,
Dundee Marmalade,
Jams and Jellies,
Tomatoes in tins,
Peaches, "
Sweet Corn "
Lima Beans.
OYSTERS & HADDIES!
RECEIVED WEEKLY.
DALGLISH & RUSSELL,
Upper Town.
Ottawa, Jan. 28, 1868. 651y

SMITH & RODNEY
MERCHANT TAILORS and General Outfitters, Elgin-street, opposite the Russell House, and second door from the London Music Store, having just received a choice stock of
English, French and Canadian
CLOTHS and TWEEDS,
And a general assortment of gentlemen's furnishing goods, would intimate to their friends and the public generally that they are prepared to execute all orders in their line at the shortest notice, in the most approved styles and at prices that we defy competition.
Ottawa Oct. 1, 1867. 551tf

ROANOKE
Tobacco Company,
DANVILLE, VIRGINIA.
THIS Company having established at Montreal their General Agency for the Dominion of Canada, is now prepared to offer to the public an article in
SMOKING TOBACCO!
Superior to anything of the kind ever imported into the country, and pledge their long established character that the article now offered is the pure leaf from the
Virgin Hill Tops of Virginia.
The different brands and prices are as follows viz:
The "Prince of Wales," in 1 & 2 lb bls $1.00 per lb
"Dominion Favorite" 1 & " " 0.75 "
"Navy," " 2 " " 0.65 "
The prices are NET CASH in Montreal, and orders accompanied by remittance for 5 lbs and upwards will receive prompt attention. The tobacco will be forwarded to any address, by express or otherwise, as parties may direct.
Please address
F. W. HENSHAW,
Gen. gent Dominion of Canada,
16 St. Sacrament-st.,
Montreal.
Montreal, Dec. 4, 1867. 607-4m

SNOW'S
Celebrated Fever Remedy.
A Sure and Certain Cure for Fever—Continued, Remittent, Intermittent, Typhoid, and Fever arising from Ordinary Colds.
THIS REMEDY has been used in Tropical climates for many years with the greatest success. It shortens the attack, reduces the fever gradually, and at the same time enables the system to throw off the poisonous effect of the on the blood and secretions generally.
PRICE—50 cents and $1 per Bottle. Sold Wholesale and Retail by
H. F. MACCARTHY,
Chemist, Ottawa City
Sole Agent for Dominion of Canada.
December 2, 1867. 579-3m

HOWE'S
Boot and Shoe Store.
REMOVAL.
AS the Lease of our Premises in Sussex-street terminates this month, we intend to confine our business to one locality, and shall remove the whole of our Stock on the 1st of May next, to our Store in
No. 10, Rideau-st.
Our stock of BOOTS and SHOES, LEATHER, SHOE FINDINGS, TRUNKS, &c., &c., will consequently be very large and most complete in every department, and we most respectfully solicit a continuance of favors, to merit which our constant endeavors will be as usual to provide the best articles and sell at the lowest remunerating prices.
G. HOWE & SON.
Remember the place—No. 10, Rideau-st. next to Howell's grocery.
April 27. 420y

FOUND.
NEAR the Market, Lower Town, an INDIA RUBBER CARRIAGE COVER. Apply at this office.
Ottawa, November 495tf

CITY NOTICES.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

On no occasion will the names of Old Advertisements be inserted here.

Ottawa Skating Rink—A Grand Carnival.

The Ottawa Times

City and County Official Paper.

WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 19, 1868.

The Legislature of California has now under consideration a series of resolutions relative to the proposed Union of British Columbia with Canada, in which it is declared to be in the interest of the Pacific States and the whole American Union that "British Columbia be annexed to the United States." This idea may perhaps have been suggested by the Hon. Jos. Howe's pamphlet in opposition to Confederation. At all events he suggested the Union of the Pacific Colonies with the Pacific States; and if the project has not become popular with British people, it has apparently found favor with the Americans most directly interested. The introduction of such resolutions need excite no surprise; but we notice from a communication in a recent English paper, a suggestion that the "claims of Confederate bondholders," the *Alabama* claims, and the American desire to "obtain a right of way by land to Alaska"—a very mild way of putting the cession of British Columbia and Vancouver Island to Uncle Sam!—should all be taken into consideration together, and "amicably adjusted." The author of this suggestion must be sensible of a keen sympathy between his patriotism and his purse. How much money has he invested in Confederate bonds?

Now these discussions and projects on both sides of the Atlantic have but one meaning for us: that we should push on the completion of British American Union with the utmost expedition. For the Atlantic Islands, we can afford to wait, if they are not ready to come in; but British Columbia loudly calls for admission, and some in Vancouver are "talking annexation." The main land has an abundance of mineral wealth equal, if not superior, to California itself, and the San Franciscans are already turning their attention to the *colonizing* of the mining districts. We know what this means: Get an American population into the country in advance of the British emigrant; delay Confederation, until the intervening country becomes somewhat settled, and in a few years you may have the British Columbians settling the question for themselves.

A revolution there in favor of annexation would prove a success or involve Great Britain and the United States in war, and either would be an unspeakable calamity to the Dominion. We hope, therefore, that whatever else may be done during the present session of Parliament, which will be resumed within four weeks, the people's representatives will be prepared to urge upon the Government the most energetic action in securing the legal incorporation of British Columbia with the rest of Canada. This would practically put a stop to the agitation for its probable annexation to the United States at some future day, because the Americans who have paid a heavy price for preserving the integrity *of their* Union are in the best possible position to understand the rate at which we shall value *ours*. It was the fashion among us, and is yet to a limited extent, to put the extension of the Canadian Union away into the indefinite future, but "the signs of the times" are clearly against such a policy. It is now evident that the sooner the administrative authority of the British Government over the whole of British America is delegated to that of Canada, the better it will be for the security of the Empire and the dignity of the Crown.

The Hon. Mr. McKeagney, M. P. for Cape Breton County, called on the Sheriff to convene a meeting of his constituents for the purpose of ascertaining their views on the repeal movement. The Sheriff accordingly called a meeting at the Court House on the 17th, and in the meantime the Local Members, Messrs. Fergusson and White, who are strong repealers, called a meeting on the 13th, to make arrangements for conducting the meeting to be held at the instance of Mr. McKeagney! It is pretty evident that the Repealers do not intend to follow the example of the Unionists, and allow them to hold meetings without interruption. Mr. McKeagney desires very properly to consult with his constituents, yet these gentlemen prepare before, hand a programme, which, no doubt, they will endeavor to carry by drumming up and packing the meeting, so that, if possible, a verdict in favor of repeal may be secured, and Mr. McKeagney placed in a false position in regard to his acceptance of the situation; or rather because of his determination to give the Union a fair trial before asking the Home Government for repeal. Under these circumstances a fair expression of unprejudiced opinion can hardly be expected from the meeting. The fact is, the whole policy of the Union party has been one of "masterly inactivity." Except for the discussions in the journals *pro* and *con*, all the agitation has been on one side. But as one of the Halifax journals recently remarked, not a single journal which supported Confederation last summer has since abandoned it, and not a man known as a Unionist throughout the Anti-agitation organised by Mr. Howe, has since deserted the cause because of their seven months' experience.

The Unionists have acted wisely in not fomenting excitement by counter agitation. Experience will in the end prove the best test of the influence of the new Constitution on the prosperity of the several Provinces, including Nova Scotia; and the resolutions of Mr. Attorney-General Wilkins are so notoriously absurd, inconsistent and contrary to fact, and to constitutional law, that nobody expects they will receive any further attention at the Colonial Office than that which a polite exposure of their fallacies may impose. The *Antigonish Casket* pointedly says:

"Who believes that the *resolutions* about to be introduced after a fashion that throws the responsibility of introduction from off the shoulders of the administration on the shoulders of individual representatives, will be anything more than a *brutum fulmen* exhibited for show, and not for execution? Of course, a delegation will go to England but *instead of carrying with them the authority of the three branches of the legislature, as did their Union predecessors*, they will be able to show nothing but the "Therefore, Resolved" of one branch, and that branch proverbial for unmaking one year what it made the year preceding."

It is because of this general feeling among the Unionists that the Repeal movement will end in smoke, that there is no sign of a counter movement among the people.

We have incurred the indignation of another "Poick." A few days ago we received a communication headed "Original Poetry for the 'Ottawa Times,'" but having mastered the first verse we concluded that it was *not* for the Times, that time at any rate. Yesterday we received a note, with the assurance of the author's extreme disappointment at the non-appearance of the "original" composition, and asking for its insertion, or an "explanation." Now, we hope there is no lurking design of an appeal to "pistols for two and coffee for one" behind that word "explanation," because we do not belong to the "chivalry" in such a sense. The "explanation," we have to offer our friend is very simple—his verses are about the most wretched doggerel we ever read, without even the merit of being decently or comically stupid. They are "dedicated" to a person who, if she has any sense, would be utterly ashamed to see her name connected with them, and contain nothing which by possibility can interest anybody but their author. This, we think, ought to be sufficient; but for the benefit of the author, and as a warning to poetasters not to pester us with their trash in future, we transcribe the first two verses—all that the reader will care to see:

> Oh muse of Poetry! my transgressive boldness pardon I implore,
> For well I know 'tis tedious to thine ear and it grieves thee sore
> Yet could I thy just resentment endure,
> I would celebrate in strains my ardent love and pure.
>
> "I could wish to rehearse, though unskilled in rhyme
> The o'erwhelming emotions which from time to time
> Arise in the heart of one young in years
> And which but too oft find issue in tears."

Why on earth don't he blubber in the secrecy of his own chamber? Crying after the girls is but a poor way of finding favor in their sight, as our tearful swain will, no doubt, discover as he grows older. Our author invites us to communicate with him through the Post Office, to account for his verses having been "neglectfully cast aside." Well! we have something else to do. There may be many reasons for rejecting communications, even if meritorious in themselves; but none why we should account to this lachrymose youth because of declining to print trash for his special "encouragement." We have given this "explanation" out of kindness to him and other soft-headed young men who may be similarly afflicted, and we venture to whisper confidentially in his ear that poetry is not his *forte*.

The trains are still running behind time. The Monday morning train from Toronto only reached Prescott at five o'clock yesterday afternoon, and the train due here at five arrived at ten last night.

There is now in Washington "a native canoe from Omnalaska, Russian America," which is attracting "much curiosity." It is made of the hide of the Sea Lion, and is about to be deposited in the National Atheneum at the Smithsonian Institute.

Any of our readers desirous of forming a conception of "tenant right" in Canadian cities, are referred to the letter of our correspondent "Daly Street," for full and particular information.

Frank Leslie's Illustrated Newspaper, *New York, Feb. 22, 1868.* Ottawa: *Jones & Holland, News Depot, Elgin-st.*

This number of "Frank Leslie" contains a large number of very creditably executed illustrations, and is accompanied by a very handsome oil print as a supplement—"The Fisherman's Pride"—from the original painting by J. J. Hill, Esq. The oil printing is exceedingly well done.

NOVA SCOTIA RELIEF FUND.

I beg to acknowledge the receipt of twenty dollars and twenty-five cents from the Revd. Mr. Stone, being the amount collected in the Episcopal Methodist Church in aid of the distressed fishermen of Nova Scotia. I also beg to say that the contribution (acknowledged the other day) of $14.60 was from the Huron Lacrosse Club, and not the *Union*.

J. Fraser,
Treasurer N. S. F. R. F.

Ottawa, 18th Feb., 1868.

LOCAL NEWS.

1,000 Comet Burners just received by Esmonde Bros., 43 Sparks-st., next door to the Hoop Skirt Factory. N.B.—75 boxes Canada plate for sale.

The Dominion House, Wellington Street.—This house has been thoroughly renovated and fitted up. Good table and choice liquors. Fine yard and stabling. Oysters and meals at all hours. Colin McLaurin and Geo. Irvine, Proprietors. 666-b.

Acknowledgment.—The Teasurer of the Protestant Orphans' Home gratefully acknowledges the receipt of $20 by the hand of Judge Armstrong, as a donation from James Rosamond, Esq., of Almonte.

Gold Watches.—An extensive assortment of elegant gold watches—both American and Canada Watch Company's make—has just been imported by Young & Radford, Practical Watchmakers and Jewellers, 30 Sparks-st. Call and examine.

Missionary Meeting.—The Annual Missionary meeting will be held in St. James' Church, Hull, on Thursday, the 20th inst., at the hour of 7 p.m. A number of the clergy will be present on the occasion, and addresses bearing on the missionary work throughout the world will be delivered.

Personal.—Walter M. Buck, Esq., C. E., of New Brunswick, the advocate of the Frontier Route for the Intercolonial Railway, is at present in this city, and is stopping at the Revere House. We presume Mr. Buck's presence in Ottawa is not wholly unconnected with railway matters.

Police Court.—Severe Veseneau was charged with stealing six pounds of wool, the property of Mr. Patrick McKeever, butcher. It appeared in evidence that the prisoner watched his opportunity in the temporary absence of Mr. McKeever to go in and take a brief possession of the establishment. During the short period for which he was master of the situation, a customer came in to purchase six pounds of wool which he hurriedly sold and pocketed the cash. The usurper was speedily deposed and consigned to jail, whence he was brought yesterday morning to be finally committed to take his trial at the approaching Recorder's Court.

Weather Table.—Noted by Wm. Hearn, Optician and Druggist, Market Drug Store, York-st.

Ottawa, Feb. 18, 1868.

Greatest degree of cold registered during the previous night 12 below zero.

8 a.m., 10 " "
1 p.m., 10 above "
6 p.m., 6 " "

The Young Men's Christian Association and the Penny Readings.—The weekly meetings of the Young Men's Christian Association will in future be held at Webster's Hall on Friday evenings, and the Penny Readings will be held in the same place on Thursday evenings. This amicable arrangement has been made for the purpose of accommodating the Young Men's Christian Association, because, for a very important reason, the latter Society's meetings could not be held on any other evening than Friday.

Skating and Music.—This is the great day of the week for skating at the Rink by daylight. The Rifle Brigade Band will play in the Rink from 2:30 to 4:30 this afternoon.

PROGRAMME:

1. Passo Doppio... Viva l'Italia ... Miller
5. Waltz..... Beloved Star .... Laurent
6. Galop ...... Il Corricolo........ De Crau
7. Operatic Selection. Elisir d'Amore. Donizetti
2. Quadrille... The Royal Boudour.... Coote
3. Waltz...... Soldaten. Lieder...... Gung'l
4. Galop .... La Crosse .... Holt
8. Mazurka........ Marien.......... Kuhner

The Rifle Brigade Marches.
National Anthem.

Recorder's Court.—The business of this court was at the last session unusually heavy, but at the session which is to commence on the first Monday in March it bids fair to be unusually light, there being at present but three criminal cases on the docket. This is believed to be mainly owing to the wholesome severity with which the Recorder administered the law last session. To whatever the diminution of crime may be attributed it is a well known fact that it has diminished to a most gratifying extent.

Phœnix.—Under this sign and title Messrs. Eaton & Co. announce the resumption of their business, their principal store being in Bell's new block, opposite the Russell House, occupying also a portion of the second story of Mrs. Scott's confectionary store. Besides these premises, they have also secured Wright's building, formerly occupied by E. B. Eddy, Esq., where they manufacture the principal portion of their goods. This company has long since earned for itself a reputation, and now it has risen from its ashes with renewed vigor, and gives promise of future excellence in its line of business unknown to it before. All its old stock of pictures, frames, cornices mirrors, trimmings, &c., were destroyed by fire; all its new stock is of the latest styles and patterns, and secured with a view to satisfy the requirements of a refined taste in decoration.

CITY DRAINAGE—LANDLORDS AND TENANTS.

To the Editor of THE TIMES.

Sir,—The City Council reports tell us of projects to "benefit the trade of the city," and "enhance the value of property." Every citizen of Ottawa is interested in civic prosperity and improvement. There is, however, a large class of persons in this city, mostly tenants, to whom the profits of trade and the worth of property are rather objects of admiration than subjects of material advantage. These residents look to value for the rents and taxes they are required to pay. They also feel a special interest in the habitable and healthful condition of their houses, besides a general solicitude for the sanitary state of the city. It would be gratifying to them to know about this time, when spring is approaching, what is doing in hygienic affairs. How about drainage? what of water works? and whose business it is to move in these matters. Are the proprietors who derive all the profits, or the tenants who pay all the charges, to bestir themselves and act on the Corporation? The French law assigns to property duties as well as rights. Those duties of course devolve on property owners. Here, I believe, there is no law for tenants, but all law and usage favor the landlord. He has immunities, and no other duties than the agreeable one of receiving rent in bankable funds, and the tenant pays the taxes for him in ditto. (Mine amount altogether to $304 per annum.) In the Province of Quebec there is a Statute about "rights of lessors," that generously devotes one section to the "rights of lessees." This even gently reminds the landlord of indefinite "obligations devolving on him by law." But the Statutes of Ontario mention the tenants merely for purposes of ejectment and distraint. If the house leaks he must caulk it. If it stinks he must grin and bear it, or mend the drains at his own expense. If there are no spouts on the buildings, and the water in front showers everybody who enters the doors, and drips down the window curtains, and makes a puddle in the parlor, or in the rear runs ankle deep into the cellar kitchen, he may move the cooking stove into the upstairs hall and the servants' bed into the garret, and wait patiently till the flood subsides and the water soaks through the kitchen and bed-room floors, there to stagnate and rot under the foundation. He is at liberty, of course, to provide against all this at his own expense. Is a ladder wanted in case of fire, or to remove snow and ice and prevent icicles from crushing passers-by,—it is the tenants' privilege to buy one. Double doors and windows are luxuries he can easily procure for himself. If the back premises had not been emptied for five or six years before his tenancy, down pounces a policeman who says he is responsible. A health officer calls, and after civilly sniffing about the passage, informs him the drainage renders it probable that any ordinary or trivial complaints in his family may assume a dangerous form. This is the mild phrase he uses to say that common colds will become fevers. He consoles you by saying that the drain should be repaired before any illness occurs, and while the weather is cool and dry. He seems to think it quite a usual thing, when told that ever since October last, you have urged the landlord to attend to this, and that he pooh-poohs your complaint, and says there's a dead rat somewhere. Perhaps he has heard the same story from other tenants.

I am not, sir, ventilating in your columns mere personal grievances; and let me state that I have no quarrel with my landlord. It is a very serious matter affecting the lives and happiness of neighbors. What I present here is simply a type of landlordism, of which numerous examples could be adduced.

At present there is sickness in this locality of a malignant kind. Tenants and sufferers ascribe it to bad drainage. Every sane man knows that now-a-days fevers are fatal chiefly from predisposing influences and aggravating causes. Already have your columns noticed some fatal results. Nobody knows when the "grim shadow" that has darkened his neighbor's home may rest on his own threshold. Unless something be done before springtime, I fear other families will reflect with grief and dismay on a few months' residence in this street. Who is to act, landlord or tenant?

Yours, Daly-st.

Ottawa, Feb. 18th, 1868.

Young and Radford have the largest, best, and cheapest stock of watches to be found in Ottawa. They have also on hand a very choice and varied assortment of Electro-plated ware, and Fancy Goods. They do all kinds of repairing and jewellery jobbing in first-class style. 656-y.

"IMPROPER PUBLICATIONS."

To the Editor of THE TIMES.

Sir,—Hitherto we have abstained from taking part in the discussion on this subject, feeling assured that the public understood the merits thereof. But it now seems proper that we should say a few words to prevent misapprehension of the facts, if not in self-defence. "The Police Papers" are condemned as obscene publications, and all who sell them are upbraided as bad people, while at the same time precisely the same sort of reading matter is printed in juxtaposition with these virtuous outbursts of condemnation. We know of only two police papers—The *National Police Gazette* and the *Illustrated Police News*—in either of which is seldom found anything so bad as certain details which appeared in the columns of a Montreal journal last week, and in a city paper this morning.

"Customs," in to-day's Times, says that no improper publications come in through the Customs House, which will at once exonerate us, when it is known that all our American publications pass through the Customs; and further it is well known to the Customs Officers here that we have afforded them every facility to ascertain the character of what we sell.

It is said, however, that improper publications are sold in the city, and it is to show the public that we are in no way responsible for such misconduct that we ask you to give this communication a place in your columns.

Your obedient servants,
Jones & Holland.

News Depot, Elgin-st., Feb. 17, 1868.

CABLE NEWS.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

London, Feb. 17.—It is reported that the bark *Eureka*, from New York, was one of the vessels destroyed by fire in the Petroleum fleet at Antwerp.

THIS MORNING'S DESPATCHES.

Berlin, Feb. 18.—Count Von Bismarck proposes the establishment at the different ports of Germany of a board of federal officers to examine into the condition of vessels bound to America. An effort to prevent the repetition of the ship *Leibnitz* horror is the immediate cause of this salutary step on the part of the Government.

London, Feb. 18.—The Bill for the Regulation of the Press is still under discussion in the French Legislative body. A violent debate sprung up in yesterday's session on the question of the distribution of Government advertising patronage. The Opposition claimed that the Liberal journals were justly entitled to a share of advertisements published by national and municipal authorities. This was demanded as a matter of necessity, as the principal speakers declared that in the laws for the regulation of the press all journals should be treated with strict impartiality. This effort to have the Bill modified by the insertion of a provision to this effect was defeated, but the majority against the proposition was small.

Paris, Feb. 18—Eve.—The *Moniteur du Soir* reports there has been a stop in the advance of the British in Abyssinia, and Gen. Napier is calling for reinforcements.

The Consul-General of Cairo, Egypt, has been appointed Minister of France to Japan.

In the Corps Legislatif to-day an amendment to the Bill for the Regulation of the Press, permitting free admission to foreign papers, and unrestricting the sale of French journals, was rejected.

London, Feb. 18.—The examination of persons arrested on suspicion of being connected with the Clerkenwell explosion has terminated. All persons have been remanded to confinement except Allan, against whom no evidence has been elicited, and he has been discharged.

Bulletins in regard to the condition of Lord Derby report he is improving.

AMERICAN NEWS.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

Congressional.

New York, Feb. 17.—A special to the *Commercial Advertiser* says the Senate Committee of Military Affairs voted to recommend the return of Sherman's brevet nomination to the President, with the resolution stating that it is inadvisable to confer brevet rank on officers of the two highest grades.

Inquiry is to be made into the charge that the Consul at Rome went with the Papal troops to fight Garibaldi.

Fire—Terrific Explosion.

Harrisburg, Pa., Feb. 17.—A fire broke out to-night in the cellar of a store on corner of 3rd and Market-sts. The fire was supposed to have been extinguished, and the store was full of people when a terrific explosion took place, by which about 30 firemen and citizens were injured. No loss of life reported.

Admiral Farragut.

New York, Feb. 18.—The *Herald's* Florence special says Admiral Farragut, who has received such marked attentions for some time past, has left for Venice.

From the West Indies.

The *Herald's* St. Johns, P. R., special of the 12th states that slight shocks of earthquake have been felt in the Island. The Treasury of the Island received $70,000 from Havana to relieve the distress resulting from the late hurricane. There had been a number of land and cotton auctions, owing to the needs of owners, who were forced to meet their tax demands.

The *Herald's* Hayti special says business was recovering, and coffee was abundant. The currency of the Republic was quoted at thirty-one paper dollars for one in specie.

Startling News from Mexico.

New York, Feb. 18.—The *Herald's* Washington telegram says private advices from London state that the receipt of intelligence from Mexico, that the Government has determined to repudiate all debts of foreign countries except the United States, has given rise to intense indignation to the English Government. The reason assigned by Mexico for the adoption of such a course is revenge upon the nations of Europe for the recognition of Maximilian. England, however, not having followed the rest of Europe in this hasty proceeding, is consequently doubly affected by the new Mexican policy.

The Government, it is said, is now seriously contemplating the fitting out of a fleet to take possession of the ports of Mexico, and hold them until satisfaction is given. It is thought this can be done without infringement on the Monroe doctrine, as the expedition will not be permanent in its nature, and does not contemplate the acquisition of territory, but will be merely a species of reprisal against the Government, as an indemnification for debts due to British subjects. It is also understood France has declined for the present to participate.

Jeff. Davis.

Vicksburg, Feb. 17.—Jeff. Davis returned here on the 12th inst.

THIS MORNING'S DESPATCHES.

Indians on the War Path.

St. Louis, Feb. 18.—The Fort Sanders *Index* says that an army of 2,000 Indians are marching into the sweet water country from Idaho and Montana. They are on the war path, and have burned all the ranches north of Soda Springs and driven off the stock.

Railroad Accident.

Cincinnati, O., Feb. 18.—The passenger train on the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad ran off the track last night near Farmington, and the sleeping car, containing 20 persons, was thrown down an embankment, 30 feet high, into Buffalo Creek, and was entirely destroyed. Only one man was seriously injured.

Ecclesiastical.—The fourth Provincial Council of the Roman Catholic diocese of Quebec will be held in this city on the 7th of May next, the feast of St. Stanislas. The Archbishop, Mgr. Baillargeon, and the ten Bishops of Montreal, Ottawa, Rimouski, Three Rivers, St. Hyacinthe, Kingston, Toronto, Hamilton, Sandwich and St. Boniface, besides many other clergymen, will assist. Mgr. Baillargeon will be the presiding prelate.—*Quebec Chronicle.*

TRAIN'S VAGARIES.

[From the New York World.]

Imperial Hotel, Jan. 28.

CABLE DESPATCH.

Immense ovation—*Cead mille failthe*—Carried mile shoulders people—Shall stump Ireland—Derby quakes—Dare not stop me.

Train.

Dear World: Just paid seven pounds sterling for the above despatch to my six millions of Irish friends, who will see it in the *World*. Read Cork papers. Four columns in *Examiner*, five columns in *Herald*, and long reports in *Reporter* and *Constitution*. Probably one hundred policemen in and around the building. Detectives in plain clothes taking down the names of those who came in, but the crush was too great. Yet it was a fair audience. The same night that the aristocracy packed the Theatre Royal at the benefit of Madame Lancier, their popular prima donna.

CATHOLIC CLERGY ALL PRESENT.

All the leading Catholic clergymen occupied reserved five shilling seats.

Beamish, one of the magistrates who committed me, was present, and this note is from the gentlemanly magistrate who executed the order from Downing street. He is no relation to our old friend Alexander:

Bellevue Terrace, Cork, Jan. 27.

My Dear Sir: I have received, and accept, with many thanks, a complimentary ticket to your lecture.

Believe me, my dear sir,
Yours faithfully,
F. Hamilton.

George Francis Train, Esq.

John Francis Maguire, M.P., was present, and Nagle, Editor of the *Herald*. The reports will show you my tactics. It was a difficult part—not to damage my claim for one hundred thousand pounds; not to lay myself open for arrest; not to infringe upon the rights of the *Habeas Corpus*; not to advocate revolution, yet to show the Irish there was one man in America that was not afraid of the English Government. It requires a good skater to go over thin ice.

THE NEW BOOK.

My new book will soon be out: "Four Days in a Felon's Cell," by a Prisoner of State.

England is madder than ten thousand hornets. But they are Englishmen—always Englishmen. Hence she has six millions of her *subjects* living in America—(according to Stanley, Seward, and Adams; but not according to a lot of boys I know, who, next Friday night, in the Brooklyn Academy of Music, will hurrah for Ireland and the friend of the Irish. Patrick Welsh and John Dunn came to me to speak for the benefit of Manchester men, as I spoke for Warren's family in the Pilot Tremont Temple speech. I said yes; but leaving in the *Scotia*, John Mitchell agreed to take my place; John Savage, chairman, and Generals O'Neil and Roberts, Speakers.) These six millions lecture, speak, debate; do what they please in both parties. Now, as they are permitted to do this, *ought not one American be allowed to do the same in England?*

CARRIED ON THE SHOULDERS OF THE PEOPLE.

The moment I finished the people pressed forward, broke down the platform, and cries of "lift him," "lift him," "God bless him," "God bless Ameriky; we are with you, me bould boy," "the devil would never frighten you"; and I was seized, borne aloft round the rotunda—my white cravat, lavender kids and brass buttons all jammed up—amid shouts, yells, and "Cead mille failthes"; my hat and coat left behind, women pulling at my feet, carried all around the rotunda, into the street. "Home with him," "to the monument, to the monument—around Father Matthew's monument"; and to the monument we went, ten strong men bearing me aloft, carrying me around the monument, all hurrahing and cheering for the Father Matthew Society in America. The crowd increased to some ten thousand, the excitement increasing with it, the people in the theatre thinking it a Fenian rising. Then I was carried down street after street to the Imperial Hotel, the people blocking up the whole street so that the mounted police could not get through. They finally left me in my parlor, and I was glad enough to escape from such warm friends. What a people the Irish are! Read the reports, and if you want to add a few thousands to your subscription list, copy them. Curtis Guild, of the *Commercial Bulletin*, made his paper a power by publishing my Union speeches. So did Harding, of the Philadelphia *Enquirer*. Now as I am writing to the great organ of the Democratic party, go in and win, and write *Young America editorials*. Never mind Yale or Harvard, but write plain American instead of Latin and Greek.

A UNION SOLDIER.

Just while I am writing, my porter comes in—a stout young Irishman. "I am one of your soldiers, Mr. Train; John Crone, 9th Massachusetts, with Colonel Casey—four years from Second Bull Run, to the end of November." He had the Goddess of Liberty stamped on his brawny arm with India ink. Ireland is full of Americans. *America is in Ireland, and Ireland is in America.*

G. V. BROOKE AND R. C. BURKE, WHO BUILT AND OWNS THE THEATRE ROYAL, CORK.

Mr. Burke, who offers me the hospitality of his beautiful theatre, was presented twenty years ago, by G. V. Brooke, who went down in the *London*, with an American gold dollar, which Mr. Burke wears in a frame of gold on his chain. The dollar was worn by Brooke on his watch chain in America. But the incident is this: When presenting it he said, "Mr. Burke, wear this coin for my sake. It is the coin of a country where every honest, clever *Irishman meets his just reward.*" Avonia Jones, his wife, offered Mr. Burke a gold watch for it, which was refused. Mr. Burke says it was not gallant, or the feeling of an Irish heart; yet it was an American souvenir, and he couldn't part with it.

HO FOR LIMERICK!

I speak in Limerick Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday, 17th to 20th February; then Waterford, Belfast, Tipperary, Dublin, unless again arrested. I maintain I have a perfect right to talk in England.

LETTERS FROM THE PEOPLE.

Nothing shows more directly the sentiment of the people than their letters, written without the expectation of having them in print. Ireland is a living volcano of pent-up nationality. Out of hundreds of letters that drop in on me every morning, I send you a few that will interest my Irish friends in America.

Skibbereen, Jan. 27, 1868.

G. F. Train, Esq.

Sir,—We, the people, hail with joy your advent amongst us, as the champion of our fellow-countrymen in your glorious Republic. Hundreds of our fellow-townsmen now enjoy prosperity in good America, and many have fought nobly to sustain at one time, the wavering flag of the North. As an instance, one gentleman in this town, Mr. M. Downing, had three sons engaged on the Northern side. The oldest, Colonel Downing, is now in New York. The second had his foot blown off, and is now a Captain in the Invalid Corps at Washington, and the bones of the third lie amid the swamps of Georgia. The remains of Captain Welphy, a native of this town, who was killed in action at Ream's station, on the Weldon railroad, lie buried here. We now invite you to our town, we have a hall fit to receive you. Say you will lecture here on Friday next. The distance from Cork is only fifty miles. We will print bills ourselves, and promise you a crowded house. Should you come, write and direct Mr. Downing, who will see all right.

We remain, sir, fraternally yours,
The People.

This letter accompanied a splendid blackthorn walking stick:

Presented to Patrick Killeen, Sergeant on the Cork and Passage Railway.

To George Francis Train, Esq., &c., &c., Imperial Hotel, Cork—

AN IRISH RIFLE WHICH NEVER MISSED FIRE.

> **There is not a fountain to the babbling stream,**
> **Or bleating sheep to labor's honest fame,**
> **Showers to the brook or sunshine to the bee,**
> **Half so charming as stars and stripes to me.**

I hope your honor will accept of this. Irish rifle, as it is given with a free heart; for if I had in store the golden oar, I would give it most freely. I remain your most obedient and humble servant,

Patrick Killeen,
Sergeant, Cork, Black Rock and Passage Railway, Cork.

THE COURTESY OF THE CORK REPORTERS.

Cork "Examiner" Office, Tuesday.

Dear Mr. Train: Lest there should be any misconception on either side I write to say I assume there is no objection on your part to my making public the general purport of our conversation this evening—in so far, I mean, as it refers to questions of public interest. I say, "we have been favored with an interview with Mr. Train, in which he expressed so and so;" and then go on to speak of your appearance, views, &c., as developed in that conversation. If you object to this just say "yes" or "no" on the fly-leaf of this. I think I am correct in believing you have no objection to any doing what I propose; but as I may not have put it explicitly in what I said to you, I do so now. You may rely that it will all be done in a good-humored manner, at least.

I am, sir, very sincerely yours,
George Shiel.

P. S. You will have the proofs of the letters within a couple of hours.

This enclosed copy of the warrant on which I was sent to a felon's cell:

21st January, 1868.

My Dear Sir: I beg to enclose, as you requested, a copy of your committal to the County Gaol.

I am, my dear sir, yours faithfully,
T. Hamilton,
Resident Magistrate.

George Francis Train, Esq.

This is supposed to be sarkasm:

January 26, 1868.

Mr. Train.

Sir:—Trusting you will excuse me for trespassing on your most valuable time, I write to ask you if you are in any way connected with the City Gas Company. My reasons for wishing to know are that I intend if possible, please God, to attend your lecture just to have a look at you, for you seem to me to be quite a *curiosity* and if you are, as I am led to believe, connected with the Gas Company, I am anxious to know whether you are going to take a meter with you; you must know, my dear sir, that I am very timorous, and if your meter should happen to burst look at the dreadful consequences. Unhappily of late we have heard of some very dreadful explosions, though, thank God, they have been far away from us, and I think it ought to be a lesson to us, and teach us to be very careful.

I beg to remain your humble servant,
Peaceful Citizen.

Train's answer:

Yes; I own it—believing gas to be better than a tallow candle. Gas, such as I have patented, has great explosive power in a country like this. G. F. T.

Another style of letter:

51 Gt Geo St Cork January 28th 1868

Sir—I borrowed a shilling last evening to see your Lordship and when I was going down in the crowd to see you home I lost my hat I am a poor Orphant that have no one to give me the price of one but got in here by interest I am expecting that your Lordship will send me the price of a hat

I am Dear Sir Yours
Lawrence Lewis

Only to show the honor of the Irish:

Cork, January 28, 1868.

Sir: I had the pleasure of hearing your entertaining discourse last evening, and got in (pushed on by a crowd) without paying. I inclose 1s. to balance account, and remain yours admiringly,

L. O'Sullivan.

G. F. Train, Esq.

DINNER AT ARD MANAGH.

Cork is surrounded with beautiful scenery. The Cove, named Queenstown from the Queen's visit, Black Rock, Passage, and Monks Town have many beautiful residences of merchants doing business in Cork. Sunday I dined with John Francis Maguire, M. P. for sixteen years—a select party of ten Catholic clergymen—among others, Rev. Canon Reardon, Rev. A. Canon Maguire, Rev. M. B. Buckley, the very Rev. Dr. Neville, Rev. Father Maguire, a brother of the Member of Parliament, Rev. Father Lyons, and Mr. Cosbie, Editor *Examiner*. As four detectives followed me from Cork, and when ever I walked with anyone, my visit to Passage cannot be a private one, and as I did not come to examine the forts in the harbor, the police have been thrown off the track. They still believe me to be the head devil of all Fenianism, with a force here that I am to command. The dinner was a rest after my ship and jail life, and the intellectual repast will be long remembered. The Catholic clergy are all highly educated, and talk, debate and sing, acting the hail-fellows, without that fear of being undignified so prevalent with the Protestants. I will not name to you the coming President of America that was toasted, all rising and drinking to success. Maguire's place is one of the most beautiful for miles. You can see the river and the sea; covers eleven acres; rich manor, splendid garden and conservatory, and commands a view seldom seen in any land. Maguire is a man of great power, and will make a mark in Parliament next session, or I am mistaken.

Sincerely, G. F. T.

THE AMAZON RIVER.

[From "Tropical Travels," in the N. Y. World.]

This morning we came upon the Amazon. Its yellow flood, a hundred miles in width, cleaves the blue waters of the Atlantic and is not altogether lost in them in the distance of a degree of latitude. Sovereign among rivers it will not, without a struggle, merge its sovereignty in the vaster dominion of the ocean. The line of division between its turbid tide and the sapphire waters of the sea was drawn sharp and clear, and could be distinguished to the horizon. The river waters were alive with myriads of nautilli. Instead of being, as I was led in my boyish days to imagine, floating shallops of iris tinted shell, spreading personal bunting to the breeze and drifting the waters as bravely as Cleopatra's barge or Artemisus' galley, they were a good deal like small, soft, pink bladders tossing to and fro upon the waters—quite unlovely—in fact suggesting some of the least eligible portions of tripe, as if some of the fauna of the great river had cast their entrails upon the waters in the hope of recovering them after many days. The air was alive with birds. The stately man-of-war bird hanging motionless in the air, passed on broad outspread wings. Gulls and petrels and little birds in swarms that bound upon the waves and appeared to be dancing upon polypii and madrepores.

The first sight of the low delta through which the great river descends into the Atlantic gives token of the stupendous character of the scenery upon which we are entering. Although the approach to Para is through a minor affluent of the river, its breadth is so great that at the mouth only one of its shores is visible. If the reader can imagine the Hudson multiplied twenty times in magnitude, he will get some idea of the dimensions of this majestic estuary. The great volume of the Amazon escapes seaward through its north channel, but even this subsidiary duct is so tremendous that it looks more like an ocean than a river. Its waters are of a pale, turbid yellow, charged as they are with the earthy particles, gathered from innumerable leagues of mountain, desert and plain. A few fishing boats with lateen sails are visible in the distance; and through the glass I can distinguish groups of huts upon the shore embowered in tropical foliage. Here and there from the forest mass which lines the shore, gigantic trees uprise sharply outlined against the sky. As we ascend the river becomes narrower, and both shores are visible, one of them distant and dim, like a faint line of mist. Now and then the red tiled roof of a hazenda appears, surrounded with palm and cocoa trees. Everything in sight wears an ultra tropical aspect. The sky is ablaze with intensest lurid light, and the air throbs with equatorial fervor. The foliage swelters under the burning afternoon. The sand beach along the shore glares white and hot and makes the eyes ache. The thermometer indicates a degree of heat calculated to blister the hide of an alligator. But for the showers, which occur here every afternoon, it is doubtful whether Europeans could endure the climate. But the rain comes daily with almost unerring certainty, and refreshing coolness ensues.

Commerce, liberal curiosity, and scientific zeal have done much to acquaint us with the Amazon and its tributaries, but it yet holds its dusky forest labyrinths of mystery for unbegotten generations to explore. Its subject rivers flow from unexplored mountains; mountains of diamond, porphyry, berryl, and silver and gold, and their cascades sing in unvisited ravines and thunder from undiscovered ledges. They are cradled amid untrodden snows, the cold and lonely eyries of the eagle and the condor. They leap from the snowy slopes of Bolivia and Peru; from Chimborazo and Potosi, from far peaks of Granadian and Venezuelan sierras, from the high ravines of the Cordilleras. They flow through immeasurable plains and traverse the glooms of boundless forests. Age after age they keep their ancient courses unwatched by man. The jaguar and the puma and leopard make their lair along their shores. The ostrich mirrors his feathery plumage in their waters. They glass the vulture, the kite, the flamingo, and the campanillo, the parrot and the macaw. The ape grins and chatters at the borders of these solemn floods. Over them, from the boughs of mighty trees, hangs in tawny festoons the anaconda. They stream through dark forest abysses and slumber in black laziness where the sweltering heat breeds in the slimy ooze strange monstrous things, the alligator, the cayman, and the lizard; the saurian, the batrachian, and the shining water snake. The vampire flits to and fro in the leafy gloom overhead, and most monstrous insects in the mail of sapphire, emerald, and ruby, dart through the air or cluster upon boughs and leaves. Perhaps after the lapse of a few centuries these lonely tributaries may flow through richly cultivated and populous valleys by the wharves of busy towns and stately capitals. But I must put a fin it to these imaginative meanderings, for yonder in the distance is Para rising white from the yellow waters, and the bells are chiming from its cathedral towers.

Para is a thriving prosperous town. Its exports are various, though the chief commodities are india-rubber, coffee, sarsaparilla, rum, sugar and cotton. From the harbor its appearance is quite stately and metropolitan. It has a water frontage of perhaps three miles, and the warehouses which line the water's edge are spacious and substantial. The Custom-house, which was formerly a Jesuit church, but which has been much enlarged, is an ample and commodious edifice, and its proportions seen from the ship are quite imposing. There is a cathedral of considerable extent, and a goodly number of churches, some of them quite ancient and venerable relics of Jesuitical zeal and energy. It is, of course, the headquarters of the Amazon Navigation Company, and is the depot of all the commodities which enterprise and daring have wrung from the immeasurable valleys and forests of the great river. Several of the boats of the company lie at anchor in the harbor. They look like small steamships rather than like our Mississippi or Hudson River craft, and they ascend the stream for a distance of more than two thousand miles. I am glad that circumstances permit me to place the reader under the escort of a gentleman resident of Paria, Mr. W. M. H. Parkes, who has repeatedly ascended the Amazon to its sources, and whose notes of his journeyings will conduct the reader thither, and will, I predict, be found to abound in interest.

A JOURNEY UP THE AMAZON.

Left Para on board steamer *Belem*, November 1st, 1865, at 2:30 a.m., and at day-break were in the Bay of Marajo, with numerous islands on our left and ahead of us, and on our right the tree-tops of the island of Marajo appeared above the horizon, the bay being about fifteen miles wide at this place, and the islands low and covered with a dense forest, with here and there a long, low house of one story, generally surrounded with straggling out-buildings, making up in length what they lacked in height, with a few acres of cleared land around them, of which a small proportion was under cultivation: we soon reached the head of the bay, and entered among the numerous islands which form the Delta of the Amazon, through channels in width from a quarter of a mile to three miles; these islands are so densely wooded, and the trees so covered by vines and parasites, which hang in graceful festoons from the top to water's edge, forming a wall of foilage impenetrable to the eye, and profusely decked with flowers of gayest colors, that they appear like rounded masses of foilage resting upon the yellow waters.

After running for about an hour between these islands we emerged into a lake-like expanse—where we could scarcely discern the islands to our right and left ahead of us—which proved to be the mouth of the Tocantins river; we crossed it in little over an hour, and again entered a labyrinth of islands, almost entirely covered with the graceful Mirity palm. Winding our way through these, at 3 p.m. we arrived at Breves, our first port.

The shores along our route were but little above high water mark, except in places, few and far between, where it rose into bluffs of about twenty or thirty feet high, on which was usually a low, red tiled house, with white-washed walls and spacious verandahs. Everywhere the trees were densely packed together, of a dark green foliage, lofty but of uniform height, bound together and festooned with a network of vines, and brilliant with the brightest colored flowers, among which roved innumerable butterflies, rivalling the flowers in their rich colorings. In some places the forest would be cleared for about a couple of acres, and a luxuriant crop of sugar-cane or mandioca, relieve the eye with their brighter green; small thatched huts with mats for walls, would occasionally be seen nestling under some patriarch of the forest, and embowered in a grove of plantain trees, with a crowd of people of both sexes and all ages and colors, waving what few rags they possessed at the passing steamer, while moored to the bank were canoes of all sizes, and we passed numbers of these frail boats, carefully paddled by Indians of both sexes.

Breves is bunched together on a little mound of dry land, rising about ten feet above the surrounding swamp, and bounded on three sides by the black and gloomy forest; it contains about 500 inhabitants, a large proportion being white, as many Portuguese do business here; some of the stores are very fair, and a considerable business is done here in india-rubber which is collected from almost all of the neighboring islands. Many of the stores are of brick, with tiled roofs, and it presents quite a thriving appearance. We stopped here two hours to take in wood and then continued on our course, through the same maze of narrow channels, and at 6 p.m., entered the celebrated narrow pass called Furo d'Atana. It was just wide enough for the steamer to go through, the trees on either side brushing her paddle boxes; it was nearly straight and walled in by a mass of foilage at least fifty feet high. As the pass is about seven miles long and we went through very slowly, we had the benefit of a fine moonlight before we emerged from it into a somewhat broader channel, when rising clouds warned us of rain which soon fell in torrents. About 9 p.m. we stopped for half an hour at Tagipuru, where a few twinkling lights on shore and a background of gloomy forest were all that could be seen through the darkness and the heavy rain.

At daybreak of the 2nd, we were anchored in front of Gurupa, a village of about 300 inhabitants, situated on a rocky and grassy point, about twenty feet above high water; the town was straggling but pretty well built. Most of the business here is carried on by Jews, and being in the centre of the india-rubber district, it is a place of considerable importance; being surrounded by swamps it is reported to be the headquarters of fever and ague.

After leaving here the channels became wider and the islands larger; the vegetation also was somewhat changed, the vines no longer formed an impenetrable screen, the land appeared about two feet above the water, and the trees along the edge were comparatively leafless, their brown trunks giving a sombre air to the scenery; the forests were also more open, and once in a while a glimpse could be caught of the recesses of the woods; the scenery was monotonous for some hours, until about noon hills appeared ahead, and an hour after we dropped anchor off the little village of Porto do Moz at the mouth of the great river Xingu; a fine beach of white sand extends for a mile or so along the river, overshadowed above and below the town by fine trees. In front of the town a belt of short grass takes the place of the forest, and back of it extends the town, straggling but pretty, with many shade trees; it contains about 400 inhabitants very much mixed, and has but little trade, as the population on the river is small. The water of the Xingu is white, with a yellowish tinge, but very clear—a strong contrast with the muddy Amazon. The land around is undulating and somewhat elevated, sloping gently to the water's edge. Westward we could see some ridges of high land.

We stopped here but a short time, and in leaving took the back track for a while, then turning abruptly northward we entered a perfect net-work of lagoons and channels with hundreds of islands, and a little before sunset we rounded an island, and the main channel of the mighty Amazon lay before us, about three miles wide from island to island, and stretching east and west as far as sight could reach; far to the northwest some ranges of high hills were clearly defined. The banks were but slightly raised above the level of the river and appeared very desolate, being covered with fallen trees, and the same dark gloomy forest extended on all sides, while between rolled the restless river, yellow as gold, but air and water were full of birds—herons, cranes, spoonbills, ducks, and a host of others, disturbed by our paddle wheels, rose from the banks, and after keeping ahead of us for awhile, would disappear in the forest.

STATISTICS.

We find the following clever hits in the Mobile *Nationalist*:

Statistics are all the fashion and the following, furnished by a figurist, are very much so. They may be commended "to keep in a cool:"

Out of five hundred persons only five survive long enough to mind their own business.

Out of every ten men in the street not more than one has brains enough to keep from standing gossiping directly in the middle of the sidewalk crossing.

Out of every twelve women one dozen make themselves up to attract as much attention as possible, and then pretend to be angry if they get it.

Out of one hundred persons about five scarcely don't behave as well as they require others people to do.

Out of the fifteen in a street passenger railway car about one will in riding a mile conduct himself all the way just as he ought to.

Out of a large amount of young people who have never seen anything of life or the world an equal number constantly refer to their experience.

Out of eight young women whose experience of life is confined to gossiping and flirting with simpletons like themselves at parties, all except one are generally of the opinion that they have seen an immense amount of humanity.

Out of several dozens of people only a limited number will talk gossip of their friends, and then kindle up if they hear it has been talked of themselves.

There is only one drunkard to every seventy-four persons, but the liquor which the other seventy-three "chew up" daily would keep half a dozen of them as drunk as pigs until the next morning.

Out of one hundred persons six reach the age of sixty years, and of these five, generally behave so as to make their friends wish they hadn't.

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY.

6 HOSPITAL STREET,
2 doors from St. Francois Xavier Street.

It has been established, by the best medical authority, that one-half the nervous diseases are caused by drinking impure Tea. The Company have imported a supply of Teas that can be warranted pure, and free from poisonous substances, in boxes of 10, 15, 20 and 25 lbs, and upwards.

Black Tea.—Common Congou, Broken Leaf, Strong Tea. 45c., 50c.; Fine Flavored New Season do., 55c.; Excellent Full Flavored do., 75c; Sound Oolong, 40c., 45c.; Rich Flavored do., 60.; Very Fine do. do., 75c.; Japan Good, 50c. Very Good, 58c.; Finest, 75c.

Green Tea.—Twankay Common, 35c., Fine do., 55c.; Young Hyson, 50c. and 60c.; Fine do., 75c., Superfine and Very Choice, $1.

A saving will be made, by purchasing direct from the importers, quality and purity considered. All orders for boxes of 20 or 25 lbs, or two 12 lbs, sent carriage-free to the country. Teas not mentioned in this circular equally cheap. The company having determined to take a stand in the Montreal market, weight, quality and circular may be implicitly relied on. Where a 20 lb. box would be too much two or three clubbing together could divide. In writing you will oblige by addressing the Montreal Tea Company, 6 Hospital-st., Montreal. An excellent Mixed Tea could be sold for 60c.; very good for common purposes, 50c. Buyers living beyond Railway Stations will please send Post Office order, or enclose notes. The carriage will be paid to the nearest station. Tea will be forwarded immediately on receipt of the order by mail containing money, or the money can be collected on delivery by express-man, where there are Express Offices. A trial solicited.

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY,
6 Hospital Street,
First Street below Notre Dame Street.

All boxes and chests sent from this establishment have the address of the Montreal Tea Company printed on them

OTTAWA MARKETS.

(*Compiled expressly for the* Times.)

Times Office, Ottawa, Feb. 18.

Flour—Extra	8 75	@	9 00
No. 1	8 25	@	0 00
No. 2	6 00	@	0 00
Bags—Fall per 100 lbs.	4 05	@	0 00
" Spring "	4 12½	@	4 25
Oatmeal—per 200 lbs.	7 00	@	0 00
Indian Meal "	5 50	@	6 00
Rye—per bushel 56 lbs.	0 80	@	0 90
Barley " 48 lbs.	0 90	@	0 80
Buckwheat Flour—bbl.	5 50	@	0 00
Wheat—Fall—per bushel, 60 lbs.	1 90	@	1 95
Spring " "	1 80	@	1 85
Corn—Per bushel, 56 lbs	1 25	@	0 00
Peas " 60 lbs.	0 80	@	0 90
Oats " 34 lbs.	0 55	@	0 60
Beans " 60 lbs.	1 50	@	1 75
Pork—Mess—per barrel	20 00	@	20 50
Prime Mess per do.	14 00	@	14 50
Hog per 100 lbs.	6 00	@	7 00
Hams	0 12	@	0 13
Beef	6 00	@	7 00
Mutton—per lb by the qr.	0 06	@	0 7
Lamb—per qr.	0 06	@	0 7
Geese—Each	0 40	@	0 50
Turkeys—Each	0 60	@	1 50
Ducks	0 70	@	0 80
Fowl—Per pair	0 40	@	0 60
Butter—Choice Table	0 25	@	0 30
No. 1 Firkin	0 20	@	0 24
No. 2	0 17	@	0 18
Eggs	0 25	@	0 30
Apples—per brl.	3 00	@	4 50
Vegetables, &c.—Potatoes	0 40	@	0 45
Onions—per bbl.	4 50	@	0 00
Hay—Per ton, new	12 00	@	14 00
Wood—Per cord	0 00	@	3 00
Tamarac	0 00	@	2 00
Hemlock	0 00	@	2 00

New York Money Market.

New York, Feb. 18.—Stocks dull and lower after call.

Money 5 per cent.
Sterling exchange, 60 day's, 109¾.
Gold 141.

New York Markets.

New York, Feb. 18.—Cotton firmer at 22 to 22½c. for Middlings. Flour dull; good grades favor buyers. Receipts 5,915 bbls. Sales 5,900 bbls. at $8.60 to $9.35 for Superfine State and Western; $9.90 to $10.90 for Common to Choice Extra State; $9.70 to $11.90 for Common to Choice Extra Western. Rye Flour quiet at $7.50 to $8.40. Wheat unchanged. Receipts 750 bus. Sales 1,600 bus. at $2.65 for Milwaukie Spring; $2.50 for fair No. 1 Spring delivered; $2.80 for Amber State. Rye quiet and firmer. Corn favors buyers. Receipts 28,316 bus. Sales 29,000 bus. at $1.20 to $1.28 for New Mixed Western Afloat; $1.22 to $1.28 for New White Southern. Barley scarce and firm. Oats firm. Receipts 3,245 bus. Sales 62,000 bus. at 83½c. to 84c. for Western in Store. Lard firmer. Sales at 10c. to 15c.

Cure your Horses.—It is to the interest of all who own horses to keep them in a healthy and sound condition: experience has proved that "Darley's Arabian Remedy and Condition Medicine" is the most efficacious, it has been used by thousands who will cheerfully confirm this statement. For Heaves, Coughs, Colds, and all diseases which affect the wind of horses it has no equal, nor is it equalled as a condition medicine; it purifies the blood, corrects and improves the appetite, and softens the skin; in fact, so great is the improvement in the condition and appearance of the animal as to have lead many to doubt it it could be the same horse.

Remember the name, and see that the signature of *Hurd & Co.* is on each package.

Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, C.W., proprietors for the Canadas. Sold by all Medicine dealers.

YOUNG AND RADFORD'S stock of watches clocks, jewellery, fancy goods and electro plated ware are worthy of inspection. All goods will be sold cheap. Give them a call. Remember the place, 30 Sparks-st. 597a

COTTON AS LOWER KING.—Cotton goods are now nearly as cheap as before the American war. Garland, Mutchmor & Co. have lately received a few bales of gray and white cottons, shirtings and prints, purchased since the great fall in prices. Parties requiring any description of dry goods would do well to see their stock before purchasing. 582-y

OUR FORTIFICATIONS.—It is now nearly fifty years since our fortifications have been looked after in any way. We think it is now high time, and that it behoves our government to put them in a proper state of defence, and have our lakes and rivers well protected. One ounce of prevention is worth a pound of cure; but while we are protecting ourselves against a foreign enemy, we should not forget to fortify ourselves against bruises, frost-bites, chilblains, pain in the back and side, cholic, cholera morbus; the "Canadian Pain Destroyer" is the most effectual medicine. Sold by all dealers in medicine at 25 cents per bottle.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

Mothers Read This!—Holloway's Worm Lozenges are a certain and safe remedy for Worms in Children and Adults.—As it is a well-known and melancholy fact that one great cause of death among children is from Worms alone, it cannot be too deeply impressed upon the minds of parents the necessity of closely watching their children. By so doing; and understanding the symptoms and true cause of the disease, thousands of children might be saved from early graves. SYMPTOMS OF WORMS.—The following are a few of the very numerous symptoms and diseases which are caused by Worms: deranged appetite, emaciated extremities, offensive breath, frequent picking at the nose, grinding of the teeth during sleep, hardness of the belly, with frequent slimy stools, and sometimes convulsive fits; itching of the arms, pain in the head and stomach, unquiet sleep, faintings, tremblings, coughs, indigestion, low spirits, frightful dreams, and a gradual wasting away of flesh.

They are palatable and self-administered to the child—drive out the worms thoroughly without pain and completely cleanse the stomach—thereby doing away with the necessity of administering Castor Oil or other unpleasant cathartics—as in the use of other Worms.

☞ Each box contains the fac-simile signature of NORTHROP & LYMAN, Newcastle, C.W., who are the sole proprietors.

N. B. Ask for *Holloway's Worm Lozenges* ☞ and take no other. ☞ Sold by all the druggists in Ottawa, and medicine dealers everywhere. 578y

DIED.

In this city, on Monday, the 17th instant, after a short illness, Philomene, wife of Mr. Victor Laporte, merchant, aged 26 years.

Friends and acquaintances are respectfully invited to attend the funeral from her late residence, Rideau-street, on Thursday morning at 9 o'clock.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

OTTAWA

Skating & Curling CLUB.

A GRAND CARNIVAL

WILL BE HELD AT

THE RINK,

On Tuesday Ev'g, 25th Instant.

By kind permission of Colonel Lord A. G. RUSSELL and OFFICERS, the

String Band of the P. C. O. Rifle Brigade

Will be in attendance.

COMMITTEE:

J. LeBRETON ROSS, Esq. | R. HAYCOCK, Esq.
W. B. ATWOOD, Esq. | W. B. COTTON, Esq.

REGULATIONS:

None but subscribers, and those introduced by them, will be admitted to skate.

No person will be allowed on the ice except in costume.

Ladies not required to assume any particular dress. A slight deviation from the ordinary skating dress being in their case considered sufficient.

No gentleman to appear in female attire.

The use of masks is optional. Domino masks can be hired from the Rink Caretaker. No Negro costumes will be allowed.

Children under 15 years will not be admitted on the ice.

Parties desirous of appearing in costume are requested to leave their names and description of dress with the Secretary, who will be at the Rink from 3 to 5 o'clock on Monday and Tuesday afternoons, for the purpose of issuing tickets.

Admission 25 cents. Skaters in costume Free.

Doors open at half-past seven o'clock.

February 19, 1868. 670td

SOIREE.

The Bank-street Congregation

WILL HOLD THEIR

ANNUAL SOIREE

ON THE

Evening of Friday, the 21st Inst.

IN THE

Basement of the Methodist Church, CENTRE TOWN.

An efficient Choir will be in attendance. Refreshments will be served at 7 o'clock. Tickets may be obtained at the stores of Messrs. Dalgleish & Russell, Upper Town; Mr. Robertson, Centre Town; and Mrs. Frederick, Lower Town. Doors open at half-past six.

Ottawa, Feb. 18, 1868. 669td

St. Patrick's Literary Society.

THE ANNUAL BALL

OF THE

ST. PATRICK'S LITERARY SOCIETY

WILL BE HELD AT THE

St. Patrick's Hall.

—ON—

Monday Evening, 24th Inst.

THE MUSIC will be furnished by Gowan's Band. Mrs. Frederick will supply the refreshments.

Tickets $2 each, to be had of the Secretary and members of the Committee, and at Mrs. Frederick's, Sussex-street.

M. O'KEEFE, Secretary.

Ottawa, Feb. 18, 1868. 669-3

Extensive Sale

—OF—

Drugs, Patent Medicines,

DYE STUFFS, &c.

THE Entire Stock of Drugs, &c., &c., saved from the late disastrous fire by Dr. J. GARVEY, is now offered FOR SALE at the Office of EDWARD BEARMAN, Esq., over COWAN'S HARDWARE STORE, Rideau-street.

Buyers are requested to call at once, as the entire stock must be disposed of.

J. GARVEY, M. D.

Ottawa, Feb. 18, 1868. 669tf

Great Remnant Sale.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.

Importers, 20 Sparks Street.

With a view to CLEAR OUT THEIR STOCK OF REMNANTS, prior to stock-taking have RE-MARKED ALL THEIR REMNANTS at prices that must effect a SPEEDY CLEARANCE.

Remnants of Cloths, **Remnants of Cobourgs,**
Remnants of Dress Goods, **Remnants of Silks,**
Remnants of Cottons, **Remnants of Linens,**
Remnants of Prints, **Remnants of Flannels,**
Remnants of Carpetings, **Remnants of Oil-cloths,**

And a host of other remnants too numerous to particularize.

Sale to commence on MONDAY, 17th, and to continue during the week.

Ottawa, February 17, 1868. GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO. 484y

PHŒNIX.

MESSRS. R. EATON & Co. respectfully announce to the public that THEY HAVE RESUMED BUSINESS in this City in the various branches of their trade and manufacture, which they now carry on at the following places:—

Paint, Oil, Varnish, Color and Painters' Stock Depot,

Oil Painting, Engraving, Paper Hanging and Decorating Depot,
☞ Bell's New Block, 1st Story, Opposite the Russell House.

Looking-Glass, Picture Frame, Silvering and Gilding Rooms,
☞ Bell's New Block, 2nd Story, Opposite the Russell House.

Cornice, Picture, and Looking-Glass Frame Manufactory,
☞ Scott's Building, over Confectionary, Opposite the Russell House.

☞ Wright's Building, Chaudiere, formerly occupied by E. B. Eddy, Esq., destroyed by fire, and has been carefully and judiciously selected, with especial regard to the demands of this City and its surroundings. Their Painters' Stock is especially good. Their Paper Hangings and Decorating Stock is in endless variety of quality and price: and the Decoration of Dwellings, Offices, Stores and Public Buildings undertaken, and satisfaction guaranteed both as to style and workmanship.

Having secured spacious premises at the Chaudiere, with extensive water-power, for the purpose of Manufacturing Cornices and Frames of all kinds, and having also secured spacious Looking-Glass, Silvering and Gilding Rooms, they will be enabled to fill orders for Pier, Mantle, Hanging and Toilet Mirrors, Picture Frames and Cornices, at the Shortest Notice.

Oil Paintings and Engravings of undoubted merit and beauty always in stock.

Window Blinds, new style, unsurpassed, always kept on hand. These are made so as to fit windows of any size, and are painted or oiled to suit taste or business of purchaser.

Messrs. R. E. & Co., avail themselves of this opportunity for returning their sincerest thanks for the kind patronage heretofore bestowed upon them, and for the great sympathy manifested for them on the occasion of the recent fire, and in resuming business they beg to assure their many kind friends and patrons that with new stock, renewed energy, and competent and faithful workmen, they feel confident of filling all orders with which they may be favored with promptness and punctuality, and in such a manner as will merit entire satisfaction.

OFFICE—Bell's Block, Opposite Russell House.

OTTAWA, Feb. 14, 1868. 666-3m

ANGUS AND HUCKELL,

No. 15 SUSSEX-STREET **No. 15 SUSSEX-STREET**

GREAT DISCOUNT SALE!

CLEARING OUT

FALL AND WINTER STOCK

—OF—

Boots, Shoes & Rubbers.

10 CENTS OFF EVERY DOLLAR

CASH PURCHASES,

FOR ONE MONTH.

Largest and Best Stock

IN THE DOMINION.

☞ Call and See.

Boots, Shoes & Rubbers.

OTTAWA, February 17, 1868. 665y

THE NEW DOMINION!

47. SUSSEX-STREET. 47.

Established with the Nation, 1st July, 1867.

Tried by the People,
Nobly sustained,
Long may it flourish!

Come one! Come all!!
Farmers and Lumbermen,
Merchants and Citizens,

COME TO THE NEW DOMINION!

And you will find a large and varied assortment of

STAPLE and FANCY DRY GOODS!

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,
AS CHEAP AS THE CHEAPEST,
AS GOOD AS THE BEST.

A New Tailoring Establishment!

Has just been opened on the premises, with FIRST-CLASS WORKMEN, under the management of a FIRST-CLASS FASHIONABLE CUTTER.

Suits made to order, and Warranted to *suit*, At every price,

Of every style, For every season, And at the shortest notice.

Do you want Hats or Caps, Furs or Blankets, Boots or Shoes, Moccasins or Mittens? Visit the New Dominion. It will prove to your advantage. From top to toe a perfect outfit guaranteed, by

JAMES HIGGINSON, Proprietor.

Ottawa, February 6, 1868. 659tf

Dissolution of Partnership.

THE PARTNERSHIP heretofore existing between JAMES HOPE and S. S. M. HUNTER, under the firm of JAMES HOPE & Co., was this day dissolved by mutual consent.

The business will be continued, under the same name as heretofore, by JAMES HOPE, who will receive all monies due, and discharge all claims against the late firm.

JAMES HOPE,
S. S. M. HUNTER.

Ottawa, Feb. 15, 1868. 668-a-3-4

Trade Sale of Teas.

THE Subscribers will offer, for account of Messrs. D. TORRANCE & CO., at their Sale-room, on WEDNESDAY, 19th FEBRUARY, about

5,000 half-chests Green and Black Teas.

Catalogues will be prepared.

Sale at NINE o'clock.

JOHN LEEMING & CO., Auctioneers.

662td

LOST.

ONE YELLOW (Bitch) HOUND, and one WHITE and BLACK SPOTTED (Pup) HOUND, strayed or stolen from Gloucester on the 24th December last. Any person keeping either of these hounds after this notice will be prosecuted, and any information left with the undersigned will be suitably rewarded.

OLIVER PINARD,
Delhi Hotel, No. 17, Clarence-st.

February 12. 664a

NOTICE

IS HEREBY given that I shall not be responsible for any debts contracted in my name, unless under an order signed by me.

SOPHIA MARTINE.

Ottawa, Jan. 22, 1868.

Scale Manufacturer.

E. DORION begs to inform the public that he has opened a SCALE MANUFACTORY in Clarence-street, second door from Sussex-street, in E. D'Amour's Blacksmith Shop, and where he is now prepared to repair all sorts of Scales in use.

Ottawa, Jany. 11 637y

YOUNG & RADFORD'S COLUMN.

Watches,
Watches,
Watches

AT

YOUNG AND RADFORD'S

30 Sparks-street.

Clocks,
Clocks,
Clocks,

AT

YOUNG AND RADFORD'S.

Jewellery,
Jewellery,
Jewellery,

AT

YOUNG AND RADFORD'S.

Electro-Plated ware,
Electro-Plated Ware,
Electro-Plated Ware,

AT

YOUNG AND RADFORD'S.

Fancy Goods,
Fancy Goods,
Fancy Goods,

AT

YOUNG AND RADFORD'S,

Manufacturing Jewellers,

30 SPARKS-STREET

Old Gold and Silver

Bought, and highest cash price paid,

AT

YOUNG AND RADFORD'S

BROWNE & HARDY'S COLUMN.

1867 AND 1868.

INDIA WAREHOUSE!

16 Rideau Street, Ottawa.

THE SUBSCRIBERS beg to inform their Customers that their Stock is now complete, and embraces every delicacy of the Season, among which will be found a choice assortment of

TEAS,

Breakfast SOUCHONG, do CONGOU, } Black Extra Fine.
Superior HYSON,
" GUNPOWDER,
" IMPERIAL,
" TWANKAY,
Orange PEKOE, Flowery " Japan " } These Teas have been carefully selected for family trade by

BROWNE & HARDY.

SUGARS,
LOAF,
BROKEN LOAF,
CRUSHED,
GROUND,
YELLOW,
and MUSCOVADO.

COFFEE,
MOCHA,
JAVA,
JAMAICA, and
CEYLON,
☞ Roasted and Ground daily on the premises.

CHOCOLATE and COCOA,
FRENCH, flavored with Vanilla;
TAYLOR'S,
FRYE'S,
MOTT'S

FRUITS, &c.
LAYER RAISINS,
in Whole, Half and Quarter Boxes
MUSCATEL, do do
SULTANA,
VALENTIA,
CURRANTS,
GRAPES,
ORANGES
LEMONS,
PRUNES,
ALMONDS,
WALNUTS,
FILBERTS, and
BRAZIL NUTS.

BUTTER,
CHOICE DAIRY, in Tubs and Crocks, received Weekly.

CHEESE,
English, American and Canadian.

SPICES,
NUTMEGS,
MACE,
CINNAMON,
CLOVES,
GINGER,
MIXED SPICES,
All Ground on the Premises

BROWNE & HARDY.

Ottawa, December 19 405t

THE MONTREAL WAREHOUSE,

SUSSEX, OPPOSITE YORK-STREET.

IN MR. INGLIS' NEW BLOCK,

WILL BE OPENED OUT IN A FEW DAYS WITH A STOCK OF

Choice Wines, Groceries and Provisions, &c., &c.

J. MARTIN & CO

OTTAWA, February 4, 1868. 657y

HARDWARE!

HARDWARE!

Great Reduction

IS THE

PRICE OF HARDWARE

AT THE

SIGN of the ANVIL

No. 24, Rideau-street.

THE Undersigned would take this opportunity to express his thanks to his Customers in Ottawa and vicinity for their very liberal patronage in the past, and to solicit a continuance of their favors in the future, and to assure them that no effort on his part shall be wanting to supply them with the Best and Cheapest English and American Hardware. I do not pretend to sell at cost, but do propose to sell as cheap as any other establishment in Ontario. My stock shall comprise every article in the line of Hardware, and with the one price system I hope to merit and receive a continuance of the very liberal patronage given me in the past.

T. BIRKETT,
Sign of the Anvil, 24 Rideau-st.

Ottawa, Feb. 3. 408y

BLYTH & KERR,

Successors to Chas. Garth,

No. 25, Rideau-st.,

Plumbers,

Gas & Steam Fitters,

Tin & Coppersmiths.

Bell Hangers, &c.

All materials for the above branches kept constantly on hand.

—ALSO—

Importers and Dealers in House Furnishing Hardware.

Just received a well selected assortment of

Cooking Stoves, Double Stoves, Parlor Stoves, Hall Stoves, Iron Bedsteads, Bronzed & Wire Fenders, Fire Irons, Fire Guards,

Japanned and Planished Tinware, &c.,

Manufacturers of all descriptions of work for Water and Gas Works, Brewer's Distilleries, Mills, &c. Makes and fits up Galvanized Iron Cornices, Gutters, Conductors, Roofing, &c.

☞ Public and Private Buildings, Conservatories, Vineries, Manufactories, &c., warmed by Steam, Hot Water or Warm Air, on the most approved principles.

Orders from the country will receive strict attention.

Ottawa August 26. 416y

BOOKS, MAPS, &c.

MAPS of NEW BRUNSWICK, folded and on rollers, (McMillan's.) MAPS of NOVA SCOTIA, folded and on rollers, (McKinlay's.)

BRAITHWAITE FOR JANUARY.

A book for every office and library,

Chambers' Encyclopædia,

The best and cheapest published. Illustrated with Maps and Wood Cuts. 10 vols., half calf, $35.00.

Worcester's & Webster's Illustrated

4to DICTIONARIES.

SUTHERLAND'S CITY DIRECTORY.

The New Literature received as issued by English and American publishers.

The NEW AUTHORIZED SERIES OF READERS—Wholesale and Retail.

Bill and Postage Stamps.

J. DURIE & SON,
10 Sparks-st.,
Opposite the Russell House

498y

BUY YOUR TEA

DIRECT FROM

THE IMPORTERS

TEA! TEA! TEA!

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY, 6 Hospital Street, Montreal, having just imported a large quantity of Green and Black Teas, beg to call the attention of the Trade, Hotel Proprietors, and large establishments generally to their list of prices. Buyers of Chests and Boxes of Tea will save money by getting it direct through the Importers.

All orders for 25 lb. boxes and upwards, carriage free to any Railway Station in Canada. Parties wanting smaller quantities should club together, Buyers living beyond Railway Stations, will please send post office order, or enclose notes. The carriage will be paid to the nearest station, where there are express offices. Tea will be forwarded immediately on receipt of the order by mail containing money, or the money can be collected on delivery by express man. Cash collected in Montreal free of charge, and Tea forwarded for the same. Original packages Black Tea weigh, in chests about 50 lbs. Chests do. 90 to 100 lbs. Green Tea from 60 to 80 lbs. Teas not mentioned in advertisement can be had equally cheap. The Company are determined to take a stand in the Montreal market, every article may therefore be depended on as to quality and weight.

BLACK TEA.

Common Congou, Broken Leaf, Strong Tea	$00 45
Fine Flavoured New Season do	00 55
Excellent Full Flavoured do	00 75
Sound Oolong	00 45
Rich Flavoured do	00 60
Very Fine do	00 75
Japan	00 58
Very Fine do	00 75
An excellent mixed Tea, Black and Green	00 60

GREEN TEA.

Twankay, Common	$00 38
Fine do	00 55
Young Hyson	00 60
Fine do	00 75
Superfine and Very Choice	1 00
Fine Gunpowder	00 85
Extra Superfine do	1 00

Reductions made to buyers of Five Chests and upwards.

☞ Address

MONTREAL TEA CO.,
6, Hospital-st., Montreal.

☞ *Agent for Ottawa and neighborhood,*

MR. JOS. MOONEY,

☞ All Boxes and Chests sent from this Establishment have the address of the *MONTREAL TEA COMPANY* printed on them.

August 27, 1867. 522314-w

FARM FOR SALE.

FOR SALE, Lot No. 15, 4th Concession Gloucester, Rideau Front, 7 miles from Ottawa, on the Macadamized Road, leading from Ottawa to Metcalf, consisting of 100 acres, 80 of which cleared, and in the highest state of cultivation. The soil is of the very best quality; there is a good dwelling house, barn, stable and other out buildings thereon. This farm is well fenced and watered.

For further particulars apply to

H. McLEAN, Auctioneer,
Or the subscriber, on the premises,
W. HALPENNY.

Gloucester, Sept. 13, 1867. 557 37-6m

W. NOTMAN,

Photographer to the Queen

CORNER OF

WELLINGTON AND METCALFE STREETS,

WOULD intimate that having all his arrangements completed, his

Establishment will be Opened

—ON—

Monday Next, 3rd February

When he will be prepared to fulfil orders for all the different branches of Photography.

Ottawa, Jan. 31, 1868. 582y

WAR! WAR! WAR!

KEARNS & RYAN,

WELL KNOWN

Merchants of this City,

—WHO KEEP THE PEOPLE'S—

CHEAP CASH STORE!

Have declared War against all other merchants of the Capital of Canada, for imposing dear goods on the people. They will make a

Reduction of 20 per cent off Hats and Bonnets,

—AND—

10 per cent off all other Cash Purchases

OVER ONE DOLLAR,

During the month of February. Rush to their establishment and judge for yourselves. No deception.

Corner of York and Sussex-sts.

Ottawa, February 3, 1868. 656d

BARGAINS

—IN—

DRESS GOODS!

IN ORDER to make a Clearance of the remainder of our Winter Stock of COBURGS, WINCIES, MERINOS, REPPS, SERGES, FANCY POPLINETTES, &c., we have RE-MARKED the whole lot at such prices as will show a Reduction of from 12½ to 20 per cent under former prices.

REMNANTS, REMNANTS, REMNANTS!

We have also brought forward our accumulation of Remnants of every kind, and marked them at Very Low Prices.

Magee & Russell.

Ottawa, Jan. 10, 1867. 380y

REMOVAL

OF THE

London Music Store!

E. MILES

DESIRES to inform the public that he has removed to the FRONT PART of

HER MAJESTY'S THEATRE,

WELLINGTON-STREET,

Where he has a larger premises, and a better means of displaying his new and fine stock of

PIANOS,

VICTORIA ORGANS AND MELODEONS.

His Show Room, up-stairs, is large and beautifully lit up, having an area of 60 feet long by 25 feet wide. The Sample Room is on the first flat, where some of each kind of Musical Instruments will be kept. Two cases of choice

VIOLINS

Have just been received, and will be offered for sale, besides a large assortment of

CONCERTINAS,
ACCORDEONS,
TAMBOURINES,
GUITARS,
FLUTES,
DRUMS,
&c., &c.

Direct from Germany.

Second hand Pianos taken in part payment for new ones.

Connected with this establishment is a Piano Manufacturer, who will attend punctually to all orders for TUNING left at the London Music Store.

E. MILES,
Lessee of Her Majesty's Theatre.

Ottawa, Feb. 1, 1868. 551-39y

SUN BURNER.

NO MORE Breaking of Chimneys: no More Burning of Fingers: No More Waste of Oil; No Trouble to Clean; No Trouble to Light No Anxiety About Explosions. It is a Cheap Labor Saving and Durable Article. Buy one and you will never repent doing so. Anyone dissatisfied can have their money returned.

LAMPS AND FITTINGS

ALWAYS ON HAND.

STOVES, TINWARE, &c.

☞ Competent workmen for jobbing on the premises.

ESMONDE BROS.,
43 SPARKS-ST.,
Next Hoop Skirt Factory.

Ottawa, January 21. 311y

WATCH LOST.

LOST on Saturday afternoon, by a lady while walking from Wellington-street up Bank's and the New Road as far as the second bridge, a small, somewhat old style, Gold Watch. The finder will be suitably rewarded on leaving it at this Office.

February 17, 1868. 668-3

PORK! FLOUR!

THE Subscribers have just received 10 CAR LOADS of PORK, consisting of

455 *BBLS. OF MESS,*
40 *DO. OF THIN MESS,*
155 *DO. OF PRIME MESS,*

Also 20,000 lbs. weight Superior Steam Refined Leaf Lard.

Also for Sale, 500 barrels of Flour.

O'CONNOR & WALLER,
Exchange Brokers and Commission Merchants,
Sussex-st., Ottawa.

Ottawa, Feb. 17, 1868. 668tf

NOTICE.

THE HOLDERS of TICKETS for the DRAWING OF PRIZES in aid of the GOOD SHEPHERDS, will take notice that the same has been POSTPONED till TUESDAY EVENING, TWENTY-FIFTH FEBRUARY, INST., at 7.30 o'clock, at St. Vincent's Hall.

SARAH CALDWELL.

Ottawa, Feb. 18, 1868. 669td

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, February 14, 1868.

AUTHORIZED Discount on American Invoices until further notice, 28 per cent.

R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner of Customs.

PLANS & SPECIFICATIONS

FOR THE WESTERN

CENTRAL SCHOOL BUILDING,

WILL BE RECEIVED AT THE

City Hall,

BY THE

BOARD OF SCHOOL TRUSTEES

FOR THE

City of Ottawa,

UP TO THE

Third day of March Next,

At Seven O'clock, P. M.,

THE BUILDING

TO BE OF

BRICK or STONE,

☞ Ninety Feet Frontage, and Sixty Feet in Depth, Two Stories High, with a good Basement for the Heating Apparatus.

ECONOMY,

Durability and Convenience

☞ To be studied by each competitor.

The cost of building, with heating apparatus and out-houses, to be shown completed.

A Premium of Fifty Dollars

To be given for the Plans and Specifications that shall be accepted by the Board. Those not accepted will be returned to the person or persons who may have submitted the same.

JAMES D. SLATER,
Chairman.

Ottawa, Feb. 18, 1868. 669a

Skates! Skates!

At ISAAC'S,

ALSO,

SLEIGHS, SLEIGHS

ALL PRESENTS BY SANTA CLAUS,

At ISAAC'S

Skates from 20 cents to $6.00

At ISAAC'S,

Sparks-street,

ALSO,

Hardware of all Description

At Lowest Cash Prices,

At ISAAC'S.

☞ Remember the place,

T. ISAAC'S.

December 17, 1867. 617tf

BAZAAR

IN FAVOR OF

The St. Patrick's Orphan Asylum,

OTTAWA.

THE LADIES of the above named institution intend holding a BAZAAR during the month of MAY NEXT. Charitable persons who wish to contribute to this good work, are respectfully requested to send their contributions to any of the following ladies:

Mrs. WM. O'MEARA,
" CALDWELL,
" McGREEVEY,
" GOODWIN,
" J. W. RYAN,
" F. X. LEMIEUX,
Miss BASQUERVILLE,
Miss McCARTHY.

The following ladies have kindly consented to preside at the Refreshment Table—Mrs. Enright, Mrs. Matthews, Mrs. Barrett.

MARIANNE McCARTHY,
Secretary.

Ottawa, Feb. 15, 1868. 667tf

Ottawa CROCKERY Store!

PRESENTATION ORNAMENTS.

WILLIAM ALLAN

RESPECTFULLY announces the arrival of a Choice Selection of China and Bohemian Glass Flower Vases and Ornaments suitable for Xmas and New Year's Gifts. Also, a Choice complete Stock of China, Glass, Earthenware and Parian Marble ever brought into Ottawa, consisting of

DINNER SETTS, DESSERT SETTS,
BREAKFAST SETTS, TOILET SETTS.

Cut and Engraved, Cut and Pressed TABLE GLASS, and an assortment of Common Ware to wholesale purchasers.

A large and most varied Stock select from

W. ALLAN,
51 RIDEAU STREET, (opposite Mr. D. Whalen's.)
Ottawa, December 19, 1867. 574y

SHEFFIELD HOUSE!

E. K. MacGILLIVRAY & Co.,

MANUFACTURING JEWELLERS

AND

WATCHMAKERS

OTTAWA, January 21, 1868.

City Hoop Skirt Factory

The Double Extension Skirt.

THIS new and convenient skirt I am now making in all widths of tape. The great advantage this Skirt has over all others, ladies can alter it themselves to any width they wish, from 1¼ yards to 3 yards, without the least trouble. They only can be had at the Factory. Everyother style of Skirt on hand or made to order. Just received another lot of

FRENCH CORSETS.

Every size, from 17 inches to 36 inches. Also, a few of those old fashioned Corsets, (lacing at the back.)

Lambs' Wool Hose, Breakfast Shawls.

Also, a large lot of Linen and Lawn Pocket Handkerchiefs, cheap.

DAVID MILLAR,
43 Sparks-st., Centre Town, next to Esmonde's Stove Depot.
456y

New Premises and Cheap Goods.

GRANT & HENDERSON

Having recently moved into their new premises, **No. 20, Rideau-street,** one of the firm visited lately the Montreal Markets, and secured a very large stock of entirely

NEW GOODS,

At most EXTRAORDINARY REDUCTIONS in price, which cannot in a legitimate manner be undersold in this city.

RIDEAU-STREET, December 24, 1867. 623tf

WHEELER & WILSON'S SEWING MACHINES.

THE BEST HOLIDAY PRESENT,

From $47 and upwards.

FIVE per cent. off for cash in bills until after the holidays. One handsome Mahogany full case $8 discount.

Gold Medal, Paris, 1867.

The Howe Sewing Machines from $50 Up.

Grout & Co.'s Twisted Elastic Stitch only $15.

Call and see this little beauty. Prospectuses and Samples sent Free by Mail.

December 19, 1867. 479-42y G. A. WALTON, Agent, 37 Sparks Street, Ottawa.

Dry Goods at Reduced Prices.

Cunningham and Lindsay

— ARE NOW SELLING —

Canadian Grey Cloth at 3s. 3d. per yard,
Canadian Tweeds at 4s. per yard,
Canadian Cotton Yarn at 7s. 6d. a Bundle.
Canadian Bags at 1. 9d

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY

Invite particular Attention to their

BLANKETS, FLANNELS AND MANTLE CLOTHS.

Ottawa, November 18, 1867. 510y

FIRST CLASS

Tailoring Establishment.

BEING desirous to dispose of the balance of my WINTER STOCK, in order to make room for

Spring Importations,

For two months I shall offer such inducements to intending purchasers as will enable me to make a ready sale, and my customers a good investment

Please Call and Examine.

G. M. HOLBROOK,

Peg Top Depot, Elgin-street,
381y Opposite the Post Office.

AMERICAN

[WALTHAM]

WATCHES.

THE true value of Machinery applied to Watchmaking is not that by its aid Watches are made rapidly, but that they are made correctly. Very few people know why a Waltham Watch should be superior to any other. In the first place, at Waltham the Watch is regarded as only a machine, to be constructed, like any other machine, on mechanical principles. The factory is indeed little else than a vast machine shop, the principal work in which is not more upon watches than upon machinery to make watches with. If the watches are good, it is because the machinery is good. Of course there must be no defect in the principle or plan of the movement, no mistake in the sizes or shapes of the pieces of which it is composed, nothing wanting in their properties, and no error in their positions. These points once thoroughly settled in regard to each part of every variety of watch, it rests wholly with the machinery constructed with infinite diversity of form and function, expressly for the purpose, to produce the finished pieces. The method established in every department is the regulation of parts by mechanical means, and this is carried out on the system of the most thorough sub division of labor.

By means of multiplying guages and microscopes, tests, and inspection for the detection of wear in cutting tools and for faults and flaws in steel or stone are made to accompany the work in every stage from beginning to end. As a necessary result, the Watch goes together a perfect machine. Every part is found to fit properly in its place. Every pin may be pushed till it pinches, and every screw turned home. Instead of a sluggish and feeble action, the balance, even under the pressure of the finest mainspring, vibrates with a wide and free motion, and the beat has the clear and ringing sound, always characteristic of the Waltham Watch. The machine is a timekeeper from the start.

This system of watchmaking is unknown in foreign countries, and is entirely original with the Waltham Company. The company claim that by it they produce watches that cannot be equaled for every quality which makes a watch valuable. Simple in plan and correct in principle, the movement is not only beautifully finished, substantial, accurate and cheap, but is uniform to the minutest details, not easily damaged, easily repaired, and when repaired always as good as new.

There are different grades of finish in the different varieties of watches made by the Waltham Company, as there are different sizes and shapes, to suit all tastes and means, but every watch that bears the genuine trade mark of "WALTHAM," is guaranteed to be a good one, and nobody need be afraid to buy it.

Every Watch Fully Warranted.

For sale by all first-class dealers in the United States and British Provinces. For further information address the Agents,

ROBBINS & APPLETON,
New York.
ROBERT WILKES, Toronto, C.

RAILROADS.

Grand Trunk Railway Company

OF CANADA.

WINTER ARRANGEMENTS, 1867.

TRAINS now leave Bonaventure Station as follows:

GOING WEST—Day Express for Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago and all points West, at 8.30 A.M.

Night do do at 7.30 P.M.

Accommodation Train for Kingston and intermediate stations at 7.00 A.M.

Local Train for Cornwall and intermediate Stations, at 4.20 P.M.

Trains for Lachine at 8.00 A.M., 9.30 A.M., 3.00 and 4.30 P.M.

The 3.00 P.M. Train runs through to Plattsburgh.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST—Accommodation Train from Island Pond and intermediate Stations, at 7.00 A.M.

Express for New York and Boston, at 8.40 A.M.

Express for Boston and New York, at 3.30 P.M.

Express for Portland (staying over night at Island Pond) at 2.00 P.M.

Night Express for Portland, Three Rivers, Québec and Riviere du Loup, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbroke, Waterville and Coaticooke only, at 10.10 P.M.

Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.

For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station.

C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director
December 23, 1867. 650tf

CHANGE of TIME

St. Lawrence & Ottawa Railway,

(formerly the Ottawa & Prescott Railway.)

ON and after MONDAY, the 30th Dec., 1867, and until further notice, trains will run as follows:

LEAVE PRESCOTT.	ARRIVE IN OTTAWA.
Mixed, 7.30 a. m.	11.00 a. m.
Express, 2.10 p. m.	4.45 p. m.
LEAVE OTTAWA.	**ARRIVE IN PRESCOTT.**
Express, 8 a. m.	10.30 a. m.
Mixed, 1.30 p. m.	4.45 p. m.

The time of these Trains has been so arranged as to ensure connection with night and day trains on Grand Trunk, east and west.

N. B.—These Trains run on Montreal Time.

Baggage to and from Ottawa checked through from and to stations on Grand Trunk Railway.

Return tickets to Prescott, Kemptville and Ottawa at reduced rates can be had at the principal stations on the line.

T. S. DETLOR, Superintendent. THOMAS REYNOLDS, Managing Director.
Ottawa, Dec. 28, 1867. 1y

Brockville and Ottawa Railway.

WINTER ARRANGEMENT

Commencing on Monday, December 9, 1867.

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

3:45 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 3.45 p.m., and arrive at Sandpoint at 9.25 p. m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT.

6:45 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint daily at 6.45 a.m., and arrive at Brockville at 1:00 p. m.

LEAVES PERTH.

5:00 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Perth at 5:00 p.m., and 9:40 a.m., and arrive at Smith's Falls at 5:50 p.m. and 10:30 a.m.

LEAVES SMITH'S FALLS.

10:50 A.M.—TRAINS will leave Smith's Falls at 10:50 a.m., and 6:05 p.m., and arrive at Perth at 11:40 a.m., and 6:55 p.m.

All trains on main line connect at Smith's Falls with Trains to and from Perth.

No. 1 leaves Brockville after G. T. R. Express Train is due from the East.

No. 2 is due at Brockville in time to connect with G. T. R. Express Trains for the East and West.

H ABBOTT,
Manager for Trustee.
Brockville, Dec. 16. 472y

Royal Canadian Bank

OTTAWA AGENCY:

Office—Desbarats' Building, 77 Sparks St

M. P. HAYES,
Ottawa, June 21. AGENT. 157tf

DALGLISH & RUSSELL

ARE NOW IN RECEIPT OF THEIR new and varied assortment of

Grocery Goods

Consisting of Teas, Gunpowder, Old Hyson, Young Hyson, Hyson Twankay, Black, Extra Fine English Breakfast Souchong, Congou ditto, Oolong, Orange Pekoe, Finest Japans.

Coffees.—Java, Jamaica, La Guayra, Mocha Roasted and Ground on the premises.

Sugars.—English, refined in loaves, Broken Loaf, Crushed White, Yellow Refined.

Chocolate and Cocoa Spices, Mustards, Essences, Syrups, Pickles, Sauces, Vinegars, and Bottled Fruits, in Syrup, Preserves, Potted Meats, Fruits &c. Also, Provisions, Sugar Cured Hams, Spiced Rolled Hams, Bacon, Buttery Cheese, Crackers, Biscuits, Flour, Oatmeal, Barley, Peas, Rice, Labrador Herrings, Table Codfish, Digby Herrings, &c., &c.

Our stock is extensive and complete, and every article warranted to give satisfaction. All orders sent or left will be promptly attended to.

All Goods delivered on the shortest notice

Dalglish & Russell,
Wellington & Kent-sts.

Take Highest Premiums at the Paris Exposition.

PLATFORM, COUNTER, Warehouse, Grain, Coal, Hay, Railroad Track, Depot, Druggist, Gold, and all kinds of SCALES constantly on hand and for Sale.

FAIRBANKS, BROWN & Co.,
Boston, Mass.

Our Sole Agents in Ottawa,

ALEXANDER WORKMAN & Co.

November 18, 1867. 592-6m

NOTICE

Is hereby given that application will be made to each and every Parliament having jurisdiction, at the present or next session thereof, respectively, for an act to amend the act chaptered 106, passed at the Session of the Parliament for the late Province of Canada, held the 29th and 30th years of the Reign of Her Majesty Queen Victoria, intituled "An Act to incorporate the Ottawa City Passenger Railway Company.

Dec. 2nd, 1867. 6072m

Bottled Ale, Bottled Ale, Botfled Ale.

THE Subscriber would call the attention of Families and others to his

Fine Bottled Ale!

Which is in splendid condition. Also,

Scotch, Irish, Old Rye

And other Malt Whiskies,

Ports, Sherries, Brandies, Gin, &c.,

Together with a General Assortment of

FIRST-CLASS GROCERIES.

A Call Kindly Solicited.

D. WHELAN,
44, Rideau-street,
Opposite Allan's Crockery Store
Ottawa, Jan. 20, 1868.

FOR SALE.

850 PAIRS of Grey Twilled BLANKETS, in bales of 50 pairs

—ALSO,—

Canadian White Twilled and Whitney Blankets. English Grey Blankets, weighing from 8 to 10 pounds each.

E McGILLIVRAY.
Ottawa, December 23, 1867. 624-3m

PIANOFORTES!

Messrs. Orme & Son

BEG to intimate that they have on hand one of the FINEST COLLECTIONS of

Steinway, Chickering and Dunham PIANOFORTES

That have ever been offered for sale in Ottawa. These instruments were carfully selected by Mr. Nordheimer from the factories.

INSPECTION INVITED.

A splendid CHICKERING, only a few months in use, FOR SALE CHEAP, the proprietor having gone to England.

Old Pianofortes taken in exchange.

25, Sparks-street,
Sign of the Golden Lyre.
January 27. 448y

PRIVATE BOARDING HOUSE.

MRS. RICHARD will open a Private first-class BOARDING HOUSE, Corner of SUSSEX and CLARENCE-STS., over Mr. Martineau's Dry Goods Store, on the 15th instant. Parties wishing quiet, good, comfortable board, with good attendance, will please apply and secure apartments.

Ottawa, February 6, 1868. 659-3m

AYER'S CATHARTIC PILLS.

Are you sick, feeble, and complaining? Are you out of order, with your system deranged, and your feelings uncomfortable? These symptoms are often the prelude to serious illness. Some fit of sickness is creeping upon you, and should be averted by a timely use of the right remedy. Take Ayer's Pills, and cleanse out the disordered humors—purify the blood, and let the fluids move on unobstructed in health again. They stimulate the functions of the body into vigorous activity, purify the system from the obstructions which make disease. A cold settles somewhere in the body, and obstructs its natural functions. These, if not relieved, react upon themselves and the surrounding organs, producing general aggravation, suffering, and disease. While in this condition, oppressed by the derangements, take Ayer's Pills, and see how directly they restore the natural action of the system, and with it the buoyant feeling of health again. What is true and so apparent in this trivial and common complaint, is also true in many of the deep-seated and dangerous distempers. The same purgative effect expels them. Caused by similar obstructions and derangements of the natural functions of the body, they are rapidly, and many of them surely, cured by the same means. None who know the virtues of these Pills, will neglect to employ them when suffering from the disorders they cure.

Statements from leading physicians in some of the principal cities, and from other well known public persons.

From a Forwarding Merchant of St. Louis, Feb. 4, 1856.

DR. AYER: Your Pills are the paragon of all that is great in medicine. They have cured my little daughter of ulcerous sores upon her hands and feet that had proved incurable for years. Her mother has been long grievously afflicted with blotches and pimples on her skin and in her hair. After our child was cured, she also tried your Pills, and they have cured her.

ASA MORGRIDGE.

As a Family Physic.

From Dr. E. W. Cartwright, New Orleans.

Your Pills are the prince of purges. Their excellent qualities surpass any cathartic we possess. They are mild, but very certain and effectual in their action on the bowels, which makes them invaluable to us in the daily treatment of disease.

Headache, Sick Headache, Foul Stomach.

From Dr. Edward Boyd, Baltimore.

DEAR BRO. AYER: I cannot answer you what complaints I have *cured* with your Pills better than to say *all that we ever treat with a purgative medicine.* I place great dependence on an effectual cathartic in my daily contest with disease, and believing as I do that your Pills afford us the best we have, I of course value them highly.

PITTSBURG, Pa., May 1, 1855.

DR. J. C. AYER. Sir: I have been repeatedly cured of the worst *headache* any body can have by a dose or two of your Pills. It seems to arise from a foul stomach, which they cleanse at once.

Yours with great respect, ED. W. PREBLE,
Clerk of Steamer Clarion.

Bilious Disorders—Liver Complaints.

From Dr. Theodore Bell, of New York City.

Not only are your Pills admirably adapted to their purpose as an aperient, but I find their beneficial effects upon the Liver very marked indeed. They have in my practice proved more effectual for the cure of *bilious complaints* than any one remedy I can mention. I sincerely rejoice that we have at length a purgative which is worthy the confidence of the profession and the people.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR,
Washington, D. C., 7th Feb., 1856.

SIR: I have used your Pills in my general and hospital practice ever since you made them, and cannot hesitate to say they are the best cathartic we employ. Their regulating action on the liver is quick and decided, consequently they are an admirable remedy for derangements of that organ. Indeed, I have seldom found a case of *bilious disease* so obstinate that it did not readily yield to them. Paternally yours, ALONZO BALL, M. D.,
Physician of the Marine Hospital.

Dysentery, Diarrhœa, Relax, Worms.

From Dr. J. G. Green, of Chicago.

Your Pills have had a long trial in my practice, and I hold them in esteem as one of the best aperients I have ever found. Their alterative effect upon the liver makes them an excellent remedy, when given in small doses for *bilious dysentery and diarrhœa.* Their sugar-coating makes them very acceptable and convenient for the use of women and children.

Dyspepsia, Impurity of the Blood.

From Rev. J. V. Himes, Pastor of Advent Church, Boston.

DR. AYER: I have used your Pills with extraordinary success in my family and among those I am called to visit in distress. To regulate the organs of digestion and purify the blood, they are the very best remedy I have ever known, and I can confidently recommend them to my friends. Yours, J. V. HIMES.

WARSAW, Wyoming Co., N. Y., Oct. 24, 1855.

DEAR SIR: I am using your Cathartic Pills in my practice, and find them an excellent purgative to cleanse the system and *purify the fountains of the blood.*

JOHN G. MEACHAM, M. D.

Constipation, Costiveness, Suppression, Rheumatism, Gout, Neuralgia, Dropsy, Paralysis, Fits, etc.

From Dr. J. P. Vaughn, Montreal, Canada.

Too much cannot be said of your Pills for the cure of *patients.* If others of our fraternity have found them as efficacious as I have, they should join me in proclaiming it for the benefit of the multitudes who suffer from that complaint, which, although bad enough in itself, is the progenitor of others that are worse. I believe *costiveness* to originate in the liver, but your Pills affect that organ and cure the disease.

From Mrs. E. Stuart, Physician and Midwife, Boston.

I find one or two large doses of your Pills, taken at the proper time, are excellent promotives of the *natural secretion* when wholly or partially suppressed, and also very effectual to *cleanse the stomach and expel worms.* They are so much the best physic we have that I recommend no other to my patients.

From the Rev. Dr. Hawkes, of the Methodist Episc. Church.

PULASKI HOUSE, Savannah, Ga., Jan. 6, 1856.

HONORED SIR: I should be ungrateful for the relief your skill has brought me if I did not report my case to you. A cold settled in my limbs and brought on excruciating *neuralgic pains*, which ended in *chronic rheumatism.* Notwithstanding I had the best of physicians, the disease grew worse and worse, until by the advice of your excellent agent in Baltimore, Dr. Mackenzie, I tried your Pills. Their effects were slow, but sure. By persevering in the use of them, I am now entirely well.

SENATE CHAMBER, Baton Rouge, La., 5 Dec. 1855.

DR. AYER: I have been entirely cured, by your Pills, of *Rheumatic Gout*—a painful disease that had afflicted me for years. VINCENT SLIDELL.

Most of the Pills in market contain Mercury, which, although a valuable remedy in skilful hands, is dangerous in a public pill, from the dreadful consequences that frequently follow its incautious use. These contain no mercury or mineral substance whatever.

Price, 25 cents per Box, or 5 Boxes for $1.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Robertson, W. M. Massey, H. F. MacCarthy, and John Skinner, in Ottawa.

Royal Italian Bitters!

—OR,—

TONICO REALE

DEL DOTTORE F. P. VERRI,
Professore di Chemistry in the University o PADUA
ITALY.

THIS celebrated preparation for which a certificate of merit was awarded to the distinguished original preparer at the National Exposition at Torino, Italy, by whose favor Mr. GIANELLI obtained the recipe, and was also awarded a diploma at the Provincial Exhibition of Canada held at Montreal in September, 1865, is, without exception, the most genuine, salubrious and agreeable Tonic ever introduced to public notice either in Europe or America.

For seventeen years it has, in Italy, been a universal favorite among the *elite* of society, being generally served in the drawing room before dinner, in preference to Vermouth.

The ingredients of its composition have been imparted to the leading Physicians of Canada and the United States, and have received their unqualified approval on every account.

The proprietor refers with the greatest confidence and satisfaction to the subjoined testimonials from eminent medical men, which he could add to, were it desirable.

Kept by the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion of Canada and in the United States.

Sold by the Proprietor.

Dear Sir: You request my opinion of the "Royal Italian Bitters," prepared from a receipt of Dr Verri, of Padua. I beg to state that I consider it a most agreeable cordial tonic, in every way superior in flavour and composition to the ordinary bitter tonics in general use. I have recommended it to several patients, who have derived marked benefit from its use.

I am, dear Sir, yours faithfully,
G. E. FENWICK, M.D.

A. M. F. GIANELLI, Esq., Montreal.

A. M. GIANELLI,
26, Hospital-street, Montreal.

SALE OF ORDNANCE LANDS OTTAWA.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that a large number of Lots, of different sizes and dimensions,

Town Lots & Country Lots,

Will be offered for sale on

SATURDAY, 6th APRIL NEXT,

AT THE

Auction Room of H. McLean, Auctioneer,

OTTAWA, VIZ.:

Building Lots in Ottawa on North Rideau street, South George street, South St. Andrew street, North St. Andrew street, South Bolton street, South Parry street, South Franklin street, North Franklin street South Park street, East Wurtemburg street, Lot H Rideau Front, Lot I, do.

—ALSO,—

	Acres.	R.	P.
Lot 34, concession B, Nepean	87	00	00
35, concession B, occupied by Mulligan and one McCabe	77	00	00
Lot K, concession D, Nepean, part of	59	00	00
Lots L and M, concession B, Nepean, parts of	86	2	25
Lot K, concession C, Nepean	53	00	00
Sub Lots 2, 3, 4, on Lot E, concession C, Neapean, 1 acre and nine perches each.			
Eleven Sub-Lots of 10 acres each, on Lot No. 21, Gore of Gloucester.			
Nineteen Sub-Lots of 10 acres each, on Lot No. 22, Gore of Gloucester.			
Lot letter I, concession 4, Gloucester	101	1	83

Lists of the Lots, and terms of payment, may be had on application at the Ordnance Lands Office, at the Office of H. McLean, Auctioneer, and at the Office of the undersigned, Public Buildings, Ottawa.

By order of the Secretary of State:

E. PARENT,
Under Sec. of State.

WILLIAM F. COFFIN,
Ordnance Lands Agent.
Ottawa, February 6, 1868. 660-1awtd

SALMON RIVERS.

DEPARTMENT OF

MARINE & FISHERIES.

OTTAWA, 7th October, 1867.

LIST OF SALMON RIVERS within the Province of Quebec, the Fluvial Divisions of which are disposable for Angling purposes:—

The River Mistassini—discharging into River St. Lawrence on the

		North	Shore.
do	Betescie	do	do
do	Trinity	do	do
do	Little Trinity	do	do
do	Calumet	do	do
do	Pentecost	do	do
do	Little Margaret	do	do
do	Trout	do	do
do	Sheldrake	do	do
do	Magpie	do	do
do	Little Watcheschoo	do	do
do	Nabessippi	do	do
do	Agwanus	do	do
do	Kegashka	do	do
do	Musquarro	do	do
do	Washeecootai	do	do
do	Romanie [en bas]	do	do
do	Coacoacho	do	do
do	Etamarru	do	do
do	Macatima	do	do
do	St. Augustine	do	do
do	Esquimaux	do	do
do	Ouelle	South	Shore
do	Metis	do	do
do	St. Anne des Ments	do	do
do	Mont Louis	do	do
do	Magdalen	do	do
do	Grand Pabos, Chaleur bay	do	do
do	Grand Bonaventure	do	do
do	Little Cascapedia	do	do
do	Grand Cascapedia	do	do
do	Nouvelle	do	do
do	Metapedia	do	do
do	Restigouche	do	do
do	Mistouche	do	do

Application to Lease or License any of the above Rivers should be made to this Department.

P. MITCHELL,
Minister of Marine and Fisheries.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA.

Tuesday, 28th day of January, 1868.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS it has been represented to His Excellency in Council, that it is expedient that sub-section 4 of section 31 of the Act passed in the present Session of Parliament intituled: "An Act respecting the Inland Revenue," should be so far modified as to provide for a drawback of one cent per pound being allowed upon all Malt used in the manufacture of Beer when brewed from Malt and sugar combined.

His Excellency in Council on the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Inland Revenue, and under and in virtue of the authority given and conferred by the 49th Section of the Act 30 & 31 Vic., Cap. 5, has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that a drawback of one cent per pound shall be, and the same is hereby authorized and allowed on all Malt used in the manufacture of Beer when brewed from malt and sugar combined.

WM. H. LEE,
656-tf Clerk Privy Council.

PRIVATE BILLS.

ON the reassembling of the Parliament of Canada, in March, PETITIONS FOR PRIVATE BILLS will be received, in the House of Commons, until Thursday, the 2nd of April following.

W. B. LINDSAY,
Clerk, House of Commons.
Ottawa, Feb. 1, 1868. 655tMh12

Recorder's Court,

FOR the City of Ottawa, will be holden in the COURT HOUSE, old Jail, in said city, on MONDAY, the SECOND day of MARCH next, at the hour of ELEVEN of the clock in the forenoon, of which all City Coroners, Justices of the Peace, Constables, Jurors, and all others in any wise concerned, are hereby required to take notice and govern themselves accordingly.

RODERICK ROSS,
High Bailiff.
High Bailiff's Office,
Ottawa, 15th February, 1868. 668td

DEPARTMENT OF INLAND REVENUE,
Ottawa, January 21, 1868

Notice.

ON AND FROM THE

First day of February 1868

ALL REQUISITIONS FOR

STAMPS!

TO

Bills and Promissory Notes,

To be used in the Dominion of Canada by the various persons entrusted with the distribution thereof, will have to be addressed to this Department.

THOS. WORTHINGTON,
655tf For the Minister of Inland Revenue.

GREAT DISCOVERY.

EVERY MAN HIS OWN ARTIST!

A SCIENTIFIC WONDER.

AN Instrument by which any person can take correct Likenesses or Photographs. This instrument with full instructions sent by mail for one dollar. Address,

C. B. AMES & CO.,
64' Broadway, New York.

FRESH ARRIVALS

OF

Very Choice and Superior

TEAS

NOW ON SALE

AT THE

1,000 CHESTS UNCOLORED JAPAN.

500 Chests very choice and superior YOUNG HYSON.

700 Chests Good Strong TWANKAY

100 Chests old fashioned BREAKFAST SOUCHONG.

150 Caddies MANDERIN MIXTURE.

This is the finest BLACK TEA ever imported, 5s per pound; in small Caddies, about 14 lb each, 4s 9d.

COFFEE!

The Pure Mountain Berry

"Without exception the finest Coffee in the world."—*London Times, March 16.*

We are constantly receiving supplies of this truly beautiful and delicious COFFEE, *roasted daily on our premises by*

Dakins' Patent Silver Cylinder

By which peculiar process, he aroma is preserved, and renders it the FAVORITE WITH ALL COFFEE DRINKERS.

BEWARE OF SPURIOUS IMITATIONS,

As it is imported by no other firm in Canada

ROBINSON & CO.,

THE TEA POT,

OTTAWA

Wines, Spirits & Liquors

ROBINSON & CO. would especially call the attention of families to their stock of

ALES, WINES & SPIRITS

100 cases Otard Brandy.
50 " Martell's
150 " Henessey.
75 " United Vinquels

We have a most delicious

DINNER SHERRY

Which we are selling at 8 shillings per gallon

GUINESS & CO.

DUBLIN STOUT!

BLOOD'S LONDON STOUT.
BARCLAY'S LONDON PORTER
ALLSOP'S PALE ALE.
BASS' EAST INDIA.
DOW'S CELEBRATED MONTREAL ALE
DAW'S SUPERIOR LACHINE ALE
DAW'S CELEBRATED PORTER & STOUT

PRESERVED MEATS.

Just Received from England:

ROAST HARE.
CURRIED DO.
JUGGED DO.
STEWED DO.
ROAST PHEASANTS.
ROAST GROUSE.
OAST PARTRIDGE

ALL GOODS DELIVERED FREE by our own Waggons to any part of the City daily

ROBINSON & CO.

THE TEA POT,

OTTAWA.

Establishments—Sussex St. and Rideau St
Ottawa, September 10. 225tf

CAUTION.

THE Subscriber regrets the necessity for cautioning the public against imitations of his popular Pomades,

The Alexandra Cream,

AND

The Canada Pomade

But having been informed that some unprincipled person has put up inferior articles, copying the labels word for word, and thereby greatly damaging the sale of the genuine articles, he is compelled to take this course in self-defence.

For the future every genuine pot will bear my written signature in RED INK, across the face of the label.

W. M. MASSEY,
Family and Dispensing Chemist,
Medical Hall, 28, *Sparks-st.*
Ottawa, Feb. 6, 1868. 472y

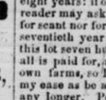
FOR SALE OR TO LET.

NOTICE.

THE Undersigned will either sell or let for a few years his well known farm, being lot Twenty-five in the Fourth Concession of Gloucester, Rideau Front, 215 acres all cleared, and well fenced and in a good state of cultivation. Also, the one-half of lot Twenty-seven in the Third Concession, being in its natural state, all wood and excellent land. It is just the *cross* of two hundred acres from the corner of the one lot to the other. The railroad line runs within ten feet of the front corner of the one hundred and in sight of the two hundred for two or three miles. The Station at Cunningham's is scarcely a mile and a half from the front of Lot Twenty-five. The above farm is capable of keeping thirty head of milch cows, two span of horses, and as many young cattle as it would be proper to raise. Eight or nine years ago I kept twenty-two milch cows, and ten or twelve horses, and raised five or six calves every year. The above farm is about ten miles, from the door, to the limits of the City. The improvements cannot be surpassed for a farmer's purpose. The dwelling-house is stone, 30 by 40, a story and a half over ground; and a cellar nine feet high, the one half used for a kitchen and the other half capable of holding 1,000 bushels of anything you wish to put into it; there is three small windows in it, and when cleaned in the Spring, makes an excellent milk-house or dairy; there is a frame wood shed at the door, 60 by 24, with 14 feet taken off the one end for a coachhouse, and overhead for a storehouse; next to that is a stable 36 by 26, finished inside, complete with four large double stalls and two single ones, and good room for hanging up harness, and sat box; convenient to that is a barn 40 by 50, in which I have often put 1,000 bushels of grain in one year; connected with that is 200 and 20 feet of frame sheds, all 20 and 24 deep, under pinned with stone and lime, from two to seven feet, according to level; on the north side of the house is another barn, 30 by 40, commonly filled with peas and oats. And if either tenant or purchaser has a desire for religious purposes, you can lie in your bed and look at the bell telling on the Catholic Church every Holy Day, and go to the front door and you will see the Presbyterian Church, where the Rev. Mr. Lochead has preached for the last twenty-two years, and go to the back door and you will see both English Church and Methodist Church within two miles. The above farm would be a desirable situation for a young man wishing to give his attention to farming, as the Ottawa Market cannot be surpassed in the Dominion. I think that I can say that I have not sold one pound of butter under one shilling this eight years: if one went under two went over. Some reader may ask what am I selling for, it is neither for scant nor for want of anything, but I am in the seventieth year of my age, and has purchased off this lot seven hundred and fifty acres of land and all is paid for, and all my sons is settled on their own farms, so I would rather sit down and take my ease as be attending to marketing and farming any longer. Persons wishing to get any information on any point from me, can do so by addressing, postpaid, JAMES JOHNSTON, Senr., South Gloucester.

JAMES JOHNSTON, Senr.
February 6, 1868. 769-6tMh17.

Two Dwellings to Let,



BEING the Upper part of E. MARTINEAU'S Clothing Store, Corner of Sussex and Clarence-streets.

Enquire at the Store.

EUG. MARTINEAU.
Ottawa, Jan. 22, 1868. 644tf

To Let.

A ROOM TO LET either with or without board. Enquire this office.
Ottawa, November 20. 594tf

Lots for Sale.

6 BUILDING LOTS, one mile from the city, on the Richmond Road, containing one acre each. Apply to THOMAS ANDERSON, Jr., on the premises. 564tf

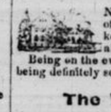
FOR SALE.—THE WESTerly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession Ottawa, Front Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same Concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. T. Allen, Esq. For further particulars apply to JOHN and WM. THOMSON, Nepean, and LEWIS & PINHEY, Barrister, Ottawa. Je2-141-tf

FOR SALE, THAT ELIgible property, beautifully situated on the Banks of the Ottawa; in the Township of Nepean, distant from the City of Ottawa about three miles on the macadamized road, together with the STONE DWELLING-HOUSE thereon erected, at present occupied by William Thomson, Esquire, and the garden and ornamented grounds adjoining the same, forming part of Lot No. 29, in the 1st concession, Ottawa front. A most desirable private residence and vacant Lots adjoining the same also for sale at reasonable prices.

For particulars and terms apply to John and William Thomson on the premises, or to

LEWIS & PINHEY,
Barristers, &c., Ottawa.
Ottawa, February 27, 1867 559y

VICTORIA HOTEL—TO LET.



NO more eligible chance could be offered to any party in the Hotel-keeping line than the lease of the above FIRST-CLASS HOTEL.

Being on the eve of Confederation, and Ottawa being definitely settled upon as its capital,

The Victoria Hotel

could not fail to be made to pay.

It is built on the most modern style of architecture, of cut stone; has large plate-glass windows, and is four stories high, exclusive of the basement. It is finely situated on the corner of Wellington and O'Connor-streets, immediately opposite the Parliament Buildings, and has three vacant lots attached, so that the Buildings could be enlarged to any required capacity.

Applications, (postpaid) to be addressed to

FRANCIS CLEMOW, ESQ.,
Or JOHN HENRY, Esq.,
Richmond Road, Ottawa, C. W
Ottawa, March 11. 370tf

COUNTRY RESIDENCE FOR SALE.—Beautifully situated on the Macadamized Road between Ottawa City and Aylmer, about 36 minutes' drive from the city. A farm of excellent land, containing about 90 acres, with a large Stone House erected thereon.

The proprietor has no objection to sell a part of the farm, with or without the house. This would be a desirable country residence. Title unexceptionable.

Apply to

REV. J. JOHNSTON,
Hull Village.
August 1. 501-5m

FARMS FOR SALE.

100 ACRES.—The north half of Lot No. No. 11, in 4th Con. of the Township of Osgoode, with a good House and Barn, and other outbuildings, and a good Spring Well, fifty acres cleared and in a good state of cultivation. This is situated on the Prescott Road, within fifteen miles of Ottawa. Also the south half of Lot No. 6, in the 3rd Con. of Osgoode, containing 100 acres, 50 acres cleared, the rest well wooded, with good hardwood, and well watered, and situated within a quarter of a mile of the Railway Station. Titles good. For further information apply to

PATRICK HERBERT,
Rideau Hotel, Ottawa City.
Ottawa, Oct. 1, 1867. 551-3m

Insolvent Act of 1864.

Dominion of Canada, } IN THE
Province of Ontario, } *COUNTY COURT*
COUNTY of CARLETON } OF THE
TO WIT: } *County of Carleton,*

IN THE MATTER OF

James Melville Teasdie Hannum,

AN INSOLVENT.

THE Undersigned has filed a Deed of Composition and Discharge, executed by his Creditors, and on

Tuesday, Third day of March next,

He will apply to the Judge of the said Court for a confirmation thereof.

Ottawa, 27th December

The Times

VOL. II. NO 671. OTTAWA, THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 20, 1868. PRICE—3 CENTS

THE

Ottawa Daily Times,

(Published every morning, Sundays excepted.)

THE DAILY AND WEEKLY TIMES NOW enjoys THE LARGEST CIRCULATION of any paper published in the Ottawa Valley—issuing of the Daily over 2,000! and Weekly over 4,000! making a total circulation in the week of over 6,000! thus outstripping all competitors, and affording the best medium for business men to advertise in.

Advertisements are inserted in the Daily at the following rates:

Business Cards of from 3 to 6 lines, per annum—payable in advance only. $6 00
Transient Advertisements, first insertion per line, ... 8c
All subsequent insertions, per line, ... 2c
Yearly advertisers specially contracted with, and liberal allowances made.
Yearly subscription to the Daily (if paid in advance) $5 00
If not paid in advance 6 00
Yearly subscription to the weekly (if paid in advance) $1 00
If not paid in advance 1 50

ADVERTISING AGENCY—Messrs. S. M. Pettengill & Co., 54, Park Row, New York, and 10, State Street, Boston, General Advertising Agents, are hereby authorized to receive Advertisements for the OTTAWA TIMES

LEGAL.

G. J. O'DOHERTY,
LAW, CHANCERY and CONVEYANCING OFFICE, AUMONDE'S BUILDINGS, Rideau-street.
Ottawa, Dec. 6, 1867. 603-49y

R. J. WICKSTEED,
ADVOCATE, &c., 42, Little St. James Street, MONTREAL.
November 14, 1867. 589-6m

N. TETREAU,
NOTARY PUBLIC for the Province of Quebec, HULL, near the Post Office.
Dec. 6, 1867. 590tf

NICHOLAS SPARKS,
LAW, Chancery and Conveyancing Office, Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite Post Office.
Ottawa, July 19. 480y

LAPIERRE & HAYCOCK,
ATTORNIES-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers and Notaries Public, corner of Sussex and York-streets, Ottawa.
Ottawa, February 26, 1867. 368y

D. O'CONNOR,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex Street.
OFFICE: Union Buildings, Ottawa.
February 21, 1866. 55-y

R. H. HAYCOCK,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor.
OFFICE: Post Office Building, Elgin Street, Ottawa.
February 7, 1865. 43-u

A. F. BOUCHETTE,
ADVOCATE. Office: No. 17, St. Peter Street, Quebec. Mr. Bouchette will always be prepared to attend promptly to any business the Government employes, and the public generally may entrust him. Mr. B. attends regularly the circuits and for the district of Quebec.
December 28, 1865. 9-y

P. J. BUCKLEY, LL.B.,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law Solicitor-in-Chancery and Notary Public Office, over Mr. Lutz Cassels Boot and Shoe Store, Rideau Street, Ottawa, C. W.
January 17 1867. 334y

AUGUSTUS KEEFER,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c.
Office: Opposite Post Office, Elgin Street, in the premises lately occupied as the Custom House.
Ottawa, March 29. 87-tf

J. F. BOULTON,
BARRISTER-AT-LAW, Solicitor-in-Chancery, &c.
OFFICE: Aumond's Buildings, Rideau Street.
Ottawa, Jan. 12, 1865. 21-y

M. McLEOD,
BARRISTER, Etc., for Lower Canada.
OFFICES: Court House, Aylmer and Buckingham, C.E.
☞ Attends to all Law Courts in the District of Ottawa.
February 7, 1866. 43-ut

LEES & GEMMELL,
BARRISTERS, Attorneys, Solicitors, &c., Conveyancers, &c.
OFFICE: In the Court House, Ottawa, C. W.
ROBERT LEES. JOHN J. GEMMELL.
Ottawa, February 7, 1863. 43-utf

EDWARD F. DARTNELL,
BARRISTER, Solicitor, Attorney, and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Crown Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell.
OFFICE: In the Court House, L'Original.
January 27, 1866. 34-6m

MEDICAL.

DR. CHESLEY,
OFFICE over Mr. Garth's Establishment, 23 Rideau-st., Ottawa.
May 29 437tf

DR. C. LEGGO,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Office: Hunton's Block, Sparks Street.

DR. DORION,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon, and Accoucheur, Clarence Street, Ottawa.
March 1. 371y

DR. OLIVER MARTIN,
DENTIST. Office: Sparks Street, Central Ottawa.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-tf

DR. C. A. MARTIN,
DENTIST. Office: Sussex Street, over Messrs. Campbell & Co's. Grocery.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-tf

DR. JOHN LEGGO,
DENTIST, Hunton's Block, Sparks Street. ☞ Teeth extracted without pain by means of the Ethereal Spray Producer. 356y

A. R. BELL, A.M., M.D., C.M., &c.,
(RECENTLY FROM ENGLAND.)
SURGERY and Residence, George Street.
Ottawa, November 13. 280y

DR. LESLIE JONES,
Surgeon, &c., of Dublin and Edinburgh.
SURGERY and Consulting Office, Rideau-st., next door to the St. Lawrence Hall. Residence—Daly Street. 581y

DR. GEORGE HUTCHISON,
DENTIST: Office, Sparks-street, opposite Magee & Russell's.
Ottawa, October 26, 1867. 576y

DR. W. J. HENRY,
CORNER of Kent and Wellington Streets, Ottawa.
November 6. 450tf

DR. O. C. WOOD,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur Ottawa. Day office opposite Magee & Russell's, Sparks Street, Center Town; Night Office at his Residence, Maria Street, Center Town.
CANCER CURED, with out the use of the knife, by a new, but certain, speedy, and almost painless process. References given to parties successfully treated, if required. The cure guaranteed.
Ottawa, April 14 17w-100-y

HOLGATE, OLIVER & ANNABLE,
WHOLESALE Manufacturers of Bedsteads, Chairs, &c., Chaudiere Island, Ottawa, C.W.
WILLIAM HOLGATE,
JOHN OLIVER,
WILLIAM ANNABLE.
Ottawa, 508y

BUSINESS CARDS.

B. BILLINGS, JR.,
ARCHITECT, Elgin-street, opposite the Post Office.
REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq, Managing Director O & P R W 612-6m

R. SPARKS,
PROVINCIAL LAND SURVEYOR, Draughtsman, &c., (commissioned for Upper and Lower Canada.) Office and residence, Gloucester, near Ottawa. Surveys of every description executed with accuracy. Communications addressed Ottawa City, (post-paid), or left at the office of N. Sparks, Solicitor, &c., Ottawa, will receive prompt attention.
Ottawa, February 21, 1866. 55-

N. McKINNON,
COMMISSION and Exchange Broker, and Insurance Agent, Sparks-street, opposite Magee & Russell's, Ottawa, C. W.
Ottawa, March 25. 391y

O'CONNOR & WALLER,
EXCHANGE Brokers, Fire, Life and Accidental Insurance, Commission and Collecting Agents. Office, No. 27, Sussex-street, Ottawa.
E. E. O'CONNOR. W. R. WALLER.
March 9. 378y

J. P. MACPHERSON,
BARRISTER, &c., Ottawa. Office: Lang's Buildings, opposite Post Office
Ottawa, March 10, 1866. 70-y

H. McLEAN'S
AUCTION Rooms, No. 194 Sparks Street, Centre Town, Ottawa, opposite Hope's Stationery Store.
The sale of Real Estate at Auction or Private Sale promptly attended to. Consignments received for positive sale. Parties wishing to purchase Real Estate will receive all information FREE OF CHARGE by calling at the office.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y

R. H. McGREEVY,
CONTRACTOR and Builder. Office: North side York street, second door from Sussex Street.
Ottawa, March 20, 1866. 78-y

S. CHRISTIE,
COMMISSION Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Reid's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.
OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

PARLIAMENTARY AGENCY.

C. J. BOUCHETTE,
PLE SURVEYOR and Draughtsman. Mining, Land, and General Parliamentary Agent. References unexceptionable. OFFICE: Wellington Street, next to British Hotel, and nearly opposite the banks, Ottawa.
P. S.—Special attention given with despatch to Public Land business, adjusting disputed claims, and securing Patents.
Ottawa, May 22. 132-y

JOHN MERCER,
Teacher Piano-Forte, Violin, &c.
THOROUGH BASS.
AYLMER, C. E.
VISITS OTTAWA TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS.
Orders left at Union House will be punctually attended to.
Ottawa, July 28. 187tf

HOTELS AND SALOONS.

HOLT'S HOTEL,
AYLMER, C. E., Livery and General Stage Office. Alfred Moses Holt, Jr., Prop'tr.
December 21, 1865. 1-y

JAS. JOHNSTON'S
UNION HOUSE, North Gower. Good Stabling and an attentive Hostler.
January 11, 1866. 2o-y

DUIGNAN'S
PRIVATE HOTEL, Sparks Street, Ottawa, C. W. A few gentlemen can obtain superior apartments.
Ottawa, Dec. 20, 1865. 3-y

THE RUSSELL HOUSE,
LATE CAMPBELL'S HOTEL, Ottawa, C. W. The undersigned, proprietor of the above-named Hotel, begs leave to acquaint his numerous friends and the travelling public, that he has re-painted and newly-furnished throughout this commodious establishment, in the management of which by strict attention to business and guests, he hopes to deserve encouragement and support.
JAMES E. GOUIN,
Lately, and for many years connected with Russell's Hotel, Place d'Armes, Quebec

THE ALBION HOTEL
NICHOLAS Street, Court-House Avenue, Ottawa, John Graham, Proprietor.
This House is conveniently situated, and still maintains its character as a FIRST-CLASS HOTEL. Considerable additions have recently been made to the premises, and it has been entirely repainted and renovated. No pains will be spared to accommodate and please.
OMNIBUSES to and from the cars and boats free of charge. There is a FIRST-CLASS LIVERY STABLE attached to the Hotel.
Ottawa 1866 1-

JOHN MALTMAN
LATE McADAM'S, Commercial Hotel, Packenham.
The above Hotel, one of the oldest and best known in Packenham, has been leased by the undersigned and thoroughly overhauled and refitted for the special accommodation of guests. THE TABLE AND BAR will at all times be furnished with the very best the market affords.
GOOD STABLING and a careful Hostler always in attendance
JOHN MALTMAN.

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,
KAVANAGH, Proprietor, Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington Streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government buildings.
The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.
☞ Oysters, Game etc., daily

THE METROPOLITAN
Aumond's Block,
Rideau Street, Ottawa.
P. O'HEARA, PROPRIETOR.
Ottawa, November 27. 292tf

THE REVERE HOUSE,
OTTAWA.
G. A. BUCKE, W. H. SANGER, ... PROPRIETORS.
THIS FIRST-CLASS HOTEL has been re-furnished and refitted throughout, and now combines all the requisites of a first-class establishment.
Ottawa, Nov. 6, 1867 581tf

DOMINION HOUSE!
WELLINGTON-STREET,
COLIN McLaurin & Geo. Irvine, Proprietors. This hotel has been lately fitted up, and is now replete with every convenience which characterizes a modern hotel.
☞ Boarders taken at moderate rates. The bar is always stocked with first-class liquors.
Ottawa, Feb 5. 658-8wy

MISS LOVETT'S
PRIVATE HOTEL
HOLLIS STREET, HALIFAX, N. S.
STRANGERS will find this long established and well known house to be the most comfortable and well conducted in the city.
December 24, 1867. 622-6m

TO PARTIES ABOUT TO BUILD—
PLANS,
SPECIFICATIONS,
ESTIMATES, &
Prepared by
AUGUSTUS LAVER,
ARCHITECT
End Daly st. Ottawa.
April 1.

DRUGGISTS.

Spectacles for all Sights.
OPTICAL Instruments
Electro-Magnetic and Galvanic Apparatus, Photographic Chemicals, &c.
W. HEARN,
Market Drug Store,
637y York-street.

Apothecaries Hall!
No. 41, SUSSEX STREET,
G. MORTIMER, - - - PROPRIETOR
NONE OTHER GENUINE!
TRADE MARK IS REGISTERED
Canadian Cough Emulsion.
THIS Valuable Medicine has the extraordinary property of immediately relieving Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Difficulty of Breathing, Tightness in the Chest, &c., &c. It operates by dissolving the congealed phlegm, causing free expectoration, and an agreeable moistness of the skin. Prepared only by
GEORGE MORTIMER,
Chemist and Druggist, 41, Sussex Street, Ottawa City. Sold in bottles at 1s 3d and 2s 6d each.

MORTIMER'S
COMPOUND ANTIBILIOUS
AND FAMILY APERIENT PILLS.
A grand Specific for derangement of the digestive organs, and for obstructions and torpid action of the Liver and Bowels.

MORTIMER'S Vegetable WORM DESTROYER.
The only sure remedy that exists. Combining delicious taste with amazing power. Also
CAMPHORATED EYE-WATER,
Sure Cure for Sore, Weak and Inflamed Eyes.

MORTIMER'S
Colognes, Pomades, Toilet Vinegar, Rose Dentrifice, for the Teeth and Gums. Also constantly on hand, Perfumes of all kinds, and Toilet requisites usually kept in a first-class establishment.

FOUND,
A NEVER Falling Remedy for Coughs and Colds, Mortimer's Canadian Cough Emulsion. No family should be without a bottle. None genuine but from
G. MORTIMER,
Chemist, 41, Sussex-st.
The best of Certificates can be produced.
Ottawa, Nov. 22, 1867. 596-6m

OTTAWA
DRUG WAREHOUSE,
RIDEAU STREET
1866 SEEDS, SEEDS, 1866.
A LARGE STOCK OF FRESH GARDEN and FIELD SEEDS, just arrived and on Sale. All Seeds warranted Fresh.
A large importation of English and French PERFUMES will arrive next week.
FLORIDA WATER. SOZODONT.
HAIR BRUSHES. COMBS.
NAIL BRUSHES. CLOTHES BRUSHES,
&c., &c., &c
Just being opened up.
JOSEPH GARVEY, M.D.
P. S.—Advice to the poor gratis.
Ottawa, April 11. 97-y

DOMESTIC DYES.
THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT OF DYES in this city on sale at the
Ottawa Drug Warehouse.
A fresh Lot of Good, Cheap PERFUMES just received.
N. B.—Prescriptions carefully and promptly prepared. J. GARVEY, M. D.
Ottawa, Feb. 12 1866 47-utf

PARLIAMENT
HAIRDRESSING SALOON!
E. MILES,
Hairdresser by Appointment to His Excellency the Governor-General,
HAS REMOVED HIS PARLIAMENT HAIR DRESSING SALOON from the old stand to his new and commodious room over the LONDON MUSIC STORE, on Elgin-st., opposite the Russell House, which he has fitted up in the most recherche style of the business, and where his Rotary Hair Brush, which he imported expressly for himself, being the first introduced into British America, will be kept ready for use. The saloon is delightfully ventilated, and very pleasantly situated.
Mr. MILES would take this opportunity of returning his most sincere thanks to his many friends and the public, for their kind and generous patronage to him, during a number of years, in his old establishment, and trusts that by unremitting attention to business, and in his new and first-class saloon, with polite and attentive workmen, to merit a continuance of their favors.
All kinds of Hair Watch Guards, Finger Rings, &c., manufactured to order. For the convenience of ladies orders will be received at the London Music store, where a fine and varied assortment of Hair-work will be found.
E. MILES,
Hair Dresser, by appointment, to his Excellency the Governor-General.
Ottawa, October 3 1867 553-39y

BAZAAR.
IT is intended to hold a Bazaar on the
SEVENTEENTH of MARCH NEXT,
1868, and following days, in aid of the DEBT on
The Parsonage of Christ Church.
Contributions will be most thankfully received from the members of the Church, and other friends in Ottawa, by the following Ladies, who have kindly consented to act as a Committee of Management
MRS CLEMOW,
" W. E. POWELL,
" COFFIN,
" ADAMSON,
" T. M. BLASDELL,
" LAUDER,
" DO ALDSON,
" JOHN THOMPSON,
" N. SPARKS,
" MAGEE,
" STREET.
ANNIE POWELL, Secretary.
Ottawa, Dec. 23, 1867. 622tf

Satchell Brothers,
Butchers to His Excellency Lord Monck.
No. 7, LOWER TOWN MARKET.
Superior Stall Fed
BEEF, MUTTON, LAMB AND VEAL,
SATCHELL'S
Celebrated Spiced Rounds & Rolled Beef,
Cured in the English Style.
Also, Sugar Cured Hams and Bacon of their own curing, constantly on hand.
Ottawa, December 21. 621-3m

GREAT CLEARING SALE

—OF—

Dry Goods and Ready-made Clothing,

—AT—

J. T. Prudhomme's Stores,

SUSSEX-STREET, FACING CLARENCE-STREET,

And at the Sign of the "Golden Lamb."

AS the Subscriber intends closing one of his Stores on the first day of December he is determined to sell off at an immense reduction his stock of

DRY GOODS & READY-MADE CLOTHING

—CONSISTING OF—

Beaver Cloths, Pilot do, Whitney do, Melton do, Sattinet do
West of England Broad Cloths, Black Cassimeres, Silk Mix Coatings, " " Trowserings, Fancy Doeskins,
Col. and White Blankets, Horse Rugs, Flannels, Kerseys, Winceys,

English, Scotch and anadian Tweeds.

DRAWERS, SHIRTS, WOOL CRAVATS, SCARFS, NECK TIES, COLLARS,
SHAWLS, CLOAKINGS, DRESS GOODS, NECK TIES, PRINTS, COBOURGS,
BUCK MITTS, BUCK MOCASSINS, WOOL SOCKS, MITTS, TRUNKS, VALISES

—ALSO, A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF—

Boots and Shoes, Teas, Soap, Candles and Wines

The whole to be disposed of before the 1st day of December. Call early and examine before purchasing elsewhere.
Ottawa, November 19, 1837. 593-3m

RELIANCE
MUTUAL LIFE ASSURANCE CO'Y.
ESTABLISHED 1840.
CHIEF OFFICE—71, King William-street, Mansion House, LONDON.

ACCUMULATED PREMIUMS OVER, - - - - $1,000,000.
ANNUAL INCOME OVER, - - - - $300,000.

TRUSTEES.
The Right Rev the Bishop of Moray and Ross.
Viscount Kirkcaldie, John Ledger, Esq
J R S Phillipps, Esq, James Traill, Esq
Sir John T Tyrell, Bart, W M Tufnell, Esq

DIRECTORS.
George Ashlin, Esq, W W Duffield, Esq, J W Egertongreen, Esq, George T Harris, Esq, John James, Esq
John W Lay, Esq, John Ledger, Esq, J Ordyparker, Esq, William Phelps, Esq, John Pike, Esq, Edward White, Esq
Henry T Prinsep, Esq, Major Skinner, R A, Charles H Smith, Esq, James Traill, Esq, W M Tufnell, Esq

MEDICAL OFFICERS.
J W Ogle, Esq, M.D | H F Smith, Esq, M D

BANKS.
Messrs William Jeacon Co, Birchin Lane, Messrs Sparrow, Tufnell & Co, Chelmsford.
The London and County Bank.

SOLICITORS.
Messrs Hooke & Street, 27 Lincoln's Inn Fields. Messrs Gepp & Veley, Chelmsford.
EDWARD BUTLER, *Secretary.*

Canada Branch—Montreal.
BOARD OF DIRECTORS.
Walter Shanly, Esq, M P, Chairman.
Duncan Macdonald, Esq. George Winks, Esq. W H Hingston, Esq, M D, LRCS.
SOLICITORS—Messrs Rose & Ritchie. MEDICAL ADVISER—W H Hingston, Esq, M D.
The entire profits of this old and long established society belong to the policy holders, who are protected from all *liability* by the deed of settlement.
Annuities and endowments granted on advantageous terms.
Advances made on approved security in connection with Life Policies.
Every information to be had on application to any of the Society's Agents in Canada, or to
T W GRIFFITH, *Manager and Secretary.*
Head Office for the Dominion of Canada—Corner St Francois Xavier-street, Montreal.
☞ Agents wanted in unrepresented districts throughout Canada.
589-6m **NEIL McKINNON,** *Agent for Ottawa.*

Etna Fire and Marine Insurance Co.

The Number of Shareholders exceed Five Hundred.

Capital, ... $2,500,000.
Annual Income Nearly ..... $1,000,000.

HEAD OFFICE—Upper Sackville-street, Dublin, Ireland; CHIEF OFFICE, ENGLAND—17 and 18 Corn Hill, London; CHIEF OFFICE, SCOTLAND—98 George-st., Edinburgh

DIRECTORS.
John Obins Woodhouse, Esq, 82 Pembroke Road, Dublin; Omeath Park, Co Louth; Portadown, Co Armagh; Kerry Keel, Co Armagh and Down—Chairman.
Robert Craven Wade, Esq, Conebraney, Crosskeale, Co Meath, and Sackville Street Club, Dublin, J P for Counties Meath and Wicklow—Director Scottish American Life Office.
Charles Going Malone, Esq, Merchant, Stephen-street and George-street, Dublin; Churchtown Lodge, Dundrum, Co Dublin—Director Commercial Gas Company.
John William Gregg, Esq, Alderman, Merchant, 18 Upper Sackville-street, Dublin—Vice Chairman.
Irwine Smith Whitty, Esq, 6 Wellington Road, Dublin—Director Government Prisons.
Bernard Coyne, Esq, 27 Waterloo Road, Dublin, J P, Co Mayo.
Geoffry Martin, Esq, 2 Clarinda Park, East Kingstown, Dublin, and Curraghmore, Ballinrobe, Co Mayo, J P for Co Mayo.
Robert Crawford Harly, Esq, Bridge House and Glenduff, Valencia; J P for Co Kerry.
David Richardson Goodlatte, Esq Merchant.

FEATURES
A division of profits every three years to holders of policies who have no losses.
MODERATE PREMIUMS.
The company do not advocate high premiums, but rates will be charged according as the nature of the risk. Losses will be promptly and fully met on adjustment. Losses by lightning and loss or damage by explosion of gas within the premises insured made good.
JOHN INNIS, ESQ, Manager.
N B—The above company have invested in Canadian Government Bonds, in conformity with the Provincial Act, and have obtained the license of the Minister of Finance to do business in Canada, and are now prepared to take risks.
T. W. GRIFFITH, Manager for Canada.
Head Office for the Dominion—Corner of St Francois Xavier and St Sacrament-streets, Montreal.
Agents wanted in unrepresented districts throughout Canada.
589-6m **NEIL McKINNON, Agent for Ottawa.**

STOVES. STOVES. STOVES.
STOVES. STOVES. STOVES.
STOVES. STOVES. STOVES.

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT! 35, SUSSEX St. H. MEADOWS & CO.

WE have received our fall and Winter Stock of STOVES, STOVE PIPES, ELBOWS, DUMB STOVES, TINWARE and LUMBERMEN'S SUPPLIES, which we offer Wholesale or Retail at low prices. In Cooking, Parlor, Box and Hall Stoves, for wood or coal, we have the largest and most varied assortment ever shown in Ottawa.

COOKING STOVES. COOKING STOVES. COOKING STOVES.
COOKING STOVES. COOKING STOVES. COOKING STOVES
COOKING STOVES. COOKING STOVES. COOKING STOVES.
☞ Our stock of the above comprises the latest improvements in both ELEVATED and LOW OVEN STOVES.
BOX AND HALL STOVES. BOX AND HALL STOVES.
BOX AND HALL STOVES. BOX AND HALL STOVES.
BOX AND HALL STOVES. BOX AND HALL STOVES.
☞ Suitable for private Dwellings and Churches, Warehouses and Stoves.
PARLOR STOVES. PARLOR STOVES. PARLOR STOVES.
PARLOR STOVES. PARLOR STOVES. PARLOR STOVES.
PARLOR STOVES. PARLOR STOVES. PARLOR STOVES.
☞ New and most beautiful designs, very cheap.

COAL STOVES. PARLOR GRATES.
Hot Air Furnaces.

We still continue to manufacture every description of TIN, SHEET IRON, and COPPER WARE, RUSSIA IRON PIPE, and DUMB STOVES. ☞ Also all kinds of out-door Job Work in our line attended to by competent and experienced Mechanics. Country Merchants supplied with Stovepipes, &c., at reduced rates.

Lumbermen's Supplies! Lumbermen's Supplies! Smanty Plates! Basins! Camp Kettles, &c.
HOUSEFURNISHING GOODS!

Bird Cages! Bird Cages! Bird Cages!

Price Lists sent free on application.
☞ Any part of a Stove sold by us can be replaced when broken or burnt out, a fact intending buyers would do well to note.
An inspection of the above goods invited at the
"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,
35, SUSSEX STREET.
H. MEADOWS & CO.
Ottawa, October 2, 1867. 62-y

INSURANCE.

INTERCOLONIAL
ASSURANCE CO'Y.
OF CANADA.
Capital - - - $500,000.
With power to increase the same.
SHARES, - - $100 EACH.
PROVISIONAL DIRECTORS:
H. O. Burritt, Esq., President; R. Lyon, Esq., Mayor of Ottawa, Vice-President; T. D. Harington, Dy. Receiver General; the Hon. J. Skead, J. M. Currier, M. P., D. McLaughlin, M.P., W. Wade, Esq., F. Jones, M.P., W. Ellis, Esq., W. H. Brouse, M.D., Joseph Aumond, Esq., M. K. Church, M.D., and J. M. Bates.

THIS is purely a Canadian institution, and as such is deserving of the support of the Canadian public.
An Act for the Incorporation of this Company is now before the Parliament of the Dominion.
Over $100,000 of stock is already subscribed and it is the intention to deposit with the Government as a guarantee of our good faith, at least $50,000 as soon as an Act of Incorporation is procured (which will be a provision of our Incorporation.) It is unnecessary here to dilate upon the profits of money invested in Insurance Stock. Suffice it to say, that, at least in one instance ,335 per cent advance has been obtained on insurance stock, and that after the payment of princely dividends. In the meantime Subscriptions to Stock, in Ottawa may be made at the Ontario and Royal Canadian Banks, and a deposit of 10 per cent is requisite which will be deposited IN TRUST to be returned in case any subscriber is not satisfied with his investment up to one month after the Vice-Regal sanction to the Charter is obtained.
J. M. BATES,
Pro. Manager and Secretary.
Ottawa, Nov. 21, 1867. 595tf

CITY OF GLASGOW
Life Assurance Company
ESTABLISHED 1838.
CAPITAL, £600,000 Stg.
ANNUAL REVENUE OVER £120,000 STG.
THIS COMPANY OFFERS TO THE public the combined advantage of perfect security, moderate premiums and liberal participation in profits. No extra charge for Volunteers in defence of the country.
RINTOUL BROS., Montreal, General Agents for Canada.
NEIL McKINNON, Agent,
Sparks-street, Ottawa.
Ottawa March 25. 391y

Ætna Life Insurance Company,
ESTABLISHED, A. D. 1820.
Capital and Assets, 1st Jan., 1867, $4,401,833.86
THIS MOST SUCCESSFUL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY divides the *whole* of the Profits, every year, among the insured, reducing the cost to about one-half the figures usually charged.
For instance, the annual payment, at the age of 30, in most Companies, to insure $2400 is, with profits, about $50, and without profits $43.00
In the Ætna, $2000, to a person 30 years of age, costs the first year 25.31
And each subsequent year 26.74
Which payment is subject to further reduction as the business of the Company increases.
☞ Endowment policies on equally favorable terms.
The fact that the Ætna has, during the past 12 months, insured over 14,000 persons, from among the best business men of the Continent, is the best possible testimonial to the soundness of the Company, and the excellence of its method of doing business.
J. GARVEY, ESQ., M. D.,
Medical Referee.
S. PEDLAR & CO., Montreal.
Ottawa, March 13. 381y

BRITISH AMERICA
Assurance Company!
FIRE AND MARINE.
ESTABLISHED 1830.
R. S. Cassels, Esq. ..... Consulting Director.
THE ABOVE FIRST-CLASS COMPANY is prepared to insure all descriptions of property against loss or damage by fire.
HERRICK, BRUSH & CO.,
AGENTS,
Aumond's Buildings.
Ottawa, January 4, 1867. 323y

Land for Sale.
$50 ACRES OF LAND, situated within two to eight miles of the city. Apply to JOHN W. MCGUIRE, Lot 23, 2nd Concession, Ottawa Front, Gloucester. 546-6m

To Sell or Let---Rare Opening.
TERMS MODERATE.
FINE STONE DWELLING HOUSES, Photographic Chambers, and other Cut Stone Premises, well arranged and eligibly situated for commercial business.
Apply to JOHN MACAULEY, Chaudiere, Ottawa; or E. McGILLIVRAY, J. B. TACKABERRY, or H. McLEAN, Auctioneer, Ottawa.
January 8, 1867. 585-6m

Furniture! Furniture! Furniture!
AT THE
VARIETY HALL,
34, Sussex-st.
A MOST Complete Stock of Black Walnut and other Furniture, in Cane and Hair Seated Chairs, Tete-a-Tetes, Sofas, Extension Dining Tables, Centre Tables, Sideboards, Chiffoniers, Wardrobes, Bureaus, Bedsteads, Washstands and Toilet Tables. Also, Hair, Excelsior and Sea Grass Mattrasses, of all sizes, Gilt Mirrors, Toilet and other Looking Glasses, Table Cutlery of all kinds, Brushes, Brooms, and Wooden Ware of various descriptions, Table and Floor Mats, Soiled Linen Baskets, a beautiful article, Rocking Horses, Children's Sleighs, and the best assorted stock of Crockery, China and Glassware in the Dominion. This stock being all purchased to the best advantage will consequently be sold cheap.
Crockery, China, Glassware, Stoves and Furniture rented to private or public parties at a reasonable rate.
JOSEPH BOYDEN,
429y General Agent.

THE CAPITAL
Boot and Shoe Store!
South Side of York-street, Lower Ottawa.
A LARGE SUPPLY of HAND-MADE KIPP BOOTS and SHOES of the VERY BEST QUALITY on hand.
Lumbermen who are anxious to furnish workmen with GOOD FEET WARE, will be enabled to do so by calling at the CAPITAL for their supplies.
I am selling off the balance of the Winter Stock of READYMADE WORK at REDUCED PRICES, which consists of Ladies' Misses' and Children's BALMORALS, CONGRESS GAITERS, RUBBERS and OVERSHOES, and Men's and Boys' Boots in CALF SKIN, KIPP and COW HIDE.
☞ Orders and Measures taken for all sorts of Work.
GEORGE MURPHY.
Ottawa Jan. 31, 1868. 429-y

APPLICATION will be made during the present session of the Parliament of Canada for an Act to incorporate the "British and Canadian Bank."
February 14, 1868. 666-2m

K. ARNOLDI,
WINE & SPIRIT MERCHANT,
METCALFE-STREET,
Telegraph Company's Building, Ottawa,
RECOMMENDS and Guarantees with confidence the following Wines:—
PORTS—Graham's, Sandeman's, Forrester's, Masden's, &c.:

		Per Gall.	Per Doz
No. 1	Good sound Wine	$2 00	$6 00
" 2	"	3 00	8 75
" 3	Old	3 50	10 00
" 4	Superior old	4 50	12 50
" 5	Very fine old	5 75	15 50

SHERRY WINE—Domecq's, Capdepons, Pemartin's, Cramp Suter's, &c.:

No. 1	Light table Wine	$2 00	6 00
" 2	Superior do	3 00	8-75
" 3	Very choice	3 50	10 00
" 4	Very Superior	4 50	12 50
" 5	Very fine	5 50	15 00

Marsala Wine,
$1.30 per Gallon, $1.50 per Dozen.
Especial attention called to the above Wine. Far superior to all common sherries, its chief recommendation is that it agrees perfectly well with persons who cannot take those wines, even of a high class. It is soft and old, free from heat, or the slightest approach to acidity, while its very moderate price recommends it for all large entertainments, as well as for the luncheon, dinner and supper table. It has met with the highest approval from the medical gentlemen of this city.
Also, in wood or bottle, old and new Brandies, Rums, Gins, Old Tom Gins, Irish, Scotch, and Canadian Whiskeys of Standard Brands.
Clarets, Champagnes, Hocks, Carcacas, Maraschino, Chartreuse, Royal Italian Bitters, &c., in great variety.
Hibberts' and Guiness' Porter, Bass' and Allsopp's Ales, quarts and pints. Canadian Ale of Superior Quality, in Wood and Bottle.
Goods most confidently recommended, and may be as implicitly relied upon for perfect purity as if purchased in the largest wholesale establishment in the country.
Orders by mail with cash or city reference solicited and promptly attended to. No charge for delivery in the city. A discount to persons buying in quantity or by the original package. Inspection invited.
Price Lists, and every information, on application, or sent to any address.
WINE VAULTS AND OFFICE,
No. 11, Metcalfe-street,
Telegraph Co.'s Building, Ottawa.
January 27, 1868. 535y

FOR SALE
BY THE SUBSCRIBERS,
New Egyptian Dates,
Oranges, Lemons,
Grapes, Turkey Figs,
West End Raisins,
Dundee Marmalade,
Jams and Jellies,
Tomatoes in tins,
Peaches, "
Sweet Corn "
Lima Beans.
OYSTERS & HADDIES!
RECEIVED WEEKLY.
DALGLISH & RUSSELL,
Upper Town.
Ottawa, Jan. 28, 1868. 651y

SMITH & RODNEY
MERCHANT TAILORS and General Outfitters, Elgin-street, opposite the Russell House, and second door from the London Music Store, having just received a choice stock of
English, French and Canadian
CLOTHS and TWEEDS,
And a general assortment of gentlemen's furnishing goods, would intimate to their friends and the public generally that they are prepared to execute all orders in their line at the shortest notice, in the most approved styles and at prices that we defy competition.
Ottawa Oct. 1, 1867. 551tf

ROANOKE
Tobacco Company,
DANVILLE, VIRGINIA.
THIS Company having established at Montreal their General Agency for the Dominion of Canada, is now prepared to offer to the public an article in
SMOKING TOBACCO!
Superior to anything of the kind ever imported into the country, and pledge their long established character that the article now offered is the pure leaf from the
Virgin Hill Tops of Virginia.
The different brands and prices are as follows viz:
The "Prince of Wales," in 1 & 2 lb bls $1.00 per lb
" "Dominion Favorite" " ½ " " 0 75 "
" "Navy," " ¼ " " 0.65 "
The prices are NET CASH in Montreal, and orders [accompanied by remittance] for 5 lbs and upwards will receive prompt attention. The tobacco will be forwarded to any address, by express or otherwise, as parties may direct.
Please address
F. W. HENSHAW,
Gen. agent Dominion of Canada,
10 St. Sacrament-st.,
Montreal.
Montreal, Dec. 4, 1867. 667-1m

SNOW'S
Celebrated Fever Remedy.
A Sure and Certain Cure for Fever—Continued, Remittent, Intermittent, Typhoid, and Fever arising from Ordinary Colds.
THIS REMEDY has been used in Tropical climates for many years with the greatest success. It shortens the attack, reduces the fever gradually, and at the same time enables the system to throw off the poisonous effect of the on the blood and secretions generally.
PRICE—50 cents and $1 per Bottle. Sold Wholesale and Retail by
H. F. MACCARTHY,
Chemist, Ottawa City
Sole Agent for Dominion of Canada.
December 2, 1867. 579-3m

HOWE'S
Boot and Shoe Store.
REMOVAL.
AS the Lease of our Premises in Sussex-street terminates this month, we intend to confine our business to one locality, and shall remove the whole of our Stock on the 1st of May next, to our Store in
No. 10, Rideau-st.
Our stock of BOOTS and SHOES, LEATHER, SHOE FINDINGS, TRUNKS, &c., &c., will consequently be very large and most complete in every department, and we most respectfully solicit a continuance of favors, to merit which our constant endeavors will be as usual to provide the best articles and sell at the lowest remunerating prices.
G. HOWE & SON.
☞ Remember the place—No. 10, Rideau-st. next to Howell's grocery.
April 27. 420y

FOUND.
NEAR the Market, Lower Town, an INDIA RUBBER CARRIAGE COVER.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

On no occasion will the names of old Advertisements be inserted here.

Bookbinder Wanted—Jas. Hope & Co.
Law Card—Mosgrove & Taillon.

The Ottawa Times

City and County Official Paper.

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 20, 1868.

THE following Ministers were in town yesterday, and held an informal meeting in Council: Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD, Hon. Messrs. ROSE, TILLEY, HOWLAND, MACDOUGALL, CAMPBELL, MITCHELL, and KENNY. Hon. Messrs. CARTIER, LANGEVIN, and CHAPAIS are expected to-day.

We are right glad to notice that the Hon. Mr. HOWLAND has again almost completely recovered his usual health. He will remain at the capital for a short time, and pay a brief visit to Toronto before the opening of the Session.

There will probably be a series of full Privy Council meetings held during this and next week, with a view of maturing measures for the approaching reassembling of Parliament, and the determination of several important matters not yet settled.

THE Hon. JOSEPH HOWE sailed on the 14th for England, and it is reported that the other delegates, of whom Mr. ANNAND is to be one, will sail by the succeeding steamer. When the "repeal" address has been adopted by the Assembly, and it probably has been by this time, the Legislature will be adjourned until the month of May, to await the report of the delegates, or the answer of the Imperial Government. In the meantime, notwithstanding the strong opinions entertained by the Local Cabinet as to the "unconstitutionality" of the British North America Act, and hence, for they cannot blink the consequence, the unconstitutionality of their holding office under it, there is no doubt, but that Ministers will continue in office, draw their pay, and otherwise deport themselves as constitutional advisers of a constitutionally appointed Lieut.-Governor. This will be so far satisfactory, pending Mr. HOWE's efforts at the Colonial Office.

AFTER a lengthy discussion in the Ontario Legislature on Monday, the new Assessment Act was withdrawn, on the understanding that the Government would bring in a measure on the subject next session. From the fact that the Assessors in many municipalities have already commenced their labors under the existing law, and that consequently the new Bill could not take effect until 1869, there can be no actual loss to the country from the delay of the measure, but it is to be regretted that the abolition of the obnoxious sliding scale, and the $600 exemption, had not been taken up by the Assembly, and passed in time to have permitted them to come into operation this year. This certainly might, and we think ought to have been done.

With respect to the levying of a tax on the interest accruing on Mortgages, it was argued that this tax would really be paid by the borrower, and would consequently be oppressive on the poor man rather than just towards the rich. There can be little doubt that practically this would be the effect of the impost, and it will be for the Government and the Legislature to consider whether after all the suggested amendment in this particular would be really beneficial to the country. We shall not be at all surprised to find the weight of argument in the negative.

THE indemnity to members, proposed by the Hon. J. S. MACDONALD's Ministry, does not, we are told, meet with the approbation of some of the representatives of the people. They think that the sum of five dollars a day is not sufficient to remunerate them for the sacrifices they make on behalf of the public interests, and above all, they are indignant that there is no provision made for a sessional allowance, after the fashion of the old Canadian and the new Canadian Legislatures—$600 for thirty-one days. Now, we believe, public opinion and sound policy are equally united in condemnation of the lump sum system after a certain number of days. It has but a solitary merit—that of determining the maximum which members of the Legislature can draw from the public purse; but that merit is spoiled altogether by the limitation of time, which ensures the minimum of attention to the duties of legislation. As we have already said we should prefer to see eight or even ten dollars a day fixed for a certain number of days—after which nothing, rather than that members, by attending thirty days, should be able to make twenty dollars per day, and then be compelled to lose money every day thereafter, during which the Session may last.

The Ontario Cabinet has, therefore, we think, set a good example in doing away with the lump sum for the Session; and we think the provision might be improved by enacting that hereafter members should only be paid for sixty days in each year. There is no reason why a Session of two months ought not to be sufficient to do all the legislative business of the Province, and by setting this limit to the time for which members would be paid, the solitary argument in favor of what is called "the sessional allowance" would be completely destroyed. The only reason—and a flimsy reason it was—why the "sessional allowance" was ever adopted in Canada, was that members were tempted to unduly prolong the session because of the daily indemnity. Now the only rational mode of meeting this abuse was to have enacted that members could only draw their indemnity for a certain number of days each year, or at all events, each Session. This we think the Ontario Legislature ought to do, and we are sure its example would have a salutary effect, not only on the other Provincial Legislatures, but also upon the Parliament of the Dominion. There cannot be a single reason why the indemnity for thirty days should be $180, and the indemnity for thirty-one days $600. So with respect to the Local Legislature; as $5 per day is quite sufficient to *indemnify* any gentleman for a single day's stay in Toronto, there is no reason why a larger sum should be fixed for a sessional allowance. The proper answer for the Government to make to those who insist on a lump sum for the Session as a means to prevent members from endeavoring to prolong it beyond reasonable limits, is that the sessional indemnity shall only be allowed for a definite number of days, whether these be sixty or any larger number.

BY the arrival of the English mails at Halifax on the 15th the announcement was first made in Canada of the death of Sir EDMUND HEAD in London on the 28th ultimo. He was still comparatively a young man, having been born in the year 1805. During his long incumbency of the office of Governor-General of Canada it was Sir EDMUND's misfortune to have to administer affairs in the midst of extreme party and political excitement, and he did not therefore escape the censures of a certain section of the press for some of his official acts. Nevertheless he discharged his duties to the satisfaction of the Home Government, as evidenced by the renewal of his term of office, as well as to the general satisfaction of the people here, for the mass of them never had very much sympathy with the grievances, real or assumed, of political agitators. The *Leader* gives the following brief notice of his career:

"Sir Edmund was son of the Rev. Sir John Head, Bart. He was educated at Winchester and Oriel Colleges, Oxford, graduating at the age of 22 as a first class in classics, and being subsequently elected a Fellow of Merton College. His experience of public affairs before coming to Canada was chiefly in connection with the Poor-Law Board. Assistant Poor Law Commissioner in 1833, he was subsequently made Commissioner. He resigned this office in 1847, to take the Lieutenant-Governorship of New Brunswick, which he held till 1854, when he was elevated to the post of Governor-General of British North America. He remained in this office until 1861, when he returned to England. From that time to his death he was Chairman of the Hudson's Bay Company."

THE Bishop, Archdeacon, and others, in the Diocese of Ontario, propose to erect in the town of Cornwall, a monumental church of stone, to perpetuate the memory of the late venerable Bishop Strachan. The Lord Bishop of Ontario, who enters most warmly into the project, has selected Cornwall as the most suitable site for such a memorial, because it was there that the late Bishop commenced his ministerial labors in the year 1803: and it was there that he established his fame as an instructor of youth. Under his headmastership the Cornwall Grammar School acquired a provincial reputation, and from it went forth those who afterwards became the foremost men of their time in Western Canada. It is therefore felt that no more fitting place in Canada could be selected for a memorial to the late lamented prelate, and that no more suitable monument than a substantial and enduring church could be erected to the memory of one, who as priest and bishop, for 63 years, served God in the ministry of His Holy Church. The friends of the late Bishop throughout the whole Provinces of Ontario and Quebec will, therefore, shortly be appealed to, on behalf of the Bishop Strachan Memorial Church.

FIRE.

At seven o'clock last evening a fire broke out in the grocery and crockery store of Mr. John Lyon, Sussex-st. The fire first appeared in the cellar, and afterwards reached up through the store and the upper stories. The cellar and store were occupied by Mr. Lyon, and the upper part of the building was occupied by Mrs. Duffy, as a boarding house.

Soon after the alarm was given all the fire companies were on the spot, and used their utmost exertions to keep the fire under, and confine it to that part of the building in which it originated, and this object they succeeded in accomplishing, notwithstanding that Mr. Lyon's part of the building was separated from that part of it occupied by Mr. P. A. Egleson's tailoring and clothing store, by a thin lath and plaster wall. The northern end of the building, which was that part burned, belonged to Mr. J. W. Wills, whose loss is covered by an insurance of £600, which will be amply sufficient to repair the damage done to the building. Mr. Lyon is insured in the Hartford for $4,000. His stock is stated by him to have been worth $10,000, very little of which was saved.

At the time of the fire there was $4,000 worth of pork belonging to Mr. Robinson, stored in Mr. Egleson's cellar, all of which was promptly removed. Mr. Eagleson also removed his stock, and his loss is only such as is incidental to such a removal under the circumstances. The part of the building occupied by Mr. Egleson belongs to Mr. Alderman Bangs, and was uninjured.

Most, if not all, of Mrs. Duffy's goods were saved, and we are not aware that any personal injury was sustained by any of the parties.

During the fire a desperate attempt was made by a fellow in the crowd to steal a gentleman's gold watch, which the would-be-thief snatched from the owner's pocket. He was caught in the act, but managed to get away. Another man was arrested for fighting, and will probably appear at the police court this morning.

LOCAL NEWS.

1,000 COAL BURNERS just received by Esmonde Bros., 43 Sparks-st., next door to the Hoop Skirt Factory. N.B.—75 boxes Canada plate for sale.

PERSONAL.—Mr. Fox, of the firm of Sir Charles Fox & Son, Engineers, London, England, is at present in this city. We understand Mr. Fox has been appointed Engineer of the Narrow Guage Railway from Toronto to Nipissing.

THE DOMINION HOUSE, WELLINGTON STREET.—This house has been thoroughly renovated and fitted up. Good table and choice liquors. Fine yard and stabling. Oysters and meals at all hours. Colin McLaurin and Geo. Irvine, Proprietors. 666-b.

NEW LAW FIRM.—By reference to our advertising columns it will be seen that our talented and enterprising young friends, Messrs. Mosgrove and Taillon, have entered into partnership as a law firm. We wish the new firm every success.

RUNAWAY.—About noon yesterday a horse ran away with an empty cutter, and was going at a furious rate of speed over the Sappers' Bridge, when Mr. Ahearn jumped from the sidewalk over the parapet and stopped him, which everybody thought was a very daring exploit.

CENTRAL SCHOOL BUILDING WEST.—Tenders will be received up to the third day of March next, for the building of the new Western Central School House. The building is to be of brick or stone, *ninety* feet frontage, and *sixty* feet in depth, two stories high, with a good basement and heating apparatus. See advertisement.

PERSONAL.—Amongst the new arrivals in the capital we note that of Mr. R. G. Haliburton, a son of that genial humourist the author of *Sam Slick*, the friend of Barham and Theodore Hook. Mr. H. is known in English literary circles by some original and clever papers on *The Unity of Origin of the Human Race, proved by the Universality of certain Superstitions.*

PENNY READINGS.—The popular Penny Readings will be held this evening in Webster's Hall, and *on every Thursday evening*, this change having been made to accommodate the Young Men's Christian Association. Young boys must be accompanied by parents or guardians.

WEATHER TABLE.—Noted by Wm. Heath, Optician and Druggist, Market Drug Store, York-st.

OTTAWA, Feb. 19, 1868.

Greatest degree of cold registered during the previous night 8 below zero.

8 a.m., 8 above.
1 p.m., 26 "
8 p.m., 20 "

SAIFF & GAYLORD'S MINSTRELS.—Our theatre-going friends will be glad to learn that the above talented company of minstrels and "negro delineators" will shortly pay this city a visit. They performed in Toronto one week, and the papers there speak highly of their performances. The troupe have two splendid English "cloggists" along, who are said to be very fine in their business.

ORIGIN OF THE PENNY READINGS IN NEW EDINBURGH.—The introduction of the penny readings in New Edinburgh is, we are informed, attributable to Miss Neville, daughter of C. C. Neville, Esq., of the Department of Agriculture. That lady having received many glowing accounts of the success of the penny readings in Reading, Berkshire, England, the native place of her family, conceived the idea of establishing something of the kind in New Edinburgh, where the family reside. She mentioned this fact in the presence of the Rev. T. D. Phillipps, who took hold of the matter with his characteristic zeal and perseverance. The rev. gentleman succeeded in organizing a society, of which he was elected President, and became, and continues, the life and mainstay of the organization. Miss Neville also continues to contribute her musical talents, frequently presiding at the melodeon, and in other ways aiding in promoting the interests of the undertaking of which she was the prime mover, and which, thanks to the noble cooperation of a number of ladies and gentlemen in the vicinity, has accomplished much good, and is still enlarging its sphere of usefulness to the community.

THE BANK STATEMENTS.

[From the Montreal Gazette.]

The *Canada Gazette* of Saturday, publishes the usual Monthly Bank Statement, but still without returns from the Bank of Nova Scotia; the Merchants' Bank, Halifax; the People's Bank, Halifax; the Union Bank, Halifax; the Commercial Bank of St. John, N.B.; and the Peoples' Bank, N.B. All these Banks have been ready enough to take advantage of that clause of the Dominion Banking Act of last session, which allows them to charge interest exceeding six *per cent.*, to which rate they were previously limited, but they persistently ignore that other clause under which they are required to make monthly returns of their capital, assets and liabilities. The Bank of New Brunswick and the St. Stephen's Bank, N.B., and the Bank of Yarmouth, N.S., comply with the law; and we draw the attention of our Maritime contemporaries to the delinquencies of the others in the hope that public opinion may be brought to bear upon them. There are some among these Banks of which the standing is not above all questions. The withholding of statements which are by law required is not calculated to strengthen the confidence in their solvency.

The returns from the other Banks shew an increase of circulation and discounts since December 31st, notwithstanding a small falling off in the deposits. The figures are (adding the Government circulation):

	Dec. 1867.	Jan. 1868.
Bank circulation	$8,851,451.50	$9,406,238.50
Government notes	4,265,242.00	4,247,742.00
	$13,116,693.50	$13,653,980.50
Discounts	52,827,508.57	53,406,037.14

It would seem from this that the extreme tightness which characterized business a few weeks since is slowly passing away, although this inference should be received with caution, since the discounts in January have for years past been invariably greater than in December.

Another noticeable feature is the great strength in coin, bullion, and legal tenders, which the Banks, as a whole, are acquiring. They now hold $10,098,494 in coin, bullion, and Provincial notes, as against $9,321,302 in December. To show their strength in this particular, as compared with previous years, we give the following table:

Jan.	Specie, &c.
1868—All Banks	$10,098,494
1868—Ontario and Quebec Banks	9,770,573
1867	8,787,164
1866	6,935,139
1865	5,772,752
1864	5,831,994
1863	5,615,519
1862	7,230,374
1861	4,340,546

Some complications exist in the above table which cannot be removed, *i. e.*, how much of the figures for 1867 and 1868 represent Provincial notes. But we fancy we are not far astray in saying that the Banks have never been stronger in specie than they now are. Much of this is, perhaps, owing to the extreme strength which certain banks have been obliged to acquire in view of late developments. For example, we have the Merchants' Bank, which holds $527,895 of gold and legal tenders against a circulation of only $69,574, and a by no means excessive deposit line—evidently a preparation for paying the notes of the Commercial Bank, if payment in gold should be demanded, which in view of this great strength is hardly to be expected. Several other Banks are almost equally strong, in consequence, no doubt, of the restriction of discounts, and of the consequent conversion of maturing notes into coin.

A JAPANESE FUNERAL.

Yesterday morning, at 10 o'clock, the funeral of Ha-Yah-ta-Kee, the leader of the Japanese acrobatic troupe recently arrived in this city, took place from No. 20 Bleecker-st., his late residence. During the morning the monotonous Japanese dead song was kept up in a small room beside that in which the corpse lay. Lighted candles were placed near the coffin, and a document in Japanese was hung against the wall. There were three *vigilantes*, one of whom officiated and chanted the dead song, the other two sitting silently opposite. The friends and relatives of the deceased and the other members of the troupe were in an outer room. On the lid of the coffin, which was of rosewood, was a silver plate, having engraved on it in Japanese letters the name of the deceased. The custom of providing food, tobacco, and opium for the dead was observed. As soon as the body was removed from the house, an old Japanese woman took her place before it, and commenced sweeping the ground with a broom, this custom signifying the wafting of the soul of the dead to spirit-land. A number of carriages followed the hearse to Greenwood, which were for the most part occupied by Japanese. The body was placed in the strangers' Receiving Tomb, where it will remain until the return of the troupe to Japan, when it will be taken with them. It being unlawful in Japan for any person but a priest to say the prayer for the dead over the remains, and no priest being in this country, the ceremonies at the grave consisted of the voluntary prayers and the singing of a hymn, after which each one of the Japanese picked up a handful of clay and dropped it in the grave, with which ceremony the burial was concluded. It is denied that Ha-Yah-ta-Kee's death was superinduced by a dispute between him and Mr. De Ross, his manager and interpreter. Dr. Simmonds, the attending physician, states that the deceased came to his death by disease of the heart, and that the workings of the disease must necessarily have terminated in death on Saturday night. Ha-Yah-ta-Kee was the author of a number of dramas which are popular in his own country, and of several tales, essays and treatises.—*N. Y. Tribune.*

YOUNG AND RADFORD'S stock of watches clocks, jewellery, fancy goods and electro plated ware are worthy of inspection. All goods will be sold cheap. Give them a call. Remember the place, 30 Sparks-st. 597a

CABLE NEWS.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

LONDON, Feb. 18—Eve.—In the House of Commons this evening Sir Stafford Northcote, Secretary of State for India, said that on the request of the English Government, the Pasha of Egypt had agreed to recall his auxiliary force from Abyssinia, and reports which have since been received that the Egyptians still remain in the country and were advancing with the British have not yet been explained by any official despatches received by the Government. The Secretary also stated that the expedition was no longer suffering from the scarcity of water.

LONDON, Feb. 18—Midnight.—The House of Commons to-night, in Committee of the Whole, agreed to renew the suspension of the privileges of the writ of *habeas corpus* in Ireland.

THIS MORNING'S DESPATCHES.

LONDON, Feb. 19.—Allen, the Fenian prisoner, who was discharged from custody yesterday after being examined on the charge of causing the Clerkenwell explosion, was soon after rearrested and imprisoned on a charge of murder.

VIENNA, Feb. 19.—The members of the Royal Family of Hanover, and a number of their adherents here, met at a private banquet this week, at which King George was present. It is reported that in a speech on the occasion the King assured the company he would soon return home and resume his seat upon the throne of Hanover in spite of Prussia.

LONDON, Feb. 19.—Despatches and letters from Lisbon represent that the political agitation in Portugal continues. The new Government is very unpopular, and tumults are reported in various parts of the country.

Private advices from Brazil state that general conscription has been ordered by the Government, to provide reinforcements for the army on the Rio Parana.

BERLIN, Feb. 19.—In the Prussian House of Deputies yesterday the Government was asked to explain why the United States Consul, at Jerusalem, was allowed to procure the arrest of one Meikh, a Jewish subject of Prussia. The American Consul sought to elope with a young girl, and had her guardian, Meikh, thrown into prison, to facilitate the attempt. The Prussian Consul, at Jerusalem, refused his demand as a subject of the King of Prussia, for protection. The case creates much feeling among the Jews, who represent that the outrage is an insult to Prussia. Baron Von Der Heydt, Finance Minister, replied that the German Consul, at Jerusalem, was a federal, not a Prussian representative, and that consequently the application for the information must be made to the Chancellor of the North German Confederation.

LONDON, Feb. 19.—The House of Commons this evening passed a Bill for the continued suspension of the writ of *habeas corpus* in Ireland.

Leading members of the Liberal party propose to give a farewell dinner to United States Minister Adams.

Sir Geo. Zee, Judge of the Court of Queen's Bench, died to-day.

FLORENCE, Feb. 19—Eve.—A report is current here that the French Government has despatched a frigate to watch the movements of the United States squadron, under the command of Admiral Farragut in the Adriatic Gulf and the eastern end of the Mediterranean.

AMERICAN NEWS.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES

WASHINGTON, Feb. 19.—The dates from Crete to January 29th represent that the Turks have been defeated in several engagements of late with severe losses. The Mussulman population are becoming more and more discontented, and the troops have shown such a mutinous disposition that they were obliged on one occasion to be led back to headquarters. The Sultan's Grand Vizier's mission to Crete is a failure, and the Island is now in a more successful state of revolution than ever. Arms and provisions continue to be sent into Crete from all quarters for the relief of the Cretan warriors. The women and children continue to flee from the Island to Greece. The total number of Cretan non-combatants in Greece at the present time is estimated at 63,000.

From Jamaica.

NEW YORK, Feb. 19.—The *Herald's* Kingston (Jamaica) special says the American Consul has telegraphed to Washington, demanding the services of a man-of-war to obtain redress for the outrage committed on the American whaler, *Hannah Grant.*

Gen. Sherman Satisfied with his present Command.

The *Times'* Washington special says there is as yet no authority direct from Gen. Sherman for any statement regarding the course he intends to pursue, except that he has respectfully declined the brevet tendered to him, and has expressed himself satisfied with his present command.

THIS MORNING'S DESPATCHES.

Died.

AUBURN, N.Y., Feb. 19.—Mr. C. P. Johnson, Assistant General Superintendent of the Merchants' Union Express Co., died suddenly last night.

Fire.

BANGOR, ME., Feb. 19.—Mount Kebo House and stable, at Moosehead Lake, was entirely destroyed by fire last night.

WHOLESALE POISONING IN SUMMIT COUNTY, OHIO.

On a little farm in Johnny-Cake Lock, in Boston Township, Summit County, on the canal, lived an old farmer and his wife who had lived happily for years, and the woman seems to have been suspected of having a passion for poison. At all events, a daughter has on two occasions, fearful of the result of some of her mother's frequent fits of passion, hidden away poison that the mother had in the house. In the latter part of August last, the old man proposed to sell his farm and other property at public sale, and appointed the time, September 10th, on a Tuesday. He wanted an assistant in the sale, and sent for a young man, James Powles. Powles arrived at the farm on Sunday afternoon previous to the Tuesday appointed for the sale. The old farmer was not feeling well, and was found lying out doors on the grass vomiting. He had not been well for some days. A week or so before, he and a young man living with him ate breakfast as usual one morning, the old woman not having much appetite, and declining to join them in the meal. Immediately after breakfast, the old man and young one were taken with vomiting. The old man was, consequently, not well for some days, and sent for a boy to help him do his chores. The first time the boy ate breakfast there he was attacked with vomiting, and the old man was also visited by a return of his former trouble. On the Sunday of the arrival of young Powles, the old woman had got up a dinner of chickens; the old man, however, was too ill to eat, and Powles sat down to dinner, eating heartily of the chicken and of the bread on the table. He was also attacked with vomiting and violent pains, and next day he died and was buried. Finally, the old man, being puzzled to account for this strange sickness in his house, attacking every one except his wife, communicated the facts to some neighbor, and was advised to throw away all the flour, milk, and other eatables in his house, and begin with a new supply. He threw a quantity of bread, among other things, into his hog-pen, and next morning was astonished to find that his hog was dead, also half a dozen hens that had been eating the bread thrown away. No investigation was made, however, and as matters went on the mystery became, of course, the staple of talk among the country gossips. About ten days ago, the body of young Powles was exhumed and examined. The stomach was taken out, and, with some of the bread that had killed the pig and hens, taken to Cleveland and committed to Prof. Cassels for chemical analysis.

—A Southern paper says, that, near Lexington, Kentucky, there are 10,000 idle negroes, who do nothing but wander about the country at will, stealing all they can lay their hands on.

YOUNG AND RADFORD have the largest, best, and cheapest stock of watches to be found in Ottawa. They have also on hand a very choice and varied assortment of Electro-plated ware, and Fancy Goods. They do all kinds of repairing and jewellery jobbing in first-class style. 656-y.

MRS. MACKENZIE'S PETITION.

The petition presented by Mr. McKellar the other night in the House on behalf of the widow of the late William Lyon Mackenzie deserves more than the passing notice we had occasion to give at the time. The Premier consented to its being introduced, and had no objection to its reference to a committee provided they only undertook to report as to the correctness of the facts therein represented. These are briefly as follows: That in 1832 Mr. Mackenzie was entrusted with petitions to England, signed by 24,500 persons, asking for essential changes in the administration of the then Government of Upper Canada; that at his own cost and expense he went there, and, at the earnest request of Lord Goderich, then Secretary of State for the Colonies, he remained in London to explain matters to the Imperial Government and carry out the desires of the petitioners; that in London during that year and a half he also paid his own expenses; that the result of this was—and mainly in consequence of his own personal representations and the information he imparted—that Lord Goderich urged upon the Canadian Government the importance of several desirable reforms bearing on the privileges of Parliament, the privileges of the electors and the education of the people; that in April, in 1835, a committee of the House of Assembly recommended the payment to Mr. Mackenzie of five hundred pounds for the expenses thus incurred, and that the money was not granted because during that session the supplies were withheld. Such are substantially the grounds upon which Mrs. Mackenzie asks the Legislature of Ontario that the indemnity solemnly pledged by the Legislature to her late husband shall now be honored; and it is not very difficult to imagine that a claim so long deferred has not been brought forward at the twelfth hour without a certainty of its being a just one, and probably against the feelings, perhaps the desire, of the claimant.

The truth of the facts upon which the petition is based can be easily ascertained—these facts form indeed, a part of Canadian history. It would be almost idle, therefore, to limit the duty of the committee simply to reporting upon their reliability, unless the Premier, in the fullness of his heart, means thereafter to move in the matter, and do what is right by the memory of a representative man gone to his rest, and by the family whose pecuniary status was somewhat injured by his earnest devotion to what he considered the best interests of his country. In his public views Mr. Mackenzie might, and doubtless did, in many respects err; but as Mr. McKellar remarked, in introducing the motion, he was above corruption, at a time when party spirit ran high and revolution was imminent. A man with his immense energies, his unwearied industry, and his great intelligence, might on the side of the class who then ruled, have died a millionaire. Mr. Mackenzie was made of other stuff; he was of the people, and to the best of his knowledge and ability worked for them; and he had the satisfaction of seeing before he died the demolition of that combination so popularly known as the Family Compact, which had its chief ramifications in this city, and which by its imperious sway did much to cause discontent, and in the end, rebellion. The gallant knight, the member for Frontenac, a few days ago in the House, complimented the Premier upon having become a regular old fossil Tory, and if we were to accept this as being correct, we can easily fancy that he will have little feeling or prepossession in favor of the success of this petition. But we give him credit for having a more liberal mind and a better heart.

Mr. MacKenzie was a rebel, it is true, and no doubt this will be prominently put forward as a reason why his voice from the grave, if we may so speak, shall not now be heard; but he paid the penalty for his offence, and it has long since and forever been blotted out against him. The earth will sit lighter on his ashes should the petition of his widow be granted, and out of the super-abundant revenue of the Province the small amount asked for be paid over to her—small, indeed, when the devotion and the sacrifices of her husband to public business and the public interests, especially in his later years, are impartially considered.—*Toronto Leader.*

EUROPEAN NEWS TO FEBRUARY 5.

The German mail steamer *America*, from Southampton 5th instant, arrived at New York on Sunday. The mails by the *Palmyra* were delivered in New York on Saturday.

The gale on the 1st instant did immense damage in London. In the afternoon it increased to a hurricane, carrying everything before it. A child was crushed in Coleman-st. by the fall of a stack of chimneys. Great numbers of persons were injured, and several were killed. Four women lost their lives. One man in St. John's wood was blown from the roof of a house and killed; another had his skull fractured. By noon on Sunday many persons were under treatment in the hospitals from injuries. Two uninhabited houses were blown down in Lambeth. The traffic on the river was partially suspended, and many crafts were driven aground. Two of the crew of a brig were drowned in the Channel. Accounts of disasters from the gale are published from all parts of England and Wales.

Messrs. Von Erlanger, of Frankfort and Paris, have contracted for a loan of £1,000,000 for Finland. The subscription will be limited to Frankfort and Hamburg, where the security is known.

A correspondent of the *Freeman* casts discredit upon the whole narrative of an attack upon the Martello Tower of Duncannon, and alleged that a wanton outrage was committed by the soldiers, who sallied forth and discharged their rifles, to the danger of the peaceable inhabitants, among whom the bullets whistled. He declares there is not a Fenian in the locality, and calls for an inquiry. The *Times* correspondent doubts this, and says it is strange that reports of guns being spiked were in circulation and uncontradicted for a week before the alleged attack. Precautions continue to be adopted in the vicinity of Waterford, and the *Research* has anchored in the river.

In the Prussian Chamber of Deputies debate came on upon the bill setting the amount of compensation to be granted to the King of Hanover, the Elector of Hesse, and the Grand Duke of Nassau. Count Bismarck said:

The present pecuniary compensation was unquestionably preferable to the territorial compensations formerly proposed. He would rather have expended much money and have granted a large compensation to Austria for the Duchies, had that power been inclined to accept it. The peace concluded was favorable in a pecuniary point of view. The Province of Hanover had brought with it a large amount of property in cash, and the transaction was advantageous to Prussia. He said the Government could not carry on public business if the Bill were rejected, nor would the Liberals be able to conduct the administration under such circumstances for six months. He would therefore appeal to the House not unnecessarily to excite the public mind with regard to these grants in presence of the distress existing in East Prussia. Public order would become disintegrated by raising up political questions of a different character. Herr von Waldeck severely criticised what he called *the sham constitutionalism of the Government.* The King ought to be grateful if the House relieved him from the obligation into which he had entered, and twenty-five million thalers would be saved to the country. The House should not be led astray by Count Bismarck's threat of resignation. Like all pretenders, King George would renounce his claims to the throne.

The debate being declared closed, the House voted, by 254 to 140 votes, the proposal of the Committee, to adopt the bill as proposed by the Government.

The sufferings of the poor in the neighborhood of Tangiers and Tetuan from scarcity of food, are daily increasing.

At the date of the last advices from Cabul a battle was imminent between Shere Ali Khan and Abdul Rahman Khan. The Bank of Bombay has gone into liquidation. The new Bank has opened under entirely new management.

—An *Alabama* paper announced that it would keep silent in regard to "a certain little affair" if a bottle of champagne be sent to the office. The editor received seven bottles from seven different parties.

MASONIC JEWELS, DESIGNS, &c.—Messrs Young & Radford are prepared to furnish all kinds of Masonic jewels, in the highest styles of the art, on the shortest notice, and at the cheapest rates. All kinds of jewellery repaired.

ITALY.

THE ERUPTION OF VESUVIUS.

The Naples correspondent of *The Pall Mall Gazette*, writing on the 29th of January, says: "This town has been afflicted by a dreadful catastrophe, by which many persons have lost their lives. Those of your readers who have been at Naples will remember the way by Santa Lucia to the Chiatamone, passing between the ancient villa of Lucullus, now Castel dell'Novo, and the precipitous cliffs of Pizzofalcone. Last evening, shortly before eight, part of the cliff became loosened, and rushing down with a horrid crash, buried the houses beneath its ruins. The shock was felt all round, and the barracks at the top of the cliff, as well as the neighboring houses below, are in a very unsafe condition, and have been cleared of the inhabitants. The ruined houses, on account of the confined space on which they were built, were fortunately not so large as Neapolitan houses usually are. Still it is feared that from 70 to 80 persons may have been in them at the time; among others, it is said, some foreigners just arrived by train from Rome, and who were going to their hotel in an omnibus, passed that way as the cliff fell. Some wonderful escapes are related. The owner of a coral shop had just shut his shop and had gone only a few yards when the crash came, and he stood there safe in person; but a ruined man. A café, full, was buried, but the vaulted ceiling resisted the pressure, and the inmates were enabled to make their exit through a fissure in the walls not quite blocked up. Next the café was a wine shop; that is, however, completely buried, but it is hoped that it, like the café, will have resisted the shock, and that the people there at the time may still be got out safe—a hope that is strengthened by the shoutings which are heard proceeding from beneath the ruins. The news spread rapidly, and all the authorities were soon on the spot; cordons were formed to keep off the mob, and the military were at once set to work by electric light to clear away the ruins. As I write the scene is most remarkable. All Naples seems to be flocking to the spot, and the excitement is intense as a mutilated corpse or some wounded person still alive is extracted from the ruins, and these latter are carried off in the military ambulances to the hospital of the Pelegrini; in fact, the excitement is so great that the Prefect has published an address to the citizens inculcating calmness and order.

FAMINE AT SEA.

Melancholy Story of Suffering on Board the American Schooner "Moses Waring."

[From the New York World.]

The Gibraltar *Chronicle* of Jan. 20th states that the British bark *Minnie Gordon*, which arrived at that port on the preceding day from New York, brought the master and two seamen of the United States schooner *Moses Waring*. The vessel was waterlogged in a gale; and on the 18th of December was fallen in with by the *Minnie Gordon*, when the survivors of her crew were taken off the wreck in the last stage of debility from exposure and famine. By the humane and judicious exertions of Mr. Leslie, the master of the *Minnie Gordon*, their lives were preserved, but they still stand in need of medical treatment. The dreadful tale of their sufferings is thus given by Captain Leslie.

December 18, lat. 38 10 N. long.— W., scudding off S.E. by E., under double-reefed topsails, foresail, reefed mainsail, and foretopmast staysail, wind W. N. W., blowing hard and heavy sea running. As daylight broke I saw, bearing N.N.E. from me, something which looked like two spar buoys, standing at an angle of 60 degrees, just as far as the eye could reach. As day broke clearer could make out with the glass that it was a vessel waterlogged and on her beam-ends. Then determined to go close enough to ascertain if there were any of the crew still on the wreck. At 8:30 a.m. could with the glass make out what appeared two men upon the port quarter. On approaching nearer saw three men waving a piece of white canvass; stood up under the lee of the wreck and hove to, got out large boat, in doing which stove one side of her. Mr. Charles Miller, chief officer, and three seamen started for the wreck. After great exertion and a hard pull succeeded in getting the captain and two remaining men in the boat, and got safely back to the bark, hoisted in the boat, and proceeded on the voyage, taking the weak, famished men into the cabin where there was a stove, giving them dry clothing and some stimulants and small quantities of water often repeated, they having had nothing to eat or drink for seven days and nights, with the exception of when the mate died, two days previously, they all cut some of his raw flesh and ate it, the cook having died before the mate, and his body washed overboard. They were complete skeletons, the captain being in the worst condition, his cheeks were sunk in till they appeared to touch each other; their feet and legs as high as their knees was completely paralyzed and dead from long exposure and submersion in cold water and want of exercise, as they had just enough of the wreck above water to hold on to. They could not possibly have survived the day through had not Providence kindly sent me to their assistance. I gave them food by degrees, with small doses of brandy and water, and rubbed their feet with soap liniment; then put them to sleep in the warm cabin. On waking the captain gave me the following account of the loss of his vessel, stating that two days previous to my falling in with him, a brig, westward bound, name unknown to him, saw them and stood towards them until quite near (weather moderate at the time) when he put up his helm and ran away from them. The schooner was the *Moses Waring*, of New York, from Brunswick (Georgia), bound to New York with a cargo of yellow pine flooring; encountered a heavy N.E. gale on December 11th; when fifty miles S. E. of Absecam, shortly after which sprang a leak, and was unable with both pumps going to keep her free; she settled so deep, and becoming unmanageable, they cut the gripes which held the deck-load, and had no sooner accomplished this than she fell over on her beam-ends, and the heavy sea running at the time over her washing away deck-load, cabin on deck, and all water and provisions, leaving them perfectly destitute of everything but the clothing they stood in. Their sufferings must have been very great, so much so that they found themselves obliged to cut up the mate's body, who had unfortunately succumbed before them on the fifth day. I did everything in my power to make them comfortable, and finally succeeded in bringing them to life.

ROMANCE OF ALASKA.

It was to be expected that the limits of fact would soon be exhausted with regard to the treasures and wonders of the new territory of Alaska, and that fancy would be drawn upon to increase its stock of marvels. But the following tale of enchantment is entirely beyond the wildest anticipation.

A Russian guide, it seems, being lately asked by a traveller about a certain mountain range in Alaska, replied:—

"They are mighty in size and cause much cold. Wonderful things are told of them. It is said that in some places there are deep pools and lakes in which dwell monsters—serpents as long as a fir tree, which, were they in the open sea, would commit mighty damage. One thing is certain—that yonder, far away to the north, in the heart of those hills, there is a wonderful valley, so narrow that only at mid-day is the face of the sun to be seen. That valley lay undiscovered and unknown for thousands of years; no person dreamed of its existence; but at last, a long time ago, two Indian hunters entered it by chance, and then what do you think they found? They found a small tribe of unknown people, speaking an unknown tongue, who had lived there since the creation of the world and without knowing that other beings existed."

Here is a splendid chance for strange discoveries. Who will venture into this marvellous valley, and learn the "unknown tongue" and other peculiarities of this pre-Adamite people?

—Is health worth having? If it is protect it—it is a jewel as easily lost as virtue, and in many cases as difficult to recover. In this climate, and more particularly at this season of the year, people are very apt to take cold and suffer from sore throat, coughs, spitting of blood and pulmonary complaints generally, which if not checked immediately lead to serious consequences. The question arises—which is the quickest and most effectual remedy? Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers have been before the public for twenty years, and have always given perfect satisfaction, and invariably effect permanent cures when taken in season. Sold by all medicine dealers and country stores generally throughout the Province, at 25cts. per box.

THE CONSPIRACY AGAINST MARRIAGE.

We attach little importance to random rumors, but we must be very incredulous indeed if all we have heard and read did not make us suspect that in our modern society causes were at work hostile both in form and substance to the institution of marriage. We call it a conspiracy, for it is a conspiracy of influences, if not of persons not conscious and purposed, perhaps, but none the less real and active. It appears under various forms—sometimes as a reluctance on the part of young men to assume marriage bonds, because the girdles, bracelets, necklaces, and rings which represent it, and the social circle it implies, are much too costly for men beginning life with moderate means to afford. It is the complaint in England, and it is the complaint here, too, that matrimony is a luxury which none but the prosperous and rich can indulge in. In a complaint so universally expressed, and in such tones of alarm, there must be some truth, though it may be impossible to say precisely how much. The marriage statistics do not report any falling off as due to this cause. Many causes affect the marriage tables, the chief among them being the condition of trade and the money market. In prosperous years marriages are more frequent than they are in times of business depression. Then all classes find matrimony too expensive a privilege and forego it. The decrease in the number of marriages does not indicate a declining respect for the institution. It merely proves the power of economic laws to restrain desire. In the State of Massachusetts, during the year 1847, a year of remarkable prosperity, one couple were married to every ninety-eight of the population. The city of Boston in 1864, another year when money was plenty, through the stimulus afforded by the war had a marriage rate of 15.31 to each thousand of its inhabitants, or three thousand and sixty-two to a hundred thousand. But from 1852 to 1863 the average rate of marrying in Massachusetts was but one in a hundred and eighteen inhabitants. The wealthy classes are less affected by these general causes than the working or the trading classes are, because their incomes are, to some degree, independent of the immediate state of the market. Their scale of economy is their own. They, too, may decline marriage on grounds of expense; but as their numbers are comparatively small, and the instances of this forbearance or avoidance, whichever it be, cannot be numerous enough to affect the general marriage rate, the census tables can make no account of them. There can be no doubt that such cases do occur; there can be no question that they indicate a deplorable state of things, for while with the middle class economy is an actual necessity and abstinence, a personal and social duty, with the opulent class economy is little better than a pretext, and abstinence is a whim. Still there is not enough truth or force in this species of reluctance to marry to justify a fear that the institution is in danger.

Other signs of conspiracy under consideration are more alarming than this one, which may disappear with a change in the fashions or the moods of the fickle world of society.

We know not how it may be in England, but in France, and in our own country, there has been remarked a very significant and alarming diminution in the size of families. Marriages are less productive than they used to be; at least, such is the general and the probably well-founded impression. There is no decrease in the marriage rate of France; on the contrary, it is stated that throughout the Empire there is a constant and considerable rise in the marriage rate. But the population of the Empire does not augment. It falls off, rather, by some scores of thousands a year. It has fallen off by as much as two hundred and fifty thousand; and it would fail more perceptibly yet, were it not for the increased longevity of the people in our improved civilization, and the number of early marriages. The smallness of the families is the fact that raises alarm; and this is due to causes that are general in their scope and character—causes of various kinds, partly physical, partly financial, partly prudential, partly social, but partly, also, moral—causes of a very subtle and insidious nature, which it is difficult to trace, and yet more difficult to speak of than to trace, from the extreme delicacy of the subjects they involve.

It is here, in this diminishing size of families, that we seem to detect a conspiracy against the institute of marriage; for we can account for such a phenomenon only by supposing an unwillingness to rear offspring; and as the end of marriage is the rearing of offspring, an unwillingness to do it supposes to a certain extent the resort to means that reduce the number of births; and what is this but a deliberate conspiracy against the institution of marriage? This is a point of exceeding delicacy; but it is a point of so much importance that to pass it by lightly would be unpardonable. A newspaper correspondent writing from Paris mentions a prejudice as prevailing in fashionable quarters—a kind of aristocratic superstition in favor of "an only son" as heir of the family, wealth and name. This may be the fancy of the correspondent, who was drawing on his wits for a reason, but that is not likely. The notion is one that would catch and fascinate in an aristocratic community, and exert for a time and in localities a most pernicious influence. For clearly it could not be acted on without resorting to artificial means of checking the increase of progeny; and nothing more demoralizing than that can be conceived of. In our society, of course, no such foolish idea as that could prevail, but other ideas not less demoralizing might prevail, and they would be sure to involve the same consequences.

The last mentioned sign of conspiracy is accompanied closely by another sign of appalling magnitude and prominence, the significance of which cannot be concealed or mistaken; and that is the enormous number of children born out of wedlock, in every community. The figures here are terrible—too terrible to put down. Every child so born affronts the institution of marriage. The tens of thousands that are so born annually in every "civilized" country, in some places outnumbering the legitimate births, are an evidence that, for some reason or other marriage is not held in honor as it should be. This fearful phenomenon means awful gratification of passion; passion unregulated by reason or principle, unsanctioned by morality or religion, vicious and degrading. It means waste of masculine vigor and feminine beauty, the decay of productiveness, and the weakening of social bonds. It means neglect of children, who are thrown uncared for upon the world to supply the ranks of the perishing and the dangerous classes. It means suffering pauperism, and crime. It means the practice of abortion by vile persons who make it their infernal business to kill off-spring in the womb by practices deadly, not only to the embryo life, but to the constituency that engenders it. It means homes like that to which public attention has been lately called in this city, where babies are sent to be "taken care of until they die." It means infanticide—the slaughter of infants for whom no one chooses to become responsible. It means the systematic drying up of the sources of life, physical and social. There is an army large, appointed, organized, commissioned, waging ceaseless war against marriage institution. To this army—the vicious, the foolish, the criminal, so miscellaneous, so diversely accoutered—belong, no small number of the people who find marriage an expensive luxury and a great many of the people who consider it inconvenient to rear a large family. The married do as much to bring marriage into dishonour and reduce it to inefficiency as the unmarried. It is a hard saying but a true one. The worst enemies of the institution, which more than any other merits being called divine, are those who have taken on its vows. Perhaps this is no worse now than it has been in former times—perhaps it is no worse here than it is elsewhere; but it is bad enough to cause uneasiness and alarm. The present age ought to excel the past ages in virtue; if it does not its immorality is of deeper dye. We ought to surpass in virtue our foreign contemporaries; if we do not, we fall behind them in the use we make of our nobler opportunities. We have few institutions left that command reverence. It is our tendency to set institutions aside; but to set aside this institution of marriage would be to destroy the foundations of social life.—*New York Tribune.*

COTTON NO LONGER KING.—Cotton goods are now nearly as cheap as before the American war. Garland, Mutchmor & Co. have lately received a few bales of gray and white cottons, shirtings and prints, purchased since the great fall in prices. Parties requiring any description of dry goods would do well to see their stock before purchasing. 582-y

CURIOUS PRACTICE.

In a private letter from Dr. Charles Dow, Santa Anna, State of Salvador, Central America, he says:—"I will mention a curious case of native surgery I witnessed a short time ago. The patient had received a severe stab in the abdomen, from which protruded about half a yard of intestine, the former having a longitudinal slit about three inches long. On my arrival I found an Indian 'medico' had sewed up the wound with the nippers of a large ant. The insect, which is very strong, was taken by the body and its head presented to the united lips of the wound, which it bit and held fast. The operator then, by a pinch of the fingers, kills the ant (nipping off its body) and leaving its head fixed to the intestine. Another and another ant thus applied to the amount of a dozen or fifteen, effected this singular suture. The intestine was replaced, and no inflammation ensuing, the man recovered speedily. This curious practice is said to be usual in this part of Central America."

WOMEN DOCTORS.—A step in advance has been made in London. A fortnight ago, the court of assistants of the Apothecary's Company decided that women should not be excluded from their examination in arts, and it is probable that this important concession will be followed by admitting them subsequently to the medical examinations. It is said this decision has been mainly brought about by Dr. G. Buchanan, an influential member of the court of assistants, which is the governing body. Dr. Buchanan is also a considerable subscriber to the funds of the Female Medical Society, and he is a member of a select committee recently formed to promote the development of the Ladies' Medical College on a sound public basis. The college has now been in successful operation for four years. It has already become self-supporting, and has among its list of subscribers and friends the names of the Duke and Duchess of Argyl, Mrs. Gladstone, Lord Houghton, Archbishop Manning, the Earl of Shaftesbury, and others.

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY.

6 HOSPITAL STREET,
2 doors from St. Francois Xavier Street.

It has been established, by the best medical authority, that one-half the nervous diseases are caused by drinking impure Tea. The Company have imported a supply of Teas that can be warranted pure, and free from poisonous substances, in boxes of 10, 15, 20 and 25 lbs. and upwards.

BLACK TEA.—Common Congou, Broken Leaf Strong Tea, 45c., 50c.; Fine Flavored New Season do., 55c.; Excellent Full Flavored do., 75c.; Sound Oolong, 40c., 45c.; Rich Flavored do., 60.; Very Fine do. do., 75c.; Japan Good, 50c.; Very Good, 55c.; Finest, 75c.

GREEN TEA.—Twankay Common, 50c.; Fine do., 55c.; Young Hyson, 50c. and 60c.; Fine do., 75c.; Superfine and Very Choice, $1.

A saving will be made, by purchasing direct from the importers, quality and purity considered. All orders for boxes of 20 or 25 lbs., or two 12 lbs., sent carriage-free to the country. Teas not mentioned in this circular equally cheap. The company having determined to take a stand in the Montreal market, weight, quality and circular may be implicitly relied on. Where a 20 lb. box would be too much, two or three clubbing together could divide. In writing you will oblige by addressing the Montreal Tea Company, 6 Hospital-st., Montreal. An excellent Mixed Tea could be sold for 60c.; very good for common purposes, 50c. Buyers living beyond Railway Stations will please send Post Office order, or enclose notes. The carriage will be paid to the nearest station. Tea will be forwarded immediately on receipt of the order by mail containing money, or the money can be collected on delivery by express-man, where there are Express Offices. A trial solicited.

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY,
6 Hospital Street,
First Street below Notre Dame Street.

All boxes and chests sent from this establishment have the address of the Montreal Tea Company printed on them.

OTTAWA MARKETS.

(Compiled expressly for the Times.)

TIMES OFFICE, OTTAWA, Feb. 19.

The supplies to our markets continue at the same low ebb as for several weeks past. Most of the produce usually brought here has found its way to Pembroke and other places, but for the present season that is about finished. The horses and men too, employed in the lumbering region, will return with the spring, which will probably be an early one, and then our supplies will improve. Hay is still very scarce, and prices have gone up, but oats are easier, with a downward tendency. There is every prospect of potatoes being brought in as soon as the weather permits, and of a great fall in prices. Beef remains nearly as before. Pork is up to $7. Butter is not much changed in price, but easier.

FLOUR—Extra	8 75	@	9 [illegible]
No. 1	8 25	@	0 00
No. 2	6 00	@	0 00
Bags—Fall per 100 lbs.	4 05	@	0 [illegible]
" Spring "	4 12½	@	4 [illegible]
Oatmeal—per 200 lbs.	7 00	@	0 00
Indian Meal "	5 50	@	0 00
Rye—per bushel 56 lbs.	0 80	@	0 00
Barley " 48 lbs.	0 90	@	0 00
Buckwheat Flour—bbl.	5 50	@	0 00
WHEAT—Fall—per bushel, 60 lbs.	1 90	@	1 [illegible]
Spring " "	1 80	@	1 [illegible]
CORN—Per bushel, 56 lbs	1 25	@	0 00
Peas " 60 lbs.	0 80	@	0 00
Oats " 34 lbs.	0 53	@	0 [illegible]
Beans " 60 lbs.	1 50	@	1 75
PORK—Mess—per barrel	20 00	@	[illegible]
Prime Mess per do.	14 00	@	[illegible]
Hog per 100 lbs.	6 50	@	7 00
Hams	0 12	@	0 [illegible]
Beef	5 50	@	[illegible]
Mutton—per lb by the qr.	0 06	@	0 7
Lamb—per qr.	0 06	@	0 7
Geese—Each	0 40	@	0 [illegible]
Turkeys—Each	0 50	@	1 [illegible]
Ducks	0 70	@	0 [illegible]
Fowl—Per pair	0 40	@	0 [illegible]
BUTTER—Choice Table	0 20	@	0 [illegible]
No. 1 Firkin	0 18	@	0 [illegible]
No. 2	0 17	@	0 [illegible]
Eggs	0 25	@	0 [illegible]
Apples—per brl.	3 00	@	4 [illegible]
VEGETABLES, &c.—Potatoes	0 45	@	0 [illegible]
Onions—per bbl.	4 50	@	0 00
HAY—Per ton, new	13 50	@	15 [illegible]
WOOD—Per cord	0 00	@	3 [illegible]
Tamarac	0 00	@	2 [illegible]
Hemlock	0 00	@	2 [illegible]

New York Money Market.

NEW YORK, Feb. 19.—Stocks active and better after call.

At the second board stocks improved.

Gold closed at 140⅞.

The *Post's* financial article says loan market shows little change.

Stocks unsettled.

Governments firm.

Railroads irregular and lower.

Shipment of specie to-day by the *Java* was $103,200.

New York Markets.

NEW YORK, Feb. 19.—Cotton quiet at 23½ @ 24 for midgs. Flour 5c. @ 10c. lower; receipts, 6,100 barrels and 3,400 bags; sales, 5,900 barrels, at $8.50 @ $9.20 for Superfine State and Western; $9.85 @ $10.75 for common to choice extra State; $9.68 @ $11.[illegible] for common to choice extra western; $9.85 @ $14 for common to choice R.H.O. Rye flour firmer, at $7.50 @ $9.45. Wheat dull; receipts, 2,150 bushels; sales, 7,500 bushels at $2.46 for No. 2 spring in store. Rye quiet. Corn dull, and 1c. lower; receipts, 30,000 bushels; sales 32,000 bushels, at $1.25 @ $1.29 for new mixed western afloat; $1.26 for western yellow; $1.22½ @ $1.26 for white southern. Barley scarce and firm; receipts, 6,250 bushels; sales, 9,000 bushels.

—About $30,000 has been paid by the State of Michigan this winter, in bounties, on the scalps of wild cats killed in Canada.

OUR FORTIFICATIONS.—It is now nearly fifty years since our fortifications have been looked after in any way. We think it is now high time, and that it behoves our government to put them in a proper state of defence, and have our lakes and rivers well protected. "One ounce of prevention is worth a pound of cure; but while we are protecting ourselves against a foreign enemy, we should not forget to fortify ourselves against bruises, frost-bites, chilblains, pains in the back and side, cholic, cholera morbus; the "Canadian Pain Destroyer" is the most effectual medicine. Sold by all dealers in medicine at 25 cents per bottle.

POOR COPY

TIGHT BINDING

Over your House.—It is to the interest of all who own horses to keep them in a healthy and sound condition: experience has proved that "Darley's Arabian Remedy and Condition Medicine" is the most efficacious, it has been used by thousands who will cheerfully confirm this statement. For Heaves, Coughs, Colds, and all diseases which affect the wind of horses it has no equal, nor is it equalled as a condition medicine: it purifies the blood, corrects and improves the appetite, and softens the skin; in fact, so great is the improvement in the condition and appearance of the animal as to have lead many to doubt if it could be the same horse.

Remember the name, and see that the signature of *Hord & Co.* is on each package.

Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, C.W., proprietors for the Canadas. Sold by all Medicine dealers.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

Mothers Read This!—Holloway's Worm Lozenges are a certain and safe remedy for Worms in Children and Adults.—As it is a well-known and melancholy fact that one great cause of death among children is from Worms alone, it cannot be too deeply impressed upon the minds parents the necessity of closely watching their children. By so doing; and understanding the symptoms and true cause of the disease, thousands of children might be saved from early graves. SYMPTOMS OF WORMS.—The following are a few of the very numerous symptoms and diseases which are caused by Worms: deranged appetite, emaciated extremities, offensive breath, frequent picking at the nose, grinding of the teeth during sleep, hardness of the belly, with frequent slimy stools, and sometimes convulsive fits; itching of the anus, pain in the head and stomach, unquiet sleep, faintings, tremblings, coughs, indigestion, low spirits, frightful dreams, and a gradual wasting away of flesh.

They are palatable and self-administered to the child—drive out the worms thoroughly without pain and completely cleanse the stomach—thereby doing away with the necessity of administering Castor Oil or other unpleasant cathartics—as in the use of other Worms.

☞ Each box contains the fac-simile signature of Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, C.W., who are the sole proprietors.

N. B. Ask for *Holloway's Worm Lozenges* and take no other. ☞ Sold by all the druggists in Ottawa, and medicine dealers everywhere. 578y

DIED.

In this city, on Wednesday the 19th instant, Charles Eugene, son of Jos. E. Lemieux, of the Bureau of Agriculture.

The funeral will take place to-day at 4 p. m. Friends are respectfully invited to attend.

On Wednesday, 19th February, Mary, widow of the late James Heavey, of this city.

The funeral will take place at nine o'clock on Friday morning, from the residence of her son, Lawrence Heavey, south side of Canal. Friends are requested to attend.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

TO BOOKBINDERS.

WANTED a Bookbinder hand to take charge of a GENERAL BINDERY.

Apply to

Ottawa, Feb. 20, 1868. JAS. HOPE & Co. 671 3

MOSGROVE & TAILLON,

BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.

WILLIAM MOSGROVE. GEORGE TAILLON.

Ottawa, Feb. 20, 1868. 666-tf

OTTAWA

Skating & Curling CLUB.

A GRAND CARNIVAL

WILL BE HELD AT

THE RINK.

On Tuesday Ev'g, 25th Instant,

By kind permission of Colonel Lord A. G. RUSSELL and OFFICERS, the

String Band of the P.C.O. Rifle Brigade

Will be in attendance.

COMMITTEE:

J. LaBarge Ross, Esq. R. Haycock, Esq.
W. B. Atwood, Esq. W. B. Corrow, Esq.

REGULATIONS:

None but subscribers, and those introduced by them, will be admitted to skate.

No person will be allowed on the ice except in costume.

Ladies not required to assume any particular dress. A slight deviation from the ordinary skating dress being in their case considered sufficient.

No gentleman to appear in female attire.

The use of masks is optional. Domino masks can be hired from the Rink Caretaker. No Negro costumes will be allowed.

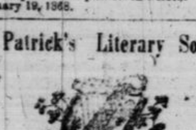
Children under 15 years will not be admitted on the ice.

Parties desirous of appearing in costume are requested to leave their names and description of dress with the Secretary, who will be at the Rink from 3 to 5 o'clock on Monday and Tuesday afternoons, for the purpose of issuing tickets.

Admission 25 cents. Skaters in costume Free. Doors open at half-past seven o'clock.

February 19, 1868. 670td

St. Patrick's Literary Society.



THE ANNUAL BALL

OF THE

ST. PATRICK'S LITERARY SOCIETY

WILL BE HELD AT THE

St. Patrick's Hall.

—ON—

Monday Evening, 24th Inst.

THE MUSIC will be furnished by Gowan's Band. Mrs. Frederick will supply the refreshments.

Tickets $2 each, to be had of the Secretary and Members of the Committee, and at Mrs. Frederick's, Sussex-street.

M. O'KEEFE, Secretary.

Ottawa, Feb. 18, 1868. 669-3

Extensive Sale

—OF—

Drugs, Patent Medicines, DYE STUFFS, &c.

THE Entire Stock of Drugs, &c., saved from the late disastrous fire by Dr. J. GARVEY, is now offered FOR SALE at the Office of EDWARD BEARMAN, Esq., over COWAN'S HARDWARE STORE, Rideau-street.

Buyers are requested to call at once, as the entire stock must be disposed of.

J. GARVEY, M. D.

Ottawa, Feb. 18, 1868. 669tf

Dissolution of Partnership.

THE PARTNERSHIP heretofore existing between JAMES HOPE and S. S. M. HUNTER, under the firm of JAMES HOPE & Co., was this day dissolved by mutual consent.

The business will be continued under the same name as heretofore, by JAMES HOPE, who will receive all monies due, and discharge all claims against the late firm.

JAMES HOPE,
S. S. M. HUNTER.

Ottawa, Feb. 15, 1868. 668-a-3-4

Great Remnant Sale.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.

Importers, 20 Sparks Street,

With a view to CLEAR OUT THEIR STOCK OF REMNANTS, prior to stock-taking have RE-MARKED ALL THEIR REMNANTS at prices that must effect a SPEEDY CLEARANCE.

Remnants of Cloths, **Remnants of Cobourgs,**
Remnants of Dress Goods, **Remnants of Silks,**
Remnants of Cottons, **Remnants of Linens,**
Remnants of Prints, **Remnants of Flannels,**
Remnants of Carpetings, **Remnants of Oil-cloths,**

And a list of other remnants too numerous to particularize.

Sale to commence on MONDAY, 17th, and to continue during the week.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.

Ottawa, February 17, 1868. 684y

PHŒNIX.

MESSRS. R. EATON & Co. respectfully announce to the public that THEY HAVE RESUMED BUSINESS in this City in the various branches of their trade and manufacture, which they now carry on at the following places:—

Paint, Oil, Varnish, Color and Painters' Stock Depot,
☞ Bell's New Block, 1st Story, Opposite the Russell House.

Oil Painting, Engraving, Paper Hanging and Decorating Depot,
☞ Bell's New Block, 2nd Story, Opposite the Russell House.

Looking-Glass, Picture Frame, Silvering and Gilding Rooms,
☞ Scott's Building, over Confectionary, Opposite the Russell House.

Cornice, Picture, and Looking-Glass Frame Manufactory,
☞ Wright's Building, Chaudiere, formerly occupied by E. B. Eddy, Esq.

Their present extensive stock in the various departments is entirely new, the former having been destroyed by fire, and has been carefully and judiciously selected: with especial regard to the demands of this City and its surroundings. Their Painters' Stock is especially good. Their Paper Hangings and Decorating Stock is in endless variety of quality and price; and the Decoration of Dwellings, Offices, Stores and Public Buildings undertaken, and satisfaction guaranteed both as to style and workmanship.

Having secured spacious premises at the Chaudiere, with extensive water-power, for the purpose of Manufacturing Cornices and Frames of all kinds, and having also secured spacious Looking-Glass, Silvering and Gilding Rooms, they will be enabled to fill orders for Pier, Mantle, Hanging and Toilet Mirrors, Picture Frames and Cornices, at the Shortest Notice.

Oil Paintings and Engravings of undoubted merit and beauty always in stock.

Window Blinds, new style, unsurpassed, always kept on hand. These are made so as to fit windows of any size, and are painted or oiled to suit taste or business of purchaser.

Messrs. R. E. & Co., avail themselves of this opportunity for returning their sincerest thanks for the kind patronage heretofore bestowed upon them, and for the great sympathy manifested for them on the occasion of the recent fire, and in resuming business they beg to assure their many kind friends and patrons that with new stock, renewed energy, and competent and faithful workmen, they feel confident of filling all orders with which they may be favored with promptness and punctuality, and in such a manner as will merit entire satisfaction.

OFFICE—Bell's Block, Opposite Russell House.

OTTAWA, Feb. 14, 1868. 666-3m

ANGUS AND HUCKELL,

No. 15 SUSSEX-STREET

GREAT DISCOUNT SALE!

CLEARING OUT

FALL AND WINTER STOCK

—OF—

Boots, Shoes & Rubbers.

10 CENTS OFF EVERY DOLLAR

CASH PURCHASES.

FOR ONE MONTH.

Largest and Best Stock

IN THE DOMINION.

☞ Call and See.

No. 15 SUSSEX-STREET

Boots, Shoes and Rubbers.

OTTAWA, February 13, 1868. 665y

THE NEW DOMINION!

47. SUSSEX-STREET. 47.

Established with the Nation, 1st July, 1867.

Tried by the People,
Nobly sustained,
Long may it flourish!

Come one! Come all!!
Farmers and Lumbermen,
Merchants and Citizens,

COME TO THE NEW DOMINION!

And you will find a large and varied assortment of

STAPLE and FANCY DRY GOODS!

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,
AS CHEAP AS THE CHEAPEST,
AS GOOD AS THE BEST.

A New Tailoring Establishment!

Has just been opened on the premises, with FIRST-CLASS WORKMEN, under the management of a FIRST-CLASS FASHIONABLE CUTTER

Suits made to order, and Warranted to fit, At every price, Of every style, For every season, And at the shortest notice.

Do you want Hats or Caps, Furs or Blankets, Boots or Shoes, Moccasins or Mittens? Visit the New Dominion. It will prove to your advantage. From top to toe a perfect outfit guaranteed, by

JAMES HIGGINSON, Proprietor.

Ottawa, February 6, 1868. 659tf

SOIREE.

The Bank-street Congregation

WILL HOLD THEIR

ANNUAL SOIREE

ON THE

Evening of Friday, the 21st Inst.

IN THE

Basement of the Methodist Church,

CENTRE TOWN.

An efficient Choir will be in attendance. Refreshments will be served at 7 o'clock. Tickets may be obtained at the stores of Messrs. Dalgliah & Russell, Upper Town; Mr. Robertson, Centre Town; and Mrs. Frederick, Lower Town. Doors open at half-past six.

Ottawa, Feb. 18, 1868. 669td

LOST.

ONE YELLOW (Bitch) HOUND, and one WHITE and BLACK SPOTTED (Pup) HOUND, strayed or stolen from Gloucester on the 24th December last. Any person keeping either of these hounds after this notice will be prosecuted, and any information left with the undersigned will be suitably rewarded.

OLIVER PINARD,
Delhi Hotel, No. 17, Clarence-st.

February 12. 664a

NOTICE

IS HEREBY given that I shall not be responsible for any debts contracted in my name, unless under an order signed by me.

SOPHIA MARTINEAU.

Ottawa, Jan. 22, 1868. 646d

Scale Manufacturer.

EDORION begs to inform the public that he has opened a SCALE MANUFACTORY in Clarence-street, second door from Sussex-street, in E. D'Amour's Blacksmith Shop, and where he is now prepared to repair all sorts of Scales in use.

Ottawa, Jany. 11 637y

YOUNG & RADFORD'S COLUMN.

Watches,
Watches,
Watches

AT

YOUNG

AND

RADFORD'S

30 Sparks-street.

Clocks,
Glocks,
Clocks,

AT

YOUNG AND RADFORD'S

Jewellery,
Jewellery,
Jewellery,

AT

YOUNG AND RADFORD'S.

Electro-Plated ware
Electro-Plated Ware,
Electro-Plated Ware,

AT

YOUNG AND RADFORD'S.

Fancy Goods,
Fancy Goods,
Fancy Goods,

AT

YOUNG AND RADFORD'S,

Manufacturing Jewellers,

30 SPARKS-STREET

Old Gold and Silver

Bought, and highest cash price paid,

AT

YOUNG

AND

RADFORD'S

BROWNE & HARDY'S COLUMN.

1867 AND 1868.

INDIA WAREHOUSE!

16 Rideau Street, Ottawa.

THE SUBSCRIBERS beg to inform their Customers that their Stock is now complete, and embraces every delicacy of the Season, among which will be found a choice assortment of

TEAS,

Breakfast SOUCHONG, do CONGOU, } Black Extra Fine.
Superior HYSON,
" GUNPOWDER,
" IMPERIAL,
" TWANKAY,
Orange PEKOE, Flowery " Japan } These Teas have been carefully selected for family trade by

BROWNE & HARDY.

SUGARS,
LOAF,
BROKEN LOAF,
CRUSHED,
GROUND,
YELLOW,
and MUSCOVADO.

COFFEE,
MOCHA,
JAVA,
JAMAICA, and
CEYLON,
☞ Roasted and Ground daily on the premises.

CHOCOLATE and COCOA,
FRENCH, flavored with Vanilla;
TAYLOR'S,
FRYE'S,
MOTT'S

FRUITS, &c.
LAYER RAISINS,
in Whole, Half and Quarter Boxes
MUSCATEL, do do
SULTANA,
VALENTIA,
CURRANTS,
GRAPES,
ORANGES
LEMONS,
PRUNES,
ALMONDS,
WALNUTS,
FILBERTS, and
BRAZIL NUTS.

BUTTER,
CHOICE DAIRY, in Tubs and Crocks, received Weekly.

CHEESE,
English, American and Canadian.

SPICES,
NUTMEGS,
MACE,
CINNAMON,
CLOVES,
GINGER,
MIXED SPICES,
All Ground on the Premises

BROWNE & HARDY.

Ottawa, December 19 465t

THE MONTREAL WAREHOUSE,

IN MR. INGLIS' NEW BLOCK.

WILL BE OPENED OUT IN A FEW DAYS WITH A STOCK OF

Choice Wines, Groceries and Provisions, &c., &c.

J. MARTIN & CO

TUNZEX, OPPOSITE YORK-STREET.

OTTAWA, February 4, 1868. 657y

HARDWARE!

HARDWARE!

Great Reduction

IN THE

PRICE OF HARDWARE

AT THE

SIGN of the ANVIL

No. 24, Rideau-street.

THE Undersigned would take this opportunity to express his thanks to his Customers in Ottawa and vicinity for their very liberal patronage in the past, and to solicit a continuance of their favors in the future, and to assure them that no effort on his part shall be wanting to supply them with the Best and Cheapest English and American Hardware. I do not pretend to sell at cost, but do propose to sell as cheap as any other establishment in Ontario. My stock shall comprise every article in the line of Hardware, and with the one price system I hope to merit and receive a continuance of the very liberal patronage given me in the past.

T. BIRKETT,
Sign of the Anvil, 24 Rideau-st.

Ottawa, Feb. 3. 465y

BLYTH & KERR,

Successors to Chas. Garth,

No. 25, Rideau-st.,

Plumbers,
Gas & Steam Fitters,
Tin & Coppersmiths,
Bell Hangers, &c.

All materials for the above branches kept constantly on hand.

—ALSO—

Importers and Dealers in House Furnishing Hardware.

Just received a well selected assortment of

Cooking Stoves,	Iron Bedsteads,
Double Stoves,	Bronzed & Wire Fenders,
Parlor Stoves,	Fire Irons,
Hall Stoves,	Fire Guards,

Japanned and Planished Tinware, &c.,

Manufacturers of all descriptions of work for Water and Gas Works, Brewer's Distilleries, Mills, &c. Makes and fits up Galvanized Iron Cornices, Gutters, Conductors, Roofing, &c.

☞ Public and Private Buildings, Conservatories, Vineries, Manufactories, &c., warmed by Steam, Hot Water or Warm Air, on the most approved principles.

Orders from the country will receive strict attention.

Ottawa August 26. 416y

BOOKS, MAPS, &c.

MAPS of NEW BRUNSWICK, folded and on rollers, (McMillan's) MAPS of NOVA SCOTIA, folded and on rollers, (McKinlay's.)

BRAITHWAITE FOR JANUARY.

A book for every office and library,

Chambers' Encyclopædia,

The best and cheapest published. Illustrated with Maps and Wood Cuts. 10 vols., half calf, $35.00.

Worcester's & Webster's Illustrated

4to DICTIONARIES.

SUTHERLAND'S CITY DIRECTORY.

The New Literature received as issued by English and American publishers.

The NEW AUTHORIZED SERIES OF READERS—Wholesale and Retail.

Bill and Postage Stamps.

J. DURIE & SON,
10 Sparks-st.,
498y Opposite the Russell House

BUY YOUR TEA

DIRECT FROM

THE IMPORTERS

TEA! TEA! TEA!

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY, 6 Hospital Street, Montreal, having just imported a large quantity of Green and Black Teas, beg to call the attention of the Trade, Hotel Proprietors, and large establishments generally to their list of prices. Buyers of Chests and Boxes of Tea will save money by getting it direct through the Importers.

All orders for 25 lb. boxes and upwards, carriage free to any Railway Station in Canada. Parties wanting smaller quantities should club together, Buyers living beyond Railway Stations, will please send post office order, or enclose money. The carriage will be paid to the nearest station, where there are express offices. Tea will be forwarded immediately on receipt of the order by mail containing money, or the money can be collected on delivery by express man. Cash collected in Montreal free of charge, and Tea forwarded for the same. Original packages Black Tea weigh, 4 chests about 50 lbs. Chests do. 90 to 100 lbs. Green Tea from 60 to 80 lbs. Teas not mentioned in advertisement can be had equally cheap. The Company are determined to take a stand in the Montreal market, every article may therefore be depended on as to quality and weight.

BLACK TEA.

Common Congou, Broken Leaf, Strong Tea	00 45
Fine Flavoured New Season do	00 55
Excellent Full Flavoured do	00 75
Sound Oolong	00 45
Rich Flavoured do	00 60
Very Fine do	00 75
Japan	00 58
Very Fine do	00 75
An excellent mixed Tea, Black and Green	00 60

GREEN TEA.

Twankay, Common	00 38
Fine do	00 55
Young Hyson	00 60
Fine do	00 75
Superfine and Very Choice	1 00
Fine Gunpowder	00 85
Extra Superfine do	1 00

Reductions made to buyers of Five Chests and upwards.

☞ Address

MONTREAL TEA CO.,
6, Hospital-st, Montreal.

☞ *Agent for Ottawa and neighborhood,*

MR. JOS. MOONEY.

☞ All Boxes and Chests sent from this Establishment have the address of the *MONTREAL TEA COMPANY* printed on them.

August 27, 1867. 52234-w

FARM FOR SALE.

FOR SALE, Lot No. 15, 4th Concession Gloucester, Rideau Front, 7 miles from Ottawa, on the Macadamized Road, leading from Ottawa to Metcalf, consisting of 100 acres, 80 of which cleared, and in the highest state of cultivation. The soil is of the very best quality; there is a good dwelling house, barn, stable and other out buildings thereon. This farm is well fenced and watered.

For further particulars apply to

H. McLEAN, Auctioneer,

Or the subscriber, on the premises,

W. HALPENNY.

Gloucester, Sept. 13, 1867. 557 37-6m

W. NOTMAN,

Photographer to the Queen

CORNER OF

WELLINGTON AND METCALFE STREETS.

WOULD intimate that having all his arrangements completed, his

Establishment will be Opened

—ON—

Monday Next, 3rd February

When he will be prepared to fulfil orders for all the different branches of Photography.

Ottawa, Jan. 31, 1868. 582y

WAR! WAR! WAR!

KEARNS & RYAN,

WELL KNOWN

Merchants of this City,

—WHO KEEP THE PEOPLE'S—

CHEAP CASH STORE!

Have declared War against all other merchants of the Capital of Canada, for imposing dear goods on the people. They will make a

Reduction of 20 per cent off Hats and Bonnets,

—AND—

10 per cent off all other Cash Purchases

OVER ONE DOLLAR.

During the month of February. Rush to their establishment and judge for yourselves. No deception.

Corner of York and Sussex-sts.

Ottawa, February 3, 1868. 656d

BARGAINS

—IN—

DRESS GOODS!

IN ORDER to make a Clearance of the remainder of our Winter stock of COBURGS, WINCIES, MERINOS, REPPS, SERGES, FANCY POPLINETTES, &c., we have RE-MARKED *the whole lot at such prices as will shew a Reduction of from 12½ to 20 per cent under former prices.*

REMNANTS, REMNANTS, REMNANTS!

We have also brought forward our accumulation of Remnants of every kind, and marked them at Very Low Prices.

Magee & Russell.

Ottawa, Jan. 10, 1867. 580y

REMOVAL

OF THE

London Music Store!

E. MILES

DESIRES to inform the public that he has removed to the FRONT PART of

HER MAJESTY'S THEATRE,

WELLINGTON-STREET,

Where he has a larger premises, and a better means of displaying his new and fine stock of

PIANOS,

VICTORIA ORGANS AND MELODEONS.

His Show Room, up-stairs, is large and beautifully lit up, having an area of 60 feet long by 25 feet wide. The Sample Room is on the first flat, where some of each kind of Musical Instruments will be kept. Two cases of choice

VIOLINS

Have just been received, and will be offered for sale, besides a large assortment of

CONCERTINAS,
ACCORDEONS,
TAMBOURINES,
GUITARS,
FLUTES,
DRUMS,
&c., &c.

Direct from Germany.

Second hand Pianos taken in part payment for new ones.

Connected with this establishment is a Piano Manufacturer, who will attend punctually to all orders for TUNING left at the London Music Store.

E. MILES,
Lessee of Her Majesty's Theatre.

Ottawa, Feb. 1, 1868. 551-39y

SUN BURNER.

NO MORE Breaking of Chimneys; no More Burning of Fingers: No More Waste of Oil; No Trouble to Clean; No Trouble to Light No Anxiety About Explosions. It is a Cheap Labor Saving and Durable Article. Buy one and you will never repent doing so. Anyone dissatisfied can have their money returned.

LAMPS AND FITTINGS

ALWAYS ON HAND.

STOVES, TINWARE, &c.

☞ Competent workmen for jobbing on the premises.

ESMONDE BROS.,
43 SPARKS-ST.,
Next Hoop Skirt Factory.

Ottawa, January 21. 311y

WATCH LOST.

LOST on Saturday afternoon, by a lady while walking from Wellington street up Bank's and the New Road as far as the second bridge, a small, somewhat old style, Gold Watch. The finder will be suitably rewarded on leaving it at this Office.

February 17, 1868. 668-3

PORK! FLOUR!

THE Subscribers have just received 10 CAR LOADS of PORK, consisting of

455 *BBLS. OF MESS.*
40 *DO. OF THIN MESS,*
155 *DO. OF PRIME MESS,*

Also 20,000 lbs. weight Superior Steam Refined Leaf Lard.

Also for Sale, 500 barrels of Flour.

O'CONNOR & WALLER,
Exchange Brokers and Commission Merchants,
Sussex-st., Ottawa.

Ottawa, Feb. 17, 1868. 668tf

NOTICE.

THE HOLDERS of TICKETS for the DRAWING OF PRIZES in aid of the GOOD SHEPHERDS, will take notice that the same has been POSTPONED till TUESDAY EVENING, TWENTY-FIFTH FEBRUARY, INST., at 7.30 o'clock, at St. Vincent's Hall.

SARAH CALDWELL.

Ottawa, Feb. 18, 1868. 669td

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, February 14, 1868.

AUTHORIZED Discount on American Invoices until further notice, 28 per cent.

R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner of Customs

PLANS & SPECIFICATIONS

FOR THE WESTERN

CENTRAL SCHOOL BUILDING,

WILL BE RECEIVED AT THE

City Hall,

BY THE

BOARD OF SCHOOL TRUSTEES

FOR THE

City of Ottawa,

UP TO THE

Third day of March Next,

At Seven O'clock, P. M.,

THE BUILDING

TO BE OF

BRICK or STONE,

☞ Ninety Feet Frontage, and Sixty Feet in Depth, Two Stories High, with a good Basement for the Heating Apparatus.

ECONOMY,

Durability and Convenience

To be studied by each competitor.

The cost of building, with heating apparatus and out-houses, to be shown completed.

A Premium of Fifty Dollars

To be given for the Plans and Specifications that shall be accepted by the Board. Those not accepted will be returned to the person or persons who may have submitted the same.

JAMES D. SLATER,
Chairman.

Ottawa, Feb. 19, 1868. 6.9a

Skates! Skates!

At ISAAC'S,

ALSO,

SLEIGHS, SLEIGHS

ALL PRESENTS BY SANTA CLAUS,

At ISAAC'S

Skates from 20 cents to $6.00

At ISAAC'S,

Sparks-street,

ALSO,

Hardware of all Description

At Lowest Cash Prices,

At ISAAC'S.

☞ Remember the place,

T. ISAAC'S.

December 17, 1867. 617tf

BAZAAR

IN FAVOR OF

The St. Patrick's Orphan Asylum,

OTTAWA.

THE LADIES of the above named institution intend holding a BAZAAR during the month of MAY NEXT. Charitable persons who wish to contribute to this good work, are respectfully requested to send their contributions to any of the following ladies:

Mrs. WM. O'MEARA,
" CALDWELL,
" Mc GREEVEY,
" GOODWIN,
" J. W. RYAN,
" F. X. LEMIEUX,
Miss BASQUERVILLE,
Miss McCARTHY.

The following ladies have kindly consented to preside at the Refreshment Table—Mrs. Enright, Mrs. Matthews, Mrs. Barrett.

MARIANNE McCARTHY,
Secretary.

Ottawa, Feb. 15, 1868. 667td

Ottawa CROCKERY Store!

PRESENTATION ORNAMENTS.

WILLIAM ALLAN

RESPECTFULLY announces the arrival of a Choice Selection of China and Bohemian Glass Flower Vases and Ornaments suitable for Xmas and New Year's Gifts. Also, an most complete Stock of China, Glass, Earthenware and Parian Marble ever brought into Ottawa, consisting of

DINNER SETTS, DESSERT SETTS,
BREAKFAST SETTS, TOILET SETTS.

Plated and Engraved, Cut and Pressed TABLE GLASS, and an assortment of Common Ware to wholesale purchasers.

A large and most varied Stock select from:

W. ALLAN,
51 RIDEAU STREET, (opposite Mr. D. Whelan's.)

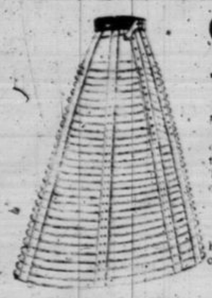
Ottawa, December 19, 1867. 576y

SHEFFIELD HOUSE!

E. K. MacGILL VRAY & Co.,

MANUFACTURING JEWELLERS
AND
WATCHMAKERS

OTTAWA, January 21, 1868.



City Hoop Skirt Factory

The Double Extension Skirt.

THIS new and convenient Skirt I am now making in all widths of tape. The great advantage this Skirt has over all others: ladies can alter it themselves to any width they wish, from 1½ yards to 3 yards, without the least trouble. They only can be had at the Factory. Every other style of Skirt on hand or made to order. Just received another lot of

FRENCH CORSETS.

Every size, from 17 inches to 36 inches. Also, a few of those old fashioned Corsets (lacing at the back.)

Lambs' Wool Hose, Breakfast Shawls.

Also, a large lot of Linen and Lawn Pocket Handkerchiefs, cheap

DAVID MILLAR,
43 Sparks-st, Centre Town, next to Esmonde's Stove Depot.

436y

New Premises and Cheap Goods.

GRANT & HENDERSON

Having recently moved into their new premises, **No. 20, Rideau-street,** one of the firm visited lately the Montreal Markets, and secured a very large stock of entirely

NEW GOODS,

At most EXTRAORDINARY REDUCTIONS in price, which cannot in a legitimate manner be undersold in this city.

RIDEAU-STREET, December 24, 1867. 623d

WHEELER & WILSON'S SEWING MACHINES,
THE BEST HOLIDAY PRESENT.

From $47 and upwards.

FIVE per cent. off for cash in bills until after the holidays. One handsome Mahogany full case $8 discount.

Gold Medal, Paris, 1867.

The Howe Sewing Machines from $50 Up.

Grout & Co.'s Twisted Elastic Stitch only $15.

Call and see this little beauty. Prospectuses and Samples sent Free by Mail.

December 19, 1867. 473-6y G. A. WALTON, Agent, 37 Sparks Street, Ottawa.

Dry Goods at Reduced Prices.

Cunningham and Lindsay

— ARE NOW SELLING —

Canadian Grey Cloth at 3s. 3d. per yard,
Canadian Tweeds at 4s. per yard,
Canadian Cotton Yarn at 7s. 6d. a Bundle,
Canadian Bags at 1. 9d

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY

Invite particular Attention to their

BLANKETS, FLANNELS AND MANTLE CLOTHS.

Ottawa, November 18, 1867. 510y

FIRST CLASS

Tailoring Establishment.

BEING desirous to dispose of the balance of my WINTER STOCK, in order to make room for

Spring Importations.

For two months I shall offer such inducements to intending purchasers as will enable me to make a ready sale, and my customers a good investment

Please Call and Examine.

G. M. HOLBROOK,

Pro Tem Depot, Elgin-street,
Opposite the Post Office.

581y

AMERICAN
[WALTHAM]
WATCHES.

THE true value of Machinery applied to Watchmaking is not that by its use Waltheswares made rapidly, but that they are made correctly. Very few people know why a Waltham Watch should be superior to any other. In the first place, at Waltham the Watch is regarded as only a machine, to be constructed, like any other machine, on mechanical principles. The factory is indeed little else than a vast machine shop, the principal work in which is not more upon watches than upon machinery to make watches with. If the watches are good, it is because the machinery is good. Of course there must be no defect in the principle or plan of the movement, no mistake in the sizes or shapes of the pieces of which it is composed, nothing wanting in their proportion, and no error in their positions. These points once thoroughly settled in regard to each part of every variety of watch, it rests wholly with the machinery constructed with infinite diversity of form and function, expressly for the purpose, to produce the finished piece. The method established in every department is the reproduction of parts by mechanical means, and this is carried out on the system of the most thorough subdivision of labor

By means of multiplying gauges and microscopes, tests, and inspection for the detection of wear in cutting tools and for faults and flaws in steel or stone are made to accompany the work in every stage from beginning to end. As a necessary result, the Watch goes together a perfect machine. Every part is found to fit properly in its place. Every pin may be pushed till it pinches, and every screw turned home. Instead of a sluggish and feeble action, the balance, even under the pressure of the finest mainspring, vibrates with a wide and free motion, and the beat has the clear and ringing sound, always characteristic of the Waltham Watch. The machine is a timekeeper from the start.

This system of watchmaking is unknown in foreign countries, and is entirely original with the Waltham Company. The company claim that by it they produce watches that cannot be equaled for every quality which makes a watch valuable. Simple in plan and correct in principle, the movement is not only beautifully finished, substantial, accurate and deep, but is uniform to the minutest details, not easily damaged, easily repaired, and when repaired always as good as new.

There are different grades or finish in the different varieties of watches made by the Waltham Company, as there are different sizes and shapes, to suit all tastes and means, but every watch that bears the genuine trade mark of "WALTHAM" is guaranteed to be a good one, and nobody need be afraid to buy it.

Every Watch Fully Warranted.

For sale by all respectable dealers in the United States and British Provinces. For further information address the Agents.

ROBBINS & APPLETON,
New York.
ROBERT WILKES, Toronto, C. W.

RAILROADS.

Grand Trunk Railway Company
OF CANADA.

WINTER ARRANGEMENTS, 1867.

TRAINS now leave Bonaventure Station as follows:

GOING WEST—Day Express for Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago and all points West, at 8.30 A.M.

Night Express do do at 7.30 P.M.

Accommodation Train for Kingston and intermediate stations at 7.00 A.M.

Local Train for Cornwall and intermediate Stations, at 4.20 P.M.

Trains for Lachine at 8.00 A.M., 9.50 A.M., 3.00 and 4.30 P.M.

The 3.00 P.M. Train runs through to Plattsburgh.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST—Accommodation Train from Island Pond and intermediate Stations, at 7.00 A.M.

Express for New York and Boston, at 8.40 A.M.

Express for Boston and New York, at 3.30 P.M.

Express for Portland (staying over night at Island Pond) at 2.00 P.M.

Night Express for Portland, Three Rivers, Quebec and Riviere du Loup, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbroke, Waterville and Coaticook only, at 10.10 P.M.

Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.

For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station.

C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director
December 23, 1867. 650tf

CHANGE of TIME

St. Lawrence & Ottawa Railway,

(formerly the Ottawa & Prescott Railway.)

ON and after MONDAY, the 30th Dec., 1867, and until further notice, trains will run as follows:

LEAVE PRESCOTT.	ARRIVE IN OTTAWA.
Mixed, 7.30 a.m.	11.00 a.m.
Express, 2.10 p.m.	4.45 p.m.
LEAVE OTTAWA.	**ARRIVE IN PRESCOTT.**
Express, 8 a.m.	10.30 a.m.
Mixed, 1.30 p.m.	4.45 p.m.

The time of these Trains has been rearranged as to ensure connection with night and day trains on Grand Trunk, east and west.

N. B.—These Trains run on Montreal Time.

Baggage to and from Ottawa checked through from and to stations on Grand Trunk Railway.

Return tickets to Prescott, Kemptville and Ottawa at reduced rates can be had at the principal stations on the line.

T. S. DETLOR, Superintendent. THOMAS REYNOLDS, Managing Director.
Ottawa, Dec. 28, 1867. 1y

Brockville and Ottawa Railway.

WINTER ARRANGEMENT
Commencing on Monday, December 9, 1867.

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

3:45 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 3.45 p.m., and arrive at Sandpoint at 9.25 p.m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT

6:15 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint daily at 6:15 a.m., and arrive at Brockville at 1:00 p.m.

LEAVES PERTH.

5:00 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Perth at 5:00 p.m., and 9:40 a.m., and arrive at Smith's Falls at 5:50 p.m. and 10:50 a.m.

LEAVES SMITH'S FALLS.

10:50 A.M.—TRAINS will leave Smith's Falls at 10:50 a.m., and 6:55 p.m., and arrive at Perth at 11:40 a.m., and 6:55 p.m.

All trains on main line connect at Smith's Falls with Trains to and from Perth.

No. 1 leaves Brockville after G. T. R. Express Train is due from the East.

No. 2 is due at Brockville in time to connect with G. T. R. Express Trains for the East and West.

H. ABBOTT,
Manager for Trustee.
Brockville, Dec. 16. 472y

Royal Canadian Bank

OTTAWA AGENCY:
Office—Desbarats' Building, 77 Sparks St
M. P. HAYES, AGENT.
Ottawa, June 21. 157tf.

DALGLISH & RUSSELL

ARE NOW IN RECEIPT OF THEIR new and varied assortment of

Grocery Goods

Consisting of Teas, Gunpowder, Old Hyson, Young Hyson, Hyson Twankay, Black, Extra Fine English Breakfast Souchong, Congou ditto, Oolong, Orange Bekoe, Finest Japans.

Coffees.—Java, Jamaica, La Guayra, Mocha Roasted and Ground on the premises.

Sugars.—English, refined in loaves, Broker Loaf, Crushed White, Yellow Refined.

Chocolate and Cocoa Spices, Mustards, Essences, Syrups, Pickles, Sauces, Vinegars, and Bottled Fruits, in Syrup, Preserves, Potted Meats, Fruits &c.—Also, Provisions, Sugar Cured Hams, Spiced Rolled Hams, Bacon, Butter, Cheese, Crackers, Biscuits, Flour, Oatmeal, Barley, Peas, Rice, Labrador Herrings, Table Codfish, Digby Herrings, &c., &c.

Our stock is extensive and complete, and every article warranted to give satisfaction. All orders sent or left will be promptly attended to.

All Goods delivered on the shortest notice

Dalglish & Russell,
Wellington & Kent-sts.

Take Highest Premiums at the Paris Exposition.

PLATFORM, COUNTER, Warehouse, Grain, Coal, Hay, Railroad Track, Depot, Druggist, Gold, and all kinds of SCALES constantly on hand and for Sale.

FAIRBANKS, BROWN & Co.,
Boston, Mass.

Our Sole Agents in Ottawa,

ALEXANDER WORKMAN & Co.

November 18, 1867. 503-6m

NOTICE

IS hereby given that application will be made to each and every Parliament having jurisdiction, at the present or next session thereof, respectively, for an act to amend the act chaptered 106, passed at the session of the Parliament for the late Province of Canada, held the 29th and 30th years of the Reign of Her Majesty Queen Victoria, intituled "An Act to Incorporate the Ottawa City Passenger Railway Company."

Dec. 2nd, 1867. 507-2m

Bottled Ale,
Bottled Ale,
Bottled Ale.

THE Subscriber would call the attention of Families and others to his

Fine Bottled Ale!

Which is in splendid condition. Also,

Scotch, Irish, Old Rye

And other Malt Whiskies.

Ports, Sherries, Brandies, Gin, &c.,

Together with a General Assortment of

FIRST-CLASS GROCERIES.

A Call kindly Solicited.

D. WHELAN,
41, Rideau-street,
Opposite Allan's Crockery Store

Ottawa, Jan. 20, 1868.

FOR SALE.

850 PAIRS of Grey Twilled BLANKETS, in bales of 50 pairs

—ALSO,—

Canadian White Twilled and Whitney Blankets. English Grey Blankets, weighing from 8 to 10 pounds each.

E. McGILLIVRAY.
Ottawa, December 23, 1867. 624-3m

PIANOFORTES!

Messrs. Orme & Son

BEG to intimate that they have on hand one of the FINEST COLLECTIONS of

Steinway, Chickering and Dunham PIANOFORTES

That have ever been offered for sale in Ottawa. These instruments were carefully selected by Mr. Nordheimer from the factories.

INSPECTION INVITED.

A splendid CHICKERING, only a few months in use, FOR SALE CHEAP, the proprietor having gone to England.

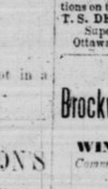
Old Pianofortes taken in exchange.

25, Sparks-street,
January 27. Sign of the Golden Lyre. 418y

PRIVATE BOARDING HOUSE.

MRS. RICHARD will open a Private first-class BOARDING HOUSE, Corner of SUSSEX and CLARENCE-STS., over Mr. Martineau's Dry Goods Store, on the 15th instant. Parties wishing quiet, good, comfortable board, with good attendance, will please apply and secure apartments.

Ottawa, February 6, 1868. 659-3m



AYER'S CATHARTIC PILLS.

Are you sick, feeble, and complaining? Are you out of order, with your system deranged, and your feelings uncomfortable? These symptoms are often the prelude to serious illness. Some fit of sickness is creeping upon you, and should be averted by a timely use of the right remedy. Take Ayer's Pills, and cleanse out the disordered humors—purify the blood, and let the fluids move on unobstructed in health again. They stimulate the functions of the body into vigorous activity, purify the system from the obstructions which make disease. A cold settles somewhere in the body, and obstructs its natural functions. These, if not relieved, react upon themselves and the surrounding organs, producing general aggravation, suffering, and disease. While in this condition, oppressed by the derangements, take Ayer's Pills, and see how directly they restore the natural action of the system, and with it the buoyant feeling of health again. What is true and so apparent in this trivial and common complaint, is also true to many of the deep-seated and dangerous distempers. The same purgative effect expels them. Caused by similar obstructions and derangements of the natural functions of the body, they are rapidly, and many of them surely, cured by the same means. None who know the virtues of these Pills, will neglect to employ them when suffering from the disorders they cure.

Statements from leading physicians in some of the principal cities, and from other well known public persons.

Boston Forwarding Merchant of St. Louis, Feb. 4, 1866.

DR. AYER: Your Pills are the paragon of all that is great in medicine. They have cured my little daughter of ulcerous sores upon her hands and feet that had proved incurable for years. Her mother has been long grievously afflicted with blotches and pimples on her skin and in her hair. After our child was cured, she also tried your Pills, and they have cured her.

ASA MORGRIDGE.

As a Family Physic.

From Dr. E. W. Cartwright, New Orleans.

Your Pills are the prince of purges. Their excellent qualities surpass any cathartic we possess. They are gentle, but very certain and effectual in their action on the bowels, which makes them invaluable to us in the daily treatment of disease.

Headache, Sick Headache, Foul Stomach.

From Dr. Edward Boyd, Baltimore.

DR. ED. AYER: I cannot answer you what complaints I have cured with your Pills better than to say *all that we ever treat with a purgative medicine.* I place great dependence on an effectual cathartic in my daily contest with disease, and believing as I do that your Pills afford us the best we have, I of course value them highly.

PITTSBURG, Pa., May 1, 1855.

DR. J. C. AYER. Sir: I have been repeatedly cured of the worst *headache* any body can have by a dose or two of your Pills. It seems to arise from a foul stomach, which they cleanse at once.

Yours with great respect, ED. W. PREBLE,
Clerk of Steamer Clarion.

Bilious Disorders—Liver Complaints.

From Dr. Theodore Bell, of New York City.

Not only are your Pills admirably adapted to their purposes as an aperient, but I find their beneficial effects upon the Liver very marked indeed. They have in my practice proved more effectual for the cure of *bilious complaints* than any one remedy I can mention. I sincerely rejoice that we have at length a purgative which is worthy the confidence of the profession and the people.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR,
Washington, D. C., 7th Feb., 1856.

SIR: I have used your Pills in my general and hospital practice ever since you made them, and cannot hesitate to say they are the best cathartic we employ. Their regulating action on the liver is quick and decided, consequently they are an admirable remedy for derangements of that organ. Indeed I have seldom found a case of *bilious disease* so obstinate that it did not readily yield to them. Fraternally yours, ALONZO BALL, M. D.,
Physician of the Marine Hospital.

Dysentery, Diarrhœa, Relax, Worms.

From Dr. J. G. Green, of Chicago.

Your Pills have had a long trial in my practice, and I hold them in esteem as one of the best aperients I have ever found. Their alterative effect upon the liver makes them an excellent remedy, when given in small doses for *bilious dysentery and diarrhœa.* Their sugar-coating makes them very acceptable and convenient for the use of women and children.

Dyspepsia, Impurity of the Blood.

From Rev. J. V. Himes, Pastor of Advent Church, Boston.

DR. AYER: I have used your Pills with extraordinary success in my family and among those I am called to visit in distress. To regulate the organs of digestion and purify the blood, they are the very best remedy I have ever known, and I can confidently recommend them to my friends. Yours, J. V. HIMES.

WARSAW, Wyoming Co., N. Y., Oct. 24, 1855.

DEAR SIR: I am using your Cathartic Pills in my practice, and find them an excellent purgative to cleanse the system and *purify the fountains of the blood.*

JOHN G. MEACHAM, M. D.

Constipation, Costiveness, Suppression, Rheumatism, Gout, Neuralgia, Dropsy, Paralysis, Fits, etc.

From Dr. J. P. Vaughn, Montreal, Canada.

Too much cannot be said of your Pills for the cure of *costiveness.* If others of our fraternity have found them as efficacious as I have, they should join me in proclaiming it for the benefit of the multitudes who suffer from that complaint, which, although bad enough in itself, is the progenitor of others that are worse. I believe correctness to originate in the liver, but your Pills affect that organ and cure the disease.

From Mrs. E. Stuart, Physician and Midwife, Boston.

I find one or two large doses of your Pills, taken at the proper time, are excellent promoters of the *natural secretion* when wholly or partially suppressed, and also very effectual to *cleanse the stomach and expel worms.* They are so much the best physic we have that I recommend no other to my patients.

From the Rev. Dr. Hawks, of the Methodist Episc. Church.

PULASKI HOUSE, Savannah, Ga., Jan. 6, 1856.

HONORED SIR: I should be ungrateful for the relief your skill has brought me if I did not report my case to you. A cold settled in my limbs and brought on excruciating *neuralgic pains,* which goaded me *almost* to madness. Notwithstanding I had the best of physicians, the pains grew worse and worse, until by the advice of your excellent agent in Baltimore, Dr. Mackenzie, I tried your Pills. Their effects were slow, but sure. By persevering in the use of them, I am now entirely well.

SENATE CHAMBER, Baton Rouge, La., 5 Dec. 1855.

DR. AYER: I have been entirely cured, by your Pills, of *Rheumatic Gout*—a painful disease that had afflicted me for years. VINCENT FLIDELL.

Most of the Pills in market contain Mercury, which, although a valuable remedy in skillful hands is dangerous in a public pill, from the dreadful consequences that frequently follow its incautious use. These contain no mercury or mineral substance whatever.

Price, 25 cents per Box, or 5 Boxes for $1.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, H. F. MacCarthy, and John Skinner, in Ottawa.

Royal Italian Bitters!
—OR,—
TONICO REALE

DEL DOTTORE F. P. VERRI.
Professor of Chemistry in the University o PADUA
ITALY.

THIS celebrated preparation for which a certificate of merit was awarded to the distinguished original preparer at the National Exposition at Torino, Italy, by whose favor Mr. GIANELLI obtained the recipe, and was also awarded a diploma at the Provincial Exhibition of Canada held at Montreal in September, 1865, is, without exception, the most genuine, salubrious and agreeable Tonic ever introduced to public notice either in Europe or America.

For seventeen years it has, in Italy, been a universal favorite among the *elite* of society, being generally served in the drawing room before dinner, in preferences to Vermouth.

The ingredients of its composition have been imparted to the leading Physicians of Canada and the United States, and have received their unqualified approval on every account.

The proprietor refers with the greatest confidence and satisfaction to the subjoined testimonials from eminent medical men, which he could add to, were it desirable.

Kept by the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion of Canada and in the United States.

Sold by the Proprietor,

Dear Sir: You request my opinion of the "Royal Italian Bitters," prepared from a receipt of Dr Verri, of Padua. I beg to state that I consider it a most agreeable cordial tonic, in every way superior in flavour and composition to the ordinary bitter tonics in general use. I have recommended it to several patients, who have derived marked benefit from its use.

I am, dear Sir, yours faithfully,
G. E. FENWICK, M.D.

A. M. F. GIANELLI, Esq., Montreal.

A. M. FGIANELLI,
26, Hospital-street, Montreal.

SALE OF ORDNANCE LANDS
OTTAWA.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that a large number of Lots, of different sizes and dimensions,

Town Lots & Country Lots,

Will be offered for sale on

SATURDAY, 6th APRIL NEXT,

AT THE

Auction Room of H. McLean, Auctioneer,

OTTAWA, VIZ.:

Building Lots in Ottawa on North Rideau street, South George street, South St. Andrew street, North St. Andrew street, South Bolton street, South Parry street, South Franklin street, North Franklin street South Park street, East Wurtenburg street, Lot H Rideau Front, Lot I, do.

ALSO,

	Acres.	R.	P.
Lot 34, concession B, Nepean	87	00	00
25, concession B, coupled by Mulligan and one McCabe	77	00	00
Lot K, concession D, Nepean, part of	59	00	00
Lots L and M, concession B, Nepean, parts of	84	2	25
Lot K, concession C, Nepean	53	00	00
Sub Lots 2, 3, 4, on Lot E, concession C, Neepean, 1 acre and nine perches each.			
Eleven Sub-Lots of 10 acres each, on Lot No. 21, Gore of Gloucester.			
Nineteen sub-Lots of 10 acres each, on Lot No. 22, Gore of Gloucester.			
Lot letter I, concession A, Gloucester	101	1	83

	South	Shore
Metis	do	do
St. Anne des Monts	do	do
Mont Louis	do	do
Magdalen	do	do
Grand Pabos, Chaleur bay	do	do
Grand Bonaventure	do	do
Little Cascapedia	do	do
Grand Cascapedia	do	do
Nouvelle	do	do
Metapedia	do	do
Restigouche	do	do
Mistouche	do	do

Application to Lease or License any of the above Rivers should be made to this Department.

P. MITCHELL,
Minister of Marine and Fisheries.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA.

Tuesday, 28th day of January, 1868.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS it has been represented to His Excellency in Council, that it is expedient that sub-section 4 of section 31 of the Act passed in the present Session of Parliament intituled: "An Act respecting the Inland Revenue," should be so far modified as to provide for a drawback of one cent per pound being allowed upon all Malt used in the manufacture of Beer when brewed from Malt and sugar combined.

His Excellency in Council on the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Inland Revenue, and under and in virtue of the authority given and conferred by the 49th Section of the Act 30 & 31 Vic., Cap 5, has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that a drawback of one cent per pound shall be, and the same is hereby authorized and allowed on all Malt used in the manufacture of Beer when brewed from malt and sugar combined.

WM. H. LEE,
656-4t Clerk Privy Council

SALMON RIVERS.

DEPARTMENT OF
MARINE & FISHERIES.

OTTAWA, 7th October, 1867.

LIST OF SALMON RIVERS within the Province of Quebec, the Fluvial Divisions of which are disposable for Angling purposes:—

The River Mistassini—discharging into River St. Lawrence on the		North	Shore.
do	Bateman	do	do
do	Trinity	do	do
do	Little Trinity	do	do
do	Calumet	do	do
do	Pentecost	do	do
do	Little Margaret	do	do
do	Trois	do	do
do	Shelduke	do	do
do	Magpie	do	do
do	Little Watchecshoo	do	do
do	Nabessippi	do	do
do	Agwanus	do	do
do	Kegashka	do	do
do	Musquarro	do	do
do	Washeccootai	do	do
do	Romanie [illegible]	do	do
do	Concoacho	do	do
do	Etnarru	do	do
do	Macatina	do	do
do	St. Augustine	do	do
do	Esquimaux	do	do
do	Onelle	South	Shore
do	Metis	do	do
do	St. Anne des Monts	do	do
do	Mont Louis	do	do
do	Magdalen	do	do
do	Grand Pabos, Chaleur bay	do	do
do	Grand Bonaventure	do	do
do	Little Cascapedia	do	do
do	Grand Cascapedia	do	do
do	Nouvelle	do	do
do	Metapedia	do	do
do	Restigouche	do	do
do	Mistouche	do	do

Application to Lease or License any of the above Rivers should be made to this Department.

P. MITCHELL,
Minister of Marine and Fisheries.

PRIVATE BILLS.

ON the reassembling of the Parliament of Canada, in March, PETITIONS FOR PRIVATE BILLS will be received, in the House of Commons, until Thursday, the 2nd of April following.

C. W. B. LINDSAY,
Clerk, House of Commons.
Ottawa, Feb. 1, 1868. 65 1Mh12

Recorder's Court,

FOR the City of Ottawa, will be holden in the COURT HOUSE, old Jail, in said city, on MONDAY, the SECOND day of MARCH next, at the hour of ELEVEN of the clock in the forenoon, of which all City Coroners, Justices of the Peace, Constables, Jurors, and all others in any wise concerned, are hereby required to take notice and govern themselves accordingly.

RODERICK ROSS,
High Bailiff.

High Bailiff's Office,
Ottawa, 15th February, 1868. 668td

DEPARTMENT OF INLAND REVENUE.
Ottawa, January 31, 1868

Notice.

ON AND FROM THE

First day of February 1868

ALL REQUISITIONS FOR

STAMPS!

TO

Bills and Promissory Notes,

To be used in the Dominion of Canada by the various persons entrusted with the distribution thereof, will have to be addressed to this Department.

THOS. WORTHINGTON,
655tf For the Minister of Inland Revenue.

GREAT DISCOVERY.

EVERY MAN HIS OWN ARTIST!

A SCIENTIFIC WONDER.

AN Instrument by which any person can take correct Likenesses or Photographs. This instrument with full instructions sent by mail for one dollar. Address,

C. B. AMES & CO.,
64 Broadway, New York.

FRESH ARRIVALS
OF
Very Choice and Superior
TEAS

NOW ON SALE

AT THE

1,000 CHESTS UNCOLORED JAPAN.

500 Chests very choice and superior YOUNG HYSON.

700 Chests Good Strong TWANKAY

100 Chests old fashioned BREAKFAST SOUCHONG.

150 Caddies MANDERIN MIXTURE.

This is the finest BLACK TEA ever imported, 5s per pound; in small Caddies, about 14 lb each, 4s 9d.

COFFEE!
The Pure Mountain Berry

"Without exception the finest Coffee in the world."—*London Times, March 16.*

We are constantly receiving supplies of this truly beautiful and delicious COFFEE, *roasted daily on our premises by*

Dakins' Patent Silver Cylinder

By which peculiar process, the aroma is preserved, an renders it the FAVORITE WITH ALL COFFEE DRINKERS.

BEWARE OF SPURIOUS IMITATIONS.

As this imported by no other firm in Canada

ROBINSON & CO.,
THE TEA POT,
OTTAWA

Wines, Spirits & Liquors

ROBINSON & CO. would especially call the attention of families to their stock of

ALES, WINES & SPIRITS.

100 cases Otard Brandy.
50 " Martell's
150 " Hennessey.
75 " United Vinquels

We have a most delicious

DINNER SHERRY

Which we are selling at 8 shillings per gallon

GUINESS & CO.

DUBLIN STOUT!

BLOOD'S LONDON STOUT.
BARCLAY'S LONDON PORTER
ALLSOP'S PALE ALE.
BASS' EAST INDIA.
DOW'S CELEBRATED MONTREAL ALE
DAW'S SUPERIOR LACHINE ALE
DAW'S CELEBRATED PORTER & STOUT

PRESERVED MEATS.

Just Received from England:

ROAST HARE.
CURRIED DO.
JUGGED DO.
STEWED DO.
ROAST PHEASANTS.
ROAST GROUSE.
OAST PARTRIDGE

ALL GOODS DELIVERED FREE by our own Waggons to any part of the City daily

ROBINSON & CO.
THE TEA POT,
OTTAWA.

Establishments—Sussex St. and Rideau St
Ottawa, September 16. 225tf

CAUTION.

THE Subscriber regrets the necessity for cautioning the public against imitations of his popular Pomades,

The Alexandra Cream,

AND

The Canada Pomade

But having been informed that some unprincipled person has put up inferior articles, copying the labels word for word, and thereby greatly damaging the sale of the genuine articles, he is compelled to take this course in self-defence.

For the future every genuine pot will bear my written signature in RED INK, across the face of the label.

W. M. MASSEY,
Family and Dispensing Chemist,
Medical Hall, 52, Sparks-st.
Ottawa, Feb. 6, 1868. 472y

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

NOTICE.

THE Undersigned will either sell or let for a few years his well known farm, being lot Twenty-five in the Fourth concession of Gloucester, Rideau Front, 215 acres all cleared, and well tenped and in a good state of cultivation. Also, the one-half of lot Twenty-seven in the Third Concession, being in its natural state, all wood and excellent land. It is just the excess of two hundred acres from the corner of the one lot to the other. The railroad line runs within an feet of the front corner of the two hundred and in sight of the two hundred for twoor three miles. The Station at Cunningham's is scarcely a mile and a half from the front of Lot Twenty-five. The above farm is capable of keeping thirty head of milch cows, two teams of horses, and as many young cattle as it would be proper to raise. Eight or nine years ago I kept twenty-two milch cows, and ten or twelve horses, and raised five or six calves every year. The above farm is about ten miles, from the door, to the limits of the City. The improvements cannot be surpassed for a farmer's purpose. The dwelling house is stone, 30 by 40, a story and a half over ground; and a cellar nine feet high, the one half used for a kitchen and the other half capable of holding 1,000 bushels of anything you wish to put into it; there is three small rooms in it, and when cleaned in the Spring, makes an excellent root house or dairy; there is a frame wood shed at the door, 60 by 24, with 14 feet taken off the one end for a coachhouse, and overhead for a storehouse; next to that is a stable 36 by 26, finished inside, complete with four large double stalls and two single ones, and good room to hang up harness, and out door convenient to that is a barn 40 by 50, in which I have often put 1,000 bushels of grain in one year; connected with that is 200 and 20 feet of frame sheds, all 20 and 24 deep, under pinned with stone and lime from two to seven feet, according to level; on the north side of the house is another barn, 30 by 40, commonly filled with peas and oats. And if either tenant or purchaser has a desire for religious purposes, you can be in your bed and look at the bell tolling on the Catholic Church every Holy Day, and go to the front door and you will see the Presbyterian Church, where the Rev. Mr Lochead has preached for the last twenty two years, and go to the back door and you will see both English Church and Methodist Church within two miles. The above farm would be a desirable situation for a young man wishing to give his attention to farming, as the Ottawa Market cannot be surpassed in the Dominion. I think that I can say that I have not sold one pound of butter under one shilling this eight years; if one went under, two went over. Some reader may ask what am I selling for, it is neither for scant nor for want of anything, but I am in the seventieth year of my age, and has purchased off this lot seven hundred and fifty acres of land and all is paid for, and all my sons is settled on their own farms, so I would rather sit down and take my ease as he attending to marketing and farming any longer. Persons wishing to get any information on any point from me can do so by addressing, postpaid JAMES JOHNSTON, senr., South Gloucester.

JAMES JOHNSTON, Senr.
February 6, 1868. 769 6Mh17.

Two Dwellings to Let.

BEING the Upper part of E. MARTINEAU'S Clothing Store, Corner of Sussex and Clarence-streets.

Enquire at the Store.

Ottawa, Jan. 22, 1868. EUG. MARTINEAU. 656tf

To Let.

A ROOM TO LET either with or without board. Enquire this office.
Ottawa, November 20. 504tf

Lots for Sale.

6 BUILDING LOTS, one mile from the city, on the Richmond Road, containing one acre each. Apply to THOMAS ANDERSON, Jun., on the premises. 561tf

FOR SALE.—THE WESTerly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession Ottawa, Front Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same Concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. T. Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to JOHN and WM. THOMSON, Nepean, and LEWIS & PINHEY, Barrister, Ottawa. Je2-141-tf

FOR SALE, THAT ELIgible property, beautifully situated on the Banks of the Ottawa, in the Township of Nepean, distant from the City of Ottawa about three miles on the macadamized road, together with the STONE DWELLING-HOUSE thereon erected, at present occupied by William Thomson, Esquire, and the garden and ornamented grounds adjoining the same, forming part of Lot No. 29, in the 1st concession, Ottawa front. A most desirable private residence and vacant Lots adjoining the same also for sale at reasonable prices

For particulars and terms apply to John and William Thomson on the premises, or to

LEWIS & PINHEY,
Barristers, &c., Ottawa.
Ottawa, February 27, 1867 362y

VICTORIA HOTEL TO LET.

NO more eligible chance could be offered to any party in the Hotel-keeping line than the lease of the above FIRST-CLASS HOTEL.

Being on the eve of Confederation, and Ottawa being definitely settled upon as its capital,

The Victoria Hotel

could not fail to be made to pay.

It is built on the most modern style of Architecture, of cut stone; has large plate-glass windows, and is four stories high, exclusive of the basement. It is finely situated on the corner of Wellington and O'Connor-streets, immediately opposite the Parliament Buildings and has three vacant lots attached, so that the Buildings could be enlarged to any required capacity.

Applications, (postpaid) to be addressed to

FRANCIS CLEMOW, ESQ.,
Or JOHN HENRY, Esq.,
Richmond Road, Ottawa, C. W
Ottawa, March 11. 579tf

COUNTRY RESIDENCE FOR SALE.—Beautifully situated on the Macadamized Road between Ottawa City and Aylmer, about 35 minutes' drive from the city. A farm of excellent land, containing about 30 acres, with a large stone house erected thereon.

The proprietor has no objection to sell a part of the farm, with or without the house. This would be a desirable country residence. Title unexceptionable.

Apply to

REV. J. JOHNSTON,
Half Village.
August 1. 501 5m.

FARMS FOR SALE.

100 ACRES.—The north half of Lot No. No 11, in 4th Con. of the Township of Osgoode, with a good House and Barn, and other out buildings, and a good Spring Well, 40 acres cleared and in a good state of cultivation. This is situated on the Prescott Road within fifteen miles of Ottawa. Also the south half of Lot No. 6, in the 3rd Con. of Osgoode, containing 100 acres, 30 acres cleared, the rest well wooded, with good hardwood, and well watered, and situated within a quarter of a mile of the Railway Station. Titles good.

The Times

VOL. II. NO 672. OTTAWA, FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 21, 1868. PRICE—3 CENTS

THE

Ottawa Daily Times,

(Published every morning, Sundays excepted.)

THE DAILY AND WEEKLY TIMES NOW enjoys THE LARGEST CIRCULATION of any paper published in the Ottawa Valley—issuing of the Daily over 2,000 l. and Weekly over 4,000 l making a total circulation in the week of over 18,000 l thus outstripping all competitors, and affording the best medium for business men to advertise in.

ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in the Daily at the following rates:

Business Cards of from 3 to 5 lines, per annum—payable in advance only..... $6 00

Transient Advertisements, first insertion per line..... 8c

Subsequent insertions, per line..... 2c

Yearly advertisers specially contracted with, and liberal allowance made.

Weekly subscription to the daily (if paid in advance)..... $5 00

If not paid in advance..... 6 00

Yearly subscription to the weekly (if paid in advance)..... $1 00

If not paid in advance..... 1 50

ADVERTISING AGENCY.—Messrs. S. M. Pettengill & Co., 54, Park Row, New York, and State Street, Boston, General Advertising Agents, are hereby authorized to receive Advertisements for the OTTAWA TIMES

LEGAL.

DR. O. C. WOOD,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur Ottawa. Day office opposite Magee & Russell's, Sparks Street, Center Town; Night Office at his Residence, Maria Street, Center Town.
CANCER CURED, with out the use of the knife, by a new, but certain, speedy, and almost painless process. References given to parties successfully treated, if required. The cure guaranteed.
Ottawa, April 14. 17w-106-y

R. J. WICKSTEED,
ADVOCATE, &c., 42, Little St. James Street, MONTREAL.
November 14, 1867. 589-6m

N. TETREAU,
NOTARY PUBLIC for the Province of Quebec, HULL, near the Post Office.
Dec. 6, 1867. 390tf

NICHOLAS SPARKS,
LAW, Chancery and Conveyancing Office, Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office.
Ottawa, July 19. 489y

LAPIERRE & HAYCOCK,
ATTORNIES-AT-LAW; Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers and Notaries Public, corner of Sussex and York-streets, Ottawa.
Ottawa, February 26, 1867. 368y

D. O'CONNOR,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex Street. OFFICE: Union Buildings, Ottawa.
February 21, 1866. 55-y

R. H. HAYCOCK,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. OFFICE: Post Office Building, Elgin Street, Ottawa.
February 7, 1866. 43-y

A. F. BOUCHETTE,
ADVOCATE. Office: No. 17, St. Peter Street, Quebec. Mr. Bouchette will always be prepared to attend promptly to any business the Government employes, and the public generally may entrust him. Mr. B. attends regularly the circuit in and for the district of Quebec.
December 28, 1865. 9-y

F. J. BUCKLEY, LL.B.,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law Solicitor-in-Chancery, and Notary Public. Office, over Mr. Luke Cassar's Boot and Shoe Store, Rideau Street, Ottawa, C. W.
January 17 1867. 334y

AUGUSTUS KEEFER,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office: Opposite Post Office, Elgin Street, in the rooms lately occupied as the Custom House.
Ottawa, March 30. 87-tf

J. F. BOULTON,
BARRISTER-AT-LAW, Solicitor-in-Chancery, &c. OFFICE: Aumond's Buildings, Rideau Street.
Ottawa, Jan. 12, 1866. 21-y

M. McLEOD,
BARRISTER, Etc., for Lower Canada. OFFICES: Court House, Aylmer and Buckingham, C.E.
☞ Attends to all Law Courts in the District of Ottawa.
February 7, 1866. 43-ut

LEES & GEMMELL,
BARRISTERS, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. OFFICE: In the Court House, Ottawa, C. W.
ROBERT LEES. JOHN J. GEMMELL.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

EDWARD T. DARTNELL,
BARRISTER, Solicitor, Attorney, and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Crown Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell.
OFFICE: In the Court House, L'Orignal.
January 27, 1866. 34-6m

MEDICAL.

DR. CHESLEY,
OFFICE over Mr. Garth's Establishment, 25 Rideau-st., Ottawa.
May 30 447tf

DR. C. LEGGO,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Office: Hunton's Block, Sparks Street.

DR. DORION,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon, and Accoucheur, Clarence Street, Ottawa.
March 1. 371y

DR. OLIVER MARTIN,
DENTIST. Office: Sparks Street, Central Ottawa.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-utf

DR. C. A. MARTIN,
DENTIST. Office: Sussex Street, over Messrs. Campbell & Co.'s, Grocers.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-utf

DR. JOHN LEGGO,
DENTIST, Hunton's Block, Sparks Street. ☞ Teeth extracted without pain by means of the Ethereal Spray Producer. 350a

W. R. BELL, A.M., M.D., C.M., &c.
(RECENTLY FROM ENGLAND.)
SURGERY and Residence, George Street.
Ottawa, November 13. 280y

DR. LESLIE JONES,
Surgeon, &c., of Dublin and Edinburgh.
SURGERY and Consulting Office, Rideau-st., next door to the St. Lawrence Hall. Residence—Daly Street. 584y

DR. GEORGE HUTCHISON,
DENTIST: Office, Sparks-street, opposite Magee & Russell's.
Ottawa, October 30, 1867. 576y

DR. W. J. HENRY,
CORNER of Kent and Wellington Streets, Ottawa.
November 6. 43utf

G. J. O'DOHERTY,
LAW, CHANCERY and CONVEYANCING OFFICE, AUMOND'S BUILDINGS, Rideau-street.
Ottawa, Dec. 6, 1867. 608-49y

HOLGATE, OLIVER & ANNABLE,
WHOLESALE Manufacturers of Bedsteads Chairs, &c., Chaudiere Island Ottawa, C.W.
WILLIAM HOLGATE,
JOHN OLIVER,
WILLIAM ANNABLE.
Ottawa A 506y

BUSINESS CARDS.

B. BILLINGS, JR.,
ARCHITECT, Elgin-street, opposite the Post Office.
REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq, Managing Director O & P R W 612-6m

R. SPARKS,
PROVINCIAL LAND SURVEYOR, Draughtsman, &c., (commissioned for Upper and Lower Canada.) Office and residence, Gloucester, near Ottawa. Surveys of every description executed with accuracy. Communications addressed Ottawa City, (post-paid), or left at the office of N. Sparks, Solicitor, &c., Ottawa, will receive prompt attention.
Ottawa, February 21, 1866. 55-

N. McKINNON,
COMMISSION and Exchange Broker, and Insurance Agent, Sparks-street, opposite Magee & Russell's, Ottawa, C. W.
Ottawa, March 23. 391y

O'CONNOR & WALLER,
EXCHANGE Brokers, Fire, Life and Accidental Insurance, Commission and Collecting Agents. Office, No. 27, Sussex-street, Ottawa.
K. E. O'CONNOR. W. H. WALLER.
March 9. 378y

J. P. MACPHERSON,
BARRISTER, &c., Ottawa. Office: Lang's Buildings, opposite Post-Office
Ottawa, March 10, 1866. 70-y

H. McLEAN'S
AUCTION Rooms, No. 19, Sparks Street, Centre Town, Ottawa, opposite Hope's Stationery Store.
The sale of Real Estate at Auction or Private Sale promptly attended to. Consignments received for positive sale. Parties wishing to purchase Real Estate will receive all information FREE OF CHARGE by calling at the office.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y

R. H. McGREEVY,
CONTRACTOR and Builder. Office: North side York street, second door from Sussex Street.
Ottawa, March 20, 1866. 78-y

S. CHRISTIE,
COMMISSION Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.
OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W. y

PARLIAMENTARY AGENCY.

C. J. BOUCHETTE,
P. L. SURVEYOR and Draughtsman, Mining, Land, and General Parliamentary Agent. References unexceptionable. OFFICE: Wellington Street, next to British Hotel, and nearly opposite the banks, Ottawa.
P. S.—Special attentian given with despatch to Public Land business, adjusting disputed claims, and securing Patents.
Ottawa, May 22. 132-y

JOHN MERCER,
Teacher Piano-Forte, Violin, &c.
THOROUGH BASS.
AYLMER, C. E

VISITS OTTAWA TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS.
Orders left at Union House will be punctually attended to.
Ottawa, July 26. 187tf

HOTELS AND SALOONS.

DOMINION HOUSE!
WELLINGTON-STREET,
COLIN McLaurin & Geo. Irvine, Proprietors. This hotel has been lately fitted up, and is now replete with every convenience which characterizes a modern hotel.
☞ Boarders taken at moderate rates. The bar is always stocked with first-class liquors.
Ottawa, Feb. 5. 658-8wy

HOLT'S HOTEL,
AYLMER, C. E., Livery and General Stage Office. Alfred Moses Holt, Jr., Prop'tr.
December 21, 1865. 4-y

JAS. JOHNSTON'S
UNION HOUSE, North Gower. Good Stabling and an attentive Hostler.
January 11, 1866. 29-y

DUIGNAN'S
PRIVATE HOTEL, Sparks Street, Ottawa, C. W. A few gentlemen can obtain superior apartments.
Ottawa, Dec. 20, 1865. 3-y

THE RUSSELL HOUSE,
LATE CAMPBELL'S HOTEL, Ottawa, C. W. The undersigned, proprietor of the above-named Hotel, begs leave to acquaint his numerous friends and the travelling public, that he has re-painted and newly-furnished throughout this commodious establishment, in the management of which by strict attention to business and guests, he hopes to deserve encouragement and support.
JAMES E. GOUIN,
Lately, and for many years connected with Russell's Hotel, Pulace Street, Quebec

THE ALBION HOTEL
NICHOLAS Street, Court-House Avenue, Ottawa, John Graham, Proprietor.
This House is conveniently situated, and still maintains its character as a FIRST-CLASS HOTEL. Considerable additions have recently been made to the premises, and it has been entirely repainted and renovated. No pains will be spared to accommodate and please.
OMNIBUSES to and from the cars and boats free of charge. There is a FIRST-CLASS LIVERY STABLE attached to the Hotel.
Ottawa 1866. 1-y

JOHN MALTMAN
LATE McADAM'S, Commercial Hotel, Packenham.
The above Hotel, one of the oldest and best known in Packenham, has been leased by the undersigned and thoroughly overhauled and refitted for the special accommodation of guests. THE TABLE AND BAR will at all times be furnished with the very best the market affords.
GOOD STABLING and a careful Hostler always in attendance
JOHN MALTMAN.

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,
M. KAVANAGH, Proprietor, Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington Streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government buildings.
The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.
☞ Oysters, Game etc., daily

THE METROPOLITAN
Aumond's Block,
Rideau Street, Ottawa.
P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.
Ottawa, November 27. 292tf

THE REVERE HOUSE,
OTTAWA.
G. A. BUCKE, W. H. SANGER, } PROPRIETORS.
THIS FIRST-CLASS HOTEL has been re-furnished and refitted throughout, and now combines all the requisites of a first-class establishment.
Ottawa, Nov. 6, 1867 582tf

MISS LOVETT'S
PRIVATE HOTEL
HOLLIS STREET, HALIFAX, N. S.
STRANGERS will find this long established and well known house to be the most comfortable and well conducted in the city.
December 23, 1867. 622-6m

TO PARTIES ABOUT TO BUILD—
PLANS,
SPECIFICATIONS,
ESTIMATES, &
Prepared by AUGUSTUS LAVER, ARCHITECT
End Daly-st. Ottawa.
April 1.

DRUGGISTS.

Spectacles for all Sights,
OPTICAL Instruments Electro-Magnetic and Galanic Apparatus, Photographic Chemicals, &c.
W. HEARN,
637y Market Drug Store, York-street.

Apothecaries Hall!
No. 41, SUSSEX STREET,
G. MORTIMER, - - - PROPRIETOR
NONE OTHER GENUINE!
TRADE MARK. IS REGISTERED

Canadian Cough Emulsion.
THIS Valuable Medicine has the extraordinary property of immediately relieving Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Difficulty of Breathing, Tightness in the Chest, &c., &c. It operates by dissolving the congealed phlegm, causing free expectoration, and an agreeable moistness of the skin. Prepared only by
GEORGE MORTIMER,
Chemist and Druggist, 41, Sussex Street, Ottawa City. Sold in bottles at 1s 3d and 2s 6d each.

MORTIMER'S
COMPOUND ANTIBILIOUS
AND FAMILY APERIENT PILLS.
A grand Specific for derangement of the digestive organs, and for obstructions and torpid action of the Liver and Bowels.

MORTIMER'S Vegetable WORM DESTROYER.
The only sure remedy that exists. Combining delicious taste with amazing power. Also
CAMPHORATED EYE-WATER,
Sure Cure for Sore, Weak and Inflamed Eyes.

MORTIMER'S
Colognes, Pomades, Toilet Vinegar, Rose Dentrifice, for the Teeth and Gums. Also constantly on hand, Perfumes of all kinds, and Toilet requisites usually kept in a first-class establishment.

FOUND,
A NEVER Failing Remedy for Coughs and Colds, Mortimer's Canadian Cough Emulsion. No family should be without a bottle. None genuine but from
G. MORTIMER,
Chemist, 41, Sussex-st.
The best of Certificates can be produced.
Ottawa, Nov. 22, 1867. 596-6m

OTTAWA
DRUG WAREHOUSE,
RIDEAU STREET
1866 SEEDS. SEEDS. 1866.
A LARGE STOCK OF FRESH GARDEN and FIELD SEEDS, just arrived and on Sale. All Seeds warranted Fresh.
A large importation of English and French PERFUMES will arrive next week.
FLORIDA WATER. SOZODONT.
HAIR BRUSHES. COMBS.
NAIL BRUSHES. CLOTHES BRUSHES,
&c., &c., &c
Just being opened up.
JOSEPH GARVEY, M.D.
P. S.—Advice to the poor gratis.
Ottawa, April 11. 97-y

DOMESTIC DYES.
THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT OF DYES in this city on sale at the
Ottawa Drug Warehouse.
A free Lot of Good, Cheap PERFUMES just received.
N. B.—Prescriptions carefully and promptly prepared. J. GARVEY, M. D.
Ottawa, Feb. 12 1866 47-utf

PARLIAMENT
HAIRDRESSING SALOON!
E. MILES,
Hairdresser by Appointment to His Excellency the Governor-General,
HAS REMOVED HIS PARLIAMENT HAIR DRESSING SALOON from the old stand to his new and commodious room over the LONDON MUSIC STORE, on Elgin-st., opposite the Russell House, which he has fitted up in the most recherche style of the business, and where his Rotary Hair Brush, which he imported expressly for himself, being the first introduced into British America, will be kept ready for use. The saloon is delightfully ventilated, and very pleasantly situated.
Mr. MILES would take this opportunity of returning his most sincere thanks to his many friends and the public, for their kind and generous patronage to him, during a number of years, in his old establishment, and trusts that by unremitting attention to business, and in his new and first-class saloon, with polite and attentive workmen, to merit a continuance of their favors.
All kinds of Hair Watch Guards, Finger Rings, &c., manufactured to order. For the convenience of ladies orders will be received at the London Music store, where a fine and varied assortment of Hair-work will be found.
E. MILES,
Hair Dresser, by appointment, to his Excellency the Governor-General.
Ottawa, October 3 1867 553-39y

BAZAAR.
IT is intended to hold a Bazaar on the
SEVENTEENTH of MARCH NEXT,
1868, and following days, in aid of the DEBT on
The Parsonage of Christ Church.
Contributions will be most thankfully received from the members of the Church, and other friends in Ottawa, by the following Ladies, who have kindly consented to act as a Committee of Management
MRS. CLEMOW,
" W. F. POWELL,
" COFFIN,
" ADAMSON,
" T. M. BLASDELL,
" LAUDER,
" DONALDSON,
" JOHN THOMPSON,
N. SPARKS,
MAGEE,
" STREET.
ANNIE POWELL,
Secretary.
Ottawa, Dec. 23, 1867. 632td

Satchell Brothers,
Butchers to His Excellency Lord Monck.
No. 7, LOWER TOWN MARKET,
Superior Stall Fed
BEEF, MUTTON, LAMB AND VEAL,
SATCHELL'S
Celebrated Spiced Rounds & Rolled Beef,
Cured in the English Style.
Also, Sugar Cured Hams and Bacon of their own curing, constantly on hand.
Ottawa, December 21. 621-3m

GREAT CLEARING SALE
—OF—
Dry Goods and Ready-made Clothing,
—AT—
J. T. Prudhomme's Stores,
SUSSEX-STREET, FACING CLARENCE-STREET,
And at the Sign of the "Golden Lamb."
AS the Subscriber intends closing one of his Stores on the first day of December, he is determined to sell off at an immense reduction his stock of
DRY GOODS & READY-MADE CLOTHING
—CONSISTING OF—

Beaver Cloths,	West of England Broad Cloths,	Col. and White Blankets
Pilot do	Black Cassimeres,	Horse Rugs,
Whitney do	Silk Mix Coatings,	Flannels,
Melton do	" " Trowserings,	Kerseys,
Sattinet do	Fancy Doeskins,	Winceys.

English, Scotch and Canadian Tweeds.

DRAWERS,	SHAWLS,	BUCK MITTS,	
SHIRTS,	CLOAKINGS,	BUCK MOCASSINS,	
WOOL CRAVATS,	DRESS GOODS,	WOOL SOCKS	
" SCARFS,	NECK TIES,	" MITTS,	
NECK TIES,	PRINTS,	TRUNKS,	
COLLARS,	COBOURGS,	VALISES	

—ALSO, A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF—
Boots and Shoes, Teas, Soap, Candles and Wines
The whole to be disposed of before the 1st day of December. Call early and examine before purchasing elsewhere.
Ottawa, November 19, 1867. 593-3m

RELIANCE
MUTUAL LIFE ASSURANCE CO'Y.
ESTABLISHED 1840.
CHIEF OFFICE—71, King William-street, Mannon House, LONDON.
ACCUMULATED PREMIUMS OVER, - - - - $1,000,000.
ANNUAL INCOME OVER, - - - - - - $300,000.
TRUSTEES.
The Right Rev the Bishop of Moray and Ross.
Viscount Kirkaldie, J R S Phillipps, Esq, Sir John T Tyrell, Bart
John Ledger, Esq, James Traill, Esq, W M Tufnell, Esq
DIRECTORS.
George Ashlin, Esq, John W Lay, Esq, Henry T Prinsep, Esq
W W Duffield, Esq, John Ledger, Esq, Major Skinner, R A
J W Egertongreen, Esq, J Ozlyparker, Esq, Charles H Smith, Esq
George T Harris, Esq, William Phelps, Esq, James Traill, Esq
John James, Esq, John Pike, Esq, W M Tufnell, Esq
Edward White, Esq
MEDICAL OFFICERS.
J W Ogle, Esq, M D | H F Smith, Esq, M D
BANKS.
Messrs William Deacon Co, Birchin Lane, Messrs Sparrow, Tufnell & Co, Chelmsford.
The London and County Bank.
SOLICITORS.
Messrs Hooke & Street, 27 Lincoln's Inn Fields. Messrs Gepp & Veley, Chelmsford.
EDWARD BUTLER, Secretary.
Canada Branch—Montreal.
BOARD OF DIRECTORS.
Walter Shanly, Esq, M P, Chairman.
Duncan Macdonald, Esq, George Winks, Esq, W H Hingston, Esq, M D, L R C S.
SOLICITORS—Messrs Rose & Ritchie. MEDICAL ADVISER—W H Hingston, Esq, M D.
The entire profits of this old and long established society belong to the policy holders, who are protected from all liability by the deed of settlement.
Annuities and endowments granted on advantageous terms.
Advances made on approved security in connection with Life Policies.
Every information to be had on application to any of the Society's Agents in Canada, or to T W GRIFFITH, Manager and Secretary.
Head Office for the Dominion of Canada—Corner St Francois Xavier-street, Montreal.
☞ Agents wanted in unrepresented districts throughout Canada.
589-6m NEIL McKINNON, Agent for Ottawa.

Etna Fire and Marine Insurance Co
The Number of Shareholders exceed Five Hundred.
Capital,.....$2,500,000.
Annual Income Nearly.....$1,000,000.
HEAD OFFICE—Upper Sackville-street, Dublin, Ireland; CHIEF OFFICE, ENGLAND—17 and 18 Corn Hill, London; CHIEF OFFICE, SCOTLAND—98 George-st., Edinburgh.
DIRECTORS.
John Obins Woodhouse, Esq, 82 Pembroke Road, Dublin; Omeath Park, Co Louth; Portadown, Co Armagh; Kerry Keel, Co Armagh and Down—Chairman.
Robert Craven Wade, Esq, Conebraney, Crosskeale, Co Meath, and Sackville Street Club, Dublin, J P for Counties Meath and Wicklow—Director Scottish Amicable Life Office.
Charles Going Malone, Esq, Merchant, Stephen-street and George-street, Dublin; Churchtown Lodge, Dundrum, Co Dublin—Director Commercial Gas Company.
John William Gregg, Esq, Alderman, Merchant, 18 Upper Sackville-street, Dublin—Vice Chairman.
Irwine Smith Whitty, Esq, 6 Wellington Road, Dublin—Director Government Prisons.
Bernard Coyne, Esq, 27 Waterloo Road, Dublin, J P, Co Mayo.
Jeffry Martin, Esq, 2 Clarinda Park, East Kingstown, Dublin, and Curraghmore, Ballinrobe, Co Mayo, J P for Co Mayo.
Robert Ozaway Hirly, Esq, Bridge House and Glendaff, Tralee; J P for Co Kerry.
David Richardson Goodlatte, Esq Merchant.
FEATURES.
A division of profits every three years to holders of policies who have no losses.
MODERATE PREMIUMS.
The company do not advocate high premiums, but rates will be charged according as the nature of the risk. Losses will be promptly and fully met on adjustment. Losses by lightning and loss or damage by explosion of gas within the premises insured made good.
JOHN INNIS, ESQ, Manager.
N B—The above company have invested in Canadian Government Bonds, in conformity with the Provincial Act, and have obtained the license of the Minister of Finance to do business in Canada, and are now prepared to take risks.
T. W. GRIFFITH, Manager for Canada.
Head Office for the Dominion—Corner of St Francois Xavier and St Sacrament-streets, Montreal.
Agents wanted in unrepresented districts throughout Canada.
589-6m NEIL McKINNON, Agent for Ottawa.

STOVES. STOVES. STOVES.
STOVES. STOVES. STOVES.
STOVES. STOVES. STOVES.
"CAPITAL" 35, H.
STOVE SUSSEX MEADOWS
DEPOT! St. & CO.
WE have received our fall and Winter Stock of STOVES, STOVE PIPES, ELBOWS, DUMB STOVES, TINWARE and LUMBERMEN'S SUPPLIES, which we offer Wholesale or Retail at low prices. In Cooking, Parlor, Box and Hall Stoves, for wood or coal, we have the largest and most varied assortment ever shown in Ottawa.

COOKING STOVES.	COOKING STOVES.	COOKING STOVES.
COOKING STOVES.	COOKING STOVES.	COOKING STOVES
COOKING STOVES.	COOKING STOVES.	COOKING STOVES.

☞ Our stock of the above comprises the latest improvements in both ELEVATED and LOW OVEN STOVES.

BOX AND HALL STOVES.	BOX AND HALL STOVES.	
BOX AND HALL STOVES.	BOX AND HALL STOVES.	
BOX AND HALL STOVES.	BOX AND HALL STOVES.	

☞ Suitable for private Dwellings and Churches, Warehouses and Stores.

PARLOR STOVES.	PARLOR STOVES.	PARLOR STOVES.
PARLOR STOVES.	PARLOR STOVES.	PARLOR STOVES.
PAR TOVES.	PARLOR STOVES.	PARLOR STOVES.

☞ New and most beautiful designs, very cheap.
COAL STOVES. PARLOR GRATES.
Hot Air Furnaces.
We still continue to manufacture every description of TIN, SHEET IRON, and COPPER WARE, RUSSIA IRON PIPE, and DUMB STOVES. ☞ Also all kinds of out-door Job Work in our line attended to by competent and experienced Mechanics. Country Merchants supplied with Stovepipes, &c., at reduced rates.
Lumbermen's Supplies! Lumbermen's Supplies! Shanty Plates! Basins! Camp Kettles, &c.
HOUSEFURNISHING GOODS!
Bird Cages! Bird Cages! Bird Cages!
Price Lists sent free on application.
☞ Any part of a Stove sold by us can be replaced when broken or burnt out, a fact intending buyers would do well to note.
☞ An inspection of the above goods invited at the
"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,
35, SUSSEX STREET.
Ottawa, October 2, 1867. H. MEADOWS & CO. 62-y

INSURANCE.

INTERCOLONIAL
ASSURANCE CO'Y.
OF CANADA.
Capital - - - $500,000,
With power to increase the same.
SHARES, - - $100 EACH.
PROVISIONAL DIRECTORS:
H. O. Burritt, Esq., President; R. Lyon, Esq. Mayor of Ottawa, Vice-President; T. D. Harington, Dy. Receiver General; the Hon. J. Skead, J. M. Currier, M. P., D. McLaughlin, M.P., W. Wade, Esq., F. Jones, M.P., W. Ellis, Esq., W. H. Brouse, M.D., Joseph Aumond, Esq., M. K. Church, M.D., and J. M. Bates.
THIS is purely a Canadian institution, and as such is deserving of the support of the Canadian public.
An Act for the Incorporation of this Company is now before the Parliament of the Dominion.
Over $100,000 of stock is already subscribed and it is the intention to deposit with the Government as a guarantee of our good faith, at least $50,000 as soon as an Act of Incorporation is procured (which will be a provision of our Incorporation.) It is unnecessary here to dilate upon the profits of money invested in Insurance Stock. Suffice it to say, that, at least in one instance 3335 per cent advance has been obtained on insurance stock, and that after the payment of princely dividends. In the meantime Subscriptions to Stock, in Ottawa may be made at the Ontario and Royal Canadian Banks, and a deposit of 10 per cent is requisite which will be deposited IN TRUST to be returned in case any subscriber is not satisfied with his investment up to one month after the Vice-Regal sanction to the Charter is obtained.
J. M. BATES,
Pro. Manager and Secretary.
Ottawa, Nov. 21, 1867. 595tf

CITY OF GLASGOW
Life Assurance Company
ESTABLISHED 1838.
CAPITAL, £600,000 Stg.
ANNUAL REVENUE OVER £120,000 Stg.
THIS COMPANY OFFERS TO THE public the combined advantage of perfect security, moderate premiums and liberal participation in profits. No extra charge for Volunteers in defence of the country.
RINTOUL BROS., Montreal, General Agents for Canada.
NEIL McKINNON, Agent,
Sparks-street, Ottawa.
Ottawa March 25. 391y

Ætna Life Insurance Company,
ESTABLISHED, A. D. 1820.
Capital and Assets, 1st Jan., 1867, $4,401,833.86
THIS MOST SUCCESSFUL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY divides the whole of the Profits, every year, among the insured, reducing the cost to about one-half the figures usually charged.
For instance, the annual payment, at the age of 30, in most Companies, to insure $2000 is, with profits, about $50, and without profits.....$43.00
In the Ætna, $2000, to a person 30 years of age, costs the first year..... 25.31
And each subsequent year..... 26.74
Which payment is subject to further reduction as the business of the Company increases.
☞ Endowment policies on equally favorable terms.
The fact that the Ætna has, during the past 12 months, insured over 14,000 persons, from among the best business men of the Continent, is the best possible testimonial to the soundness of the Company, and the excellence of its method of doing business.
J. GARVEY, ESQ., M. D., Medical Referee.
S. PEDLAR & CO., Montreal.
Ottawa, March 13. 381y

BRITISH AMERICA
Assurance Company!
FIRE AND MARINE.
ESTABLISHED 1830.
R. S. Cassels, Esq.....Consulting Director.
THE ABOVE FIRST-CLASS COMPANY is prepared to insure all descriptions of property against loss or damage by fire.
HERRICK, BRUSH & CO,
AGENTS,
Aumond's Buildings.
Ottawa, January 4, 1867. 323y

Land for Sale.
850 ACRES OF LAND, situated within two to eight miles of the city. Apply to JOHN W. McGUIRE, Lot 25, 2nd Concession, Ottawa Front, Gloucester. 546-6m

To Sell or Let---Rare Opening.
TERMS MODERATE.
FINE STONE DWELLING HOUSES, Photographic Chambers, and other Cut Stone Premises, well arranged and eligibly situated for commercial business.
Apply to JOHN MACAULEY, Chaudiere, Ottawa; or E. McGILLIVRAY, J. B. TACKABERRY, or H. McLEAN, Auctioneer, Ottawa.
January 8, 1867. 585-6m

Furniture! Furniture! Furniture!
AT THE
VARIETY HALL,
34, Sussex-st.
A MOST Complete Stock of Black Walnut and other Furniture, in Cane and Hair Seated Chairs, Tete-a-Tetes, Sofas, Extension Dining Tables, Centre Tables, Sideboards, Chiffoniers, Wardrobes, Bureaus, Bedsteads, Washstands and Toilet Tables. Also, Hair, Excelsior and Sea Grass Mattrasses, of all sizes, Gilt Mirrors, Toilet and other Looking Glasses, Table Cutlery of all kinds, Brushes, Brooms, and Wooden Ware of various descriptions, Table and Floor Mats, Soiled Linen Baskets, a beautiful article, Rocking Horses, Children's Sleighs, and the best assorted stock of Crockery, China and Glassware in the Dominion. This stock being all purchased to the best advantage will consequently be sold cheap.
Crockery, China, Glassware, Stoves and Furniture rented to private or public parties at a reasonable rate.
JOSEPH BOYDEN,
429y General Agent.

THE CAPITAL
Boot and Shoe Store!
South Side of York-street, Lower Ottawa.
A LARGE SUPPLY of HAND-MADE KIPP BOOTS and SHOES of the VERY BEST QUALITY on hand.
Lumbermen who are anxious to furnish workmen with GOOD FEET WARE, will be enabled to do so by calling at the CAPITAL for their supplies.
I am selling off the balance of the Winter Stock of READYMADE WORK at REDUCED PRICES, which consists of Ladies' Misses' and Children's BALMORALS, CONGRESS GAITERS, RUBBERS and OVERSHOES, and Men's and Boys' Boots in CALF SKIN, KIPP and COW HIDE.
☞ Orders and Measures taken for all sorts of Work.
GEORGE MURPHY.
Ottawa Jan. 31, 1868. 429-y

APPLICATION will be made during the present session of the Parliament of Canada for an Act to incorporate the "British and Canadian Bank."
February 14, 1868. 666-2m

K. ARNOLDI,
WINE & SPIRIT MERCHANT,
METCALFE-STREET,
Telegraph Company's Building, Ottawa.
RECOMMENDS and Guarantees with confidence the following Wines:—
PORTS—Graham's, Sandeman's, Forrester's, Masden's, &c.:

	Per Gall.	Per Doz
No. 1 Good sound Wine	$2 00	$6 00
" 2 "	3 00	8 75
" 3 Old	3 50	10 00
" 4 Superior old	4 50	12 50
" 5 Very fine old	5 75	15 50

SHERRY WINE—Domecq's, Capdepons, Pemartin's, Cramp Suter's, &c.:

No. 1 Light table Wine	$2 00	6 00
" 2 Superior do	3 00	8 75
" 3 Very choice	3 50	10 00
" 4 Very Superior	4 50	12 50
" 5 Very fine	5 50	15 00

Marsala Wine,
$1.30 per Gallon, $4.50 per Dozen.
Especial attention called to the above Wine. Far superior to all common sherries, its chief recommendation is that it agrees perfectly well with persons who cannot take those wines, even of a high class. It is soft and old, free from heat, or the slightest approach to acidity, while its very moderate price recommends it for all large entertainments, as well as for the luncheon, dinner and supper table. It has met with the highest approval from the medical gentlemen of this city.
Also, in wood or bottle, old and new Brandies, Rums, Gins, Old Tom Gins, Irish, Scotch, and Canadian Whiskeys of Standard Brands.
Clarets, Champagnes, Hocks, Caracas, Maraschino, Chartreuse, Royal Italian Bitters, &c., in great variety.
Hibberts' and Guiness' Porter, Bass' and Allsopp's Ales, quarts and pints. Canadian Ale of Superior Quality, in Wood and Bottle.
Goods most confidently recommended, and may be as implicitly relied upon for perfect purity as if purchased in the largest wholesale establishment in the country.
Orders by mail with cash or city reference solicited and promptly attended to. No charge for delivery in the city. A discount to persons buying in quantity or by the original package. Inspection invited.
Price Lists, and every information, on application, or sent to any address.
WINE VAULTS AND OFFICE,
No. 11, Metcalfe-street,
Telegraph Co.'s Building, Ottawa.
January 27, 1868. 535y

FOR SALE
BY THE SUBSCRIBERS,
New Egyptian Dates,
Oranges, Lemons,
Grapes, Turkey Figs,
West End Raisins,
Dundee Marmalade,
Jams and Jellies,
Tomatoes in tins,
Peaches, "
Sweet Corn "
Lima Beans.
OYSTERS & HADDIES!
RECEIVED WEEKLY.
DALGLISH & RUSSELL,
Upper Town.
Ottawa, Jan. 28, 1868. 651y

SMITH & RODNEY
MERCHANT TAILORS and General Outfitters, Elgin-street, opposite the Russell House, and second door from the London Music Store, having just received a choice stock of
English, French and Canadian
CLOTHS and TWEEDS,
And a general assortment of gentlemen's furnishing goods, would intimate to their friends and the public generally that they are prepared to execute all orders in their line at the shortest notice, in the most approved styles and at prices that we defy competition.
Ottawa Oct. 1, 1867. 551tf

ROANOKE
Tobacco Company,
DANVILLE, VIRGINIA.
THIS Company having established at Montreal their General Agency for the Dominion of Canada, is now prepared to offer to the public an article in
SMOKING TOBACCO!
Superior to anything of the kind ever imported into the country, and pledge their long established character that the article now offered is the pure leaf from the
Virgin Hill Tops of Virginia.
The different brands and prices are as follows viz:
The "Prince of Wales," in 1 & 2 lb bls $1.00 per lb
" "Dominion Favorite" 1 & ½ " " 0.75 "
" "Navy," 1 & 2 " " 0.65 "
The prices are NET CASH in Montreal, and orders [accompanied by remittance] for 5 lbs and upwards will receive prompt attention. The tobacco will be forwarded to any address, by express or otherwise, as parties may direct.
Please address
F. W. HENSHAW,
Gen. gent Dominion of Canada,
10 St. Sacrament-st.,
Montreal.
Montreal, Dec. 4, 1867. 607-4m

SNOW'S
Celebrated Fever Remedy.
A Sure and Certain Cure for Fever—Continued, Remittent, Intermittent, Typhoid, and Fever arising from Ordinary Colds.
THIS REMEDY has been used in Tropical climates for many years with the greatest success. It shortens the attack, reduces the fever gradually, and at the same time enables the system to throw off the poisonous effect of the on the blood and secretions generally.
PRICE—50 cents and $1 per Bottle. Sold Wholesale and Retail by
H. F. MACCARTHY,
Chemist, Ottawa City
Sole Agent for Dominion of Canada.
December 2, 1867. 579-3m

HOWE'S
Boot and Shoe Store.
REMOVAL.
AS the Lease of our Premises in Sussex-st. street terminates this month, we intend to confine our business to one locality, and shall remove the whole of our Stock on the 1st of May next, to our Store in
No. 10, Rideau-st.
Our stock of BOOTS and SHOES, LEATHER, SHOE FINDINGS, TRUNKS, &c., &c., will consequently be very large and most complete in every department, and we most respectfully solicit a continuance of favors, to merit which our constant endeavors will be as usual to provide the best articles and sell at the lowest remunerating prices.
G. HOWE & SON.
☞ Remember the place—No. 10, Rideau-st. next to Howell's rocery.
April 27. 420y

FOUND.
NEAR the Market, Lower Town, an INDIA RUBBER CARRIAGE COVER. Apply at this office.
Ottawa, November 595tf

CITY NOTICES.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

On no occasion will the names of Old Advertisements be inserted here.

Lubricating Oils—McKenzie & Mackay.
Mails for the Maritime Provinces—G. Baker.
Canadian Cottons—Magee & Russell.

The Ottawa Times
City and County Official Paper
FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 21, 1868.

There was a meeting of the Privy Council yesterday afternoon, for routine business only, the representatives of Quebec not having arrived in time to be present. The Hon. Messrs. Langevin and Chapais arrived last night, and Mr. Cartier is expected this morning.

A new combatant has entered the arena, and engaged in the fierce "battle of the routes"—as our friends in New Brunswick call the discussion on the Intercolonial Railway—in favor of an entirely new and somewhat startling project. He proposes to buy a part of the State of Maine; and as big transactions in real estate are now quite the fashion at Washington, he does not appear to doubt but that this can be accomplished, and the rest would of course be all plain sailing. We refer our readers to his letter for particulars as to the great advantages which would accrue to the Dominion if this little matter of "rectification of frontier" were successfully negotiated with Mr. Secretary Seward. The amiable Aroostookians, though opposed to the sale of territory, would be quite pleased to have the Dominion Government build a railway through their county! Their generosity in this particular is beyond all praise. We have examined the map which our Fredericton friend has been kind enough to send in fortification of the wisdom of his grand project, and are bound to confess that it is "powerfully convincing." All that the reader need do is to draw an air line on the map from St. Thomas, in the Province of Quebec, to a point on the line of the St. John and Shediac Railroad, about midway between Petitcodiac and Salisbury stations, the continuation of the line thence to Halifax being agreed upon by all parties—and he will have gained a tolerably correct idea of this latest project, and see at a glance, if he never saw before, what a profound mistake it was ever to have permitted the State of Maine to have been so far wedged in between New Brunswick and Lower Canada. Whether the powerful pen of "Nemesis" will lead to the correction of this grave blunder, and the carrying out of *his* railway route, we do not pretend to determine.

The Halifax *Express* is in the habit of getting off some very good hits, as well as soundly reasoned and seriously worded editorials. The following is a fair specimen of the former style, and touches up the irrepressible Martin I. Wilkins on a few points, to the absurdity of which we have already taken occasion to direct the attention of our readers, as well as on some others, with which, on account of our ignorance of his previous history, we were totally unacquainted:

"We have got a remarkable Attorney-General just now, who is prepared to prove before all England, that no Union has taken place at all, that it is a mere farce and a humbug. He is going home to shew that we never have been united, never will be united and never can be. He is going to prove that neither the Queen, nor Parliament, nor Local Legislature, nor all combined, can touch the constitution of Nova Scotia. That the chartered constitution conveyed to the Provinces by Lord Cornwallis is sacred and irrevocable, something that time or chance, or change, cannot affect. It is true that another sort of constitution has since taken its place, called by Mr. Howe, Responsible Government, but what of that—consistency is not a jewel. It is also true that this same Mr. Wilkins once said that the present or late constitution was not half as good as that enjoyed by the Micmac Indians, and he propounded a constitution of his own, the leading feature of which was the *importation* of a hereditary nobility, and the granting to each noble some 40 or 50 thousand acres of land to induce them to come over and govern us. This was the constitution of Martin Wilkins, which was to supersede that of Lord Cornwallis, and of Joseph Howe and make Nova Scotia an earthly paradise. Consistency again! But in addition to all this, this same Mr. Wilkins, by virtue of an Act which he says is no Act, ran his election in order to become a member of the Local Parliament, accepted an office, which by his own reading of the constitution has no existence; took the oaths of office, under a Governor appointed by the Governor-General, who had no power he tells us to appoint him. And this Martin I. Wilkins is now engaged with his fellow members in the Legislature making laws, which by his own showing he has no power to do, and every one of which as a matter of course is no more binding than a rope of sand. All this is a little perplexing to ordinary people like ourselves, but three months will put to rights a good many things, *falsify*, it may be, a few prophecies, place Repeal among the list of disappointments, and once more bring order out of confusion, without our losing our nationality or being obliged to acknowledge the Stars and Stripes on Citadel Hill."

A new organ entitled *The Repealer* has been started at Halifax, N. S. We have to thank some kind friend for a copy of the first number. It is well written, neatly printed, and so forth, and in the customary language of the time in noticing the first appearance of a new contemporary we wish *The Repealer* "every success." The editor has set himself to work with a noble determination to serve the great cause he has at heart. Were it not that his prospectus is unconscionably long, it would give us much pleasure to lay it before our readers *in extenso*. He states the case so fairly, and with such plethoric fullness, that it is a pity we cannot give it for the benefit of our readers. But the following extract will show, to some extent how the new organ is backed up, and the support upon which it calculates:

"In the city we have a host of assistants, including Mr. Howe himself. Mr. Jones has promised to furnish from his able pen some valuable articles on military affairs, and Mr. Stairs has already supplied us with two reams of statistics. We have also secured the services of Mr. Cotton, P.P.P., (Professor Provincial Penitentiary,) a gentleman of great experience as a journalistic writer, and whose productions, under the heading of 'Social Correspondence,' have greatly enlivened the columns of the *Chronicle* of late. Mr. Angus M. Gidney is retained on our regular staff; and Mr. Jock Craig has volunteered to furnish weekly one of his unequalled poetical compositions.

"There are many other things which we could promise, but we prefer to let our acts speak for themselves. In the meantime, we expect that every Anti-Unionist in the Province will become a subscriber to our paper, which will secure us a list of nearly 5,000, equal to that of any other journal in the Province."

Not a doubt of it. If the repealers of Nova Scotia should all subscribe to *The Repealer*, surely it will command a circulation of *nearly* five thousand!

The *Repealer*, in imitation of the Halifax *Chronicle*, has retained the services of a poet, and his verses are so superlatively sublime that we copy, for the delectation of Western Canucks:

A SOLEMN DIRGE!
ADDRESSED TO THE REPEAL ORGAN
BY THE GHOST OF
ROBERT MONTGOMERY.

Annihilation brooding o'er the land
Shall robe it in her blackest funeral pall,
And with her dread irrevocable hand
Shall scatter utter darkness over all;

And throned in incandescent majesty
The Empyrean shall in silence moan;
The constellations of the frigid sky
A dismal diapason shall intone;

While those who dwell in Cumberlandian bays,
Or Wooded Yarmouth's somnolescent tide,
Shall see with awe the interlunar haze
That heralds desolation far and wide.

But the three Seers who faithful witness bore
Against Confederation and its woe,
Shall wash their innocent hands forevermore,
And evermore exclaim—"We told you so!"

We have only room for one more extract from this new organ of "repeal:"

"You will be the death of me, Wilkins," said the Speaker to the Attorney-General a few evenings ago on coming out of the House. "I declare to you I've never been so tried in my life as in keeping on a serious countenance during that rum speech of yours on your still more rum resolutions. What the devil *are* you up to?"

"Just you mind your own damned business, Marshall," replied the Attorney-General, smiling. "I framed those resolutions just as they are in the firm conviction that no one but myself would take the responsibility of going to England with such a production, but hang me if there is one of them that can detect their bogus character, and I am likely to be sold after all. I shall go home, however, or they shall hear from me!!"

From these specimens of our new contemporary's style, selected at random after a very cursory glance at its contents, our readers, we think, will be disposed to join us in wishing our new contemporary abundant success, and the names of all the Nova Scotia "Antis" on his subscription list. Argument is powerless against passion or prejudice; ridicule is not always so, and we hope that *The Repealer* may continue, for a time at all events, to expose in its true colors a movement which at present has so many *professed* advocates, and so very few *sincere* sympathisers as the repeal movement in Nova Scotia. One half the leaders of the movement would be glad at this moment to find a convenient means of escape from the false position into which they have incautiously thrown themselves, and we have every confidence that the very extravagance of Mr. Wilkins' resolutions will be so "improved upon" at the Colonial Office, that this means of escape will be furnished to those who choose to avail themselves of it; if so we shall see a very sudden thinning of the ranks.

ST. ALBAN'S SCHOOL HOUSE READINGS.

A wish having been expressed by several persons residing in the vicinity of St. Alban's Church, Daly-st., that "weekly evening readings" during the winter season, should be introduced there, the incumbent of that church invited all who felt inclined to promote such an object to a vestry meeting, when it was unanimously agreed that Monday evening of each week should be set apart for such purpose, and that the first of the course of readings should commence on Monday evening, the 24th instant, at eight o'clock.

The room is spacious, and we think well adapted to the use to which it is to be applied. Several gentlemen have intimated their willingness to do what they can to promote the success of the undertaking, and from what we have heard on the subject, we have every confidence that the evenings will be attractive as well as successful. The readings will be of a popular character, and as it is intended that they shall "range from grave to gay, from lively to severe," we think that they will separately suit the tastes of some, and collectively be agreeable to all who feel disposed to purchase a pleasant hour and a-half at the small cost of one penny.

The plans will be more fully made known on Monday next, when all who sympathize in such projects are invited to attend, and by their presence promote the interests of an undertaking, in which sound morals and rational mirth may go hand in hand with fresh readings, and, as it is conjectured, with fair music. The arrangements will be placed in judicious hands, and we are quite sure that a very adequate return will be made for a very moderate outlay.

DEGREE OF COLD FEB., '67 AND '68.

We give below a comparative statement of greatest degrees of cold in this city during the first twenty days of February, 1867, and the corresponding days of February, 1868. The thermometer used being the ordinary self-registering instrument, (London make), and exposed in a partially sheltered position having a northern aspect in rear of Mr. Hearn's Market Drug Store, York-st. The same instrument exposed on such a place as the Parliament Hill, and without shelter would have given, probably, several degrees lower. By the table it will be seen that during the first 20 days of February, 1867, the thermometer was *below* zero *only two days*, or one-tenth of the time, while in the corresponding of 1868, it was below *fifteen* days, or three-fourths of the time.

GREATEST DEGREES OF COLD IN FEBRUARY.

	1867.	1868.
1—	4 above zero.	15 above zero.
2—	6 " "	4 " "
3—	8 " "	20 below "
4—	17 " "	10 " "
5—	14 " "	10 " "
6—	11 " "	5 " "
7—	12 " "	15 " "
8—	10 " "	28 " "
9—	13 " "	15 " "
10—	15 " "	15 " "
11—	6 below "	25 " "
12—	3 " "	15 " "
13—	32 above "	0 " "
14—	28 " "	10 " "
15—	2 " "	5 " "
16—	4 " "	8 above "
17—	18 " "	8 " "
18—	9 " "	12 below "
19—	6 " "	8 " "
20—	1 " "	16 above "

NOVA SCOTIA RELIEF FUND.

I beg to acknowledge the receipt of six dollars from Mr. John Johnston, jr., Secretary-Treasurer of the "Hull Penny Readings," being the amount taken as entrance fees on Monday evening last, in aid of the distressed fishermen of Nova Scotia.

This is an example worthy of imitation. What say our city as well as our County Council?

J. Fraser,
Treasurer N.S.F.R.F.

Ottawa, Feb. 20, 1868.

LOCAL NEWS.

Personal.—Judge Coursol, of Montreal, is at present in the city, having arrived here yesterday morning.

1,000 Comet Burners just received by Esmonde Bros., 43 Sparks-st., next door to the Hoop Skirt Factory. N.B.—75 boxes Canada plate for sale.

Correction.—The date of the sale of Ordnance lands, advertised in this journal for some days past, should have been, not Saturday, but Monday, 6th April. The error was in the copy.

Winter Arrangement of Mails for Maritime Provinces.—We beg to call attention to the winter arrangement of mails, notice of which appears in our advertising columns today.

Soiree.—A soiree will be held this evening in the basement of the Methodist Church, Centre Town, when addresses will be delivered by Rev. D. M. Gordon, Rev. T. Wardrope, Rev. Mr. Stone, Mr. Johnston and others.

The Dominion House, Wellington Street.—This house has been thoroughly renovated and fitted up. Good table and choice liquors. Fine yard and stabling. Oysters and meals at all hours. Colin McLaurin and Geo. Irvine, Proprietors. 666-b.

The Fire on Wednesday Night.—We are glad to learn that Mr. P. A. Egleson's stock was removed without the slightest damage and the business uninterrupted. The damage to the part of the building belonging to Ald. Bangs is amply covered by insurance.

Young and Radford have the largest, best, and cheapest stock of watches to be found in Ottawa. They have also on hand a very choice and varied assortment of Electro-plated ware, and Fancy Goods. They do all kinds of repairing and jewellery jobbing in first-class style. 656-y.

Removing Snow from the Roof of Houses.—It is doubtless very proper, and even necessary to remove snow from the roof, but there is no reason for doing so, as was the case yesterday in the neighborhood of the Post Office when people were going by scores for the mail.

Weather Table.—Noted by Wm. Hearn, Optician and Druggist, Market Drug Store, York-st.

Ottawa, Feb. 20, 1868.

Greatest degree of cold registered during the previous night 16 above zero.

8 a.m., 20 above "
1 p.m., 45 " "
6 p.m., 28 " "

Danger from Icicles.—Although several people have with due consideration of the safety of the public removed the icicles, which, pendant from the eaves of their buildings threatened great injury to passers-by, there are yet many houses from which they have not been removed, but it is to be hoped that they will not be allowed longer to remain, and that a time will be chosen for their removal, when there will be the least travel on the sidewalks.

Snow on the Sidewalks.—When will business people learn that it is to their interest to remove the snow from the sidewalks in front of their houses? Thaw must set in very shortly, when their stores will be flooded and customers be compelled to avoid their places of business by the impassable pools of water and slush that will render such places unapproachable. Why not turn out all hands and make clean work of the sidewalks at once? If the storekeepers of Sparks-st. would unite for such a purpose the thing could be accomplished in a day, and business be greatly improved.

Natural American Lubricating Oils.—Mr. McKenzie, of the firm of McKenzie & Mackay, Hamilton, has appointed Mr. T. Isaacs, Hardware Merchant, agent for this city and vicinity for the sale of the American Lubricating Oils. Since we formerly called attention to these oils they have been tested in this office and have given the utmost satisfaction. They are universally held by those who have tried them to be not only the best, but by far the most economical lubricators, and will, no doubt, soon come into very general use. Samples may be had of Mr. Isaacs, who will be glad to receive and execute any orders with which he may be favored.

Police Court.—H. McDowell was charged with a breach of the peace at the fire on Wednesday evening. Sergeant Davis gave evidence as to his bad behavior on the occasion, and His Worship fined him $3 and costs. A second charge was then preferred against him for insulting Constable McViety while in the discharge of his duty, for which he was fined $4 and costs, to be paid immediately, or be imprisoned three weeks at hard labor. The fine was paid.—W. R. Dunning was charged with assaulting his brother, David H. Dunning. The complainant bore the marks on his face of very rough handling, and gave his version of the encounter, the whole of which *may* have been true, but as it conflicted with itself, it was deemed unworthy of credence and the case was dismissed with costs.—Charles Depuis was charged with assaulting Charles Jones, and inflicting a blow which encircled his left optic with a tenebrious hue, which is very damaging to his personal appearance. The defendant put in a plea of justification on the score of provocation, and thought it very likely that the blow might have been the result of a fall previous to the contact complained of. His Worship in part received the plea as to the provocation, but inasmuch as the defendant followed complainant out of the house from which the latter was ejected, of which His Worship thought there was no necessity, and therefore unjustifiable, he fined Mr. Depuis $2 and costs.—Mathew Gilmour, for wife beating, was called up, but as the injured wife did not appear to give evidence, the case was adjourned and a warrant issued for Jane's arrest.

Cotton no Longer King.—Cotton goods are now nearly as cheap as before the American war. Garland, Mutchmor & Co. have lately received a few bales of gray and white cottons, shirtings and prints, purchased since the great fall in prices. Parties requiring any description of dry goods would do well to see their stock before purchasing. 582-y

Crime in England and France Compared.—"The number of cases tried before a jury in France, for a single year," says the London *Times*, "has not of late exceeded from three to four thousand, whereas in England, in the year 1866, nineteen thousand one hundred and eighty-eight were committed before a jury." The *Times* goes further, and asserts that the convictions before police magistrates in England for the past year were three hundred and thirty-nine thousand, while the French report for the year 1864 shows only one hundred and thirty-nine thousand similar cases.

Our Fortifications.—It is now nearly fifty years since our fortifications have been looked after in any way. We think it is now high time, and that it behoves our government to put them in a proper state of defence, and have our lakes and rivers well protected. "One ounce of prevention is worth a pound of cure; but while we are protecting ourselves against a foreign enemy, we should not forget to fortify ourselves against bruises, frost-bites, chilblains, pains in the back and side, cholic, cholera morbus; the "Canadian Pain Destroyer" is the most effectual medicine. Sold by all dealers in medicine at 25 cents per bottle.

BOARD OF SCHOOL TRUSTEES.

Ottawa, Feb. 18, 1868.

The Board met at seven o'clock, p. m.

Present—Messrs. J. D. Slater, Chairman; Preston, Wilson, Abbott, Pratt, McCloy, Robinson and Kirby.

The minutes were read and approved.

A communication from Mr. J. Kelly in reference to blackboards was read by the chairman.

Moved by Mr. Pratt, seconded by Mr. Wilson, that the communication of Mr. Kelly be received and referred to the Building Committee, with instructions to employ Mr. Kelly to put on the walls of the Central School, East, the number of square feet of composition blackboard that they may think proper, and that the chairman is hereby empowered to sign a cheque in favor of Mr. Kelly for the amount the same blackboard may cost, on the recommendation of the said Building Committee, suspending rule 41 for that purpose.—Carried.

A communication from E. Bearman, Esq., County Clerk, was read.

Moved by Mr. Preston, seconded by Mr. Abbott, that the communication from E. Bearman, Esq., County Clerk, having reference to the Model School House, just read, be received and entered on the minutes; and the Secretary procure a certified copy of any resolutions as report, that shall have been adopted by the Corporation of the County Council on the subject mentioned in same communication.—Carried.

The Committee on School Management presented Report No. 2 as follows:

To the Corporation of the Board of School Trustees for the City of Ottawa.

Your Committee on School Management would respectfully submit:

The communication from Mr. D. Robertson, Teacher, Victoria Terrace School, complaining of insufficiency of accommodation for the children attending there, has been considered.

Your committee recommend that the Furnishing Committee procure desks and seats for the unoccupied room for said school. It is also apparent that the said school is larger than Albert-st. School, where four teachers are engaged, and there are but two in Victoria Terrace School. Your committee would therefore recommend a reduction of the staff of Albert-st. School, and for convenience to the Teacher, that Miss Hutchison take her place at Victoria Terrace School as soon as desks and seats be procured.

The report of the Local Superintendent has also been duly considered.

There is one portion that your committee deem inadvisable to publish, viz.: that part on page four comparing Toronto with this municipality; by expunging that part, we would recommend its being published in pamphlet form, together with the financial statement from the Secretary of the Board.

Your committee consider that the teachers have just reason to complain of the manner now existing for the reception of children to the public schools. It appears that they go when they like and where they choose. Teachers try to classify them, and in a few days they are off to some other school. This is not only discouraging to the teacher, but detrimental to the cause of education.

Your committee would therefore recommend that they be, and are hereby empowered, to have forms of admission prepared for the purpose; also monthly reports for the teachers and Local Superintendent, so that each may send their monthly report in accordance with your By-law No. 1. These should be ready for use at the opening of the Eastern Central School.

It is also apparent that some means should be adopted whereby the several school rooms may be made clean and healthy as soon as the weather will permit.

Your committee therefore recommend, that they be, and are hereby instructed, to have a woman employed in the Western Section, and another in the Eastern, so that once each month the several school buildings may be washed out.

Respectfully submitted.

(Signed,) G. H. Preston, Chairman *pro tem.*;
T. H. Kirby,
A. Pratt.

Ottawa, Feb. 18th, 1868.

Moved by Mr. Preston, seconded by Mr. Kirby, that Report No. 2 on School Management just read, be received and adopted.—Carried.

The Committee on School Furniture presented Report No. 2 which was read.

To the Corporation of the Board of School Trustees for the City of Ottawa:

Your Committee on School Furniture beg leave to report that they have examined the desks and chairs furnished for the Central School, East, and find that Messrs. Holgate, Oliver and Annable, have duly performed their contract. They therefore recommend the payment of $100 to the said Holgate, Oliver and Annable, that being the sum due them on said contract.

Your Committee would also recommend that they be empowered to procure two clocks for the Central School House, East, instead of one.

All of which is respectfully submitted.

(Signed) Andrew C. Wilson,
A. Pratt.

Moved by Mr. Preston, seconded by Mr. Pratt, that the report of the Furnishing Committee just read be received and adopted, and that the chairman be instructed to sign a cheque in favor of Holgate, Oliver and Annable, for the sum of $100, suspending rule 41 to the contrary.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Kirby, seconded by Mr. Wilson, that as at the appointment of Miss Fleming as teacher under this Board, no fixed sum was named as a consideration for her services for the current year, be it resolved that the sum of two hunured and fifty dollars be granted her.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Preston, seconded by Mr. Abbott, that whereas the duties assigned to the Secretary of this Board have annually increased since his appointment, and from the large number of schools now in this city, and under the control of the Corporation, as compared with the number at the time of his appointment, when his salary was fixed at the sum of one hundred and sixty dollars; be it therefore resolved, that in consideration of the increased duties now performed by Mr. James Joynt, as Secretary of this Board, it is agreed that an addition of forty dollars per annum be made to his salary, the same to be calculated from the commencement of this year.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. McCloy, seconded by Mr. Wilson, that the sum of twenty dollars be added to the salary of the messenger, Mr. John McCarthy, in consequence of his increased duties to this Board.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Pratt, seconded by Mr. Wilson, that the salary of Mr. Wm. Cousens, Local Superintendent, be advanced to the sum of $250, being an advance of fifty dollars to his present salary, his duties being also increased in a similar manner to the other officials of this Board.—Carried.

Accounts from Messrs. J. D. Slater, money advanced for Journals of Education and Insurance on school furniture, &c., and John McGuire for firewood, were presented.

Moved by Mr. Wilson, seconded by Mr. Pratt, that the account of Mr. McGuire for firewood be referred to the Finance Committee, to report thereon at the next meeting of this Board.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Robinson, seconded by Mr. Pratt, that the account of Mr. Slater be referred to the Finance Committee, to report upon at the next regular meeting of this Board.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Preston, seconded by Mr. Abbott, that whereas it appears that Messrs. Blyth & Kerr have complied with the contract at the Central School Building East, the Building Committee are instructed to examine the same and if completed according to contract, they are to report such to the Chairman of the Board, who is then authorized to sign a cheque for the amount of such contract, suspending rule 41 for that purpose.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Preston, seconded by Mr. Abbott, that the Committee on Furnishing have all the desks, chairs, &c., fixed in their proper places, without delay, in the Central School Building East, and that the said school be opened on the first Monday in March next.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Abbott, seconded by Mr. Preston, that the advertisements in the different newspapers calling for plans for Central School West, be amended by making the proposed building 60x90 instead of 50x80, as proposed by said advertisements, and that the Secretary be instructed to give the necessary information to the different papers at once.—Carried.

The Board then adjourned.

Jas. Joynt, Secretary.

CABLE NEWS.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

Dublin, Feb. 19.—Mr. Rigot, of the Dublin *Irishman*, has been convicted of publishing treasonable and seditious libels.

London, Feb. 19.—Eve.—The Paris *Temps* to-day says twenty persons were arrested on the second performance of Victor Hugo's drama "Ruis Blas" at the Odeon.

THIS MORNING'S DESPATCHES.

London, Feb. 20.—Advices to the 1st of January have been received from the English captives in Abyssinia, and state they were all safe and well.

Late advices from Cape Town, Africa, state that the Superior Court of Natal has at last decided the question touching the matter of church property in favor of Bishop Colenzo.

The regular weekly returns of the Bank of England show a decrease in bullion of £413,000 sterling.

Vienna, Feb. 20.—A circular has been issued from the Home Office, warning the clergy against fomenting discontent.

AMERICAN NEWS.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

Fenianism on the Pacific Coast—Threatening Movements.

San Francisco, Feb. 19.—It is reported that the Fenian organization on the Pacific coast is being placed on a war footing, with the probable intention of a raid on the British possessions in the north. The State Senate to-day unanimously passed a resolution asking the President and Congress of the United States to honorably acquire or annex British Columbia to the United States.

Suspension of an Erie R.R. Director.

New York, Feb. 19.—Judge Barnard, of the Supreme Court, to-day issued an order suspending Daniel Drew as director of the Erie R.R. Company until 21st inst., when he shall appear at the court, and show cause why the prayer of the petition of the people of the State of New York for his removal as director and treasurer of the Erie R.R. Company, should not be granted.

Revolution in Spain.

New York, Feb. 20.—The *Herald's* Madrid special says despatches received from the Provinces convey intelligence that the leaders of the Carlist party have effected a revolution against Queen Isabella in the north, and that their adherents have taken up arms in considerable numbers in Navarre. Skirmishes have taken place between the civil guard and the insurgents in the city of Navarre, the Queen's officers maintaining their allegiance. Some few persons were wounded during the tumult, and the ancient Province of Navarre is agitated at many points. It appears as if the movement is the result of a well planned organization. The officers have already found and carried away 3,000 copies of revolutionary placards addressed to the people of Spain. Each copy is headed with a wood cut or portrait, as it is termed, of the eldest son of Don Juan, who is entitled and named Charles the VII of Spain. This young gentleman is second cousin to Queen Isabella, and grandson of Don Carlos, who made war against her accession to the throne.

From Nassau.

New York, Feb. 20.—The *Herald's* Havana special gives advices from Nassau to the 13th inst. A mass meeting had been held by the blacks, at which they openly criticised the Government, charging it with inability to extricate the colony from its financial difficulties, which they charged to the lavish and extravagant measures of the Colonial Government. The whites feel uneasy at the prospect. Governor Rawson opened the Legislature on the 12th. His speech was unsatisfactory and Tory-like in tone. He recommends a cable to the United States. The sponge and salt trades of the colony are prosperous.

THIS MORNING'S DESPATCHES.

Fires.

Huron, O., Feb. 20.—A fire last night destroyed a large warehouse, occupied by Wright, Burgess, Sprague & Wibbur, and several adjoining buildings. Loss $75,000.

Toledo, O., Feb. 20.—The Waldron House at Hilsdale, Mich., was destroyed by fire last night. Loss $40,000.

Steubenville, O., Feb. 20.—The large woollen factory of Jas. Wallace & Co., in this city, was destroyed by fire this morning. Loss $40,000.

Military.

Washington, Feb. 20.—The President has revoked the order assigning Lt.-Gen. Sherman to the newly created Military District of the Atlantic. No new assignment has been made, though that of the order creating the district has not been revoked.

THE INTERCOLONIAL RAILROAD—A NEW ROUTE SUGGESTED.

To the Editor of THE TIMES.

Fredericton, N.B., Jan., 1868.

Sir,—The subject of the route of the Intercolonial Railroad has already been before the public in various shapes, but it is one of so much interest at the present moment, that all that can be submitted to the judgment and decision of those who truly take the prosperity and future welfare of the new Dominion to heart, will well deserve a place in your columns. The press may justly be considered a great leviathan which receives and distributes the seeds of truth, peace and good will towards men to all the denizens on earth, and I consider the Times as good a medium for promoting the good of the Dominion as any other that can be selected.

The Intercolonial Railroad may be considered as the great and material bond of Union between the lately united Provinces, and as soon as it is constructed and in operation, and not before, the thorough amalgamation of the different peoples will commence, and the beneficial results will be immediately felt.

Several routes have been proposed, of which I shall take but little notice, my object being not to find fault with previous pioneers, but to point out what in my opinion is the best and shortest, conceiving that he who can do so, and have his course adopted will deserve the thanks of the inhabitants of the Dominion.

I beg leave to submit the deliberate opinion, not only that the best and shortest route from Quebec to an Atlantic port, at Halifax, or to St. John, on the Bay of Fundy, is across the territory which was ceded to the United States, by the Ashburton Treaty, but that it is quite possible still to construct it across that tract of, the north of Maine, either by purchase or exchange, or by acquiring the right of way, and I am as decidedly of opinion that the first commercial and all other interests will be best promoted by taking that route. First, let me describe the route, beginning at Quebec, as its most important and populous extremity. From Point Levi, using the Grand Trunk to St. Thomas, thence taking the best opening south-westerly towards the American boundary, thence as direct as the profile of Mother earth will permit, by Schehallion Mountain towards Mars Hill, and the St. John River, before crossing which it might receive a northern prolongation of the present St. Andrews and Woodstock Railroad, thence crossing the St. John pass through the very thriving settlement of Johnville, Glassville and Knowlesville, towards the Miramichi Lake, and whilst crossing the coal fields at the head of the Grand Lake receive a junction of the projected Northern Central, that road having at one extremity St. John, and at the other, Newcastle or Chatham, and at a future time more Northern ports, thence Southwesterly to Moncton, and thence to Truro, in Nova Scotia.

Let this plan be adopted, and the most successful results may be looked for, and the brightest visions of the Union be realized, because ought we not to look upon a Grand Trunk line of railroad as a great national spreader of future wealth to the land, like a great canal which sends out its rills of life and vitality to the barren and thirsty places of the earth, or like the great arteries in the human body, throwing out its feeders and supporters of life wherever required. So will it be if a grand artery of railroad is wisely laid down at the commencement, its future branches being located towards all the points where the commerce of the day may require that assistance for distributing the products of the earth, the sea, and the field. Cross Aroostook and the benefit will be immediately felt at the first junction with the Northern prolongation of the St. Andrews and Woodstock railroad: it will open the choice of a market and port to the grain growers of the West; it will satisfy the desires of the promoters of the present railroad enterprises in that quarter, which are now blocked off at Woodstock; it would assist in rendering that line and the western extension a success, instead of a probable failure; it would vastly contribute to the continued settlement and occupation of the Johnville and Ilassville lands and all that portion of the County of Carleton east of the St. John river; it would cross the region where excellent coal is mined, which could be cheaply carried to St. Thomas; it would give a second choice of route to St. John at the point where it crossed the Northern Central; it would give the most direct route to the commerce from the interior of the Dominion; it would permit the products of the sea, whether taken by British or American fishing vessels, to be conveyed westwards, from New Brunswick North Shore ports, instead of being carried round Nova Scotia to Atlantic ports by American vessels, or to Quebec by fishing vessels. The time saved and consequent profit to the American fishing interests would be immense, and go far to induce the United States Government to consent to a sale or exchange of territory; and what would be very important, it would please the people of Nova Scotia, which Province, from its locality, may almost be considered as the centre stone of the great National Arch recently built, and without which it may fall to the ground, so far at least as that Province is concerned.

I have endeavored to ascertain the feelings of the Aroostook people through its press: the result is attached herewith, and it may be considered as satisfactory as could be expected under the circumstances. In making overtures to reacquire the desired territory, it is the British who ought to take the first steps. In doing so our nation should and probably would be looked upon as the most favored nation, because the territory once belonged to us, and was lost through an accident. What is its value, or would Mr. Secretary Seward take real estate in exchange? What is offered must be of value; shall it be the Bermudas. It cannot be concealed that naval warfare now would be very different from what it was in the days of Nelson, and the invention of monitors and iron-clad rams, quite alters the status of those Islands to England, although to the United States they are still as valuable. Or British Honduras, would not England be as well without it? These subjects are all well worthy of consideration. Overtures made to Mr. Secretary Seward for the purchase of the Aroostook country for the transit of the Intercolonial Railroad, would give the United States an opportunity of gracefully retiring from a false position, in which she was placed by the accident of the day. Could that sale and purchase be happily completed, the geographical features of the Provinces of Quebec and New Brunswick might be much improved; to effect which the following proposition might be advanced, viz., to attach to the Province of Quebec all the territory so required, which would give it the River St. John as its south-west boundary, as far at least as the crossing of the St. John River by the Railroad, and attach to the Province of New Brunswick that portion of old Canada East, east of a line from the St. Francis River and Blue River to the St. Lawrence which would give New Brunswick a por upon the St. Lawrence.

Could the route proposed be adopted it would give the traffic from Nova Scotia the choice of two ways to Quebec, viz., either by Truro and Moncton, or by Annapolis Gut, thence across to St. Andrews or St. John, and thence by Woodstock and the Grand line to St. Thomas, and be very direct, and very agreeable for summer tourists.

I may here mention that there is another capital harbor between St. Andrews and St. John, viz., Beaver Harbor, easy of access, round the northern end of the Grand Manan, and then passing the Wolves, on which a lighthouse would be advantageously placed, and thence northwesterly into the harbor, the entrance to which is not encumbered by small islands like the approach to St. Andrews, a bifurcation from the present St. Andrews harbor could probably easily be constructed to it.

I hope I have succeeded in placing this interesting subject in a new light, and that the difficulties to be encountered will not prove insurmountable.

I send herewith a small map, in which I have sketched the proposed route, and remain your obedient servant,

Nemesis.

[From the Aroostook Times.]
To the Editor of the Aroostook Times.

An engineer residing in New Brunswick presents his compliments to the Editor of the Aroostook *Times*, and would be obliged for his opinion on the following subject:—The route of the Intercolonial Railway from Halifax to Quebec, being under discussion and not yet decided upon, and as buying and selling territories seems to be the fashion of the day, may the question be asked, would the inhabitants of the Northern Aroostook County have great or any objections to have the said route taken through their territory, say in its direction from Mars Hill by Schehellion Mountain, to St. Thomas on the St. Lawrence? It is supposed there are very few people indeed in the country North of 46 degrees 15 minutes, which is wilderness; if so would the Legislature of Maine have any objections to the sale to the new Dominion of Canada, of the territory North of 46d. 15m.; if it would be sold for that purpose, which would be of immense advantage to the Maine country generally and Aroostook especially, what would be the figure or would an exchange of territory be more acceptable than money? A direct course as straight as could be followed from Moncton to Mars Hill and from that to Quebec, appeared to the writer to be the best, if terms of sale and purchase could be satisfactorily arranged.

Only conceive the advantage of having direct communication with Moncton and Shediac, for the produce of the fisheries on the coasts of Nova Scotia and New Brunswick, instead of a long voyage round to the Atlantic ports of the United States. The Aroostook country is shut out from the world almost completely at present. On one side we perceive Denmark and Russia selling to the United States, and now millions of dollars about being paid for the Northwest territory; why should not the sale and purchase of the Northern part of Maine also take place. Would territory in the West be taken in lieu thereof?

Engineer.

Fredericton, Dec. 20, 1867.

[We are not prepared to answer our correspondent's enquiries, and would suggest the propriety of his making an early application to Secretary Seward respecting this subject, as the Secretary is at present largely engaged in the sale and transfer of real estate. Seriously, we think our people would be decidedly opposed to the sale of any territory belonging to the United States, to other nations; yet we can see no reasonable objections which the Legislature of Maine could have for refusing to grant the right of way across our territory to the Intercolonial Railroad from Halifax to Quebec.]

New York Markets.

New York, Feb. 20.—Cotton firm at 20½c. @ 20¾c. Flour dull; receipts 4,300 bbls.; sales 6,000 bbls. at $8.50 @ $9.25 for Superfine State and Western; $9.60 @ $10.75 for Common to Choice Extra State. Rye Flour a shade firmer at $7.60 @ $9.50. Wheat 1c. @ 2c. lower; receipts 9,700 bush.; sales 7,500 bush. of No. 1 Spring at $2.49. Rye scarce and firm; receipts 2,000 bush. Corn 1c. @ 2c lower; receipts 57,400 bush.; sales 44,000 bush. at $1.28 @ $1.35 for New Mixed Western afloat; $1.27 for Mixed Yellow; $1.30 for Old Mixed Western delivered. Barley scarce and firm. Oats dull and heavy; receipts $1,900 bush at 83½c. bid for Western in store; 84c. asked. Pork steady at $22.87 @ $23 for Old Mess; $24 @ $24.12 for New do. Lard firmer at 14½c. @ 15½c.

OTTAWA MARKETS.

(*Compiled expressly for the* Times.)

Times Office, Ottawa, Feb. 19.

Flour—Extra	8 75	@	9 00
No. 1	8 25	@	0 00
No. 2	6 00	@	0 00
Bags—Fall per 100 lbs.	4 05	@	0 00
" Spring "	4 12½	@	4 25
Oatmeal—per 200 lbs.	7 00	@	0 00
Indian Meal "	5 50	@	0 00
Rye—per bushel 56 lbs.	0 80	@	0 90
Barley " 48 lbs.	0 90	@	0 80
Buckwheat Flour—bbl.	5 50	@	0 00
Wheat—Fall—per bushel, 60 lbs.	1 90	@	1 95
Spring " "	1 80	@	1 85
Corn—Per bushel, 56 lbs	1 25	@	0 00
Peas " 60 lbs.	0 80	@	0 90
Oats " 34 lbs.	0 53	@	0 58
Beans " 60 lbs.	1 50	@	1 75
Pork—Mess—per barrel	20 00	@	20 50
Prime Mess per do.	14 00	@	14 50
Hog per 100 lbs.	6 50	@	7 00
Hams	0 12	@	0 13
Beef	5 50	@	6 50
Mutton—per lb by the qr.	0 05	@	0 7
Lamb—per qr.	0 06	@	0 7
Geese—Each	0 40	@	0 50
Turkeys—Each	0 50	@	1 50
Ducks	0 70	@	0 80
Fowl—Per pair	0 40	@	0 50
Butter—Choice Table	0 20	@	0 25
No. 1 Firkin	0 18	@	0 20
No. 2	0 17	@	0 18
Eggs	0 25	@	0 30
Apples—per brl.	3 00	@	4 50
Vegetables, &c.—Potatoes	0 45	@	0 50
Onions—per bbl.	4 50	@	0 00
Hay—Per ton, new	13 50	@	15 00
Wood—Per cord	0 00	@	3 05
Tamarac	0 00	@	2 00
Hemlock	0 00	@	2 00

WEEKLY REPORT OF CANADIAN SECURITIES.

Pellatt & Osler,
No. 86, King-street East,
Toronto, Feby. 18, 1868.

Banks and Sundries.	Capital.	Amount of Shares.	Paid Up.	Dividend Last Six Months.	Closing Price.
Bank of Montreal	$6,000,000	$200 00	All	5 per cent	126½ @ 127
Bank of British North America	3,000,000	£50 stg	Do	3 per cent	103 @ 104
Ontario Bank	2,000,000	$40 00	Do	4 per cent	98 @ 98½
Bank of Toronto	800,000	100 00	Do	4 per cent	111¼
Royal Canadian Bank	2,000,000	50 00	10pc to 100pc	4 per cent	91½ 92
Canadian Bank of Commerce	1,000,000	50 00	30pc to 100pc	4 per cent	100
Gore Bank	800,000	40 00	All	3½ per cent	80 @ 81
Merchants' Bank	2,000,000	100 00	70 per cent	4 per cent	107½ @ 108½
Quebec Bank	3,000,000	100 00	All	3½ per cent	98½ @ 99½
Molson's Bank	1,000,000	50 00	Do	4 per cent	111 @ 112
City Bank of Montreal	1,200,000	80 00	Do	4 per cent	99½ @ 100½
La Banque du Peuple	2,000,000	50 00	Do	4 per cent	108 @ 109
La Banque Nationale	1,000,000	50 00	Do	4 per cent	106½ @ 107½
La Banque Jacques Cartier	1,000,000	50 00	Do	4 per cent	106 @ 107
Mechanics' Bank	1,000,000	50 00	30 per cent	4 per cent	97 @ 98
Union Bank of Lower Canada	1,000,000	100 00	50 per cent	4 per cent	100 @ 101
Toronto City Gas Company Stock	400,000	50 00	All	2 per cent 3 months.	105
British America Assurance Company Stock	400,000	50 00	50 per cent	4 per cent	57½
Canada Permanent Building Society Stock		50 00	All	5 per cent	114 @ 114½
Western Canada do do do		50 00	Do	5 per cent	106
Freehold do do do		100 00	Do	4 per cent	103
Montreal Telegraph Company		40 00	Do	5 per cent	130½ @ 131½
Canada Landed Credit Company		50 00	$14	3 per cent	45

***Bonds and Debentures.**

	Redeemable.	Closing Price	Where Payable.
Government 5 per Cents, stg	1885	87 @ 88	Glyn, Mills & Co.
" 5 " cy	......	87½ @ 84½	Office of H. M. Receiver-General
" 6 " cy	1878	99½ @ 100½	" "
" 6 " stg	......	99 @ 100	Glyn, Mills & Co.
Montreal Water Works, Sterling 6 per Cents	1878	91 @ 91½	City Hall, Montreal.
Montreal Water Works, Currency 6 per Cents	1878	91	" "
Montreal City Bonds, Currency 6 per Cents	1891	90 @ 91	" "
Montreal Harbor Bonds, Currency 7 per Cents	1870	102 @ 103	City Bank, Montreal.
Montreal Harbor Bonds, Currency 6½ per Cents	1875	00 @ 00	" "
Quebec City Bonds, 6 per Cents	1877	80 @ 90	Baring Bros. & Co., London.
Quebec Harbor Bonds, 8 per Cents	......	99½ @ 100	Quebec.
Toronto City Bonds, 6 per Cents	......	00 @ 00	
County Debentures	......		

* The accrued interest is added to the prices of all bonds and debentures sold in this market.

Exchange on London: 60 days' Bank .... 10½.
" " " Private .... 9½.
" New York, on demand, Bank .... 71½.
Gold in New York .... 141½.

Bank of Montreal—Has advanced. Holders now ask 127½.

Bank of British North America—Very Little doing, is held at 104.

Ontario Bank—Offering at 98 to 98½.

Bank of Toronto—Offering at 111½.

Royal Canadian Bank—Has improved, with sales at 91½ to 92.

Canadian Bank of Commerce—Offering at par.

Gore Bank—Nothing doing. Sellers at 80½.

Merchants' Bank—Sellers at 108.

Quebec Bank—Sellers at 99½. Buyers at 98½.

Molson's Bank—Buyers at 111. Sellers at 112.

City Bank—Sales at 99½ to 100. Holders now ask 101.

La Banque du Peuple—Asked for at 108½. No sellers.

La Banque Nationale—Nominal.

La Banque Jacques Cartier—Buyers at 106. Sellers at 107.

Mechanics' Bank—Nothing doing in this market.

Union Bank—Buyers at 100. Sellers at 101.

Toronto City Gas Company—Enquired for at 105.

British America Assurance Company—Nominal. Would command 56½ to 57.

Canada Permanent Building Society—The statement of this Society, presented at the annual meeting, held on 12th inst., shews a most profitable business to have been done during the past year. The permanent reserve, exclusive of an ample contingent fund, amounts now to nearly 10 p.c. on the paid up capital.

Western Canada Permanent Building Society Sales at 106 to 106½.

Freehold Building Society—Asked for at 103.

Montreal Telegraph Company—Offering at 131½.

Canada Landed Credit Company—Sales at 45, which price would still be paid.

Canada Debentures—Considerable sales of "fives" at 88, and "sixes" at 101.

City of Toronto Debentures—Saleable to pay 6½ to 7 p.c. to purchaser.

County Debentures—Saleable to pay about 6½ to 6¾ p.c. to purchaser.

Mortgages—First-class mortgages in demand to pay 8 p.c.

Money—Is in good demand at fair rates.

The business done in stocks has been very limited this week, and in nearly all cases there are more sellers than buyers.

All kinds of Debentures, Mortgages, Building Society, Bank and other Stocks bought and sold, and collections made on the most favorable terms.

PELLATT & OSLER,
Brokers.

New York Money Market.

New York, Feb. 20.—Loans unchanged.
Stocks dull.
Governments firm.
Railroad shares quiet, except Erie. The meeting of the Directors to-day does not seem to disturb the price.
Exchange firm.
Gold closed at 40½.

Young and Radford's stock of watches, clocks, jewellery, fancy goods and electro-plated ware are worthy of inspection. All goods will be sold cheap. Give them a call. Remember the place, 30 Sparks-st. 597a

—Is health worth having? If it is protect it—it is a jewel as easily lost as virtue, and in many cases as difficult to recover. In this climate, and more particularly at this season of the year, people are very apt to take cold and suffer from sore throat, coughs, spitting of blood and pulmonary complaints generally, which if not checked immediately lead to serious consequences. The question arises which is the quickest and most effectual remedy? Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers have been before the public for twenty years, and have always given perfect satisfaction, and invariably effect permanent cures when taken in season. Sold by all medicine dealers and country stores generally throughout the Province, at 25cts. per box.

Cure your Horses.—It is to the interest of all who own horses to keep them in a healthy and sound condition: experience has proved that "Darley's Arabian Remedy and Condition Medicine" is the most efficacious, it has been used by thousands who will cheerfully confirm this statement. For Heaves, Coughs, Colds, and all diseases which affect the wind of horses it has no equal, nor is it equalled as a condition medicine: it purifies the blood, corrects and improves the appetite, and softens the skin; in fact, so great is the improvement in the condition and appearance of the animal as to have lead many to doubt it it could be the same horse.

Remember the name, and see that the signature of *Hurd & Co.* is on each package. *Northrop & Lyman*, Newcastle, C.W., proprietors for the Canadas. Sold by all Medicine dealers.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

Mothers Read This!—Holloway's Worm Lozenges are a certain and safe remedy for Worms in Children and Adults.—As it is a well known and melancholy fact that one great cause of death among children is from Worms alone, it cannot be too deeply impressed upon the minds of parents the necessity of closely watching their children. By so doing; and understanding the symptoms and true cause of the disease, thousands of children might be saved from early graves. Symptoms of Worms.—The following are a few of the very numerous symptoms and diseases which are caused by Worms: deranged appetite, emaciated extremities, offensive breath, frequent picking at the nose, grinding of the teeth during sleep, hardness of the belly, with frequent slimy stools, and sometimes convulsive fits; itching of the arms, pain in the head and stomach, startings in sleep, faintings, tremblings, coughs, indigestion, low spirits, frightful dreams, and a gradual wasting away of flesh.

They are palatable and self-administered to the child—drive out the worms thoroughly without pain, and completely cleanse the stomach—thereby doing away with the necessity of administering Castor Oil or other unpleasant cathartics—as in the use of other Worms.

Each box contains the fac-simile signature of Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, C.W., who are the sole proprietors.

N. B. Ask for *Holloway's Worm Lozenges* and take no other. Sold by all the druggists in Ottawa, and medicine dealers everywhere. 57by

BIRTH.

On Wednesday, 19th instant, the wife of Jas. M. Garland, Esq., of a daughter.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NATURAL AMERICAN
Lubricating Oils!
PREPARED EXPRESSLY FOR
STEAMBOATS,
LOCOMOTIVES,
CAR JOURNALS,
FACTORIES,
MACHINE SHOPS,
HORSE RAILWAYS
&c., &c., &c.

Perfectly free from Gum & Grit
NON-EXPLOSIVE,
NON-INFLAMMABLE
WILL NOT FREEZE IN WINTER!
AND THE
CHEAPEST OIL IN THE MARKET!

How they suit for Small Engines and Printing Presses.

Times Office,
Ottawa, Feb. 20, 1868.

Messrs. McKenzie & Mackay,
Hamilton.

Gentlemen,—We have used your Lubricating Oil (A) on the Engine and large Hoe Press, and find it to be a better article than any we have formerly used. On the Card Presses, where we formerly used olive oil, we find your oil superior.

CHARLES W. MITCHELL,
Foreman.

THOMAS McELROY,
Engineer.

How they Suit for Cutting Bolts.

Dundas Foundry, Dundas, July 29, 1867.
Messrs. McKenzie & Mackay, Hamilton.

Gentlemen,—I have been testing your New Lubricating Oils [A] and [AAA] for the last six months, and have no hesitation in stating that they are the best oils used in this foundry for some years, and are far superior to what we have known as "Petroleum Lubricators." They are free from all Gum and Grit, do not heat the bearings, and are particularly adapted for lathes and planer beds. The TREBLE A OIL is especially suited for cutting heavy bolts. I have used it with the "Patent Die," which finishes the thread with one cut, and it has stood the severe test to my satisfaction.

Yours truly,
THOMAS WILSON,
Foreman.

How they Suit for Grist Mills.

Dundas Flour Mills,
Dundas, July 15, 1867.
Messrs. McKenzie & Mackay, Hamilton,

Gentlemen,—I have tried your Lubricating Oils (AA) and (A) and can recommend it as being a good Oil for lubricating purposes. I have used it on both heavy and light machinery, and find it answers the purpose as well as any oil hitherto used. I have always used olive oil till now, so that your oil received a severe test. Please send me one barrel of each kind.

Yours truly,
JAMES COLMAN,
James Walker,
Manager.

How they Suit for Saw Mills.

West Flamboro, July 27, 1867.
Messrs. McKenzie & Mackay, 9, King-street, Hamilton,

Gentlemen,—I have thoroughly tested in my Saw mill the Lubricating Oil received from you. The sample marked (AA) I think is superior to any elephant oil for saw mill machinery. The journals run with it, work longer clean, and with less friction than with any other oil I have used.

Yours respectfully,
ROBERT CHRISTIE.

Samples of the oil and numerous certificates may be seen at the office of our Agent.

McKENZIE & MACKAY,
Agents for Canada,
9 King Street, Hamilton.

Agent for Ottawa and Vicinity,
T. ISAACS,
Sparks-st.

Ottawa, Feb. 21, 1868.

SOIREE.

The Bank-street Congregation
WILL HOLD THEIR
ANNUAL SOIREE
ON THE
Evening of Friday, the 21st Inst.
IN THE
Basement of the Methodist Church,
CENTRE TOWN.

An efficient Choir will be in attendance.
Refreshments will be served at 7 o'clock.
Tickets may be obtained at the stores of Messrs. Dalglish & Russell, Upper Town; Mr. Roberts, Centre Town; and Mrs. Frederick, Lower Town.
Doors open at half-past six.
Ottawa, Feb. 18, 1868.

Mails for the Maritime Provinces.

WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

From OTTAWA—Mails for St. JOHN, N. B., Closed Daily, 12:45, P. M.

NEW BRUNSWICK.

THE general route of transmission is by railway, *via* Montreal, Danville Junction, and Bangor, Me., whence by stage to Calais and St. John. Time taken, at this season, usually four days.

The Mail despatched, however, on Friday, obtains connexion with the Monday 5 p m steamer, (International Line), from Portland, being due at St. John on Tuesday p m.

For Woodstock, N. B.

There is also a tri-weekly Mail from Riviere du Loup to Edmundston and Woodstock, leaving Riviere du Loup every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday evenings, on the arrival of the mail train from Quebec. Matter intended for conveyance by this route should be specially addressed "Via Riv. du Loup.

PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND.

Matter for Prince Edward Island is forwarded on St. John.

Letters 5 cents per half ounce. Newspapers 1 cent.

NOVA SCOTIA.

For Halifax, N. S., Closed Every Thursday, 12:45, P. M.

Route of transmission is *via* Portland, whence per steamer *Chase*, or *Charlotte*, every Saturday at 4 p m, for Halifax, being due there on the following Monday.

Letters 5 cents per half ounce. Newspapers 1 cent.

For Halifax, N. S., Closed Every Friday, 12:45, P. M.

Route of transmission is *via* Portland, connecting there with the Monday 5 p m steamer, (International Line), for St. John. Mail due in Halifax on the following Thursday evening.

Letters 5 cents per half ounce. Newspapers 1 cent.

Letters, &c., are not forwarded from Ottawa to Halifax by the land route, *via* St. John, N. B., unless specially so addressed.

NEWFOUNDLAND.

Newfoundland is included in the ordinary mails made up for Halifax.

Letters 12½ cents per half ounce. Newspapers 2 cents each.

O. P. BAKER, Postmaster.

Post Office, Ottawa, Feb. 13, 1868.

Nova Scotia, by "Inman" Steamer from New York.

*Note.—For Inman Steamer to Halifax a Mail is closed every alternate Friday, 12 45, p m, (i. e. 21st February, 6th and 20th March, 3rd and 17th April, and so on.) Route of transmission is via New York, connecting there with the Steamer of the Inman Line, leaving on alternate Mondays at Noon for England, via Halifax, being due at Halifax on the following Thursday. Letters and papers for despatch by this route must be SPECIALLY SO ADDRESSED, with postage prepaid by stamp, as follows—

Letters 12½ cents per half ounce. Newspapers 2 cents each. 672tf

OTTAWA

Skating & Curling CLUB.

A GRAND CARNIVAL

WILL BE HELD AT

THE RINK,

On Tuesday Ev'g, 25th Instant.

By kind permission of Colonel Lord A. G. RUSSELL and OFFICERS, the

String Band of the P. C. O. Rifle Brigade

Will be in attendance.

COMMITTEE:

J. LeBreton Ross, Esq. | R. Haycock, Esq.
W. B. Almond, Esq. | W. B. Corton, Esq.

REGULATIONS:

None but subscribers, and those introduced by them, will be admitted to skate.

No person will be allowed on the ice except in costume.

Ladies not required to assume any particular dress. A slight deviation from the ordinary skating dress being in their case considered sufficient.

No gentleman to appear in female attire.

The use of masks is optional. Domino masks can be hired from the Rink Caretaker. No Negro costumes will be allowed.

Children under 15 years will not be admitted on the ice.

Parties desirous of appearing in costume are requested to leave their names and description of dress with the Secretary, who will be at the Rink from 3 to 5 o'clock on Monday and Tuesday afternoons, for the purpose of issuing tickets.

Admission 25 cents. Skaters in costume Free. Doors open at half-past seven o'clock.

February 19, 1868. 670td

SALE OF ORDNANCE LANDS OTTAWA.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that a large number of Lots, of different sizes and dimensions,

Town Lots & Country Lots,

Will be offered for sale on

MONDAY, 6th APRIL NEXT,

AT THE

Auction Room of H. McLean, Auctioneer,

OTTAWA, VIZ.:

Building Lots in Ottawa on North Rideau street, South George street, South St. Andrew street, North St. Andrew street, South Bolton street, South Parry street, South Franklin street, North Franklin street South Park street, East Wurtemburg street, Lot H Rideau Front, Lot I, do.

—ALSO,—

	Acres.	R.	P.
Lot 34, concession B, Nepean	37	00	00
35, concession B, occupied by Mulligan and one McCabe	77	00	00
Lot K, concession D, Nepean, part of	59	00	00
Lots L and M, concession B, Nepean, parts of	86	2	25
Lot K, concession C, Nepean	53	00	00

Sub Lots 2, 3, 4, on Lot E, concession C, Nepean, 1 acre and nine perches each.

Eleven Sub-Lots of 10 acres each, on Lot No. 21, Gore of Gloucester.

Nineteen Sub-Lots of 10 acres each, on Lot No. 22, Gore of Gloucester.

Lot letter I, concession 4, Gloucester.....101 1 83

Lists of the Lots, and terms of payment, may be had on application at the Ordnance Lands Office, at the Office of H. McLean, Auctioneer, and at the Office of the undersigned, Public Buildings, Ottawa.

By order of the Secretary of State:

E. PARENT,
Under Sec. of State.

WILLIAM F. COFFIN,
Ordnance Lands Agent.

Ottawa, February 8, 1868. 660-1awtd

TO BOOKBINDERS.

WANTED a first-class hand to take charge of a GENERAL BINDERY. Apply to

JAS. HOPE & Co.

Ottawa, Feb. 20, 1868. 671 3

MOSGROVE & TAILON,

BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.

WILLIAM MOSGROVE. GEORGE TAILON.

Ottawa, Feb. 20, 1868. 366-tf

Canadian Cottons.

WE HAVE JUST RECEIVED A SUPPLY of the

CELEBRATED

DUNDAS COTTONS!

32 and 35 Inches Wide.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

OTTAWA, Feb. 21, 1868. 380y

PHŒNIX.

MESSRS. R. EATON & Co. respectfully announce to the public that THEY HAVE RESUMED BUSINESS in this City in the various branches of their trade and manufacture, which they now carry on at the following places:—

Paint, Oil, Varnish, Color and Painters' Stock Depot,
☞ Bell's New Block, 1st Story, Opposite the Russell House.

Oil Painting, Engraving, Paper Hanging and Decorating Depot,
☞ Bell's New Block, 2nd Story, Opposite the Russell House.

Looking-Glass, Picture Frame, Silvering and Gilding Rooms,
☞ Scott's Building, over Confectionary, Opposite the Russell House.

Cornice, Picture, and Looking-Glass Frame Manufactory,
☞ Wright's Building, Chaudiere, formerly occupied by E. B. Eddy, Esq.

Their present extensive stock in the various departments is entirely new, the former having been destroyed by fire, and has been carefully and judiciously selected, with especial regard to the demands of this City and its surroundings. Their Painters' Stock is especially good. Their Paper Hangings and Decorating Stock is in endless variety of quality and price; and the Decoration of Dwellings, Offices, Stores and Public Buildings undertaken, and satisfaction guaranteed both as to style and workmanship.

Having secured spacious premises at the Chaudiere, with extensive water-power, for the purpose of Manufacturing Cornices and Frames of all kinds, and having also secured spacious Looking-Glass, Silvering and Gilding Rooms, they will be enabled to fill orders for Pier, Mantle, Hanging and Toilet Mirrors, Picture Frames and Cornices, at the Shortest Notice.

Oil Paintings and Engravings of undoubted merit and beauty always in stock.

Window Blinds, new style, unsurpassed, always kept on hand. These are made so as to fit windows of any size, and are painted or oiled to suit taste or business of purchaser.

Messrs. R. E. & Co., avail themselves of this opportunity for returning their sincerest thanks for the kind patronage heretofore bestowed upon them, and for the great sympathy manifested for them on the occasion of the recent fire, and in resuming business they beg to assure their many kind friends and patrons that with new stock, renewed energy, and competent and faithful workmen, they feel confident of filling all orders with which they may be favored with promptness and punctuality, and in such a manner as will merit entire satisfaction.

OFFICE—Bell's Block, Opposite Russell House.

OTTAWA, Feb. 14, 1868. 666-3m

ANGUS AND HUCKELL,

No. 15 SUSSEX-STREET

GREAT DISCOUNT SALE!

CLEARING OUT

FALL AND WINTER STOCK

—OF—

Boots, Shoes & Rubbers.

10 CENTS OFF EVERY DOLLAR

CASH PURCHASES,

FOR ONE MONTH.

Largest and Best Stock

IN THE DOMINION.

☞ Call and See.

No. 15 SUSSEX-STREET

Boots, Shoes and Rubbers.

OTTAWA, February 13, 1868. 665y

THE NEW DOMINION!

47. SUSSEX-STREET. 47.

Established with the Nation, 1st July, 1867.

Tried by the People,
Nobly sustained,
Long may it flourish!

Come one! Come all!!
Farmers and Lumbermen,
Merchants and Citizens,

COME TO THE NEW DOMINION!

And you will find a large and varied assortment of

STAPLE and FANCY DRY GOODS!

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,
AS CHEAP AS THE CHEAPEST,
AS GOOD AS THE BEST.

A New Tailoring Establishment!

Has just been opened on the premises, with FIRST-CLASS WORKMEN, under the management of a FIRST-CLASS FASHIONABLE CUTTER.

Suits made to order, and
Warranted to *suit*,
At every price,

Of every style,
For every season,
And at the shortest notice.

Do you want Hats or Caps, Furs or Blankets, Boots or Shoes, Moccasins or Mittens? Visit the New Dominion. It will prove to your advantage. From top to toe a perfect outfit guaranteed, by

JAMES HIGGINSON, Proprietor.

Ottawa, February 6, 1868. 659tf

BOOKS, MAPS, &c.

MAPS of NEW BRUNSWICK, folded and on rollers, (McMillan's.) MAPS of NOVA SCOTIA, folded and on rollers, (McKinlay's.)

BRAITHWAITE FOR JANUARY.

A book for every office and library,

Chambers' Encyclopædia,

The best and cheapest published. Illustrated with Maps and Wood Cuts. 10 vols., half calf, $35.00.

Worcester's & Webster's Illustrated

4to DICTIONARIES.

SUTHERLAND'S CITY DIRECTORY.

The New Literature received as issued by English and American publishers.

The NEW AUTHORIZED SERIES OF READERS—Wholesale and Retail.

Bill and Postage Stamps.

J. DURIE & SON,
10 Sparks-st.,
Opposite the Russell House

498y

LOST.

ONE YELLOW (Bitch) HOUND, and one WHITE and BLACK SPOTTED (Pup) HOUND, strayed or stolen from Gloucester on the 24th December last. Any person keeping either of these hounds after this notice will be prosecuted, and any information left with the undersigned will be suitably rewarded.

OLIVER PINARD,
Delhi Hotel, No. 17, Clarence-st.

February 12. 664a

NOTICE

IS HEREBY given that I shall not be responsible for any debts contracted in my name, unless under an order signed by me.

SOPHIA MARTINEAU.

Ottawa, Jan. 22, 1868. 646d

Scale Manufacturer.

E. DORION begs to inform the public that he has opened a SCALE MANUFACTORY in Clarence-street, second door from Sussex-street, in E. D'Amour's Blacksmith Shop, and were he is now prepared to repair all sorts of Scales in use.

Ottawa, Jany. 11 637y

YOUNG & RADFORD'S COLUMN.

Watches,
Watches,
Watches

AT

YOUNG AND RADFORD'S

30 Sparks-street.

Clocks,
Clocks,
Clocks,

AT

YOUNG AND RADFORD'S.

Jewellery,
Jewellery,
Jewellery,

AT

YOUNG AND RADFORD'S.

Electro-Plated ware,
Electro-Plated Ware,
Electro-Plated Ware,

AT

YOUNG AND RADFORD'S.

Fancy Goods,
Fancy Goods,
Fancy Goods,

AT

YOUNG AND RADFORD'S,

Manufacturing Jewellers,

30 SPARKS-STREET.

Old Gold and Silver

Bought, and highest cash price paid,

AT

YOUNG AND RADFORD'S

BROWNE & HARDY'S COLUMN.

1867 AND 1868.

INDIA WAREHOUSE!

16 Rideau Street, Ottawa.

THE SUBSCRIBERS beg to inform their Customers that their Stock is now complete, and embraces every delicacy of the Season, among which will be found a choice assortment of

TEAS,

Breakfast SOUCHONG, do CONGOU, } Black Extra Fine.
Superior HYSON,
" GUNPOWDER,
" IMPERIAL,
" TWANKAY,
Orange PEKOE, Flowery " Japan " } These Teas have been carefully selected for family trade by

BROWNE & HARDY.

SUGARS,
LOAF,
BROKEN LOAF,
CRUSHED,
GROUND,
YELLOW,
and MUSCOVADO.

COFFEE,
MOCHA,
JAVA,
JAMAICA, and
CEYLON,
☞ Roasted and Ground daily on the premises.

CHOCOLATE and COCOA,
FRENCH, flavored with Vanilla;
TAYLOR'S,
FRYE'S,
MOTT'S

FRUITS, &c.
LAYER RAISINS,
in Whole, Half and Quarter Boxes
MUSCATEL, do do
SULTANA,
VALENTIA,
CURRANTS,
GRAPES,
ORANGES
LEMONS,
PRUNES,
ALMONDS,
WALNUTS,
FILBERTS, and
BRAZIL NUTS.

BUTTER,
CHOICE DAIRY, in Tubs and Crocks, received Weekly.

CHEESE,
English, American and Canadian.

SPICES,
NUTMEGS,
MACE,
CINNAMON,
CLOVES,
GINGER,
MIXED SPICES.

All Ground on the Premises

BROWNE & HARDY.

Ottawa, December 19 405tf

THE MONTREAL WAREHOUSE,

SUSSEX, OPPOSITE YORK-STREET,

IN MR. INGLIS' NEW BLOCK,

WILL BE OPENED OUT IN A FEW DAYS WITH A STOCK OF

Choice Wines, Groceries and Provisions, &c., &c.

J. MARTIN & CO

OTTAWA, February 4, 1868. 657y

HARDWARE!

HARDWARE!

Great Reduction

IN THE

PRICE OF HARDWARE

AT THE

SIGN of the ANVIL

No. 24, Rideau-street.

THE Undersigned would take this opportunity to express his thanks to his Customers in Ottawa and vicinity for their very liberal patronage in the past, and to solicit a continuance of their favors in the future, and to assure them that no effort on his part shall be wanting to supply them with the Best and Cheapest English and American Hardware. I do not pretend to sell at cost, but do propose to sell as cheap as any other establishment in Ontario. My stock shall comprise every article in the line of Hardware, and with the one price system I hope to merit and receive a continuance of the very liberal patronage given me in the past.

T. BIRKETT,
Sign of the Anvil, 24 Rideau-st.

Ottawa, Feb. 3. 408y

BLYTH & KERR,

Successors to Chas. Garth,

No. 25, Rideau-st.,

Plumbers,

Gas & Steam Fitters,

Tin & Coppersmiths.

Bell Hangers, &c.

All materials for the above branches kept constantly on hand.

—ALSO—

Importers and Dealers in House Furnishing Hardware.

Just received a well selected assortment of

Cooking Stoves,	Iron Bedsteads,
Double Stoves,	Bronzed & Wire Fenders,
Parlor Stoves,	Fire Irons,
Hall Stoves,	Fire Guards,

Japanned and Planished Tinware, &c.,

Manufacturers of all descriptions of work for Water and Gas Works, Brewer's Distilleries, Mills, &c. Makes and fits up Galvanized Iron Cornices, Gutters, Conductors, Roofing, &c.

☞ Public and Private Buildings, Conservatories, Vineries, Manufactories, &c., warmed by Steam, Hot Water or Warm Air, on the most approved principles.

Orders from the country will receive strict attention.

Ottawa August 26. 416y

BUY YOUR TEA

DIRECT FROM

THE IMPORTERS

TEA! TEA! TEA!

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY, 6 Hospital Street, Montreal, having just imported a large quantity of Green and Black Teas, beg to call the attention of the Trade, Hotel Proprietors, and large establishments generally to their list of prices. Buyers of Chests and Boxes of Tea will save money by getting it direct through the Importers.

All orders for 25 lb. boxes and upwards, carriage free to any Railway Station in Canada. Parties wanting smaller quantities should club together, Buyers living beyond Railway Stations, will please send post office order, or enclose notes. The carriage will be paid to the nearest station, where there are express offices. Tea will be forwarded immediately on receipt of the order by mail containing money, or the money can be collected on delivery by express man. Cash collected in Montreal free of charge, and Tea forwarded for the same. Original packages Black Tea weigh, 4 chests about 50 lbs. Chests do. 90 to 100 lbs. Green Tea from 60 to 80 lbs. Teas not mentioned in advertisement can be had equally cheap. The Company are determined to take a stand in the Montreal market, every article may therefore be depended on as to quality and weight.

BCK TEA.

Common Congou, Broken Leaf, Strong Tea	00 45
Fine Flavoured New Season do	00 55
Excellent Full Flavoured do	00 75
Sound Oolong	00 45
Rich Flavoured do	00 60
Very Fine do	00 75
Japan	00 58
Very Fine do	00 75
An excellent mixed Tea, Black and Green	00 60

GREEN TEA.

Twankay, Common	00 38
Fine do	00 55
Young Hyson	00 60
Fine do	00 75
Superfine and Very Choice	1 00
Fine Gunpowder	00 85
Extra Superfine do	1 00

Reductions made to buyers of Five Chests and upwards.

☞ Address

MONTREAL TEA CO.,
6, Hospital-st, Montreal.

☞ *Agent for Ottawa and neighborhood,*

MR. JOS. MOONEY.

☞ All Boxes and Chests sent from this Establishment have the address of the *MONTREAL TEA COMPANY* printed on them.

August 27, 1867. 52234-w

CHANCERY SALE

—OF—

LAND.

IN PURSUANCE of the Decree made in a certain cause pending in the Court of Chancery, of Stone *versus* Haskins, bearing date the Tenth day of December, 1867, will be sold by Auction, with the approbation of Robert J. Turner, Esq., Accountant of the said Court, on MONDAY, the SECOND day of MARCH, 1868, at the hour of TWO o'clock in the afternoon, by CHARLES FLYNN, Auctioneer, at the COURT HOUSE, in the VILLAGE of L'ORIGNAL, in the County of Prescott, all that certain parcel or tract of land and premises, situate, lying and being in the township of Longueuil, in the said County of Prescott, containing by admeasurement one hundred acres, more or less. The Farm is situated in the heart of the Township, and in an old and well settled part of the country. It lies upon the main road leading from L'Orignal to Caledonia Springs, and is distant about 3 miles from the former, and 6 miles from the latter. It is the farm which was owned and occupied by the late Augustus L. Stone, at the time of his death.

There is a comfortable stone house on the premises, with a barn and other outbuildings—the whole forming a most desirable residence for a farmer. The purchaser shall at the time of sale pay down a deposit in the proportion of £10 for every £100 of his purchase money to the vendor or his solicitor.

About one-tenth of the purchase money is to be secured by a mortgage upon the premises, (or a sufficient portion thereof) for the benefit of minors, payable in four instalments, and at the times when they respectively become of age, with interest payable annually at the rate of 7 per cent. per annum. The balance of the purchase money being about 8.60ths, is to be paid in cash within one month from the day of sale, or one-half in cash, and one-half secured by mortgage, payable in two annual instalments, with interest at seven per cent. per annum, at the option of the purchaser.

For further particulars, and conditions of sale, apply to Messrs. Blake, Kerr & Wells, Solicitors, Toronto; to Robert Cassels, Jr., Solicitor, Toronto; or to Peter O'Brian, Solicitor, L'Orignal.

Dated at Toronto, this 22nd day of January, 1868.

661-1awtd ROBERT J. TURNER.

Extensive Sale

—OF—

Drugs, Patent Medicines,

DYE STUFFS, &c.

THE Entire Stock of Drugs, &c., &c., saved from the late disastrous fire by Dr. J. GARVEY, is now offered FOR SALE at the Office of EDWARD BEARMAN, Esq., over COWAN'S HARDWARE STORE, Rideau-street.

Buyers are requested to call at once, as the entire stock must be disposed of.

J. GARVEY, M. D.

Ottawa, Feb. 18, 1868. 669tf

WAR! WAR! WAR!

KEARNS & RYAN,

WELL KNOWN

Merchants of this City,

—WHO KEEP THE PEOPLE'S—

CHEAP CASH STORE!

Have declared War against all other merchants of the Capital of Canada, for imposing dear goods on the people. They will make a

Reduction of 20 per cent off Hats and Bonnets,

—AND—

10 per cent off all other Cash Purchases

OVER ONE DOLLAR.

During the month of February. Rush to their establishment and judge for yourselves. No deception.

Corner of York and Sussex-sts.

Ottawa, February 3, 1868. 656d

Great Remnant Sale.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.

Importers, 20 Sparks Street.

With a view to CLEAR OUT THEIR STOCK OF REMNANTS, prior to stock-taking have RE-MARKED ALL THEIR REMNANTS at prices that must effect a SPEEDY CLEARANCE.

Remnants of Cloths, **Remnants of Cobourgs,**
Remnants of Dress Goods, **Remnants of Silks,**
Remnants of Cottons, **Remnants of Linens,**
Remnants of Prints, **Remnants of Flannels,**
Remnants of Carpetings. **Remnants of Oil-cloths,**

And a host of other remnants too numerous to particularize.

Sale to commence on MONDAY, 17th, and to continue during the week.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.

Ottawa, February 17, 1868. 484y

NEW STORE!

THE Store formerly occupied by W. D. WOOD, No. 38, on RIDEAU STREET, has been refitted by the subscribers, and will be opened on MONDAY, FOURTEENTH OCTOBER, with an entire new stock of

GROCERIES,

LIQUORS AND

HARDWARE.

WOOD & ROSSITER.

Ottawa, October 12, 1867. 561-tf

SUN BURNER.

NO MORE Breaking of Chimneys; no More Burning of Fingers; No More Waste of Oil; No Trouble to Clean; No Trouble to Light No Anxiety About Explosions. It is a Cheap Labor Saving and Durable Article. Buy one and you will never repent doing so. Anyone dissatisfied can have their money returned.

LAMPS AND FITTINGS

ALWAYS ON HAND.

STOVES, TINWARE, &c.

☞ Competent workmen for jobbing on the premises.

FSMONDE BROS.,
43 SPARKS-ST.,
Next Hoop Skirt Factory.

Ottawa, January 21. 311y

WATCH LOST.

LOST on Saturday afternoon, by a lady while walking from Wellington-street up Bank's and the New Road as far as the second bridge, a small, somewhat old style, Gold Watch. The finder will be suitably rewarded on leaving it at this Office.

February 17, 1868. 668-3

PORK! FLOUR!

THE Subscribers have just received 10 CAR LOADS of PORK, consisting of

455 *BBLS. OF MESS,*

40 *DO. OF THIN MESS,*

155 *DO. OF PRIME MESS.*

Also 20,000 lbs. weight Superior Steam Refined Leaf Lard.

Also for Sale, 500 barrels of Flour.

O'CONNOR & WALLER,
Exchange Brokers and Commission Merchants,
Sussex-st., Ottawa.

Ottawa, Feb. 17, 1868. 668tf

NOTICE.

THE HOLDERS of TICKETS for the DRAWING OF PRIZES in aid of the GOOD SHEPHERDS, will take notice that the same has been POSTPONED till TUESDAY EVENING, TWENTY-FIFTH FEBRUARY, INST., at 7.30 o'clock, at St. Vincent's Hall.

SARAH CALDWELL.

Ottawa, Feb. 18, 1868. 669d

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, February 14, 1868.

AUTHORIZED Discount on American Invoices until further notice, 28 per cent.

R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner of Custom

W. NOTMAN,

Photographer to the Queen

CORNER OF

WELLINGTON AND METCALFE STREETS,

WOULD intimate that having all his arrangements completed, his

Establishment will be Opened

—ON—

Monday Next, 3rd February

When he will be prepared to fulfil orders for all the different branches of Photography.

Ottawa, Jan. 31, 1868. 582y

Dissolution of Partnership.

THE PARTNERSHIP heretofore existing between JAMES HOPE and S. S. M. HUNTER, under the firm of JAMES HOPE & Co., was this day dissolved by mutual consent.

The business will be continued, under the same name as heretofore, by JAMES HOPE, who will receive all monies due, and discharge all claims against the late firm.

JAMES HOPE,
S. S. M. HUNTER.

Ottawa, Feb. 15, 1868. 668-a-8-4

PLANS & SPECIFICATIONS

FOR THE WESTERN

CENTRAL SCHOOL BUILDING,

WILL BE RECEIVED AT THE

City Hall,

BY THE

BOARD OF SCHOOL TRUSTEES

FOR THE

City of Ottawa,

UP TO THE

Third day of March Next,

At Seven O'clock, P. M.,

THE BUILDING

TO BE OF

BRICK or STONE,

☞ Ninety Feet Frontage, and Sixty Feet in Depth, Two Stories High, with a good Basement for the Heating Apparatus.

ECONOMY,

Durability and Convenience

To be studied by each competitor.

The cost of building, with heating apparatus and out-houses, to be shown completed.

A Premium of Fifty Dollars

To be given for the Plans and Specifications that shall be accepted by the Board. Those not accepted will be returned to the person or persons who may have submitted the same.

JAMES D. SLATER,
Chairman.

Ottawa, Feb. 18, 1868. 669a

Skates! Skates!

At ISAAC'S,

ALSO,

SLEIGHS, SLEIGHS

ALL PRESENTS BY SANTA CLAUS,

At ISAAC'S.

Skates from 20 cents to $6.00

At ISAAC'S,

Sparks-street,

ALSO,

Hardware of all Description

At Lowest Cash Prices,

At ISAAC'S.

☞ Remember the place,

T. ISAAC'S.

December 17, 1867. 617tf

BAZAAR

IN FAVOR OF

The St. Patrick's Orphan Asylum,

OTTAWA.

THE LADIES of the above named institution intend holding a BAZAAR during the month of MAY NEXT. Charitable persons who wish to contribute to this good work, are respectfully requested to send their contributions to any of the following ladies:

Mrs. WM. O'MEARA,
" CALDWELL,
" McGREEVEY,
" GOODWIN,
" J. W. RYAN,
" F. X. LEMIEUX,
Miss BASQUERVILLE,
Miss McCARTHY.

The following ladies have kindly consented to preside at the Refreshment Table—Mrs. Enright, Mrs. Matthews, Mrs. Barrett.

MARIANNE McCARTHY,
Secretary.

Ottawa, Feb. 15, 1868. 667tf

Ottawa CROCKERY Store!

PRESENTATION ORNAMENTS.

WILLIAM ALLAN

RESPECTFULLY announces the arrival of a Choice Selection of China and Bohemian Glass Flower Vases and Ornaments suitable for Xmas and New Year's Gifts. Also, a fresh and complete Stock of China, Glass, Earthenware and Parian Marble ever brought into Ottawa, consisting of

DINNER SETTS, DESSERT SETTS,
BREAKFAST SETTS, TOILET SETTS.

Cut and Pressed TABLE GLASS, and an assortment of Common Ware to the trade and wholesale purchasers.

A large and most varied Stock select from:

W. ALLAN,
51 RIDEAU STREET, (opposite Mr. D. Whalen's.)

Ottawa, December 19, 1867. 574y

SHEFFIELD HOUSE!

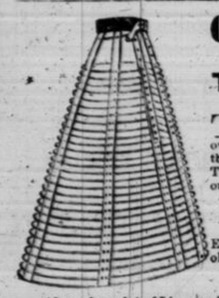
E. K. MacGILLIVRAY & Co.,

MANUFACTURING JEWELLERS

AND

WATCHMAKERS

OTTAWA, January 21, 1868.



City Hoop Skirt Factory

The Double Extension Skirt.

THIS new and convenient skirt I am now making in all widths of tape. The great advantage this Skirt has over all others: ladies can alter it themselves to any width they wish, from 1½ yards to 3 yards, without the least trouble. They only can be had at the Factory. Everyother style of Skirt on hand or made to order. Just received another lot of

FRENCH CORSETS,

Every size, from 17 inches to 36 inches. Also, a few of those old fashioned Corsets, (lacing at the back.)

Lambs' Wool Hose, Breakfast Shawls.

Also, a large lot of Linen and Lawn Pocket Handkerchiefs, cheap.

DAVID MILLAR,
43 Sparks-st, Centre Town, next to Esmonde's Stove Depot.

456y

New Premises and Cheap Goods.

GRANT & HENDERSON

Having recently moved into their new premises, **No. 20, Rideau-street,** one of the firm visited lately the Montreal Markets, and secured a very large stock of entirely

NEW GOODS,

At most EXTRAORDINARY REDUCTIONS in price, which cannot in a legitimate manner be undersold in this city.

RIDEAU-STREET, December 24, 1867. 623tf

Gold Medal, Paris, 1867.

WHEELER & WILSON'S SEWING MACHINES.

THE BEST HOLIDAY PRESENT,

From $47 and upwards.

FIVE per cent. off for cash in bills until after the holidays. One handsome Mahogany full case $8 discount.

The Howe Sewing Machines from $50 Up.

Grout & Co.'s Twisted Elastic Stitch only $15.

Call and see this little beauty. Prospectuses and Samples sent Free by Mail.

December 19, 1867. 479-43y G. A. WALTON, Agent, 37 Sparks Street, Ottawa.

Dry Goods at Reduced Prices.

Cunningham and Lindsay

— ARE NOW SELLING —

Canadian Grey Cloth at 3s. 3d. per yard,
Canadian Tweeds at 4s. per yard,
Canadian Cotton Yarn at 7s. 6d. a Bundle,
Canadian Bags at 1. 9d

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY

Invite particular Attention to their

BLANKETS, FLANNELS AND MANTLE CLOTHS.

Ottawa, November 18, 1867. 510y

FIRST CLASS

Tailoring Establishment.

BEING destroys to dispose of the balance of my WINTER STOCK, in order to make room for

Spring Importations,

For two months I shall offer such inducements to intending purchasers as will enable me to make a ready sale, and my customers a good investment

Please Call and Examine.

G. M. HOLBROOK,

Pro Top Depot, Elgin-street,
Opposite the Post Office.

38ly

CAUTION.

THE perfection and cheapness of the American (Waltham) Watch have given it such a world-wide celebrity that unscrupulous dealers years ago imitated its style and pirated its trade marks. Irresponsible dealers are occasionally found who dishonestly trade upon the popularity of the American watch by selling a base imitation under the name of the genuine article.

It is hardly necessary to state that such watches are worthless as time-keepers, and when bought for the genuine are calculated to injure the high reputation which our watches have attained. The several grades of the American watch (except the lowest grade marked Home Watch Co.) are guaranteed by special certificate bearing the number of the watch and the signature of the Treasurer of the Company, E. E. Robbins. The purchaser should in all cases require one of these certificates, which is furnished to all dealers in the genuine watches.

The following are the trade marks on the several grades of our manufacture:

AMERICAN WATCH CO. APPLETON, TRACY & CO.
WALTHAM WATCH CO. P. S. BARTLETT.
WM. ELLERY. HOME WATCH CO.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD CO.
Office of the General Superintendent
Altona, Pa., 15th Dec., 1866.

Gentlemen: The watches Manufactured by you have been in use on this Railroad for several year by our engine men, to whom we furnish watches as part of our equipment. There are some THREE HUNDRED OF THEM CARRIED ON OUR LINE, and we consider them GOOD and RELIABLE TIME-KEEPERS. Indeed I have great satisfaction in saying YOUR WATCHES GIVE US LESS TROUBLE and have worn and do wear much longer without repairs than any watches we have ever had in use on this road. As you are aware we formerly trusted to those of English manufacture, of acknowledged good reputation, but as a class they never keep time as correctly, nor have they done as good service as yours.

In these statements I am sustained by my predecessor, Mr. Lewis, whose experience extended over a series of years.

Respectfully,
EDWARD H. WILLIAMS,
General Superintendent.

American Watch Co., Waltham.

NEW YORK CENTRAL RAILROAD.
Locomotive Dep't Western Division,
Rochester, Dec. 24th, 1866.

Gentlemen—I have no hesitation in saying that I believe the great majority of locomotive engineers have found by experience that WALTHAM WATCHES ARE THE MOST SATISFACTORY of any for their uses. They RUN WITH THE GREATEST ACCURACY AND STEADINESS, notwithstanding the rough riding of an engine; and as I have NEVER KNOWN ONE TO WEAR OUT, they must be durable. I hope to see the time when railway companies will generally adopt your watches, and furnish them all to engineers and conductors. In my opinion it would greatly tend to promote regularity and safety.

Yours respectfully,
CHARLES WILSON,
G. Chief Engineer,
Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers.

American Watch Co., Waltham.

For sale by all first-class dealers in the United States and British Provinces.

ROBBINS & APPLETON
No. 182 Broadway, N. Y.
ROBERT WILKES,
Toronto and Montreal,
GENERAL AGENTS.

November, 14, 1867. 565-48-3m.

RAILROADS.

Grand Trunk Railway Company

OF CANADA.

WINTER ARRANGEMENTS, 1867.

TRAINS now leave Bonaventure Station as follows:

GOING WEST—Day Express for Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago and all points West, at 8.30 A.M.

Night do do at 7.30 P.M.

Accommodation Train for Kingston and intermediate stations at 7.50 A.M.

Local Train for Cornwall and intermediate Stations, at 4.20 P.M.

Trains for Lachine at 8.00 A.M., 9.30 A.M., 3.00 and 4.30 P.M.

The 3.00 P.M. Train runs through to Plattsburgh.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST—Accommodation Train from Island Pond and intermediate Stations, at 7.00 A.M.

Express for New York and Boston, at 8.40 A.M.

Express for Boston and New York, at 3.30 P.M.

Express for Portland (staying over night at Island Pond) at 2.00 P.M.

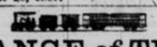
Night Express for Portland, Three Rivers, Quebec and Riviere du Loup, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbroke, Waterville and Coaticcoke only, at 10.10 P.M.

Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.

For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station.

C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director.

December 23, 1867. 650tf



CHANGE of TIME

St. Lawrence & Ottawa Railway,

(formerly the Ottawa & Prescott Railway.)

ON and after MONDAY, the 30th Dec., 1867, and until further notice, trains will run as follows:

LEAVE PRESCOTT.	ARRIVE IN OTTAWA.
Mixed, 7. 30 a. m.	11.00 a. m.
Express, 2.10 p. m.	4.45 p. m.
LEAVE OTTAWA.	**ARRIVE IN PRESCOTT.**
Express, 8 a. m.	10.30 a. m.
Mixed, 1.30 p. m.	4.45 p. m.

The time of these Trains has been so arranged as to ensure connection with night and day trains on Grand Trunk, east and west.

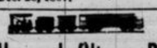
N. B.—These Trains run on Montreal Time.

Baggage to and from Ottawa checked through from and to stations on Grand Trunk Railway.

Return tickets to Prescott, Kemptville and Ottawa at reduced rates can be had at the principal stations on the line.

T. S. DETLOR, Superintendent. THOMAS REYNOLDS, Managing Director.

Ottawa, Dec. 28, 1867. 1y



Brockville and Ottawa Railway.

WINTER ARRANGEMENT

Commencing on Monday, December 9, 1867.

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

3:45 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 3.45 p.m., and arrive at Sandpoint at 9.25 p. m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT.

6:45 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint daily at 6.45 a.m., and arrive at Brockville at 1:00 p. m.

LEAVES PERTH.

5:00 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Perth at 5:00 p.m., and 9:40 a.m., and arrive at Smith's Falls at 5:50 p.m. and 10:30 a.m.

LEAVES SMITH'S FALLS.

10:50 A.M.—TRAINS will leave Smith's Falls at 10:50 a.m., and 6:05 p.m., and arrive at Perth at 11:40 a.m., and 6:55 p.m.

All trains on main line connect at Smith's Falls with Trains to and from Perth.

No. 1 leaves Brockville after G. T. R. Express Train is due from the East.

No. 2 is due at Brockville in time to connect with G. T. R. Express Trains for the East and West.

H ARBOTT,
Manager for Trustee.

Brockville, Dec. 16. 472y

Royal Canadian Bank

OTTAWA AGENCY:

Office—Desbarats' Building, 77 Sparks St

M. P. HAYES,
Agent.

Ottawa, June 21. 157tf

DALGLISH & RUSSELL

ARE NOW IN RECEIPT OF THEIR new and varied assortment of

Grocery Goods

Consisting of Teas, Gunpowder, Old Hyson, Young Hyson, Hyson Twankay, Black, Extra Fine English Breakfast Souchong, Congou ditto, Oolong, Orange Pekoe, Finest Japane.

Coffees.—Java, Jamaica, La Guayra, Mocha Roasted and Ground on the premises.

Sugars.—English, refined in loaves, Broken Loaf, Crushed White, Yellow Refined.

Chocolate and Cocoa Spices, Mustards, Essences, Syrups, Pickles, Sauces, Vinegars, and Bottled Fruits, in Syrup, Preserves, Potted Meats, Fruits &c. Also, Provisions, Sugar Cured Hams, Spiced Rolled Hams, Bacon, Butter, Cheese, Crackers, Biscuits, Flour, Oatmeal, Barley, Peas, Rice, Labrador Herrings, Table Codfish, Digby Herrings, &c., &c.

Our stock is extensive and complete, and every article warranted to give satisfaction. All orders sent or left will be promptly attended to.

All Goods delivered on the shortest notice

Dalglish & Russell,
Wellington & Kent-sts.

Take Highest Premiums at the Paris Exposition.

PLATFORM, COUNTER, Warehouse, Grain, Coal, Hay, Railroad Track, Depot, Druggist, Gold, and *all* kinds of SCALES constantly on hand and for Sale.

FAIRBANKS, BROWN & Co.,
Boston, Mass.

Our Sole Agents in Ottawa,

ALEXANDER WORKMAN & Co.

November 18, 1867. 592-6m

NOTICE

IS hereby given that application will be made to each and every Parliament having jurisdiction, at the present or next session thereof, respectively, for an act to amend the act chaptered 106, passed at the Session of the Parliament for the late Province of Canada, held the 29th and 30th years of the Reign of Her Majesty Queen Victoria, intituled "An Act to Incorporate the Ottawa City Passenger Railway Company.

Dec. 2nd, 1867. 6072m

Bottled Ale, Bottled Ale, Bottled Ale.

THE Subscriber would call the attention of Families and others to his

Fine Bottled Ale!

Which is in splendid condition. Also,

Scotch, Irish, Old Rye

And other Malt Whiskies,

Ports, Sherries, Brandies, Gin, &c.,

Together with a General Assortment of

FIRST-CLASS GROCERIES.

A Call kindly Solicited.

D. WHELAN,
44, Rideau-street,
Opposite Allan's Crockery Store

Ottawa, Jan. 20, 1868.

FOR SALE.

850 PAIRS of Grey Twilled BLANKETS, in bales of 50 pairs

—ALSO,—

Canadian White Twilled and Whitney Blankets. English Grey Blankets, weighing from 8 to 10 pounds each.

E McGILLIVRAY.

Ottawa, December 23, 1867. 622-3m

PIANOFORTES!

Messrs. Orme & Son

BEG to intimate that they have on hand one of the FINEST COLLECTIONS of

Steinway, Chickering and Dunham

PIANOFORTES

That have ever been offered for sale in Ottawa. These instruments were carfully selected by Mr. Nordheimer from the factories.

INSPECTION INVITED.

A splendid CHICKERING, only a few months in use, FOR SALE CHEAP, the proprietor having gone to England.

Old Pianofortes taken in exchange.

25, Sparks-street,
Sign of the Golden Lyre.

January 27. 448y

PRIVATE BOARDING HOUSE.

MRS. RICHARD will open a Private first-class BOARDING HOUSE, Corner of SUSSEX and CLARENCE-STS., over Mr. Martineau's Dry Goods Store, on the 15th instant. Parties wishing quiet, good, comfortable board, with good attendance, will please apply and secure apartments.

Ottawa, February 6, 1868. 659-3m

AYER'S Sarsaparilla

FOR PURIFYING THE BLOOD.

And for the speedy cure of the following complaints:

Scrofula and Scrofulous Affections, such as Tumors, Ulcers, Sores, Eruptions, Pimples, Pustules, Blotches, Boils, Blains, and all Skin Diseases.

OAKLAND, Ind., 6th June, 1859.

J. C. AYER & Co. Gents: I feel it my duty to acknowledge what your Sarsaparilla has done for me. Having inherited a Scrofulous infection, I have suffered from it in various ways for years. Sometimes it burst out in Ulcers on my hands and arms; sometimes it turned inward and distressed me at the stomach. Two years ago it broke out on my head and covered my scalp and ears with one sore, which was painful and loathsome beyond description. I tried many medicines and several physicians, but without much relief from any thing. In fact, the disorder grew worse. At length I was rejoiced to find in the Gospel Messenger that you had prepared an alterative (Sarsaparilla), for I knew from your reputation that any thing you made must be good. I sent to Cincinnati and got it, and used it till it cured me. I took it, as you advise, a small dose of a teaspoonful over a month, and used almost three bottles. New and healthy skin soon began to form under the scab, which after a while fell off. My skin is now clear, and I know by my feelings that the disease has gone from my system. You can well believe this, I feel what I am saying when I tell you, that I hold you to be one of the apostles of the age, and remain ever gratefully,

Yours,
ALFRED B. TALLEY.

St. Anthony's Fire, Rose or Erysipelas, Tetter and Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Ringworm, Sore Eyes, Dropsy.

Dr. Robert M. Preble writes from Salem, N. Y., 12th Sept., 1859, that he has cured an inveterate case of *Dropsy*, which threatened to terminate fatally, by the persevering use of our Sarsaparilla, and also a dangerous *Malignant Erysipelas* by large doses of the same; says it cures the common *Eruptions* by it constantly.

Bronchocele, Goitre or Swelled Neck.

Zebulon Sloan of Prospect, Texas, writes: "Three bottles of your Sarsaparilla cured me from a *Goitre*—a hideous swelling on the neck, which I had suffered from ever two years."

Leucorrhea or Whites, Ovarian Tumor, Uterine Ulceration, Female Diseases.

Dr. J. R. S. Channing, of New York City, writes: "I most cheerfully comply with the request of your agent in saying: I have found your Sarsaparilla a most excellent alterative in the numerous complaints for which we employ such a remedy, but especially in *Female Diseases* of the Scrofulous diathesis. I have cured many inveterate cases of Leucorrhea by it, and some where the complaint was caused by *ulceration of the uterus*. The ulceration itself was soon cured. Nothing within my knowledge equals it for these female derangements."

Edward S. Marrow, of Newbury, Ala., writes, "A dangerous *ovarian tumor* on one of the females in my family, which had defied all the remedies we could employ, has at length been completely cured by your Extract of Sarsaparilla. Our physician thought nothing but extirpation could afford relief, but he advised the trial of your Sarsaparilla as the last resort before cutting, and it proved effectual. After taking your remedy eight weeks no symptom of the disease remains."

Syphilis and Mercurial Disease.

NEW ORLEANS, 25th August, 1859.

DR. J. C. AYER: Sir, I cheerfully comply with the request of your agent, and report to you some of the effects have realized with your Sarsaparilla.

I have cured with it, in my practice, most of the complaints for which it is recommended, and have found its effects truly wonderful in the cure of *Venereal and Mercurial Disease*. One of my patients had Syphilitic ulcers in his throat, which were consuming his palate and the top of his mouth. Your Sarsaparilla, steadily taken, cured him in five weeks. Another was attacked by secondary symptoms in his nose—had the ulceration had eaten away a considerable part of it, so that I believe the disorder would soon reach his brain and kill him. But it yielded to my administration of your Sarsaparilla; the sores healed, and he is well again, not of course without some disfiguration to his face. A woman who had been treated for the same disorder by mercury was suffering from the poison in her bones. They had become so sensitive to the weather that on a damp day she suffered excruciating pain in her joints and bones. She, too, was cured entirely by your Sarsaparilla in a few weeks. I gave from its formula, which your agent gave me, that this Preparation from your laboratory must be a great remedy; consequently, these truly remarkable results with it have not surprised me.

Fraternally yours, G. V. LARIMER, M. D.

Rheumatism, Gout, Liver Complaint.

INDEPENDENCE, Preston Co., Va., 6th July, 1859.

DR. J. C. AYER: Sir, I have been afflicted with a painful chronic *Rheumatism* for a long time, which baffled the skill of physicians, and stuck to me in spite of all the medical relief I could find, until I tried your Sarsaparilla. One bottle cured me in two weeks, and restored my general health so much that I am far better than before I was attacked. I think it a wonderful medicine. J. FREAM.

Jules Y. Gotchell, of St. Louis, writes: "I have been afflicted for years with an *affection of the Liver*, which destroyed my health. I tried every thing, and every thing failed to relieve me; and I have been a broken-down man for some years from no other cause than *derangement of the Liver*. My beloved pastor, the Rev. Mr. Popp, advised me to try your Sarsaparilla, because he said he knew you, and any thing you made was worth trying. By the blessing of God it has cured me, and has so purified my blood as to make a new man of me. I feel young again. The best that can be said of you is not half good enough."

Schirrus, Cancer Tumors, Enlargement, Ulceration, Caries and Exfoliation of the Bones.

A great variety of cases have been reported to us where cures of these formidable complaints have resulted from the use of this remedy, but our space here will not admit them. Some of them may be found in our American Almanac, which the agents below named are pleased to furnish gratis to all who call for them.

Dyspepsia, Heart Disease, Fits, Epilepsy, Melancholy, Neuralgia

Many remarkable cures of these affections have been made by the alterative power of this medicine. It stimulates the vital functions into vigorous action, and thus overcomes disorders which would be supposed beyond its reach. Such a remedy has long been required by the necessities of the people, and we are confident that this will do for them all that medicine can do.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,

FOR THE RAPID CURE OF

Coughs, Colds, Influenza, Hoarseness, Croup, Bronchitis, Incipient Consumption, and for the Relief of Consumptive Patients in advanced Stages of the Disease.

This is a remedy so universally known to surpass any other for the cure of throat and lung complaints, that it question here to publish the evidence of its virtues. Its unrivalled excellence for coughs and colds, and its truly wonderful cures of pulmonary disease, have made it known throughout the civilized nations of the earth. Few are the communities, or even families, among them who have not some personal experience of its effects—some living trophy in their midst of its victory over the subtle and dangerous disorders of the throat and lungs. As all know the dreadful fatality of these disorders, and as they know, too, the efficacy of this remedy, we need not do more than to assure them that it has now all the virtues that it did have when making the cures which have won so strongly upon the confidence of mankind.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts W. M. Massey, H. F. MacCarthy, and John Skinner, in Ottawa.

Royal Italian Bitters!

—OR,—

TONICO REALE

DEL DOTTORE F. P. VERRI,

Professor of Chemistry in the University o PADUA

ITALY.

THIS celebrated preparation for which a certificate of merit was awarded to the distinguished original preparer at the National Exposition at Torino, Italy, by whose favor Mr. GIANELLI obtained the recipe, and was also awarded a diploma at the Provincial Exhibition of Canada held at Montreal in September, 1865, is, without exception, the most genuine, salubrious and agreeable TONIC ever introduced to public notice either in Europe or America.

For seventeen years it has, in Italy, been a universal favorite among the *elite* of society, being generally served in the drawing room before dinner, in preference to Vermouth.

The ingredients of its composition have been imparted to the leading Physicians of Canada and the United States, and have received their unqualified approval on every account.

The proprietor refers with the greatest confidence and satisfaction to the subjoined testimonials from eminent medical men, which he could add to, were it desirable.

Kept by the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion of Canada and in the United States.

Sold by the Proprietor.

Dear Sir: You request my opinion of the "Royal Italian Bitters," prepared from a receipt of Dr Verri, of Padua. I beg to state that I consider it a most agreeable cordial tonic, in every way superior in flavour and composition to the ordinary bitter tonics in general use. I have recommended it to several patients, who have derived marked benefit from its use.

I am, dear Sir, yours faithfully,
G. E. FENWICK, M.D.

A. M. F. GIANELLI, Esq., Montreal.

A. M. FGIANELLI,
26, Hospital-street, Montreal.

REMOVAL

OF THE

London Music Store!

E. MILES

DESIRES to inform the public that he has removed to the FRONT PART of

HER MAJESTY'S THEATRE,

WELLINGTON-STREET,

Where he has a larger premises, and a better means of displaying his new and fine stock of

PIANOS,

VICTORIA ORGANS AND MELODEONS.

His Show Room, up-stairs, is large and beautifully lit up, having an area of 60 feet long by 25 feet wide. The Sample Room is on the first flat, where some of each kind of Musical Instruments will be kept. Two cases of choice

VIOLINS

Have just been received, and will be offered for sale, besides a large assortment of

CONCERTINAS,
ACCORDEONS,
TAMBOURINES,
GUITARS,
FLUTES,
DRUMS,
&c., &c.

Direct from Germany.

Second hand Pianos taken in part payment for new ones.

Connected with this establishment is a Piano Manufacturer, who will attend punctually to all orders for TUNING left at the London Music Store.

E. MILES,
Lessee of Her Majesty's Theatre.

Ottawa, Feb. 1, 1868. 551-39y

SALMON RIVERS.

DEPARTMENT OF

MARINE & FISHERIES.

OTTAWA, 7th October, 1867.

LIST OF SALMON RIVERS within the Province of Quebec, the Fluvial Divisions of which are disposable for Angling purposes:—

The River Mistassimi—discharging into River St.		Lawrence on the	North Shore.
do	Betescie	do	do
do	Trinity	do	do
do	Little Trinity	do	do
do	Calumet	do	do
do	Pentecost	do	do
do	Little Margaret	do	do
do	Trout	do	do
do	Sheldrake	do	do
do	Magpie	do	do
do	Little Watcheeshoo	do	do
do	Nabessipi	do	do
do	Agwanus	do	do
do	Kegashka	do	do
do	Musquarro	do	do
do	Washeecootai	do	do
do	Romanie [en bas]	do	do
do	Cocoacho	do	do
do	Etmarru	do	do
do	Macatima	do	do
do	St. Augustine	do	do
do	Esquimaux	do	do
do	Ouelle	South	Shore
do	Metis	do	do
do	St. Anne des Ments	do	do
do	Mont Louis	do	do
do	Magdalen	do	do
do	Grand Pabos, Chaleur bay	do	do
do	Grand Bonaventure	do	do
do	Little Cascapedia	do	do
do	Grand Cascapedia	do	do
do	Nouvelle	do	do
do	Metapedia	do	do
do	Restigouche	do	do
do	Mistouche	do	do

Application to Lease or License any of the above Rivers should be made to this Department.

P. MITCHELL,
Minister of Marine and Fisheries.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA.

Tuesday, 28th day of January, 1868.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS it has been represented to His Excellency in Council, that it is expedient that sub-section 4 of section 31 of the Act passed in the present Session of Parliament intituled: "An Act respecting the Inland Revenue," should be so far modified as to provide for a drawback of one cent per pound being allowed upon all Malt used in the manufacture of Beer when brewed from Malt and sugar combined.

His Excellency in Council on the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Inland Revenue, and under and in virtue of the authority given and conferred by the 49th Section of the Act 30 & 31 Vic., Cap. 5, has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that a drawback of one cent per pound shall be, and the same is hereby authorized and allowed on all Malt used in the manufacture of Beer when brewed from malt and sugar combined.

WM. H. LEE,
Clerk Privy Council.

656-tf

PRIVATE BILLS.

ON the reassembling of the Parliament of Canada, in March, PETITIONS FOR PRIVATE BILLS will be received, in the House of Commons, until Thursday, the 2nd of April following.

W. B. LINDSAY,
Clerk, House of Commons.

Ottawa, Feb. 1, 1868. 655tMh12

Recorder's Court,

FOR the City of Ottawa, will be holden in the COURT HOUSE, old Jail, in said city, on MONDAY, the SECOND day of MARCH next, at the hour of ELEVEN of the clock in the forenoon, of which all City Coroners, Justices of the Peace, Constables, Jurors, and all others in any wise concerned, are hereby required to take notice and govern themselves accordingly.

RODERICK ROSS,
High Bailiff.

High Bailiff's Office,
Ottawa, 15th February, 1868. 668td

DEPARTMENT OF INLAND REVENUE,
Ottawa, January 31, 1868

Notice.

ON AND FROM THE

First day of February 1868

ALL REQUISITIONS FOR

STAMPS!

TO

Bills and Promissory Notes,

To be used in the Dominion of Canada by the various persons entrusted with the distribution thereof, will have to be addressed to this Department.

THOS. WORTHINGTON,
For the Minister of Inland Revenue.

655tf

GREAT DISCOVERY.

EVERY MAN HIS OWN ARTIST!

A SCIENTIFIC WONDER.

AN Instrument by which any person can take correct Likenesses or Photographs. This instrument with full instructions sent by mail for one dollar. Address,

C. B. AMES & CO.,
Broadway, New York.

64'-2

FRESH ARRIVALS

OF

Very Choice and Superior

TEAS

NOW ON SALE

AT THE

1,000 CHESTS UNCOLORED JAPAN.

500 Chests very choice and superior YOUNG HYSON.

700 Chests Good Strong TWANKAY

100 Chests old fashioned BREAKFAST SOUCHONG.

150 Caddies MANDERIN MIXTURE.

This is the finest BLACK TEA ever imp ed, 5s per pound; in small Caddies, about 14 lb each, 4s 9d.

COFFEE!

The Pure Mountain Berry

"Without exception the finest Coffee in the world."—*London Times, March 16.*

We are constantly receiving supplies of this truly beautiful and delicious COFFEE, *roasted daily on our premises by*

Dakins' Patent Silver Cylinder

By which peculiar process, he aroma is preserved, an renders it the FAVORITE WITH ALL COFFEE DRINKERS.

BEWARE OF SPURIOUS IMITATIONS,

As it is imported by no other firm in Canada

ROBINSON & CO.,
THE TEA POT,
OTTAWA

Wines, Spirits & Liquors

ROBINSON & CO. would especially ll the attention of families to their stock of

ALES, WINES & SPIRITS

100 cases Otard Brandy.
50 " Martell's
150 " Hennessey.
75 " United Vinquels

We have a most delicious

DINNER SHERRY

Which we are selling at 8 shillings per gallon

GUINESS & CO.

DUBLIN STOUT!

BLOOD' LONDON STOUT.
BARCLAY'S LONDON PORTER.
ALLSOP'S PALE ALE.
BASS' EAST INDIA.
DOW'S CELEBRATED MONTREAL ALE
DAW'S SUPERIOR LACHINE ALE.
DAW'S CELEBRATED PORTER & STOUT

PRESERVED MEATS.

Just Received from England:

ROAST HARE.
CURRIED DO.
JUGGED DO.
STEWED DO.
ROAST PHEASANTS.
ROAST GROUSE.
OAST PARTRIDGE

ALL GOODS DELIVERED FREE by our own Waggons to any part of the City daily

ROBINSON & CO.
THE TEA POT,
OTTAWA.

Establishments—Sussex St. and Rideau St

Ottawa, September 16. 224tf

CAUTION.

THE Subscriber regrets the necessity for cautioning the public against imitations of his popular Pomades,

The Alexandra Cream,

AND

The Canada Pomade

But having been informed that some unprincipled person has put up inferior articles, copying the labels word for word, and thereby greatly damaging the sale of the genuine articles, he is compelled to take this course in self-defence.

For the future every genuine pot will bear my written signature in RED INK, across the face of the label.

W. M. MASSEY,
Family and Dispensing Chemist,
Medical Hall, 38, Sparks-st.

Ottawa, Feb. 6, 1868. 4y

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

FARM FOR SALE.

FOR SALE, Lot No. 15, 4th Concession Gloucester, Rideau Front, 7 miles from Ottawa, on the Macadamized Road, leading from Ottawa to Metcalf, consisting of 100 acres, 80 of which cleared, and in the highest state of cultivation. The soil is of the very best quality; there is a good dwelling house, barn, stable and other out buildings thereon. This farm is well fenced and watered.

For further particulars apply to

H. McLEAN, Auctioneer,
Or the subscriber, on the premises,
W. HALPENNY.

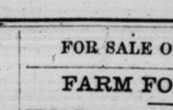
Gloucester, Sept. 13, 1867. 557 37-6m

NOTICE.

THE Undersigned will either sell or let for a few years his well known farm, being lot Twenty-five in the Fourth Concession of Gloucester, Rideau Front, 215 acres all cleared, and well fenced and in a good state of cultivation. Also, the one-half of lot Twenty-seven in the Third Concession, being in its natural state, all wood and excellent land. It is just the cross of two hundred acres from the corner of the one lot to the other. The railroad line runs within ten feet of the front corner of the one hundred and in sight of the two hundred for two or three miles. The Station at Cunningham's is scarcely a mile and a half from the front of Lot Twenty-five. The above farm is capable of keeping thirty head of milch cows, two span of horses, and as many young cattle as it would be proper to raise. Eight or nine years ago I kept twenty-two milch cows, and ten or twelve horses, and raised five or six calves every year. The above farm is about ten miles, from the door, to the limits of the City. The improvements cannot be surpassed for a farmer's purpose. The dwelling-house is stone, 30 by 40, a story and a half over ground; and a cellar nine feet high, the one half used for a kitchen and the other half capable of holding 1,000 bushels of anything you wish to put into it; there is three small windows in it, and when cleaned in the Spring, makes an excellent milk-house or dairy; there is a frame wood shed at the door, 60 by 24, with 14 feet taken off the one end for a coachhouse, and overhead for a storehouse; next to that is a stable 36 by 26, finished inside, complete with four large double stalls and two single ones, and good room for hanging up harness, and eat box; convenient to that is a barn 40 by 50, in which I have often put 1,000 bushels of grain in one year; connected with that is 200 and 20 feet of frame sheds, all 20 and 24 deep, under pinned with stone and lime from two to seven feet, according to level; on the north side of the house is another barn, 30 by 40, commonly filled with peas and oats. And if either tenhant or purchaser has a desire for religious purposes, you can lie in your bed and look at the bell tolling on the Catholic Church every Holy Day, and go to the front door and you will see the Presbyterian Church, where the Rev. Mr. Lochead has preached for the last twenty-two years, and go to the back door and you will see both English Church and Methodist Church within two miles. The above farm would be a desirable situation for a young man wishing to give his attention to farming, as the Ottawa Market cannot be surpassed in the Dominion. I think that I can say that I have not sold one pound of butter under one shilling this eight years: if one went under two went over. Some reader may ask what am I selling for, it is neither for scant nor for want of anything, but I am in the seventieth year of my age, and has purchased off this lot seven hundred and fifty acres of land and all is paid for, and all my sons is settled on their own farms, so I would rather sit down and take my ease as he attending to marketing and farming any longer. Persons wishing to get any information on any point from me, can do so by addressing, postpaid, JAMES JOHNSTON, Senr., South Gloucester.

JAMES JOHNSTON, SENR.

February 6, 1868. 769-64Mh17.



Two Dwellings to Let,

BEING the Upper part of E. MARTINEAU'S Clothing Store, Corner of Sussex and Clarence-streets.

Enquire at the Store.

EUG. MARTINEAU.

Ottawa, Jan. 22, 1868. 644tf

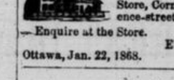
To Let.

A ROOM TO LET either with or without board. Enquire this office.

Ottawa, November 20. 594tf

Lots for Sale.

6 BUILDING LOTS, one mile from the city, on the Richmond Road, containing one acre each. Apply to THOMAS ANDERSON, Jr., on the premises. 561tf



FOR SALE—THE WEST-erly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession Ottawa, Front Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same Concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. T. Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to JOHN and WM. THOMSON, Nepean, and LEWIS & PINHEY, Barrister, Ottawa. Jc2-141-tf

FOR SALE, THAT ELIGIBLE property, beautifully situated on the Banks of the Ottawa, in the Township of Nepean, distant from the City of Ottawa about three miles on the macadamized road, together with the STONE DWELLING-HOUSE thereon erected, at present occupied by William Thomson, Esquire, and the garden and ornamented grounds adjoining the same, forming part of Lot No. 29, in the 1st concession, Ottawa front. A most desirable private residence and vacant Lots adjoining the same also for sale at reasonable prices.

For particulars and terms apply to John and William Thomson on the premises, or to

LEWIS & PINHEY,
Barristers, &c., Ottawa.

Ottawa, February 27, 1867 369y

VICTORIA HOTEL—TO LET.

NO more eligible chance could be offered to any party in the Hotel-keeping line than the lease of the above FIRST-CLASS HOTEL.

Being on the eve of Confederation, and Ottawa being definitely settled upon as its capital,

The Victoria Hotel

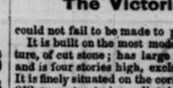
could not fail to be made to pay.

It is built on the most modern style of architecture, of cut stone; has large plate-glass windows, and is four stories high, exclusive of the basement. It is finely situated on the corner of Wellington and O'Connor-streets, immediately opposite the Parliament Buildings, and has three vacant lots attached, so that the Buildings could be enlarged to any required capacity.

Applications, (postpaid) to be addressed to

FRANCIS CLEMOW, ESQ.,
Or JOHN HENEY, Esq.,
Richmond Road, Ottawa, C. W

Ottawa, March 11. 379tf



COUNTRY RESIDENCE FOR SALE.—Beautifully situated on the Macadamized Road between Ottawa City and Aylmer, about 36 minutes

The Ottawa Times

VOL. II. NO 673. OTTAWA, SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 22, 1868. PRICE—3 CENTS

THE

Ottawa Daily Times,

(Published every morning, Sundays excepted.)

THE DAILY AND WEEKLY TIMES NOW enjoys THE LARGEST CIRCULATION of any paper published in the Ottawa Valley—issuing of the Daily over 2,000! and Weekly over 4,000! making a total circulation in the week of over 6,000! thus outstripping all competitors, and affording the best medium for business men to advertise in.

ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in the Daily at the following rates:

Business Cards of from 3 to 6 lines, per annum—payable in advance only..... $5 00
Transient Advertisements, first insertion per line..... 8c
All subsequent insertions, per line..... 2c
Yearly advertisers specially contracted with, and liberal allowance made.
Yearly subscription to the daily (if paid in advance)..... $5.00
If not paid in advance..... 6 00
Yearly subscription to the weekly (if paid in advance)..... $1 00
If not paid in advance..... 1 50

ADVERTISING AGENCY.—Messrs. S. M. Pettengill & Co., 54, Park Row, New York, and 10 State Street, Boston, General Advertising Agents, are hereby authorized to receive Advertisements for the OTTAWA TIMES

LEGAL.

DR. O. C. WOOD,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur Ottawa. Day office opposite Magee & Russell's, Sparks Street, Center Town; Night Office at his Residence, Maria Street, Center Town.
CANCERS CURED, with or the use of the knife, by a new, but certain, speedy, and almost painless process. References given to parties successfully cured, if required. No cure guaranteed.
Ottawa, April 14. 17y-100-y

R. J. WICKSTEED,
AVOCATE, &c., 42, Little St. James Street, MONTREAL.
November 14, 1867. 589-6m

N. TETREAU,
NOTARY PUBLIC for the Province of Quebec, HULL, near the Post Office.
Dec. 6, 1867. 390tf

NICHOLAS SPARKS,
LAW, Chancery and Conveyancing Office, Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite Post Office.
Ottawa, July 12. 489y

LAPIERRE & HAYCOCK,
ATTORNIES-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers and Notaries Public, corner of Sussex and York-streets, Ottawa.
Ottawa, February 26, 1867. 368y

D. O'CONNOR,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex Street. OFFICE: Union Buildings, Ottawa.
February 21, 1866. 55-y

R. H. HAYCOCK,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. OFFICE: Post Office Building, Elgin Street, Ottawa.
February 7, 1866. 43-u

A. F. BOUCHETTE,
ADVOCATE. Office: No. 17, St. Peter Street, Quebec. Mr. Bouchette will always be prepared to attend promptly to any business the government employs, and the public generally may entrust him. Mr. B. attends regularly the circuits and for the district of Quebec.
December 28, 1865. 9-y

P. J. BUCKLEY, LL.B.,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law Solicitor-in-Chancery, and Notary Public. Office, over Mr. Luke Cassera Boot and Shoe Store, Rideau Street, Ottawa, C. W.
January 17 1867. 334y

AUGUSTUS KEEFER,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office: Opposite Post Office, Elgin Street, in the house lately occupied as the Custom House.
Ottawa, March 30. 87-tf

J. F. BOULTON,
BARRISTER-AT-LAW, Solicitor-in-Chancery, &c. OFFICE: Aumond's Buildings, Rideau Street.
Ottawa, Jan. 12, 1866. 21-y

M. McLEOD,
BARRISTER, Etc., for Lower Canada. OFFICES: Court House, Aylmer and Buckingham, C.E.
☞ Attends to all Law Courts in the District of Ottawa.
February 7, 1866. 43-at

LEES & GEMMELL,
BARRISTERS, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. OFFICE: In the Court House, Ottawa, C. W.
ROBERT LEES. JOHN J. GEMMELL.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-atf

EDWARD T. DARTNELL,
BARRISTER, Solicitor, Attorney, and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Crown Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. OFFICE: In the Court House, L'Orignal.
January 27, 1866. 34-6m

MEDICAL.

DR. CHESLEY,
OFFICE over Mr. Garth's Establishment, 25 Rideau-st., Ottawa.
May 30 417tf

DR. C. LEGGO,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Office: Hunton's Block, Sparks Street.

DR. DORION,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon, and Accoucheur, Clarence Street, Ottawa.
March 1. 371y

DR. OLIVER MARTIN,
DENTIST. Office: Sparks Street, Central Ottawa.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-tf

DR. C. A. MARTIN,
DENTIST. Office: Sussex Street, over Messrs. Campbell & Co.'s, Grocers.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-tf

DR. JOHN LEGGO,
DENTIST, Hunton's Block, Sparks Street. ☞ Teeth extracted without pain by means of the Ethereal Spray Producer. 356a

W. R. BELL, A.M., M.D., C.M., &c.
(RECENTLY FROM ENGLAND.)
SURGERY and Residence, George Street.
Ottawa, November 13. 280y

DR. LESLIE JONES,
Surgeon, &c., of Dublin and Edinburgh.
SURGERY and Consulting Office, Rideau-st., next door to the St. Lawrence Hall. Residence—Daly Street. 581y

DR. GEORGE HUTCHISON,
DENTIST: Office, Sparks-street, opposite Magee & Russell's.
Ottawa, October 30, 1867. 576y

DR. W. J. HENRY,
CORNER of Kent and Wellington Streets, Ottawa.
November 6. 43tf

G. J. O'DOHERTY,
LAW, CHANCERY and CONVEYANCING OFFICE, AUMOND'S BUILDINGS, Rideau-street.
Ottawa, Dec. 6, 1867. 603-42y

HOLGATE, OLIVER & ANNABLE,
WHOLESALE Manufacturers of Bedsteads, Chairs, &c., Chaudiere Island, Ottawa, C.W.
WILLIAM HOLGATE,
JOHN OLIVER,
WILLIAM ANNABLE.
556y

BUSINESS CARDS.

B. BILLINGS, JR.,
ARCHITECT, Elgin-street, opposite the Post Office.
REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq. Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq. Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq. Managing Director O & P R W 612-6m

R. SPARKS,
PROVINCIAL LAND SURVEYOR, Draughtsman, &c., (commissioned for Upper and Lower Canada.) Office and residence, Gloucester, near Ottawa. Surveys of every description executed with accuracy. Communications addressed Ottawa City, (post-paid), or left at the office of N. Sparks, Solicitor, &c., Ottawa, will receive prompt attention.
Ottawa, February 21, 1866. 55-

N. McKINNON,
COMMISSION and Exchange Broker, and Insurance Agent, Sparks-street, opposite Magee & Russell's, Ottawa, C. W.
Ottawa, March 25. 391y

O'CONNOR & WALLER,
EXCHANGE Brokers, Fire, Life and Accidental Insurance, Commission and Collecting Agents. Office, No. 27, Sussex-street, Ottawa.
E. E. O'CONNOR. W. H. WALLER.
March 9. 378y

J. P. MACPHERSON,
BARRISTER, &c., Ottawa. Office: Lang's Buildings, opposite Post Office Ottawa, March 10, 1866. 76-y

H. McLEAN'S
AUCTION Rooms, No. 19, Sparks Street, Centre Town, Ottawa, opposite Hope's Stationery Store.
The sale of Real Estate at Auction or Private Sale promptly attended to. Consignments received for positive sale. Parties wishing to purchase Real Estate will receive all information FREE OF CHARGE by calling at the office.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y

R. H. McGREEVY,
CONTRACTOR and Builder. Office: North side York street, second door from Sussex Street.
Ottawa, March 20, 1866. 78-y

S. CHRISTIE,
COMMISSION Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.
OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W. y

PARLIAMENTARY AGENCY.

C. J. BOUCHETTE,
PL. SURVEYOR and Draughtsman, Mining, Land, and General Parliamentary Agent. References unexceptionable. OFFICE: Wellington Street, next to British Hotel, and nearly opposite the bank, Ottawa.
P. S.—Special attention given with despatch to Public Land business, adjusting disputed claims, and securing Patents.
Ottawa, May 22. 132-y

JOHN MERCER,
Teacher Piano-Forte, Violin, &c.
THOROUGH BASS.
AYLMER, C. E.
VISITS OTTAWA TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS.
Orders left at Union House will be punctually attended to.
Ottawa, July 26. 187tf

HOTELS AND SALOONS.

DOMINION HOUSE!
WELLINGTON-STREET,
COLIN McLaurin & Geo. Irvine, Proprietors. This hotel has been lately fitted up, and is now replete with every convenience which characterizes a modern hotel.
☞ Boarders taken at moderate rates. The bar is always stocked with first-class liquors.
Ottawa, Feb. 5. 658-6wy

HOLT'S HOTEL,
AYLMER, C. E., Livery and General Stage Office. Alfred Moses Holt, Jr., Prop'tr.
December 21, 1865. 4-y

JAS. JOHNSTON'S
UNION HOUSE, North Gower. Good Stabling and an attentive Hostler.
January 11, 1866. 2y-y

DUIGNAN'S
PRIVATE HOTEL, Sparks Street, Ottawa, C. W. A few gentlemen can obtain superior apartments.
Ottawa, Dec. 20, 1865. 3-y

THE RUSSELL HOUSE,
LATE CAMPBELL'S HOTEL, Ottawa, C. W. The undersigned, proprietor of the above-named Hotel, begs leave to acquaint his numerous friends and the travelling public, that he has re-painted and newly-furnished throughout this commodious establishment, in the management of which by strict attention to business and guests, he hopes to deserve encouragement and support.
JAMES E. GOUIN,
Lately, and for many years connected with Russell's Hotel, Pounce Street, Quebec

THE ALBION HOTEL
NICHOLAS Street, Court-House Avenue, Ottawa, John Graham, Proprietor.
The above Hotel, one of the oldest and best known in Packenham, has been leased by the undersigned and thoroughly overhauled and refitted for the special accommodation of guests. THE TABLE AND BAR will at all times be furnished with the very best the market affords.
GOOD STABLING and a careful Hostler always in attendance JOHN MALTMAN.

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,
M. KAVANAGH, Proprietor, Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington Streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government buildings.
The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.
☞ Oysters, Game etc., daily

THE METROPOLITAN
Aumond's Block,
Rideau Street, Ottawa.
P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.
Ottawa, November 27. 292tf

THE REVERE HOUSE,
OTTAWA.
G. A. BUCKE, W. H. SANGER, ...PROPRIETORS.
THIS FIRST-CLASS HOTEL has been re-furnished and refitted throughout, and now combines all the requisites of a first-class establishment.
Ottawa, Nov. 6, 1867 482tf

MISS LOVETT'S
PRIVATE HOTEL
HOLLIS STREET, HALIFAX, N.S.
STRANGERS will find this long established and well known house to be the most comfortable and well conducted in the city.
December 23, 1867. 622-6m

TO PARTIES ABOUT TO BUILD—
PLANS,
SPECIFICATIONS,
ESTIMATES, &c.
Prepared by
AUGUSTUS LAVER, ARCHITECT
End Daly-st. Ottawa.
April 1.

DRUGGISTS.

Spectacles for all Sights.
OPTICAL Instruments Electro-Magnetic and Galanic Apparatus, Photographic Chemicals, &c.
W. REARN,
Market Drug Store,
York-street.
637y

Apothecaries Hall!
No. 41, SUSSEX STREET,
G. MORTIMER, - - - PROPRIETOR
NONE OTHER GENUINE!
TRADE MARK IS REGISTERED
Canadian Cough Emulsion.
THIS Valuable Medicine has the extraordinary property of immediately relieving Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Difficulty of Breathing, Tightness in the Chest, &c., &c. It operates by dissolving the congealed phlegm, causing free expectoration, and an agreeable moistness of the skin. Prepared only by
GEORGE MORTIMER,
Chemist and Druggist, 41, Sussex Street, Ottawa City. Sold in bottles at 1s 3d and 2s 6d each.

MORTIMER'S
COMPOUND ANTIBILIOUS
AND FAMILY APERIENT PILLS,
a grand Specific for derangement of the digestive organs, and for obstructions and torpid action of the Liver and Bowels.
MORTIMER'S Vegetable WORM DESTROYER.—The only sure remedy that exists. Combining delicious taste with amazing power. Also
CAMPHORATED EYE-WATER,
Sure Cure for Sore, Weak and Inflamed Eyes.

MORTIMER'S
Colognes, Pomades, Toilet Vinegar, Rose Dentifrice, for the Teeth and Gums. Also constantly on hand, Perfumes of all kinds, and Toilet requisites usually kept in a first-class establishment.

FOUND,
A NEVER Failing Remedy for Coughs and Colds, Mortimer's Canadian Cough Emulsion. No family should be without a bottle. None genuine but from
G. MORTIMER,
Chemist, 41, Sussex-st.
The best of Certificates can be produced.
Ottawa, Nov. 22, 1867. 596-6m

OTTAWA
DRUG WAREHOUSE,
RIDEAU STREET
1866 SEEDS. SEEDS. 1866.
A LARGE STOCK OF FRESH GARDEN and FIELD SEEDS, just arrived and on Sale. All Seeds warranted Fresh.
A large importation of English and French PERFUMES will arrive next week.
FLORIDA WATER. SOZODONT.
HAIR BRUSHES. COMBS.
NAIL BRUSHES. CLOTHES BRUSHES,
&c., &c., &c
Just being opened up.
JOSEPH GARVEY, M.D.
P. S.—Advice to the poor gratis.
Ottawa, April 11. 97-y

DOMESTIC DYES.
THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT OF DYES in this city on sale at the
Ottawa Drug Warehouse.
A free Lot of Good, Cheap PERFUMES just received.
N. B.—Prescriptions carefully and promptly prepared. J. GARVEY, M. D.
Ottawa, Feb. 12 1866 47-atf

PARLIAMENT
HAIRDRESSING SALOON!
E. MILES,
Hairdresser by Appointment to His Excellency the Governor-General,
HAS REMOVED HIS PARLIAMENT HAIR DRESSING SALOON from the old stand to his new and commodious room over the LONDON MUSIC STORE, on Elgin-st., opposite the Russell House, which he has fitted up in the most recherche style of the business, and where his Rotary Hair Brush, which he imported expressly for himself, being the first introduced into British America, will be kept ready for use. The saloon is delightfully ventilated, and very pleasantly situated.
Mr. MILES would take this opportunity of returning his most sincere thanks to his many friends and the public, for their kind and generous patronage to him, during a number of years, in his old establishment, and trusts that by unremitting attention to business, and in his new and first-class saloon, with polite and attentive workmen, to merit a continuance of their favors.
All kinds of Hair Watch Guards, Finger Rings, &c., manufactured to order. For the convenience of ladies orders will be received at the London Music store, where a fine and varied assortment of Hair-work will be found.
E. MILES,
Hair Dresser, by appointment, to his Excellency the Governor-General.
Ottawa, October 3 1867 553-39y

BAZAAR.
IT is intended to hold a Bazaar on the SEVENTEENTH of MARCH NEXT, 1868, and following days, in aid of the DEBT on
The Parsonage of Christ Church.
Contributions will be most thankfully received from the members of the Church, and other friends in Ottawa, by the following Ladies, who have kindly consented to act as a Committee of Management
MRS. CLEMOW,
" W. P. POWELL,
" COFFIN,
" ADAMSON,
" T. M. BLASDELL,
" LAUDER,
" DONALDSON,
" JOHN THOMPSON,
N. SPARKS,
MAGEE,
" STREET.
ANNIE POWELL, Secretary.
Ottawa, Dec. 23, 1867. 622tf

Satchell Brothers,
Butchers to His Excellency Lord Monck.
No. 7, LOWER TOWN MARKET,
Superior Stall Fed
BEEF, MUTTON, LAMB AND VEAL,
SATCHELL'S
Celebrated Spiced Rounds & Rolled Beef,
Cured in the English Style.
Also, Sugar Cured Hams and Bacon of their own curing, constantly on hand.
Ottawa, December 21. 621-3m

GREAT CLEARING SALE

—OF—

Dry Goods and Ready-made Clothing,

—AT—

J. T. Prudhomme's Stores,

SUSSEX-STREET, FACING CLARENCE-STREET,

And at the Sign of the "Golden Lamb."

AS the Subscriber intends closing one of his Stores on the first day of December he is determined to sell off at an immense reduction his stock of

DRY GOODS & READY-MADE CLOTHING

—CONSISTING OF—

Beaver Cloths, Pilot do, Whitney do, Melton do, Sattinet do
West of England Broad Cloths, Black Cassimeres, Silk Mix Coatings, " " Trowserings, Fancy Doeskins,
Col. and White Blankets, Horse Rugs, Flannels, Kerseys, Winceys.

English, Scotch and Canadian Tweeds.

DRAWERS, SHIRTS, WOOL CRAVATS, SCARFS, NECK TIES, COLLARS,
SHAWLS, CLOAKINGS, DRESS GOODS, NECK TIES, PRINTS, COBOURGS,
BUCK MITTS, BUCK MOCASSINS, WOOL SOCKS, MITTS, TRUNKS, VALISES

—ALSO, A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF—

Boots and Shoes, Teas, Soap, Candles and Wines

The whole to be disposed of before the 1st day of December. Call early and examine before purchasing elsewhere.
Ottawa, November 19, 1837. 593-3m

RELIANCE
MUTUAL LIFE ASSURANCE CO'Y.
ESTABLISHED 1840.
CHIEF OFFICE—71, King William-street, Mansion House, LONDON.

ACCUMULATED PREMIUMS OVER, - - - $1,000,000.
ANNUAL INCOME OVER, - - - $300,000.

TRUSTEES.
The Right Rev the Bishop of Moray and Ross.
Viscount Kirkaldie, John Ledger, Esq
J R S Phillipps, Esq, James Traill, Esq
Sir John T Tyrell, Bart, W M Tufnell, Esq
DIRECTORS.
George Ashlin, Esq, W W Duffield, Esq, J W Egertongreen, Esq, George T Harris, Esq, John James, Esq
John W Lay, Esq, John Ledger, Esq, J Oxlyparker, Esq, William Phelps, Esq, John Pike, Esq, Edward White, Esq
Henry T Prinsep, Esq, Major Skinner, R A, Charles H Smith, Esq, James Traill, Esq, W M Tufnell, Esq
MEDICAL OFFICERS.
J W Ogle, Esq, M D | H F Smith, Esq, M D
BANKS.
Messrs William Deacon Co, Birchin Lane, Messrs Sparrow, Tufnell & Co, Chelmsford. The London and County Bank.
SOLICITORS.
Messrs Hooke & Street, 27 Lincoln's Inn Fields. Messrs Gepp & Veley, Chelmsford.
EDWARD BUTLER, Secretary.

Canada Branch—Montreal.
BOARD OF DIRECTORS.
Walter Shanly, Esq, M P, Chairman.
Duncan Macdonald, Esq. George Winks, Esq. W H Hingston, Esq, M D, L R C S.
SOLICITORS—Messrs Rose & Ritchie. MEDICAL ADVISER—W H Hingston, Esq, M D.
The entire profits of this old and long established society belong to the policy holders, who are protected from all liability by the deed of settlement.
Annuities and endowments granted on advantageous terms.
Advances made on approved security in connection with Life Policies.
Every information to be had on application to any of the Society's Agents in Canada, or to T W GRIFFITH, Manager and Secretary.
Head Office for the Dominion of Canada—Corner St Francois Xavier-street Montreal.
☞ Agents wanted in unrepresented districts throughout Canada.
589-6m NEIL McKINNON, Agent for Ottawa.

Etna Fire and Marine Insurance Co
The Number of Shareholders exceed Five Hundred.
Capital,.....$2,500,000.
Annual Income Nearly.....$1,000,000.
HEAD OFFICE—Upper Sackville-street, Dublin, Ireland; CHIEF OFFICE, ENGLAND—17 and 18 Cornhill, London; CHIEF OFFICE, SCOTLAND—98 George-st., Edinburgh.
DIRECTORS.
John Obins Woodhouse, Esq, 82 Pembroke Road, Dublin; Omeath Park, Co Louth; Portadown, Co Armagh; Kerry Keel, Co Armagh and Down—Chairman.
Robert Craven Wade, Esq, Conebraney, Crosskeale, Co Meath, and Sackville Street Club, Dublin, J P for Counties Meath and Wicklow—Director Scottish Amicable Life Office.
Charles Going Malone, Esq, Merchant, Stephen-street and George-street, Dublin; Churchtown Lodge, Dundrum, Co Dublin—Director Commercial Gas Company.
John William Gregg, Esq, Alderman, Merchant, 13 Upper Sackville-street, Dublin—Vice Chairman.
Irwine Smith Whitty, Esq, 6 Wellington Road, Dublin—Director Government Prisons.
Bernard Coyne, Esq, 27 Waterloo Road, Dublin, J P, Co Mayo.
Geoffry Martin, Esq, 2 Clarinda Park, East Kingstown, Dublin, and Curraghmore, Ballinrobe, Co Mayo, J P for Co Mayo.
Robert Conway Hurly, Esq. Bridge House and Glenduff, Tralee; J P for Co Kerry.
David Richardson Goodlatte, Esq Merchant.
FEATURES.
A division of profits every three years to holders of policies who have no losses.
MODERATE PREMIUMS.
The company do not advocate high premiums, but rates will be charged according as the nature of the risk. Losses will be promptly and fully met on adjustment. Losses by lightning and loss or damage by explosion of gas within the premises insured made good.
JOHN INNIS, ESQ. Manager.
N B—The above company have invested in Canadian Government Bonds, in conformity with the Provincial Act, and have obtained the license of the Minister of Finance to do business in Canada, and are now prepared to take risks.
T. W. GRIFFITH, Manager for Canada.
Head Office for the Dominion—Corner of St Francois Xavier and St Sacrament-streets, Montreal.
Agents wanted in unrepresented districts throughout Canada.
589-6m NEIL McKINNON, Agent for Ottawa.

STOVES. STOVES. STOVES.
STOVES. STOVES. STOVES.
STOVES. STOVES. STOVES.
"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT! 35, SUSSEX St. H. MEADOWS & CO.

WE have received our fall and Winter Stock of STOVES, STOVE PIPES, ELBOWS, DUMB STOVES, TINWARE and LUMBERMEN'S SUPPLIES, which we offer Wholesale or Retail at low prices. In Cooking, Parlor, Box and Hall Stoves, for wood or coal, we have the largest and most varied assortment ever shown in Ottawa.

COOKING STOVES. COOKING STOVES. COOKING STOVES.
COOKING STOVES. COOKING STOVES. COOKING STOVES
COOKING STOVES. COOKING STOVES. COOKING STOVES.

☞ Our stock of the above comprises the latest improvements in both ELEVATED and LOW OVEN STOVES.

BOX AND HALL STOVES. BOX AND HALL STOVES.
BOX AND HALL STOVES. BOX AND HALL STOVES.
BOX AND HALL STOVES. BOX AND HALL STOVES.

☞ Suitable for private Dwellings and Churches, Warehouses and Stores.

PARLOR STOVES. PARLOR STOVES. PARLOR STOVES.
PARLOR STOVES. PARLOR STOVES PARLOR STOVES.
PAR TOVES. PARLOR STOVES. PARLOR STOVES.

☞ New and most beautiful designs, very cheap.

COAL STOVES. PARLOR GRATES.
Hot Air Furnaces.

We still continue to manufacture every description of TIN, SHEET IRON, and COPPER WARE, RUSSIA IRON PIPE, and DUMB STOVES. ☞ Also all kinds of out-door Job Work in our line attended to by competent and experienced Mechanics. Country Merchants supplied with Stovepipes, &c., at reduced rates.

Lumbermen's Supplies! Lumbermen's Supplies! Shanty Plates! Basins! Camp Kettles, &c.
HOUSEFURNISHING GOODS
Bird Cages! Bird Cages! Bird Cages!

Price Lists sent free on application.
☞ Any part of a Stove sold by us can be replaced when broken or burnt out, a fact intending chasers would do well to note.
An inspection of the above goods is invited at the
"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,
35, SUSSEX STREET,
Ottawa, October 2, 1867. H. MEADOWS & CO. 62-y

INSURANCE.

INTERCOLONIAL
ASSURANCE CO'Y.
OF CANADA.
Capital - - - $500,000.
With power to increase the same.
SHARES, - - $100 EACH.
PROVISIONAL DIRECTORS:
H. O. Burritt, Esq., President; R. Lyon, Esq. Mayor of Ottawa, Vice-President; T. D. Harington, Dy. Receiver General; the Hon. J., Skead, J. M. Currier, M. P., D. McLaughlin, M.P., W. Wade, Esq., F. Jones, M.P., W. Ellis, Esq., W. H. Brouse, M.D., Joseph Aumond, Esq., M. K. Church, M.D., and J. M. Bates.
THIS is purely a Canadian Institution, and as such is deserving of the support of the Canadian public.
An Act for the Incorporation of this Company is now before the Parliament of the Dominion.
Over $100,000 of stock is already subscribed and it is the intention to deposit with the Government as a guarantee of our good faith, at least $50,000 as soon as an Act of Incorporation is procured (which will be a provision of our Incorporation.) It is unnecessary here to dilate upon the profits of money invested in Insurance Stock. Suffice it to say, that, at least in one instance 3335 per cent advance has been obtained on insurance stock, and that after the payment of princely dividends. In the meantime Subscriptions to Stock, in Ottawa may be made at the Ontario and Royal Canadian Banks, and a deposit of 10 per cent is requisite which will be deposited IN TRUST to be returned in case any subscriber is not satisfied with his investment up to one month after the Vice-Regal sanction to the Charter is obtained.
J. M. BATES,
Pro. Manager and Secretary.
Ottawa, Nov. 21, 1867. 595tf

CITY OF GLASGOW
Life Assurance Company
ESTABLISHED 1838.
CAPITAL, £600,000-Sg.
ANNUAL REVENUE OVER £120,000 Stg.
THIS COMPANY OFFERS TO THE public the combined advantage of perfect security, moderate premiums and liberal participation in profits. No extra charge for Volunteers in defence of the country.
RINTOUL BROS., Montreal, General Agents for Canada.
NEIL McKINNON, Agent,
Sparks-street, Ottawa.
Ottawa March 25. 391y

Ætna Life Insurance Company,
ESTABLISHED, A. D. 1820.
Capital and Assets, 1st Jan., 1867, $4,401,833.86
THIS MOST SUCCESSFUL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY divides the whole of the Profits, every year, among the insured, reducing the cost to about one-half the figures usually charged.
For instance, the annual payment, at the age of 30, in most Companies, to insure $2600 is, with profits, about $50, and without profits.....$43.00
In the Ætna, $2000, to a person 30 years of age, costs the first year..... 25.31
And each subsequent year..... 26.74
Which payment is subject to further reduction as the business of the Company increases.
☞ Endowment policies on equally favorable terms.
The fact that the Ætna has, during the past 12 months, insured over 14,000 persons, from among the best business men of the Continent, is the best possible testimonial to the soundness of the Company, and the excellence of its method of doing business.
J. GARVEY, ESQ., M. D., Medical Referee.
S. PEDLAR & CO., Montreal.
Ottawa, March 13. 381y

BRITISH AMERICA
Assurance Company!
FIRE AND MARINE.
ESTABLISHED 1830.
R. S. Cassels, Esq.....Consulting Director.
THE ABOVE FIRST-CLASS COMPANY is prepared to insure all descriptions of property against loss or damage by fire.
HERRICK, BRUSH & CO., AGENTS,
Aumond's Buildings.
Ottawa, January 4, 1867. 323y

Land for Sale.
850 ACRES OF LAND, situated within two to eight miles of the city. Apply to JOHN W. McGUIRE, Lot 25, 2nd Concession, Ottawa Front, Gloucester. 546-6m

To Sell or Let---Rare Opening.
TERMS MODERATE.
FINE STONE DWELLING HOUSES, Photographic Chambers, and other Cut Stone Premises, well arranged and eligibly situated for commercial business.
Apply to JOHN MACAULEY, Chaudiere, Ottawa; or E. McGILLIVRAY, J. B. TACKABERRY, or H. McLEAN, Auctioneer, Ottawa.
January 8, 1867. 585-6m

Furniture! Furniture! Furniture!
AT THE
VARIETY HALL,
34, Sussex-st.
A MOST Complete Stock of Black Walnut and other Furniture, in Cane and Hair Seated Chairs, Tete-a-Tetes, Sofas, Extension Dining Tables, Centre Tables, Sideboards, Chiffonniers, Wardrobes, Bureaus, Bedsteads, Washstands and Toilet Tables. Also, Hair, Excelsior and Sea Grass Mattrasses, of all sizes, Gilt Mirrors, Toilet and other Looking Glasses, Table Cutlery of all kinds, Brushes, Brooms, and Wooden Ware of various descriptions, Table and Floor Mats, Soiled Linen Baskets, a beautiful article, Rocking Horses, Children's Sleighs, and the best assorted stock of Crockery, China and Glassware in the Dominion. This stock being all purchased to the best advantage will consequently be sold cheap.
Crockery, China, Glassware, Stoves and Furniture rented to private or public parties at a reasonable rate.
JOSEPH BOYDEN,
429y General Agent.

THE CAPITAL
Boot and Shoe Store!
South Side of York-street, Lower Ottawa.
A LARGE SUPPLY of HAND-MADE KIPP BOOTS and SHOES of the VERY BEST QUALITY on hand.
Lumbermen who are anxious to furnish workmen with GOOD FEET WARE, will be enabled to do so by calling at the CAPITAL for their supplies.
I am selling off the balance of the Winter Stock of READYMADE WORK at REDUCED PRICES, which consists of Ladies' Misses' and Children's BALMORALS, CONGRESS GAITERS, RUBBERS and OVERSHOES, and Men's and Boys' Boots in CALF SKIN, KIPP and COW HIDE.
☞ Orders and Measures taken for all sorts of Work.
GEORGE MURPHY.
Ottawa Jan. 31, 1868. 429-y

APPLICATION will be made during the present session of the Parliament of Canada for an Act to incorporate the "British and Canadian Bank."
February 14, 1868. 666-2m

K. ARNOLDI,
WINE & SPIRIT MERCHANT,
METCALFE-STREET,
Telegraph Company's Building, Ottawa,
RECOMMENDS and Guarantees with confidence the following Wines:—
PORTS—Graham's, Sandeman's, Forrester's, Masden's, &c.:

		Per Gall.	Per Doz.
No. 1	Good sound Wine	$2 00	$6 00
" 2	"	3 00	8 75
" 3	Old	3 50	10 00
" 4	Superior old	4 50	12 50
" 5	Very fine old	5 75	15 50

SHERRY WINE—Domecq's, Capdepons, Pemartin's, Cramp Suter's, &c.:

No. 1	Light table Wine	$2 00	6 00
" 2	Superior do.	3 00	8 75
" 3	Very choice	3 50	10 00
" 4	Very Superior	4 50	12 50
" 5	Very fine	5 50	15 00

Marsala Wine,
$1.30 per Gallon, $4.50 per Dozen.
Especial attention called to the above Wine. Far superior to all common sherries, its chief recommendation is that it agrees perfectly well with persons who cannot take those wines, even of a high class. It is soft and old, free from heat, or the slightest approach to acidity, while its very moderate price recommends it for all large entertainments, as well as for the luncheon, dinner and supper table. It has met with the highest approval from the medical gentlemen of this city.
Also, in wood or bottle, old and new Brandies, Rums, Gins, Old Tom Gins, Irish, Scotch, and Canadian Whiskeys of Standard Brands.
Clarets, Champagnes, Hocks, Caracas, Marachino, Chartreuse, Royal Italian Bitters, &c., in great variety.
Hibberts and Guiness' Porter, Bass' and Allsopp's Ales, quarts and pints. Canadian Ale of Superior Quality, in Wood and Bottle.
Goods most confidently recommended, and may be as implicitly relied upon for perfect purity as if purchased in the largest wholesale establishment in the country.
Orders by mail with cash or city reference solicited and promptly attended to. No charge for delivery in the city. A discount to persons buying in quantity or by the original package. Inspection invited.
Price Lists, and every information, on application, or sent to any address.
WINE VAULTS AND OFFICE,
No. 11, Metcalfe-street,
Telegraph Co.'s Building, Ottawa.
January 27, 1868. 535y

FOR SALE
BY THE SUBSCRIBERS,
New Egyptian Dates,
Oranges, Lemons,
Grapes, Turkey Figs,
West End Raisins,
Dundee Marmalade,
Jams and Jellies,
Tomatoes in tins,
Peaches, "
Sweet Corn "
Lima Beans.
OYSTERS & HADDIES!
RECEIVED WEEKLY.
DALGLISH & RUSSELL,
Upper Town.
Ottawa, Jan. 28, 1868. 651y

SMITH & RODNEY
MERCHANT TAILORS and General Outfitters, Elgin-street, opposite the Russell House, and second door from the London Music Store, having just received a choice stock of
English, French and Canadian
CLOTHS and TWEEDS,
And a general assortment of gentlemen's furnishing goods, would intimate to their friends and the public generally that they are prepared to execute all orders in their line at the shortest notice, in the most approved styles and at prices that we defy competition.
Ottawa Oct. 1, 1867. 551tf

ROANOKE
Tobacco Company,
DANVILLE, VIRGINIA.
THIS Company having established at Montreal their General Agency for the Dominion of Canada, is now prepared to offer to the public an article in
SMOKING TOBACCO!
Superior to anything of the kind ever imported into the country, and pledge their long established character that the article now offered is the pure leaf from the
Virgin Hill Tops of Virginia.
The different brands and prices are as follows viz:
The "Prince of Wales," in 1 & 2 lb bls $1.00 per lb
" " Dominion Favorite" 1 & ½ " " 0.75 "
" " Navy," ½ & 2 " " 0.65 "
The prices are NET CASH in Montreal, and orders [accompanied by remittance] for 5 lbs and upwards will receive prompt attention. The tobacco will be forwarded to any address, by express or otherwise, as parties may direct.
Please address
F. W. HENSHAW,
Gen. agent Dominion of Canada,
10 St. Sacrament-st.,
Montreal.
Montreal, Dec. 4, 1867. 597-1m

SNOW'S
Celebrated Fever Remedy.
A Sure and Certain Cure for Fever—Continued, Remittent, Intermittent, Typhoid, and Fever arising from Ordinary Colds.
THIS REMEDY has been used in Tropical climates for many years with the greatest success. It shortens the attack, reduces the fever gradually, and at the same time enables the system to throw off the poisonous effect of the on the blood and secretions generally.
PRICE—50 cents and $1 per Bottle. Sold Wholesale and Retail by
H. F. MACCARTHY,
Chemist, Ottawa City
Sole Agent for Dominion of Canada.
December 2, 1867. 579-3m

HOWE'S
Boot and Shoe Store.
REMOVAL.
AS the Lease of our Premises in Sussex-street terminates this month, we intend to confine our business to one locality, and shall remove the whole of our Stock on the 1st of May next, to our Store in
No. 10, Rideau-st.
Our stock of BOOTS and SHOES, LEATHER, SHOE FINDINGS, TRUNKS, &c., &c., will consequently be very large and most complete in every department, and we most respectfully solicit a continuance of favors, to merit which our constant endeavors will be as usual to provide the best articles and sell at the lowest remunerating prices.
G. HOWE & SON.
☞ Remember place—No. 10, Rideau-st. next to Howell's grocery.
April 27. 420y

FOUND.
NEAR the Market, Lower Town, an INDIA RUBBER CARRIAGE COVER. Apply at this office.
Ottawa, November 595tf

CITY NOTICES.

PROCLAMATION.
WHEREAS it will greatly conduce to the health and comfort of the Citizens of Ottawa generally, to have the city cleansed of all filth and nuisances, and whereas the introduction and spread of malignant and contagious diseases, is, and will certainly be influenced by the sanitary condition of the city; and whereas the
BOARD OF HEALTH,
Under and by virtue of the powers conferred upon them by various Acts of Parliament, establishing Boards of Health, and in accordance with various By-laws of the City of Ottawa, have deemed it advisable that immediate steps should be taken for leansing the city.
NOW KNOW YE, that I, HENRY JAMES FRIEL, Mayor of the City of Ottawa, do hereby order and direct that all yards, cellars, stables, outhouses, and other buildings, and outhouses, lanes, or alleys, shall be thoroughly cleansed of all filth, dirt, nightsoil, or other impur

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

On no occasion will the names of Old Advertisements be inserted here.

Money to Loan—J. G. Bell.

Mortgage Sale—Mosgrove & Taillon.

The Ottawa Times

City and County Official Paper.

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 22, 1868.

The Privy Council met yesterday afternoon, but it is understood that only business of a routine character was transacted.

We are glad to learn that the Hon. Mr. McGee's health has very much improved of late. A few days ago he took a drive out to Monklands with a friend, who has assured us that he is looking and feeling exceedingly well. The hon. gentleman will, no doubt, be in his place in Parliament on the 12th prox.

The Montreal *Herald* of the 20th, says that the rumors afloat of "demoralization" in the Cabinet are now assuming "a tangible shape," and "point to the displacement of the leader of the Government," and the *Globe* of the same date felicitates itself on a statement which appeared in its newly found New Bruswick ally, that "Sir John's resignation ..... would be "satisfactory to the Liberal element in the "Maritime Provinces." The *Herald* also says that "some of the less slavish of the Ministerial organs boldly assert the need of a "deliverer," and point to Mr. Cartier as the coming man.

It is a fact that *one* Quebec journal, following the sectional idea, which has been heretofore such a bane to our politics, has been laboring to prove that the interests of Quebec, New Brunswick and Nova Scotia are identical, and that these three should club their strength and treat Ontario as a sort of common enemy. It is also true that this same journal, being taken with the absurd idea started by the Montreal *Telegraph*, concerning the bringing in of Joseph Howe under Mr. Cartier, pointed to the Hon. Minister of Militia as a fit leader of this sectional movement which was to reconcile Nova Scotia by the ostracism of Ontario, but beyond these newspaper vagaries, there is not the slightest foundation for the assertion of the *Herald*. One thing is certain these "rumors" are utterly unjust to the Hon. Mr. Cartier, and entirely unwarranted in so far as the members of the Privy Council are concerned. The "displacement" of the Premier is not in contemplation, nor has there been any foundation for the rumor whose "shape" has not materially changed, nor its basis improved, since it was first coined.

The *Globe* desires to know "what members "of the Council" are anxious to "get rid of "Sir John." This is manifestly absurd. The New Brunswick paper did not accuse "members of the Council," or if it did, the charge is utterly unfounded. It spoke of the "liberal element in "the Maritime Provinces," and we know that some of this "element" was displeased with "Sir John" and the whole Cabinet, because they did not get twenty cents mileage instead of ten!

The progress of events will, of course, show the baselessness of these rumors, but their frequent reiteration demands an occasional contradiction, and for the second time we pronounce them mere coinages of the fancy.

The St. John *Telegraph* has worked itself into a state of great excitement over "Dominion Commissions." Its issue of the 15th contains a very violent article, the most noticeable feature of which, next to the glaring misconception of fact which it displays, is an evident desire to work into Opposition harness with the Toronto *Globe*. It regrets "that the *feeler* thrown out by the Ontario "papers on the subject of the Law Com"mission has trapped the Toronto *Globe*," &c. Now, there was no such *feeler* thrown out to our knowledge. A Quebec paper, with a little hyperbole of expression, alluded to the preparation of the Bill for the assimilation of the criminal law now in course of preparation, as being in the hands of "a commission," and an "Onta"rio paper"—the Times—took occasion to explain that there was no commission appointed for this particular work, with which announcement the *Globe* expressed a certain degree of approbation. The "Ontario "papers" generally, and the Times among the number, copied or referred to the *Telegraph's* announcement, concerning the Law Commission, but if we remember aright, not one of them, except, perhaps, the *Globe*, made a comment, either one way or the other, with respect to it.

Now the *Telegraph* has confounded the preparation of this Bill, with the assimilation of "the laws relative to property and civil rights "in Ontario, Nova Scotia and New Brunswick, "and of the procedure of all or any of the "Courts in these three Provinces," (Union Act, Sec. 94,) and thus has wasted its indignation on an imaginary wrong. If the editor of the *Telegraph* will but look at Sections 91 and 94 of the Union Act he will see that the "Criminal "Law" is handed over to the Dominion Legislature, just as "currency and coinage," and some two or three dozen other items; while providing for the "uniformity" of laws relative to property and civil rights, is placed in an entirely different position. The Parliament of Canada *may* (not *shall*) make provision for this uniformity in the three (not as the *Telegraph* says *four*) Provinces, but it requires an Act of the Legislature of each Province confirming this uniformity, before it shall take effect in such Province. Now, nobody in Ontario, to our knowledge, has said a word against the appointment of a commission composed of an equal number from each of the three Provinces to carry out this project of assimilation; and very few, we venture to assert, out of the circle of the legal fraternity, care much whether this Commission shall enter on its duties at once, or be postponed to a future period. We know when its work has been done that an Act of the Dominion Parliament cannot make it law, and should the Local Legislatures "get their backs up" and reject the labors of the Commission, they have the constitutional right to do so. But we wish the *Telegraph* to understand that it is the intention of the Dominion Government, and the desire of the people of Ontario, that Nova Scotia and New Brunswick shall have their full representation on the Commission, and since the *Telegraph* not only pleads for but "demands" the immediate appointment of this Commission, for our part we shall not offer the slightest objection, though we have a misgiving as to the acceptance of their labors by some one of the three Local Legislatures after their work is done.

As to our *confrere's* absurd ravings about "hangers on" at Ottawa, "who live upon "the Government purse, *doing nothing*," while yet he is indignant at their being engaged in codifying the Criminal Law of the Dominion we need say nothing. Admit, as the *Telegraph* would have it, that this Bill, promised in the Speech, should have been confided to a commission: then we should have had a commission on the tariff, a commission on the currency, a commission on the postal laws, a commission on the fishery laws, and a dozen or two of "commissions" besides, all at fat salaries, of course, and Ministers and their subordinates would then indeed have been open to the charge of "doing nothing." If this is the kind of economy which finds favor in the eyes of the *Telegraph*, we cannot help it; certainly it is not popular in this part of the Dominion.

The *Telegraph* has a faculty for discovering *feelers*. It says:

"Only the other day, we saw a similar but more contemptible *feeler* floating about among the newspaper items of Ontario, *viz.:* that Ontario and Quebec, having selected arbitrators to settle their disputes, *the Government of the Dominion of Canada would nominate an American as Umpire.*"

This "feeler" owes its paternity to the Toronto *Globe*, and has not a shadow of foundation in fact. At the time the *Globe* gave currency to the statement the subject had not been considered by the Government, and we have reason to believe that it has not yet been reached. But when the appointment is made we have no doubt it will be seen that on this, as on other matters, the *Globe* is not a very reliable forecaster of the doings of the Government. The *Telegraph* "warns "the Privy Council in all seriousness and in all "kindness" with regard to this appointment, and refers to the competency of the "Lower "Provincialists," as evidenced by the satisfactory manner the duties of "umpire" have been performed by some of them in matters of Imperial concern. This is all right enough; but the "warning" need not be accompanied with an attack on the Premier for a sin not committed, nor even seriously contemplated.

The *Telegraph's* angry references to this journal of late are somewhat unaccountable to us, but letting these pass for the present we ask it to state the "facts" about this Law Commission to its readers, and then say whether its attack on the "Upper Cana"dian Ministers" can be justified in their light.

"The Ottawa Times, (which has again graciously come to hand,) alleges that the statement published by the *Telegraph* some days ago relative to the Dominion Government having selected Hon. J. H. Gray for Chairman of the Law Commission, is not correct. If the Government really intend to do so scandalous an act as refuse to make an appointment after informing Mr. Gray that he is to be the man—(and do it without alleging reasons,)—they will certainly merit the indignation of all lovers of fair play and even-handed justice."—*St. John, N. B., Telegraph.*

What is the matter with our *confrere?* We were not aware that the Times had stopped "coming to hand." Nor does our denial of the *Telegraph's* statement bear the interpretation which our contemporary puts upon it. What we did say was, that the appointment alluded to had *not* been made as affirmed by the *Telegraph*; that the appointment of the Law Commission had not at that time been formally taken into consideration by the Government; but we did not say that Mr. Gray would not be a member of the Commission when appointed. On the contrary we stated that the well-known abilities of the Hon. Col. Gray would, no doubt, commend him to the Government, and that in all probability he would represent the Province of New Brunswick on the Commission *when it was appointed*. We cannot for the life of us understand why the *Telegraph* should speak in such terms about the matter, for not a word we uttered can be tortured into the meaning that Mr. Gray was to be "refused" the appointment referred to, or that the Government contemplated any "scandalous" act towards a gentleman, whom Ministers individually hold in the highest esteem, and who by the public is justly regarded as one of the leading statesmen who contributed to the success of the Confederation scheme. Let our contemporary set his mind at rest upon this point.

The St. John *Freeman*, though not by any means an admirer of the new order of things, views the financial condition of the New Brunswick Government as exceedingly comfortable for the present, whatever may befall hereafter. It says:

"The state of the finances naturally affords the Government satisfaction, as they have, or ought to have, plenty to meet all demands for one year, whatever comes after. On the first of July the Province started on its new career with what some mercantile men would call a clean sheet. The greater part of the warrants for the road services and other services are usually issued before the first of July. Any of these warrants so issued, which remained unpaid on that day, became part of the Dominion debt, and were paid by the Dominion Government, who, on the same day took possession of our Bank balance. Since July first the Local Government have had to provide only for one half year's school expenditure, the expenses of the Government offices, and any appropriations for which warrants had not previously issued. The whole could scarcely have amounted to one-fourth the customary annual expenditure for the services now entrusted to the management of the Local Government, and to meet this they had the half year's subsidy and bonus paid in July in advance, and another half year's paid in January, and to help them to meet any appropriations they now make they will have another half year's allowance next July, and the proceeds of the Crown Lands and Export duty. Until the sums thus received in advance are exhausted, they can get on pretty comfortably."

—*Echoes from the Clubs*, an English publication, has a paper on the subject of literary larcenies, in which the principal standard English poets are shown to be plagiarists. Its author says that Shakespeare stole his plot, almost without exception. Herrick stole from Ben Johnson what "rare Ben" had previously pilfered from Ovid, Spencer from Dante, Pope from Waller, Sterne from Benton, Bulwer from Sterne, Byron from Wieland and Weller. Coleridge stole so largely from Goethe and Schiller that he became impressed with the delusion that he was the author of some of their best productions. Tennyson, Wordsworth, Shelly, Gray and Campbell are also classed in the same category by the critic. Bad sort truly. Who would be an author?

LOCAL NEWS.

Curling.—A curling match was played yesterday at Ogdensburgh—Ogdensburgh against Ottawa—resulting in the defeat of the latter by seven points.

1,000 Comet Burners just received by Esmonde Bros., 43 Sparks-st., next door to the Hoop Skirt Factory. N.B.—75 boxes Canada plate for sale.

The Dominion House, Wellington Street.—This house has been thoroughly renovated and fitted up. Good table and choice liquors. Fine yard and stabling. Oysters and meals at all hours. Colin McLaurin and Geo. Irvine, Proprietors. 666-b.

Young and Radford have the largest, best, and cheapest stock of watches to be found in Ottawa. They have also on hand a very choice and varied assortment of Electro-plated ware, and Fancy Goods. They do all kinds of repairing and jewellery jobbing in first-class style. 656-y.

Weather Table.—Noted by Wm. Heard, Optician and Druggist, Market Drug Store, York-st.

Ottawa, Feb. 21, 1868.

Greatest degree of cold registered during the previous night 2 above zero.

8 a.m., 2 above "
1 p.m., 4 " "
6 p.m., 5 " "

Arrivals at the Russell House, Feb. 21.—G. Gamble, Toronto; Wm. Osborne, William Robinson, Galt; Jno. Davis, Toronto; W. Margach, Lindsay; A. P. Macdonald, M. P. P., Glencoe; T. O. Butler, Kingston; R. P. Saxe, Troy; G. W. Brainard, Syracuse; H. Lockman, Montreal; W. Geralds, Prescott; Col. Campbell, 100 Regt., Montreal; J. R. Atkin, 100 Regt, Montreal; C. Roger, Montreal; H. S. Griffin, L'Orignal; Robt. Amone, Bowmanville, C. Chote, Montreal.

The Soiree Last Evening.—The soiree of the Bank street Church came off last evening in the basement of the Methodist Church, Centre Town. The refreshments served by Mrs. Proderick, were ample and satisfactory, and a large number of ladies and gentlemen of the Bank-st. and other Churches, enjoyed the social repast. Afterwards addresses were delivered by a number of reverend gentlemen and others. The choir enlivened the proceedings with appropriate selections of music, executed with their usual ability.

Raid on the Cows.—Since our notice of the nuisance of cows roaming about the streets the other day, the matter has received the attention of the police. The force has been augmented by the addition of several active cow-boys, who hunt in all directions for stray cattle, and succeeded in capturing and impounding seventeen in Lower Town alone, receiving 25 cents for each. It would be well for them to pay attention to Upper Town, for yesterday a stray cow, hunted by a large dog, ran over a young lady in Wellington-st., and knocked her down, frightened her very much, and injured her, to what extent is not yet known.

Furious Driving Again.—In spite of all the remonstrances which from time to time have been urged against reckless driving there are yet to be found unprincipled scoundrels, who, regardless of the lives of others, do not hesitate to drive over women and children, as if it were fine sport. An instance of this occurred on Wednesday last, when a fellow drove his team over a poor little boy while crossing Wellington-st., Upper Town, and continued his mad course heedless of his murderous deed. The child is badly injured, and it was feared at first that the injury would result in death. When will this villainous practice be put a stop to? Have pedestrians no rights? Let the police look a little to this matter, and the Police Magistrate fine and imprison to the extent of the law.

Police Court.—The adjourned wife beating case of Mathew Gilmour was called up, when Mrs. Gilmour, the injured wife, who had been brought up on a warrant to give evidence, appeared. On being offered the book to be sworn Mrs. Gilmour said she had never yet taken an oath, and she was not going to do so now. He (meaning the prisoner) was the father of her children, and she would not, she could not, take an oath against him. His Worship explained to her that he had no alternative but to send her to jail for contempt of Court, if she persisted in refusing to be sworn, and though he should be sorry to do so he must certainly commit her. To this she answered that perhaps it would be the proper place for her, but she would not be sworn. Here she became sick, and being placed in a chair appeared to faint, but afterwards being partially recovered was induced to kiss the book, and answered the questions as to the infliction of the wounds by her husband with a chair, and the dressing of them by Dr. Macdonnell in the affirmative. She was removed from court, and sent home in a cutter, and the prisoner was left to be dealt with by the Police Magistrate, who said that as the Recorder's Court would open next Monday week, and as his imprisonment till that time would not be too great a punishment for the crime, he would not try him summarily, as he otherwise might have done, but send him to the Recorder's Court for trial.

CORRECTION.

To the Editor of THE TIMES.

Dear Sir,—Will you please allow me to draw the attention of the public to the most extraordinary course which Mr. I. B. Taylor, publisher of the *Ottawa Citizen*, has pursued towards me for the last twelve months. His latest effort to injure a man, who has never, to his knowledge, passed one discourteous remark, or used an expression damaging to the private character of Mr. I. B. Taylor, appears in the *Citizen* of this morning. I shall not here say whether Mr. I. B. Taylor's character is good or bad, as scandal is not my *forte*. The effort to which I allude is in connecting my name with an assault case in the police court.

Now, I cannot but believe that the public will give my words as much credit as those of Mr. I. B. Taylor, and I say that I never knew anything about the assault case alluded to in the *Citizen* of this morning, and with which my name is therein connected; that it is not true that I brought anybody up to the court for assault; or that anybody brought me up for the same; or that my name was in anyway connected with any such difficulty in the court, as reported in the *Citizen*; or that I had any difficulty with any party that required that remedy.

Yours, &c.,
Aaron I. Dunning.

P. S.—I have been forced to this course, as Mr. Taylor refused either to apologise or contradict the statement so falsely made.

A. I. D.

Our Fortifications.—It is now nearly fifty years since our fortifications have been looked after in any way. We think it is now high time, and that it behoves our government to put them in a proper state of defence, and have our lakes and rivers well protected. "One ounce of prevention is worth a pound of cure; but while we are protecting ourselves against a foreign enemy, we should not forget to fortify ourselves against bruises, frost-bites, chilblains, pains in the back and side, cholic, cholera morbus; the "Canadian Pain Destroyer" is the most effectual medicine. Sold by all dealers in medicine at 25 cents per bottle.

CABLE NEWS.

THIS MORNING'S DESPATCHES.

London, Feb. 21.—Train delivered his first lecture in Dublin last evening. It was very thinly attended. No disturbance. John Curtin, Innkeeper, and David Murphy, lately from the United States, were arrested in Cork yesterday, charged with complicity in Fenianism.

The Coroner's Jury have concluded their investigation relative to the explosion at the Clerkenwell House of Detention, and have rendered their verdict. They brought a charge of murder against the prisoners Barrett, English, O'Keefe, Mullaney, and Desmond. The woman Ann Justice, and others, whose names have not yet been made known, have been committed. Doubt is expressed as to the complicity of Allen, who was recently discharged, but has been re-arrested. The verdict concludes by severely censuring the metropolitan police in Clerkenwell district, for lack of activity and vigilance.

Mr. Hunt, Under-Secretary-Treasurer, has informed the House of Commons that the operation of the new Postal Treaty between Great Britain and the United States has been temporarily suspended, but only to enable both Governments to revise certain points which had been mutually overlooked, which it was necessary to set right.

The *Globe* has a report that alarming revolts have broken out among the prisoners in India.

Dublin, Feb. 21.—The audience at Train's lecture last night was boisterous, and some persons present who hissed the speaker were roughly used. A strong force of police were on hand and prevented serious personel violence, or disloyal demonstrations.

The jury were unable to agree on a verdict in the case of John Martin and other parties on trial for participation in the Fenian funeral proceedings, and have been dismissed.

Paris, Feb. 21.—The *Patrie* to-day, speaking under reserve, says it has reason to believe that the Emperor of Russia is marching troops near the Danube.

London, Feb. 21.—The latest letters from Gen. Napier give reason to hope that the war in Abyssinia would be ended this season.

AMERICAN NEWS.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

A Canadian Settlement in Kansas.

New York, Feb. 20.—The *Herald's* special says Commissioner Wilson, of the General Land Office, has had an interview with a prominent officer of the Canadian Government, who holds a life office from the crown in relation to the public lands for sale in Kansas. This gentleman states that it was his intention to resign his office, and lend his assistance to organize a colony of Canadians, with a view to settling in the southern part of Kansas.

More Indian Fighting in Arizona.

San Francisco, Feb. 20.—Late Arizona advices give particulars of a fight between the Walla Walla Indians, under three of the principal chiefs, and a force of the United States troops, resulting in the success of the latter. The Indians were armed with Henry, Spencer, and Sharpe rifles, and fought with great bravery. Twenty-five Indians were wounded.

Steamer Lost.

Selma, Feb. 20.—The steamer *Salle Leslie* sunk 25 miles below here. No lives lost.

The Sherman Appointment.

New York, Feb. 21.—The *Tribune's* special says upon reading Gen. Sherman's letter the President promptly telegraphed him acknowledging its receipt, and saying substantially that in view of the objections suggested, he would not assign him to the command, but would allow him to remain in Missouri. It is said the President will assign another commander to the new district in a few days. Prominent Democrats are urging the President to appoint General Halleck, who is known to be very objectionable to General Grant, and one of his bitterest opponents since the beginning of the war.

THIS MORNING'S DESPATCHES.

Fires.

Chicago, Feb. 21.—The flour mill of Westring & Pendle was destroyed by fire this morning. Loss $15,000.

Philadelphia, Feb. 21.—The woollen mill of J. B Scatchard, at Germantown, was entirely destroyed by fire yesterday. Loss $49,000.

New Appointments.

Washington, Feb. 21.—The name of Gen. George B. McClellan has been sent to the Senate as Minister to England. The name of General H. Thomas has been sent to the Senate for Lieutenant-General.

Stanton Removed by the President.

The President has removed Stanton from the War Department, and appointed Adjutant-General Lorenzo Thomas *ad interim*.

Stanton Determined to Hold Office.

New York, Feb. 21.—The *Post's* special says it is understood to be Mr. Stanton's intention not to obey the order of the President, but to remain in charge of the war office, unless he is forcibly ejected, or cancelled by the Senate to turn over the office to Gen. Thomas, in accordance with the President's orders. The excitement here is intense. Soon after the Senate went into session, a committee of four Senator's proceeded to the war office, and informed Secretary Stanton that pending any action it was the decision of the Senate that he (Mr. Stanton), should retain office, and discredit any order from the President to the contrary. A committee also waited upon Gen. Grant, and had an interview with him. The committee express themselves entirely satisfied with Gen. Grant's position regarding this matter.

MINING NEWS.

[From the British Columbian, Dec. 7.]

From Cariboo.

The steamer *Onward*, Captain Irving, arrived from Yale last evening, with about fifty passengers, a majority of whom were miners. Amongst the passengers were Mrs. O'Reilly, Hon. Mr. Cox, from Big Bend, Captain G. B. Wright, of the Upper Fraser steamer *Enterprise*, Mr. Thos. Spence, Board Superintendent, Mr. John Polmire and Mr. McHardy, of Cariboo. Mr. Polmire had upwards of $12,000 in gold. There was also ten Ceder Creek miners, each having $1,000 in dust, and several Big Bend miners with some very pretty, coarse gold from French and McCulloch's Creeks. The news from Cariboo is to the 25th ult.

MINING INTELLIGENCE.

On Williams Creek the Bed-rock drain was progressing rapidly, and was expected to tap the Welsh claim in four or five days. The Taftvale, Alturas and other gulch claims were paying well. In Beg's Gulch the Ancient co. had struck good prospects.

On Mosquito Gulch the Willow paid a dividend of $500 to the share for the week. The Minihaha $100 to the share, and the Ophir one ounce a day to the hand. On Red Gulch the discovery co. are making wages.

On Whip-saw Gulch the discovery co. were prospecting. The Abbott co. laid over.

On Grouse Creek the Flume co. had struck a back channel and were in hourly expectation of striking it very rich.

The Fifeshire Lass on Lightening Creek was paying an ounce a day to the hands. The Great Eastern was prospecting splendidly, and they intended working all winter. The Blythe Company are doing very well. Mr. Work, the H. B. Co.'s Trader on Williams Creek, was very ill of Mountain fever. The weather was still mild and pleasant. The markets are much better supplied with vegetables than formerly. Flour continues to retail at 30 cents.

The steamer *Enterprise* has been laid up. She encountered much ice on her last trip.

From Big Bend.

The Big Bend news is not very important. The Black Hawk and Bluenose claims were paying $10, a day to the hand steadily, with rockers, there being no water for sluicing. The Dagget claim was giving a weekly dividend of $100, to the share. The Mountain claim had been paying about $10 a day to the hand throughout the season. The discovery claim was paying a weekly of $150 to the share. On McCulloch's Creek the Braily claim was paying $12, a day to the hand.

Another claim on the Creek was paying well. The market was well supplied, and prices were reasonable.

DISTRESS IN NOVA SCOTIA.

Letter to the Toronto Relief Committee.

Mr. C. J. Campbell, treasurer of the Nova Scotia and New Brunswick fishermen relief committee, has received the following letter from the agent of the Bank of Montreal in Halifax, who has taken much interest in the suffering fishermen of Nova Scotia:—

"Bank of Montreal,
"Halifax, Feb. 7, 1868.

"C. J. Campbell, Esq., Treasurer.

"Dear Sir—I have much pleasure in acknowledging the receipt of your favor of the 29th ult., enclosing a draft of $2,500 as a contribution in part from the inhabitants of your city towards the relief of the distressed fishermen of this Province. Your citizens deserve our most hearty thanks for the great promptitude and liberality with which they have responded to the appeal made to them.

"I am sorry to say that from the absence of local committees and the very imperfect means of communication with the villages along our coast at this season, it is very difficult to obtain definite information with regard to the distress now prevalent among the fishing population, but it is estimated that at least ten thousand persons will require aid to carry them through to April next, when the Spring fishing begins. From all I can learn the above estimate is very much within the mark, but not having any positive information on the subject I deem it better to give you what is certainly not an exaggerated statement. The distress is very general on all the coast from Shelburne to Cape Breton, a distance of over three hundred miles. There is also a good deal of suffering on other parts of the coast, such as Yarmouth, Digby and Antigonish. The shore fisheries upon which almost all the Nova Scotia fishermen entirely depend for a living were last season a total failure on nearly the whole coast of the Province, the majority of the fishermen can save little or nothing even in ordinary seasons, and they are consequently this year in very many cases entirely without the means of procuring the commonest necessaries of life. Many have sold their nets and fishing tackle as well as their seed potatoes in order to purchase food and clothing, and as the season advances the suffering will become much greater. March will be the most trying month with them, and it will be the middle of April in all probability before they can do much in the way of fishing. The clergymen in some localities have written asking for aid, and state that they are actually giving the food off their own tables (needed by themselves and their families) to the destitute. The relief committee wish, if possible, to aid the distressed in a way that will preserve their independence and make them feel that they are earning what they receive. With this view it is intended in all cases where it is at all practicable to give them work, and as employment cannot be obtained except at wages altogether too small to support them, the committee propose expending a portion of their funds in paying the men the difference between what they can get from their employers and what they ought to receive as a fair remuneration for their labor. For instance the merchants here will pay 15c. per pound for netting, 25c. would, however, be only a fair price and the difference, 10c., will come out of the relief fund. I fear though that the large number of those in distress cannot be relieved in this way, as work is not to be obtained, and they will have to depend upon charity which is a great pity. With regard to expending a portion of your funds in the purchase of flour, if you could get the Grand Trunk railway to carry say 200 bbls. to Portland free, it would of course be an advantage to the relief fund, as there would most likely be a saving of $1 per bbl.; but the balance of the funds collected had, I think, better be remitted in cash, for the poor people are in need of almost everything, and the committee in Halifax will be better able to judge how the money should be expended, as in the course of a week or two they will, I believe, be in possession of full particulars from the different localities, as to the amount of the distress and the shape in which it will be most desirable to afford the necessary aid. I have no doubt that the money you have so kindly collected, and a very much larger sum will be needed before the end of March. And I am happy to see that the movement is so general throughout Ontario, as it will not only relieve a really deserving population, who are in great distress through no fault of their own, but will, I trust, tend to produce a more kindly feeling between the two Provinces than at present exists. Should you decide to send any flour please insure it from Portland to Halifax.

"I am, sir,
"Your obdt. servant,
"E. C. Jones.

"Relief Fund, Toronto."

MINERAL LANDS.

The Portage Lake *Mining Gazette* says:

"For years the most intelligent of our pioneer mineral explorers have vainly sought to obtain a foothold on Canadian soil, and discover and bring to the notice of American and foreign capital the rich mines of wealth their experience teaches them can be found at every point from Fort William to below Sault Ste. Marie. But the ignorance and indifference of Government officials has so restricted the location or sale of lands containing a suspicion of mineral existence, that these men have been compelled to abandon their intentions, and leave the country what it has been, and ever will be, under such a short-sighted policy as effectually closed it against home or foreign development, as were for centuries the ports of Japan. A thousand natural harbors, among the finest in the world, are year after year ungraced with a sail, or their waters disturbed by aught save the occasional dip of the voyageur's paddle; millions of acres are covered with the rotting trunks, untouched by the lumberman's axe, that would have been wealth to the people and their Government; undoubtedly valuable mineral deposits lie concealed from the shores to the far inland, unlooked for, uncared for, unprofitable to people and Government, their existence only well suspected by another nation, who are prohibited from verifying those suspicions, because the Canadian dog-in-the-manger Government policy forbids them to expend intelligence or money with any hope of a return. While in Ontario, last fall, we called the attention of many seemingly intelligent men and officials to the value of the north shore mineral regions, and the importance of a survey, sale and development of that portion of their territory. While courteous in their demeanor, we could see they regarded our statements of iron, copper, lead and silver deposits, rivalling the south shore in plentitude and richness, as so many "gopher tales," and the visions of an exuberant imagination. On the other hand, *we* could see those gentlemen were by far better posted on the geography, geology and climatology of Siberia, Australia, or almost any other portion of the globe, than that of the northwest. Of it they were lamentably ignorant, though they tried to cover it by expressions of pretended wisdom, remarkably transparent to us, a resident of the region. So we left them, more in pity than anger, as those carrying precious stones in their pocket, proud of their size and glitter, but ignorant of their value."

Masonic Jewels, Designs, &c.—Messrs Young & Radford are prepared to furnish all kinds of Masonic jewels, in the highest styles of the art, on the shortest notice, and at the cheapest rates. All kinds of jewellery repaired.

Young and Radford's stock of watches clocks, jewellery, fancy goods and electro plated ware are worthy of inspection. All goods will be sold cheap. Give them a call. Remember the place, 30 Sparks-st. 597a

Cure your Horses.—It is to the interest of all who own horses to keep them in a healthy and sound condition: experience has proved that "Darley's Arabian Remedy and Condition Medicine" is the most efficacious, it has been used by thousands who will cheerfully confirm this statement. For Heaves, Coughs, Colds, and all diseases which affect the wind of horses it has no equal, nor is it equalled as a condition medicine; it purifies the blood, corrects and improves the appetite, and softens the skin; in fact, so great is the improvement in the condition and appearance of the animal as to have lead many to doubt it it could be the same horse.

Remember the name, and see that the signature of *Hurd & Co.* is on each package.

Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, C.W., proprietors for the Canadas. Sold by all Medicine dealers.

THE ERUPTIONS OF VESUVIUS.

THE GREAT LAND-SLIP NEAR NAPLES.

[Correspondence of the London Times.]

Naples, Wednesday, Jan. 29.

Vesuvius, which has puzzled every one by its caprices, is now again active and glorious. When I last spoke of the mountain it was reposing, and the eruption was supposed by many to be on the decline, but on the 23rd inst., the instruments were much agitated, the lava began to pour forth, and two shocks of earthquake were felt even in Naples. For two or three days the old road to the Observatory has been the most favorable one, as the lava has been pouring down over the cone in that direction in three or four separate streams, wearing the appearance of as many gigantic fingers forever elongating. It is calculated that the lava is ejected to the height of 1,100 metres above the level of the sea, so that you may easily conceive how magnificent is the spectacle. For two days the mountain has been covered with snow, even to the lip of the crater, thus presenting that remarkable association of fire and frost which astonished us some weeks since. Last night the eruption was singularly grand, and as the lava descended also toward the Piaup delle Ginestre it seemed as if the entire cone was covered by streams of fire.

A sad disaster has befallen one of the most beautiful quarters of this city. Last night about 6:45 o'clock there was a landslip of that huge tufa mountain which towers up above the corner of Santa Lucia, leading round to the Chiatomone, overwhelming the shops and dwelling houses which lay below. The report in the city early this morning was that 55 bodies had been already disintered; but, as little trust is to be placed in statements in moments of excitement, I procured the escort of a guard of public security, and was admitted to the scene of the disaster. Many who read this will remember how long they have lingered at several coral and print shops just at the turn of Santa Lucia; less agreeable reminiscences they will have of one or two wine shops and *trattorie* frequented by the people. Well, all are overwhelmed, and how many unhappy beings lie buried beneath us is up to the present time unknown. In some respects I was reminded of the appearance of Terre del Greco during the earthquake of 1861—there were long beams and rafters standing perpendicularly out of the rubbish; chairs, tables, beds, and other articles of household furniture were mingled with the ruins; sections of houses which clung to and climbed up the cliff were apparent with private cupboards full of bottles, but the inhabitants and tarades, indeed the greater portion of the houses, lay embedded beneath the mass of tufa which lay piled high beneath, obstructing all communication between the city and the Riviera di Chiaga in this direction.

It was most painful to think of the amount of suffering that lay buried there without the possibility of relief, for the work of excavation was pronounced to be dangerous. How high the mountain stands which dominates Santa Lucia I cannot precisely say—certainly many hundred feet, and, composed as it is of very friable materials, there was full expectation that even larger masses would fall. On the very summit, and at the extreme edge, there are barracks; the stone facing of the mountain has given way, and the apparent probability was that the tufa might yield, and this vast pile of building topple over. The work of excavation, therefore, was full of danger, not merely to those engaged in it, but to the crowds who stood around. Even as I looked masses of rock and building fell, and here and there long lines of sand, as it were of smoke, came trickling down. There were very few persons employed therefore, in excavating; all that could be done was to preserve order, and keep off the hosts of street Arabs, who every now and then tried to break through the cordon of soldiers.

A commission of engineers and architects was appointed to examine the mountain and report whether it would be safe to remove the ruins at the base. It was a work of great danger, for they had to scramble over the wrecks of the demolished houses, at the risk of being swallowed up by another landfall. At length it was decided that nothing could be done until the mountain had been propped, and how this can be done appears to me to be a most puzzling affair. Some were of opinion that the best thing would be to explode that part of the mountain with a mine, but this would have endangered much property near at hand. At present, therefore, we are quite in the dark as to the extent of the disaster, and if any unfortunate persons are buried they must remain victims. The houses destroyed are a lodging-house much frequented by foreigners; two, if not three, coral shops, a shop where engravings were sold, a *cafe* partially so, a wine-shop much frequented, and one or two small eating-houses. I believe that most in the lodging-houses escaped; they had timely warning in certain noises made by the breaking away of the cliff. A family who were in an upper room were unable to escape, but through the bravery of a Captain of the Bersaglieri were got down by ropes and ladders. An American gentleman who was lodging there was severely wounded, and was sent off to the Pellegrini. I have just visited him, as the poor fellow knew only two persons in Naples, and he tells me he was lying on his bed when the roof fell in and a rafter came down on his body. It broke the bones of the pelvis, and he has, moreover, a wound in the head. It is hoped that those who were in the *cafe* had time to escape, as the door is partially open; as to those in the coral-shops, the wine-shops and the *trattorie*, they must inevitably be lost, and it is feared there were many there.

It being a cold night, the sentinel at the entrance to the Castel d'Nuovo had retired within his box, and was thus saved from any injury. He reports that at the time the mountain fell a carriage was passing, and others add an omnibus; if so they must be overwhelmed. Of course, there is great excitement in the city, and the disaster is the sole topic of conversation. His Royal Highness the Duke d'Aosta, who had been up Vesuvius, on his return in the evening went down to Santa Lucia, and remained till a late hour. This morning I saw him there again, and by his orders, on the report of the commission of engineers, the works were immediately suspended. There were present also the regio de egato, the questor, and all the civic and military authorities, while the troops kept the ground, together with the police, and, in fact, were prepared to do all the work, but it was too perilous to proceed with. Two bodies of workmen have already been disinterred, and two or three wounded have been taken off to the hospitals; but I fear that a great loss of life has yet to be revealed.

As to the causes of this terrible affair, there can, I think, be little doubt that the principal one is the long-continued activity of Vesuvius. For two months and more we have been rocking in our beds; the seismometer has accurately marked all the oscillations. In a former letter I spoke of a scientific friend who for several days marked these oscillations by observing the motion of a piece of iron suspended from his shutters. Well, these frequent vibrations must of necessity have produced some effect on this great tufa mountain, and for several days the inhabitants of the ruined houses, and a gentleman in the Hotel Crocelle, observed indications of movement. It is only fair to say, however, that the Crocelle is out of the line of danger, but no doubt the signs observed were occasioned by the vibrations of the adjoining tufa. It is to be noted, too, that in Santa Lucia there are hot springs of sulphur and iron which attract thousands of invalids during the summer, and these indicate a connection between this part of the city and Vesuvius. From what I hear, the proprietors of the ruined houses suspected danger, and meditated some precautions, but they could not decide upon any combined plan. Vesuvius still maintains its activity, and last night was very splendid.

A Stamp on Each Cigar.—A proposition, which brings the American stamp system up to the very height of absurdity, has been made. A telegram from St. Louis, dated the 12th inst., says:—A letter from the Internal Revenue Officer at Washington, to the United States Assessor of this district, notifies him that the Committee on Ways and Means are unanimously of the opinion that the tax upon cigars can best be secured by affixing a stamp to each cigar, and requests him to obtain an opinion of the trade on the subject with this view. Mr. Papin, the assessor of this district, submitted the above letter to an informal meeting of cigar makers last night, and there was an almost unanimous opposition expressed to the plan on the ground of trouble and inconvenience. But another and formal meeting will be held in a few days, at which parties interested will give a more careful and particular expression of opinion."

THE ABYSSINIAN EXPEDITION.

Latest from the British Army.

The following is among the latest communications from Zulla, and is from the correspondent of the *Pall Mall Gazette*:—

"Zulla, Jan. 20, 1868.

"I have just time before the post closes, to give you a line from Zulla. The human constitution is subjected to some rather trying changes from heat to cold in a two days journey from the glowing sands by Annesley Bay to an altitude of 7,000 or 8,000 feet at Senafe; and the equally rapid counter-change directly afterward from cold to heat. When you quit the highlands, off with the warm clothes, prepare for a sickening sun, make up your mind to be choked with dust and sand, to lose your appetite, or, if you retain it, to tantalize it with the toughest and most tasteless meat in the world. As I write, the fierce sun is beating out-of-doors, and a hurricane is blowing sand through my tent, and hair, and eyes. An hour ago, the wind had piled up sand about the rails so that our one locomotive had to stay, every other twenty yards, till men could clear the way.

"The railway engine (inscribed 'Leeds, 1856,') got up steam for the first time this morning, to the inexpressible delight of the Shohos, who, after deliberating whether we had got hold of the devil in person or not, apparently decided in the negative, and forthwith proceeded to dance wild dances about it, as the locomotive, at a snail's pace, tried the rails; they shouted, laughed outrageously, shook hands all round, and in various ways manifested their pleasure and wonderment. About three miles of rail only are laid, but now that we can carry the rails along the line so easily, the work will proceed much more rapidly, and it is calculated that two miles of rail will now be laid per week. Another locomotive is in harbor.

"The daily water supply is on the whole satisfactory, though hitches in the delivery from the condensers occasionally occur, and then the animals have to go on short allowance. It will give some idea of the constant exertions required, when I state that the daily demand amounts to about 40,000 gallons. And not one drop of water do we get but that furnished by the condensers, at a cost of 2s a gallon, so you can fancy what water tots up to in the bill.

"Gen. Merewether and the Quartermaster-General, Col. Phayre, leave here to-day for the front, to continue the reconnoissance of the way to Antalo.

"The Commander-in-Chief intends to make very shortly a flying visit to Senafe, leaving Sir C. Stavely in charge here. This encampment has of late grown considerably. There are the 4th King's Own Regiment, the 25th Native Infantry, the 4th Native Infantry, a few of the Scind Horse, the two batteries of rifled mountain guns, some companies of Punjaub Pioneers, of Madras Sappers, all the elephants, a great camel train, a multitude of coolies, a numerous transport establishment, a very large and well-furnished bazaar, and many people whose precise occupation it would be difficult to specify. The 26th Cameronians, I hear, will not form part of this army, unless reinforcements are required.

"In the bay there are not less than seventy ships, besides a fleet of small boats. About a dozen or so are either Egyptian or French. The Pasha on board the Egyptian frigate gave a grand entertainment a few nights back to the Commander-in-Chief and the heads of departments. They were received with flights of rockets and had an excellent dinner.

"A stringent order has been issued as regards the carriage allowed to officers. No one is to have more than one mule, so that many luxuriously equipped establishments will have to be cut down. At the present time, no officer, except under urgent circumstances, can quit Zulla. Every camel, mule, and cart is devoted to one paramount object—the forwarding of supplies to the front. It is exceedingly fortunate—nay, providential—that the health of the troops continues so good. There is little or no illness except among the Bengal coolies, who arrived with many of their number sick with fever, and are now placed by themselves in a camp three miles to leeward of Zulla.

"We have no trustworthy news from Magdala. It is doubtful whether King Theodore has even yet been made acquainted with our arrival. They say people are afraid to tell him."

A HINT TO CONSUMERS OF COAL OIL.

The practice of burning coal oil lamps in bedrooms through the night is a very pernicious and dangerous one. The gas generated by the lamp is of a poisonous nature, and exceedingly detrimental to health, affecting the lungs very seriously. If the lamp is allowed to burn, as when in common use, the gas is nearly all consumed in the chimney, but when the wick is turned down so as to give a dim light in the room, the gas generated is not consumed, but escapes into the room. If the windows and doors of the apartment are tightly closed, as is generally the case in the winter season, the occupants cannot escape the injurious effects. If it is necessary to keep a light burning, let the wick be kept fully up, and if there is no transom over the door, then by all means let one of the windows down an inch or more from the top. The practice of retiring to bed in a close room, with an oil lamp dimly burning, is most dangerous, and the effect upon the respiratory organs will be seriously felt, sooner or later. Delicate persons cannot continue the practice long without experiencing the most serious results. The importance of proper ventilation is not fully understood and appreciated by the masses, and much suffering is entailed upon humanity by breathing a foul and poisonous atmosphere, especially in sleeping apartments. The health of children is frequently ruined—their constitutions utterly broken down—by compelling them to sleep in illy-ventilated apartments, and the fear of "taking cold," the great bugbear among timid parents, has cost many a child its life. A fire place (grate) with a fire is a good ventilator, but nothing is equal to the pulling down of the upper sash, which allows the foul and poisonous air to escape, and no room is so close that enough fresh air cannot find its way in through cracks and openings about the joints of doors and windows to supply the place of the escaping vitiated atmosphere. Some persons have stoves in their sleeping apartments, and they are almost as objectionable as lamps, unless proper ventilation is secured. The opening at the top of the window should be regulated by the degree of cold, as in sharp weather a very small aperture will be sufficient, while in milder weather the process of ventilation is less active, and more space is required. Never allow the lower sash to be raised, as a cold current is thus thrown into the room, and there is danger of the occupant taking cold. The foul air rises and rests against the ceiling, gradually descending until, if not discharged, it fills the whole room. If the top of the window be lowered, it rushes out, and the fresh air at once comes from all accessible points below to the relief of the sleeper.

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY.

6 HOSPITAL STREET,
2 *doors from St. Francois Xavier Street.*

It has been established, by the best medical authority, that one-half the nervous diseases are caused by drinking impure Tea. The Company have imported a supply of Teas that can be warranted pure, and free from poisonous substances, in boxes of 10, 15, 20 and 25 lbs., and upwards.

Black Tea.—Common Congou, Broken Leaf, Strong Tea, 45c., 50c.; Fine Flavored New Season do., 55c.; Excellent Full Flavored do., 75c; Sound Oolong, 40c., 45c.; Rich Flavored do., 60.; Very Fine do. do., 75c.; Japan Good, 50c. Very Good, 58c.; Finest, 75c.

Green Tea.—Twankay Common, 35c.; Fine do., 55c.; Young Hyson, 50c. and 60c.; Fine do., 75c., Superfine and Very Choice, $1.

A saving will be made, by purchasing direct from the importers, quality and purity considered. All orders for boxes of 20 or 25 lbs., or two 12 lbs., sent carriage-free to the country. Teas not mentioned in this circular equally cheap. The company having determined to take a stand in the Montreal market, weight, quality and circular may be implicitly relied on. Where a 20 lb. box would be too much two or three clubbing together could divide. In writing you will oblige by addressing thus: Montreal Tea Company, 6 Hospital-st., Montreal. An excellent Mixed Tea could be sold for 60c.; very good for common purposes, 50c. Buyers living beyond Railway Stations will please send Post Office order, or enclose notes. The carriage will be paid to the nearest station. Tea will be forwarded immediately on receipt of the order by mail containing money, or the money can be collected on delivery by express-man, where there are Express Offices. A trial solicited.

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY,
6 Hospital Street,
First Street below Notre Dame Street.

All boxes and chests sent from this establishment have the address of the Montreal Tea Company printed on them

OTTAWA MARKETS.

(*Compiled expressly for the Times.*)

Times Office, Ottawa, Feb. 21.

Flour—Extra	8 75	@	[illegible]
No. 1	8 25	@	[illegible]
No. 2	6 00	@	[illegible]
Bags—Fall per 100 lbs.	4 05	@	[illegible]
" Spring "	4 12½	@	[illegible]
Oatmeal—per 200 lbs.	7 00	@	[illegible]
Indian Meal "	5 50	@	[illegible]
Rye—per bushel 56 lbs.	0 80	@	[illegible]
Barley " 48 lbs.	0 90	@	[illegible]
Buckwheat Flour—bbl.	5 50	@	[illegible]
Wheat—Fall—per bushel, 60 lbs.	1 90	@	[illegible]
Spring " "	1 86	@	[illegible]
Corn—Per bushel, 56 lbs	1 25	@	[illegible]
Peas " 60 lbs	0 80	@	[illegible]
Oats " 34 lbs	0 53	@	[illegible]
Beans " 60 lbs	1 50	@	[illegible]
Pork—Mess—per barrel	20 00	@	[illegible]
Prime Mess per do.	14 00	@	[illegible]
Hog per 100 lbs	6 50	@	[illegible]
Hams	0 12	@	[illegible]
Beef	5 50	@	[illegible]
Mutton—per lb by the qr.	0 06	@	[illegible]
Lamb—per qr	0 06	@	[illegible]
Geese—Each	0 40	@	[illegible]
Turkeys—Each	0 50	@	[illegible]
Ducks	0 70	@	[illegible]
Fowl—Per pair	0 40	@	[illegible]
Butter—Choice Table	0 20	@	[illegible]
No. 1 Firkin	0 18	@	[illegible]
No. 2	0 17	@	[illegible]
Eggs	0 25	@	[illegible]
Apples—per brl	3 00	@	[illegible]
Vegetables, &c.—Potatoes	0 45	@	[illegible]
Onions—per bbl	4 50	@	[illegible]
Hay—Per ton, new	13 50	@	[illegible]
Wood—Per cord	0 00	@	[illegible]
Tamarac	0 00	@	[illegible]
Hemlock	0 00	@	[illegible]

New York Markets.

New York, Feb. 21.—Cotton quiet at 24c. Flour dull; receipts 4,300 bbls.; sales 5,300 bbls. at $8.50 @ $9.25 for Superfine State and Western; $9.80 @ $10.70 for Common to Choice Extra State; $9.50 @ $11.65 for Common to Choice Extra Western. Rye Flour quiet at $7.50 @ $9.50. Wheat 1c. @ 2c. better, with fair export demand; receipts 3,000 bushs.; sales 39,000 bushs. at $2.47 for No. 1 Spring in store and delivered; $2.45 for Mixed Spring; $2.53 for Amber Green Bay Choice No. 1 Spring. Rye quiet; receipts 400 bushs.; sales 1,000 bushs. of Pennsylvania and New Jersey at $1.76. Corn heavy and 1c. to 2c lower; receipts 38,000 bushs.; sales 38,000 bushs. at $1 22 @ $1.25 for New Mixed Western afloat; $1.26 @ $1.27 for Old Western Yellow in store, or Old Mixed Western delivered. Barley scarce and firm; receipts 5,900 bushs. Oats a shade lower; receipts 5,800 bushs.; sales 36,000 bushs. at 83½c. @ 84½c. for Western in store. Pork firm at $22 @ $23.50 for Old Mess; $23.50 @ $24.25 for New do. Lard firmer at 14½c. @ 15½c.

New York Money Market.

New York, Feb. 21.—Stocks active and fluctuating.

American exchange 74.
Sterling exchange 109¾.
Gold 140¾.

DIVINE SERVICES in THE CITY CHURCHES ON SUNDAY.

Christ Church (Church of England)—Sparks Street.
Rev J S Lauder, M A, Rev C F Street, M A, Curate.
Morning Service at 11 o'clock; Evening at 7. Free Seats.

Chapel of Ease—Sussex Street.
Rev J S Lauder, M A, Rev C F Street, M A Curates.
Morning Service at 11; Evening at 7. Free Seats.

St. Alban's Church, Daly Street.
(All seats free.)
Rev. T. Bedford Jones, LL. D., Rector.
Sunday services 11 a m and 7 p m. Week day services daily (except Monday) 9 a m and 5 p m. Holy Communion every Sunday, alternately at 8 a m and 11 a m. Sunday School, 9:30 a m. Saturday Catechetical classes 10 a m. Teachers' class (open to all adult members of congregation) Thursday, 4 p m. Litany and choral practice Friday, 7 p m.

New Edinburgh Parish—Church of England.
Rev. George Noel Higginson, M.A., Clerk in charge.
Service in the New School House. Morning Service at 11 a.m. Evening Service at 4 p.m. Holy Communion on the 1st Sunday in the month at 11 a. m., and on the 3rd Sunday in the month at 8 a. m. The services are maintained by the offertory.

St James' Episcopal Church—Hull.
Rev John Johnston.
Divine Service at 11 a m and 7 p m.

Methodist Episcopal Church—Le Breton's Flats.
Rev T W Pickett.
Services commence at 10½ a m; and 6½ p m. Sabbath School at 2 p m.

Congregational Church—Albert Street.
Rev Joseph Elliot.
Morning service commences at 11 o'clock, and evening services at 6½ o'clock. Sabbath School at 3 o'clock p m.

Baptist Church—Queen Street.
Rev D McPhail, Pastor.
Services at 11 o'clock, am, and 6½ p.m. Sabbath School at 9½ in the morning.

Free Church (Presbyterian)—Daly Street.
Rev. T. Wardrope.
Morning Service at 11 o'clock; Evening 6½ p.
Rev. Mr. Moore.
Services will be held in the Church, Bank Street at 11 a.m., and 6½ p.m.

Kirk of Scotland—Wellington Street.
Rev. Daniel M. Gordon.
Morning Service at 11 o'clock; Evening at 6½.

Wesleyan Methodist Church—Metcalfe Street.
Rev. E. B. Harper, M. A., Minister.
Morning Service at 10½ o'clock; Evening at 6½. Sabbath School at 2 p.m.

Meth. Epis. Church—Cor. York and Dalhousie St.
Rev. S. G. Stone.
Morning Service at 10½ o'clock; Evening at 6½. Sabbath School at 2 p.m.

St. Andrew's Church, (Roman Catholic.)
Hours of service—Sundays and Holidays—Morning, at 8 and 10 a.m. Evening, at 7 p.m.

Cathedral Notre Dame.
Rev. D. Dandurand, Vicar-General.
Hours of Service, 5, 8 and 10 a m, and 7 p. m. from Easter until St. Michael's Day; 6, 8 and 10 a. m., and 6 p.m. from St. Michael's until Easter.

St. Joseph's Church.
Rev. J. F. Guillard, P. P.
Hours of Service, Sundays and Holidays. Mass—8 and 10 a.m., from Easter until the Feast of St. Michael; Vespers at 7 p.m.; from St. Michael to Easter, 6p.m. week days, 7½ p.m.

Catholic Apostolic Church—Hull.
Rev E J W Roberts.
Services, Sundays, at 10 a m, and 5 p m. On week days at 5 p m; and on Wednesdays and Fridays at 10 a m.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

Mothers Read This!—Holloway's Worm Lozenges are a certain and safe remedy for Worms in Children and Adults.—As it is a well-known and melancholy fact that one great cause of death among children is from Worms alone, it cannot be too deeply impressed upon the minds of parents the necessity of closely watching their children. By so doing; and understanding the symptoms and true cause of the disease, thousands of children might be saved from early graves. Symptoms of Worms.—The following are a few of the very numerous symptoms and diseases which are caused by Worms: deranged appetite, emaciated extremities, offensive breath, frequent picking at the nose, grinding of the teeth during sleep, hardness of the belly, with frequent slimy stools, and sometimes convulsive fits; itching of the arms, pain in the head and stomach, startings in sleep, faintings, tremblings, coughs, indigestion, low spirits, frightful dreams, and a gradual wasting away of flesh.

They are palatable and self-administered to the child—drive out the worms thoroughly without pain, and completely cleanse the stomach—thereby doing away with the necessity of administering Castor Oil or other unpleasant cathartics—as in the use of other Worms.

Each box contains the fac-simile signature of Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, C.W., who are the sole proprietors.

N. B. Ask for *Holloway's Worm Lozenges* and take no other. Sold by all druggists in Ottawa, and medicine dealers everywhere. 578r

BIRTH.

At Buckingham Village, on Thursday, the 20th day of February, 1868, the wife of John Higginson, J. P., of a daughter.

MARRIED.

At Cape Vincent, on the 5th inst., George [illegible] of Phoenix, New York, to Amelia H. Phillips, [illegible] of Ottawa, Canada. No Cards.

TIGHT BINDING

Money to Loan.

THE BEST MONEY, the CHEAPEST MONEY, on the BEST and EASIEST TERMS.

Apply to J. G. BELL, Ottawa.
February 12, 1868. 673-2-9w2m

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that default having been made in payment of the principal money and interest, secured by a certain mortgage, made by Alexander Boyd, of the township of Gloucester, in the County of Carleton and Province of Ontario, yeoman, in favor of John McKay, of the village of New Edinburgh, in the Township, County and Province aforesaid, Esquire, (to which Elizabeth Boyd, the wife of the said Alexander Boyd, was made a party for the purpose of barring her dower only) of all and singular that certain parcel or tract of land and premises, situate, lying and being in the township of Gloucester, in the County of Carleton and Province of Ontario, being composed of lot number fourteen, in the first or front concession, upon the River Rideau, commencing at the southwest angle of the said lot number fourteen, then sixty-six degrees east eighty chains, more or less, to the allowance for road to the rear of said concession, then north sixteen degrees west twenty chains, more or less, to the limits between lots numbers fourteen and thirteen, then south sixty-six degrees west to the River Rideau, then southerly along the water's edge to the place of beginning, which said mortgage, and all moneys secured thereby, and the lands mentioned therein, were afterwards through several mesne assignments assigned to James Moodie, of the said township of Gloucester, in the County and Province aforesaid, yeoman.

The said lands and premises will in pursuance of a power of sale contained in the said mortgage, be sold by PUBLIC AUCTION at the Law Office of MOSGROVE & TAILLON, in the City of Ottawa, on MONDAY, the TWENTY-SEVENTH day of APRIL next, A. D., 1868, at the hour of ELEVEN o'clock in the forenoon.

Terms to be made known at time of Sale. This sale being under a power of sale contained in the said mortgage, the said James Moodie will covenant against his own acts only.

All searches, abstracts and conveyances to be at the expense of the purchaser.

Dated at Ottawa, this 20th day of February, A. D., 1868.

MOSGROVE & TAILLON,
673-1-9w2m Solicitors for the said James Moodie.

NATURAL AMERICAN

Lubricating Oils!

PREPARED EXPRESSLY FOR
STEAMBOATS,
LOCOMOTIVES,
CAR JOURNALS,
FACTORIES,
MACHINE SHOPS,
HORSE RAILWAYS
&c., &c., &c.

Perfectly free from Gum & Grit.
NON-EXPLOSIVE.
NON-INFLAMMABLE
WILL NOT FREEZE IN WINTER!
AND THE
CHEAPEST OIL IN THE MARKET!

How they suit for Small Engines and Printing Presses.

TIMES OFFICE,
OTTAWA, Feb. 20, 1868.

MESSRS. MCKENZIE & MCKAY, Hamilton.

GENTLEMEN,—We have used your Lubricating Oil (A) on the Engine and large Hoe Press, and find it to be a better article than any we have formerly used. On the Card Presses, where we formerly used olive oil, we find your oil superior to it.

CHARLES W. MITCHELL, Foreman.
THOMAS McELROY, Engineer.

How they Suit for Cutting Bolts.

DUNDAS FOUNDRY, Dundas, July 29, 1867.

MESSRS. MCKENZIE & MACKAY, Hamilton.

GENTLEMEN,—I have been testing your Natural Lubricating Oils [A] and [AAA] for the last three months, and have no hesitation in stating that they are the best oils used in this foundry for some years, and are far superior to what we have known as "Petroleum Lubricators." They are free from all Gum and Grit, do not heat the bearings, and are particularly adapted for lathes and planer beds. The TREBLE A OIL is especially suited for cutting heavy bolts. I have used it with the "Patent Die," which finishes the thread with one cut, and it has stood the severe test to my satisfaction.

Yours truly,
THOMAS WILSON, Foreman.

How they Suit for Grist Mills.

DUNDAS FLOUR MILLS,
Dundas, May 13, 1867.

MESSRS. MCKENZIE & MACKAY, Hamilton.

GENTLEMEN,—I have tried your Lubricating Oil, (AA) and (A) and can recommend it as being a good Oil for Lubricating purposes. I have used it on both heavy and light machinery, and find it answers the purpose as well as any oil hitherto used. I have always used olive oil till now, so that your oil received a severe test. Please send me one barrel of each kind.

Yours truly,
JAMES COLMAN,
JAMES WALES, Manager.

How they Suit for Saw Mills.

WEST FLAMBORO, July 27, 1867.

MESSRS. MCKENZIE & MACKAY, 9, King-street, Hamilton.

GENTLEMEN,—I have thoroughly tested in my Saw mill the Lubricating Oil received from you. The sample marked (AA) I think is superior to any elephant oil for saw mill machinery. The journals run with it, work longer clean, and with less friction than with any other oil I have used.

Yours respectfully,
ROBERT CHRISTIE.

Samples of the oil and numerous certificates may be seen at the office of our Agent.

MCKENZIE & MACKAY,
Agents for Canada,
9 King Street,
Hamilton.

Agent for Ottawa and Vicinity,
T. ISAACS,
Ottawa, Feb. 21, 1868. Sparks-st. 663f

W. NOTMAN,

Photographer to the Queen
CORNER OF
WELLINGTON AND METCALFE STREETS,

WOULD intimate that having all his arrangements completed, his
Establishment will be Opened
—ON—
Monday Next, 3rd February
When he will be prepared to fulfil orders for all the different branches of Photography.
Ottawa, Jan. 31, 1868. 582y

TO BOOKBINDERS.

WANTED a first-class hand to take charge of a GENERAL BINDERY.
Apply to
JAS. HOPE & Co.
Ottawa, Feb. 20, 1868. 671 3

PORK! FLOUR!

THE Subscribers have just received 10 CAR LOADS of PORK, consisting of

455 BBLS. OF MESS,
40 DO. OF THIN MESS,
155 DO. OF PRIME MESS.

Also 20,000 lbs. weight Superior Steam Refined Leaf Lard.

Also for Sale, 500 barrels of Flour.

O'CONNOR & WALLER,
Exchange Brokers and Commission Merchants,
Sussex-st., Ottawa.
Ottawa, Feb. 17, 1868. 668lf

Dissolution of Partnership.

THE PARTNERSHIP heretofore existing between JAMES HOPE and S. S. M. HUNTER, under the firm of JAMES HOPE & Co., was this day dissolved by mutual consent.

The business will be continued, under the same name as heretofore, by JAMES HOPE, who will receive all monies due, and discharge all claims against the late firm.

JAMES HOPE,
S. S. M. HUNTER.
Ottawa, Feb. 15, 1868. 662-2-8-4

Canadian Cottons.

WE HAVE JUST RECEIVED A SUPPLY of the
CELEBRATED
DUNDAS COTTONS!
32 and 35 Inches Wide.
MAGEE & RUSSELL.
OTTAWA, Feb. 21, 1868. 380y

PHŒNIX.

MESSRS. R. EATON & Co. respectfully announce to the public that THEY HAVE RESUMED BUSINESS in this City in the various branches of their trade and manufacture, which they now carry on at the following places:—

Paint, Oil, Varnish, Color and Painters' Stock Depot,
☞ Bell's New Block, 1s Story, Opposite the Russell House.
Oil Painting, Engraving, Paper Hanging and Decorating Depot,
☞ Bell's New Block, 2nd Story, Opposite the Russell House.
Looking-Glass, Picture Frame, Silvering and Gilding Rooms,
☞ Scott's Building, Over Confectionary, Opposite the Russell House.
Cornice, Picture, and Looking-Glass Frame Manufactory,
☞ Wright's Building, Chaudiere, formerly occupied by E. B. Eddy, Esq.

Their present extensive stock in the various departments is entirely new, the former having been destroyed by fire, and has been carefully and judiciously selected, with especial regard to the demands of this City and its surroundings. Their Painters' Stock is especially good. Their Paper Hangings and Decorating Stock is in endless variety of quality and price; and the Decoration of Dwellings, Offices, Stores and Public Buildings undertaken, and satisfaction guaranteed both as to style and workmanship.

Having secured spacious premises at the Chaudiere, with extensive water-power, for the purpose of Manufacturing Cornices and Frames of all kinds, and having also secured spacious Looking-Glass, Silvering and Gilding Rooms, they will be enabled to fill orders for Pier, Mantle, Hanging and Toilet Mirrors, Picture Frames and Cornices, at the Shortest Notice.

Oil Paintings and Engravings of undoubted merit and beauty always in stock.

Window Blinds, new style, unsurpassed, always kept on hand. These are made so as to fit windows of any size, and are painted or oiled to suit taste or business of purchaser.

Messrs. R. E. & Co., avail themselves of this opportunity for returning their sincerest thanks for the kind patronage heretofore bestowed upon them, and for the great sympathy manifested for them on the occasion of the recent fire, and in resuming business they beg to assure their many kind friends and patrons that with new stock, renewed energy, and competent and faithful workmen, they feel confident of filling all orders with which they may be favored with promptness and punctuality, and in such a manner as will merit entire satisfaction.

OFFICE—Bell's Block, Opposite Russell House.
OTTAWA, Feb. 14, 1868. 666-3m

ANGUS AND HUCKELL,

No. 15 SUSSEX-STREET

GREAT DISCOUNT SALE!

CLEARING OUT
FALL AND WINTER STOCK
—OF—
Boots, Shoes & Rubbers.

10 CENTS OFF EVERY DOLLAR
CASH PURCHASES,
FOR ONE MONTH.
Largest and Best Stock
IN THE DOMINION.
☞ Call and See.

No. 15 SUSSEX-STREET

Boots, Shoes and Rubbers.

OTTAWA, February 13, 1868. 665y

THE NEW DOMINION!

47. SUSSEX-STREET. 47.

Established with the Nation, 1st July, 1867.

Tried by the People,
Nobly sustained,
Long may it flourish!

Come one! Come all!!
Farmers and Lumbermen,
Merchants and Citizens,

COME TO THE NEW DOMINION!

And you will find a large and varied assortment of

STAPLE and FANCY DRY GOODS!

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,
AS CHEAP AS THE CHEAPEST,
AS GOOD AS THE BEST.

A New Tailoring Establishment!

Has just been opened on the premises, with FIRST-CLASS WORKMEN, under the management of a FIRST-CLASS FASHIONABLE CUTTER.

Suits made to order, and
Warranted to *fit*,
At every price,

Of every style,
For every season,
And at the shortest notice.

Do you want Hats or Caps, Furs or Blankets, Boots or Shoes, Moccasins or Mittens? Visit the New Dominion. It will prove to your advantage. From top to toe a perfect outfit guaranteed, by

JAMES HIGGINSON, Proprietor.
Ottawa, February 6, 1868. 659lf

NOTICE.

THE HOLDERS of TICKETS for the DRAWING OF PRIZES in aid of the GOOD SHEPHERDS, will take notice that the same has been POSTPONED till TUESDAY EVENING, TWENTY-FIFTH FEBRUARY, INST., at 7,30 o'clock, at St. Vincent's Hall.

SARAH CALDWELL.
Ottawa, Feb. 18, 1868. 669d

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, February 14, 1868.

AUTHORIZED Discount on American Invoices until further notice, 28 per cent.

R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner of Customs

MOSGROVE & TAILLON,

BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.

WILLIAM MOSGROVE. GEORGE TAILLON.
Ottawa, Feb. 20, 1868. 366-tf

LOST.

ONE YELLOW (Bitch) HOUND, and one WHITE and BLACK SPOTTED (Pup) HOUND, strayed or stolen from Gloucester on the 24th December last.—Any person keeping either of these hounds after this notice will be prosecuted, and any information left with the undersigned will be suitably rewarded.

OLIVER PINARD,
Delhi Hotel, No. 17, Clarence-st.
February 12. 664a

NOTICE

IS HEREBY given that I shall not be responsible for any debts contracted in my name, unless under an order signed by me.

SOPHIA MARTINEAU.
Ottawa, Jan. 22, 1868. 646d

Scale Manufacturer.

EDORION begs to inform the public that he has opened a SCALE MANUFACTORY in Clarence-street, second door from Sussex-street, in E. D'Amour's Blacksmith Shop, and where he is now prepared to repair all sorts of Scales in use.

Ottawa, Jany. 11 637y

YOUNG & RADFORD'S COLUMN.

Watches,
Watches,
Watches
AT
YOUNG
AND
RADFORD'S
30 Sparks-street.

Clocks,
Glocks,
Clocks,
AT
YOUNG AND RADFORD'S.

Jewellery,
Jewellery,
Jewellery,
AT
YOUNG AND RADFORD'S.

Electro-Plated ware,
Electro-Plated Ware,
Electro-Plated Ware,
AT
YOUNG AND RADFORD'S.

Fancy Goods,
Fancy Goods,
Fancy Goods,
AT
YOUNG AND RADFORD'S,
Manufacturing Jewellers,
30 SPARKS-STREET.

Old Gold and Silver
Bought, and highest cash price paid,
AT
YOUNG
AND
RADFORD'S

BROWNE & HARDY'S COLUMN.

1867 AND 1868.

INDIA WAREHOUSE!

16 Rideau Street, Ottawa.

THE SUBSCRIBERS beg to inform their Customers that their Stock is now complete, and embraces every delicacy of the Season, among which will be found a choice assortment of

TEAS,

Breakfast SOUCHONG, } Black Extra Fine.
do CONGOU, }
Superior HYSON,
" GUNPOWDER,
" IMPERIAL,
" TWANKAY,
Orange PEKOE, } These Teas have been
Flowery " } carefully selected for
Japan " } family trade by
BROWNE & HARDY.

SUGARS,
LOAF,
BROKEN LOAF,
CRUSHED,
GROUND,
YELLOW,
and MUSCOVADO.

COFFEE,
MOCHA,
JAVA,
JAMAICA, and
CEYLON,
☞ Roasted and Ground daily on the premises.

CHOCOLATE and COCOA,
FRENCH, flavored with Vanilla;
TAYLOR'S,
FRYE'S,
MOTT'S

FRUITS, &c.
LAYER RAISINS,
in Whole, Half and Quarter Boxes
MUSCATEL, do do
SULTANA,
VALENTIA,
CURRANTS,
GRAPES,
ORANGES
LEMONS,
PRUNES,
ALMONDS,
WALNUTS,
FILBERTS, and
BRAZIL NUTS.

BUTTER,
CHOICE DAIRY, in Tubs and Crocks, received Weekly.

CHEESE,
English, American and Canadian.

SPICES,
NUTMEGS,
MACE,
CINNAMON,
CLOVES,
GINGER,
MIXED SPICES,
All Ground on the Premises
BROWNE & HARDY.
Ottawa, December 19 405f

THE MONTREAL WAREHOUSE,
SUSSEX, OPPOSITE YORK-STREET,
IN MR. INGLIS' NEW BLOCK.
WILL BE OPENED OUT IN A FEW DAYS WITH A STOCK OF
Choice Wines, Groceries and Provisions, &c., &c.
J. MARTIN & CO
OTTAWA, February 4, 1868. 657y

HARDWARE!

HARDWARE!
Great Reduction
IN THE
PRICE OF HARDWARE
AT THE
SIGN of the ANVIL
No. 24, Rideau-street.

THE Undersigned would take this opportunity to express his thanks to his Customers in Ottawa and vicinity for their very liberal patronage in the past, and to solicit a continuance of their favors in the future, and to assure them that no effort on his part shall be wanting to supply them with the Best and Cheapest English and American Hardware. I do not pretend to sell at cost, but do propose to sell as cheap as any other establishment in Ontario. My stock shall comprise every article in the line of Hardware, and with the one price system I hope to merit and receive a continuance of the very liberal patronage given me in the past.

T. BIRKETT,
Sign of the Anvil, 24 Rideau-st.
Ottawa, Feb. 3. 408y

BLYTH & KERR,

Successors to Chas. Garth,
No. 25, Rideau-st.,
Plumbers,
Gas & Steam Fitters,
Tin & Coppersmiths,
Bell Hangers, &c.

All materials for the above branches kept constantly on hand.

—ALSO—

Importers and Dealers in House Furnishing Hardware.

Just received a well selected assortment of

Cooking Stoves,	Iron Bedsteads,
Double Stoves,	Bronzed & Wire Fenders,
Parlor Stoves,	Fire Irons,
Hall Stoves,	Fire Guards,

Japanned and Planished Tinware, &c.,
Manufacturers of all descriptions of work for Water and Gas Works, Brewer's Distilleries, Mills, &c. Makes and fits up Galvanized Iron Cornices, Gutters, Conductors, Roofing, &c.

☞ Public and Private Buildings, Conservatories, Vineries, Manufactories, &c., warmed by Steam, Hot Water or Warm Air, on the most approved principles.

Orders from the country will receive strict attention.

Ottawa August 26. 416y

BUY YOUR TEA
DIRECT FROM
THE IMPORTERS
TEA! TEA! TEA!

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY, 6 Hospital Street, Montreal, having just imported a large quantity of Green and Black Teas, beg to call the attention of the Trade, Hotel Proprietors, and large establishments generally to their list of prices. Buyers of Chests and Boxes of Tea will save money by getting it direct through the Importers.

All orders for 25 lb. boxes and upwards, carriage free to any Railway Station in Canada. Parties wanting smaller quantities should club together, Buyers living beyond Railway Stations, will please send post office order, or enclose notes. The carriage will be paid to the nearest station, where there are express offices. Tea will be forwarded immediately on receipt of the order by mail containing money, or the money can be collected on delivery by express man. Cash collected in Montreal free of charge, and Tea forwarded for the same. Original packages Black Tea weigh, i chests about 50 lbs. Chests do. 90 to 100 lbs. Green Tea from 60 to 80 lbs. Teas not mentioned in advertisement can be had equally cheap. The Company are determined to take a stand in the Montreal market, every article may therefore be depended on as to quality and weight.

BLACK TEA.

Common Congou, Broken Leaf, Strong Tea	00 45
Fine Flavoured New Season do	00 55
Excellent Full Flavoured do	00 75
Sound Oolong	00 45
Rich Flavoured do	00 60
Very Fine do	00 75
Japan	00 58
Very Fine do	00 75
An excellent mixed Tea, Black and Green	00 60

GREEN TEA.

Twankay, Common	00 38
Fine do	00 55
Young Hyson	00 60
Fine do	00 75
Superfine and Very Choice	1 00
Fine Gunpowder	00 85
Extra Superfine do	1 00

Reductions made to buyers of Five Chests and upwards.

☞ Address
MONTREAL TEA CO.,
6, Hospital-st, Montreal.
☞ *Agent for Ottawa and neighborhood,*
MR. JOS. MOONEY.
☞ All Boxes and Chests sent from this Establishment have the address of the *MONTREAL TEA COMPANY* printed on them.
August 27, 1867. 52234-w

CHANCERY SALE
—OF—
LAND.

IN PURSUANCE of the Decree made in a certain cause pending in the Court of Chancery, of Stone *versus* Haskins, bearing date the Tenth day of December, 1867, will be sold by Auction, with the approbation of Robert J. Turner, Esq., Accountant of the said Court, on MONDAY, the SECOND day of MARCH, 1868, at the hour of TWO o'clock in the afternoon, by CHARLES FLYNN, Auctioneer, at the COURT HOUSE, in the VILLAGE of L'ORIGNAL, in the County of Prescott, all that certain parcel or tract of land and premises, situate, lying and being in the township of Longueuil, in the said County of Prescott, containing by admeasurement one hundred acres, more or less. The Farm is situated in the heart of the Township, and in an old and well settled part of the country. It lies upon the main road leading from L'Orignal to Caledonia Springs, and is distant about 3 miles from the former, and 6 miles from the latter. It is the farm which was owned and occupied by the late Augustus L. Stone, at the time of his death.

There is a comfortable stone house on the premises, with a barn and other outbuildings—the whole forming a most desirable residence for a farmer. The purchaser shall at the time of sale pay down a deposit in the proportion of £10 for every £100 of his purchase money to the vendor or his solicitor.

About one-tenth of the purchase money is to be secured by a mortgage upon the premises (or a sufficient portion thereof) for the benefit of minors, payable in four instalments, and at the times when they respectively become of age, with interest payable annually at the rate of 7 per cent. per annum. The balance of the purchase money being about 8-60ths, is to be paid in cash within one month from the day of sale, or one-half in cash, and one-half secured by mortgage, payable in two annual instalments, with interest at seven per cent. per annum, at the option of the purchaser.

For further particulars, and conditions of sale, apply to Messrs. Blake, Kerr & Wells, Solicitors, Toronto; to Robert Cassels, Jr., Solicitor, Toronto; or to Peter O'Brian, Solicitor, L'Orignal.

Dated at Toronto, this 22nd day of January, 1868.

661-1awtd ROBERT J. TURNER.

Extensive Sale
—OF—
Drugs, Patent Medicines,
DYE STUFFS, &c.

THE Entire Stock of Drugs, &c., &c., saved from the late disastrous fire by Dr. J. GARVEY, is now offered FOR SALE at the Office of EDWARD BEARMAN, Esq., over COWAN'S HARDWARE STORE, Rideau-street.

Buyers are requested to call at once, as the entire stock must be disposed of.

J. GARVEY, M. D.
Ottawa, Feb. 18, 1868. 669lf

WAR! WAR! WAR!

KEARNS & RYAN,

WELL KNOWN
Merchants of this City,
—WHO KEEP THE PEOPLE'S—
CHEAP CASH STORE!

Have declared War against all other merchants of the Capital of Canada, for imposing dear goods on the people. They will make a

Reduction of 20 per cent off Hats and Bonnets
—AND—
10 per cent off all other Cash Purchases
OVER ONE DOLLAR.

During the month of February. Rush to their establishment and judge for yourselves. No deception.

Corner of York and Sussex-sts.
Ottawa, February 3, 1868. 656d

Great Remnant Sale.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.

Importers, 20 Sparks Street.

With a view to CLEAR OUT THEIR STOCK OF REMNANTS, prior to stock-taking have RE-MARKED ALL THEIR REMNANTS at prices that must effect a SPEEDY CLEARANCE.

Remnants of Cloths,	**Remnants of Cobourgs,**
Remnants of Dress Goods,	**Remnants of Silks,**
Remnants of Cottons,	**Remnants of Linens,**
Remnants of Prints,	**Remnants of Flannels,**
Remnants of Carpetings.	**Remnants of Oil-cloths,**

And a host of other remnants too numerous to particularize.

Sale to commence on MONDAY, 17th, and to continue during the week.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.
Ottawa, February 17, 1868. 484y

NEW STORE!

THE Store formerly occupied by W. D. WOOD, No. 38, on RIDEAU STREET, has been refitted by the subscribers, and will be opened on MONDAY, FOURTEENTH OCTOBER, with an entire new stock of

GROCERIES,
LIQUORS AND
HARDWARE.

WOOD & ROSSITER.
Ottawa, October 12, 1867. 561-tf

SUN BURNER.

NO MORE Breaking of Chimneys; no More Burning of Fingers: No More Waste of Oil; No Trouble to Clean; No Trouble to Light No Anxiety About Explosions. It is a Cheap Labor Saving and Durable Article. Buy one and you will never repent doing so. Anyone dissatisfied can have their money returned.

LAMPS AND FITTINGS
ALWAYS ON HAND.

STOVES, TINWARE, &c.

☞ Competent workmen for jobbing on the premises.

ESMONDE BROS.,
43 SPARKS-ST.,
Next Hoop Skirt Factory.
Ottawa, January 21. 311y

WATCH LOST.

LOST on Saturday afternoon, by a lady while walking from Wellington-street up Bank's and the New Road as far as the second bridge, a small, somewhat old style, Gold Watch. The finder will be suitably rewarded on leaving it at this Office.

February 17, 1868. 668-3

Mails for the Maritime Provinces.

WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

From OTTAWA—Mails for St. JOHN, N. B., Closed Daily, 12:45, P. M.

NEW BRUNSWICK.

THE general route of transmission is by railway, *via* Montreal, Danville Junction, and Bangor, Me., whence by stage to Calais and St. John. Time taken, at this season, usually four days.

The Mail despatched, however, on Friday, obtains connexion with the Monday 5 p m steamer, (International Line), from Portland, being due at St. John on Tuesday p m.

For Woodstock, N. B.

There is also a tri-weekly Mail from Riviere du Loup to Edmundston and Woodstock, leaving Riviere du Loup every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday evenings, on the arrival of the mail train from Quebec. Matter intended for conveyance by this route should be specially addressed "*Via* Riv. du Loup.

PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND.

Matter for Prince Edward Island is forwarded on St. John.

Letters 5 cents per half ounce. Newspapers 1 cent.

*NOVA SCOTIA.

For Halifax, N. S., Closed Every Thursday, 12:45, P. M.

Route of transmission is *via* Portland, whence per steamer *Chase*, or *Carlotta*, every Saturday at 4 p m, for Halifax, being due there on the following Monday.

Letters 5 cents per half ounce. Newspapers 1 cent.

For Halifax, N. S., Closed Every Friday, 12:45, P. M.

Route of transmission is *via* Portland, connecting there with the Monday 5 p m steamer, (International Line), for St. John. Mail due in Halifax on the following Thursday evening.

Letters 5 cents per half ounce. Newspapers 1 cent.

Letters, &c., are not forwarded from Ottawa to Halifax by the land route, *via* St. John, N. B., unless specially so addressed.

NEWFOUNDLAND.

Newfoundland is included in the ordinary mails made up for Halifax.

Letters 12½ cents per half ounce. Newspapers 3 cents each.

G. P. BAKER, Postmaster.
Post Office, Ottawa, Feb. 13, 1868.

Nova Scotia, by "Inman" Steamer from New York.

*NOTE—For Inman Steamer to Halifax a Mail is closed every alternate Friday, 12.45, p m, (*i. e.* 21st February, 6th and 20th March, 3rd and 17th April, and so on.) Route of transmission is *via* New York, connecting there with the Steamer of the Inman Line, leaving on alternate Mondays at Noon for England, *via* Halifax, being due at Halifax on the following Thursday. Letters and papers for despatch by this route must be SPECIALLY SO ADDRESSED, with postage prepaid by stamp, as follows:

Letters 12½ cents per half ounce. Newspapers 2 cents each. 672tf

SALE OF
ORDNANCE LANDS
OTTAWA.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that a large number of Lots, of different sizes and dimensions,

Town Lots & Country Lots,

Will be offered for sale on

MONDAY, 6th APRIL NEXT,

AT THE
Auction Room of H. McLean, Auctioneer,
OTTAWA, VIZ.:

Building Lots in Ottawa on North Rideau street, South George street, South St. Andrew street, North St. Andrew street, South Bolton street, South Parry street, South Franklin street, North Franklin street South Park street, East Wurtemburg street, Lot H Rideau Front, Lot I, do.

—ALSO,—

	Acres.	R.	P.
Lot 34, concession B, Nepean	87	00	00
35, concession B, occupied by Mulligan and one McCabe	77	00	00
Lot K, concession D, Nepean, part of	59	00	00
Lots L and M, concession B, Nepean, parts of	85	2	25
Lot K, concession C, Nepean	53	00	00

Sub Lots 2, 3, 4, on Lot E, concession C, Nepean, 1 acre and nine perches each.

Eleven Sub-Lots of 10 acres each, on Lot No. 21, Gore of Gloucester.

Nineteen sub-Lots of 10 acres each, on Lot No. 22, Gore of Gloucester.

Lot letter I, concession 4, Gloucester 101 1 32

Lists of the Lots, and terms of payment, may be had on application at the Ordnance Lands Office, at the Office of H. McLean, Auctioneer, and at the Office of the undersigned, Public Buildings, Ottawa.

By order of the Secretary of State,
E. PARENT,
Under Sec. of State.

WILLIAM F. COFFIN,
Ordnance Lands Agent.
Ottawa, February 6, 1868. 660-1awtd

OTTAWA
Skating & Curling CLUB.
A GRAND CARNIVAL
WILL BE HELD AT
THE RINK,
On Tuesday Ev'g, 25th Instant.

By kind permission of Colonel Lord A. G. RUSSELL and OFFICERS, the

String Band of the P. C. O. Rifle Brigade

Will be in attendance.

COMMITTEE:

J. LeBrun Ross, Esq.	R. Haycock, Esq.
W. B. Almond, Esq.	W. B. Cotton, Esq.

REGULATIONS:

None but subscribers, and those introduced by them, will be admitted to skate.

No person will be allowed on the ice except in costume.

Ladies not required to assume any particular dress. A slight deviation from the ordinary skating dress being in their case considered sufficient.

No gentleman to appear in female attire.

The use of masks is optional. Domino masks can be hired from the Rink Caretaker. No Negro costumes will be allowed.

Children under 15 years will not be admitted on the ice.

Parties desirous of appearing in costume are requested to leave their names and description of dress with the Secretary, who will be at the Rink from 3 to 5 o'clock on Monday and Tuesday afternoons, for the purpose of issuing tickets.

Admission 25 cents. Skaters in costume Free.

Doors open at half-past seven o'clock.
February 19, 1868. 676d

Ottawa CROCKERY Store!

PRESENTATION ORNAMENTS.

WILLIAM ALLAN

RESPECTFULLY announces the arrival of a Choice Selection of China and Bohemian Glass Flower Vases and Ornaments suitable for Xmas and New Year's Gifts. Also, his most complete Stock of China, Glass, Earthenware and Parian Marble ever brought into Ottawa, consisting of

DINNER SETTS, DESSERT SETTS,
BREAKFAST SETTS, TOILET SETTS.

Cut and Engraved, Cut and Pressed TABLE GLASS, and an assortment of Common Ware for wholesale purchasers.

☞ A large and most varied Stock to select from.

W. ALLAN,
51 RIDEAU STREET, (opposite Mr. D. Whalen's.)

Ottawa, December 19, 1867. 571y

SHEFFIELD HOUSE!

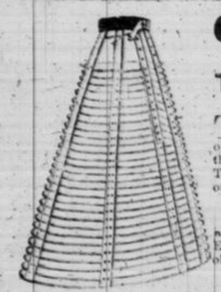
E. K. MacGILLIVRAY & Co.,

MANUFACTURING JEWELLERS
—AND—
WATCHMAKERS

OTTAWA, January 21, 1868.

City Hoop Skirt Factory

The Double Extension Skirt.



THIS new and convenient Skirt I am now making in all widths of tape. The great advantage this Skirt has over all others: ladies can alter it themselves to any width they wish, from 1½ yards to 3 yards, without the least trouble. They only can be had at the Factory. Everyother style of Skirt on hand or made to order. Just received another lot of

FRENCH CORSETS,

Every size, from 17 inches to 36 inches. Also, a few of those old fashioned Corsets, (lacing at the back.)

Lambs' Wool Hose, Breakfast Shawls.

Also, a large lot of Linen and Lawn Pocket Handkerchiefs, cheap.

DAVID MILLAR,
43 Sparks-st, Centre Town, next to Esmonde's Stove Depot.

436y

New Premises and Cheap Goods.

GRANT & HENDERSON

Having recently moved into their new premises, **No. 20, Rideau-street,** one of the firm visited lately the Montreal Markets, and secured a very large stock of entirely

NEW GOODS,

At most EXTRAORDINARY REDUCTIONS in price, which cannot in a legitimate manner be undersold in this city.

RIDEAU-STREET, December 24, 1867. 623d

WHEELER & WILSON'S SEWING MACHINES.

THE BEST HOLIDAY PRESENT

From $47 and upwards.

☞ FIVE per cent. off for cash in bills until after the holidays. One handsome Mahogany full case $8 discount.

Gold Medal, Paris, 1867.

The Howe Sewing Machines from $50 Up.

Grout & Co.'s Twisted Elastic Stitch only $15.

☞ *Call and see this little beauty. Prospectuses and Samples sent Free by Mail.*

December 19, 1867. 479-6y G. A. WALTON, Agent, 37 Sparks Street, Ottawa.

Dry Goods at educed Prices.

Cunningham and Lindsay

—ARE NOW SELLING—

Canadian Grey Cloth at 3s. 3d. per yard,
Canadian Tweeds at 4s. per yard,
Canadian Cotton Yarn at 7s. 6d. a Bundle,
Canadian Bags at 1. 9d.

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY
Invite particular Attention to their
BLANKETS, FLANNELS AND MANTLE CLOTHS.

Ottawa, November 18, 1867. 510y

FIRST CLASS

Tailoring Establishment.

BEING desirous to dispose of the balance of my WINTER STOCK, in order to make room for

Spring Importations.

For two months I shall offer such inducements to intending purchasers as will enable me to make a ready sale, and my customers a good investment

☞ Please Call and Examine. ☜

G. M. HOLBROOK,

PIG TOB DEPOT, Elgin-street,
381y Opposite the Post Office.

CAUTION.

THE perfection and cheapness of the American (Waltham) Watch have given it such a wide-world celebrity that unscrupulous dealers years ago imitated its style and pirated its trade marks. Irresponsible dealers are occasionally found who dishonestly trade upon the popularity of the American watch by selling a base imitation under the name of the genuine article.

It is hardly necessary to state that such watches are worthless as time-keepers, and when bought for the genuine are calculated to injure the high reputation which our watches have attained. The several grades of the American watch (except the lowest grade marked Home Watch Co.) are guaranteed by special certificate bearing the number of the watch and the signature of the Treasurer of the Company, R. E. Robbins. The purchaser should in all cases require one of these certificates, which is furnished to all dealers in the genuine watches.

The following are the trade marks on the several grades of our manufacture:

AMERICAN WATCH CO. APPLETON, TRACY & CO.
WALTHAM WATCH CO. P. S. BARTLETT.
WM. ELLERY. HOME WATCH CO.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD CO.
Office of the General Superintendent,
Altoona, Pa., 15th Dec., 1866.

Gentlemen—The watches Manufactured by you have been in use on this Railroad for several year by our engine men, to whom we furnish watches as part of our equipment. There are some THREE HUNDRED OF THEM CARRIED ON OUR LINE, and we consider them GOOD and RELIABLE TIME-KEEPERS. Indeed I have great satisfaction in saying YOUR WATCHES GIVE US LESS TROUBLE and have worn and do wear much longer without repairs than any watches we have ever had in use on this road. As you are aware we formerly trusted to those of English manufacture, of acknowledged good reputation, but as a class they never keep time as correctly, nor have they done as good service as yours.

In these statements I am sustained by my predecessor, Mr. Lewis, whose experience extended over a series of years.

Respectfully,
EDWARD H. WILLIAMS,
General Superintendent.

American Watch Co., Waltham.

NEW YORK CENTRAL RAILROAD.
Locomotive Dep't Western Division,
Rochester, Dec. 24th, 1866.

Gentlemen—I have no hesitation in saying that I believe the great majority of locomotive engineers have found by experience that WALTHAM WATCHES ARE THE MOST SATISFACTORY of any for their use. They RUN WITH THE GREATEST ACCURACY AND STEADINESS, notwithstanding the rough riding of an engine; and as I have NEVER KNOWN ONE TO WEAR OUT, they must be durable. I hope to see the time when railway companies will generally adopt your watches, and furnish them all to engineers and conductors. In my opinion it would greatly tend to promote regularity and safety.

Yours respectfully,
CHARLES WILSON,
G. Chief Engineer,
Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers.

American Watch Co., Waltham.

For sale by all first-class dealers in the United States and British Provinces.

ROBBINS & APPLETON
No. 182 Broadway, N. Y.
ROBERT WILKES,
Toronto and Montreal,
GENERAL AGENTS.

November, 14, 1867. 565-48-3m.

RAILROADS.

Grand Trunk Railway Company OF CANADA.

WINTER ARRANGEMENTS, 1867.

TRAINS now leave Bonaventure Station as follows:

GOING WEST—Day Express for Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago and all points West, at 8.30 A.M. Night do do at 7.30 P.M.

Accommodation Train for Kingston and intermediate stations at 7.00 A.M.

Local Train for Cornwall and intermediate Stations, at 4.20 P.M.

Trains for Lachine at 8.00 A.M., 9.30 A.M., 3.00 and 4.30 P.M.

The 3.00 P.M. Train runs through to Plattsburgh.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST—Accommodation Train from Island Pond and intermediate Stations, at 7.00 A.M.

Express for New York and Boston, at 8.40 A.M.

Express for Boston and New York, at 3.30 P.M.

Express for Portland (staying over night at Island Pond) at 2.00 P.M.

Night Express for Portland, Three Rivers, Quebec and Riviere du Loup, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbroke, Waterville and Coaticooke only, at 10.10 P.M.

☞ Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.

For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station.

C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director
December 23, 1867. 650tf

CHANGE of TIME

St. Lawrence & Ottawa Railway,

(formerly the Ottawa & Prescott Railway.)

ON and after MONDAY, the 30th December 1867, and until further notice, trains will run as follows:

LEAVE PRESCOTT.	ARRIVE IN OTTAWA.
Mixed, 7.36 a. m.	11.00 a. m.
Express, 2.10 p. m.	4.45 p. m.
LEAVE OTTAWA.	**ARRIVE IN PRESCOTT.**
Express, 8 a. m.	10.30 a. m.
Mixed, 1.30 p. m.	4.45 p. m.

The time of these Trains has been so arranged as to ensure connection with night and day trains on Grand Trunk, east and west.

N. B.—These Trains run on Montreal Time.

Baggage to and from Ottawa checked through from and to stations on Grand Trunk Railway.

Return tickets to Prescott, Kemptville and Ottawa at reduced rates can be had at the principal stations on the line.

T. S. DETLOR, Superintendent. THOMAS REYNOLDS, Managing Director.
Ottawa, Dec. 28, 1867. 1y

Brockville and Ottawa Railway,

WINTER ARRANGEMENT
Commencing on Monday, December 9, 1867.

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

3:45 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 3.45 p.m., and arrive at Sandpoint at 9:25 p.m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT.

6:45 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint daily at 6:45 a.m., and arrive at Brockville at 1:00 p.m.

LEAVES PERTH.

5:00 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Perth at 5:00 p.m., and 9:40 a.m., and arrive at Smith's Falls at 5:50 p.m. and 10:30 a.m.

LEAVES SMITH'S FALLS.

10:50 A.M.—TRAINS will leave Smith's Falls at 10:50 a.m., and 6:05 p.m., and arrive at Perth at 11:40 a.m., and 6:55 p.m.

All trains on main line connect at Smith's Falls with Trains to and from Perth.

No. 1 leaves Brockville after G. T. R. Express Train is due from the East.

No. 2 is due at Brockville in time to connect with G. T. R. Express Trains for the East and West.

H ABBOTT,
Manager for Trustee.
Brockville, Dec. 16. 472y

Royal Canadian Bank

OTTAWA AGENCY:
Office—Desbarats' Building, 77 Sparks St
M. P. HAYES, AGENT.
Ottawa, June 21. 157tf

DALGLISH & RUSSELL

ARE NOW IN RECEIPT OF THEIR new and varied assortment of

Grocery Goods

Consisting of Teas, Gunpowder, Old Hyson, Young Hyson, Hyson Twankay, Black, Extra Fine English Breakfast Souchong, Congou ditto, Oolong, Orange Pekoe, Finest Japan.

Coffees.—Java, Jamaica, La Guayra, Mocha Roasted and Ground on the premises.

Sugars.—English, refined in loaves, Broken Loaf, Crushed White, Yellow Refined.

Chocolate and Cocoa Spices, Mustards, Essences, Syrups, Pickles, Sauces, Vinegars, and Bottled Fruits, in Syrup, Preserves, Potted Meats, Fruits &c. Also, Provisions, Sugar Cured Hams, Spiced Rolled Hams, Bacon, Butter, Cheese, Crackers, Biscuits, Flour, Oatmeal, Barley, Peas, Rice, Labrador Herrings, Table Codfish, Digby Herrings, &c., &c.

Our stock is extensive and complete, and every article warranted to give satisfaction. All orders sent or left will be promptly attended to.

All Goods delivered on the shortest notice

Dalglish & Russell,
Wellington & Kent-sts.

Take Highest Premiums at the Paris Exposition.

PLATFORM, COUNTER, Warehouse, Grain, Coal, Hay, Railroad Track, Depot, Druggist, Gold, and *all* kinds of SCALES constantly on hand and for Sale.

FAIRBANKS, BROWN & Co., Boston, Mass.

Our Sole Agents in Ottawa,

ALEXANDER WORKMAN & Co.

November 18, 1867. 592-6m

NOTICE

IS hereby given that application will be made to each and every Parliament having jurisdiction, at the present or next session thereof, respectively, for an act to amend the act chaptered 406, passed at the Session of the Parliament for the late Province of Canada, held the 29th and 30th years of the Reign of Her Majesty Queen Victoria, intituled "An Act to Incorporate the Ottawa City Passenger Railway Company.

Dec. 2nd, 1867. 607-2m

Bottled Ale, Bottled Ale, Bottled Ale.

THE Subscriber would call the attention of Families and others to his

Fine Bottled Ale!

Which is in splendid condition. Also,

Scotch, Irish, Old Rye

And other Malt Whiskies,

Ports, Sherries, Brandies, Gin, &c.,

Together with a General Assortment of

FIRST-CLASS GROCERIES.

A Call kindly Solicited.

D. WHELAN,
41, Rideau-street,
Opposite Allan's Crockery Store

Ottawa, Jan. 20, 1868.

FOR SALE.

$50 PAIRS of Grey Twilled BLANKETS, in bales of 50 pairs

—ALSO,—

Canadian White Twilled and Whitney Blankets. English Grey Blankets, weighing from 8 to 10 pounds each.

E McGILLIVRAY.

Ottawa, December 23, 1867. 622-3m

PIANOFORTES!

Messrs. Orme & Son

BEG to intimate that they have on hand one of the FINEST COLLECTIONS of

Steinway, Chickering and Dunham PIANOFORTES

That have ever been offered for sale in Ottawa. These instruments were carfully selected by Mr. Nordheimer from the factories.

INSPECTION INVITED.

A splendid CHICKERING, only a few months in use, FOR SALE CHEAP, the proprietor having gone to England.

☞ Old Pianofortes taken in exchange.

25, Sparks-street,
Sign of the Golden Lyre.
January 27. 416y

PRIVATE BOARDING HOUSE.

MRS. RICHARD will open a Private first-class BOARDING HOUSE, Corner of SUSSEX and CLARENCE-STS., over Mr. Martineau's Dry Goods Store, on the 15th instant. Parties wishing quiet, good, comfortable board, with good attendance, will please apply and secure apartments.

Ottawa, February 6, 1868. 659-3m

AYER'S Sarsaparilla

FOR PURIFYING THE BLOOD.

And for the speedy cure of the following complaints:

Scrofula and Scrofulous Affections, such as Tumors, Ulcers, Sores, Eruptions, Pimples, Pustules, Blotches, Boils, Blains, and all Skin Diseases.

OXFORD, Ind., 6th June, 1859.

J. C. AYER & Co. Gentlemen: I feel it my duty to acknowledge what your Sarsaparilla has done for me. Having inherited a scrofulous infection, I have suffered from it in various ways for years. Sometimes it burst out in ulcers on my hands and arms; sometimes it turned inward and ulcerated on my stomach. Two years ago it broke out on my head and covered my body and arms with one sore, which was painful and loathsome beyond description. I tried many medicines and several physicians, but without much relief from any thing. In fact, the disorder grew worse. At length I was induced to read in the Gospel Messenger that you had prepared an alterative (Sarsaparilla) that had been your reputation that any thing else could not heal. I sent to Cincinnati and got it, and used it till it cured me. I think it, as you advise, a small dose of a teaspoonful over a month, eight weeks about three bottles. New and healthy skin soon began to form under the scab, which after a while fell off. My skin is now clear, and I know by my feelings that the disease has gone from my system. You can well believe this, I feel what I am saying when I tell you, that I hold you to be one of the apostles of the age, and remain ever gratefully,

Yours,
ALFRED T. TALLEY.

St. Anthony's Fire, Rose or Erysipelas, Tetter and Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Ringworm, Sore Eyes, Dropsy.

Dr. Robert M. Preble writes from Salem, N. Y., 12th Sept., 1860, that he has cured an inveterate case of *Dropsy*, which threatened to terminate fatally, by the persevering use of our Sarsaparilla, and also a dangerous *Malignant Erysipelas* by large doses of the same; says he cures the common *Erysipelas* by it constantly.

Bronchocele, Goitre or Swelled Neck;

Zebulon Sloan of Prospect, Texas, writes: "Three bottles of your Sarsaparilla cured me from a fifty-year-old tumor swelling on the neck, which I had carried from over two years."

Leucorrhea or Whites, Ovarian Tumor, Uterine Ulceration, Female Diseases.

Dr. J. R. Cossaing, of New York City, writes: "I most cheerfully comply with the request of your agent in saying, I have found your Sarsaparilla a most excellent alterative in the numerous complaints for which we employ such a remedy, but especially in *Female Diseases* of the scrofulous diathesis. I have cured many protracted cases of Leucorrhea by it, and some where the complaint was caused by ulceration of the uterus. The uterine itself was soon cured. Nothing within my knowledge equals it for these female derangements."

Edward S. Murray, of Newburg, Ohio, writes: "A dangerous ovarian tumor on one of the females in my family, which had defied all the remedies we could employ, has at length been completely cured by your Extract of Sarsaparilla. Our physician thought nothing but extirpation could afford relief, but he advised the trial of your Sarsaparilla as the last resort before cutting, and it proved effectual. After taking your remedy eight weeks no symptom of the disease remained."

Syphilis and Mercurial Disease.

NEW ORLEANS, 29th August, 1859.

DR. J. C. AYER: Sir, I cheerfully comply with the request of your agent, and report to you some of the effects I have realized with your Sarsaparilla.

I have cured with it, in my practice, most of the complaints for which it is recommended, and have found its effects truly wonderful in the cure of *Venereal and Mercurial Diseases*. One of my patients had Syphilitic ulcers in his throat, which were consuming his palate and the top of his mouth. Your Sarsaparilla, steadily taken, cured him in five weeks. Another was attacked by secondary symptoms in his mouth, and the mercurial poison had eaten away a considerable piece of it, so that I believe the disorder would soon reach his brain and kill him. But it yielded to my administration of your Sarsaparilla; the sores healed, and he is well again, and of course without any disfiguration to his face. A woman who had been salivated for the same disorder by mercury was suffering from the poison in her bones. They had become so sensitive to the weather that on a damp day she suffered excruciating pain in her joints and bones. She, too, was cured entirely by your Sarsaparilla in a few weeks. I now from its formula, which your agent gave me, that this Preparation from your laboratory must be a great remedy; consequently, these truly remarkable results with it have not surprised me.

Fraternally yours, G. A. LARTIGUE, M. D.

Rheumatism, Gout, Liver Complaint.

INDEPENDENCE, Preston Co., Va., 4th July, 1859.

DR. J. C. AYER: *Sir*, I have been afflicted with a painful chronic *Rheumatism for a long time*, which baffled the skill of physicians, and stuck to me in spite of all the medies I could find, until I tried your Sarsaparilla. One bottle cured me in two weeks, and restored my general health so much that I am for both—than I before I was attacked. I think it a wonderful medicine. J. ERRAM.

Jules Y. Getchell, of St. Louis, writes: "I have been afflicted for years with an affection of the Liver, which destroyed my health. I tried every thing, and every thing failed to relieve me; and I have been a broken-down man for some years from no other cause than derangement of the Liver. My beloved pastor, the Rev. Mr. Eggleston, advised me to try your Sarsaparilla, because he said he knew you, and any thing you made was worth trying. By the blessing of God it has cured me, and has so purified my blood as to make a new man of me. I feel young again. The best that can be said of you is not half good enough."

Schirrus, Cancer Tumors, Enlargement, Ulceration, Caries and Exfoliation of the Bones.

A great variety of cases have been reported to us where cures of these formidable complaints have resulted from the use of this remedy, but our space here will not admit them. Some of them may be found in our American Almanac, which the agents below named are pleased to furnish gratis to all who call for them.

Dyspepsia, Heart Disease, Fits, Epilepsy, Hypochondria, Neuralgia

Many remarkable cures of these affections have been made by the alterative power of this medicine. It stimulates the vital functions into vigorous action, and thus overcomes disorders which would be supposed beyond its reach. Such a remedy has long been required by the necessities of the people, and we are confident that this will prove for them all that medicine can do.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,

FOR THE RAPID CURE OF

Coughs, Colds, Influenza, Hoarseness, Croup, Bronchitis, Incipient Consumption, and for the Relief of Consumptive Patients in advanced Stages of the Disease.

This is a remedy so universally known to surpass any other for the cure of throat and lung complaints that it seems here to publish the evidence of its virtues. Its unrivalled excellence for coughs and colds, and its truly wonderful cures of pulmonary disease, have made it known throughout the civilized nations of the earth. Few are the communities, or even families, among them who have not some personal experience of its efficacy—some living trophy in their midst of its victory over the subtle and dangerous disorders of the throat and lungs. We all know the dreadful fatality of these disorders, and we know, too, the effects of this remedy, we need not do more than to assure them that it has now all the virtues that it did have when making the cures which have won so strongly upon the confidence of mankind.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts W. M. Massey, H. F. MacCarthy, and John Skinner, in Ottawa.

Royal Italian Bitters!

—OR,—

TONICO REALE

DEL DOTTORE F. P. VERRI.

Professor of Chemistry in the University of PADUA

ITALY.

THIS celebrated preparation for which a certificate of merit was awarded to the distinguished original preparer at the National Exposition at Torino, Italy, by whose favor Mr. GIANELLI obtained the recipe, and was also awarded a diploma at the Provincial Exhibition of Canada held at Montreal in September, 1865, is, without exception, the most genuine, salubrious and agreeable Tonic ever introduced to public notice either in Europe or America.

For seventeen years it has, in Italy, been a universal favorite among the *élite* of society, being generally served in the drawing room before dinner, in preference to Vermouth.

The ingredients of its composition have been imparted to the leading Physicians of Canada and the United States, and have received their unqualified approval on every account.

The proprietor refers with the greatest confidence and satisfaction to the subjoined testimonials from eminent medical men, which he could add to, were it desirable.

Kept by the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion of Canada and in the United States.

Sold by the Proprietor.

Dear Sir: You request my opinion of the "Royal Italian Bitters," prepared from a receipt of Dr Verri, of Padua. I beg to state that I consider it a most agreeable cordial tonic, in every way superior in flavour and composition to the ordinary bitter tonics in general use. I have recommended it to several patients, who have derived marked benefit from its use.

I am, dear Sir, yours faithfully,
G. E. FENWICK, M.D.

A. M. T. GIANELLI, Esq., Montreal.

A. M. GIANELLI,
26, Hospital-street, Montreal.

REMOVAL

OF THE

London Music Store!

E. MILES,

DESIRES to inform the public that he has removed to the FRONT PART of

HER MAJESTY'S THEATRE,

WELLINGTON-STREET,

Where he has a larger premises, and a better means of displaying his new and fine stock of

PIANOS,

VICTORIA ORGANS AND MELODEONS.

His Show Room, up-stairs, is large and beautifully lit up, having an area of 60 feet long by 25 feet wide. The Sample Room is on the first flat, where some of each kind of Musical Instruments will be kept. Two cases of choice

VIOLINS

Have just been received, and will be offered for sale, besides a large assortment of

CONCERTINAS,
ACCORDEONS,
TAMBOURINES,
GUITARS, FLUTES, DRUMS,
&c., &c.

Direct from Germany.

☞ Second hand Pianos taken in part payment for new ones.

Connected with this establishment is a Piano Manufacturer, who will attend punctually to all orders for TUNING left at the London Music Store.

E. MILES,
Lessee of Her Majesty's Theatre.
Ottawa, Feb. 1, 1868. 551-39y

SALMON RIVERS.

DEPARTMENT OF

MARINE & FISHERIES.

OTTAWA, 7th October, 1867.

LIST OF SALMON RIVERS within the Province of Quebec, the Fluvial Divisions of which are disposable for Angling purposes:—

The River Mistassini—discharging into River St. Lawrence on the	North	Shore.
do Betescie	do	do
do Trinity	do	do
do Little Trinity	do	do
do Calumet	do	do
do Pentecost	do	do
do Little Margaret	do	do
do Trout	do	do
do Shelbrake	do	do
do Magpie	do	do
do Little Watchechou	do	do
do Nabessippi	do	do
do Agwanus	do	do
do Kegashka	do	do
do Musquarro	do	do
do Washecootai	do	do
do Romanie [en bas]	do	do
do Coacoacho	do	do
do Etuarru	do	do
do Macatima	do	do
do St. Augustine	do	do
do Esquimaux	do	do
do Ouelle	South	Shore
do Metis	do	do
do St. Anne des Monts	do	do
do Mont Louis	do	do
do Magdalen	do	do
do Grand Pabos, Chaleur bay	do	do
do Grand Bonaventure	do	do
do Little Cascapedia	do	do
do Grand Cascapedia	do	do
do Nouvelle	do	do
do Metapedia	do	do
do Restigouche	do	do
do Mistouche	do	do

Application to Lease or License any of the above Rivers should be made to this Department.

P. MITCHELL,
Minister of Marine and Fisheries.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA.

Tuesday, 28th day of January, 1868.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS it has been represented to His Excellency in Council, that it is expedient that sub-section 4 of section 31 of the Act passed in the present Session of Parliament intituled "An Act respecting the Inland Revenue," should be so far modified as to provide for a drawback of one cent per pound being allowed upon all Malt used in the manufacture of Beer when brewed from Malt and sugar combined.

His Excellency in Council on the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Inland Revenue, and under and in virtue of the authority given and conferred by the 49th Section of the Act 30 & 31 Vic., Cap. 5, has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that a drawback of one cent per pound shall be, and the same is hereby authorized and allowed on all Malt used in the manufacture of Beer when brewed from malt and sugar combined.

WM. H. LEE,
Clerk Privy Council

656-tf

PRIVATE BILLS.

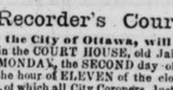
ON the reassembling of the Parliament of Canada, in March, PETITIONS FOR PRIVATE BILLS will be received, in the House of Commons, until Thursday, the 2nd of April following.

W. B. LINDSAY,
Clerk, House of Commons.
Ottawa, Feb. 1, 1868. 655tMh12

Recorder's Court,

FOR the City of Ottawa, will be holden in the COURT HOUSE, old Jail, in said city, on MONDAY, the SECOND day of MARCH next, at the hour of ELEVEN of the clock in the forenoon, of which all City Coroners, Justices of the Peace, Constables, Jurors, and all others in any wise concerned, are hereby required to take notice and govern themselves accordingly.

RODERICK ROSS,
High Bailiff.
High Bailiff's Office,
Ottawa, 15th February, 1868. 668td



DEPARTMENT OF INLAND REVENUE,
Ottawa, January 31, 1868

Notice.

ON AND FROM THE

First day of February 1868

ALL REQUISITIONS FOR

STAMPS!

TO

Bills and Promissory Notes,

To be used in the Dominion of Canada by the various persons entrusted with the distribution thereof, will have to be addressed to this Department.

THOS. WORTHINGTON,
655tf For the Minister of Inland Revenue.

GREAT DISCOVERY.

EVERY MAN HIS OWN ARTIST!

A SCIENTIFIC WONDER.

AN Instrument by which any person can take correct Likenesses or Photographs. This instrument with full instructions sent by mail for one dollar. Address,

C. B. AMES & CO.,
64'- Broadway, New York.

FRESH ARRIVALS
OF
Very Choice and Superior
TEAS
NOW ON SALE
AT THE

1,000 CHESTS UNCOLORED JAPAN.

500 Chests very choice and superior YOUNG HYSON.
700 Chests Good Strong TWANKAY
100 Chests old fashioned BREAKFAST SOUCHONG.
150 Caddies MANDERIN MIXTURE.

☞ This is the finest BLACK TEA ever imported, 5s per pound; in small Caddies, about 14 lb each, 4s 9d.

COFFEE!

The Pure Mountain Berry

"Without exception the finest Coffee in the world."—*London Times, March 16.*

We are constantly receiving supplies of this truly beautiful and delicious COFFEE, *roasted daily on our premises by*

Dakins' Patent Silver Cylinder

By which peculiar process, he aroma is preserved, an renders it the FAVORITE WITH ALL COFFEE DRINKERS.

BEWARE OF SPURIOUS IMITATIONS.

☞ As it is imported by no other firm in Canada

ROBINSON & CO.,
THE TEA POT,
OTTAWA

Wines, Spirits & Liquors

ROBINSON & Co. would especially call the attention of families to their stock of

ALES, WINES & SPIRITS

100 cases Otard Brandy.
50 " Martell's
150 " Hennessey.
75 " United Vinquels

We have a most delicious

DINNER SHERRY

Which we are selling at 8 shillings per gallon

GUINESS & CO.

DUBLIN STOUT!

BLOOD' LONDON STOUT.
BARCLAY'S LONDON PORTER
ALLSOP'S PALE ALE.
BASS' EAST INDIA.
DOW'S CELEBRATED MONTREAL ALE
DAW'S SUPERIOR LACHINE ALE.
DAW'S CELEBRATED PORTER & STOUT

PRESERVED MEATS.

Just Received from England:

ROAST HARE.
CURRIED DO.
JUGGED DO.
STEWED DO.
ROAST-PHEASANTS.
ROAST GROUSE.
OAST PARTRIDGE

ALL GOODS DELIVERED FREE by our own Waggons to any part of the City daily

ROBINSON & CO.
THE TEA POT,
OTTAWA.

Establishments—Sussex St. and Rideau St
Ottawa, September 16. 225tf

CAUTION.

THE Subscriber regrets the necessity for cautioning the public against imitations of his popular Pomades,

The Alexandra Cream,

AND

The Canada Pomade

But having been informed that some unprincipled person has put up inferior articles, copying the labels word for word, and thereby greatly damaging the sale of the genuine articles, he is compelled to take this course in self-defence.

For the future every genuine pot will bear my written signature in RED INK, across the face of the label.

W. M. MASSEY,
Family and Dispensing Chemist,
Medical Hall, 29, *Sparks-st.*
Ottawa, Feb. 6, 1868. 472y

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

FARM FOR SALE.

FOR SALE, Lot No. 15, 4th Concession Gloucester, Rideau Front, 7 miles from Ottawa, on the Macadamized Road, leading from Ottawa to Metcalf, consisting of 100 acres, 50 of which cleared, and in the highest state of cultivation. The soil is of the very best quality; there is a good dwelling house, barn, stable and other out buildings thereon. This farm is well fenced and watered.

For further particulars apply to

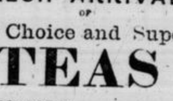
H. McLEAN, Auctioneer,
Or the subscriber, on the premises.
W. HALPENNY.
Gloucester, Sept. 13, 1867. 537-3m

NOTICE.

THE Undersigned will either sell or let for a few years his well known farm, being lot Twenty-five in the Fourth Concession of Gloucester, Rideau Front, 215 acres all cleared, and well fenced and in a good state of cultivation. Also, the one-half of lot Twenty-seven in the Third Concession, being in its natural state, all wood and excellent land. It is just the centre of two hundred acres from the corner of the one lot to the other. The railroad line runs within ten feet of the front corner of the one hundred and in sight of the two hundred for two or three miles. The Station at Cunningham's is scarcely a mile and a half from the front of Lot Twenty-five. The above farm is capable of keeping thirty head of milch cows, two span of horses, and as many young cattle as it would be proper to raise. Eight or nine years ago I kept twenty-two milch cows, and ten or twelve horses, and raised five or six calves every year. The above farm is about ten miles, from the door, to the limits of the City. The improvements cannot be surpassed for a farmer's purpose. The dwelling-house is stone, 30 by 40, a story and half over ground; and a cellar nine feet high, the one half used for a kitchen and the other half capable of holding 1,000 bushels of anything you wish to put into it; there is three small windows in it, and when cleaned in the Spring, makes an excellent milk-house or dairy; there is a frame wood shed at the door, 60 by 24, with 14 feet taken off the one end for a coachhouse, and overhead for a storehouse; next to that is a stable 36 by 26, finished inside, complete with four large double stalls and two single ones, and good room for hanging up harness, and eat box; convenient to that is a barn 40 by 50, in which I have often put 1,000 bushels of grain in one year; connected with that is 200 and 20 feet of frame sheds, all 20 and 21 deep, under pinned with stone and lime. From two to seven feet, according to level; on the north side of the house is another barn, 30 by 40, commonly filled with peas and oats. And if either tenant or purchaser has a desire for religious purposes, you can lie in your bed and look at the bell tolling on the Catholic Church every Holy Day, and go to the front door and you will see the Presbyterian Church, where the Rev. Mr. Lochead has preached for the last twenty-two years, and goto the back door and you will see both English Church and Methodist Church within two miles. The above farm would be a desirable situation for a young man wishing to give his attention to farming, as the Ottawa Market cannot be surpassed in the Dominion. I think that I can say that I have not sold one pound of butter under one shilling this eight years: if one went under two went over. Some reader may ask what am I selling for; it is neither for scant nor for want of anything, but I am in the seventieth year of my age, and has purchased off this lot seven hundred and fifty acres of land and all is paid for, and all my sons is settled on their own farms, so I would rather sit down and take my ease as he attending to marketing and farming any longer. Persons wishing to get any information on any point from me, can do so by addressing, postpaid, JAMES JOHNSTON, Senr., South Gloucester.

JAMES JOHNSTON, SENR.
February 6, 1868. 659-6Mh17.

Two Dwellings to Let.



BEING the Upper part of E. MARTINEAU'S Clothing Store, Corner of Sussex and Clarence-streets.

Enquire at the Store.

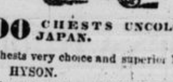
EUG. MARTINEAU.
Ottawa, Jan. 22, 1868. 648tf

To Let.

A ROOM TO LET either with or without board. Enquire this office.
Ottawa, November 20. 594tf

Lots for Sale.

6 BUILDING LOTS, one mile from the city, on the Richmond Road, containing one acre each. Apply to THOMAS ANDERSON, Jr., on the premises. 506tf



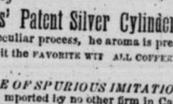
FOR SALE.—THE WESTerly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession Ottawa, Front Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same Concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. T. Ayles, Esq. For further particulars apply to JOHN and WM. THOMSON, Nepean, and LEWIS & PINHEY, Barrister, Ottawa. 562-131-tf

FOR SALE, THAT ELIgible property, beautifully situated on the Banks of the Ottawa, in the Township of Nepean, distant from the City of Ottawa about three miles on the macadamized road, together with the STONE DWELLING-HOUSE thereon erected, at present occupied by William Thomson, Esquire, and the garden and ornamented grounds adjoining the same, forming part of Lot No. 29, in the 1st concession, Ottawa front. A most desirable private residence and vacant Lots adjoining the same also for sale at reasonable prices.

For particulars and terms apply to John and William Thomson on the premises, or to

LEWIS & PINHEY,
Barristers, &c., Ottawa.
Ottawa, February 27, 1867 569y

VICTORIA HOTEL—TO LET.



NO more eligible chance could be offered to any party in the Hotel-keeping line than the lease of the above FIRST-CLASS HOTEL.

Being on the eve of Confederation, and Ottawa being definitely settled upon as its capital,

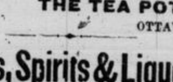
The Victoria Hotel

could not fail to be made to pay.

It is built on the most modern style of architecture, of cut stone; has large plate-glass windows, and is four stories high, exclusive of the basement. It is finely situated on the corner of Wellington and O'Connor-streets, immediately opposite the Parliament Buildings, and has three vacant lots attached, so that the Buildings could be enlarged to any required capacity.

Applications, (postpaid) to be addressed to

FRANCIS CLEMOW, ESQ.,
Or JOHN HENEY, Esq.,
Richmond Road, Ottawa, C. W
Ottawa, March 11. 379tf



COUNTRY RESIDENCE FOR SALE.—Beautifully situated on the Macadamized Road between Ottawa City and Aylmer, about 36 minutes' drive from the city. A farm of excellent land, containing about 90 acres, with a large Stone House erected thereon.

The proprietor has no objection to sell a part of the farm, with or without the house. This would be a desirable country residence. Title unexceptionable.

Apply to

REV. J. JOHNSTON,
Hull Village.
August 1. 501-5m

FARMS FOR SALE.

100 ACRES.—The

The Times

VOL. II. NO 674. OTTAWA, MONDAY, FEBRUARY 24, 1868. PRICE—3 CENTS

THE

Ottawa Daily Times,

(Published every morning, Sundays excepted.)

THE DAILY AND WEEKLY TIMES NOW enjoys THE LARGEST CIRCULATION of any paper published in the Ottawa Valley—issuing of the Daily over 2,000! and Weekly over 4,000! making a total circulation in the week of over 18,000! thus outstripping all competitors, and affording the best medium for business men to advertise in.

ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in the Daily at the following rates:

Business Cards of from 3 to 6 lines, per annum—payable in advance only, ... $5 00
Transient Advertisements, first insertion per line, ... 8c
All subsequent insertions, per line, ... 2c
Yearly advertisers specially contracted with, and liberal allowance made.
Yearly subscription to the daily (if paid in advance) $5 00
If not paid in advance 6 00
Yearly subscription to the weekly (if paid in advance) $1 00
If not paid in advance 1 50

ADVERTISING AGENCY—Messrs. S. M. Pettengill & Co., 37, Park Row, New York, and 10, State Street, Boston, General Advertising Agents, are hereby authorized to receive Advertisements for the OTTAWA TIMES

LEGAL.

MOSGROVE & TAILLON,
BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.
WILLIAM MOSGROVE. GEORGE TAILLON.
Ottawa, Feb. 20, 1868. 366-tf

DR. O. C. WOOD,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur Ottawa. Day office opposite Magee & Russell's, Sparks Street, Center Town; Night Office at his Residence, Maria Street, Center Town.
CANCERS CURED, with or the use of the knife, by a new, but certain, speedy, and almost painless process. References given to parties successfully treated, if required. The cure guaranteed.
Ottawa, April 14. 17w-166-y

R. J. WICKSTEED,
ADVOCATE, &c., 44, Little St. James Street, MONTREAL.
November 18, 1867. 589-6m

N. TETREAU,
NOTARY PUBLIC for the Province of Quebec, HULL, near the Post Office.
Dec. 6, 1867. 390tf

NICHOLAS SPARKS,
LAW, Chancery and Conveyancing Office, Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite Post Office.
Ottawa, July 19. 489y

LAPIERRE & HAYCOCK,
ATTORNIES-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers and Notaries Public, corner of Sussex and York-streets, Ottawa.
Ottawa, February 26, 1867. 368y

D. O'CONNOR,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex Street. OFFICE: Union Buildings, Ottawa.
February 21, 1866. 55-y

R. H. HAYCOCK,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor.
OFFICE: Post Office Building, Elgin Street, Ottawa.
February 7, 1866. 45-u

A. F. BOUCHETTE,
ADVOCATE. Office: No. 17, St. Peter Street, Quebec. Mr. Bouchette will always be prepared to attend promptly to any business the government employes, and the public generally may entrust him. Mr. B. attends regularly the circuit and for the district of Quebec.
December 28, 1863. 9-y

P. J. BUCKLEY, LL.B.,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law Solicitor-in-Chancery, and Notary Public, Office, over Mr. Luke Carey's Boot and Shoe Store, Rideau Street, Ottawa, C. W.
January 17 1867. 334y

AUGUSTUS KEEFER,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office: Opposite Post Office, Elgin Street, in the house lately occupied as the Custom House.
Ottawa, March 30. 87-tf

J. F. BOULTON,
BARRISTER-AT-LAW, Solicitor-in-Chancery, &c.
OFFICE: Aumond's Buildings, Rideau Street.
Ottawa, Jan. 12, 1866. 21-y

M. McLEOD,
BARRISTER, Etc., for Lower Canada. OFFICES: Court House, Aylmer and Buckingham, C.E.
Attends to all Law Courts in the District of Ottawa.
February 7, 1866. 43-at

LEES & GEMMELL,
BARRISTERS, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c.
OFFICE: In the Court House, Ottawa, C. W.
ROBERT LEES. JOHN J. GEMMELL.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

EDWARD T. DARTNELL,
BARRISTER, Solicitor, Attorney, and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Court Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell.
OFFICE: In the Court House, L'Orignal.
January 27, 1866. 34-6m

MEDICAL.

DR. CHESLEY,
OFFICE over Mr. Garth's Establishment, 25 Rideau-st., Ottawa.
May 30 447tf

DR. C. LEGGO,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Office: Hunton's Block, Sparks Street.

DR. DORION,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon, and Accoucheur, Clarence Street, Ottawa.
March 1. 371y

DR. OLIVER MARTIN,
DENTIST. Office: Sparks Street, Central Ottawa.
Ottawa, January 27, 1868. 34-utf

DR. C. A. MARTIN,
DENTIST. Office: Sussex Street, over Messrs. Campbell & Co.'s, Grocers.
Ottawa, January 27, 1868. 34-utf

DR. JOHN LEGGO,
DENTIST, Hunton's Block, Sparks Street. Teeth extracted without pain by means of the Ethereal Spray Producer. 356a

W. R. BELL, A.M., M.D., C.M., &c.
(RECENTLY FROM ENGLAND.)
SURGERY and Residence, George Street.
Ottawa, November 13. 280y

DR. LESLIE JONES,
Surgeon, &c., of Dublin and Edinburgh.
SURGERY and Consulting Office, Rideau-st., next door to the St. Lawrence Hall. Residence—Daly Street. 584y

DR. GEORGE HUTCHISON,
DENTIST: Office, Sparks-street, opposite Magee & Russell's.
Ottawa, October 30, 1867. 576y

DR. W. J. HENRY,
CORNER of Kent and Wellington-Streets, Ottawa.
November 6. 43utf

G. J. O'DOHERTY,
LAW, CHANCERY and CONVEYANCING OFFICE, AUMOND'S BUILDINGS, Rideau-street.
Ottawa, Dec. 6, 1867. 568-49y

HOLGATE, OLIVER & ANNABLE,
WHOLESALE Manufacturers of Bedsteads, Chairs, &c., Chaudiere Island, Ottawa, C.W.
WILLIAM HOLGATE, JOHN OLIVER, WILLIAM ANNABLE.
Ottawa, 368y

BUSINESS CARDS.

B. BILLINGS, JR.,
ARCHITECT, Elgin-street, opposite the Post Office.
REFERENCES.—H Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq, Managing Director G & P R W 612-6m

R. SPARKS,
PROVINCIAL LAND SURVEYOR, Draughtsman, &c., (commissioned for Upper and Lower Canada.) Office and residence, Gloucester, near Ottawa. Surveys of every description executed with accuracy. Communications addressed Ottawa City, (post-paid), or left at the office of N. Sparks, Solicitor, &c., Ottawa, will receive prompt attention.
Ottawa, February 21, 1866. 55-

N. McKINNON,
COMMISSION and Exchange Broker, and Insurance Agent, Sparks-street, opposite Magee & Russell's, Ottawa, C. W.
Ottawa, March 25. 391y

O'CONNOR & WALLER,
EXCHANGE Brokers, Fire, Life and Accidental Insurance, Commission and Collecting Agents. Office, No. 27, Sussex-street, Ottawa.
E. P. O'CONNOR. W. H. WALLER.
March 9. 378y

J. P. MACPHERSON,
BARRISTER, &c., Ottawa. Office: Lang's Buildings, opposite Post Office
Ottawa, March 10, 1866. 70-y

H. McLEAN'S
AUCTION Rooms, No. 19, Sparks Street, Centre Town, Ottawa, opposite Hope's Stationery Store.
The sale of Real Estate at Auction or Private Sale promptly attended to. Consignments received for positive sale. Parties wishing to purchase Real Estate will receive all information FREE OF CHARGE by calling at the office.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y

R. H. McGREEVY,
CONTRACTOR and Builder. Office: North side York street, second door from Sussex Street.
Ottawa, March 20, 1866. 78-y

S. CHRISTIE,
COMMISSION Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.
OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W. y

PARLIAMENTARY AGENCY.
C. J. BOUCHETTE,
P. L. SURVEYOR and Draughtsman, Mining, Land, and General Parliamentary Agent. References unexceptionable. OFFICE: Wellington Street, next to British Hotel, and nearly opposite the banks, Ottawa.
P. S.—Special attention given with despatch to Public Land business, adjusting disputed claims, and securing Patents.
Ottawa, May 22. 152-y

JOHN MERCER,
Teacher Piano-Forte, Violin, &c.
THOROUGH BASS.
AYLMER, C. E
VISITS OTTAWA TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS.
Orders left at Union House will be punctually attended to.
Ottawa, July 26. 187tf

HOTELS AND SALOONS.

DOMINION HOUSE!
WELLINGTON-STREET,
COLIN McLAURIN & GEO. IRVINE, Proprietors. This hotel has been lately fitted up, and is now replete with every convenience which characterises a modern hotel.
Boarders taken at moderate rates. The bar is always stocked with first-class liquors.
Ottawa, Feb. 5. 658-6wy

HOLT'S HOTEL,
AYLMER, C. E., Livery and General Stage Office. Alfred Moses Holt, Jr., Prop'tr.
December 21, 1865. 4-y

JAS. JOHNSTON'S
UNION HOUSE, North Gower. Good Stabling and an attentive Hostler.
January 11, 1866. 2a-y

DUIGNAN'S
PRIVATE HOTEL, Sparks Street, Ottawa, C. W. A few gentlemen can obtain superior apartments.
Ottawa, Dec. 20, 1865. 3-y

THE RUSSELL HOUSE,
LATE CAMPBELL'S HOTEL, Ottawa, C. W. The undersigned, proprietor of the above-named Hotel, begs leave to acquaint his numerous friends and the travelling public, that he has re-painted and newly-furnished throughout this commodious establishment, in the management of which by strict attention to business and guests, he hopes to deserve encouragement and support.
JAMES E. GOUIN,
Late of, and for many years connected with Russell's Hotel, Prescott Street, Quebec

THE ALBION HOTEL
NICHOLAS Street, Court-House Avenue, Ottawa, John Graham) Proprietor.
This House is conveniently situated, and still maintains its character as a FIRST-CLASS HOTEL. Considerable additions have recently been made to the premises, and it has been entirely repainted and renovated. No pains will be spared to accommodate and please.
OMNIBUSES to and from the cars and boats free of charge. There is a FIRST-CLASS LIVERY STABLE attached to the Hotel.
Ottawa 1866. 1-y

JOHN MALTMAN
LATE McADAM'S, Commercial Hotel, Packenham.
The above Hotel, one of the oldest and best known in Packenham, has been leased by the undersigned and thoroughly overhauled and refitted for the special accommodation of guests. THE TABLE AND BAR will at all times be furnished with the very best the market affords.
GOOD STABLING and a careful Hostler always in attendance
JOHN MALTMAN.

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,
M. KAVANAGH, Proprietor, Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington Streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government buildings.
The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.
Oysters, Game etc., daily

THE METROPOLITAN
Aumond's Block,
Rideau Street, Ottawa.
P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.
Ottawa, November 27. 292tf

THE REVERE HOUSE,
OTTAWA.
G. A. BUCKE, W. H. SANGER, ...PROPRIETORS.
THIS FIRST-CLASS HOTEL has been re-furnished and refitted throughout, and now combines all the requisites of a first-class establishment.
Ottawa, Nov. 6, 1867 582tf

MISS LOVETT'S
PRIVATE HOTEL
HOLLIS STREET, HALIFAX, N. S.
STRANGERS will find this long established and well known house to be the most comfortable and well conducted in the city.
Excellency the Governor-General.
December 23, 1867. 622-6m

TO PARTIES ABOUT TO BUILD—
PLANS,
SPECIFICATIONS,
ESTIMATES, &
Prepared by
AUGUSTUS LAVER,
ARCHITECT
East Daly st. Ottawa.
April 1. 457y

DRUGGISTS.

Extensive Sale
—OF—
Drugs, Patent Medicines,
DYE STUFFS, &c.
THE Entire Stock of Drugs, &c., &c., saved from the late disastrous fire by Dr. J. GARVEY, is now offered FOR SALE at the Office of EDWARD BEARMAN, Esq., over COWAN'S HARDWARE STORE, Rideau-street.
Buyers are requested to call at once, as the entire stock must be disposed of.
J. GARVEY, M. D.
Ottawa, Feb. 18, 1868. 669tf

CAUTION.
THE Subscriber regrets the necessity for cautioning the public against imitations of his popular Pomades,
The Alexandra Cream,
AND
The Canada Pomade
But having been informed that some unprincipled person has put up inferior articles, copying the labels word for word, and thereby greatly damaging the sale of the genuine articles, he is compelled to take this course in self-defence.
For the future every genuine pot will bear my written signature in RED INK, across the face of the label.
W. M. MASSEY,
Family and Dispensing Chemist,
Medical Hall, 28, Sparks-st.
Ottawa, Feb. 6, 1868. 472y

Spectacles for all Sights.
OPTICAL Instruments
Electro-Magnetic and Galvanic Apparatus, Photographic Chemicals, &c.
W. HEARN,
637y Market Drug Store, York-street.

Apothecaries Hall!
No. 41, SUSSEX STREET,
G. MORTIMER, - - PROPRIETOR
NONE OTHER GENUINE!
TRADE MARK IS REGISTERED
Canadian Cough Emulsion.
THIS Valuable Medicine has the extraordinary property of immediately relieving Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Difficulty of Breathing, Tightness in the Chest, &c., &c. It operates by dissolving the congealed phlegm, causing free expectoration, and an agreeable moistness of the skin. Prepared only by
GEORGE MORTIMER,
Chemist and Druggist, 41, Sussex Street, Ottawa City. Sold in bottles at 1s 3d and 2s 6d each.
MORTIMER'S
COMPOUND ANTIBILIOUS
AND FAMILY APERIENT PILLS.
A grand Specific for derangement of the digestive organs, and for obstructions and torpid action of the Liver and Bowels.
MORTIMER'S Vegetable WORM DESTROYER.
The only sure remedy that exists. Combining delicious taste with amazing power. Also
CAMPHORATED EYE-WATER,
Sure Cure for Sore, Weak and Inflamed Eyes.
MORTIMER'S
Colognes, Pomades, Toilet Vinegar, Rose Dentrifice, for the Teeth and Gums. Also constantly on hand, Perfumes of all kinds, and Toilet requisites usually kept in a first-class establishment.

FOUND,
A NEVER Failing Remedy for Coughs and Colds, Mortimer's Canadian Cough Emulsion. No family should be without a bottle. None genuine but from
G. MORTIMER,
Chemist, 41, Sussex-st.
The best of Certificates can be produced.
Ottawa, Nov. 22, 1867. 598-6m

OTTAWA
DRUG WAREHOUSE,
RIDEAU STREET
1866 SEEDS. SEEDS. 1866.
A LARGE STOCK OF FRESH GARDEN and FIELD SEEDS, just arrived and on Sale. All Seeds warranted Fresh.
A large importation of English and French PERFUMES will arrive next week.
FLORIDA WATER. SOZODONT.
HAIR BRUSHES. COMBS.
NAIL BRUSHES. CLOTHES BRUSHES,
&c., &c., &c
Just being opened up.
JOSEPH GARVEY, M.D.
P. S.—Advice to the poor gratis.
Ottawa, April 11. 97-y

DOMESTIC DYES.
THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT OF DYES in this city on sale at the
Ottawa Drug Warehouse.
A fresh Lot of Good, Cheap PERFUMES just received.
N. B.—Prescriptions carefully and promptly prepared.
J. GARVEY, M. D.
Ottawa, Feb. 12 1866 47-utf

PARLIAMENT
HAIRDRESSING SALOON!
E. MILES,
Hairdresser by Appointment to His Excellency the Governor-General,
HAS REMOVED HIS PARLIAMENT HAIR DRESSING SALOON from the old stand to his new and commodious room over the LONDON MUSIC STORE, on Elgin-st., opposite the Russell House, which he has fitted up in the most recherche style of the business, and where his Rotary Hair Brush, which he imported expressly for himself, being the first introduced into British America, will be kept ready for use. The saloon is delightfully ventilated, and very pleasantly situated.
Mr. MILES would take this opportunity of returning his most sincere thanks to his many friends and the public, for their kind and generous patronage to him, during a number of years, in his old establishment, and trusts that by unremitting attention to business, and in his new and first-class saloon, with polite and attentive workmen, to merit a continuance of their favors.
All kinds of Hair Watch Guards, Finger Rings, &c., manufactured to order. For the convenience of ladies orders will be received at the London Music store, where a fine and varied assortment of Hair-work will be found.
E. MILES,
Hair Dresser, by appointment, to his Excellency the Governor-General.
Ottawa, October 3 1867 553-59y

Piano-Forte Tuition!
W. C. CLARK,
PROFESSOR OF MUSIC and Teacher of Piano, Voice and Harmony. Also, Mrs. Clark, Teacher of Drawing and Painting. Music Rooms and Residence, 69 Sparks-street, one door east of Toronto House.
Orders may be left a residence or at Orme & Mus Music Store. 457y

CREAT CLEARING SALE
—OF—
Dry Goods and Ready-made Clothing,
—AT—
J. T. Prudhomme's Stores,
SUSSEX-STREET, FACING CLARENCE-STREET,
And at the Sign of the "Golden Lamb."
AS the Subscriber intends closing one of his Stores on the first day of December, he is determined to sell off at an immense reduction his stock of
DRY GOODS & READY-MADE CLOTHING
—CONSISTING OF—
Beaver Cloths, Pilot do, Whitney do, Melton do, Sattinet do
West of England Broad Cloths, Black Cassimeres, Silk Mix Coatings, " " Trowsetings, Fancy Doeskins,
Col. and White Blankets, Horse Rugs, Flannels, Kerseys, Winceys.
English, Scotch and Canadian Tweeds.
DRAWERS, SHIRTS, WOOL CRAVATS, " SCARFS, NECK TIES, COLLARS,
SHAWLS, CLOAKINGS, DRESS GOODS, NECK TIES, PRINTS, COBOURGS,
BUCK MITTS, BUCK MOCASSINS, WOOL SOCKS " MITTS, TRUNKS, VALISES
—ALSO, A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF—
Boots and Shoes, Teas, Soap, Candles and Wines
The whole to be disposed of before the 1st day of December. Call early and examine before purchasing elsewhere.
Ottawa, November 19, 1867. 593-3m

RELIANCE
MUTUAL LIFE ASSURANCE CO'Y.
ESTABLISHED 1840.
CHIEF OFFICE—71, King William-street, Mansion House, LONDON.
ACCUMULATED PREMIUMS OVER, - - - - $1,000,000.
ANNUAL INCOME OVER, - - - - $300,000.
TRUSTEES.
The Right Rev the Bishop of Moray and Ross.
Viscount Kirkaldie, John Ledger, Esq
J R S Phillipps, Esq, James Traill, Esq
Sir John T Tyrell, Bart, W M Tufnell, Esq
DIRECTORS.
George Ashlin, Esq, W W Duffield, Esq, J W Egertongreen, Esq, George T Harris, Esq, John James, Esq
John W Lay, Esq, John Ledger, Esq, J Oxlyparker, Esq, William Phelps, Esq, John Pike, Esq, Edward White, Esq
Henry T Prinsep, Esq, Major Skinner, R A, Charles H Smith, Esq, James Traill, Esq, W M Tufnell, Esq
MEDICAL OFFICERS.
J W Ogle, Esq, M D | H F Smith, Esq, M D
BANKS.
Messrs William Deacon Co, Birchin Lane, The London and County Bank.
Messrs Sparrow, Tufnell & Co, Chelmsford.
SOLICITORS.
Messrs Hooke & Street, 27 Lincoln's Inn Fields.
Messrs Gepp & Veley, Chelmsford.
EDWARD BUTLER, Secretary.
Canada Branch—Montreal.
BOARD OF DIRECTORS.
Walter Shanly, Esq, M P, Chairman.
Duncan Macdonald, Esq. George Winks, Esq. W H Hingston, Esq, M D, L R C S.
SOLICITORS—Messrs Rose & Ritchie. MEDICAL ADVISER—W H Hingston, Esq, M D.
The entire profits of this old and long established society belong to the policy holders, who are protected from all liability by the deed of settlement.
Annuities and endowments granted on advantageous terms.
Advances made on approved security in connection with Life Policies.
Every information to be had on application to any of the Society's Agents in Canada, or to
T W GRIFFITH, Manager and Secretary.
Head Office for the Dominion of Canada—Corner St Francois Xavier-street, Montreal.
Agents wanted in unrepresented districts throughout Canada.
589-6m NEIL McKINNON, Agent for Ottawa.

Etna Fire and Marine Insurance Co
The Number of Shareholders exceed Five Hundred.
Capital, ... $2,500,000.
Annual Income Nearly ..... $1,000,000.
HEAD OFFICE—Upper Sackville-street, Dublin, Ireland; CHIEF OFFICE, ENGLAND—17 and 18 Corn Hill, London; CHIEF OFFICE, SCOTLAND—98 George-st., Edinburgh
DIRECTORS.
John Obins Woodhouse, Esq., 82 Pembroke Road, Dublin; Ormeath Park, Co Louth; Portadown, Co Armagh; Kerry Keel, Co Armagh and Down—Chairman.
Robert Craven Wade, Esq. Conebraney, Crosskeale, Co Meath, and Sackville Street Club, Dublin, J P for Counties Meath and Wicklow—Director Scottish Amicable Life Office.
Charles Going Malone, Esq. Merchant, Stephen-street and George-street, Dublin; Churchtown Lodge, Dundrum, Co Dublin—Director Commercial Gas Company.
John William Gregg, Esq. Alderman, Merchant, 18 Upper Sackville-street, Dublin—Vice Chairman.
Irwine Smith Whitty, Esq. 6 Wellington Road, Dublin—Director Government Prisons.
Bernard Coyne, Esq. 27 Waterloo Road, Dublin, J P, Co Mayo.
Jeffry Martin, Esq. 2 Clarinda Park, East Kingstown, Dublin, and Curraghmore, Ballinrobe, Co Mayo, J P for Co Mayo.
Robert Conway Harly, Esq. Bridge House and Glenduff, Tralee; J P for Co Kerry.
David Richardson Goodlatte, Esq Merchant.
FEATURES.
A division of profits every three years to holders of policies who have no losses.
MODERATE PREMIUMS.
The company do not advocate high premiums, but rates will be charged according as the nature of the risk. Losses will be promptly and fully met on adjustment. Losses by lightning and loss or damage by explosion of gas within the premises insured made good.
JOHN INNIS, ESQ. Manager.
N B—The above company have invested in Canadian Government Bonds, in conformity with the Provincial Act, and have obtained the license of the Minister of Finance to do business in Canada, and are now prepared to take risks.
T. W. GRIFFITH, Manager for Canada.
Head Office for the Dominion—Corner of St Francois Xavier and St Sacrament-streets, Montreal.
Agents wanted in unrepresented districts throughout Canada.
589-6m NEIL McKINNON, Agent for Ottawa.

STOVES. STOVES. STOVES.
STOVES. STOVES. STOVES.
STOVES. STOVES. STOVES.
"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT! 35, SUSSEX St. H. MEADOWS & CO.
WE have received our fall and Winter Stock of STOVES, STOVE PIPES, ELBOWS, DUMB STOVES, TINWARE and LUMBERMEN'S SUPPLIES, which we offer Wholesale or Retail, at low prices. In Cooking, Parlor, Box and Hall Stoves, for wood or coal, we have the largest and most varied assortment ever shown in Ottawa.
COOKING STOVES. COOKING STOVES. COOKING STOVES.
COOKING STOVES. COOKING STOVES. COOKING STOVES.
COOKING STOVES. COOKING STOVES. COOKING STOVES.
Our stock of the above comprises the latest improvements in both ELEVATED and LOW OVEN STOVES.
BOX AND HALL STOVES. BOX AND HALL STOVES.
BOX AND HALL STOVES. BOX AND HALL STOVES.
BOX AND HALL STOVES. BOX AND HALL STOVES.
Suitable for private Dwellings and Churches, Warehouses and Stores.
PARLOR STOVES. PARLOR STOVES. PARLOR STOVES.
PARLOR STOVES. PARLOR STOVES. PARLOR STOVES.
PARLOR STOVES. PARLOR STOVES. PARLOR STOVES.
New and most beautiful designs, very cheap.
COAL STOVES. PARLOR GRATES.
Hot Air Furnaces.
We still continue to manufacture every description of TIN, SHEET IRON, and COPPER WARE, RUSSIA IRON PIPE, and DUMB STOVES. Also all kinds of out-door Job Work in our line attended to by competent and experienced Mechanics. Country Merchants supplied with Stovepipes, &c., at reduced rates.
Lumbermen's Supplies! Lumbermen's Supplies! Shanty Plates! Basins! Camp Kettles, &c.
HOUSEFURNISHING GOODS!
Bird Cages! Bird Cages! Bird Cages!
Price Lists sent free on application.
Any part of a Stove sold by us can be replaced when broken or burnt out, a fact intending buyers would do well to note.
An inspection of the above goods invited at the
"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,
35, SUSSEX STREET.
Ottawa, October 2, 1867. H. MEADOWS & CO. 62-y

INSURANCE.

INTERCOLONIAL
ASSURANCE CO'Y.
OF CANADA.
Capital - - - $500,000.
With power to increase the same.
SHARES, - - $100 EACH.
PROVISIONAL DIRECTORS:
H. O. Burritt, Esq., President; R. Lyon, Esq. Mayor of Ottawa, Vice-President; T. D. Harington, Dy. Receiver General; the Hon. J. Skead, J. M. Currier, M. P., D. McLaughlin, M.P., W. Wade, Esq, F. Jones, M.P., W. Ellis, Esq., W. H. Brouse, M.D., Joseph Aumond, Esq., M. K. Church, M.D., and J. M. Bates.
THIS is purely a Canadian Institution, and as such is deserving of the support of the Canadian public.
An Act for the Incorporation of this Company is now before the Parliament of the Dominion.
Over $100,000 of stock is already subscribed and it is the intention to deposit with the Government as a guarantee of our good faith, at least $ 0,000 as soon as an Act of Incorporation is procured (which will be a provision of our Incorporation.) It is unnecessary here to dilate upon the profits of money invested in Insurance Stock. Suffice it to say, that, at least in one instance 3135 per cent advance has been obtained on insurance stock, and that after the payment of princely dividends. In the meantime Subscriptions to stock, in Ottawa may be made at the Ontario and Royal Canadian Banks, and a deposit of 10 per cent is requisite which will be deposited IN TRUST to be returned in case any subscriber is not satisfied with his investment up to one month after the Vice-Regal sanction to the Charter is obtained.
J. M. BATES,
Pro. Manager and Secretary.
Ottawa, Nov. 21, 1867. 595tf

CITY OF GLASGOW
Life Assurance Company
ESTABLISHED 1838.
CAPITAL, £600,000 Sg.
ANNUAL REVENUE OVER £120,000 Stg.
THIS COMPANY OFFERS TO THE public the combined advantage of perfect security, moderate premiums and liberal participation in profits. No extra charge for Volunteers in defence of the country.
RINTOUL BROS., Montreal, General Agents for Canada.
NEIL McKINNON, Agent, Sparks-street, Ottawa.
Ottawa March 25. 391y

Ætna Life Insurance Company.
ESTABLISHED, A. D. 1820.
Capital and Assets, 1st Jan., 1867, $4,401,833.86
THIS MOST SUCCESSFUL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY divides the whole of the Profits, every year, among the insured, reducing the cost to about one-half the figures usually charged.
For instance, the annual payment, at the age of 30, in most Companies, to insure $2,000 is, with profits, about $50, and without profits $43.90
In the Ætna, $2000, to a person 30 years of age, costs the first year 25.31
And each subsequent year 26.74
Which payment is subject to further reduction as the business of the Company increases.
Endowment policies on equally favorable terms.
The fact that the Ætna has, during the past 12 months, insured over 14,000 persons, from among the best business men of the Continent, is the best possible testimonial to the soundness of the Company, and the excellence of its method of doing business.
J. GARVEY, ESQ., M. D., Medical Referee.
S. PEDLAR & CO., Montreal.
Ottawa, March 13. 381y

BRITISH AMERICA
Assurance Company!
FIRE AND MARINE.
ESTABLISHED 1830.
R. S. Cassels, Esq. ..... Consulting Director.
THE ABOVE FIRST-CLASS COMPANY is prepared to insure all descriptions of property against loss or damage by fire.
HERRICK, BRUSH & CO., AGENTS, Aumond's Buildings.
Ottawa, January 4, 1867. 324y

Land for Sale.
850 ACRES OF LAND, situated within two to eight miles of the c. y. Apply to JOHN W. McGUIRE, Lot 25, 2n Concession, Ottawa Front, Gloucester. 546-6m

To Sell or Let---Rare Opening.
TERMS MODERATE.
FINE STONE DWELLING HOUSES, Photographic Chambers, and other Cut-Stone Premises, well arranged and eligibly situated for commercial business.
Apply to JOHN MACAULEY, Chandlerie, Ottawa; or E. McGILLIVRAY, J. B. TACKABERRY, or H. McLEAN, Auctioneer, Ottawa.
January 8, 1867. 585-6m

Furniture! Furniture! Furniture!
AT THE
VARIETY HALL,
34, Sussex-st.
A MOST Complete Stock of Black Walnut and other Furniture, in Cane and Hair Seated Chairs, Tete-a-Tetes, Sofas, Extension Dining Tables, Centre Tables, Sideboards, Chiffonniers, Wardrobes, Bureaus, Bedsteads, Washstands and Toilet Tables. Also, Hair, Excelsior and Sea Grass Mattrasses, of all sizes, Gilt Mirrors, Toilet and other Looking Glasses, Table Cutlery of all kinds, Brushes, Brooms, and Wooden Ware of various descriptions, Table and Floor Mats, Soiled Linen Baskets, a beautiful article, Rocking Horses, Children's Sleighs, and the best assorted stock of Crockery, China and Glassware in the Dominion. This stock being all purchased to the best advantage will consequently be sold cheap.
Crockery, China, Glassware, Stoves and Furniture, rented to private or public parties at a reasonable rate.
JOSEPH BOYDEN, General Agent.
429y

THE CAPITAL
Boot and Shoe Store!
South Side of York-street, Lower Ottawa.
A LARGE SUPPLY of HAND-MADE KIPP BOOTS and SHOES of the VERY BEST QUALITY on hand.
Lumbermen who are anxious to furnish workmen with GOOD FEET WARE, will be enabled to do so by calling at the CAPITAL for their supplies.
I am selling off the balance of the Winter Stock of READYMADE WORK at REDUCED PRICES, which consists of Ladies' Misses' and Children's BALMORALS, CONGRESS GAITERS, RUBBERS and OVERSHOES, and Men's and Boys' Boots in CALF SKIN, KIPP and COW HIDE.
Orders and Measures taken for all sorts of Work.
GEORGE MURPHY.
Ottawa Jan. 31, 1868. 429-y

APPLICATION will be made during the present session of the Parliament of Canada for an Act to incorporate the "British and Canadian Bank."
February 14, 1868. 666-2m

K. ARNOLDI,
WINE & SPIRIT MERCHANT,
METCALFE-STREET,
Telegraph Company's Building, Ottawa,
RECOMMENDS and Guarantees with confidence the following Wines:—
PORTS—Graham's, Sandeman's, Forrester's, Masden's, &c.:

		Per Gall.	Per Doz.
No. 1	Good sound Wine	$2 00	$6 00
" 2	"	3 00	8 75
" 3	Old	3 50	10 00
" 4	Superior old	4 50	12 50
" 5	Very fine old	5 75	15 00

SHERRY WINE—Domecq's, Capdepons, Pemartin's, Cramp Suter's, &c.:

No. 1	Light table Wine	$2 00	6 00
" 2	Superior do	3 00	8 75
" 3	Very choice	3 50	10 00
" 4	Very Superior	4 50	12 50
" 5	Very fine	5 50	15 00

Marsala Wine,
$1.50 per Gallon, $1.50 per Dozen.
Especial attention called to the above Wine. Far superior to all common sherries its chief recommendation is that it agrees perfectly well with persons who cannot take those wines, even of a high class. It is soft and old, free from heat, or the slightest approach to acidity, while its very moderate price recommends it for all large entertainments, as well as for the luncheon, dinner and supper table. It has met with the highest approval from the medical gentlemen of this city.
Also, in wood or bottle, old and new Brandies, Rums, Gins, Old Tom Gins, Irish, Scotch, and Canadian Whiskeys of Standard Brands.
Clarets, Champagnes, Hocks, Caracas, Marachino, Chartreuse, Noyau, Italian Bitters, &c., in great variety.
Bibberts' and Guiness' Porter, Bass' and Allsopp's Ales, quarts and pints. Canadian Ale of superior Quality, in Wood and Bottle.
Goods most confidently recommended, and may be as implicitly relied upon for perfect purity as if purchased in the largest wholesale establishment in the country.
Orders by mail with cash or city reference solicited and promptly attended to. No charge for delivery in the city. A discount to persons buying in quantity or by the original package. Inspection invited.
Price Lists, and every information, on application, or sent to any address.
WINE VAULTS AND OFFICE,
No. 11, Metcalfe-street,
Telegraph Co.'s Building, Ottawa.
January 27, 1868. 535y

FOR SALE
BY THE SUBSCRIBERS,
New Egyptian Dates,
Oranges, Lemons,
Grapes, Turkey Figs,
West End Raisins,
Dundee Marmalade,
Jams and Jellies,
Tomatoes in tins,
Peaches, "
Sweet Corn "
Lima Beans.
OYSTERS & HADDIES!
RECEIVED WEEKLY.
DALGLISH & RUSSELL,
Upper Town.
Ottawa, Jan. 28, 1868. 651y

SMITH & RODNEY
MERCHANT TAILORS and General Outfitters, Elgin-street, opposite the Russell House, and second door from the London Music store, having just received a choice stock of
English, French and Canadian
CLOTHS and TWEEDS,
And a general assortment of gentlemen's furnishing goods, would intimate to their friends and the public generally that they are prepared to execute all orders in their line at the shortest notice, in the most approved styles and at prices that we defy competition.
Ottawa Oct. 1, 1867. 551tf

ROANOKE
Tobacco Company,
DANVILLE, VIRGINIA.
THIS Company having established at Montreal their General Agency for the Dominion of Canada, is now prepared to offer to the public an article in
SMOKING TOBACCO!
Superior to anything of the kind ever imported into the country, and pledge their long established character that the article now offered is the pure leaf from the
Virgin Hill Tops of Virginia.
The different brands and prices are as follows viz:
The "Prince of Wales," in 1 & 2 lb bls $1.05 per lb
" "Dominion Favorite" 1 & ½ " " 0 75 "
" "Navy," 1 & 2 " " 0 65 "
The prices are NET CASH in Montreal, and orders (accompanied by remittance) for 5 lbs and upwards will receive prompt attention. The tobacco will be forwarded to any address, by express or otherwise, as parties may direct.
Please address
F. W. HENSHAW,
Gen. agent Dominion of Canada,
10 St. Sacrament-st.,
Montreal.
Montreal, Dec. 4, 1867. 607-4m

SNOW'S
Celebrated Fever Remedy.
A Sure and Certain Cure for Fever—Continued, Remittent, Intermittent, Typhoid, and Fever arising from Ordinary Colds.
THIS REMEDY has been used in Tropical climates for many years with the greatest success. It shortens the attack, reduces the fever gradually, and at the same time enables the system to throw off the poisonous effect of the on the blood and secretions generally.
PRICE—50 cents and $1 per Bottle. Sold Wholesale and Retail by
H. F. MACCARTHY,
Chemist, Ottawa City
Sole Agent for Dominion of Canada.
December 2, 1867. 579-3m

HOWE'S
Boot and Shoe Store.
REMOVAL.
AS the Lease of our Premises in Sussex-street terminates this month, we intend to confine our business to one locality, and shall remove the whole of our Stock on the 1st of May next, to our Store in
No. 10, Rideau-st.
Our stock of BOOTS and SHOES, LEATHER, SHOE FINDINGS, TRUNKS, &c., &c., will consequently be very large and most complete in every department, and we most respectfully solicit a continuance of favors, to merit which our constant endeavors will be as usual to provide the best articles and sell at the lowest remunerating prices.
G. HOWE & SON.
Remember the place—No. 10, Rideau-st. next to Howell's nursery.
April 27. 420y

FOUND.
NEAR the Market, Lower Town, an INDIA RUBBER CARRIAGE COVER. Apply at this office.
Ottawa, November 495tf

CITY N

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

On no occasion will the names of Old Advertisements be inserted here.

Authorized Discount—R. S. M. Bouchette
Upper Ottawa Steamboat Co.—B. Batson
Mechanics' Institute & Athenæum—R. Hunter

The Ottawa Times

City and County Official Paper.

MONDAY, FEBRUARY 24, 1868.

The St. John *Telegraph*, which keeps a sharp eye on the Dominion Government, urges the immediate appointment of two Senators for New Brunswick. We believe we are correct in stating that these appointments will be made in time to give New Brunswick its full representation in the Senate on the re-assembling of Parliament.

There was a meeting of the Privy Council on Saturday afternoon, at which it is presumed, the subject of the Intercolonial Railway route was discussed at considerable length, though no decision was arrived at. This and other important matters will in all probability be disposed of during the present week, though, as we stated before, it is not likely that the decision of the railway route will be made public until it has been submitted to, and sanctioned by, the Home Government. A statement, originating, we believe, with a Montreal contemporary, is now going the rounds that a certain route had been adopted and sent home for approval, but it is entirely erroneous.

While the Californian Legislature is discussing the desirability of procuring "by "every honorable means," the annexation of British Columbia to the United States, and the disappointed investors in Confederate bonds in England are hinting at the propriety of giving the Republic a right of way "by land" to their Russian investment as a *quid pro quo* for refunding their foolishly spent money, the British Columbians themselves are vigorously agitating in favor of the admission of their colony into the British American Union.

At a meeting held at Barkerville, in Cariboo, a lengthy report of which appears in the *British Colonist* of Victoria of Dec. 31st., a series of resolutions were adopted with the utmost enthusiasm, favoring the admission of the Colony into the Canadian Union. The following are the resolutions adopted at this meeting:

"That this meeting views with feelings of the utmost satisfaction, and with unbounded confidence in the future success of the scheme, the Confederation of Her Most Gracious Majesty's Atlantic Colonial Empire, and beg to express their congratulations to their fellow subjects on its consummation.

"That it is the matured opinion of this meeting, that nothing would contribute so much to the growth, progress, and prosperity of British North America as the immediate Confederation of the whole of Her Majesty's North American possessions under one central Government, and that this meeting cannot commend too highly the almost prophetic wisdom of the Imperial Act in which are provided such liberal conditions for the admission of the unconfederated colonies.

"That this meeting respectfully invite the undivided attention of the Dominion Government to the boundlessness of that fertile belt of country situated on the banks of the Saskatchewan, and earnestly recommend that simple means of access thereto be immediately provided with a view to its more rapid colonization, thereby cementing and consolidating the contemplated union of this Colony with the Dominion of Canada.

"That this meeting respectfully request His Excellency Governor Seymour to employ every means in his power with a view to the immediate incorporation of this colony with the Dominion of Canada, under the provisions of the Imperial Act, and that a copy of these resolutions be sent to the Colonial and leading Dominional newspapers."

It is a healthy sign to see such a movement persisted in by the British Columbians. They appreciate the importance of the opening up and settlement of the Northwest Territory; but as will be seen by the fourth resolution, they do not by any means regard that step as a necessary preliminary to their admission into the Union. We referred to the opinion the other day, as having been common here, that the settlement of the Northwest ought to some extent to precede the admission of British Columbia, and under ordinary circumstances this opinion would appear reasonable enough. But the circumstances are not ordinary; they are entirely exceptional. The United States have succeeded in "sand-"wiching" that colony between their own territory, and the time has come for deciding, whether the Western boundary of the Dominion shall ultimately be the Rocky Mountains or the Pacific. Undoubtedly, if the project is too long delayed, difficulties may intervene to make its accomplishment much more difficult than at present. A gentleman, hailing, we believe, from San Francisco, has recently been exploring the colony with a view to determine the extent of its mineral resources; and from a couple of lectures which he delivered in New Westminster last Fall we gather that he regards the colony as equal, if not superior, in wealth of gold and other minerals to California, and possessing much greater facilities for carrying on mining operations. Now should our enterprising cousins attempt and carry out a scheme to colonise British Columbia, is there not a danger in the future, that the project of Union, if too long delayed, may be seriously compromised by the project of annexation, which at this time has but very few adherents? We hope, therefore, soon to hear of practical steps having been taken to secure the admission of British Columbia into the Union, for which the British America Act of 1867 has made ample provision.

The *News*, *Journal* and *Telegraph* of St. John complain that the Ottawa Times has not been received by them for a week or two. They call attention to the fact in their issues received a few days ago, but we overlooked the matter until conning over them on Saturday. One queries whether it has been cut off because of "official inspiration;" another hopes we "have not taken offence" at its remarks. No, none of these things. "Official "inspiration" does not assist us in the regulation of our exchange list; and the criticisms of a contemporary, even when we think them ill-natured or undeserved, so far from causing us to stop the exchange has the contrary effect, for we always desire that an opponent should see whether, and what, we reply. The third paper, the *News*, asks "What's up?" This we cannot answer as the mail clerk says he has been sending regularly to the three papers named. We shall try to discover how the mistake has occurred and have it rectified.

The *Leader* is glad to learn that the Hon. T. D. McGee has so far recovered as to be able soon to fulfil a long promised visit to Toronto.

"CORRECTION."

Under this heading, we published on Saturday morning a letter from Mr. A. I. Dunning, touching the treatment he had received from our morning contemporary, the *Citizen*. In justice to our *confrere*, we have to state that in his Saturday's issue appeared a "correction" of the statement complained of, with perhaps more fullness of detail than Mr. Dunning may have deemed essentially necessary to set him self right before the public. However that may be, as it was stated in our issue of Saturday morning by Mr. Dunning, that the *Citizen* had "refused" to correct the error, it is but fair to the *Citizen*, that we should now explain that it has done so in the most ample, if not the most handsome, manner—*Fiat justitia*, &c., &c. We are done with this case.

COUNTY OF CARLETON JAIL STATISTICS FOR 1867.

The Governor of the Jail has kindly furnished us with the following statistics furnished from the records of the Jail for the past year. It is to be remarked, however, that as a comparison with Jail returns throughout the Province, it is so far valueless, that it not only embraces the actual commitments on conviction for the crimes stated, but also the parties arrested to be brought up for trial before the Police Magistrate the following morning, many of whom it may charitably be supposed were acquitted, and others munificently paid the pecuniary fine imposed as the punishment of their delinquency. The statement is one, in fact, of all confined in Jail within the year—the Jail doing double duty—that of lock-up for prisoners before trial, as well as penal residence of those convicted. There is now in course of preparation a lock-up under the City Hall, which will relieve the Jail of these "casual" visitors, who ought never to be lodged there at all. We make this explanation because those who do not know that our Jail has also heretofore been the only "lock-up" used in the city might form a very erroneous idea of the morality of this locality.

NUMBER AND SEXES.

Males under sixteen	12
Males over sixteen	372
Females under sixteen	7
Females over sixteen	129
Total	520

NATIVITY OF PRISONERS.

Males born in Canada	206
Females born in Canada	45
Males born in England	41
Females born in England	4
Males born in Ireland	106
Females born in Ireland	71
Males born in Scotland	20
Females born in Scotland	7
Males born in United States	17
Females born in United States	2
Males born in Germany	1
Total	520

RELIGIOUS DENOMINATIONS.

Methodists	12
Church of England	105
Roman Catholics	357
Presbyterians	43
No Church	3
Total	520

CRIMES.

Drunkenness	243
Larceny	84
Assault	47
Insane	8
Arrested by *capias*	5
Arson	4
Trespass	1
Keeping houses of ill-fame	1
Inmates of houses of ill-fame	12
Vagrancy	54
Default in recognizance	1
Bigamy	1
Abusive language	4
Leaving employ	8
Assisting soldier to desert	1
Burglary	6
Breach of by-law	3
Receiving goods under false pretence	3
Selling liquor without license	2
Assault to commit rape	1
Perjury	1
Forgery	1
Manslaughter	1
Breach of peace	7
Carrying dangerous weapons	2
Furious driving	2
Conspiring to defraud	1
Murder	1
Refusing to pay carter	1
Refusing to obey summons	1
Obtaining money under false pretence	1
Counterfeiting money	5
Breaking out of barracks	1
Total	520

STATE OF EDUCATION.

Could neither read nor write 298; could read and write imperfectly 92; could read and write well 130.

OCCUPATION.

Laborers	345	Civil Engineers	1
Carpenters	9	Apple Woman	1
Shoemakers	8	Tailors	3
Farmers	18	Coopers	3
Cigar makers	1	Messengers	1
Draftsman	1	Tinsmiths	2
Soldiers	21	Stone Cutters	3
Painters	1	Dry Goods Merchants	2
Raftsmen	20	Government Clerks	1
Barbers	6	Lockmakers	1
Prostitutes	23	Collector	1
Plasterers	3	Lumber Merchants	2
Stage drivers	1	Silk Workers	1
Bakers	2	Brakesman	1
Tavernkeepers	4	Telegraph Operator	1
Lawyers	2	Factory Woman	1
Broommakers	1	Ladies	3
Gentleman	1	Printers	1
Miners	2	Doctors	3
Butchers	2	Wood Merchants	2
Clerks	5		
Total			520

CIVIL STATE.

Males married	124
Males unmarried	256
Females married	37
Females unmarried	103
Total	520

CIVIL HABITS.

Temperate	133
Intemperate	387
Total	520

RESIDENCE.

Ottawa	453
Huntley	3
Goulbourn	2
Nepean	16
Osgoode	2
United States	4
Hull, C. E.	10
Chischester	1
Aylmer	4
Hamilton	2
Montreal	4
Berthier	1
Marlboro	1
Glengarry	2
Gloucester	7
Buckingham	1
Toronto	2
Torbolton	1
Three Rivers	1
Fitzroy	3
Total	520

Total number of prisoners entered in the General Register, 520; 88 soldiers not entered in General Register from the 1st of January to the 31st of July, making in all committed to Jail during the year 1867—608.

Young and Radford's stock of watches clocks, jewellery, fancy goods and electro plated ware are worthy of inspection. All goods will be sold cheap. Give them a call. Remember the place, 30 Sparks-st. 597a

Edinburgh Review. New York: *Leonard Scott, Publishing Company*. Ottawa: *Durie & Son*.

The contents are—Gachord's Don Carlos and Philip II; Oysters, and the Oyster Fisheries; Anjou; Tyndall's lectures on sound liberal education in England; Memoirs of Sir Philip Francis De Fezona's Recollections of the Grand Army; Two Per Cent; and the Queen's Highland Journal.

LOCAL NEWS.

The 100th Regiment.—It is stated that the 100th Regiment is again to be quartered in Ottawa in the Spring.

1,000 Comet Burners just received by Esmonde Bros., 43 Sparks-st., next door to the Hoop Skirt Factory. N.B.—75 boxes Canada plate for sale.

Committed for Larceny.—On Saturday evening three boys were committed for larceny committed at the recent fire on Sussex st. One of them was bailed out, and will appear at the Police Court this morning.

The Dominion House, Wellington Street.—This house has been thoroughly renovated and fitted up. Good table and choice liquors. Fine yard and stabling. Oysters and meals at all hours. Colin McLaurin and Geo. Irvine, Proprietors. 666-b.

Young and Radford have the largest, best, and cheapest stock of watches to be found in Ottawa. They have also on hand a very choice and varied assortment of Electro-plated ware, and Fancy Goods. They do all kinds of repairing and jewellery jobbing in first-class style. 656-y.

St. Patrick's Literary Society.—The annual ball of the St. Patrick's Literary Society will take place this evening at St. Patrick's Hall. Every measure has been taken by the committee to ensure the comfort and gratification of the visitors, and its friends confidently predict for it a great success.

Scarlet Fever.—This epidemic still prevails to a great extent in the city, but in most cases in a very mild form. Cleanliness, and that general regard to the laws of health which we recommended soon after the disease first appeared, will do much to keep down the scarlet fever, at least in its more virulent and dreadful manifestations.

Small Pox.—There are reports afloat that there are some cases of small pox in the city, whether there is any truth in the reports we have not ascertained. The best way to make it light and comparatively harmless is to observe the rules laid down for scarlet fever.

Weather Table.—Noted by Wm. Hearn, Optician and Druggist, Market Drug Store, York-st.

Ottawa, Feb. 22, 1868.

Greatest degree of cold registered during the previous night 20 below zero.

8 a.m., 15 below "
1 p.m., 2 " "
6 p.m., 4 " "

Skiff & Gaylord's Minstrels.—This troupe of minstrels are to be here on Wednesday evening next, when they will give one entertainment only at Her Majesty's Theatre. The encomiums of the press have preceded this company, and those acquainted with their character will need none from us. In the principal cities of the States, they have been playing to thousand dollar houses, and Montreal, in which city they have been playing for a week, has tried in vain to prolong their stay for another week. They are represented as surpassing any company that has ever appeared in this city.

Grand Skating Carnival.—The carnival announced to take place at the Rink to-morrow evening, bids fair to rival the best of its predecessors. The greatest care has been taken to ensure the utmost decorum, and to afford the greatest degree of comfort and pleasure on the occasion. Children under fifteen years are to be excluded. Domino masks can be hired of the caretaker of the Rink, who will do his utmost to accommodate all parties. By the kind permission of Lord Alexander Russell and the officers of the Rifle Brigade, their magnificent band will be present on the occasion.

St. Alban's School House Readings, Daly Street.—The first of the course, as we informed our readers on Friday last, will take place this evening (Monday) at eight o'clock. We further learn that readings will be given by the Rev. T. Bedford Jones, Mr. Meredith, Mr. White, and Mr. Carrier. The papers for the occasion will of course be well chosen, and we have no doubt well rendered. The entertainment will be pleasantly spiced with music, as it is, we believe, intended to intersect the reading with instrumental or vocal performances. Such performances, like judiciously prepared sauce, will help to make the whole relishing and perhaps enjoyable.

Police Court, Saturday.—Edward Devlin was charged with drunken and disorderly conduct on the Market. Market Constable Litle, who brought him up, spoke of him as a man of temperate and steady persevering habits for years past, and he was much surprised to find him in the condition in which he was arrested. His Worship fined him only $2 and costs.—John Gleason was charged with being drunk, and pleaded guilty; fined $4 and costs. Mr. Devlin then honorably stepped forward and said as they had been in company together, he thought it his duty, under the circumstances, to pay Gleason's fine, and being a man of property, his word was taken for the amount. After the court was over they were both informed that there was a county case against them, which would be heard before Mr. Langrell on Tuesday (to-morrow). The circumstances of which are as follows: The parties left the city together in a cutter on Thursday last, the day on which they were arrested, and proceeded along the Richmond Road, and having taken a little more than was necessary of something ardent to fortify them against the cold, they became merry, then uproarious and finally pugnacious. While in this condition they met Judge Armstrong's servant man, with his team, and for some cause or other, or for no cause, assaulted, and beat him. The intelligence being communicated to the Judge, he set off in a cutter, in pursuit of the wanton violators of the law, of which he is a worthy minister. After a brisk drive our gentlemen were overtaken in the midst of a new adventure. They had met or overtaken a Mr. Timothy Connolly, with a load of hay, whom they attacked with their whip, being unable to reach him with their natural weapons, because he was high up out of their reach on his load of hay, vigourously defending himself with his pitchfork. Annoyed at the refusal of Mr. Connolly to come down and fight them, they unhitched one or both of his horses from the load and tied it, or them, to prevent the beleagured one from escaping. This was the state of affairs when the learned Judge came up and remonstrated with them. The whiskey not having sufficiently evaporated, however, the knights of the road were not in a condition to listen with becoming reverence to the grave remarks which their unjustifiable conduct had called forth. *Tout au contraire*, they turned them into ridicule, and even threatened the source whence they proceeded. Under what influence they were induced to abandon their adventure of the hay and pitchfork our informant saith not, but leave they did, the judge preceding them for the purpose of having them arrested at Bell's Corners, but they did not go to Bell's Corners, and there they were not arrested; they came to Ottawa, went into the market, kicked up a dust with one of the butchers, were arrested by Constable Litle, and furnished a stroke of work on Saturday morning for our exemplary Police Magistrate, who otherwise would have had nothing to do. When the above facts were related to the delinquents, they appeared to have been previously ignorant of the nature and extent of their day's amusement. Mr. Devlin tried to comfort Mr. Gleason by expressing his belief that thirty-five dollars would see him through the scrape, and that they might succeed in an attempt to mollify one or both of the prosecutors. Bail was put in for an appearance before Mr. Langrell on Tuesday.

CABLE NEWS.

MIDNIGHT DESPATCHES.

Paris, Feb. 22.—The Bill for the regulation of the newspaper press is still under discussion in the Corps Legislatif. The amendment for allowing the free publication of summaries of the Corps debates was rejected this evening by a vote of 155 to 67.

London, Feb. 22—Eve.—Casey, who was shot sometime since by Capt. Mackay, died at Cork to-day.

Sullivan, of the Dublin *Nation*, who was recently convicted in that city for publishing seditious libels in his newspaper, has been sentenced by the Court to six months' imprisonment. Mr. Pigot, of the *Irishman*, who was tried and convicted on a like charge, was sentenced to twelve months' imprisonment. Both prisoners will be required on the expiration of their terms of confinement to furnish security for their future good behavior.

AMERICAN NEWS.

SATURDAY'S DESPATCHES

Washington's Birthday in New York.

New York, Feb. 22.—To-day will be generally observed as a holiday in this city. The banks, custom house, and other public institutions will be closed.

Serious Railroad Accident.

Scranton, Pa., Feb. 22.—Yesterday a railroad car ran off the track at Pittston, and broke loose from the train. It was precipitated down an embankment 18 feet into the north bank canal, turning over and breaking in two as it fell. Ten or twelve passengers were injured, none seriously, however, except Bishop Stevens, of Pennsylvania. It is thought he will recover.

The Senate Denies the Right of the President to Remove the Secretary of War.

Washington, Feb. 21.—The Senate a few minutes after 2 o'clock went into executive session, and continued therein seven hours. The removal of Stanton was fully discussed, and with much spirit, in secret session. The following resolution, offered by Senator Wilson, was agreed to without a division:—"Whereas, the Senate have received and considered a communication of the President, stating he had removed E. M. Stanton as Secretary of War, and has designated the Adjutant-General of the Army to act as Secretary of War *ad interim*; therefore, it is resolved by the Senate of the United States, that under the constitution and laws of the United States, the President has no power to remove the Secretary of War, and designate any other officer to perform the duties of that office." Copies of the resolution were ordered to be communicated to the President, Secretary of War, and Adjutant-General Thomas.

The Feeling Among Senators and Representatives.

New York, Feb. 22.—The *Herald's* special says the members of the House of Representatives who have taken the most active part in the late impeachment schemes, are the most exercised at this renewal of the war between the Executive and Congress. They considered the deplorable failure of the last attempt at impeachment as finally settling this unpleasant business, and now that this fresh act of hostility has arisen their indignation knows no bounds.

Gen. Thomas Appointed.—He Announces his Determination to Occupy the War Department.

New York, Feb. 22.—The *Times'* special says when Gen. Thomas presented his order from the President to take possession of the War Department to Mr. Stanton, the latter asked him for a copy of the order, which was given, and he then informed Gen. Thomas that he would take time to consider the matter. Stanton has been advised by every member of the Senate and House who has called on him to resist the removal, and he undoubtedly will do so. Gen. Thomas has openly declared that he will take possession of the office to-morrow morning, and if resisted by Mr. Stanton will send for force to execute his orders.

Stanton Still at the War Department.

Washington, Feb. 21—11:45 p. m.—Mr. Stanton is still at the department and will remain all night. The department will be closed to-morrow, it being a legal holiday.

An Appeal to the Supreme Court.

New York, Feb. 21.—The *Tribune's* special says, Gen. Thomas announces that he will promulgate orders to-morrow to all the attaches of the War Department not to obey any orders from any one connected with that department, unless they come through him, the penalty being dismissal. A committee was appointed by the Senate at its Executive Session to wait upon Chief Justice Carter, of the Supreme Court, and they made an affidavit against Gen. Thomas charging that he had violated the civil Tenure-of-Office Bill. Justice Carter immediately made out an order for his arrest, which has been placed in the hands of an officer who has gone in search of Gen. Thomas. Should Secretary Stanton refuse to surrender possession to Gen. Thomas proceedings are to be at once begun on a writ of *quo warranto*, which takes precedence in the calendar, and may come up before the Circuit Court at any time. Appeal lies to the Supreme Court.

A Grain Elevator Burned at Buffalo.

Buffalo, Feb. 22.—A fire this morning consumed the Union elevator. The barque *William Treat*, which lay alongside, was threatened with destruction. The foremast and rigging were in flames, but the vessel was finally saved. Loss unknown at present.

MIDNIGHT DESPATCHES.

Adjutant-General Thomas Arrested.—A Motion Carried to Impeach the President.—Mr. Brooks' Speech regarding the Impeachment.—Intense Excitement!

Washington, Feb. 22.—Adjutant-General Thomas was arrested this morning at 8 o'clock on a warrant issued by Judge Carter, on an affidavit of Secretary Stanton, for a violation of the fifth section of the Tenure of Office Act. Gen. Thomas this a. m. repaired to the office of Secretary Stanton, and was immediately ordered to the room used by him as Adjutant-General, which order Gen. Thomas refused to obey. Both Gen. Thomas and Mr. Stanton were at the Department during the morning, and neither of them would obey orders issued by the other. The committee on reconstruction, at their meeting to-day, agreed by a strictly party vote of 7 against 2 to impeach the President for high crimes and misdemeanor, charges growing out of the President's conduct in the removal of Secretary Stanton.

In the House to-day Mr. Brooks made a speech regarding impeachment, in which he said "we have been long in the midst of revolution; long has the country been agitated in the throes of a revolution, but we are now approaching the last and final stage of that revolution; we are traversing over and over again the days of Cromwell and of Charles the 1st and Charles the 2nd, and we are traversing over and over again all the scenes of the French revolution. If you proceed to depose the President by violence; if you throw him out of office except by due process of impeachment, I tell you in behalf of thousands and millions of the people that we will never, never, so help me God, never, never submit." This speech was greeted with laughter by the Republican members. The resolution of impeachment was supported by speeches by Messrs. Spalding and Bingham.

The streets are full of all sorts of rumors, some to the effect that thousands of armed men are on their way from Maryland to support the President should a clash of arms occur.

New York, Feb. 22, 11 p. m.—Despatches from Washington state that there seems to be no question, from what can be learned of the views of the Republicans, that the House will pass the impeachment resolution by a large majority.

National Democratic Convention.

Washington, Feb. 22.—The National Democratic Committee has named New York City as the place, and July 4th as the day, for the meeting of the National Democratic Convention.

A Brick Block Burned.

Cleveland, O., Feb. 22.—A brick block on the corner of Prospect and Sheriff streets was burned to-day. Loss $75,000.

$10,000 Counterfeit Money Captured.

Chicago, Feb. 22.—Four persons and forty thousand dollars counterfeit fractional currency, together with dies, &c., were captured here yesterday.

Rise in Gold.

New York, Feb. 22, 9 p. m.—Gold on the street, 143¾.

MILITIA GENERAL ORDERS.

Boards of Officers will assemble at Montreal, Quebec, Kingston, Toronto, and London, on Tuesday, the 10th March next, for the examination of such Officers of the Volunteer Force, throughout the Province, as may desire to have their proficiency in drill and discipline tested by such Board.

The certificates which the Board will be authorized to give, will be of two classes.

Class 1st. For such Officers as shall have proved to the Board, their ability to handle a Battalion at Battalion Drill.

Class 2nd. For such Officers as shall have proved to the Board, their ability to drill a Company at Company's drill, and to command a Company at Battalion drill.

No charge for travelling expenses will be admitted.

All Candidates who may be desirous of presenting themselves for examination before these Boards, will be required to give written notice of their intention, to the Brigade Majors of their District, at least one week before the meeting of the Board, stating at the same time the class certificate they desire to be examined for.

By Command of His Excellency the Right Honorable the Governor-General and Commander-in-Chief.

P. L. MacDougall, Colonel,
Adjutant-General of Militia,
Canada.

APPOINTMENTS.

Department of the Secretary of State for Canada.

Ottawa, 31st January, 1868.

His Excellency the Governor-General of Canada has been pleased to make the following appointments, viz.:

The Honorable Sir Narcisse Fortunat Belleau, Knight, to be Lieutenant-Governor of the Province of Quebec.

Charles Hastings Doyle, Esq., Major-General in Her Majesty's Service, to be Lieutenant-Governor of the Province of Nova Scotia.

Department of the Secretary of State for Canada.

Ottawa, 13th February, 1868.

His Excellency the Governor-General of Canada, has been pleased to make the following appointment, viz.:

W. A. Rooth, of Port Colborne, in the Province of Ontario, Esq., to be a Surveyor and Clerk in Her Majesty's Customs.

Department of the Secretary of State for Canada.

Ottawa, Feb. 19, 1868.

His Excellency the Governor-General of Canada, has been pleased to make the following appointment, viz.:

James Flewelling, of the City of St. John, in the Province of New Brunswick, Esq., to be a Landing Waiter and Searcher in Her Majesty's Customs, in the room and stead of S. E. Gerow, transferred to the Excise.

ONTARIO LEGISLATURE.

Toronto, Thursday, Feb. 20, 1868.

REGISTRARS.

The House went into committee on Mr. Sandfield Macdonald's Bill, No. 65, respecting Registrars.

A debate arose on one of the clauses of the Bill setting forth that the registry office should be an "isolated" building. Mr. Blake thought this word ought to be left out, and while the Premier said he was by no means bound to it, yet he wished these registry offices to be so secured that, humanly speaking, the documents secured in them should be kept from destruction.

Mr. GIBBONS said the word "isolated" ought to be retained, and the building itself isolated and thoroughly fire proof.

Mr. MACDONALD said, in answer to some remarks which fell from a member, that while some registrars were handsomely paid, others scarcely earned enough to keep their offices open.

Mr. McCALL asked why the public should now be compelled to furnish the registrars with fuel for their offices, when in by-gone days they had to find it for themselves. He would move an amendment to strike out this portion of the clause.

Mr. MONTEITH thought this a very small matter to take up the time of the House with, and said in his county there would be no objection taken to furnishing the needful.

Mr. McLEOD said the fees of the registrars were very high, and many of them realized handsome fortunes. They were well able to furnish their own fuel and pay for their own offices.

Mr. CLARKE (South Grenville) said he regretted very much that on this occasion he must differ very materially from the hon. gentleman at the head of the Government. He thought it an unfortunate circumstance that the Hon. Attorney-General had thought proper to introduce this clause into the Bill—a provision which he could not help thinking was objectionable in the highest degree. I refer, he said, to that part of the clause altering the tenure of registry offices. I am not now going to discuss the question as to whether or not when those offices were created it would have been best to make them holders at pleasure or holders as they are at present during good behavior. The highest legal authority in this country, the eminent Chief Justice of the Queen's Bench, has recently declared that the tenure during good behavior is the one which will conduce most to the efficiency of this branch of the public service. And in England we find that it is not only the judges who hold office in this way, but the Comptroller of the Exchequer, the Auditors of the public accounts, and several other public officers hold their offices not at the arbitrary will of the Government, but until they be found guilty of some act of misconduct in their several offices. I think myself that the tenure of office during good behavior is a very appropriate one for the Registrarships. Wherever a public officer held it in his power to embarrass a Government by offering a passive resistance to their will without committing any overt act of misconduct, I say that he ought to hold office during pleasure; but sir, it cannot be necessary for the efficiency of any Government that a registrar should hold office at pleasure. His duties are simple, and clearly defined by statute, and it is easy to know whether or not he fulfils them. I think that the office of Registrar is just one of those that ought to be held on good behavior. It should be noted by the House that every registrar in the Province as the law now stands has a freehold in his office. He has a right to hold that office until he be found guilty of some specific act of misconduct. He has accepted that office upon the guarantee of an Act of Parliament declaring that no matter what the language of his commission be he should not be liable to be dismissed at the caprice of any minister. Is it right, sir, to say now in the case of those officers that the tenure of their office shall be altered? Is there any real necessity for this change? Is there any public inconvenience felt on account of those offices being held in this way. Is it not, sir, an invasion of vested right to change the law to the prejudice of those officers. I must say that I feel very strongly on this subject of vested rights. A few years ago I was counsel engaged in opposing the passage of a Bill in the Parliament of the late Province of Canada, in which that Parliament undertook to legislate away the private rights of a corporation to the amount of $50,000, and that case made such a strong impression on my mind that I came to the conclusion that no Legislature should in pursuit of any public object legislate away the private rights of any, even the meanest of Her Majesty's subjects, without adequate compensation. But it is not on account of the general change proposed to be made as respects this office that I chiefly object to this Bill. It is because that there is now in litigation a case which will be affected by this legislation, because this Bill will in that case work an individual injustice, and operate as an unwarrantable interference with the proceedings of our courts of law. I remember that a few years ago a good deal of public discussion was created, and a good deal of ill-feeling too, by the dismissal from office of the registrar of Bruce. I am not now going to discuss the question as to whether Mr. H. was properly or improperly dismissed. I remember that I formed a decided opinion on the question at that time, and I hold that opinion still, but it is of no consequence to the present debate, and I will say nothing about it. I had forgotten all about the matter and supposed that it was long ago settled, and it was only lately I learned that Mr. Hammond was all this time contending for his office in the courts of law on the ground that he was illegally dismissed. It appears the court of Queen's Bench has lately given judgment in his favor, upon the ground that the statute creating the office of registrar declared that as the Statute creating the office, enacted that it should be held during good behaviour, and until convicted of some specific act of misconduct, and as he had not been so convicted, he was still in point of fact the Registrar and entitled to all the fees of office, which the other party had wrongfully received. It appears too that the three Judges of the Queen's Bench were unanimous, and that they came to this conclusion without any hesitation at all. That judgment has been appealed against, (I suppose for purposes of delay only, for it cannot possibly be reversed in the present state of the law,) and now while this appeal is pending the Parliament of the Province is to be called to the rescue of the defendant. We are asked to enter upon the scene and pass an Act which shall declare that the judgment of Queen's Bench was wrong, and that when the matter came up in appeal that Court must decide that no matter if the Queen's Bench was right or not, no matter what the rights of the parties were when the litigation commenced, the judgment of the Queen's Bench must be reversed now. Sir, this Bill will have the effect of establishing a very dangerous precedent. It will go very far to break down the public faith in the solemn assurance and guarantees given by this Parliament. It will teach men that no matter what their rights are acquired under the law, those rights are liable to be destroyed and the decrees of the courts rendered void by the Acts of this Legislature. The Act which established the present tenure of office was passed, I think, in 1846. It requires no argument to show that we are as much bound by Acts of the Parliament of 1846 as if we had passed that Act ourselves but yesterday. Now, relying on the faith of a public Act of Parliament, this registrar has entered upon a long and expensive course of litigation. In the prosecution of his suit he must have wasted considerable time and means, and now after his suit has been brought to a successful issue, we are asked to do—what—by the 7th clause of this Bill to declare that every registrar heretofore appointed held office during pleasure only. The Bill not only provides what the law shall be in future, but it declares what the law was in the past. Now, I object to this provision of the Bill that it is not true, the highest court of original jurisdiction in the country, the authorized interpreter of the law here, recently declared that this Registrar did not hold office at pleasure but during good behavior. We are now asked to assume the function of interpreting the law, and to say that the Queen's Bench were wrong. That would have this singular result. A Court of Appeal is to decide whether the judge of the Court appealed from is right or not. But here, whether the Queen's Bench were right or not, the Court of Appeal would have to decide in one way. They would have to say that the Court of Queen's Bench was right in giving judgment for the plaintiff, but the Court of Appeal must reverse that judgment and pronounce for the defendant. Mr. Hammond was quite right in commencing this lawsuit, but the judgment must be against him now. I must say, sir, that I have never met with an Act of Parliament like this. I never saw an Act which would create such curious and such unfair results. It may be said that this Bill will not apply to the case of the Registry of Bruce, but, sir, how can that be said when by its express terms it does apply to that office, and to all others—it could not be more clear, emphatic and explicit on that point than it is. It is not necessary that the Government should remanifest their pleasure in this case, it has already been declared, and their declaration, coupled with the Act we are asked to pass, will compel the Court of Appeal to recognize the fact that we have legislated this man out of office. I hope that the hon. Attorney-General will consent to amend his Bill in this respect. I think it is not asking too much of him, and that he might very well in this matter defer to the views of so many of his supporters. I can assure that hon. gentleman, and in this I speak the views of many hon. gentlemen around me, that a ready concession to their firm convictions on this subject will do more to attach them to him than even his great abilities and parliamentary experience has done. If not, sir, for one I must enter my protest against the bill. I have no interest in the matter, but I cannot give my countenance to this kind of legislation. From the first bill of attainder down to the present, every Act of this kind has been wrong. From the time when the Commons of England resolved to take the life of an obnoxious statesman by a special Act of Parliament, every Act of this kind has been condemned by posterity, and I must enter my protest against this Parliament descending to the indignity of having a special Act for the purpose of legislating a man out of office which he holds. (Applause.)

Mr. SHAW concurred in all that had fallen from the last speaker. He did not believe in registrars holding their office at the will of the Government, and he was surprised that an Act embodying such an idea should have been brought on after the decision of the Court of Queen's Bench.

Mr. RICHARDS defended the Bill, and argued that all the appointments heretofore made to the office of registrar by Imperial statute had been during pleasure of the Government. That officer was appointed under the great seal, but under certain contingencies he might be removed by the Government. The court held otherwise, but these commissions bore directly on the face of them that they only held office during pleasure of the Crown. There was no reason why they should not. Why should their term of office be longer than a sheriff or police magistrate, or placed on any other footing? If it was only that the registrar was also returning officer, and had great command at elections, he should only hold his office during pleasure. Because, if not, and if he could not be dismissed, but held office permanently, great injury might be done to the Government and to the country by his conduct at such elections.

Mr. SINCLAIR would not form an opinion upon this question the same as legal gentlemen had done. But he held that a great deal of the trouble the Attorney-General suffered under when he formerly held office was through his being thoroughly independent, and dismissing officers who did not do their duty. The Government of the country ought to stand by the Registrar of Bruce, and if they did so he would give them his support.

Mr. GIBBONS would support the Government. The conduct of the Registrar to whom it was said this Bill had special reference had been very bad indeed; and the oath he had taken as to records and books being stolen when they were civilly asked for and handed over by his wife showed that he was a dangerous man in the community.

Mr. HAYS declared Mr. Hammond to be as honest a man as Mr. McLean. And he had before him documents showing that Mr. Hammond was far more respected and believed in than his opponent. They had not the slightest confidence in Mr. McLean, and believed thoroughly in the integrity and honesty of Mr. Hammond. The Commissioner of Crown Lands had written to Mr. McLean to go into Mr. Hammond's house and take the books. He did so and he got them. Mrs. Hammond handed them over to him. It was disgraceful that Mr. Hammond should be legislated upon for what the law said he was right in doing, and the Attorney-General had better not have touched this subject.

Hon. J. S. MACDONALD said the hon. member for Grenville had apparently a great anxiety about one set of vested rights, but did not seem at all careful about those vested rights which, in the event of Mr. McClay's not being decided to be the Registrar, would be disturbed. He felt doubtful about the propriety of this House allowing a man who had been dismissed for having swindled the Government of the day—(order, order)—Yes; swindled it deliberately—allowing such a man to have an opportunity of swindling others; and it would be hard that such a man should receive from any court $8,000 or $12,000 of damages. As to the argument about vested rights being interfered with, it amounted to little. Vested rights were interfered with by the House in a hundred different ways. If Mr. McClay were pronounced by the Court of Appeal not to be the Registrar, then every deed recorded since the period of his appointment in 1863 to the present time, had been wrongly recorded; and were there no vested rights which would here be interfered with? But in consequence of the tone of the House on the matter, he would be prepared to modify the clause so as to strike out the words "held and"—although he had no doubt the clauses would carry if they were retained. Still, to meet the views expressed, he would strike them out; but he would go no further. He would call attention to this state of the case: Supposing some six months hence it were held by the Court of Appeal that Mr. McClay should pay $8,000 or $10,000 to Mr. Hammond—who was to reimburse Mr. McClay? That was a point to be considered. If the hon. member for Grenville would not accept the concession made, he (the Attorney-General) would insist on the passage of the measure as it was.

Considerable discussion followed, and the Bill was finally ordered to a third reading on the following day. The following is the seventh clause, which provoked the debate:

The seventh clause, which provoked such a long discussion, reads as follows:

The Governor shall, as occasion may require, from time to time, by commission, under the Great Seal of the Province, appoint a fit person to the office of Registrar, and shall, in like manner, fill up the vacancy occuring by the death, resignation, removal or forfeiture of office by any Registrar, and every Registrar, heretofore appointed or hereafter to be appointed, held and hold office during pleasure only.

SINGULAR PHENOMENON IN CHILI.

The United States steamer *Myack* had reached Caldera from Callao on her way to Valparaiso with the Vice President of Peru, General Prado, on board. An attempt is being made to induce European emigration to Chili by making liberal concessions of land to Colonists.

The amount of money coined in Chili in 1867 was $1,573,942. The British schooner *Try Again* of 300 tons, was wrecked near Caldera on the 10th January, after taking in a cargo of ores. The British barque *Deerslayer* was wrecked on the 31st December whilst entering the port of Carizal Bajo.

On the 29th December a most singular phenomenon was witnessed at Copiapo, which a journal of that place describes as follows:

"At about 5 p. m., owing to the light clouds which covered the sky like a broad curtain of gauze, there appeared two rainbows surrounding the sun. Towards the west was a third rainbow, in a direction opposite to the other two. Soon after, the orb of day was reflected with such intensity from the northern and southern extremities of the central bow, as almost to induce the belief that there were three suns placed in a straight line and equidistant from one another. The brightness of the apparent suns was so intense as to dazzle the eyes of the beholders. Alternately losing and recovering their brightness, the two apparent suns remained visible until sunset, by which time the rainbow had disappeared."—*New York World*.

—Cobbett's power of abuse has been often referred to, but Sir Henry Bulwer, in his recent work, has quoted a specimen of it, written when Corbett was in Philadelphia, which is almost unmatched in its savageness and sarcasm: "It is fair, also, to observe that this State (Pennsylvania) labors under disadvantages in one respect, that no other State does. Here is precisely the climate which suits the vagabonds of Europe; here they bask in summer, and lie curled up in winter, without fear of scorching in one season, or freezing in the other. Accordingly, hither they come in shoals, just roll themselves ashore, and begin to swear and poll away as if they had been bred to the business from their infancy. She has too unhappily acquired a reputation for the mildness or rather the feebleness of her laws. There's no gallows in Pennsylvania. These glad tidings have rung through all the Democratic club-rooms, all the dark assemblies of traitors, all the dungeons and cells of England, Scotland, and Ireland. Hence it is that we are overwhelmed with the refuse, the sweeping of these kingdoms, the offal of the jail and gibbet. Hence it is that we see so many faces that never looked comely but in the pillory, limbs that are awkward out of chains, and necks that seem made to be stretched.

Cure your Horses.—It is to the interest of all who own horses to keep them in a healthy and sound condition: experience has proved that "Darley's Arabian Remedy and Condition Medicine" is the most efficacious, it has been used by thousands who will cheerfully confirm this statement. For Heaves, Coughs, Colds, and all diseases which affect the wind of horses it has no equal, nor is it equalled as a condition medicine; it purifies the blood, corrects and improves the appetite, and softens the skin; in fact, so great is the improvement in the condition and appearance of the animal as to have lead many to doubt if it could be the same horse.

Remember the name, and see that the signature of *Hurd & Co.* is on each package.

Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, C.W., proprietors for the Canadas. Sold by all Medicine dealers.

—Is health worth having? If it is protect it—it is a jewel as easily lost as virtue, and in many cases as difficult to recover. In this climate, and more particularly at this season of the year, people are very apt to take cold and suffer from sore throat, coughs, spitting of blood and pulmonary complaints generally, which if not checked immediately lead to serious consequences. The question arises—which is the quickest and most effectual remedy? Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers have been before the public for twenty years, and have always given perfect satisfaction, and invariably effect permanent cures when taken in season. Sold by all medicine dealers and country stores generally throughout the Province, at 25cts. per box.

Cotton no Longer King.—Cotton goods are now nearly as cheap as before the American war. Garland, Mutchmor & Co. have lately received a few bales of gray and white cottons, shirtings and prints, purchased since the great fall in prices. Parties requiring any description of dry goods would do well to see their stock before purchasing. 582-y

COMMERCIAL.

OTTAWA MARKETS.

(*Compiled expressly for the* Times.)

Times Office, Ottawa, Feb. 21:

Flour—Extra	8 75	@	9 00
No. 1	8 25	@	0 00
No. 2	6 00	@	0 00
Bags—Fall per 100 lbs.	4 05	@	0 00
" Spring "	4 12½	@	4 25
Oatmeal—per 200 lbs.	7 00	@	0 00
Indian Meal "	5 50	@	0 00
Rye—per bushel 56 lbs.	0 80	@	0 90
Barley " 48 lbs.	0 90	@	0 80
Buckwheat Flour—bbl.	5 50	@	0 00
Wheat—Fall—per bushel, 60 lbs.	1 90	@	1 95
Spring " "	1 80	@	1 85
Corn—Per bushel, 56 lbs	1 25	@	0 00
Peas " 60 lbs.	0 80	@	0 90
Oats " 34 lbs.	0 53	@	0 58
Beans " 60 lbs.	1 50	@	1 75
Pork—Mess—per barrel	20 00	@	20 50
Prime Mess per do.	14 00	@	14 50
Hog per 100 lbs.	6 50	@	7 00
Hams	0 12	@	0 13
Beef	5 50	@	6 50
Mutton—per lb by the qr.	0 06	@	0 7
Lamb—per qr.	0 06	@	0 7
Geese—Each	0 40	@	0 50
Turkeys—Each	0 50	@	1 50
Ducks	0 70	@	0 80
Fowl—Per pair	0 40	@	0 50
Butter—Choice Table	0 20	@	0 25
No. 1 Firkin	0 18	@	0 20
No. 2	0 17	@	0 18
Eggs	0 25	@	0 30
Apples—per brl.	3 00	@	4 50
Vegetables, &c.—Potatoes	0 45	@	0 50
Onions—per bbl.	4 50	@	0 00
Hay—Per ton, new	13 50	@	15 00
Wood—Per cord	0 00	@	3 05
Tamarac	0 00	@	2 00
Hemlock	0 00	@	2 00

New York Markets.

New York, Feb. 22.—No stock or produce market to-day.

New York Money Market.

New York, Feb. 22.—Gold is quoted on the street at 142¾.

The *Post* says 10,000 shares of Ohio sold this morning at 70¾ and 69¾.

Large amounts of gold were sold at 142¾. The market settled dull at 142¾.

London Money Market.

London, Feb. 22.—Consols 93¾ and 96¾. American securities agitated by recent news.

Illinois Central 82.
Erie 40¾.
Bonds 71¾.

STATEMENT

Of the Revenue and Expenditure of the Dominion of Canada, for the month ended 31st January, 1868.

	Amount.
Revenue—Customs	$ 366,327 48
Excise	253,363 31
Post Office	75,853 91
Public Works, including Railways	32,574 34
Bill Stamp Duty	13,677 99
Miscellaneous	115,086 86
Total	$856,903 88
Expenditure	$1,063,627 82

JOHN SIMPSON,
Assist.-Auditor.

Audit Office,
Ottawa, Feb. 21, 1868.

Masonic Jewels, Designs, &c.—Messrs Young & Radford are prepared to furnish all kinds of Masonic jewels, in the highest styles of the art, on the shortest notice, and at the cheapest rates. All kinds of jewellery repaired.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

Mothers Read This!—Holloway's Worm Lozenges are a certain and safe remedy for Worms in Children and Adults.—As it is a well-known and melancholy fact that one great cause of death among children is from Worms alone, it cannot be too deeply impressed upon the minds parents the necessity of closely watching their children. By so doing; and understanding he symptoms and true cause of the disease, thousands of children might be saved from early graves. Symptoms of Worms.—The following are a few of the very numerous symptoms and diseases which are caused by Worms: deranged appetite, emaciated extremities, offensive breath, frequent picking at the nose, grinding of the teeth during sleep, hardness of the belly, with frequent slimy stools, and sometimes convulsive fits; itching of the arms, pain in the head and stomach, unquiet sleep, faintings, tremblings, coughs, indigestion, low spirits, frightful dreams, and a gradual wasting away of flesh.

They are palatable and self-administered to the child—drive out the worms thoroughly without pain and completely cleanse the stomach—thereby doing away with the necessity of administering Castor Oil or other unpleasant cathartics—as in the use of other Worms.

Each box contains the fac-simile signature of Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, C.W., who are he sole proprietors.

N. B. Ask for *Holloway's Worm Lozenges* and take no other. Sold by all the druggists in Ottawa, and medicine deals everywhere. 578y

MARRIED.

On the 18th instant, by the Rev. Mr. E. C. Fabre, Canon, at his Lordship's the R.C. Bishop's Palace, John Joseph, son of Mr. J. H. Daley, to Agnes Sinclair, eldest daughter of the late Mr. James Pennie, all of Montreal.

DIED.

On Saturday, the 22nd instant, Samuel Kirby Lough, aged 21 years.

The funeral will take place this afternoon, (Monday), at three o'clock, from the residence of his father, Mr. C. W. Bangs, Sparks-st. Friends and acquaintances are respectfully requested to attend without further notice.

February 5th, at 27 Upper Baggot-st., Dublin, the Very Rev. William Bernard Lauder, LL.D., Dean of Leighlin, formerly Dean of Ontario, aged 49 years.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

Mechanics' Institute & Athenæum.

THE ANNUAL MEETING of the Subscribers, for the ELECTION of TRUSTEES, will take place on

WEDNESDAY, 4th MARCH,

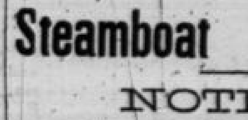
At Seven o'clock, P. M.

To be qualified to vote members must have paid their subscriptions.

ROBERT HUNTER, Secretary.

Ottawa, Feb. 21, 1868. 674mwfn

Upper Ottawa



Steamboat Company

NOTICE.

THE

GENERAL ANNUAL MEETING

OF THE

SHAREHOLDERS

—FOR—

ELECTION OF DIRECTORS

—AND—

TRANSACTION OF GENERAL BUSINESS

Will be held at the Office of

Messrs. Wright & Batson,

IN THIS CITY, ON

Wednesday, 4th March Next,

At the hour of 3 o'clock, P.M.

By order,

B. BATSON,
Secretary.

Ottawa, Feb. 24, 1867. 676d

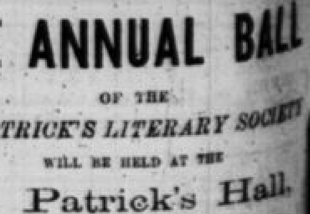
Money to Loan.

THE BEST MONEY, the CHEAPEST MONEY, on the BEST and EASIEST TERMS.

Apply to J. G. BELL, Ottawa.

February 22, 1868. 673-2-3whn

St. Patrick's Literary Society.



THE ANNUAL BALL

OF THE

ST. PATRICK'S LITERARY SOCIETY

WILL BE HELD AT THE

St. Patrick's Hall,

—ON—

Monday Evening, 24th Inst.

THE MUSIC will be furnished by Gowan's Band. Mrs. Prederick will supply the refreshments.

Tickets $2 each, to be had of the Secretary or members of the Committee, and at Mrs. Prederick's, Sussex-street.

M. O'KEEFE,
Secretary.

Ottawa, Feb. 18, 1868.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that default having been made in payment of the principal money and interest, secured by a certain mortgage, made by Alexander Boyd, of the township of Gloucester, in the County of Carleton and Province of Ontario, yeoman, in favor of John McKay, of the village of New Edinburgh, in the Township, County and Province aforesaid, Esquire, (to which Elizabeth Boyd, the wife of the said Alexander Boyd, was made a party for the purpose of barring her dower only) of all and singular that certain parcel or tract of land and premises, situate, lying and being in the township of Gloucester, in the County of Carleton and Province of Ontario, being composed of lot number fourteen, in the first or front concession, upon the River Rideau, commencing at the southwest angle of the said lot number fourteen, then sixty-six degrees east eighty six, more or less, to the allowance for road to rear of said concession, then north sixteen degrees west twenty chains, more or less, to the limits between lots numbers fourteen and thirteen, then south sixty-six degrees west to the River Rideau, then southerly along the water's edge to the place of beginning, which said mortgage, and all moneys secured thereby, and the lands mentioned therein, were afterwards through several mesne assignments assigned to James Moodie, of the said township of Gloucester, in the County and Province aforesaid, yeoman.

The said lands and premises will in pursuance of a power of sale contained in the said mortgage, be sold by PUBLIC AUCTION at the Law Office of MOSGROVE & TAILLON, in the City of Ottawa, on MONDAY, the TWENTY-SEVENTH day of APRIL next, A. D., 1868, at the hour of ELEVEN o'clock in the forenoon.

Terms to be made known at time of Sale. This sale being under a power of sale contained in the said mortgage, the said James Moodie will covenant against his own acts only.

All searches, abstracts and conveyances to be at the expense of the purchaser.

Dated at Ottawa, this 20th day of February, A. D., 1868.

MOSGROVE & TAILLON,
673-1-9w2m Solicitors for the said James Moodie.

NATURAL AMERICAN

Lubricating Oils!

PREPARED EXPRESSLY FOR
STEAMBOATS,
LOCOMOTIVES,
CAR JOURNALS,
FACTORIES,
MACHINE SHOPS,
HORSE RAILWAYS
&c., &c., &c.

Perfectly free from Gum & Grit.
NON-EXPLOSIVE.
NON-INFLAMMABLE
WILL NOT FREEZE IN WINTER!
AND THE
CHEAPEST OIL IN THE MARKET!

How they suit for Small Engines and Printing Presses.

TIMES OFFICE,
Ottawa, Feb. 20, 1868.

Messrs. McKENZIE & MACKAY, Hamilton.

GENTLEMEN,—We have used your Lubricating Oil (A) on the Engine and large Hoe Press, and find it to be a better article than any we have formerly used. On the Card Presses, where we formerly used olive oil, we find your oil superior to it.

CHARLES W. MITCHELL, Foreman.

THOMAS McELROY, Engineer.

How they Suit for Cutting Bolts.

DUNDAS FOUNDRY, Dundas, July 29, 1867.

Messrs. McKENZIE & MACKAY, Hamilton,

GENTLEMEN,—I have been testing your Natural Lubricating Oils [A] and [AAA] for the last three months, and have no hesitation in stating that they are the best oils used in this foundry for some years, and are far superior to what we have known as "Petroleum Lubricators." They are free from all Gum and Grit, do not heat the bearings, and are particularly adapted for lathes and planer beds. The TREBLE A OIL is especially suited for cutting heavy bolts. I have used it with the "Patent Die," which finishes the thread with one cut, and it has stood the severe test to my satisfaction.

Yours truly,
THOMAS WILSON, Foreman.

How they Suit for Grist Mills.

DUNDAS FLOUR MILLS,
Dundas, May 13, 1867.

Messrs. McKENZIE & MACKAY, Hamilton,

GENTLEMEN,—I have tried your Lubricating Oil, (AA) and (A) and can recommend it as being a good Oil for Lubricating purposes. I have used it on both heavy and light machinery, and find it answers the purpose as well as any oil hitherto used. I have always used olive oil till now, so that your oil received a severe test. Please send me one barrel of each kind.

Yours truly,
JAMES COLMAN,
JAMES WALES, Manager.

How they Suit for Saw Mills.

WEST FLAMBORO, July 27, 1867.

Messrs. McKENZIE & MACKAY, 9, King-street, Hamilton,

GENTLEMEN,—I have thoroughly tested in my Saw mill the Lubricating Oil received from you. The sample marked (AA) I think is superior to any elephant oil for saw mill machinery. The journals run with it, work longer clean, and with less friction than with any other oil I have used.

Yours respectfully,
ROBERT CHRISTIE.

Samples of the oil and numerous certificates may be seen at the office of our Agent.

McKENZIE & MACKAY,
Agents for Canada,
9 King Street,
Hamilton.

Agent for Ottawa and Vicinity,
T. ISAACS,
Sparks-st.
Ottawa, Feb. 21, 1868. 663tf

W. NOTMAN,

Photographer to the Queen
CORNER OF
WELLINGTON AND METCALFE STREETS,

WOULD intimate that having all his arrangements completed, his

Establishment will be Opened
—ON—
Monday Next, 3rd February

When he will be prepared to fulfil orders for all the different branches of Photography.
Ottawa, Jan. 31, 1868. 582y

PORK! FLOUR!

THE Subscribers have just received 10 CAR LOADS of PORK, consisting of

455 *BBLS. OF MESS,*
40 *DO. OF THIN MESS,*
155 *DO. OF PRIME MESS,*

Also 20,000 lbs. weight Superior Steam Refined Leaf Lard.

Also for Sale, 500 barrels of Flour.

O'CONNOR & WALLER,
Exchange Brokers and Commission Merchants,
Sussex-st., Ottawa.
Ottawa, Feb. 17, 1868. 668tf

BAZAAR.

IT is intended to hold a Bazaar on the

SEVENTEENTH of MARCH NEXT,

1868, and following days, in aid of the DEBT on

The Parsonage of Christ Church.

Contributions will be most thankfully received from the members of the Church, and other friends in Ottawa, by the following Ladies, who have kindly consented to act as a Committee of Management

MRS. CLEMOW,
" W. F. POWELL,
" COFFIN,
" ADAMSON,
" T. M. BLASDELL,
" LAUDER,
" DONALDSON,
" JOHN THOMPSON,
" N. SPARKS,
" MAGEE,
" STREET.
ANNIE POWELL, Secretary.
Ottawa, Dec. 23, 1867. 622d

Canadian Cottons.

WE HAVE JUST RECEIVED A SUPPLY of the

CELEBRATED

DUNDAS COTTONS!

32 and 35 Inches Wide.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.
OTTAWA, Feb. 21, 1868. 380y

ANGUS AND HUCKELL,

No. 15 SUSSEX-STREET

GREAT DISCOUNT SALE!

CLEARING OUT
FALL AND WINTER STOCK
—OF—
Boots, Shoes & Rubbers.

10 CENTS OFF EVERY DOLLAR
CASH PURCHASES,
FOR ONE MONTH.

Largest and Best Stock
IN THE DOMINION.

☞ Call and See.

No. 15 SUSSEX-STREET

Boots, Shoes and Rubbers.

OTTAWA, February 13, 1868. 665y

THE NEW DOMINION!

47. SUSSEX-STREET. 47.

Established with the Nation, 1st July, 1867.

Tried by the People,
Nobly sustained,
Long may it flourish!

Come one! Come all!!
Farmers and Lumbermen,
Merchants and Citizens,

COME TO THE NEW DOMINION!

And you will find a large and varied assortment of

STAPLE and FANCY DRY GOODS!

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,
AS CHEAP AS THE CHEAPEST,
AS GOOD AS THE BEST.

A New Tailoring Establishment!

Has just been opened on the premises, with FIRST-CLASS WORKMEN, under the management of a FIRST-CLASS FASHIONABLE CUTTER.

Suits made to order, and Warranted to *suit*, At every price,

Of every style, For every season, And at the shortest notice.

Do you want Hats or Caps, Furs or Blankets, Boots or Shoes, Moccasins or Mittens? Visit the New Dominion. It will prove to your advantage. From top to toe a perfect outfit guaranteed, by

JAMES HIGGINSON, Proprietor.
Ottawa, February 6, 1868. 659tf

Dry Goods at Reduced Prices.

Cunningham and Lindsay

— ARE NOW SELLING —

Canadian Grey Cloth at 3s. 3d. per yard,
Canadian Tweeds at 4s. per yard,
Canadian Cotton Yarn at 7s. 6d. a Bundle,
Canadian Bags at 1. 9d

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY
Invite particular Attention to their
BLANKETS, FLANNELS AND MANTLE CLOTHS.
Ottawa, November 18, 1867. 510y

New Premises and Cheap Goods.

GRANT & HENDERSON

Having recently moved into their new premises, **No. 20, Rideau-street,** one of the firm visited lately the Montreal Markets, and secured a very large stock of entirely

NEW GOODS,

At most EXTRAORDINARY REDUCTIONS in price, which cannot in a legitimate manner be undersold in this city.

RIDEAU-STREET, December 24, 1867. 623tf

Recorder's Court,

FOR the City of Ottawa, will be holden in the COURT HOUSE, Old Jail, in said city, on MONDAY, the SECOND day of MARCH next, at the hour of ELEVEN of the clock in the forenoon, of which all City Coroners, Justices of the Peace, Constables, Jurors, and all others in any wise concerned, are hereby required to take notice and govern themselves accordingly.

RODERICK ROSS, High Bailiff.
High Bailiff's Office,
Ottawa, 15th February, 1868. 668td

NOTICE.

THE HOLDERS of TICKETS for the DRAWING OF PRIZES in aid of the GOOD SHEPHERDS, will take notice that the same has been POSTPONED till TUESDAY EVENING, TWENTY-FIFTH FEBRUARY, INST., at 7.30 o'clock, at St. Vincent's Hall.

SARAH CALDWELL.
Ottawa, Feb. 18, 1868. 669td

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, February 21, 1868.

AUTHORIZED Discount on American Invoices until further notice, 28 per cent.

R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner of Customs.

NOTICE

IS HEREBY given that I shall not be responsible for any debts contracted in my name, unless under an order signed by me.

SOPHIA MARTINEAU.
Ottawa, Jan. 22, 1868. 646d

Scale Manufacturer.

E. DORION begs to inform the public that he has opened a SCALE MANUFACTORY in Clarence-street, second door from Sussex-street, in E. D'Amour's Blacksmith Shop, and where he is now prepared to repair all sorts of Scales in use.

Ottawa, Jany. 11 637y

YOUNG & RADFORD'S COLUMN.

Watches,
Watches,
Watches
AT
YOUNG
AND
RADFORD'S
30 Sparks-street.

Clocks,
Clocks,
Clocks,
AT
YOUNG AND RADFORD'S.

Jewellery,
Jewellery,
Jewellery,
AT
YOUNG AND RADFORD'S.

Electro-Plated ware,
Electro-Plated Ware,
Electro-Plated Ware,
AT
YOUNG AND RADFORD'S.

Fancy Goods,
Fancy Goods,
Fancy Goods,
AT
YOUNG AND RADFORD'S,
Manufacturing Jewellers,
30 SPARKS-STREET.

Old Gold and Silver

Bought, and highest cash price paid,
AT
YOUNG
AND
RADFORD'S

BROWNE & HARDY'S COLUMN.

1867 AND 1868.

INDIA WAREHOUSE!

16 Rideau Street, Ottawa.

THE SUBSCRIBERS beg to inform their Customers that their Stock is now complete, and embraces every delicacy of the Season, among which will be found a choice assortment of

TEAS,

Breakfast SOUCHONG, do CONGOU, } Black Extra Fine.
Superior HYSON,
" GUNPOWDER,
" IMPERIAL,
" TWANKAY,
Orange PEKOE, Flowery " Japan " } These Teas have been carefully selected for family trade by

BROWNE & HARDY.

SUGARS,
LOAF,
BROKEN LOAF,
CRUSHED,
GROUND,
YELLOW,
and MUSCOVADO.

COFFEE,
MOCHA,
JAVA,
JAMAICA, and
CEYLON,
☞ Roasted and Ground daily on the premises.

CHOCOLATE and COCOA,
FRENCH, flavored with Vanilla;
TAYLOR'S,
FRYE'S,
MOTT'S

FRUITS, &c.
LAYER RAISINS,
in Whole, Half and Quarter Boxes
MUSCATEL, do do
SULTANA,
VALENTIA,
CURRANTS,
GRAPES,
ORANGES
LEMONS,
PRUNES,
ALMONDS,
WALNUTS,
FILBERTS, and
BRAZIL NUTS.

BUTTER,
CHOICE DAIRY, in Tubs and Crocks, received Weekly.

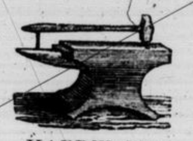
CHEESE,
English, American and Canadian.

SPICES,
NUTMEGS,
MACE,
CINNAMON,
CLOVES,
GINGER,
MIXED SPICES,
All Ground on the Premises

BROWNE & HARDY.
Ottawa, December 19 405t

THE MONTREAL WAREHOUSE,
IN MR. INGLIS' NEW BLOCK,
SUSSEX, OPPOSITE YORK-STREET,
WILL BE OPENED OUT IN A FEW DAYS WITH A STOCK OF
Choice Wines, Groceries and Provisions, &c., &c.
J. MARTIN & CO
OTTAWA, February 4, 1868. 637y

HARDWARE!



HARDWARE!

Great Reduction
IN THE
PRICE OF HARDWARE
AT THE
SIGN of the ANVIL
No. 24, Rideau-street.

THE Undersigned would take this opportunity to express his thanks to his Customers in Ottawa and vicinity for their very liberal patronage in the past, and to solicit a continuance of their favors in the future, and to assure them that no effort on his part shall be wanting to supply them with the Best and Cheapest English and American Hardware. I do not pretend to sell at cost, but do propose to sell as cheap as any other establishment in Ontario. My stock shall comprise every article in the line of Hardware, and with the one price system I hope to merit and receive a continuance of the very liberal patronage given me in the past.

T. BIRKETT,
Sign of the Anvil, 24 Rideau-st.
Ottawa, Feb. 3. 408y

BLYTH & KERR,

Successors to Chas. Garth,
No. 25, Rideau-st.,
Plumbers,
Gas & Steam Fitters,
Tin & Coppersmiths,
Bell Hangers, &c.

All materials for the above branches kept constantly on hand.

—ALSO—

Importers and Dealers in House Furnishing Hardware.

Just received a well selected assortment of

Cooking Stoves, Double Stoves, Parlor Stoves, Hall Stoves,
Iron Bedsteads, Bronzed & Wire Fenders, Fire Irons, Fire Guards,

Japanned and Planished Tinware, &c.,

Manufacturers of all descriptions of work for Water and Gas Works, Brewer's Distillories, Mills, &c. Makes and fits up Galvanized Iron Cornices, Gutters, Conductors, Roofing, &c.

☞ Public and Private Buildings, Conservatories, Vineries, Manufactories, &c., warmed by Steam, Hot Water or Warm Air, on the most approved principles.

Orders from the country will receive strict attention.

Ottawa August 26. 416y

BUY YOUR TEA
DIRECT FROM
THE IMPORTERS
TEA! TEA! TEA!

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY, 6 Hospital Street, Montreal, having just imported a large quantity of Green and Black Teas, beg to call the attention of the Trade, Hotel Proprietors, and large establishments generally to their list of prices. Buyers of Chests and Boxes of Tea will save money by getting it direct through the Importers.

All orders for 25 lb. boxes and upwards, carriage free to any Railway Station in Canada. Parties wanting smaller quantities should club together, Buyers living beyond Railway Stations, will please send post office order, or enclose notes. The carriage will be paid to the nearest station, where there are express offices. Tea will be forwarded immediately on receipt of the order by mail containing money, or the money can be collected on delivery by express man. Cash collected in Montreal free of charge, and Tea forwarded for the same. Original packages Black Tea weigh, chests about 50 lbs. Chests do. 90 to 100 lbs. Green Tea from 60 to 80 lbs. Teas not mentioned in advertisement can be had equally cheap. The Company are determined to take a stand in the Montreal market, every article may therefore be depended on as to quality and weight.

BLACK TEA.

Common Congou, Broken Leaf, Strong Tea	0.00 45
Fine Flavoured New Season do	00 55
Excellent Full Flavoured do	00 75
Sound Oolong	00 45
Rich Flavoured do	00 60
Very Fine do	00 75
Japan	00 58
Very Fine do	00 75
An excellent mixed Tea, Black and Green,	00 60

GREEN TEA.

Twankay, Common	0.00 38
Fine do	00 55
Young Hyson	00 60
Fine do	00 75
Superfine and Very Choice	1 00
Fine Gunpowder	00 85
Extra Superfine do	1 00

Reductions made to buyers of Five Chests and upwards.

☞ Address
MONTREAL TEA CO.,
6, Hospital-st, Montreal.
☞ *Agent for Ottawa and neighborhood,*
MR. JOS. MOONEY.
☞ All Boxes and Chests sent from this Establishment have the address of the *MONTREAL TEA COMPANY* printed on them.
August 27, 1867. 52234-w

CHANCERY SALE
—OF—
LAND.

IN PURSUANCE of the Decree made in a certain cause pending in the Court of Chancery, of Stone *versus* Haskins, bearing date the Tenth day of December, 1867, will be sold by Auction, with the approbation of Robert J. Turner, Esq., Accountant of the said Court, on MONDAY, the SECOND day of MARCH, 1868, at the hour of TWO o'clock in the afternoon, by CHARLES FLYNN, Auctioneer, at the COURT HOUSE, in the VILLAGE of L'ORIGNAL, in the County of Prescott, all that certain parcel or tract of land and premises, situate, lying and being in the township of Longueuil, in the said County of Prescott, containing by admeasurement one hundred acres, more or less. The Farm is situated in the heart of the Township, and in an old and well settled part of the country. It lies upon the main road leading from L'Orignal to Caledonia Springs, and is distant about 3 miles from the former, and 6 miles from the latter. It is the farm which was owned and occupied by the late Augustus L. Stone, at the time of his death.

There is a comfortable stone house on the premises, with a barn and other outbuildings—the whole forming a most desirable residence for a farmer. The purchaser shall at the time of sale pay down a deposit in the proportion of £10 for every £100 of his purchase money to the vendor or his solicitor.

About one-tenth of the purchase money is to be secured by a mortgage upon the premises (or a sufficient portion thereof) for the benefit of minors, payable in four instalments, and at the times when they respectively become of age, with interest payable annually at the rate of 7 per cent. per annum. The balance of the purchase money being about 8.66ths, is to be paid in cash within one month from the day of sale, or one-half in cash, and one-half secured by mortgage, payable in two annual instalments, with interest at seven per cent. per annum, at the option of the purchaser.

For further particulars, and conditions of sale, apply to Messrs. Blake, Kerr & Wells, Solicitors, Toronto; to Robert Cassels, Jr., Solicitor, Toronto; or to Peter O'Brian, Solicitor, L'Orignal.

Dated at Toronto, this 22nd day of January, 1868.

661-1awtd ROBERT J. TURNER.

Dissolution of Partnership.

THE PARTNERSHIP heretofore existing between JAMES HOPE and S. S. M. HUNTER, under the firm of JAMES HOPE & Co., was this day dissolved by mutual consent.

The business will be continued, under the same name as heretofore, by JAMES HOPE, who will receive all monies due, and discharge all claims against the late firm.

JAMES HOPE,
S. S. M. HUNTER.
Ottawa, Feb. 15, 1868. 668-a-8-4

TO BOOKBINDERS.

WANTED a first-class hand to take charge of a GENERAL BINDERY.

Apply to JAS. HOPE & Co.
Ottawa, Feb. 20, 1868. 671 3

WAR! WAR! WAR!

KEARNS & RYAN,

WELL KNOWN
Merchants of this City,
—WHO KEEP THE PEOPLE'S—
CHEAP CASH STORE!

Have declared War against all other merchants of the Capital of Canada, for imposing dear goods on the people. They will make a

Reduction of 20 per cent off Hats and Bonnets,
—AND—
10 per cent off all other Cash Purchases
OVER ONE DOLLAR.

During the month of February. Rush to their establishment and judge for yourselves. No deception.

Corner of York and Sussex-sts.
Ottawa, February 3, 1868. 636d

Great Remnant Sale.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.

Importers, 20 Sparks Street,

With a view to CLEAR OUT THEIR STOCK OF REMNANTS, prior to stock-taking have RE-MARKED ALL THEIR REMNANTS at prices that must effect a SPEEDY CLEARANCE.

Remnants of Cloths,
Remnants of Dress Goods,
Remnants of Cottons,
Remnants of Prints,
Remnants of Carpetings,
Remnants of Cobourgs,
Remnants of Silks,
Remnants of Linens,
Remnants of Flannels,
Remnants of Oil-cloths,

And a host of other remnants too numerous to particularize.

Sale to commence on MONDAY, 17th, and to continue during the week.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.
Ottawa, February 17, 1868. 485y

NEW STORE!

THE Store formerly occupied by W. D. WOOD, No. 38, on RIDEAU STREET, has been refitted by the subscribers, and will be opened on MONDAY, FOURTEENTH OCTOBER, with an entire new stock of

GROCERIES,
LIQUORS AND
HARDWARE.

WOOD & ROSSITER.
Ottawa, October 12, 1867. 561-tf

SUN BURNER.

NO MORE Breaking of Chimneys; no More Burning of Fingers: No More Waste of Oil; No Trouble to Clean; No Trouble to Light No Anxiety About Explosions. It is a Cheap Labor Saving and Durable Article. Buy one and you will never repent doing so. Anyone dissatisfied can have their money returned.

LAMPS AND FITTINGS
ALWAYS ON HAND.

STOVES, TINWARE, &c.

☞ Competent workmen for jobbing on the premises.

ESMONDE BROS.,
43 SPARKS-ST.,
Next Hoop Skirt Factory.
Ottawa, January 21. 311y

WATCH LOST.

LOST on Saturday afternoon, by a lady while walking from Wellington-street up Bank's and the New Road as far as the second bridge, a small, somewhat old style, Gold Watch. The finder will be suitably rewarded on leaving it at this Office.

February 17, 1868. 668-3

Mails for the Maritime Provinces.

WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

From OTTAWA—Mails for St. JOHN, N. B., Closed Daily, 12:45, P. M.

NEW BRUNSWICK.

THE general route of transmission is by railway, *via* Montreal, Danville Junction, and Bangor, Me., whence by stage to Calais and St. John. Time taken, at this season, usually four days.

The Mail despatched, however, on Friday, obtains connexion with the Monday 5 p m steamer, (International Line), from Portland, being due at St. John on Tuesday p m.

For Woodstock, N. B.

There is also a tri-weekly Mail from Riviere du Loup to Edmundston and Woodstock, leaving Riviere du Loup every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday evenings, on the arrival of the mail train from Quebec. Matter intended for conveyance by this route should be specially addressed "*Via* Riv. du Loup.

PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND.

Matter for Prince Edward Island is forwarded on St. John.

Letters 5 cents per half ounce. Newspapers 1 cent.

NOVA SCOTIA.

For Halifax, N. S., Closed Every Thursday, 12:45, P. M.

Route of transmission is *via* Portland, whence per steamer *Chase*, or *Carlotta*, every Saturday at 1 p m, for Halifax, being due there on the following Monday.

Letters 5 cents per half ounce. Newspapers 1 cent.

For Halifax, N. S., Closed Every Friday, 12:45, P. M.

Route of transmission is *via* Portland, connecting there with the Monday 5 p m steamer, (International Line), for St. John. Mail due in Halifax on the following Thursday evening.

Letters 5 cents per half ounce. Newspapers 1 cent.

Letters, &c., are not forwarded from Ottawa to Halifax by the land route, *via* St. John, N. B., unless specially so addressed.

NEWFOUNDLAND.

Newfoundland is included in the ordinary mails made up for Halifax.

Letters 12½ cents per half ounce. Newspapers 3 cents each.

G. P. BAKER, Postmaster.
Post Office, Ottawa, Feb. 13, 1868.

Nova Scotia, by "Inman" Steamer from New York.

NOTE—For Inman Steamer to Halifax a Mail is closed every alternate Friday, 12.45, p m, (i. e. 21st February, 6th and 20th March, 3rd and 17th April, and so on.) Route of transmission is *via* New York, connecting there with the Steamer of the Inman Line, leaving on alternate Mondays at Noon for England, *via* Halifax, being due at Halifax on the following Thursday. Letters and papers for despatch by this route must be SPECIALLY SO ADDRESSED, with postage prepaid by stamp, as follows—

Letters 12½ cents per half ounce. Newspapers 2 cents each. 672tf

SALE OF ORDNANCE LANDS OTTAWA.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that a large number of Lots, of different sizes and dimensions,

Town Lots & Country Lots,

Will be offered for sale on

MONDAY, 6th APRIL NEXT,

AT THE
Auction Room of H. McLean, Auctioneer,
OTTAWA, VIZ.:

Building Lots in Ottawa on North Rideau street, South George street, South St. Andrew street, North St. Andrew street, South Bolton street, South Parry street, South Franklin street, North Franklin street South Park street, East Wurtemburg street, Lot H Rideau Front, Lot I, do.

—ALSO,—

	Acres.	R.	P.
Lot 34, concession B, Nepean	87	00	00
35, concession B, occupied by Mulligan and one McCabe	77	00	00
Lot K, concession D, Nepean, part of	59	00	00
Lots L and M, concession B, Nepean, parts of	86	2	25
Lot K, concession C, Nepean	53	00	00
Sub Lots 2, 3, 4, on Lot E, concession C, Nepean, 1 acre and nine perches each.			
Eleven Sub-Lots of 10 acres each, on Lot No. 21, Gore of Gloucester.			
Nineteen Sub-Lots of 10 acres each, on Lot No. 22, Gore of Gloucester.			
Lot letter I, concession 4, Gloucester	101	1	33

Lists of the Lots, and terms of payment, may be had on application at the Ordnance Lands Office, at the Office of H. McLean, Auctioneer, and at the Office of the undersigned, Public Buildings, Ottawa.

By order of the Secretary of State:

E. PARENT,
Under Sec. of State.

WILLIAM F. COFFIN,
Ordnance Lands Agent.
Ottawa, February 6, 1868. 660-1awtd

OTTAWA

Skating & Curling CLUB.

A GRAND CARNIVAL

WILL BE HELD AT

THE RINK,

On Tuesday Ev'g, 25th Instant.

By kind permission of Colonel Lord A. G. RUSSELL and OFFICERS, the

String Band of the P.C.O. Rifle Brigade

Will be in attendance.

COMMITTEE:

J. LeBRETON ROSS, Esq. | R. HAYDOCK, Esq.
W. B. ATMOND, Esq. | W. B. COTTON, Esq.

REGULATIONS:

None but subscribers, and those introduced by them, will be admitted to skate.

No person will be allowed on the ice except in costume.

Ladies not required to assume any particular dress. A slight deviation from the ordinary skating dress being in their case considered sufficient.

No gentleman to appear in female attire.

The use of masks is optional. Domino masks can be hired from the Rink Caretaker. No Negro costumes will be allowed.

Children under 15 years will not be admitted on the ice.

Parties desirous of appearing in costume are requested to leave their names and description of dress with the Secretary, who will be at the Rink from 3 to 5 o'clock on Monday and Tuesday afternoons, for the purpose of issuing tickets.

Admission 25 cents. Skaters in costume Free.

Doors open at half-past seven o'clock.

February 19, 1868. 676td

PHŒNIX.

MESSRS. R. EATON & Co. respectfully announce to the public that THEY HAVE RESUMED BUSINESS in this City in the various branches of their trade and manufacture, which they now carry on at the following places:—

Paint, Oil, Varnish, Color and Painters' Stock Depot,
☞ Bell's New Block, 1st Story, Opposite the Russell House.

Oil Painting, Engraving, Paper Hanging and Decorating Depot,
☞ Bell's New Block, 2nd Story, Opposite the Russell House.

Looking-Glass, Picture Frame, Silvering and Gilding Rooms,
☞ Scott's Building, over Confectionary, Opposite the Russell House.

Cornice, Picture, and Looking-Glass Frame Manufactory,
☞ Wright's Building, Chaudiere, formerly occupied by E. B. Eddy, Esq.

Their present extensive stock in the various departments is entirely new, the former having been destroyed by fire, and has been carefully and judiciously selected, with especial regard to the demands of this City and its surroundings. Their Painters' Stock is especially good. Their Paper Hangings and Decorating Stock is in endless variety, of every grade and price; and the Decoration of Dwellings, Offices, Stores and Public Buildings undertaken, and satisfaction guaranteed both as to style and workmanship.

Having secured spacious premises at the Chaudiere, with extensive water-power, for the purpose of Manufacturing Cornices and Frames of all kinds, and having also secured spacious Looking-Glass, Silvering and Gilding Rooms, they will be enabled to fill orders for Pier, Mantle, Hanging and Toilet Mirrors, Picture Frames and Cornices, at the Shortest Notice.

Oil Paintings and Engravings of undoubted merit and beauty always in stock.

Window Blinds, new style, unsurpassed, always kept on hand. These are made so as to fit windows of any size, and are painted or oiled to suit taste or business of purchaser.

Messrs. R. E. & Co., avail themselves of this opportunity for returning their sincerest thanks for the kind patronage heretofore bestowed upon them, and for the great sympathy manifested for them on the occasion of the recent fire, and in resuming business they beg to assure their many kind friends and patrons that with new stock, renewed energy, and competent and faithful workmen, they feel confident of filling all orders with which they may be favored with promptness and punctuality, and in such a manner as will merit entire satisfaction.

OFFICE—Bell's Block, Opposite Russell House.

OTTAWA, Feb. 14, 1868. 666-3m

Ottawa CROCKERY Store!

PRESENTATION ORNAMENTS.

WILLIAM ALLAN

RESPECTFULLY announces the arrival of a Choice Selection of China and Bohemian Glass Flower Vases and Ornaments suitable for Xmas and New Year's Gifts. Also, the most complete Stock of China, Glass, Earthenware and Parian Marble ever brought into Ottawa, consisting of

DINNER SETTS, DESSERT SETTS,
BREAKFAST SETTS, TOILET SETTS.

Stained and Engraved, Cut and Pressed TABLE GLASS, and an assortment of Common Ware to wholesale purchasers.

☞ A large and most varied Stock to select from.

W. ALLAN,
51 RIDEAU STREET, (opposite Mr. D. Whalen's.)

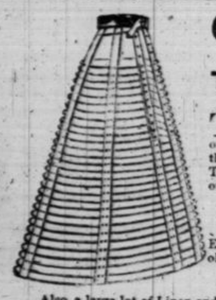
Ottawa, December 19, 1867. 574y

SHEFFIELD HOUSE!

E. K. MacGILLIVRAY & Co.,

MANUFACTURING JEWELLERS
AND
WATCHMAKERS

OTTAWA, January 21, 1868.



City Hoop Skirt Factory

The Double Extension Skirt.

THIS new and convenient Skirt I am now making in all widths of tape. The great advantage this Skirt has over all others: ladies can alter it themselves to any width they wish, from 1½ yards to 3 yards, without the least trouble. They only can be had at the Factory. Everyother style of Skirt on hand or made to order. Just received another lot of

FRENCH CORSETS,

Every size, from 17 inches to 36 inches. Also, a few of those old fashioned Corsets, (lacing at the back.)

Lambs' Wool Hose, Breakfast Shawls.

Also, a large lot of Linen and Lawn Pocket Handkerchiefs, cheap.

DAVID MILLAR,
43 Sparks-st, Centre Town, next to Ezmonde's Stove Depot.

486y

Gold Medal, Paris, 1867.

WHEELER & WILSON'S SEWING MACHINES.

THE BEST HOLIDAY PRESENT,

From $47 and upwards.

☞ FIVE per cent. off for cash in bills until after the holidays. One handsome Mahogany full case, $8 discount.

The Howe Sewing Machines from $50 Up.

Grout & Co.'s Twisted Elastic Stitch only $15.

☞ Call and see this little beauty. Prospectuses and Samples sent Free by Mail.

December 19, 1867. 479-43y G. A. WALTON, Agent, 37 Sparks Street, Ottawa.

FIRST CLASS

Tailoring Establishment.

BEING desirous to dispose of the balance of my WINTER STOCK, in order to make room for

Spring Importations,

For two months I shall offer such inducements to intending purchasers as will enable me to make a ready sale, and my customers a good investment

☞ Please Call and Examine. ☜

G. M. HOLBROOK,

Pro Tem Depot, Elgin-street,
381y Opposite the Post Office.

CAUTION.

THE perfection and cheapness of the American (Waltham) Watch have given it such a wide-world celebrity that unscrupulous dealers years ago imitated its style and pirated its trade marks. Irresponsible dealers are occasionally found who dishonestly trade upon the popularity of the American watch by selling a base imitation under the name of the genuine article.

It is hardly necessary to state that such watches are worthless as time-keepers, and when bought for the genuine are calculated to injure the high reputation which our watches have attained. The several grades of the American watch (except the lowest grade marked Home Watch Co.) are guaranteed by special certificate bearing the number of the watch and the signature of the Treasurer of the Company, to all dealers in the genuine watches.

The following are the trade marks on the several grades of our manufacture:

AMERICAN WATCH CO. — APPLETON, TRACY & CO.
WALTHAM WATCH CO. — P. S. BARTLETT.
WM. ELLERY. — HOME WATCH CO.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD CO.
Office of the General Superintendent
Altoona, Pa., 15th Dec., 1866.

Gentlemen:—The watches Manufactured by you have been in use on this Railroad for several year by our engine men, to whom we furnish watches as part of our equipment. There are some THREE HUNDRED OF THEM CARRIED ON OUR LINE, and we consider them GOOD and RELIABLE TIME-KEEPERS. Indeed I have great satisfaction in saying YOUR WATCHES GIVE US LESS TROUBLE and have worn and do wear much longer without repairs than any watches we have ever had in use on this road. As you are aware we formerly trusted to those of English manufacture, of acknowledged good reputation, but as a class they never keep time as correctly, nor have they done as good service as yours.

In these statements I am sustained by my predecessor, Mr. Lewis, whose experience extended over a series of years.

Respectfully,
EDWARD H. WILLIAMS,
General Superintendent.

American Watch Co., Waltham.

NEW YORK CENTRAL RAILROAD.
Locomotive Dep't Western Division,
Rochester, Dec. 24th, 1866.

Gentlemen:—I have no hesitation in saying that I believe the great majority of locomotive engineers have found by experience that WALTHAM WATCHES ARE THE MOST SATISFACTORY of any for their use. They RUN WITH THE GREATEST ACCURACY AND STEADINESS, notwithstanding the rough riding of an engine; and as I have NEVER KNOWN ONE TO WEAR OUT, they must be durable. I hope to see the time when railway companies will generally adopt your watches, and furnish them all to engineers and conductors. In my opinion it would greatly tend to promote regularity and safety.

Yours respectfully,
CHARLES WILSON,
G. Chief Engineer,
Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers.

American Watch Co., Waltham.

For sale by all first-class dealers in the United States and British Provinces.

ROBBINS & APPLETON
No. 182 Broadway, N. Y.
ROBERT WILKES,
Toronto and Montreal,
GENERAL AGENTS.

November, 16, 1867. 565-48-3m.

RAILROADS.

Grand Trunk Railway Company
OF CANADA.

WINTER ARRANGEMENTS, 1867.

TRAINS now leave Bonaventure Station as follows:

GOING WEST—Day Express for Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago and all poin's West, at 8.30 A.M.

Night Express do at 7.30 P.M.

Accommodation Train for Kingston and intermediate stations at 7.00 A.M.

Local Train for Cornwall and intermediate Stations, at 4.20 P.M.

Trains for Lachine at 8.00 A.M., 9.30 A.M., 3.00 and 4.30 P.M.

The 3.00 P.M. Train runs through to Plattsburgh.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST—Accommodation Train from Island Pond and intermediate Stations, at 7.00 A.M.

Express for New York and Boston, at 8.40 A.M.

Express for Boston and New York, at 3.30 P.M.

Express for Portland (staying over night at Island Pond) at 2.00 P.M.

Night Express for Portland, Three Rivers, Quebec and Riviere du Loup, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbrooke, Waterville and Coaticooke only, at 10.10 P.M.

☞ Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.

For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station.

C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director
December 23, 1867. 650tf

CHANGE of TIME

St. Lawrence & Ottawa Railway,

(formerly the Ottawa & Prescott Railway.)

ON and after MONDAY, the 30th Dec., 1867, and until further notice, trains will run as follows:

LEAVE PRESCOTT.	ARRIVE IN OTTAWA.
Mixed, 7.30 a. m.	11.00 a. m.
Express, 2.10 p. m.	4.45 p. m.
LEAVE OTTAWA.	**ARRIVE IN PRESCOTT.**
Express, 8 a. m.	10.30 a. m.
Mixed, 1.30 p. m	4 45 p. m.

The time of these Trains has been so arranged as to ensure connection with night and day trains on Grand Trunk, east and west.

N. B.—These Trains run on Montreal Time.

Baggage to and from Ottawa checked through from and to stations on Grand Trunk Railway.

Return tickets to Prescott, Kemptville and Ottawa at reduced rates can be had at the principal stations on the line.

R. S. DETLOR, Superintendent. THOMAS REYNOLDS, Managing Director.

Ottawa, Dec. 28, 1867. 1y

Brockville and Ottawa Railway,

WINTER ARRANGEMENT

Commencing on Monday, December 9, 1867.

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

3:45 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 3.45 p.m., and arrive at Sandpoint at 9:25 p m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT.

6:45 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint daily at 6:45 a.m., and arrive at Brockville at 1:00 p. m.

LEAVES PERTH.

5:00 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Perth at 5:00 p.m., and 9:40 a.m., and arrive at Smith's Falls at 5:50 p.m. and 10:30 a.m.

LEAVES SMITH'S FALLS.

10:50 A.M.—TRAINS will leave Smith's Falls at 10:50 a.m., and 6:05 p.m., and arrive at Perth at 11:40 a.m., and 6:55 p.m.

All trains on main line connect at Smith's Falls with Trains to and from Perth.

No. 1 leaves Brockville after G. T. R. Express Train is due from the East.

No. 2 is due at Brockville in time to connect with G. T. R. Express Trains for the East and West.

H ABBOTT,
Manager for Trustee.

Brockville, Dec. 16. 472y

RoyalCanadianBank

OTTAWA AGENCY:

Office—Desbarats' Building, 77 Sparks St

M. P. HAYES, AGENT.

Ottawa, June 21. 157tf

DALGLISH & RUSSELL

ARE NOW IN RECEIPT OF THEIR new and varied assortment of

Grocery Goods

Consisting of Teas, Gunpowder, Old Hyson, Young Hyson, Hyson Twankay, Black, Extra Fine English Breakfast Souchong, Congou ditto, Oolong, Orange Pekoe, Finest Japans.

Coffees—Java, Jamaica, La Guayra, Mocha Roasted and Ground on the premises.

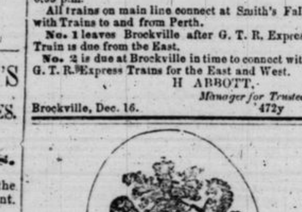
Sugars.—English, refined in loaves, Broken Loaf, Crushed White, Yellow Refined.

Chocolate and Cocoa Spices, Mustards, Essences, Syrups, Pickles, Sauces, Vinegars, and Bottled Fruits, in Syrup, Preserves, Potted Meats, Fruits Nuts, Provisions, Sugar Cured Hams, Spiced Rolled Hams, Bacon, Butter, Cheese, Crackers, Biscuits, Flour, Oatmeal, Barley, Peas, Rice, Labrador Herrings, Table Codfish, Digby Herrings, &c., &c.

Our stock is extensive and complete, and every article warranted to give satisfaction. All orders sent or left will be promptly attended to.

All Goods delivered on the shortest notice

Dalglish & Russell,
Wellington & Kent-sts.



Take Highest Premiums at the Paris Exposition.

PLATFORM, COUNTER, Warehouse, Grain, Coal, Hay, Railroad Track, Depot, Druggist, Gold, and all kinds of SCALES constantly on hand and for Sale.

FAIRBANKS, BROWN & Co.,
Boston, Mass.

Our Sole Agents in Ottawa,

ALEXANDER WORKMAN & Co.

November 18, 1867. 592-6m

NOTICE

IS hereby given that application will be made to each and every Parliament having jurisdiction, at the present or next session thereof, respectively, for an act to amend the act chaptered 106, passed at the Session of the Parliament for the late Province of Canada, held the 29th and 30th years of the Reign of Her Majesty Queen Victoria, intituled "An Act to Incorporate the Ottawa City Passenger Railway Company.

Dec. 2nd, 1867. 6072m

Bottled Ale,
Bottled Ale,
Bottled Ale.

THE Subscriber would call the attention of Families and others to his

Fine Bottled Ale!

Which is in splendid condition. Also,

Scotch, Irish, Old Rye

And other Malt Whiskies,

Ports, Sherries, Brandies, Gin, &c.,

Together with a General Assortment of

FIRST-CLASS GROCERIES.

A Call kindly Solicited.

D. WHELAN,
44, Rideau-street,
Opposite Allan's Crockery Store

Ottawa, Jan. 20, 18-8.

FOR SALE.

$50 PAIRS of Grey Twilled BLANKETS, in bales of 50 pairs

—ALSO,—

Canadian White Twilled and Whitney Blankets. English Grey Blankets, weighing from 8 to 10 pounds each.

E McGILLIVRAY.

Ottawa, December 23, 1867. 622-3m

PIANOFORTES!

Messrs. Orme & Son

BEG to intimate that they have on hand one of the FINEST COLLECTIONS of

Steinway, Chickering and Dunham PIANOFORTES

That have ever been offered for sale in Ottawa. These instruments were carfully selected by Mr. Nordheimer from the factories.

INSPECTION INVITED.

A splendid CHICKERING, only a few months in use, FOR SALE CHEAP, the proprietor having gone to England.

☞ Old Piano fortes taken in exchange.

25, Sparks-street,
Sign of the Golden Lyre.

January 27. 448y

PRIVATE BOARDING HOUSE.

MRS. RICHARD will open a Private first-class BOARDING HOUSE, Corner of SUSSEX and CLARENCE-STS., over Mr. Martineau's Dry Goods Store, on the 15th instant. Parties wishing quiet, good, comfortable board, with good attendance, will please apply and secure apartments.

Ottawa, February 6, 1868. 659-3m

AYER'S Sarsaparilla

FOR PURIFYING THE BLOOD.

And for the speedy cure of the following complaints:

Scrofula and Scrofulous Affections, such as Tumors, Ulcers, Sores, Eruptions, Pimples, Pustules, Blotches, Boils, Blains, and all Skin Diseases.

OXFORD, Ind., 6th June, 1859.

J. C. AYER & Co. Gents: I feel it my duty to acknowledge what your Sarsaparilla has done for me. Having inherited a scrofulous infection, I have suffered from it in various ways for years. Sometimes it burst out in Ulcers on my hands and arms; sometimes it turned inward and distressed me at the stomach. Two years ago it broke out on my head and my scalp and ears with one sore, which was painful and loathsome beyond description. I tried many medicines and several physicians, but without much relief from any thing. In fact, the disease grew worse. At length I was induced to read in the Gospel Messenger that you had prepared an alterative Compound, of which I knew from your reputation that you could do no good. I sent to Cincinnati and got one bottle of it. It relieved me. I took it as you directed, a small wineglass of a teaspoonful over a month, and used about three bottles. Now and healthy skin has grown in from under the scab, which after a while fell off. My skin is now clear, and I know by my feelings that the disease has gone from my system. You can well believe this, I feel, when I say I am saying when I tell you that I hold your Sarsaparilla to be one of the blessings of the age, and remain ever gratefully, Yours,

ALPHEUS B. TALLEY.

St. Anthony's Fire, Rose or Erysipelas, Tetter and Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Ringworm, Sore Eyes, Dropsy.

Dr. Robert M. Peebles writes from Salem, N. Y., 12th Sept., 1859, that he has cured an inveterate case of *Dropsy*, which threatened to terminate fatally, by the perseverance of our Sarsaparilla, and also a dangerous *Scald Head in the* by large doses of the same; says he uses the common *Sarsaparilla* in it constantly.

Leucorrhœa, Goitre or Swelled Neck.

Hezekiah Sloan of Prospect, Texas, writes: "Three bottles of your Sarsaparilla cured my wife of a most malignant *Goitre* on the neck, which I had suffered from over two years."

Leucorrhœa or Whites, Ovarian Tumor, Uterine Ulceration, Female Diseases.

Dr. J. S. Adams, of New York City, writes: "I most cheerfully comply with the request of your agent in my case. I have found your *Sarsaparilla* a most excellent alterative in the numerous complaints for which we make such a remedy, but especially in *Female Diseases* of the scrofulous diathesis. I have cured many inveterate cases of Leucorrhœa by it, and some where the confinement was caused by ulceration of the *uterus*. The ulceration itself was cured. Nothing within my knowledge equals it for these female derangements."

Edward S. Marrow, of Sandusky, Ills., writes, "A dangerous ulceration broke out on one of the females in my family, which had defied all the remedies we could employ, but it length been completely cured by your Extract of Sarsaparilla. Our physician thought nothing but extirpation could afford relief, but he advised the trial of your Sarsaparilla as the last resort before cutting, and it proved effectual. After taking your remedy eight weeks a symptom of the disease remains."

Syphilis and Mercurial Disease.

NEW ORLEANS, 25th August, 1859.

Dr. J. C. AYER: Sir—I cheerfully comply with the request of your agent, and report to you some of the effects I have realized with your Sarsaparilla.

I have cured with it, in my practice, most of the complaints for which it is recommended, and have found its effects truly wonderful in the cure of *Venereal and Mercurial Diseases*. One of my patients had Syphilitic ulcers in his throat, which were consuming his palate and the top of his mouth. Your Sarsaparilla, steadily taken, cured him in five weeks. Another was attacked by secondary symptoms in his nose, and the ulceration had eaten away a considerable part of it, so that I believe the disorder would soon reach his brain and kill him. But it yielded to my administration of your Sarsaparilla; the sores healed, and he is well again, not of course without some disfiguration to his face. A woman who had been treated for the same disorder by mercury was suffering from the poison in her bones. They had become so sensitive to the weather that on a damp day she suffered excruciating pain in her joints and bones. She, too, was cured entirely by your Sarsaparilla in a few weeks. I now from its formula, which your agent gave me, that this Preparation from your laboratory must be a great remedy; consequently, these truly remarkable results with it have not surprised me.

☞ Fraternally yours, G. V. LARIMER, M. D.

Rheumatism, Gout, Liver Complaint.

INDEPENDENCE, Preston Co., Va., 4th July, 1859.

Dr. J. C. AYER: Sir, I have been afflicted with a painful chronic *Rheumatism* for a long time, which baffled the skill of physicians, and took from me in spite of all the medicines I could find, until I tried your Sarsaparilla. One bottle cured me in two weeks, and restored my general health so much that I am far better than before I was attacked. I think it a wonderful medicine. J. FREAM.

Jules Y. Getchell, of St. Louis, writes: "I have been afflicted for years with an *affection of the Liver*, which destroyed my health. I tried every thing, and every thing failed to relieve me; and I have been a broken-down man some years from no other cause than *derangement of Liver*. My beloved pastor, the Rev. Mr. Kopp, advised me to try your Sarsaparilla, because he said he knew you, and any thing you made was worth trying. By the blessing of God it has cured me, and has so purified my blood as to make a new man of me. I feel young again. The best that can be said of you is not half good enough."

Schirrus, Cancer Tumors, Enlargement, Ulceration, Caries and Exfoliation of the Bones.

A great variety of cases have been reported to us where cures of these formidable complaints have resulted from the use of this remedy, but our space here will not admit them. Some of them may be found in our American Almanac, which the agents below named are pleased to furnish gratis to all who call for them.

Dyspepsia, Heart Disease, Fits, Epilepsy, Melancholy, Neuralgia.

Many remarkable cures of these affections have been made by the alterative power of this medicine. It stimulates the vital functions into vigorous action, and thus overcomes disorders which would be supposed beyond its reach. Such a remedy has long been required by the necessities of the people, and we are confident that this will be found to fill all that medicine can do.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,

FOR THE RAPID CURE OF

Coughs, Colds, Influenza, Hoarseness, Croup, Bronchitis, Incipient Consumption, and for the Relief of Consumptive Patients in advanced Stages of the Disease.

This is a remedy so universally known to surpass any other for the cure of throat and lung complaints, that it is useless here to publish the evidence of its virtues. Its unrivalled excellence for coughs and colds, and its truly wonderful cures of pulmonary disease, have made it known throughout the civilized nations of the earth. Few are the communities, or even families, among them who have not some personal experience of its effects—some living trophy in their midst of its victory over the subtle and dangerous disorders of the throat and lungs. As all know the dreadful fatality of these disorders, and as they know, too, the effects of this remedy, we need not do more than to assure them that it has now all the virtues that it did have when making the cures which have won so strongly upon the confidence of mankind.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts W. M. Massey, H. F. MacCarthy, and John Skinner, in Ottawa.

Royal Italian Bitters!

—OR,—

TONICO REALE

DEL DOTTORE F. P. VERRI,

Professor of Chemistry in the University o PADUA

ITALY.

THIS celebrated preparation for which a certificate of merit was awarded to the distinguished original preparer at the National Exposition at Torino, Italy, by whose favor Mr. GIANELLI obtained the recipe, and was also awarded a diploma at the Provincial Exhibition of Canada held at Montreal in September, 1865, is, without exception, the most genuine, salubrious and agreeable Tonic ever introduced to public notice either in Europe or America.

For seventeen years it has, in Italy, been a universal favorite among the *elite* of society, being generally served in the drawing room before dinner, in preference to Vermouth.

The ingredients of its composition have been imparted to the leading Physicians of Canada and the United States, and have received their unqualified approval on every account.

The proprietor refers with the greatest confidence and satisfaction to the subjoined testimonials from eminent medical men, which he could add to, were it desirable.

Kept by the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion of Canada and in the United States.

Sold by the Proprietor.

Dear Sir: You request my opinion of the "Royal Italian Bitters," prepared from a receipt of Dr Verri, of Padua. I beg to state that I consider it a most agreeable cordial tonic, in every way superior in flavour and composition to the ordinary bitter tonics in general use. I have recommended it to several patients, who have derived marked benefit from its use.

I am, dear Sir, yours faithfully,
G. E. FENWICK, M.D.

A. M. F. GIANELLI, Esq., Montreal.

A. M. FGIANELLI,
26, Hospital-street, Montreal.

Montreal, February, 1867.

MR GIANELLI,—*Dear Sir:* Having received from you a sample of the Royal Italian Bitters of Dr. Verri as prepared by you, I have much pleasure in testifying to its very excellent qualities as an agreeable and exhilarating tonic Bitter; nothing equal to it has ever come under my notice. Having also been made acquainted with its composition and mode of preparation, I feel nothing better could have been devised for general use; from it effects which I have observed in several cases, I think very many who now suffer from indigestion and dyspepsia in their various forms will find in it a panacea for all their ills.

Very truly,
W. E. BESSEY, M.D., C.M., &c.,
Beaver Hall Hill.

Letter from Drs. Picault.

Montreal, July 27, 1866.

To MR. ANGELIA GIANELLI.

Dear Sir: We are pleased to acknowledge the reception of the prescription of your valuable tonic and bitters, entitled "The Royal." All the substances contained in its composition are perfectly combined to form a preparation fit for the purposes detailed in your directions.

We are, dear Sir, yours sincerely,
DRS. PICAULT & SON.

New York, May 14, 1867.

A. M. F. GIANELLI, Esq., Montreal.

Dear Sir: Just recovering from a long and severe illness, I have received a sample of your Tonico Reale and from its use have derived considerable benefit, as I find my appetite and digestion much improved, and hesitate not to recommend it as one of the best and most agreeable Tonics I have ever used.

WILLIAM ARNOLD,
A.B., Trinity College, Dublin; M. R. C. S. London; M. D., New York, Licenciate Royal College Havana.

Letter from Dr. J. L. Leprohon, City Health Officer.

Montreal, March 29, 1867.

Dear Sir: My absence from Montreal has prevented me from acknowledging sooner the reception of your note and accompanying sample of the "Royal Italian Bitters."

I have no hesitation in stating that the ingredients entering into their composition are of a nature to render them decidedly useful in many cases of weakness of the digestive organs and of the general constitution. Their flavour is also very pleasant.

I remain, dear Sir, yours very sincerely,
J. L. LEPROHON, M.D.

A. GIANELLI,
Proprietor Cosmopolitan Hotel, Montreal
31, Temple-street, Boston,
July 1, 1867.

A. M. F. GIANELLI, Esq.,

My Dear Sir: I beg to acknowledge the receipt of a sample of your Royal Italian Bitters together with a note imparting to me the formula for their preparation. Having a large field where to try the effect of your Bitters, I have obtained flattering success in cases requiring the use of a mild, stimulatng tonic; and I will recommend your Bitters with pleasure in dyspepsia, indigestion, loss of appetite, general debility, and constitutional inactivity of the liver.

I remain, my dear Mr. Gianelli, yours, very truly,

E. DE LA GRANJA, M.D.

Letter from Dr. Holt, Professor of Midwifery and Diseases o Women and Children, McGill College.

Montreal, March 15, 1866.

My Dear Sir: I have to acknowledge from you the reception of a sample of your "Royal Bitters," of your own manufacture, and have subsequently had the opportunity afforded me of becoming acquainted not only with their preparation, but also with the materials which enter into their composition. Noting, I think, can excel the mode of filtration adopted, while the small amount of vinous ingredients must recommend them to general favour, even to those who usually disapprove of the use of such biverages, the proportion being only just sufficient to maintain their composition unimpaired in climates subject to considerable fluctuations of temperature.

From the nature or character of the materials employed in their composition, it is impossible to regard them otherwise than as the healthful, invigorating, yet mild tonic or stomachic, especially adapted to stomachs enfeebled by general sickness, and whose energy requires a gentle stimulus, preparatory to the indigestion of food.

I shall have pleasure in recommending their use in such suitable cases as may present themselves to me. I remain, dear Sir, yours very truly,

A. HALL, M.D.,
Professor Midwifery, McGill University.

A. GIANELLI, Esq., &c. &c., &c., &c.

From Dr. Muir, C. B. Inspector-General H. M. Hospitals in British America.

Montreal, August 1, 1866.

Sir: Having much practical experience of Bitters in the West Indies, in India, and other parts parts of the world where they are in request, I have no hesitation in giving it as my opinion that Dr. Verri's "Tonico Reale" is the *very best I have ever met with.*

W. M. MUIR, M D., Inspector-General.

Letter from Professor Smallwood, of McGill University.

32 Beaver Hall Terrace,
Montreal, August 1, 1866.

I am opinion that Dr. Verri's "Tonic Reale" is a very pleasant and palatable form for the exhibition of tonic bitters, in cases requiring such a preparation.

CHAS. SMALLWOOD, M.D., L.L.D., D.C.L.

To A. M. F. GIANELLI, Esq., Montreal

20, East 25th-street,
New York, May 9, 1867:

To A. M. F. GIANELLI, ESQ.,

Dear Sir,—The "Tonico Reale" I have tried faithfully, and it gives me great pleasure to state to you that it is the best and most agreeable Tonic I have ever used in my practice. I find it particularly adapted to females and children debilitated by the various diseases and complaints peculiar to them. If you will favor me with a letter stating where I can procure your Bitters for my patients, I shall take particular pains to recommend them. As a general rule the Bitters sold are *too* bitter and have too much *Alcohol*, and are hence often injurious.

Your "Tonico Reale" seems to me to be the Tonic we have long wished for, but never found until Prof. Verri, D.M., of Padua, has given it to the Medical World.

Respectfully yours,
WM. FRED. HOLCOMB, M.D.,

Professor of Aural and Ophthalmic Surgery in New York Medical College, and Surgeon to New York Ophthalmic Hospital and Demuit Dispensary.

Letter from Dr W F Campbell, Editor Medical Journal.

Montreal, August 20, 1867.

Dear Sir: I have to acknowledge the receipt of a sample of your "Tonic Reale," accompanied by a note informing me of its composition, and how prepared. While not believing in any universal Tonic, I am forced to admit that there are many cases where just such a preparation as yours would be invaluable. In cases of Chronic Dyspepsia, I have several times recommended its use and with much benefit. Yours, &c.,

FRS W CAMPBELL, MDLRCP,
London.

M A F GIANELLI, Esq, Montreal.

Letter from Dr Scott, Professor of Anatomy, McGill College.

Montreal, October 26, 1866.

A FM GIANELLI, Esq.,

Dear Sir: Having been furnished with a very *liberal* sample of your "Tonic Reale," Royal Bitters, I have delayed giving you my opinion of its merits until I had an opportunity of stating, from experience, some of the advantages which I have found derived from the employment of the Tonic.

I have noticed great benefit from the use of the "Royal Bitters" in indigestion, loss of appetite, general debility, and some nervous affections. The Tonic is most carefully prepared, and will be found a very agreeable Bitter and gentle stimulant; and from knowing its composition, I have pleasure in recommending it to the public; feeling satisfied that when more extensively known, the Tonic will be very generally used.

W E SCOTT, MD,
Professor Anatomy McGill University: Physician General Hospital, &c., &c.

New York, June 1, 1867.

MR. GIANELLI,—*Dear Sir:* After a fair trial I take pleasure in recommending your Royal Bitters. It is a very excellent stimulating tonic, aiding digestion and giving tone to the digestive organs. In your note you informed me of the ingredients. I think it is a most admirable combination; a pleasant, useful, and reliable tonic.

Yours truly,
R. P. COOKE, M.D.,
New York City.

New York, April 25, 1867.

A. M. F. GIANELLI,—*Sir:* Your kind favour of 16th instant, together with a sample of your "Tonico Reale" Royal Bitters,—I am pleased not only with its composition, but also with the effect, and regard the preparation as a very elegant one, suited to many cases when a more powerful compound would not be used. After having had further opportunity, I shall be able to give a more intelligent opinion in regard to its efficacy.

Have you any agency in this city? Many of my patients are anxious to use the Tonic but know not where to procure it. Yours truly,

C. PRINCE, M.D.,
157, East 10th-street.

22, West Eleventh-street,
New York, May 9, 1867.

A. M. F. GIANELLI, Esq.

Dear Sir: The sample of your Royal Italian Bitters, through your politeness, was received some time since. I am happy to say respecting them, after giving them a fair trial, that they are a delicious tonic, stomachic and stimulant Bitters, which I think will be found very useful to the debilitated suffering from indigestion, constipation, or dyspepsia.

With my best wishes for your success,
I am respectfully yours,
G. MILIANO, M.D.

Letter from Dr. Hingston, Physician Hotel Dieu Hospital.

Montreal, August 1, 1867.

The "Tonico Reale" of Dr. Verri, prepared by Mr. Gianelli of this city, sad introduced to the public as the "Royal Italian Bitters," is one of the most elegant preparations with which I am acquainted. Mr. Gianelli having made known to me its composition, I can, unhesitatingly, recommend it to those who require the combined use of an agreeable tonic and stimulant.

WM. H. HINGSTON, M.D., L.R.C.S., &c.,
Surgeon to St. Patrick's Department, Hotel Dieu.

September 14, 1867. 538-37w6m

FRESH ARRIVALS
OF
Very Choice and Superior TEAS

NOW ON SALE

AT THE

1,000 CHESTS UNCOLORED JAPAN.

500 Chests very choice and superior YOUNG HYSON.

700 Chests Good Strong TWANKAY

100 Chests old fashioned BREAKFAST SOUCHONG.

150 Caddies MANDARIN MIXTURE.

☞ This is the finest BLACK TEA ever imported, 5s per pound; in small Caddies, about 14 lb each, 6s 9d.

COFFEE!

The Pure Mountain Berry

"Without exception the finest Coffee in the world."—*London Times, March 16.*

We are constantly receiving supplies of this truly beautiful and delicious COFFEE, *roasted daily on our premises by*

Dakins' Patent Silver Cylinder

By which peculiar process, its aroma is preserved, an renders it the FAVORITE WITH ALL COFFEE DRINKERS.

BEWARE OF SPURIOUS IMITATIONS.

☞ As it is imported by no other firm in Canada

ROBINSON & CO.,
THE TEA POT,
OTTAWA

Wines, Spirits & Liquors

ROBINSON & CO. would especially ll the attention of families to their stock of

ALES, WINES & SPIRITS

100 cases Otard Brandy.
50 " Martell's
150 " Hennessey.
75 " United Vinquels

We have a most delicious

DINNER SHERRY

Which we are selling at 8 shillings per gallon

GUINESS & CO.

DUBLIN STOUT!

BLOOD' LONDON STOUT.
BARCLAY'S LONDON PORTER
ALLSOP'S PALE ALE.
BASS' EAST INDIA.
DOW'S CELEBRATED MONTREAL ALE
DAW'S SUPERIOR LACHINE ALE
DAW'S CELEBRATED PORTER & STOUT

PRESERVED MEATS.

Just Received from England:

ROAST HARE.
CURRIED DO.
JUGGED DO.
STEWED DO.
ROAST PHEASANTS.
ROAST GROUSE.
OAST PARTRIDGE

ALL GOODS DELIVERED FREE by our own Waggons to any part of the City daily

ROBINSON & CO.
THE TEA POT,
OTTAWA.

Establishments—Sussex St. and Rideau St

Ottawa, September 10. 225tf

PRIVATE BILLS.

ON the re-assembling of the Parliament of Canada, in March, PETITIONS FOR PRIVATE BILLS will be received, in the House of Commons, until Thursday, the 2nd of April following.

W. B. LINDSAY,
Clerk, House of Commons.

Ottawa, Feb. 1, 1868. 655tMh12

GREAT DISCOVERY.

EVERY MAN HIS OWN ARTIST!

A SCIENTIFIC WONDER.

AN Instrument by which any person can take correct Likenesses or Photographs. This instrument with full instructions sent by mail for one dollar. Address,

C. B. AMES & CO.,
Broadway, New York.

64'-2

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

FARM FOR SALE.

FOR SALE, Lot No. 15, 4th Concession Gloucester, Rideau Front, 7 miles from Ottawa, on the Macadamized Road, leading from Ottawa to Metcalf, consisting of 100 acres, 80 of which are cleared, and in the highest state of cultivation. The soil is of the very best quality; there is a good dwelling house, barn, stable and other out buildings thereon. This farm is well fenced and watered.

For further particulars apply to
H. McLEAN, Auctioneer,
Or the subscriber, on the premises,
W. HALPENNY.

Gloucester, Sept. 13, 1867. 557 37-6m

NOTICE.

THE Undersigned will either sell or let for a few years his well known farm, being lot Twenty-five in the Fourth Concession of Gloucester, Rideau Front, 215 acres all cleared, and well fenced and in a good state of cultivation. Also, the one-half of lot Twenty-seven in the Third Concession, being in its natural state, all wood and excellent land. It is just the crop of two hundred acres from the corner of the one lot to the other. The railroad line runs within ten feet of the front corner of the one hundred and in sight of the two hundred for two or three miles. The Station at Cunningham's is scarcely a mile and a half from the front of Lot Twenty-five. The above farm is capable of keeping thirty head of milch cows, two span of horses, and as many young cattle as it would be proper to raise. Eight or nine years ago I kept twenty-two milch cows, and ten or twelve horses, and raised five or six calves every year. The above farm is about ten miles, from the door, to the limits of the City. The improvements cannot be surpassed for a farmer's purpose. The dwelling-house is stone, 30 by 40, a story and a half over ground; and a cellar nine feet high, the one half used for a kitchen and the other half capable of holding 1,000 bushels of anything you wish to put into it; there is three small windows in it, and when cleaned in the Spring, makes an excellent milk-house or dairy; there is a frame wood shed at the door, 60 by 24, with 14 feet taken off the one end for a coachhouse, and overhead for a storehouse; next to that is a stable 36 by 26, finished inside, complete with four large double stalls and two single ones, and good room for hanging

The Times

VOL. II. NO 675. OTTAWA, TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 25, 1868. PRICE—3 CENTS

THE

Ottawa Daily Times,

(Published every morning, Sundays excepted.)

THE DAILY AND WEEKLY TIMES NOW enjoys THE LARGEST CIRCULATION of any paper published in the Ottawa Valley—issuing of the Daily over 4,000! and Weekly over 4,000! making a total circulation in the week of over 8,000! thus outstripping all competitors, and affording the best medium for business men to advertise in.

ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in the Daily at the following rates:

Business Cards of from 3 to 6 lines, per annum—payable in advance only..... $6 00
Transient Advertisements, first insertion per line..... 8c
All subsequent insertions, per line..... 2c
Yearly advertisers specially contracted with, and liberal allowance made.
Yearly subscription to the Daily (if paid in advance)..... $5 00
If not paid in advance..... 6 00
Yearly subscription to the weekly (if paid in advance)..... $1 00
If not paid in advance..... 1 50

ADVERTISING AGENCY.—Messrs. S. M. Pettengill & Co., 54, Park Row, New York, and State Street, Boston, General Advertising Agents, are hereby authorized to receive Advertisements for the OTTAWA TIMES

LEGAL.

MOSGROVE & TAILLON,
BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.
WILLIAM MOSGROVE. GEORGE TAILLON.
Ottawa, Feb. 20, 1868. 366-tf

DR. O. C. WOOD,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur Ottawa. Day office opposite Magee & Russell's, Sparks Street, Center Town; Night Office at his Residence, Maria Street, Center Town.
CANCERS CURED, with or the use of the knife, by a new, but certain, speedy, and almost painless process. References given to parties successfully treated, if required. The cure guaranteed.
Ottawa, April 14 17w-100-y

R. J. WICKSTEED,
ADVOCATE, &c., 42, Little St. James Street, MONTREAL.
November 14, 1867. 589-6m

N. TETREAU,
NOTARY PUBLIC for the Province of Quebec, HULL, near the Post Office.
Dec. 6, 1867. 390tf

NICHOLAS SPARKS,
LAW, Chancery and Conveyancing Office, Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite Post Office.
Ottawa, July 19. 489y

LAPIERRE & HAYCOCK,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers and Notaries Public, corner of Sussex and York-streets, Ottawa.
Ottawa, February 26, 1867. 368y

D. O'CONNOR,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex Street. OFFICE: Union Buildings, Ottawa.
February 21, 1866. 55-y

R. H. HAYCOCK,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor.
OFFICE: Post Office Building, Elgin Street, Ottawa.
February 7, 1866. 43-y

A. F. BOUCHETTE,
ADVOCATE. Office: No. 17, St. Peter Street, Quebec. Mr. Bouchette will always be prepared to attend promptly to any business the government employes, and the public generally may entrust him. Mr. B. attends regularly the circuit in and for the district of Quebec.
December 28, 1865. 9-y

E. J. BUCKLEY, LL.B.,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law Solicitor-in-Chancery, and Notary Public, office, over Mr. Luke Cassar's Boot and Shoe store, Rideau Street, Ottawa, C. W.
January 17 1867. 334y

AUGUSTUS KEEFER,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c.
Office: Opposite Post Office, Elgin Street, in the rooms lately occupied as the Custom House.
Ottawa, March 30. 87-tf

J. F. BOULTON,
BARRISTER-AT-LAW, Solicitor-in-Chancery, &c.
OFFICE: Aumond's Buildings, Rideau Street.
Ottawa, Jan. 12, 1866. 21-y

M. McLEOD,
BARRISTER, Etc., for Lower Canada. OFFICES: Court House, Aylmer and Buckingham, C.E.
Attends to all Law Courts in the District of Ottawa.
February 7, 1866. 43-tf

LEES & GEMMELL,
BARRISTERS, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c.
OFFICE: In the Court House, Ottawa, C. W.
ROBERT LEES. JOHN J. GEMMELL.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-tf

EDWARD T. DARTNELL,
BARRISTER, Solicitor, Attorney, and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Crown Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell.
OFFICE: In the Court House, L'Original.
January 27, 1866. 34-6m

MEDICAL.

DR. CHESLEY,
OFFICE over Mr. Garth's Establishment, 25 Rideau-st., Ottawa.
May 30 447tf

DR. C. LEGGO,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Office: Hanton's Block, Sparks Street.

DR. DORION,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon, and Accoucheur, Clarence Street, Ottawa.
March 1. 371y

DR. OLIVER MARTIN,
DENTIST. Office: Sparks Street, Central Ottawa.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-tf

DR. C. A. MARTIN,
DENTIST. Office: Sussex Street, over Messrs. Campbell & Co.'s, Grocers.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-tf

DR. JOHN LEGGO,
DENTIST, Hunton's Block, Sparks Street. Teeth extracted without pain by means of the Ethereal Spray Producer. 559a

W. R. BELL, A.M., M.D., C.M., &c.
(RECENTLY FROM ENGLAND.)
SURGERY and Residence, George Street.
Ottawa, November 13. 280y

DR. LESLIE JONES,
Surgeon, &c., of Dublin and Edinburgh,
SURGERY and Consulting Office, Rideau-st., next door to the St. Lawrence Hall. Residence—Daly Street. 584y

DR. GEORGE HUTCHISON,
DENTIST: Office, Sparks-street, opposite Magee & Russell's.
Ottawa, October 30, 1867. 576y

DR. W. J. HENRY,
CORNER of Kent and Wellington Streets, Ottawa.
November 6. 43utf

G. J. O'DOHERTY,
LAW, CHANCERY and CONVEYANCING OFFICE, AUMOND'S BUILDINGS, Rideau-street.
Ottawa, Dec. 6, 1867. 568-49y

HOLGATE, OLIVER & ANNABLE,
WHOLESALE Manufacturers of Bedsteads, Chairs, &c., Chaudiere Island, Ottawa, C. W.
WILLIAM HOLGATE,
JOHN OLIVER,
WILLIAM ANNABLE.
Ottawa 506y

BUSINESS CARDS.

B. BILLINGS, JR.,
ARCHITECT, Elgin-street, opposite the Post Office.
REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq. Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq. Managing Director O & P R W 612-6m

R. SPARKS,
PROVINCIAL LAND SURVEYOR, Draughtsman, &c., (commissioned for Upper and Lower Canada.) Office and residence, Gloucester, near Ottawa. Surveys of every description executed with accuracy. Communications addressed Ottawa City, (post-paid), or left at the office of N. Sparks, Solicitor, &c., Ottawa, will receive prompt attention.
Ottawa, February 21, 1866. 55-

N. McKINNON,
COMMISSION and Exchange Broker, and Insurance Agent, Sparks-street, opposite Magee & Russell's, Ottawa, C. W.
Ottawa, March 25. 391y

O'CONNOR & WALLER,
EXCHANGE Brokers, Fire, Life and Accidental Insurance, Commission and Collecting Agents. Office, No. 27, Sussex-street, Ottawa.
E. E. O'CONNOR. W. R. WALLER.
March 9. 378y

J. P. MACPHERSON,
BARRISTER, &c., Ottawa. Office: Lang's Buildings, opposite Post Office Ottawa, March 10, 1866. 70-y

H. McLEAN'S
AUCTION Rooms, No. 19, Sparks Street, Centre Town, Ottawa, opposite Hope's Stationery Store.
The sale of Real Estate at Auction or Private Sale promptly attended to. Consignments received for positive sale. Parties wishing to purchase Real Estate will receive all information FREE OF CHARGE by calling at the office.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y

R. H. McGREEVY,
CONTRACTOR and Builder. Office: North side York street, second door from Sussex Street.
Ottawa, March 20, 1866. 78-y

S. CHRISTIE,
COMMISSION Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.
OFFICE: No. 3, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W. y

PARLIAMENTARY AGENCY.

C. J. BOUCHETTE,
P. L. SURVEYOR and Draughtsman, Mining, Land, and General Parliamentary Agent. References unexceptionable. OFFICE: Wellington Street, next to British Hotel, and nearly opposite the banks, Ottawa.
P. S.—Special attention given with despatch to Public Land business, adjusting disputed claims, and securing Patents.
Ottawa, May 22. 132-y

JOHN MERCER,
Teacher Piano-Forte, Violin, &c.
THOROUGH BASS.
AYLMER, C. E.
VISITS OTTAWA TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS.
Orders left at Union House will be punctually attended to.
Ottawa, July 26. 187tf

HOTELS AND SALOONS.

DOMINION HOUSE!
WELLINGTON-STREET,
COLIN McLaurin & Geo. Irvine, Proprietors. This hotel has been lately fitted up, and is now replete with every convenience which characterises a modern hotel.
☞ Boarders taken at moderate rates. The bar is always stocked with first-class liquors.
Ottawa, Feb. 5. 638-6wy

HOLT'S HOTEL,
AYLMER, C. E., Livery and General Stage Office. Alfred Moses Holt, Jr., Prop'tr.
December 21, 1865. 4-y

JAS. JOHNSTON'S
UNION HOUSE, North Gower. Good Stabling and an attentive Hostler.
January 11, 1866. 20-y

DUIGNAN'S
PRIVATE HOTEL, Sparks Street, Ottawa, C. W. A few gentlemen can obtain superior apartments.
Ottawa, Dec. 20, 1865. 3-y

THE RUSSELL HOUSE,
LATE CAMPBELL'S HOTEL, Ottawa, C. W. The undersigned, proprietor of the above-named Hotel, begs leave to acquaint his numerous friends and the travelling public, that he has re-painted and newly-furnished throughout this commodious establishment, in the management of which by strict attention to business and guests, he hopes to deserve encouragement and support.
JAMES E. GOUIN,
Lately, and for many years connected with Russell's Hotel, Pavace Street, Quebec

THE ALBION HOTEL
NICHOLAS Street, Court-House Avenue, Ottawa, John Graham, Proprietor.
This House is conveniently situated, and still maintains its character as a FIRST-CLASS HOTEL. Considerable additions have recently been made to the premises, and it has been entirely repainted and renovated. No pains will be spared to accommodate and please.
OMNIBUSES to and from the cars and boats free of charge. There is a FIRST-CLASS LIVERY STABLE attached to the Hotel.
Ottawa 1866. 1-y

JOHN MALTMAN
LATE McADAM'S, Commercial Hotel, Packenham.
The above Hotel, one of the oldest and best known in Packenham, has been leased by the undersigned and thoroughly overhauled and refitted for the special accommodation of guests. THE TABLE AND BAR will at all times be furnished with the very best the market affords.
GOOD STABLING and a careful Hostler always in attendance
JOHN MALTMAN.

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,
M. KAVANAGH, Proprietor, Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington Streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government buildings.
The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.
☞ Oysters, Game etc., daily

THE METROPOLITAN
Aumond's Block,
Rideau Street, Ottawa.
P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.
Ottawa, November 27. 202tf

THE REVERE HOUSE,
OTTAWA.
G. A. BUCKE, W. H. SANGER, ...PROPRIETORS.
THIS FIRST-CLASS HOTEL has been re-furnished and refitted throughout, and now combines all the requisites of a first-class establishment.
Ottawa, Nov. 6, 1867 583tf

MISS LOVETT'S
PRIVATE HOTEL
HOLLIS STREET, HALIFAX, N. S.
STRANGERS will find this long established and well known house to be the most comfortable and well conducted in the city.
December 23, 1867. 622-6m

TO PARTIES ABOUT TO BUILD—
PLANS,
SPECIFICATIONS,
ESTIMATES, &
Prepared by
AUGUSTUS LAVER,
ARCHITECT
End Daly st. Ottawa.
April 1. 429y

DRUGGISTS.

Extensive Sale
—OF—
Drugs, Patent Medicines,
DYE STUFFS, &c.
THE Entire Stock of Drugs, &c., &c., saved from the late disastrous fire by Dr. J. GARVEY, is now offered FOR SALE at the Office of EDWARD BEARMAN, Esq., over COWAN'S HARDWARE STORE, Rideau-street.
Buyers are requested to call at once, as the entire stock must be disposed of.
J. GARVEY, M. D.
Ottawa, Feb. 18, 1868. 669tf

CAUTION.
THE Subscriber regrets the necessity for cautioning the public against imitations of his popular Pomades,
The Alexandra Cream
AND
The Canada Pomade
But having been informed that some unprincipled person has put up inferior articles, copying the labels word for word, and thereby greatly damaging the sale of the genuine articles, he is compelled to take this course in self-defence.
For the future every genuine pot will bear my written signature in RED INK, across the face of the label.
W. M. MASSEY,
Family and Dispensing Chemist,
Medical Hall, 28, Sparks-st.
Ottawa, Feb. 6, 1868. 472y

Spectacles for all Sights.

OPTICAL Instruments Electro-Magnetic and Galvanic Apparatus, Photographic Chemicals, &c.
W. HEARN,
Market Drug Store,
637y York-street.

Apothecaries Hall!
No. 41, SUSSEX STREET,
G. MORTIMER, - - - PROPRIETOR
NONE OTHER GENUINE!
TRADE MARK IS REGISTERED
Canadian Cough Emulsion.
THIS Valuable Medicine has the extraordinary property of immediately relieving Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Difficulty of Breathing, Tightness in the Chest, &c., &c. It operates by dissolving the congealed phlegm, causing free expectoration, and an agreeable moistness of the skin. Prepared only by
GEORGE MORTIMER,
Chemist and Druggist, 41, Sussex Street, Ottawa City. Sold in bottles at 1s 3d and 2s 6d each.

MORTIMER'S
COMPOUND ANTIBILIOUS
AND FAMILY APERIENT PILLS.
A grand Specific for derangement of the digestive organs, and for obstructions and torpid action of the Liver and Bowels.

MORTIMER'S Vegetable WORM DESTROYER.
The only sure remedy that exists. Combining delicious taste with amazing power. Also
CAMPHORATED EYE-WATER,
Sure Cure for Sore, Weak and Inflamed Eyes.

MORTIMER'S
Colognes, Pomades, Toilet Vinegar, Rose Dentrifice, for the Teeth and Gums. Also constantly on hand, Perfumes of all kinds, and Toilet requisites usually kept in a first-class establishment.

FOUND,
A NEVER Failing Remedy for Coughs and Colds, Mortimer's Canadian Cough Emulsion. No family should be without a bottle. None genuine but from
G. MORTIMER,
Chemist, 41, Sussex-st.
The best of Certificates can be produced.
Ottawa, Nov. 22, 1867. 596-6m

OTTAWA
DRUG WAREHOUSE,
RIDEAU STREET
1866 SEEDS. SEEDS. 1866.
A LARGE STOCK OF FRESH GARDEN and FIELD SEEDS, just arrived and on Sale. All Seeds warranted Fresh.
A large importation of English and French PERFUMES will arrive next week.
FLORIDA WATER. SOZODONT.
HAIR BRUSHES. COMBS.
NAIL BRUSHES. CLOTHES BRUSHES,
&c., &c., &c
Just being opened up.
JOSEPH GARVEY, M.D.
P. S.—Advice to the poor gratis.
Ottawa, April 11. 97-y

DOMESTIC DYES.
THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT OF DYES in this city on sale at the
Ottawa Drug Warehouse.
A free Lot of Good, Cheap PERFUMES just received.
N. B.—Prescriptions carefully and promptly prepared.
J. GARVEY, M. D.
Ottawa, Feb. 12 1866 47-utf

PARLIAMENT
HAIRDRESSING SALOON!

E. MILES,
Hairdresser by Appointment to His Excellency the Governor-General,
HAS REMOVED HIS PARLIAMENT HAIR DRESSING SALOON from the old stand to his new and commodious room over the LONDON MUSIC STORE, on Elgin-st., opposite the Russell House, which he has fitted up in the most recherche style of the business, and where his Rotary Hair Brush, which he imported expressly for himself, being the first introduced into British America, will be kept ready for use. The saloon is delightfully ventilated, and very pleasantly situated.
Mr. MILES would take this opportunity of returning his most sincere thanks to his many friends and the public, for their kind and generous patronage to him, during a number of years, in his old establishment, and trusts that by unremitting attention to business, and in his new and first-class saloon, with polite and attentive workmen, to merit a continuance of their favors.
All kinds of Hair Watch Guards, Finger Rings, &c., manufactured to order. For the convenience of ladies orders will be received at the London Music store, where a fine and varied assortment of Hair-work will be found.
E. MILES,
Hair Dresser, by appointment, to his Excellency the Governor-General.
Ottawa, October 3 1867 553-39y

Piano-Forte Tuition!
W. C. CLARK,
PROFESSOR OF MUSIC and Teacher of Piano, Voice and Harmony. Also, Mrs. Clark, Teacher of Drawing and Painting. Music Rooms and Residence, 69 Sparks-street, one door east of Toronto House.
☞ Orders may be left at residence or at Orme & Lee's Music Store. 429y

GREAT CLEARING SALE
—OF—
Dry Goods and Ready-made Clothing,
—AT—
J. T. Prudhomme's Stores,
SUSSEX-STREET, FACING CLARENCE-STREET,
And at the Sign of the "Golden Lamb."
AS the Subscriber intends closing one of his Stores on the first day of December, he is determined to sell off at an immense reduction his stock of
DRY GOODS & READY-MADE CLOTHING
—CONSISTING OF—

Beaver Cloths,	West of England Broad Cloths,	Col. and White Blankets
Pilot do	Black Cassimeres,	Horse Rugs,
Whitney do	Silk Mix Coatings,	Flannels,
Melton do	" " Trowserings,	Kerseys,
Sattinet do	Fancy Doeskins,	Winceys,

English, Scotch and Canadian Tweeds.

DRAWERS,	SHAWLS,		BUCKMITTS,
SHIRTS,	CLOAKINGS,		BUCK MOCASSINS,
WOOL CRAVATS,	DRESS GOODS,		WOOL SOCKS
SCARFS,	NECK TIES,		MITTS,
NECK TIES,	PRINTS,		TRUNKS,
COLLARS,	COBOURGS,		VALISES

—ALSO, A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF—
Boots and Shoes, Teas, Soap, Candles and Wines
The whole to be disposed of before the 1st day of December. Call early and examine before purchasing elsewhere.
Ottawa, November 19, 1867. 593-3m

RELIANCE
MUTUAL LIFE ASSURANCE CO'Y.
ESTABLISHED 1840.
CHIEF OFFICE—71, King William-street, Mansion House, LONDON.
ACCUMULATED PREMIUMS OVER, - - - $1,000,000.
ANNUAL INCOME OVER, - - - - - - $300,000.
TRUSTEES.
The Right Rev the Bishop of Moray and Ross.
Viscount Kirkaldie — J R S Phillipps, Esq — Sir John T Tyrell, Bart
John Ledger, Esq — James Traill, Esq — W M Tufnell, Esq
DIRECTORS.
George Ashlin, Esq — John W Lay, Esq — Henry T Prinsep, Esq
W W Buffield, Esq — John Ledger, Esq — Major Skinner, R A
J W Egerton-green, Esq — J Outyparker, Esq — Charles H Smith, Esq
George T Harris, Esq — William Phelps, Esq — James Traill, Esq
John James, Esq — John Pike, Esq — W M Tufnell, Esq
Edward White, Esq
MEDICAL OFFICERS.
J W Ogle, Esq. M D — H F Smith, Esq. M D
BANKS.
Messrs William Deacon Co, Birchin Lane, Messrs Sparrow, Tufnell & Co, Chelmsford. The London and County Bank,
SOLICITORS.
Messrs Hooke & Street, 27 Lincoln's Inn Fields. Messrs Gepp & Veley, Chelmsford.
EDWARD BUTLER, Secretary.
Canada Branch—Montreal.
BOARD OF DIRECTORS.
Walter Shanly, Esq. M P, Chairman.
Duncan Macdonald, Esq. — George Winks, Esq. — W H Hingston, Esq. M D, L R C S.
SOLICITORS—Messrs Rose & Ritchie. MEDICAL ADVISER—W H Hingston, Esq. M D.
The entire profits of this old and long established society belong to the policy holders, who are protected from all liability by the deed of settlement.
Annuities and endowments granted on advantageous terms.
Advances made on approved security in connection with Life Policies.
Every information to be had on application to any of the Society's Agents; and, or to
T W GRIFFITH, Manager and Secretary.
Head Office for the Dominion of Canada—Corner St Francois Xavier-street.
☞ Agents wanted in unrepresented districts throughout Canada.
589-6m NEIL McKINNON, Agent for Ottawa.

Etna Fire and Marine Insurance Co
The Number of Shareholders exceed Five Hundred.
Capital,..... $2,500,000.
Annual Income Nearly..... $1,000,000.
HEAD OFFICE—Upper Sackville-street, Dublin, Ireland; CHIEF OFFICE, ENGLAND—17 and 18 Corn Hill, London; CHIEF OFFICE, SCOTLAND—98 George-st., Edinburgh
DIRECTORS.
John Obins Woodhouse, Esq, 82 Pembroke Road, Dublin; Omeath Park, Co Louth; Portadown, Co Armagh; Kerry Keel, Co Armagh and Down—Chairman.
Robert Craven Wade, Esq, Conebraney, Crosskeale, Co Meath, and Sackville Street Club, Dublin, J P for Counties Meath and Wicklow—Director Scottish Amicable Life Office.
Charles Going Malone, Esq, Merchant, Stephen-street and George-street, Dublin; Cranworth Lodge, Dundrum, Co Dublin—Director Commercial Gas Company.
John William Gregg, Esq, Alderman, Merchant, 18 Upper Sackville-street, Dublin—Vice Chairman.
Irwine Smith Whitty, Esq, 6 Wellington Road, Dublin—Director Government Prisons.
Bernard Coyne, Esq, 27 Waterloo Road, Dublin, J P, Co Mayo.
Jeffry Martin, Esq, 2 Clarinda Park, East Kingstown, Dublin, and Curraghmore, Ballinrobe, Co Mayo, J P for Co Mayo.
Robert Conway Hurly, Esq, Bridge House and Glenduff, Tralee; J P for Co Kerry.
David Richardson Goodlatt, Esq Merchant.
FEATURES.
A division of profits every three years to holders of policies who have no losses.
MODERATE PREMIUMS.
The company do not advocate high premiums, but rates will be charged according as the nature of the risk. Losses will be promptly and fully met on adjustment. Losses by lightning and loss or damage by explosion of gas within the premises insured made good.
JOHN INNIS, ESQ, Manager.
N B—The above company have invested in Canadian Government Bonds, in conformity with the Provincial Act, and have obtained the license of the Minister of Finance to do business in Canada, and are now prepared to take risks.
T. W. GRIFFITH, Manager for Canada.
Head Office for the Dominion—Corner of St Francois Xavier and St Sacrament-streets, Montreal.
Agents wanted in unrepresented districts throughout Canada.
589-6m NEIL McKINNON, Agent for Ottawa.

STOVES. STOVES. STOVES.
STOVES. STOVES. STOVES.
STOVES. STOVES. STOVES.
"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT! 35, SUSSEX STREET. H. MEADOWS & CO.
WE have received our fall and Winter Stock of STOVES, STOVE PIPES, ELBOWS, DUMB STOVES, TINWARE and LUMBERMEN'S SUPPLIES, which we offer Wholesale or Retail at low prices. In Cooking, Parlor, Box and Hall Stoves, for wood or coal, we have the largest and most varied assortment ever shown in Ottawa.

COOKING STOVES.	COOKING STOVES.	COOKING STOVES.
COOKING STOVES.	COOKING STOVES.	COOKING STOVES
COOKING STOVES.	COOKING STOVES.	COOKING STOVES.

☞ Our stock of the above comprises the latest improvements in both ELEVATED and LOW OVEN STOVES.

BOX AND HALL STOVES.	BOX AND HALL STOVES.	
BOX AND HALL STOVES.	BOX AND HALL STOVES.	
BOX AND HALL STOVES.	BOX AND HALL STOVES.	

☞ Suitable for private Dwellings and Churches, Warehouses and Stores.

PARLOR STOVES.	PARLOR STOVES.	PARLOR STOVES.
PARLOR STOVES.	PARLOR STOVES	PARLOR STOVES.
PAR TOVES.	PARLOR STOVES.	PARLOR STOVES.

☞ New and most beautiful designs, very cheap.
COAL STOVES. PARLOR GRATES.
Hot Air Furnaces.
We still continue to manufacture every description of TIN, SHEET IRON, and COPPER WARE, RUSSIA IRON PIPE, and DUMB STOVES. ☞ Also all kinds of out-door Job Work in our line attended to by competent and experienced Mechanics. Country Merchants supplied with Stovepipes, &c., at reduced rates.
Lumbermen's Supplies! Lumbermen's Supplies! Stanty Plates! Basins! Camp Kettles, &c.
HOUSEFURNISHING GOODS!
Bird Cages! Bird Cages! Bird Cages!
Price Lists sent free on application.
☞ Any part of a Stove sold by us can be replaced when broken or burnt out, a fact intending buyers would do well to note.
An inspection of the above goods invited at the
"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,
35, SUSSEX STREET.
H. MEADOWS & CO.
Ottawa, October 2, 1867. 62-y

INSURANCE.

INTERCOLONIAL
ASSURANCE CO'Y.
OF CANADA.
Capital - - - $500,000.
With power to increase the same.
SHARES, - - $100 EACH.
PROVISIONAL DIRECTORS:
H. O. Burritt, Esq., President; R. Lyon, Esq. Mayor of Ottawa, Vice-President; T. D. Harington, Dy. Receiver General; the Hon. J. Skend, J. M. Currier, M. P., D. McLaughlin, M.P., W. Wade, Esq., F. Jones, M.P., W. Ellis, Esq., W. H. Brouse, M.D., Joseph Aumond, Esq., M. K. Church, M.D., and J. M. Bates.
THIS is purely a Canadian Institution, and as such is deserving of the support of the Canadian public.
An Act for the Incorporation of this Company is now before the Parliament of the Dominion.
Over $100,000 of stock is already subscribed and it is the intention to deposit with the Government as a guarantee of our good faith, at least $50,000 as soon as an Act of Incorporation is procured (which will be a provision of our Incorporation.) It is unnecessary here to dilate upon the profits of money invested in Insurance Stock. Suffice it to say, that, at least in one instance 3335 per cent advance has been obtained on insurance stock, and that after the payment of princely dividends. In the meantime Subscriptions to Stock, in Ottawa may be made at the Ontario and Royal Canadian Banks, and a deposit of 10 per cent is requisite which will be deposited in Trust to be returned in case any subscriber is not satisfied with his investment up to one month after the Vice-Regal sanction to the Charter is obtained.
J. M. BATES,
Pro. Manager and Secretary.
Ottawa, Nov. 21, 1867. 595tf

CITY OF GLASGOW
Life Assurance Company
ESTABLISHED 1838.
CAPITAL, £600,000 Sg.
ANNUAL REVENUE OVER £120,000 Stg.
THIS COMPANY OFFERS TO THE public the combined advantage of perfect security, moderate premiums and liberal participation in profits. No extra charge for Volunteers in defence of the country.
RINTOUL BROS., Montreal, General Agents for Canada.
NEIL McKINNON, Agent,
Sparks-street, Ottawa.
Ottawa March 25. 391y

Ætna Life Insurance Company.
ESTABLISHED, A. D. 1820.
Capital and Assets, 1st Jan., 1867, $4,401,833.86
THIS MOST SUCCESSFUL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY divides the whole of the Profits, every year, among the insured, reducing the cost to about one-half the figures usually charged.
For instance, the annual payment, at the age of 30, in most Companies, to insure $2,000 is, with profits, about $50, and without profits.....$43.90
In the Ætna, $2000, to a person 30 years of age, costs the first year..... 25.31
And each subsequent year..... 26.74
Which payment is subject to further reduction as the business of the Company increases.
☞ Endowment policies on equally favorable terms.
The fact that the Ætna has, during the past 12 months, insured over 14,000 persons, from among the best business men of the Continent, is the best possible testimonial to the soundness of the Company, and the excellence of its method of doing business.
J. GARVEY, ESQ., M. D.,
Medical Referee.
S. PEDLAR & CO., Montreal.
Ottawa, March 13. 381y

BRITISH AMERICA
Assurance Company!
FIRE AND MARINE.
ESTABLISHED 1830.
R. S. Cassels, Esq.....Consulting Director.
THE ABOVE FIRST-CLASS COMPANY is prepared to insure all descriptions of property against loss or damage by fire.
HERRICK, BRUSH & CO.,
AGENTS,
Aumond's Buildings.
Ottawa, January 4, 1867. 323y

Land for Sale.
$50 ACRES OF LAND, situated within two to eight miles of the c. y. Apply to JOHN W. McGUIRE, Lot 25, 2n Concession, Ottawa Front, Gloucester. 546-6m

To Sell or Let---Rare Opening.
TERMS MODERATE.
FINE STONE DWELLING HOUSES, Photographic Chambers, and other Cut Stone Premises, well arranged and eligibly situated for commercial business.
Apply to JOHN MACAULEY, Chandiere, Ottawa; or E. McGILLIVRAY, J. B. TACKABERRY, or H. McLEAN, Auctioneer, Ottawa.
January 8, 1867. 585-6m

Furniture! Furniture! Furniture!
AT THE
VARIETY HALL,
34, Sussex-st.
A MOST Complete Stock of Black Walnut and other Furniture, in Cane and Hair Seated Chairs, Tete-a-Tetes, Sofas, Extension Dining Tables, Centre Tables, Sideboards, Chiffoniers, Wardrobes, Bureaus, Bedsteads, Washstands and Toilet Tables. Also, Hair, Excelsior and Sea Grass Mattrasses, of all sizes, Gilt Mirrors, Toilet and other Looking Glasses, Table Cutlery of all kinds, Brushes, Brooms, and Wooden Ware of various descriptions, Table and Floor Mats, Soiled Linen Baskets, a beautiful article, Rocking Horses, Children's Sleighs, and the best assorted stock of Crockery, China and Glassware in the Dominion. This stock being all purchased to the best advantage will consequently be sold cheap.
Crockery, China, Glassware, Stoves and Furniture rented to private or public parties at a reasonable rate.
JOSEPH BOYDEN,
429y General Agent.

THE CAPITAL
Boot and Shoe Store!

South Side of York-street, Lower Ottawa
A LARGE SUPPLY of HAND-MADE KIPP BOOTS and SHOES of the VERY BEST QUALITY on hand.
Lumbermen who are anxious to furnish work men with GOOD FEET WARE, will be enabled to do so by calling at the CAPITAL for their supplies.
I am selling off the balance of the Winter Stock of READYMADE WORK at REDUCED PRICES, which consists of Ladies' Misses' and Children's BALMORALS, CONGRESS GAITERS, RUBBERS and OVERSHOES, and Men's and Boys' Boots in CALF SKIN, KIPP and COW HIDE.
☞ Orders and Measures taken for all sorts of Work.
GEORGE MURPHY.
Ottawa Jan. 31, 1868. 429-y

APPLICATION will be made during the present session of the Parliament of Canada for an Act to incorporate the "British and Canadian Bank."
February 14, 1868. 666-2m

K. ARNOLDI,
WINE & SPIRIT MERCHANT,
METCALFE-STREET,
Telegraph Company's Building, Ottawa.
RECOMMENDS and Guarantees with confidence the following Wines:—
PORTS—Graham's, Sandeman's, Forrester's, Madeira's, &c.:

		Per Gall.	Per Doz
No. 1	Good sound Wine	$2 00	$6 00
" 2	"	3 00	8 75
" 3	Old	3 50	10 00
" 4	Superior old	4 50	12 50
" 5	Very fine old	5 75	15 50

SHERRY WINE—Domecq's, Capdepons, Pemartin's, Cramp Suter's, &c.:

No. 1	Light table Wine	$2 00	6 00
" 2	Superior do	3 00	8 75
" 3	Very choice	3 50	10 00
" 4	Very Superior	4 50	12 50
" 5	Very fine	5 50	15 00

Marsala Wine,
$1,30 per Gallon; $4.50 per Dozen.
Especial attention called to the above Wine. Far superior to all common sherries, its chief recommendation is that it agrees perfectly well with persons who cannot take those wines, even of a high class. It is soft and old, free from heat, or the slightest approach to acidity, while its very moderate price recommends it for all large entertainments, as well as for the luncheon, dinner and supper table. It has met with the highest approval from the medical gentlemen of this city.
Also, in wood or bottle, old and new Brandies, Rums, Gins, Old Tom Gins, Irish, Scotch, and Canadian Whiskeys of Standard Brands.
Clarets, Champagnes, Hocks, Caracas, Maraschino, Chartreuse, Royal Italian Bitters, &c., in great variety.
Hibberts' and Guiness' Porter, Bass' and Allsopp's Ales, quarts and pints. Canadian Ale of Superior Quality, in Wood and Bottle.
Goods most confidently recommended, and may be as implicitly relied upon for perfect purity as if purchased in the largest wholesale establishment in the country.
Orders by mail with cash or city reference solicited and promptly attended to. No charge for delivery in the city. A discount to persons buying in quantity or by the original package. Inspection invited.
Price Lists, and every information, on application, or sent to any address.
WINE VAULTS AND OFFICE,
No. 11, Metcalfe-street,
Telegraph Co.'s Building, Ottawa.
January 27, 1868. 535y

FOR SALE
BY THE SUBSCRIBERS,
New Egyptian Dates,
Oranges, Lemons,
Grapes, Turkey Figs,
West End Raisins,
Dundee Marmalade,
Jams and Jellies,
Tomatoes in tins,
Peaches, "
Sweet Corn "
Lima Beans.
OYSTERS & HADDIES!
RECEIVED WEEKLY.
DALGLISH & RUSSELL,
Upper Town.
Ottawa, Jan. 28, 1868. 651y

SMITH & RODNEY.
MERCHANT TAILORS and General Outfitters, Elgin-street, opposite the Russell House, and second door from the London Music Store, having just received a choice stock of
English, French and Canadian
CLOTHS and TWEEDS,
And a general assortment of gentlemen's furnishing goods, would intimate to their friends and the public generally that they are prepared to execute all orders in their line at the shortest notice, in the most approved styles and at prices that we defy competition.
Ottawa Oct. 1, 1867. 551tf

ROANOKE
Tobacco Company,
DANVILLE, VIRGINIA.
THIS Company having established at Montreal their General Agency for the Dominion of Canada, is now prepared to offer to the public an article in
SMOKING TOBACCO
Superior to anything of the kind ever imported into the country, and pledge their long established character that the article now offered is the pure leaf from the
Virgin Hill Tops of Virginia.
The different brands and prices are as follows viz:
The "Prince of Wales," in 1 & 2 lb bls $1.00 per lb
" "Dominion Favorite" 1 & ½ " " 0.75 "
" "Navy," 1 & 2 " " 0.65 "
The prices are NET CASH in Montreal, and orders [accompanied by remittance] for 5 lbs and upwards will receive prompt attention. The tobacco will be forwarded to any address, by express or otherwise, as parties may direct.
Please address
F. W. HENSHAW,
Gen. gent Dominion of Canada,
10 St. Sacrament-st.,
Montreal.
Montreal, Dec. 4, 1867. 607-1m

SNOW'S
Celebrated Fever Remedy.
A Sure and Certain Cure for Fever—Continued, Remittent, Intermittent, Typhoid, and Fever arising from Ordinary Colds.
THIS REMEDY has been used in Tropical climates for many years with the greatest success. It shortens the attack, reduces the fever gradually, and at the same time enables the system to throw off the poisonous effect of the on the blood and secretions generally.
PRICE—50 cents and $1 per Bottle. Sold Wholesale and Retail by
H. F. MacCARTHY,
Chemist, Ottawa City
Sole Agent for Dominion of

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

On no occasion will the names of Old Advertisements be inserted here.

Her Majesty's Theatre—Skiff & Gaylord's.
Auction Sale—H. McLean.
Applications—W. P. Lett.
Toronto House—Mrs. Trotter.
Tailors' Spring Fashions—Jones & Holland.

The Ottawa Times

City and County Official Paper.

TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 25, 1868.

The Hon. Mr. Howland left for Toronto by special train at seven o'clock on Saturday evening. The hon. gentleman is expected to return to the capital on Friday next.

The Privy Council met yesterday afternoon, but proceedings did not transpire. It is understood that the further consideration of the railway route has been postponed until the Hon. Mr. Howland's return.

The Legislature of Quebec was to have closed its labors yesterday. It is exceedingly gratifying to notice that the feeling between the French and English speaking members has been exceedingly cordial throughout the session. One of the latter, in a letter quoted by yesterday's *Gazette*, says, "If the same spirit prevailed "throughout each Province of the Dominion, we should rise into a nation "of strength and prosperity." As Quebec is the "pivot" Province of the Dominion, it is encouraging to see that the different classes comprised within its population are setting an example of harmony and good feeling worthy the imitation of others; and though at present the same cannot be said of some other Provinces, yet we do not by any means despair of our rising "into a nation "of strength and prosperity."

The following are the "supplementary "estimates" laid before the Ontario Legislature on Friday last:—

Aid to Superior Education.

Regiopolis College, Kingston, (usual grant for 1½ years,)	$4,300
Queen's College, Kingston, do. do.	7,500
Bytown College, Ottawa, do. do.	2,100
St. Michael's College, Toronto, do.	3,000
Trinity College, Toronto, do do.	6,000
Victoria College, Cobourg, do. do.	7,500
L'Assomption College, Sandwich, do.	1,500
	$32,100

Miscellaneous.

Towards facilitating the transport of passengers and freight, by steamer, between Collingwood and Fort William, touching at Ontonagon, on the south shore of Lake Superior	$11,000

Legislation.

Twelve months' salary of the Clerk of the Crown in Chancery	$ 400

Crown Lands Department.

Additional sum to that already recommended, towards defraying the cost of surveys	$20,000

Miscellaneous Justice.

A sum not exceeding one thousand dollars, to cover any salary to be paid to a stipendiary magistrate in the Muskoka territory	$ 1,000
	$64,500

The appropriation to the several Colleges mentioned, was accompanied with a declaration stringently forbidding the further continuance of these grants. The Colleges will therefore understand that these are the last sums upon which they can depend from the Provincial Treasury. They have one year wherein "to set their house in order" for reliance on their own resources. Any attempt to start an agitation for the renewal of these grants on the old basis, will prove, if made, abortive. But it will be a fitting subject for consideration, how far the existing system of aid to "superior education" is a fair one, after the ostracism of these Colleges. This will probably form the subject of earnest discussion in the future.

The impeachment of the President of the United States, which a short time ago was thought to have been abandoned, has again become the policy of the Congressional majority. This change of temper and of action on the part of Congress, is mainly attributable to the President's resolute attempt to get rid of Secretary Stanton in defiance of the Senate. General Thomas having accepted the post of Secretary *ad interim* from the President, and signed his name as such, it is thought that Stanton will be compelled to initiate legal proceedings to restrain the General from usurping his functions. There is great excitement in consequence of the growing seriousness of the conflict between the President and Congress, and both parties appear to be acting with much more temper than discretion. The Americans have the faculty of coming exceedingly near a crisis without precisely going through it; but the Radicals have oscillated so long between impeachment and reconstruction, and apparently gained so little by either, that in very desperation they may now be driven to settle once for all their question with the President, by depriving him of his authority. Of course, if they have the courage to impeach the President, his removal from office, in so far as the Senate is concerned, is certain to follow; but will Andrew Johnson obey?

The New York *World* of Saturday says the action of the Senate in ordering Mr. Stanton to retain the office despite the President's instructions to the contrary, is a usurpation of executive authority. It believes the President will take no measures for the forcible ejection of Stanton until the Supreme Court shall have decided on the unconstitutionality of the Tenure-of-Office Bill which it holds is a foregone conclusion. Mr. Stanton himself held that this Bill was unconstitutional, and drew up some of the points in the President's Veto to that effect. Mr. Stanton has, no doubt, changed his mind. It is also believed that General Grant is pledged to the Senate to disobey the President under certain contingencies, in which case the President will have him tried by court-martial for disobedience! It is rather a serious complication all round.

—The *Illustrated London News* of the 1st inst, says: "The Rev. Dr. McNeile contradicts in the *Record* an announcement of the *Guardian* that he had been present as a communicant at St. Alban's, Holborn." The Rev. Doctor writes, "I am so conscientiously persuaded that what is called the High Celebration at St. Alban's, Holborn, is idolatry, that I could no more consent to share in it than I could to be wilfully guilty of Sabbath breaking, adultery or theft."

AN EXPLANATION.

To the Editor of THE OTTAWA TIMES.

MONTREAL, Feb. 21st.

"Further correspondence is published "with regard to the expulsion of Mr. McGee "from the St. Patrick's Society. It is now "asserted that no motion for reconsideration "came up, but this was a bogus story circu-"lated to afford the expelled member the "opportunity of pretending that he would "not belong to the Society."

"The above is from the Toronto *Globe's* Montreal despatch of the 14th inst. Who does the lying in that city for the *Globe*? The 'correspondence' referred to, 'asserted' that the motion for reconsideration stood as a 'notice' for the next meeting. Is George Brown's 'Englishman' yet in the flesh?

I clip the above from a recent issue of your journal. I have sometimes observed charges of this kind made against me by other papers, but these being of a class which have no recognized position amongst respectable journals, I have not deemed them worthy of remark, quite satisfied that my character was sufficiently well-known to those acquainted with me, and to those whom I serve, to suffer not in the slightest degree from such attacks. But when an accusation like the above is made by the Editor of an ably conducted newspaper, whom I know and respect, it may not be out of place to show how little foundation it has. The correspondence to which I referred was a letter which appeared over the signature of the Corresponding Secretary of the St. Patrick's Society, an opponent of Mr. McGee, and did contain in substance, if not indeed in the very words, the statement telegraphed. You will observe that I make no charge myself,—I merely communicate an assertion contained in a letter published in two newspapers in Montreal favorable to Mr. McGee. The correspondence to which you refer was published some days previously, and was a different affair altogether. I venture to believe that had you known of whom you were speaking, and had you examined the facts a little more closely before writing, you would not have so readily placed me in the category—lamentably long I admit—of those who make a practice of circulating falsehoods. That is what I have never done, what I defy anyone to prove that I have done, and which I never intend to do. I understand my business to be simply to communicate facts, and to that I think I have been successful in confining myself.

I venture to believe that your sense of fair play will cause you to give the same prominence to this explanation that you did to the original charge.

I am, sir,

Your obedient servant,

THE "GLOBE" CORRESPONDENT.

"The *Globe* correspondent" is trying a little "blarney" on us. It may be true, that had we known of whom we were speaking, &c., &c., but then don't you see, as we did not know, we asked the very pertinent or as the G. C. may think—impertinent—question above quoted. There is besides a certain kind of the "manufacture" referred to done by the *suppressio veri*, and though it is doubtless true that the Corresponding Secretary of the Society did affirm what the G. C. said was "now asserted," yet the Cor. Sec.'s letter was but a "part" of the "corres-"pondence" which came before the public anent the motion introduced and finally allowed to stand as a notice of motion for reconsideration, and as a matter of fact the statement published in the *Globe* on the 14th instant, was calculated, though perhaps not intentionally, to convey a false impression to the public—a kind of impression that, as we have already shown, the officers of the Society have been struggling hard to make. The other correspondence which the G. C. says was "a different "affair altogether," related to the same subject, and unless we are mistaken, called forth the letter from which he says he quoted. The plain point is—did the above quoted despatch give a true representation of the case as revealed by the "cor-"respondence," or an *ex partie* statement, which in itself was a mere subterfuge, for though the motion for reconsideration did not "come up" it was received as a "notice" to be thereafter disposed of? We are willing to allow the G. C. the character he claims for himself, but we cannot concede that the case was fairly represented—there was but one side held up to view, and that only colorably true, because of the suppression of other facts. Then as to the "expelled member—*pretending* that he "would not belong to the Society," who believes that he needed to make any such pretence? Had he not the opportunity of signing the new books after the burning? The whole paragraph looked, from its representing "the exact opposite" of the actual state of the case, as if it owed its paternity to George Brown's "Englishman" of former days, and hence our curiosity on the subject—not indeed that it is of any great consequence, for so long as the St. Patrick's Society of Montreal is the "Upper," and the *Globe* the "nether" millstone, our friend Mr. McGee stands a small chance of being ground into powder.

LOCAL NEWS.

City Council.—The members of the City Council were notified to attend a meeting last night on By-laws, but there was no quorum.

The Toronto House.—The attention of gentlemen in search of comfortable quarters for the session, is directed to Mrs. Trotter's advertisement elsewhere published.

1,000 Comet Burners just received by Esmonde Bros., 43 Sparks-st., next door to the Hoop Skirt Factory. N.B.—75 boxes Canada plate for sale.

Skating Carnival.—A grand carnival is advertised to come off at the Rink to-morrow evening, when some fine skating and general amusement on the ice to the sweet sounds of the best music.

Before Mr. Langrell, J.P., Monday Afternoon.—John Tink, of New Edinburgh, was charged with selling liquor without license. The charge was proven, and the delinquent was fined $10 and costs, or in default of payment, ten days in jail.

The Dominion House, Wellington Street.—This house has been thoroughly renovated and fitted up. Good table and choice liquors. Fine yard and stabling. Oysters and meals at all hours. Colin McLaurin and Geo. Irvine, Proprietors. 666-b.

Young and Radford have the largest, best, and cheapest stock of watches to be found in Ottawa. They have also on hand a very choice and varied assortment of Electro-plated ware, and Fancy Goods. They do all kinds of repairing and jewellery jobbing in first-class style. 656-y.

Snow Shoeing.—A club of snow walking gentlemen has been for some time in process of formation, but they are rather slow in their movements, and unless they make haste the time for their sport will be over for this season. They had better make haste to perfect their arrangements—*tempus fugit*.

The Ball.—The ball of the St. Patrick's Literary Association came off last night with all the *eclat* that was desired. All the appliances and means to boot for enjoyment that their best friends desired were their, and the affair may be set down as having been successful.

Police Court.—One or both of the adventurous gentlemen who figured at the Police Court will find themselves before the cadi again this morning, to answer to a new and unexpected charge touching their interesting days ramble last week. To-morrow they will be up again before Mr. Langrell.

St. James' Church Hull.—Among the many beautiful and appropriate gifts which adorn the chancel and altar of this church, the Minister and Church-Wardens have now to record with sincere thankfulness the gift of two exceedingly beautiful chairs, richly carved, and in harmony with the general architecture of the building. They are the gift of J. W. Harper, Esq., Board of Works.

The Rink.—The Band of the Rifle Brigade will play the following programme at the Rink to-day, from 7:30 to 10:30 p.m.:

1	Overture	Figaro	Mozart.
2	Waltz	Juliet	Coote.
3	Galop	The Great Excitement	Laroche.
4	Mazurka	Marien	Kuhner.
5	Lancers	The Cure	Coote.
6	Waltz	Songs of the Wood	Tinney.
7	Quadrille	Maryland	Colline.
8	Galop	The Gordon	Miller.
9	Mazurka	Glockchon	Hempel.
10	Lancers	De la Closerie	Desblins.
11	Waltz	Dolorsolatio	Miller.
12	Galop	BondebryHup	Blanchan.

The Rifle Brigade Marches.
National Anthem.

Weather Table.—Noted by Wm. Hearn, Optician and Druggist, Market Drug Store, York-st.

OTTAWA, Feb. 23, 1868.

Greatest degree of cold registered during the previous night 14 below zero.

8 a.m., 5 below "
1 p.m., 4 above "
6 p.m., 5 " "

OTTAWA, Feb. 24, 1868.

Greatest degree of cold registered during the previous night 15 below zero.

8 p.m., 10 below zero.
1 p.m., 10 above "
6 p.m., 12 " "

Penny Readings.—The popular Penny Readings, in the School House of St. Alban's Church, took place for the first time last evening. Fennings Taylor, Esq., President, in the chair, opened the proceedings in a lucid and eloquent address. Dr. Jones, Mr. Meredith and Mr. Carrier were the readers, and Mr. Harvey treated the audience to a solo on the violin, the execution of which was very brilliant, and the solo itself was a beautiful air from Hayden. The entertainment was highly gratifying, and gave entire satisfaction. It is to be hope that all who organize Penny Readings will remember that their primary object is not to make money, but to elevate the popular taste.

Attempted Burglary.—An attempt to force an entry into the storehouse of Hamilton Brothers, on Sussex-st., was made on Sunday morning about one o'clock. The watchman was aroused by parties trying to force an entry in the rear of the premises. When the parties had gone on far enough, the burglars were at once hailed by the watchman, who was armed, and told that they had better desist breaking the door, and he would open it for them. Upon this surprise the would-be thieves suddenly decamped without further ceremony. There is no doubt but they thought the building vacant, and would find it an easy matter to enter. One of the parties is pretty well known, as he was seen prowling around the building the day previous, and has served a time already in the penitentiary. He has lost all the fingers on one hand from some cause (not church building) Should he or they return again, they will meet with a warm reception, and perhaps add another period of occupation, similar to that which some of them have already made in Kingston.

Police Court, Monday.—Alphonse Richard, charged Thos. Levi with assault. Complainant works for Mr. Booth, as a laboring man at the mill, and defendant is foreman at the same place. Complainant alleged that Levi struck and kicked him, because he did not give satisfaction as to the quantity of work done. Evidence for the defence was adduced to shew that complainant struck the first blow, but that defendant made an offer to strike, which induced complainant to strike. Fined $1 and costs.—Lazare Grenier, charged with vagrancy and being drunk, but as it was his first appearance, he was dismissed with a caution.—The two boys, whose arrest we noticed yesterday as having been arrested on Saturday, charged with taking some money from the store of Mr. John Lyons during the fire at that place on Wednesday night last, were brought up yesterday for examination at the Police Court. It appeared in evidence that a little boy, the adopted son of Mr. Lyons, was carrying out the till, which it was alleged contained about $110, and while getting over the counter fell down with it, and he believed that the boys or one of them took a portion of it. The prisoners both state that they saw a big boy in suspicious proximity to the till, while the boy was down on the floor with it. The case was remanded till this morning.

Chicago Markets.

CHICAGO, Feb. 22.—There was no meeting of the Board of Trade to-day.

No. 1 Wheat nominal at $1.97 @ $1.98. Oats dull. Provisions firm. Live Hogs moderately active at $7 @ $8. Beef Cattle dull and nothing doing.

Receipts.—6,000 bbls. of flour; 16,000 bus. of wheat; 53,000 bus. of corn; 10,000 bus. of oats; 15,000 dressed hogs.

Shipments.—5,000 bbls. of flour; 2,200 dressed hogs; 2,600 live hogs.

Sudden Death.—Joseph Small, Esq., Reeve of Arthur, dropped dead at Arthur Village on the morning of Thursday last. Cause, disease of the heart.

Young and Radford's stock of watches clocks, jewellery, fancy goods and electro plated ware are worthy of inspection. All goods will be sold cheap. Give them a call. Remember the place, 30 Sparks-st. 597a

Resuming Business.—It is understood, in Hamilton, that the old established firm of Brown, Gillespie & Co., which suspended a few weeks since, will shortly be enabled to resume business again.

Masonic Jewels, Designs, &c.—Messrs Young & Radford are prepared to furnish all kinds of Masonic jewels, in the highest styles of the art, on the shortest notice, and at the cheapest rates. All kinds of jewellery repaired.

Cotton no Longer King.—Cotton goods are now nearly as cheap as before the American war. Garland, Mutchmor & Co. have lately received a few bales of gray and white cottons, shirtings and prints, purchased since the great fall in prices. Parties requiring any description of dry goods would do well to see their stock before purchasing. 582-y

How to Make Money.—A horse dealer residing in the vicinity of Keyport, N. J., and who buys up horses for the New York market, purchases Darley's Arabian Heave Remedy by the dozen and feeds it to his horses; he says it is superior to anything that he has ever used as a condition medicine, that the horses are so much more improved by its use as to sell more readily and command higher prices. Two other horse dealers, one residing at Huntingdon, the other at Glen Cove, L. I., also purchase it by the dozen and for the same purpose; these men, as well as many others similarly engaged, know too well the value and importance of this medicine ever to be without it.

Remember the name, and see that the signature of *Hurd & Co. is on each package.*

Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, C. W., proprietors for the Canadas. Sold by all medicine dealers.

CABLE NEWS.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

LONDON, Feb. 23.—Mr. Forster, member for Bradford, has given notice that on the 28th he will call the attention of the House of Commons to the state of the naturalization law, and right of self expatriation.

The *Independence Belge* of Saturday has an article on the prospects of peace in Europe. It expresses the general feelings of apprehension which prevail, in saying that the vast military preparations which are now going on in all parts of France are of a character and on a scale which lead to the conclusion that they are designed to meet other purposes than those of national defence.

FLORENCE, Feb. 23.—Admiral Farragut had an enthusiastic reception last week at Venice.

BERLIN, Feb. 22.—The Diplomatic negotiations of the United States Minister at Prussia on the subject of naturalization of Germans in America, and rights of such naturalized citizens on their return to the fatherland, have been crowned with success. The North German Bund as reconstructed, agrees to fully recognize, and accords all rights expected from military, &c., of natural born Americans, to Germans naturalized according to our law as citizens of the United States, after they have spent five years in the territory of the Republic. The treaty to this effect has been accepted by the authorities of Prussia and North Germany, and was duly attested and signed by Mr. Bancroft in his capacity of United States Minister to-day.

LONDON, Feb. 23.—The tremendous gale which prevailed on the West coast of England and Wales, made a great break water at Holyhead. A massive stone pier nine hundred feet long, had been washed away by the waves. Lights have disappeared. No particulars reported yet.

PARIS, Feb. 23.—The *fete* given by the United States Minister, General Dix, last night, in celebration of Washington's birthday, was a very brilliant affair. A great number of American and foreign guests attended. Many French and other European nobles were present.

AMERICAN NEWS.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

Effect of the News from Washington—Immense Sales of Gold.

NEW YORK, Feb. 23.—At up town exchange yesterday, there was great excitement growing out of the news from Washington. Fifteen or twenty millions of gold have changed hands. In the morning gold opened at 142¾ and sold in lots from ten to one hundred thousand and to the extent of a quarter of a million, at that figure. At night the first sale was made at 143¼, after which upon heavy transactions the price was run up to 143⅞. A reaction took place when the price touched 142¾. At ten o'clock most of the sales were at 143.

Destruction of a Malt house by Fire.

ALBANY, Feb. 23.—The large six story malt-house of J. G. White & Son was totally destroyed by fire this morning. It contained barley, malt, &c. Total loss about $200,000.

The President's Fate.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 23.—It is the impression that the President will be tried, convicted and removed from office within the next ten days. There is much earnestness and determination expressed by all Republicans.

The President's Counsel.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 23.—It is stated that Attorney-General Stanberry, Judge Black, and Chas. O'Connor will defend the President before the Senate.

The Excitement in Washington.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 22.—The galleries of the House during the day and night were densely crowded, and hundreds were unable to gain admittance. Many visitors were here from adjoining cities.

Rumors over a White House Dinner.

NEW YORK, Feb. 23.—The *Times'* special says Auguste Belmont and other members of the Democratic National Committee, were entertained by the President last night at dinner at the White House. The surmises and rumors having their origin in this fact are numberless, but it is agreed that Mr. Johnson finds himself forced to seek openly consolation of his old Democratic friends in his present trouble.

The Canadian Papal Zouaves in New York.

NEW YORK, Feb. 23.—The Canadian corps of Papal Zouaves, which arrived here on Thursday, left yesterday afternoon for Europe, after participating in religious services held in their honor, at St. Peter's Church.

A Telegraph Operator in Trouble.

NEW YORK, Feb. 23.—A telegraph operator was arrested yesterday, charged with violating the secrecy of a telegram which had passed between a firm in this city and their Washington correspondent.

The Secretary of War Trouble.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 23.—It is stated the President has expressed his desire to test the case in question legally in court. Yesterday Gen. Thomas signed himself in two communications Secretary of War *ad interim*. The determination of Mr. Stanton to cause the arrest of Gen. Thomas was decided upon by him as the surest and most direct method of compelling that officer to take the initiative in any civil proceeding he may institute to obtain possession of office. Being under bonds he is in a measure prevented from acting at his own pleasure, and if he receives further orders from the President must decide between disobedience to him and incurring still further penalties for violation of the law. Mr. Stanton was in his office until a late hour last night and proposed to remain until he could safely leave it. The efforts of Gen. Thomas to get possession thus far have been utterly futile, and it is believed to-night that on Monday the Supreme Court will be appealed to for relief. It is not believed the President will attempt any force to oust Mr. Stanton, though rumors of such intention are plenty.

The Impeachment Question.

NEW YORK, Feb. 23.—The *Times'* special says it may be set down that impeachment of the President is certain. The demand is to make the work sharp and decisive.

The "Tribune" on Impeachment.

NEW YORK, Feb. 23.—The *Tribune* will tomorrow come out with an editorial demanding the immediate impeachment and removal of President Johnson. It says: "There is no avoiding this conclusion—no middle course. This most infamous Chief Magistrate should be swept out of his office. Let him be impeached, and let the Republican party show that it not only has the power to preserve the country from rebellion under Jeff. Davis, but also from treachery under Andrew Johnson."

From Mexico.

NEW YORK, Feb. 23.—News from Mexico to the 18th has been received. The revolutions in Sinaloa and Yucatan are still in progress. Affairs are very complicated. A fight is reported between the regulars and bandits at Huscras, in which twenty of the latter were killed.

Trotting Match.

WORCESTER, MASS., Feb. 22.—The horses *Empire State* and *Ivanhoe* started from Brighton this morning to trot to Worcester for $1,000. The *Empire State* won the race in two hours and 24 minutes.

Destructive Fire in Boston.

BOSTON, Feb. 23.—A fire in East Boston to-day destroyed Murson & Peterson's planing mill and other buildings. Loss $15,000.

THIS MORNING'S DESPATCHES.

From St. Thomas and St. Domingo.

HAVANA, Feb. 22.—The latest arrival from St. Thomas brings intelligence that slight shocks of earthquakes have occurred. Advices from St. Domingo confirm the report of the capture of the capital by the Baezists. Gen. Luperor has sailed from Turks Island with an expedition to attack the city of St. Domingo, and a counter revolution against Baez is apprehended.

Further Particulars Relating to the Secretary of War Difficulty.

NEW YORK, Feb. 24.—The *Herald's* special intimates that the President is disappointed at the turn affairs had taken. Gen. Thomas was not up to the emergency, and made a serious blunder in allowing Stanton to remain an hour in the War Office after notified of the removal. The grand army of the Republicans sustain Congress and Stanton.

The *Times* special says the President will to-day apply to the Supreme Court for a quo warrant, requiring Stanton to show why he held on to the office. If the Court decides in favor of Stanton, the President will then carry the case to the United States Supreme Court. Gen. Emery, Commandant of the Department at Washington, to the enquiry of the President replied, that the law required him to obey orders received only through the proper military channels. So far as can be learned the army as yet recognize Mr. Stanton, notwithstanding the President has notified Grant, and through him the army, of Stanton's removal.

The *Tribune's* special says Gen. Grant has issued an order to commanders of posts, that all orders of the army must pass through his hands, and that orders emanating from any other source must not be obeyed.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 24.—It is reported that Gen. Thomas again demanded possession of the War Office this morning, and was again ordered to his own room by Secretary Stanton. He left, went to the President, and it was determined to sue out a writ of *quo* warrant.

NEW YORK, Feb. 24.—The *Commercial's* says the President is preparing a message explaining that his action has been for the purpose of vindicating by legal method his constitutional privileges, but the Republicans say it is too late to demand his removal.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 24—3 p.m.—The impeachment resolution passed in the House at 5 p.m. The President received the news calmly, and he said he was prepared for this act of his enemies. The resolution was adopted by yeas 128; nays 47; a strict party vote. A most intense feeling prevails, hotels are crowded with excited crowds, all manner of rumors are flying, some declaring the immediate and forcible suspension of the President to be attempted to-night or to-morrow, and that a hundred thousand revolutionists in arms, will be at the command of Congress to-morrow morning. The city is filled with strangers, and unusual activity among the military prevails.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 24.—The President to-day nominated to the Senate Thomas Ewing, Senr., of Ohio, to be Secretary of War in the place of E. M. Stanton, removed. He also sent to the Senate an Executive communication in reply to the resolutions recently passed by that body, arguing and insisting that he not only had the right under the Constitution and Tenure of Office Bill to remove Mr. Stanton, but also to appoint a Secretary of War *ad interim*.

CITY COUNCIL.

CITY HALL, Feb. 17, 1868.

Present—His Worship the Mayor; Ald. Pratt, Rochester, Cunningham, Hunter, Featherston, Mosgrove, Abbott, Goulden, Guerard, Traversy, Heney and Martineau.

The minutes were read.

The return of the election for Victoria Ward was read, and Ald. Pratt being duly qualified, took his seat.

Ald. Traversy presented the petitions of Mary Corcoran, Alexander Waters, Widow Caley, Zoe Masson, Mrs. Graham, Widow Moran, John Bowes, N. Germain, O. F. O'Connor, and Agar Fielding, respecting taxes.—All referred to the Court of Revision.

Ald. Robinson presented the petitions of W. Kehoe, F. Brown, and A. Hanly, respecting taxes.—Referred to Court of Revision.

Ald. Rochester presented the petition of C. T. Bains, respecting taxes.—Referred to Court of Revision.

Ald. Rochester presented the petitions of G. White, and others, for the payment of a lamp near the Methodist Episcopal Church, Chaudiere.—Referred to Board of Works.

Ald. Cunningham presented the petition of the Ottawa and Rideau Forwarding Company respecting taxes.—Referred to Court of Revision. And that of Isaac Berrichon for remission of tavern license charge.—Referred to Finance Committee.

Ald. Martineau presented the petition of R. H. McGreevy, Esq., respecting taxes of the St. Patrick's Orphan Asylum. Referred to Court of Revision. And that of Edward Milutte for a cheque in place of one lost by him. Referred to Finance Committee.

Ald. Mosgrove presented a petition from J. Forsyth for remission of taxes on income as an employee of the Government. Referred to Court of Revision.

Ald. Hunter presented the petitions of Alfred Laurion and L. M. McMurty respecting taxes. Referred to Court of Revision. And that of Wm. Jamieson and others for payment for a platform constructed by them. —Referred to the Board of Works.

Ald. Goulden presented the petition of Betsy Robillard and Rosohe Lamarche respecting taxes. Referred to Court of Revision.

Moved by Ald. Hunter, seconded by Ald. Featherston, that for the future all petitions presented to this Council be referred to the proper standing committees without any motion, by the Mayor; but any member presenting a petition or communication may move that the same be referred to a select committee, or give certain instructions by motion regarding the said communication or petition.—Carried.

His Worship the Mayor presented a telegram to R. W. Scott, Esq., and answer thereto. A letter from the member for the city and a copy of the Street Passenger Railway Act, and read the copy of a letter from Thos. C. Keefer, Esq., relating to said Street Railway; also, a copy of an Act to amend the Assessment Act.

Moved by Ald. Martineau, seconded by Ald. Heney, that the communication of R. W. Scott, Esq., M.P., respecting the construction of a Street Railway in this city, be received and referred to a Select Committee, composed of His Worship the Mayor, Ald. Cunningham, Rochester, Robinson, Bangs and Goulden, to consult with the City Solicitor, and to act in the matter as they may deem advisable.—Carried.

Moved in amendment by Ald. Cunningham, seconded by Ald. Robinson, that the papers connected with the Street Railway Bill having been submitted to this council, it hereby expresses its concurrence in the provisions of the said Bill, provided it is so changed as to limit the time for the transport of freight of any description over said road, except between the hours of 10 o'clock p.m. and 5 o'clock a.m., in each and every lawful working day.—Lost.

Moved in amendment to the amendment by Ald. Goulden, seconded by Ald. Guerard, that all after the word *that* in the main motion be expunged, and the following be inserted in lieu thereof:

That this Corporation do not wish to place any obstacle in the way of the railroad company in the establishment of a Street Railway in this city, provided that no second track be laid in any of the streets, and that His Worship the Mayor, Ald. Rochester, Bangs, Featherston, Traversy, and the mover, be a Special Committee to reply to Mr. Scott's letter, and that they have authority to consult the City Solicitor.—Lost.

YEAS—Ald. Goulden, Guerard and Heney.

NAYS—Pratt, Rochester, Cunningham, Hunter, Robinson, Featherston, Abbott, Mosgrove, Traversy and Martineau.

The amendment was lost on the following division:—

YEAS—Cunningham, Robinson, Featherston and Mosgrove.

NAYS—Pratt, Rochester, Hunter, Abbott, Goulden, Guerard, Traversy, Heney and Martineau.

His Worship the Mayor presented the copy of a memorial to the Government for the construction of a new bridge over the Rideau Canal, and also a letter from the President of the Board of Trade, on the same subject.

Moved by Ald. Featherston, seconded by Ald. Robinson, that the communication of Edward McGillivray, Esq., President of the Board of Trade, respecting a new bridge across the Canal from the eastern to the western division of the city, be received and placed on file, and that the memorial presented by His Worship the Mayor to the Minister of Public Works relating to the same bridge be entered on the minutes.—Carried.

To His Excellency the Governor-General in Council.

The memorial of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa respectfully sheweth that the present bridge over the Rideau Canal, in this city, is not adapted to accommodate the extensive traffic between those sections of the city lying east and west of the said canal.

That serious accidents have happened, owing to the narrowness of the present bridge; and a due regard for the public safety demands the enlargement of the present structure.

That there is no other bridge crossing the Rideau Canal within the limits of the city.

That the present bridge was erected by the Imperial Government, nearly forty years ago, and by the transference of the Ordnance Lands and Canals, have become the property of the Government of the Dominion.

That it has always been the practice of the Ordnance Department, and of the late Government of the Province of Canada to exercise exclusive control over the Rideau Canal and the lands appertaining thereto; and the said Department and Government have constructed all bridges over said canal, and have not hitherto permitted municipalities to undertake either the building or repair of bridges upon the said canal.

That the construction of a bridge to connect Rideau-st. with Wellington and Sparks-sts., would be quite feasible and well adapted to the requirements of the city.

That the fitting improvement of Wellington-st., in front of the Parliament Buildings, involves the construction of said bridge, which would lead direct from Wellington to Rideau-st.

That the whole property between the east end of Wellington and Sparks-sts. and the west end of Rideau-st., is Ordnance or Government reserve, over which the city has no control.

That herewith your memorialists respectfully submit a sketch of the grounds, upon which, according to public opinion, the said privilege might, with public advantage, be constructed.

That valuable land well adapted for City Post Office, City Custom House, or other public buildings, is available if the plan suggested be carried out, namely, connecting Wellington and Sparks-sts. with Rideau-st.

Therefore your memorialists pray that the construction of the said bridge may be undertaken at an early day by the Government.

HENRY J. FRIEL,
Mayor.

His Worship the Mayor presented a communication from the City Clerk in reference to the organization of committees.

CITY HALL, Ottawa, Feb. 17, 1868.

H. J. Friel, Esq., Mayor of Ottawa.

DEAR SIR,—I beg to state for the information of the City Council that all the Standing Committees have been organized, and the following is a list of the chairmen appointed:

Finance.—Ald. Cunningham.
Board of Works.—Ald. Rochester.
Fire and Water.—Ald. Rochester.
Markets.—Ald. Goulden.
Court of Revision.—His Worship the Mayor.
Board of Health.—Ald. Featherston.

I have the honor to be,
Your obdt. servt.,
W. P. LETT,
City Clerk.

Moved by Ald. Pratt, seconded by Ald. Cunningham, that the Report of the City Clerk on chairmen of the several Standing Committees be received and entered on the minutes.—Carried.

His Worship the Mayor presented a Report from the City Solicitor in reference to encroachments on McTaggart-st.—Referred to Board of Works.

Moved by Ald. Cunningham, seconded by Ald. Hunter, that the amendments to the Assessment Act be referred to the Special Committee on Assessment and Municipal Acts.—Carried.

His Worship the Mayor presented a letter from Alexander Gibb, Esq., in reference to the arbitration between this city and Mr. Perkins.

Moved by Ald. Pratt, seconded by Ald. Rochester, that the communication of A. Gibb, Esq., be received and placed on file, and that Mr. Gibb be, and he is hereby allowed, to address this Council in reference to the progress made in the arbitration case now pending between the Corporation and Lyman Perkins, Esq.—Carried.

The Council was then addressed by Mr. Gibb.

Moved by Ald. Featherston, seconded by Ald. Robinson, that the thanks of the Council be, and are hereby tendered, to A. Gibb, Esq., for his satisfactory statement respecting the Queen-st. arbitration case, and that he be requested to use his best endeavors to bring the case to a speedy close.—Carried.

Ald. Featherston presented the petition of Messrs. Mason & Shearer repecting the earth from an excavation.

Moved by Ald. Featherston, seconded by Ald. Robinson, that the petition of Messrs. Mason & Shearer be received, and referred to the Board of Works, with instructions to point out a proper place for the material, the petitioners' purpose excavating in Bank-st., and that they receive 7 cents per cubic yard for same.—Carried.

His Worship the Mayor then read the following tenders for the tolls of By and Wellington Ward markets, for one year, from the first Monday in March next:

Thomas Coffey	$3,400
Joseph W. White	4,000
John Myers	4,360

Moved by Ald. Traversy, seconded by Ald. Heney, that the tender of Mr. John Myers for the tolls of the By and Wellington Ward markets be accepted.—Carried.

His Worship the Mayor then read the following tenders for a well on Ashburnham Hill:

A. Wardell, per foot—1st 10 feet, $7.50; 2nd 5 feet, $9; 3rd 5 feet, $10; 4th 5 feet, $12.

John Eagan, per foot—1st 10 feet, $6.50; 2nd 5 feet, $7.50; 3rd 5 feet, $8.50; 4th 5 feet, $8.50.

James Sinnott, per foot—1st 10 feet $6.00; 2nd 5 feet, $7.00 3rd 5 feet, $8.00; 4th 5 feet, $8.00.

Michael Hartnett, per foot—1st 10 feet, $6.50; 2nd 5 feet, $7.00; 3rd 5 feet, $5.00; 4th 5 feet, $8.50.

John Carroll, per foot—1st 10 feet, $6.00; 2nd 5 feet, $8.00; 3rd 5 feet, $10.00; 4th 5 feet $12.00; 5th 5 feet, $14.00.

Patrick Leonord, per foot—1st 10 feet, $5.00; 2nd 5 feet, $6.00; 3rd 5 feet, $7.00; 4th 5 feet, $7.00.

Moved by Ald. Martineau, seconded by Ald. Heney, that the tender of Patrick Leonard for a well on Ashburnham Hill just read, be accepted.—Carried.

Ald. Cunningham presented Report No. 2 of the Finance Committee.

To the Corporation of the City of Ottawa:

The Finance Committee in this their second Report, beg leave to submit that they have examined the following accounts, and recommend that His Worship the Mayor be authorized to sign cheques for their several amounts, viz.—

STREET IMPROVEMENTS.

Thos. Kinsella, 27 days in Jan., 1868, at $1.20	$ 32 40		
John Boulger, 26 days in Jan., 1868, at 90 cents	23 40		
Jerry Fitzgerald, 25 days in Jan., 1868, at 80 cents	20 00		
		75 80	
Patrick Brennan, repairs to wells, &c., 1867, from 1st May to 1st Jan., 1868	49 49		
		49 49	
			$ 125 29

FIRE DEPARTMENT.

Ottawa Fire Co., 3 mo's drawing engine to fires, to 1st March	$ 18 75		
Chaudiere, ditto ditto	18 75		
Queen, ditto ditto	12 50		
Rideau, ditto ditto	12 50		
Central Hook & Ladder ditto	12 50		
Lower Town Hook & Ladder	12 50		
		87 50	
Gilbert Boule, painting and varnishing for Fire Co's and Ladder Co's		65 05	
I. Cluff, fitting up and plastering Engine House in By Ward market		27 50	
I. Cluff, Hook & Ladder House in Ottawa Ward, and platform		70 00	
A. Lepage, wages for Jan., 1868		54 50	
			$ 304 65
New Engine House Central Town, Isaac Cluff, on acct. his contract, $575			200 00

OTTAWA GAS COMPANY.

Lighting 79 Lamps on streets for 3 months to 1st January	$ 513 50		
Lighting City Hall, ditto	31 00		
Do. Upper Town Market	2 83		
Do. Lower Town Market	16 70		
Do. 3 street lamps deducted former account	19 50		
Five street lamps put up, 2 Metcalf, 2 Daly and 1 Elgin sts.	120 00		
		703 50	

CITY ELECTION.

J. Clarke, Returning Officer, Victoria Ward, 3 elections, rent, &c.	43 00	
A. Graham, do. Wellington do., 2 do.	23 00	
Dr. St. Jean, do. By do., 2 do.	20 00	
John Myers, do. Ottawa do. 2 do.	20 00	
Jas. Joynt, do. St. George's do., 2 do.	20 00	
T. Costello, 4 days rent of house, Ottawa Ward Election	16 00	
O. O'Connor, 3 do. By Ward do.	12 00	
		154 00

MISCELLANEOUS.

John Neville, 22 cords wood for City Hall at $4.00	88 00	
Post Office account for January	2 08	
James Sutherland, for 10 copies City Directory	20 00	
A. Gibb, costs in suit, Perkins vs. Corporation	36 00	
Dr. Henry, medical examination of lunatic	5 00	
P. Hannigan, board of J. Heberber, 3 mos. to 1st Jan., 1868	28 00	
Dr. Sweetland, examination of lunatic	5 00	
I. Cluff, altering doors City Hall to open outward	12 00	
I. Cluff, repairs to Lower Town Market	12 00	
Blythe & Kerr, repairing gas pipes	3 18	
A. Wilson & Son, advertising in *Daily News*	21 10	
Donald Dow, table stuff and shelving for Engineer's Office	9 55	
Wm. Howe, painting, whitewashing, &c., offices in 1867	52 25	
Lieut.-Col. Powell, on behalf of the Government	140 39	
		434 46
		$1921 80

It being the general opinion that an assistant is wanted in the office of the City Clerk, and your Committee concurring in this opinion, recommend that a suitable person be appointed as Assistant City Clerk, whose duties would consist in assisting the Clerk, in keeping the current accounts, and such other work as would be found for him to do. It is hereby recommended that the salary for the first year be $400, and that the City Clerk be authorized to advertise for applications from suitable parties, to be opened at the next regular meeting of this Council.

Respectfully submitted.

JAS. CUNNINGHAM, Chairman,
ROBT. HUNTER,
JAS. G. ROBINSON,
CHARLES GOULDEN,
ISIDORE TRAVERSY.

Ottawa, 17th Feb., 1868.

Moved by Ald. Cunningham, seconded Ald. Robinson, that Report No. 2 of the Finance Committee be received and adopted.—Carried.

To the Corporation of the City of Ottawa.

The Court of Revision and Committee on Assessment for 1868, beg leave to present their Second Report.

Your committee have had before them a large number of petitions for exemption from taxation on account of sickness and extreme poverty, and after careful consideration they have decided to remit or grant reductions on the taxes of the following parties:

In Victoria Ward.—No. 150, Catharine Cornwall, balance of taxes, $2.53; No. 167, Nancy Dean, do. $1.74; No. 109, Widow Byrne, do. $5.20; No. 496, Widow T. McMartin, do. $9.11; No. 264, Alexander Groulx, do. $3.07; No. 459, Widow M. Curley, do. $6.14; No. 415, Widow Mary Murphy, do. $4.75; John Joyce, do. $5.20; No. 828, Mary Williamson, taxes for 1867, $3.91.

In Wellington Ward.—No. 725, Widow Hasty, do. $5.51.

In St. George's Ward.—No. 547, Madame Gauthier, do. $12 28; No. 517, Widow James Graham, do. $13.04; No. 401, Widow Agnes Green, do. $12.14.

In Ottawa Ward.—No. 346, Widow Mary Cloran, do. $5.97; No. 192, Widow Catharine Barbeau, do. $8.44; No. 443, Octave Denaud, do. $7 25; No. 445, Moise Demers, do. $7 25; No. 1167, Catharine O'Brien, do. $6.14; No. 905, Henry Leslie, a reduction of taxes, $5.20; No. 86, Widow Bambrick, do. $10.74.

In By Ward.—No. 799, Madame Jalveau, do. $9.20; No. 23, T. X. Aubichon, do. $11.24; No. 1191, Joe Masson, arrears only of taxes, $29 94.

On account of the house formerly occupied by Mary McQueen, St. George's Ward, having remained vacant for six months, your committee recommend that a deduction of $5.20, or one eighth of the taxes for 1867 be allowed.

Your committee find that the petitions of W. C. Wood, J. Baine, Esmonde Bros., Jeremiah Osgoode, Anthony Gillespie, Thomas Patterson and Amable Beauchamp should have been brought before the Court of Revision for 1867, and they therefore cannot recommend any alteration in their taxation.

The city chamberlain having certified that Thomas Graham has overpaid the sum of $13.10 for taxes on his lots Nos. 34, 35 and 36 St. George's Ward, your committee recommend that his petition be granted, and that a cheque for that amount be issued in his favor.

Your committee also find that J. A. Stewart, No. 698, Victoria Ward, has been assessed twice for income, and they recommend that the error of $17.34 be deducted from his taxes.

Mrs. Bridget Murphy having proved the payment of $7.57, and James Mulrooney, No. 1019 Ottawa Ward, of $10.12, now claimed for arrears of taxes, your committee recommend that these sums be credited to their several accounts by the proper officer.

As the amount claimed from Robert Parsons appears to be still due on the chamberlain's books, your committee cannot take any action on his petition.

With respect to the petition of James Warnock, your committee find that the matter complained of has been already investigated, and reported on by the Court of Revision for 1867.

The petition of An. Porter for remission of interest accrued on arrears of taxes on his property on Wellington and Sparks-sts. has had the careful consideration of your committee. These taxes were uncollected at the time owing to Mr. Porter's tenants having failed and left the premises before the collector reached them, and there is even some doubt as to the collector having used due diligence in their collection. It has therefore been decided to remit the interest and the sum of $23.44 for taxes in 1865, which was included in the rental of the premises occupied by Mr. Nye for that year. Mr. Porter's account stands thus:

Total net taxes due	$273.44
Interest thereon	107.41
Total	$380.85

$113.81 of this amount has been charged to and paid by Magee & Russell for 1867; $124.79 has been charged on the roll to Geo. Cocker; $73.04 to Mr. Nye, and the balance of $69.21 is still in the hands of the chamberlain. These items of arrearages can be collected from the parties named above, and will be charged by them to Mr. Porter, but so soon as they are paid your committee recommend that a cheque be issued in favor of the chamberlain for $45.75 to pay the amount still in his books, and one in favor of Mr. Porter for $85.10, being the balance of interest on arrears, to be allowed him as recommended above.

With respect to the petition of Thomas Agar, Alexander Taylor and other proprietors in reference to the income tax of their tenants, your committee are of opinion that property cannot be held liable for the tax on income of tenants. The collector should therefore be instructed to accept payment from the landlord of the property tax, and use due diligence in collecting the tax on income from those liable therefor, and if it cannot be recovered by levy and distress, the party is liable to an action at law, and in this way the collection of this income tax must be sought.

Your committee having deemed it advisable to refer Benj. Blais' petition to the Assessors for further information, and having received their report corroborating the facts stated therein, beg to recommend the remission of the arrears of taxes on his lot.

The whole nevertheless humbly submitted.

HENRY J. FRIEL, Chairman.
JAMES CUNNINGHAM,
ROBERT HUNTER,
EUGENE MARTINEAU.

Ottawa, Feb. 17, 1868.

Moved by Ald. Hunter, seconded by Ald. Cunningham, that the second Report of the Assessment Committee be received and adopted.—Carried.

Ald. Featherston presented Report No. 2 of the Board of Works.

To the Corporation of the City of Ottawa.

The Board of Works beg to submit their Report No. 2:—

Your Board have hired laborers to break stones in the quarry near the railroad, at five dollars per toise, the largest broken stone to pass through a three inch ring; owing to the manner in which the city laborers are paid they have been unable to procure the breaking of the said stone at a lower price, and your Board respectfully submit to the consideration of the Finance Committee that all day laborers employed by the Corporation should be paid monthly in cash, and not by check, as at present, by which practice a heavy loss falls on men ill able to bear it.

In reference to the petition of John Kelley and others, your Board recommend that it be referred to the City Solicitors, to report on the right of Mrs. Anderson to obstruct Chapel-st.

In reference to the petition of Mr. O'Connor and others, your Board have requested A. Gibb, Esq., the Solicitor retained in the arbitration case, to communicate directly with the Council.

In reference to the communication of D. O'Connor, Esq., relating to a portion of a lot at the east end of the Sappers' Bridge, your Board recommend that it be referred to the City Solicitor and Engineer to report.

Your Board present a communication received from the City Solicitor respecting encroachments on the city property at the Chaudiere, and as he has been unable to procure from the Public Works Department certain information which he required, they recommend that the city member, J. M. Currier, Esq., be requested to move for the same in the next sitting of Parliament.

Your Board have had under consideration the state of McTaggart-st., and they recommend that the Chief Constable be directed, subject to the instructions of the City Solicitor, to notify the St. Lawrence and Ottawa Railroad Company to remove from said street all obstructions not sanctioned by city By-laws.

(Signed), JOHN P. FEATHERSTON, Chairman.
JOHN HENEY,
JOHN ROCHESTER,
JOHN B. GUERARD.

Moved by Ald. Featherston, seconded by Ald. Rochester, that Report No. 2 of the Board of Works be received and adopted, and that the Finance Committee be authorized to make arrangements for the payment of the laborers employed in breaking stone, in cash weekly, suspending all rules to the contrary.—Carried.

Ald. Hunter presented Report No. 1 of the Printing Committee.

To the Corporation of the City of Ottawa.

The Committee on Printing beg leave to submit their first report.

Your committee having carefully considered the best mode of dealing with the printing and advertising of the corporation, beg to recommend as follows:

That separate tenders be received for the job printing and advertising.

That the committee be empowered to prepare a complete specification of the work required by the corporation, to be the basis on which printers may tender for the city printing.

That the advertising in the English language be confined absolutely to one newspaper and in case of special notices the same be published by hand-bills or posters.

That By-laws, instead of being advertised in newspapers, be published in sheet-form, under directions of the Printing Committee, except where the statute directs otherwise.

That no advertisement be allowed except on order of the Mayor, City Clerk, and Chairman of the Printing Committee, and the voucher must in all cases accompany the account.

That the official minutes be published by the journal, the tender of which is accepted, free of charge, and within one week of the meeting.

That all corporation advertising be in solid brevier type, without extension, except when specially ordered in writing.

That the rates paid for advertising in the English language be paid to the French journal, and that like rules apply, as to vouchers, and space in newspaper, as also that the French journal publish the official minutes in full, and free of charge.

All which is respectfully submitted.

ROBERT HUNTER, Chairman;
JAS. G. ROBINSON,
H. J. FRIEL,
CHARLES GOULDEN.

Ottawa, 17th Feb., 1868.

Moved by Ald. Hunter, seconded by Ald. Goulden, that the first report of the Printing Committee be received and adopted.—Carried.

YEAS—Pratt, Rochester, Cunningham, Hunter, Robinson, Mosgrove, Goulden, Guerard, Traversy, Heney and Martineau.

NAYS—Featherston and Abbott.

Moved by Ald. Hunter, seconded by Ald. Cunningham, that the By-law to regulate the mode of measuring cordwood within the City of Ottawa be now read a first time.

Moved by Ald. Martineau, seconded by Ald. Traversy, that the time of this council be extended one hour.

Moved by Ald. Cunningham, seconded by Ald. Hunter, that the time be not extended, but that the council do now adjourn until its next regular meeting.

The council then adjourned.

MARRIED.

At Stratford, on Monday, the 17th instant, at the residence of the bride's parents, by the Rev. Thos. Macpherson, Wm. Donaghy, Esq., editor of the Goderich *Star*, to Maria, only daughter of George Stone, Esq., of Stratford.

DIED.

On Monday, the 24th instant, after a lingering illness, borne with Christian resignation, Mary Connolly, wife of Mr. Matthew Battle, of this city, aged 52 years, a native of the County Kilkenny, Ireland, and for the last 30 years a resident of Quebec. May she rest in peace.

Her funeral will take place from her husband's residence, Cathcart-st., on Wednesday next, at 2 o'clock, p.m. Friends and acquaintances are respectfully requested to attend.

Quebec and New York papers please copy.

January 21, at Kenilworth Square, Dublin, Bache Wright, Esq., late of the Ordnance and War Office, in his 72nd year, father of J. W. Hornsley Wright, M. D., lately surgeon of the 1st Battn. Rifle Brigade, now in this city.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

Tailors' Spring Fashions.

JONES & HOLLAND, News Dealers, Elgin Street, having been appointed Agents for the leading N. Y. FASHION PLATES, &c., are now prepared to Exhibit Specimen Copies, and fill orders.

The early attention of the Trade is respectfully solicited.

Ottawa, Feb. 25, 1868. 675-3ins

THE CELEBRATED AND ORIGINAL

SKIFF and GAYLORD'S MINSTRELS!

Will visit this city after a long absence, and an exceedingly successful tour through the great Western Country. They will appear at

HER MAJESTY'S THEATRE,

—ON—

THURSDAY, 27th of FEBY.,

FOR ONE NIGHT ONLY!

IN AN

Entirely New and Original Programme.

Minstrelsy, as represented by this Company, has reached a high degree of prominence and distinction, resorting to no extraneous puffing, true merit alone having won the plume and not the borrowed mask.

Don't Fail to See the New Programme.

Tickets 25 cents; Reserved Seats, 50 cents.

LOW GAYLORD, Manager.
JOE GAYLORD, Agent.

Ottawa, Feb. 25, 1868. 675-3

APPLICATIONS

FOR the Office of Assistant City Clerk will be received by the Corporation of the City of Ottawa, until MONDAY, the SECOND day of February, 1868, at SEVEN o'clock, p. m.

(By order.) W. P. LETT, City Clerk.

Ottawa, Feb. 25, 1868. 675-3

GREAT AUCTION SALE
OF HOTEL
Household Furniture, &c.

MR. BENJAMIN HUCKELL being about to retire from public life, has given

HECTOR McLEAN

Instructions to sell at PUBLIC AUCTION at his HOTEL, Corner of York and Dalhousie-str.,

On Thursday Next, 27th Instant,

All his Household Furniture and Effects, consisting of Bureaus, Sideboards, Bedsteads, Tables, Washstands, Feather Beds, Carpets, Oil Paintings, Cooking and Parlor Stoves, Stove Pipes, Bar Fixtures and Furniture, and a quantity of Good Liquors and Cigars.

—ALSO,—

One Horse, 4 years old, 1 good Milch Cow, 1 Fat Pig, 1 Fancy Cutter, 1 set Single Harness, and 1 set Double Harness, besides sundry other things.
TERMS—Cash on delivery.

—ALSO,—

At the same time and place, LOT No. 7, East side of Gloucester-street, 66 x 200 feet; and a good Buggy.
Terms and conditions made known at the time of sale.
Sale to commence at 11 o'clock, A. M.
H. McLEAN, Auctioneer.
Ottawa, Feb. 25, 1868. 675d

TORONTO HOUSE,
SPARKS STREET.

MRS. TROTTER begs to announce that she has a few Commodious Suites of Apartments to Let, handsomely and comfortably furnished.
Gentlemen attending the Session of Parliament will find at the Toronto House most convenient quarters, where the quiet of the private family is combined with the usual attendance to be found at the best hotels.
Ottawa, Feb. 25, 1868. 675d

Upper Ottawa

Steamboat Company.
NOTICE.

THE
GENERAL ANNUAL MEETING
OF THE
SHAREHOLDERS
—FOR—
ELECTION OF DIRECTORS
—AND—
TRANSACTION OF GENERAL BUSINESS,
Will be held at the Office of
Messrs. Wright & Batson,
IN THIS CITY, ON
Wednesday, 4th March Next,
At the hour of 2 o'clock, P. M.
By order,
B. BATSON,
Secretary.
Ottawa, Feb. 24, 1867. 674d

NATURAL AMERICAN
Lubricating Oils!
PREPARED EXPRESSLY FOR
STEAMBOATS,
LOCOMOTIVES,
CAR JOURNALS,
FACTORIES,
MACHINE SHOPS,
HORSE RAILWAYS
&c, &c, &c.
Perfectly free from Gum & Grit.
NON-EXPLOSIVE,
NON-INFLAMMABLE
WILL NOT FREEZE IN WINTER!
AND THE
CHEAPEST OIL IN THE MARKET!

How they suit for Small Engines and Printing Presses.

THREE OFFICE,
Ottawa, Feb. 20, 1868.
Messrs. McKENZIE & MACKAY, Hamilton.
GENTLEMEN,—We have used your Lubricating Oil (A) on the Engine and large Hoe Press, and find it to be a better article than any we have formerly used. On the Card Presses, where we formerly used olive oil, we find your oil superior to it.
CHARLES W. MITCHELL,
Foreman.
THOMAS McELROY,
Engineer.

How they Suit for Cutting Bolts.

DUNDAS FOUNDRY, Dundas, July 29, 1867.
Messrs. McKENZIE & MACKAY, Hamilton.
GENTLEMEN,—I have been testing your Natural Lubricating Oils [A] and [AAA] for the last three months, and have no hesitation in stating that they are the best oils used in this foundry for some years, and are far superior to what we have known as "Petroleum Lubricators." They are free from all Gum and Grit, do not heat the bearings, and are particularly adapted for lathes and planer beds. The TREBLE A OIL is especially suited for cutting heavy bolts. I have used it with the "Patent Die," which finishes the thread with one cut, and it has stood the severe test to my satisfaction.
Yours truly,
THOMAS WILSON,
Foreman.

How they Suit for Grist Mills.

DUNDAS FLOUR MILLS,
Dundas, May 13, 1867.
Messrs. McKENZIE & MACKAY, Hamilton.
GENTLEMEN,—I have tried your Lubricating Oil, (AA) and (A) and can recommend it as being a good Oil for Lubricating purposes. I have used it on both heavy and light machinery, and find it answers the purpose as well as any oil hitherto used. I have always used olive oil till now, so that your oil received a severe test. Please send me one barrel of each kind.
Yours truly,
JAMES COLMAN,
JAMES WALES,
Manager.

How they Suit for Saw Mills.

WEST FLAMBORO, July 27, 1867.
Messrs. McKENZIE & MACKAY, 9, King-street, Hamilton.
GENTLEMEN,—I have thoroughly tested in my Saw mill the Lubricating Oil received from you. The sample marked (AA) I think is superior to any elephant oil for saw mill machinery. The journals run with it, work longer clean, and with less friction than with any other oil I have used.
Yours respectfully,
ROBERT CHRISTIE.

Samples of the oil and numerous certificates may be seen at the office of our Agent.
McKENZIE & MACKAY,
Agents for Canada,
9 King Street,
Hamilton.
Agent for Ottawa and Vicinity,
T. ISAACS,
Sparks st.
Ottawa, Feb. 21, 1868. 663f

Dissolution of Partnership.

THE PARTNERSHIP heretofore existing between JAMES HOPE and S. S. M. HUNTER, under the firm of JAMES HOPE & Co., was this day dissolved by mutual consent.
The business will be continued, under the same name as heretofore, by JAMES HOPE, who will receive all monies due, and discharge all claims against the late firm.
JAMES HOPE,
S. S. M. HUNTER.
Ottawa, Feb. 15, 1868. 655-a-3-4

Canadian Cottons.

WE HAVE JUST RECEIVED A SUPPLY of the
CELEBRATED
DUNDAS COTTONS!
32 and 35 Inches Wide.
MAGEE & RUSSELL.
OTTAWA, Feb. 21, 1868. 680y

ANGUS AND HUCKELL,
No. 15 SUSSEX-STREET

GREAT DISCOUNT SALE!
CLEARING OUT
FALL AND WINTER STOCK
—OF—
Boots, Shoes & Rubbers.
10 CENTS OFF EVERY DOLLAR
CASH PURCHASES,
FOR ONE MONTH.
Largest and Best Stock
IN THE DOMINION.
☞ Call and See.

Boots, Shoes and Rubbers.
OTTAWA, February 13, 1868. 665y

THE NEW DOMINION!
17. SUSSEX-STREET. 17.
Established with the Nation, 1st July, 1867.

Tried by the People,
Nobly sustained,
Long may it flourish!

Come one! Come all!!
Farmers and Lumbermen,
Merchants and Citizens.

COME TO THE NEW DOMINION!
And you will find a large and varied assortment of
STAPLE and FANCY DRY GOODS!
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,
AS CHEAP AS THE CHEAPEST,
AS GOOD AS THE BEST.

A New Tailoring Establishment!
Has just been opened on the premises, with FIRST-CLASS WORKMEN, under the management of a FIRST-CLASS FASHIONABLE CUTTER.

Suits made to order, and Warranted to *suit*, At every price,
Of every style, For every season, And at the shortest notice.

Do you want Hats or Caps, Furs or Blankets, Boots or Shoes, Moccasins or Mittens? Visit the New Dominion. It will prove to your advantage. From top to toe a perfect outfit guaranteed, by
JAMES HIGGINSON, Proprietor.
Ottawa, February 6, 1868. 659f

Dry Goods at educed Prices.
Cunningham and Lindsay
— ARE NOW SELLING —
Canadian Grey Cloth at 3s. 3d. per yard,
Canadian Tweeds at 4s. per yard,
Canadian Cotton Yarn at 7s. 6d. a Bundle,
Canadian Bags at 1. 9d
CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY.
Invite particular Attention to their
BLANKETS, FLANNELS AND MANTLE CLOTHS.
Ottawa, November 18, 1867. 510y

New Premises and Cheap Goods.
GRANT & HENDERSON
Having recently moved into their new premises, **No. 20, Rideau-street,** one of the firm visited lately the Montreal Markets, and secured a very large stock of entirely
NEW GOODS,
At most EXTRAORDINARY REDUCTIONS in price, which cannot in a legitimate manner be undersold in this city.
RIDEAU-STREET, December 24, 1867. 623d

Recorder's Court,
FOR the City of Ottawa, will be holden in the COURT HOUSE, old Jail, in said city, on MONDAY, the SECOND day of MARCH next, at the hour of ELEVEN of the clock in the forenoon, of which all City Coroners, Justices of the Peace, Constables, Jurors, and all others in any wise concerned, are hereby required to take notice and govern themselves accordingly.
RODERICK ROSS,
High Bailiff.
High Bailiff's Office,
Ottawa, 13th February, 1868. 668d

NOTICE.
THE HOLDERS of TICKETS for the DRAWING OF PRIZES in aid of the GOOD SHEPHERDS, will take notice that the same has been POSTPONED till TUESDAY EVENING, TWENTY-FIFTH FEBRUARY, INST., at 7.30 o'clock, at St. Vincent's Hall.
SARAH CALDWELL.
Ottawa, Feb. 18, 1868. 669d

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, February 21, 1868.
AUTHORIZED Discount on American Invoices until further notice, 28 per cent.
R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner of Customs.

NOTICE
IS HEREBY given that I shall not be responsible for any debts contracted in my name, unless under an order signed by me.
SOPHIA MARTINEAU.
Ottawa, Jan. 22, 1868. 646d

Scale Manufacturer.
E. DORION begs to inform the public that he has opened a SCALE MANUFACTORY in Clarence-street, second door from Sussex-street, in E. D'Amour's Blacksmith Shop, and where he is now prepared to repair all sorts of Scales in use.
Ottawa, Jany. 11 637y

YOUNG & RADFORD'S COLUMN.

Watches,
Watches,
Watches
AT
YOUNG
AND
RADFORD'S
30 Sparks-street.

Clocks,
Clocks,
Clocks,
AT
YOUNG AND RADFORD'S.

Jewellery,
Jewellery,
Jewellery,
AT
YOUNG AND RADFORD'S.

Electro-Plated ware,
Electro-Plated Ware,
Electro-Plated Ware,
AT
YOUNG AND RADFORD'S.

Fancy Goods,
Fancy Goods,
Fancy Goods,
AT
YOUNG AND RADFORD'S,
Manufacturing Jewellers,
30 SPARKS-STREET.

Old Gold and Silver
Bought, and highest cash price paid,
AT
YOUNG
AND
RADFORD'S

THE MONTREAL WAREHOUSE,
IN MR. INGLIS' NEW BLOCK,
WILL BE OPENED OUT IN A FEW DAYS WITH A STOCK OF
Choice Wines, Groceries and Provisions, &c., &c.
SUSSEX, OPPOSITE YORK-STREET.
J. MARTIN & CO
OTTAWA, February 4, 1868. 657y

BROWNE & HARDY'S COLUMN.

1867 AND 1868.
INDIA WAREHOUSE!
16 Rideau Street, Ottawa.

THE SUBSCRIBERS beg to inform their Customers that their Stock is now complete, and embraces every delicacy of the Season, among which will be found a choice assortment of
TEAS,
Breakfast SOUCHONG, do CONGOU, } Black Extra Fine.
Superior HYSON,
" GUNPOWDER,
" IMPERIAL,
" TWANKAY,
Orange PEKOE, Flowery " Japan " } These Teas have been carefully selected for family trade by
BROWNE & HARDY.

SUGARS,
LOAF,
BROKEN LOAF,
CRUSHED,
GROUND,
YELLOW,
and MUSCOVADO.

COFFEE,
MOCHA,
JAVA,
JAMAICA, and
CEYLON,
☞ Roasted and Ground daily on the premises.

CHOCOLATE and COCOA,
FRENCH, flavored with Vanilla;
TAYLOR'S,
FRYE'S,
MOTT'S

FRUITS, &c.
LAYER RAISINS,
in Whole, Half and Quarter Boxes
MUSCATEL, do do
SULTANA,
VALENTIA,
CURRANTS,
GRAPES,
ORANGES
LEMONS,
PRUNES.
ALMONDS.
WALNUTS,
FILBERTS, and
BRAZIL NUTS.

BUTTER,
CHOICE DAIRY, in Tubs and Crocks, received Weekly.

CHEESE,
English, American and Canadian.

SPICES,
NUTMEGS,
MACE,
CINNAMON,
CLOVES,
GINGER,
MIXED SPICES,
All Ground on the Premises
BROWNE & HARDY.
Ottawa, December 19 405f

HARDWARE!

HARDWARE!
Great Reduction
IN THE
PRICE OF HARDWARE
AT THE
SIGN of the ANVIL
No. 24, Rideau-street.

THE Undersigned would take this opportunity to express his thanks to his Customers in Ottawa and vicinity for their very liberal patronage in the past, and to solicit a continuance of their favors in the future, and to assure them that no effort on his part shall be wanting to supply them with the Best and Cheapest English and American Hardware. I do not pretend to sell at cost, but do propose to sell as cheap as any other establishment in Ontario. My stock shall comprise every article in the line of Hardware, and with the one price system I hope to merit and receive a continuance of the very liberal patronage given me in the past.
T. BIRKETT,
Sign of the Anvil, 24 Rideau-st.
Ottawa, Feb. 3. 408y

BLYTH & KERR,
Successors to Chas. Garth,
No. 25, Rideau-st.,
Plumbers,
Gas & Steam Fitters,
Tin & Coppersmiths,
Bell Hangers, &c.

All materials for the above branches kept constantly on hand.
—ALSO—
Importers and Dealers in House Furnishing Hardware.
Just received a well selected assortment of

Cooking Stoves,	Iron Bedsteads,
Double Stoves,	Bronzed & Wire Fenders,
Parlor Stoves,	Fire Irons,
Hall Stoves,	Fire Guards,

Japanned and Planished Tinware, &c.,
Manufacturers of all descriptions of work for Water and Gas Works, Brewer's Distilleries, Mills, &c. Makes and fits up Galvanized Iron Cornices, Gutters, Conductors, Roofing, &c.
☞ Public and Private Buildings, Conservatories, Vineries, Manufactories, &c., warmed by Steam, Hot Water or Warm Air, on the most approved principles.
Orders from the country will receive strict attention.
Ottawa August 26. 416y

BUY YOUR TEA
DIRECT FROM
THE IMPORTERS
TEA! TEA! TEA!

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY, 6 Hospital Street, Montreal, having just imported a large quantity of Green and Black Teas, beg to call the attention of the Trade, Hotel Proprietors, and large establishments generally to their list of prices. Buyers of Chests and Boxes of Tea will save money by getting it direct through the Importers.
All orders for 25 lb. boxes and upwards, carriage free to any Railway Station in Canada. Parties wanting smaller quantities should club together, Buyers living beyond Railway Stations, will please send post office order, or enclose notes. The carriage will be paid to the nearest station, where there are express offices. Tea will be forwarded immediately on receipt of the order by mail containing money, or the money can be collected on delivery by express man. Cash collected in Montreal free of charge, and Tea forwarded for the same. Original packages Black Tea weigh, ½ chests about 50 lbs. Chests do. 90 to 100 lbs. Green Tea from 60 to 80 lbs. Teas not mentioned in advertisement can be had equally cheap. The Company are determined to take a stand in the Montreal market, every article may therefore be depended on as to quality and weight.

BLACK TEA.

Common Congou, Broken Leaf, Strong Tea	00 45
Fine Flavoured New Season do	00 55
Excellent Full Flavoured do	00 75
Sound Oolong	00 45
Rich Flavoured do	00 60
Very Fine do	00 75
Japan	00 58
Very Fine do	00 75
An excellent mixed Tea, Black and Green	00 60

GREEN TEA.

Twankay, Common	00 38
Fine do	00 55
Young Hyson	00 60
Fine do	00 75
Superfine and Very Choice	1 00
Fine Gunpowder	00 85
Extra Superfine do	1 00

Reductions made to buyers of Five Chests and upwards.
☞ Address
MONTREAL TEA CO.,
6, Hospital-st, Montreal.
☞ *Agent for Ottawa and neighborhood,*
MR. JOS. MOONEY.
☞ All Boxes and Chests sent from this Establishment have the address of the *MONTREAL TEA COMPANY* printed on them.
August 27, 1867. 522234-w

PORK! FLOUR!
THE Subscribers have just received 10 CAR LOADS of PORK, consisting of
455 *BBLS. OF MESS.*
40 *DO. OF THIN MESS.*
155 *DO. OF PRIME MESS.*
Also 20,000 lbs. weight Superior Steam Refined Leaf Lard:
Also for Sale, 500 barrels of Flour.
O'CONNOR & WALLER,
Exchange Brokers and Commission Merchants,
Sussex-st., Ottawa
Ottawa, Feb. 17, 1868. 668tf

W. NOTMAN,
Photographer to the Queen
CORNER OF
WELLINGTON AND METCALFE STREETS,
WOULD intimate that having all his arrangements completed, his
Establishment will be Opened
—ON—
Monday Next, 3rd February
When he will be prepared to fulfil orders for all the different branches of Photography.
Ottawa, Jan. 31, 1868. 582y

BAZAAR.
IT is intended to hold a Bazaar on the
SEVENTEENTH of MARCH NEXT,
1868, and following days, in aid of the DEBT on
The Parsonage of Christ Church.
Contributions will be most thankfully received from the members of the Church, and other friends in Ottawa, by the following Ladies, who have kindly consented to act as a Committee of Management
MRS. CLEMOW,
" W. F. POWELL,
" COFFIN,
" ADAMSON,
" T. M. BLASDELL,
" LAUDER,
" DONALDSON,
" JOHN THOMPSON,
N. SPARKS,
MAGEE,
" STREET.
ANNIE POWELL,
Secretary.
Ottawa, Dec. 23, 1867. 612d

WAR! WAR! WAR!
KEARNS & RYAN,
WELL KNOWN
Merchants of this City,
—WHO KEEP THE PEOPLE'S—
CHEAP CASH STORE!
Have declared War against all other merchants of the Capital Canada, for imposing dear goods on the people. They will mak of
Reduction of 20 per cent off Hats and Bonnets,
—AND—
10 per cent off all other Cash Purchases
OVER ONE DOLLAR.
During the month of February. Rush to their establishment and judge for yourselves. No deception.
Corner of York and Sussex-sts.
Ottawa, February 3, 1868. 656d

Great Remnant Sale.
GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.
Importers, 20 Sparks Street.
With a view to CLEAR OUT THEIR STOCK OF REMNANTS, prior to stock taking have RE-MARKED ALL THEIR REMNANTS at prices that must effect a SPEEDY CLEARANCE.

Remnants of Cloths,
Remnants of Dress Goods,
Remnants of Cottons,
Remnants of Prints,
Remnants of Carpetings.
Remnants of Cobourgs,
Remnants of Silks,
Remnants of Linens,
Remnants of Flannels,
Remnants of Oil-cloths,

And a host of other remnants too numerous to particularize.
Sale to commence on MONDAY, 17th, and to continue during the week.
GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & Co.
Ottawa, February 17, 1868. 684y

NEW STORE!
THE Store formerly occupied by W. D. WOOD, No. 38, on RIDEAU STREET, has been refitted by the subscribers, and will be opened on MONDAY, FOURTEENTH OCTOBER, with an entire new stock of
GROCERIES,
LIQUORS AND
HARDWARE.
WOOD & ROSSITER.
Ottawa, October 12, 1867. 561-tf

SUN BURNER.
NO MORE Breaking of Chimneys: no More Burning of Fingers: No More Waste of Oil; No Trouble to Clean; No Trouble to Light No Anxiety About Explosions. It is a Cheap Labor Saving and Durable Article. Buy one and you will never repent doing so. Anyone dissatisfied can have their money returned.
LAMPS AND FITTINGS
ALWAYS ON HAND.
STOVES, TINWARE, &c.
☞ Competent workmen for jobbing on the premises.
ESMONDE BROS.,
43 SPARKS-ST.,
Next Hoop Skirt Factory.
Ottawa, January 21. 311y

WATCH LOST.
LOST on Saturday afternoon, by a lady while walking from Wellington-street up Bank's and the New Road as far as the second bridge, a small, somewhat old style, Gold Watch. The finder will be suitably rewarded on leaving it at this Office.
February 17, 1868. 668-3

Mails for the Maritime Provinces.
WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

From OTTAWA—Mails for St. JOHN, N. B., Closed Daily, 12:45, P. M.

NEW BRUNSWICK.

THE general route of transmission is by railway, *via* Montreal, Danville Junction, and Bangor, Me., whence by stage to Calais and St. John. Time taken, at this season, usually four days.
The Mail despatched, however, on Friday, obtains connexion with the Monday 5 p m steamer, (International Line), from Portland, being due at St. John on Tuesday p m.

For Woodstock, N. B.

There is also a tri-weekly Mail from Riviere du Loup to Edmundston and Woodstock, leaving Riviere du Loup every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday evenings, on the arrival of the mail train from Quebec. Matter intended for conveyance by this route should be specially addressed "*Via* Riv. du Loup.

PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND.

Matter for Prince Edward Island is forwarded on St. John.
Letters 5 cents per half ounce. Newspapers 1 cent.

*NOVA SCOTIA.

For Halifax, N. S., Closed Every Thursday, 12:45, P. M.

Route of transmission is *via* Portland, whence per steamer *Chase*, or *Carlotta*, every Saturday at 4 p m, for Halifax, being due there on the following Monday.
Letters 5 cents per half ounce. Newspapers 1 cent.

For Halifax, N. S., Closed Every Friday, 12:45, P. M.

Route of transmission is *via* Portland, connecting there with the Monday 5 p m steamer, (International Line), for St. John. Mail due in Halifax on the following Thursday evening.
Letters 5 cents per half ounce. Newspapers 1 cent.
Letters, &c., are not forwarded from Ottawa to Halifax by the land route, *via* St. John, N. B., unless specially so addressed.

NEWFOUNDLAND.

Newfoundland is included in the ordinary mails made up for Halifax.
Letters 12½ cents per half ounce. Newspapers 5 cents each.
G. P. BAKER, Postmaster.
Post Office, Ottawa, Feb. 13, 1868.

Nova Scotia, by "Inman" Steamer from New York.

*NOTE—For Inman Steamer to Halifax a Mail is closed every alternate Friday, 12.45, p m, (*i. e.* 21st February, 6th and 20th March, 3rd and 17th April, and so on.) Route of transmission is *via* New York, connecting there with the Steamer of the Inman Line, leaving on alternate Mondays at Noon for England, *via* Halifax, being due at Halifax on the following Thursday. Letters and papers for despatch by this route must be SPECIALLY SO ADDRESSED, with postage prepaid by stamp, as follows—
Letters 12½ cents per half ounce. Newspapers 2 cents each. 677tf

SALE OF
ORDNANCE LANDS
OTTAWA.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that a large number of Lots, of different sizes and dimensions,
Town Lots & Country Lots,
Will be offered for sale on
MONDAY, 6th APRIL NEXT,
AT THE
Auction Room of H. McLean, Auctioneer,
OTTAWA, VIZ.:
Building Lots in Ottawa on North Rideau street, South George street, South St. Andrew street, North St. Andrew street, South Bolton street, South Parry street, South Franklin street, North Franklin street South Park street, East Wurtemburg street, Lot 11 Rideau Front, Lot 1, do.

—ALSO,—

	Acres.	R.	P.
Lot 34, concession B, Nepean	87	03	00
35, concession B, occupied by Mulligan and one McCabe	57	00	00
Lot K, concession D, Nepean, part of	59	00	00
Lots L and M, concession B, Nepean, parts of	86	2	25
Lot K, concession C, Nepean	53	00	00

Sub Lots 2, 3, 4, on Lot E, concession C, Nepean, 1 acre and nine perches each.
Eleven Sub-Lots of 10 acres each, on Lot No. 21 Gore of Gloucester.
Nineteen sub-Lots of 10 acres each, on Lot No. 22, Gore of Gloucester.
Lot letter I, concession 4, Gloucester 101 1 33
Lists of the Lots, and terms of payment, may be had on application at the Ordnance Lands Office, at the Office of H. McLean, Auctioneer, and at the Office of the undersigned, Public Buildings, Ottawa.
By order of the Secretary of State:
E. PARENT,
Under Sec. of State
WILLIAM F. COFFIN,
Ordnance Lands Agent.
Ottawa, February 6, 1868. 660-1awid

OTTAWA
Skating & Curling
CLUB.
A GRAND CARNIVAL
WILL BE HELD AT
THE RINK,
On Tuesday Ev'g, 25th Instant.
By kind permission of Colonel Lord A. G. RUSSELL and OFFICERS, the
String Band of the P.C.O. Rifle Brigade
Will be in attendance.

COMMITTEE:
J. LeBreton Ross, Esq. | R. Hancock, Esq.
W. B. Almond, Esq. | W. B. Cotton, Esq.

REGULATIONS:
None but subscribers, and those introduced by them, will be admitted to skate.
No person will be allowed on the ice except in costume.
Ladies not required to assume any particular dress. A slight deviation from the ordinary skating dress being in their case considered sufficient.
No gentleman to appear in female attire.
The use of masks is optional. Domino masks can be hired from the Rink Caretaker. No Negro costumes will be allowed.
Children under 15 years will not be admitted on the ice.
Parties desirous of appearing in costume are requested to leave their names and description of dress with the Secretary, who will be at the Rink from 3 to 5 o'clock on Monday and Tuesday afternoon, for the purpose of issuing tickets.
Admission 25 cents. Skaters in costume Free.
Doors open at half-past seven o'clock.
February 19, 1868. 670d

PHŒNIX.

MESSRS. R. EATON & Co. respectfully announce to the public that THEY HAVE RESUMED BUSINESS in this City in the various branches of their trade and manufacture, which they now carry on at the following places:—

Paint, Oil, Varnish, Color and Painters' Stock Depot,
☞ Bell's New Block, 1st Story, Opposite the Russell House.

Oil Painting, Engraving, Paper Hanging and Decorating Depot,
☞ Bell's New Block, 2nd Story, Opposite the Russell House.

Looking-Glass, Picture Frame, Silvering and Gilding Rooms,
☞ Scott's Building, over Confectionary, Opposite the Russell House.

Cornice, Picture, and Looking-Glass Frame Manufactory,
☞ Wright's Building, Chandlere, formerly occupied by E. B. Eddy, Esq.

Their present extensive stock in the various departments is entirely new, the former having been destroyed by fire, and has been carefully and judiciously selected, with especial regard to the demands of this City and its surroundings. Their Painters' Stock is especially good. Their Paper Hangings and Decorating Stock is in endless variety of quality and price; and the Decoration of Dwellings, Offices, Stores and Public Buildings undertaken, and satisfaction guaranteed both as to style and workmanship.

Having secured spacious premises at the Chandlere, with extensive water-tower, for the purpose of Manufacturing Cornices and Frames of all kinds, and having also secured spacious Looking-Glass, Silvering and Gilding Rooms, they will be enabled to fill orders for Pier, Mantle, Hanging and Toilet Mirrors, Picture Frames and Cornices, at the Shortest Notice.

Oil Paintings and Engravings of undoubted merit and beauty always in stock.

Window Blinds, new style, unsurpassed, always kept on hand. These are made so as to fit windows of any size, and are painted or oiled to suit taste or business of purchaser.

Messrs. R. E. & Co., avail themselves of this opportunity for returning their sincerest thanks for the kind patronage heretofore bestowed upon them, and for the great sympathy manifested for them on the occasion of the recent fire, and in resuming business they beg to assure their many kind friends and patrons that with new stock, renewed energy, and competent and faithful workmen, they feel confident of filling all orders with which they may be favored with promptness and punctuality, and in such a manner as will merit entire satisfaction.

OFFICE—Bell's Block, Opposite Russell House.

OTTAWA, Feb. 14, 1868. 656-3m

Ottawa CROCKERY Store!

PRESENTATION ORNAMENTS.

WILLIAM ALLAN

RESPECTFULLY announces the arrival of a Choice Selection of China and Bohemian Glass Flower Vases and Ornaments suitable for Xmas and New Year's Gifts. Also, his usual complete Stock of China, Glass, Earthenware and Parian Marble ever brought into Ottawa, consisting of

DINNER SETTS, BREAKFAST SETTS, DESSERT SETTS, TOILET SETTS.

Cut and Engraved, Cut and Pressed TABLE GLASS, and an assortment of Common Ware for wholesale purchasers.

☞ A large and most varied Stock select from:

W. ALLAN,
51 RIDEAU STREET, (opposite Mr. D. Whalen's.)

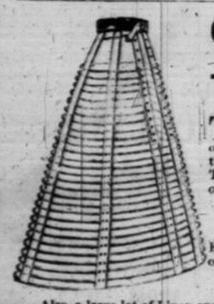
Ottawa, December 19, 1867. 574y

SHEFFIELD HOUSE!

E. K. MacGILLIVRAY & Co.,

MANUFACTURING JEWELLERS —AND— WATCHMAKERS

OTTAWA, January 21, 1868.



City Hoop Skirt Factory

The Double Extension Skirt.

THIS new and convenient Skirt I am now making in all widths of tape. The great advantage this Skirt has over all others: ladies can alter it themselves to any width they wish, from 1¼ yards to 3 yards, without the least trouble. They only can be had at the Factory. Everyother style of Skirt on hand or made to order. Just received another lot of

FRENCH CORSETS,

Every size, from 17 inches to 36 inches. Also, a few of those old fashioned Corsets, (lacing at the back.)

Lambs' Wool Hose, Breakfast Shawls.

Also, a large lot of Linen and Lawn Pocket Handkerchiefs, cheap.

DAVID MILLAR,
43 Sparks-st, Centre Town, next to Esmonde's Stove Depot.

456y

Gold Medal, Paris, 1867.

WHEELER & WILSON'S SEWING MACHINES.

THE BEST HOLIDAY PRESENT,

From $47 and upwards.

☞ FIVE per cent. off for cash in bills until after the holidays. One handsome Mahogany full case $8 discount.

The Howe Sewing Machines from $50 Up.

Grout & Co.'s Twisted Elastic Stitch only $15.

☞ Call and see this little beauty. Prospectuses and Samples sent Free by Mail.

December 19, 1867. 479-43y G. A. WALTON, Agent, 37 Sparks Street, Ottawa.

FIRST CLASS

Tailoring Establishment.

BEING desirous to dispose of the balance of my WINTER STOCK, in order to make room for

Spring Importations.

For two months I shall offer such inducements to intending purchasers as will enable me to make a ready sale, and my customers a good investment.

☞ Please Call and Examine. ☜

G. M. HOLBROOK,

PEG TOP DEPOT, Elgin-street,
Opposite the Post Office.

381y

CAUTION.

THE perfection and cheapness of the "American (Waltham) Watch have given it such a wide-world celebrity that unscrupulous dealers years ago imitated its style and pirated its trade mark. Irresponsible dealers are occasionally found who dishonestly trade upon the popularity of the American watch by selling a base imitation under the name of the genuine article.

It is hardly necessary to state that such watches are worthless as time-keepers, and when bought for the genuine are calculated to injure the high reputation which our watches have attained. The several grades of the American watch (except the lowest grade marked Home Watch Co.) are guaranteed by special certificate bearing the number of the watch and the signature of the Treasurer of the Company, E. E. Robbins. The purchaser should in all cases require one of these certificates, which is furnished to all dealers in the genuine watches.

The following are the trade marks on the several grades of our manufacture:

AMERICAN WATCH CO. APPLETON, TRACY & CO.
WALTHAM WATCH CO. P. S. BARTLETT.
WM. ELLERY HOME WATCH CO.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD CO.
Office of the General Superintendent
Altoona, Pa., 15th Dec., 1866.

Gentlemen—The watches Manufactured by you have been in use on this Railroad for several year by our engine men, to whom we furnish watches as part of our equipment. There are some THREE HUNDRED OF THEM CARRIED ON OUR LINE, and we consider them GOOD and RELIABLE TIME-KEEPERS. Indeed I have great satisfaction in saying YOUR WATCHES GIVE US LESS TROUBLE and have worn and do wear much longer without repairs than any watches we have ever had in use on this road. As you are aware we formerly trusted to those of English manufacture, of acknowledged good reputation, but as a class they never keep time as correctly, nor have they done as good service as yours.

In these statements I am sustained by my predecessor, Mr. Lewis, whose experience extended over a series of years.

Respectfully,
EDWARD H. WILLIAMS,
General Superintendent.

American Watch Co., Waltham.

NEW YORK CENTRAL RAILROAD.
Locomotive Dep't Western Division,
Rochester, Dec. 24th, 1866.

Gentlemen—I have no hesitation in saying that I believe the great majority of locomotive engineers have found by experience that WALTHAM WATCHES ARE THE MOST SATISFACTORY of any for their use. They RUN WITH THE GREATEST ACCURACY AND STEADINESS, notwithstanding the rough riding of an engine; and as I have NEVER KNOWN ONE TO WEAR OUT, they must be durable. I hope to see the time when railway companies will generally adopt your watches, and furnish them all to engineers and conductors. In my opinion it would greatly tend to promote regularity and safety.

Yours respectfully,
CHARLES WILSON,
G. Chief Engineer,
Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers.

American Watch Co., Waltham.

For sale by all first-class dealers in the United States and British Provinces.

ROBBINS & APPLETON
No. 182 Broadway, N. Y.
ROBERT WILKES,
Toronto and Montreal,
GENERAL AGENTS.

November, 14, 1866. 565-48 3m.

RAILROADS.

Grand Trunk Railway Company OF CANADA.

WINTER ARRANGEMENTS, 1867.

TRAINS now leave Bonaventure Station as follows:

GOING WEST—Day Express for Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago and all points West, at 8.30 A.M.

Night do do at 7.50 P.M.

Accommodation Train for Kingston and intermediate stations at 7.00 A.M.

Local Train for Cornwall and intermediate Stations, at 4.20 P.M.

Trains for Lachine at 8.00 A.M., 9.30 A.M., 3.00 and 4.30 P.M.

The 3.00 P.M. Train runs through to Plattsburgh.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST—Accommodation Train from Island Pond and intermediate Stations, at 7.00 A.M.

Express for New York and Boston, at 8.40 A.M.

Express for Boston and New York, at 3.30 P.M.

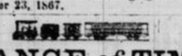
Express for Portland (staying over night at Island Pond) at 2.00 P.M.

Night Express for Portland, Three Rivers, Quebec and Riviere du Loup, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbroke, Waterville and Coaticooke only, at 10.10 P.M.

☞ Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.

For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station.

C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director
December 23, 1867. 650tf



CHANGE of TIME

St. Lawrence & Ottawa Railway,

(formerly the Ottawa & Prescott Railway.)

ON and after MONDAY, the 30th Dec., 1867, and until further notice, trains will run as follows:

LEAVE PRESCOTT.	ARRIVE IN OTTAWA.
Mixed, 7.30 a. m.	11.00 a. m.
Express, 2.10 p. m.	4.45 p. m.
LEAVE OTTAWA.	**ARRIVE IN PRESCOTT.**
Express, 8 a. m.	10.30 a. m.
Mixed, 1.30 p. m.	4.45 p. m.

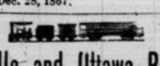
The time of these Trains has been so arranged as to ensure connection with night and day trains on Grand Trunk, east and west.

N. B.—These Trains run on Montreal Time.

Baggage to and from Ottawa checked through from and to stations on Grand Trunk Railway.

Return tickets to Prescott, Kemptville and Ottawa at reduced rates can be had at the principal stations on the line.

T. S. DETLOR, Superintendent. THOMAS REYNOLDS, Managing Director.
Ottawa, Dec. 28, 1867. 1y



Brockville and Ottawa Railway,

WINTER ARRANGEMENT
Commencing on Monday, December 9, 1867.

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

3:45 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 3.45 p.m., and arrive at Sandpoint at 9:25 p. m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT.

6:45 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint daily at 6:45 a.m., and arrive at Brockville at 1:00 p. m.

LEAVES PERTH.

5:00 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Perth at 5:00 p.m., and 9:40 a.m., and arrive at Smith's Falls at 5:50 p.m. and 10:30 a.m.

LEAVES SMITH'S FALLS.

10:50 A.M.—TRAINS will leave Smith's Falls at 10:50 a.m., and 6:05 p.m., and arrive at Perth at 11:40 a.m., and 6:55 p.m.

All trains on main line connect at Smith's Falls with Trains to and from Perth.

No. 1 leaves Brockville after G. T. R. Express Train is due from the East.

No. 2 is due at Brockville in time to connect with G. T. R. Express Trains for the East and West.

H ABBOTT,
Manager for Trustee.

Brockville, Dec. 16. 472y

RoyalCanadianBank

OTTAWA AGENCY:
Office—Desbarats' Building, 77 Sparks St
M. P. HAYES, AGENT.
Ottawa, June 21. 157tf

DALGLISH & RUSSELL

ARE NOW IN RECEIPT OF THEIR new and varied assortment of

Grocery Goods

Consisting of Teas, Gunpowder, Old Hyson, Young Hyson, Hyson Twankay, Black, Extra Fine English Breakfast Souchong, Congou ditto, Oolong, Orange Pekoe, Finest Japans.

Coffees.—Java, Jamaica, La Guayra, Mocha Roasted and Ground on the premises.

Sugars.—English, refined in loaves, Broken Loaf, Crushed White, Yellow Refined.

Chocolate and Cocoa Spices, Mustards, Essences, Syrups, Pickles, Sauces, Vinegars, and Bottled Fruits, in Syrup, Preserves, Potted Meats, Fruits &c. Also, Provisions, Sugar Cured Hams, Spice Rolled Hams, Bacon, Butter, Cheese, Crackers Biscuits, Flour, Oatmeal, Barley, Peas, Rice, Labrador Herrings, Table Codfish, Digby Herrings, &c., &c.

Our stock is extensive and complete, and every article warranted to give satisfaction. All orders sent or left will be promptly attended to.

All Goods delivered on the shortest notice

Dalglish & Russell,
Wellington & Kent-sts.

Take Highest Premiums at the Paris Exposition.

PLATFORM, COUNTER, Warehouse, Grain, Coal, Hay, Railroad Track, Depot, Druggist, Gold, and *all* kinds of SCALES constantly on hand and for Sale.

FAIRBANKS, BROWN & Co.,
Boston, Mass.

Our Sole Agents in Ottawa,

ALEXANDER WORKMAN & Co.

November 18, 1867. 592-6m

NOTICE

IS hereby given that application will be made to each and every Parliament having jurisdiction, at the present or next session thereof, respectively, for an act to amend the act chaptered 106, passed at the Session of the Parliament for the late Province of Canada, held the 29th and 30th years of the Reign of Her Majesty Queen Victoria, intituled "An Act to Incorporate the Ottawa City Passenger Railway Company.

Dec. 2nd, 1867. 607-2m

Bottled Ale, Bottled Ale, Bottled Ale.

THE Subscriber would call the attention of Families and others to his

Fine Bottled Ale!

Which is in splendid condition. Also,

Scotch, Irish, Old Rye

And other Malt Whiskies,

Ports, Sherries, Brandies, Gin, &c.,

Together with a General Assortment of

FIRST-CLASS GROCERIES.

A Call kindly Solicited.

D. WHELAN,
44, Rideau-street,
Opposite Allan's Crockery Store

Ottawa, Jan. 20, 18'8.

FOR SALE.

$50 PAIRS of Grey Twilled BLANKETS, in bales of 50 pairs

—ALSO,—

Canadian White Twilled and Whitney Blankets. English Grey Blankets, weighing from 8 to 10 pounds each.

E McGILLIVRAY.
Ottawa, December 23, 1867. 622-3m

PIANOFORTES!

Messrs. Orme & Son

BEG to intimate that they have on hand one of the FINEST COLLECTIONS of

Steinway, Chickering and Dunham PIANOFORTES

That have ever been offered for sale in Ottawa. These instruments were carefully selected by Mr. Nordheimer from the factories.

INSPECTION INVITED.

A splendid CHICKERING, only a few months in use, FOR SALE CHEAP, the proprietor having gone to England.

☞ Old Pianofortes taken in exchange.

25, Sparks-street,
Sign of the Golden Lyre.

January 27. 448y

PRIVATE BOARDING HOUSE.

MRS. RICHARD will open a Private first-class BOARDING HOUSE, Corner of SUSSEX and CLARENCE-STS., over Mr. Martineau's Dry Goods Store, on the 15th instant. Parties wishing quiet, good, comfortable board, with good attendance, will please apply and secure apartments.

Ottawa, February 6, 1868. 659-3m

AYER'S Sarsaparilla

FOR PURIFYING THE BLOOD.

And for the speedy cure of the following complaints:

Scrofula and Scrofulous Affections, such as Tumors, Ulcers, Sores, Eruptions, Pimples, Pustules, Blotches, Boils, Blains, and all Skin Diseases.

OAKLAND, Ind., 6th June, 1859.

J. C. AYER & Co. Gentl: I feel it my duty to acknowledge what your Sarsaparilla has done for me. Having inherited a Scrofulous infection, I have suffered from it in various ways for years. Sometimes it burst out in Ulcers on my hands and arms; sometimes it turned inward and distressed me at the stomach. Two years ago it broke out on my head and covered my scalp and ears with one sore, which was painful and loathsome beyond description. I tried many medicines and several physicians, but without much relief from any thing. In fact, the disorder grew worse. At length I was rejoiced to read in the Gospel Messenger that you had prepared an alterative Sarsaparilla. I knew from your reputation that any thing so made must be good. I sent to Cincinnati and got it, and used it till it cured me. I took it, as you advise, in small doses of a teaspoonful over a month, and used almost three bottles. New and healthy skin soon began to form under the scab, which after a while fell off. My skin is now clear, and I know by my feelings that the disease has gone from my system. You can well believe that I feel what I am saying when I tell you, that I hold you to be one of the apostles of the age, and remain ever gratefully, Yours,

ALFRED B. TALLEY.

St. Anthony's Fire, Rose or Erysipelas, Tetter and Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Ringworm, Sore Eyes, Dropsy.

Dr. Robert M. Preble writes from Salem, N. Y., 12th Sept., 1859, that he has cured an inveterate case of *Dropsy*, which threatened to terminate fatally, by the persevering use of our Sarsaparilla, and also a dangerous *Malignant Erysipelas* by large doses of the same; says he cures the common *Erysipelas* by it constantly.

Bronchocele, Goitre or Swelled Neck.

Zebulon Sias of Prospect, Texas, writes: "Three bottles of your Sarsaparilla cured me from a Goitre or a hideous swelling on the neck, which I had suffered from over two years."

Leucorrhœa or Whites, Ovarian Tumor, Uterine Ulceration, Female Diseases.

Dr. J. B. S. Channing, of New York City, writes: "I most cheerfully comply with the request of your agent in saying I have found your Sarsaparilla a most excellent alterative in the numerous complaints for which we employ such a remedy, but especially in *Female Diseases of the Scrofulous diathesis*. I have cured many inveterate cases of Leucorrhœa by it, and some where the complaint was caused by *ulceration of the uterus*. The ulceration itself was soon cured. Nothing within my knowledge equals it for these female derangements."

Edward S. Marrow, of Newbury, Ala., writes, "A dangerous ovarian tumor on one of the females in my family, which had defied all the remedies we could employ, has at length been completely cured by your Extract of Sarsaparilla. Our physician thought nothing but extirpation could afford relief, but he advised the trial of your Sarsaparilla as the last resort before cutting, and it proved effectual. After taking your remedy eight weeks no symptom of the disease remains."

Syphilis and Mercurial Disease.

NEW ORLEANS, 25th August, 1859.

Dr. J. C. AYER: Sir, I cheerfully comply with the request of your agent, and report to you some of the effects I have realized with your Sarsaparilla.

I have cured with it, in my practice, most of the complaints for which it is recommended, and have found its effects truly wonderful in the cure of *Venereal and Mercurial Disease*. One of my patients had Syphilitic ulcers in his throat, which were consuming his palate and the top of his mouth. Your Sarsaparilla, steadily taken, cured him in five weeks. Another was attacked by secondary symptoms in his nose—"all the ulceration had eaten away a considerable part of it, so that I believe the disorder would soon reach his brain and kill him. But it yielded to my administration of your Sarsaparilla; the sores healed, and he is well again, not of course without some disfiguration to his face. A woman who had been salivated for the same disorder by mercury was suffering from the poison in her bones. They had become so sensitive to the weather that on a damp day she suffered excruciating pain in her joints and bones. She, too, was cured entirely by your Sarsaparilla in a few weeks. I know from its formula, which your agent gave me, that this Preparation from your laboratory must be a great remedy; consequently, these truly remarkable results with it have not surprised me.

Fraternally yours, G. V. LARIMER, M. D.

Rheumatism, Gout, Liver Complaint.

INDEPENDENCE, Preston Co., Va., 4th July, 1859.

Dr. J. C. AYER: Sir, I have been afflicted with a painful chronic *Rheumatism* for a long time, which baffled the skill of physicians, and stuck to me in spite of all the medicines I could find, until I tried your Sarsaparilla. One bottle cured me in two weeks, and restored my general health so much that I am far better than before I was attacked. I think it a wonderful medicine. J. FREAM.

Jules Y. Getchell, of St. Louis, writes: "I have been afflicted for years with an *affection of the Liver*, which destroyed my health. I tried every thing, and every thing failed to relieve me; and I have been a broken-down man for some years from no other cause than *derangement of the Liver*. My beloved pastor, the Rev. Mr. Espy, advised me to try your Sarsaparilla, because he said he knew you, and any thing you made was worth trying. By the blessing of God it has cured me, and has so purified my blood as to make a new man of me. I feel young again. The best that can be said of you is not half good enough."

Schirrus, Cancer Tumors, Enlargement, Ulceration, Caries and Exfoliation of the Bones.

A great variety of cases have been reported to us where one of these formidable complaints have resulted from the use of this remedy, but our space here will not admit them. Some of them may be found in our American Almanac, which the agents below named are pleased to furnish gratis to all who call for them.

Dyspepsia, Heart Disease, Fits, Epilepsy, Melancholy, Neuralgia

Many remarkable cures of these affections have been made by the alterative power of this medicine. It stimulates the vital functions into vigorous action, and thus overcomes disorders which would be supposed beyond its reach. Such a remedy has long been required by the necessities of the people, and we are confident that this will prove to them all that medicine can do.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,

FOR THE RAPID CURE OF

Coughs, Colds, Influenza, Hoarseness, Croup, Bronchitis, Incipient Consumption, and for the Relief of Consumptive Patients in advanced Stages of the Disease.

This is a remedy so universally known to surpass any other for the cure of throat and lung complaints, that it would seem here to publish the evidence of its virtues. Its unrivalled excellence for coughs and colds, and its truly wonderful cures of pulmonary disease, have made it known throughout the civilized nations of the earth. Few are the communities, or even families, among them who have not some personal experience of its effects—some living trophy in their belief of its victory over the subtile and dangerous disorders of the throat and lungs. We all know the direful fatality of these disorders, and we know, too, the effects of this remedy, we need not do more than to assure them that it has now all the virtues that it did have when making the cures which have spoken so strongly upon the confidence of mankind.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, H. F. MacCarthy, and John Skinner, in Ottawa.

Royal Italian Bitters!

—OF—

TONICO REALE

DEL DOTTORE F. P. VERRI,

Professor of Chemistry in the University o PADUA

ITALY.

THIS celebrated preparation for which a certificate of merit was awarded to the distinguished original preparer at the National Exposition at Torino, Italy, by whose favor Mr. GIANELLI obtained the recipe, and was also awarded a diploma at the Provincial Exhibition of Canada held at Montreal in September, 1866, is, without exception, the most genuine, salubrious and agreeable Tonic ever introduced to public notice either in Europe or America.

For seventeen years it has, in Italy, been a universal favorite among the *elite* of society, being generally served in the drawing room before dinner, in preference to Vermouth.

The ingredients of its composition have been imparted to the leading Physicians of Canada and the United States, and have received their unqualified approval on every account.

The proprietor refers with the greatest confidence and satisfaction to the subjoined testimonials from eminent medical men, which he could add to, were it desirable.

Kept by the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion of Canada and in the United States.

Sold by the Proprietor.

Dear Sir: You request my opinion of the "Royal Italian Bitters," prepared from a receipt of Dr Verri, of Padua. I beg to state that I consider it a most agreeable cordial tonic, in every way superior in flavour and composition to the ordinary bitter tonics in general use. I have recommended it to several patients, who have derived marked benefit from its use.

I am, dear Sir, yours faithfully,

G. E. FENWICK, M.D.

A. M. F. GIANELLI, Esq., Montreal.

A. M. FGIANELLI,
26, Hospital-street, Montreal.

Montreal, February, 1867.

MR GIANELLI,—*Dear Sir*: Having received from you a sample of the Royal Italian Bitters of Dr. Verri as prepared by you, I have much pleasure in testifying to its very excellent qualities as an agreeable and exhilirating tonic Bitter; nothing equal to it has ever come under my notice. Having also been made acquainted with its composition and mode of preparation, I feel nothing better could have been devised for general use; from it effects which I have observed in several cases, I think very many who now suffer from indigestion and dyspepsia in their various forms will find in it a panacea for all their ills.

Very truly,
W. E. BESSEY, M.D., C.M., &c.,
Beaver Hall Hill.

Letter from Drs. Picault,
Montreal, July 27, 1866.

To MR. ANGELIA GIANELLI.

Dear Sir: We are pleased to acknowledge the reception of the prescription of your valuable tonic and bitters, entitled "The Royal." All the substances contained in its composition are perfectly combined to form a preparation fit for the purposes detailed in your directions.

We are, dear Sir, yours sincerely,
DRS. PICAULT & SON.

New York, May 14, 1867.

A. M. F. GIANELLI, Esq., Montreal.

Dear Sir: Just recovering from a long and severe illness, I have received a sample of your Tonico Reale and from its use have derived considerable benefit, as I find my appetite and digestion much improved, and hesitate not to recommend it as one of the best and most agreeable Tonics I have ever used.

WILLIAM ARNOLD,
A.B., Trinity College, Dublin; M. R. C. S. London; M. D., New York, Licenciate Royal College Havana.

Letter from Dr. J. L. Leprohon, City Health Officer.
Montreal, March 29, 1867.

Dear Sir: My absence from Montreal has prevented me from acknowledging sooner the receipt of your note and accompanying sample of the "Royal Italian Bitters."

I have no hesitation in stating that the ingredients entering into their composition are of a nature to render them decidedly useful in many cases of weakness of the digestive organs and of the general constitution. Their flavour is also very pleasant.

I remain, dear Sir, yours very sincerely,
J. L. LEPROHON, M.D.

A. GIANELLI,
Proprietor Cosmopolitan Hotel, Montreal
31, Temple-street, Boston,
July 1, 1867.

A. M. F. GIANELLI, ESQ.,

My Dear Sir: I beg to acknowledge the receipt of a sample of your Royal Italian Bitters together with a note imparting to me the formula for their preparation. Having a large field wherein to try the effect of your Bitters, I have obtained flattering success in cases requiring the use of a mild, stimulating tonic, and I will recommend your Bitters with pleasure in dyspepsia, indigestion, loss of appetite, general debility, and constitutional inactivity of the liver.

I remain, my dear Mr. Gianelli, yours, very truly,

E. DE LA GRANJA, M.D.

Letter from Dr. Hall, Professor of Midwifery and Diseases o Women and Children, McGill College.
Montreal, March 15, 1866.

My Dear Sir: I have to acknowledge from you the reception of a sample of your "Royal Bitters," of your own manufacture, and have subsequently had the opportunity afforded me of becoming acquainted not only with their preparation, but also with the materials which enter into their composition. Nothing, I think, can excel the mode of filtration adopted, while the small amount of vinous ingredients must recommend them to general favour, even to those who usually disapprove of the use of such beverages, the proportion being only just sufficient to maintain their composition unimpaired in climates subject to considerable fluctuations of temperature.

From the nature or character of the materials employed in their composition, it is impossible to regard them otherwise than as the healthful, invigorating, yet mild tonic or stomachic, especially adapted to stomachs enfeebled by general sickness, and whose energy requires a gentle stimulus, preparatory to the indigestion of food.

I shall have pleasure in recommending their use in such suitable cases as may present themselves to me. I remain, dear Sir, yours very truly,

A. HALL, M.D.,
Professor Midwifery, McGill University.

A. GIANELLI, Esq., &c. &c., &c., &c., &c.

From Dr. Muir, C. B. Inspector-General H. M. Hospitals in British America.
Montreal, August 1, 1866.

Sir: Having much practical experience of Bitters in the West Indies, in India, and other parts of the world where they are in request, I have no hesitation in giving it as my opinion that Dr. Verri's "Tonico Reale" is the *very best I have ever met with.*

W. M. MUIR, M D., Inspector-General.

Letter from Professor Smallwood, of McGill University.
52 Beaver Hall Terrace,
Montreal, August 1, 1866.

I am opinion that Dr. Verri's "Tonic Reale" is a very pleasant and palatable form for the exhibition of tonic bitters, in cases requiring such a preparation.

CHAS. SMALLWOOD, M.D., L.L.D., D.C.L.

To A. M. F. GIANELLI. Esq., Montreal

20, East 25th-street,
New York, May 9, 1867.

To A. M. F. GIANELLI, Esq.,

Dear Sir,—The "Tonico Reale" I have tried faithfully, and it gives me great pleasure to state to you that it is the best and most agreeable Tonic I have ever used in my practice. I find it particularly adapted to females and children debilitated by the various diseases and complaints peculiar to them. If you will favor me with a letter stating where I can procure your Bitters for my patients, I shall take particular pains to recommend them. As a general rule the Bitters sold are *too* bitter and have too much *Alcohol*, and are hence often injurious.

Your "Tonico Reale" seems to me to be the Tonic we have long wished for, but never found until Prof. Verri, D.M., of Padua, has given it to the Medical World.

Respectfully yours,
WM. FRED. HOLCOMB, M.D.,
Professor of Aural and Ophthalmic Surgery in New York Medical College, and Surgeon to New York Ophthalmic Hospital and Demult Dispensary.

Letter from Dr W. P. Campbell, Editor Medical Journal.
Montreal, August 20, 1867.

Dear Sir: I have to acknowledge the receipt of a sample of your "Tonic Reale," accompanied by a note informing me of its composition, and how prepared. While not believing in my universal Tonic, I am forced to admit that there are many cases where just such a preparation as yours would be invaluable. In cases of Chronic Dyspepsia, I have several times recommended its use and with much benefit. Yours, &c.,

FRS W CAMPBELL, MDLRCP,
London.

M A F GIANELLI, Esq, Montreal.

Letter from Dr Scott, Professor of Anatomy, McGill College.
Montreal, October 26, 1866.

A FM GIANELLI, Esq,

Dear Sir: Having been furnished with a very *liberal* sample of your "Tonic Reale," Royal Bitters, I have delayed giving you my opinion of its merits until I had an opportunity of testing, from experience, some of the advantages which I have found derived from the employment of the Tonic.

I have noticed great benefit from the use of the "Royal Bitters" in indigestion, loss of appetite, general debility, and some nervous affections. The Tonic is most carefully prepared, and will be found a very agreeable Bitter and gentle stimulant; and from knowing its composition, I have pleasure in recommending it to the public; feeling satisfied that when more extensively known, the Tonic will be very generally used.

W E SCOTT, MD,
Professor Anatomy McGill University; Physician General Hospital, &c., &c.

New York, June 1, 1867.

MR. GIANELLI,—*Dear Sir*: After a fair trial I take pleasure in recommending your Royal Bitters, it is a very excellent stimulating tonic, aiding digestion and giving tone to the digestive organs. In your note you informed me of the ingredients. I think it is a most admirable combination; a pleasant, useful, and reliable tonic.

Yours truly,
R. P. COOKE, M.D.,
New York City.

New York, April 25, 1867.

A. M. F. GIANELLI,—*Sir*: Your kind favour of 16th instant, together with a sample of your "Tonico Reale" Royal Bitters,—I am pleased not only with its composition, but also with the effect, and regard the preparation as a very elegant one, suited to many cases when a more powerful compound would not be used. After having had further opportunity, I shall be able to give a more intelligent opinion in regard to its efficacy.

Have you any agency in this city? Many of my patients are anxious to use the Tonic but know not where to procure it. Yours truly,

C. PRINCE, M.D.,
157, East 16th-street.

22, West Eleventh-street,
New York, May 9, 1867.

A. M. F. GIANELLI, Esq.

Dear Sir: The sample of your Royal Italian Bitters, through your politeness, was received some time since. I am happy to say respecting them, after giving them a fair trial, that they are a delicious tonic, stomachic and stimulant Bitters, which I think will be found very useful to the debilitated suffering from indigestion, constipation, or dyspepsia.

With my best wishes for your success,
I am respectfully yours,
G. MILIANO, M.D.

Letter from Dr. Hingston, Physician Hotel Dieu Hospital.
Montreal, August 1, 1867.

The "Tonico Reale" of Dr. Verri, prepared by Mr. Gianelli of this city, and introduced to the public as the "Royal Italian Bitters," is one of the most elegant preparations with which I am acquainted. Mr. Gianelli having made known to me its composition, I can, unhesitatingly, recommend it to those who require the combined use of an agreeable tonic and stimulant.

WM. H. HINGSTON, M.D., L.R.C.S., &c.,
Surgeon to St. Patrick's Department, Hotel Dieu.
September 14, 1867. 538-37w6m

FRESH ARRIVALS of Very Choice and Superior TEAS

NOW ON SALE AT THE

1,000 CHESTS UNCOLORED JAPAN.

500 Chests very choice and superior YOUNG HYSON.

700 Chests Good Strong TWANKAY

100 Chests old fashioned BREAKFAST SOUCHONG.

150 Caddies MANDERIN MIXTURE.

☞ This is the finest BLACK TEA ever imported, 5s per pound; in small Caddies, about 14 lb each, 4s 9d.

COFFEE!

The Pure Mountain Berry

"Without exception the finest Coffee in the world."—*London Times, March 16.*

We are constantly receiving supplies of this truly beautiful and delicious COFFEE, *roasted daily on our premises by*

Dakins' Patent Silver Cylinder

By which peculiar process, the aroma is preserved, and renders it the FAVORITE WITH ALL COFFEE DRINKERS.

BEWARE OF SPURIOUS IMITATIONS.

☞ As it is imported by no other firm in Canada

ROBINSON & CO.,
THE TEA POT,
OTTAWA

Wines, Spirits & Liquors

ROBINSON & CO. would especially call the attention of families to their stock of

ALES, WINES & SPIRITS

100 cases Otard Brandy.
50 " Martell's
150 " Hennessey.
75 " United Vinquels

We have a most delicious

DINNER SHERRY

Which we are selling at 8 shillings per gallon

GUINESS & CO.

DUBLIN STOUT!

BLOOD'S LONDON STOUT.
BARCLAY'S LONDON PORTER
ALLSOP'S PALE ALE.
BASS' EAST INDIA.
DOW'S CELEBRATED MONTREAL ALE
DAW'S SUPERIOR LACHINE ALE
DAW'S CELEBRATED PORTER & STOUT

PRESERVED MEATS.

Just Received from England:
ROAST HARE.
CURRIED DO.
JUGGED DO.
STEWED DO.
ROAST PHEASANTS.
ROAST GROUSE.
OAST PARTRIDGE

ALL GOODS DELIVERED FREE by our own Waggons to any part of the City daily

ROBINSON & CO.
THE TEA POT,
OTTAWA.

Establishments—Sussex St. and Rideau St
Ottawa, September 10. 225M

PRIVATE BILLS.

ON the reassembling of the Parliament of Canada, in March, PETITIONS FOR PRIVATE BILLS will be received, in the House of Commons, until Thursday, the 2nd of April following.

W. B. LINDSAY,
Clerk, House of Commons.

Ottawa, Feb. 1, 1868. 655Mb12

GREAT DISCOVERY.

EVERY MAN HIS OWN ARTIST!

A SCIENTIFIC WONDER.

AN Instrument by which any person can take correct Likenesses or Photographs. This instrument with full instructions sent by mail for one dollar. Address,

C. B. AMES & CO.,
Broadway, New York.

64'-2

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

FARM FOR SALE.

FOR SALE, Lot No. 15, 4th Concession Gloucester, Rideau Front, 7 miles from Ottawa, on the Macadamized Road, leading from Ottawa to Metcalf, consisting of 100 acres, 80 of which cleared, and in the highest state of cultivation. The soil is of the very best quality; there is a good dwelling house, barn, stable and other out buildings thereon. This farm is well fenced and watered.

For further particulars apply to
H. McLEAN, Auctioneer,
Or the subscriber, on the premises,
W. HALPENNY.

Gloucester, Sept. 13, 1867. 557 37-6m

NOTICE.

THE Undersigned will either sell or let for a few years his well known farm, being lot Twenty-five in the Fourth Concession of Gloucester, Rideau Front, 215 acres all cleared, and well fenced and in a good state of cultivation. Also, the one-half of lot Twenty-seven in the Third Concession, being in its natural state, all wood and excellent land. It is just the cross of two hundred acres from the corner of the one lot to the other. The railroad line runs within ten feet of the front corner of the one hundred and in sight of the two hundred for two or three miles. The Station at Cunningham's is scarcely a mile and a half from the front of Lot Twenty-five. The above farm is capable of keeping thirty head of milch cows, two span of horses, and as many young cattle as it would be proper to raise. Eight or nine years ago I kept twenty-two milch cows, and ten or twelve horses and raised five or six calves every year. The above farm is about ten miles, from the door, to the limits of the City. The improvements cannot be surpassed for a farmer's purpose. The dwelling-house is stone, 30 by 40, a story and a half over ground; and a cellar nine feet high, the one half used for a kitchen and the other half capable of holding 1,000 bushels of anything you wish to put into it; there is three small windows in it, and when cleaned in the Spring, makes an excellent

The Ottawa Times

VOL. II. NO. 676. OTTAWA, WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 26, 1868. PRICE—3 CENTS

THE

Ottawa Daily Times,

(Published every morning, Sundays excepted.)

THE DAILY AND WEEKLY TIMES NOW enjoys the LARGEST CIRCULATION of any paper published in the Ottawa Valley—issuing of the Daily over 2,000! and Weekly over 4,000! making a total circulation in the week of over 18,000! thus outstripping all competitors, and affording the best medium for business men to advertise in.

ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in the Daily at the following rates:

Business Cards of from 3 to 6 lines, per annum—payable in advance only..... $6 00
Transient Advertisements, first insertion per line..... 8c
Subsequent insertions, per line, each..... 2c
Yearly advertisers specially contracted with, and liberal allowance made.
Yearly subscription to the daily (if paid in advance)..... $5 00
If not paid in advance..... 6 00
Yearly subscription to the weekly (if paid in advance)..... $1 00
If not paid in advance..... 1 50

Our Advertising Agency—Messrs. S. M. Pettengill & Co., 37 Park Row, New York, and 10 State Street, Boston, General Advertising Agents, are hereby authorized to receive advertisements for the OTTAWA TIMES.

LEGAL.

MOSGROVE & TAILLON,
BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.
WILLIAM MOSGROVE. GEORGE TAILLON.
Ottawa, Feb. 20, 1868. 566-tf

DR. O. C. WOOD,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur Ottawa. Day office opposite Magee & Russell's, Sparks Street, Center Town; Night Office at his Residence, Maria Street, Center Town.
CANCERS CURED, with out the use of the knife, by a new, but certain, speedy, and almost painless process. References given to parties successfully treated, if required. *The cure guaranteed.*
Ottawa, April 14. 17w-16c-y

R. J. WICKSTEED,
ADVOCATE, &c., 12, Little St. James Street, MONTREAL.
November 14, 1867. 589-6m.

N. TETREAU,
NOTARY PUBLIC for the Province of Quebec, HULL, near the Post Office.
Dec. 6, 1867. 579tf

NICHOLAS SPARKS,
LAW, Chancery and Conveyancing Office, Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite Post Office.
Ottawa, July 19. 489y

LAPIERRE & HAYCOCK,
ATTORNIES-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers and Notaries Public, corner of Sussex and York-streets, Ottawa.
Ottawa, February 26, 1867. 368y

D. O'CONNOR,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex Street. OFFICE: Union Buildings, Ottawa.
February 21, 1866. 55-y

R. H. HAYCOCK,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor.
OFFICE: Post Office Building, Elgin Street, Ottawa.
February 7, 1866. 43-n

A. F. BOUCHETTE,
ADVOCATE. Office: No. 17, St. Peter Street, Quebec. Mr. Bouchette will always be prepared to attend promptly to any business the government, the public employes, and the public generally may entrust him. Mr. B. attends regularly the circuits and for the district of Quebec.
December 28, 1865. 9-y

T. J. BUCKLEY, L.L.B.,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law Solicitor-in-Chancery, and Notary Public, Office, over Mr. Lake Ottawa Hall and Shoe store, Rideau Street, Ottawa, C. W.
January 17 1867. 334y

AUGUSTUS KEEFER,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office: Opposite Post Office, Elgin Street, in the house lately occupied as the Custom House.
Ottawa, March 19. 87-tf

J. F. BOULTON,
BARRISTER-AT-LAW, Solicitor-in-Chancery, &c.
OFFICE: Aumond's Buildings, Rideau Street.
Ottawa, Jan. 12, 1866. 21-y

M. McLEOD,
BARRISTER, Etc., for Lower Canada. OFFICES: Court House, Aylmer and Buchanan, C.E.
☞ Attends to all Law Courts in the District of Ottawa.
February 7, 1866. 43-ut

LEES & GEMMELL,
BARRISTERS, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c.
OFFICE: In the Court House, Ottawa, C. W.
ROBERT LEES. JOHN J. GEMMELL.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

EDWARD T. DARTNELL,
BARRISTER, Solicitor, Attorney, and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Crown Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell.
OFFICE: In the Court House, L'Original.
January 27, 1866. 34-6m

MEDICAL.

DR. CHESLEY,
OFFICE over Mr. Garth's Establishment, 25 Rideau-st., Ottawa.
May 30 447tf

DR. C. LEGGO,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Office: Hanlon's Block, Sparks Street.

DR. DORION,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon, and Accoucheur, Clarence Street, Ottawa.
March 1. 371y

DR. OLIVER MARTIN,
DENTIST. Office: Sparks Street, Central Ottawa.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-utf

DR. C. A. MARTIN,
DENTIST. Office: Sussex Street, over Messrs. Campbell & Co.'s, Grocery.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-utf

DR. JOHN LEGGO,
DENTIST, Heaton's Block, Sparks Street. ☞ Teeth extracted without pain by means of the Ethereal Spray Producer. 396a

W. R. BELL, A.M., M.D., C.M., &c.
(Recently from England.)
SURGERY and Residence, George Street.
Ottawa, November 17. 286y

DR. LESLIE JONES,
Surgeon, &c., of Dublin and Edinburgh.
SURGERY and Consulting Office, Rideau-st., next door to the St. Lawrence Hall. Residence—Daly Street. 581y

DR. GEORGE HUTCHISON,
DENTIST: Office, Sparks-street, opposite Magee & Russell's.
Ottawa, October 30, 1867. 576y

DR. W. J. HENRY,
CORNER of Kent and Wellington Streets, Ottawa.
November 6. 43utf

G. J. O'DOHERTY,
LAW, CHANCERY and CONVEYANCING OFFICE, AUMOND'S BUILDINGS, Rideau-street.
Ottawa, Dec. 6, 1867. 603-6y

HOLGATE, OLIVER & ANNABLE,
WHOLESALE Manufacturers of Bedsteads Chairs, &c., Chaudiere Island Ottawa, C.W.
WILLIAM HOLGATE, JOHN OLIVER, WILLIAM ANNABLE.
Ottawa A 506y

BUSINESS CARDS.

B. BILLINGS, JR.,
ARCHITECT, Elgin-street, opposite the Post Office.
REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq, Managing Director O & P R W 612-6m

R. SPARKS,
PROVINCIAL LAND SURVEYOR, Draughtsman, &c., (commissioned for Upper and Lower Canada.) Office and residence, Gloucester, near Ottawa. Surveys of every description executed with accuracy. Communications addressed Ottawa City, (post-paid), or left at the office of N. Sparks, Solicitor, &c., Ottawa, will receive prompt attention.
Ottawa, February 21, 1866. 55-

N. McKINNON,
COMMISSION and Exchange Broker, and Insurance Agent, Sparks-street, opposite Magee & Russell's, Ottawa, C. W.
Ottawa, March 25. 591y

O'CONNOR & WALLER,
EXCHANGE Brokers, Fire, Life and Accidental Insurance, Commission and Collecting Agents. Office, No. 27, Sussex-street, Ottawa.
E. P. O'CONNOR. W. H. WALLER.
March 9. 378y

J. P. MACPHERSON,
BARRISTER, &c., Ottawa. Office: Lang's Buildings, opposite Post Office
Ottawa, March 19, 1866. 70-y

H. McLEAN'S
AUCTION Rooms, No. 19, Sparks Street, Centre Town, Ottawa, opposite Hope's Stationery Store.
The sale of Real Estate at Auction or Private Sale promptly attended to. Consignments received for positive sale. Parties wishing to purchase Real Estate will receive all information FREE OF CHARGE by calling at the office.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y

R. H. McGREEVY,
CONTRACTOR and Builder. Office: North side York street, second door from Sussex Street.
Ottawa, March 20, 1868. 78-y

S. CHRISTIE,
COMMISSION Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.
OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W. y

PARLIAMENTARY AGENCY.

C. J. BOUCHETTE,
PROVINCIAL SURVEYOR and Draughtsman, Mining, Land, and General Parliamentary Agent. References unexceptionable. OFFICE: Wellington Street, next to British Hotel, and nearly opposite the banks, Ottawa.
P. S.—Special attention given with despatch to Public Land business, adjusting disputed claims, and securing Patents.
Ottawa, May 22. 132-y

JOHN MERCER,
Teacher Piano-Forte, Violin, &c.
THOROUGH BASS.
AYLMER, C. E.
VISITS OTTAWA TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS.
Orders left at Union House will be punctually attended to.
Ottawa, July 26. 187tf

HOTELS AND SALOONS.

DOMINION HOUSE!
WELLINGTON-STREET,
COLIN McLaurin & Geo. Irvine, Proprietors. This hotel has been lately fitted up, and is now replete with every convenience which characterizes a modern hotel.
☞ Boarders taken at moderate rates. The bar is always stocked with first-class liquors.
Ottawa, Feb. 5. 658-6wy

HOLT'S HOTEL,
AYLMER, C. E., Livery and General Stage Office. Alfred Moses Holt, Jr., Prop'tr.
December 21, 1865. 4-y

JAS. JOHNSTON'S
UNION HOUSE, North Gower. Good Stabling and an attentive Hostler.
January 11, 1866. 2u-y

DUIGNAN'S
PRIVATE HOTEL, Sparks Street, Ottawa, C. W. A few gentlemen can obtain superior apartments.
Ottawa, Dec. 29, 1865. 3-y

THE RUSSELL HOUSE,
LATE CAMPBELL'S HOTEL, Ottawa, C. W. The undersigned, proprietor of the above-named Hotel, begs leave to acquaint his numerous friends and the travelling public, that he has re-painted and newly-furnished throughout this commodious establishment, in the management of which by strict attention to business and guests, he hopes to deserve encouragement and support.
JAMES E. GOUIN,
Lately, and for many years connected with Russell's Hotel, Palace Street, Quebec

THE ALBION HOTEL
NICHOLAS Street, Court-House Avenue, Ottawa, John Graham, Proprietor.
This House is conveniently situated, and still maintains its character as a FIRST-CLASS HOTEL. Considerable additions have recently been made to the premises, and it has been entirely repainted and renovated.—No pains will be spared to accommodate and please.
OMNIBUSES to and from the cars and boats free of charge. There is a FIRST-CLASS LIVERY STABLE attached to the Hotel.
Ottawa 1866 1-y

JOHN MALTMAN
LATE McADAM'S, Commercial Hotel, Packenham.
The above Hotel, one of the oldest and best known in Packenham, has been leased by the undersigned and thoroughly overhauled and refitted for the special accommodation of guests. THE TABLE AND BAR will at all times be furnished with the very best the market affords.
GOOD STABLING and a careful Hostler always in attendance
JOHN MALTMAN.

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,
M. KAVANAGH, Proprietor, Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington Streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government buildings.
The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.
☞ Oysters, Game etc., daily

THE METROPOLITAN
Aumond's Block,
Rideau Street, Ottawa.
P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.
Ottawa, November 27. 292tf

THE REVERE HOUSE,
OTTAWA.
G. A. BUCKE, W. H. SANGER, ...PROPRIETORS.
THIS FIRST-CLASS HOTEL has been re-furnished and refitted throughout, and now combines all the requisites of a first-class establishment.
Ottawa, Nov. 6, 1867 582tf

MISS LOVETT'S
PRIVATE HOTEL
HOLLIS STREET, HALIFAX, N. S.
STRANGERS will find this long established and well known house to be the most comfortable and well conducted in the city.
December 23, 1867. 622-6m

TO PARTIES ABOUT TO BUILD—
PLANS,
SPECIFICATIONS,
ESTIMATES, &
Prepared by AUGUSTUS LAVER, ARCHITECT
End Daly-st. Ottawa.
April 1.

DRUGGISTS.

Extensive Sale
—OF—
Drugs, Patent Medicines,
DYE STUFFS, &c.
THE Entire Stock of Drugs, &c., &c., saved from the late disastrous fire by Dr. J. GARVEY, is now offered FOR SALE at the Office of EDWARD BEARMAN, Esq., over COWAN'S HARDWARE STORE, Rideau-street.
Buyers are requested to call at once, as the entire stock must be disposed of.
J. GARVEY, M. D.
Ottawa, Feb. 18, 1868. 669tf

CAUTION.
THE Subscriber regrets the necessity for cautioning the public against imitations of his popular Pomades,
The Alexandra Cream
AND
The Canada Pomade
But having been informed that some unprincipled person has put up inferior articles, copying the labels word for word, and thereby greatly damaging the sale of the genuine articles, he is compelled to take this course in self-defence.
For the future every genuine pot will bear my written signature in RED INK, across the face of the label.
W. M. MASSEY,
Family and Dispensing Chemist,
Medical Hall, 28, *Sparks-st.*
Ottawa, Feb. 6, 1868. 472y

Spectacles for all Sights.
OPTICAL Instruments. Electro-Magnetic and Galvanic Apparatus, Photographic Chemicals, &c.
W. BEARN,
637y Market Drug Store, York-street.

Apothecaries Hall!
No. 41, SUSSEX STREET,
C. MORTIMER, PROPRIETOR
NONE OTHER GENUINE!
TRADE MARK IS *REGISTERED*
Canadian Cough Emulsion.
THIS Valuable Medicine has the extraordinary property of immediately relieving Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Difficulty of Breathing, Tightness in the Chest, &c., &c. It operates by dissolving the congealed phlegm, causing free expectoration, and an agreeable moistness of the skin. Prepared only by
GEORGE MORTIMER,
Chemist and Druggist, 41, Sussex Street, Ottawa City. Sold in bottles at 1s 3d and 2s 6d each.

MORTIMER'S
COMPOUND ANTIBILIOUS
AND FAMILY APERIENT PILLS.
A grand Specific for derangement of the digestive organs, and for obstructions and torpid action of the Liver and Bowels.
MORTIMER'S Vegetable WORM DESTROYER.
The only sure remedy that exists. Combining delicious taste with amazing power. Also
CAMPHORATED EYE-WATER,
Sure Cure for Sore, Weak and Inflamed Eyes.

MORTIMER'S
Colognes, Pomades, Toilet Vinegar, Rose Dentrifice, for the Teeth and Gums. Also constantly on hand, Perfumes of all kinds, and Toilet requisites usually kept in a first-class establishment.

FOUND,
A NEVER Failing Remedy for Coughs and Colds, Mortimer's Canadian Cough Emulsion. No family should be without a bottle. None genuine but from
G. MORTIMER,
Chemist, 41, Sussex-st.
The best of Certificates can be produced.
Ottawa, Nov. 22, 1867. 596-6m

OTTAWA
DRUG WAREHOUSE,
RIDEAU STREET
1866 SEEDS. SEEDS. 1866.
A LARGE STOCK OF FRESH GARDEN and FIELD SEEDS, just arrived and on Sale. All Seeds warranted Fresh.
A large importation of English and French PERFUMES will arrive next week.
FLORIDA WATER. SOZODONT.
HAIR BRUSHES. COMBS.
NAIL BRUSHES. CLOTHES BRUSHES,
&c., &c., &c
Just being opened up.
JOSEPH GARVEY, M.D.
P. S.—Advice to the poor gratis.
Ottawa, April 11. 97-y

DOMESTIC DYES.
THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT OF DYES in this city on sale at the
Ottawa Drug Warehouse.
A fresh Lot of Good, Cheap PERFUMES just received.
N. B.—Prescriptions carefully and promptly prepared. J. GARVEY, M. D.
Ottawa, Feb. 12 1866 47-utf

PARLIAMENT
HAIRDRESSING SALOON!
E. MILES,
Hairdresser by Appointment to His Excellency the Governor-General,
HAS REMOVED HIS PARLIAMENT HAIR DRESSING SALOON from the old stand to his new and commodious room over the LONDON MUSIC STORE, on Elgin-st., opposite the Russell House, which he has fitted up in the most *recherche* style of the business, and where his Rotary Hair Brush, which he imported expressly for himself, being the first introduced into British America, will be kept ready for use. The saloon is delightfully ventilated, and very pleasantly situated.
Mr. MILES would take this opportunity of returning his most sincere thanks to his many friends and the public, for their kind and generous patronage to him, during a number of years, in his old establishment, and trusts that by unremitting attention to business, and in his new and first-class saloon, with polite and attentive workmen, to merit a continuance of their favors.
All kinds of Hair Watch Guards, Finger Rings, &c., manufactured to order. For the convenience of ladies orders will be received at the London Music Store, where a fine and varied assortment of Hair-work will be found.
E. MILES,
Hair Dresser, by appointment, to his Excellency the Governor-General.
Ottawa, October 3 1867 553-39y

Piano-Forte Tuition!
W. C. CLARK,
PROFESSOR OF MUSIC and Teacher of Piano, Voice and Harmony. Also, Mrs. Clark, Teacher of Drawing and Painting. Music Rooms and Residence, 69 Sparks-street, one door east of Toronto House.
☞ Orders may be left a reside o at Orme & n's Music Store. 452y

GREAT CLEARING SALE
—OF—
Dry Goods and Ready-made Clothing,
—AT—
J. T. Prudhomme's Stores,
SUSSEX STREET, FACING CLARENCE-STREET,
And at the Sign of the "Golden Lamb."

AS the Subscriber intends closing one of his Stores on the first day of December, he is determined to sell off at an immense reduction his stock of

DRY GOODS & READY-MADE CLOTHING
—CONSISTING OF—

Beaver Cloths,	West of England Broad Cloths,	Col. and White Blankets
Pilot do	Black Cassimeres,	Horse Rugs,
Whitney do	Silk Mix Coatings,	Flannels,
Melton do	" " Trowsrings,	Kerseys,
Satinet do	Fancy Doeskins,	Winceys.

English, Scotch and Canadian Tweeds.

AWERS,	SHAWLS,	BUCK MITTS,
SHIRTS,	CLOAKINGS,	BUCK MOCASSINS,
WOOL CRAVATS,	DRESS GOODS,	WOOL SOCKS
" SCARFS,	NECK TIES,	" MITTS,
NECK TIES,	PRINTS,	TRUNKS,
COLLARS,	COBOURGS,	VALISES

—ALSO, A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF—
Boots and Shoes, Teas, Soap, Candles and Wines
The whole to be disposed of before the 1st day of December. Call early and examine before purchasing elsewhere.
Ottawa, November 19, 1867. 593-3m

RELIANCE
MUTUAL LIFE ASSURANCE CO'Y.
ESTABLISHED 1840.
CHIEF OFFICE—71, King William-street, Mansion House, LONDON.
ACCUMULATED PREMIUMS OVER, - - - $1,000,000.
ANNUAL INCOME OVER, - - - - - $300,000.

TRUSTEES.
The Right Rev the Bishop of Moray and Ross.

Viscount Kirkcaldie	J R S Phillipps, Esq	Sir John T Tyrell, Bart
John Ledger, Esq	James Traill, Esq	W M Tufnell, Esq

DIRECTORS.

George Ashlin, Esq	John W Lay, Esq	Henry T Prinsep, Esq
W W Duffield, Esq	John Ledger, Esq	Major Skinner, R A
J W Egertongreen, Esq	J Oxlyparker, Esq	Charles H Smith, Esq
George T Harris, Esq	William Phelps, Esq	James Traill, Esq
John James, Esq	John Pike, Esq	W M Tufnell, Esq
	Edward White, Esq	

MEDICAL OFFICERS.
J W Ogle, Esq, M D | H F Smith, Esq, M D
BANKS.
Messrs William Deacon Co, Birchin Lane, Messrs Sparrow, Tufnell & Co, Chelmsford. *The London and County Bank.*
SOLICITORS.
Messrs Hooke & Street, 27 Lincoln's Inn Fields. Messrs Gepp & Veley, Chelmsford.
EDWARD BUTLER, *Secretary.*

Canada Branch—Montreal.
BOARD OF DIRECTORS.
Walter Shanly, Esq, M P, Chairman.
Duncan Macdonald, Esq. George Winks, Esq. C W H Hingston, Esq, M D, L R C S.
SOLICITORS—Messrs Rose & Ritchie. MEDICAL ADVISER—W H Hingston, Esq, M D.
The entire profits of this old and long established society belong to the policy holders, who are *protected* from all *liability* by the deed of settlement.
Annuities and endowments granted on advantageous terms.
Advances made on approved security in connection with Life Policies.
Every information to be had on application to any of the Society's Agents in Canada, or to T W GRIFFITH, *Manager and Secretary.*
Head Office for the Dominion of Canada—Corner St Francois Xavier-street, Montreal.
☞ Agents wanted in unrepresented districts throughout Canada.
589-6m NEIL McKINNON, *Agent for Ottawa.*

Etna Fire and Marine Insurance Co
The Number of Shareholders exceed Five Hundred.
Capital,.....$2,500,000.
Annual Income Nearly.....$1,000,000.
HEAD OFFICE—Upper Sackville-street, Dublin, Ireland; CHIEF OFFICE, ENGLAND—17 and 18 Corn Hill, London; CHIEF OFFICE, SCOTLAND—98 George-st., Edinburgh

DIRECTORS.
John Obins Woodhouse, Esq, 82 Pembroke Road, Dublin; Ormeath Park, Co Louth; Portadown, Co Armagh; Kerry Keel, Co Armagh and Down—Chairman.
Robert Craven Wade, Esq, Conebraney, Crosskeale, Co Meath, and Sackville Street Club, Dublin, J P for Counties Meath and Wicklow—Director Scottish Amicable Life Office.
Charles Going Malone, Esq, Merchant, Stephen-street and George-street, Dublin; Churchtown Lodge, Dundrum, Co Dublin—Director Commercial Gas Company.
John William Gregg, Esq, Alderman, Merchant, 18 Upper Sackville-street, Dublin—Vice Chairman.
Irwine Smith Whitty, Esq, 6 Wellington Road, Dublin—Director Government Prisons.
Bernard Coyne, Esq, 27 Waterloo Road, Dublin, J P, Co Mayo.
Jeffry Martin, Esq, 2 Clarinda Park, East Kingstown, Dublin, and Curraghmore, Ballinrobe, Co Mayo, J P for Co Mayo.
Robert Conway Hurly, Esq, Bridge House and Glenduff, Tralee; J P for Co Kerry.
David Richardson Goodlate, Esq Merchant.
FEATURES.
A division of profits every three years to holders of policies who have no losses.
MODERATE PREMIUMS.
The company do not advocate high premiums, but rates will be charged according as the nature of the risk. Losses will be promptly and fully met on adjustment. Losses by lightning and loss or damage by explosion of gas within the premises insured made good.
JOHN INNIS, ESQ, Manager.
N B—The above company have invested in Canadian Government Bonds, in conformity with the Provincial Act, and have obtained the license of the Minister of Finance to do business in Canada, and are now prepared to take risks.
T. W. GRIFFITH, Manager for Canada.
Head Office for the Dominion—Corner of St Francois Xavier and St Sacrament-streets, Montreal.
Agents wanted if unrepresented districts throughout Canada.
589-6m NEIL McKINNON, Agent for Ottawa.

STOVES. STOVES. STOVES.
STOVES. STOVES. STOVES.
STOVES. STOVES. STOVES.
"CAPITAL" 35, SUSSEX STREET, MEADOWS & CO.
STOVE DEPOT! St. H.
WE have received our fall and Winter Stock of STOVES, STOVE PIPES, ELBOWS, DUMB STOVES, TINWARE and LUMBERMEN'S SUPPLIES, which we offer Wholesale or Retail at low prices. In Cooking, Parlor, Box and Hall Stoves, for wood or coal, we have the largest and most varied assortment ever shown in Ottawa.

COOKING STOVES.	COOKING STOVES.	COOKING STOVES.
COOKING STOVES.	COOKING STOVES.	COOKING STOVES
COOKING STOVES.	COOKING STOVES.	COOKING STOVES.

☞ Our stock of the above comprises the latest improvements in both ELEVATED and LOW OVEN STOVES.

BOX AND HALL STOVES.	BOX AND HALL STOVES.	
BOX AND HALL STOVES.	BOX AND HALL STOVES.	
BOX AND HALL STOVES.	BOX AND HALL STOVES.	

☞ Suitable for private Dwellings and Churches, Warehouses and Stores.

PARLOR STOVES.	PARLOR STOVES.	PARLOR STOVES.
PARLOR STOVES.	PARLOR STOVES	PARLOR STOVES.
PAR TOVES.	PARLOR STOVES.	PARLOR STOVES.

☞ New and most beautiful designs, very cheap.
COAL STOVES. PARLOR GRATES.
Hot Air Furnaces.
We still continue to manufacture every description of TIN, SHEET IRON, and COPPER WARE, RUSSIA IRON PIPE, and DUMB STOVES. ☞ Also all kinds of out-door Job Work in our line attended to by competent and experienced Mechanics. Country Merchants supplied with Stovepipes, &c., at reduced rates.
Lumbermen's Supplies! Lumbermen's Supplies! Shanty Plates! Basins! Camp Kettles, &c. HOUSEFURNISHING GOODS!
Bird Cages! Bird Cages! Bird Cages!
Price Lists sent free on application.
☞ Any part of a Stove sold by us can be replaced when broken or burnt out, a fact intending buyers would do well to note.
An inspection of the above goods invited at the
"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,
35, SUSSEX STREET.
Ottawa, October 2, 1867. 62-y H. MEADOWS & CO.

INSURANCE.

INTERCOLONIAL
ASSURANCE CO'Y.
OF CANADA.
Capital - - - $500,000,
With power to increase the same.
SHARES, - - $100 EACH.
PROVISIONAL DIRECTORS:
H. O. Burritt, Esq., President; R. Lyon, Esq. Mayor of Ottawa, Vice-President; T. D. Harington, Dy. Receiver General; the Hon. J. Skead, J. M. Currier, M. P., D. McLaughlin, M.P., W. Wade, Esq., F. Jones, M.P., W. Ellis, Esq., W. H. Brouse, M.D., Joseph Aumond, Esq., M. K. Church, M.D., and J. M. Bates.
THIS is purely a Canadian institution, and as such is deserving of the support of the Canadian public.
An Act for the Incorporation of this Company is now before the Parliament of the Dominion.
Over $100,000 of stock is already subscribed and it is the intention to deposit with the Government as a guarantee of our good faith, at least $50,000 as soon as an Act of Incorporation is procured (which will be a provision of our Incorporation.) It is unnecessary here to dilate upon the profits of money invested in Insurance Stock. Suffice it to say, that, at least in one instance 3335 per cent advance has been obtained on insurance stock, and that after the payment of princely dividends. In the meantime Subscriptions to Stock, in Ottawa may be made at the Ontario and Royal Canadian Banks, and a deposit of 10 per cent is requisite which will be deposited IN TRUST to be returned in case any subscriber is not satisfied with his investment up to one month after the Vice-Regal sanction to the Charter is obtained.
J. M. BATES,
Pro. Manager and Secretary.
Ottawa, Nov. 21, 1867. 595tf

CITY OF GLASGOW
Life Assurance Company
ESTABLISHED 1838.
CAPITAL, £600,000 Stg.
ANNUAL REVENUE OVER £120,000 STG.
THIS COMPANY OFFERS TO THE public the combined advantage of perfect security, moderate premiums and liberal participation in profits. No extra charge for Volunteers in defence of the country.
RINTOUL BROS., Montreal, General Agents for Canada.
NEIL McKINNON, Agent, Sparks-street, Ottawa.
Ottawa March 25. 391y

Ætna Life Insurance Company,
ESTABLISHED, A. D. 1820.
Capital and Assets, 1st Jan., 1867, $4,401,833.86
THIS MOST SUCCESSFUL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY divides the *whole* of the Profits, every year, among the insured, reducing the cost to about one-half the figures usually charged.
For instance, the annual payment, at the age of 30, in most Companies, to insure $2000 is, with profits, about $50, and without profits.....$43.90
In the Ætna, $2000, to a person 30 years of age, costs the first year..... 25.31
And each subsequent year..... 26.74
Which payment is subject to further reduction as the business of the Company increases.
☞ Endowment policies on equally favorable terms.
The fact that the Ætna has, during the past 12 months, insured over 14,000 persons, from among the best business men of the Continent, is the best possible testimonial to the soundness of the Company, and the excellence of its method of doing business.
J. GARVEY, ESQ., M. D., Medical Referee.
S. PEDLAR & CO., Montreal.
Ottawa, March 13. 281y

BRITISH AMERICA
Assurance Company!
FIRE AND MARINE.
ESTABLISHED 1830.
R. S. Cassels, Esq.....Consulting Director.
THE ABOVE FIRST-CLASS COMPANY is prepared to insure all descriptions of property against loss or damage by fire.
MERRICK, BRUSH & CO., AGENTS, Aumond's Buildings.
Ottawa, January 4, 1867. 323y

Land for Sale.
$850 ACRES OF LAND, situated within two to eight miles of the city. Apply to JOHN W. McGUIRE, Lot 25, 2nd Concession, Ottawa Front, Gloucester. 546-6m

To Sell or Let---Rare Opening.
TERMS MODERATE.
FINE STONE DWELLING HOUSES, Photographic Chambers, and other Cut Stone Premises, well arranged and eligibly situated for commercial business.
Apply to JOHN MACAULEY, Chaudiere, Ottawa; or E. McGILLIVRAY, J. B. TACKABERRY, or H. McLEAN, Auctioneer, Ottawa.
January 8, 1867. 585-6m

Furniture! Furniture! Furniture!
AT THE
VARIETY HALL,
34, Sussex-st.
A MOST Complete Stock of Black Walnut and other Furniture, in Cane and Hair Seated Chairs, Tete-a-Tetes, Sofas, Extension Dining Tables, Centre Tables, Sideboards, Ottomaniers, Wardrobes, Bureaus, Bedsteads, Washstands and Toilet Tables. Also, Hair, Excelsior and Sea Grass Mattrasses, of all sizes, Gilt Mirrors, Toilet and other Looking Glasses, Table Cutlery of all kinds, Brushes, Brooms, and Wooden Ware of various descriptions, Table and Floor Mats, Soiled Linen Baskets, a beautiful article, Rocking Horses, Children's Sleighs, and the best assorted stock of Crockery, China and Glassware in the Dominion. This stock being all purchased to the best advantage will consequently be sold cheap.
☞ Crockery, China, Glassware, Stove and Furniture rented to private or public parties at a reasonable rate.
JOSEPH BOYDEN,
429y General Agent.

THE CAPITAL
Boot and Shoe Store!
South Side of York-street, Lower Ottawa
A LARGE SUPPLY of HAND-MADE KIPP BOOTS and SHOES of the VERY BEST QUALITY on hand.
Lumbermen who are anxious to furnish workmen with GOOD FEET WARE, will be enabled to do so by calling at the CAPITAL for their supplies.
I am selling off the balance of the Winter Stock of READYMADE WORK at REDUCED PRICES, which consists of Ladies' Misses' and Children's BALMORALS, CONGRESS GAITERS, RUBBERS and OVERSHOES, and Men's and Boys' Boots in CALF SKIN, KIPP and COW HIDE.
☞ Orders and Measures taken for all sorts of Work.
GEORGE MURPHY.
Ottawa Jan. 31, 1868. 429-y

APPLICATION will be made during the present session of the Parliament of Canada for an Act to incorporate the "British and Canadian Bank."
February 14, 1868. 666-2m

K. ARNOLDI,
WINE & SPIRIT MERCHANT,
METCALFE-STREET,
Telegraph Company's Building, Ottawa.
RECOMMENDS and Guarantees with confidence the following Wines:—
PORTS—Graham's, Sandeman's, Forrester's, Masden's, &c.

		Per gall.	Per doz.
No. 1	Good sound Wine	$2 00	$6 00
" 2	"	3 00	8 75
" 3	Old	3 50	10 00
" 4	Superior old	4 50	12 50
" 5	Very fine old	5 75	15 50

SHERRY WINE—Domecq's, Capdepont, Pemartin's, Cramp Suter's, &c.:

No. 1	Light table Wine	$2 00	$6 00
" 2	Superior do	3 00	8 75
" 3	Very choice	3 50	10 00
" 4	Very Superior	4 50	12 50
" 5	Very fine	5 50	15 00

Marsala Wine,
$1.30 per Gallon, $1.50 per Dozen.
Especial attention called to the above Wine. Far superior to all common sherries, its chief recommendation is that it agrees perfectly well with persons who cannot take those wines, even of a high class. It is soft and old, free from heat, or the slightest approach to acidity, while its very moderate price recommends it for all large entertainments, as well as for the luncheon, dinner and supper table. It has met with the highest approval from the medical gentlemen of this city.
Also, in wood or bottle, old and new Brandies, Rums, Gins, Old Tom Gins, Irish, Scotch, and Canadian Whiskeys of Standard Brands.
Clarets, Champagnes, Hocks, Caracas, Maraschino, Chartreuse, Royal Italian Bitters, &c., in great variety.
Bibberts' and Guiness' Porter, Bass', and Allsopp's Ales, quart and pints. Canadian Ale of Superior Quality, in Wood and Bottle.
Goods most confidently recommended, and may be as implicitly relied upon for perfect purity as if purchased in the largest wholesale establishment in the country.
Orders by mail with cash or city reference solicited and promptly attended to. No charge for delivery in the city. A discount to persons buying in quantity or by the original package. Inspection invited.
Price Lists, and every information, on application, or sent to any address.
WINE VAULTS AND OFFICE,
No. 11, Metcalfe-street,
Telegraph Co.'s Building, Ottawa.
January 27, 1868. 535y

FOR SALE
BY THE SUBSCRIBERS,
New Egyptian Dates,
Oranges, Lemons,
Grapes, Turkey Figs,
West End Raisins,
Dundee Marmalade,
Jams and Jellies,
Tomatoes in tins,
Peaches, "
Sweet Corn "
Lima Beans.
OYSTERS & HADDIES!
RECEIVED WEEKLY.
DALGLISH & RUSSELL,
Upper Town.
Ottawa, Jan. 28, 1868. 651y

SMITH & RODNEY
MERCHANT TAILORS and General Outfitters, Elgin-street, opposite the Russell House, and second door from the London Music Store, having just received a choice stock of
English, French and Canadian
CLOTHS and TWEEDS,
And a general assortment of gentlemen's furnishing goods, would intimate to their friends and the public generally that they are prepared to execute all orders in their line at the shortest notice, in the most approved styles and at prices that we defy competition.
Ottawa Oct. 1, 1867. 551tf

ROANOKE
Tobacco Company,
DANVILLE, VIRGINIA.
THIS Company having established at Montreal their General Agency for the Dominion of Canada, is now prepared to offer to the public an article in
SMOKING TOBACCO!
Superior to anything of the kind ever imported into the country, and pledge their long established character that the article now offered is the pure leaf from the
Virgin Hill Tops of Virginia.
The different brands and prices are as follows viz:
The "Prince of Wales," in 1 & 2 lb bls $1.00 per lb
" "Dominion Favorite" 1 & ½ " " 0 75 "
" "Navy," 1 & 2 " " 0.65 "
The prices are NET CASH in Montreal, and orders accompanied by remittance for 5 lbs and upwards will receive prompt attention. The tobacco will be forwarded to any address, by express or otherwise, as parties may direct.
Please address
F. W. HENSHAW,
Gen. gent Dominion of Canada,
10 St. Sacrament-st., Montreal.
Montreal, Dec. 4, 1867. 607-1m

SNOW'S
Celebrated Fever Remedy.
A Sure and Certain Cure for Fever—Continued, Remittent, Intermittent, Typhoid, and Fever arising from Ordinary Colds.
THIS REMEDY has been used in Tropical climates for many years with the greatest success. It shortens the attack, reduces the fever gradually, and at the same time calms the system to throw off the poisonous effect of the on the blood and secretions generally.
PRICE—50 cents and $1 per Bottle. Sold Wholesale and Retail by
H. F. MACCARTHY,
Chemist, Ottawa City
Sole Agent for Dominion of Canada.
December 2, 1867. 579-3m

HOWE'S
Boot and Shoe Store.
REMOVAL.
AS the Lease of our Premises in Sussex-street terminates this month, we intend to confine our business to one locality, and shall remove the whole of our Stock on the

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

On no occasion will the names of Old Advertisements be inserted here.

Farm for Sale—A. McNaughton.

Notice—J. M. Currier & Co.

Notice of Mortgage Sale—Ross & Parsons.

Horses for Sale—W. R. Thistle.

Private Boarding House—Mrs. Richard.

The Ottawa Times

City and County Official Paper

WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 26, 1868.

THE Privy Council held a meeting yesterday, and it is reported that a project for ridding the country of the "silver nuisance" was under consideration.

TO-DAY, being Ash Wednesday, is a legal holiday in this Province. The Public Departments will therefore not be open for business.

WE give in other columns the opinions of the two leading journals of New York, the *Tribune* and *World*, on the absorbing topic of the hour—the impeachment of the President. The Republican and Democratic views are therein fairly set forth, and we need not say they are "wide as the poles "asunder."

WE deeply regret to learn that the Hon. ROBERT SPENCE, Collector of Customs at the Port of Toronto, died in that city on Monday night, or early on Tuesday morning. The deceased gentleman at one time occupied a prominent position in public affairs in Canada, and was a man of distinguished ability and great administrative talent. He had also some experience in journalism, having conducted the *Warder* at Dundas, in the County of Wentworth, previous to his entry into public life. Mr. SPENCE was an active politician of the Reform School, and was returned to Parliament in the Reform interest for the North Riding of Wentworth, at the general election in the summer of 1854. The agitation of the Clergy Reserves question was then at its height, or rather approaching its close, for with the sectional defeat sustained by the Upper Canada wing of the Government of which the Hon. FRANCIS HINCKS was leader, that gentleman, with Messrs. CAMERON, ROTTH, and MORRIS, resigned, and the famous Coalition Government was formed—the MACNAB-MORIS Cabinet. Mr. SPENCE, by the advice of Mr. HINCKS, took office as Postmaster General under Sir ALLAN MACNAB, and continued to hold the same position from the 11th Sept., 1854, up to 1st Feb., 1858, when he resigned, having been beaten at the general election held the month previous, by the late Mr. NORMAN. Shortly after that time Mr. SPENCE was offered and accepted the Collectorship of the Port of Toronto, which he continued to hold up to the time of his death.

Mr. SPENCE was a man of strong practical good sense rather than a slave to party combinations, and because of his joining with the "Tories" for the purpose of settling the great questions then distracting the country, he received a very liberal share of the bitter hostility of the opposing party leaders of the time. To him the press was indebted for the brief respite which it enjoyed from the exaction of postage, but his successor, the Hon. SIDNEY SMITH, reimposed the postage law, though in a modified and less obnoxious form; and Mr. SMITH's law has again been tempered and made less burthensome by the present incumbent of the office. To the late Mr. SPENCE we also owe the Civil Service Bill, the merits of which are better understood by those directly affected by its operation, but the aim of which was to secure efficiency in the public service, and fair remuneration to public servants. All who knew the merits of Mr. SPENCE very much regretted his retirement from political life, and many hoped that under the new order of things, and the absence of party animosities, he might have been again induced to enter the political arena. But his health had been precarious for some years past, and now he has passed from amongst us, to the sorrow of many warm friends throughout the country, for, personally, no one enjoyed more of the confidence and esteem of those who knew him than he. Mr. SPENCE was a warm supporter of the temperance cause, and promoted the holding of temperance meetings, at which he was always ready to assist. He was also, we believe, the President of the St. Patrick's Society of Toronto, for while generally popular with all classes, he was an especial favorite with his own countrymen, and did much to cultivate kindly feelings amongst them.

Yesterday the flags on the public buildings and throughout the city were hoisted at half mast, in respect to his memory.

THE St. John *Telegraph* has a very lengthy, and a very absurd, article in its issue of the 20th inst., entitled "Under Confederation: a new phase," in which, through mistake or design, the writer perverts the meaning of a few sentences copied from this journal, and endeavors to alarm the fears of the New Brunswickers, on the score of unjust treatment at the hands of the Dominion Government. On a former occasion we reminded the *Telegraph*, and others in the Maritime Provinces, "who are now complaining about the tariff," that the effort of the *Globe*, about a year ago, to prove to the people of Ontario that the Maritime Provinces had been unduly favored by the financial arrangements of the Union Act, "was not calculated to pave the "way for a kindly understanding between "the Provinces"; that then the *Globe* taught the people of Ontario that "their interests "were sacrificed," and that "now it is fanning the spirit of discontent in the Maritime "Provinces." Now what does the reader think the Boanerges of the *Telegraph* says to this? That "it is a very silly threat, that "our (*i. e. Telegraph's*) complaining of the "tariff is not the thing to pave the way for a "kindly understanding between the Provinces!" There is neither pleasure nor satisfaction in discussing public questions with one who can thus shut his eyes to the plainest meaning of words, and apply them to the "exact opposite" of what their construction will bear. We cast no suspicion on the motives of the *Telegraph*. Doubtless, it is true, as it claims, that it has supported Confederation "on broad and "patriotic principles;" but the loudest mouthed boasters are not always the most truly patriotic, and why the *Telegraph* should feel called upon to vaunt its purity to us, who have never once called it in question, puzzles us not a little. The *Telegraph* needs make no protestations about refusing to be "gagged" on the tariff or any other question. No newspaper in Ontario that has come within our notice has ever hinted at submitting our *confrere* to such an uncomfortable operation, least of all the TIMES.

Some two or three other extracts from the TIMES are copied and "cut up" in similar style and with equal fairness (?) which, with a dash about trying to deprive New Brunswick of "admitted *organic rights* by laws framed to "our prejudice, and forcibly driven through "Parliament by a powerful Government," make a wonderfully spicy "leader." The *Telegraph* is indignant that we should have travelled "out of the record" to admonish it; we might complain that it poked its nose into our remarks directed against the *Globe*, but that is of no consequence, if only it had fairly represented them. We do not intend to follow the *Telegraph* through its column and a half of indignant spurting and ridiculous assumption that the tariff was framed of set purpose to deprive New Brunswick of its advantages under the Act of Union. The writer in the *Telegraph* either does not know, or conceals the fact, that it was just because of the acknowledged differences existing formerly between the tariffs, and on account of the special needs of the Maritime Provinces in respect to the expense of Local Government, that the Union Act did confer upon them financially advantages on a *per capita* calculation that Quebec does not, and still less Ontario, enjoy. Had not these causes formerly existed, upon what ground could the concessions made to the Maritime Provinces be defended? The *equalising* of the tariff throughout the Dominion was of necessity a foregone conclusion from the beginning. That its *adjustment* has been perfect, we have never pretended to argue; and whatever changes may be needed to equalise its pressure, we shall welcome their adoption just as heartily as the *Telegraph*. But this we must say in justice to the Government—and we challenge the *Telegraph* to refute the assertion—that such changes as were made in the old Canadian tariff by the Dominion Legislature were all made in the interests of the Maritime Provinces, save a solitary item—the export duty on timber from Ontario and Quebec—which did not affect their trade one way or the other. Experience may prove, or may have already proved, that more changes are needed in the same direction, and if so let them be accomplished with all reasonable diligence, for Ontario seeks no undue advantage over the other Provinces through the operation of the tariff.

We may sum up the *Telegraph's* logic in a few brief sentences. Because we have said that the *Globe's* having tried to persuade Ontario that its "interests were sacrificed" by the Union Act "was not calculated to pave "the way for a kindly understanding be-"tween the Provinces," the *Telegraph* accuses us of having made "a silly threat." Because we declared that "the cry of On-"tario and Quebec robbing Nova Scotia "and New Brunswick, is too utterly absurd," &c., the *Telegraph* proclaims that "it is "very unfair of the TIMES to preach peace, "and yet strive thus to provoke ill will be-"tween the Provinces." Because we twitted the *Globe* for its outcry of a year ago of injustice to Ontario, therefore, says the *Telegraph*, we intimated that the *Globe* "spoke "too soon.....of the political pro-"gramme which was intended to advance to "us benefits under the Union Act only "to counterbalance them by burdens under "unfair tariffs, Excise Laws, Stamp Acts, "and tax raids upon newspapers!" Because we said that were the *Globe* sincere in its endeavors to allay irritation, it would attempt to prove that "even "if an equalisation of the tariff "did impose additional burthens," the Maritime Provinces had still (as the *Globe* had formerly declared) "the best of the "bargain," therefore the *Telegraph* holds that we are defending "the unequal imposi-"tion of burthens" by the tariff, as an offset to the financial arrangements of the Union Act! The sophistry is too transparent to provoke discussion. The financial arrangements of the Union Act were made expressly in view of the necessity for an equalised tariff—that is, a tariff which should impose the same rates throughout the whole Dominion, and so far that is, and must be, a permanent arrangement. But the adjustment of the tariff, as we have already said, is an entirely different thing, and will require to be regulated from time to time according to the varying necessities of the public service, and the interests of the whole country, in which those of no one Province ought to be sacrificed.

The closing paragraph of our contemporary's article, a fair specimen of the whole, being the only one indicative of the "new "phase" discovered, we shall copy entire:

"We are glad in this little triangular discussion between the *Telegraph*, the TIMES and the *Globe* we have been able to make our law makers 'show their hands' and the 'cards' their organs intend to play, and to guard against anything like another 'double-shuffle.' It clears away a good deal of mystification, and should put our Representatives, and all their tame followers through their trade and tariff legislation, on the look out in future. It is all very well for the TIMES to rate the *Globe* about injuring Union principles in the Lower Provinces, but we can assure the TIMES, and all those who inspire it, that a few such articles as the above a year or two ago would have done much to defeat Confederation in this Province! Thus while we admire the TIMES' latter-day candour we can say very little for its ethics, or for the principle, or want of principle, on which it would have a 'kindly understanding between the Provinces' based!—an understanding kind in its theories, cruel in its operations, and corrupted—purchased at the bitter expense of our constitutional rights, our legitimate prospects, and our self respects."

One would imagine that the author of the above had prayed—"Lord gie us a gude "conceit o' oursel's"—and that his prayer had been granted. "We" can afford to crow, because "we" have made our law makers "show their hands" forsooth! The "latter-"day candour" of the TIMES is at least as commendable as the "latter day" nonsense of the *Telegraph*. As to the effect of "such "articles" a year or two ago it would be very hazardous to risk an opinion, for the circumstances did not then exist under which they could have been written. But "a year "or two ago" we did defend the financial arrangements of the Union Act against the assaults of the *Globe*, and our "candour" then, as now, was at least equal to giving a fair interpretation to the language of either friend or foe, which is more than can be said for that of our wrathy *confrere*, who repeats in this last paragraph the perversion of our words with which he started, though the plainest evidence of his mistake was before him. One word more: The *Telegraph* talks glibly of "the Ottawa organ of the "Cabinet," professes to hold "the Cabinet" responsible for our remarks, or rather for *its* interpretation of them, and oracularly warns "all those who inspire the TIMES." This may be very clever, but it is not very original, nor very professional, nor very courteous. Suppose we should begin to speak of "who" or *what* "inspires" the *Telegraph* in its present crusade against the Government, would our neighbor think it fair? We do not, friend *Telegraph*, think it either honorable or honest in you to give the "Cabinet" credit for our remarks; we settle all accounts with our contemporaries on our own responsibility, though we have not quite so much to say of "our patriotic principles" as some of our neighbors, and we are also in the habit of taking the remarks of our contemporaries on their own merits, without raising the question of who "inspires" them, a course which we hope the *Telegraph* will try in the future, if only to see how it works.

THE CARNIVAL.

The grand carnival advertised to take place at the Rink, came off very successfully last night. The splendid string band of the Rifle Brigade discoursed some of their excellent music, affording no ordinary treat in itself. Soon after eight o'clock a fantastic and grotesque throng appeared on the ice, whirling and gliding about in all sorts of figures, to the intense amusement of a large concourse of spectators. Among the skaters who seemed to represent the various costumes of the world, and especially the unknown parts thereof, we noticed the following characters:

A group of South Sea Islanders, a Monkey, Cobbler, Frozen Man, Owl, Union Jack, Irishman, Old Man, Hamlet, Spanish Muleteer, Blue Beard, Old English Gentleman, Trave ling Pedlar, Red Riding Hood, Polish Peasant, Robin Hood, a Middy, *Fille du Regiment*, Greek, Esquimaux, Old Nick, Lord Dundreary, Don Carlos, Lacrosse dress, Swiss Peasant, Fortune Teller, Winter, Coachman, Highland Lassie, Zouave, Clown, Red, White and Blue, Moor, Highwayman, Giaffle, &c., &c.

The ice had been put in good condition, newly flooded and well frozen, for which the skaters owe thanks to the caretaker. The skating was kept up with great spirit and hilarious enjoyment till a late hour; and though highly pleased, many of those who displayed great vigor of limb throughout the evening, went away pretty well exhausted. The skating upon the whole was very creditable, and several made some passable attempts to imitate a few of the difficult movements of Martin.

LOCAL NEWS.

1,000 COMET BURNERS just received by Esmonde Bros., 43 Sparks-st., next door to the Hoop Skirt Factory. N.B.—75 boxes Canada plate for sale.

THE DOMINION HOUSE, WELLINGTON STREET.—This house has been thoroughly renovated and fitted up. Good table and choice liquors. Fine yard and stabling. Oysters and meals at all hours. Colin McLaurin and Geo. Irvine, Proprietors. 666-b.

YOUNG AND RADFORD have the largest, best, and cheapest stock of watches to be found in Ottawa. They have also on hand a very choice and varied assortment of Electro-plated ware, and Fancy Goods. They do all kinds of repairing and jewellery jobbing in first-class style. 656-y.

THE MAGAZINES.—We have received from Messrs. Durie & Son, *Frank Leslie's Magazine and Gazette of Fashion*, and *Godey's Lady's Book*, for March. Both contain the usual illustrations of the fashions for the month, and their full supply of reading matter. The former especially, is profusely illustrated with pictorial embellishments in its literary department.

THE MINSTRELS.—Skiff and Gaylord's Minstrels will perform here in the theatre to-morrow (Thursday) evening, when an array of talent in the burnt cork line will be presented, such as Ottawa has seldom seen. The press everywhere speaks in the most glowing terms of their performances. They are said to surpass the last troupe that was here by far, and that is saying a great deal.

DEVLIN AND GLEESON AGAIN.—These gentlemen appeared before Mr. Langrell yesterday, at the City Hall, to answer to a charge of assault preferred against them by Mr. Timothy Connelly. The case was narrated in the TIMES of Monday. A fine of $5 and costs was imposed on each, together with some wholesome advice by the Magistrate, which acted upon, will insure them against such pains and penalties in future.

WEATHER TABLE.—Noted by Wm. Hearn' Optician and Druggist, Market Drug Store, York-st.

OTTAWA, Feb. 25, 1868.

Greatest degree of cold registered during the previous night 0 below zero.

8 a.m., 5 above "
1 p.m., 25 above "
6 p.m., 20 " "

THE NEW LOCK-UP.—This establishment is now fit for the reception of prisoners, and all who are anxious to try the accommodations offered there, have now an opportunity of doing so. The cells were tried last Sunday for the first time, four nationalities being represented, in their temporary occupancy, by a boy of each, for bad behavior. The urchins tested the acoustic arrangements of the appartments, by lamentations in every pitch and tone of voice at their command.

CHAIRMEN OF COMMITTEES, CITY COUNCIL.—The following gentlemen comprise the Chairmen of the different Committees in the Council:

Finance—Ald. Cunningham.
Board of Works—Ald. Featherston.
Fire & Water—Ald. Rochester.
By-laws—Ald. Rochester.
Markets—Ald. Goulden.
Court of Revision—His Worship the Mayor.
Printing—Ald. Hunter.
Board of Health—Ald. Featherston.

POLICE COURT.—Patrick Kavanagh and Edward Devlin were charged with unlawful and disorderly conduct on the public market; Kavanagh was fined $2 and costs; defended by Mr. A. I. Dunning. Edward Devlin was fined $3 and costs.—The adjourned case of the boys for taking money from Mr. Lyon's store on Sussex-st., while on fire, was called up. The principal witness was subjected to a rigid cross-examination by Mr. Boulton and Mr. Dunning for the defence, which resulted in the acquittal of the prisoners.—Patrick McGuire was charged with being drunk and disorderly on the public streets, and fined $2 and costs.

CABLE NEWS.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

LONDON, Feb. 24.—Chas. E. Stewart, Chairman of the Board of Directors of the Anglo-American Telegraph Company, died suddenly of apoplexy in the Board room on Wednesday last.

LONDON, Feb. 24—10 p.m.—In the House of Lords to-night the Bill renewing the suspension of the operation of the writ of *habeas corpus* in Ireland was advanced to its second reading. In the debate to which the Bill gave rise Earls Russell and Grey spoke at length, advocating reform in Ireland in both State and Church. Speeches in reply were made by the Earls of Hardwick and Ellenborough, and the Marquis of Westmeath.

In the House of Commons this evening the proceedings were unimportant.

LONDON, Feb. 24.—A remarkable scene occurred at the last session of the French Legislatif body while the Chamber was engaged in the discussion of the Bill for the Regulation of the Press. M. Havin, of the *Siecle*, rose, and said he had a document which he wished to read to the members. It was the judgment of the Court exonerating himself and M. Gueroit from the charges brought against them by the Government. The President interrupted M. Havin, and refused to allow him to proceed. M. Havin insisted on reading the document. Much disorder and confusion followed, whereupon the President declared the sitting for the day dissolved. The Government members then retired. The Liberal members remained, loudly protesting against the arbitrary action of the President. They were finally expelled from the building by the officers.

THIS MORNING'S DESPATCHES.

LONDON, Feb. 25.—Lord Derby has resigned the Premiership, and his resignation has been accepted by the Queen. Mr. D'Israeli will replace Lord Derby as Prime Minister, retaining his present post as Chancellor of the Exchequer.

In the House of Lords this afternoon, at the beginning of the session, the Earl of Malmsbury announced that Lord Derby had tendered his resignation to the Queen, on account of continued ill health, and that Her Majesty had been pleased to call upon the present Chancellor of the Exchequer, the Right Hon. Benj. D'Israeli, to form a new Cabinet.

Earl Russell, and others, expressed their sympathy for Lord Derby, and hoped he might recover from his illness, and resume his post as the head of the Government.

In the House of Commons the announcement of the resignation of the Prime Minister was made by Lord Stanley, and was responded to by Mr. Gladstone, who delicately and feelingly expressed his sorrow for the cause which compelled the noble Lord to resign his high office. The transaction of all business in the House was postponed until Friday next.

DUBLIN, Feb. 25.—It is reported that Mr. Heron has been retained by the United States Government, as counsel, to defend General Nagle, whose trial will commence on Thursday next.

Mr. Train's lecture, last night, was better attended, and passed off without interruption.

CORK, Feb. 25.—The dwelling house of Mr. Newenham, a magistrate in the suburbs of this city, was assaulted last night by a party of men in disguise, who were repulsed, and escaped in the darkness.

LONDON, Feb. 25.—All the prisoners charged by the Coroner's Jury with complicity in the Clerkenwell explosion have been committed to stand their trial for murder. Sullivan and Pigot, who are now confined in Richmond prison, have been called upon by many influential persons, but all interviews with the prisoner are forbidden by the authorities.

LONDON, Feb. 25—10 p.m.—The House of Lords in Committee of the Whole to-night, agreed to the Bill reviewing the suspension of the writ of *habeas corpus* in Ireland.

AMERICAN NEWS.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

The Feeling in Washington—Intense Excitement—Reception at the White House.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 24.—The excitement continues, and the impeachment question is the general theme. The Capitol, long before the hour of meeting, was crowded, particularly on the House side, of the building, and thousands were unable to obtain admittance to the galleries. The door ways were obstructed by ladies, and the lobbies were densely filled with people of both sexes. There was no abatement of interest throughout the entire proceedings of the House, which continued eight hours and a-half. The Senate adjourned a short time before the vote was taken, and the members of that body came into the hall in good season to hear the yeas and nays called, and the result announced. The reception at the Executive Mansion tonight was more largely attended than on any similar occasion during the season. The President did not seem disturbed by to-day's action of the House of Representatives, but received many of his friends in his usual manner. Among the visitors were Attorney-General Stanberry, Secretarys Seward and McCulloch, and Post Master General Randall.

The Feeling in New York—Disturbances—Political Meetings.

NEW YORK, Feb. 24.—This city has been in a most feverish state all day, and all sorts of absurd rumors have been circulated, such as that the Governor had proclaimed Martial Law in the city; the Mayor had placed the militia under arms; that troops were to be enrolled to sustain the President; that the Loyal League Club would raise men to support Congress, &c. At a late hour to-night the excitement was abated. Immense crowds congregated around the bulletins placed before the newspaper offices, and displayed by calcium lights. The fact that the House had passed resolutions of impeachment created no surprise, and was generally received with cheers. Each faction is loud in denunciation of the other. Disturbances are constantly taking place around the drinking saloons, and the police force on duty has been increased. Mass meetings have been called for to-morrow afternoon by each political party. The supporters of the President meet at the City Hall Park. The supporters of Congress meet at the headquarters of the Union League rooms.

Excitement Throughout the Country.

NEW YORK, Feb. 24.—Despatches from different points throughout the country show that the news of impeachment has been received with general approbation by Republicans, while Democrats bitterly denounce the act as a reckless party measure.

A Russian Charge Against Turkey.

NEW YORK, Feb. 24.—The *Herald's* St. Petersburg special says the Russian Admiral serving in the Grecian Archipelago demanded the Porte Government to authenticate or disavow certain newspaper reports circulated in Turkey, to the effect that the officers of the Czar had afforded aid to the Cretan insurgents. The Grand Vizier replied, that the official despatches of the Turkish Admiral contained no such charge, and that the newspapers were to blame.

From the West Indies.

NEW YORK, Feb. 25.—The *Herald's* Havana special says another battle had been fought in Yucatan, in which the rebels were defeated. The people of St. Croix were anxious for annexation to the United States, and a revolution was talked of if they failed in their object. An editor had been arrested for circulating a petition for annexation.

President Cabral, of St. Domingo, had fled to Venezuela, with his Cabinet.

The Southern forces had entered the capital. Thirty deaths a day were caused by cholera in St. Domingo City.

Fires.

DUNKIRK, Feb. 24.—A most destructive fire occurred here last night. Twenty-four stores and dwellings were destroyed, involving a loss of $75,000.

HUDSON, N.Y., Feb. 24.—A great fire is now raging here. The prospect is a large amount of property will be destroyed.

DETROIT, Feb. 24.—The Wilcox block, at Jackson, Mich., was destroyed by fire yesterday. Loss $70,000.

Fatal Boiler Explosion.

NEW YORK, Feb. 24.—This evening an explosion occurred in the rectifying house on East Twelfth-st., completely demolishing the building. One man was killed and a boy seriously injured.

THIS MORNING'S DESPATCHES.

Effect of the Impeachment Resolution in the South.

NEW YORK, Feb. 25.—Reports received indicate that the passage of the Impeachment Resolution has caused a profound sensation throughout the South, and is the subject of much discussion.

A Salute fired in Honor of the Impeachment Movement.

READING, PA., Feb. 25.—One hundred guns were fired here to-day in honor of the Impeachment movement.

Two Men Killed.

HARTFORD, CONN., Feb. 25.—The afternoon train on the Hartford and Providence railroad yesterday, ran over, near New Britain, a sleigh containing two men, named Pliate and Harris. Both were killed.

Ben. Wade's Cabinet.

NEW YORK, Feb. 25.—The *Herald's* special says Ben. Wade is reported to be already selecting his Cabinet, with Sumner, for Secretary of State; Schenack, Secretary of the Treasury; Farnsworth, Postmaster-General; Howard, of Michigan, Attorney-General; Stanton to remain as Secretary of War, and Nye, Secretary of Interior.

Impeachment Court.

The *Times* special says it is probable the Impeachment Court will be organized as early as Wednesday.

The Impeachment Resolution Read in the Senate, &c.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 25.—At half past twelve o'clock to-day, the Clerk of the House appeared in the Senate, and read the resolution of impeachment, passed yesterday by the House. The notification was received in silence and without comment. The resolution of the House was referred to a select committee of seven members, appointed by the Chair. The excitement in town relative to the impeachment question, has very sensibly diminished. General Thomas made no other demand this morning for the records of the War Department. Secretary Stanton is busily engaged with official business. Considerable interest is manifested in the result of the trial of Gen. Thomas before the Supreme Court of this District to-morrow. Various speculations have been indulged in regarding it.

The Impeachment Committee's First Meeting.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 20.—The committee appointed by the House to prepare the articles of impeachment against the President, held their first meeting this afternoon for consultation. The general impression is that but few charges will be made, requiring only a small number of witnesses. It is known, that such is the desire of some of the Republicans, that the articles to be presented will not be presented by the Senate until that body resolves itself into a Committee of Impeachment.

THE PRESIDENT—STANTON—IMPEACHMENT.

[From the N. Y. World.]

"Anger and fury," says Swift, "though they add strength to the sinews of the body, yet are found to relax those of the mind, and to render all its efforts feeble and impotent;"—a remark which is verified in the preposterous proceeding into which Congress is hurried in this flood-tide of its rage. Out of the lurid atmosphere of Washington, intelligent men can form but one estimate of the attempt to depose the President of the United States for so frivolous a reason as his unwillingness to be on a confidential footing with a subordinate who openly insults and defies him.

Impeachment is the extreme medicine of the Constitution to be used on great and weighty occasions for the cure of desperate distempers. The President is no more exempt than any other civil officer of the Government; but justice and the public tranquillity require that he should not be arraigned except for some serious abuse of power which endangers the general safety. When this grave process, adapted to a great exigency, is degraded into an instrument of party malice on a petty occasion, the honest public sentiment of the country will adjudge the prosecutors to be greater criminals than their intended victim.

Who will pretend that the safety of the Government or the stability of our institutions is staked on the retention of Edwin Stanton as Secretary of War? By what title does this man rank as the indispensible saviour of his country? Never before was so great a quarrel raised on so pitiful a question. We will concede, (for the sake of the argument,) that the Reconstruction acts have all the importance the Republican party attaches to them; we will concede that to thwart and frustrate the design of those acts would be a "high crime and misdemeanor" for which the President ought to be impeached. But even on this hypothesis Congress cannot justify its reckless proceedings. Stanton, in the position he has occupied since his restoration, is an officer without authority, transacting only such routine business as moves in the rut of established precedents. The General of the Army has been ordered to obey none of his orders. The President held no official intercourse with him. After matters had passed into this condition, and a Committee of Congress had, after an investigation, found this to be the state of the facts, they decided, a week ago, that there was no ground for impeachment. The present proceedings, therefore, hinge upon the question whether it concerns the public safety that Stanton shall continue to discharge the routine duties of an executive clerk. What a pitch of partisan fury and infatuation Congress must have reached, when this is reckoned a question of tremendous interest! Intrinsically, it is a mere personal question relating to the salary and minor duties of an office. Congress is about to impeach the President in the personal interest of Edwin M. Stanton. If Stanton had the ordinary self-respect of a gentleman he would have resigned immediately on his reinstatement. General Grant and General Sherman expressed the opinion that it was his duty to resign, and General Grant offered to advise him to that effect. General Grant states, in one of his letters to the President, that he visited Stanton to tender this promised advice, but became satisfied by conversation with him, that it would not be taken. This proves that, in the opinion of the highest officers of the army, the public interests would not suffer by the displacement of Stanton. It is therefore merely a question whether a contumacious subordinate of the President shall be kept in an office where he is powerless, for his private advantage. And on a question so trivial, this reckless Congress is ready to disorganize the Government and convulse the country!

A LIVELY TIME EXPECTED.—According to one Professor Delser, a series of celestial and terrestrial phenomena is at hand. On the night of the 27th of February, in the western heavens, there will be a conjunction of the moon with Jupiter and Venus by only twenty-three seconds of a degree. The result of these conjunctions and perturbations will be atmospheric commotions—electrical discharges, heavy gales, high tides, earthquakes, and nobody knows what besides. Moreover, the whole year will be fearful for its storms, inundations, eruptions, quaking of the earth, &c., &c.

THE LUMBER TRADE.—We cannot deny that we are suffering severely in our lumber regions for want of a market for our coarse lumber. The Americans on account of their troubles have not made any purchases in the Province the past year, and being unable to compete with the North of Europe we can't ship it to England; but serious as this matter is, it is gratifying to know that the "Canadian Pain Destroyer" is a great favorite among our lumbermen, for curing coughs, sudden colds, cramps in the stomach, burns, bruises, frost-bites, chilblains, &c., and they do not depend upon a foreign market for it. It is sold by all Medicine Dealers at 25cts. per bottle.

—In the County of Middlesex not less than five thousand mortgages have been discharged during the last four years varying from $400 to $3,000.

THE PRESIDENT MUST BE IMPEACHED.

[From the N. Y. Tribune.]

We do not see how the House can refuse to arraign the President before the Senate for high crimes and misdemeanors. Impeachment is not a desirable proceeding. It is cumbersome and tedious. It may arrest legislation, and present a new issue to the country at a time when new issues are not wanted. It is not, perhaps, a wise precedent to make. It gives to power a temptation which passion cannot always resist. It is a high, solemn, sacred trust, only to be used, when absolutely necessary for the salvation of the country.

We believe the salvation of the country demands the impeachment of the President. We have all along felt that we might submit to Mr. Johnson's Administration, evil as it has been, rather than force an angry and doubtful question upon the country. With the Congress overwhelmingly Republican, there was no reason why we should not compel the President to pursue a wise policy. We reasoned upon the presumption that it was better to have impeachment held over him as a check than to begin a trial that might be as long as that of Warren Hastings. It was a debatable question. The evidence was far from being conclusive. Morally, there was no doubt that Mr. Johnson should be impeached. But impeachment is a question of law and evidence, not of moral belief. As a Republican, there were a hundred reasons why he should be removed. This would be a good plea in a Republican Convention, not before the Senate of the United States. Until impeachment became an inevitable over whelming necessity, without doubt as to the meaning of the law, and the force of the evidence, to enter upon it was only to give President a chance to make himself a martyr before the country. Therefore we have constantly opposed impeachment, although at times we stood alone among the Republican press. There is no longer any doubt. The issue is as clear as it was when General Beauregard opened his batteries upon Fort Sumpter. Andrew Johnson, President of the United States, tramples upon a law, defies the authority of Congress, and claims to exercise absolute and despotic power. *Congress must impeach him immediately.*

All other questions sink before this present. It would be difficult to have our course clearer. A law is passed, which defines it to be the duty of the President to consult with the Senate before removing a certain officer. This law may or may not be constitutional. The President has no business with that. It is constitutional until the Supreme Court decides otherwise. It is law until the Court interposes and invalidates it. The President's sworn duty is to *execute it*—to obey it—to see that it is carefully and studiously obeyed. He may not like it. But chief magistrates have been compelled to execute laws they did not prefer. He may think it unconstitutional. That is of no more consequence than the opinion of any private citizen. His duty is not to execute laws which *he may think unconstitutional*, but to EXECUTE THE LAWS. If he had been clothed with judicatory power, if the founders of the Constitution had felt that it was wise to give the President any option in the matter, they would have so expressed it, and declared that he might execute all laws only when the Supreme Court decided their constitutionality. If the President has the right to select his laws, and say "This act I will execute because it suits me, and the other I will not enforce because it strikes me to be unconstitutional," then Congress and the Supreme Court might as well adjourn without delay. For the right to do as he pleases with any law, to assume to be its sole arbiter and judge, may become a tyranny more absolute than that of the Emperor of Russia. It is a comparatively small matter now. Apparently, it affects only the right of Mr. Stanton to hold the War-Office, and of the President to select his constitutional advisers. This is not the question, but only the merest incident of it. If the President has the right to remove Mr. Stanton in defiance of law, he may remove Mr. Chief-Justice Chase and Gen. Grant, and indeed the whole Senate. For the law by which Mr. Stanton holds his place is as much a law, as sacred and as binding, as that by which Mr. Chase presides over the Supreme Court, and Gen. Grant commands the army. If he may with impunity order Lorenzo Thomas to take possession of the War Department—a building which is not the property of Mr. Johnson, but of the American people—he may also direct Mr. Coyle to open the next Supreme Court, and Gen. Hancock to assume command of the army. It may be said that there is a law which provides the form in which Mr. Chase may be removed, and another law which directs the manner for the removal of Gen. Grant. To this we reply that there is also a law which provides how Mr. Stanton may be removed, that no law is as binding as the other, and that if we permit the President to violate one, he may with impunity violate all.

There is no avoiding this conclusion. There is no explaining it away. There is no middle course. *The President has assumed the responsibility of breaking a law. Congress must assume the responsibility of impeaching him.* Not to do so in the face of this flagrant and insolent proceeding is to become a partner in the crime. It is no time to consider the party influence of impeachment, or its effect upon Presidential candidates. We would rather see the Republican party, candidates and all, driven into the desert of Arabia than to have them tremble one moment in the presence of this high duty. Questions of expediency were all well enough so long as the President stood within the pale of the law. But now when he presumes to be the executive, legislative, and judicial power, when he claims to decide which laws Congress may pass, and what acts are constitutional, to hesitate a moment is criminal.

MORE GRIEVANCES.

[From the Toronto Globe.]

A rumor which was put afloat some time since, to the effect that a citizen of the United States would be selected as the Dominion arbitrator, to act in the arbitration between the Provinces of Ontario and Quebec—excites the indignation of a St. John contemporary. It is claimed that some person belonging to the Maritime Provinces should have that appointment, and the Government is soundly berated on the mere rumour that "an American" is to be appointed. The anxiety arises, as we understand it, not so much from any claim that the Maritime Provinces have an interest in the arbitration, as from a feeling that the politicians of these Provinces ought to have their share of the places which the Dominion Government has to give. That is fair enough, of course, as a general principle to guide Ministers in the distribution of patronage—but it may be pressed too far for the public weal. Local claims may be so insisted upon as to secure the appointment of inferior men and the creation of needless offices. Besides, it is a dangerous thing for newspapers to speak as if the getting of office was the chief end of politics. It will never do for our Union contemporaries in St. John to teach the people of New Brunswick to measure the success of Confederation by the number of lucrative places which it brings to New Brunswick politicians. That is a doctrine which no respectable journalist would teach the people directly, but the constant complaining that New Brunswickers do not get offices enough, can have no other effect upon the public mind.

YOUNG AND RADFORD'S stock of watches clocks, jewellery, fancy goods and electro plated ware are worthy of inspection. All goods will be sold cheap. Give them a call. Remember the place, 30 Sparks-st. 597a

HOW TO MAKE MONEY.—A horse dealer residing in the vicinity of Keyport, N. J., and who buys up horses for the New York market, purchases Darley's Arabian Heave Remedy by the dozen and feeds it to his horses; he says it is superior to anything that he has ever used as a condition medicine, that the horses are so much more improved by its use as to sell more readily and command higher prices. Two other horse dealers, one residing at Huntingdon, the other at Glen Cove, L. I., also purchase it by the dozen and for the same purpose; these men, as well as many others similarly engaged, know too well the value and importance of this medicine ever to be without it.

Remember the name, and see that the signature of *Hurd & Co.* is on each package.

Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, C. W., proprietors for the Canadas. Sold by all medicine dealers.

HIPPOPHAGY.

Grand Horse Dinner at Langham's Hotel, London.

[From the London Times, Feb. 7.]

At least 150 persons were asking each other yesterday why horseflesh should not be good fare. It was a question of reason against prejudice. A horse is a clean, and even a dainty feeder. The pig, which Christians eat without scruple, is not to be compared with the horse in this respect. Many persons had by actual experiment convinced themselves that horseflesh was not less succulent and appetizing than other animal food. It was necessary to show that these were no mere theorists, enthusiasts, or epicures, desirous only to cultivate a new sensation. So what is called a "banquet hippophagique" was given at the Langham Hotel last night, and over 100 gentlemen were invited to partake of it. You may convince yourself more or less completely that you ought to eat horse without feeling squeamish. Can you compose the stomach and banish all qualms by force of reason? This was the experiment which at the cost of a guinea and a half was tried last evening. We give the *menu*, which was prefaced by a bit of French philosophy—"*Les préjugés sont des maladies de l'esprit humain.*"

Potages.—Le consommé de cheval à l'A B C. A la purée de destriers. Amontillado.

Poissons.—Le saumon à la sauce Arabe. Les filets de soles à l'huile hippophagique. Vin du Rhin.

Hors-d'œuvres.—Les terrines de foie maigre chevalines. Les saucissons de cheval, aux pistaches Syriaques. Xeres.

Relèves.—Le filet de Pégase roti aux pommes de terre à la crème. Le dindo aux châtaignes. L'Aloyau de cheval farci à la Centaur aux choux de Bruxelles. La culotte de cheval braisée aux chevaux-de-frise. Champagne &c.

Entrees.—Les petits pates à moelle Bucephale. Kromeskys à la Gladiateur. Les poulets garnis à l'hippogriffe. Les langues de cheval à la Troyenne. Chateau Peraypne.

SECOND SERVICE.

Rots.—Les canards sauvages. Les pluviers. Volnay. Les mayonnaises de homard à l'huile Rosinante. Les petits pois à la Française. Les choux-fleurs au parmesan.

Entremets.—La gelée de pieds de cheval au marasquin. Les zephirs sautés à l'huile chevaleresque. Le gateau veterinaire à la Ducroix. Les feuillantines aux pommes des Hesperides. St. Peray.

Glaces.—De creme aux truffes. Sorbets contre-poisons. Liqueurs.

Dessert.—Vins fins de Bordeaux. Medere. Cafe.

Buffet.—Collared horse-head. Baron of horse. Boiled withers.

As far as we could ascertain, the guests went through the full of faro conscientiously; there was very little gibbling. The soup was hardly distinguishable from that usually given at such dinners. Tiere was, perhaps, some approach to a shudder when soles "*l'huile hippophagique*" were handed round, but it was barely possible to detect the special flavor of the animal even here, and one could not but recognize the truth of Mr. Samuel Weller's profound observation, "It's the seasoning that does it." After all the fancy dishes and sauces—the piquant sauce derived from an imaginary Arab steed, the slice cut from Pegasus, and so on—the test which

MASONIC JEWELS, DESIGNS, &c.—Messrs Young & Radford are prepared to furnish all kinds of Masonic jewels, in the highest style of the art, on the shortest notice, and at the cheapest rates. All kinds of jewellery repaired.

COTTON AS LOWER KING.—Cotton goods are now nearly as cheap as before the American war. Garland, Mutchmor & Co. have lately received a few bales of gray and white cottons, shirtings and prints, purchased since the great fall in prices. Parties requiring any description of dry goods would do well to see their stock before purchasing. 582-y

BIRTH.

At 18 Hollis-street, Cavendish Square, London, on the 2nd of February, the wife of Daniel Davy, Esq., late Captain Rifle Brigade, of a son.

MARRIED.

In this city, on Monday, 24th instant, at Christ Church, by the Rev. J. S. Lauder, M. A., assisted by the Rev. C. F. Street, Alfred, only son of Jonathan Bufton, Esq., to Mary Ann Dent, second daughter of George Wardell Dent, Esq.

At the same time and place, Mr. James Crack, to Alice, only daughter of Jonathan Bufton, Esq., all of this city.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

PRIVATE BOARDING HOUSE.

MRS. RICHARD will open a Private first-class BOARDING HOUSE, Corner of SUSSEX and CLARENCE-STS., over Mr. Martineau's Dry Goods Store, on the 1st March. Parties wishing quiet, good, comfortable board, with good attendance, will please apply and secure apartments.

Breakfast at 8 and 10 a. m.; Lunch at 1 p. m.; and Dinner at 6 p. m.

Ottawa, February 26, 1868. 659-3m

HORSES FOR SALE.

A PAIR of MATCHED BAY PONIES, part Canadian, 5 and 6 years old. Guaranteed sound and gentle. Also, a Heavy DRAUGHT HORSE will be sold at a bargain, as the subscriber has no further use for them.

Apply to W. R. THISTLE,
Office opposite the Ontario Bank, Ottawa, or at his residence, Aylmer.

February 26, 1868. 676d-1

Notice of Mortgage Sale.

UNDER and by virtue of a Power of Sale contained in an Indenture of Mortgage, bearing date the 28th day of February, A. D., 1860, from JAMES BAIRD to WILLIAM YOUNG ROCHESTER, upon Lot number one hundred and seventy-four, as shewn and laid down in the plan of the sub-division of Lot 33, in the first concession, fronting the Ottawa River, in the Township of Nepean, County of Carleton, all the right, title, interest and equity of redemption of the said James Baird, in to and out of the said Lot, will be sold by PUBLIC AUCTION at the LAW OFFICE of ROSS & PARSONS, Elgin-street, opposite the Russell House, in the City of Ottawa, at TWELVE o'clock noon, on TUESDAY, the THIRD day of MARCH, A. D., 1868.

The mortgagee will covenant against his own acts only.

Searches and Conveyances at the expense of purchaser.

ROSS & PARSONS,
Solicitors for Mortgagee.

Ottawa, 15th February, 1868. 675td

NOTICE.

THE Undersigned hereby beg to notify

All Parties Indebted to Them,

THAT IF THEIR

Accounts are Not Paid

Within TEN DAYS from the date of being Rendered,

They will without exception be placed in the hands of our Agent for collection.

J. M. CURRIER & CO.

New Edinburgh Saw Mills,
February 26, 1868. 676a

To Emigrants and Others.

FARM FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—

Lots Nos. 19 and 20,

7th Range of the

Township of PORTLAND West,

CONTAINING

200 ACRES,

Less one acre, on lot 19, which is reserved for School and Church purposes. There is about 15 Acres Cleared; a GOOD HOUSE and BARN on the property. The above farm would be a good chance for a person of small capital, as it will be SOLD CHEAP.

TERMS REASONABLE.

For particulars apply to

A. McNAUGHTON,
Or to J. R. JOHNSON,
Buckingham Village.

February 26, 1868. 676a

Tailors' Spring Fashions.

JONES & HOLLAND, News Dealers, Elgin Street, having been appointed Agents for the leading N. Y. FASHION PLATES, &c., are now prepared to Exhibit Specimen Copies, and fill orders.

The early attention of the Trade is respectfully solicited.

Ottawa, Feb. 25, 1868. 675-3ins

THE CELEBRATED AND ORIGINAL

SKIFF and GAYLORD'S MINSTRELS!

Will visit this city after a long absence, and an exceedingly successful tour through the great Western Country. They will appear at

HER MAJESTY'S THEATRE,

—ON—

THURSDAY, 27th of FEBY.,

FOR ONE NIGHT ONLY!

IN AN

Entirely New and Original Programme.

Minstrelsy, as represented by this Company, has reached a high degree of prominence and distinction, resorting to no extraneous puffing, true merit alone having won the plume and not the borrowed mask.

Don't Fail to See the New Programme.

Tickets 25 cents; Reserved Seats, 50 cents.

LOW GAYLORD, Manager.
JOE GAYLORD, Agent.

Ottawa, Feb. 25, 1868. 675-3

Mechanics' Institute & Athenæum.

THE ANNUAL MEETING of the Subscribers, for the ELECTION of TRUSTEES, will take place on

WEDNESDAY, 4th MARCH,

At Seven o'clock, P. M.

To be qualified to vote members must have paid their subscriptions:

ROBERT HUNTER, Secretary.

Ottawa, Feb. 24, 1868. 671awfm

TORONTO HOUSE,

SPARKS STREET.

MRS. TROTTER begs to announce that she has a few Commodious Suites of Apartments to Let, handsomely and comfortably furnished.

Gentlemen attending the Session of Parliament will find at the Toronto House most convenient quarters, where the quiet of the private family is combined with the usual attendance to be found at the best hotels.

Ottawa, Feb. 25, 1868. 675tf

Canadian Cottons.

WE HAVE JUST RECEIVED A SUPPLY of the

CELEBRATED

DUNDAS COTTONS!

32 and 35 Inches Wide.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

OTTAWA, Feb. 21, 1868. 380y

ANGUS AND HUCKELL,

No. 15 SUSSEX-STREET

No. 15 SUSSEX-STREET

GREAT DISCOUNT SALE!

CLEARING OUT

FALL AND WINTER STOCK

—OF—

Boots, Shoes & Rubbers.

10 CENTS OFF EVERY DOLLAR

CASH PURCHASES,

FOR ONE MONTH.

Largest and Best Stock

IN THE DOMINION.

☞ Call and See.

Boots, Shoes and Rubbers.

OTTAWA, February 13, 1868. 665y

THE NEW DOMINION!

17. SUSSEX-STREET. 17.

Established with the Nation, 1st July, 1867.

Tried by the People,
Nobly sustained,
Long may it flourish!

Come one! Come all!!
Farmers and Lumbermen,
Merchants and Citizens.

COME TO THE NEW DOMINION!

And you will find a large and varied assortment of

STAPLE and FANCY DRY GOODS!

WHOLESALE, AND RETAIL,
AS CHEAP AS THE CHEAPEST,
AS GOOD AS THE BEST.

A New Tailoring Establishment!

Has just been opened on the premises, with FIRST-CLASS WORKMEN, under the management of a FIRST-CLASS FASHIONABLE CUTTER.

Suits made to order, and Warranted to *suit*, At every price,

Of every style, For every season, And at the shortest notice.

Do you want Hats or Caps, Furs or Blankets, Boots or Shoes, Moccasins or Mittens? Visit the New Dominion. It will prove to your advantage. From top to toe a perfect outfit guaranteed, by

JAMES HIGGINSON, Proprietor.

Ottawa, February 6, 1868. 659tf

Dry Goods at Reduced Prices.

Cunningham and Lindsay

— ARE NOW SELLING —

Canadian Grey Cloth at 3s. 3d. per yard,
Canadian Tweeds at 4s. per yard,
Canadian Cotton Yarn at 7s. 6d. a Bundle,
Canadian Bags at 1. 9d

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY

Invite particular Attention to their

BLANKETS, FLANNELS AND MANTLE CLOTHS.

Ottawa, November 18, 1867. 510y

New Premises and Cheap Goods.

GRANT & HENDERSON

Having recently moved into their new premises, **No. 20. Rideau-street,** one of the firm visited lately the Montreal Markets, and secured a very large stock of entirely

NEW GOODS,

At most EXTRAORDINARY REDUCTIONS in price, which cannot in a legitimate manner be undersold in this city.

RIDEAU-STREET, December 24, 1867. 623d

Recorder's Court,

FOR the City of Ottawa, will be holden in the COURT HOUSE, old Jail, in said city, on MONDAY, the SECOND day of MARCH next, at the hour of ELEVEN of the clock in the forenoon, of which all City Coroners, Justices of the Peace, Constables, Jurors, and all others in any wise concerned, are hereby required to take notice and govern themselves accordingly.

RODERICK ROSS,
High Bailiff.

High Bailiff's Office,
Ottawa, 13th February, 1868. 668td

Scale Manufacturer.

E. DORION begs to inform the public that he has opened a SCALE MANUFACTORY in Clarence-street, second door from Sussex-street, in E. D'Amour's Blacksmith Shop, and where he is now prepared to repair all sorts of Scales in use.

Ottawa, Jany. 11 637y

NOTICE

IS HEREBY given that I shall not be responsible for any debts contracted in my name, unless under an order signed by me.

SOPHIA MARTINEAU.

Ottawa, Jan. 22, 1868. 646d

APPLICATIONS

FOR the Office of Assistant City Clerk will be received by the Corporation of the City of Ottawa, until MONDAY, the SECOND day of March, 1868, at SEVEN o'clock, p. m.

(By order,) W. P. LETT, City Clerk.

Ottawa, Feb. 22, 1868. 675-3

YOUNG & RADFORD'S COLUMN.

Watches,
Watches,
Watches

AT

YOUNG AND RADFORD'S

30 Sparks-street.

Clocks,
Clocks,
Clocks,

AT

YOUNG AND RADFORD'S.

Jewellery,
Jewellery,
Jewellery,

AT

YOUNG AND RADFORD'S.

Electro-Plated ware,
Electro-Plated Ware,
Electro-Plated Ware,

AT

YOUNG AND RADFORD'S.

Fancy Goods,
Fancy Goods,
Fancy Goods,

AT

YOUNG AND RADFORD'S,

Manufacturing Jewellers,

30 SPARKS-STREET.

Old Gold and Silver

Bought, and highest cash price paid,

AT

YOUNG AND RADFORD'S

THE MONTREAL WAREHOUSE,

SUSSEX, OPPOSITE YORK-STREET.

IN MR. INGLIS' NEW BLOCK.

WILL BE OPENED OUT IN A FEW DAYS WITH A STOCK OF

Choice Wines, Groceries and Provisions, &c., &c.

J. MARTIN & CO

OTTAWA, February 1, 1868. 657y

BROWNE & HARDY'S COLUMN.

1867 AND 1868.

INDIA WAREHOUSE!

16 Rideau Street, Ottawa.

THE SUBSCRIBERS beg to inform their Customers that their Stock is now complete, and embraces every delicacy of the Season, among which will be found a choice assortment of

TEAS,

Breakfast SOUCHONG, } Black Extra Fine.
do CONGOU, }
Superior HYSON,
" GUNPOWDER,
" IMPERIAL,
" TWANKAY,
Orange PEKOE, } These Teas have been
Flowery " } carefully selected for
Japan " } family trade by

BROWNE & HARDY.

SUGARS,
LOAF,
BROKEN LOAF,
CRUSHED,
GROUND,
YELLOW,
and MUSCOVADO.

COFFEE,
MOCHA,
JAVA,
JAMAICA, and
CEYLON,
☞ Roasted and Ground daily on the premises.

CHOCOLATE and COCOA,
FRENCH, flavored with Vanilla;
TAYLOR'S,
FRYE'S,
MOTT'S

FRUITS, &c.
LAYER RAISINS,
in Whole, Half and Quarter Boxes
MUSCATEL, do do
SULTANA,
VALENTIA,
CURRANTS,
GRAPES,
ORANGES
LEMONS,
PRUNES,
ALMONDS,
WALNUTS,
FILBERTS, and
BRAZIL NUTS.

BUTTER,
CHOICE DAIRY, in Tubs and Crocks, received Weekly.

CHEESE,
English, American and Canadian.

SPICES,
NUTMEGS,
MACE,
CINNAMON,
CLOVES,
GINGER,
MIXED SPICES,
All Ground on the Premises

BROWNE & HARDY.

Ottawa, December 19 405t

HARDWARE!

HARDWARE!

Great Reduction

IN THE

PRICE OF HARDWARE

AT THE

SIGN of the ANVIL

No. 24, Rideau-street.

THE Undersigned would take this opportunity to express his thanks to his Customers in Ottawa and vicinity for their very liberal patronage in the past, and to solicit a continuance of their favors in the future, and to assure them that no effort on his part shall be wanting to supply them with the Best and Cheapest English and American Hardware. I do not pretend to sell at cost, but do propose to sell as cheap as any other establishment in Ontario. My stock shall comprise every article in the line of Hardware, and with the one price system I hope to merit and receive a continuance of the very liberal patronage given me in the past.

T. BIRKETT,
Sign of the Anvil, 24 Rideau-st.

Ottawa, Feb. 3. 408y

BLYTH & KERR,

Successors to Chas. Garth.

No. 25, Rideau-st.,

Plumbers,
Gas & Steam Fitters,
Tin & Coppersmiths,
Bell Hangers, &c.

All materials for the above branches kept constantly on hand.

—ALSO—

Importers and Dealers in House Furnishing Hardware.

Just received a well selected assortment of

Cooking Stoves,	Iron Bedsteads,
Double Stoves,	Bronzed & Wire Fenders,
Parlor Stoves,	Fire Irons,
Hall Stoves,	Fire Guards,

Japanned and Planished Tinware, &c., Manufacturers of all descriptions of work for Water and Gas Works, Brewer's Distilleries, Mills, &c. Makes and fits up Galvanized Iron Cornices, Gutters, Conductors, Roofing, &c.

☞ Public and Private Buildings, Conservatories, Vineries, Manufactories, &c., warmed by Steam, Hot Water or Warm Air, on the most approved principles.

Orders from the country will receive strict attention.

Ottawa August 26. 416y

BUY YOUR TEA

DIRECT FROM

THE IMPORTERS

TEA! TEA! TEA!

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY, 6 Hospital Street, Montreal, having just imported a large quantity of Green and Black Teas, beg to call the attention of the Trade, Hotel Proprietors, and large establishments generally to their list of prices. Buyers of Chests and Boxes of Tea will save money by getting it direct through the Importers.

All orders for 25 lb. boxes and upwards, carriage free to any Railway Station in Canada. Parties wanting smaller quantities should club together, Buyers living beyond Railway Stations, will please send post office order, or enclose notes. The carriage will be paid to the nearest station, where there are express offices. Tea will be forwarded immediately on receipt of the order by mail containing money, or the money can be collected on delivery by express man. Cash collected in Montreal free of charge, and Tea forwarded for the same. Original packages Black Tea weigh, chests about 50 lbs. Chests do. 90 to 100 lbs. Green Tea from 60 to 80 lbs. Teas not mentioned in advertisement can be had equally cheap. The Company are determined to take a stand in the Montreal market, every article may therefore be depended on as to quality and weight.

BLACK TEA.

Common Congou, Broken Leaf, Strong Tea	$00 45
Fine Flavoured New Season do	00 55
Excellent Full Flavoured do	00 75
Sound Oolong	00 45
Rich Flavoured do	00 60
Very Fine do	00 75
Japan	00 58
Very Fine do	00 75
An excellent mixed Tea, Black and Green	00 60

GREEN TEA.

Twankay, Common	$00 38
Fine do	00 55
Young Hyson	00 60
Fine do	00 75
Superfine and Very Choice	1 00
Fine Gunpowder	00 85
Extra Superfine do	1 00

Reductions made to buyers of Five Chests and upwards.

☞ Address MONTREAL TEA CO.,
6, Hospital-st, Montreal.

☞ *Agent for Ottawa and neighborhood,*

MR. JOS. MOONEY.

☞ All Boxes and Chests sent from this Establishment have the address of the *MONTREAL TEA COMPANY* printed on them.

August 27, 1867. 52234-w

PORK! FLOUR!

THE Subscribers have just received 10 CAR LOADS of PORK, consisting of

455 *BBLS. OF MESS,*

40 *DO. OF THIN MESS,*

155 *DO. OF PRIME MESS,*

Also 20,000 lbs. weight Superior Steam Refined Leaf Lard.

Also for Sale, 500 barrels of Flour.

O'CONNOR & WALLER,
Exchange Brokers and Commission Merchants,
Sussex-st., Ottawa.

Ottawa, Feb. 17, 1868. 668tf

W. NOTMAN,

Photographer to the Queen

CORNER OF

WELLINGTON AND METCALFE STREETS,

WOULD intimate that having all his arrangements completed, his

Establishment will be Opened

—ON—

Monday Next, 3rd February

When he will be prepared to fulfil orders for all the different branches of Photography.

Ottawa, Jan. 31, 1868. 582y

BAZAAR.

IT is intended to hold a Bazaar on the *SEVENTEENTH of MARCH NEXT,* 1868, and following days, in aid of the DEBT on

The Parsonage of Christ Church.

Contributions will be most thankfully received from the members of the Church, and other friends in Ottawa, by the following Ladies, who have kindly consented to act as a Committee of Management

MRS. CLEMOW,
" W. F. POWELL,
" COFFIN,
" ADAMSON,
" T. M. BLASDELL,
" LAUDER,
" DONALDSON,
" JOHN THOMPSON,
N. SPARKS,
MAGEE,
" STREET.
ANNIE POWELL,
Secretary.

Ottawa, Dec. 23, 1867. 622td

WAR! WAR! WAR!

KEARNS & RYAN,

WELL KNOWN

Merchants of this City,

—WHO KEEP THE PEOPLE'S—

CHEAP CASH STORE!

Have declared War against all other merchants of the Capital of Canada, for imposing dear goods on the people. They will mak

Reduction of 20 per cent off Hats and Bonnets,

—AND—

10 per cent off all other Cash Purchases

OVER ONE DOLLAR,

During the month of February. Rush to their establishment and judge for yourselves. No deception.

Corner of York and Sussex-sts.

Ottawa, February 3, 1868. 656d

Great Remnant Sale.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.

Importers, 20 Sparks Street,

With a view to CLEAR OUT THEIR STOCK OF REMNANTS, prior to stock-taking have RE MARKED ALL THEIR REMNANTS at prices that must effect a SPEEDY CLEARANCE.

Remnants of Cloths,	Remnants of Cobourgs,
Remnants of Dress Goods,	Remnants of Silks,
Remnants of Cottons,	Remnants of Linens,
Remnants of Prints,	Remnants of Flannels,
Remnants of Carpetings.	Remnants of Oil-cloths,

And a host of other remnants too numerous to particularize.

Sale to commence on MONDAY, 17th, and to continue during the week.

Ottawa, February 17, 1868. GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & Co. 484y

WATCH LOST.

LOST on Saturday afternoon, by a lady while walking from Wellington-street up Bank's and the New Road as far as the second bridge, a small, somewhat old style, Gold Watch. The finder will be suitably rewarded on leaving it at this Office.

February 17, 1868. 668-3

Mails for the Maritime Provinces.

WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

From OTTAWA—Mails for St. JOHN, N. B., Closed Daily, 12:45, P. M.

NEW BRUNSWICK.

THE general route of transmission is by railway, *via* Montreal, Danville Junction, and Bangor, Me., whence by stage to Calais and St. John. Time taken, at this season, usually four days.

The Mail despatched, however, on Friday, obtains connexion with the Monday 5 p m steamer, (International Line), from Portland, being due at St. John on Tuesday p m.

For Woodstock, N. B.

There is also a tri-weekly Mail from Riviere du Loup to Edmundston and Woodstock, leaving Riviere du Loup every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday evenings, on the arrival of the mail train from Quebec. Matter intended for conveyance by this route should be specially addressed "*Via* Riv. du Loup.

PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND.

Matter for Prince Edward Island is forwarded on St. John.

Letters 5 cents per half ounce. Newspapers 1 cent.

*NOVA SCOTIA.

For Halifax, N. S., Closed Every Thursday, 12:45, P. M.

Route of transmission is *via* Portland, whence per steamer *Chase*, or *Carlotta*, every Saturday at 4 p m, for Halifax, being due there on the following Monday.

Letters 5 cents per half ounce. Newspapers 1 cent.

For Halifax, N. S., Closed Every Friday, 12:45, P. M.

Route of transmission is *via* Portland, connecting there with the Monday 5 p m steamer, (International Line), for St. John. Mail due in Halifax on the following Thursday evening.

Letters 5 cents per half ounce. Newspapers 1 cent.

Letters, &c., are not forwarded from Ottawa to Halifax by the land route, *via* St. John, N. B., unless specially so addressed.

NEWFOUNDLAND.

Newfoundland is included in the ordinary mails made up for Halifax.

Letters 12½ cents per half ounce. Newspapers 3 cents each.

G. P. BAKER, Postmaster.

Post Office, Ottawa, Feb. 13, 1868.

Nova Scotia, by "Inman" Steamer from New York.

*NOTE—For Inman Steamer to Halifax a Mail is closed every alternate Friday, 12.45, p m, (i. e. 21st February, 6th and 20th March, 3rd and 17th April, and so on.) Route of transmission is *via* New York, connecting there with the Steamer of the Inman Line, leaving on alternate Mondays at Noon for England, *via* Halifax, being due at Halifax on the following Thursday. Letters and papers for despatch by this route must be SPECIALLY SO ADDRESSED, with postage prepaid by stamp, as follows—

Letters 12½ cents per hal ounce. Newspapers 2 cents each. 672tf

GREAT AUCTION SALE

OF HOTEL-

Household Furniture, &c.

MR. BENJAMIN HUCKELL being about to retire from public life, has given

HECTOR McLEAN

Instructions to sell at PUBLIC AUCTION at his HOTEL, Corner of York and Dalhousie-sts.,

On Thursday Next, 27th Instant,

All his Household Furniture and Effects, consisting of Bureaus, Sideboards, Bedsteads, Tables, Washstands, Feather Beds, Carpets, Oil Paintings, Cooking and Parlor Stoves, Stove Pipes, Bar Fixtures and Furniture, and a quantity of Good Liquors and Cigars.

—ALSO,—

One Horse, 4 years old, 1 good Milch Cow, 1 Fat Pig, 1 Fancy Cutter, 1 set Single Harness, and 1 set Double Harness, besides sundry other things.

TERMS—Cash on delivery.

—ALSO,—

At the same time and place, LOT No. 7, East side of Gloucester-street, 66 x 200 feet; and a good Buggy.

Terms and conditions made known at the time of Sale.

Sale to commence at 11 o'clock, A. M.

H. McLEAN, Auctioneer.

Ottawa, Feb. 25, 1868. 675td

Notice.

ON AND FROM THE

First day of February 1868

ALL REQUISITIONS FOR

STAMPS!

TO

Bills and Promissory Notes,

To be used in the Dominion of Canada by the various persons entrusted with the distribution thereof, will have to be addressed to this Department.

THOS. WORTHINGTON,
For the Minister of Inland Revenue.

655tf

SALMON RIVERS.

DEPARTMENT OF

MARINE & FISHERIES.

OTTAWA, 7th October, 1867.

LIST OF SALMON RIVERS within the Province of Quebec, the Fluvial Divisions of which are disposable for Angling purposes:—

The River Mistassini—discharging into River St.	Lawrence on the North Shore.
do Betescie	do do
do Trinity	do do
do Little Trinity	do do
do Calumet	do do
do Pentecost	do do
do Little Margaret	do do
do Trout	do do
do Sheldrake	do do
do Magpie	do do
do Little Watcheshoo	do do
do Nabessippi	do do
do Agwanus	do do
do Kegashka	do do
do Musquarro	do do
do Washeccootai	do do
do Romanie [en bas]	do do
do Coacoacho	do do
do Etmarru	do do
do Macatima	do do
do St. Augustine	do do
do Ezquinaux	do do
do Ouelle	South Shore
do Metis	do do
do St. Anne des Ments	do do
do Mont Louis	do do
do Magdalen	do do
do Grand Pabos, Chaleur bay	do do
do Grand Bonaventure	do do
do Little Cascapedia	do do
do Grand Cascapedia	do do
do Nouvelle	do do
do Metapedia	do do
do Restigouche	do do
do Mistouche	do do

Application to Lease or License any of the above Rivers should be made to this Department.

P. MITCHELL,
Minister of Marine and Fisheries.

Upper Ottawa

Steamboat Company.

NOTICE.

THE

GENERAL ANNUAL MEETING

OF THE

SHAREHOLDERS

—FOR—

ELECTION OF DIRECTORS

—AND—

TRANSACTION OF GENERAL BUSINESS,

Will be held at the Office of

Messrs. Wright & Batson,

IN THIS CITY, ON

Wednesday, 4th March Next,

At the hour of 2 o'clock, P. M.

By order,

B. BATSON,
Secretary.

Ottawa, Feb. 24, 1867. 674td

PHŒNIX.

MESSRS. R. EATON & Co. respectfully announce to the public that THEY HAVE RESUMED BUSINESS in this City in the various branches of their trade and manufacture, which they now carry on at the following places:—

Paint, Oil, Varnish, Color and Painters' Stock Depot,
☞ Bell's New Block, 1st Story, Opposite the Russell House.

Oil Painting, Engraving, Paper Hanging and Decorating Depot,
☞ Bell's New Block, 2nd Story, Opposite the Russell House.

Looking-Glass, Picture Frame, Silvering and Gilding Rooms,
☞ Scott's Building, over Confectionary, Opposite the Russell House.

Cornices, Picture, and Looking-Glass Frame Manufactory,
☞ Wright's Building, Chaudiere, formerly occupied by E. B. Eddy, Esq.

Their present extensive stock in the various departments is entirely new, the former having been destroyed by fire, and has been carefully and judiciously selected, with especial regard to the demands of this City and its surroundings. Their Painters' Stock is especially good. Their Paper Hangings and Decorating Stock is in en ilies variety of quality and price; and the Decoration of Dwellings, Offices, Stores and Public Buildings undertaken, and satisfaction guaranteed both as to style and workmanship.

Having secured spacious premises at the Chaudiere, with extensive water-power, for the purpose of Manufacturing Cornices and Frames of all kinds, and having also secured spacious Looking-Glass, Silvering and Gilding Rooms, they will be enabled to fill orders for Pier, Mantle, Hanging and Toilet Mirrors, Picture Frames and Cornices, at the Shortest Notice.

Oil Paintings and Engravings of undoubted merit and beauty always in stock.

Window Blinds, new style, unsurpassed, always kept on hand. These are made so as to fit windows of any size, and are painted or oiled to suit taste or business of purchaser.

Messrs. R. E. & Co., avail themselves of this opportunity for returning their sincerest thanks for the kind patronage heretofore bestowed upon them, and for the great sympathy manifested for them on the occasion of the recent fire, and in resuming business they beg to assure their many kind friends and patrons that with new stock, renewed energy, and competent and faithful workmen, they feel confident of filling all orders with which they may be favored with promptness and punctuality, and in such a manner as will merit entire satisfaction.

OFFICE—Bell's Block, Opposite Russell House.

OTTAWA, Feb. 14, 1868. 666-3m

Ottawa CROCKERY Store!

PRESENTATION ORNAMENTS.

WILLIAM ALLAN

RESPECTFULLY announces the arrival of a Choice Selection of China and Bohemian Glass Flower Vases and Ornaments suitable for Xmas and New Year's Gifts. Also, the most complete Stock of China, Glass, Earthenware and Parian Marble ever brought into Ottawa, consisting of

DINNER SETTS, DESSERT SETTS,
BREAKFAST SETTS, TOILET SETTS.

Cut and Engraved, Cut and Pressed TABLE GLASS, and an assortment of Common Ware to the trade.

☞ A large and most varied Stock select from:

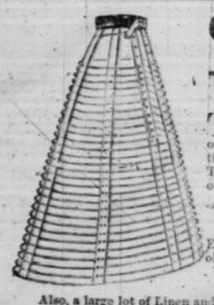
W. ALLAN,
51 RIDEAU STREET, (opposite Mr. D. Whalen's.)

Ottawa, December 19, 1867. 571y

SHEFFIELD HOUSE!

E. K. MacGILLIVRAY & Co.,
MANUFACTURING JEWELLERS
AND
WATCHMAKERS

OTTAWA, January 21, 1868.



City Hoop Skirt Factory

The Double Extension Skirt.

THIS new and convenient Skirt I am now making in all widths of tape. The great advantage this Skirt has over all others: ladies can alter it themselves to any width they wish, from 1½ yards to 3 yards, without the least trouble. They only can be had at the Factory. Everyother style of Skirt on hand or made to order. Just received another lot of

FRENCH CORSETS.

Every size, from 17 inches to 36 inches. Also, a few of those old fashioned Corsets, (lacing at the back.)

Lambs' Wool Hose, Breakfast Shawls.

Also, a large lot of Linen and Lawn Pocket Handkerchiefs, cheap.

DAVID MILLAR,
43 Sparks-st, Centre Town, next to Esmonde's Stove Depot.

436y

WHEELER & WILSON'S SEWING MACHINES.
THE BEST HOLIDAY PRESENT,
From $47 and upwards.

Gold Medal, Paris, 1867.

☞ FIVE per cent. off for cash in bills until after the holidays. One handsome Mahogany full case $8 discount.

The Howe Sewing Machines from $50 Up.

Grout & Co.'s Twisted Elastic Stitch only $15.

☞ Call and see this little beauty. Prospectuses and Samples sent Free by Mail.

December 19, 1867. 479-43y G. A. WALTON, Agent, 37 Sparks Street, Ottawa.

FIRST CLASS

Tailoring Establishment.

BEING desirous to dispose of the balance of my WINTER STOCK, in order to make room for

Spring Importations,

For two months I shall offer such inducements to intending purchasers as will enable me to make a ready sale, and my customers a good investment

☞ Please Call and Examine. ☜

G. M. HOLBROOK,
Pro Tem Depot, Elgin-street,
Opposite the Post Office.

381y

CAUTION.

THE perfection and cheapness of the American (Waltham) Watch have given it such a wide-world celebrity that unscrupulous dealers years ago imitated its style and pirated its trade marks. Irresponsible dealers are occasionally found who dishonestly trade upon the popularity of the American watch by selling a base imitation under the name of the genuine article.

It is hardly necessary to state that such watches are worthless as time-keepers, and when bought for the genuine are calculated to injure the high reputation which our watches have attained. The several grades of the American watch (except the lowest grade marked Home Watch Co.) are guaranteed by special certificate bearing the number of the watch and the signature of the Treasurer of the Company, E. E. Robbins. The purchaser should in all cases require one of these certificates, which is furnished to all dealers in the genuine watches.

The following are the trade marks on the several grades of our manufacture:

AMERICAN WATCH CO. APPLETON, TRACY & CO.
WALTHAM WATCH CO. P. S. BARTLETT.
WM. ELLERY. HOME WATCH CO.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD CO.
Office of the General Superintendent
Altoona, Pa., 15th Dec., 1866.

Gentlemen: The watches Manufactured by you have been in use on this Railroad for several year by our engine men, to whom we furnish watches as part of our equipment. There are some THREE HUNDRED OF THEM CARRIED ON OUR LINE, and we consider them GOOD and RELIABLE TIME-KEEPERS. Indeed I have great satisfaction in saying YOUR WATCHES GIVE US LESS TROUBLE and have worn and do wear much longer without repairs than any watches we have ever had in use on this road. As you are aware we formerly trusted to those of English manufacture, of acknowledged good reputation, but as a class they never keep time as correctly, nor have they done as good service as yours.

In these statements I am sustained by my predecessor, Mr. Lewis, whose experience extended over a series of years.

Respectfully,
EDWARD H. WILLIAMS,
General Superintendent.

American Watch Co., Waltham.

NEW YORK CENTRAL RAILROAD.
Locomotive Dep't Western Division,
Rochester, Dec. 24th, 1866.

Gentlemen—I have no hesitation in saying that I believe the great majority of locomotive engineers have found by experience that WALTHAM WATCHES ARE THE MOST SATISFACTORY of any for their use. They RUN WITH THE GREATEST ACCURACY AND STEADINESS, notwithstanding the rough riding of an engine; and as I have NEVER KNOWN ONE TO WEAR OUT, they must be durable. I hope to see the time when railway companies will generally adopt your watches, and furnish them all to engineers and conductors. In my opinion it would greatly tend to promote regularity and safety.

Yours respectfully,
CHARLES WILSON,
Chief Engineer,
Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers.

American Watch Co., Waltham.

For sale by all first-class dealers in the United States and British Provinces.

ROBBINS & APPLETON
No. 182 Broadway, N. Y.
ROBERT WILKES,
Toronto and Montreal,
GENERAL AGENTS.

November, 14, 1867. 565-48 3m.

RAILROADS.

Grand Trunk Railway Company OF CANADA.

WINTER ARRANGEMENTS, 1867.

TRAINS now leave Bonaventure Station as follows:

GOING WEST—Day Express for Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Branford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago and all points West, at 8.30 A.M. Night do do at 7.30 P.M.

Accommodation Train for Kingston and intermediate stations at 7.00 A.M.

Local Train for Cornwall and intermediate Stations, at 4.20 P.M.

Trains for Lachine at 8.00 A.M., 9.30 A.M., 3.00 and 4.30 P.M.

The 3.00 P.M. Train runs through to Plattsburgh.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST—Accommodation Train from Island Pond and intermediate Stations, at 7.00 A.M.

Express for New York and Boston, at 8.40 A.M.

Express for Boston and New York, at 3.30 P.M.

Express for Portland (staying over night at Island Pond) at 2.00 P.M.

Night Express for Portland, Three Rivers, Quebec and Riviere du Loup, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbroke, Waterville and Cookscoke only, at 10.10 P.M.

☞ Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.

For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station.

C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director
December 23, 1867. 650f

CHANGE of TIME

St Lawrence & Ottawa Railway,

(formerly the Ottawa & Prescott Railway.)

ON and after MONDAY, the 30th Dec., 1867, and until further notice trains will run as follows:

LEAVE PRESCOTT.	ARRIVE IN OTTAWA.
Mixed, 7.30 a. m.	11.00 a. m.
Express, 2.10 p. m.	5.45 p. m.

LEAVE OTTAWA.	ARRIVE IN PRESCOTT.
Express, 8 a. m.	12.30 a. m.
Mixed, 1.30 p. m.	4.45 p. m.

The time of these Trains has been so arranged as to ensure connection with night and day trains on Grand Trunk, east and west.

N. B.—These Trains run on Montreal Time.

Baggage to and from Ottawa checked through from and to stations on Grand Trunk Railway.

Return tickets to Prescott, Kemptville and Ottawa at reduced rates can be had at the principal stations on the line.

T. S. DETLOR, Superintendent. THOMAS REYNOLDS, Managing Director.

Ottawa, Dec. 28, 1867. 1y

Brockville and Ottawa Railway,

WINTER ARRANGEMENT
Commencing on Monday, December 9, 1867.

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

3:45 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 3.45 p.m., and arrive at Sandpoint at 9.25 p. m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT.

6:45 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint daily at 6.45 a.m., and arrive at Brockville at 1:00 p. m.

LEAVES PERTH.

5:00 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Perth at 5.00 p.m., and 9.40 a.m., and arrive at Smith's Falls at 5.50 p.m. and 10.50 a.m.

LEAVES SMITH'S FALLS.

10:50 A.M.—TRAINS will leave Smith's Falls at 10.50 a.m., and 6.05 p.m., and arrive at Perth at 11.40 a.m., and 6.55 p.m.

All trains on main line connect at Smith's Falls with Trains to and from Perth.

No. 1 leaves Brockville after G. T. R. Express. Train is due from the East.

No. 2 is due at Brockville in time to connect with G. T. R. Express Trains for the East and West.

H ABBOTT,
Manager for Trustees.

Brockville, Dec. 16. 473y

Royal Canadian Bank

OTTAWA AGENCY:
Office—Desbarats' Building, 77 Sparks St
M. P. HAYES,
AGENT.

Ottawa, June 21. 157tf

DALGLISH & RUSSELL

ARE NOW IN RECEIPT OF THEIR new and varied assortment of

Grocery Goods

Consisting of Teas, Gunpowder, Old Hyson, Young Hyson, Hyson Twankay, Black, Extra Fine English Breakfast Souchong, Congou ditto, Oolong, Orange Pekoe, Finest Japans.

Coffees.—Java, Jamaica, La Guayra, Mocha Roasted and Ground on the premises.

Sugars.—English, refined in loaves, Broken Loaf, Crushed White, Yellow Refined.

Chocolate and Cocoa Spices, Mustards, Essences, Syrups, Pickles, Sauces, Vinegars, and Bottled Fruits, in syrup, Preserves, Potted Meats, Fruits &c. Also, Provisions, Sugar Cured Hams, Spice Rolled Hams, Bacon, Butter, Cheese, Crackers, Biscuits, Flour, Oatmeal, Barley, Peas, Rice, Labrador Herrings, Table Codfish, Digby Herrings, &c., &c.

Our stock is extensive and complete, and every article warranted to give satisfaction. All orders sent or left will be promptly attended to.

All Goods delivered on the shortest notice

Dalglish & Russell,
Wellington & Kent-sts.

FAIRBANKS.

Take Highest Premiums at the Paris Exposition.

PLATFORM, COUNTER, Warehouse, Grain, Coal, Hay, Railroad Track, Depot, Druggist, Gold, and all kinds of SCALES constantly on hand and for Sale.

FAIRBANKS, BROWN & Co.,
Boston, Mass.

Our Sole Agents in Ottawa,

ALEXANDER WORKMAN & Co.

November 18, 1867. 592-6m

NOTICE

IS hereby given that application will be made to each and every Parliament having jurisdiction, at the present or next session thereof, respectively, for an act to amend the act chaptered 106, passed at the Session of the Parliament for the late Province of Canada, held the 29th and 30th years of the Reign of Her Majesty Queen Victoria, intituled "An Act to Incorporate the Ottawa City Passenger Railway Company.

Dec. 2nd, 1867. 6072m

Bottled Ale, Bottled Ale, Bottled Ale.

THE Subscriber would call the attention of Families and others to his

Fine Bottled Ale!

Which is in splendid condition. Also,

Scotch, Irish, Old Rye

And other Malt Whiskies,

Ports, Sherries, Brandies, Gin, &c.,

Together with a General Assortment of

FIRST-CLASS GROCERIES.

A Call kindly Solicited.

D. WHELAN,
44, Rideau-street,
Opposite Allan's Crockery Store

Ottawa, Jan. 20, 1868.

FOR SALE.

$50 PAIRS of Grey Twilled BLANKETS, in bales of 50 pairs.

—ALSO,—

Canadian White Twilled and Whitney Blankets. English Grey Blankets, weighing from 8 to 10 pounds each.

E McGILLIVRAY.

Ottawa, December 23, 1867. 621-3m

PIANOFORTES!

Messrs. Orme & Son

BEG to intimate that they have on hand one of the FINEST COLLECTIONS of

Steinway, Chickering and Dunham PIANOFORTES.

That have ever been offered for sale in Ottawa. These instruments were carfully selected by Mr. Nordheimer from the factories.

INSPECTION INVITED.

A splendid CHICKERING, only a few months in use, FOR SALE CHEAP, the proprietor having gone to England.

☞ Old Pianofortes taken in exchange.

25, Sparks-street,
Sign of the Golden Lyre.

January 27. 488y

Dissolution of Partnership.

THE PARTNERSHIP heretofore existing between JAMES HOPE and S. S. M. HUNTER, under the firm of JAMES HOPE & Co., was this day dissolved by mutual consent.

The business will be continued, under the same name as heretofore, by JAMES HOPE, who will receive all monies due, and discharge all claims against the late firm.

JAMES HOPE,
S. S. M. HUNTER.

Ottawa, Feb. 15, 1868. 668-3-8-4

AYER'S Sarsaparilla

FOR PURIFYING THE BLOOD.

And for the speedy cure of the following complaints:

Scrofula and Scrofulous Affections, such as Tumors, Ulcers, Sores, Eruptions, Pimples, Pustules, Blotches, Boils, Blains, and all Skin Diseases.

OAKLAND, Ind., 6th June, 1866.

J. C. AYER & Co. Gents: I feel it my duty to acknowledge what your Sarsaparilla has done for me. Having inherited a Scrofulous infection, I have suffered from it in various ways for years. Sometimes it burst out in Ulcers on my hands and arms; sometimes it turned inward and distressed me at the stomach. Two years ago it broke out on my face and covered my scalp and ears with one sore, which was painful and loathsome beyond description. I tried many medicines and several physicians, but without much relief from any thing. In fact, the disease grew worse. At length I was induced to read in the Gospel Messenger that you had prepared an alterative (Sarsaparilla) of which you spoke from your reputation that anything from such a source must be good. I sent to Cincinnati and got it, and used it freely. It did me. I took it as you advised, a small dose at a teaspoonful over a month, and used almost three bottles. New and healthy skin soon began to form under the scab, which after a while fell off. My skin is now clear, and I know by my feelings that the disease has gone from my system. You can well believe this, I feel what I am saying when I tell you, that I feel as if I could be one of the apostles of the age, and remain ever gratefully. Yours,

ALFRED B. TALLEY.

St. Anthony's Fire, Rose or Erysipelas, Tetter and Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Ringworm, Sore Eyes, Dropsy.

Dr. Robert M. Preble writes from Salem, N. Y., 12th Sept., 1859, that he has cured an inveterate case of *Dropsy*, which threatened to terminate fatally, by the powerful use of your Sarsaparilla, and also a dangerous *Malignant Erysipelas* by large doses of the same; says he uses the common *Sarsaparilla* in it constantly.

Bronchocele, Goitre or Swelled Neck.

Nicholas Sloan of Prospect, Texas, writes: "Three bottles of your Sarsaparilla cured me from a *Goitre*—a hideous swelling on the neck, which I had suffered from over two years."

Leucorrhœa or Whites, Ovarian Tumor, Uterine Ulceration, Female Diseases.

Dr. J. R. S. Channing, of New York City, writes: "I most cheerfully comply with the request of your agent in saying I have found your Sarsaparilla a most excellent alterative in the numerous complaints for which we employ such a remedy, but especially in *Female Diseases* of the Scrofulous diathesis. I have cured many inveterate cases of Leucorrhœa by it, and some where the complaint was caused by ulceration of the uterus. The uterine itself was sound. Neither Iodine nor Iron with my knowledge equals it for these female derangements."

Edward S. Marrow, of Newbury, Ala., writes, "A dangerous *ovarian tumor* on one of the females in my family, which had defied all the remedies we could employ, has to length been completely cured by your Extract of Sarsaparilla. Our physician thought nothing but extirpation could afford relief, but he advised the trial of your Sarsaparilla as the last resort before cutting, and it proved effectual. After taking your remedy eight weeks no symptom of the disease remains."

Syphilis and Mercurial Disease.

NEW ORLEANS, 23th August, 1859.

DR. J. C. AYER: Sir, I cheerfully comply with the request of your agent, and invert to you some of the effects I have realized with your Sarsaparilla.

I have cured with it, in my practice, most of the complaints for which it is recommended, and have found its effects truly wonderful in the cure of *Venereal and Mercurial Diseases*. One of my patients had Syphilitic ulcers in his throat, which were consuming his palate and the roof of his mouth. Your Sarsaparilla, steadily taken, cured him in five weeks. Another case attended by secondary symptoms in his nose, and the ulceration had eaten away a considerable part of it, so that I believe this disorder would soon reach his brain and kill him. But it yielded to my administration of your Sarsaparilla; the ulcers healed, and he is well again, not of course without some disfiguration to his face. A woman who had been treated for the same disorder by mercury was suffering from the poison in her bones. They had become so sensitive to the weather that on a damp day she suffered excruciating pain in her joints and bones. She, too, was cured entirely by your Sarsaparilla in a few weeks. I grow from its formula, which your agent gave me, that this Preparation from your laboratory must be a great remedy; consequently, these truly remarkable results with it have not surprised me.

Fraternally yours, G. V. LARIMER, M. D.

Rheumatism, Gout, Liver Complaint.

INDEPENDENCE, Preston Co., Va., 6th July, 1859.

DR. J. C. AYER: Sir, I have been afflicted with a painful case of *Rheumatism* for a long time, which baffled the skill of physicians, and stuck to me in spite of all the medies I could find, until I tried your Sarsaparilla. One bottle cured me in two weeks, and restored my general health so much that I am far better than before I was attacked. I think it a wonderful medicine. J. FREAM.

Jules Y. Gotchell, of St. Louis, writes: "I have been afflicted for years with an *affection of the Liver*, which destroyed my health. I tried every thing, and every thing failed to relieve me; and I have been a broken-down man some years from no other cause than *derangement of the Liver*. My beloved pastor, the Rev. Mr. Espy, advised me to try your Sarsaparilla, because he said he knew you, and any thing you made was worth trying. By the blessing of God it has cured me, and has so purified my blood as to make a new man of me. I feel young again. The best that can be said of you is not half good enough."

Scirrhus, Cancer Tumors, Enlargement, Ulceration, Caries and Exfoliation of the Bones.

A great variety of cases have been reported to us where cures of these formidable complaints have resulted from the use of this remedy, but our space here will not admit them. Some of them may be found in our American Almanac, which the agents below named are pleased to furnish gratis to all who call for them.

Dyspepsia, Heart Disease, Fits, Epilepsy, Melancholy, Neuralgia

Many remarkable cures of these affections have been made by the alterative power of this medicine. It stimulates the vital functions into vigorous action, and thus overcomes disorders which would be supposed beyond its reach. Such a remedy has long been required by the necessities of the people, and we are confident that this will prove for them all that medicine can do.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,

FOR THE RAPID CURE OF

Coughs, Colds, Influenza, Hoarseness, Croup, Bronchitis, Incipient Consumption, and for the Relief of Consumptive Patients in advanced Stages of the Disease.

This is a remedy so universally known to surpass any other for the cure of throat and lung complaints, that it is useless here to publish the evidence of its virtues. Its unrivalled excellence for coughs and colds, and its truly wonderful cures of pulmonary disease, have made it known throughout the civilized nations of the earth. Its use the communities, or even families, among them who have not some personal experience of its effects—some living trophy in their midst of its victory over the subtle and dangerous disorders of the throat and lungs. As all know the dreadful fatality of these disorders, and as they know, too, the effects of this remedy, we need not do more than to assure them that it has now all the virtues that it did have when making the cures which have spoken so strongly upon the confidence of mankind.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts W. M. Massey, H. F. MacCarthy, and John Skinner, in Ottawa.

Royal Italian Bitters!

—OF—

TONIO REALE

DEL DOTTORE F. P. VERRI,

Professor of Chemistry in the University of PADUA

ITALY.

THIS celebrated preparation for which a certificate of merit was awarded to the distinguished original proprietor at the National Exposition at Torino, Italy, by whose favor Mr. GIANELLI obtained the recipe, and was also awarded a diploma at the Provincial Exhibition of Canada held at Montreal in September, 1865, is, without exception, the most genuine, salubrious and agreeable Tonic ever introduced to public notice either in Europe or America.

For seventeen years it has, in Italy, been a universal favorite among the *élite* of society, being generally served in the drawing room before dinner, in preference to Vermouth.

The ingredients of its composition have been imparted to the leading Physicians of Canada and the United States, and have received their unqualified approval on every account.

The proprietor refers with the greatest confidence and satisfaction to the subjoined testimonials from eminent medical men, which he could add to, were it desirable.

Kept by the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion of Canada and in the United States.

Sold by the Proprietor.

Dear Sir—You request my opinion of the "Royal Italian Bitters," prepared from a receipt of Dr Verri, of Padua. I beg to state that I consider it a most agreeable cordial tonic, in every way superior in flavour and composition to the ordinary bitter tonics in general use. I have recommended it to several patients, who have derived marked benefit from its use.

I am, dear Sir, yours faithfully,

G. E. FENWICK, M.D.

A. M. F. GIANELLI, Esq., Montreal.

A. M. FGIANELLI,
26, Hospital-street, Montreal.

NATURAL AMERICAN

Lubricating Oils!

PREPARED EXPRESSLY FOR

STEAMBOATS,
LOCOMOTIVES,
CAR JOURNALS,
FACTORIES,
MACHINE SHOPS,
HORSE RAILWAYS
&c., &c., &c.

Perfectly free from Gum & Grit.

NON-EXPLOSIVE.
NON-INFLAMMABLE
WILL NOT FREEZE IN WINTER!
AND THE
CHEAPEST OIL IN THE MARKET!

How they suit for Small Engines and Printing Presses.

TIMES OFFICE,
Ottawa, Feb. 23, 1868.

Messrs. McKENZIE & MACKAY,
Hamilton.

GENTLEMEN,—We have used your Lubricating Oil (A) on the Engine and large Hoe Press, and find it to be a better article than any we have formerly used. On the Card Press, where we formerly used olive oil, we find your oil superior to it.

CHARLES W. MITCHELL,
Foreman.

THOMAS McELROY,
Engineer.

How they Suit for Cutting Bolts.

DUNDAS FOUNDRY, Dundas, July 29, 1867.

Messrs. McKENZIE & MACKAY, Hamilton,

GENTLEMEN,—I have been testing your Natural Lubricating Oils [A] and [AAA] for the last three months, and have no hesitation in stating that they are the best oils used in this foundry for some years, and are far superior to what we have known as "Petroleum Lubricators." They are free from all Gum and Grit, do not heat the bearings, and are particularly adapted for lathes and planer beds. The TREBLE A OIL is especially suited for cutting heavy bolts. I have used it with the "Patent Die," which finishes the thread with one cut, and it has stood the severe test to my satisfaction.

Yours truly,
THOMAS WILSON,
Foreman.

How they Suit for Grist Mills.

DUNDAS FLOUR MILLS,
Dundas, May 13, 1867.

Messrs. McKENZIE & MACKAY, Hamilton,

GENTLEMEN,—I have tried your Lubricating Oil, (AA) and (A) and can recommend it as being a good Oil for Lubricating purposes. I have used it on both heavy and light machinery, and find it answers the purpose as well as any oil hitherto used. I have always used olive oil till now, so that your oil received a severe test. Please send me one barrel of each kind.

Yours truly,
JAMES COLMAN,
JAMES WALES,
Manager.

How they Suit for Saw Mills.

WEST FLAMBORO, July 27, 1867.

Messrs. McKENZIE & MACKAY, 9, King-street, Hamilton,

GENTLEMEN,—I have thoroughly tested in my Saw mill the Lubricating Oil received from you. The sample marked (AA) I think is superior to any elephant oil for saw mill machinery. The journals run with it, work longer clean, and with less friction than with any other oil I have used.

Yours respectfully,
ROBERT CHRISTIE.

Samples of the oil and numerous certificates may be seen at the office of our Agent.

McKENZIE & MACKAY,
Agents for Canada,
9 King Street,
Hamilton.

Agent for Ottawa and Vicinity,
T. ISAACS,
Sparks st.

Ottawa, Feb. 21, 1868. 663tf

GREAT DISCOVERY.

EVERY MAN HIS OWN ARTIST!

A SCIENTIFIC WONDER.

AN instrument by which any person can take correct Likenesses or Photographs. This instrument with full instructions sent by mail for one dollar. Address,

C. B. AMES & CO.,
Broadway, New York.

64*

SUN BURNER.

NO MORE Breaking of Chimneys; no More Burning of Fingers; No More Waste of Oil; No Trouble to Clean; No Trouble to Light No Anxiety About Explosions. It is a Cheap Labor Saving and Durable Article. Buy one and you will never repent doing so. Anyone dissatisfied can have their money returned.

LAMPS AND FITTINGS

ALWAYS ON HAND.

STOVES, TINWARE, &c.

☞ Competent workmen for jobbing on the premises.

ESMONDE BROS.,
43 SPARKS-ST.,
Next Hoop Skirt Factory.

Ottawa, January 21. 311y

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, February 21, 1868.

AUTHORIZED Discount on American Invoices until further notice, 28 per cent.

R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner of Customs.

SALE OF

ORDNANCE LANDS

OTTAWA.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that a large number of Lots, of different sizes and dimensions,

Town Lots & Country Lots,

Will be offered for sale on

MONDAY, 6th APRIL NEXT,

AT THE

Auction Room of H. McLean, Auctioneer,

OTTAWA, VIZ.:

Building Lots in Ottawa on North Rideau street, South George street, South St. Andrew street, North St. Andrew street, South Bolton street, South Parry street, South Franklin street, North Franklin street South Park street, East Wurtenburg street, Lot H Rideau Front, Lot I, do.

—ALSO,—

	Acres.	R.	P.
Lot 34, concession B, Nepean	57	00	00
35, concession B, occupied by Madigan and one McCabe	77	00	00
Lot K, concession D, Nepean, part of	59	00	00
Lots L and M, Concession B, Nepean, parts of	85	2	25
Lot K, concession C, Nepean	53	00	00
Sub-Lots 2, 3, 4, on Lot E, concession C, Nepean, 1 acre and nine perches each.			
Eleven. Sub-Lots of 10 acres each, on Lot No. 21, Gore of Gloucester.			
Nineteen sub-Lots of 10 acres each, on Lot No. 22, Gore of Gloucester.			
Lot letter L, concession 4, Gloucester	161	1	8

Plans of the Lots, and terms of payment, may be had on application at the Ordnance Lands Office, at the Office of H. McLean, Auctioneer, and at the Office of the undersigned, Public Buildings, Ottawa.

By order of the Secretary of State:

E. PARENT,
Under Sec. of State.

WILLIAM F. COFFIN,
Ordnance Lands Agent.

Ottawa, February 6, 1868. 660-1awtd

FRESH ARRIVALS

Very Choice and Superior

TEAS

NOW ON SALE

AT THE

1,000 CHESTS UNCOLORED JAPAN.

500 Chests very choice and superior YOUNG HYSON.

700 Chests Good Strong TWANKAY

100 Chests old fashioned BREAKFAST SOUCHONG.

150 Caddies MANDERIN MIXTURE.

☞ This is the finest BLACK TEA ever imported, 5s per pound; in small Caddies, about 11 lb each, 4s 9d.

COFFEE!

The Pure Mountain Berry

"Without exception the finest Coffee in the world."—*London Times, March 16.*

We are constantly receiving supplies of this truly beautiful and delicious COFFEE, *roasted daily on our premises by*

Dakins' Patent Silver Cylinder

By which peculiar process, its aroma is preserved, and renders it the FAVORITE WITH ALL COFFEE DRINKERS.

BEWARE OF SPURIOUS IMITATIONS.

☞ As it is imported by no other firm in Canada

ROBINSON & CO.,
THE TEA POT,
OTTAWA

Wines, Spirits & Liquors

ROBINSON & CO. would especially call the attention of families to their stock of

ALES, WINES & SPIRITS

100 cases Otard Brandy.
50 " Martell's
150 " Henaessey.
75 " United Vinquels

We have a most delicious

DINNER SHERRY

Which we are selling at 8 shillings per gallon

GUINESS & CO.

DUBLIN STOUT!

BLOOD'S LONDON STOUT.
BARCLAY'S LONDON PORTER
ALLSOP'S PALE ALE.
BASS' EAST INDIA.
DOW'S CELEBRATED MONTREAL ALE
DAW'S SUPERIOR LACHINE ALE
DAW'S CELEBRATED PORTER & STOUT

PRESERVED MEATS.

Just Received from England:

ROAST HARE.
CURRIED DO.
JUGGED DO.
STEWED DO.
ROAST PHEASANTS.
ROAST GROUSE.
OAST PARTRIDGE

ALL GOODS DELIVERED FREE by our own Waggons to any part of the City daily

ROBINSON & CO.
THE TEA POT,
OTTAWA.

Establishments—Sussex St. and Rideau St

Ottawa, September 16. 225tf

PRIVATE BILLS.

ON the reassembling of the Parliament of Canada, in March, PETITIONS FOR PRIVATE BILLS will be received, in the House of Commons, until Thursday, the 2nd of April following.

W. B. LINDSAY,
Clerk, House of Commons.

Ottawa, Feb. 1, 1868. 653tMh12

NEW STORE!

THE Store formerly occupied by W. D. WOOD, No. 38, on RIDEAU STREET, has been refitted by the subscribers, and will be opened on MONDAY, FOURTEENTH OCTOBER, with an entire new stock of

GROCERIES,
LIQUORS AND
HARDWARE.

WOOD & ROSSITER.

Ottawa, October 12, 1867. 561-tf

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

FARM FOR SALE.

FOR SALE, Lot No. 15, 4th Concession Gloucester, Rideau Front, 7 miles from Ottawa, on the Macadamized Road, leading from Ottawa to Metcalf, consisting of 100 acres, 80 of which cleared, and in the highest state of cultivation. The soil is of the very best quality; there is a good dwelling house, barn, stable and other out buildings thereon. This farm is well fenced and watered.

For further particulars apply to

H. McLEAN, Auctioneer,
or the subscriber, on the premises,
W. HALPENNY.

Gloucester, Sept. 13, 1867. 557 37-6m

NOTICE.

THE Undersigned will either sell or let for a few years his well known farm, being lot Twenty-five in the Fourth Concession of Gloucester, Rideau Front, 215 acres all cleared, and well fenced and in a good state of cultivation. Also, the one-half of lot Twenty-seven in the Third Concession, being in its natural state, all wood and excellent land. It is just the cross of two hundred acres from the corner of the one lot to the other. The railroad line runs within ten feet of the front corner of the one hundred and in sight of the two hundred for two or three miles. The Station at Cunningham's is scarcely a mile and a half from the front of Lot Twenty-five. The above farm is capable of keeping thirty head of milch cows, two span of horses, and as many young cattle as it would be proper to raise. Eight or nine years ago I kept twenty-two milch cows, and ten or twelve horses, and raised five or six calves every year. The above farm is about ten miles, from the door, to the limits of the City. The improvements cannot be surpassed for a farmer's purpose. The dwelling-house is stone, 30 by 40, a story and a half over ground; and a cellar nine feet high, the one half used for a kitchen and the other half capable of holding 1,000 bushels of anything you wish to put into it; there is three small windows in it, and when cleaned in the Spring, makes an excellent milk house or dairy; there is a frame wood shed at the door, 40 by 23, with 14 feet taken off the one end for a coachhouse, and overhead for a storehouse; next to that is a stable 56 by 26, finished inside, complete with four large double stalls and two single ones, and good room for hanging up harness, and cut box; convenient to that is a barn 40 by 50, in which I have often put 1,000 bushels of grain in one year; connected with that is 200 and 20 feet of frame sheds, all 20 and 24 deep, under pinned with stone and lined from two to seven feet, according to level; on the north side of the house is another barn, 30 by 40, commonly filled with peas and oats. And if either tenant or purchaser has a desire for religious purposes, can go in by your bed and look at the bell tolling for the Catholic Church every Holy Day, and go to the front door and you will see the Presbyterian Church, where the Rev. Mr. Lochead has preached for the last twenty-two years, and go to the back door and you will see both English Church and Methodist Church within two miles. The above farm would be a desirable situation for a young man wishing to give his attention to farming, as the Ottawa Market cannot be surpassed in the Dominion: I think that I can say that I have not sold one pound of butter under one shilling this eight years: if one went under two went over. Some reader may ask what am I selling for, it is neither for scant nor for want of anything, but I am in the seventieth year of my age, and has purchased off this lot seven hundred and fifty acres of land and all is paid for, and all my sons is settled on their own farms, so I would rather sit down and take my ease as be attending to marketing and farming any longer. Persons wishing to get any information on any point from me, can do so by addressing, postpaid, JAMES JOHNSTON, Senr., South Gloucester.

JAMES JOHNSTON, SENR.

February 6, 1868. 659-tMh17.

Two Dwellings to Let.

BEING the Upper part of E. MARTINEAU'S Clothing Store, Corner of Sussex and Clarence-streets.

Enquire at the Store.

Ottawa, Jan. 22, 1868. EUG. MARTINEAU. 654tf

To Let.

A ROOM TO LET either with or without board: Enquire at this office.

Ottawa, November 20. 59tf

Lots for Sale.

6 BUILDING LOTS, one mile from the city, on the Richmond Road, containing one acre each. Apply to THOMAS ANDERSON, Jr., on the premises. 564tf

FOR SALE.—THE WESTerly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession Ottawa, Front Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same Concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. T. Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to JOHN and WM. THOMSON, Nepean, and LEWIS & PINHEY, Barrister, Ottawa. Je2-141-tf

FOR SALE, THAT ELIgible property, beautifully situated on the Banks of the Ottawa, in the Township of Nepean, distant from the City of Ottawa about three miles on the macadamized road, together with the STONE DWELLING-HOUSE thereon erected, at present occupied by William Thomson, Esquire, and the garden and ornamented grounds

The Times

VOL. II. NO 678. OTTAWA, THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 27, 1868. PRICE—3 CENTS

THE

Ottawa Daily Times,

(Published every morning, Sundays excepted.)

THE DAILY AND WEEKLY TIMES NOW enjoys THE LARGEST CIRCULATION of any paper published in the Ottawa Valley—issuing of the Daily over 2,000! and Weekly over 4,000! making a total circulation in the week of over 18,000! thus outstripping all competitors, and affording the best medium for business men to advertise in.

ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in the Daily at the following rates:

Business Cards of from 3 to 8 lines, per annum—payable in advance only	$6 00
Transient Advertisements, first insertion per line	8c
All subsequent insertions, per line	2c

Yearly advertisers specially contracted with, and liberal allowance made.

Yearly subscription to the Daily (if paid in advance)	$5 00
If not paid in advance	6 00
Yearly subscription to the weekly (if paid in advance)	$1 00
If not paid in advance	1 50

ADVERTISING AGENCY—Messrs. S. M. Pettengill & Co., 34, Park Row, New York, and State Street, Boston, General Advertising Agents, are hereby authorized to receive Advertisements for the OTTAWA TIMES

LEGAL.

MOSGROVE & TAILLON,
BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.
WILLIAM MOSGROVE. GEORGE TAILLON.
Ottawa, Feb. 20, 1868. 366-tf

DR. O. C. WOOD,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur Ottawa. Day office opposite Magee & Russell's, Sparks Street, Center Town; Night Office at his Residence, Maria Street, Center Town.
CANCERS CURED, with or without the use of the knife, by a new, but certain, speedy, and almost painless process. References given to parties successfully treated, if required. The cure guaranteed.
Ottawa, April 14. 47w-1m

R. J. WICKSTEED,
ADVOCATE, &c., 42, Little St. James Street, MONTREAL.
November 14, 1867. 569-6m

N. TETREAU,
NOTARY PUBLIC for the Province of Quebec, HULL, near the Post Office.
Dec. 6, 1867. 590tf

NICHOLAS SPARKS,
LAW, Chancery and Conveyancing Office, Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite Post Office.
Ottawa, July 19. 489y

LAPIERRE & HAYCOCK,
ATTORNIES-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers and Notaries Public, corner of Sussex and York-streets, Ottawa.
Ottawa, February 28, 1867. 368y

D. O'CONNOR,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex Street.
OFFICE: Union Buildings, Ottawa.
February 21, 1866. 75-y

R. H. HAYCOCK,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor.
OFFICE: Post Office Building, Elgin Street, Ottawa.
February 7, 1868. 43-u

A. F. BOUCHETTE,
ADVOCATE. Office: No. 17, St. Peter Street, Quebec. Mr. Bouchette will always be prepared to attend promptly to any business the Government employes, and the public generally may entrust him. Mr. B. attends regularly the circuits and for the District of Quebec.
December 28, 1865. 9-y

P. J. BUCKLEY, LL.B.,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law Solicitor-in-Chancery, and Notary Public. Office, over Mr. Lake Cassels' Boot and Shoe Store, Rideau Street, Ottawa, C. W.
January 17 1867. 334y

AUGUSTUS KEEFER,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office: Opposite Post Office, Elgin Street, in the rooms lately occupied as the Custom House.
Ottawa, March 30. 87-tf

J. F. BOULTON,
BARRISTER-AT-LAW, Solicitor-in-Chancery, &c.
OFFICE: Aumond's Buildings, Rideau Street.
Ottawa, Jan. 12, 1866. 21-y

M. McLEOD,
BARRISTER, Etc., for Lower Canada. OFFICES: Court House, Aylmer and Buckingham, C.E.
Attends to all Law Courts in the District of Ottawa.
February 7, 1866. 43-ut

LEES & GEMMELL,
BARRISTERS, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c.
OFFICE: In the Court House, Ottawa, C. W.
ROBERT LEES. JOHN J. GEMMELL.
Ottawa, February 7, 1868. 43-utf

EDWARD T. DARTNELL,
BARRISTER, Solicitor, Attorney, and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Crown Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell.
OFFICE: In the Court House, L'Original.
January 27, 1866. 34-6m

MEDICAL.

DR. CHESLEY,
OFFICE over Mr. Garth's Establishment, 23 Rideau-st., Ottawa.
May 30 447tf

DR. C. LEGGO,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Office: Hunton's Block, Sparks Street.

DR. DORION,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon, and Accoucheur, Clarence Street, Ottawa.
March 1. 371y

DR. OLIVER MARTIN,
DENTIST. Office: Sparks Street, Central Ottawa.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-tf

DR. C. A. MARTIN,
DENTIST. Office: Sussex Street, over Messrs. Campbell & Co.'s, Grocers.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-tf

DR. JOHN LEGGO,
DENTIST, Hunton's Block, Sparks Street. Teeth extracted without pain by means of the Ethereal Spray Producer. 350y

W. R. BELL, A.M., M.D., C.M., &c.
(RECENTLY FROM ENGLAND.)
SURGERY and Residence, George Street.
Ottawa, November 15. 280y

DR. LESLIE JONES,
Surgeon, &c., of Dublin and Edinburgh.
SURGERY and Consulting Office, Rideau-st., next door to the St. Lawrence Hall. Residence—Daly Street. 561y

DR. GEORGE HUTCHISON,
DENTIST: Office, Sparks-street, opposite Magee & Russell's.
Ottawa, October 30, 1867. 576y

DR. W. J. HENRY,
CORNER of Kent and Wellington Streets, Ottawa.
November 6. 43utf

G. J. O'DOHERTY,
LAW, CHANCERY and CONVEYANCING OFFICE, AUMOND'S BUILDINGS, Rideau-street.
Ottawa, Dec. 6, 1867. 608-42y

HOLGATE, OLIVER & ANNABLE
WHOLESALE Manufacturers of Bedsteads Chairs, &c., Chaudiere Island, Ottawa, C.W.
WILLIAM HOLGATE,
JOHN OLIVER,
WILLIAM ANNABLE.
Ottawa A 506y

BUSINESS CARDS.

B. BILLINGS, JR.,
ARCHITECT, Elgin-street, opposite the Post Office.
REFERENCES.—H A Simb, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq, Managing Director O & P R W 612-6m

R. SPARKS,
PROVINCIAL LAND SURVEYOR, Draughtsman, &c., (commissioned for Upper and Lower Canada.) Office and residence, Gloucester, near Ottawa. Surveys of every description executed with accuracy. Communications addressed Ottawa City, (post-paid), or left at the office of N. Sparks, Solicitor, &c., Ottawa, will receive prompt attention.
Ottawa, February 21, 1868. 55-

N. McKINNON,
COMMISSION and Exchange Broker, and Insurance Agent, Sparks-street, opposite Magee & Russell's, Ottawa, C. W.
Ottawa, March 25. 391y

O'CONNOR & WALLER,
EXCHANGE Brokers, Fire, Life and Accidental Insurance, Commission and Collecting Agents. Office, No. 27, Sussex-street, Ottawa.
R. E. O'CONNOR. W. H. WALLER.
March 9. 378y

J. P. MACPHERSON,
BARRISTER, &c., Ottawa. Office: Lang's Buildings, opposite Post Office
Ottawa, March 10, 1866. 70-y

H. McLEAN'S
AUCTION Rooms, No. 19, Sparks Street, Centre Town, Ottawa, opposite Hope's Stationery Store.
The sale of Real Estate at Auction or Private Sale promptly attended to. Consignments received for positive sale. Parties wishing to purchase Real Estate will receive all information FREE OF CHARGE by calling at the office.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y

R. H. McGREEVY,
CONTRACTOR and Builder. Office: North side York street, second door from Sussex Street.
Ottawa, March 20, 1866. 78-y

S. CHRISTIE,
COMMISSION Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.
OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

PARLIAMENTARY AGENCY.

C. J. BOUCHETTE,
BL. SURVEYOR and Draughtsman, Mining, Land, and General Parliamentary Agent. References unexceptionable. OFFICE: Wellington Street, next to British Hotel, and nearly opposite the banks, Ottawa.
P. S.—Special attention given with despatch to Public Land business, adjusting disputed claims, and securing Patents.
Ottawa, May 22. 132-y

JOHN MERCER,
Teacher Piano-Forte, Violin, &c.
THOROUGH BASS.
AYLMER, C. E
VISITS OTTAWA TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS.
Orders left at Union House will be punctually attended to.
Ottawa, July 26. 187tf

HOTELS AND SALOONS.

DOMINION HOUSE!
WELLINGTON-STREET,
COLIN McLaurin & Geo. Irvine, Proprietors. This hotel has been lately fitted up, and is now replete with every convenience which characterizes a modern hotel.
Boarders taken at moderate rates. The bar is always stocked with first-class liquors.
Ottawa, Feb. 5. 658-6wy

HOLT'S HOTEL,
AYLMER, C. E., Livery and General Stage Office. Alfred Moses Holt, Jr., Prop'tr.
December 21, 1865. 4-y

JAS. JOHNSTON'S
UNION HOUSE, North Gower. Good Stabling and an attentive Hostler.
January 11, 1866. 2o-y

DUIGNAN'S
PRIVATE HOTEL, Sparks Street, Ottawa, C. W. A few gentlemen can obtain superior apartments.
Ottawa, Dec. 29, 1865. 3-y

THE RUSSELL HOUSE,
LATE CAMPBELL'S HOTEL, Ottawa, C. W. The undersigned, proprietor of the above-named Hotel, begs leave to acquaint his numerous friends and the travelling public, that he has re-painted and newly-furnished throughout this commodious establishment, in the management of which by strict attention to business and guests, he hopes to deserve encouragement and support.
JAMES E. GOUIN,
Lately, and for many years connected with Russell's Hotel, Pounce Street, Quebec

THE ALBION HOTEL
NICHOLAS Street, Court-House Avenue, Ottawa, John Graham, Proprietor.
This House is conveniently situated, and still maintains its character as a FIRST-CLASS HOTEL. Considerable additions have recently been made to the premises, and it has been entirely repainted and renovated. No pains will be spared to accommodate and please.
OMNIBUSES to and from the cars and boats free of charge. There is a FIRST-CLASS LIVERY STABLE attached to the Hotel.
Ottawa 1866. 1-y

JOHN MALTMAN
LATE McADAM'S, Commercial Hotel, Packenham.
The above Hotel, one of the oldest and best known in Packenham, has been leased by the undersigned and thoroughly overhauled and refitted for the special accommodation of guests. THE TABLE AND BAR will at all times be furnished with the very best the market affords.
GOOD STABLING and a careful Hostler always in attendance
JOHN MALTMAN.

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,
M. KAVANAGH, Proprietor, Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington Streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government buildings.
The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.
Oysters, Game etc., daily

THE METROPOLITAN
Aumond's Block,
Rideau Street, Ottawa.
P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.
Ottawa, November 27. 292tf

THE REVERE HOUSE.
OTTAWA.
G. A. BUCKE, W. H. SANGER, ...PROPRIETORS.
THIS FIRST-CLASS HOTEL has been re-furnished and refitted throughout, and now combines all the requisites of a first-class establishment.
Ottawa, Nov. 6, 1867 582tf

MISS LOVETT'S
PRIVATE HOTEL
HOLLIS STREET, HALIFAX, N. S.
STRANGERS will find this long established and well known house to be the most comfortable and well conducted in the city.
December 23, 1867. 622-6m

TO PARTIES ABOUT TO BUILD—
PLANS,
SPECIFICATIONS,
ESTIMATES, &
Prepared by AUGUSTUS LAVER, ARCHITECT
End Daly st. Ottawa.
April 1.

DRUGGISTS.

Extensive Sale
—OF—
Drugs, Patent Medicines,
DYE STUFFS, &c.
THE Entire Stock of Drugs, &c., &c., saved from the late disastrous fire by Dr. J. GARVEY, is now offered FOR SALE at the Office of EDWARD BEARMAN, Esq., over COWAN'S HARDWARE STORE, Rideau-street.
Buyers are requested to call at once, as the entire stock must be disposed of.
J. GARVEY, M. D.
Ottawa, Feb. 18, 1868. 669tf

CAUTION.
THE Subscriber regrets the necessity for cautioning the public against imitations of his popular Pomades,
The Alexandra Cream
AND
The Canada Pomade
But having been informed that some unprincipled person has put up inferior articles, copying the labels word for word, and thereby greatly damaging the sale of the genuine articles, he is compelled to take this course in self-defence.
For the future every genuine pot will bear my written signature in RED INK, across the face of the label.
W. M. MASSEY,
Family and Dispensing Chemist,
Medical Hall, 28, Sparks-st.
Ottawa, Feb. 6, 1868. 472y

Spectacles for all Sights.
OPTICAL Instruments
Electro-Magnetic and Galvanic Apparatus, Photographic Chemicals, &c.
W. HEARN,
Market Drug Store,
York-street.
637y

Apothecaries Hall!
No. 41, SUSSEX STREET,
G. MORTIMER, - - - PROPRIETOR
NONE OTHER GENUINE!
TRADE MARK IS REGISTERED
Canadian Cough Emulsion.
THIS Valuable Medicine has the extraordinary property of immediately relieving Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Difficulty of Breathing, Tightness in the Chest, &c., &c. It operates by dissolving the congealed phlegm, causing free expectoration, and an agreeable moistness of the skin. Prepared only by
GEORGE MORTIMER,
Chemist and Druggist, 41, Sussex Street, Ottawa City. Sold in bottles at 1s 3d and 2s 6d each.

MORTIMER'S
COMPOUND ANTIBILIOUS
AND FAMILY APERIENT PILLS,
A grand Specific for derangement of the digestive organs, and for obstructions and torpid action of the Liver and Bowels.
MORTIMER'S Vegetable WORM DESTROYER.
The only sure remedy that exists. Combining delicious taste with amazing power. Also
CAMPHORATED EYE-WATER,
Sure Cure for Sore, Weak and Inflamed Eyes.
MORTIMER'S
Colognes, Pomades, Toilet Vinegar, Rose Dentrifice, for the Teeth and Gums. Also constantly on hand, Perfumes of all kinds, and Toilet requisites usually kept in a first-class establishment.

FOUND,
A NEVER Failing Remedy for Coughs and Colds, Mortimer's Canadian Cough Emulsion. No family should be without a bottle. None genuine but from
G. MORTIMER,
Chemist, 41, Sussex-st.
The best of Certificates can be produced.
Ottawa, Nov. 22, 1867. 596-6m

OTTAWA
DRUG WAREHOUSE,
RIDEAU STREET
1866 SEEDS. SEEDS. 1866.
A LARGE STOCK OF FRESH GARDEN and FIELD SEEDS, just arrived and on Sale. All Seeds warranted Fresh.
A large importation of English and French PERFUMES will arrive next week.
FLORIDA WATER. SOZODONT.
HAIR BRUSHES. COMBS.
NAIL BRUSHES. CLOTHES BRUSHES, &c., &c., &c
Just being opened up.
JOSEPH GARVEY, M.D.
P. S.—Advice to the poor gratis.
Ottawa, April 11. 97-y

DOMESTIC DYES.
THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT OF DYES in this city on sale at the
Ottawa Drug Warehouse.
A free Lot of Good, Cheap PERFUMES just received.
N. B.—Prescriptions carefully and promptly prepared. J. GARVEY, M. D.
Ottawa, Feb. 12 1866 47-utf

PARLIAMENT
HAIRDRESSING SALOON
E. MILES,
Hairdresser by Appointment to His Excellency the Governor-General,
HAS REMOVED HIS PARLIAMENT HAIR DRESSING SALOON from the old stand to his new and commodious room over the LONDON MUSIC STORE, on Elgin-st., opposite the Russell House, which he has fitted up in the most recherche style of the business, and where his Rotary Hair Brush, which he imported expressly for himself, being the first introduced into British America, will be kept ready for use. The saloon is delightfully ventilated, and very pleasantly situated.
Mr. MILES would take this opportunity of returning his most sincere thanks to his many friends and the public, for their kind and generous patronage to him, during a number of years, in his old establishment, and trusts that by unremitting attention to business, and to his new and first-class saloon, with polite and attentive workmen, to merit a continuance of their favors.
All kinds of Hair Watch Guards, Finger Rings, &c., manufactured to order. For the convenience of ladies orders will be received at the London Music Store, where a fine and varied assortment of Hair-work will be found.
E. MILES,
Hair Dresser, by appointment, to his Excellency the Governor-General.
Ottawa, October 3 1867 553-39y

Piano Forte Tuition!
W. C. CLARK,
PROFESSOR OF MUSIC and Teacher of Piano, Voice and Harmony. Also, Mr. Clark, Teacher of Drawing and Painting. Music Rooms and Residence, 69 Sparks-street, one door east of Toronto House.
Orders may be left a residence or at Orme & Lee's Music Store. 452y

GREAT CLEARING SALE
—OF—
Dry Goods and Ready-made Clothing,
—AT—
J. T. Prudhomme's Stores,
SUSSEX-STREET, FACING CLARENCE-STREET,
And at the Sign of the "Golden Lamb."
As the Subscriber intends closing one of his Stores on the first day of December, he is determined to sell off at an immense reduction his stock of
DRY GOODS & READY-MADE CLOTHING
—CONSISTING OF—

Beaver Cloths,	West of England Broad Cloths,	Col. and White Blankets
Pilot do	Black Cassimeres,	Horse Rugs,
Whitney do	Silk Mix Coatings,	Flannels,
Melton do	" " Trowserings,	Kerseys,
Sattinet do	Fancy Doeskins,	Winceys.

English, Scotch and Canadian Tweeds.

DRAWERS,	SHAWLS,	BUCK MITTS,
SHIRTS,	CLOAKINGS,	BUCK MOCASSINS,
WOOL CRAVATS,	DRESS GOODS,	WOOL SOCKS
" SCARFS,	NECK TIES,	" MITTS,
NECK TIES,	PRINTS,	TRUNKS,
COLLARS,	COBOURGS,	VALISES

—ALSO, A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF—
Boots and Shoes, Teas, Soap, Candles and Wines
The whole to be disposed of before the 1st day of December. Call early and examine before purchasing elsewhere.
Ottawa, November 19, 1867. 593 3m

RELIANCE
MUTUAL LIFE ASSURANCE CO'Y.
ESTABLISHED 1840.
CHIEF OFFICE—71, King William-street, Mansion House, LONDON.
ACCUMULATED PREMIUMS OVER, - - - $1,000,000.
ANNUAL INCOME OVER, - - - - - $300,000.

TRUSTEES.
The Right Rev the Bishop of Moray and Ross.

Viscount Kirkaldie	J R S Phillipps, Esq	Sir John T Tyrell, Bart
John Ledger, Esq	James Traill, Esq	W M Tufnell, Esq

DIRECTORS.

George Ashlin, Esq	John W Lay, Esq	Henry T Prinsep, Esq
W W Duffield, Esq	John Ledger, Esq	Major Skinner, R A
J W Egertongreen, Esq	J Oxlyparker, Esq	Charles H Smith, Esq
George T Harris, Esq	William Phelps, Esq	James Traill, Esq
John James, Esq	John Pike, Esq	W M Tufnell, Esq

Edward White, Esq
MEDICAL OFFICERS.
J W Ogle, Esq, M D H F Smith, Esq, M D
BANKS.
Messrs William Deacon Co, Bigslin Lane, Messrs Sparrow, Tufnell & Co, Chelmsford.
The London and County Bank.
SOLICITORS.
Messrs Hooke & Street, 27 Lincoln's Inn Fields. Messrs Gepp & Veley, Chelmsford.
EDWARD BUTLER, Secretary.

Canada Branch—Montreal.
BOARD OF DIRECTORS.
Walter Shanly, Esq, M P, Chairman.
Duncan Macdonald, Esq. George Winks, Esq. W H Hingston, Esq, M D, L R C S.
SOLICITORS—Messrs Rose & Ritchie. MEDICAL ADVISER—W H Hingston, Esq, M D.
The entire profits of this old and long established society belong to the policy holders, who are protected from all liability by the Deed of settlement.
Annuities and endowments granted on advantageous terms.
Advances made on approved security in connection with Life Policies.
Every information to be had on application to any of the Society's Agents in Canada, or to T W GRIFFITH, Manager and Secretary.
Head Office for the Dominion of Canada—Corner St Francois Xavier-street, Montreal.
Agents wanted in unrepresented districts throughout Canada.
NEIL McKINNON,
589-6m Agent for Ottawa.

Etna Fire and Marine Insurance Co
The Number of Shareholders exceed Five Hundred.
Capital, ... $2,500,000.
Annual Income Nearly ..... $1,000,000.
HEAD OFFICE—Upper Sackville-street, Dublin, Ireland; CHIEF OFFICE, ENGLAND—17 and 18 Corn Hill, London; CHIEF OFFICE, SCOTLAND—98 George-st., Edinburgh.

DIRECTORS.
John Obins Woodhouse, Esq, 82 Pembroke Road, Dublin; Omeath Park, Co Louth; Portadown, Co Armagh; Kerry Keel, Co Armagh and Down—Chairman.
Robert Craven Wade, Esq. Conobraney, Crosskeale, Co Meath, and Sackville Street Club, Dublin, J P for Counties Meath and Wicklow—Director Scottish Amicable Life Office.
Charles Going Malone, Esq. Merchant, Stephen-street and George-street, Dublin; Churchtown Lodge, Dundrom, Co Dublin—Director Commercial Gas Company.
John William Gregg, Esq, Alderman, Merchant, 18 Upper Sackville-street, Dublin—Vice Chairman.
Irwine Smith Whitty, Esq, 6 Wellington Road, Dublin—Director Government Prisons.
Bernard Coyne, Esq, 27 Waterloo Road, Dublin, J P, Co Mayo.
Jeffry Martin, Esq, 2 Clarinda Park, East Kingstown, Dublin, and Curraghmore, Ballinrobe, Co Mayo, J P for Co Mayo.
Robert Conway Hurly, Esq. Bridge House and Glenduff, Tralee; J P for Co Kerry.
David Richardson Goodlatte, Esq Merchant.
FEATURES.
A division of profits every three years to holders of policies who have no losses.
MODERATE PREMIUMS.
The company do not advocate high premiums, but rates will be charged according as the nature of the risk. Losses will be promptly and fully met on adjustment. Losses by lightning and loss or damage by explosion of gas within the premises insured made good.
JOHN INNIS, ESQ, Manager.
N B—The above company have invested in Canadian Government Bonds, in conformity with the Provincial Act, and have obtained the license of the Minister of Finance to do business in Canada, and are now prepared to take risks.
T. W. GRIFFITH, Manager for Canada.
Head Office for the Dominion—Corner of St Francois Xavier and St Sacrament-streets, Montreal.
Agents wanted in unrepresented districts throughout Canada.
589-6m NEIL McKINNON, Agent for Ottawa.

STOVES. STOVES. STOVES.
STOVES. STOVES. STOVES.
STOVES. STOVES. STOVES.
"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT!
35, SUSSEX St.
H. MEADOWS & CO.
WE have received our fall and Winter Stock of STOVES, STOVE PIPES, ELBOWS, DUMB STOVES, TINWARE and LUMBERMEN'S SUPPLIES, which we offer Wholesale or Retail at low prices. In Cooking, Parlor, Box and Hall Stoves, for wood or coal, we have the largest and most varied assortment ever shown in Ottawa.

COOKING STOVES.	COOKING STOVES.	COOKING STOVES.
COOKING STOVES.	COOKING STOVES.	COOKING STOVES
COOKING STOVES.	COOKING STOVES.	COOKING STOVES.

Our stock of the above comprises the latest improvements in both ELEVATED and LOW OVEN STOVES.

BOX AND HALL STOVES.	BOX AND HALL STOVES.	
BOX AND HALL STOVES.	BOX AND HALL STOVES.	
BOX AND HALL STOVES.	BOX AND HALL STOVES.	
Suitable for private Dwellings and Churches, Warehouses and Stores.		
PARLOR STOVES.	PARLOR STOVES.	PARLOR STOVES.
PARLOR STOVES.	PARLOR STOVES	PARLOR STOVES
PARLOR STOVES.	PARLOR STOVES.	PARLOR STOVES.

New and most beautiful designs, very cheap.
COAL STOVES. PARLOR GRATES.
Hot Air Furnaces.
We still continue to manufacture every description of TIN, SHEET IRON, and COPPER WARE RUSSIA IRON PIPE, and DUMB STOVES. Also all kinds of out-door Job Work in our line attended to by competent and experienced Mechanics. Country Merchants supplied with Stovepipes &c., at reduced rates.
Lumbermen's Supplies! Lumbermen's Supplies! Shanty Plates! Basins! Camp Kettles, &c.
HOUSEFURNISHING GOODS!
Bird Cages! Bird Cages! Bird Cages!
Price Lists sent free on application.
Any part of a Stove sold by us can be replaced when broken or burnt out, a fact intending housekeepers would do well to note.
An inspection of the above goods invited at the
"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,
35, SUSSEX STREET.
H. MEADOWS & CO.
Ottawa, October 2, 1867. 62-y

INSURANCE.

INTERCOLONIAL
ASSURANCE CO'Y.
OF CANADA.
Capital - - - $500,000.
With power to increase the same.
SHARES, - - $100 EACH.
PROVISIONAL DIRECTORS:
H. O. Burritt, Esq., President; R. Lyon, Esq. Mayor of Ottawa, Vice-President; T. D Harington, Dy. Receiver General; the Hon. J. Skead, J. M. Currier, M. P., D. McLaughlin, M.P., W. Wade, Esq., F. Jones, M.P., W. Ellis, Esq., W. H. Brouse, M.D., Joseph Aumond, Esq., M. K. Church, M.D., and J. M. Bates.
THIS is purely a Canadian institution, and as such is deserving of the support of the Canadian public.
An Act for the Incorporation of this Company is now before the Parliament of the Dominion.
Over $100,000 of stock is already subscribed and it is the intention to deposit with the Government as a guarantee of our good faith, at least $50,000 as soon as an Act of Incorporation is procured (which will be a provision of our Incorporation.) It is unnecessary here to dilate upon the profits of money invested in Insurance Stock. Suffice it to say, that, at least in one instance 3335 per cent advance has been obtained on insurance stock, and that after the payment of princely dividends. In the meantime Subscriptions to Stock, in Ottawa may be made at the Ontario and Royal Canadian Banks, and a deposit of 10 per cent is requisite which will be deposited IN TRUST to be returned in case any subscriber is not satisfied with his investment up to one month after the Vice-Regal sanction to the Charter is obtained.
J. M. BATES,
Pro. Manager and Secretary.
Ottawa, Nov. 21, 1867. 595tf

CITY OF GLASGOW
Life Assurance Company
ESTABLISHED 1838.
CAPITAL, £600,000 Stg.
ANNUAL REVENUE OVER £120,000 STG.
THIS COMPANY OFFERS TO THE public the combined advantage of perfect security, moderate premiums and liberal participation in profits. No extra charge for Volunteers in defence of the country.
RINTOUL BROS., Montreal, General Agents for Canada.
NEIL McKINNON, Agent,
Sparks-street, Ottawa.
Ottawa March 25. 391y

Ætna Life Insurance Company.
ESTABLISHED, A. D. 1820.
Capital and Assets, 1st Jan., 1867, $4,401,833.86
THIS MOST SUCCESSFUL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY divides the whole of the Profits, every year, among the insured, reducing the cost to about one-half the figures usually charged.
For instance, the annual payment, at the age of 30, in most Companies, to insure $2000 is, with profits, about $50, and without profits $43.00
In the Ætna, $2000, to a person 30 years of age, costs the first year 25.31
And each subsequent year 26.74
Which payment is subject to further reduction as the business of the Company increases.
Endowment policies on equally favorable terms.
The fact that the Ætna has, during the past 12 months, insured over 14,000 persons, from among the best business men of the Continent, is the best possible testimonial to the soundness of the Company, and the excellence of its method of doing business.
J. GARVEY, ESQ., M. D.,
Medical Referee.
S. PEDLAR & CO., Montreal.
Ottawa, March 13. 581y

BRITISH AMERICA
Assurance Company!
FIRE AND MARINE.
ESTABLISHED 1830.
R. S. Cassels, Esq. ..... Consulting Director
THE ABOVE FIRST-CLASS COMPANY is prepared to insure all description of property against loss or damage by fire.
HERRICK, BRUSH & CO.,
AGENTS,
Aumond's Buildings.
Ottawa, January 4, 1867. 323y

Land for Sale.
$50 ACRES OF LAND, situated within two to eight miles of the city. Apply to JOHN W. McGUIRE, Lot 25, 2nd Concession, Ottawa Front, Gloucester. 546-6m

To Sell or Let---Rare Opening.
TERMS MODERATE.
FINE STONE DWELLING HOUSES Photographic Chambers, and other Cut Stone Premises, well arranged and eligibly situated for commercial business.
Apply to JOHN MACAULEY, Chaudiere, Ottawa; or E. McGILLIVRAY, J. B. TACKABERRY, or H. McLEAN, Auctioneer, Ottawa.
January 8, 1867. 585-6m

Furniture! Furniture! Furniture!
AT THE
VARIETY HALL,
34, Sussex-st.
A MOST Complete Stock of Black Walnut and other Furniture, in Cane and Hair Seated Chairs, Tete-a-Tetes, Sofas, Extension Dining Tables, Centre Tables, Sideboards, Chiffoniers, Wardrobes, Bureaus, Bedsteads, Washstands and Toilet Tables. Also, Hair, Excelsior and Sea Grass Mattrasses, of all sizes, Gilt Mirrors, Toilet and other Looking Glasses, Table Cutlery of all kinds, Brushes, Brooms, and Wooden Ware of various descriptions, Table and Floor Mats, Soiled Linen Baskets, a beautiful article, Rocking Horses, Children's Sleighs, and the best assorted stock of Crockery, China and Glassware in the Dominion. This stock being all purchased to the best advantage will consequently be sold cheap.
Crockery, China, Glassware, Stoves and Furniture rented to private or public parties at a reasonable rate.
JOSEPH BOYDEN,
429y General Agent.

THE CAPITAL
Boot and Shoe Store!
South Side of York-street, Lower Ottawa
A LARGE SUPPLY of HAND-MADE KIPP BOOTS and SHOES of the VERY BEST QUALITY on hand.
Lumbermen who are anxious to furnish workmen with GOOD FEET WARE, will be enabled to do so by calling at the CAPITAL for their supplies.
I am selling off the balance of the Winter Stock of READYMADE WORK at REDUCED PRICES which consists of Ladies' Misses' and Children BALMORALS, CONGRESS GAITERS, RUBBERS and OVERSHOES, and Men's and Boys' Boots in CALF SKIN, KIPP and COW HIDE.
Orders and Measures taken for all sorts of Work.
GEORGE MURPHY.
Ottawa Jan. 31, 1868. 429-y

APPLICATION will be made during the present session of the Parliament of Canada for an Act to incorporate the "British and Canadian Bank."
February 14, 1868. 666-2m

K. ARNOLDI,
WINE & SPIRIT MERCHANT,
METCALFE-STREET,
Telegraph Company's Building, Ottawa,
RECOMMENDS and Guarantees with confidence the following Wines;—
PORTS—Graham's, Sandeman's, Forrester's, Masden's, &c.:

		Per Gall.	Per Doz
No. 1	Good sound Wine	$2 00	$6 00
" 2	"	3 00	8 75
" 3	Old	3 50	10 00
" 4	Superior old	4 50	12 50
" 5	Very fine old	5 75	15 50

SHERRY WINE—Domecq's, Capdepons, Pemartin's, Cramp Suter's, &c.:

No. 1	Light table Wine	$2 00	6 00
" 2	Superior do	3 00	8 75
" 3	Very choice	3 50	10 00
" 4	Very Superior	4 50	12 50
" 5	Very fine	5 50	15 00

Marsala Wine,
$1.30 per Gallon, $4.50 per Dozen.
Especial attention called to the above Wine. Far superior to all common sherries, its chief recommendation is that it agrees perfectly well with persons who cannot take those wines, even of a high class. It is soft and old, free from heat, or the slightest approach to acidity, while its very moderate price recommends it for all large entertainments, as well as for the luncheon, dinner and supper table. It has met with the highest approval from the medical gentlemen of this city.
Also, in wood or bottle, old and new Brandies, Rums, Gins, Old Tom Gins, Irish, Scotch, and Canadian Whiskeys of Standard Brands.
Clarets, Champagnes, Hocks, Caracas, Marachino, Chartreuse, Royal Italian Bitters, &c., in great variety.
Hibberts' and Guiness' Porter, Bass' and Allsopp's Ales, quarts and pints. Canadian Ale of Superior Quality, in Wood and Bottle.
Goods most confidently recommended, and may be as implicitly relied upon for perfect purity as if purchased in the largest wholesale establishment in the country.
Orders by mail with cash or city reference solicited and promptly attended to. No charge for delivery in the city. A discount to persons buying in quantity or by the original package. Inspection invited.
Price Lists, and every information, on application, or sent to any address.
WINE VAULTS AND OFFICE,
No. 11, Metcalfe-street,
Telegraph Co.'s Building, Ottawa.
January 27, 1868. 535y

FOR SALE
BY THE SUBSCRIBERS,
New Egyptian Dates,
Oranges, Lemons,
Grapes, Turkey Figs,
West End Raisins,
Dundee Marmalade,
Jams and Jellies,
Tomatoes in tins,
Peaches, "
Sweet Corn "
Lima Beans.
OYSTERS & HADDIES!
RECEIVED WEEKLY.
DALGLISH & RUSSELL,
Upper Town.
Ottawa, Jan. 28, 1868. 651y

SMITH & RODNEY
MERCHANT TAILORS and General Outfitters, Elgin-street, opposite the Russell House, and second door from the London Music Store, having just received a choice stock of
English, French and Canadian
CLOTHS and TWEEDS,
And a general assortment of gentlemen's furnishing goods, would intimate to their friends and the public generally that they are prepared to execute all orders in their line at the shortest notice, in the most approved styles and at prices that we defy competition.
Ottawa Oct. 1, 1867. 551tf

ROANOKE
Tobacco Company,
DANVILLE, VIRGINIA.
THIS Company having established at Montreal their General Agency for the Dominion of Canada, is now prepared to offer to the public an article in
SMOKING TOBACCO!
Superior to anything of the kind ever imported into the country, and pledge their long established character that the article now offered is the pure leaf from the
Virgin Hill Tops of Virginia.
The different brands and prices are as follows viz:
The "Prince of Wales," in 1 & 2 lb bls $1.00 per lb
" "Dominion Favorite" 1 & ½ " " 0 75 "
" "Navy," 1 & 2 " " 0.65 "
The prices are NET CASH in Montreal, and orders [accompanied by remittance] for 5 lbs and upwards will receive prompt attention. The tobacco will be forwarded to any address, by express or otherwise, as parties may direct.
Please address
F. W. HENSHAW,
Gen. gent Dominion of Canada,
10 St. Sacrament-st.,
Montreal.
Montreal, Dec. 4 1867. 607-1m

SNOW'S
Celebrated Fever Remedy.
A Sure and Certain Cure for Fever—Continued, Remittent, Intermittent, Typhoid, and Fever arising from Ordinary Colds.
THIS REMEDY has been used in Tropical climates for many years with the greatest success. It shortens the attack, reduces the fever gradually, and at the same time enables the system to throw off the poisonous effect of the on the blood and secretions generally.
PRICE—50 cents and $1 per Bottle. Sold Wholesale and Retail by
H. F. MACCARTHY,
Chemist, Ottawa City
Sole Agent for Dominion of Canada.
December 2, 1867. 579-3m

HOWE'S
Boot and Shoe Store.
REMOVAL.
AS the Lease of our Premises in Sussex-street terminates this month, we intend to confine our business to one locality, and shall remove the whole of our Stock on the 1st of May next, to our Store in
No. 10, Rideau-st,
Our stock of BOOTS and SHOES, LEATHER SHOE FINDINGS, TRU

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

On no occasion will the names of Old Advertisements be inserted here.

Receipts and Disbursements of the Corporation of Fitzroy.
The Golden Boot—W. Angus & Co.
Notice—A. W. Smith.
Lady's Sleeve Stud Lost.
Lots for Sale—John B. Brannen.
Mineral Lands for Sale—Colin McLaurin.
Hotel Furniture by Auction—A. Rowe.

The Ottawa Times

City and County Official Paper

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 27, 1868.

Mr. Sandford Fleming has arrived at Ottawa from Nova Scotia, with his plans of location survey made by him of the part of the Intercolonial Railway running through that Province to Truro, whence the railway is already constructed to Halifax. This survey now completed, was made under instructions from the General Government, issued early in July last. We believe an extremely favorable line has been found across the Lobequid mountains, considering the difficulties which exist in that quarter. The plans are now before the Government, and the construction of this portion of the railway may be proceeded with as soon as the season opens and the necessary preliminaries are arranged.

Mr. Barthe, Official Assignee for the District of Richelieu, Quebec, has sent us a lengthy communication on the Insolvent Act, the chief parts of which may be stated in a few sentences. Recent decisions of the Courts both in Upper and Lower Canada have declared that *voluntary* assignments under the Act should be made to an Assignee resident within the district or county in which the Insolvent has his place of business, which decisions are in strict conformity with the letter and spirit of the law. Yet, as the creditors of many insolvent estates are mainly resident in the city of Montreal, it has been the fashion for the Assignees appointed under the Act in that city to accept voluntary assignments from Insolvent traders residing in various parts of the country. Of course the winding up under these assignments gives no security for settlement, as any party interested may take it into court, and have it set aside. Thus far the law as it stands.

Now the Montreal Assignees argue that when the creditors of the Insolvent are mainly resident in Montreal, it is for their interest and convenience, and no injury to the insolvent, to have the estate wound up in that city, no matter where the assets may be situated in the country. To this Mr. Barthe replies conclusively that the resident Official Assignee, who has local knowledge of the persons who may be indebted to the estate, and of the best means of disposing of it to advantage, can wind it up far more profitably for the creditors than the Montreal Assignee, who must act through his clerks, and in ignorance of many particulars connected with the business, and he instances some cases where estates have been almost entirely frittered away through this cause. Clearly it is the interest of the creditors to have the estate realise the largest possible dividend, and this would reasonably enough be better accomplished by a resident than a non-resident Assignee. These are the main points in Mr. Barthe's letter, which is too lengthy for our columns.

Many assignments have been made both in Upper and Lower Canada against this provision of the law, and it is desirable that parties interested should know the risk they run in this particular. As the Insolvent Act will no doubt come before the Legislature during the present session, the point to which Mr. Barthe has directed attention will probably be considered by Parliament. On behalf of the creditors, it may be claimed that the Insolvent's estate is theirs, and they may properly direct him to whom he should make an assignment, but on the other hand the organization of the legal machinery of the Insolvent Act clearly points to a decentralised administration, and it would not be wise policy to permit this feature to be practically set aside by allowing voluntary assignments to be made to other than Official Assignees resident within the county or district. When the Insolvent Act is extended to the whole Dominion the wisdom of this decentralization will be made still more apparent.

The Montreal Board of Trade, following the example of that of St. John, N. B., have organised several committees belonging to the different branches of trade, to take into consideration those provisions of the tariff which directly affect them, with the view of submitting to the Government the result of their deliberations. This is, undoubtedly, a wise course. The Minister of Customs indicated in the early part of the session that the changes now to be effected would probably be such as would not necessitate any further important alterations, at least for a few years to come. It would be extremely desirable that the character of permanence could be given to our customs tariff, but it must be remembered that the most carefully made calculations are sometimes brought to naught by the inexorable logic of events, and as customs duties are the main source of the public income, and the only one capable of any great expansion to meet unforseen emergencies, it can hardly be expected that they can be definitively fixed for a number of years.

It is the duty of the Boards of Trade throughout the Provinces, as of the manufacturing and other industrial interests to make their views known to the Government; but it will also be the duty of the Government to guard against the selfishness of particular classes, by keeping before them the general interests of the public. It has been stated, we know not with what truth, that since the Dominion tariff went into operation in New Brunswick, Canadian made starch has been advanced one cent and a half per lb., in order to *equalise* it with the advance in the customs duty on the foreign made article at the port of St. John. If this be a fair statement it is very clear that such imposts operate more to the profit of a few individuals than to the advantage of the general public. The going into force of the new tariff did not affect the cost of producing the [illegible] in Canada, and if its effect has been to raise the price, so far is there a manifest injustice done to the general consumer. Now, if it is necessary to maintain the present rate of Customs Duty, by which the manufacturer can afford to add a cent and a half per lb. to the price of the article, it is quite clear that just to that extent is the article in question fair game for the Minister of Excise. Why should the manufacturer, who was doing a profitable business under a lower tariff, be permitted to put in his pocket the difference which the increase imposes on the consumer?

We put the above as an illustration, without desiring to make it an argument against a reasonable regard for the "vested rights" of those who have heretofore engaged in manufactures on the faith of existing customs duties, but to show the danger, or injustice, of advancing the import duty on articles partly manufactured in the country, without at the same time making a counter balancing provision in the shape of excise, so that the increase in price, created by the customs duty on the whole of the article consumed in the country, may go where it belongs, into the public exchequer, and not into the pocket of the manufacturer, who, before the advance thus created, was doing a profitable business. Our greatness, as a nation, is not to be achieved by a restrictive trade policy, nor by the building up of a heavily tariff-protected manufacturing industry. Our greatest sources of wealth lie in the production of the raw material—in agriculture, lumbering, mining, and the products of our fisheries. The number of our people actively employed in the various pursuits included under these four heads, or directly depending upon them, probably stands as twenty to one of those directly engaged in such branches of manufacture as profit by a protective tariff, a consideration which manufacturers themselves may not probably take into the account in their representations to the Government.

The time is coming very near for the reassembling of Parliament, and it is not when the House is just about dealing with these important questions that knots of lobby men representing soap interests, and starch interests, and whiskey interests, and sugar interests, and a great many other special interests, should beset the Government and button hole the members, for then there is no time left to consider their special and sometimes specious representations, and if concessions are made under such circumstances, it is ten to one, whether they are not more for the benefit of a few individuals than for the general interests of trade. Let the parties directly interested discuss those portions of the tariff which affect them, and forward their representations in time to give the opportunity of fully considering their effect on the revenue. In this way the Government might be materially assisted in arriving at a just conclusion, though it is not to be expected that they can satisfy the desires of all parties.

Mr. John Mitchell, the former Fenian Ambassador of the Irish Republic in America to the High Court of European Conspirators at Paris, who was recently offered the supreme dictatorship of the two factions led respectively by O'Neil and Savage, but who declined the proffered honor, thus describes the Fenian "patriots" in a letter to John Martin, which he prints in his own paper, the *Irish Citizen*:

"And now, when blunders, failures, and faction have brought their affairs to the lowest ebb, and the impatient and justly indignant people are insisting upon action, action, those leaders who are holding the wolf by the ears, politely invite me to take charge of the two wolves—of two packs of wolves; request me in the most complimentary manner to take and knit up the two ragged fag-ends of an organization originally rotten, and now all tattered and torn, and to wear the patched-up thing as a robe of honor. Of course, I respectfully decline."

"Two wolves! two packs of wolves!! Eh? We suspect that they are rather sheep than wolves—that the wolves began to withdraw when they could no longer "fleece" their followers; and so Mr. Mitchell "declines"—there's nothing now to be made of it.

The long delay in the mails in consequence of the extraordinary snow storm "up West," reminds us of an old story told of an inhabitant of one of the Orcadian Islands which, for three months in the year was cut off from all communication with the rest of the world. A traveller remarked to him that it must be a lonely thing to be shut up for so long a time without receiving either letter or newspaper. "Why," said he, "we are no worse off than they are in London, *for they don't hear from us!*"

An indignant farmer thus polishes off the New York *Tribune*, and the newspaper fraternity generally, for venturing to tender an occasional advice:

"City fools that live on such food as inteligent Farmers would give to their swine, set them selves up as solowmons, yet dont know enough to know that they are infurnal dam fools. It is a universal practice for newspaper reporters, corispondence, editors, & professional aristocrs, to treat the Honest & laboring class, with sneers, & scarcasm, they write and talk as if the farmer new nothing * * Such imbecills know no more about farming than my Dog dose about preaching."

A subscriber, by way of "quizzing" the printer, returns a badly printed copy of the Times, with some of the "blanks filled in." Here is a sample: One of the Washington despatches having given out after the first line, was thus supplemented; "Secretary Stanton "is to be hanged, drawn, and quartered. Gen. "Thomas is to declare himself Emperor, and "old Andy Johnson is to be sent back to his "goose and lap-board." Query. Was our friend ever "a reliable and trustworthy correspondent of the press?" Certainly, he has a genius for the business.

Look out for squalls. To-night, according to Professor Dulson, as a consequence of the cantrips of Jupiter and Venus in the Western Heavens, there will be inaugurated a series of electrical discharges, heavy gales, high tides, and earthquakes—the whole to wind up with the trial and deposition of Andy Johnson, the universal reign of Black Republicanism from Maine to Texas, and several other events not mentioned in the programme.

The publisher of the New York *Albion* has received $10 from a subscriber to aid the Nova Scotia fishermen, has added his own "mite," $25, and set apart for the same object one-fifth of all the money he receives on subscription account between now and the first of April next, from the four Provinces of New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, Prince Edward Island, and Newfoundland. He also invites the charitably disposed of New York to send in their contributions.

The Montreal merchants have already shipped, or withdrawn from circulation, upwards of a hundred thousand dollars of American silver. Ought they not to be assisted in this movement by other localities? It appears by a recent experiment that shipping American silver to England is almost as profitable as buying exchange.

The snow storm which commenced on Monday and continued up to Tuesday afternoon, has been one of most unusual severity. Yesterday no mails from west of Kingston were received here, in consequence of travel having been completely blocked up.

One of the last letters written by the late Mr. Buchanan, Chief Emigration Agent, was to Alexander Somerville, "the whistler at "the plough," thanking that gentleman for his contributions to the English and Canadian press on the industrial progress of Canada.

Mr. Young, formerly editor and proprietor of the New York *Albion*, is about to start an evening paper, to be called *Every Afternoon*, in New York.

Gen. Longstreet, Gov. Orr, of South Carolina, and Gov. Brown, of Georgia, are being "reconstructed" by Act of Congress.

LOCAL NEWS.

Penny Readings.—The weekly Penny Readings will be held, according to the recent change of night, this Thursday evening in Webster's Hall.

Police Court.—A charge of assault on Sophie Charpentier against Mr. A. J. Dunning was withdrawn, the parties having settled the difficulty before coming into Court.

1,000 Comet Burners just received by Esmonde Bros., 43 Sparks-st., next door to the Hoop Skirt Factory. N.B.—75 boxes Canada plate for sale.

The Dominion House, Wellington Street.—This house has been thoroughly renovated and fitted up. Good table and choice liquors. Fine yard and stabling. Oysters and meals at all hours. Colin McLaurin and Geo. Irvine, Proprietors. 666-b.

Young and Radford have the largest, best, and cheapest stock of watches to be found in Ottawa. They have also on hand a very choice and varied assortment of Electro-plated ware and Fancy Goods. They do all kinds of repairing and jewellery jobbing in first-class style. 656-y.

Not Good to Eat.—The market constable seized a carcase of beef on the market yesterday morning on the ground of its not being fit for human food. It was taken to the City Hall, and the owner brought up before Mr. O'Gara, at four o'clock p.m., when he was fined $1 and costs, and the beef was conficated.

The Minstrels To-night.—Skiff and Gaylord's celebrated troupe will appear at Her Majesty's Theatre to-night with an entirely new and original programme. We learn from all sources that this is one of the best companies of the kind ever organized. The theatre will as usual be comfortably warmed and made agreeable to visitors.

Acknowledgment.—The ladies of Bank-st. Church at their late Soiree realized the handsome sum of $131, and they would take this opportunity of publicly expressing their gratitude to the Trustees of the Wesleyan Methodist Church, who so kindly granted the use of the basement last Friday evening.

Auction Sale of Furniture.—The attention of intending purchasers of furniture, is directed to the advertisement in another column, wherein Mr. Rowe advertises to sell off the furnishings of Hamilton's Hotel, York-st., on Monday, March 2nd. The furniture is nearly new, and all in good condition. A good opportunity is offered.

The Rink.—The Band of the Rifle Brigade will play the following programme to-day from 2:30 to 4:30 p.m.:

1	Pas Redouble	Le Rio des Mers	Gurtner.
2	Waltz	Lord Lovell	Laurent.
3	Galop	The Miners	Bergmann.
4	Quadrille	Frauen Verein	Humel.
5	Waltz	Fruhlings Lieder	Gung'l.
6	Galop	Nur Schnell	Roth.
7	Mazurka	Herzblattchen	Gung'l.

The Rifle Brigade Marches.
National Anthem.

T. H. E. Quadrille Assembly.—The members of this Club, together with a few invited friends, met in their Hall on Besserrer-st., for the last time this season, on Tuesday evening. A festival in connection with the Quadrilles was got up by a Committee of the Club, and some thirty couple took part in the evening's entertainment, apparently well pleased with what had been provided for them in the way of enjoyment. Mrs. Proderick supplied the edibles, and only added another to the many proofs of her ability to cater for the public on occasions of this kind. Gowan's orchestra we might say on this occasion, as on all others, did their part to the satisfaction of all; and the character of this family orchestra is of such a superior order as to be worthy the support of all private assemblies and the people of Ottawa generally. Such musical talent is not everywhere to be found. The practice of the Club for this season was brought to a close by giving three cheers for "Gowan's Quadrille Band," to which Mr. Gowan very happily responded.

An Unlucky Horse Trade.—Yesterday afternoon an exchange of horses took place between Mr. Gallagher, of this city, and Mr. Ellis, a farmer from the country. Mr. Gallagher sent the mare which he had got in exchange for the horse home by his boy, but not being properly secured in the stable, the mare got out and returned to the stable (Champness', late Bishop's, Sparks-st.) whence she had been taken, and finding there the new horse by the side of her old companion, with whom she had travelled many a weary mile, and done good work on the farm, she became jealous, and kicked the intruder, breaking his leg just above the knee, which rendered him useless; and there he stood unable to move, waiting to be shot. The parties submitted their case to arbitration, and we believe the affair was settled, if not to the entire satisfaction of the parties interested, at least in such a manner as to avoid the expense and uncertainty of the law. Afterwards the crippled horse was handed over to a person who undertook to mend the broken leg.

Young Men's Christian Association.—The interest taken in this association by our young men is steadily increasing. At the regular meeting, held last Tuesday evening, the chair was taken by Mr. H. Alexander, 1st Vice President, and there were somewhere about fifty members present. After the meeting had been opened with the customary religious exercises, and routine business transacted, the question for conversational discussion, viz.: "Christianity, the great civilizer," was opened by an admirable paper on the subject from Mr. Joseph Skinner, who was followed by a number of the members present with excellent observations on the question. The committee gratefully acknowledge the receipt of several volumes of books as donations to the library of the Association, viz., eight volumes from the Rev. T. Wardrope, two volumes from Mr. F. H. Himsworth, and four volumes from Mr. Alexander. The committee would be glad to receive donations of books, suited to the objects of the Association, from persons who may have duplicates, or odd volumes for which they may have no further use, such as biographies, histories, travels, &c. All young men are welcomed to the Bible Class, which meets every Friday evening at eight o'clock in Webster's Hall.

CABLE NEWS.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

London, Feb. 25.—It is now thought Mr. D'Israeli will resign his position as Chancellor of the Exchequer, and that Sir Stafford Northcote will take his place. No one is yet named as the probable successor of the latter.

London, Feb. 25.—Official despatches from General Napier say the envoy sent by him to Prince Kassai was well received at Dueritor, and found two thousand warriors with their chiefs, assembled at Adivas, by whom he was heartily welcomed.

Paris, Feb. 25.—Mr. Parker, an American, who took part in the alleged disturbance at the Odeon Theatre, on the performance of Victor Hugo's drama, "Ruy Blas," has been tried and sentenced to six days' imprisonment, and the payment of a slight fine.

Berlin, Feb. 25.—Eve.—The new treaty which has been concluded between the United States and the North German Confederation, provided that the natives of Germany must obtain a license to emigrate, which shall be registered, and that those who after taking out their naturalization papers have resided five years in a foreign country shall be released from the obligation of the military service in Germany.

THIS MORNING'S DESPATCHES.

London, Feb. 26.—The London *Times* of this morning, commenting on the changes in the Cabinet, says Lord Derby's resignation was a foregone conclusion, so also was the succession of Mr. D'Israeli. No other man has an equal right to take the Tory lead. It thinks that Lord Chelmsford will retire, but no other change is likely to be made. It sees no reason, under the present circumstances, why the Ministry should not be a permanent one.

The *Daily News* says it is possible that Lord Cranbourne may succeed Sir Stafford Northcote in the Indian Office, and that Lord Stanley may be made a Peer, and represent the Government in the House of Lords.

The *Telegraph* has reason to believe that Sir H. Cairns will replace Lord Chelmsford as Lord Chancellor. Discussing the position of the new Premier it intimates that Mr. D'Israeli cannot expect the indulgence always shown to his veteran and revered predecessor.

The *Morning Standard* says the task of D'Israeli, as Chancellor of the Exchequer, was one of great difficulty, but he is best fitted by his courage, tact, experience and close relations with Lord Derby to succeed in the still more difficult task which has now devolved upon him.

The *Morning Post* declares that Mr. D'Israeli now becomes Prime Minister, less on account of his own merit than because there is no one else so fit for the place.

London, Feb. 26.—In the Court of Chancery, this afternoon, Lord Chelmsford announced his intention of resigning. It is now certain that Sir Hugh Cairns, one of the Lord Justices of Appeal, will be his successor.

Florence, Feb. 26.—Some Italian journals are commenting on the remarks alleged to have been made by Secretary Seward in regard to Garibaldi, but they think his words must have been incorrectly reported. They hope that the United States Government has not been secretly using Garibaldi as an agent of dissension, and trust that America desires only the unity of Italy.

Paris, Feb. 26.—The *Presse* to-day reports that the Italian Government are about to send Gen. Nino Bixio to Vienna to negotiate a treaty with Austria.

AMERICAN NEWS.

THIS MORNING'S DESPATCHES.

Indian Fighting in New Mexico.

St. Louis, Feb. 25.—A letter from New Mexico states that 1,200 Indians had attacked Fort Lancaster and obtained possession of the quarters, but they were subsequently driven off.

Formal Impeachment by the House Committee.

Washington, Feb. 25.—The House Committee entered the Senate Chamber to-day at 11.50 a.m., and formally impeached Andrew Johnson, President of the United States, for the violation of the laws, and malfeasance in office.

Appointment of the Senate Committee on Impeachment.

The Senate nominated a committee of seven to make arrangements for the trial of the President.

Prominent Republicans Desire the Opinion of the Supreme Court.

While impeachment appears inevitable, several Republican Senators are very desirous of obtaining the opinion of the Supreme Court on the constitutionality of the Tenure of Office Bill before any definite action shall be taken.

President Johnson is Willing to go Before the Country.

The President declares he is willing to go before the country on his last message, respecting the grounds for the removal of Mr. Stanton.

Death of Major General McCall.

Philadelphia, Feb. 26.—Major General G. A. McCall died yesterday at West Chester.

Lull in the Excitement in New York.

New York, Feb. 25.—The *Herald's* special says a remarkable lull in the bellicose excitement of the past few days is noticed throughout the city to-night. The struggle for the possession of the War Department promises to settle down into a result of a tamer character even than a law suit, and the whole matter is swallowed up in the more important matter of the impeachment.

The Feeling in Washington.

New York, Feb. 26.—The *Tribune's* special says a feeling in favor of the impeachment grows stronger. The question to be settled in regard to the last offence of the President, is whether he is guilty of mistaken construction or intentional violation of the laws. The room for doubt on this head would seem to be small. Secretary Stanton to-day made a requisition on the Treasury, which after some hesitation was honored.

Gen. Thomas Desires his Case to go Before the Supreme Court.

The *World's* special says Gen. Thomas will waive an examination before Judge Carter and allow himself to be committed, sue out a writ of *habeas corpus* and thus bring the Tenure of Office Bill before Chief Justice Chase at once.

FROM MEXICO.

Acknowledgment of the English and Spanish Debts.

Havana, Feb. 25.—Advices from Mexico received here state that the Mexican Government has recognized the English and Spanish debts, and that a sinking fund has been created for the redemption of the converted bonds.

The revolutionists in Yucatan hold possession of the Town of Tramal, which was beseiged on the 12th inst. Gen. Alatorre expected the place to capitulate on the 13th. A number of the leading rebels who escaped from Lisal in the schooner were driven ashore by two of Juarez's gunboats who gave them battle. The parties escaped to the interior.

THIS MORNING'S DESPATCHES.

Later Mexican News.

New York, Feb. 26.—The *Herald's* Havana special says an order has been issued by the Mexican Government to extinguish the national debt by auction sales of confiscated property.

The Zaqui Indians had attacked the towns of San Pedro and Santa Cruz, and assassinated Gen. Matias, and fourteen inhabitants.

President Juarez has been permitted six months' leave of absence to visit Washington.

Opinion of the Impeachment Managers.

New York, Feb. 26.—The *Tribune's* Washington special says at the meeting of the impeachment managers yesterday the opinion prevailed that it would be sufficient to secure a conviction to rest the case solely on the removal of Stanton. The embodying of the other charges would lead to a protracted investigation, and would consume too much time. It is thought the articles of Impeachment will be ready by Friday, and be presented to the Senate on Monday.

Adjt.-Gen. Thomas in the Supreme Court.

Washington, Feb. 26.—Adjt.-Gen. Thomas appeared in the Supreme Court this morning, accompanied by his counsel. A subpœna was issued to Mr. Stanton to appear in Court, and bring his commission as Secretary of War and also certain official papers.

The Reason of the Delay in the Articles of Impeachment.

The delay of the House Committee in framing the articles of impeachment is said to be owing to the fact that the impression exists that President Johnson cannot be convicted by the Senate on the prominent charge of violating the Tenure of Office Act, hence the Committee is to-day engaged in framing the articles with the view to secure a united party vote, and if possible to avoid all doubt.

The Doings of Stanton and Thomas at Washington.

Washington, Feb. 26.—The drafts of Mr. Stanton go through the Treasury Department the same as usual, and no orders whatever have been made with reference thereto. Gen. Thomas did not visit the War Office to-day, but after his discharge from custody went to the Executive Mansion, and after a short interview with Mr. Johnson went to his home.

The Impeachment Articles to be Presented To-morrow.

Washington, Feb. 26.—The Impeachment Committee will present the articles of Impeachment to the House to-morrow, and a vote will be taken on Saturday. The articles will not contain anything except that which bears directly on the question of Mr. Stanton's removal. The Senate manifests an unexpected moderation respecting Impeachment, and will refuse to precipitate matters as urged by the extremists. No measure for the removal of the President from office in advance of his trial and conviction will be entertained.

The Adjournment of the Thomas case at the instance of Mr. Stanton's Counsel.

The adjournment of the Thomas case at instance of Mr. Stanton's Counsel, excites much comment.

THE NEW TARIFF.

[From the Halifax Evening Express.]

Let us see what proportion Nova Scotia, in common fairness ought to furnish towards the general revenue, on the principle of *per capita*, which can scarcely be objected to. The total amount of revenue required on Dominion account is in round numbers $14,000,000. The population of the Confederated Provinces is 3,750,000, that of Nova Scotia about 375,000. It thus becomes a very simple rule of three sum which any school boy can cast up for himself. If 3,750,000, give $14,000,000, what should 375,000 give? The answer to this question is $1,400,000, and we think that few things are clearer than that the present Dominion tariff, as things are now, aided by the stamp duty and the newspaper tax will not come within a $100,000 of that revenue.

There are two reasons, therefore, why the present tariff should undergo serious revision, it imposes duties on certain articles, such as sugar, which will be irksome and injurious to the people and trade of this Province, and it will not, in Nova Scotia at any rate, realise enough of revenue. Both these are weighty considerations, and worthy of earnest attention, which we doubt not they will receive. In our opinion it would be infinitely better, for the trade and the people of this Dominion, to alter the tariff essentially, not only in detail, but in principle, to step out boldly and confidently in the direction of free trade, to copy the British rather than the United States system in framing it. Let a heavier tax be placed on the luxuries of life, on our wines, brandy, spirits, and malt liquors of every description, upon tobacco and all articles that come within this category. A revenue must be had, and it is right that it should be as equable as possible, and also that the necessaries, or what we now feel to be necessaries, whether in the shape of food or manufactures should be as little taxed as may be. This is the policy that has guided England for the last 20 years, and she has thriven under it as no other nation has done. The United States have kept no protecting "native industry" till they have well nigh strangled it. There is another consideration which it would be well not to overlook. Complaint is often made of the growing indifference of England about her colonies; she is not indifferent, but there can be no question, that she does not relish the fact that a high duty should be imposed upon her manufactured goods going into them. We observe that Mr. Milner Gibson, the late President of the Board of Trade, in a speech before his constituents at Ashton-upon-Lyne complained severely of the policy of the British American colonies placing high duties upon British goods after the example of the United States, and regretted that a commercial treaty had not been made with them to admit these goods free, at the time that responsible Government was granted. Such a treaty would have been a vast benefit, we are convinced to both parties, and more than anything else under Heaven, would have knit them together, by the bonds both of affection and of interest. Nor is it too late now to accept and act upon the words of Milner Gibson if not to the letter, at least in the spirit, and take a step or two in the direction of a free trade policy. The question of the day with us is to raise a given revenue, to frame a tariff which will be just to all interests, which will encourage as far as may be our various industries, extend our commercial relations abroad, without hampering our efforts at home.

This is no time for the public journalist to be the mere echo of the supposed opinions or wishes of individuals or parties. The foundation of the Confederacy is being laid and on its depth, and its plan and material, depends to a great extent its security, strength and durability. We have able statesmen, men of large experience and enlightened views, and though there are also evil minded persons, both within and without, who are praying for a mistake which may ensure failure, we are confident that all will go well. All will go well, only let us have a fair, earnest, and well considered start, placing every class, every interest, and as far as may be every locality on as firm and favorable a footing as circumstances will admit. With prudence, success is sure, and the confusion of the enemies of a united British America an all but accomplished fact.

—The newspaper proprietors reiterate their former objections to newspaper postage, as will be seen by the following:

At a meeting of the St. John Press, held in this city this day, the following journals being represented, namely:—The *News*, *Telegraph*, *Globe*, *Journal*, *Visitor*, *Intelligencer*, *Church Witness*, *Colonial Presbyterian*, and *New Dominion*, the following resolutions were agreed upon:

1st. That the Resolutions adopted by the Press of this City on the 22nd of November, 1867, and formerly published, having been read, the same are now re-affirmed.

2nd. That the public sentiment in the Maritime Provinces, as expressed since the Act regulating the Postal Service was passed, is strongly-opposed to the imposition of newspaper postage, regarding the same as inexpedient and ill-advised.

3rd. That Mr. Willis, Mr. Livingstone, and Mr. Ellis be a Committee to give publicity to the Resolutions, and to take such other steps to give effect to them as they may deem proper.

(Signed) I. E. Bill, Chairman.
Wm. Elder, Secretary.

St. John, Feb. 20, 1868.

—*St. John News.*

Cotton no Longer King.—Cotton goods are now nearly as cheap as before the American war. Garland, Mutchmor & Co. have lately received a few bales of gray and white cottons, shirtings and prints, purchased since the great fall in prices. Parties requiring any description of dry goods would do well to see their stock before purchasing. 582-y

GOLD NEWS.

The following returns from Tarley and Gilbert's crushing mill have been furnished by Mr. Gilbert. They embrace all that has been crushed from the 1st February, 1868, to the 22nd inst., and it is gratifying to know that in all the lots tested more or less gold has been found. The returns are:

A. W. Thompson, Madoc, 9th concession, lot 29, 1 ton yielded	$17.50
A. Bess, Madoc, 6th con., lot 20, 1,500lbs	6.00
A. Ross, Elzevir, 1st con., lot 11, 1 ton	6.04
Mr. Hale, Madoc, 5th con., 1 ton	11.00
Deen & Gilbert Lake, 2½ tons	45.50
Deen & Gilbert, Madoc, 4 tons	65.00
Barber & Wheeler, Kennebec, 1 ton	2.00
Gregory & Nichol, Madoc, 5th con., lot 17, 1 ton	10.00
Mr. Wilcox, Marmora, 5th con., 1,324 lbs.	2.68
Mr. Maitland, Tudor, 1 ton	5.50
S. Maloney, Kennebec, 700 lbs.	0.50
Mr. Beatty, Grimsthorpe, 1 ton	1.00
A. Brooks, Hungerford, 12th con., lot 23, 1 ton	1.60
Richardson Mining Company, 20 ton and 1,476 lbs. yielded 17 oz. 6 dwts. 16 gr.	
H. Young & Co., Belmont, 6th con., lot 23, 1 ton	7.50
T. W. Nixon, Madoc, 1st con., lot 19, 1 ton	6.00

We understand that arrangements have been made for the construction of a crushing mill under the superintendence of W. M. Robertson, Esq., a gentleman of long practical experience in other mining countries. This mill is to be put up at Lake Michinog, some fifty miles north-east of Madoc, where gold has been found in considerable quantities. It is to be hoped that parties contemplating the erection of crushers, will not overlook the fact that Belleville has foundries and machine shops where everything connected with such works can be constructed as well, and on as good terms, as can be obtained abroad.—*Belleville Intelligencer.*

BRITISH NORTH AMERICA.

[From the N. Y. Albion.]

When we reflect that less than a score of years have passed away, since all that portion of this Northern continent, now known as "the New Dominion of Canada," possessed less than two score miles of Railway—a little more of Telegraphic wires—we are surprised rather than discouraged, by the substantial progress which on every hand is there visible, at the present day. It would be exceeding difficult to correctly estimate the aggregate gain to mankind, which these two leading agencies have so quietly effected; and when we add to these the steamship, the steam power generally; the computation of the aggregate saving to the whole human race, is something vast and wonderful to contemplate. Europe and America have profited alike by these great modern invention; but undoubtedly Great Britain and the United States with their wonderful national energy and enterprise, have profited most by these useful as well as powerful agencies for the rapid transit of mind and matter throughout the universe. Yet upon the very heels of these two leading nations—next, in fact, to the old Empire of France, in a commercial point of view—comes British North America under its new semi-national organization. The New Dominion already ranks second in inland, and fourth in ocean tonnage; while it can boast—notwithstanding its youthfulness—of not only the longest single line of railway in the world, but also of more miles of both railway and telegraph, in proportion to its population, of any nation extant old or new.

Here, then, we have a fair beginning; but it is only a beginning. The history of British North America for the next twenty years, may, and unquestionably will, surprise the world, if the opportunity now offered of quickly creating a great and powerful commercial nation, be not foolishly thrown away.

As the offspring, and, in fact, favorite remaining child, of Mother Britannia, this Virgin Dominion of the North, with its magnificent inland seas and navigable rivers; its agricultural, mineral, and forest wealth; its Atlantic and its Pacific Oceans; its hardy race and healthful climate—and situate, as it is, on what must speedily become the great highway of nations between the old world and the new—if but judiciously managed, is, we say, undoubtedly destined to exert an important influence on the future of the whole Anglo-Saxon race. But the fulfilment of these expectations must, we will candidly admit, greatly depend upon the prompt and decided action of the mother country. While the gain to these widespread provinces by recent commercial improvements, has been immense, the lack of capital is seriously felt, and in all new countries; this is, in fact, the chief and most embarrassing drawback, or impediment. A union of the four chief Atlantic provinces has been effected, and already the Pacific Colonies, as well as the interior territories, are clamouring for admission. But how can this be accomplished without the means of intercommunication? The act of union secured to the Dominion the capital necessary for the immediate construction of the Intercolonial Road—and let us hope that not a moment's time will be lost in carrying forward this much needed enterprise. And now for the next imperative step. In a word, *if Great Britain would not lose her proud position as the leading maritime nation of the world, she must at once step boldly forward and aid in constructing, not a lumbering old-style roadway, but a first-class double track railway across this continent on British American soil.* Precious time is even now slipping away. This great work should have been ere this under contract. What is £100,000,000 to the great and fabulously wealthy British nation with its annual income of £820,000,000? Simply nothing, when the importance of the work is considered. Why, the income of Britain's laboring classes alone will build this great international highway, even at this high estimate, more than three times over a single year! Let British statesmen, then meet the dissatisfied Irishmen with *a free passage to British America, and five years profitable employment after they get there*—together with a free grant of a homestead in perpetuity for themselves as well as their offspring—instead of meeting them with a detested Irish constabulary, and the time is not far distant when blessings will take the place of cursings throughout that small but discontented island. If this course be promptly pursued, the nineteenth century will yet see a populous, prosperous, and powerful offspring rewarding mother Britannia for her generous outlay with an annual trade amounting to more than the original investment, besides rewarding her with a life long sympathy and enduring bulwark of defence on this rapidly developing, yet easily modelled, continent. But no time must now be lost. *Qui non proficit, deficit.*

—The Bishop of Orleans, France, describing the modern Frenchwoman, says:—"A woman knows all the famous actors and horses, she knows by heart the performers at the opera and the varieties; the stud book is more familiar to her than Thomas a Kempis' 'Imitation;' last year she betted for La Tougue, this year for Vermouth, and she is sure that the Bois Roussel is full of promise; she is enthusiastic about the Derby, and the triumph of Fille de l'Air she considers as a national victory. She knows the names of the most celebrated milliners, the fashionable saddler, and the shop which has the greatest vogue. She will weigh the respective merits of the stables of the Comte de la Grange, the Duc de Morny, or of Monsieur Delamarre. * * She can only entertain young women and frivolous young men. Equally incapable of talking on business, art, politics, agriculture, or the sciences, she can neither converse with her father-in law, her clergyman, or with any man of a serious mind. And yet, the first talent of a woman is to be able to converse with everybody."

How to Make Money.—A horse dealer residing in the vicinity of Keyport, N. J., and who buys up horses for the New York market, purchases Darley's Arabian Heave Remedy by the dozen and feeds it to his horses; he says it is superior to anything that he has ever used as a condition medicine, that the horses are so much more improved by its use as to sell more readily and command higher prices. Two other horse dealers, one residing at Huntingdon, the other at Glen Cove, L. I., also purchase it by the dozen and for the same purpose; these men, as well as many others similarly engaged, know too well the value and importance of this medicine ever to be without it.

Remember the name, and see that the signature of *Hurd & Co.* is on each package.

Northrup & Lyman, Newcastle, C. W., proprietors for the Canadas. Sold by all medicine dealers.

MR. GLADSTONE IN A NEW CHARACTER.

Mr. Gladstone made his first appearance in the character of a "penny reader" in the town of Hawarden, England, on the 4th of February. His subject was Sir Walter Scott and his writings. A large audience, attracted by the novelty of the occasion, enjoyed the union of literary and musical entertainments provided, and at the end of his readings and explanations, Mr. Gladstone said:—

"His object had been altogether of a practical character. He had felt that England was possessed of a very rich and noble and glorious literature, a most powerful instrument of civilization, and he was very anxious and desirous that all should use it to the best of their power. The management of the press, the cheapness with which most standard works could now be obtained, was such that it was really their own fault almost if they did not get them. The works of Shakespeare is as nice a volume as any one need wish to see, and with type which, though it was not quite large enough for eyes that had done so much work as his had, yet would be very convenient, he was sure, for the great bulk of his hearers, could be obtained for a few shillings. He really did hope that efforts such as that of that night, which was only one, he hoped, of a thousand, would have some effect in leading the people to appreciate the means and facilities they now possessed of enjoying the stores and wonderful treasures of their literature. If that effect was produced, it was by far the best expression of thanks that could be made to him or any one else; and the satisfaction he should derive from it would be a great deal more than the richest reward he could hope to deserve."

JOHN BRIGHT ON THE LIQUOR LAWS.

Mr. Bright made his third speech at Birmingham to a deputation of licensed victuallers, who waited upon him for the purpose of obtaining an expression of his opinion upon Mr. Abel Smith's Sunday traffic in Intoxicating Liquors Bill. Mr. Bright said: "I do not see a way out of the difficulty at all, so long as licensed victuallers resist every proposition that meets the view, not only of the teetotaller, but of an enormous number of people who do not belong to teetotal societies at all, and do not reject the notion that the use of intoxicating liquors in moderate quantities may be right and even beneficial. You have made known your intention to grant no concession, and you fight violently, and with a most admirable organization, against all the propositions which emanate from the class of people to whom I have made allusion; and I must say that I know of nothing equal to the power you possess of managing and marshalling your forces; but you have outside your own ranks, a public that insists, every year more strongly, upon something being done, and I for one feel certain that in the long run you will be beaten, I do not mean that you will be extinguished. I do not look, in our lifetime, to see any such thing happen as that articles in which you deal will be prohibited from being sold or used in this country; but with regard to several things, and particularly that of Sunday trading, I think you will eventually be beaten. I do not mean that none of those things will be allowed to be sold on Sunday, but that the sale of them will be put under restrictions greater than those which now exist. Then comes the question, what are we to do in Parliament? You have no manner of right to open your places at all on the Sunday. Therefore, your keeping your places open on Sunday as a creature of law, and it is not in any degree a right as compared with the other portions of the population. As public opinion grows in favor of the partial or entire closing of public houses on the Sunday, Parliament will of course follow the inclination and the dictation of that public opinion, and I think you ought to find out something that you would concede, and ought to let Mr. Abel Smith or somebody else, or the Government, know that if some fair proposition were made that might perhaps for a considerable number of years save you from further irritation and harrassing, you would be willing on your part to make a concession. If you do not do this, I am afraid that the worrying of which you complain will continue, and that you will always be in the lobby of the House of Commons—about the most hateful place I know, except the inside, and there will be this unpleasantness going on perpetually. I prefer, in regard to this question, and in the present state of opinion, not to give a specific reply, but I may say that I am rather fearful no legislation upon it is possible for sometime to come. It has been said, with the most earnest hope, that sometime or other there will arise from among the licensed victuallers themselves men who will help the public in some degree to abate the evil which the universal mind feels to exist in the continual opening of public houses on a Sunday."

Heavy Storm in Great Britain.—The storm which passed over Great Britain about the end of January, was one of peculiar severity. From Shield to Wick, especially along the whole coast, it raged with peculiar violence. Shipwrecks took place in large numbers, though marvellously few lives were lost. Trees were broken and uprooted in thousands, stackyards levelled to the ground and given to the winds, fences blown down, houses unroofed and destroyed, and altogether such damage inflicted as has not been known for the last thirty years. In Edinburgh especially, the destruction was peculiarly great. At least four individuals were killed by a chimney breaking through a house and passing down through two or three stories. It is said by one of the local papers that between sixty and seventy tons of lime, broken stones, chimney cans, slates, tiles, &c., were collected from the streets next morning. Every district has suffered more or less, though perhaps none so much as the Scottish metropolis.

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY.

6 Hospital Street,
2 *doors from St. Francois Xavier Street.*

It has been established, by the best medical authority, that one-half the nervous diseases are caused by drinking impure Tea. The Company have imported a supply of Teas that can be warranted pure, and free from poisonous substances, in boxes of 10, 15, 20 and 25 lbs., and upwards.

Black Tea.—Common Congou, Broken Leaf, Strong Tea, 45c., 50c.; Fine Flavored New Season do., 55c.; Excellent Full Flavored do., 75c.; Sound Oolong, 40c., 45c.; Rich Flavored do., 60.; Very Fine do. do., 75c.; Japan Good, 50c. Very Good, 58c.; Finest, 75c.

Green Tea.—Twankay Common, 35c.; Fine do., 55c.; Young Hyson, 50c. and 60c.; Fine do., 75c.; Superfine and Very Choice, $1.

A saving will be made, by purchasing direct from the importers, quality and purity considered. All orders for boxes of 20 or 25 lbs., or two 12 lbs., sent carriage-free to the country. Teas not mentioned in this circular equally cheap. The company having determined to take a stand in the Montreal market, weight, quality and circular may be implicitly relied on. Where a 20 lb. box would be too much two or three clubbing together could divide. In writing you will oblige by addressing thus—Montreal Tea Company, 6 Hospital-st., Montreal. An excellent Mixed Tea could be sold for 60c.; very good for common purposes, 50c. Buyers living beyond Railway Stations will please send Post Office order, or enclose notes. The carriage will be paid to the nearest station. Tea will be forwarded immediately on receipt of the order by mail containing money, or the money can be collected on delivery by express-man, where there are Express Offices. A trial solicited.

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY,
6 Hospital Street,
First Street below Notre Dame Street.

All boxes and chests sent from this establishment have the address of the Montreal Tea Company printed on them.

—The efficacy of Bryan's Pulmonic wafers in curing coughs, colds, and all bronchial affections, and cheering the afflicted, has passed into a proverb. In the United States, where these marvellous wafers are known, they beat down all opposition and eclipse all rivalry; the demand for them has steadily increased for the last twenty years, until now the sales average over one hundred thousand boxes a year. Eminent members of the medical profession without number admit that they know of no preparation producing such beneficial results as these wafers. When taken in season they effect a permanent cure. Sold by every druggist and most of the respectable stores throughout the Province at 25 cents per box.

COMMERCIAL.

OTTAWA MARKETS.

(*Compiled expressly for the Times.*)

Times Office, Ottawa, Feb. 2[illegible]

Our markets continue in about the same condition complained of for some weeks past. The supplies are far from being sufficient in the produce market; and of hay much more could be sold at our advanced quotation. Of wheat, and produce of all kinds, there is a similar deficiency, and generally, the prices have not yet gone up.

Flour—Extra	8 75	@ [illegible]
No. 1	8 25	@ [illegible]
No. 2	6 00	@ [illegible]
Bags—Fall per 100 lbs.	4 [illegible]	@ [illegible]
" Spring "	4 [illegible]	@ [illegible]
Oatmeal—per 200 lbs.	7 [illegible]	@ [illegible]
Indian Meal "	[illegible]	@ [illegible]
Rye—per bushel 56 lbs.	0 [illegible]	@ [illegible]
Barley " 48 lbs.	0 [illegible]	@ [illegible]
Buckwheat Flour—bbl.	[illegible]	@ [illegible]
Wheat—Fall—per bushel, 60 lbs.	1 [illegible]	@ [illegible]
Spring "	1 [illegible]	@ [illegible]
Corn—Per bushel, 56 lbs.	[illegible]	@ [illegible]
Peas " 60 lbs.	[illegible]	@ [illegible]
Oats " 34 lbs.	[illegible]	@ [illegible]
Beans " 60 lbs.	1 [illegible]	@ [illegible]
Pork—Mess—per barrel	20 00	@ [illegible]
Prime Mess per do.	14 00	@ [illegible]
Hog per 100 lbs.	6 50	@ [illegible]
Hams	0 12	@ [illegible]
Beef	[illegible]	@ [illegible]
Mutton—per lb by the qr.	[illegible]	@ [illegible]
Lamb—per qr.	[illegible]	@ [illegible]
Geese—Each	[illegible]	@ [illegible]
Turkeys—Each	[illegible]	@ [illegible]
Ducks	[illegible]	@ [illegible]
Fowl—Per pair	[illegible]	@ [illegible]
Butter—Choice Table	[illegible]	@ [illegible]
Nos. 1 Firkin	[illegible]	@ [illegible]
No. 2	[illegible]	@ [illegible]
Eggs	[illegible]	@ [illegible]
Apples—per bbl.	[illegible]	@ [illegible]
Vegetables, &c.—Potatoes	[illegible]	@ [illegible]
Onions—per bbl.	[illegible]	@ [illegible]
Hay—Per ton, new	12 00	@ [illegible]
Wood—Per cord	[illegible]	@ [illegible]
Tamarac	[illegible]	@ [illegible]
Hemlock	[illegible]	@ [illegible]

London Money Market.

London, Feb. 26.—Consols 93 [illegible] money and account.
Bonds 91½ @ 91[illegible].
Illinois Central 8[illegible].
Erie 44½.

Liverpool Markets.

Liverpool, Feb. 26.—Cotton quiet and steady. Sales 10,000 bales. Breadstuffs unchanged. Sugar firmer.

New York Money Market.

New York, Feb. 26.—Gold 141[illegible].
Money 5 and 6 per cent.
Sterling Exchange at sixty days 10[illegible].
At the second Board stocks closed [illegible].
Gold closed at 141[illegible].

New York Markets.

New York, Feb. 26.—Cotton dull at [illegible] for Middling Uplands. Flour heavy; Receipts 3,047 bbls. Sales 7,200 bbls. at $8.[illegible] $9.40 for Superfine State and Western; $[illegible] @ 10.60 for Common to Choice State; $[illegible] $11.50 for Common to Choice Extra Western; $9.85 @ $13.90 for Common to Choice Round Hoop Ohio. Rye Flour steady at $[illegible] @ $2.50. Wheat quiet. Receipts 10,[illegible]. Sales 7,500 bus. at $2.51 for No. 1 Chicago Spring. Rye quiet and firm. Sales at $[illegible]. Cotton opened dull. Receipts 11,000 bus. Sales 38,000 bus. at $1.24 for New Mixed Western Afloat; $1.27 @ $1.28 for Old Mixed and Yellow. Barley scarce and firm. [illegible] dull. Sales 31,000 bus. at 83½c. for Western in Store. Pork heavy. Sales 2,300 bbls. at $23.50 @ $24.75 for Old Mess; $24[illegible] $25.90 for New Mess. Beef firm. Cut meats firm. Lard firm and quiet. Sales 1,1[illegible] at 14¼c. @ 16½c.

Masonic Jewels, Designs, &c.—Messrs. Young & Radford are prepared to furnish all kinds of Masonic jewels, in the highest style of the art, on the shortest notice, and at the cheapest rates. All kinds of jewellery repaired.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

Mothers Read This!—Holloway's Worm Lozenges are a certain and safe remedy for Worms in Children and Adults.—As it is a well known and melancholy fact that one great cause of death among children is from Worms alone, it cannot be too deeply impressed upon the minds of parents the necessity of closely watching their children. By so doing; and understanding the symptoms and true cause of the disease thousands of children might be saved from early graves. Symptoms of Worms.—The following are a few of the very numerous symptoms and diseases which are caused by Worms: deranged appetite, emaciated extremities, offensive breath, frequent picking at the nose, grinding of the teeth during sleep, hardness of the belly, with frequent slimy stools, and sometimes convulsive fits; itching of the anus, pain in the head and stomach, troubled sleep, faintings, tremblings, coughs, indigestion, low spirits, frightful dreams, and a gradual wasting away of flesh.

They are palatable and safe to administer to a child—drive out the worms thoroughly without and completely cleanse the stomach—thereby doing away with the necessity of administering Castor Oil or other unpleasant cathartics—as is the case of other Worms.

Each box contains the fac-simile signature of Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, C.W., who are the sole proprietors.

N. B. Ask for Holloway's Worm Lozenges and take no other. Sold by all druggists in Ottawa, and medicine dealers everywhere.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

Mineral Lands for Sale.

LOT No. 6, 4th Range of Templeton, and 50 Acres of Lot No. 9. The above lands are well wooded with good hard wood. There is on both lots a fine show of Plumbago. They are situated within ten miles of the city of Ottawa.

Apply to

COLIN McLAURIN,
Dominion House,
Wellington-st.

Ottawa, Feb. 27. 677a

FOR SALE

PARTS of LOTS 18 and 19, North Renton-street, will be sold in three parts, or one, to suit purchasers. The whole will be sold Cheap for Cash, or good instalment down.

Farther particulars can be had on application to Messrs. LEES & GEMMELL.

JOHN B. BRANNEN.

Ottawa, Feb. 27, 1868. 6774-3-1

NOTICE.

I HEREBY warn all parties from purchasing the South East part of Lot No. 6, in the first Range of Litchfield, County of Pontiac, (100 acres) from Mr. LEMUEL CUSHING, of Chatham, as I am the rightful owner of the same, and have been in possession thereof for over 18 years.

ASABEL W. SMITH.

Litchfield, Feb. 24, 1868. 671-3-1

EXTENSIVE AUCTION SALE

OF

Hotel Furniture & General Effects

&c., &c., &c.

THE undersigned has been favored with instructions from J. G. ROBERTSON and P. HARDY, Esqs., to sell by Public Auction on

Monday, 2nd March, 1868,

The whole of the Household Furniture and General Effects of

HAMILTON'S HOTEL, YORK-St.,

Consisting of a parlor Tete-a-Tete in hair cloth, and Chairs to match, Centre Tables, Side Tables, Whatnots, Corner Ornaments, Mirrors, Pictures, &c., and a very superior Brussels Carpet. In dining-room, hair cloth Sofas, Chairs to match, Centre Table, Side Table, Mirrors, Pictures and Carpets. In tapestry, the contents of 20 bedrooms, about one-half being furnished in Black Walnut Sets, Spring Mattresses, Hair, do., Feather Beds, Bolsters, Pillows, Sheets, Blankets, Counterpanes, Quilts, &c., and Bedroom Carpets. Dining-room furniture, Dining Tables, Chairs, Side-Boards, Side Tables, Floor Oil Cloth, Pictures, &c. In kitchen, two superior Cooking Stoves, Tables, Chairs, Cupboard, &c., with a large quantity of very superior Stone Chinaware, Glassware, &c. [illegible] furniture, Desk, Counter, Centre Table, Chairs, Lounges, Side Table and Floor Oil Cloth. In Bar, the Bar Fixtures, Counter, Waterfilter, Decanters, Glasses, and a quantity of Liquors. The whole is in good order, as Hamilton's Hotel has been open but two years, and was furnished new at that time. The sale is positive and without reserve.

Terms of sale cash in bankable funds.
Sale to commence at 10.30 a.m.

A. ROWE, Auctioneer.

Ottawa, Feb. 27, 1868.

TIGHT BINDING

LOST.

IN the early part of February, between Nelson-st. and the Russell House, a LADY'S SLEEVE STUD, a variegated Scotch pebble, inlaid with gold. Any person returning it to the TIMES OFFICE will be suitably rewarded.
Ottawa, Feb. 27, 1868. 676-3

THE CELEBRATED AND ORIGINAL

SKIFF and GAYLORD'S MINSTRELS!

Will visit this city after a long absence, and an exceedingly successful tour through the great Western Country. They will appear at

HER MAJESTY'S THEATRE,

—ON—

THURSDAY, 27th of FEBY.,

FOR ONE NIGHT ONLY!

IN AN

Entirely New and Original Programme.

Minstrelsy, as represented by this Company, has reached a high degree of prominence and distinction, resorting to no extraneous puffing, true merit alone having won the plume and not the borrowed mask.

Don't Fail to See the New Programme.

Tickets 25 cents; Reserved Seats, 50 cents.

LOW GAYLORD, Manager.
JOE GAYLORD, Agent.
Ottawa, Feb. 25, 1868. 672-3

NOTICE.

THE Undersigned hereby beg to notify

All Parties Indebted to Them,

THAT IF THEIR

Accounts are Not Paid

Within TEN DAYS from the date of being Rendered,

They will without exception be placed in the hands of our Agent for collection.

J. M. CURRIER & CO.

New Edinburgh Saw Mills,
February 26, 1868. 676a

To Emigrants and Others.

FARM FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—

Lots Nos. 19 and 20,

7th Range of the

Township of PORTLAND West,

CONTAINING

200 ACRES,

Less one acre, on lot 19, which is reserved for School and Church purposes. There is about 15 Acres Cleared; a GOOD HOUSE and BARN on the property. The above farm would be a good chance for a person of small capital, as it will be SOLD CHEAP.

TERMS REASONABLE.

For particulars apply to

A. McNAUGHTON,
Or to J. R. JOHNSON,
Bucklingham Village.
February 26, 1868. 676a

Tailors Spring Fashions.

JONES & HOLLAND, News Dealers, Elgin Street having been appointed Agents for the leading N. Y. FASHION PLATES, &c., are now prepared to Exhibit Specimen Copies, and fill orders.

The early attention of the Trade is respectfully solicited.

Ottawa, Feb. 25, 1868. 675-3ins

TORONTO HOUSE,

SPARKS STREET.

MRS. TROTTER begs to announce that she has a few Commodious Suites of Apartments to Let, handsomely and comfortably furnished.

Gentlemen attending the Session of Parliament will find at the Toronto House most convenient quarters, where the quiet of the private family is combined with the usual attendance to be found at the best hotels.

Ottawa, Feb. 25, 1868. 675tf

PRIVATE BOARDING HOUSE.

MRS. RICHARD will open a Private first-class BOARDING HOUSE, Corner of SUSSEX and CLARENCE-STS., over Mr. Martineau's Dry Goods Store, on the 1st March. Parties wishing quiet, good, comfortable board, with good attendance, will please apply and secure apartments.

Breakfast at 8 and 10 a. m.; Lunch at 1 p. m.; and Dinner at 6 p. m.

Ottawa, February 26, 1868. 659-3m

Notice of Mortgage Sale.

UNDER and by virtue of a Power of Sale contained in an Indenture of Mortgage, bearing date the 28th day of February, A. D., 1866, from JAMES BAIRD to WILLIAM YOUNG ROCHESTER, upon Lot number one hundred and seventy-four, as shewn and laid down in the plan of the sub-division of Lot 39, in the first concession, fronting the Ottawa River, in the Township of Nepean, County of Carleton, all the right, title, interest and equity of redemption of the said James Baird, in to and out of the said Lot, will be sold by PUBLIC AUCTION at the LAW OFFICE of ROSS & PARSONS, Elgin-street, opposite the Russell House, in the City of Ottawa, at TWELVE o'clock noon, on TUESDAY, the THIRD day of MARCH, A. D., 1868.

The mortgagee will covenant against his own acts only.

Searches and Conveyances at the expense of purchaser.

ROSS & PARSONS,
Solicitors for Mortgagee.
Ottawa, 15th February, 1868. 675td

Recorder's Court,

FOR the City of Ottawa, will be holden in the COURT HOUSE, old Jail, in said city, on MONDAY, the SECOND day of MARCH next, at the hour of ELEVEN of the clock in the forenoon, at which all City Coroners, Justices of the Peace, Constables, Jurors, and all others in any wise concerned, are hereby required to take notice and govern themselves accordingly.

RODERICK ROSS,
High Bailiff.
High Bailiff's Office,
Ottawa, 15th February, 1868. 668td

NOTICE

IS HEREBY given that I shall not be responsible for any debts contracted in my name, unless under an order signed by me.

SOPHIA MARTINEAU.
Ottawa, Jan. 22, 1868. 646d

CITY OF OTTAWA — CORPORATE SEAL

APPLICATIONS

FOR the Office of Assistant City Clerk will be received by the Corporation of the City of Ottawa, until MONDAY, the SECOND day of March, 1868, at SEVEN o'clock, p. m.

(By order.) W. P. LETT, City Clerk.
Ottawa, Feb. 25, 1868. 675-5

Scale Manufacturer.

E. DORION begs to inform the public he that he has opened a SCALE MANUFACTORY in Clarence-street, second door from Sussex-street, in E. D'Amour's Blacksmith Shop, and where he is now prepared to repair all sorts of Scales in use.

Ottawa, Jany. 11 637y

THE

GOLDEN BOOT

Will be opened in a few days, by the subscribers,

W. ANGUS & CO.,

No. 226,

WELLINGTON ST.

Ottawa, Feb. 27, 1868. 665y

ABSTRACT STATEMENT

OF

Receipts and Disbursements of the Corporation of the Township of Fitzroy.

To Balance	$ 9 64	
" Taxes, '66	1635 00	
" County Treasurer	82 10	
" Clergy Reserve Fund	257 58	
" Fines	2 00	
" Licenses	100 00	
" R. Cody, returned by him	100 00	
" Collector for '67	2751 12	—$4937 44
By County Treasurer	3506 79	
" Salaries and expenses	330 74	
" Insurance	7 20	
" Printing and advertising	27 23	
" Poor	16 00	
" Two Lunatics	12 00	
" Discount on Silver	91 55	
" Aid to S. S. No. 4	40 00	
" Non-Resident School Rate	33 34	
" Roads and Bridges	346 95	
" Balance	535 64	—$4937 44

JAMES SHAW,
RALPH TAIT, SEN. } AUDITORS.

Township Hall,
Fitzroy, 8th February, 1868. 677-1-9w1

Canadian Cottons.

WE HAVE JUST RECEIVED A SUPPLY of the

CELEBRATED

DUNDAS COTTONS!

32 and 35 Inches Wide.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

OTTAWA, Feb. 21, 1868. 380y

THE NEW DOMINION!

47. SUSSEX-STREET. 47.

Established with the Nation, 1st July, 1867.

Tried by the People,
Nobly sustained,
Long may it flourish!

Come one! Come all!!
Farmers and Lumbermen,
Merchants and Citizens,

COME TO THE NEW DOMINION!

And you will find a large and varied assortment of

STAPLE and FANCY DRY GOODS!

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,
AS CHEAP AS THE CHEAPEST,
AS GOOD AS THE BEST.

A New Tailoring Establishment!

Has just been opened on the premises, with FIRST-CLASS WORKMEN, under the management of a FIRST-CLASS FASHIONABLE CUTTER.

Suits made to order, and Warranted to *suit*, At every price,

Of every style, For every season, And at the shortest notice.

Do you want Hats or Caps, Furs or Blankets, Boots or Shoes, Moccasins or Mittens? Visit the New Dominion. It will prove to your advantage. From top to toe a perfect outfit guaranteed, by

JAMES HIGGINSON, Proprietor.

Ottawa, February 6, 1868. 659tf

Dry Goods at Reduced Prices.

Cunningham and Lindsay

— ARE NOW SELLING —

Canadian Grey Cloth at 3s. 3d. per yard,
Canadian Tweeds at 4s. per yard,
Canadian Cotton Yarn at 7s. 6d. a Bundle,
Canadian Bags at 1. 9d

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY

Invite particular Attention to their

BLANKETS, FLANNELS AND MANTLE CLOTHS.

Ottawa, November 18, 1867. 510y

New Premises and Cheap Goods.

GRANT & HENDERSON

Having recently moved into their new premises, **No. 20, Rideau-street,** one of the firm visited lately the Montreal Markets, and secured a very large stock of entirely

NEW GOODS,

At most EXTRAORDINARY REDUCTIONS in price, which cannot in a legitimate manner be undersold in this city.

RIDEAU-STREET, December 24, 1867. 623tf

YOUNG & RADFORD'S COLUMN.

Watches,
Watches,
Watches

AT

YOUNG

AND

RADFORD'S

30 Sparks-street.

Clocks,
Glocks,
Clocks,

AT

YOUNG AND RADFORD'S.

Jewellery,
Jewellery,
Jewellery,

AT

YOUNG AND RADFORD'S.

Electro-Plated ware,
Electro-Plated Ware,
Electro-Plated Ware,

AT

YOUNG AND RADFORD'S.

Fancy Goods,
Fancy Goods,
Fancy Goods,

AT

YOUNG AND RADFORD'S,

Manufacturing Jewellers,

30 SPARKS-STREET.

Old Gold and Silver

Bought, and highest cash price paid,

AT

YOUNG

AND

RADFORD'S

THE MONTREAL WAREHOUSE,

SUSSEX, OPPOSITE YORK-STREET.

WILL BE OPENED OUT IN A FEW DAYS WITH A STOCK OF

Choice Wines, Groceries and Provisions, &c., &c.,

IN MR. INGLIS' NEW BLOCK.

OTTAWA, February 1, 1868. 657y

J. MARTIN & CO

BROWNE & HARDY'S COLUMN.

1867 AND 1868.

INDIA WAREHOUSE!

16 Rideau Street, Ottawa.

THE SUBSCRIBERS beg to inform their Customers that their Stock is now complete, and embraces every delicacy of the Season, among which will be found a choice assortment of

TEAS,

Breakfast SOUCHONG, do CONGOU, } Black Extra Fine.
Superior HYSON,
" GUNPOWDER,
" IMPERIAL,
" TWANKAY,
Orange PEKOE, Flowery " Japan " } These Teas have been carefully selected for family trade by

BROWNE & HARDY.

SUGARS,
LOAF,
BROKEN LOAF,
CRUSHED,
GROUND,
YELLOW,
and MUSCOVADO.

COFFEE,
MOCHA,
JAVA,
JAMAICA, and
CEYLON,

Roasted and Ground daily on the premises.

CHOCOLATE and COCOA,
FRENCH, flavored with Vanilla;
TAYLOR'S,
FRYE'S,
MOTT'S

FRUITS, &c.
LAYER RAISINS,
in Whole, Half and Quarter Boxes
MUSCATEL, do do.
SULTANA,
VALENTIA,
CURRANTS,
GRAPES,
ORANGES
LEMONS,
PRUNES,
ALMONDS,
WALNUTS,
FILBERTS, and
BRAZIL NUTS.

BUTTER,
CHOICE DAIRY, in Tubs and Crocks received Weekly.

CHEESE,
English, American and Canadian.

SPICES,
NUTMEGS,
MACE,
CINNAMON,
CLOVES,
GINGER,
MIXED SPICES,
All Ground on the Premises

BROWNE & HARDY.

Ottawa, December 19 465t

HARDWARE!

HARDWARE!

Great Reduction

IN THE

PRICE OF HARDWARE

AT THE

SIGN of the ANVIL

No. 24, Rideau-street.

THE Undersigned would take this opportunity to express his thanks to his Customers in Ottawa and vicinity for their very liberal patronage in the past, and to solicit a continuance of their favors in the future, and to assure them that no effort on his part shall be wanting to supply them with the Best and Cheapest English and American Hardware. I do not pretend to sell at cost, but do propose to sell as cheap as any other establishment in Ontario. My stock shall comprise every article in the line of Hardware, and with the one price system I hope to merit and receive a continuance of the very liberal patronage given me in the past.

T. BIRKETT,
Sign of the Anvil, 24 Rideau-st.
Ottawa, Feb. 3. 408y

BLYTH & KERR,

Successors to Chas. Garth,

No. 25, Rideau-st.,

Plumbers,
Gas & Steam Fitters,
Tin & Coppersmiths,
Bell Hangers, &c.

All materials for the above branches kept constantly on hand.

—ALSO—

Importers and Dealers in House Furnishing Hardware.

Just received a well selected assortment of

Cooking Stoves,	Iron Bedsteads,
Double Stoves,	Bronzed & Wire Fenders,
Parlor Stoves,	Fire Irons,
Hall Stoves,	Fire Guards,

Japanned and Planished Tinware, &c., Manufacturers of all descriptions of work for Water and Gas Works, Brewer's Distilleries, Mills, &c. Makes and fits up Galvanized Iron Cornices, Gutters, Conductors, Roofing, &c.

Public and Private Buildings, Conservatories, Vineries, Manufactories, &c., warmed by Steam, Hot Water or Warm Air, on the most approved principles.

Orders from the country will receive strict attention.

Ottawa August 26. 416y

BUY YOUR TEA

DIRECT FROM

THE IMPORTERS

TEA! TEA! TEA!

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY, 6 Hospital Street, Montreal, having just imported a large quantity of Green and Black Teas, beg to call the attention of the Trade, Hotel Proprietors, and large establishments generally to their list of prices. Buyers of Chests and Boxes of Tea will save money by getting it direct through the Importers.

All orders for 25 lb. boxes and upwards, carriage free to any Railway Station in Canada. Parties wanting smaller quantities should club together, Buyers living beyond Railway Stations, will please send post office order, or enclose notes. The carriage will be paid to the nearest station, where there are express offices. Tea will be forwarded immediately on receipt of the order by mail containing money, or the money can be collected on delivery by express man. Cash collected in Montreal free of charge, and Tea forwarded for the same. Original packages Black Tea weigh, 1 chests about 50 lbs. Chests do. 90 to 100 lbs. Green Tea from 60 to 80 lbs. Teas not mentioned in advertisement can be had equally cheap. The Company are determined to take a stand in the Montreal market, every article may therefore be depended on as to quality and weight.

BLACK TEA.

Common Congou, Broken Leaf, Young Tea	$00 45
Fine Flavored New Season do	00 55
Excellent Full Flavoured do	00 75
Sound Oolong	00 45
Rich Flavoured do	00 60
Very Fine do	00 75
Japan	00 18
Very Fine do	00 75
An excellent mixed Tea, Black and Green	00 60

GREEN TEA.

Twankay, Common	$00 38
Fine do	00 55
Young Hyson	00 60
Fine do	00 75
Superfine and Very Choice	1 00
Fine Gunpowder	00 85
Extra Superfine do	1 00

Reductions made to buyers of Five Chests and upwards.

Address

MONTREAL TEA CO.,
6, Hospital-st, Montreal.

Agent for Ottawa and neighborhood,

MR. JOS. MOONEY.

All Boxes and Chests sent from this Establishment have the address of the *MONTREAL TEA COMPANY* printed on them.

August 27, 1867. 52234

PORK! FLOUR!

THE Subscribers have just received 10 CAR LOADS of PORK, consisting of

455 *BBLS. OF MESS,*

40 *DO. OF THIN MESS,*

155 *DO. OF PRIME MESS,*

Also 20,000 lbs. weight Superior Steam Refined Leaf Lard.

Also for Sale, 500 barrels of Flour.

O'CONNOR & WALLER,
Exchange Brokers and Commission Merchants,
Sussex-st., Ottawa
Ottawa, Feb. 17, 1868. 668tf

W. NOTMAN,

Photographer to the Queen

CORNER OF

WELLINGTON AND METCALFE STREETS,

WOULD intimate that having all his arrangements completed, his

Establishment will be Opened

—ON—

Monday Next, 3rd February

When he will be prepared to fulfil orders for all the different branches of Photography.

Ottawa, Jan. 31, 1868. 582y

BAZAAR.

IT is intended to hold a Bazaar on the *SEVENTEENTH of MARCH NEXT,* 1868, and following days, in aid of the DEBT on

The Parsonage of Christ Church.

Contributions will be most thankfully received from the members of the Church, and other friends in Ottawa, by the following Ladies, who have kindly consented to act as a Committee of Management

MRS. CLEMOW,
" W. F. POWELL,
" COFFIN,
" ADAMSON,
" T. M. BLASDELL,
" LAUDER,
" DONALDSON,
" JOHN THOMPSON,
N. SPARKS,
MAGEE,
" STREET.
ANNIE POWELL, Secretary.

Ottawa, Dec. 23, 1867. 622td

WAR! WAR! WAR!

KEARNS & RYAN,

WELL KNOWN

Merchants of this City,

—WHO KEEP THE PEOPLE'S—

CHEAP CASH STORE!

Have declared War against all other merchants of the Capital of Canada, for imposing dear goods on the people. They will make

Reduction of 20 per cent off Hats and Bonnets,

—AND—

10 per cent off all other Cash Purchases

OVER ONE DOLLAR,

During the month of February. Rush to their establishment and judge for yourselves. No deception.

Corner of York and Sussex-sts.

Ottawa, February 3, 1868. 656d

Great Remnant Sale.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.

Importers, 20 Sparks Street.

With a view to CLEAR OUT THEIR STOCK OF REMNANTS, prior to stock-taking have REMARKED ALL THEIR REMNANTS at prices that must effect a SPEEDY CLEARANCE.

Remnants of Cloths,	Remnants of Cobourgs,
Remnants of Dress Goods,	Remnants of Silks,
Remnants of Cottons,	Remnants of Linens,
Remnants of Prints,	Remnants of Flannels,
Remnants of Carpetings,	Remnants of Oilcloths,

And a host of other remnants too numerous to particularize.

Sale to commence on MONDAY, 17th, and to continue during the week.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.

Ottawa, February 17, 1868. 484y

HORSES FOR SALE.

A PAIR of MATCHED BAY PONIES, part Canadian, 5 and 6 years old. Guaranteed sound and gentle. Also, a Heavy DRAUGHT HORSE will be sold at a bargain, as the subscriber has no further use for them.

Apply to

W. R. THISTLE,
Office opposite the Ontario Bank, Ottawa, or at his residence, Aylmer.
February 26, 1868. 676a9-1

Mails for the Maritime Provinces.

WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

From OTTAWA—Mails for St. JOHN, N. B., Closed Daily, 12:45, P. M.

NEW BRUNSWICK.

THE general route of transmission is by railway, *via* Montreal, Danville Junction, and Bangor, Me., whence by stage to Calais and St. John. Time taken, at this season, usually four days.

The Mail despatched, however, on Friday, obtains connexion with the Monday 5 p m steamer (International Line), from Portland, being due at St. John on Tuesday p m.

For Woodstock, N. B.

There is also a tri-weekly Mail from Riviere du Loup to Edmundston and Woodstock, leaving Riviere du Loup every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday evenings, on the arrival of the mail train from Quebec. Matter intended for conveyance by this route should be specially addressed "*Via* Riv. du Loup.

PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND.

Matter for Prince Edward Island is forwarded on St. John.

Letters 5 cents per half ounce. Newspapers 1 cent.

*NOVA SCOTIA.

For Halifax, N. S., Closed Every Thursday, 12:45, P. M.

Route of transmission is *via* Portland, where per steamer *Chase, or Carlotta,* every Saturday at 4 p m, for Halifax, being due there on the following Monday.

Letters 5 cents per half ounce. Newspapers 1 cent.

For Halifax, N. S., Closed Every Friday, 12:45, P. M.

Route of transmission is *via* Portland, connecting there with the Monday 5 p m steamer, (International Line), for St. John. Mail due in Halifax on the following Thursday evening.

Letters 5 cents per half ounce. Newspapers 1 cent.

Letters, &c., are not forwarded from Ottawa to Halifax by the land route, *via* St. John, N. B., unless specially so addressed.

NEWFOUNDLAND.

Newfoundland is included in the ordinary mail made up for Halifax.

Letters 12½ cents per half ounce. Newspapers 3 cents each.

G. P. BAKER, Postmaster.
Post Office, Ottawa, Feb. 13, 1868.

Nova Scotia, by "Inman" Steamer from New York.

*NOTE—For Inman Steamer to Halifax a Mail is closed every alternate Friday, 12:45, p m, (i. e. 21st February, 6th and 20th March, 3rd and 17th April, and so on.) Route of transmission is *via* New York, connecting there with the Steamer of the Inman Line, leaving on alternate Mondays at Noon for England, *via* Halifax, being due at Halifax on the following Thursday. Letters and papers for despatch by this route must be SPECIALLY SO ADDRESSED, with postage prepaid by stamp, as follows—

Letters 12½ cents per half ounce. Newspapers 2 cents each. 672tf

GREAT AUCTION SALE

OF HOTEL

Household Furniture, &c.

MR. BENJAMIN HUCKELL being about to retire from public life, has given

HECTOR McLEAN

Instructions to sell at PUBLIC AUCTION at his HOTEL, Corner of York and Dalhousie-str.,

On Thursday Next, 27th Instant,

All his Household Furniture and Effects, consisting of Bureaus, Sideboards, Bedsteads, Tables, Washstands, Feather Beds, Carpets, Oil Paintings, Cooking and Parlor Stoves, Stove Pipes, Bar Fixtures and Furniture, and a quantity of Good Liquors and Cigars.

—ALSO,—

One Horse, 4 years old, 1 good Milch Cow, 1 Fat Pig, 1 Fancy Cutter, 1 set Single Harness, and 1 set Double Harness, besides sundry other things.

TERMS—Cash on delivery.

—ALSO,—

At the same time and place, LOT No. 7, East side of Gloucester-street, 66 x 200 feet; and a good Buggy.

Terms and conditions made known at the time of Sale.

Sale to commence at 11 o'clock, A. M.

H. McLEAN, Auctioneer.
Ottawa, Feb. 25, 1868. 675td

Notice.

ON AND FROM THE

First day of February 1868

ALL REQUISITIONS FOR

STAMPS!

TO

Bills and Promissory Notes,

To be used in the Dominion of Canada by the various persons entrusted with the distribution thereof, will have to be addressed to this Department.

THOS. WORTHINGTON,
655tf For the Minister of Inland Revenue.

ALMON RIVERS.

DEPARTMENT OF

MARINE & FISHERIES.

OTTAWA, 7th October, 1867.

LIST OF SALMON RIVERS within the Province of Quebec, the Fluvial Divisions of which are disposable for Angling purposes:—

The River Mistassimi—discharging into River St. Lawrence on the

		North Shore.
do	Betescie	do do
do	Trinity	do do
do	Little Trinity,	do do
do	Calumet	do do
do	Pentecost	do do
do	Little Margaret	do do
do	Trout	do do
do	Sheldrake	do do
do	Magpie	do do
do	Little Watcheshoo	do do
do	Nabessippi	do do
do	Agwanus	do do
do	Kegashka	do do
do	Musquarro	do do
do	Washecootai	do do
do	Romanie [en bas]	do do
do	Coacoscho.	do do
do	Etmarru	do do
do	Macatima	do do
do	St. Augustine	do do
do	Esquimaux	do do
do	Ouelle	South Shore
do	Metis	do do
do	St. Anne des Monts	do do
do	Mont Louis	do do
do	Magdalen	do do
do	Grand Pabos, Chaleur bay	do do
do	Grand Bonaventure	do do
do	Little Cascapedia	do do
do	Grand Cascapedia	do do
do	Nouvelle	do do
do	Metapedia	do do
do	Restigouche	do do
do	Mistouche	do do

Application to Lease or License any of the above Rivers should be made to this Department

P. MITCHELL,
Minister of Marine and Fisheries.

Upper Ottawa

Steamboat Company.

NOTICE.

THE

GENERAL ANNUAL MEETING

OF THE

SHAREHOLDERS

—FOR—

ELECTION OF DIRECTORS

—AND—

TRANSACTION OF GENERAL BUSINESS.

Will be held at the Office of

Messrs. Wright & Batson,

IN THIS CITY, ON

Wednesday, 4th March Next,

At the hour of 2 o'clock, P. M.

By order,

R. BATSON,
Secretary.
Ottawa, Feb. 24, 1867. 674d

PHŒNIX.

MESSRS. R. EATON & Co. respectfully announce to the public that THEY HAVE RESUMED BUSINESS in this City in the various branches of their trade and manufacture, which they now carry on at the following places:—

Paint, Oil, Varnish, Color and Painters' Stock Depot,
☞ Bell's New Block, 1st Story, Opposite the Russell House.

Oil Painting, Engraving, Paper Hanging and Decorating Depot,
☞ Bell' New Block, 2nd Story, Opposite the Russell House.

Looking-Glass, Picture Frame, Silvering and Gilding Rooms,
☞ Scott's Building, over Confectionary, Opposite the Russell House.

Cornice, Picture, and Looking-Glass Frame Manufactory,
☞ Wright's Building, Chaudiere, formerly occupied by E. B. Eddy, Esq.

Their present extensive stock in the various departments is entirely new, the former having been destroyed by fire, and has been carefully and judiciously selected, with especial regard to the demands of this City and its surroundings. Their Painters' Stock is especially good. Their Paper Hangings and Decorating Stock is in endless variety of quality and price; and the Decoration of Dwellings, Offices, Stores and Public Buildings undertaken, and satisfaction guaranteed both as to style and workmanship.

Having secured spacious premises at the Chaudiere, with extensive water-power, for the purpose of Manufacturing Cornices and Frames of all kinds, and having also secured spacious Looking-Glass, Silvering and Gilding Rooms, they will be enabled to fill orders for Pier, Mantle, Hanging and Toilet Mirrors, Picture Frames and Cornices, at the Shortest Notice.

Oil Paintings and Engravings of undoubted merit and beauty always in stock.

Window Blinds, new style, unsurpassed, always kept on hand. These are made so as to fit windows of any size, and are painted or oiled to suit taste or business of purchaser.

Messrs. R. E. & Co., avail themselves of this opportunity for returning their sincerest thanks for the kind patronage heretofore bestowed upon them, and for the great sympathy manifested for them on the occasion of the recent fire, and in resuming business they beg to assure their many kind friends and patrons that with new stock, renewed energy, and competent and faithful workmen, they feel confident of filling all orders with which they may be favored with promptness and punctuality, and in such a manner as will merit entire satisfaction.

OFFICE—Bell's Block, Opposite Russell House.

OTTAWA, Feb. 14, 1868. 666-3m

Ottawa CROCKERY Store!

PRESENTATION ORNAMENTS.

WILLIAM ALLAN

RESPECTFULLY announces the arrival of a Choice Selection of China and Bohemian Glass Flower Vases and Ornaments suitable for Xmas and New Year's Gifts. Also, a choice complete Stock of China, Glass, Earthenware and Parian Marble ever brought into Ottawa, consisting of

DINNER SETTS, BREAKFAST SETTS, DESSERT SETTS, TOILET SETTS.

Cut, Pressed and Engraved, Cut and Pressed TABLE GLASS, and an assortment of Common Ware for the holiday purchasers.

☞ A large and most variety Stock select from:

W. ALLAN,
51 RIDEAU STREET, (opposite Mr. D. Whalen's.)

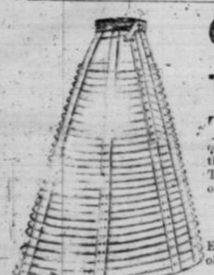
Ottawa, December 19, 1867. 574y

SHEFFIELD HOUSE!

E. K. MacGILLIVRAY & Co.,

MANUFACTURING JEWELLERS
—AND—
WATCHMAKERS

OTTAWA, January 21, 1868.



City Hoop Skirt Factory

The Double Extension Skirt.

THIS new and convenient Skirt Lam now making in all widths of tape. The great advantage this Skirt has over all others: ladies can alter it themselves to any width they wish, from 1½ yards to 3 yards, without the least trouble. They only can be had at the Factory. Everyother style of Skirt on hand or made to order. Just received another lot of

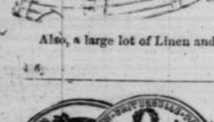
FRENCH CORSETS,

Every size, from 17 inches to 36 inches. Also, a few of those old fashioned Corsets, (lacing at the back.)

Lamb Wool Hose, Breakfast Shawls.

Also, a large lot of Linen and Lawn Pocket Handkerchiefs, cheap.

DAVID MILLAR,
43 Sparks-st, Centre Town, next to Esmonde's Stove Depot.



Gold Medal, Paris, 1867.

WHEELER & WILSON'S

SEWING MACHINES.

THE BEST HOLIDAY PRESENT,

From $47 and upwards.

☞ FIVE per cent. off for cash in bills until after the holidays. One handsome Mahogany full case $8 discount.

The Howe Sewing Machines from $50 Up.

Grout & Co.'s Twisted Elastic Stitch only $15.

☞ Call and see this little beauty. Prospectuses and Samples sent Free by Mail.

December 19, 1867. 579-6ly G. A. WALTON, Agent, 37 Sparks Street, Ottawa.

FIRST CLASS

Tailoring Establishment.

BEING desirous to dispose of the balance of my WINTER STOCK, in order to make room for

Spring Importations,

For two months I shall offer such inducements to intending purchasers as will enable me to make a ready sale, and my customers a good investment

☞ Please Call and Examine. ☜

G. M. HOLBROOK,
Pro Top Depot, Elgin-street,
381y Opposite the Post Office.

CAUTION.

THE perfection and cheapness of the American (Waltham) Watch have given it such a wide-world celebrity that unscrupulous dealers years ago imitated its style and pirated its trade marks. Irresponsible dealers are occasionally found who dishonestly trade upon the popularity of the American watch by selling a base imitation under the name of the genuine article.

It is hardly necessary to state that such watches are worthless as time-keepers, and when bought for the genuine are calculated to injure the high reputation which our watches have attained. The several grades of the American watch (except the lowest grade marked Home Watch Co.) are guaranteed by special certificate bearing the number of the watch and the signature of the Treasurer of the Company, E. E. Robbins. The purchaser should in all cases require one of these certificates, which is furnished to all dealers in the genuine watches.

The following are the trade marks on the several grades of our manufacture:

AMERICAN WATCH CO. APPLETON, TRACY & CO.
WALTHAM WATCH CO. P. S. BARTLETT.
WM. ELLERY. HOME WATCH CO.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD CO.
Office of the General Superintendent
Altoona, Pa., 15th Dec., 1866.

Gentlemen—The watches Manufactured by you have been in use on this Railroad for several years by our engine men, to whom we furnish watches as part of our equipment. There are some THREE HUNDRED OF THEM CARRIED ON OUR LINE, and we consider them GOOD and RELIABLE TIME-KEEPERS. Indeed I have great satisfaction in saying YOUR WATCHES GIVE US LESS TROUBLE and have worn and do wear much longer without repairs than any watches we have ever had in use on this road. As you are aware we formerly trusted to those of English manufacture, of acknowledged good reputation, but as a class they never keep time as correctly, nor have they done as good service as yours.

In these statements I am sustained by my predecessor, Mr. Lewis, whose experience extended over a series of years.

Respectfully,
EDWARD H. WILLIAMS,
General Superintendent.
American Watch Co., Waltham.

NEW YORK CENTRAL RAILROAD.
Locomotive Dep't Western Division,
Rochester, Dec. 24th, 1866.

Gentlemen—I have no hesitation in saying that I believe the great majority of locomotive engineers have found by experience that WALTHAM WATCHES ARE THE MOST SATISFACTORY of any for their use. They RUN WITH THE GREATEST ACCURACY AND STEADINESS, notwithstanding the rough riding of an engine; and as I have NEVER KNOWN ONE TO WEAR OUT, they must be durable. I hope to see the time when railroad companies will generally adopt your watches, and furnish them all to engineers and conductors. In my opinion it would greatly tend to promote regularity and safety.

Yours respectfully,
CHARLES WILSON,
Chief Engineer,
Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers.
American Watch Co., Waltham.

For sale by all first-class dealers in the United States and British Provinces.

ROBBINS & APPLETON
No. 182 Broadway, N. Y.
ROBERT WILKES,
Toronto and Montreal.
GENERAL AGENTS.

November, 14, 1867. 565-48-3m.

RAILROADS.

Grand Trunk Railway Company

OF CANADA.

WINTER ARRANGEMENTS, 1867.

TRAINS now leave Bonaventure Station as follows:

GOING WEST—Day Express for Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago and all points West, at 8.30 A.M.

Night do do at 7.30 P.M.

Accommodation Train for Kingston and intermediate stations at 7.00 A.M.

Local Train for Cornwall and intermediate Stations, at 4.20 P.M.

Trains for Lachine at 8.00 A.M., 9.30 A.M., 3.00 and 4.30 P.M.

The 3.00 P.M. Train runs through to Plattsburgh.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST—Accommodation Train from Island Pond and intermediate Stations, at 7.00 A.M.

Express for New York and Boston, at 8.40 A.M.

Express for Boston and New York, at 3.30 P.M.

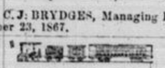
Express for Portland (staying over night at Island Pond) at 2.00 P.M.

Night Express for Portland, Three Rivers, Quebec and Riviere du Loup, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbroke, Waterville and Costicooke only, at 10.40 P.M.

☞ Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.

For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station.

C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director
December 23, 1867. 650ff



CHANGE of TIME.

St. Lawrence & Ottawa Railway.

(formerly the Ottawa & Prescott Railway.)

ON and after MONDAY, the 30th December, 1867, and until further notice, trains will run as follows:

LEAVE PRESCOTT.	ARRIVE IN OTTAWA.
Mixed, 7.30 a. m.	11.00 a. m.
Express, 2.10 p. m.	4.45 p. m.
LEAVE OTTAWA.	**ARRIVE IN PRESCOTT.**
Express, 8 a. m.	10.30 a. m.
Mixed, 1.30 p. m	4.45 p. m.

The time of these Trains has been so arranged as to ensure connection with night and day trains on Grand Trunk, east and west.

N. B.—These Trains run on Montreal Time.

Baggage to and from Ottawa checked through from and to stations on Grand Trunk Railway.

Return tickets to Prescott, Kemptville and Ottawa at reduced rates can be had at the principal stations on the line.

T. S. DETLOR, Superintendent. THOMAS REYNOLDS, Managing Director
Ottawa, Dec. 28, 1867. 1y

Brockville and Ottawa Railway

WINTER ARRANGEMENT

Commencing on Monday, December 9, 1867.

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

3:45 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 3.45 p.m., and arrive at Sandpoint at 9:25 p m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT.

6:45 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint daily at 6:45 a.m., and arrive at Brockville, at 1:00 p. m.

LEAVES PERTH.

5:00 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Perth at 5:00 p.m., and 9:40 a.m. and arrive at Smith's Falls at 5:50 p.m. and 10:30 a.m.

LEAVES SMITH'S FALLS.

10:50 A.M.—TRAINS will leave Smith's Falls at 10:50 a.m. and 6:05 p.m., and arrive at Perth at 11:40 a.m., and 6:55 p.m.

All trains on main line connect at Smith's Falls with Trains to and from Perth.

No. 1 leaves Brockville after G. T. R. Express Train is due from the East.

No. 2 is due at Brockville in time to connect with G. T. R. Express Trains for the East and West.

H ABBOTT,
Manager for Trustee.
Brockville, Dec. 16. 472y

Royal Canadian Bank

OTTAWA AGENCY:

Office—Desbarats' Building, 77 Sparks St

M. P. HAYES,
AGENT.
Ottawa, June 21. 157tf

DALGLISH & RUSSELL

ARE NOW IN RECEIPT OF THEIR new and varied assortment of

Grocery Goods

Consisting of Teas, Gunpowder, Old Hyson, Young Hyson, Hyson Twankay, Black, Extra Fine English Breakfast Souchong, Congou ditto, Oolong, Orange Pekoe, Finest Japan.

Coffees.—Java, Jamaica, La Guayra, Mocha Roasted and Ground on the premises.

Sugars.—English, refined in loaves, Broken Loaf, Crushed White, Yellow Refined.

Chocolate and Cocoa Spices, Mustards, Essences, Syrups, Pickles, Sauces, Vinegars, and Bottled Fruits, in Syrup, Preserves, Potted Meats, Fruits &c. Also, Provisions, Sugar Cured Hams, Spiced Rolled Hams, Bacon, Butter, Cheese, Crackers, Biscuits, Flour, Oatmeal, Barley, Peas, Rice, Labrador Herrings, Table Codfish, Digby Herrings, &c., &c.

Our stock is extensive and complete, and every article warranted to give satisfaction. All orders sent or left will be promptly attended to.

All Goods delivered on the shortest notice

Dalglish & Russell,
Wellington & Kent-sts.

FAIRBANKS

Take Highest Premiums at the Paris Exposition.

PLATFORM, COUNTER, Warehouse, Grain, Coal, Hay, Railroad Track, Depot, Druggist, Gold, and all kinds of SCALES constantly on hand and for Sale.

FAIRBANKS, BROWN & Co.,
Boston, Mass.

Our Sole Agents in Ottawa,

ALEXANDER WORKMAN & Co.

November 18, 1867. 592-6m

NOTICE

IS hereby given that application will be made to each and every Parliament having jurisdiction, at the present or next session thereof, respectively, for an act to amend the act chaptered 106, passed at the Session of the Parliament for the late Province of Canada, held the 29th and 30th years of the Reign of Her Majesty Queen Victoria, intituled "An Act to Incorporate the Ottawa City Passenger Railway Company.

Dec. 2nd, 1867. 6072m

Bottled Ale, Bottled Ale, Bottled Ale.

THE Subscriber would call the attention of Families and others to his

Fine Bottled Ale!

Which is in splendid condition. Also,

Scotch, Irish, Old Rye

And other Malt Whiskies,

Ports, Sherries, Brandies, Gin, &c.,

Together with a General Assortment of

FIRST-CLASS GROCERIES.

A Call kindly Solicited.

D. WHELAN,
44, Rideau-street,
Opposite Allan's Crockery Store

Ottawa, Jan. 20, 1868.

FOR SALE.

850 PAIRS of Grey Twilled BLANKETS, in bales of 50 pairs

—ALSO,—

Canadian White Twilled and Whitney Blankets English Grey Blankets, weighing from 8 to 10 pounds' each.

E McGILLIVRAY.
Ottawa, December 23, 1867. 622-3m

PIANOFORTES!

Messrs. Orme & Son

BEG to intimate that they have on hand one of the FINEST COLLECTIONS of

Steinway, Chickering and Dunham

PIANOFORTES

That have ever been offered for sale in Ottawa. These instruments were carfully selected by Mr. Nordheimer from the factories.

INSPECTION INVITED.

A splendid CHICKERING, only a few months in use, FOR SALE CHEAP, the proprietor having gone to England.

☞ Old Pianofortes taken in exchange.

25, Sparks-street,
Sign of the Golden Lyre.

January 27. 448y

Dissolution of Partnership.

THE PARTNERSHIP heretofore existing between JAMES HOPE and S. S. MUNTER, under the firm of JAMES HOPE & Co., was this day dissolved by mutual consent.

The business will be continued under the same name as heretofore, by JAMES HOPE, who will receive all monies due, and discharge all claims against the late firm.

JAMES HOPE.
S. S. M. HUNTER.
Ottawa, Feb. 15, 1868. 668-a-8-

AYER'S Sarsaparilla

FOR PURIFYING THE BLOOD.

And for the speedy cure of the following complaints:

Scrofula and Scrofulous Affections, such as Tumors, Ulcers, Sores, Eruptions, Pimples, Pustules, Blotches, Boils, Blains, and all Skin Diseases.

OAKLAND, Ind., 6th June, 1859.

J. C. AYER & Co. Gents: I feel it my duty to acknowledge what your Sarsaparilla has done for me. Having inherited a Scrofulous infection, I have suffered from it in various ways for years. Sometimes it burst out in Ulcers on my hands and arms; sometimes it turned inward and distressed me at the stomach. Two years ago it broke out on my head and covered my scalp and ears with one sore, which was painful and loathsome beyond description. I tried many medicines and several physicians, but without much relief from any thing. In fact, the disorder grew worse. At length I was recommended to read in the Gospel Messenger that you had prepared an alterative (Sarsaparilla) for I knew from your reputation that any thing you made must be good. I sent to Cincinnati and got it, and used it till it cured me. I took it, as you advise, in small doses of a teaspoonful over a month, and used about three bottles. New and healthy skin soon began to form under the scab, which after a while fell off. My skin is now clear, and I know by my feelings that the disease has gone from my system. You can well believe that I feel what I am saying when I tell you, that I hold you to be one of the apostles of the age, and remain ever gratefully. Yours,
ALFRED B. TALLEY.

St. Anthony's Fire, Rose or Erysipelas, Tetter and Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Ringworm, Sore Eyes, Dropsy.

Dr. Robert M. Preble writes from Salem, N. Y., 12th Sept., 1859, that he has cured an inveterate case of Dropsy, which threatened to terminate fatally, by the persevering use of our Sarsaparilla, and also a dangerous Malignant Erysipelas by large doses of the same; says it cures the common Eruptions by it constantly.

Bronchocele, Goitre or Swelled Neck.

Zebulon Stone of Pompey, Tenn, writes: "Three bottles of your Sarsaparilla cured me from a Goitre—a disease swelling on the neck, which I had suffered from over ten years."

Leucorrhœa or Whites, Ovarian Tumor, Ulcerous Ulceration, Female Diseases.

Dr. J. E. S. Channing, of New York City, writes; "I most cheerfully comply with the request of your agent in saying I have found your Sarsaparilla a most excellent alterative in the numerous complaints for which we employ such a remedy, but especially in Female Diseases of the Scrofulous diathesis. I have cured many inveterate cases of Leucorrhœa by it, and none where the complaint was caused by ulceration of the uterus. The ulceration itself was soon cured. Nothing within my knowledge equals it for these female derangements."

Edward S. Harrow, of Newburgh, Ohio, writes, "A dangerous ovarian tumor in one of the females in my family, which had defied all the remedies we could employ, has been completely cured by your Extract of Sarsaparilla. Our physician thought nothing but extirpation could afford relief, but he advised the trial of your Sarsaparilla as the last resort before cutting, and it proved effectual. After taking your remedy eight weeks no symptom of the disease remained."

Syphilis and Mercurial Disease.

NEW ORLEANS, 27th August, 1859.

Dr. J. C. AYER: Sir, I cheerfully comply with the request of your agent, and report to you some of the effects have realized with your Sarsaparilla.

I have cured with it, in my practice, most of the complaints for which it is recommended, and have found its effects truly wonderful in the cure of Venereal and Mercurial Disease. One of my patients had Syphilitic ulcers in his throat, which were consuming his palate and the top of his mouth. Your Sarsaparilla, steadily taken, cured him in five weeks. Another was attacked by secondary symptoms in his nose; and the ulceration had eaten away a considerable part of it, so that I believe the disorder would soon reach his brain and kill him. But it yielded to my administration of your Sarsaparilla; the sores healed, and he is well again, not of course without some disfiguration to his face. A woman who had been treated for the same disorder by mercury was suffering from the poison in her bones. They had become so sensitive to the weather that on a damp day she suffered excruciating pain in her joints and bones. She, too, was cured entirely by your Sarsaparilla in a few weeks. I know from its formula, which your agent gave me, that this Preparation from your laboratory must be a great remedy; consequently, these truly remarkable results with it have not surprised me.

Fraternally yours, G. V. LARIMER, M. D.

Rheumatism, Gout, Liver Complaint.

INKERMAN, Preston Co., Va., 6th July, 1859.

Dr. J. C. AYER: Sir, I have been afflicted with a painful chronic Rheumatism for a long time, which baffled the skill of physicians, and stuck to me in spite of all the medicines I could find, until I tried your Sarsaparilla. One bottle cured me in two weeks, and restored my general health so much that I am far better than before I was attacked. I think it a wonderful medicine. J. FREAM.

Jules Y. Getchell, of St. Louis, writes: "I have been afflicted for years with an affection of the Liver, which destroyed my health. I tried every thing, and every thing failed to relieve me; and I have been a broken-down man for some years from no other cause than derangement of the Liver. My beloved pastor, the Rev. Mr. Espy, advised me to try your Sarsaparilla, because he said he knew you, and any thing you made was worth trying. By the blessing of God it has cured me, and has so purified my blood as to make a new man of me. I feel young again. The best that can be said of you is not half good enough."

Schirrus, Cancer Tumors, Enlargement, Ulceration, Caries and Exfoliation of the Bones.

A great variety of cases have been reported to us where cures of these formidable complaints have resulted from the use of this remedy, but our space here will not admit them. Some of them may be found in our American Almanac, which the agents below named are pleased to furnish gratis to all who call for them.

Dyspepsia, Heart Disease, Fits, Epilepsy, Melancholy, Neuralgia.

Many remarkable cures of these affections have been made by the alterative power of this medicine. It stimulates the vital functions into vigorous action, and thus overcomes disorders which would be supposed beyond its reach. Such a remedy has long been required by the necessities of the people, and we are confident that this will do for them all that medicine can do.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,

FOR THE RAPID CURE OF

Coughs, Colds, Influenza, Hoarseness, Croup, Bronchitis, Incipient Consumption, and for the Relief of Consumptive Patients in advanced Stages of the Disease.

This is a remedy so universally known to surpass any other for the cure of throat and lung complaints, that it is useless here to publish the evidence of its virtues. Its unrivalled excellence for coughs and colds, and its truly wonderful cures of pulmonary disease, have made it known throughout the civilized nations of the earth. Few are the communities, or even families, among them who have not some personal experience of its effects—some living trophy in their midst of its victory over the subtle and dangerous disorders of the throat and lungs. Is all know the dreadful fatality of these disorders, and as they know, too, the effects of this remedy, we need not do more than to assure them that it has now all the virtues that it did have when making the cures which have so strongly upon the confidence of mankind.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts W. M. Massey, H. F. MacCarthy, and John Skinner, in Ottawa.

Royal Italian Bitters!

—OR,—

TONICO REALE

DEL DOTTORE F. P. VERRI,

Professor of Chemistry in the University of PADUA

ITALY.

THIS celebrated preparation for which a certificate of merit was awarded to the distinguished original preparer at the National Exposition at Torino, Italy, by whose favor Mr. GIANELLI obtained the recipe, and was also awarded a diploma at the Provincial Exhibition of Canada held at Montreal in September, 1865, is, without exception, the most genuine, salubrious and agreeable Tonic ever introduced to public notice either in Europe or America.

For seventeen years it has, in Italy, been a universal favorite among the elite of society, being generally served in the drawing room before dinner, in preference to Vermouth.

The ingredients of its composition have been imparted to the leading Physicians of Canada and the United States, and have received their unqualified approval on every account.

The proprietor refers with the greatest confidence and satisfaction to the subjoined testimonials from eminent medical men, which he could add to, were it desirable.

Kept by the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion of Canada and in the United States.

Sold by the Proprietor.

Dear Sir: You request my opinion of the "Royal Italian Bitters," prepared from a receipt of Dr. Verri, of Padua. I beg to state that I consider it a most agreeable cordial tonic, in every way superior in flavour and composition to the ordinary bitter tonics in general use. I have recommended it to several patients, who have derived marked benefit from its use.

I am, dear Sir, yours faithfully,
G. E. FENWICK, M.D.

A. M. F. GIANELLI, Esq., Montreal.

A. M. FGIANELLI,
26, Hospital-street, Montreal.

NATURAL AMERICAN

Lubricating Oils!

PREPARED EXPRESSLY FOR

STEAMBOATS,
LOCOMOTIVES,
CAR JOURNALS,
FACTORIES,
MACHINE SHOPS,
HORSE RAILWAYS,
&c., &c., &c.

Perfectly free from Gum & Grit

NON-EXPLOSIVE,

NON-INFLAMMABLE

WILL NOT FREEZE IN WINTER!

AND THE

CHEAPEST OIL IN THE MARKET

How they suit for Small Engines and Printing Presses.

TIMES OFFICE,
Ottawa, Feb. 20, 1868.

MESSRS. McKENZIE & MACKAY, Hamilton.

GENTLEMEN,—We have used your Lubricating Oil (A) on the Engine and large Hoe Press, and find it to be a better article than any we have formerly used. On the Card Presses, where we formerly used olive oil, we find your oil superior to it.

CHARLES W. MITCHELL,
Foreman.

THOMAS McELROY,
Engineer.

How they Suit for Cutting Bolts.

DUNDAS FOUNDRY, Dundas, July 29, 1867.

MESSRS. McKENZIE & MACKAY, Hamilton,

GENTLEMEN,—I have been testing your Natural Lubricating Oils [A] and [AAA] for the last three months, and have no hesitation in stating that they are the best oils used in this foundry for some years, and are far superior to what we have known as "Petroleum lubricators." They are free from all Gum and Grit, do not heat the bearings, and are particularly adapted for lathes and planer beds. The TREBLE A OIL is especially suited for cutting heavy bolts. I have used it with the "Patent Die," which finishes the thread with one cut, and it has stood the severe test to my satisfaction.

Yours truly,
THOMAS WILSON,
Foreman.

How they Suit for Grist Mills.

DUNDAS FLOUR MILLS,
Dundas, May 13, 1867.

MESSRS. McKENZIE & MACKAY, Hamilton,

GENTLEMEN,—I have tried your Lubricating Oil. (AA) and (A) and can recommend it as being a good Oil for Lubricating purposes. I have used it on both heavy and light machinery, and find it answers the purpose as well as any oil hitherto used. I have always used olive oil till now, so that your oil received a severe test. Please send me one barrel of each kind.

Yours truly,
JAMES COLMAN,
JAMES WALES,
Manager.

How they Suit for Saw Mills.

WEST FLAMBORO, July 27, 1867.

MESSRS. McKENZIE & MACKAY, 9, King-street, Hamilton,

GENTLEMEN,—I have thoroughly tested in my Saw mill the Lubricating Oil received from you. The sample marked (AA) I think is superior to any elephant oil for saw mill machinery. The journals run with it, work longer clean, and with less friction than with any other oil I have used.

Yours respectfully,
ROBERT CHRISTIE.

Samples of the oil and numerous certificates may be seen at the office of our Agent.

McKENZIE & MACKAY,
Agents for Canada,
9 King Street,
Hamilton.

Agent for Ottawa and Vicinity, T. ISAACS,
Sparks st.
Ottawa, Feb. 21, 1868. 663tf

GREAT DISCOVERY.

EVERY MAN HIS OWN ARTIST!

A SCIENTIFIC WONDER.

AN Instrument by which any person can take correct Likenesses or Photographs. This instrument with full instructions sent by mail for one dollar. Address,

C. B. AMES & CO.,
Broadway, New York.
64'-2

SUN BURNER.

NO MORE Breaking of Chimneys: no More Burning of Fingers: No More Waste of Oil; No Trouble to Clean; No Trouble to Light No Anxiety About Explosions. It is a Cheap Labor Saving and Durable Article. Buy one and you will never repent doing so. Anyone dissatisfied can have their money returned.

LAMPS AND FITTINGS

ALWAYS ON HAND.

STOVES, TINWARE, &c.

☞ Competent workmen for jobbing on the premises.

FSMONDE BROS.,
43 SPARKS-ST.,
Next Hoop Skirt Factory.
Ottawa, January 21. 311y

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, February 21, 1868.

AUTHORIZED Discount on American Invoices until further notice, 28 per cent.

R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner of Customs.

SALE OF

ORDNANCE LANDS

OTTAWA.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that a large number of Lots, of different sizes and dimensions,

Town Lots & Country Lots,

Will be offered for sale on

MONDAY, 6th APRIL NEXT,

AT THE

Auction Room of H. McLean, Auctioneer,

OTTAWA, VIZ.:

Building Lots in Ottawa on North Rideau street, South George street, South St. Andrew street, North St. Andrew street, South Bolton street, South Parry street, South Franklin street, North Franklin street, South Park street, East Wurtemburg street, Lot H Rideau Front, Lot I, do.

—ALSO,—

	Acres.	R.	P.
Lot 34, concession B, Nepean	87	00	00
35, concession B, occupied by Mulligan and one McCabe	77	00	00
Lot K, concession D, Nepean, part of	59	00	00
Lots L and M, concession B, Nepean, parts of	86	2	25
Lot K, concession C, Nepean	53	00	00
Sub Lots 2, 3, 4, on Lot E, concession C, Neapean, 1 acre and nine perches each.			
Eleven Sub-Lots of 10 acres each, on Lot No. 21, Gore of Gloucester			
Nineteen sub-Lots of 10 acres each, on Lot No. 22, Gore of Gloucester.			
Lot letter I, concession 4, Gloucester	101	1	83

Lists of the Lots, and terms of payment, may be had on application at the Ordnance Lands Office, at the Office of H. McLean, Auctioneer, and at the Office of the undersigned, Public Buildings, Ottawa.

By order of the Secretary of State:

E. PARENT,
Under Sec. of State.

WILLIAM F. COFFIN,
Ordnance Lands Agent.
Ottawa, February 6, 1868. 660-1awtd

FRESH ARRIVALS

OF

Very Choice and Superior

TEAS

NOW ON SALE

AT THE

1,000 CHESTS UNCOLORED JAPAN.

500 Chests very choice and superior YOUNG HYSON.

700 Chests Good Strong TWANKAY

100 Chests old fashioned BREAKFAST SOUCHONG.

150 Caddies MANDERIN MIXTURE.

☞ This is the finest BLACK TEA ever imported, 5s per pound; in small Caddies, about 14 lb each, 4s 9d.

COFFEE!

The Pure Mountain Berry

"Without exception the finest Coffee in the world."—London Times, March 16.

We are constantly receiving supplies of this truly beautiful and delicious COFFEE, roasted daily on our premises by

Dakins' Patent Silver Cylinder

By which peculiar process, he aroma is preserved, and renders it the FAVORITE WITH ALL COFFEE DRINKERS.

BEWARE OF SPURIOUS IMITATIONS.

☞ As it is imported by no other firm in Canada

ROBINSON & CO.,
THE TEA POT,
OTTAWA

Wines, Spirits & Liquors

ROBINSON & CO. would especially call the attention of families to their stock of

ALES, WINES & SPIRITS

100 cases Otard Brandy.
50 " Martell's "
150 " Hennessey.
75 " United Vinquels

We have a most delicious

DINNER SHERRY

Which we are selling at 8 shillings per gallon

GUINESS & CO.

DUBLIN STOUT!

BLOOD'S LONDON STOUT.
BARCLAY'S LONDON PORTER
ALLSOP'S PALE ALE.
BASS' EAST INDIA.
DOW'S CELEBRATED MONTREAL ALE
DAW'S SUPERIOR LACHINE ALE
DAW'S CELEBRATED PORTER & STOUT

PRESERVED MEATS.

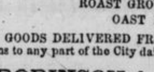
Just Received from England:

ROAST HARE.
CURRIED DO.
JUGGED DO.
STEWED DO.
ROAST PHEASANTS.
ROAST GROUSE.
OAST PARTRIDGE

ALL GOODS DELIVERED FREE by our own Waggons to any part of the City daily

ROBINSON & CO.
THE TEA POT,
OTTAWA.

Establishments—Sussex St. and Rideau St
Ottawa, September 10. 225tf



PRIVATE BILLS.

ON the reassembling of the Parliament of Canada, in March, PETITIONS FOR PRIVATE BILLS will be received, in the House of Commons, until Thursday, the 2nd of April following.

W. B. LINDSAY,
Clerk, House of Commons.
Ottawa, Feb. 1, 1868. 654Mh12

NEW STORE!

THE Store formerly occupied by W. D. WOOD, No. 38, on RIDEAU STREET, has been refitted by the subscribers, and will be opened on MONDAY, FOURTEENTH OCTOBER, with an entire new stock of

GROCERIES,
LIQUORS AND
HARDWARE.

WOOD & ROSSITER.
Ottawa, October 12, 1867. 561-tf

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

FARM FOR SALE.

FOR SALE, Lot No. 15, 4th Concession Gloucester, Rideau Front, 7 miles from Ottawa, on the Macadamized Road, leading from Ottawa to Metcalf, consisting of 100 acres, 80 of which cleared, and in the highest state of cultivation. The soil is of the very best quality; there is a good dwelling house, barn, stable and other out buildings thereon. This farm is well fenced and watered.

For further particulars apply to

H. McLEAN, Auctioneer,
Or the subscriber, on the premises,
W. HALPENNY.
Gloucester, Sept. 13, 1867. 557 37-6m

NOTICE.

THE Undersigned will either sell or let for a few years his well known farm, being lot Twenty-five in the Fourth Concession of Gloucester, Rideau Front, 215 acres all cleared, and well fenced and in a good state of cultivation. Also, the one-half of lot Twenty-seven in the Third Concession, being in its natural state, all wood and excellent land. It is just the cross of two hundred acres from the corner of the one lot to the other. The railroad line runs within ten feet of the front corner of the one hundred and in sight of the two hundred for two or three miles. The Station at Cunningham's is scarcely a mile and a half from the front of Lot Twenty-five. The above farm is capable of keeping thirty head of milch cows, two span of horses, and as many young cattle as it would be proper to raise. Eight or nine years ago I kept twenty-two milch cows, and ten or twelve horses, and raised five or six calves every year. The above farm is about ten miles, from the door, to the limits of the City. The improvements cannot be surpassed for a farmer's purpose. The Dwelling-house is stone, 50 by 30, a story and a half over ground; and a cellar nine feet high, the one half used for a kitchen and the other half capable of holding 1,000 bushels of anything you wish to put into it; there is three small windows in it, and when cleaned in the Spring, makes an excellent milk-house or dairy; there is a frame wood shed at the door, 60 by 24, with 14 feet taken off the one end for a coachhouse, and overhead for a storehouse; next to that is a stable 36 by 26, finished inside, complete with four large double stalls and two single ones, and good room for hanging up harness, and eat box; convenient to that is a barn 40 by 50, in which I have often put 12000 bushels of grain in one year; connected with that is 200 and 20 feet of frame sheds, all 20 and 24 deep, under pinned with stone and lime from two to seven feet, according to level; on the north side of the house is another barn, 30 by 40, commonly filled with peas and oats. And if either tenant or purchaser has a desire for religious purposes, you can lie in your bed, and look at the bell telling on the Catholic Church every Holy Day, and go to the front door and you will see the Presbyterian Church, where the Rev. Mr. Lochead has preached for the last twenty-two years, and go to the back door and you will see both English Church, and Methodist Church within two miles. The above farm would be a desirable situation for a young man wishing to give his attention to farming, as the Ottawa Market cannot be surpassed in the Dominion. I think that I can say that I have not sold one pound of butter under one shilling this eight years: if one went under two went over. Some reader may ask what am I selling for, it is neither for scant nor for want of anything, but I am in the seventieth year of my age, and has purchased on this lot seven hundred and fifty acres of land and all is paid for, and all my sons is settled on their own farms, so I would rather sit down and take my ease as he is attending to marketing and farming any longer. Persons wishing to get any information on any point from me, can do so by addressing postpaid, JAMES JOHNSTON, Senr., South Gloucester.

JAMES JOHNSTON, Senr.
February 6, 1868. 769-6Mh17.

Two Dwellings to Let.

BEING the Upper part of E. MARTINEAU'S Clothing Store, Corner of Sussex and Clarence-streets.

Enquire at the Store.

EUG. MARTINEAU.
Ottawa, Jan. 22, 1868. 640ff

To Let.

A ROOM TO LET either with or without board. Enquire this office.
Ottawa, November 20. 594ff

Lots for Sale.

6 BUILDING LOTS, one mile from the city, on the Richmond Road, containing one acre each. Apply to THOMAS ANDERSON, Jr. on the premises. 544ff

FOR SALE.—THE WESTerly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession Ottawa, Front Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same Concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. T. Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to JOHN and WM. THOMSON, Nepean, and LEWIS & PINHEY, Barrister, Ottawa. Je2-141-tf

The Ottawa Daily Times

VOL. II. NO 679. OTTAWA, FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 28, 1868. PRICE—3 CENTS

THE

Ottawa Daily Times,

(Published every morning, Sundays excepted.)

THE DAILY AND WEEKLY TIMES NOW enjoys the LARGEST CIRCULATION of any paper published in the Ottawa Valley—issuing of the daily over 2,000; and Weekly over 4,000; making a total circulation in the week of over 18,000; thus outstripping all competitors, and affording the best medium for business men to advertise in.

ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in the Daily at the following rates:

Business Cards of from 3 to 6 lines, per annum—payable in advance only..... $5 00
Transient Advertisements, first insertion per line..... 8c
Subsequent insertions, per line..... 2c
Yearly advertisers specially contracted with, and liberal allowance made.
Yearly subscription to the daily (if paid in advance)..... $5 00
Half paid in advance..... 6 00
Yearly subscription to the weekly (if paid in advance)..... $1 00
Half paid in advance..... 1 50

ADVERTISING AGENCY.—Messrs. S. M. Pettengill & Co., 37, Park Row, New York, and 10 State Street, Boston, General Advertising Agents, are hereby authorized to receive Advertisements for the OTTAWA TIMES

LEGAL.

MOSGROVE & TAILLON,
BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street.
WILLIAM MOSGROVE, GEORGE TAILLON.
Ottawa, Feb. 20, 1868. 366-tf

G. J. O'DOHERTY,
LAW, CHANCERY and CONVEYANCING OFFICE, ALMOND'S BUILDINGS, Rideau-street.
Ottawa, Dec. 6, 1867. 608-49y

R. J. WICKSTEED,
ADVOCATE, &c., 63, Little St. James Street, MONTREAL.
November 14, 1867. 589-6m

N. TETREAU,
NOTARY PUBLIC for the Province of Quebec, HULL, near the Post Office.
Dec. 6, 1867. 590tf

NICHOLAS SPARKS,
LAW, Chancery and Conveyancing Office, Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite Post Office.
Ottawa, July 19. 489y

LAPIERRE & HAYCOCK,
ATTORNIES-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers and Notaries Public, corner of Sussex and York-streets, Ottawa.
Ottawa, February 26, 1867. 368y

D. O'CONNOR,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex Street. OFFICE: Union Buildings, Ottawa.
February 21, 1866. 55-y

R. H. HAYCOCK,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor.
OFFICE: Post Office Building, Elgin Street, Ottawa.
February 7, 1866. 43-tf

A. F. BOUCHETTE,
ADVOCATE. Office: No. 17, St. Peter Street, Quebec. Mr. Bouchette will always be prepared to attend promptly to any business Government employes, and the public generally may entrust him. Mr. B. attends regularly the circuits and for the district of Quebec.
December 28, 1865. 9-y

P. J. BUCKLEY, LL.B.,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law Solicitor-in-Chancery, and Notary Public office, over Mr. Luke Cassidy's Boot and Shoe Store, Rideau Street, Ottawa, C. W.
January 17 1867. 334y

AUGUSTUS KEEFER,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office: Opposite Post Office, Elgin Street, in the house lately occupied as the Custom House.
Ottawa, March 30. 57-tf

J. F. BOULTON,
BARRISTER-AT-LAW, Solicitor-in-Chancery, &c.
OFFICE: Aumond's Buildings, Rideau Street.
Ottawa, Jan. 12, 1866. 21-y

M. McLEOD,
BARRISTER, Etc., for Lower Canada. OFFICE: Court House, Aylmer and Buckingham, C.E.
Attends to all Law Courts in the District of Ottawa.
February 7, 1866. 43-tf

LEES & GEMMELL,
BARRISTERS, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c.
OFFICE: In the Court House, Ottawa, C. W.
ROBERT LEES. JOHN J. GEMMELL.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-tf

EDWARD T. DARTNELL,
BARRISTER, Solicitor, Attorney, and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Crown Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell.
OFFICE: In the Court House, L'Original.
January 27, 1866. 34-6m

MEDICAL.

DR. CHESLEY,
OFFICE over Mr. Garth's Establishment, 75 Rideau-st., Ottawa.
May 30 447tf

DR. C. LEGGO,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Office: Hunton's Block, Sparks Street.

DR. DORION,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon, and Accoucheur, Clarence Street, Ottawa.
March 1. 371y

DR. OLIVER MARTIN,
DENTIST. Office: Sparks Street, Central Ottawa.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-tf

DR. C. A. MARTIN,
DENTIST. Office: Sussex Street, over Messrs. Campbell & Co.'s, Grocers.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-tf

DR. JOHN LEGGO,
DENTIST; Hunton's Block, Sparks Street. Teeth extracted without pain by means of the Ethereal Spray Producer. 590a

W. R. BELL, A.M., M.D., C.M., &c.
(RECENTLY FROM ENGLAND.)
SURGERY and Residence, George Street.
Ottawa, November 15. 290y

DR. LESLIE JONES,
Surgeon, &c., of Dublin and Edinburgh.
SURGERY and Consulting Office, Rideau-st., next door to the St. Lawrence Hall. Residence—Daly Street. 584y

DR. GEORGE HUTCHISON,
DENTIST: Office, Sparks-street, opposite Magee & Russell's.
Ottawa, October 30, 1867. 576y

DR. W. J. HENRY,
CORNER of Kent and Wellington Streets, Ottawa.
November 6. 430tf

DR. O. C. WOOD,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur Ottawa. Day office opposite Magee & Russell's, Sparks Street, Center Town; Night Office at his Residence, Maria Street, Center Town.
CAUTION CARD, with set the use of the knife, by a new, but certain, speedy, and almost painless process. References given to parties successfully treated, if required. *The cure guaranteed.*
Ottawa, April 14. 17w-106-y

HOLGATE, OLIVER & ANNABLE,
WHOLESALE Manufacturers of Bedsteads Chairs, &c., Chaudiere Island, Ottawa, C.W.
WILLIAM HOLGATE, JOHN OLIVER, WILLIAM ANNABLE.
OTTAWA A 306y

BUSINESS CARDS.

B. BILLINGS, JR.,
ARCHITECT, Elgin-street, opposite the Post Office.
REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant; M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq, Managing Director O & P R W 612-6m

R. SPARKS,
PROVINCIAL LAND SURVEYOR, Draughtsman, &c., (commissioned for Upper and Lower Canada.) Office and residence, Gloucester, near Ottawa. Surveys of every description executed with accuracy. Communications addressed Ottawa City, (post-paid), or left at the office of N. Sparks, Solicitor, &c., Ottawa, will receive prompt attention.
Ottawa, February 21, 1866. 55-

N. McKINNON,
COMMISSION and Exchange Broker, and Insurance Agent, Sparks-street, opposite Magee & Russell's, Ottawa, C. W.
Ottawa, March 25. 391y

O'CONNOR & WALLER,
EXCHANGE Brokers, Fire, Life and Accidental Insurance, Commission and Collecting Agents. Office, No. 27, Sussex-street, Ottawa.
E. P. O'CONNOR. W. H. WALLER.
March 9. 378y

J. P. MACPHERSON,
BARRISTER, &c., Ottawa. Office: Lang's Buildings, opposite Post Office
Ottawa, March 10, 1866. 70-y

H. McLEAN'S
AUCTION Rooms, No. 19, Sparks Street, Centre Town, Ottawa, opposite Hope's Stationery Store.
The sale of Real Estate at Auction or Private Sale promptly attended to. Consignments received for positive sale. Parties wishing to purchase Real Estate will receive all information FREE OF CHARGE by calling at the office.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y

R. H. McGREEVY,
CONTRACTOR and Builder. Office: North side York street, second door from Sussex Street.
Ottawa, March 20, 1866. 78-y

S. CHRISTIE,
COMMISSION Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.
OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W. y

PARLIAMENTARY AGENCY.

C. J. BOUCHETTE,
PLAN SURVEYOR and Draughtsman, Mining, Land, and General Parliamentary Agent. References unexceptionable. OFFICE: Wellington Street, next to British Hotel, and nearly opposite the banks, Ottawa.
P. S.—Special attention given with despatch to Public Land business, adjusting disputed claims, and securing Patents.
Ottawa, May 22. 132-y

JOHN MERCER,
Teacher Piano-Forte, Violin, &c.
THOROUGH BASS.
AYLMER, C. E

VISITS OTTAWA TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS.
Orders left at Union House will be punctually attended to.
Ottawa, July 26. 187tf

HOTELS AND SALOONS.

DOMINION HOUSE!
WELLINGTON-STREET,
COLIN McLaurin & Geo. Irvine, Proprietors. This hotel has been lately fitted up, and is now replete with every convenience which characterizes a modern hotel.
Boarders taken at moderate rates. The bar is always stocked with first-class liquors.
Ottawa, Feb. 5. 658-8wy

HOLT'S HOTEL,
AYLMER, C. E., Livery and General Stage Office. Alfred Moses Holt, Jr., Prop'tr.
December 21, 1865. 4-y

JAS. JOHNSTON'S
UNION HOUSE, North Gower. Good Stabling and an attentive Hostler.
January 11, 1866. 20-y

DUIGNAN'S
PRIVATE HOTEL, Sparks Street, Ottawa, C. W. A few gentlemen can obtain superior apartments.
Ottawa, Dec. 29, 1865. 3-y

THE RUSSELL HOUSE,
LATE CAMPBELL'S HOTEL, Ottawa, C. W. The undersigned, proprietor of the above-named Hotel, begs leave to acquaint his numerous friends and the travelling public, that he has re-painted and newly-furnished throughout this commodious establishment, in the management of which by strict attention to business and guests, he hopes to deserve encouragement and support.
JAMES E. GOUIN,
Lately, and for many years connected with Russell's Hotel, Pembroke Street, Quebec

THE ALBION HOTEL
NICHOLAS Street, Court-House Avenue, Ottawa, John Graham, Proprietor.
This House is conveniently situated, and still maintains its character as a FIRST-CLASS HOTEL. Considerable additions have recently been made to the premises, and it has been entirely repainted and renovated. No pains will be spared to accommodate and please.
OMNIBUSES to and from the cars and boats free of charge. There is a FIRST-CLASS LIVERY STABLE attached to the hotel.
Ottawa 1866 1-y

JOHN MALTMAN
LATE McADAM'S, Commercial Hotel, Packenham.
The above Hotel, one of the oldest and best known in Packenham, has been leased by the undersigned and thoroughly overhauled and refitted for the special accommodation of guests. THE TABLE AND BAR will at all times be furnished with the very best the market affords.
GOOD STABLING and a careful Hostler always in attendance.
JOHN MALTMAN.

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,
McKAVANAGH, Proprietor, Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington Streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government buildings.
The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.
Oysters, Game etc., daily

THE METROPOLITAN
Aumond's Block,
Rideau Street, Ottawa.
P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.
Ottawa, November 27. 242tf

THE REVERE HOUSE,
OTTAWA.
G. A. BUCKE, W. H. SANGER, ...PROPRIETORS.
THIS FIRST-CLASS HOTEL has been re-furnished and refitted throughout, and now combines all the requisites of a first-class establishment.
Ottawa, Nov. 6, 1867. 582tf

MISS LOVETT'S
PRIVATE HOTEL
HOLLIS STREET, HALIFAX, N. S.
STRANGERS will find this long established and well known house to be the most comfortable and well conducted in the city.
December 23, 1867. 622-6m

TO PARTIES ABOUT TO BUILD—
PLANS,
SPECIFICATIONS,
ESTIMATES, &
Prepared by
AUGUSTUS LAVER,
ARCHITECT
End Daly-st. Ottawa.
April 1.

DRUGGISTS.

Extensive Sale
—OF—
Drugs, Patent Medicines,
DYE STUFFS, &c.

THE Entire Stock of Drugs, &c., &c., saved from the late disastrous fire by Dr. J. GARVEY, is now offered FOR SALE at the Office of EDWARD BEARMAN, Esq., over COWAN'S HARDWARE STORE, Rideau-street.
Buyers are requested to call at once, as the entire stock must be disposed of.
J. GARVEY, M. D.
Ottawa, Feb. 18, 1868. 669tf

CAUTION.

THE Subscriber regrets the necessity for cautioning the public against imitations of his popular Pomades,
The Alexandra Cream
AND
The Canada Pomade
But having been informed that some unprincipled person has put up inferior articles, copying the labels word for word, and thereby greatly damaging the sale of the genuine articles, he is compelled to take this course in self-defence.
For the future every genuine pot will bear my written signature in RED INK, across the face of the label.
W. M. MASSEY,
Family and Dispensing Chemist,
Medical Hall, 28, Sparks-st.
Ottawa, Feb. 6, 1868. 472y

Spectacles for all Sights.

OPTICAL Instruments Electro-Magnetic and Galvanic Apparatus, Photographic Chemicals, &c.
W. HEARN,
Market Drug Store,
York-street.
637y

Apothecaries Hall!
No. 41, SUSSEX STREET,
G. MORTIMER, - - - PROPRIETOR
NONE OTHER GENUINE!
TRADE MARK IS REGISTERED

Canadian Cough Emulsion.

THIS Valuable Medicine has the extraordinary property of immediately relieving Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Difficulty of Breathing, Tightness in the Chest, &c., &c. It operates by dissolving the congealed phlegm, causing free expectoration, and an agreeable moistness of the skin. Prepared only by
GEORGE MORTIMER,
Chemist and Druggist, 41, Sussex Street, Ottawa City. Sold in bottles at 1s 3d and 2s 6d each.

MORTIMER'S
COMPOUND ANTIBILIOUS
AND FAMILY APERIENT PILLS.
A grand Specific for derangement of the digestive organs, and for obstructions and torpid action of the Liver and Bowels.
MORTIMER'S Vegetable WORM DESTROYER.
The only sure remedy that exists. Combining delicious taste with amazing power. Also
CAMPHORATED EYE-WATER,
Sure Cure for Sore, Weak and Inflamed Eyes.

MORTIMER'S
Colognes, Pomades, Toilet Vinegar, Rose Dentifrice, for the Teeth and Gums. Also constantly on hand, Perfumes of all kinds, and Toilet requisites usually kept in a first-class establishment.

FOUND,
A NEVER Failing Remedy for Coughs and Colds, Mortimer's Canadian Cough Emulsion. No family should be without a bottle. None genuine but from
G. MORTIMER,
Chemist, 41, Sussex-st.
The best of Certificates can be produced.
Ottawa, Nov. 22, 1867. 596-6m

OTTAWA
DRUG WAREHOUSE,
RIDEAU STREET
1866 SEEDS. SEEDS. 1866.
A LARGE STOCK OF FRESH GARDEN and FIELD SEEDS, just arrived and on Sale. All Seeds warranted Fresh.
A large importation of English and French PERFUMES will arrive next week.
FLORIDA WATER. SOZODONT.
HAIR BRUSHES. COMBS.
NAIL BRUSHES. CLOTHES BRUSHES,
&c., &c., &c
Just being opened up.
JOSEPH GARVEY, M.D.
P. S.—Advice to the poor gratis.
Ottawa, April 11. 97-y

DOMESTIC DYES.
THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT OF DYES in this city on sale at the
Ottawa Drug Warehouse.
A free Lot of Good, Cheap PERFUMES just received.
N. B.—Prescriptions carefully and promptly prepared.
J. GARVEY, M. D.
Ottawa, Feb. 12 1866 47-utf

PARLIAMENT
HAIRDRESSING SALOON!

E. MILES,
Hairdresser by Appointment to His Excellency the Governor-General,
HAS REMOVED HIS PARLIAMENT HAIR DRESSING SALOON from the old stand to his new and commodious room over the LONDON MUSIC STORE, on Elgin-st., opposite the Russell House, which he has fitted up in the most *recherche* style of the business, and where his Rotary Hair Brush, which he imported expressly for himself, being the first introduced into British America, will be kept ready for use. The saloon is delightfully ventilated, and very pleasantly situated.
Mr. MILES would take this opportunity of returning his most sincere thanks to his many friends and the public, for their kind and generous patronage to him, during a number of years, in his old establishment, and trusts that by unremitting attention to business, and in his new and first-class saloon, with polite and attentive workmen, to merit a continuance of their favors.
All kinds of Hair Watch Guards, Finger Rings, &c., manufactured to order. For the convenience of ladies orders will be received at the London Music store, where a fine and varied assortment of Hair-work will be found.
E. MILES,
Hair Dresser, by appointment, to his Excellency the Governor-General.
Ottawa, October 3 1867 553-39y

Piano Forte Tuition!
W. C. CLARK,
PROFESSOR OF MUSIC and Teacher of Piano, Voice and Harmony. Also, Mrs. Clark, Teacher of Drawing and Painting. Music Rooms and Residence, 69 Sparks-street, one door east of Toronto House.
Orders may be left a residence or at Orme & Mason's Music Store. 452y

GREAT CLEARING SALE
—OF—
Dry Goods and Ready-made Clothing,
—AT—
J. T. Prudhomme's Stores,
SUSSEX-STREET, FACING CLARENCE-STREET,
And at the Sign of the "Golden Lamb."

AS the Subscriber intends closing one of his Stores on the first day of December, he is determined to sell off at an immense reduction his stock of
DRY GOODS & READY-MADE CLOTHING
CONSISTING OF—

Beaver Cloths,	West of England Broad Cloths,	Col. and White Blankets
Pilot do	Black Cassimeres,	Horse Rugs,
Whitney do	Silk Mix Coatings,	Flannels,
Melton do	" " Trowsings,	Kerseys,
Sattinet do	Fancy Doeskins,	Winceys.

English, Scotch and Canadian Tweeds.

DRAWERS,	SHAWLS,	BUCK MITTS,
SHIRTS,	CLOAKINGS,	BUCK MOCASSINS,
WOOL CRAVATS,	DRESS GOODS,	WOOL SOCKS
SCARFS,	NECK TIES,	" MITTS,
NECK TIES,	PRINTS,	TRUNKS,
COLLARS,	COBOURGS,	VALISES

—ALSO, A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF—
Boots and Shoes, Teas, Soap, Candles and Wines
The whole to be disposed of before the 1st day of December. Call early and examine before purchasing elsewhere.
Ottawa, November 19, 1867. 593-3m

RELIANCE
MUTUAL LIFE ASSURANCE CO'Y.
ESTABLISHED 1840.
CHIEF OFFICE—71, King William-street, Mansion House, LONDON.

ACCUMULATED PREMIUMS OVER, - - - - $1,000,000.
ANNUAL INCOME OVER, - - - - - $300,000.

TRUSTEES.
The Right Rev the Bishop of Moray and Ross.
Viscount Kirkaldie — J R S Phillipps, Esq — Sir John T Tyrell, Bart
John Ledger, Esq — James Traill, Esq — W M Tufnell, Esq
DIRECTORS.
George Ashlin, Esq — John W Lay, Esq — Henry T Prinsep, Esq
W W Duffield, Esq — John Ledger, Esq — Major Skinner, R A
J W Egertongreen, Esq — J Oxlypartner, Esq — Charles H Smith, Esq
George T Harris, Esq — William Phelps, Esq — James Traill, Esq
John James, Esq — John Pike, Esq — W M Tufnell, Esq
Edward White, Esq
MEDICAL OFFICERS.
J W Ogle, Esq, M D — H I Smith, Esq, M D
BANKS.
Messrs William Deacon Co, Birchin Lane, Messrs Sparrow, Tufnell & Co, Chelmsford.
The London and County Bank.
SOLICITORS.
Messrs Hooke & Street, 27 Lincoln's Inn Fields. Messrs Gepp & Veley, Chelmsford.
EDWARD BUTLER, *Secretary.*

Canada Branch—Montreal.
BOARD OF DIRECTORS.
Walter Shanly, Esq, M P, Chairman.
Duncan Macdonald, Esq. — George Winks, Esq. — W H Hingston, Esq, M D, L R C S.
SOLICITORS—Messrs Rose & Ritchie. MEDICAL ADVISER—W H Hingston, Esq, M D.
The entire profits of this old and long established society belong to the policy holders, who are *protected* from all *liability* by the Deed of settlement.
Annuities and endowments granted on advantageous terms.
Advances made on approved security in connection with Life Policies.
Every information to be had on application to any of the Society's Agents in Canada, or to
T W GRIFFITH, *Manager and Secretary.*
Head Office for the Dominion of Canada—Corner St Francois Xavier-street, Montreal.
Agents wanted in unrepresented districts throughout Canada.
NEIL McKINNON, *Agent for Ottawa.*
589-6m

Etna Fire and Marine Insurance Co
The Number of Shareholders exceed Five Hundred.

Capital,.....$2,500,000.
Annual Income Nearly.....$1,000,000.

HEAD OFFICE—Upper Sackville-street, Dublin, Ireland; CHIEF OFFICE, ENGLAND—17 and 18 Corn Hill, London; CHIEF OFFICE, SCOTLAND—98 George-st., Edinburgh

DIRECTORS.
John Obins Woodhouse, Esq, 82 Pembroke Road, Dublin; Omeath Park, Co Louth; Portadown, Co Armagh; Kerry Keel, Co Armagh and Down—Chairman.
Robert Craven Wade, Esq, Conebraney, Crosskeale, Co Meath, and Sackville Street Club, Dublin, J P for Counties Meath and Wicklow—Director Scottish Amicable Life Office.
Charles Going Malone, Esq, Merchant, Stephen-street and George-street, Dublin; Churchtown Lodge, Dundrom, Co Dublin—Director Commercial Gas Company.
John William Gregg, Esq, Alderman, Merchant, 18 Upper Sackville-street, Dublin—Vice Chairman.
Irwine Smith Whitty, Esq, 6 Wellington Road, Dublin—Director Government Prisons.
Barnard Coyne, Esq, 27 Waterloo Road, Dublin, J P, Co Mayo.
Jeffry Martin, Esq, 2 Clarinda Park, East Kingstown, Dublin, and Curraghmore, Ballisrobe, Co Mayo, J P for Co Mayo.
Robert Conway Hurly, Esq, Bridge House and Glenduff, Tralee; J P for Co Kerry.
David Richardson Goodlatte, Esq Merchant.
FEATURES.
A division of profits every three years to holders of policies who have no losses.
MODERATE PREMIUMS.
The company do not advocate high premiums, but rates will be charged according as the nature of the risk. Losses will be promptly and fairly met on adjustment. Losses by lightning and loss or damage by explosion of gas within the premises insured made good.
JOHN INNIS, ESQ, Manager.
N B—The above company have invested in Canadian Government Bonds, in conformity with the Provincial Act, and have obtained the license of the Minister of Finance to do business in Canada, and are now prepared to take risks.
T. W. GRIFFITH, Manager for Canada.
Head Office for the Dominion—Corner of St Francois Xavier and St Sacrament-streets, Montreal.
Agents wanted in unrepresented districts throughout Canada.
589-6m NEIL McKINNON, Agent for Ottawa.

STOVES. STOVES. STOVES.
STOVES. STOVES. STOVES.
STOVES. STOVES. STOVES.
"CAPITAL" 35, H.
STOVE SUSSEX MEADOWS
DEPOT! St. & CO.

WE have received our fall and Winter Stock of STOVES, STOVE PIPES, ELBOWS, DUMB STOVES, TINWARE and LUMBERMEN'S SUPPLIES, which we offer Wholesale or Retail at low prices. In Cooking, Parlor, Box and Hall Stoves, for wood or coal, we have the largest and most varied assortment ever shown in Ottawa.

COOKING STOVES.	COOKING STOVES.	COOKING STOVES.
COOKING STOVES.	COOKING STOVES.	COOKING STOVES
COOKING STOVES.	COOKING STOVES.	COOKING STOVES.

Our stock of the above comprises the latest improvements in both ELEVATED and LOW OVEN STOVES.

BOX AND HALL STOVES.	BOX AND HALL STOVES.
BOX AND HALL STOVES.	BOX AND HALL STOVES.
BOX AND HALL STOVES.	BOX AND HALL STOVES.

Suitable for private Dwellings and Churches, Warehouses and Stoves.

PARLOR STOVES.	PARLOR STOVES.	PARLOR STOVES.
PARLOR STOVES.	PARLOR STOVES	PARLOR STOVES.
PAR TOVES.	PARLOR STOVES.	PARLOR STOVES.

New and most beautiful designs, very cheap.
COAL STOVES. PARLOR GRATES.
Hot Air Furnaces.
We still continue to manufacture every description of TIN, SHEET IRON, and COPPER WARE, RUSSIA IRON PIPE, and DUMB STOVES. Also all kinds of out-door Job Work in our line attended to by competent and experienced Mechanics. Country Merchants supplied with Stovepipes, &c., at reduced rates.
Lumbermen's Supplies! Lumbermen's Supplies! Shanty Plates! Basins! Camp Kettles, &c. HOUSEFURNISHING GOODS!
Bird Cages! Bird Cages! Bird Cages!
Price Lists sent free on application.
Any part of a Stove sold by us can be replaced when broken or burnt out, a fact intending buyers would do well to note.
An inspection of the above goods invited at the
"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,
35, SUSSEX STREET.
H. MEADOWS & CO.
Ottawa, October 2, 1867. 62-y

INSURANCE.

INTERCOLONIAL
ASSURANCE CO'Y.
OF CANADA.
Capital - - - $500,000.
With power to increase the same.
SHARES, - - $100 EACH.
PROVISIONAL DIRECTORS:
H. O. Burritt, Esq., President; R. Lyon, Esq Mayor of Ottawa, Vice-President; T. D. Harington, Dy. Receiver General; the Hon. J. Skead, J. M. Currier, M. P., D. McLaughlin, M.P., W. Wade, Esq., F. Jones, M.P., W. Ellis, Esq., W. H. Brouse, M.D. Joseph Aumond, Esq., M. K. Church, M.D., and J. M. Bates.
THIS is purely a Canadian Institution, and as such is deserving of the support of the Canadian public.
An Act for the Incorporation of this Company is now before the Parliament of the Dominion.
Over $100,000 of stock is already subscribed and it is the intention to deposit with the Government as a guarantee of our good faith, at least $50,000 as soon as an Act of Incorporation is procured (which will be a provision of our Incorporation.) It is unnecessary here to dilate upon the profits of money invested in Insurance Stock. Suffice it to say, that, at least in one instance 335 per cent advance has been obtained on insurance stock, and that after the payment of princely dividends. In the meantime Subscriptions to Stock, in Ottawa may be made at the Ontario and Royal Canadian Banks, and a deposit of 10 per cent is requisite which will be deposited In Trust to be returned in case any subscriber is not satisfied with his investment up to one month after the Vice-Regal sanction to the Charter is obtained.
J. M. BATES,
Pro. Manager and Secretary.
Ottawa, Nov. 21, 1867. 595tf

CITY OF GLASGOW
Life Assurance Company
ESTABLISHED 1838.
CAPITAL, £600,000 Stg.
ANNUAL REVENUE OVER £120,000 STG.
THIS COMPANY OFFERS TO THE public the combined advantage of perfect security, moderate premiums and liberal participation in profits. No extra charge for Volunteers in defence of the country.
RINTOUL BROS., Montreal, General Agents for Canada.
NEIL McKINNON, Agent,
Sparks-street, Ottawa.
Ottawa March 25. 391y

Ætna Life Insurance Company.
ESTABLISHED, A. D. 1820.
Capital and Assets, 1st Jan., 1867, $4,401,833.86
THIS MOST SUCCESSFUL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY divides the *whole* of the Profits, every year, among the insured, reducing the cost to about one-half the figures usually charged.
For instance, the annual payment, at the age of 30, in most Companies, to insure $2000 is, with profits, about $50, and without profits.....$43.90
In the Ætna, $2000, to a person 30 years of age, costs the first year..... 25.31
And each subsequent year..... 26.74
Which payment is subject to further reduction as the business of the Company increases.
Endowment policies on equally favorable terms.
The fact that the Ætna has, during the past 12 months, insured over 14,000 persons, from among the best business men of the Continent, is the best possible testimonial to the soundness of the Company, and the excellence of its method of doing business.
J. GARVEY, ESQ., M. D.,
Medical Referee.
S. PEDLAR & CO., Montreal.
Ottawa, March 13. 581y

BRITISH AMERICA
Assurance Company!
FIRE AND MARINE.
ESTABLISHED 1830.
R. S. Cassels, Esq.....Consulting Director
THE ABOVE FIRST-CLASS COMPANY is prepared to insure all descriptions of property against loss or damage by fire.
HERRICK, BRUSH & CO.,
AGENTS,
Aumond's Buildings.
Ottawa, January 4, 1867. 323y

Land for Sale.
$50 ACRES OF LAND, situated within two to eight miles of the city. Apply to JOHN W. McGUIRE, Lot 25, 2nd Concession, Ottawa Front, Gloucester. 546-6m

To Sell or Let---Rare Opening,
TERMS MODERATE.
FINE STONE DWELLING HOUSES, Photographic Chambers, and other Cut Stone Premises, well arranged and eligibly situated for commercial business.
Apply to JOHN MACAULEY, Chaudiere, Ottawa; or E. McGILLIVRAY, J. B. TACKABERRY, or H. McLEAN, Auctioneer, Ottawa.
January 8, 1867. 585-6m

Furniture! Furniture! Furniture!
AT THE
VARIETY HALL,
34, Sussex-st.
A MOST Complete Stock of Black Walnut and other Furniture, in Cane and Hair Seated Chairs, Tete-a-Tetes, Sofas, Extension Dining Tables, Centre Tables, Sideboards, Chiffoniers, Wardrobes, Bureaus, Bedsteads, Washstands and Toilet Tables. Also, Hair, Excelsior and Sea Grass Mattresses, of all sizes, Gilt Mirrors, Toilet and other Looking Glasses, Table Cutlery of all kinds, Brushes, Brooms, and Wooden Ware of various descriptions, Table and Floor Mats, Solled Linen Baskets, a beautiful article, Rocking Horses, Children's Sleighs, and the best assorted stock of Crockery, China and Glassware in the Dominion. This stock being all purchased to the best advantage will consequently be sold cheap.
Crockery, China, Glassware, Stoves and Furniture rented to private or public parties at a reasonable rate.
JOSEPH BOYDEN,
General Agent.
429y

THE CAPITAL
Boot and Shoe Store!

South Side of York-street, Lower Ottawa
A LARGE SUPPLY of HAND-MADE KIPP BOOTS and SHOES of the VERY BEST QUALITY on hand.
Lumbermen who are anxious to furnish workmen with GOOD FEET WARE, will be enabled to do so by calling at the CAPITAL for their supplies.
I am selling off the balance of the Winter Stock of READYMADE WORK at REDUCED PRICES, which consists of Ladies' Misses' and Children's BALMORALS, CONGRESS GAITERS, RUBBERS and OVERSHOES, and Men's and Boys' Boots in CALF SKIN, KIPP and COW HIDE.
Orders and Measures taken for all sorts of Work.
GEORGE MURPHY.
Ottawa Jan. 31, 1868. 429-y

APPLICATION will be made during the present session of the Parliament of Canada for an Act to incorporate the "British and Canadian Bank."
February 14, 1868. 666-2m

K. ARNOLDI,
WINE & SPIRIT MERCHANT,
METCALFE-STREET,
Telegraph Company's Building, Ottawa.
RECOMMENDS and Guarantees with confidence the following Wines:—
PORTS—Graham's, Sandeman's, Forrester's, Masden's, &c.:

		Per Gall.	Per Doz
No. 1	Good round Wine	$2 00	$6 00
" 2	" "	3 00	8 75
" 3	Old	3 50	10 00
" 4	Superior old	4 50	12 50
" 5	Very fine old	5 75	15 50

SHERRY WINE—Dominic's, Capdepone, Pemartin's, Cramp Suter's, &c.:

No. 1	Light table Wine	$2 00	6 00
" 2	Superior do	3 00	8 75
" 3	Very choice	3 50	10 00
" 4	Very Superior	4 50	12 50
" 5	Very fine	5 50	15 00

Marsala Wine,
$1.30 per Gallon; $4.50 per Dozen.
Especial attention called to the above Wine. Far superior to all common sherries, its chief recommendation is that it agrees perfectly well with persons who cannot take those wines, even of a high class. It is soft and old, free from heat, or the slightest approach to acidity, while its very moderate price recommends it for all large entertainments, as well as for the luncheon, dinner and supper table. It has met with the highest approval from the medical gentlemen of this city.
Also, in wood or bottle, old and new Brandies, Rums, Gins, Old Tom Gins, Irish, Scotch, and Canadian Whiskeys of Standard Brands.
Clarets, Champagnes, Hocks, Carascas, Marachino, Chartreuse, Royal Italian Bitters, &c., in great variety.
Bibberts' and Guiness' Porter, Bass' and Allsopp's Ales, quarts and pints. Canadian Ale of Superior Quality, in Wood and Bottle.
Goods most confidently recommended, and may be as implicitly relied upon for perfect purity as if purchased in the largest wholesale establishment in the country.
Orders by mail with cash or city reference solicited and promptly attended to. No charge for delivery in the city. A discount to persons buying in quantity or by the original package. Inspection invited.
Price Lists, and every information, on application, or sent to any address.
WINE VAULTS AND OFFICE,
No. 11, Metcalfe-street,
Telegraph Co.'s Building, Ottawa.
January 27, 1868. 535y

FOR SALE
BY THE SUBSCRIBERS,
New Egyptian Dates,
Oranges, Lemons,
Grapes, Turkey Figs,
West End Raisins,
Dundee Marmalade,
Jams and Jellies,
Tomatoes in tins,
Peaches, "
Sweet Corn "
Lima Beans.
OYSTERS & HADDIES!
RECEIVED WEEKLY.
DALGLISH & RUSSELL,
Upper Town.
Ottawa, Jan. 28, 1868. 651y

SMITH & RODNEY
MERCHANT TAILORS and General Outfitters, Elgin-street, opposite the Russell House, and second door from the London Music Store, having just received a choice stock of
English, French and Canadian
CLOTHS and TWEEDS,
And a general assortment of gentlemen's furnishing goods, would intimate to their friends and the public generally that they are prepared to execute all orders in their line at the shortest notice, in the most approved styles and at prices that we defy competition.
Ottawa Oct. 1, 1867. 551tf

ROANOKE
Tobacco Company,
DANVILLE, VIRGINIA.
THIS Company having established at Montreal their General Agency for the Dominion of Canada, is now prepared to offer to the public an article in
SMOKING TOBACCO!
Superior to anything of the kind ever imported into the country, and pledge their long established character that the article now offered is the pure leaf from the
Virgin Hill Tops of Virginia.
The different brands and prices are as follows viz:
The "Prince of Wales," in 1 & 2 lb bls $1.00 per lb
" "Dominion Favorite" 1 & ½ " " 0 75 "
" "Navy," 1 & 2 " " 0.65 "
The prices are NET CASH in Montreal, and orders accompanied by remittance for 5 lbs and upwards will receive prompt attention. The tobacco will be forwarded to any address, by express or otherwise, as parties may direct.
Please address
F. W. HENSHAW,
Gen. gent Dominion of Canada,
10 St. Sacrament-st.,
Montreal.
Montreal, Dec. 4, 1867. 607-4m

SNOW'S
Celebrated Fever Remedy.
A Sure and Certain Cure for Fever—Continued, Remittent, Intermittent, Typhoid, and Fever arising from Ordinary Colds.
THIS REMEDY has been used in

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

On no occasion will the names of Old Advertisements be inserted here.

To Saw Mill Owners, &c—W. L. Kinmond & Co.
Mortgage Sale—Mosgrove & Taillon.
House to Let—F. Braun.
Pain Killer—Perry Davis & Son.
Tenders for Printing—W. P. Lett.

The Ottawa Times

City and County Official Paper.

FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 28, 1868.

The Privy Council sat from two till six yesterday afternoon. All the Ministers were present except the Hon. Mr. Howland.

The Hon. Mr. Howland was expected in town to-day, but in consequence of the temporary stoppage of travel, by the recent snow storm, he may not be here for a day or two.

For the information of our sporting friends we publish the new Game Law of the Province of Quebec. It will be noticed that there is a very great difference between the close time in Ontario and Quebec for deer hunting. In the former it begins on the 1st of December; in the latter on the 1st of February.

The elevation of the Hon. Benjamin D'Israeli to the Premiership of England, is an event in his career, for which he has long struggled, but to which few, perhaps, believed he would ever attain. That he has fairly and laboriously earned it, no one will deny, and even those who do not like his politics, nor sympathise with his statesmanship, will be willing to admit that it is only a fair reward for his long public services in educating "the Country Party" up to the general standard of home politics. Some of the remarks of the English press elsewhere reported, as telegraphed to the New York *Herald*, are, however, utterly unwarranted by the circumstances. Mr. D'Israeli is as far from being the first, as we hope he may be from being the last, of those great men who in England have risen "from the ranks," and to talk of the venerable Derby's retirement as the end of a long line of "class" or "aristocratic" statesmen is mere Radical bosh. The aristocracy in England have had to earn their spurs before they wore them, and they will continue to do so in the future as in the past. When has England seen a generation pass away under Constitutional Government without some "great Commoner" reaching the top of the ladder? We are glad to see that the much abused "Dizzie" is one among the number, and one who will not occupy the least prominent part in the history of his country. But we protest against his elevation being accounted "a great step in the march of popular government"; it is only one of a series of consequences of that form of "popular government" which is the only one known to Englishmen in this generation; and which yet needs some theoretical and many practical "reforms" to bring it up to the present standard of political knowledge in the United Kingdom.

Some adventurous youths, to the number of 135, from the Sister Province of Quebec, having embarked on a voyage to "Sunny Italy" for the purpose of joining the Papal Zouaves, among whom are said to be several Military Cadets, or graduates of the Canadian Military Schools, some of our contemporaries are making a demand for a "refund" on account of the military education they have received in this country. Is the ground of that demand tenable? Are not Canadians free to go out of the country, or stay in it, as best may suit their fancy? And if they choose to emigrate, what is it to us, whether they embark in military or civil life elsewhere? If the rule were admitted in their case, must it not, in common fairness, be applied in the case of all others, who, after having enjoyed the advantage of the excellent public educational and other institutions of the country, have transferred themselves to a foreign land to benefit it by their talent and industry? Does the military education imparted at the public expense involve the condition of residence for life within the country where it is acquired? Canadians are educated in the country in the hope that they may grow up and become useful citizens; but we know of no law requiring them to reimburse the State for such education, if in their own good, or bad, judgment, they may see fit to leave it. Many Canadians took with them the military experience gathered in their own country, and devoted it to the service of either one of the contestants in the late American war; many more acquired a military education, such as it is, in that war, and are now willing, if need be, to apply it for the benefit of Canada. But who talks of compensation, or a refund in either case? And, if we mistake not, some martial "Canucks" even ventured to take a share in the Mexican embroglio, yet nobody asked them to "send back the money."

The New York *World*, from official returns, endeavors to prove that the aggregate annual income of the people of the United States is greater than that of the people of Great Britain. It sets down the private annual income represented by tax payments in Great Britain at about $900,000,000; that in the United States at about $800,000,000, and to establish the increased taxable income in the United States it allows fifty per cent. for frauds, while in Britain it only allows twenty-five per cent., making the income (taxable) of the former a billion and a fifth against a billion to the latter. It then assumes what is, no doubt, equally true, that the incomes of "the middle classes"—incomes ranging from $500 to $1,000—are much more numerous in the United States than in Britain, and thus to its own satisfaction arrives at the conclusion that both in taxable and non-taxable income, the people of the United States are much ahead of the British.

Perhaps the tendency to fraud in the United States is as two to one in Great Britain; or, perhaps, which is more likely, the machinery for the collection of the income tax is more perfectly arranged in the latter country than in the former. But the *World's* statement shows a "greenback" income against a gold one, a difference of nearly thirty percent. in favor of the latter, which it omits altogether from its calculation, and which if taken into account, even allowing the Americans the benefit of the fifty per cent. fraud, and the British twenty-five, would give the latter the preponderance of taxable income.

But any comparative statement of the actual amount of the annual incomes of the people of each country is practically valueless as an index to the state of prosperity prevailing therein, unless the difference in the purchasing power of money is taken into the account. A comparison between the prices of the necessaries of life, such as house rent, fuel, food and raiment, would show that the $500 in America was really worth a great deal less than the £100 in Great Britain. It is in the diffusion of income, and in that only, that our neighbors have the advantage over Great Britain—in actual volume it would appear to be rather less than more, while in purchasing power, it is undoubtedly much less. But by the absence of the centralization of wealth—that wealth still existing—the social benefits it confers are undoubtedly much enhanced, and in this respect we believe it may be conceded that the mass of the United States people have the advantage over the mass of the English working classes, though not by any means to the extent which some of the English panegyrists of America pretend. And even as respects the working classes—those below the very low "middle class" scale alluded to by our New York *confrere*, their condition is being gradually and in many ways improved. If on the one hand the "Trades' Unions" have been working mischief, on the other the "co-operative" principle has been making vast strides within the past twenty years, and intelligent, sober and industrious artizans have as a general rule no great difficulty in steadily, even if slowly, improving their position, side by side with "the bloated aristocracy" of the land.

The New York *Tribune* says "Impeachment is peace," which may be interpreted to mean that if the Radicals cannot get rid of the President constitutionally, they will fight for his deposition.

The snow blockade continues. Yesterday the western mails did not arrive, and that from the east also "failed to connect."

A newspaper correspondent writing from Berlin, after giving an account of the destitution in several parts of Prussia, says:

"Hard times do not alone affect the working people in the provinces. In the capital itself very many are out of employment, and as a consequence the long-boasted security of respectable quarters after nightfall has become a thing of the past. Crossing the Thiergarten strasse a few evenings since to make a short cut homeward, I was asked by one of two lads parleying by the lamp post if I was going through the park. 'Yes;' and suiting the action to the word I started down the path through the wood at my best four mile gait. Pretty soon one of the youngsters, a stripling of fourteen, overtook me. To the question why he had left his friend, he replied, 'He has his watch with him, and is afraid to venture it.' 'What, at this early hour?' It was about eight, and straggling lamps cheered up the road a little. 'Oh yes, sir! scarcely any of our relations go through the *Thiergarten* after dark, so many people have been robbed lately.' I confess to a dislike for doing it myself, not so much from the reason given by my companion as from fear of seeing some poor wretch dangling from a tree by the walk; for there seems to be almost a mania among despairing and impoverished mechanics for thus taking themselves out of the world, and settling at one and the same time the debt of nature and all mundane accounts."

For superb specimens of the "highfalutin" commend us to the Washington correspondents during these exciting days of snow storms and impeachment. Just hear the *Tribune* man describe—well, we don't know what, but read, and perhaps you will understand:

"Justice walked among all Radicals, black and white, in the Capitol, and bore a naked and sharp sword in her hand, and was inexorable of purpose, and grave. Quietly the great multitude emptied out of the House wing into the open air. A great snow was falling. The North was here with its climate. It was in the Capitol with its politics—in all the Government with its politics—in all the South henceforward with its politics, to the salvation and perfection of the republic and the good of the world."

NOVA SCOTIA RELIEF FUND

I beg to acknowledge the receipt of thirty dollars from Thomas Hunton, Esq., being the amount collected in the Wesleyan Methodist Church on Sunday last, in aid of the distressed Fishermen of Nova Scotia. I also beg to acknowledge the receipt of two dollars from Ald. Goulden, being a further sum collected by him in Ottawa Ward from John Donoven and Laurent Duhaniel, each having paid $1.

J. Fraser,
Treasurer N.S.F.R.F.

Ottawa, Feb. 27, 1868.

CITY COUNCIL.

City Hall, Feb. 27, 1868.

A special meeting of the City Council—called by His Worship the Mayor upon a requisition—took place yesterday evening, for the purpose of considering by-laws to regulate the measurement of cordwood; to prevent the spread of contagious diseases; and to amend fire regulation by-law No. 252; also, to receive reports from the Printing Committee and the Special Committee on City Hall repairs.

Present—His Worship the Mayor; Ald. Cunningham, Hunter, Bangs, Robinson, Featherston, Guerard, Goulden, Mosgrove.

A report was presented by Ald. Hunter, Chairman of the Committee on City Hall repairs, enumerating the repairs under progress in the City Hall and the new room for the Police Court, the cost of the former being $435 and for the latter $250. The report was received and adopted.

A report from the Printing Committee was presented by Ald. Hunter, Chairman, asking permission to advertise for tenders for printing, to open the same, and report at the next meeting of the City Council. Report received and adopted.

A by-law was then introduced by Ald. Hunter, to regulate the measurement of cordwood, which was read a first time clause by clause. This by-law places the wood market on both sides of part of York-st., commencing at Dalhousie-st. It also appoints the Market Lessee Wood Inspector, and fixes a small fee for the inspection, measurement of wood, and the granting of ticket specifying quality and quantity. It was then ordered that 200 copies of the by-law be printed for the use of members of the council.

A by-law to amend the eleventh section of By-law No. 252, respecting accidents by fire, by regulating the fees to be paid for the sweeping of chimneys, and the times at which they shall be swept. Referred to Fire Committee.

A By-law to provide for the health of the city of Ottawa, and against the spreading of contagious or infectious diseases, was introduced by Ald. Featherston and read a first time. It contains thirty-nine sections of the most salutary nature, and will, when passed finally, be a most necessary and useful addition to the civic legislation of Ottawa. Two hundred copies were ordered to be printed.

Ald. Featherston, in whose charge this By-law has been, deserves great credit for his exertions in the matter.

LOCAL NEWS.

1,000 Comet Burners just received by Esmonde Bros., 43 Sparks-st., next door to the Hoop Skirt Factory. N.B.—75 boxes Canada plate for sale.

Skiff & Gaylord's Minstrels.—This troupe played to a good house at the Theatre last evening, and the audience seemed very well pleased. The Theatre was very warm and comfortable.

Ottawa Natural History Society.—The regular monthly meeting takes place this evening at Webster's Hall, at half-past seven o'clock, when a paper entitled "The last great act of a grand drama" will be read by Lieut.-Col. Wily.

The Dominion House, Wellington Street.—This house has been thoroughly renovated and fitted up. Good table and choice liquors. Fine yard and stabling. Oysters and meals at all hours. Colin McLaurin and Geo. Irvine, Proprietors. 666-b.

The Penny Readings.—The popular readings came off as usual last evening, and though there was no music, the attention of a highly respectable audience was kept enchained by the readers from first to last. The great success of these readings is truly astonishing.

The Weather.—A light snow storm set in yesterday early in the morning, and continued without intermission throughout the day, otherwise the elemental disturbance predicted to take place, did not to our knowledge, come off. Perhaps, however, the prediction did not refer to this locality.

Young and Radford have the largest, best, and cheapest stock of watches to be found in Ottawa. They have also on hand a very choice and varied assortment of Electro-plated ware, and Fancy Goods. They do all kinds of repairing and jewellery jobbing in first-class style. 656-y.

The New Upper Town Bell.—The new fire bell just put up in Upper Town was to have been *tried* to-day, but the fire in Sussex-st. yesterday morning furnished it with an opportunity to wag its iron tongue, when it gave satisfactory evidence of its ability to wake up the people in that neighborhood when its notes of alarm is required.

Police Court.—Mary Ann Thompson, an old acquaintance at the police court, was brought up on a charge of wandering about without a home or visible means of obtaining a livelihood. For a long time, that is since the Recorder's Court, Mary Ann has contrived to keep out of jail, but for years before she was seldom out more than three weeks at the furthest. His Worship committed her for three weeks.

Weather Table.—Noted by Wm. Hearn, Optician and Druggist, Market Drug Store, York-st.

Ottawa, Feb. 27, 1868.

Greatest degree of cold registered during the previous night 5 above zero.

8 a.m., 20 above "
1 p.m., 25 above "
6 p.m., 22 "

The Police Papers.—We are pleased to observe the stand which some of our newsdealers have taken in refusing to issue copies of the police papers. This determination to take the "right course" is indeed most laudable, but loses its appearance of devotion to the cause of public morality, when we know that an order, the violation of which subjects the offender to a serious penalty, has been issued, prohibiting the importation or sale of the *Police Gazette* and *Police News*, and that this order was issued before these "good resolutions" were ostentatiously paraded before the public yesterday morning.

Fire Yesterday Morning.—At half-past seven a. m., a fire broke out in the cellar of Mr. Martin Sparrow's grocery, Sussex-st. There was a considerable quantity of wines and liquors in the place, which were destroyed. The firemen turned out in force, and by their great efforts confined the fire to the building, and almost to the cellar. The floor of the store was burned through, but the goods were all removed before that happened. The loss is estimated at about $1,000 worth of stock, on which there was an insurance of $1,000 in the Queen. The building belongs to the Bishop, and is insured in the Royal for $1,600, which amply covers the damage done to it. The origin of the fire is unknown.

THE ACCESSION OF D'ISRAELI TO THE PREMIERSHIP.

Excitement in Political Circles.

Opinions of the Press.

New York, Feb. 27.—The *Herald's* London special says the resignation of Earl Derby and the accession of D'Israeli to the Premiership with the Cabinet changes likely to ensue, engage the attention of the clubs, the extra Parliamentary political circles, and the people to an extent scarcely equalled in the history of any of the previous official crises of the country. The Queen's request to D'Israeli to form a Cabinet, and his acceptance, are regarded as an acknowledgment that the aristocracy and Conservative party generally failed to present a man of sufficient popularity, or perhaps talent, for the post, and hence the entrusting of the great seal to the Chancellor of the Exchequer is viewed as a great step in the march towards popular Government. For henceforth the Premiership will be looked upon as the legitimate reward of public leaders exhibiting perseverance, tact, and a ready application of the powers of oratory and debate; so as to combine and utilize a great force in the House of Commons like Mr. D'Israeli. The people are taken by his success. The politicians call to mind that thirty years ago Lord Melbourne, who then controlled a powerful party, noticed D'Israeli's exertions, and inquired of him what official position he intended to achieve. To which he replied, "I mean to be Prime Minister of England." The Cabinet change and Ministerial prospects are discussed at length in the city papers; all speak in the highest terms of praise of the talents of the new Minister.

The *Times* says he is the first man in power in England, who obtained such office solely by the exhibition of personal ability in Parliament and the Cabinet, despite birth and education.

The *Standard* says his attainment of office exhibits the greatest feat of political generalship to be found in the history of England.

The *News* says with Derby's resignation terminates a line of class statesmen which cannot be revived in the Kingdom.

The *Advertiser* says D'Israeli must make up his mind to do Parliamentary battle for his post, and face the probability of defeat. He will, it adds, have no quarter from the Whigs or Tories, as both parties hate him, but as head of the Cabinet he will enjoy fair play at the hands of the people, if he stands forth boldly and avows a line of policy distinctive from the course of either.

How to Make Money.—A horse dealer residing in the vicinity of Keyport, N. J., and who buys up horses for the New York market, purchases Darley's Arabian Heave Remedy by the dozen and feeds it to his horses; he says it is superior to anything that he has ever used as a condition medicine, that the horses are so much more improved by its use as to sell more readily and command higher prices. Two other horse dealers, one residing at Huntingdon, the other at Glen Cove, L. I., also purchase it by the dozen and for the same purpose; these men, as well as many others similarly engaged, know too well the value and importance of this medicine ever to be without it.

Remember the name, and see that the signature of *Hurd & Co. is on each package.*

Northrup & Lyman, Newcastle, C. W., proprietors for the Canadas. Sold by all medicine dealers.

CABLE NEWS.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

Great Mass Meeting of Liberals in London.

Discussion on the "Alabama" Claims.

London, Feb. 26.—A great meeting of the friends of the United States was held to-night at St. James' Hall. John Bright was President. A number of prominent members of the Liberal party were present on the platform. In the course of the evening Mr. Bright made a powerful speech, arousing the sympathy of the audience to their conduct in the war of the rebellion. Rev. Newman Hall followed with an address, in which he presented with ability the American side of the *Alabama* controversy, and pressed his views with an eloquence which carried the vast assemblage entirely with him. The meeting was very enthusiastic, and broke up with repeated cheers for America.

THIS MORNING'S DESPATCHES.

London, Feb. 27.—The Government has decided to withdraw the remaining suits against the Irishmen who walked in the mock funeral processions.

Mr. D'Israeli has gone to Osborne, where the Queen is expected.

Both Houses of Parliament will adjourn for a week, to await the reconstruction of the Cabinet.

The London *Times* says the American Minister who will succeed Mr. Adams could not have an easier or more gracious task than the settlement of the questions which have arisen concerning the rights of naturalized citizens.

The House of Lords passed a bill renewing the suspension of the writ of *Habeas Corpus* in Ireland.

It is thought the appointment of Sir Hugh Cairns, as Lord Chancellor, will defeat all the hopes of effecting a reform in the Irish Church.

Berlin, Feb. 27.—The obligations of the new treaty between the North German Confederation and the United States, are to apply reciprocally to Germans and Americans. All the previous engagements between the two countries in regard to extradition are retained by one of its provisions. The treaty is made terminable at the end of ten years.

London, Feb. 27—Eve.—Warwick Assizes opened to-day. Justice Smith delivered a strong charge to the jury, in which he particularly specified the offences charged against Burke and other Fenian prisoners, and declared that this was the proper Court for the trial of those men, the alleged offences having been committed in Birmingham.

The Bow-st. magistrates refuse to issue a warrant for the arrest of Eyre, ex-Governor of Jamaica, on a charge of murder.

It is thought in some quarters that G. W. Hunt, now under Secretary of the Treasury, will be appointed Chancellor of the Exchequer.

Dublin, Feb. 27.—The Assizes at Sligo opened to-day. The day for the trial of Gen. Nagle has not yet been fixed. Train was present at the commencement of the proceedings.

London, Feb. 27—Eve.—Sir William Page Wood, now Vice-Chancellor, will probably succeed Sir Hugh Cairns as Lord Justice of Appeal. It is said that Mr. Spencer and H. Walpole will retire.

AMERICAN NEWS.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

The Impeachment Articles Drawn Up.

New York, Feb. 27.—The *Herald's* special says the labors of the committee to draw up the impeachment articles was finished this evening. It is said there will be six specific charges presented. The articles of impeachment have not yet been voted on by the committee. This final action is expected to be taken up to-morrow.

Examination of Gens. Wallace and Thomas.

Generals Emory Wallace and L. Thomas were examined in relation to the supposed intention of using the military force of the Government in the removal of Stanton.

The "World" thinks the Impeachment Trial will be Postponed.

The *World's* special says there is a probability that the impeachment trial will be postponed until after the Presidential election.

THIS MORNING'S DESPATCHES.

The Impeachment Feeling in the Legislature of San Francisco.

San Francisco, Feb. 26.—In the Legislature yesterday the assembly adopted resolutions approving of the action of President Johnson, and censuring Congress for the course it has pursued.

Fenian Excitement at Victoria.

Considerable excitement exists at Victoria, from the reports that the Fenians intend to make a raid on British Columbia. Admiral Hastings has deemed it prudent to take immediate precautionary steps. The banking houses are also active in securing themselves against the threatening danger.

Starch Factory Burned.

Madison, Ind., Feb. 27.—The main buildings of the Madison Pearl Starch Factory was burned last night. Loss $40,000.

A Loan to the Spanish Government.

New York, Feb. 27.—The *Herald's* Havana special says that the German Mercantile House of Kobbe, Lubin, & Co., are acting as the agents of strong London bankers, insuring a treaty to loan the Spanish Government twenty millions for account of the Island of Cuba. The loan to be secured by a lien on the revenues of the Island.

Cholera in Buenos Ayres—5,000 persons die in 40 days.

The *World's* Buenos Ayres letter, Jan. 13th, says some of the chief judges and lawyers and many of the principal merchants of the city, have been victims of the cholera. The pestilence carried off, in Buenos Ayres, in 40 days, 5,000 persons. All work is suspended, and those who depend for food on their daily labor suffer. Carts enough to convey the dead cannot be found, nor men to dig the graves. The churches are taken for hospitals, and many are unable to be conveyed to them, and die alone in their houses.

The Impeachment Articles.

Washington, Feb. 27.—The House Committee, appointed to prepare the articles of impeachment, expect to report in time to be ready for the Senate by next Monday.

Gen. Thomas enters a suit against Stanton, with damages at $150,000.

Gen. Thomas, to-day, caused the papers to be made out in the Supreme Court of this District, entering a suit against Secretary Stanton for damages, in the sum of $150,000, for false imprisonment and arrest, and malicious prosecution. His counsel, it is said, intend to press the case as fast as possible, and they hope to give Mr. Stanton considerable trouble yet. The case will come up for trial at the ensuing term of the Circuit Court.

Gen. Thomas to be Court Martialed.

The friends of Mr. Stanton intimate that he will order a court martial for the purpose of trying Gen. Thomas, for refusing to obey his orders a few days ago.

Cotton no Longer King.—Cotton goods are now nearly as cheap as before the American war. Garland, Mutchmor & Co. have lately received a few bales of gray and white cottons, shirtings and prints, purchased since the great fall in prices. Parties requiring any description of dry goods would do well to see their stock before purchasing. 582-y

Young and Radford's stock of watches clocks, jewellery, fancy goods and electro-plated ware are worthy of inspection. All goods will be sold cheap. Give them a call. Remember the place, 30 Sparks-st. 597a.

The Lumber Trade.—We cannot deny that we are suffering severely in our lumber regions for want of a market for our coarse lumber. The Americans on account of their troubles have not made any purchases in the Province the past year, and being unable to compete with the North of Europe we can't ship it to England; but serious as this matter is, it is gratifying to know that the "Canadian Pain Destroyer" is a great favorite among our lumbermen, for curing coughs, sudden colds, croups in the stomach, burns, bruises, frost-bites, chilblains, &c., and they do not depend upon a foreign market for it. It is sold by all Medicine Dealers at 25cts. per bottle

THE QUEBEC LEGISLATURE.

[From the Chronicle, Feb. 25th.]

The first Session of the Legislature of the Province of Quebec closed yesterday, with all the state ceremony customary on such occasions. Upwards of sixty Bills were passed since the House met, and a great many important enquiries and discussions have taken place, the results of which will be seen, no doubt, hereafter, in judicious legislation. Though, as was unavoidable, but little except routine and preparatory work was performed in the early part of the Session, much important business was transacted towards its close, the last ten days exacting the assiduous attention of members to measures of great public importance. The Legislature has not only done about as much work as could have been expected of it, but prepared the way for useful legislative action in future Sessions. It is very gratifying at present, and very auspicious for the future, to be able to record the excellent feeling which has prevailed among the members of all creeds and origins, throughout the session. This is a state of things every lover of the Province and the Dominion will rejoice to hear of, as a proof of the success of the new Constitution, and the good sense and friendly disposition existing among all classes and sections of our people. This is a matter of far greater importance to the peace and well-being of our Province than any amount of mere legislation accompanied with discord. To the Legislative Assembly's assurance that their discussions on the weighty matters before them had been invariably marked by the greatest harmony and cordiality, His Excellency thus appropriately replied: "It was the duty of this, the oldest Province of the Confederation, to set an example of moderation and mutual forbearance, between men of different creeds, races and political opinions; of wisdom and dignity in the public councils, and of fidelity and devotion to our Gracious Queen, and our new Constitution. I think I do not err in assuring you that your conduct in all these respects will contribute very much to secure the success of the new order of affairs, inaugurated within this part of Her Majesty's Dominions."

QUEBEC GAME LAWS.

An Act to amend the Game Laws of this Province.

Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislature of Quebec, enacts as follows:

1. No elk, moose, cariboo, deer, fawn or hare shall be hunted, taken or killed between the first day of February and the first day of September in any year.

2. No grouse, ptarmigan, partridge, woodcock or snipe shall be shot at, hunted, taken or killed between the first day of March and the first day of September in any year.

3. No wild swan, wild goose or wild duck of any kind, or widgeon or teal shall be shot at, hunted, taken or killed between the 20th day of May and the first day of September in any year, except it be in those parts of the Province East of the place in the River St. Lawrence, known as the Brandy Pots, in which parts the inhabitants may, for food, but not for traffic or barter, hunt, take, or kill the same at any time between the first day of September and the first day of June in any year.

4. No woodcock, snipe, wild swan, wild goose, or wild duck of any kind, or widgeon or teal shall be shot at, hunted, taken or killed at any time between sunset and sunrise.

5. No animal or bird, except hares and partridges, named in any of the foregoing sections shall be taken or killed at any time by means of any rope, snare, spring, cage, net or trap of any kind; nor shall any such engine be for that purpose at any time placed, constructed, erected or set, either wholly or in part; and any person may take possession of and destroy any such engine so placed, constructed, erected or set.

6. Any person may, and every magistrate, constable, market-clerk, peace-officer, railroad employee, and officer of customs, shall seize on view any of the said animals or birds, or any parts thereof, found in the possession or charge of any person during the times prohibited by this Act, or which may appear to have been taken or killed at any time by any of the unlawful means aforesaid, and shall bring the same before a Justice of the Peace, who, unless the party found in possession or charge thereof proves the same to have been lawfully taken and killed, shall confiscate the said animals or birds or parts thereof, and cause the same to be given to some charitable institution.

7. No person shall have in possession, or in his care or charge, any one of the said animals or birds, or any part or parts thereof, during the times prohibited by this Act, or which may appear to have been taken or killed by any of the means forbidden therein; but any of the said animals or birds, or part or parts thereof, may be bought and sold (when lawfully taken,) during fourteen days from the termination of the several periods respectively fixed by this Act for the killing thereof.

8. No eggs of any of the kinds of birds above specified, or of any species of wild fowl whatsoever, shall at any time be wilfully disturbed, injured, gathered or taken, and all vessels and boats employed in disturbing, gathering, or taking the eggs of any species of wild fowl and the eggs, shall be confiscated and sold.

9. No lynx, wild cat, mink or marten shall be hunted, trapped or killed between the fifteenth day of April and the first day of November in any year.

10. No otter shall be hunted, trapped, or killed between the first day of May and the first day of November in any year; no beaver, between the thirtieth of April and the first of September; no muskrat, between the first of June and first of October; and no person shall at any time buy, sell, or have in possession, any unseasonable skin of any of the said animals.

11. Every offence against any of the provisions of this Act, shall be summarily punished on information, or on summons only, by a Justice of the Peace, who, on proof thereof, shall impose a fine of not less than one or more than fifty dollars, together with costs, which fine shall go to the informer, and in default of immediate payment, an imprisonment in the common jail of the District wherein the offence was committed, for a period not more than three months, and any magistrate shall have power to convict on view.

12. Prosecutions may be instituted under this Act without the necessity of swearing to the truth of the same, any law to the contrary notwithstanding, and the evidence of the informer alone, or of any one witness shall be sufficient to convict.

13. No proceeding of any kind under this Act shall be vacated, annulled or set aside by certiorari; but an appeal shall lie to the Circuit Court of the chief place of the district wherein the offence was committed, to be instituted in the same manner as appeals in virtue of the Lower Canada Consolidated Municipal Act.

14. All prosecution shall be brought within twelve calendar months from the day of the committing of the offence charged.

15. All Acts and parts of Acts relating to game, or hunting in this Province, are hereby repealed.

Blockaded.—The snow storm of yesterday and to-day has effectually blockaded the railway, and until it ceases all trains have been cancelled. The morning train west, which arrived here a little before noon, remains at Belleville until further orders. The train which should have left Toronto this morning was cancelled; and the train which left that place last night, and which started with six engines, got nearly to Scarboro', where it was snowed up. The engines are so deeply buried in the snow that they will have to be dug out. A Toronto despatch says the snow storm is the severest known in that section for twenty years. The storm commenced here yesterday morning, and has continued with more or less severity until the present writing—five o'clock this afternoon.—*Belleville Intelligencer.*

—The *Scientific American* says: "The solid maple rail, 4x6 inches, wedged edgewise every three feet into heavy notched ties, forms a track equal in strength to that of any other railroad, and is capable of bearing heavy rolling stock, provided the wheels have a rim five inches in width. Fine sand and dust, which get on the rail, is soon crushed into the wood by the car wheels, and forms a hard and gritty surface, which does not wear, and greatly facilitates the traction. The maple rail, if sound, will last a number of years.

Masonic Jewels, Designs, &c.—Messrs Young & Radford are prepared to furnish all kinds of Masonic jewels, in the highest styles of the art, on the shortest notice, and at the cheapest rates. All kinds of jewellery repaired.

FOR A' THAT AND A' THAT.

A new version, respectfully recommended to thoughtful men.

More luck to honest poverty,
It claims respect, and a' that;
But honest wealth's a better thing,
We dare be rich, for a' that.
For a' that, and a' that,
And spooney cant and a' that,
A man may have a ten-pun note,
And be a brick for a' that.

What though on soup and fish we dine,
Wear evening togs, and a' that,
A man may like good meat and wine,
Nor be a knave for a' that.
For a' that, and a' that,
Their fustian talk and a' that,
A gentleman, however clean,
May have a heart for a' that.

You see yon prater called a Beales,
Who bawls and brays and a' that,
Tho' hundreds cheer his blatant bosh,
He's but a goose for a' that.
For a' that, and a' that,
His Bubblyjocks, and a' that,
A man with twenty grains of sense,
He looks and laughs at a' that.

A prince can make a belted knight,
A marquis, duke, and a' that,
And if the title's earned, all right,
Old England's fond of a' that.
For a' that, and a' that,
Beales balderdash, and a' that,
A name that tells of service done
Is worth the wear, for a' that.

RIGHT AT LAST.

[From the Halifax Reporter.]

We have been waiting for some time past with great curiosity to hear the report of the Committee appointed by the Local Legislature on the supposed distress among the fishermen. It has been published, and exhibits the facts of the case just as we stated them from the very first.

Public attention had been, from time to time towards the close of last year, directed to the state of the "Fishers by the sea," and we, aware of the great distress from information received from persons conversant with the fishing districts, called on the philanthropic gentlemen of this city to organize a system of relief, which was only partially and half-heartedly responded to. It was well known that at Margaret's Bay, Terrent's Bay, Dover and other places to the westward, the fishermen and their families were actually in need of the commonest necessaries of life, but of the eastward and Cape Breton, nothing was known and little was cared, for to use an old phrase, the Committee did not wish to bring an old house about their ears, and so asked no questions.

The Government, having their hands full of Repeal, were too much engaged to listen to the wail of distress that rose up to heaven. There seemed to be nothing before the toil worn and hardy population of the coast but grim suffering and perhaps death.

A few persons, one or two, of this city seeing that nothing was being done by those in authority, talked the matter over, and some warm-hearted friends from Ontario, knowing that the barns and pockets of the western farmers were filled and only wanted an opportunity to be shared with others less fortunate, made an appeal for aid which has been nobly responded to.

Of the fiendish attempt of the Anti-Confederate newspapers to turn away the hand from the starving mouths, because forsooth the saved would perhaps feel more kindly towards their benefactors, nothing need be said, the Recording Angel above will mark that down, and sooner or later the reward will descend as it *always* does.

We have now to express our gratitude to God for putting it into the hearts of those through whose exertions many of our people have been saved from the horrors of a famine, for not only has there been a direct benefit in the shape of over $20,000 in money, but the attention of the Local Government has been called to what would have been, if not attended to, one of the blackest pages of the history of Nova Scotia. And we are also pleased to know that, while we stood almost alone at first in this matter, yet everything we have written from the beginning has been more than confirmed by the report of the House of Assembly's Committee just published.

THE PRECEDENTS OF "IMPEACHMENT."

[From the N. Y. World, Feb. 26.]

The *Tribune* seeks precedents for the madness of its masters, the majority in Congress, where alone those precedents are to be found. It vindicates the assault of a rabid and intolerant mob of politicians upon the principles of the American Government by appealing to the faction which brought the head of Charles I, of England to the block; to the Jacobin ruffians who took the life of Louis XVI.; to the Spanish-American hybrids of Venezuela and of Ecuador. It is by these examples that the *Tribune* asks American citizens to be guided in the conduct of that complex and well-balanced political system which their fathers transmitted to them to be, as those fathers fondly hoped, at once the vehicle of progress and the assurance of liberty in America in all time to come.

The execution of Charles I. arrested the march of England towards constitutional freedom. It gave the liberties of the commonwealth into the iron grasp of Cromwell, and condemned the British people, after a brief experience of uncontrolled military despotism, to undergo the corrupt reaction of the reign of the second Charles, the tyranny of the second James, and the revolution of 1688. The execution of Louis XVI. made the French Republic an impossibility, prepared the way for the domination of the first Napoleon, and secured the return of the Bourbons, with armed Europe at their back, and the contempt of popular rights for their passion and their policy. The alternate prostration of the executive by the Legislative, and of the legislative by the executive in the so-called "republics" of Spanish America has made those unhappy countries the derision of all mankind beside, and the purgatory of their own inhabitants. Thanks to the ancient traditions of freedom in America and to the yet undestroyed instincts of the American people, the Radical attempt to rule a free nation by the uncontrolled will of a Congressional majority is far more likely to result in repeating upon the Radicals themselves that ruin which the madness of the Long Parliament brought upon their prototypes of the seventeenth century in England, and the madness of the "Mountain" upon their prototypes of the eighteenth century in France, than in reducing the United States to the social and political level of the Venezuelas and the Ecuadors of to-day. The America of 1868 will, we trust and believe, vindicate herself against the arrogance of an usurping Congress as resolutely and as successful as did the America of 1776 against the arrogance of an usurping Parliament. But through how much superfluous suffering and calamity, through what throes of private and of public confusion must not this people pass before the inventions of these wretched conspirators shall return to plague the inventors. And how bitter and shameful a thing is it that after eighty years of Republican self-government a faction of men born in America should be found capable of dishonoring their lineage and insulting their country by inviting this great and free people to walk in the footsteps of Praise-God-Barebones and Marat!

—A young lad of Strathroy, named Upton, 13 years of age, committed suicide by cutting his throat with a razor, after which he walked off towards the woods, but fell when about half way. When found he was lying in the snow, and though beyond recovery not quite dead.

—The efficacy of Bryan's Pulmonic wafers in curing coughs, colds, and all bronchial affections, and cheering the afflicted, has passed into a proverb. In the United States, where these marvellous wafers are known, they bear down all opposition and eclipse all rivalry; the demand for them has steadily increased for the last twenty years, until now the sales average over one hundred thousand boxes a year. Eminent members of the medical profession without number admit that they know of no preparation producing such beneficial results as these wafers. When taken in season they effect a permanent cure. Sold by every druggist and most of the respectable stores throughout the Province, at 25 cents per box.

METHOD OF IMPEACHMENT.

[From the New York Tribune.]

The formal impeachment of the executive head of a nation is a spectacle of rare occurrence in the history of the world. The monarchies of the old world do not provide such a case. Absolute and constitutional monarchies agree in placing the acts of the monarch above the law, with only this difference, that in constitutional monarchies the ministers are responsible to the legislature for all the princely acts which they sanction by their signature. In the struggle of the European countries for liberal institutions, the principle of ministerial responsibility occupies a prominent place. The concession of the principle gives to the legislature the right of controlling, and, if necessary, impeaching, if not the nominal, at least the actual heads of the state. The principle was laid down in all constitutions which owed their origin to the revolutionary movements of 1848, and was last year reintroduced into Austria.

But though the law-makers in Europe lawlessly endeavored to exempt the malfeasances of princes from the operation of the laws, the people have frequently taken the right of impeachment into their own hands. Charles I. of England, and Louis XVI. of France, constitute memorable examples of royal impeachments in Europe, and more recently Louis Phillippe and his dynasty were deprived of the throne by a solemn decree of the representatives of the French nation.

In republics, the President is only the first among the Executive officers of the Government, and the possibility of his violating the law is expressly provided for. Still, cases of the formal impeachment of a President are exceedingly rare. Instances occurred a few months ago in the United States of Colombia, when President Mosquera was deposed and exiled, and in Ecuador, where the President was impeached by the House of Representatives, and censured by the Senate; but more commonly dissatisfaction with the President vents itself in insurrection and civil war. In the United States, the impeachment of the President is without precedent. Only once, in 1843, an attempt was made against President Tyler, but it failed. There have, however, been several cases of the impeachment of other civil officers. In 1797, William Blount, a Senator from Tennessee, was impeached for having intrigued to transfer New Orleans to Great Britain; in 1803, John Pickering, Justice of the District Court of the District of New Hampshire, was impeached on four charges, one of which alleged that he was a man of loose morals and intemperate habits; in 1805, the impeachment of Samuel Chase, an Associate Justice of the Supreme Court of the United States, was the cause of great public excitement; in 1830, James H. Peck, Judge of the District Court for the District of Missouri, was impeached of high misdemeanors. The latest cases are those of Judge Watrous of Texas, who was impeached in 1857, and of Judge West H. Humphreys of Tennessee, who in 1862 was impeached for complicity in the rebellion. All these cases constitute precedents of the impeachment of the President, which will be conducted in a similar manner, except that at the trial of the President the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of the United States must preside. The main points in the procedure against the President will, therefore, be as follows:

A committee appointed by the House will appear before the bar of the Senate, and officially announce the resolution of Impeachment. The President of the Senate will appoint a Select Committee to hear the report of the Committee of the House. A report will then be made by the Senate Committee to the Senate. The Senate will take action, and its action will be officially communicated to the House. The Speaker will appoint a Board of Managers to conduct the Impeachment; they will carry to the Senate the articles of Impeachment. The action of the House will be read to the Senate, which then appoints the time when it will "resolve itself into a Court of Impeachment." Each Senator takes the oath that he will do impartial justice. The Board of Managers of the House being introduced to the Bar of the Court, formally present the articles of Impeachment. A summons is issued to the party accused to answer articles of impeachment, fixing the day returnable, which is served at least ten days before the return thereof. The day of the trial having arrived, the House, resolving itself into Committee of the Whole, proceeds in a body to the Senate Chamber, and is admitted. The return is read by the Secretary of the Senate. Arrangements are then made for the summoning of witnesses. The trial being completed, each article is read by the Secretary, and the roll called, when each Senator answers "Guilty" or "Not Guilty," two-thirds being required to declare the accused guilty. The decision is given, and communicated to the accused. If found guilty, the President will from that moment be deprived of his office the functions of which will devolve upon the President of the Senate, the Hon. Benjamin F. Wade of Ohio.

The trial of President Johnson will rank in history as one of the most celebrated state trials of all times. Rarely has the world watched the proceedings of a Legislative body with so intense an interest as it will watch the action of Congress in this impeachment case, and the decision of the Senate, whatever it may be, will make a profound impression throughout the world.

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY.

6 Hospital Street,
2 doors from St. Francois Xavier Street.

It has been established, by the best medical authority, that one-half the nervous diseases are caused by drinking impure Tea. The Company have imported a supply of Teas that can be warranted pure, and free from poisonous substances, in boxes of 10, 15, 20 and 25 lbs., and upwards.

Black Tea.—Common Congou, Broken Leaf, Strong Tea, 45c., 50c.; Fine Flavored New Season do., 55c.; Excellent Full Flavored do., 75c.; Sound Oolong, 40c., 45c.; Rich Flavored do., 60c.; Very Fine do. do., 75c.; Japan Good, 50c. Very Good, 58c.; Finest, 75c.

Green Tea.—Twankay Common, 35c.; Fine do., 55c.; Young Hyson, 50c. and 60c.; Fine do., 75c., Superfine and Very Choice, $1.

A saving will be made, by purchasing direct from the importers, quality and purity considered. All orders for boxes of 20 or 25 lbs., or two 12 lbs., sent carriage-free to the country. Teas not mentioned in this circular equally cheap. The company having determined to take a stand in the Montreal market, weight, quality and circular may be implicitly relied on. Where a 20 lb. box would be too much two or three clubbing together could divide. In writing you will oblige by addressing thus Montreal Tea Company, 6 Hospital-st., Montreal. An excellent Mixed Tea could be sold for 60c.; very good for common purposes, 50c. Buyers living beyond Railway Stations will please send Post Office order, or enclose notes. The carriage will be paid to the nearest station. Tea will be forwarded immediately on receipt of the order by mail containing money, or the money can be collected on delivery by express-man, where there are Express Offices. A trial solicited.

The Montreal Tea Company,
6 Hospital Street,
First Street below Notre Dame Street.

☞ All boxes and chests sent from this establishment have the address of the Montreal Tea Company printed on them.

—The Paris correspondent of the London *Globe* says: A question of some interest to Yankees is likely to be presented to the Paris courts. During the civil war in the United States, a Frenchman of the name of Cluseret took service in the Northern troops, and as he had shortly before quitted the French army, in which he had recently attained the rank of captain, he was made a general. He recently came to France, and as he is afflicted with the "cacoethes scribendi," he took to writing in ultra-democratic newspapers, under the signature of General Cluseret. He, in particular, published some articles against the Army Bill; and, on account of the title of General, they attracted attention. The Government made the military newspaper proclaim that he is nothing more in France than an ex-captain. But he persisted in writing under the name of General. As the military title is highly esteemed in France, and is extraordinarily common in the United States, the Government is not disposed to let one of its subjects who may gain it in the States parade it here. So M. Cluseret has been cited before the examining magistrates on the charge of assuming a title to which he has no right in France—an illegal act in this country punishable by fine—and it is supposed that a prosecution will follow.

—A writer in the St. Thomas *Dispatch*, animadverting in somewhat strong terms on the present fashionable style of church music, gives the following account of a scene that came under his own observation: "On one of these piercing cold days, of which we have had so many this winter, I was at church when the choir chose to delight the congregation with the canticle—'*Omnia Opera*.' Now the man who keeps up the fires in church understands quite as little Latin as I do, but he seemed to have got it into his head that *Omnia Opera* meant work, so while the choir was vocalizing the *Omnia Opera* in their best style, he deliberately walked up the aisle with an arm full of wood, and as if nerved by the spirit of the chant, just as the choir sang, "O, ye Fire and Heat," in goes a junk of wood into the stove, with all the rattle which a vigorous arm could make it do. Such a contretemps sets all gravity at defiance, and no wonder that by the time the minister begins to preach he is so warmed up, that he feels as if he could handle Shadrack, Meshach and Abednego, in the burning fiery furnace, without gloves! And the congregation have to bear with the outpouring of his heated imagination.

COMMERCIAL.

OTTAWA MARKETS.

(Compiled expressly for the Times.)

Times Office, Ottawa, Feb. 27.

Flour—Extra	6 75	@	[illegible]
No. 1	6 25	@	[illegible]
No. 2	6 00	@	[illegible]
Bags—Fall per 100 lbs.	4 05	@	[illegible]
" Spring "	4 12½	@	4 25
Oatmeal—per 200 lbs.	7 00	@	[illegible]
Indian Meal "	[illegible]	@	[illegible]
Rye—per bushel 56 lbs.	0 80	@	[illegible]
Barley " 48 lbs.	0 90	@	[illegible]
Buckwheat Flour—bbl.	5 50	@	[illegible]
Wheat—Fall—per bushel, 60 lbs.	1 90	@	[illegible]
Spring " "	1 80	@	1 85
Corn—Per bushel, 56 lbs.	1 25	@	[illegible]
Peas " 60 lbs.	0 80	@	[illegible]
Oats " 34 lbs.	[illegible]	@	[illegible]
Beans " 60 lbs.	1 50	@	1 75
Pork—Mess—per barrel	20 00	@	[illegible]
Prime Mess per do.	14 00	@	14 50
Hog per 100 lbs.	6 50	@	7 00
Hams	0 12	@	[illegible]
Beef	5 50	@	[illegible]
Mutton—per lb by the qr.	0 06	@	[illegible]
Lamb—per qr.	0 06	@	[illegible]
Geese—Each	0 40	@	0 50
Turkeys—Each	0 50	@	1 50
Ducks	0 70	@	[illegible]
Fowl—Per pair	0 40	@	[illegible]
Butter—Choice Table	0 20	@	[illegible]
No. 1 Firkin	0 18	@	[illegible]
No. 2	0 17	@	[illegible]
Eggs	0 25	@	[illegible]
Apples—per brl.	3 00	@	[illegible]
Vegetables, &c.—Potatoes	0 45	@	[illegible]
Onions—per bbl.	4 50	@	[illegible]
Hay—Per ton, new	12 00	@	[illegible]
Wood—Per cord	0 00	@	[illegible]
Tamarac	0 00	@	2 00
Hemlock	0 00	@	[illegible]

New York Money Market.

New York, Feb. 27.—Stocks active and lower after call.

Sterling Exchange 109¾.
Gold 141¼.

New York Markets.

New York, Feb. 27.—Cotton dull at 22c. @ 22½c. Flour heavy. Receipts 5,000 bbls. Sales 2,000 bbls. at $8 50 @ $9.35 for Superfine State and Western; $9.75 @ $10.00 for Common to Choice Extra State; $9.40 @ $10.30 for Common to Choice Extra Western. Rye Flour steady. Wheat dull. Receipts 900 bus. Sales 6,000 bus. at $2.58. Rye quiet. Receipts 800 bus. Corn dull and heavy. Receipts 45,000 bus. Sales 39,000 bus. at $1.22 @ $1.25 for New Mixed Western afloat, and $1.27 @ $1.28 for old do. delivered. Barley scarce and firm. Oats dull and nominal. Receipts 2,700 bus. Sales at 83c. for Western afloat. Pork firmer at $23.50 @ $23.62 for old mess and $24.93 @ 25.00 for new do.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

PAIN KILLER!

AN EXTERNAL AND INTERNAL REMEDY FOR THE CURE OF

CRAMP & PAIN in the STOMACH,

Bruises, Burns and Scalds, Sprains, Swelling of the Joints, Toothache, Pain in the Face, Neuralgia and Rheumatism,

SORE THROAT, SUDDEN COLDS, COUGHS, &c.

Use it once for any of these, and you will never be without it.

☞ Beware of imitations! Sold by all Druggists.

PERRY DAVIS & SON, Proprietors, Montreal.
678-3m

Mothers Read This!—Holloway's Worm Lozenges are a certain and safe remedy for Worms in Children and Adults.—As it is a well known and melancholy fact that one great cause of death among children is from Worms alone, it can not be too deeply impressed upon the minds of parents the necessity of closely watching their children. By so doing; and understanding the symptoms and true cause of the disease, thousands of children might be saved from early graves. Symptoms of Worms.—The following are a few of the very numerous symptoms and diseases which are caused by Worms: deranged appetite, emaciated extremities, offensive breath, frequent picking at the nose, grinding of teeth during sleep, hardness of the belly, with frequent slimy stools, and sometimes convulsive fits; itching of the arms, pain in the head and stomach, unquiet sleep, faintings, tremblings, coughs, indigestion, low spirits, frightful dreams, and a gradual wasting away of flesh.

They are palatable and self-administered to the child—drive out the worms thoroughly without pain and completely cleanse the stomach—thereby doing away with the necessity of administering Castor Oil or other unpleasant cathartics—as in the use of other Worms.

☞ Each box contains the fac-simile signature of Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, C.W., who are the sole proprietors.

N. B. Ask for *Holloway's Worm Lozenges* and take no other. Sold by all the druggists in Ottawa, and medicine dealers everywhere. 578r

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

To Let

From the 1st of May Next,

THAT PROPERTY at NEW EDINBURGH, formerly occupied by the undersigned, comprising ICE and OUT-HOUSES, GARDEN, with Soft and Spring Water, &c.

Apply to

F. BRAUN,
Department Public Works, Ottawa.

Ottawa, Feb. 28, 1868. 678f

TO SAW MILL OWNERS, MACHINISTS, &c., &c.

WE BEG respectfully to call your attention to the

RE-CUTTING

OF YOUR

Old Files.

WE GUARANTEE

THEM TO BE

EQUAL IN EVERY RESPECT

TO THE

BEST QUALITY NEW ONES.

Circulars with price lists and references will be sent on application to

W. L. KINMOND & Co.,
7, Custom House Square, Montreal.

February 28, 1868. 678-2awd

FOR SALE.

PARTS of LOTS 18 and 19, North Bank ton-street, will be sold in three parts, or one, to suit purchasers. The whole will be sold Cheap for Cash, or good instalment down. Further particulars can be had on application to Messrs. LEES & GEMMELL.

JOHN B. BRANNEN.

Ottawa, Feb. 27, 1868.

TENDERS

WILL be received by the Corporation of the City of Ottawa until MONDAY, the SECOND DAY of MARCH, 1868, at TWELVE o'clock noon, for all the PRINTING and ADVERTISING required by said Corporation for one year, commencing on the First Day of March, 1868. Printed forms of Tender for Job Printing may be obtained at this Office, in accordance with which alone the work will have to be done.

Printing and Advertising will require to be tendered for separately.

Tenders for advertising to state the rate per line in said Brevier type per first insertion, and the rate per line for each subsequent insertion. The publication of the Official Minutes of the City Council to be done free of charge by the party obtaining the Contract.

(By Order.) W. P. LETT, City Clerk.

City Hall, Ottawa, Feb. 28, 1868. 678td

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that default having been made in payment of the principal money and interest secured by a certain Mortgage by ALEXANDER BOYD, of the township of Gloucester, in the County of Carleton, and Province of Ontario, Yeoman, in favor of JOHN McKAY, in his lifetime of the Village of New Edinburgh, in the Township of, County and Province aforesaid, Esquire, now deceased (to which Elizabeth Boyd, the wife of the said Alexander Boyd, was made a party for the purpose of barring her dower only) of lot number fourteen in the first or front concession upon the River Rideau, of the aforesaid township of Gloucester.

And default having been made in payment of the principal money and interest secured by another Mortgage, made by the said Alexander Boyd, in favor of Isaac Brown, of the said township of Gloucester, in the County and Province aforesaid, Yeoman, of the lands and premises above described and mentioned, which said Mortgages, and all moneys secured thereby, and the lands mentioned therein, were afterwards through several mesne assignments assigned to James Moodie, of the said township of Gloucester, in the County and Province aforesaid, yeoman.

The said lands and premises will in pursuance of powers of sale contained in the said mortgages, be sold by PUBLIC AUCTION at the Law Office of MOSGROVE & TAILLON, in the City of Ottawa, on MONDAY, the TWENTY-SEVENTH day of APRIL next, A. D., 1868, at the hour of ELEVEN o'clock in the forenoon.

Terms to be made known at time of Sale. This sale being under the powers of sale contained in the said mortgages, the said James Moodie will covenant against his own acts only.

All searches, abstracts and conveyances to be at the expense of the purchaser.

Dated at Ottawa, this 20th day of February, A. D., 1868.

MOSGROVE & TAILLON,
673-1-10td Solicitors for the said James Moodie.

HORSES FOR SALE.

A PAIR of MATCHED BAY PONIES, part Canadian, 5 and 6 years old. Guaranteed sound and gentle. Also, a Heavy DRAUGHT HORSE will be sold at a bargain, as the subscriber has no further use for them.

Apply to W. R. THISTLE.

Office opposite the Ontario Bank, Ottawa, or at his residence, Aylmer.

February 26, 1868. 676a9-1

EXTENSIVE AUCTION SALE OF Hotel Furniture & General Effects

&c., &c., &c.

THE undersigned has been favored with instructions from J. G. ROBINSON and P. HARDY, Esqs., to sell by Public Auction, on

Monday, 2nd March, 1868,

The whole of the Household Furniture and General Effects of

HAMILTON'S HOTEL, YORK-St.,

Consisting of a parlor Tete-a-Tete in hair cloth, and Chairs to match, Centre Tables, Side Tables, Whatnots, Corner Ornaments, Mirrors, Pictures, &c., and a very superior Brussels carpet. In sitting-room, hair cloth Sofas, Chairs to match, Centre Table, Side Table, Mirrors, Pictures and Carpets. In tapestry, the contents of 20 bedrooms, about one-half being furnished in Black Walnut Sets, Spring Mattresses, Hair, do., Feather Beds, Bolsters, Pillows, Sheets, Blankets, Counterpanes, Quilts, &c., and Bedroom Carpets. Dining-room furniture, Dining Tables, Chairs, Side-Boards, Side Tables, Floor Oil Cloth, Pictures, &c. In kitchen, two superior Cooking Stoves, Tables, Chairs, Cupboard, &c., with a large quantity of very superior Stone Chinaware, Glassware, &c. Office furniture, Desk, Counter, Centre Table, Chairs, Lounges, Side Table and Floor Oil Cloth. In the Bar, the Bar Fixtures, Counter, Waterfilter, Decanters, Glasses, and a quantity of Liquors. Also, a No. 1 SINGER SEWING MACHINE. The whole is in good order, as Hamilton's Hotel has been open but two years, and was furnished new at that time. The sale is positive and without reserve. Terms of sale cash in bankable funds.

Sale to commence at 10.30 a.m.

A. ROWE, Auctioneer.

Ottawa, Feb. 27, 1868. 677td

Mineral Lands for Sale.

LOT No. 8, 4th Range of Templeton; 24 and 50 Acres of Lot No. 9. The above lands are well wooded with good hard wood. There is on both lots a fine show of Plumbago. They are situated within ten miles of the city of Ottawa.

Apply to COLIN McLAURIN, Dominion House, Wellington-st.

Ottawa, Feb. 27. 677a

LOST.

IN the early part of February, between Nelson-st. and the Russell House, a LADY'S SLEEVE STUD, a variegated Scotch pebble, inlaid with gold. Any person returning it to the TIMES OFFICE will be suitably rewarded.

Ottawa, Feb. 27, 1868. 676-3

NOTICE.

THE Undersigned hereby beg to notify

All Parties Indebted to Them

THAT IF THEIR

Accounts are Not Paid

Within TEN DAYS from the date of being Rendered,

They will without exception be placed in the hands of our Agent for collection.

J. M. CURRIER & CO.

New Edinburgh Saw Mills, February 26, 1868. 676a

To Emigrants and Others.

FARM FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—

Lots Nos. 19 and 20,

7th Range of the

Township of PORTLAND West,

CONTAINING

200 ACRES,

Less one acre, on lot 19, which is reserved for School and Church purposes. There is about 15 Acres Cleared; a GOOD HOUSE and BARN on the property. The above farm would be a good chance for a person of small capital, as it will be SOLD CHEAP.

TERMS REASONABLE.

For particulars apply to A. McNAUGHTON, Or to J. R. JOHNSON, Buckingham Village.

February 24, 1868. 676a

TORONTO HOUSE, *SPARKS STREET.*

MRS. TROTTER begs to announce that she has a few Commodious Suites of Apartments to Let, handsomely and comfortably furnished.

Gentlemen attending the Session of Parliament will find at the Toronto House most convenient quarters, where the quiet of the private family is combined with the usual attendance to be found at the best hotels.

Ottawa, Feb. 25, 1868. 675tf

THE

GOLDEN BOOT

Will be opened in a few days, by the subscribers,

W. ANGUS & CO.,

No. 226,

WELLINGTON ST.

Ottawa, Feb. 27, 1868. 665y

THE NEW DOMINION!

47. SUSSEX-STREET. 47.

Established with the Nation, 1st July, 1867.

Tried by the People, Nobly sustained, Long may it flourish! | Come one! Come all!! Farmers and Lumbermen, Merchants and Citizens,

COME TO THE NEW DOMINION!

And you will find a large and varied assortment of

STAPLE and FANCY DRY GOODS!

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,
AS CHEAP AS THE CHEAPEST,
AS GOOD AS THE BEST.

A New Tailoring Establishment!

Has just been opened on the premises, with FIRST-CLASS WORKMEN, under the management of a FIRST-CLASS FASHIONABLE CUTTER.

Suits made to order, and Warranted to suit, At every price, | Of every style, For every season, And at the shortest notice.

Do you want Hats or Caps, Furs or Blankets, Boots or Shoes, Moccasins or Mittens? Visit the New Dominion. It will prove to your advantage. From top to toe a perfect outfit guaranteed, by

JAMES HIGGINSON, Proprietor.

Ottawa, February 6, 1868. 659tf

Canadian Cottons.

WE HAVE JUST RECEIVED A SUPPLY of the

CELEBRATED

DUNDAS COTTONS!

32 and 35 Inches Wide.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

OTTAWA, Feb. 21, 1868. 380y

Dry Goods at Reduced Prices.

Cunningham and Lindsay

— ARE NOW SELLING —

Canadian Grey Cloth at 3s. 3d. per yard,
Canadian Tweeds at 4s. per yard,
Canadian Cotton Yarn at 7s. 6d. a Bundle.
Canadian Bags at 1. 9d

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY.

Invite particular Attention to their

BLANKETS, FLANNELS AND MANTLE CLOTHS.

Ottawa, November 19, 1867. 510y

New Premises and Cheap Goods.

GRANT & HENDERSON

Having recently moved into their new premises, No. 20, Rideau-street one of the firm visited lately the Montreal Markets, and secured a very large stock of entirely

NEW GOODS,

At most EXTRAORDINARY REDUCTIONS in price, which cannot in a legitimate manner be undersold in this city.

RIDEAU-STREET, December 24, 1867. 623tf

PRIVATE BOARDING HOUSE.

MRS. RICHARD will open a Private first-class BOARDING HOUSE, Corner of SUSSEX and CLARENCE-STS., over Mr. Martineau's Dry Goods Store, on the 1st March. Parties wishing quiet, good, comfortable board, with good attendance, will please apply and secure apartments.

Breakfast at 8 and 10 a. m.; Lunch at 1 p. m.; and Dinner at 6 p. m.

Ottawa, February 26, 1868. 659-3m

Notice of Mortgage Sale.

UNDER and by virtue of a Power of Sale contained in an Indenture of Mortgage bearing date the 28th day of February, A. D. 1860, from JAMES BAIRD to WILLIAM YOUNG ROCHESTER, upon Lot number one hundred and seventy-four, as shewn and laid down in the plan of the sub-division of Lot 33, in the first concession, fronting the Ottawa River, in the Township of Nepean, County of Carleton, all the right, title, interest and equity of redemption of the said James Baird, in to and out of the said Lot, will be sold by PUBLIC AUCTION at the LAW OFFICE of ROSS & PARSONS, Elgin-street, opposite the Russell House, in the City of Ottawa, at TWELVE o'clock noon, on TUESDAY, the THIRD day of MARCH, A. D., 1868.

The mortgagee will covenant against his own acts only.

Searches and Conveyances at the expense of purchaser.

ROSS & PARSONS, Solicitors for Mortgagee.

Ottawa, 15th February, 1868. 676td

NOTICE

IS HEREBY given that I shall not be responsible for any debts contracted in my name, unless under an order signed by me.

SOPHIA MARTINEAU.

Ottawa, Jan. 22, 1868. 646d

Mechanics' Institute & Athenæum.

THE ANNUAL MEETING of the Subscribers, for the ELECTION of TRUSTEES, will take place on

WEDNESDAY, 4th MARCH,

At Seven o'clock, P. M.

To be qualified to vote members must have paid their subscriptions.

ROBERT HUNTER, Secretary.

Ottawa, Feb. 24, 1868. 674mwfm

KEATING'S COUGH LOZENGES

THIS Universal Remedy now stands the first in public favor and confidence; this result has been acquired by the test of fifty years' experience. These Lozenges may be found on sale in every British Colony; and throughout India and China they have been highly esteemed wherever introduced. For COUGHS, ASTHMA, and all Affections of the Throat and Chest, they are the most agreeable and efficacious remedy; they do not contain opium or any other deleterious drug, and may therefore be taken with perfect safety by the most delicate constitution.

Prepared and sold in boxes, tins and bottles of various sizes, by THOMAS KEATING, Chemist, &c., 79, St. Paul's Churchyard, London. Sold Retail by all Druggists and Patent Medicine Vendors in the World 698-1a20

Scale Manufacturer.

E. DORION begs to inform the public that he has opened a SCALE MANUFACTORY in Clarence-street, second door from Sussex-street, in E. D'Amour's Blacksmith Shop, and where he is now prepared to repair all sorts of Scales in use.

Ottawa, Jany. 11 637y

YOUNG & RADFORD'S COLUMN.

Watches,
Watches,
Watches

AT

YOUNG

AND

RADFORD'S

30 Sparks-street.

Clocks,
Glocks,
Clocks,

AT

YOUNG AND RADFORD'S.

Jewellery,
Jewellery,
Jewellery,

AT

YOUNG AND RADFORD'S.

Electro-Plated ware;
Electro-Plated Ware,
Electro-Plated Ware,

AT

YOUNG AND RADFORD'S.

Fancy Goods,
Fancy Goods,
Fancy Goods,

AT

YOUNG AND RADFORD'S,

Manufacturing Jewellers,

30 SPARKS-STREET.

Old Gold and Silver

Bought, and highest cash price paid,

AT

YOUNG

AND

RADFORD'S

THE MONTREAL WAREHOUSE,

SUSSEX, OPPOSITE YORK-STREET.

IN MR. INGLIS' NEW BLOCK,

WILL BE OPENED OUT IN A FEW DAYS WITH A STOCK OF

Choice Wines, Groceries and Provisions, &c., &c.

J. MARTIN & CO

OTTAWA, February 4, 1868. 657y

BROWNE & HARDY'S COLUMN.

1867 AND 1868.

INDIA WAREHOUSE!

16 Rideau Street, Ottawa.

THE SUBSCRIBERS beg to inform their Customers that their Stock is now complete, and embraces every delicacy of the Season, among which will be found a choice assortment of

TEAS,

Breakfast SOUCHONG, do CONGOU, } Black Extra Fine
Superior HYSON,
" GUNPOWDER,
" IMPERIAL,
" TWANKAY,
Orange PEKOE, Flowery " Japan " } These Teas have been carefully selected for family trade by

BROWNE & HARDY

SUGARS,
LOAF,
BROKEN LOAF,
CRUSHED,
GROUND,
YELLOW,
and MUSCOVADO

COFFEE,
MOCHA,
JAVA,
JAMAICA, and
CEYLON,

☞ Roasted and Ground daily on the premises.

CHOCOLATE and COCOA,
FRENCH, flavored with Vanilla;
TAYLOR'S,
FRYE'S,
MOTT'S

FRUITS, &c.
LAYER RAISINS,
in Whole, Half and Quarter Boxes
MUSCATEL, do do
SULTANA,
VALENTIA,
CURRANTS,
GRAPES,
ORANGES
LEMONS,
PRUNES,
ALMONDS,
WALNUTS,
FILBERTS, and
BRAZIL NUTS.

BUTTER,
CHOICE DAIRY, in Tubs and Crocks received Weekly.

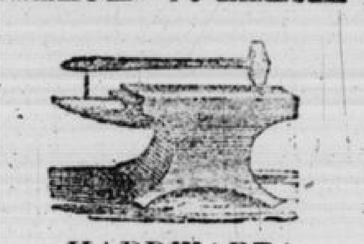
CHEESE,
English, American and Canadian.

SPICES,
NUTMEG
MACE,
CINNAMON,
CLOVES,
GINGER,
MIXED SPICES,
All Ground on the Premises.

BROWNE & HARDY.

Ottawa, December 19 405t

HARDWARE!



HARDWARE!

Great Reduction

IN THE

PRICE OF HARDWARE

AT THE

SIGN of the ANVIL

No. 24, Rideau-street.

THE Undersigned would take this opportunity to express his thanks to his Customers in Ottawa and vicinity for their very liberal patronage in the past, and to solicit a continuance of their favors in the future, and to assure them that no effort on his part shall be wanting to supply them with the Best and Cheapest English and American Hardware. I do not pretend to sell at cost, but do propose to sell as cheap as any other establishment in Ontario. My stock shall comprise every article in the line of Hardware, and with the one price system I hope to merit and receive a continuance of the very liberal patronage given me in the past.

T. BIRKETT,
Sign of the Anvil, 24 Rideau-st.

Ottawa, Feb. 3. 409y

BLYTH & KERR.

Successors to Chas. Garth.

No. 25, Rideau-st.,

Plumbers,
Gas & Steam Fitters,
Tin & Coppersmiths.
Bell Hangers, &c.

All materials for the above branches kept constantly on hand.

—ALSO—

Importers and Dealers in House Furnishing Hardware.

Just received a well selected assortment of

Cooking Stoves, Iron Bedsteads,
Double Stoves, Bronzed & Wire Fenders
Parlor Stoves, Fire Irons,
Hall Stoves, Fire Guards,

Japanned and Planished Tinware, &c., Manufacturers of all descriptions of work for Water and Gas Works, Brewer's Distilleries, Mills, &c., makes and fits up Galvanized Iron Cornices, Gutters, Conductors, Roofing, &c.

☞ Public and Private Buildings, Conservatories, Vineries, Manufactories, &c., warmed by Steam, Hot Water or Warm Air, on the most approved principles.

Orders from the country will receive strict attention.

Ottawa August 26. 416y

BUY YOUR TEA

DIRECT FROM

THE IMPORTERS

TEA! TEA! TEA!

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY 6 Hospital Street, Montreal, having just imported a large quantity of Green and Black Teas beg to call the attention of the Trade, Hotel Proprietors, and large establishments generally to their list of prices. Buyers of Chests and Boxes of Tea will save money by getting it direct through the Importers.

All orders for 25 lb. boxes and upwards, carriage free to any Railway Station in Canada. Parties wanting smaller quantities should club together, Buyers living beyond Railway Stations, will please send post office order, or enclose notes. The carriage will be paid to the nearest station, where there are express offices. Tea will be forwarded immediately on receipt of the order by mail containing money, or the money can be collected on delivery by express man. Cash collected in Montreal free of charge, and Tea forwarded for the same. Original packages Black Tea weigh, chests about 50 lbs. Chests do. 90 to 100 lbs. Green Tea from 60 to 80 lbs. Teas not mentioned in advertisement can be had equally cheap. The Company are determined to take a stand in the Montreal market, every article may therefore be depended on as to quality and weight.

BLACK TEA.

Common Congou, Broken Leaf, Oolong Tea	30
Fine Flavoured New Season do.	60
Excellent Full Flavoured do.	60
Sound Oolong	60
Rich Flavoured do.	60
Very Fine do	60
Japan	60
Very Fine do	60
An excellent mixed Tea, Black and Green	60

GREEN TEA.

Twankay, Common	50
Fine do	60
Young Hyson	60
Fine do	60
Superfine and Very Choice	1
Fine Gunpowder	60
Extra Superfine do	1

Reductions made to buyers of Five Chests and upwards.

☞ Address MONTREAL TEA CO., 6, Hospital-st., Montreal.

☞ *Agent for Ottawa and neighborhood.*

MR. JOS. MOONEY.

☞ All Boxes and Chests sent from this Establishment have the address of the *MONTREAL TEA COMPANY* printed on them.

August 27, 1867. 52234

PORK! FLOUR!

THE Subscribers have just received 5 CAR LOADS of PORK, consisting of

455 BBLS. OF MESS,

40 DO. OF THIN MESS,

155 DO. OF PRIME MESS,

Also 20,000 lbs. weight Superior Steam Refined Leaf Lard.

Also for Sale, 500 barrels of Flour.

O'CONNOR & WALLER,
Exchange Brokers and Commission Merchants,
Sussex st., Ottawa

Ottawa, Feb. 17, 1868. 668tf

W. NOTMAN,

Photographer to the Queen

CORNER OF

WELLINGTON AND METCALFE STREETS,

WOULD intimate that having all his arrangements completed, his

Establishment will be Opened

—ON—

Monday Next, 3rd February

When he will be prepared to fulfil orders for the different branches of Photography.

Ottawa, Jan. 31, 1868. 587y

BAZAAR.

IT is intended to hold a Bazaar on the

SEVENTEENTH of MARCH NEXT

1868, and following days, in aid of the DEBT on

The Parsonage of Christ Church.

Contributions will be most thankfully received from the members of the Church, and other friends in Ottawa, by the following Ladies, who have kindly consented to act as a Committee of Management:

MRS. CLEMOW,
" W. F. POWELL,
" COFFIN,
" ADAMSON,
" T. M. BLASDELL,
" LAUDER,
" DONALDSON,
" JOHN THOMPSON,
" N. SPARKS,
" MAGEE,
" STREET.

ANNIE POWELL Secretary.

Ottawa, Dec. 28, 1867. 628d

WAR! WAR! WAR!

KEARNS & RYAN,

WELL KNOWN

Merchants of this City,

—WHO KEEP THE PEOPLE'S—

CHEAP CASH STORE!

Have declared War against all other merchants of the Capital of Canada, for imposing dear goods on the people. They will make

Reduction of 20 per cent off Hats and Bonnets

—AND—

10 per cent off all other Cash Purchases

OVER ONE DOLLAR,

During the month of February. Rush to their establishment and judge for yourselves. No deception.

Corner of York and Sussex-sts.

Ottawa, February 3 1868. 656t

Great Remnant Sale.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & Co.

Importers, 20 Sparks Street,

With a view to CLEAR OUT THEIR STOCK OF REMNANTS, prior to stocktaking have REMARKED ALL THEIR REMNANTS at prices that must effect a SPEEDY CLEARANCE.

Remnants of Cloths, Remnants of Coburgs,
Remnants of Dress Goods, Remnants of Silk,
Remnants of Cottons, Remnants of Linens,
Remnants of Prints, Remnants of Flannels,
Remnants of Carpeting, Remnants of Oil-cloths,

And a host of other remnants too numerous to particularise.

Sale to commence on MONDAY, 17th, and to continue during the week.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & Co.

Ottawa, February 17, 1868. 4?y

Mails for the Maritime Provinces.

WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

From OTTAWA.—Mails for St. JOHN, N. B., Closed Daily, 12.15, P. M.

NEW BRUNSWICK.

THE general route of transmission is by railway, via Montreal, Danville Junction and Bangor, Me., thence by stage to Calais and St. John. Time taken, at this season, usually four days.

The Mail despatched, however, on Friday, obtains connexion with the Monday 5 p m steamer (International Line) from Portland, being due at St. John on Tuesday p.m.

For Woodstock, N. B.

There is also a tri-weekly Mail from Riviere du Loup to Edmundston and Woodstock leaving Riviere du Loup every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday evenings, on the arrival of the mail train from Quebec. Matter intended for conveyance by this route should be specially addressed "Via Riv. du Loup."

PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND.

Matter for Prince Edward Island is forwarded on St. John.

Letters 5 cents per half ounce. Newspapers 1 cent.

NOVA SCOTIA.

For Halifax, N. S., Closed Every Thursday, 12.15, P. M.

Route of transmission is via Portland, whence per steamer Chase or Carlotta, every Saturday at 4 p.m. for Halifax bring due here on the following Monday.

Letters 5 cents per half ounce. News papers 1 cent.

For Halifax, N. S., Closed Every Friday 12.15, P. M.

Route of transmission via Portland, connecting there with the Monday 5 p.m. steamer (International Line), for St. John. Mail due in Halifax on the following Thursday evening.

Letters 5 cents per half ounce. Newspapers 1 cent.

Letters not forwarded from Ottawa to Halifax by this land route via St. John, N. B., unless specially so addressed.

NEWFOUNDLAND.

Newfoundland is included in the ordinary mail made up for Halifax.

Letters 12½ cents per half ounce. Newspapers 3 cents each.

G. P. BAKER, Postmaster.

Post Office, Ottawa, Feb. 13, 1868.

Nova Scotia, by "Inman" Steamer from New York.

*Note.—For Inman Steamer to Halifax a Mail is closed every alternate Friday, 12.45 p.m (6th, 21st February, 6th and 20th March, 3rd and 17th April, and so on) for transmission via New York, connecting there with the steamer of the Inman Line, leaving on alternate Mondays. Note for England via Halifax, being due at Halifax on the following Thursday. Letters and papers for despatch by this route must be SPECIALLY SO ADDRESSED, with postage prepaid in stamps, as follows:

Letters 12½ cents per half ounce. Newspapers 2 cents each.

Recorder's Court,

FOR the City of Ottawa, will be held in the COURT HOUSE and Jail, in said city, on MONDAY, the SECOND day of MARCH next, at the hour of ELEVEN of the clock in the forenoon, of which all City Coroners, Justices of the Peace, Constables, Jurors and all others in any wise concerned, are hereby required to take notice and govern themselves accordingly.

RODERICK ROSS, High Bailiff

High Bailiff's Office, Ottawa, 13th February, 1868. 668t

APPLICATIONS

FOR the Office of Assistant City Clerk will be received by the Corporation of the City of Ottawa, until MONDAY, the SECOND day of March, 1868, at SEVEN o'clock, p. m.

(By order.) W. P. LETT, City Clerk.

Ottawa, Feb. 25 1868. 675 3

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, February 21, 1868

AUTHORIZED discount on American Invoices until further notice, 28 per cent.

R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner of Customs.

Notice.

ON AND FROM THE

First day of February 1868

ALL REQUISITIONS FOR

STAMPS!

FOR

Bills and Promissory Notes,

To be used in the Dominion of Canada by the various persons entrusted with the distribution thereof, will have to be addressed to this Department.

TH. F. WORTHINGTON,
6 5tf For the Minister of Inland Revenue.

SALMON RIVERS.

DEPARTMENT OF

MARINE & FISHERIES.

OTTAWA, 7th October, 1867.

LIST OF SALMON RIVERS within the Province of Quebec, the Fluvial Divisions of which are disposable for Angling purposes.— The River Mutasimi—discharging into River St. Lawrence on the North Shore.

do	Betscie	do	do
do	Trinity	do	do
do	Little Trinity	do	do
do	Calumet	do	do
do	Pentecost	do	do
do	Little Margaret	do	do
do	Trout	do	do
do	Sheldrake	do	do
do	Magpie	do	do
do	Little Watcheeshoo	do	do
do	Nabesippi	do	do
do	Agwanus	do	do
do	Kegashka	do	do
do	Musquarro	do	do
do	Washeecootai	do	do
do	Romaine [en bas]	do	do
do	Coacoacho	do	do
do	Etamamu	do	do
do	Mecatina	do	do
do	St. Augustine	do	do
do	Esquimaux	do	do
do	Ouelle	South	shore
do	Metis	do	do
do	St. Anne des Monts	do	do
do	Mont Louis	do	do
do	Magdalen	do	do
do	Grand Pabos, Chaleur bay	do	do
do	Grand River	do	do
do	Little Cascapedia	do	do
do	Grand Cascapedia	do	do
do	Nouvelle	do	do
do	Metapedia	do	do
do	Restigouche	do	do
do	Mistouche	do	do

Application to Lease or License any of the above Rivers should be made to this Department.

P. MITCHELL,
Minister of Marine and Fisheries.

Upper Ottawa

Steamboat Company.

NOTICE.

THE

GENERAL ANNUAL MEETING

OF THE

SHAREHOLDERS

—FOR—

ELECTION OF DIRECTORS

—AND—

TRANSACTION OF GENERAL BUSINESS

Will be held at the Office of

Messrs. Wright & Batson,

IN THIS CITY, ON

Wednesday, 4th March Next

At the hour of 3 o'clock, P. M.

By order,

D. BATSON, Secretary.

Ottawa, Feb. 24, 1867. 674td

PHŒNIX.

MESSRS. R. EATON & Co. respectfully announce to the public that THEY HAVE RESUMED BUSINESS in this City in the various branches of their trade and manufacture, which they now carry on at the following places:—

Paint, Oil, Varnish, Color and Painters' Stock Depot,
☞ Bell's New Block, 1st Story, Opposite the Russell House.

Oil Painting, Engraving, Paper Hanging and Decorating Depot,
☞ Bell's New Block, 2nd Story, Opposite the Russell House.

Looking-Glass, Picture Frame, Silvering and Gilding Rooms,
☞ Scott's Building, over Confectionary, Opposite the Russell House.

Cornice, Picture, and Looking-Glass Frame Manufactory,
☞ Wright's Building, Chandlere, formerly occupied by E. B. Eddy, Esq.

Their present extensive stock in the various departments is entirely new, the former having been destroyed by fire, and has been carefully and judiciously selected, with especial regard to the demands of this City and its surroundings. Their Painters' Stock is especially good. Their Paper Hangings and Decorating Stock is in endless variety of quality and price; and the Decoration of Dwellings, Offices, Stores and Public Buildings undertaken, and satisfaction guaranteed both as to style and workmanship.

Having secured spacious premises at the Chandlere, with extensive water-power, for the purpose of Manufacturing Cornices and Frames of all kinds, and having also secured spacious Looking-Glass, Silvering and Gilding Rooms, they will be enabled to fill orders for Pier, Mantle, Hanging and Toilet Mirrors, Picture Frames and Cornices, at the Shortest Notice.

Oil Paintings and Engravings of undoubted merit and beauty always in stock.

Window Blinds, new style, unsurpassed, always kept on hand. These are made so as to fit windows of any size, and are painted or oiled to gut taste or business of purchaser.

Messrs. R. E. & Co., avail themselves of this opportunity for returning their sincerest thanks for the kind patronage bestowed upon them, and for the great sympathy manifested for them on the occasion of the recent fire, and in resuming business they beg to assure their many kind friends and patrons that with new stock, renewed energy, and competent and faithful workmen, they feel confident of filling all orders with which they may be favored with a promptness and punctuality, and in such a manner as will merit entire satisfaction.

OFFICE—Bell's Block, Opposite Russell House.

OTTAWA, Feb. 14, 1868. 666-3m

Ottawa CROCKERY Store!

PRESENTATION ORNAMENTS.

WILLIAM ALLAN

RESPECTFULLY announces the arrival of a Choice Selection of China and Bohemian Glass Flower Vases and Ornaments suitable for Xmas and New Year's Gifts. Also, his usual complete Stock of China, Glass, Earthenware and Parian Marble ever brought into Ottawa, consisting of

DINNER SETTS, DESSERT SETTS,
BREAKFAST SETTS, TOILET SETTS.

Cut and Engraved, Cut and Pressed TABLE GLASS, and an assortment of Common Ware to wholesale purchasers.

☞ A large and most varied Stock select from:

W. ALLAN,
51 RIDEAU STREET, (opposite Mr. D. Whalen's.)

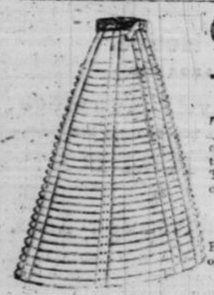
Ottawa, December 19, 1867. 574y

SHEFFIELD HOUSE!

E. K. MacGILLIVRAY & Co.,

MANUFACTURING JEWELLERS
—AND—
WATCHMAKERS

OTTAWA, January 21, 1868.



City Hoop Skirt Factory

The Double Extension Skirt.

THIS new and convenient skirt I am now making in all widths of tape. The great advantage this Skirt has over all others: ladies can alter it themselves to any width they wish, from 1¼ yards to 3 yards, without the least trouble. They only can be had at the Factory. Everyother style of Skirt on hand or made to order. Just received another lot of

FRENCH CORSETS,

Every size, from 17 inches to 36 inches. Also, a few of those old fashioned Corsets, (lacing at the back.)

Lambs' Wool Hose, Breakfast Shawls.

Also, a large lot of Linen and Lawn Pocket Handkerchiefs, cheap.

DAVID MILLAR,
43 Sparks-st, Centre Town, next to Esmonde's Stove Depot.

Gold Medal, Paris, 1867.

WHEELER & WILSON'S
SEWING MACHINES.
THE BEST HOLIDAY PRESENT,
From $47 and upwards.

☞ FIVE per cent. off for cash in bills until after the holidays. One handsome Mahogany full case $8 discount.

The Howe Sewing Machines from $50 Up.

Grout & Co.'s Twisted Elastic Stitch only $15.

☞ Call and see this little beauty. Prospectuses and Samples sent Free by Mail.

December 19, 1867. 472-6y C. A. WALTON, Agent, 32 Sparks Street, Ottawa.

FIRST CLASS

Tailoring Establishment.

BEING desirous to dispose of the balance of my WINTER STOCK, in order to make room for

Spring Importations.

For two months I shall offer such inducements to intending purchasers as will enable me to make a ready sale, and my customers a good investment

☞ Please Call and Examine. ☜

G. M. HOLBROOK,

Pan Tor Depot, Elgin-street,
381y Opposite the Post Office.

AMERICAN
[WALTHAM]
WATCHES.

THE true value of Machinery applied to Watchmaking is not that by its us Watches are made rapidly, but that they are made correctly. Very few people know why a Watch should be superior to any other. In the first place, at Waltham the Watch is regarded as only a machine, to be constructed, like any other machine, on mechanical principles. The factory is indeed little else than a vast machine shop, the principal work in which is not more upon watches than upon machinery to make watches with. If the watches are good, it is because the machinery is good. Of course there must be no defect in the principle or plan of the movement, no mistake in the sizes or shapes of the pieces of which it is composed, nothing waiting in their properties, and no error in their positions. These points once thoroughly settled in regard to each part of every variety of watch, it rests wholly with the machinery constructed with infinite diversity of form and function, expressly for the purpose, to produce the finished pieces. The method established in every department is the reproduction of parts by mechanical means, and this is carried out on the system of the most thorough sub division of labor

By means of multiplying gauges and microscopes, tests, and inspection for the detection of wear in cutting tools and for faults and flaws in steel or where are made to accompany the work in every stage from beginning to end. As a necessary result, the Watch goes together a perfect machine. Every part is found to fit properly in its place. Every pin may be pushed till it pinches, and every screw turned home. Instead of a sluggish and feeble action, the balance, even under the pressure of the finest mainspring, vibrates with a wide and free motion, and the beat has the clear and ringing sound, always characteristic of the Waltham Watch. The machine is a timekeeper from the start.

This system of watchmaking is unknown in foreign countries, and is entirely original with the Waltham Company. The company claim that by it they produce watches that cannot be equaled for every quality which makes a watch valuable. Simple in plan and correct in principle, the movement is not only beautifully finished, substantial, accurate and cheap, but is uniform to the minutest details, not easily damaged, easily repaired, and when repaired always as good as new.

There are different grades of finish in the different varieties of watches made by the Waltham Company, as there are different sizes and shapes, to suit all tastes and means, but every watch that bears the genuine trade mark of "WALTHAM," is guaranteed to be a good one, and nobody need be afraid to buy it.

Every Watch Fully Warranted.

For sale by all first-class dealers in the United States and British Provinces. For further information address the Agents,

ROBBINS & APPLETON, New York.
ROBERT WILKES, Toronto, C.

RAILROADS.

Grand Trunk Railway Company
OF CANADA.

WINTER ARRANGEMENTS, 1867.

TRAINS now leave Bonaventure Station as follows:

GOING WEST—Day Express for Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago and all points West, at 8.30 A.M. Night Express at 7.30 P.M.

Accommodation Train for Kingston and intermediate stations at 7.00 A.M.

Local Train for Cornwall and intermediate Stations, at 4.20 P.M.

Trains for Lachine at 8.00 A.M., 9.30 A.M., 3.00 and 4.30 P.M.

The 5.00 P.M. Train runs through to Plattsburgh.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST—Accommodation Train from Island Pond and intermediate Stations, at 7.00 A.M.

Express for New York and Boston, at 8.40 A.M.

Express for Boston and New York, at 3.30 P.M.

Express for Portland (staying over night at Island Pond) at 2.00 P.M.

Night Express for Portland, Three Rivers, Quebec and Riviere du Loup, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbrooke, Waterville and Coaticooke only, at 10.10 P.M.

☞ Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.

For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station.

C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director
December 23, 1867. 650tf

CHANGE of TIME

St. Lawrence & Ottawa Railway,

(formerly the Ottawa & Prescott Railway.)

ON and after MONDAY, the 30th December, 1867, and until further notice, trains will run as follows:

LEAVE PRESCOTT.	ARRIVE IN OTTAWA.
Mixed, 7.30 a.m.	11.00 a.m.
Express, 2.10 p.m.	7.45 p.m.
LEAVE OTTAWA.	**ARRIVE IN PRESCOTT.**
Express, 8 a.m.	10.30 a.m.
Mixed, 1.30 p.m.	4.45 p.m.

The time of these Trains has been rearranged as to ensure connection with night and day trains on Grand Trunk, east and west.

N. B.—These Trains run on Montreal Time.

Baggage to and from Ottawa checked through from and to stations on Grand Trunk Railway.

Return tickets to Prescott, Kemptville and Ottawa at reduced rates can be had at the principal stations on the line.

T. S. DETLOR, Superintendent. THOMAS REYNOLDS, Managing Director.
Ottawa, Dec. 28, 1867. 1y

Brockville and Ottawa Railway,

WINTER ARRANGEMENT
Commencing on Monday, December 9, 1867.

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

3:45 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 3.45 p.m., and arrive at Sandpoint at 9.25 p.m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT.

6:45 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint daily at 6.45 a.m., and arrive at Brockville at 1:00 p.m.

LEAVES PERTH.

5:00 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Perth at 5:00 p.m., and 9:40 a.m., and arrive at Smith's Falls at 5:50 p.m. and 10:10 a.m.

LEAVES SMITH'S FALLS.

10:50 A.M.—TRAINS will leave Smith's Falls at 10:50 a.m., and 6:05 p.m., and arrive at Perth at 11:40 a.m., and 6:55 p.m.

All trains on main line connect at Smith's Falls with Trains to and from Perth.

No. 1 leaves Brockville after G. T. R. Express Train is due from the East.

No. 2 is due at Brockville in time to connect with G. T. R. Express Trains for the East and West.

H. ABBOTT, *Manager for Trustee.*
Brockville, Dec. 16. 472y

Royal Canadian Bank

OTTAWA AGENCY:
Office—Desbarats' Building, 77 Sparks St
M. P. HAYES, AGENT.
Ottawa, June 21. 157tf

DALGLISH & RUSSELL

ARE NOW IN RECEIPT OF THEIR new and varied assortment of

Grocery Goods

Consisting of Teas, Gunpowder, Old Hyson, Young Hyson, Hyson Twankay, Black, Extra Fine English Breakfast Souchong, Congou ditto, Oolong, Orange Pekoe, Finest Japans.

Coffees.—Java, Jamaica, La Guayra, Mocha Roasted and Ground on the premises.

Sugars.—English, refined in loaves, Broken Loaf, Crushed White, Yellow Refined.

Chocolate and Cocoa Spices, Mustards, Essences, Syrups, Pickles, Sauces, Vinegars, and Bottled Fruits, in Syrup, Preserves, Potted Meats, Fruits &c. Also, Provisions, Sugar Cured Hams, Spiced Rolled Hams, Bacon, Butter, Cheese, Crackers, Biscuit, Flour, Oatmeal, Barley, Peas, Rice, Labrador Herrings, Table Codfish, Digby Herrings, &c., &c.

Our stock is extensive and complete, and every article warranted to give satisfaction. All orders sent or left will be promptly attended to.

All Goods delivered on the shortest notice

Dalglish & Russell,
Wellington & Kent-sts.

Take Highest Premiums at the Paris Exposition.

PLATFORM, COUNTER, Warehouse, Grain, Coal, Hay, Railroad Track, Depot, Druggist, Gold, and all kinds of SCALES constantly on hand and for Sale.

FAIRBANKS, BROWN & Co., Boston, Mass.

Our Sole Agents in Ottawa,

ALEXANDER WORKMAN & Co.
November 18, 1867. 592-6m

NOTICE

IS hereby given that application will be made to each and every Parliament having jurisdiction, at the present or next session thereof, respectively, for an act to amend the act chaptered 105, passed at the Session of the Parliament for the late Province of Canada, held the 29th and 30th years of the Reign of Her Majesty Queen Victoria, intituled "An Act to Incorporate the Ottawa City Passenger Railway Company.

Dec. 2nd, 1867. 6072m

Bottled Ale, Bottled Ale, Bottled Ale.

THE Subscriber would call the attention of Families and others to his

Fine Bottled Ale!

Which is in splendid condition. Also,

Scotch, Irish, Old Rye

And other Malt Whiskies,

Ports, Sherries, Brandies, Gin, &c.,

To ether with a General Assortment of

FIRST-CLASS GROCERIES.

A Call kindly Solicited.

D. WHELAN,
44, Rideau-street,
Opposite Allan's Crockery Store

Ottawa, Jan. 20, 1868.

FOR SALE.

850 PAIRS of Grey Twilled BLANKETS, in bales of 50 pairs
—ALSO,—
Canadian White Twilled and Whitney Blankets English Grey Blankets, weighing from 8 to 10 pounds each.

E. McGILLIVRAY.
Ottawa, December 23, 1867. 622-3m

PIANOFORTES!

Messrs. Orme & Son

BEG to intimate that they have on hand one of the FINEST COLLECTIONS of

Steinway, Chickering and Dunham PIANOFORTES

That have ever been offered for sale in Ottawa. These instruments were carfully selected by Mr. Nordheimer from the factories.

INSPECTION INVITED.

A splendid CHICKERING, only a few months in use, FOR SALE CHEAP, the proprietor having gone to England.

☞ Old Pianofortes taken in exchange.

25, Sparks-street,
Sign of the Golden Lyre.
January 27. 118y

Dissolution of Partnership.

THE PARTNERSHIP heretofore existing between JAMES HOPE and S. S. M. HUNTER, under the firm of JAMES HOPE & Co., was this day dissolved by mutual consent.

The business will be continued, under the same name as heretofore, by JAMES HOPE, who will receive all monies due, and discharge all claims against the late firm.

JAMES HOPE.
S. S. M. HUNTER.
Ottawa, Feb. 15, 1868. 668-a-8-4

AYER'S Sarsaparilla

FOR PURIFYING THE BLOOD.

And for the speedy cure of the following complaints:

Scrofula and Scrofulous Affections, such as Tumors, Ulcers, Sores, Eruptions, Pimples, Pustules, Blotches, Boils, Blains, and all Skin Diseases.

OSKALOOSA, Ind., 6th June, 1859.

J. C. AYER & Co. Gentlemen: I feel it my duty to acknowledge what your Sarsaparilla has done for me. Having inherited a Scrofulous infection, I have suffered from it in various ways for years. Sometimes it burst out in Ulcers on my limbs and Arms; sometimes it turned inward and undermined me at the stomach. Two years ago it broke out in my head and covered my scalp and ears with one sore, which was painful and loathsome beyond description. I tried many medicines and several physicians, but without much relief from any thing. In fact, the disease grew worse. At length I was rejoiced to read in the newspapers that you had prepared an alterative Sarsaparilla. I knew from your reputation that such a medicine, if any could be cured. I sent to Cincinnati and got one bottle. It seemed to me it was going to do me good. I took it as you gave me, a small spoonful over a month, and used three more bottles. Now and healthy skin scarcely to be seen under the scab, which after a while fell off. My sight is now clear, and I know by my feelings that the disease has gone from my system. You can well believe that I feel what I am saying when I tell you that I BLESS the day I first met the apostles of the age, and remain ever gratefully, Yours,

ELIJAH B. TALLEY.

St. Anthony's Fire, Rose or Erysipelas, Tetter and Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Ringworm, Itch, Scurfy, and Dropsy.

Dr. Robert M. Peebles writes from Salem, N. Y., 12th Sept., 1866, that he has cured an inveterate case of Dropsy, which threatened to terminate fatally, by the preservative power of your Sarsaparilla, and also a dangerous Malignant Erysipelas he had been dosed of the usual way under the opinion, frequently, it is constantly.

Bronchocele, Goiter, or Swelled Neck.

Absalom Shearer, of Jackson, Texas, writes: "Three bottles of your Sarsaparilla cured my Goiter, and a big one swelling on the neck, which I had suffered from my childhood."

Leucorrhea or Whites, Ovarian Tumor, Uterine Ulceration, Female Diseases.

Dr. J. S. Manning, of New York City, writes: "I have thoroughly employed with the utmost satisfaction your Sarsaparilla in my practice. I have found your Sarsaparilla a most excellent therapeutic in the numerous complaints for which we prescribe such a remedy, especially in *Female Diseases* of the scrofulous diathesis." I have cured many inveterate cases of Leucorrhea by it, and none where the complaint was caused by abscesses of the uterus, the abscess itself was cured by it. Nothing within my knowledge equals it for these female derangements."

Edward S. Morrow, of Newburgh, Ohio, writes, "A dangerous ovarian tumor in one of my females in my family, had defied all the remedies we could employ, but though been completely cured by your Extract of Sarsaparilla. Our physician thought nothing but extirpation could afford relief, but he tried the trial of your Sarsaparilla as the last resort before cutting, and it proved effectual. After taking your remedy eight weeks symptom of the disease vanished."

Syphilis and Mercurial Disease.

NEW ORLEANS, 25th August, 1859.

Dr. J. C. AYER: Sir, I cheerfully comply with the request of your agent, and report to you some of the effects I have realized with your Sarsaparilla.

I have cured with it, in my practice, most of the complaints for which it is recommended, and have found its effects truly wonderful in the cure of *General and Mercurial Diseases*. One of my patients had Syphilitic ulcers in his throat, which were consuming his palate and the roof of his mouth. Your Sarsaparilla, steadily taken, cured him in two weeks. Another was attacked by secondary symptoms in his nose. The ulceration had eaten away a considerable part of it, so that I believe the disorder would soon reach his brain and kill him. But it yielded to my administration of your Sarsaparilla; the sores healed, and he is well again, not of course without some disfiguration to his face. A woman who had been salivated for the same disorder by mercury was suffering from the poison in her bones. They had become so sensitive to the weather that on a damp day she suffered excruciating pain in her joints and bones. She, too, was cured entirely by your Sarsaparilla in a few weeks. I now from its formula, which your agent gave me, that the Preparation from your laboratory must be a great remedy; consequently, these truly remarkable results with it have not surprised me.

☞ Fraternally yours, G. V. LARIMER, M. D.

Rheumatism, Gout, Liver Complaint.

INDEPENDENCE, Preston Co., Va., 6th July, 1859.

Dr. J. C. AYER: Sir, I have been afflicted with a painful chronic *Rheumatism* for a long time, which baffled the skill of physicians, and stuck to me in spite of all the medies I could find, until I tried your Sarsaparilla. One bottle cured me in two weeks, and restored my general health so much that I am far better than before I was attacked. I think it a wonderful medicine. J. PREAM.

Isaac Y. Getebell, of St. Louis, writes: "I have been afflicted for years with an *affection of the Liver*, which disordered my health. I tried every thing, and every thing failed to relieve me; and I have been a broken-down man some years from no other cause than *derangement of Liver*. My beloved pastor, the Rev. Mr. Espy, advised me to try your Sarsaparilla, because he said he knew you, and any thing you made was worth trying. By the blessing of God it has cured me, and has so purified my blood as to make a new man of me. I feel young again. The best that can be said of it is not half good enough."

Cancers, Cancer Tumors, Enlargement, Ulceration, Caries and Exfoliation of the Bones.

A great variety of cases have been reported to us where cures of these formidable complaints have resulted from the use of this remedy, but our space here will not admit them. Some of them may be found in our American Almanac, which the agents below named are pleased to furnish gratis to all who call for them.

Dyspepsia, Heart Disease, Fits, Epilepsy, Melancholy; Neuralgia

Many remarkable cures of these affections have been made by the alterative power of this medicine. It invigorates the vital functions into vigorous action, and thus overcomes disorders which would be supposed beyond its reach. Such a remedy has long been required by the necessities of the people, and we are confident that this will prove to them all that medicine can do.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,

FOR THE RAPID CURE OF

Coughs, Colds, Influenza, Hoarseness, Croup, Bronchitis, Incipient Consumption, and for the Relief of Consumptive Patients in advanced Stages of the Disease.

This is a remedy so universally known to surpass any other for the cure of throat and lung complaints, that it is needless here to publish the evidence of its virtues. Its unrivalled excellence for coughs and colds, and its truly wonderful cures of pulmonary disease, have made it known throughout the civilized nations of the earth. Few are the communities, or even families, among them who have not some personal experience of its effects—some living trophy in their midst of its victory over the subtile and dangerous disorders of the throat and lungs. We all know the dreadful fatality of these disorders, and as they know, too, the effects of this remedy, we need not do more than to assure them that it has now all the virtues that it did have when making the cures which have won so strongly upon the confidence of mankind.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts W. M. Massey, H. P. MacCarthy, and John Skinner, in Ottawa.

Royal Italian Bitters!
—OR—
TONICO REALE

DEL DOTTORE, F. P. VERRI.

Professor of Chemistry in the University of PADUA

ITALY.

THIS celebrated preparation for which a certificate of merit was awarded to the distinguished original preparer at the National Exposition at Torino, Italy, by whose favor Mr. GIANELLI obtained the recipe, and was also awarded a diploma at the Provincial Exhibition of Canada held at Montreal in September, 1863, is, without exception, the most genuine, salubrious and agreeable Tonic ever introduced to public notice either in Europe or America.

For seventeen years it has, in Italy, been a universal favorite among the *elite* of society, being generally served in the drawing room before dinner, in preference to Vermouth.

The ingredients of its composition have been imparted to the leading Physicians of Canada and the United States, and have received their unqualified approval on every account.

The proprietor refers with the greatest confidence and satisfaction to the subjoined testimonials from eminent medical men, which he could add to, were it desirable.

Kept by the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion of Canada and in the United States.

Sold by the Proprietor.

Dear Sir: You request my opinion of the "Royal Italian Bitters," prepared from a receipt of Dr Verri, of Padua. I beg to state that I consider it a most agreeable cordial tonic, in every way superior in flavour and composition to the ordinary bitter tonics in general use. I have recommended it to several patients, who have derived marked benefit from its use.

I am, dear Sir, yours faithfully,
G. E. FENWICK, M.D.

A. M. F. GIANELLI, Esq., Montreal.

A. M. F. GIANELLI,
26, Hospital-street, Montreal.

NATURAL AMERICAN

Lubricating Oils!

PREPARED EXPRESSLY FOR

STEAMBOATS, LOCOMOTIVES,
FACTORIES, CAR JOURNALS,
MACHINE SHOPS,
HORSE RAILWAYS
&c., &c., &c.

Perfectly free from Gum & Grit.
NON-EXPLOSIVE,
NON-INFLAMMABLE
WILL NOT FREEZE IN WINTER!

AND THE

CHEAPEST OIL IN THE MARKET!

How they suit for Small Engines and Printing Presses.

TIMES OFFICE,
Ottawa, Feb. 20, 1868.

Messrs. McKENZIE & MACKAY, Hamilton.

GENTLEMEN,—We have used your Lubricating Oil (A) on the Engine and large Hoe Press, and find it to be a better article than any we have formerly used. On the Card Presses, where we formerly used olive oil, we find your oil superior to it.

CHARLES W. MITCHELL, Foreman.

THOMAS McELROY, Engineer.

How they Suit for Cutting Bolts.

DUNDAS FOUNDRY, Dundas, July 29, 1867.

Messrs. McKENZIE & MACKAY, Hamilton.

GENTLEMEN,—I have been testing your Natural Lubricating Oils [A] and [AAA] for the last three months, and have no hesitation in stating that they are the best oils used in this foundry for some years, and are far superior to what we have known as "Petroleum Lubricators." They are free from all Gum and Grit, do not heat the bearings, and are particularly adapted for lathes and planer beds. The TREBLE A OIL is especially suited for cutting heavy bolts. I have used it with the "Patent Die," which finishes the thread with one cut, and it has stood the severe test to my satisfaction.

Yours truly,
THOMAS WILSON, Foreman.

How they Suit for Grist Mills.

DUNDAS FLOUR MILLS,
Dundas, May 13, 1867.

Messrs. McKENZIE & MACKAY, Hamilton.

GENTLEMEN,—I have tried your Lubricating Oil, (AA) and (A) and can recommend it as being a good Oil for Lubricating purposes. I have used it on both heavy and light machinery, and find it answers the purpose as well as any oil hitherto used. I have always used olive oil till now, so that your oil received a severe test. Please send me one barrel of each kind.

Yours truly,
JAMES COLMAN,
JAMES WALES, Manager.

How they Suit for Saw Mills.

WEST FLAMBORO, July 27, 1867.

Messrs. McKENZIE & MACKAY, 9, King-street, Hamilton,

GENTLEMEN,—I have thoroughly tested in my Saw mill the Lubricating Oil received from you. The sample marked (AA) I think is superior to any elephant oil for saw mill machinery. The journals run with it, work longer clean, and with less friction than with any other oil I have used.

Yours respectfully,
ROBERT CHRISTIE.

Samples of the oil and numerous certificates may be seen at the office of our Agent.

McKENZIE & MACKAY,
Agents for Canada,
9 King Street,
Hamilton.

Agent for Ottawa and Vicinity,
T. ISAACS,
Sparks-st.
Ottawa, Feb. 21, 1868. 663tf

EVERY MAN HIS OWN DOCTOR

PROFESSOR KELLOG'S Life Preserving Vegetable Compound and universal cure for man and beast, which gives immediate relief, and only requires one trial to convince the most skeptical. Externally by rubbing, internally by mixing with milk or anything to suit the taste or clear. One teaspoonful, a full dose, fever and ague, and all fevers, old sores, fresh cuts and bruises, burns, foul stomach. Dyspepsia, by mixing with one glass Highwines; rheumatism of all kinds, Delirium Tremens. Persons drunk made sober in half an hour by two doses, and in fact almost every ailment cured in a very short space of time. Corns, by paring and applying for several weeks. The nerve of a tooth entirely quieted by an application for a short length of time. It acts as magic on horse flesh in all cases, and also on all other beasts. No family should be without it, as there will be no danger of disease when used in connection with the Water Cure. None genuine without the signature of the above Sole Proprietor H. J. KELLOG.

We the undersigned inhabitants of Templeton have used the above named compound in many cases, and cordially recommend it to the public for a trial, as it has been more expedient and effectual than any remedy used by us.

Templeton—Modeste Martel, puking and purging; Hugh Turner, Fever; A. Peterkin, different ailments; Wm Waters, rheumatism; T. Blanchette, man and animals; R. McElroy, sunstroke; J. Davidson, small-pox.

Ottawa—W. R. Caldwell, W. Kennedy, J. M. T. Hannum, X. Locas.

Sold by W. Hearn, J. Skinner, and other druggists

Ottawa, June 10, 1867. 470y

GREAT DISCOVERY.

EVERY MAN HIS OWN ARTIST!

A SCIENTIFIC WONDER.

AN Instrument by which any person can take correct Likenesses or Photographs. This Instrument with full instructions sent by Mail for one dollar. Address,

C. B. AMES & CO.,
617-2m Broadway, New York.

SALE OF

ORDNANCE LANDS
OTTAWA.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that a large number of Lots, of different sizes and dimensions,

Town Lots & Country Lots,

Will be offered for sale on

MONDAY, 6th APRIL NEXT,

AT THE

Auction Room of H. McLean, Auctioneer,

OTTAWA, VIZ.

Building Lots in Ottawa on North Rideau street, South George street, South St. Andrew street, North St. Andrew street, South Bolton street, South Parry street, South Franklin street, North Franklin street South Patrick street, East Wurtemburg street, Lot B Rideau Front, Lot I, do.

—ALSO.—

	Acres.	R.	P.
Lot 34, concession B, Nepean	87	00	00
35, concession B, occupied by Mulligan and one McCabe	77	00	00
Lot K, concession D, Nepean, part of	59	00	00
Lots L and M, concession B, Nepean, parts of	86	2	25
Lot K, concession C, Nepean	93	00	00
Sub Lots 2, 3, 4, on Lot E, concession C, Nepean, three and nine perches each.			
Eleven Sub-Lots of 10 acres each, on Lot No. 21, Gore of Gloucester.			
Nineteen Sub-Lots of 10 acres each, on Lot No. 22, Gore of Gloucester.			
Lot letter I, concession 4, Gloucester	101	1	32

Lists of the Lots, and terms of payment, may be had on application at the Ordnance Lands Office, at the Office of H. McLean, Auctioneer, and at the Office of the undersigned, Public Buildings, Ottawa.

By order of the Secretary of State:

E. PARENT,
Under Sec. of State.

WILLIAM F. COFFIN,
Ordnance Lands Agent.
Ottawa, February 6, 1868. 660-1awtd

FRESH ARRIVALS
OF
Very Choice and Superior

TEAS

NOW ON SALE

AT THE

1,000 CHESTS UNCOLORED JAPAN.

500 Chests very choice and superior YOUNG HYSON.

700 Chests Good Strong TWANKAY

100 Chests old fashioned BREAKFAST SOUCHONG.

150 Caddies MANDERIN MIXTURE.

☞ This is the finest BLACK TEA ever imported, 3s per pound; in small Caddies, about 14 lb each, 4s 9d.

COFFEE!

The Pure Mountain Berry

"Without exception the finest Coffee in the world."—*London Times, March 16.*

We are constantly receiving supplies of this truly beautiful and delicious COFFEE, *roasted daily on our premises by*

Dakins' Patent Silver Cylinder

By which peculiar process, he aroma is preserved, and renders it the FAVORITE WITH ALL COFFEE DRINKERS.

BEWARE OF SPURIOUS IMITATIONS.

☞ As it is imported by no other firm in Canada

ROBINSON & CO.,
THE TEA POT,
OTTAWA

Wines, Spirits & Liquors

ROBINSON & CO. would especially call the attention of families to their stock of

ALE, WINES & SPIRITS

100 cases Otard Brandy.
50 " Martell's
150 " Hennessey.
75 " United Vinquels.

We have a most delicious

DINNER SHERRY

Which we are selling at 8 shillings per gallon

GUINESS & CO.

DUBLIN STOUT!

BLOOD'S LONDON STOUT.
BARCLAY'S LONDON PORTER
ALLSOP'S PALE ALE.
BASS' EAST INDIA.
DOW'S CELEBRATED MONTREAL ALE
DAW'S SUPERIOR LACHINE ALE
DAW'S CELEBRATED PORTER & STOUT

PRESERVED MEATS.

Just Received from England:

ROAST HARE.
CURRIED DO.
JUGGED DO.
STEWED DO.
ROAST PHEASANTS.
ROAST GROUSE.
OAST PARTRIDGE

ALL GOODS DELIVERED FREE by our own Waggon to any part of the City daily

ROBINSON & CO.
THE TEA POT,
OTTAWA.

Establishments—Sussex St. and Rideau St
Ottawa, September 10. 225tf

PRIVATE BILLS.

ON the reassembling of the Parliament of Canada, in March, PETITIONS FOR PRIVATE BILLS will be received, in the House of Commons, until Thursday, the 2nd of April following.

W. B. LINDSAY,
Clerk, House of Commons.
Ottawa, Feb. 1, 1868. 655Mh12

NEW STORE!

THE Store formerly occupied by W. D. WOOD, No. 38, on RIDEAU STREET, has been refitted by the subscribers, and will be opened on MONDAY, FOURTEENTH OCTOBER, with an entire new stock of

GROCERIES,
LIQUORS AND
HARDWARE.

WOOD & ROBSITER.
Ottawa, October 12, 1867. 561-tf

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

FARM FOR SALE.

FOR SALE, Lot No. 15, 4th Concession Gloucester, Rideau Front, 7 miles from Ottawa, on the Macadamized Road, leading from Ottawa to Metcalf, consisting of 100 acres, 50 of which cleared, and in the highest state of cultivation. The soil is of the very best quality; there is a good dwelling house, barn, stable and other out buildings thereon. This farm is well fenced and watered.

For further particulars apply to H. McLEAN, Auctioneer, or the subscriber, on the premises.

W. HALPENNY.
Gloucester, Sept. 13, 1867. 557 37-6m

NOTICE.

THE Undersigned will either sell or let for a few years his well known farm, being lot Twenty-five in the Fourth Concession of Gloucester, Rideau Front, 215 acres all cleared, and well fenced and in a good state of cultivation. Also, the one-half of lot Twenty-seven in the Third Concession, being in its natural state, all wood and excellent land. It is just the cross of two hundred acres from the corner of the one lot to the other. The railroad line runs within ten feet of the front corner of the one hundred and in sight of the two hundred for two or three miles. The station at Cunningham's is scarcely a mile and a half from the front of Lot Twenty-five. The above farm is capable of keeping thirty head of milch cows, two span of horses, and as many young cattle as it would be proper to raise. Eight or nine years ago I kept twenty-two milch cows, and ten or twelve horses, and raised five or six calves every year. The above farm is about ten miles, from the door, to the limits of the City. The improvements cannot be surpassed for a farmer's purpose. The dwelling-house is stone, 30 by 40, a story and a half over ground; and a cellar nine feet high, the one half used for a kitchen and the other half capable of holding 1,000 bushels of anything you wish to put into it; there is three small windows in it, and when cleaned in the Spring, makes an excellent milk-house or dairy; there is a frame wood shed at the door, 60 by 24, with 14 feet taken off the one end for a smokehouse, and overlead for a storehouse; next to that is a stable 56 by 26, finished inside, complete with four large double stalls and two single ones, and good room for hanging up harnesses, and sat box; convenient to that is a barn 40 by 50, in which I have often had 1,000 bushels of grain in one year; connected with that is 200 and 20 feet of frame sheds, all 20 and 24 deep, under pinned with stone and lime from two to seven feet, according to level; on the north side of the house is another barn, 30 by 40, commonly filled with peas and oats. And if either tenant or purchaser has a desire for religious purposes, you can lie in your bed and look at the bell telling on the Catholic Church every Holy Day, and go to the front door and you will see the Presbyterian Church, where the Rev. Mr. Lochead has preached for the last twenty-two years, and go to the back door and you will see both English Church and Methodist Church within two miles. The above farm would be a desirable situation for a young man wishing to give his attention to farming, as the Ottawa Market cannot be surpassed in the Dominion. I think that I can say that I have not sold one pound of butter under one shilling this eight years! if one went under two went over. Some reader may ask what am I selling for, it is neither for want of money nor of anything, but I am in the seventieth year of my age, and have purchased off this lot seven hundred and fifty acres of land and all is paid for, and all my sons is settled on their own farms, so I would rather sit down and take my ease as be attending to marketing and farming any longer. Persons wishing to get any information on any point from me, can do so by addressing, post paid, JAMES JOHNSTON, Senr., South Gloucester.

JAMES JOHNSTON, SENR.
February 6, 1868. 769-6Mh17.

Two Dwellings to Let.

BEING the Upper part of R. MARTINEAU'S Clothing Store, Corner of Sussex and Clarence-streets.

Enquire at the Store.

EUG. MARTINEAU.
Ottawa, Jan. 22, 1868. 664tf

To Let.

A ROOM TO LET either with or without board. Enquire this office.
Ottawa, November 26. 594tf

Lots for Sale.

6 BUILDING LOTS, one mile from the city, on the Richmond Road, containing one acre each. Apply to THOMAS ANDERSON, Jr., on the premises. 564tf

FOR SALE.—THE WESTerly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession Ottawa, Front Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same Concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. T. Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to JOHN and WM. THOMSON, Nepean, and LEWIS & PINHEY, Barrister, Ottawa. Je2-141-tf

F

The Ottawa Times

VOL. II. NO 679. OTTAWA, SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 29 1868. PRICE—3 CENTS

THE

Ottawa Daily Times,

(Published every morning, Sundays excepted.)

THE DAILY AND WEEKLY TIMES NOW enjoys THE LARGEST CIRCULATION of any paper published in the Ottawa Valley—issuing of the Daily over 3,000! and Weekly over 4,000! making a total circulation in the week of over 18,000! thus outstripping all competitors, and affording the best medium for business men to advertise in.

Advertisements are inserted in the Daily at the following rates:

Business Cards of from 3 to 6 lines, per annum—payable in advance only..... $6 00
Transient Advertisements, first insertion per line..... 8c
Subsequent insertions, per line..... 2c
Yearly advertisers specially contracted with, and liberal allowance made.
Yearly subscription to the daily (if paid in advance)..... $5 00
If not paid in advance..... 6 00
Yearly subscription to the weekly (if paid in advance)..... $1 00
If not paid in advance..... 1 50

ADVERTISING AGENCY—Messrs. S. M. Pettengill & Co., 37, Park Row, New York, and State Street, Boston, General Advertising Agents, are hereby authorized to receive Advertisements for the OTTAWA TIMES

Mails for the Maritime Provinces.

WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

From OTTAWA—Mails for ST. JOHN, N. B., Closed Daily, 12:15, P. M.

NEW BRUNSWICK.

THE general route of transmission is by railway, via Montreal, Danville Junction, and Bangor, Me., whence by stage to Calais and St. John. Time taken, at this season, usually four days.

The Mail despatched, however, on Friday, obtains connexion with the Monday 5 p m steamer, (International Line), from Portland, being due at St. John on Tuesday p m.

For Woodstock, N. B.

There is also a tri-weekly Mail from Riviere du Loup to Edmundston and Woodstock, leaving Riviere du Loup every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday evenings, on the arrival of the mail train from Quebec. Matter intended for conveyance by this route should be specially addressed "Per Riv. du Loup."

PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND.

Matter for Prince Edward Island is forwarded via St. John.

Letters 5 cents per half ounce. Newspapers 1 cent.

NOVA SCOTIA.

For Halifax, N. S., Closed Every Thursday, 12:15, P. M.

Route of transmission is via Portland, whence per steamer *Chesa* or *Carlotta*, every Saturday at 4 p m, for Halifax, being due there on the following Monday.

Letters 5 cents per half ounce. Newspapers 1 cent.

For Halifax, N. S., Closed Every Friday, 12:15, P. M.

Route of transmission is via Portland, connecting there with the Monday 5 p m steamer, (International Line), for St. John. Mail due in Halifax on the following Thursday evening.

Letters 5 cents per half ounce. Newspapers 1 cent.

Letters, &c., are not forwarded from Ottawa to Halifax by the land route, via St. John, N. B., unless specially so addressed.

NEWFOUNDLAND.

Newfoundland is included in the ordinary mail made up for Halifax.

Letters 12½ cents per half ounce. Newspapers 2 cents each.

G. P. BAKER, Postmaster.

Post Office, Ottawa, Feb. 13, 1868.

Nova Scotia, by Inman "steamer from New York.

NOTE—For Inman Steamer to Halifax a Mail is closed every alternate Friday, 12 45, p. m. (i. e. 21st February, 6th and 20th March, 3rd and 17th April, and so on.) Route of transmission is via New York, connecting there with the Steamer of the Inman Line, leaving on alternate Mondays at Noon for England, via Halifax, being due at Halifax on the following Thursday. Letters and papers for despatch by this route must be SPECIALLY ADDRESSED, with postage prepaid by stamp, as follows:—

Letters 12½ cents per half ounce. Newspapers 2 cents each. 67.tf

Legal Cards.

MOSGROVE & TAILLON, BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.
WILLIAM MOSGROVE. GEORGE TAILLON.
Ottawa, Feb 20, 1868. 566-tf

G. J. O'DOHERTY, LAW, CHANCERY and CONVEYANCING OFFICE, AUMOND'S BUILDINGS, Rideau-street.
Ottawa, Dec. 6, 1867. 668-43y

R. J. WICKSTEED, ADVOCATE, &c., 42, Little St. James Street, MONTREAL.
November 14, 1867. 589-6m

N. TETREAU, NOTARY PUBLIC for the Province of Quebec, HULL, near the Post Office.
Dec. 6, 1867. 390tf

NICHOLAS SPARKS, LAW, Chancery and Conveyancing Office, Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office.
Ottawa, July 19. 489y

LAPIERRE & HAYCOCK, ATTORNIES-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers and Notaries Public, corner of Sussex and York-streets, Ottawa.
Ottawa, February 26, 1867. 368y

D. O'CONNOR, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex Street. OFFICE: Union Buildings, Ottawa.
January 21, 1868. 55-y

R. H. HAYCOCK, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. OFFICE: Post Office Building, Elgin Street, Ottawa
February 7, 1866. 43-u

A. F. BOUCHETTE, ADVOCATE. Office: No. 17, St. Peter Street, Quebec. Mr. Bouchette will always be prepared to attend promptly to any business the Government employes, and the public generally may entrust him. Mr. B. attends regularly the circuits and for the district of Quebec.
December 28, 1865. 9-y

P. J. BUCKLEY, LL.B., BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law Solicitor-in-Chancery and Notary Public. Office, over Mr. Luke Cleary's Boot and Shoe Store, Rideau Street, Ottawa, C. W.
January 17 1867. 334y

AUGUSTUS KEEFER, BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office: Opposite Post Office, Elgin Street, in the rooms lately occupied as the Custom House.
Ottawa, March 30. 87-tf

J. F. BOULTON, BARRISTER-AT-LAW, Solicitor-in-Chancery, &c. OFFICE: Aumond's Buildings, Rideau Street.
Ottawa, Jan. 12, 1868. 21-

M. McLEOD, BARRISTER, Etc., for Lower Canada. OFFICE: Court House, Aylmer and Buckingham, C.E.
Attends to all Law Courts in the District of Ottawa.
February 7, 1868. 43-y

LEES & GEMMELL, BARRISTERS, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. OFFICE: In the Court House, Ottawa, C. W.
ROBERT LEES. JOHN J. GEMMELL.
Ottawa, February 7, 1868. 43-tf

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, BARRISTER, Solicitor, Attorney, and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Crown Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell.
OFFICE: In the Court House, L'Original.
January 27, 1868. 34-6m

Medical Cards.

DR. CRESLEY, OFFICE over Mr. Garth's Establishment, 25 Rideau-st., Ottawa.
May 30 447tf

DR. C. LEGGO, PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Office: Hunton's Block, Sparks Street.

DR. DORION, PHYSICIAN, Surgeon, and Accoucheur, Clarence Street, Ottawa.
March 1. 371y

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, DENTIST. Office: Sparks Street, Central Ottawa.
Ottawa, January 27, 1868. 34-u

DR. C. A. MARTIN, DENTIST. Office: Sussex Street, over Messrs. Campbell & Co.'s, Grocers.
Ottawa, January 27, 1868. 34-u

DR. JOHN LEGGO, DENTIST, Hunton's Block, Sparks Street. Teeth extracted without pain by means of the Ethereal Spray Producer. 35y

W. R. BELL, A.M., M.D., C.M., &c. (RECENTLY FROM ENGLAND.) SURGERY and Residence, George Street.
Ottawa, November 13. 280y

DR. LESLIE JONES, *Surgeon, &c., of Dublin and Edinburgh.* SURGERY and Consulting Office, Rideau-st., next door to the St. Lawrence Hall. Residence—Daly Street. 384y

DR. GEORGE HUTCHISON, DENTIST: Office, Sparks-street, opposite Magee & Russell's.
Ottawa, October 30, 1867. 576y

DR. W. J. HENRY, CORNER of Kent and Wellington Streets, Ottawa.
November 6. 43tf

DR. O. C. WOOD, PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur Ottawa. Day office opposite Magee & Russell's, Sparks Street, Center Town; Night Office at his Residence, Maria Street, Center Town.
CANCERS CURED, without the use of the knife, by a new, but certain, speedy, and almost painless process. References given to parties successfully treated, if required. *The cure guaranteed.*
Ottawa, April 14 17w-10f-y

Hotels and Saloons.

DOMINION HOUSE, *WELLINGTON-STREET,* COLIN McLaurin & Geo. Irvine, Proprietors. This hotel has been lately fitted up, and is now replete with every convenience which characterizes a modern hotel.
Boarders taken at moderate rates. The bar is always stocked with first-class liquors.
Ottawa, Feb 5. 658.ewy

HOLT'S HOTEL, AYLMER, C. E., Livery and General Stage Office. Alfred Moses Holt, Jr., Prop'tr.
December 21, 1865. 4-

JAS. JOHNSTON'S UNION HOUSE, North Gower. Good Stabling and an attentive Hostler.
January 11, 1866. 2o-y

DUIGNAN'S PRIVATE HOTEL, Sparks Street, Ottawa, C. W. A few gentlemen can obtain superior apartments.
Ottawa, Dec. 20, 1865. 3-y

THE RUSSELL HOUSE, LATE CAMPBELL'S HOTEL, Ottawa, C. W. The undersigned, proprietor of the above-named Hotel, begs leave to acquaint his numerous friends and the travelling public, that he has repainted and newly-furnished throughout this commodious establishment, in the management of which by strict attention to business and guests, he hopes to deserve encouragement and support.
JAMES E. GOUIN,
Lately, and for many years connected with Russell's Hotel, Pointe Street, Quebec

REVERE HOUSE OTTAWA, G. A. BUCKE, W. H. SANGER, } PROPRIETORS.
THIS FIRST-CLASS HOTEL has been re-furnished and refitted throughout, and now combines all the requisites of a first-class establishment.
Ottawa, Nov. 6, 1867 382tf

THE ALBION HOTEL NICHOLAS Street, Court-House Avenue, Ottawa, John Graham, Proprietor.
This House is conveniently situated, and still maintains its character as a FIRST-CLASS HOTEL. Considerable additions have recently been made to the premises, and it has been entirely repainted and renovated. No pains will be spared to accommodate and please.
OMNIBUSES to and from the cars and boats free of charge. There is a FIRST-CLASS LIVERY STABLE attached to the Hotel.
Ottawa 1866. 1-y

JOHN MALTMAN LATE MEADAMS', Commercial Hotel Packenham.
The above Hotel, one of the oldest and best known in Packenham, has been leased by the undersigned and thoroughly overhauled and refitted for the special accommodation of guests. THE TABLE AND BAR will at all times be furnished with the very best the market affords.
GOOD STABLING and a careful Hostler always in attendance
JOHN MALTMAN.

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT, M. KAVANAGH, Proprietor, Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington Streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government buildings.
The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.
Oysters, Game etc., daily

THE METROPOLITAN Aumond's Block, *Rideau Street, Ottawa.* P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.
Ottawa, November 27. 2y2tf

MISS LOVETT'S PRIVATE HOTEL *HOLLIS STREET, HALIFAX, N. S.*
STRANGERS will find this long established and well known house to be the most comfortable and well conducted in the city.
December 23, 1867. 622-6m

Miscellaneous.

HOLGATE, OLIVER & ANNABLE WHOLESALE Manufacturers of Bedsteads Chairs, &c., Chaudiere Island, Ottawa, C.W.
WILLIAM HOLGATE, JOHN OLIVER, WILLIAM ANNABLE.
506y

B. BILLINGS, JR., ARCHITECT, Elgin-street, opposite the Post Office.
REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq, Managing Director O & P R W 612-6m

R. SPARKS, PROVINCIAL LAND SURVEYOR Draughtsman, &c., (commissioned for Upper and Lower Canada.) Office and residence, Gloucester, near Ottawa. Surveys of every description executed with accuracy. Communications addressed Ottawa City, (post-paid), or left at the office of N. Sparks, Solicitor, &c., Ottawa, will receive prompt attention.
Ottawa, February 21, 1866. 55-

O'CONNOR & WALLER, EXCHANGE Brokers, Fire, Life and Accidental Insurance, Commission and Collecting Agents. Office, No. 27, Sussex-street, Ottawa.
E. R. O'CONNOR. W. H. WALLER.
March 9. 378y

Druggists.

Extensive Sale —OF— Drugs, Patent Medicines DYE STUFFS, &c.

THE Entire Stock of Drugs, &c., saved from the late disastrous fire by Dr. J. GARVEY, is now offered FOR SALE at the Office of EDWARD BEARMAN, Esq., over COWAN'S HARDWARE STORE, Rideau-street.
Buyers are requested to call at once, as the entire stock must be disposed of.
J. GARVEY, M. D.
Ottawa, Feb. 18, 1868. 669tf

CAUTION.

THE Subscriber regrets the necessity for cautioning the public against imitations of his popular Pomades,

The Alexandra Cream, AND The Canada Pomade

But having been informed that some unprincipled person has put up inferior articles, copying the labels word for word, and thereby greatly damaging the sale of the genuine articles, he is compelled to take this course in self-defence.
For the future every genuine pot will bear my written signature in RED INK, across the face of the label.
W. M. MASSEY,
Family and Dispensing Chemist,
Medical Hall, 28, *Sparks-st.*
Ottawa, Feb. 6, 1868. 472y

Spectacles for all Sights.

OPTICAL Instruments Electro-Magnetic and Galvanic Apparatus, Photographic Chemicals, &c.
W. HEARN,
637y Market Drug Store, York-street.

Apothecaries Hall!
No. 41, SUSSEX STREET,
O. MORTIMER, - - - PROPRIETOR

NONE OTHER GENUINE!

TRADE MARK IS REGISTERED

Canadian Cough Emulsion.

THIS Valuable Medicine has the extraordinary property of immediately relieving Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Difficulty of Breathing, Tightness in the Chest, &c., &c. It operates by dissolving the congealed phlegm, causing free expectoration, and an agreeable moistness of the skin. Prepared only by
GEORGE MORTIMER,
Chemist and Druggist, 41, Sussex Street, Ottawa City. Sold in bottles at 1s 3d and 2s 6d each.

MORTIMER'S COMPOUND ANTIBILIOUS AND FAMILY APERIENT PILLS,

a grand Specific for derangement of the digestive organs, and for obstructions and torpid action of the Liver and Bowels.

MORTIMER'S Vegetable WORM DESTROYER.

The only sure remedy that exists. Combining delicious taste with amazing power. Also
CAMPHORATED EYE-WATER,
Sure Cure for Sore, Weak and Inflamed Eyes.

MORTIMER'S
Colognes, Pomades, Toilet Vinegar, Rose Dentrifice, for the Teeth and Gums. Also constantly on hand, Perfumes of all kinds, and Toilet requisites usually kept in a first-class establishment.

FOUND,

A NEVER Failing Remedy for Coughs and Colds, Mortimer's Canadian Cough Emulsion. No family should be without a bottle. None genuine but from
G. MORTIMER,
Chemist, 41, Sussex-st.
The best of Certificates can be produced.
Ottawa, Nov. 22, 1867. 596-6m

Miscellaneous.

N. McKINNON, COMMISSION and Exchange Broker and Insurance Agent, Sparks-street, opposite Magee & Russell's, Ottawa, C. W.
Ottawa, March 25. 391y

J. P. MACPHERSON, BARRISTER, &c., Ottawa. Office Lang's Buildings, opposite Post Office
Ottawa, March 10, 1866. 70-

H. McLEAN'S AUCTION Rooms, No. 10, Sparks Street Centre Town, Ottawa, opposite Hope's Stationery Store.
The sale of Real Estate at Auction or Private Sale promptly attended to. Consignments received for positive sale. Parties wishing to purchase Real Estate will receive all information FREE OF CHARGE by calling at the office.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-

R. H. McGREEVY, CONTRACTOR and Builder. Office North side York street, second door from Sussex Street.
Ottawa, March 20, 1866. 78-

S. CHRISTIE, COMMISSION Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.
OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

PARLIAMENTARY AGENCY.
C. J. BOUCHETTE,
P. L. SURVEYOR and Draughtsman Mining, Land, and General Parliamentary Agent. References unexceptionable. OFFICE Wellington Street, next to British Hotel, and nearly opposite the banks, Ottawa.
P. S.—Special attention given with despatch to Public Land business, adjusting disputed claims and securing Patents.
Ottawa, May 22. 132-y

JOHN MERCER, Teacher Piano-Forte, Violin, &c THOROUGH BASS. *AYLMER, C. E*
VISITS OTTAWA TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS.
Orders left at Union House will be punctually attended to.
Ottawa, July 26. 187tf

Piano-Forte Tuition!
W. C. CLARK,
PROFESSOR of MUSIC and Teacher of Piano, Voice and Harmony. Also, Mr Clark, Teacher of Drawing and Painting. Music Rooms and residence, 69 Sparks-street, one door east of Toronto House.
Orders may be left a residence or at Orme n's Music Store. 452y

TO PARTIES ABOUT TO BUILD—
PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS, ESTIMATES, &
Prepared by AUGUSTUS LAVER, ARCHITECT
End Daly-st. Ottawa. April 1.

GREAT CLEARING SALE —OF— Dry Goods and Ready-made Clothing —AT—

J. T. Prudhomme's Stores,

SUSSEX-STREET, FACING CLARENCE-STREET,

And at the Sign of the "Golden Lamb."

AS the Subscriber intends closing one of his Stores on the first day of December he is determined to sell off at an immense reduction his stock of

DRY GOODS & READY-MADE CLOTHING —CONSISTING OF—

Beaver Cloths, Pilot do Whitney do Melton do Sattinet do
West of England Broad Cloths, Black Cassimeres, Silk Mix Coatings, " " Trowserings, Fancy Doeskins,
Col. and White Blankets Horse Rugs, Flannels, Kerseys, Winceys.

English, Scotch and Canadian Tweeds.

DRAWERS, SHIRTS, WOOL CRAVATS, " SCARFS, NECK TIES, COLLARS,
SHAWLS, CLOAKINGS, DRESS GOODS, NECK TIES, PRINTS, COBOURGS,
BUCK MITTS, BUCK MOCASSINS, WOOL SOCKS " MITTS, TRUNKS, VALISES

—ALSO, A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF—

Boots and Shoes, Teas, Soap, Candles and Wines

The whole to be disposed of before the 1st day of December. Call early and examine before purchasing elsewhere.
Ottawa, November 19, 1837. 593-3m

RELIANCE MUTUAL LIFE ASSURANCE CO'Y.
ESTABLISHED 1840.
CHIEF OFFICE—71, King William-street, Mansion House, LONDON.

ACCUMULATED PREMIUMS OVER, - - - - $1,000,000.
ANNUAL INCOME OVER, - - - - - - $300,000.

TRUSTEES.
The Right Rev the Bishop of Moray and Ross.
Viscount Kirkaldie, John Ledger, Esq, J R S Phillipps, Esq, James Traill, Esq, Sir John T Tyrell, Bart, W M Tufnell, Esq

DIRECTORS.
George Ashlin, Esq, W W Duffield, Esq, J W Ecertongreen, Esq, George T Harris, Esq, John James, Esq, John W Lay, Esq, John Ledger, Esq, Jos Lyppe ker, Esq, William Phelps, Esq, John Pike, Esq, Edward White, Esq, Henry T Prinsep, Esq, Major Skinner, R A, Charles H Smith, Esq, James Traill, Esq, W M Tufnell, Esq

MEDICAL OFFICERS.
J W Ogle, Esq, M D, H F Smith, Esq, M D

BANKS.
Messrs William Deacon Co, Birchin Lane, The London and County Bank. Messrs Sparrow, Tufnell & Co, Chelmsford.

SOLICITORS.
Messrs Hooke & Street, 27 Lincoln's Inn Fields. Messrs Gepp & Veley, Chelmsford.
EDWARD BUTLER, *Secretary.*

Canada Branch—Montreal.
BOARD OF DIRECTORS.
Walter Shanly, Esq, M P, Chairman
Duncan Macdonald, Esq. George Winks, Esq. W H Hingston, Esq, M D, L R C S.
SOLICITORS—Messrs Rose & Ritchie. MEDICAL ADVISER—W H Hingston, Esq, M.D.

The entire profits of this old and long established society belong to the policy holders, who are *protected* from all *liability* by the Deed of settlement.
Annuities and endowments granted on advantageous terms.
Advances made on approved security in connection with Life Policies
Every information to be had on application to any of the Society's Agents in Canada, or to
T W GRIFFITH, *Manager and Secretary.*
Head Office for the Dominion of Canada—Corner St Francois Xavier-street, Montreal.
Agents wanted in unrepresented districts throughout Canada.
589-6m NEIL McKINNON, *Agent for Ottawa.*

Etna Fire and Marine Insurance Co
The Number of Shareholders exceed Five Hundred.

Capital,.....$2,500,000.
Annual Income Nearly.....$1,000,000.

HEAD OFFICE—Upper Sackville-street, Dublin, Ireland; CHIEF OFFICE, ENGLAND—17 and 18 Corn Hill, London; CHIEF OFFICE, SCOTLAND—98 George-st., Edinburgh.

DIRECTORS.
John Obins Woodhouse, Esq, 82 Pembroke Road, Dublin; Omeath Park, Co Louth; Portadown, Co Armagh; Kerry Keel, Co Armagh and Down—Chairman.
Robert Craven Wade, Esq, Conebraney, Crosskeale, Co Meath, and Sackville Street Club, Dublin. J P for Counties Meath and Wicklow—Director Scottish Amicable Life Office
Charles Going Malone, Esq, Merchant, Stephen-street and George-street, Dublin; Churchtown Lodge, Dundrum, Co Dublin—Director Commercial Gas Company.
John William Gregg, Esq, Alderman, Merchant 18 Upper Sackville-street, Dublin—Vice Chairman.
Irwine Smith Whitty, Esq, 6 Wellington Road, Dublin—Director Government Prisons.
Bernard Coyne, Esq, 27 Waterloo Road, Dublin
Robert Conway Harly, Esq, Bridge House and Glenduff, Valeie; J P for Co Kerry.
David Richardson Goodlatte, Esq Merchant.

FEATURES
A division of profits every three years to holders of policies who have no losses.
MODERATE PREMIUMS.
The company do not advocate high premiums, but rates will be charged according as the nature of the risk. Losses will be promptly and fully met on adjustment. Losses by lightning and loss or damage by explosion of gas within the premises insured made good.
JOHN INNIS, ESQ. Manager.
N B—The above company have invested in Canadian Government Bonds, in conformity with the Provincial Act, and have obtained the license of the Minister of Finance to do business in Canada, and are now prepared to take risks.
T. W GRIFFITH, Manager for Canada.
Head Office for the Dominion—Corner of St Francois Xavier and St Sacrament-streets, Montreal.
Agents wanted in unrepresented districts throughout Canada.
589-6m NEIL McKINNON, Agent for Ottawa.

STOVES. STOVES. STOVES.
STOVES. STOVES. STOVES.
STOVES. STOVES. STOVES.

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT! 35, SUSSEX St. H. MEADOWS & CO.

WE have received our fall and Winter Stock of STOVES, STOVE PIPES, ELBOWS, DUMB STOVES, TINWARE and LUMBERMENS SUPPLIES, which we offer Wholesale or Retail at low prices. In Cooking, Parlor, Box and Hall Stoves, for wood or coal, we have the largest and most varied assortment ever shown in Ottawa.

COOKING STOVES. COOKING STOVES. COOKING STOVES.
COOKING STOVES. COOKING STOVES. COOKING STOVES.
COOKING STOVES. COOKING STOVES. COOKING STOVES.

Our stock of the above comprises the latest improvements in both ELEVATED and LOW OVEN STOVES

BOX AND HALL STOVES. BOX AND HALL STOVES.
BOX AND HALL STOVES. BOX AND HALL STOVES.
BOX AND HALL STOVES. BOX AND HALL STOVES.

Suitable for private Dwellings and Churches, Warehouses and Stores.

PARLOR STOVES. PARLOR STOVES. PARLOR STOVES.
PARLOR STOVES. PARLOR STOVES PARLOR STOVES
PAR TOVES. PARLOR STOVES. PARLOR STOVE

New and most beautiful designs, very cheap.

COAL STOVES. PARLOR GRATES.
Hot Air Furnaces.

We still continue to manufacture every description of TIN, SHEET IRON, and COPPER WARE. RUSSIA IRON PIPE, and DUMB STOVES. Also all kinds of out-door Job Work in our line attended to by competent and experienced Mechanics. Country Merchants supplied with Stovepipe &c., at reduced rates.

Lumbermen's Supplies! Lumbermen's Supplies! Scanty Plates! Basins! Camp Kettles, &c HOUSEFURNISHING GOODS!

Bird Cages! Bird Cages! Bird Cages!

Price Lists sent free on application.
Any part of a Stove sold by us can be replaced when broken or burnt out, a fact intending buyers would do well to note.
An inspection of the above goods invited at the
"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,
35, SUSSEX STREET.
H. MEADOWS & CO.
Ottawa, October 2, 1867. 62-y

Insurance.

INTERCOLONIAL ASSURANCE CO'Y. OF CANADA.

Capital - - - - $500,000

With power to increase the same.

SHARES, - - $100 EACH.

PROVISIONAL DIRECTORS:
H. O. Burritt, Esq., President; R. Lyon, Esq., Mayor of Ottawa, Vice-President; T. I. Harington, Dy. Receiver General; the Hon. J. Skead, J. M. Currier, M. P., D. McLaughlin, M.P., W. Wade, Esq., F. Jones, M.P., W. Ellis, Esq., W. H. Brouse, M.D., Joseph Aumond, Esq., M. K. Church, M.D., and J. M. Bates.

THIS is purely a Canadian Institution and as such is deserving of the support of the Canadian public.
An Act for the Incorporation of this Company is now before the Parliament of the Dominion.
Over $100,000 of stock is already subscribed and it is the intention to deposit with the Government as a guarantee of our good faith, at least $50,000 as soon as an Act of Incorporation is procured (which will be a provision of our Incorporation). It is unnecessary here to dilate upon the profits of money invested in Insurance Stock. Suffice it to say, that, at least in one instance 3335 per cent advance has been obtained on insurance stock, and that after the payment of princely dividends. In the meantime Subscriptions to Stock, in Ottawa, may be made at the Ontario and Royal Canadian Banks, and a deposit of 10 per cent is requisite which will be deposited IN TRUST to be returned in case any subscriber is not satisfied with his investment up to one month after the Vice-Regal sanction to the Charter is obtained.
J. M. BATES,
Pro. Manager and Secretary.
Ottawa, Nov. 21, 1867. 595tf

CITY OF GLASGOW Life Assurance Company
ESTABLISHED 1838.
CAPITAL, £600,000 Stg.
ANNUAL REVENUE OVER £120,000 Stg.

THIS COMPANY OFFERS TO THE public the combined advantage of perfect security, moderate premiums and liberal participation in profits. No extra charge for Volunteers in defence of the country.
RINTOUL BROS., Montreal, General Agents for Canada.
NEIL McKINNON, Agent, Sparks-street, Ottawa.
Ottawa March 25. 391y

Ætna Life Insurance Company
ESTABLISHED, A. D. 1820.
Capital and Assets, 1st Jan., 1867, $4,401,833 86

THIS MOST SUCCESSFUL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY divides the *whole* of the Profits, every year, among the insured, reducing the cost to about one-half the figures usually charged.
For instance, the annual payment, at the age of 30, in most Companies, to insure $2400 is, with profits, about $50, and without profits.....$43.00
In the Ætna, $2000, to a person 30 years of age, costs the first year..... 25.35
And each subsequent year..... 26.75
Which payment is subject to further reduction as the business of the Company increases.
Endowment policies on equally favorable terms.
The fact that the Ætna has, during the past 12 months, insured over 14,000 persons, from among the best business men of the Continent, is the best possible testimonial to the soundness of the Company, and the excellence of its method of doing business.
J. GARVEY, ESQ., M. D., Medical Referee.
S. PEDLAR & CO., Montreal.
Ottawa, March 13. 381y

BRITISH AMERICA Assurance Company
FIRE AND MARINE.
ESTABLISHED 1830
R. S. Cassels, Esq.....Consulting Director

THE ABOVE FIRST-CLASS COMPANY is prepared to insure all description of property against loss or damage by fire.
HERRICK, BRUSH & CO., AGENTS, Ammond's Buildings.
Ottawa, January 4, 1867 323y

Land for Sale.

$50 ACRES OF LAND, situate within two to eight miles of the city. Apply to JOHN W. McGUIRE, Lot 25, 2nd Concession, Ottawa Front, Gloucester. 546-6m

To Sell or Let---Rare Opening.
TERMS MODERATE.

FINE STONE DWELLING HOUSE, Photographic Chambers, and other Central Premises, well arranged and eligibly situated for commercial business.
Apply to JOHN MACAULEY, Chaudiere, Ottawa; or E. McGILLIVRAY, J. B. TACKABERRY, or H. McLEAN, Auctioneer, Ottawa.
January 8, 1867. 538-6m

Furniture! Furniture! Furniture
AT THE
VARIETY HALL
34, Sussex-st.

A MOST Complete Stock of Black Walnut and other Furniture, in Cane and Hair Seated Chairs, Tete-a-Tetes, Sofas, Extension Dining Tables, Centre Tables, Sideboards, Chiffoniers, Wardrobes, Bureaus, Bedsteads, Washstands and Toilet Tables. Also, Hair, Excelsior and Sea Grass Mattrasses, of all sizes, Gilt Mirrors, Toilet and other Looking Glasses, Table Cutlery of all kinds, Brushes, Brooms, and Wooden Ware of various descriptions, Table and Floor Mats, Soiled Linen Baskets, a beautiful article, Rocking Horses, Children's Sleighs, and the best assorted stock of Crockery, China and Glassware in the Dominion. This stock being all purchased to the best advantage will consequently be sold cheap.
Crockery, China, Glassware, Stoves and Furniture rented to private or public parties at reasonable rate.
JOSEPH BOYDEN, General Agent.
429y

THE CAPITAL Boot and Shoe Store
South Side of York-street, Lower Ottawa

A LARGE SUPPLY of HAND-MADE KIPP BOOTS and SHOES of the VERY BEST QUALITY on hand.
Lumbermen who are anxious to furnish workmen with GOOD FEET WARE, will be enabled to do so by calling at the CAPITAL for their supplies.
I am selling off the balance of the Winter Stock of READYMADE WORK at REDUCED PRICES which consists of Ladies' Misses' and Children's BALMORALS, CONGRESS GAITERS, RUBBERS and OVERSHOES, and Men's and Boys' Boots in CALF SKIN, KIPS and COW HIDE.
Orders and Measures taken for all sorts of Work.
GEORGE MURPHY.
Ottawa Jan. 31, 1868. 429-y

APPLICATION will be made during the present session of the Parliament of Canada for an Act to incorporate the "British and Canadian Bank."
February 14, 1868. 666-2m

K. ARNOLDI,

WINE & SPIRIT MERCHANT
METCALFE-STREET,
Telegraph Company's Building, Ottawa

RECOMMENDS and Guarantees with confidence the following Wines:—
PORTS—Graham's, Sandeman's, Forrester's, Masden's, &c.:

	Per Gall.	Per Do
No. 1 Good sound Wine	$2 00	$6 0
" 2 "	3 00	8 7
" 3 Old	3 50	10 0
" 4 Superior old	4 50	12 50
" 5 Very fine old	5 75	15 50

SHERRY WINE—Domecq's, Capdepons, Pemartin's, Cramp Suter's, &c.:

No. 1 Light table Wine	$2 00	6 0
" 2 Superior do	3 00	8 7
" 3 Very choice	3 50	10 0
" 4 Very Superior	4 50	12 50
" 5 Very fine	5 50	15 00

Marsala Wine,
$1.30 per Gallon, $4.50 per Dozen.

Especial attention called to the above Wine. For superior to all common sherries, its chief recommendation is that it agrees perfectly well with persons who cannot take those wines, even of a high class. It is soft and old, free from heat, or the slightest approach to acidity, while its very moderate price recommends it for all large entertainments, as well as for the luncheon, dinner and supper table. It has met with the highest approval from the medical gentlemen of this city.
Also, in wood or bottle, old and new Brandies, Rums, Gins, Old Tom Gins, Irish, Scotch, and Canadian Whiskeys of Standard Brands.
Clarets, Champagnes, Hocks, Caracas, Maraschino, Chartreuse, Royal Italian Bitters, &c., in great variety.
Hibberts' and Guiness' Porter, Bass' and Allsopp's Ales, quarts and pints. Canadian Ale of Superior Quality, in Wood and Bottle.
Goods most confidently recommended, and may be as implicitly relied upon for perfect purity as if purchased in the largest wholesale establishment in the country.
Orders by mail with cash or city reference solicited and promptly attended to. No charge for delivery in the city. A discount to persons buying in quantity or by the original package. Inspection invited.
Price Lists, and every information, on application, or sent to any address.
WINE VAULTS AND OFFICE,
No. 11, Metcalfe-street,
Telegraph Co.'s Building, Ottawa.
January 27, 1868. 535y

OTTAWA, February 4, 1868.

Choice Wines, Groceries and Provisions, &c., &c.

J. MARTIN & CO

THE MONTREAL WAREHOUSE, NO. X, OPPOSITE YORK-STREET.

WILL BE OPENED OUT IN A FEW DAYS WITH A STOCK OF

IN MR. INGLIS' NEW BLOCK.

637y

SMITH & RODNEY MERCHANT TAILORS and General Outfitters, Elgin-street, opposite the Russell House, and second door from the London Music Store, having just received a choice stock of
English, French and Canadian CLOTHS and TWEEDS,
And a general assortment of gentlemen's furnishing goods, would intimate to their friends and the public generally that they are prepared to execute all orders in their line at the shortest notice, in the most approved styles and at prices that will defy competition.
Ottawa Oct. 1, 1867. 551tf

SNOW'S Celebrated Fever Remedy.

A Sure and Certain Cure for Fever—Continued, Remittent, Intermittent, Typhoid, and Fever arising from Ordinary Colds.

THIS REMEDY has been used in Tropical climates for many years with the greatest success. It shortens the attack, reduces the fever gradually, and at the same time enables the system to throw off the poisonous effect of the on the blood and secretions generally.
PRICE—50 cents and $1 per Bottle. Sold Wholesale and Retail by
H. F. MACCARTHY, Chemist, Ottawa City
Sole Agent for Dominion of Canada.
December 2, 1867. 579-3m

CITY NOTICES.

PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS it will greatly conduce to the health and comfort of the Citizens of Ottawa generally, to have the city cleansed of all filth and nuisances, and whereas the introduction and spread of malignant and contagious diseases, is, and will certainly be influenced by the sanitary condition of the city; and whereas the

BOARD OF HEALTH,

Under and by virtue of the powers conferred upon them by various Acts of Parliament, establishing Boards of Health, and in accordance with various By-laws of the City of Ottawa, have deemed it advisable that immediate steps should be taken for cleansing the city.

NOW KNOW YE, that I, HENRY JAMES FRIEL, Mayor of the City of Ottawa, do hereby order and direct that all yards, cellars, stables, outhouses, and other buildings, and outhouses, lanes, or alleys shall be thoroughly cleansed of all filth, dirt, nightsoil, or other impurities, by the owners or persons occupying the same,

Before the First day of April, 1868.

And I hereby give notice that the Chief of Police and the Constabulary of this City, are enjoined to proceed, at once, to have all Privy Pits Cess Pools, &c., thoroughly cleansed, and to see this order carried into effect, and all, and every person or persons disobeying or neglecting to observe the same, on or before the First day of April, 1868, shall be punished according to law.

Given under my hand at the City of Ottawa, this Eighth day of February, A D., 1868.
662tf HENRY J. FRIEL, Mayor.

PLANS & SPECIFICATIONS FOR THE WESTERN CENTRAL SCHOOL BUILDING, WILL BE RECEIVED AT THE

City Hall,

BY THE BOARD OF SCHOOL TRUSTEES FOR THE

City of Ottawa,

UP TO THE

Third day of March Next,

At Seven O'clock, P. M

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

On no occasion will the names of Old Advertisements be inserted here.

Card of Thanks—M. Sparrow & Co.
Auction Sale—H. McLean.
Robe Lost—Wm. F. Powell.
Meeting of Dalhousie Lodge—W. Hay.
Meeting of Corinthian Lodge—Alex. H. Taylor.
Auction Sale of Horses—H. McLean.

The Ottawa Times

City and County Official Paper

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 29, 1868.

THE other day we remarked that the Americans had the faculty of coming exceedingly near a crisis without precisely going through it, and it now seems as if the great project of impeaching the President is to furnish another illustration of this peculiar faculty. STANTON'S friends are reported as advising him to resign, or rather vacate, the War Office; it is doubted whether the necessary two-thirds vote in favor of impeachment can be carried in the Senate; and though the *Tribune's* correspondent insists that the Impeachment Committee will have everything cut and dry for action on Monday, the indications are that the Senate will hesitate yet awhile before taking the final step which may, perhaps, plunge the country into civil strife.

In the meantime it cannot but be seen that these periodical threats of bringing on a crisis, and violently interrupting the ordinary machinery of Government, operate disastrously on the credit of the country, and interfere with its industrial progress. There is much mischief already done, though we think there will be a good deal more, if the Senate yields to the demand of the extreme Radical party, and goes through with the impeachment of the President. On the other hand, if they hesitate now it will be a virtual triumph for the President, and a political gain to the Democrats against the next Presidential election.

WE have seen in a few country journals indignant allusions to a circular issued by the Clerk of the Commons in relation to the publication of the advertisements of Parliament. Some of them put on no little degree of independence, and actually spurned the patronage which had not been offered to them. Such self sacrifice on the part of devoted newspaper publishers to the interests of an undiscerning and very thankless public, are worthy the highest praise, and we cheerfully accord the Bungtown *Bugle*, Punkinville *Advocate*, Hog Hollow *Scribe*, and other high spirited journalists, every credit for their manly independence and good manners in insulting a gentleman for having taken the trouble upon himself to save them from a risk of disappointment. In a letter, published elsewhere, Mr. LINDSAY explains the reasons which induced him to issue the circular which has been animadverted on by a few writers, who do not exactly understand the parliamentary mode of doing business. They will thus see that the Committee on Standing Orders regulates the publication of these notices relative to the Rules of Parliament, and that the Government of the day has nothing at all to do with the matter, one way or the other. We sincerely hope, therefore, for the sake of the permanency of the Cabinet, and the success of Confederation, that the wrath of the influential journals above mentioned will be appeased, or directed against the delinquent Committee. Perhaps if the matter were fairly represented the Committee might substitute the Punkinville *Advocate* for the *Official Gazette*, and thus establish a better feeling between the Commons and the leading lights of the press!

WE have heretofore failed to call the attention of the public in general, and the FRASERS in particular, to the organization in the neighboring Province of a regular CLAN FRASER, with a duly appointed chieftain, who is to be hereafter known and designated as "the FRASER" of the Dominion. Though it does not appear in any reports of the first gathering that a "Bard" for the chief was chosen at the same time, yet we esteem him an essential character in his following, and have in our "mind's eye" a gentleman, a FRASER of course, whose address might probably be obtained at the Montreal *Herald* office, and who is admirably adapted to fill the important situation. We regret that we cannot at present suggest the name of the first piper to the great chieftain, but doubtless he will be forthcoming in due season. Whether the "garb of old Gaul" will supercede the present mode of dress has not been stated, but as the organization is formed for "benevolent and social purposes" we charitably suppose that it will not.

The organization thus far is only of a temporary character, the Hon. JOHN FRASER DE BERRY being the Chief of the Province of Quebec. The grand gathering of all the FRASERS has been called to meet in this city—the Capital of the Dominion—on Thursday, the fourteenth day of May next, and all who bear the name and can make it convenient to attend, are invited to be present. Delegates are expected from the Maritime Provinces, and a full muster from Quebec and Ontario. At this meeting, it is expected that the clan will be organized on a permanent footing, with a Dominion Chief, Provincial Chiefs, Chiefs for electoral Divisions, and Chiefs for each parish or township. We see that some of our contemporaries are disposed to make merry over this resuscitation of the FRASER clan, but as English, Irish, and Scottish national societies, for "benevolent" purposes, are organized, and in successful operation throughout the country, we do not see that there can be any possible objection to the enrollment of the great FRASER family in the same noble cause.

THE *Daily News* (Montreal) is alarmed because "voices are heard asking" that Ontario's majority over Quebec in the House of Commons should be increased from seventeen to thirty five. There is no cause for uneasiness. Ontario will be quite satisfied with whatever representation it may be proved to be entitled to by the next census. Quebec, as the "pivot" of the Dominion, has the remedy in its own hands if it will add to its population faster than Ontario at the end of the next decade the latter would have to submit to a reduction instead of an increase of representation."

It al[illegible] says—

"To return to a Legislative Union with Ontario after the fashion of the former Parliament, would be simply to hand ourselves over, bound, hand and foot, to the dictation of a selfish and exacting party. Yet if Nova Scotia succeeds in its revolutionary scheme, we must fall back on a Legislative Union, where we would be shorn of strength or assert our right to a separate political existence."

In these two sentences a few things are said which had better been left unsaid. The past experience of Lower Canada's alliance with its western sister has not given proof of "selfishness and exaction" on the part of the latter; nor does the fate of Nova Scotia, out or in the Union, in the least affect the question of our returning to "a Legislative "Union, after the fashion of the old Parlia-"ment." That is just precisely what Ontario would not accept. But above all, such a Union, in the eventuality spoken of, is not the alternative of "a separate political "existence." Supposing that Nova Scotia did succeed "in its revolutionary scheme," which is not half as likely to be the case as the *News* would have it, do there not still remain "two or more Local Governments, "*with some joint authority?*" Have we not the North-west Territory and the Pacific Colonies clamorous to come in, and New Brunswick in the east, with, perhaps, a half formed hope in its breast of gaining a local advantage through Nova Scotia's contumacy? If the *News* will conjure up these serious difficulties, it should at least take a brighter view of the future. Take the first half of its proposition above quoted—"if Nova Scotia succeeds in her "revolutionary scheme"—it will confine the Dominion to the open harborage of New Brunswick; it will spoil our *idea* of complete British American Union upon this continent; but it will save us something on the cost of the Intercolonial Railway. These are plain consequences, and not very alarming ones, for none of them singly, nor all of them put together, necessitate the falling "back upon a "Legislative Union," and far less the assertion "of our right to a separate political existence"—a "right," by the way, the possession of which has yet to be established. And it is just because the Nova Scotians must fail to establish the existence of this "right" that they will fail in their "revolutionary "scheme;" and so we beg of our *confrere* to dispel his anxieties for the future; to take a kindlier view of "selfish and "exacting" Ontario; to give to "Anti-Minis-"terialists" in England, who always act while in Opposition with the consciousness that some day they may be in power, a little more credit for patriotism; to rate the "followers" of GOLDWIN SMITH at something nearer their true value, and *not* to give way to the notion that D'ISRAELI'S new Cabinet will be "terribly embarrassed" by the "fresh element of strife" sent over from Nova Scotia with Mr. HOWE as supercargo. If our contemporary will put himself in this comfortable frame of mind, he will be better able to estimate the real gravity of the Nova Scotia difficulty, and to see that it is not yet in that stage of development which requires us to look for a new state of political existence, or, perhaps, even to discover that we have not the "right" to assert a "separate" existence of the kind at all.

MONTREAL has had a taste of the programme promised by Prof. DELISLE, and it came a day in advance—on the night of the 26th. The *Gazette* is strongly agitated in opposition to the movement, in which course it has doubtless struck the key note of public opinion. It says:

"There was a shock of earthquake felt in this city on Tuesday night at five minutes past 12 o'clock. It was accompanied by a loud noise, as of the galloping of heavy waggons of artillery trains. One informant describes it as the noise and sensation that would be caused by a railway train in a tunnel. It caused great alarm in many households; awoke numbers of people out of their sleep, and very much alarmed the dogs who set up a serious howling and barking. The noise and vibration lasted three or four seconds. Our own office was sufficiently seriously shaken. Outside the city in the Village of Cote des Neiges, the shock was felt in the same way and at the same time. We shall probably hear accounts of the earthquake from different parts of the country. We hope, as we said before, our mother earth is not getting too seriously uneasy in conscience. At any rate, we should not like to see the mountain thrown over into the City of Montreal; or have the city shaken about our ears; or have it swallowed up; or have it pitched in the St. Lawrence by an upheaval; or anything of that kind."

THE Nova Scotia Legislature has adjourned to the 6th August. The Ministry have taken a long recess to master the financial and other questions with which they will have to deal. Meantime the indulgent Assembly empowered His Excellency to draw for the payment of necessary expenditures.

AT a public meeting held at St. Johns, Newfoundland, on the 4th inst., resolutions were unanimously adopted against that Province's entering the Union, and calling upon the Legislature not to entertain the project until after the general election, which takes place in 1869.

The Ottawa TIMES says that Quebec is the "pivot" Province of the Confederation. Why not say the linch-pin?—*Montreal Gazette.*

Because, though the "machine" may safely turn upon one "pivot," it cannot run on a single "wheel."

THE snow blockade still continues—no mails nor travellers from the West yesterday. We expect an "avalanche" of western papers this morning.

MONTREAL is parched. Little water in the reservoir and less in the city, and the people grumble.

THERE are five Saturdays in the present month of February. This is only possible in leap year, and does not then very often occur.

SUDDEN DEATH.—Dr. Patton, Craig-st., was found dead in his bed yesterday morning. A jury was summoned at eleven o'clock to hold an inquest on the body, but they adjourned till five in the afternoon to allow Dr. Craik time to make a *post mortem* examination. At five he was still unable to give a decision as to the immediate cause of the death, and the jury adjourned till four o'clock on Saturday next. A gentleman who was in company with the deceased the previous night states that he left him perfectly sober and to all appearance in good health. When found in his bed he was undressed, and appeared to have retired in his usual manner. Dr. Craik stated before the jury that there was no evidence that the deceased had been in liquor. The public will wait with anxiety the result of Dr. Craik's analysis of the stomach. The deceased was a native of Ireland, had been engaged for a number of years as surgeon on board Allan's Royal Mail Steamers; had settled in Montreal last autumn, where he practised his profession till his death. He was generally esteemed.—*Montreal News.*

YOUNG AND RADFORD'S stock of watches clocks, jewellery, fancy goods and electro plated ware are worthy of inspection. All goods will be sold cheap. Give them a call. Remember the place, 30 Sparks-st. 597a

LOCAL NEWS.

POLICE COURT.—A man giving his name as Joseph Downs, was brought up on the charge of having lost his consciousness in whiskey, and exposing himself in that condition on the street, was discharged on promise of reformation.

ACKNOWLEDGMENT.—The Treasurer of the St. Patrick's Orphan Asylum thankfully acknowledges through the kindness of Mrs. Caldwell, the following donation: One large hog, from Mr. Terence Smith, Calumet Island, to be divided between the orphanage and the House of Reformation.

YOUNG AND RADFORD have the largest, best, and cheapest stock of watches to be found in Ottawa. They have also on hand a very choice and varied assortment of Electro-plated ware, and Fancy Goods. They do all kinds of repairing and jewellery jobbing in first-class style. 656-y.

WEATHER TABLE.—Noted by Wm. Hearn, Optician and Druggist, Market Drug Store, York-st.

OTTAWA, Feb. 28, 1868.

Greatest degree of cold registered during the previous night 15 above zero.

8 a.m., 22 above "
1 p.m., 30 " "
6 p.m., 18 " "

THE SIDEWALKS.—No city could ever boast of more effectual impediments to pedestrians than this Capital of ours, and matters are made ten times worse by the efforts of some to make them better. A few store keepers on our main streets have taken a great deal of trouble to clear away the ice before their doors, but the next door neighbor refusing to do the same, great holes are made, which endanger the limbs of people, especially after night, and cause a great deal of trouble, and some sprained ankles by day.

AFRAID OF THE LOCK-UP.—The new lock-up was tenanted by a drunken fellow on Thursday night, but as he was let off, it is supposed that he has gone about the city describing its horrors, and the consequence is that last night up to a late hour the cells were tenantless. As yet no bed to lie on, or even a bench to sit on has been provided, and even by day the place is dark as Erebus. After trying it once, no sensible person will think of patronizing the establishment, and serve the authorities right.

THE NATURAL HISTORY SOCIETY.—The Natural History Society held its regular monthly meeting in Webster's Hall last evening. Mr. C. R. Cunningham and Mr. W. H. Hodgson were elected Associate Members. A copy of Paxton's Gems of Canada was received as a donation from Mr. White, the Secretary of the Society. Lieut.-Col. Wily then read an interesting and instructive paper, which he entitled "The Last Act of a Great Drama." This was a description of the battle of Waterloo, and the causes which led to it. The Colonel took a rapid glance of that stirring portion of French history, commencing with the assembly of the States' General, convoked by Louis the sixteenth, giving a vivid and masterly sketch of the immediate causes of the French revolution, and of the revolution itself, sketching also some of its great leading spirits, including Mirabeau and Robespierre, and describing the influence and bloody work of the Guillotine and its victims. He then introduced Napoleon upon the scene, prepared for him by the revolution, and described his brilliant military career down to the great and decisive battle of Waterloo, of which he drew a vivid and graphic picture, aided by two maps prepared for the purpose, shewing the relative positions of the contending armies, the one at the commencement, and the other at the conclusion of the battle. The colonel's word pictures of the exploits performed by either army, their frequent change of position, and the varying fortunes of the day, were very beautiful, graphic and distinct. Much additional light was thrown on this much debated event, and enabled the audience to form clearer and more truthful ideas of the subject than mere reading could well have done, except to professional men. It had the merit of being devested almost entirely of technicalities. On the conclusion of the paper, amidst great applause, a conversation, in which several gentlemen took part, elicited still further information, and all expressed themselves gratified at having clearer views of the great battle than they had ever been able to obtain before. The maps and the paper were then handed over to the Council, and are now the property of the Natural History Society. A unanimous vote of thanks was passed to Col. Wily for his able exposition. The paper and maps will doubtless be published in the Society's transactions.

AN INQUIRY.

To the Editor of THE TIMES.

SIR,—The following appeared in your issue of the 8th inst.:

"The proceeds of the New Edinburgh Penny Readings last Thursday were given to the relief of the distressed fishermen of Nova Scotia. The amount was nearly fifteen dollars, &c., &c."

Now, sir, the Secretary of the Relief Fund has not received the above contribution. What has become of the money? Will the Treasurer of the Readings inform the public, and yours,

RIDEAU.

New Edinburgh, 26th Feb., 1868.

THE ADVERTISING PATRONAGE OF PARLIAMENT.

To the Editor of THE OTTAWA TIMES.

DEAR SIR,—I am sorry to see by some rather uncomplimentary remarks that have appeared from time to time in the press, in consequence of a printed circular which I found necessary to issue, recently, in regard to the publication of advertisements emanating from my Department, that my motives have been entirely misunderstood. I trust, therefore, you will kindly afford me an opportunity of saying a few words by way of explanation.

The Standing Orders of Parliament require that the Clerk of the House shall, (during the recess) publish in the *Official Gazette* the Rules respecting Private Bills, *in extenso*, and a synopsis of the same in other newspapers. The list in which this last appears, is under the exclusive control of the Committee on Standing Orders—neither the Clerk nor any other officer of the House having power to add to it. Numerous applications have been received from other journals, from time to time, to insert the advertisement, and others have inserted it without authority.

I was, therefore, under the necessity of issuing the circular referred to; and I regret that while some journalists have taken offence at it, as though it were intended for them individually,—others, who are authorized to insert advertisements emanating from the Executive Government, imagine that it was done with a view of depriving them of a part of their authorized privileges. To both classes my explanation must be, that Parliamentary advertisements are entirely distinct from those under Executive control, and not confined to Government papers only, and that the limitations and instructions of the House in regard to these advertisements are so positive, as to restrict me from paying for any, but such as are duly authorized. The sole object of my circular was to give due notice of this, so as to prevent disappointment to those who might, in good faith, have copied any Parliamentary notices with the expectation of being paid for their insertion.

Yours faithfully,
WM. B. LINDSAY,
Clerk of the Commons.

Ottawa, 28th February, 1868.

CABLE NEWS.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

PARIS, Feb. 28.—Bourse heavy, Rentes very weak. In the Bank of France the bullion has increased 18,000,000 francs.

THIS MORNING'S DESPATCHES.

LONDON, Feb. 28—Eve.—The Royal assent had been given to the Bill for the suspension of the writ of *habeas corpus* in Ireland.

Mr. G. H. Hunt, Under-Secretary of the Treasury, will be appointed Chancellor of the Exchequer.

In the House of Commons this afternoon Lord Stanley said that an adjournment of Parliament until Thursday next was desirable to afford the Government an opportunity to complete the Cabinet. Mr. Gladstone said such a delay in the proceedings of Parliament was unprecedented, but in the present case it might possibly be justifiable.

Lord Wensleydale is dead.

Burke, and other Fenian prisoners in Warwick Jail, will be removed to this city for trial.

CORK, Feb. 28.—The parsonage of the Rev. Mr. Leslie, at Wilmount, near this city, was attacked last night, but the assailants were driven off.

DUBLIN, Feb. 28.—Gen. Nagle and his fellow prisoners were indicted for treason at Sligo to-day. Mr. Heron, counsel for the defence, moved for a delay of the trial. After hearing the motion, the Court reserved its decision.

VIENNA, Feb. 28.—Baron Budberg, Russian Ambassador to Paris, while passing through this city on his return from St. Petersburg, was violently assailed by a son of the late Baron De Meyendorf, a well known Russian diplomatist.

PARIS, Feb. 28.—Eve.—Prince Napoleon has left Paris on a visit to Germany.

The *Liberte* publishes a report that King William of Prussia was recently thrown from his horse and badly injured.

PARIS, Feb. 28.—Eve.—The officers of the French army, now absent on furlough, have been ordered to report at their headquarters on or before the 31st of March next.

AMERICAN NEWS.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

Opposition to Impeachment.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 27.—A large meeting of the Constitutional Union party was held here this evening, which adopted a resolution to appoint a committee of 500 to visit Washington and ask Congress not to proceed with impeachment.

Arrest for Murder Committed Eight Years Ago.

CINCINNATI, Feb. 27.—Patrick Ross, who some eight years ago murdered a lady of rank in Ireland, and for whom the British Government offered £750 sterling reward, was arrested in this city a few days ago. To-day he attempted suicide by cutting his throat and will probably die.

Fire in Cincinnati.

A fire this morning destroyed the chemical works of Gordon & Co. Loss $60,000.

Rumor of Stanton's Resignation.

NEW YORK, Feb. 27.—The *Evening Telegram's* Washington special states a rumor that Stanton will resign to-morrow.

The Great Liberal Meeting in St. James' Hall, London.

NEW YORK, Feb. 28.—The *Herald's* London special says of the meeting at St. James' Hall Tuesday evening: Many sympathizers with the cause of Republican Government in the United States attended, and the hall was crowded. Jno. Bright, with many other members of Parliament, Rev. Newman Hall and other well known personages were present. Mr. Bright occupied the chair. He spoke strongly in favor of the United States and the Government policy and power of the American people, and of England's duty and necessity of cultivating and maintaining friendly relations with them. If, he said, the British Government and the English press had acted rightly and prudently during the time of the late war in America, no power on earth could have alienated the two nations in feeling, or separated them in interest. Mr. Bright, in conclusion, expressed his firm belief that all prominent questions of apparent difficulty now pending between the two countries would be amicably settled.

Rev. Newman Hall followed—He stated the nature and probable extent of the *Alabama* claims in full and explicit terms to the assemblage, showing that England was completely in the wrong. He said although the people of the United States waited, and appeared to postpone the matter, the *Alabama* claims would lead to war, unless the bill was paid. He would advise settlement by arbitration. The rev. gentleman concluded his address with a powerful appeal to the people of England and America, to affirm and maintain a perpetual peace in the interest of universal civilization. Mr. Hall resumed his seat amid loud cheers.

The following resolution was proposed: "Resolved, that this meeting expresses the most hearty good will towards America, and pledges itself to support any government at home in its efforts to effect a prompt, righteous and pacific settlement of all international differences, and especially of those connected with the *Alabama* claims question." The resolution was adopted unanimously amid loud cheers, and with every person in the hall standing.

An Attempt to Assassinate President Juarez.

NEW YORK, Feb. 28.—The *Herald's* special from Mexico city of the 19th says a conspiracy had been discovered to assassinate President Juarez, and rob the Treasury Department. Several foreigners had been arrested, with Lieutenant Colonel Estava, who was on duty with other officers. A pronunciamento of the officers of the Seventh regiment, who guarded the National Palace, foiled the assassination scheme, which was to have been carried out at the theatre. The whole affair was planned by two Mexicans, now in Havana.

From Havana.

NEW YORK, Feb. 28.—The *Herald's* Havana special says concerning the English loan proposition of Messrs. Keobbe, Luing & Co. of Matanzas to Captain-General Lersundi, the offer has been accepted. The interest on the loan to be at seven per cent, and the repayment of the loan to take place within twenty years, in annual instalments of one million dollars.

From St. Domingo.

HAVANA, Feb. 27.—Advices from St. Domingo state a communication had been sent to Curacoa to receive President Baez.

Up to the 19th of February there had been 160 deaths from cholera in St. Domingo.

It is reported the Mexican treasury was buying in English and Spanish claims, but ignoring American demands, though these proceedings were against the will of Romero, who was powerless to prevent them.

Terrible Cold in Northern California.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 27.—Late advices from the northern coast says the winter has been the severest since 1843. At Camp Harney, during January, the thermometer ranged from 12 to 28 degrees below zero. Great numbers of horses, sheep and cattle are dying from disease.

The U. S. Senate Opposed to Impeachment.

NEW YORK, Feb. 28.—The *Herald's* special says enough is positively known to prove that the impeachment of Andrew Johnson will not pass the Senate. The requisite two-thirds vote cannot be obtained.

Probable Failure of Impeachment.

The *Times'* special says, it is the opinion of the best lawyers in the House that to include charges already passed upon by the House in the articles of impeachment would prove fatal to both the moral and legal effect of the prosecution.

Another View.

The *Tribune's* special says the Senate special impeachment committee are actively at work on the rules for the impeachment court. It is the committee's intention to have everything in readiness by Monday, when it is expected the trial will begin. The committee are determined to cut out everything calculated to prolong the trial or to interfere with public business.

Stanton Advised to Resign.

It is stated that Stanton has been prevailed upon by his Radical friends to resign.

THIS MORNING'S DESPATCHES.

Arrival.

PORTLAND, ME., Feb. 28.—The Steamship *Nestorian*, from Liverpool, on the 13th inst., arrived last night.

A National Convention Meeting Called.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 28.—A meeting to rectify the call for a National Convention of those interested in cheap railway freight, is to be held here on the 19th of May.

A Writ Served on Stanton.

The Marshal this morning served on Secretary Stanton the writ noticing him of the suit instituted against him by Gen. Thomas. It is pretty conclusively settled that Stanton will not resign.

Nineteen Houses Destroyed by Fire.

CHICAGO, Feb. 28.—A fire in Fairbay, Livingston County, Ill., on Saturday night, destroyed 19 buildings in the business portion of the town. Loss $50,000.

Mass Meeting in Support of the President.

NEW YORK, Feb. 28.—An immense mass meeting in support of the President was held at the Cooper Institute this evening.

CITY COUNCIL.

CITY HALL, Feb. 24, 1868.

Special meeting to pass By-laws on public health; regulating the measurement of cordwood and the appointment of a Wood Inspector; to amend the By-laws for the prevention of accidents by fire; appointment of a chimney sweep, and to receive reports of Printing, and City Hall Repairs Committees, called by His Worship the Mayor.

Present—His Worship the Mayor, Ald. Rochester, Cunningham, Hunter, Robinson, Featherston and Heney—*No Quorum.*

CITY HALL, Feb. 27, 1868.

Special meeting called by requisition to regulate the measurement of cordwood; to prevent the spread of contagious diseases; to amend By-law No. 252, preventing the causes of accidents by fire; and to receive Reports of the Printing Committee and Committee of City Hall repairs.

Present—His Worship the Mayor; Ald. Cunningham, Hunter, Bangs, Robinson, Featherston, Goulden, Traversy and Guerard.

Ald. Hunter presented Report No. 1 of the Committee of Repairs to City Hall:

To the Mayor and Corporation of the City of Ottawa.

The Special Committee to whom was referred, in conjunction with the City Engineer, the superintendance of City Hall repairs, and fitting up of the new Police Court, beg to submit their first report.

Your Committee after carefully examining the specification of the work required, decided to invite tenders for shingling and painting the roof, whitewashing the exterior, sheeting and painting the balcony, making and laying platform in front of City Hall, levelling and sodding, painting and whitewashing the interior, furnishing Mayor's desk, Clerk's table, desks for Reporters, repairing and furnishing gas fixtures, removing furniture to rear, and covering table with cloth, as well as treads and new parts of hand rail to stairs. In accordance with the advertisement for tenders, the following were received:

Isaac Cluft	$435
Samuel Adams	445
A. H. Mathewman	454
Wm. Thornton and J. Harvey	459
James Adams	470

Your Committee therefore awarded the work to Isaac Cluff, and instructed the Clerk to prepare a contract for his signature, binding him to perform the same in a workmanlike manner, and to have the whole completed by the 12th March. The Mayor and Chairman were authorized to procure at reasonable prices, the cocoa matting, Mayor's chair and seats for two Magistrates, as well as the stoves necessary to heat the building.

The fitting up of the Police Court has received the attention of your Committee, and they recommend that the Magistrate's bench and Clerk's table in the City Hall be removed to the new Police Court, reducing the estimate for this work in the sum of $35.

Your Committee have also deemed it advisable to order the lathing and plastering of the Police Court, and the ceiling and walls of the lower story to be sheeted with boards; they have also ordered a platform in front of engine house, and an outside stair and door, leading to the Police Court Hall. The whole cost, including the internal fittings connected with dock, witness stand, benches, &c., will amount to $250.50, being an excess over original estimate of $79.70, and to which they respectfully ask your concurrence.

A list of articles necessary for the cells in the lock-up, and policemen's room adjoining, was submitted, and the City Engineer was authorized to procure the same, amounting to say $80, and they recommend the Council to approve of the same.

All which is respectfully submitted.

ROBERT HUNTER, Chairman.
JOHN P. FEATHERSTON,
HENRY J. FRIEL,
JAMES CUNNINGHAM.

Ottawa, Feb. 27, 1868.

Moved by Ald. Hunter, seconded by Ald. Cunningham, that the first report of the Special Committee on City Hall repairs, &c., be received and adopted.—Carried.

Ald. Hunter presented Report No. 2 of the Printing Committee.

To the Mayor and Corporation of the City of Ottawa.

The Committee on Printing beg to submit their second report:

Your committee respectfully ask permission to advertise for tenders for the city printing and advertising, with authority to open the same, and to recommend to this council at its next meeting such tenders as they may consider most in the public interest to accept, whether strictly the lowest or not.

All which is respectfully submitted,

ROBERT HUNTER, Chairman;
HENRY J. FRIEL,
J. G. ROBINSON,
CHARLES GOULDEN.

Ottawa, Feb. 24th, 1868.

Moved by Ald. Hunter, seconded by Ald. Robinson, that the second report of the Printing Committee be received and adopted.—Carried.

Ald. Hunter presented a By-law to regulate the measurement of cordwood.

Moved by Ald. Bangs, seconded by Ald. Hunter, that the By-law to regulate the mode of measuring cordwood, be now read a first time.—Carried.

The By-law was then read clause by clause and amended in some parts.

Moved by Ald. Cunningham, seconded by Ald. Robinson, that the By-law for the inspection of wood as amended be printed for distribution amongst the members of this council, say 200 copies.—Carried.

Ald. Mosgrove entered.

Ald. Cunningham presented a by-law to amend By-law No. 252, relating to the prevention of the causes of accidents by fire.

Moved by Ald. Cunningham, seconded by Ald. Traversy, that the by-law to amend By-law No. 252 be now read a first time.—Carried.

Moved by Ald. Cunningham, seconded by Ald. Featherston, that the by-law to amend By-law No. 252 be referred to the Fire Committee, with instructions to have the same amended, providing that the chimneys be swept once in each year, between the 1st of March and 31st of May, and that when a chimney sweep is appointed, he be required to use such instruments for the purpose of cleaning the chimneys as shall be approved of by the Fire Inspector; and that the application of J. F. Minge for the office of chimney sweeper be also referred to the said committee.—Carried.

Ald. Featherston introduced a by-law to provide for the public health, and prevent the spread of contagious diseases.

Moved by Ald. Featherston, seconded by Ald. Robinson, that the by-law to provide for the public health of the city and against the spreading of contagious diseases, be now read a first time.—Carried.

Moved by Ald. Featherston, seconded by Ald. Mosgrove, that the By-law to provide for the health of the city be printed for distribution, say 200 copies.—Carried.

YEAS.—Cunningham, Hunter, Bangs, Featherston, Mosgrove, Traversy.

NAYS.—Robinson, Goulden, Guerard.

The council then adjourned.

CHILI.

[From the Valparaiso Correspondent of the New York Tribune.]

The fashionable circles of Santiago have been considerably agitated, of late, by the sudden appearance on the boards of the *Teatro de la Municipalidad* of Senora Luisa Correa de Tagle—a scion, as well as connection by marriage of one of the oldest and most aristocratic families in Chili. To properly appreciate the furore which this unprecedented phenomenon has created, the prejudices which exist here against the self-maintenance of woman in any way, but especially upon the stage, must be known. Transcendent genius, or even inexorable poverty, does not justify a forgetfulness of woman's sphere—helpless, dependence, and uncomplaining, unproclaimed suffering. In the case of Senora Tagle, the sanctity of family and high birth is involved; and, although the voice of this accomplished woman has upon several private occasions replenished depleted hospital funds, aided distressed widows and orphans, and furthered numberless charitable works, the necessities which, we understand, call her forth from her home of luxury and elegance on her own behalf, do not exonerate her from the reproaches and lamentations which were pealed forth from the high circles from which she has just emerged at the announcement of her entering upon the career of a professional *artiste*. Desiring, I suppose, to auspicate her "own way in life," by the encouragement of applause of her own countrymen, she gives a series of concerts in Santiago and Valparaiso previous to going to Europe and the United States, where she awaits her crowning laurels. Her first appearance in the capital, we learn, met with an extraordinary enthusiastic reception, despite the threatened coolness and disdain from *beau mondane*. She was escorted to the proscenium by Senors Lastarria, Matta, and Alemparte, distinguished members of the Senate and House, and whose countenance and support of the young artiste were enough to silence any disparaging criticism from the audience. At the conclusion of the concert she was submerged in flowers and other testimonials of *aprecio*, and literally borne in triumph to her carriage. She had scarcely proceeded a block from the theatre when her horses were detached from the coach by a multitude of the young bloods of the city, who drew her, amid deafening cheers, to her house in *la calle de la compania*. Rarely are such boisterous manifestations of appreciation extended to national artists here; the people are grave and undemonstrative, and rarely upon any occasion exhibit emotion of any character. Then, again, the old saying, "A prophet is not without honor save in his own country," is eminently true here. Like the man who, when asked what kind of wine he preferred, replied, "I prefer other people's wine," the Chilians prefer to import worn-out and fourth-rate artists from Italy to encourage a public exhibition among her own sons of ability, infinitely superior. This arises partly from the prestige which rests with Italy, and partly, as I have before mentioned, from the prejudice which exists here against professional labor.

Chili is a country of music makers. The love and instinct of music are distinct through every order of people, from the highest to the lowest. It is said that when Gottschalk was about to give his great concert of 300 musicians, he made a requisition upon the different civil and military bands of Valparaiso and Santiago. Upon their presenting themselves before him he was amazed to find that not an eighth part of them could read or write, and not a fourth part knew a note or character of music. How was he ever to bring Tannhauser, and the Prophet, and Fidelia, from such total ignorance! But what was his astonishment and wonder when he found that almost entire operas were familiar to them, and that they were able to repeat with perfect accuracy intricate parts of music by hearing them played but once or twice.

It may be an incredible statement to many a fair young musician in our country, but it is no less true, that what is generally styled in the United States an accomplished performer on the piano would not pass here for a mediocre one. Of course I except New York and the larger cities, where opportunities for cultivation in this department are not excelled out of Germany. The music here is also of a very high order. One only sees in the *salons* and music rooms of private houses operas and classic music. I question if any one of the numberless obscure authors which are studied with such assiduity by young pianists in our country was ever heard of here, and the little, idle, vaporous melodies, so immensely popular with not a small portion of American *musiciennes*, would be considered unworthy the expert and practiced fingers of a young Chilian girl. I speak of this to more particularly show what stress is laid on this branch of female education here, and to what perfection it is carried among the wealthier classes, and not uncommonly among the poorer orders.

I may add that it is more than probable that these same young ladies, who discant understandingly upon fugues and oratorios, and render with taste Mozart and Beethoven, as well as Verdi and Rossini, are ignorant of the fundamental principles of arithemetic, and could not tell if the Danube is in Europe or Asia, or if such parts of the world exist. As a striking illustration of the system of education pursued in Chili, I am greatly tempted to quote a question which was asked an English officer of Her Majesty's ship *Leander* by a Senorita R—— of this city two years ago. Although it was confided under a promise of profound secrecy, I am induced to give it by the fact that there are an infinity of Senorita Rs in Chili, and that, as the officer had been sent off to India, no harm can come from a disclosure of such atrocious ignorance as exists here among the so called accomplished people. I will premise it by saying that the young lady speaks several languages with equal fluency, is an accomplished musician, and of most refined and cultivated manners. England and English characteristics being the subject of conversation—an inevitable consequence of an Englishman's presence—the young Chilena turned to the officer and, in most admirable English, said: "Captain, do tell me, if you please, is England in London, or London in England, and which is the larger?" It is not difficult to conceive John Bull's discomfiture and stupefaction at finding anybody in the world who did not know all about England. Deducting the little bit of mischief which possibly may have lurked underneath the question, and which the officer, resting behind an entrenchment of national importance, could not discover, this is, no doubt, a pretty fair sample of the educational status of the young women of this country.

With a few exceptions, the young men are even more superficial and empty-headed. They comprehend nothing beyond the latest cut of a coat and cravat-tie, and one has only to stroll through the streets and public resorts of Santiago, which the scions of traditionary greatness and distinction eternally haunt, to be persuaded of the necessity of a sweeping revolution in the ideas which obtain here relative to the dignity of honest labor—ideas which make either villians or coxcombs of men upon whom the control and government of the nation is expected to rest; for with one or two exceptions, no one has ever been chosen here out of "the high walks of life" to officiate in Government matters. Notwithstanding the liberally framed Constitution of Chili, the Government is but a species of oligarchy—an aristocracy which has grown out of the old Spanish domination over the country for so many years.

I spoke in my previous letter of the recent efforts of this Government to open up her waste lands to foreign capital and labor. The colonization of Magellan and Juan Fernandez was the first step. The steamer *Ancud*, belonging to the Government, made her first trip to the Straits, with about 150 colonists and the newly-appointed Governor, on the 10th, and the schooner *Juan Fernandez*, with 31 colonists, a corporal and five soldiers for protection against the menaced resistance of the old settlers, left on the 27th of December. A new immigration company has been still more recently established, the object of which is to settle a large tract of country in the Provinces of Valdivia and Aranco. This tract embraces a coast range of nearly 70 miles, and is endowed with such natural advantages as guarantee future prosperity to the colony. It has a fine lumber section, unlimited water power, and the most fertile soil and genial climate to be found in Chili. It also possesses a number of good harbors, which will facilitate the exportation of produce and lumber—this last-promising to be the most valuable article of commerce that can be exported to the north of the Republic, owing to the almost entire absence of timber on the coast north of the 36th parallel of latitude.

New guano deposits have been, of late, discovered to the north of Chili. They are represented superior in extent and quality to those of Cerjillones, the deposits extending over a space of eight or nine miles in length and one in width; they are removed only about a mile from the sea, and are accessible by no fewer than three excellent ports.

A new railroad from Toloahuano to Chillan is under discussion. The plans and engineers' estimates have already been presented to the Government, and the customary decree, determining the proposals to be made and received for its construction, has been issued.

Intelligence is constantly arriving from the Arancunican territory, which seems to be gradually slipping from the possession of its tenacious occupants. Gen. Saavavedra, by the last accounts, had met with some unexpected resistance from the tribes who had attempted to form a coalition in order to prevent the occupation of the territory in the vicinity of Mallico by the invading forces. The coalition was prevented by Gen. Saavavedra, who had succeeded in dislodging the savages from their strongholds, and driving them into the forests and mountain recesses, where, up to last accounts, they were lurking until their strength should be sufficiently recovered to make another attack upon the Chilian forces.

We hear that new salt works on a large and improved scale are soon to be established in the vicinity of Valparaiso under an exclusive privilege granted to a gentleman of Santiago. It is proposed to follow the model of the best establishments of the same kind in France. The common salt so extensively used in tanyards, and in the working of silver ores here, sulphate of soda and salts of potassa are to be extracted from the sea water by a new process—French, we are told—but the secret of which is to be sedulously withheld from the public.

During the past year 6,213,371 kilos. of bar copper were exported from this port, the official value being $1,864,611, and the duties levied thereon amounted to $55,020. In the same period there were exported 36,660,492 kilos. of barley; 29,318,250 kilos. flour, and 59,374,251 kilos. of wheat.

By the annual statement of the Secretary of the Treasury Chili shows to have coined in gold $1,269,741, and in silver $304,200 80, making a total for 1867 of $1,573,951 80, a decrease upon the year previous, of $85,-521 95.

COTTON NO LONGER KING.—Cotton goods are now nearly as cheap as before the American war. Garland, Mutchmor & Co. have lately received a few bales of gray and white cottons, shirtings and prints, purchased since the great fall in prices. Parties requiring any description of dry goods would do well to see their stock before purchasing. 582-y

THE LUMBER TRADE.—We cannot deny that we are suffering severely in our lumber regions for want of a market for our coarse lumber. The Americans on account of their troubles have not made any purchases in the Province the past year, and being unable to compete with the North of Europe we can't ship it to England; but serious as this matter is, it is gratifying to know that the "Canadian Pain Destroyer" is a great favorite among our lumbermen, for curing coughs, sudden colds, cramps in the stomach, burns, bruises, frost-bites, chilblains, &c., and they do not depend upon a foreign market for it. It is sold by all Medicine Dealers at 25cts. per bottle.

MASONIC JEWELS, DESIGNS, &C.—Messrs Young & Radford are prepared to furnish all kinds of Masonic jewels, in the highest styles of the art, on the shortest notice, and at the cheapest rates. All kinds of jewellery repaired.

—The efficacy of Bryan's Pulmonic wafers in curing coughs, colds, and all bronchial affections, and cheering the afflicted, has passed into a proverb. In the United States, where these marvellous wafers are known, they bear down all opposition and eclipse all rivalry; the demand for them has steadily increased for the last twenty years, until now the sales average over one hundred thousand boxes a year. Eminent members of the medical profession without number admit that they know of no preparation producing such beneficial results as these wafers. When taken in season they effect a permanent cure. Sold by every druggist and most of the respectable stores throughout the Province, at 25 cents per box.

DIVINE SERVICES in THE CITY CHURCHES ON SUNDAY.

Christ Church (Church of England)—Sparks Street.
Rev J S LAUDER, M A, Rev C F STREET, M A, Curate.
Morning Service at 11 o'clock; Evening at 7. Free Seats.

Chapel of Ease—Sussex Street.
Rev J S LAUDER, M A, Rev C F STREET, M A, Curates.
Morning Service at 11; Evening at 7. Free Seats.

St. Alban's Church, Daly Street.
(All seats free.)
REV. T. BEDFORD JONES, LL. D., Rector.
Sunday services 11 a m and 7 p m. Week day services daily (except Monday) 9 a m and 5 p m. Holy Communion every Sunday, alternately at 8 a m and 11 a m. Sunday School, 9:30 a m. Saturday Catechetical classes 10 a m. Teachers' class, (open to all adult members of congregation) Thursday, 4 p m. Litany and choral practice, do. Friday, 7 p m.

New Edinburgh Parish—Church of England.
REV. GEORGE NOEL HIGGINSON, M.A., Clerk in charge.
Service in the New School House. Morning Service at 11 a.m. Evening Service at 4 p. m. Holy Communion on the 1st Sunday in the month at 11 a. m., and on the 3rd Sunday in the month at 8 a. m. The services are maintained by the offertory.

St James' Episcopal Church—Hull.
REV JOHN JOHNSTON.
Divine Service at 11 a m and 7 p m.

Methodist Episcopal Church—Le Breton's Flats.
Rev T W PICKETT.
Services commence at 10½ a m; and 6½ p m. Sabbath School at 2 p m.

Congregational Church—Albert Street.
Rev JOSEPH ELLIOT.
Morning service commences at 11 o'clock, and evening services at 6½ o'clock. Sabbath School a 3 o'clock p m.

Baptist Church—Queen Street.
Rev D McPHAIL, Pastor.
Services at 11 o'clock, am, and 6½ p.m. Sabbath School at 9½ in the morning.

Free Church (Presbyterian)—Daly St[illegible]
Rev. T. WARDROPE.
Morning Service at 11 o'clock; Evening 6½ p.m.
Rev. Mr. MOORE.
Services will be held in the Church, Bank Street, at 11 a.m., and 6½ p.m.

Kirk of Scotland—Wellington Street.
Rev. DANIEL M. GORDON.
Morning Service at 11 o'clock; Evening at 6½.

Wesleyan Methodist Church—Metcalfe Street.
Rev. E. B. HARPER, M. A., Minister.
Morning Service at 10½ o'clock; Evening at 6½. Sabbath School at 2 p.m.

Meth. Epis. Church—Cor. York and Dalhousie Sts.
Rev. S. G. STONE.
Morning Service at 10½ o'clock; Evening at 6½. Sabbath School at 2 p.m.

St. Andrew's Church, (Roman Catholic.)
Hours of service—Sundays and Holidays—Morning, at 8 and 10 a.m. Evening, at 7 p.m.

Cathedral Notre Dame.
Rev. D. DANDURAND, Vicar-General.
Hours of Service, 5, 8 and 10 a m, and 7 p. m., from Easter until St. Michael's Day; 6, 8 and 10 a. m., and 6 p.m. from St. Michael's until Easter.

St. Joseph's Church.
Rev. J. F. GUILIARD, P. P.
Hours of Service, Sundays and Holidays, Mass—8 and 10 a.m., from Easter until the Feast of St. Michael; Vespers at 7 p.m.; from St. Michael to Easter, 6p.m. week days, 7½ p.m.

Catholic Apostolic Church—Hull.
REV E J W ROBERTS.
Services, Sundays, at 10 a m, and 5 p m. On week days at 5 p m; and on Wednesdays and Fridays at 10 a m.

HOW TO MAKE MONEY.—A horse dealer residing in the vicinity of Keyport, N. J., and who buys up horses for the New York market, purchases Darley's Arabian Heave Remedy by the dozen and feeds it to his horses; he says it is superior to anything that he has ever used as a condition medicine, that the horses are so much more improved by its use as to sell more readily and command higher prices. Two other horse dealers, one residing at Huntingdon, the other at Glen Cove, L. I., also purchase it by the dozen and for the same purpose; these men, as well as many others similarly engaged, know too well the value and importance of this medicine ever to be without it.

Remember the name, and see that the signature of *Hurd & Co.* is on each package. *Northrup & Lyman*, Newcastle, C. W., proprietors for the Canadas. Sold by all medicine dealers.

COMMERCIAL.

OTTAWA MARKETS.

(Compiled expressly for the TIMES.)

TIMES OFFICE, OTTAWA, Feb. 28.

FLOUR—Extra	8 75	@	9 00
No. 1	8 25	@	0 00
No. 2	6 00	@	0 00
Bags—Fall per 100 lbs.	4 05	@	0 00
" Spring "	4 12½	@	4 2[illegible]
Oatmeal—per 200 lbs.	7 00	@	0 00
Indian Meal "	5 50	@	0 00
Rye—per bushel 56 lbs.	0 80	@	0 [illegible]
Barley " 48 lbs.	0 90	@	0 [illegible]
Buckwheat Flour—bbl.	5 55	@	0 00
WHEAT—Fall—per bushel, 60 lbs.	1 90	@	1 95
Spring " "	1 80	@	1 85
CORN—Per bushel, 56 lbs	1 25	@	0 00
Peas " 60 lbs	0 80	@	0 00
Oats " 34 lbs	0 53	@	0 55
Beans " 60 lbs	1 55	@	1 75
PORK—Mess—per barrel	20 00	@	20 50
Prime Mess per do.	14 00	@	14 50
Hog per 100 lbs	6 50	@	7 00
Hams	0 12	@	0 12
Beef	5 50	@	6 50
Mutton—per lb by the qr.	0 05	@	0 7
Lamb—per qr	0 06	@	0 7
Geese—Each	0 40	@	0 50
Turkeys—Each	0 50	@	1 50
Ducks	0 75	@	0 80
Fowl—Per pair	0 40	@	0 50
BUTTER—Choice Table	0 20	@	0 25
No. 1 Firkin	0 18	@	0 20
No. 2	0 17	@	0 [illegible]
Eggs	0 25	@	0 [illegible]
Apples—per brl	3 00	@	4 5[illegible]
VEGETABLES, &c.—Potatoes	0 45	@	0 5[illegible]
Onions—per bbl	4 50	@	0 0[illegible]
HAY—Per ton, new	12 00	@	14
WOOD—Per cord	0 00	@	3 [illegible]
Tamarac	0 00	@	2 00
Hemlock	0 00	@	2 00

London Money Market.

LONDON, Feb. 27—11:15 a.m.—Consols 93 @ 93⅛. Money 73. Account Bonds 71⅛. 1:20 p.m.—Consols 93 for money and account. Erie 44¼.

Liverpool Markets.

LIVERPOOL, Feb. 27—11:15 a.m.—Cotton dull. Uplands on the spot 9¾d. Do. afloat 9½d. Orleans 9¾d. Stock 292,000 bales, including 159,000 American. Breadstuffs and Provisions quiet. Lard 61s. Refined Petroleum 1s. 5d. Sugar 25s.

1:20 p.m.—Cotton heavy, and declined ⅛d. Breadstuffs dull. Corn 41s. 6d. Wheat 16s for California; 14s. 3d. for No. 2 Red Western. Lard 61s. 6d. Bacon 42s. Tallow 43s. 6d.

New York Money Market.

NEW YORK, Feb. 28.—Stocks active and strong.

Sterling Exchange 109¾.
Gold 141½.

New York Markets.

NEW YORK, Feb. 28.—Cotton dull. Flour favors buyers. Receipts, 1,800 bbls. Sales, 7,300 bbls. at $8.50 @ 9.30 for Super State and Western; $9.75 @ 10.50 for Common to Choice Extra State; $9.40 @ 10.30 for Common to Choice Extra Western. Rye flour quiet. Wheat dull and favors buyers. Sales, 7,500 bush. No. 2 Spring at $2.43 delivered. Rye quiet. Receipts, 3,800 bush. Sales, 3,500 bush. Southern and State at $1.89 @ 1.91. Corn dull and heavy. Receipts, 4,300 bush. Sales, 4,300 bush. at $1 22 @ 1.24 for New Mixed Western afloat; $1.26 for High Mixed; $1.24 for Old Mixed in store. Barley quiet and firm. Oats dull. Receipts, 12,000 bush. Sales, 12,000 at 83c. for Western in store. Pork heavy at $23.37 @ 23.42; Old Mess $24.50 @ 24.62 for New do. Lard lower at 15½ @ 16½c.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Mothers Read This!—Holloway's Worm Lozenges are a certain and safe remedy for Worms in Children and Adults.—As it is a well-known and melancholy fact that one great cause of death among children is from Worms alone, it cannot be too deeply impressed upon the minds of parents the necessity of closely watching their children. By so doing; and understanding the symptoms and true cause of the disease, thousands of children might be saved from early graves. SYMPTOMS OF WORMS.—The following are a few of the very numerous symptoms and diseases which are caused by Worms: deranged appetite, emaciated extremities, offensive breath, frequent picking at the nose, grinding of the teeth during sleep, hardness of the belly, with frequent slimy stools, and sometimes convulsive fits; itching of the arms, pain in the head and stomach, unquiet sleep, faintings, tremblings, coughs, indigestion, low spirits, frightful dreams, and a gradual wasting away of flesh.

They are palatable and self-administered to the child—drive out the worms thoroughly without pain and completely cleanse the stomach—thereby doing away with the necessity of administering Castor Oil or other unpleasant cathartics—as in the case of other Worms.

☞ Each box contains the fac-simile signature of NORTHROP & LYMAN, Newcastle, C.W., who are the sole proprietors.

N. B. Ask for *Holloway's Worm Lozenges* and take no other. Sold by all the druggists in Ottawa, and medicine dealers everywhere. 578t

BIRTH.

On the 28th instant, the wife of Thomas Monro, Esq., Civil Engineer, of a daughter.

DIED.

In this city, on the 28th inst., Frederick Augustus Baldwin, Esq., Provincial Land Surveyor, aged 29 years.

The funeral will leave his late residence, McGreevy's Block, Stewart-st., Monday morning.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

AUCTION SALE OF HORSES.

This Day, Saturday, 29th Instant.

At TWELVE o'clock, noon, at McLEAN'S AUCTION ROOM, Sparks-street, will be sold ONE SPAN of WELL MATCHED

THOROUGHBRED HORSES,

5 and 6 years old, 15 hands high, chesnut color, extra good travellers, and free from vice.

Terms Cash.

H. McLEAN, Auctioneer.

Ottawa, Feb. 29. 679-1

CARD OF THANKS.

THE undersigned hereby tender their sincere thanks to the Firemen, and the Detective and Police Force for their prompt and efficient assistance in subduing the fire at their premises on the 27th instant. They feel all the more grateful because they were almost entirely unprotected by insurance, having only $1,000 on their stock and shop furniture.

M. SPARROW & CO.,
Sussex-street.

Ottawa, Feb. 29, 1868. 678t

AUCTION SALE!

THE subscriber will sell at his Auction Rooms, No. 18 Sparks-street, on

MONDAY & TUESDAY,

The 2nd and 3rd March, Prox.,

The following goods, received on consignment, viz.:

Electro-Plate Ware,

CONSISTING OF

Tea Sets, Cruet Stands, Spoons, Trays, Forks, Egg Stands, &c. Papier Mache Trays, Ivory Balance Handle Knives, Buckhorn and Wooden Handle Knives and Forks, assorted Cut and Pressed Glassware, Cases French Brandy and Irish Poteen, and other articles too numerous to enumerate.

Sale to commence each day at ELEVEN o'clock, A. M.

TERMS—Cash on delivery.

H. McLEAN, Auctioneer.

Ottawa, Feb. 29, 1868. 679td

ROBE LOST.

LOST, on Monday afternoon, 24th instant, between the Queen's Printer's Office, Sparks-street, and the subscriber's residence, Wellington street, a BLACK BEAR SKIN ROBE, lined with Crimson Cloth, trimmed with blue. The person who found it will be rewarded upon restoring it to the owner.

WM. F. POWELL, Wellington-st.

Ottawa, Feb. 29, 1868. 679-1-10w1

Dalhousie Lodge, No. 571, E. R., F. & A. M.

THE MEMBERS of Dalhousie Lodge, No. 571, are requested to meet with the Brethren of Corinthian Lodge, No. 59, C. R., at the

Masonic Hall,

—ON—

MONDAY, the 2nd day of MARCH,

AT ELEVEN, A. M.,

For the purpose of accompanying the remains of the late Bro. F. A. BALDWIN to the Railway Station.

By order, W. HAY, Secretary.

Ottawa, Feb. 29, 1868. 679-2

AT REST.

THE MEMBERS of CORINTHIAN LODGE, No. 59, C. R., are requested to attend at the

Lodge Rooms,

ELGIN STREET, ON

MONDAY MORNING, 2nd MARCH,

AT ELEVEN O'CLOCK PRECISELY.

In order to pay the last tribute of respect to the memory of the deceased Brother FREDERICK AUGUSTUS BALDWIN, by accompanying his remains to the Railway Station.

By order of the W. M.

ALEX. H. TAYLOR, Secretary.

Ottawa, Feb. 29, 1868. 679-2

To Let
From the 1st of May Next.

THAT PROPERTY at NEW EDINBURGH, formerly occupied by the undersigned, comprising ICE and OUT-HOUSES, GARDEN, with Soft and Spring Water, &c.

Apply to F. BRAUN, Department Public Works, Ottawa.

Ottawa, Feb. 28, 1868. 678tf

TO SAW MILL OWNERS, MACHINISTS, &c., &c.

WE BEG respectfully to call your attention to the

RE-CUTTING

OF YOUR

Old Files.

WE GUARANTEE

THEM TO BE

EQUAL IN EVERY RESPECT

TO THE

BEST QUALITY NEW ONES.

Circulars with price lists and references will be sent on application to

W. L. KINMOND & Co., 7, Custom House Square, Montreal.

February 28, 1868. 678-2awd

FOR SALE.

PARTS of LOTS 18 and 19, North Boulton-street, will be sold in three parts, or in one, to suit purchasers. The whole will be sold Cheap for Cash, or good instalment down.

Further particulars can be had on application to Messrs. LEES & GEMMELL.

JOHN B. BRANNEN.

Ottawa, Feb. 27, 1868. 677d-9-1

TENDERS

WILL be received by the Corporation of the City of Ottawa until MONDAY, the SECOND DAY of MARCH, 1868, at TWELVE o'clock noon, for all the PRINTING and ADVERTISING required by said Corporation for one year, commencing on the First Day of March, 1868. Printed forms of Tender for Job Printing may be obtained at this Office, in accordance with which alone the work will have to be done.

Printing and Advertising will require to be tendered for separately.

Tenders for advertising to state the rate per line in solid Brevier type per first insertion, and the rate per line for each subsequent insertion. The publication of the Official Minutes of the City Council to be done free of charge by the party obtaining the Contract.

(By Order.) W. P. LETT, City Clerk.

City Hall, Ottawa, Feb. 28, 1868. 678td

HORSES FOR SALE.

A PAIR of MATCHED BAY PONIES, part Canadian, 5 and 6 years old. Guaranteed sound and gentle. Also, a Heavy DRAUGHT HORSE will be sold at a bargain, as the subscriber has no further use for them.

Apply to W. R. THISTLE, Office opposite the Ontario Bank, Ottawa, or at his residence, Aylmer.

February 26, 1868. 676a9-1

Mineral Lands for Sale.

LOT No. 8, 4th Range of Templeton; and 50 Acres of Lot No. 9. The above lands are well wooded with good hard wood. There is on both lots a fine show of Plumbago. They are situated within ten miles of the city of Ottawa.

Apply to COLIN McLAURIN, Dominion House, Wellington-st.

Ottawa, Feb. 27. 677a

NOTICE.

THE Undersigned hereby beg to notify

All Parties Indebted to Them,

THAT IF THEIR

Accounts are Not Paid

Within TEN DAYS from the date of being Rendered,

They will without exception be placed in the hands of our Agent for collection.

J. M. CURRIER & CO.

New Edinburgh Saw Mills, February 26, 1868. 676a

THE GOLDEN BOOT

Will be opened in a few days, by the subscribers,

W. ANGUS & CO.,

No. 226,

WELLINGTON ST.

Ottawa, Feb. 27, 1868. 665y

THE NEW DOMINION!

47. SUSSEX-STREET. 47.

Established with the Nation, 1st July, 1867.

Tried by the People, Nobly sustained, Long may it flourish!	Come one! Come all!! Farmers and Lumbermen, Merchants and Citizens,

COME TO THE NEW DOMINION!

And you will find a large and varied assortment of

STAPLE and FANCY DRY GOODS!

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,
AS CHEAP AS THE CHEAPEST,
AS GOOD AS THE BEST.

A New Tailoring Establishment!

Has just been opened on the premises, with FIRST-CLASS WORKMEN, under the management of a FIRST-CLASS FASHIONABLE CUTTER.

Suits made to order, and Warranted to *suit*, At every price,	Of every style, For every season, And at the shortest notice.

Do you want Hats or Caps, Furs or Blankets, Boots or Shoes, Moccasins or Mittens? Visit the New Dominion. It will prove to your advantage. From top to toe a perfect outfit guaranteed, by

JAMES HIGGINSON, Proprietor.

Ottawa, February 6, 1868. 659tf

Canadian Cottons.

WE HAVE JUST RECEIVED A SUPPLY of the

CELEBRATED

DUNDAS COTTONS!

32 and 35 Inches Wide.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

OTTAWA, Feb. 21, 1868. 380y

Dry Goods at Reduced Prices.

Cunningham and Lindsay

— ARE NOW SELLING —

Canadian Grey Cloth at 3s. 3d. per yard,
Canadian Tweeds at 4s. per yard,
Canadian Cotton Yarn at 7s. 6d. a Bundle.
Canadian Bags at 1. 9d

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY

Invite particular Attention to their

BLANKETS, FLANNELS AND MANTLE CLOTHS.

Ottawa, November 18, 1867. 510y

New Premises and Cheap Goods.

GRANT & HENDERSON

Having recently moved into their new premises, No. 20, Rideau-street, one of the firm visited lately the Montreal Markets, and secured a very large stock of entirely

NEW GOODS,

At most EXTRAORDINARY REDUCTIONS in price, which cannot in a legitimate manner be undersold in this city.

RIDEAU-STREET, December 24, 1867. 623tf

PRIVATE BOARDING HOUSE.

MRS. RICHARD will open a Private first-class BOARDING HOUSE, Corner of SUSSEX and CLARENCE-STS., over Mr. Martineau's Dry Goods Store, on the 1st March. Parties wishing quiet, good, comfortable board, with good attendance, will please apply and secure apartments.

Breakfast at 8 and 10 a. m.; Lunch at 1 p. m.; and Dinner at 6 p m.

Ottawa, February 26, 1868. 659-3m

Notice of Mortgage Sale.

UNDER and by virtue of a Power of Sale contained in an Indenture of Mortgage, bearing date the 28th day of February, A. D., 1860, from JAMES BAIRD to WILLIAM YOUNG ROCHESTER, upon Lot number one hundred and seventy-four, as shewn and laid down in the plan of the sub-division of Lot 39, in the first concession, fronting the Ottawa River, in the Township of Nepean, County of Carleton, all the right, title, interest and equity of redemption of the said James Baird, in to and out of the said Lot, will be sold by PUBLIC AUCTION at the LAW OFFICE of ROSS & PARSONS, Elgin-street, opposite the Russell House, in the City of Ottawa, at TWELVE o'clock noon, on TUESDAY, the THIRD day of MARCH, A. D., 1868.

The mortgagee will covenant against his own acts only.

Searches and Conveyances at the expense of purchaser.

ROSS & PARSONS, Solicitors for Mortgagee.

Ottawa, 15th February, 1868. 674td

NOTICE

IS HEREBY given that I shall not be responsible for any debts contracted in my name, unless under an order signed by me.

SOPHIA MARTINEAU.

Ottawa, Jan. 22, 1868. 646d

EXTENSIVE AUCTION SALE

OF

Hotel Furniture & General Effects

&c., &c., &c.

THE undersigned has been favored with instructions from J. G. ROBINSON and E. HARDY, Esqs., to sell by Public Auction, on

Monday, 2nd March, 1868,

The whole of the Household Furniture and General Effects of

HAMILTON'S HOTEL YORK-St.,

Consisting of a parlor Tete-a-Tete in hair cloth, and Chairs to match, Centre Tables, Side Tables, Whatnots, Corner Ornaments, Mirrors, Pictures, &c., and a very superior Brussels Carpet. In sitting-room, hair cloth Sofas, Chairs to match, Centre Table, Side Table, Mirrors, Pictures and Carpets. In tapestry, the contents of 20 bedrooms, about one-half being furnished in Black Walnut Sets, Spring Mattresses, Hair, do., Feather Beds, Bolsters, Pillows, Sheets, Blankets, Counterpanes, Quilts, &c., and Bedroom Carpets. Dining-room furniture, Dining Tables, Chairs, Side-Boards, Side Tables, Floor Oil Cloth, Pictures, &c. In kitchen, two superior Cooking Stoves, Tables, Chairs, Cupboard, &c., with a large quantity of very superior Stone Chinaware, Glassware, &c. Office furniture, Desk, Counter, Centre Table, Chairs, Lounges, Side Table and Floor Oil Cloth. In the Bar, the Bar Fixtures, Counter, Waterfilter, Decanters, Glasses, and a quantity of Liquors. Also, a No. 1 SINGER SEWING MACHINE. The whole is in good order, as Hamilton's Hotel has been open but two years, and was furnished new at that time. The sale is positive and without reserve.

Terms of sale cash in bankable funds.

Sale to commence at 10.30 a.m.

A. ROWE, Auctioneer.

Ottawa, Feb. 27, 1868. 677td

YOUNG & RADFORD'S COLUMN.

Watches,
Watches,
Watches

AT

YOUNG

AND

RADFORD'S

30 Sparks-street.

Clocks,
Glocks,
Clocks,

AT

YOUNG AND RADFORD'S.

Jewellery,
Jewellery,
Jewellery,

AT

YOUNG AND RADFORD'S.

Electro-Plated ware,
Electro-Plated Ware,
Electro-Plated Ware,

AT

YOUNG AND RADFORD'S.

Fancy Goods,
Fancy Goods,
Fancy Goods,

AT

YOUNG AND RADFORD'S,

Manufacturing Jewellers,

30 SPARKS-STREET.

Old Gold and Silver

Bought, and highest cash price paid,

AT

YOUNG

AND

RADFORD'S

BROWNE & HARDY'S COLUMN.

1867 AND 1868.

INDIA WAREHOUSE!

16 Rideau Street, Ottawa.

THE SUBSCRIBERS beg to inform their Customers that their Stock is now complete, and embraces every delicacy of the Season, among which will be found a choice assortment of

TEAS,

Breakfast SOUCHONG, } Black Extra Fine.
do CONGOU, }
Superior HYSON,
" GUNPOWDER,
" IMPERIAL,
" TWANKAY,
Orange PEKOE, } These Teas have been
Flowery " } carefully selected for
Japan " } family trade by

BROWNE & HARDY.

SUGARS,
LOAF,
BROKEN LOAF,
CRUSHED,
GROUND,
YELLOW,
and MUSCOVADO.

COFFEE,
MOCHA,
JAVA,
JAMAICA, and
CEYLON,

☞ Roasted and Ground daily on the premises.

CHOCOLATE and COCOA,
FRENCH, flavored with Vanilla;
TAYLOR'S,
FRYE'S,
MOTT'S

FRUITS, &c.

LAYER RAISINS,
in Whole, Half and Quarter Boxes
MUSCATEL, do do
SULTANA,
VALENTIA,
CURRANTS,
GRAPES,
ORANGES
LEMONS,
PRUNES,
ALMONDS,
WALNUTS,
FILBERTS, and
BRAZIL NUTS.

BUTTER,
CHOICE DAIRY, in Tubs and Crocks, received Weekly.

CHEESE,
English, American and Canadian.

SPICES,
NUTMEGS,
MACE,
CINNAMON,
CLOVES,
GINGER,
MIXED SPICES,
All Ground on the Premises

BROWNE & HARDY.

Ottawa, December 19. 405t

ROANOKE

Tobacco Company,

DANVILLE, VIRGINIA.

THIS Company having established at Montreal their General Agency for the Dominion of Canada, is now prepared to offer to the public an article in

SMOKING TOBACCO!

superior to anything of the kind ever imported into the country, and pledge their long established character that the article now offered is the pure leaf from the

Virgin Hill Tops of Virginia.

The different brands and prices are as follows viz:

The "Prince of Wales," in 1 & 2 lb bls $1.05 per lb.
" "Dominion Favorite" 1 & ½ " " 0 75 "
" "Navy," ½ & 2 " " 0.65 "

The prices are NET CASH in Montreal, and orders [accompanied by remittance] for 5 lbs and upwards will receive prompt attention. The tobacco will be forwarded to any address, by express or otherwise, as parties may direct.

Please address

F. W. HENSHAW, Gen. Agent Dominion of Canada, 10 St. Sacrament-st., Montreal.

Montreal, Dec. 4, 1867. 607-4m

FOR SALE

BY THE SUBSCRIBERS,

New Egyptian Dates,
Oranges, Lemons,
Grapes, Turkey Figs,
West End Raisins,
Dundee Marmalade,
Jams and Jellies,
Tomatoes in tins,
Peaches, "
Sweet Corn "
Lima Beans

OYSTERS & HADDIES!

RECEIVED WEEKLY.

DALGLISH & RUSSELL, Upper Town.

Ottawa, Jan. 18, 1868. 651y

HOWE'S
Boot and Shoe Store.

REMOVAL.

AS the Lease of our Premises in Sussex-street terminates this month, we intend to confine our business to one locality, and shall remove the whole of our Stock on the 1st of May next, to our Store in

No. 10, Rideau-st.

Our stock of BOOTS and SHOES, LEATHER SHOE FINDINGS, TRUNKS, &c., &c., will consequently be very large and most complete in every department, and we most respectfully solicit a continuance of favors, to merit which our constant endeavors will be as usual to provide the best articles and sell at the lowest remunerating prices.

G. HOWE & SON.

☞ Remember the place—No. 10, Rideau-st next to Howell's Grocery.

April 27. 420y

TORONTO HOUSE.

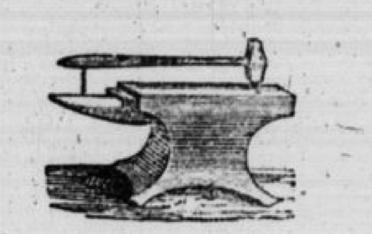
SPARKS STREET.

MRS. TROTTER begs to announce that she has a few Commodious Suites of Apartments to Let, handsomely and comfortably furnished.

Gentlemen attending the Session of Parliament will find at the Toronto House most convenient quarters, where the quiet of the private family is combined with the usual attendance to be found at the best hotels.

Ottawa, Feb. 25, 1868. 675tf

HARDWARE!



HARDWARE!

Great Reduction

IN THE

PRICE OF HARDWARE

AT THE

SIGN of the ANVIL

No. 24, Rideau-street.

THE Undersigned would take this opportunity to express his thanks to his Customers in Ottawa and vicinity for their very liberal patronage in the past, and to solicit a continuance of their favors in the future, and to assure them that no effort on his part shall be wanting to supply them with the Best and Cheapest English and American Hardware. I do not pretend to sell at cost, but do propose to sell as cheap as any other establishment in Ontario My stock shall comprise every article in the line of Hardware, and with the one price system I hope to merit and receive a continuance of the very liberal patronage given me in the past.

T. BIRKETT, Sign of the Anvil, 24 Rideau-st.

Ottawa, Feb. 3. 408y

BLYTH & KERR,

Successors to Chas. Garth.

No. 25, Rideau-st.,

Plumbers,
Gas & Steam Fitters,
Tin & Coppersmiths.
Bell Hangers, &c.

All materials for the above branches kept constantly on hand.

—ALSO—

Importers and Dealers in House Furnishing Hardware.

Just received a well selected assortment of

Cooking Stoves,	Iron Bedsteads,
Double Stoves,	Bronzed & Wire Fenders,
Parlor Stoves,	Fire Irons,
Hall Stoves,	Fire Guards,

Japanned and Planished Tinware, &c., Manufacturers of all descriptions of work for Water and Gas Works, Brewer's Distilleries, Mills, &c. Makes and fits up Galvanized Iron Cornices, Gutters, Conductors, Roofing, &c.

☞ Public and Private Buildings, Conservatories, Vineries, Manufactories, &c., warmed by Steam, Hot Water or Warm Air, on the most approved principles.

Orders from the country will receive strict attention.

Ottawa August 26. 416y

BUY YOUR TEA

DIRECT FROM

THE IMPORTERS

TEA! TEA! TEA!

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY, 6 Hospital Street, Montreal, having just imported a large quantity of Green and Black Teas, beg to call the attention of the Trade, Hotel Proprietors, and large establishments generally to their list of prices. Buyers of Chests and Boxes of Tea will save money by getting it direct through the Importers.

All orders for 25 lb. boxes and upwards, carriage free to any Railway Station in Canada. Parties wanting smaller quantities should club together. Buyers living beyond Railway Stations, will please send post office order, or enclose notes. The carriage will be paid to the nearest station, where there are express offices. Tea will be forwarded immediately on receipt of the order by mail containing money, or the money can be collected on delivery by express man. Cash collected in Montreal free of charge, and Tea forwarded for the same. Original packages Black Tea weigh, ½ chests about 50 lbs. Chests do. 90 to 100 lbs. Green Tea from 60 to 80 lbs. Teas not mentioned in advertisement can be had equally cheap. The Company are determined to take a stand in the Montreal market, every article may therefore be depended on as to quality and weight.

BLACK TEA.

Common Congou, Broken Leaf, Strong Tea	$00 45
Fine Flavoured New Season do.	00 55
Excellent Full Flavoured do.	00 75
Sound Oolong	00 45
Rich Flavoured do.	00 60
Very Fine do	00 75
Japan	00 58
Very Fine do.	00 75
An excellent mixed Tea, Black and Green	00 60

GREEN TEA.

Twankay, Common	$00 38
Fine do	00 55
Young Hyson	00 60
Fine do	00 75
Superfine and Very Choice	1 00
Fine Gunpowder	00 85
Extra Superfine do	1 00

Reductions made to buyers of Five Chests and upwards.

☞ Address MONTREAL TEA CO., 6, Hospital-st., Montreal.

☞ *Agent for Ottawa and neighborhood.*

MR. JOS. MOONEY.

☞ All Boxes and Chests sent from this Establishment have the address of the *MONTREAL TEA COMPANY* printed on them.

August 27, 1867. 52234-w

PORK! FLOUR!

THE Subscribers have just received 10 CAR LOADS of PORK, consisting of

455 BBLS. OF MESS,

40 DO. CLEAR MESS,

155 DO. OF PRIME MESS,

Also 20,000 lbs. weight Superior Steam Refined Leaf Lard.

Also for Sale, 500 barrels of Flour.

O'CONNOR & WALLER, Exchange Brokers and Commission Merchants, Sussex-st., Ottawa.

Ottawa, Feb. 17, 1868. 668tf

W. NOTMAN,

Photographer to the Queen

CORNER OF

WELLINGTON AND METCALFE STREETS,

WOULD intimate that having all his arrangements completed, his

Establishment will be Opened

—ON—

Monday Next, 3rd February

When he will be prepared to fulfil orders for all the different branches of Photography.

Ottawa, Jan. 31, 1868. 582y

BAZAAR.

IT is intended to hold a Bazaar on the *SEVENTEENTH of MARCH NEXT*, 1868, and following days, in aid of the DEBT on

The Parsonage of Christ Church.

Contributions will be most thankfully received from the members of the Church, and other friends in Ottawa, by the following Ladies, who have kindly consented to act as a Committee of Management:

MRS. CLEMOW,
" W. F. POWELL,
" COFFIN,
" ADAMSON,
" T. M. BLASDELL,
" LAUDER,
" DO ALDSON,
" JOHN THOMPSON,
" N. SPARKS,
" MAGEE,
" STREET.

ANNIE POWELL, Secretary.

Ottawa, Dec. 23, 1867. 622td

WAR! WAR! WAR!

KEARNS & RYAN,

WELL KNOWN

Merchants of this City,

—WHO KEEP THE PEOPLE'S—

CHEAP CASH STORE!

Have declared War against all other merchants of the Capital of Canada, for imposing dear goods on the people. They will make

Reduction of 20 per cent off Hats and Bonnets,

—AND—

10 per cent off all other Cash Purchases

OVER ONE DOLLAR,

During the month of February. Rush to their establishment and judge for yourselves. No deception.

Corner of York and Sussex-sts.

Ottawa, February 3, 1868. 656d

Great Remnant Sale.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.

Importers, 20 Sparks Street,

With a view to CLEAR OUT THEIR STOCK OF REMNANTS, prior to stock-taking have REMARKED ALL THEIR REMNANTS at prices that must effect a SPEEDY CLEARANCE.

Remnants of Cloths,	Remnants of Cobourgs,
Remnants of Dress Goods,	Remnants of Silks,
Remnants of Cottons,	Remnants of Linens,
Remnants of Prints,	Remnants of Flannels,
Remnants of Carpetings.	Remnants of Oil-cloths,

And a host of other remnants too numerous to particularise.

Sale to commence on MONDAY, 17th, and to continue during the week.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.

Ottawa, February 17, 1868. 484y

Recorder's Court,

FOR the City of Ottawa, will be holden in the COURT HOUSE, old Jail, in said city, on MONDAY, the SECOND day of MARCH next, at the hour of ELEVEN of the clock in the forenoon, of which all City Coroners, Justices of the Peace, Constables, Jurors, and all others in any wise concerned, are hereby required to take notice and govern themselves accordingly.

RODERICK ROSS, High Bailiff.

High Bailiff's Office, Ottawa, 15th February, 1868. 668td

APPLICATIONS

FOR the Office of Assistant City Clerk will be received by the Corporation of the City of Ottawa, until MONDAY, the SECOND day of March, 1868, at SEVEN o'clock, p. m.

(By order.) W. P. LETT, City Clerk.

Ottawa, Feb. 25, 1868. 675-3

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT, Ottawa, February 21, 1868.

AUTHORIZED Discount on American Invoices until further notice, 28 per cent.

R. S. M. BOUCHETTE, Commissioner of Customs.

PARLIAMENT HAIRDRESSING SALOON!

E. MILES,

Hairdresser by Appointment to His Excellency the Governor-General,

HAS REMOVED HIS PARLIAMENT HAIR DRESSING SALOON from the old stand to his new and commodious room over the LONDON MUSIC STORE, on Elgin-st., opposite the Russell House, which he has fitted up in the most *recherche* style of the business, and where his Rotary Hair Brush, which he imported expressly for himself, being the first introduced into British America, will be kept ready for use. The saloon is delightfully ventilated, and very pleasantly situated.

Mr. MILES would take this opportunity of returning his most sincere thanks to his many friends and the public, for their kind and generous patronage to him, during a number of years, in his old establishment, and trusts that by unremitting attention to business, and in his new and first-class saloon, with polite and attentive workmen, to merit a continuance of their favors.

All kinds of Hair Watch Guards, Finger Rings, &c., manufactured to order. For the convenience of ladies orders will be received at the London Music Store, where a fine and varied assortment of Hair-work will be found.

E. MILES, Hair Dresser, by appointment, to his Excellency the Governor-General.

Ottawa, October 3 1867. 553-39y

To Emigrants and Others.

FARM FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—

Lots Nos. 19 and 20,

7th Range of the

Township of PORTLAND West,

CONTAINING

200 ACRES,

Less one acre, on lot 19, which is reserved for school and Church purposes. There is about 15 Acres Cleared; a GOOD HOUSE and BARN on the property. The above farm would be a good chance for a person of small capital, as it will be SOLD CHEAP.

TERMS REASONABLE.

For particulars apply to

A. McNAUGHTON, Or to J. R. JOHNSON, Buckingham Village.

February 26, 1868. 676a

Scale Manufacturer.

E. DORION begs to inform the public that he has opened a SCALE MANUFACTORY in Clarence street, second door from Sussex-street, in E. D'Amour's Blacksmith Shop, and where he is now prepared to repair all sorts of Scales in use.

Ottawa, Jany. 11 637y

Notice.

ON AND FROM THE

First day of February 1868

ALL REQUISITIONS FOR

STAMPS!

TO

Bills and Promissory Notes,

To be used in the Dominion of Canada by the various persons entrusted with the distribution thereof, will have to be addressed to this Department.

THOS. WORTHINGTON, For the Minister of Inland Revenue.

655tf

ALMON RIVERS.

DEPARTMENT OF

MARINE & FISHERIES.

OTTAWA, 7th October, 1867.

LIST OF SALMON RIVERS within the Province of Quebec, the Fluvial Divisions of which are disposable for Angling purposes:—

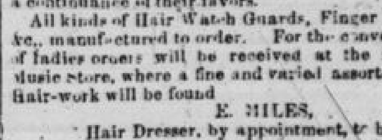
The River Mistassini—discharging into River St. Lawrence on the North Shore.

do	Betescie	do	do
do	Trinity	do	do
do	Little Trinity	do	do
do	Calumet	do	do
do	Pentecost	do	do
do	Little Margaret	do	do
do	Trout	do	do
do	Sheldrake	do	do
do	Magpie	do	do
do	Little Watchecaloo	do	do
do	Nabessippi	do	do
do	Agwanus	do	do
do	Kegashka	do	do
do	Musquarro	do	do
do	Washeecootai	do	do
do	Romaine [en bas]	do	do
do	Coacoacho	do	do
do	Etamarcu	do	do
do	Macatina	do	do
do	St. Augustine	do	do
do	Esquimaux	do	do
do	Ouelle	South	Shore
do	Matis	do	do
do	St. Anne des Monts	do	do
do	Mont Louis	do	do
do	Magdalen	do	do
do	Grand Pabos, Chaleur bay	do	do
do	Grand Bonaventure	do	do
do	Little Cascapedia	do	do
do	Grand Cascapedia	do	do
do	Nouvelle	do	do
do	Metapedia	do	do
do	Restigouche	do	do
do	Mistouche	do	do

Application to Lease or License any of the above Rivers should be made to this Department.

P. MITCHELL, Minister of Marine and Fisheries.

Upper Ottawa



Steamboat Company.

NOTICE.

THE

GENERAL ANNUAL MEETING

OF THE

SHAREHOLDERS

—FOR—

ELECTION OF DIRECTORS

—AND—

TRANSACTION OF GENERAL BUSINESS

Will be held at the Office of

Messrs. Wright & Batson,

IN THIS CITY, ON

Wednesday, 4th March Next

At the hour of 4 o'clock, P. M.

By order,

B. BATSON, Secretary.

Ottawa, Feb. 24, 1867. 674td

PHŒNIX.

MESSRS. R. EATON & Co. respectfully announce to the public that THEY HAVE RESUMED BUSINESS in this City in the various branches of their trade and manufacture, which they now carry on at the following places:—

Paint, Oil, Varnish, Color and Painters' Stock Depot,
☞ Bell's New Block, 1st Story, Opposite the Russell House.
Oil Painting, Engraving, Paper Hanging and Decorating Depot,
☞ Bell's New Block, 2nd Story, Opposite the Russell House.
Looking-Glass, Picture Frame, Silvering and Gilding Rooms,
☞ Scott's Building, over Confectionary, Opposite the Russell House.
Cornice, Picture, and Looking-Glass Frame Manufactory,
☞ Wright's Building, Chaudiere, formerly occupied by E. B. Eddy, Esq.

Their present extensive stock in the various departments is entirely new, the former having been destroyed by fire, and has been carefully and judiciously selected, with especial regard to the demands of this City and its surroundings. Their Painters' Stock is especially good. Their Paper Hangings and Decorating Stock is in endless variety of quality and price; and the Decoration of Dwellings, Offices, Stores and Public Buildings undertaken, and satisfaction guaranteed both as to style and workmanship.

Having secured spacious premises at the Chaudiere, with extensive water-power, for the purpose of Manufacturing Cornices and Frames of all kinds, and having also secured spacious Looking-Glass, Silvering and Gilding Rooms, they will be enabled to fill orders for Pier, Mantle, Hanging and Toilet Mirrors, Picture Frames and Cornices, at the Shortest Notice.

Oil Paintings and Engravings of undoubted merit and beauty always in stock.

Window Blinds, new style, unsurpassed, always kept on hand. These are made so as to fit windows of any size, and are painted or oiled to suit taste or business of purchaser.

Messrs. R. E. & Co., avail themselves of this opportunity for returning their sincerest thanks for the kind patronage heretofore bestowed upon them, and for the great sympathy manifested for them on the occasion of the recent fire, and in resuming business they beg to assure their many kind friends and patrons that with new stock, renewed energy, and competent and faithful workmen, they feel confident of filling all orders with which they may be favored with promptness and punctuality, and in such a manner as will merit entire satisfaction.

OFFICE—Bell's Block, Opposite Russell House.

OTTAWA, Feb. 14, 1868. 666-3m

Ottawa CROCKERY Store!

PRESENTATION ORNAMENTS.

WILLIAM ALLAN

RESPECTFULLY announces the arrival of a Choice Selection of China and Bohemian Glass Flower Vases and Ornaments suitable for Xmas and New Year's Gifts. Also, his usual complete Stock of China, Glass, Earthenware and Parian Marble ever brought into Ottawa, consisting of

DINNER SETTS, BREAKFAST SETTS, DESSERT SETTS, TOILET SETTS.

Cut and Engraved, Cut and Pressed TABLE GLASS, and an assortment of Common Ware for the wholesale purchaser.

☞ A large and most varied Stock select from:

W. ALLAN,
51 RIDEAU STREET, (opposite Mr. D. Whalen's.)

Ottawa, December 19, 1867. 574y

SHEFFIELD HOUSE!

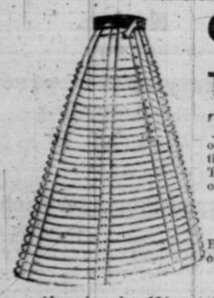
E. K. MacGILLIVRAY & Co.,

MANUFACTURING JEWELLERS

AND

WATCHMAKERS

OTTAWA, January 21, 1868.



City Hoop Skirt Factory

The Double Extension Skirt.

THIS new and convenient Skirt I am now making in all widths of tape. The great advantage this Skirt has over all others: ladies can alter it themselves to any width they wish, from 1½ yards to 3 yards, without the least trouble. They only can be had at the Factory. Everyother style of Skirt on hand or made to order. Just received another lot of

FRENCH CORSETS,

Every size, from 17 inches to 36 inches. Also, a few of those old fashioned Corsets, (lacing at the back.)

Lambs' Wool Hose, Breakfast Shawls.

Also, a large lot of Linen and Lawn Pocket Handkerchiefs, cheap.

DAVID MILLAR,
43 Sparks-st, Centre Town, next to Esmonde's Stove Depot.

456y

WHEELER & WILSON'S SEWING MACHINES.

THE BEST HOLIDAY PRESENT,

From $47 and upwards.

☞ FIVE per cent. off for cash in bills until after the holidays. One handsome Mahogany full case $8 discount.

Gold Medal, Paris, 1867.

The Howe Sewing Machines from $50 Up.

Grout & Co.'s Twisted Elastic Stitch only $15.

☞ Call and see this little beauty. Prospectuses and Samples sent Free by Mail.

December 19, 1867. 479-43y G. A. WALTON, Agent, 37 Sparks Street, Ottawa.

FIRST CLASS

Tailoring Establishment.

BEING desirous to dispose of the balance of my WINTER STOCK, in order to make room for

Spring Importations.

For two months I shall offer such inducements to intending purchasers as will enable me to make a ready sale, and my customers a good investment

☞ Please Call and Examine. ☜

G. M. HOLBROOK,

Peg Top Depot, Elgin-street,
Opposite the Post Office.

381y

AMERICAN

[WALTHAM]

WATCHES.

THE true value of Machinery applied to Watchmaking is not that, by its use Watches are made rapidly, but that they are made correctly. Very few people know why a Waltham Watch should be superior to any other. In the first place, at Waltham the Watch is regarded as only a machine, to be constructed, like any other machine, on mechanical principles. The factor is indeed little else than a vast machine shop, the principal work in which is put more upon watches than upon machinery to make watches with. If the watches are good, it is because the machinery is good. Of course there must be no defect in the principle or plan of the movement, no mistake in the size or shape of the pieces of which it is composed nothing wanting in their properties, and no error in their positions. These points once thoroughly settled in regard to each part of every variety of watch it rests wholly with the machinery constructed with infinite diversity of form and function, expressly for the purpose, to produce the finished pieces. The method established in every department is the reproduction of parts by mechanical means, and this is carried out on the system of the most thorough subdivision of labor.

By means of multiplying guages and microscopes, tests, and inspection for the detection of wear in cutting tools and for faults and flaws in steel or stone are made to accompany the work in every stage from beginning to end. As a necessary result, the Watch goes together a perfect machine. Every part is found to fit properly in its place. Every pin may be pushed till it pinches, and every screw turned home. Instead of a sluggish and feeble action, the balance, even under the pressure of the finest mainspring, vibrates with a wide and free motion, and the beat has the clear and ringing sound, always characteristic of the Waltham Watch. The machine is a timekeeper from the start.

This system of watchmaking is unknown in foreign countries, and is entirely original with the Waltham Company. The company claim that by it they produce watches that cannot be equaled for every quality which makes a watch valuable. Simple in plan and correct in principle, the movement is not only beautifully finished, substantial, accurate and cheap, but is uniform to the minutest details, not easily damaged, easily repaired, and when repaired always as good as new.

There are different grades of finish in the different varieties of watches made by the Waltham Company, as there are different sizes and shapes, to suit all tastes and means, but every watch that bears the genuine trade mark of "WALTHAM," is guaranteed to be a good one, and nobody need be afraid to buy it.

Every Watch Fully Warranted,

For sale by all first-class dealers in the United States and British Provinces. For further information address the Agents,

ROBBINS & APPLETON, New York.
ROBERT WILKES, Toronto, C.

596-15.6m

Railroads.

Grand Trunk Railway Company

OF CANADA.

WINTER ARRANGEMENTS, 1867.

TRAINS now leave Bonaventure Station as follows:

GOING WEST—Day Express for Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago and all points West, at 8.30 A.M.

Night do do at 7.30 P.M.

Accommodation Train for Kingston and intermediate stations at 7.00 A.M.

Local Train for Cornwall and intermediate Stations, at 4.20 P.M.

Trains for Lachine at 8.00 A.M., 9.30 A.M., 3.00 and 4.30 P.M.

The 3.00 P.M. Train runs through to Plattsburgh.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST—Accommodation Train from Island Pond and intermediate Stations, at 7.00 A.M.

Express for New York and Boston, at 8.40 A.M.

Express for Boston and New York, at 3.30 P.M.

Express for Portland (staying over night at Island Pond) at 2.00 P.M.

Night Express for Portland, Three Rivers, Quebec and Riviere du Loup, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbrooke, Waterville and Coaticoke only, at 10.10 P.M.

☞ Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.

For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station.

C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director
December 23, 1867. 650tf

CHANGE of TIME

St. Lawrence & Ottawa Railway,

(formerly the Ottawa & Prescott Railway.)

ON and after MONDAY, the 30th Dec., 1867, and until further notice, trains will run as follows:

LEAVE PRESCOTT.	ARRIVE IN OTTAWA.
Mixed, 7.30 a. m.	11.00 a. m.
Express, 2.10 p. m.	4.45 p. m.
LEAVE OTTAWA.	**ARRIVE IN PRESCOTT.**
Express, 8 a. m.	10.30 a. m.
Mixed, 1.30 p. m.	4.45 p. m.

The time of these Trains has been so arranged as to ensure connection with night and day trains on Grand Trunk, east and west.

N. B.—These Trains run on Montreal Time.

Baggage to and from Ottawa checked through from and to stations on Grand Trunk Railway.

Return tickets to Prescott, Kemptville and Ottawa at reduced rates can be had at the principal stations on the line.

T. S. DETLOR, Superintendent. THOMAS REYNOLDS, Managing Director.
Ottawa, Dec. 28, 1867. 1y

Brockville and Ottawa Railway,

WINTER ARRANGEMENT

Commencing on Monday, December 9, 1867.

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

3:45 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 3.45 p.m., and arrive at Sandpoint at 9:25 p m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT.

6:45 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint daily at 6:45 a.m., and arrive at Brockville at 1:00 p. m.

LEAVES PERTH.

5:00 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Perth at 5:00 p.m., and 9:40 a.m., and arrive at Smith's Falls at 5:50 p.m. and 10:30 a.m.

LEAVES SMITH'S FALLS.

10:50 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Smith's Falls at 10:50 a.m., and 6:05 p.m., and arrive at Perth at 11:40 a.m., and 6:55 p.m.

All trains on main line connect at Smith's Falls with Trains to and from Perth.

No. 1 leaves Brockville after G. T. R. Express Train is due from the East.

No. 2 is due at Brockville in time to connect with G. T. R. Express Trains for the East and West.

H ABBOTT,
Manager for Trustee.

Brockville, Dec. 16. 472y

RoyalCanadianBank

OTTAWA AGENCY:

Office—Desbarats' Building, 77 Sparks St

M. P. HAYES, Agent.

Ottawa, June 21. 157tf

DALGLISH & RUSSELL

ARE NOW IN RECEIPT OF THEIR new and varied assortment of

Grocery Goods

Consisting of Teas, Gunpowder, Old Hyson, Young Hyson, Hyson Twankay, Black, Extra Fine English Breakfast Souchong, Congou ditto, Oolong, Orange Pekoe, Finest Japans.

Coffees—Java, Jamaica, La Guayra, Mocha Roasted and Ground on the premises.

Sugars—English, refined in loaves, Broken Loaf, Crushed White, Yellow Refined.

Chocolate and Cocoa Spices, Mustards, Essences, Syrups, Pickles, Sauces, Vinegars, and Bottled Fruits, in Syrup, Preserves, Potted Meats, Fruits &c. Also, Provisions, Sugar Cured Hams, Spice, Rolled Hams, Bacon, Butter, Cheese, Crackers, Biscuits, Flour, Oatmeal, Barley, Peas, Rice, Labrador Herrings, Table Codfish, Digby Herrings, &c., &c.

Our stock is extensive and complete, and every article warranted to give satisfaction. All orders sent or left will be promptly attended to.

All Goods delivered on the shortest notice

Dalglish & Russell,
Wellington & Kent-sts.

Take Highest Premiums at the Paris Exposition.

PLATFORM, COUNTER, Warehouse, Grain, Coal, Hay, Railroad Track, Depot, Druggist, Gold, and all kinds of SCALES constantly on hand and for Sale.

FAIRBANKS, BROWN & Co.,
Boston, Mass.

Our Sole Agents in Ottawa,

ALEXANDER WORKMAN & Co

November 18, 1867. 592-6m

NOTICE

IS hereby given that application will be made to each and every Parliament having jurisdiction, at the present or next session thereof, respectively, for an act to amend the act chaptered 106, passed at the Session of the Parliament for the late Province of Canada, held the 29th and 30th years of the Reign of Her Majesty Queen Victoria, intituled "An Act to Incorporate the Ottawa City Passenger Railway Company.

Dec. 2nd, 1867. 607dm

Bottled Ale, Bottled Ale, Bottled Ale.

THE Subscriber would call the attention of Families and others to his

Fine Bottled Ale!

Which is in splendid condition. Also,

Scotch, Irish, Old Rye

And other Malt Whiskies,

Ports, Sherries, Brandies, Gin, &c.,

To ether with a General Assortment of

FIRST-CLASS GROCERIES.

A Call kindly Solicited.

D. WHELAN,
44, Rideau-street,
Opposite Allan's Crockery Store

Ottawa, Jan. 20, 1868.

FOR SALE.

850 PAIRS of Grey Twilled BLANKETS, in bales of 50 pairs

—ALSO,—

Canadian White Twilled and Whitney Blankets. English Grey Blankets, weighing from 8 to 10 pounds each.

E McGILLIVRAY.

Ottawa, December 23, 1867. 632-3m

PIANOFORTES!

Messrs. Orme & Son

BEG to intimate that they have on hand one of the FINEST COLLECTIONS of

Steinway, Chickering and Dunham PIANOFORTES

That have ever been offered for sale in Ottawa. These instruments were carfully selected by Mr. Nordheimer from the factories.

INSPECTION INVITED.

A splendid CHICKERING, only a few months in use, FOR SALE CHEAP, the proprietor having gone to England.

☞ Old Pianofortes taken in exchange.

25, Sparks-street,
Sign of the Golden Lyre.

January 27. 168y

Dissolution of Partnership.

THE PARTNERSHIP heretofore existing between JAMES HOPE and S. S. M. HUNTER, under the firm of JAMES HOPE & Co., was this day dissolved by mutual consent.

The business will be continued, under the same name as heretofore, by JAMES HOPE, who will receive all monies due, and discharge all claims against the late firm.

JAMES HOPE,
S. S. M. HUNTER.

Ottawa, Feb. 15, 1868. 665-a-3.1

AYER'S Sarsaparilla

FOR PURIFYING THE BLOOD.

And for the speedy cure of the following complaints:

Scrofula and Scrofulous Affections, such as Tumors, Ulcers, Sores, Eruptions, Pimples, Pustules, Blotches, Boils, Blains, and all Skin Diseases.

OGLAND, Ind., 6th June, 1866.

J. C. AYER & Co. Gents: I feel it my duty to acknowledge what your Sarsaparilla has done for me. Having inherited a Scrofulous infection, I have suffered from it in various ways for years. Sometimes it burst out in Ulcers on my hands and arms; sometimes it turned inward and distressed me at the stomach. Two years ago it broke out on my head and covered my scalp and ears with one sore, which was painful and loathsome beyond description. I tried many medicines and several physicians, but without much relief from any thing. In fact, the disorder grew worse. At length I was rejoiced to read in the Gospel Messenger that you had prepared an alterative (Sarsaparilla) for I knew from your reputation that any thing you made must be good. I sent to Cincinnati and got it, and took it till it cured me. I took it, as you advise, a small dose of a teaspoonful over a month, and used almost three bottles. New and healthy skin soon began to form under the scab, which after a while fell off. My skin is now clear, and I know by my feelings that the disease has gone from my system. You can well believe this, I feel what I am saying when I tell you, that I hold you to be one of the apostles of the age, and remain ever gratefully. Yours,

ALFRED B. TALLEY.

St. Anthony's Fire, Rose or Erysipelas, Tetter and Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Ringworm, Sore Eyes, Dropsy.

Dr. Robert M. Preble writes from Salem, N. Y., 12th Sept., 1866, that he has cured an inveterate case of Dropsy, which threatened to terminate fatally, by the persevering use of our Sarsaparilla, and also a dangerous Malignant Erysipelas by large doses of the same; says he proves the common Erysipelas by it constantly.

Bronchocele, Goitre or Swelled Neck.

Zebulon Sloan of Prospect, Texas, writes: "Three bottles of your Sarsaparilla cured me from a Goitre—a hideous swelling on the neck, which I had suffered from over two years."

Leucorrhœa or Whites, Ovarian Tumor, Uterine Ulceration, Female Diseases.

Dr. J. B. S. Channing, of New York City, writes: "I most cheerfully comply with the request of your agent in saying I have found your Sarsaparilla a most excellent alterative in the numerous complaints for which we employ such a remedy, but especially in Female Diseases of the Scrofulous Diathesis. I have cured many inveterate cases of Leucorrhœa by it, and none where the complaint was caused by ulceration of the uterus. The ulceration itself was soon cured. Nothing within my knowledge equals it for those female derangements."

Edward S. Marrow, of Newberry, Ala., writes, "A dangerous uterine tumor on one of the females in my family, which had defied all the remedies we could employ, has to length been completely cured by your Extract of Sarsaparilla. Our physician thought nothing but extirpation could afford relief, but he advised the trial of your Sarsaparilla as the last resort before cutting, and it cured effectual. After taking your remedy eight weeks a symptom of the disease remains."

Syphilis and Mercurial Disease.

NEW ORLEANS, 25th August, 1859.

Dr. J. C. AYER: Sir, I cheerfully comply with the request of your agent, and report to you some of the effects I have realized with your Sarsaparilla.

I have cured with it, in my practice, most of the complaints for which it is recommended, and have found its effects truly wonderful in the case of Venereal and Mercurial Disease. One of my patients had Syphilitic ulcers in his throat, which were consuming his palate and the roof of his mouth. Your Sarsaparilla, steadily taken, cured him in five weeks. Another was attacked by secondary symptoms in his nose, and the ulceration had eaten away a considerable part of it, so that I believe the disease would soon reach his brain and kill him. But it yielded to my administration of your Sarsaparilla; the sores healed, and he is well again, not of course without some disfiguration to his face. A woman who had been treated for the same disorder by mercury was suffering from the poison in her bones. They had become so sensitive to the weather that on a damp day she suffered excruciating pain in her joints and bones. She, too, was cured entirely by your Sarsaparilla in a few weeks. I know from its formula, which your agent gave me, that this Preparation from your laboratory must be a great remedy; consequently, these truly remarkable results with it have not surprised me.

Fraternally yours, G. V. LARIMER, M. D.

Rheumatism, Gout, Liver Complaint.

INDEPENDENCE, Preston Co., Va., 6th July, 1859.

Dr. J. C. AYER: Sir, I have been afflicted with a painful chronic Rheumatism for a long time, which baffled the skill of physicians, and stuck to me in spite of all the remedies I could find, until I tried your Sarsaparilla. One bottle cured me in two weeks, and restored my general health so much that I am far better than before I was attacked. I think it a wonderful medicine. J. FREAM.

Jules Y. Gotchell, of St. Louis, writes: "I have been afflicted for years with an affection of the Liver, which destroyed my health. I tried every thing, and every thing failed to relieve me; and I have been a broken-down man for some years from no other cause than derangement of the Liver. My beloved pastor, the Rev. Mr. Espy, advised me to try your Sarsaparilla, because he said he knew you, and any thing you made was worth trying. By the blessing of God it has cured me, and has so purified my blood as to make a new man of me. I feel young again. The best that can be said of you is not half good enough."

Schirrus, Cancer Tumors, Enlargement, Ulceration, Caries and Exfoliation of the Bones.

A great variety of cases have been reported to us where cures of these formidable complaints have resulted from the use of this remedy, but our space here will not admit of them. Some of them may be found in our American Almanac, which the agents below named are pleased to furnish gratis to all who call for them.

Dyspepsia, Heart Disease, Fits, Epilepsy, Melancholy, Neuralgia.

Many remarkable cures of these affections have been made by the alterative power of this medicine. It stimulates the vital functions into vigorous action, and thus overcomes disorders which would be supposed beyond its reach. Such a remedy has long been required by the necessities of the people, and we are confident that this will prove for them all that medicine can do.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,

FOR THE RAPID CURE OF

Coughs, Colds, Influenza, Hoarseness, Croup, Bronchitis, Incipient Consumption, and for the Relief of Consumptive Patients in advanced Stages of the Disease.

This is a remedy so universally known to surpass any her for the cure of throat and lung complaints, that it is useless here to publish evidence of its virtues. Its unrivalled excellence for coughs and colds, and its truly wonderful cures of pulmonary disease, have made it known throughout the civilized nations of the earth. Few are the communities, or even families, among them who have not some personal experience of its effects—some living trophy in their midst of its victory over the subtle and dangerous disorders of the throat and lungs. All know the dreadful fatality of these disorders, and as they know, too, the effects of this remedy, we need not do more than to assure them that it has now all the virtues that it did have when making the cures which have spoken so strongly upon the confidence of mankind.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts W. M. Massey, H. F. MacCarthy, and John Skinner, in Ottawa.

Royal Italian Bitters!

—OR,—

TONICO REALE

DEL DOTTORE F. P. VERRI.

Professor of Chemistry in the University o PADUA

ITALY.

THIS celebrated preparation for which a certificate of merit was awarded to the distinguished original preparer at the National Exposition at Torino, Italy, by whose favor Mr. GIANELLI obtained the recipe, and was also awarded a diploma at the Provincial Exhibition of Canada held at Montreal in September, 1865, is, without exception, the most genuine, salubrious and agreeable TONIC ever introduced to public notice either in Europe or America.

For seventeen years it has, in Italy, been a universal favorite among the elite of society, being generally served in the drawing room before dinner, in preference to Vermouth.

The ingredients of its composition have been imparted to the leading Physicians of Canada and the United States, and have received their unqualified approval on every account.

The proprietor refers with the greatest confidence and satisfaction to the subjoined testimonials from eminent medical men, which he could add to, were it desirable.

Kept by the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion of Canada and in the United States.

Sold by the Proprietor.

Dear Sir: You request my opinion of the "Royal Italian Bitters," prepared from a receipt of Dr Verri, of Padua. I beg to state that I consider it a most agreeable cordial tonic, in every way superior in flavour and composition to the ordinary bitter tonics in general use. I have recommended it to several patients, who have derived marked benefit from its use.

I am, dear Sir, yours faithfully,

G. E. FENWICK, M.D.

A. M. F. GIANELLI, Esq., Montreal.

A. M. GIANELLI,
26, Hospital-street, Montreal.

NATURAL AMERICAN

Lubricating Oils!

PREPARED EXPRESSLY FOR

STEAMBOATS,
LOCOMOTIVES,
CAR JOURNALS,
FACTORIES,
MACHINE SHOPS,
HORSE RAILWAYS
&c, &c., &c.

Perfectly free from Gum & Grit.

NON-EXPLOSIVE,

NON-INFLAMMABLE

WILL NOT FREEZE IN WINTER!

AND THE

CHEAPEST OIL IN THE MARKET!

How they suit for Small Engines and Printing Presses.

TIMES OFFICE,
Ottawa, Feb. 20, 1868.

Messrs. McKENZIE & MACKAY,
Hamilton.

GENTLEMEN,—We have used your Lubricating Oil (A) on the Engine and large Hoe Press, and find it to be a better article than any we have formerly used. On the Card Presses, where we formerly used olive oil, we find your oil superior to it.

CHARLES W. MITCHELL,
Foreman.

THOMAS McELROY,
Engineer.

How they Suit for Cutting Bolts.

DUNDAS FOUNDRY, Dundas, July 29, 1867.

Messrs. McKENZIE & MACKAY, Hamilton,

GENTLEMEN,—I have been testing your Natural Lubricating Oils [A] and [AAA] for the last three months, and have no hesitation in stating that they are the best oils used in this foundry for some years, and are far superior to what we have known as "Petroleum Lubricators." They are free from all Gum and Grit, do not heat the bearings, and are particularly adapted for lathes and planer beds. The TREBLE A OIL is especially suited for cutting heavy bolts. I have used it with the "Patent Die," which finishes the thread with one cut, and it has stood the severe test to my satisfaction.

Yours truly,

THOMAS WILSON,
Foreman.

How they Suit for Grist Mills.

DUNDAS FLOUR MILLS,
Dundas, May 13, 1867.

Messrs. McKENZIE & MACKAY, Hamilton,

GENTLEMEN,—I have tried your Lubricating Oil (AA) and (A) and can recommend it as being a good Oil for Lubricating purposes. I have used it on both heavy and light machinery, and find it answers the purpose as well as any oil hitherto used. I have always used olive oil till now, so that your oil received a severe test. Please send me one barrel of each kind.

Yours truly,

JAMES COLMAN,
JAMES WALES,
Manager.

How they Suit for Saw Mills.

WEST FLAMBORO, July 27, 1867.

Messrs. McKENZIE & MACKAY, 9, King-street, Hamilton,

GENTLEMEN,—I have thoroughly tested in my Saw mill the Lubricating Oil received from you. The sample marked (AA) I think is superior to any elephant oil for saw mill machinery. The journals run with it, work longer clean, and with less friction than with any other oil I have used.

Yours respectfully,

ROBERT CHRISTIE.

Samples of the oil and numerous certificates may be seen at the office of our Agent.

McKENZIE & MACKAY,
Agents for Canada,
9 King Street,
Hamilton.

Agent for Ottawa and Vicinity,

T. ISAACS,
Sparks-st.

Ottawa, Feb. 21, 1868. 663tf.

EVERY MAN HIS OWN DOCTOR

PROFESSOR KELLOG'S Life Preserving Vegetable Compound and universal cure for man and beast, which gives immediate relief, and only requires one trial to convince the most skeptical. Externally by rubbing, internally by mixing with milk or anything to suit the taste or clear. One teaspoontul, a full dose, fever and ague, and all fevers, old sores, fresh cuts and bruises, burns, foul stomach. Dyspepsia, by mixing with one glass Highwines; rheumatism of all kinds, Delirium Tremens. Persons drunk make sober in half an hour by two doses, and in fact almost every ailment cured in a very short space of time. Corns, by paring and applying for several weeks. The nerve of a tooth entirely quieted by an application for a short length of time. It acts as magic on horse flesh in all cases, and also on all other beasts. No family should be without it, as there will be no danger of disease when used in connection with the Water Cure. None genuine without the signature of the above Sole Proprietor H. J. KELLOG.

We the undersigned inhabitants of Templeton have used the above named compound in many cases, and cordially recommend it to the public for a trial, as it has been more expedient and effectual than any remedy used by us.

Templeton—Modeste Martel, puking and purging; Hugh Turner, Fever; A. Peterkin, different ailments; Wm Waters, rheumatism; T. Blanchette, man and animals; R. McElroy, sunstroke; J. Davidson, small-pox.

Ottawa—W. R Caldwell, W. Kennedy, J. M. T. Hannum, X. Lucas.

Sold by W. Hearn, J. Skinner, and other druggists

Ottawa, June 26 867. 470y

GREAT DISCOVERY.

EVERY MAN HIS OWN ARTIST!

A SCIENTIFIC WONDER.

AN Instrument by which any person can take correct Likenesses or Photographs. This instrument with full instructions sent by mail for one dollar. Address,

C. B. AMES & CO.,
Broadway, New York.

64'-2m

SALE OF ORDNANCE LANDS

OTTAWA.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that a large number of Lots, of different sizes and dimensions,

Town Lots & Country Lots,

Will be offered for sale on

MONDAY, 6th APRIL NEXT,

AT THE

Auction Room of H. McLean, Auctioneer,

OTTAWA, VIZ.:

Building Lots in Ottawa on North Rideau street, South George street, South St. Andrew street, North St. Andrew street, South Bolton street, South Parry street, South Franklin street, North Franklin street South Park street, East Wurtemburg street, Lot 11 Rideau Front, Lot 1, do.

—ALSO,—

	Acres.	R.	P.
Lot 34, concession B, Nepean	87	00	00
35, concession B, occupied by Mulligan and one McCabe	77	00	00
Lot K, concession D, Nepean, part of	50	00	00
Lots L and M, concession B, Nepean, parts of	86	2	25
Lot K, concession C, Nepean	53	00	00

Sub Lots 2, 3, 4, on Lot E, concession C, Nepean, 1 acre and nine perches each.

Eleven Sub-Lots of 10 acres each, on Lot No. 21, Gore of Gloucester.

Nineteen Sub-Lots of 10 acres each, on Lot No. 22, Gore of Gloucester.

Lot letter I, concession 4, Gloucester.....101 1 83

Lists of the Lots, and terms of payment, may be had on application at the Ordnance Lands Office, at the Office of H. McLean, Auctioneer, and at the Office of the undersigned, Public Buildings, Ottawa.

By order of the Secretary of State,

B. PARENT,
Under Sec. of State.

WILLIAM F. COFFIN,
Ordnance Lands Agent.

Ottawa, February 6, 1868. 660-1awtd

FRESH ARRIVALS

OF

Very Choice and Superior

TEAS

NOW ON SALE

AT THE

1,000 CHESTS UNCOLORED JAPAN.

500 Chests very choice and superior YOUNG HYSON.

700 Chests Good Strong TWANKAY

100 Chests old fashioned BREAKFAST SOUCHONG.

150 Caddies MANDERIN MIXTURE.

☞ This is the finest BLACK TEA ever imported, 5s per pound; in small Caddies, about 14 lb each, 4s 9d.

COFFEE!

The Pure Mountain Berry

"Without exception the finest Coffee in the world."—London Times, March 16.

We are constantly receiving supplies of this truly beautiful and delicious COFFEE, roasted daily on our premises by

Dakins' Patent Silver Cylinder

By which peculiar process, the aroma is preserved, and renders it the FAVORITE WITH ALL COFFEE DRINKERS.

BEWARE OF SPURIOUS IMITATIONS.

☞ As it is imported by no other firm in Canada

ROBINSON & CO.,

THE TEA POT,

OTTAWA

Wines, Spirits & Liquors

ROBINSON & CO. would especially attention of families to their stock of

ALES, WINES & SPIRITS

100 cases Otard Brandy.
50 " Martell's
150 " Hennessey.
75 " United Vinquets

We have a most delicious

DINNER SHERRY

Which we are selling at 8 shillings per gallon

GUINESS & CO.

DUBLIN STOUT!

BLOOD'S LONDON STOUT.
BARCLAY'S LONDON PORTER
ALLSOP'S PALE ALE.
BASS' EAST INDIA.
DOW'S CELEBRATED MONTREAL ALE
DAW'S SUPERIOR LACHINE ALE
DAW'S CELEBRATED PORTER & STOUT

PRESERVED MEATS.

Just Received from England:

ROAST HARE.
CURRIED DO.
JUGGED DO.
STEWED DO.
ROAST PHEASANTS.
ROAST GROUSE.
OAST PARTRIDGE

ALL GOODS DELIVERED FREE by our own Waggons to any part of the City daily

ROBINSON & CO.

THE TEA POT,

OTTAWA.

Establishments—Sussex St. and Rideau St

Ottawa, September 16. 225tf

PRIVATE BILLS.

ON the re-assembling of the Parliament of Canada, in March, PETITIONS FOR PRIVATE BILLS will be received, in the House of Commons, until Thursday the 2nd of April following.

W. B. LINDSAY,
Clerk, House of Commons.

Ottawa, Feb. 1, 1868. 655tMh12

NEW STORE!

THE Store formerly occupied by W. D. WOOD, No. 38, on RIDEAU STREET, has been refitted by the subscribers, and will be opened on MONDAY, FOURTEENTH OCTOBER, with an entire new stock of

GROCERIES,

LIQUORS AND

HARDWARE.

WOOD & ROSSITER.

Ottawa, October 12, 1867. 561-tf

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

FARM FOR SALE.

FOR SALE, Lot No. 15, 4th Concession Gloucester, Rideau Front, 7 miles from Ottawa, on the Macadamized Road, leading from Ottawa to Metcalf, consisting of 100 acres, 80 of which cleared, and in the highest state of cultivation. The soil is of the very best quality; there is a good dwelling house, barn, stable and other out buildings thereon. This farm is well fenced and watered.

For further particulars apply to

H. McLEAN, Auctioneer,

Or the subscriber, on the premises,

W. HALPENNY.

Gloucester, Sept. 13, 1867. 557 37-6m

NOTICE.

THE Undersigned will either sell or let for a few years his well known farm, being lot Twenty-five in the Fourth Concession of Gloucester, Rideau Front, 215 acres all cleared, and well fenced and in a good state of cultivation. Also, the one-half of lot Twenty-seven in the Third Concession, being in its natural state, all wood and excellent land. It is just the cross of two hundred acres from the corner of the one lot to the other. The railroad line runs within ten feet of the front corner of the one hundred and in sight of the two hundred for two or three miles. The station at Cunningham's is scarcely a mile and a half from the front of Lot Twenty-five. The above farm is capable of keeping thirty head of milch cows, two span of horses, and as many young cattle as it would be proper to raise. Eight or nine years ago I kept twenty-two milch cows, and ten or twelve horses, and raised five or six calves every year. The above farm is about ten miles, from the door, to the limits of the City. The improvements cannot be surpassed for a farmer's purpose. The dwelling-house is stone, 30 by 40, a story and a half over ground; and a cellar nine feet high, the one half used for a kitchen and the other half capable of holding 1,000 bushels of anything you wish to put into it; there is three small windows in it, and when cleaned in the Spring, makes an excellent milk-house or dairy; there is a frame wood shed at the door, 60 by 24, with 14 feet taken off the one end for a coach-house, and overhead for a storehouse; next to that is a stable 36 by 26, finished inside, complete with four large double stalls and two single ones, and good room for hanging up harness, and oat box; convenient to that is a barn 40 by 50, in which I have often put 1,000 bushels of grain in one year; connected with that is 200 and 20 feet of frame sheds, all 20 and 24 deep, under pinned with stone and lime from two-to-seven feet, according to level; on the north side of the house is another barn, 30 by 40, commonly filled with peas and oats. And if either tenant or purchaser has a desire for religious purposes, you can lie in your bed and look at the bell tolling on the Catholic Church every Holy Day, and go to the front door and you will see the Presbyterian Church, where the Rev. Mr. Lochead has preached for the last twenty-two years, and go to the back door and you will see both English Church and Methodist Church within two miles. The above farm would be a desirable situation for a young man wishing to give his attention to farming, as the Ottawa Market cannot be surpassed in the Dominion. I think that I can say that I have not sold one pound of butter under one shilling this eight years: if one went under two went over. Some reader may ask what am I selling for; it is neither for scant nor for want of anything, but I am in the seventieth year of my age, and have purchased of this lot seven hundred and fifty acres of land and all is paid for, and all my sons is settled on their own farms, so I would rather sit down and take my ease as be attending to marketing and farming any longer. Persons wishing to get any information on any point from me, can do so by addressing, postpaid, JAMES JOHNSTON, senr., South Gloucester.

JAMES JOHNSTON, SENR.

February 6, 1868. 769-tMh17.

Two Dwellings to Let,

BEING the Upper part of E. MARTINEAU'S Clothing Store, Corner of Sussex and Clarence-streets.

Enquire at the Store.

EUG. MARTINEAU.

Ottawa, Jan. 22, 1868. 656tf

To Let.

A ROOM TO LET either with or without board. Enquire this office.

Ottawa, November 20. 594tf

Lots for Sale.

6 BUILDING LOTS, one mile from the city, on the Richmond Road, containing one acre each. Apply to THOMAS ANDERSON, Jr., on the premises. 564tf

FOR SALE.—THE WESTerly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession Ottawa, Front Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same Concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. T. Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to JOHN and WM. THOMSON, Nepean, and LEWIS & PINHEY, Barrister, Ottawa. Je2-141-tf

FOR SALE, THAT ELIgible property, beautifully situated on the Banks of the Ottawa, in the Township of Nepean, distant from the City of Ottawa about three miles on the macadamized road, together with the STONE DWELLING-HOUSE thereon erected, at present occupied by William Thomson, Esquire, and the garden and ornamented grounds adjoining the same,